# SECTION GENERAL INFORMATION

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#### HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

# HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL > HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

#### Description

This volume explains "Removal, Disassembly, Installation, Inspection and Adjustment" and "Trouble Diagnoses".

#### Terms

The captions WARNING and CAUTION warn you of steps that must be followed to prevent personal injury and/or damage to some part of the vehicle.
 WARNING indicates the possibility of personal injury if instructions are not followed.
 CAUTION indicates the possibility of component damage if instructions are not followed.
 BOLD TYPED STATEMENTS except WARNING and CAUTION give you helpful information.
 Standard value: Tolerance at inspection and adjustment.
 Limit value: The maximum or minimum limit value that should not be exceeded at inspection and adjustment.

#### Units

• The **UNITS** given in this manual are primarily expressed as the SI UNIT (International System of Unit), and alternatively expressed in the metric system and in the yard/pound system. Also with regard to tightening torque of bolts and nuts, there are descriptions both about range and about the standard tightening torque.

#### "Example"

<u>Range</u>

#### Outer Socket Lock Nut : 59 - 78 N·m (6.0 - 8.0 kg-m, 43 - 58 ft-lb)

Standard

#### Drive Shaft Installation Bolt : 44.3 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)

#### Contents

- A QUICK REFERENCE INDEX, a black tab (e.g. **ER**) is provided on the first page. You can quickly find the first page of each section by matching it to the section's black tab.
- THE CONTENTS are listed on the first page of each section.
- THE TITLE is indicated on the upper portion of each page and shows the part or system.
- THE PAGE NUMBER of each section consists of two or three letters which designate the particular section M and a number (e.g. "BR-5").
- THE SMALL ILLUSTRATIONS show the important steps such as inspection, use of special tools, knacks of work and hidden or tricky steps which are not shown in the previous large illustrations. Assembly, inspection and adjustment procedures for the complicated units such as the automatic transaxle or transmission, etc. are presented in a step-by-step format where necessary.

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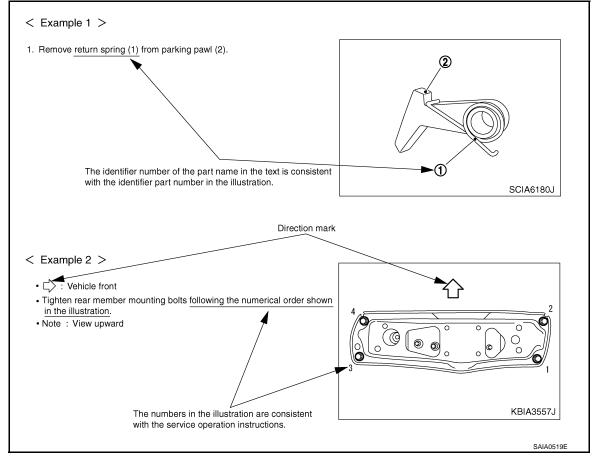
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#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### Relation between Illustrations and Descriptions

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The following sample explains the relationship between the part description in an illustration, the part name in the text and the service procedures.



#### Components

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• THE LARGE ILLUSTRATIONS are exploded views (see the following) and contain tightening torques, lubrication points, section number of the **PARTS CATALOG** (e.g. SEC. 440) and other information necessary to perform repairs.

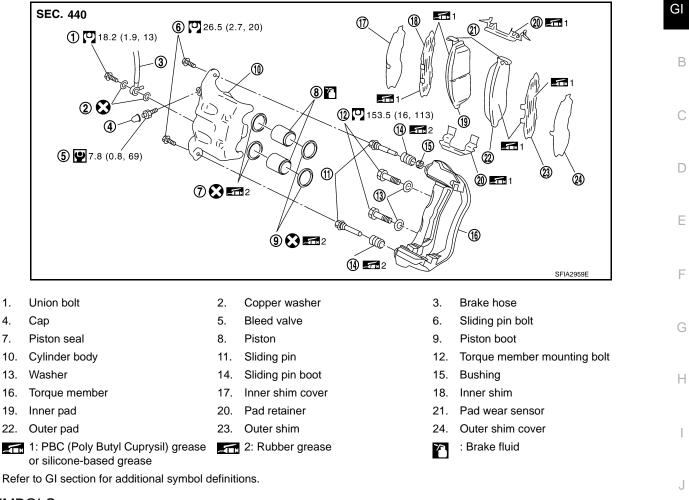
The illustrations should be used in reference to service matters only. When ordering parts, refer to the appropriate **PARTS CATALOG**.

Components shown in an illustration may be identified by a circled number. When this style of illustration is used, the text description of the components will follow the illustration.

#### HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### [REGULAR GRADE]



#### SYMBOLS

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION		SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	K
()	Tightening torque The tightening torque specifications	🔽 : N•m (kg-m, ft-lb)	٢	Always replace after every disassembly.	
Q	of bolts and nuts may be presented as either a range or a standard tightening torque.	🔮 : N•m (kg-m, in-lb)	<b>P</b>	Apply petroleum jelly.	L
	Should be lubricated with grease. Ur indicated, use recommended multi-p			Apply molybdenum added petroleum jelly.	
7	Should be lubricated with oil.		ATF	Apply ATF.	N
	Sealing point		*	Select with proper thickness.	
	Sealing point with locking sealant.		☆	Adjustment is required.	Ν
•••	Checking point				
				SAIA0749E	0

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#### HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

#### Description

#### NOTICE:

Trouble diagnoses indicate work procedures required to diagnose problems effectively. Observe the following instructions before diagnosing.

- Before performing trouble diagnoses, read the "Work Flow" in each section.
- After repairs, re-check that the problem has been completely eliminated.
- Refer to Component Parts and Harness Connector Location for the Systems described in each section for identification/location of components and harness connectors.
- When checking circuit continuity, ignition switch should be OFF.
- Refer to the Circuit Diagram for quick pinpoint check.
   If you need to check circuit continuity between harness connectors in more detail, such as when a sub-harness is used, refer to Wiring Diagram in each individual section and Harness Layout in PG section for identification of harness connectors.
- Before checking voltage at connectors, check battery voltage.
- After accomplishing the Diagnosis Procedures and Electrical Components Inspection, check that all harness connectors are reconnected as they were.

#### How to Follow Test Groups in Trouble Diagnosis

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[REGULAR GRADE]

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	1. Test Gro	up Number and Test Group Title
4.CHECK ECT S	ENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FO	R OPEN AND SHORT
	M harness connector.	ness connector and ECM harness
ECT sensor Connector Termi F17 2	ECM Continuity al Connector Terminal F102 84 Existed	
4. Also check har	ness for short to ground and sh	Connector Number
Is the inspection	result normal? - 3. Ques	stion
YES>> <u>GO TO 5.</u>		
NO>>Repair open	circuit or short to ground or sho	ort to power in harness or connec
Result	4. Action	7

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- 1. Test group number and test group title
- Test group number and test group title are shown in the upper portion of each test group.
- 2. Work and diagnosis procedure
  - Start to diagnose a problem using procedures indicated in enclosed test groups.
- 3. Questions and results
  - Questions and required results are indicated in test group.
- 4. Action
  - Next action for each test group is indicated based on result of each question.

#### HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### [REGULAR GRADE]

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SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	
EÐ	Check after disconnecting the connector to be measured.	<b>(B)</b>	Procedure with Generic Scan Tool. (GST, OBD-II scan tool)	
Ð	Check after connecting the connector to be measured.	TOOLS	Procedure without CONSULT or GST	
¥€)	Insert key into ignition switch.	A/C OFF	A/C switch is "OFF".	
Ì→€]	Remove key from ignition switch.	A/C (ON	A/C switch is "ON".	
	Insert and remove key repeatedly.		REC switch is "ON".	
	Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.	(4)	REC switch is "OFF".	
Turn ignition switch to "ACC" position.		<b>B</b>	Fan switch is "ON". (At any position except for "OFF" position)	
(C)	Turn ignition switch to "ON" position.		Fan switch is "OFF".	
(F)	Turn ignition switch to "START" position.	FUSE	Apply fuse.	•
OFF ACC	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ACC" position.			
CACC ON	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "ON" position.	BAT	Apply positive voltage from battery with fuse directly to components.	
ACC OFF	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "OFF" position.			

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#### HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

[REGULAR GRADE]

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON" position.	-	Drive vehicle.
CON OFF	Turn ignition switch from "ON" to "OFF" position.		
X.	Do not start engine, or check with engine stopped.	BAT	Disconnect battery negative cable.
	Start engine, or check with engine running.	КС КС	Depress brake pedal.
	Apply parking brake.	<b>K</b> C	Release brake pedal.
	Release parking brake.		Depress accelerator pedal.
с	Check after engine is warmed up sufficiently.		Release accelerator pedal.
V ⊕ ⊖	Voltage should be measured with a voltmeter.	E S	Pin terminal check for SMJ type ECM or TCM connectors. For details regarding the terminal
Ω •• ⊕ ⊖	Circuit resistance should be measured with an ohmmeter.		arrangement, refer to the "ELECTRICAL UNITS" electrical reference page at the end of the manual.
A ⊕ ⊖	Current should be measured with an ammeter.		
€ Θ	Pulse signal should be checked with an oscilloscope.	÷	
	Procedure with CONSULT		
	Procedure without CONSULT		
	Place selector lever in "P" position.		
	Place selector lever in "N" position.		
Pa)	Jack up front portion.		
67	Jack up rear portion.		
	Inspect under engine room.		
G ↓ O	Inspect under floor.		
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Inspect rear under floor.		
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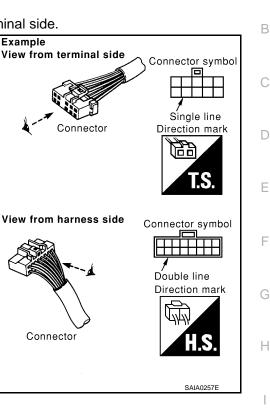
#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

#### **Connector Symbols**

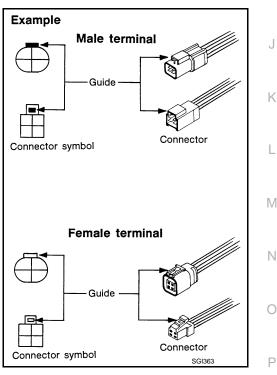
Most of connector symbols in wiring diagrams are shown from the terminal side.

- Connector symbols shown from the terminal side are enclosed by Example a single line and followed by the direction mark.
- · Connector symbols shown from the harness side are enclosed by a double line and followed by the direction mark.
- · Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slide-locking type harness connector. For description and how to disconnect, refer to PG section, "Description", "HARNESS CONNECTOR".



Male and female terminals

Connector guides for male terminals are shown in black and female terminals in white in wiring diagrams.



#### [REGULAR GRADE]

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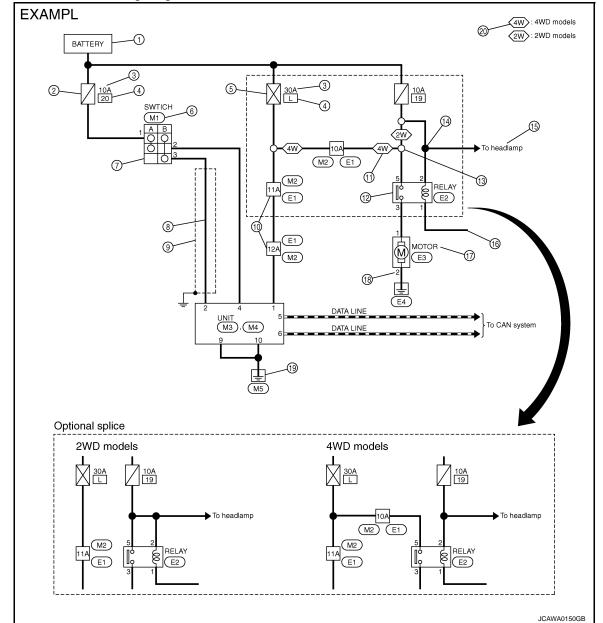
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#### Sample/Wiring Diagram - Example-

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[REGULAR GRADE]

Each section includes wiring diagrams.



Number	Item	Description	
1	Power supply	This means the power supply of fusible link or fuse.	
2	Fuse	• "/" means the fuse.	
3	Current rating of fusible link/fuse	This means the current rating of the fusible link or fuse.	
4	Number of fusible link/ fuse	This means the number of fusible link or fuse location.	
5	Fusible link	"X" means the fusible link.	
6	Connector number	<ul><li>Alphabetic characters show to which harness the connector is placed.</li><li>Numeric characters show the identification number of connectors.</li></ul>	
7	Switch	• This shows that continuity exists between terminals 1 and 2 when the switch is in the A position. Continuity exists between terminals 1 and 3 when the switch is in the B position.	
8	Circuit (Wiring)	This means the wiring.	

#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### [REGULAR GRADE]

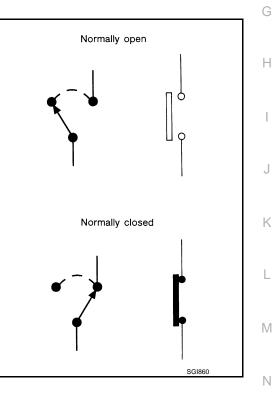
Number	Item	Description	
9	Shielded line	The line enclosed by broken line circle shows shield wire.	— GI
10	Connectors	This means that a transmission line bypasses two connectors or more.	
11	Option abbreviation	This means the vehicle specifications which layouts the circuit between "O".	В
12	Relay	This shows an internal representation of the relay.	
13	Optional splice	The open circle shows that the splice is optional depending on vehicle application.	0
14	Splice	The shaded circle "     means the splice.	C
15	System branch	This shows that the circuit is branched to other systems.	
16	Page crossing	This circuit continues to an adjacent page.	D
17	Component name	This shows the name of a component.	
18	Terminal number	This means the terminal number of a connector.	
19	Ground (GND)	This shows the ground connection.	
20	Explation of option de- scription	This shows a description of the option abbreviation used on the page.	F

#### SWITCH POSITIONS

Switches are shown in wiring diagrams as if the vehicle is in the "normal" condition.

A vehicle is in the "normal" condition when:

- · ignition switch is "OFF"
- · doors, hood and trunk lid/back door are closed
- pedals are not depressed
- parking brake is released



#### MULTIPLE SWITCH

The continuity of multiple switch is described in two ways as shown below.

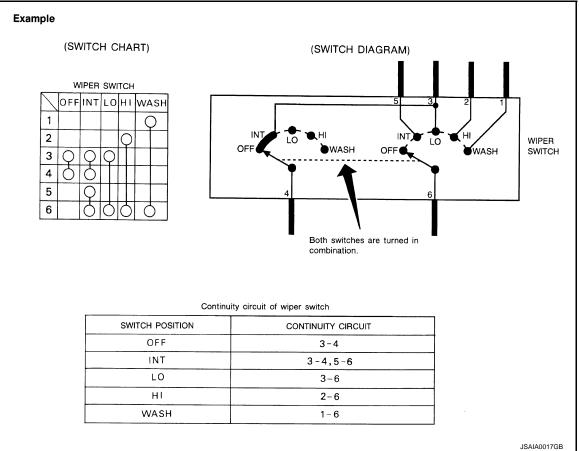
• The switch chart is used in schematic diagrams.

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#### [REGULAR GRADE]

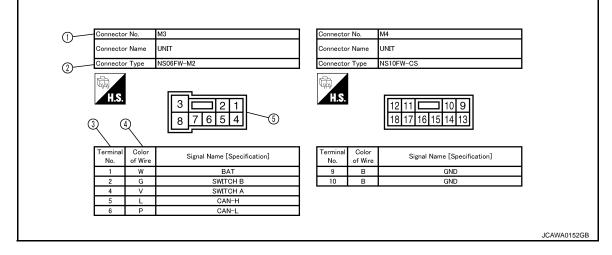
#### • The switch diagram is used in wiring diagrams.



#### **Connector Information**

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#### HOW TO USE CONNECTOR INFORMATION



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[REGULAR GRADE]

Number	Item		Description
1	Connector number	<ul> <li>Alphabetic characters show to which harness the connector is placed.</li> <li>Numeric characters show the identification number of connectors.</li> </ul>	
2	Connector type	<ol> <li>Connector model</li> <li>Cavity</li> <li>Male (M) and female (F) terminals</li> <li>Connector color</li> <li>Special type</li> </ol>	Example: $ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
3	Terminal number	This means the terminal number of a connector.	
		This shows a code for the color of the	wire.
4	Wire color	B = Black $W = White$ $R = Red$ $G = Green$ $L = Blue$ $Y = Yellow$ $LG = Light Green$ $BG or BE = Beige$ $LA = Lavender$	BR = Brown OR or O = Orange P = Pink PU or V (Violet) = Purple GY or GR = Gray SB = Sky Blue CH = Dark Brown DG = Dark Green
		When the wire color is striped, the bas shown below: Example: L/W = Blue with White Stripe	e color is given first, followed by the stripe color as
5	Connector	<ul> <li>This means the connector information.</li> <li>This unit-side is described by the connector symbols.</li> </ul>	

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#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### ABBREVIATIONS

#### Abbreviation List

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[REGULAR GRADE]

#### The following **ABBREVIATIONS** are used:

A									
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION								
A/C	Air conditioner								
A/C	Air conditioning								
A/F sensor	Air fuel ratio sensor								
A/T	Automatic transaxle/transmission								
ABS	Anti-lock braking system								
ACCS	Advance climate control system								
ACL	Air cleaner								
AP	Accelerator pedal								
APP	Accelerator pedal position								
ATF	Automatic transmission fluid								
AV	Audio visual								
AWD	All wheel drive								
В									
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION								
BARO	Barometric pressure								
BCI	Back-up collision intervention								
BCM	Body control module								
BLSD	Brake limited slip differential								
BPP	Brake pedal position								
BSW	Blind spot warning								
С									
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION								
СКР	Crankshaft position								
CL	Closed loop								
CMP	Camshaft position								
CPP	Clutch pedal position								
CTP	Closed throttle position								
CVT	Continuously variable transaxle/transmission								
D									
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION								
D1	Drive range first gear								
D2	Drive range second gear								
D3	Drive range third gear								
D4	Drive range fourth gear								
DCA	Distance control assist								
DDS	Downhill drive support								
DFI	Direct fuel injection system								
DLC	Data link connector								
DTC	Diagnostic trouble code								

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION							
E/T	xhaust temperature							
EBD	lectric brake force distribution							
EC	Engine control							
ECL	Engine coolant level							
ECM	Engine control module							
ECT	Engine coolant temperature							
ECV	Electrical control valve							
EEPROM	Electrically erasable programmable read only memory							
EFT	Engine fuel temperature							
EGR	Exhaust gas recirculation							
EGRT	Exhaust gas recirculation temperature							
EGT	Exhaust gas temperature							
EOP	Engine oil pressure							
EP	Exhaust pressure							
EPR	Exhaust pressure regulator							
EPS	Electronically controlled power steering							
ESP	Electronic stability program system							
EVAP canister	Evaporative emission canister							
EVSE	Electric vehicle supply equipment							
EXC	Exhaust control							
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION							
FC	Fan control							
FCW	Forward collision warning							
FEB	Forward emergency braking							
FIC	Fuel injector control							
FP	Fuel pump							
FR	Front							
FRP	Fuel rail pressure							
FRT	Fuel rail temperature							
FTP	Fuel tank pressure							
FTT	Fuel tank temperature							
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION							
GND	Ground							
GPS	Global positioning system							
GST	Generic scan tool							
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION							
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION Hydraulic body-motion control system							
HBMC	Hydraulic body-motion control system							
HBMC HDD	Hydraulic body-motion control system         Hard disk drive							

#### [REGULAR GRADE]

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
I/M	Inspection and maintenance
IA	Intake air
IAC	Idle air control
IAT	Intake air temperature
IBA	Intelligent brake assist
IC	Ignition control
ICC	Intelligent cruise control
ICM	Ignition control module
IPDM E/R	Intelligent power distribution module engine room
ISC	Idle speed control
ISS	Input shaft speed
К	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
KS	Knock sensor
L	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
LBC	Li-ion battery controller
LCD	Liquid crystal display
LCU	Local control unit
LDP	Lane departure prevention
LDW	Lane departure warning
LED	Light emitting diode
LH	Left-hand
LIN	Local interconnect network
М	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
M/T	Manual transaxle/transmission
MAF	Mass airflow
MAP	Manifold absolute pressure
MDU	Multi display unit
MI	Malfunction indicator
MIL	Malfunction indicator lamp
N	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
NOX	Nitrogen oxides
0	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
02	Oxygen
O2S	Oxygen sensor
OBD	On board diagnostic
OC	Oxidation catalytic converter
OD	Overdrive
OL	Open loop
OSS	Output shaft speed

#### [REGULAR GRADE]

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	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	GI
	P/S	Power steering	
	PBR	Potentio balance resistor	
	PCV	Positive crankcase ventilation	B
	PFCW	Predictive forward collision warning	
	PNP	Park/Neutral position	С
	PSP	Power steering pressure	
	PTC	Positive temperature coefficient	
	PTO	Power takeoff	D
	PWM	Pulse width modulation	
R			F
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
	RAM	Random access memory	
	RAS	Rear active steer	F
	RH	Right-hand	
	ROM	Read only memory	_
	RPM	Engine speed	G
	RR	Rear	
s			Н
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
	SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers, Inc.	
	SCK	Serial clock	
	SDS	Service Data and Specifications	
	SRT	System readiness test	
	SST	Special Service Tools	
Т			
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	K
	TC	Turbocharger	
	TCM	Transmission control module	
	TCS	Traction control system	
	TCU	Telematics communication unit	
	TP	Throttle position	M
	TPMS	Tire pressure monitoring system	
	TSS	Turbine shaft speed	
	TWC	Three way catalytic converter	N
U			
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	0
	USS	Uphill start support	_
V			_
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	Ρ
	VCM	Vehicle control module	
	VDC	Vehicle dynamics control system	
	VIN	Vehicle identification number	
	VSS	Vehicle speed sensor	_

#### [REGULAR GRADE]

W				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	WOT	Wide open throttle		
1				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	11	1st range first gear		
	12	1st range second gear		
	1GR	First gear		
2				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	21	2nd range first gear		
	22	2nd range second gear		
	2GR	Second gear		
	2WD	2-wheel drive		
3				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	3GR	Third gear		
4				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	4GR	Fourth gear		
	4WAS	Four wheel active steer		
	4WD	Four wheel drive		
5				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	5GR	Fifth gear		
6				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	6GR	Sixth gear		
7				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
_	7GR	Seventh gear		

#### TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

#### Description

This vehicle has both new standard based on ISO\* and previous standard bolts/nuts. There are some differences between these two types of bolts/nuts: shape of the head, grade of strength, hexagonal width across flats and the standard tightening torque.

- For guidance in discriminating, refer to GI-19, "Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)".
- The new standard machine screws and tapping screws have a head of ISO standard torx recess.
- If the tightening torque is not described in the description or figure, refer to <u>GI-19, "Tightening Torque Table</u> (<u>New Standard Included)"</u>.

\*ISO: International Organization for Standardization

#### Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)

#### **CAUTION:**

- The special parts are excluded.
- The bolts/nuts in these tables have a strength (discrimination) number/symbol assigned to the head or the like. As to the relation between the strength grade in these tables and the strength (discrimination) number/symbol, refer to "DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS".

#### PREVIOUS STANDARD

Grade		Bolt di-	Hexagonal				Tighteni	ing torque	(Without	lubricant)			•								
(Strength	Bolt size	ameter	width across flats	Pitch mm		Hexagon	head bolt			Hexagon	flange bol	t	H								
grade)	0120	mm	mm		N∙m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	N∙m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	-								
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	5.5	0.56	4	49	7	0.71	5	62	•								
	MO		10	1.25	13.5	1.4	10		17	1.7	13		·								
	M8	0.0	8.0	8.0	12	1.0	13.5	1.4	10		17	1.7	13	—	-						
4T	M10	10.0	14	1.5	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26	—	J								
41	IVI I U	10.0	14	1.25	28	2.9	21		35	3.6	26										
	M12	12.0	17	1.75	45	4.6	33	—	55	5.6	41	_	-								
	IVI I Z	12.0	17	1.25	45	4.6	33	—	65	6.6	48	_	K								
	M14 14.0	19	1.5	80	8.2	59	—	100	10	74	_	-									
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	9	0.92	7	80	11	1.1	8	97									
-	M8 8.0	8.0	12	1.25	22	2.2	16	—	28	2.9	21	_	- L								
	IVIO	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12	1.0	22	2.2	16	—	28	2.9	21	_
7T	- M10	M10	10.0	10.0	10.0	14	1.5	45	4.6	33	—	55	5.6	41	_	Μ					
7.1	IVI I O	10.0				10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	14	1.25	45	4.6	33	—	55	5.6	41	_		
	M12	12.0	12.0	17	1.75	80	8.2	59	—	100	10	74	—								
				12.0	12.0	17	1.25	80	8.2	59	—	100	10	74	_	N					
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	130	13	96	—	170	17	125	_	-								
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	11	1.1	8	—	13.5	1.4	10	—	0								
	M8	8.0	12	1.25	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26	_	-								
	IVIO	0.0	12	1.0	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26	—	-								
9Т	M10	10.0	14	1.5	55	5.6	41		80	8.2	59	_	P								
51	M10	IVI I U	0 10.0	10.0	14	1.25	55	5.6	41		80	8.2	59		-						
	M12	12.0	17	1.75	100	10	74		130	13	96		-								
		12.0	17	1.25	100	10	74		130	13	96	_									
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	170	17	125		210	21	155		_								

**CAUTION:** 

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INFOID:000000010836903

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#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### The parts with aluminum or the cast iron washer surface/thread surface are excluded.

#### NEW STANDARD BASED ON ISO

Grade	Dult	Bolt di-	Hexagonal	Tightening torque								
(Strength	Bolt size	ameter	width across flats	Pitch mm		Hexagon	head bolt	Hexagon flange bolt				
grade)		mm	mm		N∙m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	N∙m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	5.5	0.56	4	49	7	0.71	5	62
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	13.5	1.4	10		17	1.7	13	
	IVIO	0.0	15	1.0	13.5	1.4	10		17	1.7	13	
4.8 (Without	M10	10.0	16	1.5	28	2.9	21		35	3.6	26	
lubricant)	WITO	10.0	10	1.25	28	2.9	21		35	3.6	26	
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	45	4.6	33		55	5.6	41	
		12.0	10	1.25	45	4.6	33		65	6.6	48	
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	80	8.2	59		100	10	74	
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	4	0.41	3	35	5.5	0.56	4	49
	MO	<u>۹</u> ۵	12	1.25	11	1.1	8		13.5	1.4	10	
	M8	8.0	13	1.0	11	1.1	8		13.5	1.4	10	
4.8 (With lu-	M10	10.0	16	1.5	22	2.2	16		28	2.9	21	
bricant)	MITU		10	1.25	22	2.2	16	-	28	2.9	21	
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	35	3.6	26		45	4.6	33	
		12.0		1.25	35	3.6	26		45	4.6	33	
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	65	6.6	48	-	80	8.2	59	
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	8	0.82	6	71	10	1.0	7	89
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	21	2.1	15		25	2.6	18	
		0.0		1.0	21	2.1	15		25	2.6	18	
8.8 (With lu-	M10 1	10.0	16	1.5	40	4.1	30	_	50	5.1	37	
bricant)		10.0	10	1.25	40	4.1	30		50	5.1	37	
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	70	7.1	52		85	8.7	63	
	IVI I Z	12.0	10	1.25	70	7.1	52	_	85	8.7	63	
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	120	12	89		140	14	103	
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	10	1.0	7	89	12	1.2	9	106
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	27	2.8	20	_	32	3.3	24	_
	IVIO	0.0	13 -	1.0	27	2.8	20	-	32	3.3	24	
10.9 (With lu-	M10	10.0	16	1.5	55	5.6	41		65	6.6	48	
(with lu- bricant)	IVITU	10.0	16	1.25	55	5.6	41		65	6.6	48	
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	95	9.7	70		110	11	81	
	IVI I Z	12.0	10	1.25	95	9.7	70		110	11	81	
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	160	16	118	_	180	18	133	_

#### CAUTION:

1. Use tightening torque with lubricant for the new standard bolts/nuts in principle. Friction coefficient stabilizer is applied to the new standard bolts/nuts.

2. However, use tightening torque without lubricant for the following cases. Friction coefficient stabilizer is not applied to the following bolts/nuts.

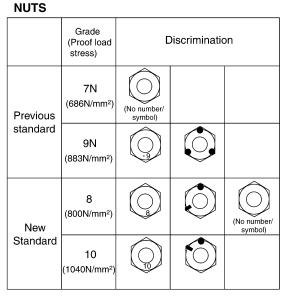
- Grade 4.8, M6 size bolt, Conical spring washer installed
- Paint removing nut (Size M6 and M8) for fixing with weld bolt

#### TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS

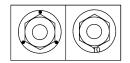
BOLTS			
	Grade (Strength)	Discrim	nination
	4T (392N/mm²)	4	(No number/ symbol)
Previous standard	7T (686N/mm²)	7	
	9T (883N/mm²)	9	
	4.8 (420N/mm²)	4.8	(No number/ symbol)
New Standard	8.8 (800N/mm²)	8.8	
	10.9 (1040N/mm²)	10.9	



#### NOTICE:

• A number is assigned on the side of the nuts in some cases.

 A number or symbol is assigned on the upper surface of the flange for the nut with flange.



#### MACHINE SCREWS AND TAPPING SCREWS

Shape of the head :

Cross recess for the previous standard Torx recess for the new standard

Screw size	Screw diameter	Torx size	NOT
M4	4.0	T20	Use
M5	5.0	T20	M5 s
M6	6.0	T30	

#### **OTICE:** se torx size T20 (united with M4 screw) for I5 screw although ISO standard specifies T25.

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[REGULAR GRADE]

#### RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS

#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS

#### **Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants**

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[REGULAR GRADE]

Refer to the following chart for help in selecting the appropriate chemical product or sealant.

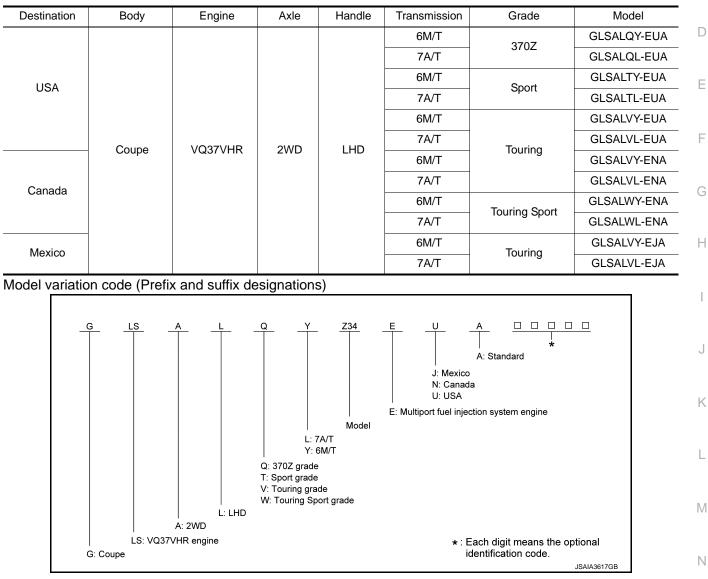
	Product Description	Purpose	Nissan North America Part No. (USA)	Nissan Canada Part No. (Canada)	Aftermarket Cross- reference Part Nos.
1	Rear View Mirror Adhe- sive	Used to permanently re- mount rear view mirrors to windows.	999MP-AM000P	99998-50505	Permatex 81844
2	Anaerobic Liquid Gas- ket	For metal-to-metal flange sealing. Can fill a 0.38 mm (0.015 inch) gap and provide in- stant sealing for most pow- ertrain applications.	999MP-AM001P	99998-50503	Permatex 51813 and 51817
3	High Performance Thread Sealant	Provides instant sealing on any threaded straight or parallel threaded fitting. (Thread sealant only, no locking ability.) • Do not use on plastic.	999MP-AM002P	999MP-AM002P	Permatex 56521
4	Silicone RTV	Gasket Maker	999MP-AM003P (Ultra Grey)	99998-50506 (Ultra Grey)	Permatex Ultra Grey 82194: Three Bond 1207,1215, 1216, 1217F, 1217G and 1217H Nissan RTV Part No. 999MP-A7007
		Gasket Maker for Maxima/ Quest 5-speed automatic transmission (RE5F22A)	_	-	Three Bond 1281B or exact equivalent in its quality
5	High Temperature, High Strength Thread Locking Sealant (Red)	Threadlocker	999MP-AM004P	999MP-AM004P	Permatex 27200: Three Bond 1360, 1360N, 1305 N&P, 1307N, 1335, 1335B, 1363B, 1377C, 1386B, D&E and 1388 Loctite 648
6	Medium Strength Thread Locking Seal- ant (Blue)		999MP-AM005P	999MP-AM005P	Permatex 24200, 24206, 24240, 24283 and 09178: Three Bond 1322, 1322N, 1324 D&N, 1333D, 1361C, 1364D, 1370C and 1374

### VEHICLE INFORMATION IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

#### Model Variation

#### MODEL VARIATION

#### Coupe models



Roadster models

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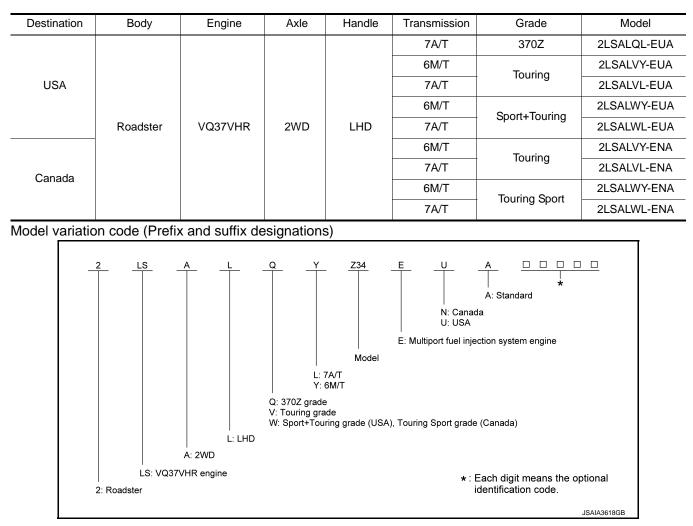
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#### < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

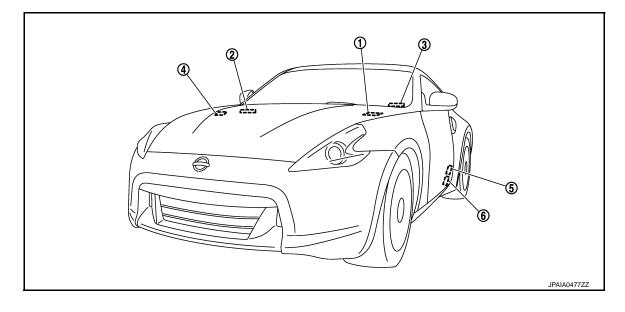
#### [REGULAR GRADE]



#### Information About Identification or Model Code

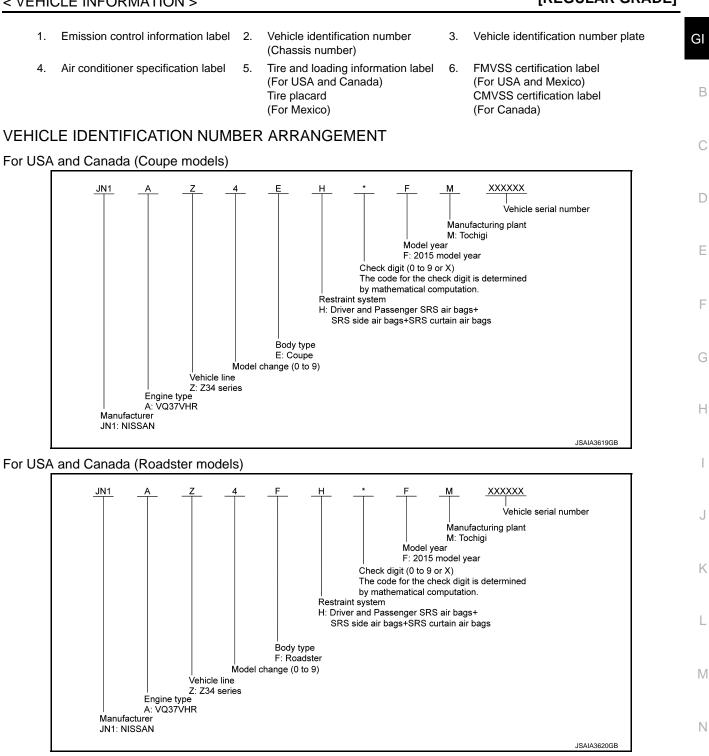
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#### **IDENTIFICATION NUMBER**



#### < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

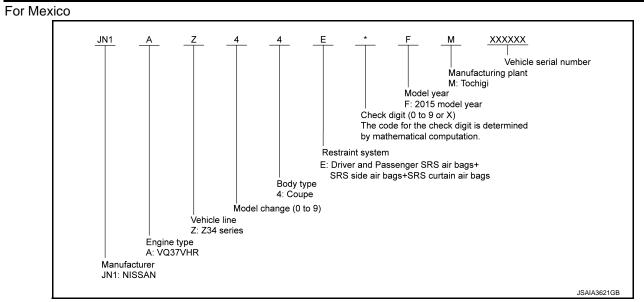
[REGULAR GRADE]



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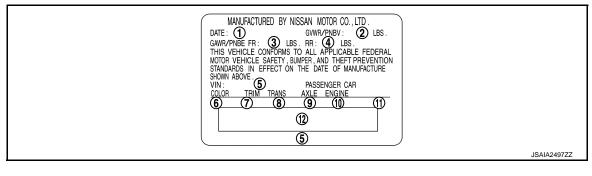
#### < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

#### [REGULAR GRADE]



#### CERTIFICATION LABEL

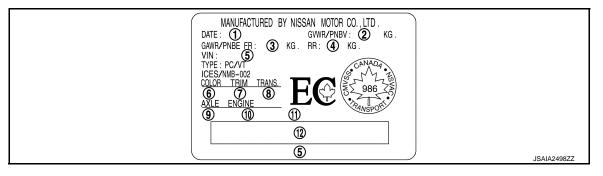
#### For USA and Mexico



- 1. MFR Month/Year
- 4. Gross axle weight rating (Rear)
- 7. Trim color code
- 10. Engine model

- 2. Gross vehicle weight rating
- 5. Vehicle identification number
- 8. Transmission model
- 11. Engine displacement
- 3. Gross axle weight rating (Front)
- 6. Body color code
- 9. Axle model
- 12. Vin bar code

#### For Canada



- 1. MFR Month/Year
- 4. Gross axle weight rating (Rear)
- 7. Trim color code
- 10. Engine model

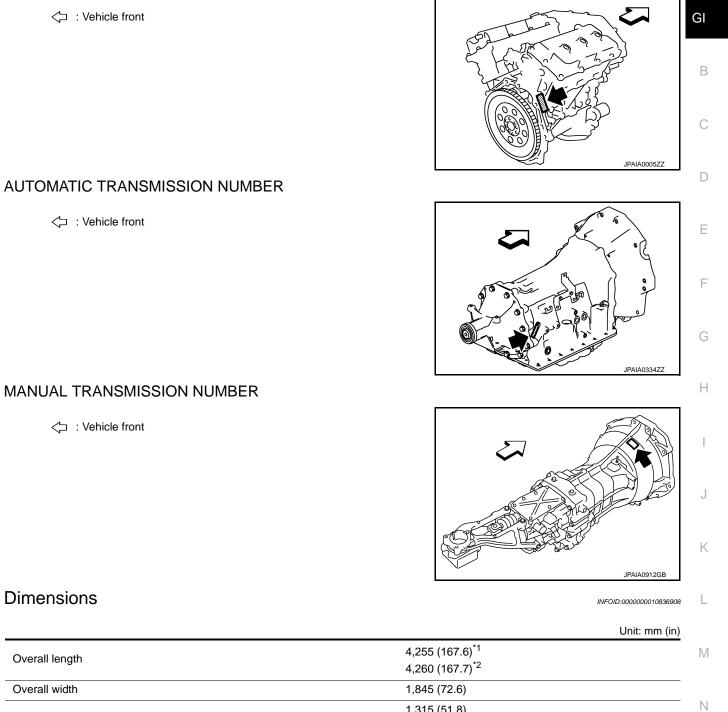
#### ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

- 2. Gross vehicle weight rating
- 5. Vehicle identification number
- 8. Transmission model
- 11. Engine displacement
- 3. Gross axle weight rating (Front)
- 6. Body color code
- 9. Axle model
- 12. Vin bar code

#### < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

 $\triangleleft$ : Vehicle front

#### [REGULAR GRADE]



MANUAL TRANSMISSION NUMBER

#### Dimensions

Overall length	4,255 (167.6) <sup>*1</sup> 4,260 (167.7) <sup>*2</sup>	Μ
Overall width	1,845 (72.6)	
Overall height	1,315 (51.8) 1,325 (52.2) <sup>*3</sup>	N
Front tread	1,550 (61.0) <sup>*4</sup> 1,540 (60.6) <sup>*5</sup>	0
Rear tread	1,595 (62.8) <sup>*4</sup> 1,565 (61.6) <sup>*5</sup>	P
Wheelbase	2,550 (100.4)	

\*1: Without front license plate bracket

\*2: With front license plate bracket

\*3: Roadster models

\*4: 18-inch wheel models

\*5: 19-inch wheel models

#### < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

#### Wheels & Tires

INFOID:000000010836909

[REGULAR GRADE]

			Tire		225/50R18 95W		
		Front	Road wheel	Size	18 × 8J		
	18 inch		(Aluminum)	Inset	43 mm (1.69 in)		
			Tire		245/45R18 96W		
		Rear	Road wheel	Size	18 × 9J		
			(Aluminum)	Inset	15 mm (0.59 in)		
			Tire		245/40R19 94W		
			Road wheel	Size	19 × 9J		
Conventional		Front	(Aluminum)	Inset	47 mm (1.85 in)		
Conventional		FIOII	Tire		245/40R19 98Y		
			Road wheel (Aluminum)	Size	19×9.5J		
	19 inch			Inset	40 mm (1.57 in)		
		Rear	Tire		275/35R19 96W		
			Road wheel (Aluminum)	Size	19×10J		
				Inset	30 mm (1.18 in)		
			Tire		285/35R19 99Y		
			Road wheel	Size	19×10.5J		
			(Aluminum)	Inset	23 mm (0.91 in)		
			Tire		T145/80D17 <sup>*1</sup>		
	17 inch	Road wheel		Size	17 × 4T		
			(Steel)	Inset	30 mm (1.18 in)		
			Tire		T145/70R18 <sup>*1</sup>		
Spare	18 inch		Road wheel	Size	18 × 4T		
			(Aluminum)	Inset	0 mm (0 in)		
	Tire						
				Size	The emergency tire puncture repair kit is supplied.*2		
	Road wh	Road wheel		Inset			

\*1: If so equipped

\*2: Roadster models

# < PRECAUTION > PRECAUTION PRECAUTIONS

#### Description

Observe the following precautions to ensure safe and proper servicing. These precautions are not described in each individual section.

# FOR MEXICO : Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the "SRS AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT" of this Service Manual.

#### WARNING:

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision that would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see "SRS AIR BAG".
- Never use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

#### PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

#### WARNING:

- Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.
- When working near the Air Bag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Air Bag System sensors with the ignition ON or engine running, never use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

#### FOR MEXICO : Precaution for Battery Service

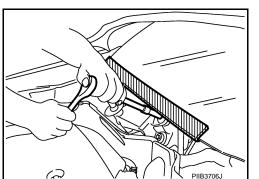
Before disconnecting the battery, lower both the driver and passenger windows. This will prevent any interference between the window edge and the vehicle when the door is opened/closed. During normal operation, the window slightly raises and lowers automatically to prevent any window to vehicle interference. The automatic window function will not work with the battery disconnected.

FOR MEXICO : Precaution for Procedure without Cowl Top Cover

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INFOID:000000010836912

When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc to prevent damage to windshield.



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[REGULAR GRADE]

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< PRECAUTION >

#### FOR MEXICO : Precautions For Xenon Headlamp Service

INFOID:000000010836914

#### WARNING:

Comply with the following warnings to prevent any serious accident.

- Disconnect the battery cable (negative terminal) or the power supply fuse before installing, removing, or touching the xenon headlamp (bulb included). The xenon headlamp contains high-voltage generated parts.
- Never work with wet hands.
- Check the xenon headlamp ON-OFF status after assembling it to the vehicle. Never turn the xenon headlamp ON in other conditions. Connect the power supply to the vehicle-side connector. (Turning it ON outside the lamp case may cause fire or visual impairments.)
- Never touch the bulb glass immediately after turning it OFF. It is extremely hot.

#### CAUTION:

Comply with the following cautions to prevent any error and malfunction.

- Install the xenon bulb securely. (Insufficient bulb socket installation may melt the bulb, the connector, the housing, etc. by high-voltage leakage or corona discharge.)
- Never perform HID circuit inspection with a tester.
- Never touch the xenon bulb glass with hands. Never put oil and grease on it.
- Dispose of the used xenon bulb after packing it in thick vinyl without breaking it.
- Never wipe out dirt and contamination with organic solvent (thinner, gasoline, etc.).
- EXCEPT FOR MEXICO

#### EXCEPT FOR MEXICO : Precautions for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted.

Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the "SRS AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT" of this Service Manual.

#### WARNING:

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision that would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see "SRS AIR BAG".
- Never use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

#### WARNING:

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- When working near the Air Bag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Air Bag System sensors with the ignition ON or engine running, never use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

#### EXCEPT FOR MEXICO : Precaution for Battery Service

INFOID:000000010836916

Before disconnecting the battery, lower both the driver and passenger windows. This will prevent any interference between the window edge and the vehicle when the door is opened/closed. During normal operation, the window slightly raises and lowers automatically to prevent any window to vehicle interference. The automatic window function will not work with the battery disconnected.

#### [REGULAR GRADE]

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#### EXCEPT FOR MEXICO : Precaution for Procedure without Cowl Top Cover

When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc to prevent damage to windshield.

EXCEPT FOR MEXICO : Precautions For Xenon Headlamp Service	D	
<ul> <li>WARNING:</li> <li>Comply with the following warnings to prevent any serious accident.</li> <li>Disconnect the battery cable (negative terminal) or the power supply fuse before installing, removing, or touching the xenon headlamp (bulb included). The xenon headlamp contains high-voltage generated parts.</li> </ul>	F	
<ul> <li>Never work with wet hands.</li> <li>Check the xenon headlamp ON-OFF status after assembling it to the vehicle. Never turn the xenon headlamp ON in other conditions. Connect the power supply to the vehicle-side connector. (Turning it ON outside the lamp case may cause fire or visual impairments.)</li> <li>Never touch the bulb glass immediately after turning it OFF. It is extremely hot.</li> </ul>	G	
<ul> <li>CAUTION:</li> <li>Comply with the following cautions to prevent any error and malfunction.</li> <li>Install the xenon bulb securely. (Insufficient bulb socket installation may melt the bulb, the connector, the housing, etc. by high-voltage leakage or corona discharge.)</li> <li>Never perform HID circuit inspection with a tester.</li> <li>Never touch the xenon bulb glass with hands. Never put oil and grease on it.</li> </ul>	1	
<ul> <li>Dispose of the used xenon bulb after packing it in thick vinyl without breaking it.</li> <li>Never wipe out dirt and contamination with organic solvent (thinner, gasoline, etc.).</li> </ul>	0	
Cautions in Removing Battery Terminal and AV Control Unit (Models with AV Control Unit)	K	
CAUTION: Remove battery terminal and AV control unit after a lapse of 30 seconds or more after turning the igni- tion switch OFF. NOTE:	L	
After the ignition switch is turned OFF, the AV control unit continues operating for approximately 30 seconds. Therefore, data corruption may occur if battery voltage is cut off within 30 seconds.	Μ	
Service notice or Precautions for Rear Propeller Shaft	Ν	
<ul> <li>If the propeller shaft is dropped, replace the propeller shaft assembly.</li> <li>Never tap the tube. Avoid impacts and scratching.</li> <li>Replace the propeller shaft assembly if there are cracks or deflection on the tube.</li> <li>Protect the propeller shaft tube from damage with a tube protector during repair service.</li> </ul>	0	
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• To prevent serious burns:

appropriate manner.

and possibly a fire.

shuts off automatically.

Avoid contact with hot metal parts.

prior to inspection or assembly.

#### PRECAUTIONS

## [REGULAR GRADE]

#### INFOID:000000010836921

SGI231

#### **General Precautions**

< PRECAUTION >

 Do not operate the engine for an extended period of time without proper exhaust ventilation.

Keep the work area well ventilated and free of any inflammable materials. Special care should be taken when handling any inflammable or poisonous materials, such as gasoline, refrigerant gas, etc. When working in a pit or other enclosed area, be sure to properly ventilate the area before working with hazardous materials. Do not smoke while working on the vehicle.

• Before jacking up the vehicle, apply wheel chocks or other tire blocks to the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving. After jacking up the vehicle, support the vehicle weight with safety stands at the points designated for proper lifting before working on the vehicle.

These operations should be done on a level surface.

- When removing a heavy component such as the engine or transaxle/transmission, be careful not to lose your balance and drop them. Also, do not allow them to strike adjacent parts, especially the brake tubes and master cylinder.
- · Before starting repairs which do not require battery power: Turn off ignition switch. Disconnect the negative battery terminal.

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.

cotter pins, self-locking nuts, etc. with new ones.

• Replace oil seals, gaskets, packings, O-rings, locking washers,

Static electricity may damage internal electronic components.

• Use approved bonding agent, sealants or their equivalents when required.

• Use only the fluids and lubricants specified in this manual.

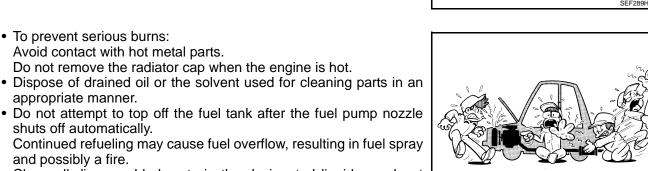
• Replace inner and outer races of tapered roller bearings and needle bearings as a set. • Arrange the disassembled parts in accordance with their assembled locations and sequence. Do not touch the terminals of electrical components which use microcomputers (such as ECM).

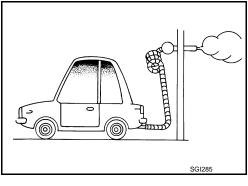
After disconnecting vacuum or air hoses, attach a tag to indicate the proper connection.

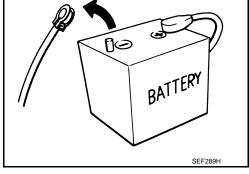
• If the battery terminals are disconnected, recorded memory of radio and each control unit is erased.

· Clean all disassembled parts in the designated liquid or solvent











SGI233

Revision: 2014 September

Hoses

- Use hand tools, power tools (disassembly only) and recommended special tools where specified for safe and efficient service repairs.
- When repairing the fuel, oil, water, vacuum or exhaust systems, check all affected lines for leakage.

Take caution that keys, buckles or buttons do not scratch paint.

Seat cover Protect fenders, upholstery and carpeting with appropriate covers. Fender cover

#### WARNING:

< PRECAUTION >

To prevent ECM from storing the diagnostic trouble codes, never carelessly disconnect the harness connectors which are related to the engine control system and TCM (transmission control module) system. The connectors should be disconnected only when working according to the WORK FLOW of **TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and TM sections.** 

#### Three Way Catalyst

Before servicing the vehicle:

If a large amount of unburned fuel flows into the catalyst, the catalyst temperature will be excessively high. To prevent this, follow the instructions.

- Use unleaded gasoline only. Leaded gasoline will seriously damage the three way catalyst.
- When checking for ignition spark or measuring engine compression, make tests quickly and only when necessary.
- Do not run engine when the fuel tank level is low, otherwise the engine may misfire, causing damage to the catalyst.

Do not place the vehicle on flammable material. Keep flammable material off the exhaust pipe and the three way catalyst.

#### Multiport Fuel Injection System or Engine Control System

- Before connecting or disconnecting any harness connector for the multiport fuel injection system or ECM: Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position. Disconnect negative battery terminal. Otherwise, there may be damage to ECM.
- · Before disconnecting pressurized fuel line from fuel pump to injectors, be sure to release fuel pressure.
- Be careful not to jar components such as ECM and mass air flow sensor.



INFOID:0000000010836924

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HOSE REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

**GI-33** 

[REGULAR GRADE]	
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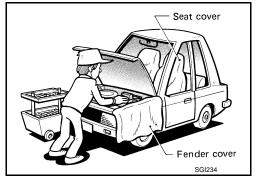
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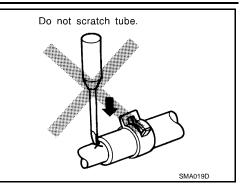
#### < PRECAUTION >

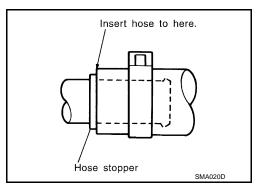
#### [REGULAR GRADE]

• To prevent damage to rubber hose, do not pry off rubber hose with tapered tool or screwdriver.

• To reinstall the rubber hose securely, check that hose insertion

length and orientation is correct. (If tube is equipped with hose stopper, insert rubber hose into tube until it butts up against hose



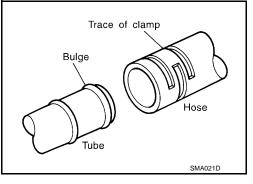


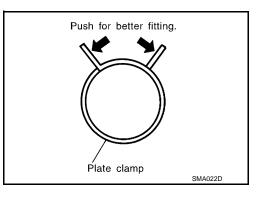
#### HOSE CLAMPING

stopper.)

- If old rubber hose is re-used, install hose clamp in its original position (at the indentation where the old clamp was). If there is a trace of tube bulging left on the old rubber hose, align rubber hose at that position.
- Discard old clamps: replace with new ones.

• After installing plate clamps, apply force to them in the direction of the arrow, tightening rubber hose equally all around.





#### **Engine Oils**

Prolonged and repeated contact with used engine oil may cause skin cancer. Try to avoid direct skin contact with used oil.

If skin contact is made, wash thoroughly with soap or hand cleaner as soon as possible.

#### HEALTH PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS

- Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with oils, particularly used engine oils.
- Wear protective clothing, including impervious gloves where practicable.
- Do not put oily rags in pockets.
- Avoid contaminating clothes, particularly underpants, with oil.

#### **GI-34**

INFOID:000000010836925

#### [REGULAR GRADE]

<ul> <li>Heavily soiled clothing and oil-impregnated footwear should not be worn. Overalls must be cleaned regularly.</li> <li>First aid treatment should be obtained immediately for open cuts and wounds.</li> </ul>	GI
<ul> <li>Use barrier creams, applying them before each work period, to help the removal of oil from the skin.</li> <li>Wash with soap and water to ensure all oil is removed (skin cleansers and nail brushes will help). Preparations containing lanolin replace the natural skin oils which have been removed.</li> <li>Do not use gasoline, kerosene, diesel fuel, gas oil, thinners or solvents for cleaning skin.</li> <li>If skin disorders develop, obtain medical advice without delay.</li> </ul>	В
<ul> <li>Where practical, degrease components prior to handling.</li> <li>Where there is a risk of eye contact, eye protection should be worn, for example, chemical goggles or face shields: in addition an eye wash facility should be provided.</li> </ul>	С
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS Dispose of used oil and used oil filters through authorized waste disposal contractors to licensed waste dis-	D
posal sites, or to the waste oil reclamation trade. If in doubt, contact the local authority for advice on disposal facilities.	E
It is illegal to pour used oil on to the ground, down sewers or drains, or into water sources. The regulations concerning pollution vary between regions.	
Air Conditioning	F
Use an approved refrigerant recovery unit any time the air conditioning system must be discharged. Refer to HA section "REFRIGERANT" for specific instructions.	G
Fuel	
FOR USA AND CANADA	Н
Use unleaded premium gasoline with an octane rating of at least 91 AKI (Anti-Knock Index) number (Research octane number 96).	
If premium gasoline is not available, unleaded regular gasoline with an octane rating of 87 AKI (Anti-Knock Index) number (Research octane number 91) may be temporarily used, but only under the following precautions:	I
<ul> <li>Have the fuel tank filled only partially with unleaded regular gasoline, and fill up with unleaded premium gasoline as soon as possible.</li> </ul>	J
<ul> <li>Avoid full throttle driving and abrupt acceleration.</li> <li>Use unleaded premium gasoline for maximum vehicle performance.</li> <li>CAUTION:</li> </ul>	K
• Using a fuel other than that specified could adversely affect the emission control system, and may	
<ul> <li>also affect warranty coverage.</li> <li>Under no circumstances should a leaded gasoline be used, because this will damage the three-way</li> </ul>	L
<ul> <li>catalyst.</li> <li>Do not use E-15 or E-85 fuel in the vehicle. The vehicle is not designed to run on E-15 or E-85 fuel. Using E-15 or E-85 fuel in a vehicle not specifically designed for E-15 or E-85 fuel can adversely affect the emission control devices and systems of the vehicle. Damage caused by such fuel is not a vehicle be the NICOAND proved by the limit of the vehicle.</li> </ul>	M
<ul> <li>covered by the NISSAN new vehicle limited warranty.</li> <li>U.S. government regulations require ethanol dispensing pumps to be identified by a small, square, orange and black label with the common abbreviation or the appropriate percentage for that region.</li> </ul>	Ν
FOR MEXICO CAUTION:	
<b>Do not use leaded gasoline. Using leaded gasoline will damage the three-way catalyst.</b> Use unleaded premium gasoline with an octane rating of at least 91 AKI (Anti-Knock Index) number (Research octane number 96).	0
If unleaded premium gasoline is not used, unleaded regular gasoline with an octane rating of at least 87 AKI (Anti-Knock Index) number (Research octane number 91) or above may be temporarily used, but only under	
<ul> <li>the following precautions:</li> <li>Have the fuel tank filled only partially with unleaded regular gasoline, and fill up with unleaded premium gasoline as soon as possible.</li> </ul>	
Avoid full throttle driving and abrupt acceleration.	

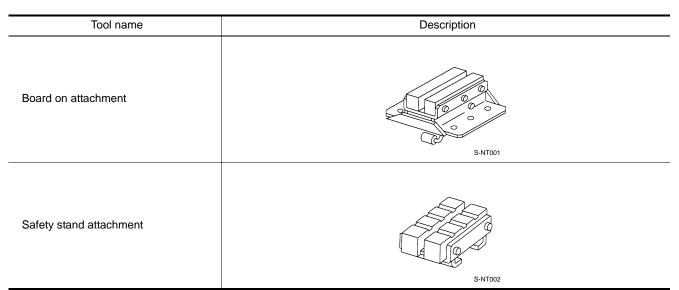
Use unleaded premium gasoline for maximum vehicle performance.

< PRECAUTION >

# < PRECAUTION > LIFTING POINT

#### **Commercial Service Tools**

INFOID:000000010836928



#### CAUTION:

- Every time the vehicle is lifted up, maintain the complete vehicle curb condition.
- Since the vehicle's center of gravity changes when removing main parts on the front side (engine, transmission, suspension etc.), support a jack up point on the rear side garage jack with a mission jack or equivalent.
- Since the vehicle's center of gravity changes when removing main parts on the rear side (rear axle, suspension, etc.), support a jack up point on the front side garage jack with a mission jack or equivalent.
- Be careful not to smash or never do anything that would affect piping parts.

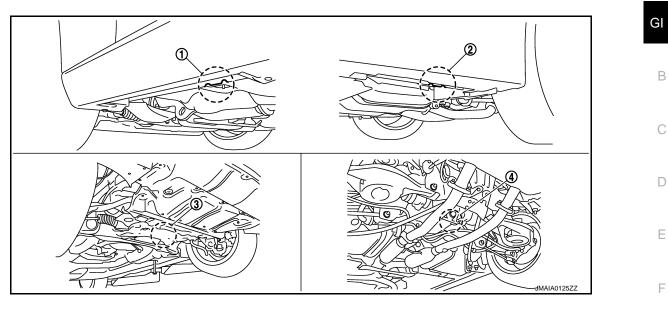
Garage Jack and Safety Stand and 2-Pole Lift

INFOID:000000010836929

#### WARNING:

- Park the vehicle on a level surface when using the jack. Check to avoid damaging pipes, tubes, etc. under the vehicle.
- Never get under the vehicle while it is supported only by the jack. Always use safety stands when you have to get under the vehicle.
- Place wheel chocks at both front and back of the wheels on the ground.
- When lifting the vehicle, open the lift arms as wide as possible and ensure that the front and rear of the vehicle are well balanced.
- When setting the lift arm, never allow the arm to contact the brake tubes, brake cable, fuel lines and sill spoiler.

# LIFTING POINT



Safety stand point and lift up point (front) 2. Safety stand point and lift up point 3. Garage jack point (front) 1. (rear)

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INFOID:000000010836930

4. Garage jack point (rear)

#### **CAUTION:**

There is canister just behind Garage jack point rear. Jack up carefully.

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#### **CAUTION:**

Check vehicle is empty when lifting.

- The board-on lift attachment (A) set at front end of vehicle should be set on the front of the sill under the front door opening.
- Position attachments at front and rear ends of board-on lift.

: Vehicle front  $\triangleleft$ 

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# **TOW TRUCK TOWING**

#### < PRECAUTION >

# TOW TRUCK TOWING

Tow Truck Towing

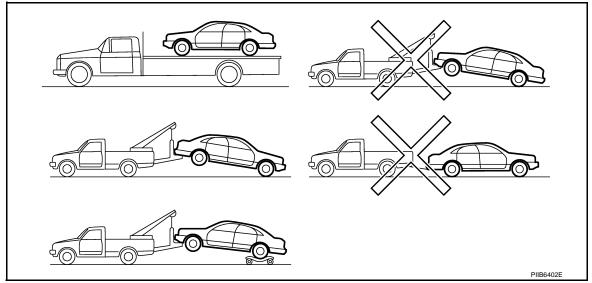
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[REGULAR GRADE]

#### CAUTION:

- All applicable state or Provincial (in Canada) laws and local laws regarding the towing operation must be obeyed.
- It is necessary to use proper towing equipment to avoid possible damage to the vehicle during towing operation. Towing is in accordance with Towing Procedure Manual at dealer.
- Always attach safety chains before towing.
- When towing, check that the transmission, steering system and powertrain are in good order. If any unit is damaged, dollies must be used.
- Never tow an automatic transmission model from the rear (that is backward) with four wheels on the ground. This may cause serious and expensive damage to the transmission.

#### 2WD MODELS



NISSAN recommends that vehicle be towed with the driving (rear) wheels off the ground or that a dolly be used as illustrated.

#### CAUTION:

• Never tow automatic transmission models with the rear wheels on the ground or four wheels on the ground (forward or backward), as this may cause serious and expensive damage to the transmission.

If it is necessary to tow the vehicle with the front wheels raised, always use towing dollies under the rear wheels.

- When towing rear wheel drive models with the front wheels on the ground or on towing dollies:
- Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position, and secure the steering wheel in a straight ahead position with a rope or similar device. Never secure the steering wheel by turning the ignition switch to the LOCK position. This may damage the steering lock mechanism.
- Move the selector lever to the N (Neutral) position.
- When the battery of vehicle equipped with the Intelligent Key system is discharged, your vehicle should be towed with the front wheels on towing dollies or place the vehicle on a flat bed truck.

If the speed or distance must necessarily be greater, remove the propeller shaft before towing to prevent damage to the transmission.

Vehicle Recovery (Freeing a Stuck Vehicle)

INFOID:000000010836932

FRONT

# **TOW TRUCK TOWING**

#### < PRECAUTION >

Securely install the vehicle recovery hook stored with jacking tools. Check that the hook is properly secured in the stored place after use.

#### WARNING:

- Stand clear of a stuck vehicle.
- Never spin your tires at high speed. This could cause them to explode and result in serious injury. Parts of your vehicle could also overheat and be damaged.

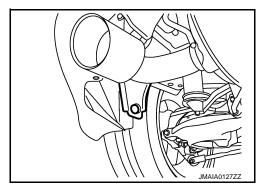
#### **CAUTION:**

- Tow chains or cables must be attached only to the vehicle recovery hooks or main structural members of the vehicle. Otherwise, the vehicle body will be damaged.
- Never use the vehicle tie downs to free a vehicle stuck in
- sand, snow, mud, etc. Never tow the vehicle using the vehicle tie downs or recovery hooks.
- Always pull the cable straight out from the front of the vehicle. Never pull on the hook at an angle.
- Pulling devices should be routed so they never touch any part of the suspension, steering, brake or cooling systems.
- · Pulling devices such as ropes or canvas straps are not recommended for use in vehicle towing or recovery.

#### REAR

#### WARNING:

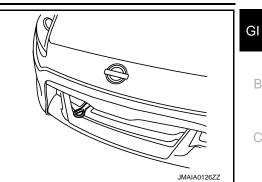
Rear hook is not available.



#### AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

the	ow a vehicle equipped with an automatic transmission, an appropriate vehicle dolly <b>MUST</b> be placed under towed vehicle's drive wheels. <b>Always</b> follow the dolly manufacture's recommendations when using their duct.	K
	e vehicle is stuck in sand, snow, mud, etc., use the following procedure:	
1.	Turn off the Vehicle Dynamic Control System.	
2.	Check the area in front and behind the vehicle is clear of obstructions.	
3.	Turn the steering wheel right and left to clear an area around the front tires.	M
4.	Slowly rock the vehicle forward and backward. Shift back and forth between R (reverse) and D (drive). Apply the accelerator as little as possible to maintain the rocking motion. Release the accelerator pedal before shifting between R and D. Do not spin the tires above 35 mph (55 km/h).	Ν
5.	If the vehicle can not be freed after a few tries, contact a professional towing service to remove the vehi- cle.	0

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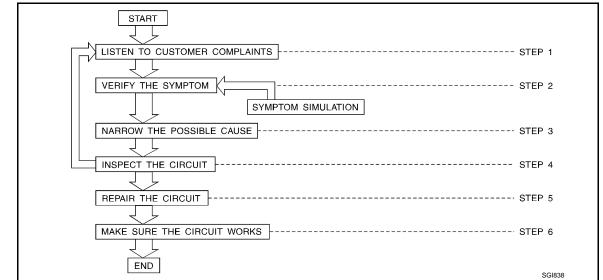
[REGULAR GRADE]

# BASIC INSPECTION SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

#### Work Flow

INFOID:000000010836933





STEP		DESCRIPTION					
		formation about the conditions and the environment when the incident occurred. are key pieces of information required to make a good analysis:					
	WHAT	Vehicle Model, Engine, Transmission/Transaxle and the System (i.e. Radio).					
STEP 1	WHEN	Date, Time of Day, Weather Conditions, Frequency.					
	WHERE	Road Conditions, Altitude and Traffic Situation.					
	HOWSystem Symptoms, Operating Conditions (Other Components Interaction). Service History and if any After Market Accessories have been installed.						
STEP 2	Operate the system, road test if necessary. Verify the parameter of the incident. If the problem cannot be duplicated, refer to "Incident Simulation Tests".						
STEP 3	<ul> <li>Power Supp</li> <li>System Ope</li> <li>Applicable S</li> <li>Check for an</li> </ul>	diagnosis materials together including: Iy Routing Paration Descriptions Service Manual Sections hy Service Bulletins to begin diagnosis based upon your knowledge of the system operation and the customer comments.					
STEP 4		stem for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage. ch circuits and components are involved and diagnose using the Power Supply Routing and Harness Lay-					
STEP 5	Repair or repla	ace the incident circuit or component.					
STEP 6		vstem in all modes. Verify the system works properly under all conditions. Check you have not inadvert- a new incident during your diagnosis or repair steps.					

# **Control Units and Electrical Parts**

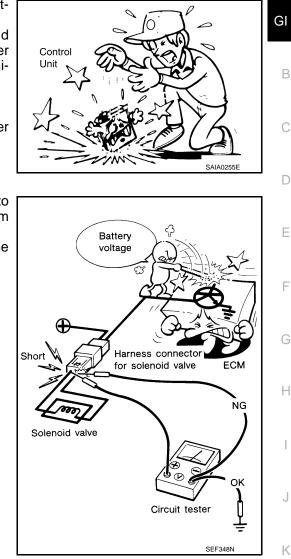
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#### PRECAUTIONS

- Never reverse polarity of battery terminals.
- Install only parts specified for a vehicle.
- Before replacing the control unit, check the input and output and functions of the component parts.
- Do not apply excessive force when disconnecting a connector.

#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

- Do not apply excessive shock to the control unit by dropping or hitting it.
- Be careful to prevent condensation in the control unit due to rapid temperature changes and do not let water or rain get on it. If water is found in the control unit, dry it fully and then install it in the vehicle.
- Be careful not to let oil to get on the control unit connector.
- Avoid cleaning the control unit with volatile oil.
- Do not disassemble the control unit, and do not remove the upper and lower covers.
- When using a DMM, be careful not to let test probes get close to each other to prevent the power transistor in the control unit from damaging battery voltage because of short circuiting.
- When checking input and output signals of the control unit, use the specified check adapter.



[REGULAR GRADE]

#### How to Check Terminal

#### CONNECTOR AND TERMINAL PIN KIT

- Use the connector and terminal pin kits listed below when replacing connectors or terminals.
- The connector and terminal pin kits contain some of the most commonly used NISSAN/INFINITI connectors and terminals. For detailed connector and terminal pin replacement procedures, refer to the latest NISSAN/ M INFINITI CONNECTOR AND TERMINAL PIN SERVICE MANUAL.

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#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

[REGULAR GRADE]

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description									
- (J38751-95NI) Connector and terminal pin kit (NISSAN) - (J38751-95INF) Connector and terminal pin kit (INFINITI) - (J42992-98KIT) OBD and terminal repair kit - (J42992-2000UPD) OBD-II Connector Kit Up- date	J38751-95NI	J38751-95INF	J42992-98KIT	J42992-2000UPD         Image: mage: mag						

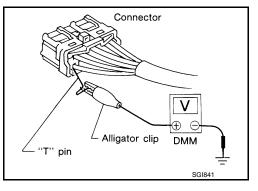
#### HOW TO PROBE CONNECTORS

- Connector damage and an intermittent connection can result from improperly probing of the connector during circuit checks.
- The probe of a digital multimeter (DMM) may not correctly fit the connector cavity. To correctly probe the connector, follow the procedures below using a "T" pin. For the best contact grasp the "T" pin using an alligator clip.

#### Probing from Harness Side

Standard type (not waterproof type) connector should be probed from harness side with "T" pin.

- If the connector has a rear cover such as a ECM connector, remove the rear cover before probing the terminal.
- Do not probe waterproof connector from harness side. Damage to the seal between wire and connector may result.

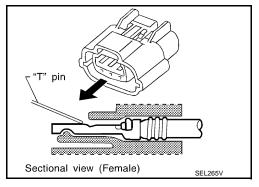


Probing from Terminal Side

#### FEMALE TERMINAL

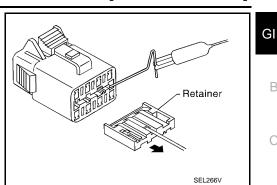
• There is a small notch above each female terminal. Probe each terminal with the "T" pin through the notch.

Do not insert any object other than the same type male terminal into female terminal.



#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

· Some connectors do not have a notch above each terminal. To probe each terminal, remove the connector retainer to make contact space for probing.



[REGULAR GRADE]

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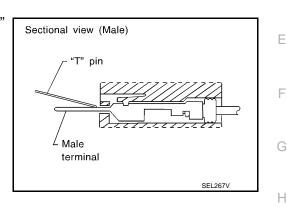
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MALE TERMINAL

 Carefully probe the contact surface of each terminal using a "T" pin.

#### CAUTION: Never bend terminal.

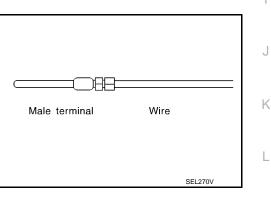


How to Check Enlarged Contact Spring of Terminal

- An enlarged contact spring of a terminal may create intermittent signals in the circuit.
- If the intermittent open circuit occurs, follow the procedure below to inspect for open wires and enlarged contact spring of female terminal.
- 1. Assemble a male terminal and approx. 10 cm (3.9 in) of wire. NOTE:

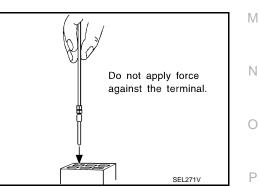
#### Use a male terminal which matches the female terminal.

2. Disconnect the suspected faulty connector and hold it terminal side up.



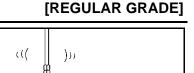
3. While holding the wire of the male terminal, try to insert the male terminal into the female terminal. **CAUTION:** 

Never force the male terminal into the female terminal with your hands.

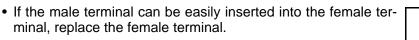


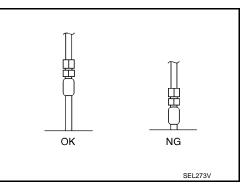
#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

4. While moving the connector, check whether the male terminal can be easily inserted or not.



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Waterproof Connector Inspection

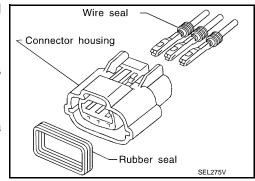
If water enters the connector, it can short interior circuits. This may lead to intermittent problems. Check the following items to maintain the original waterproof characteristics.

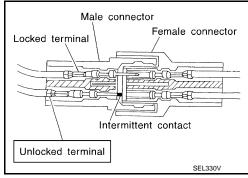
RUBBER SEAL INSPECTION

- Most waterproof connectors are provided with a rubber seal between the male and female connectors. If the seal is missing, the waterproof performance may not meet specifications.
- The rubber seal may come off when connectors are disconnected. Whenever connectors are reconnected, check the rubber seal is properly installed on either side of male or female connector.

#### WIRE SEAL INSPECTION

• The wire seal must be installed on the wire insertion area of a waterproof connector. Be sure that the seal is installed properly.





#### Terminal Lock Inspection

Check for unlocked terminals by pulling wire at the end of connector. An unlocked terminal may create intermittent signals in the circuit.

#### Intermittent Incident

INFOID:000000010836936

#### DESCRIPTION

Sometimes the symptom is not present when the vehicle is brought in for service. If possible, re-create the conditions present at the time of the incident. Doing so may help avoid a No Trouble Found Diagnosis. The fol-

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**IREGULAR GRADEL** 

< BASIC INSPECTION > [REGULAR GRADE	]
lowing section illustrates ways to simulate the conditions/environment under which the owner experiences a electrical incident.	n Gl
<ul> <li>The section is broken into the six following topics:</li> <li>Vehicle vibration</li> <li>Heat sensitive</li> <li>Freezing</li> <li>Water intrusion</li> <li>Electrical load</li> <li>Cold or hot start up</li> <li>Get a thorough description of the incident from the customer. It is important for simulating the conditions of th</li> </ul>	B C
problem.	D
VEHICLE VIBRATION The problem may occur or become worse while driving on a rough road or when engine is vibrating (idle wit A/C on). In such a case, you will want to check for a vibration related condition. Refer to the following illustra tion.	
Connector & Harness Determine which connectors and wiring harness would affect the electrical system you are inspecting. Gentl shake each connector and harness while monitoring the system for the incident you are trying to duplicate This test may indicate a loose or poor electrical connection.	
Hint	G
Connectors can be exposed to moisture. It is possible to get a thin film of corrosion on the connector term nals. A visual inspection may not reveal this without disconnecting the connector. If the problem occurs intermittently, perhaps the problem is caused by corrosion. It is a good idea to disconnect, inspect and clean th terminals on related connectors in the system.	ſ <b>-</b>
Sensor & Relay Gently apply a slight vibration to sensors and relays in the system you are inspecting. This test may indicate a loose or poorly mounted sensor or relay.	I
Vibration test	J
	K
Shake gently. Bend gently.	L
Engine Compartment There are several reasons a vehicle or engine vibration could cause an electrical complaint. Some of th things to check for are:	e M
<ul> <li>Connectors not fully seated.</li> <li>Wiring harness not long enough and is being stressed due to engine vibrations or rocking.</li> <li>Wires laying across brackets or moving components.</li> <li>Loose, dirty or corroded ground wires.</li> </ul>	Ν
<ul> <li>Wires routed too close to hot components.</li> <li>To inspect components under the hood, start by verifying the integrity of ground connections. (Refer to Groun Inspection described later.) First check that the system is properly grounded. Then check for loose connection by gently shaking the wiring or components as previously explained. Using the wiring diagrams inspect the</li> </ul>	n
wiring for continuity.	P
Behind the Instrument Panel An improperly routed or improperly clamped harness can become pinched during accessory installation. Veh cle vibration can aggravate a harness which is routed along a bracket or near a screw.	i-

**Under Seating Areas** 

#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

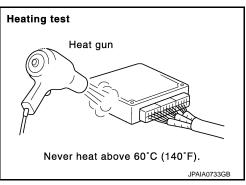
An unclamped or loose harness can cause wiring to be pinched by seat components (such as slide guides) during vehicle vibration. If the wiring runs under seating areas, inspect wire routing for possible damage or pinching.

#### HEAT SENSITIVE

- The customer's concern may occur during hot weather or after car has sat for a short time. In such cases you will want to check for a heat sensitive condition.
- To determine if an electrical component is heat sensitive, heat the component with a heat gun or equivalent. **CAUTION:**

#### Never heat components above 60°C (140°F).

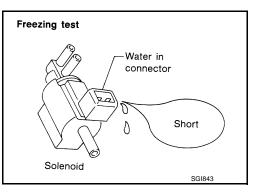
 If incident occurs while heating the unit, either replace or properly insulate the component.



[REGULAR GRADE]

#### FREEZING

- The customer may indicate the incident goes away after the car warms up (winter time). The cause could be related to water freezing somewhere in the wiring/electrical system.
- There are two methods to check for this. The first is to arrange for the owner to leave his car overnight. Check it will get cold enough to demonstrate his complaint. Leave the car parked outside overnight. In the morning, do a quick and thorough diagnosis of those electrical components which could be affected.
- The second method is to put the suspect component into a freezer long enough for any water to freeze. Reinstall the part into the car and check for the reoccurrence of the incident. If it occurs, repair or replace the component.



#### WATER INTRUSION

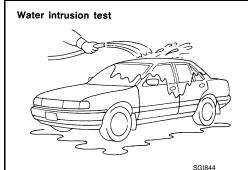
ELECTRICAL LOAD

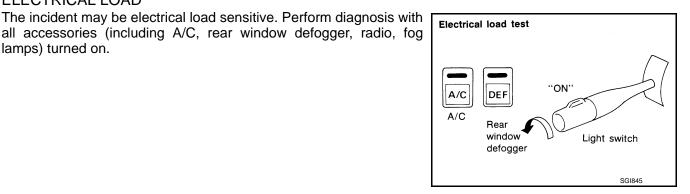
lamps) turned on.

The incident may occur only during high humidity or in rainy/snowy weather. In such cases the incident could be caused by water intrusion on an electrical part. This can be simulated by soaking the car or running it through a car wash.

#### CAUTION:

#### Never spray water directly on any electrical components.





#### COLD OR HOT START UP

On some occasions an electrical incident may occur only when the car is started cold, or it may occur when the car is restarted hot shortly after being turned off. In these cases you may have to keep the car overnight to make a proper diagnosis.

Revision: 2014 September

< BASIC INSPECTION >

#### Circuit Inspection

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[REGULAR GRADE]

#### DESCRIPTION

- In general, testing electrical circuits is an easy task if it is approached in a logical and organized method. Before beginning it is important to have all available information on the system to be tested. Also, get a thorough understanding of system operation. Then you will be able to use the appropriate equipment and follow the correct test procedure.
- You may have to simulate vehicle vibrations while testing electrical components. Gently shake the wiring harness or electrical component to do this.

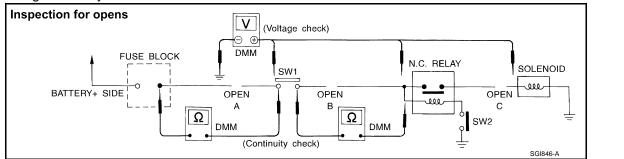
OPEN	A circuit is open when there is no	o continuity through a section of the circuit.	
	There are two types of shorts.		
SHORT	SHORT CIRCUIT	When a circuit contacts another circuit and causes the normal resistance to change.	F
	SHORT TO GROUND	When a circuit contacts a ground source and grounds the circuit.	

#### NOTE:

Refer to <u>GI-41, "How to Check Terminal"</u> to probe or check terminal.

#### TESTING FOR "OPENS" IN THE CIRCUIT

Before you begin to diagnose and test the system, you should rough sketch a schematic of the system. This will help you to logically walk through the diagnosis process. Drawing the sketch will also reinforce your working knowledge of the system.



#### Continuity Check Method

The continuity check is used to find an open in the circuit. The digital multimeter (DMM) set on the resistance function will indicate an open circuit as over limit (no beep tone or no ohms symbol). Check to always start with the DMM at the highest resistance level.

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits, please refer to the previous schematic.

- Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- Start at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end. (At the fuse block in this example)
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the fuse block terminal on the load side.
- Connect the other probe to the fuse block (power) side of SW1. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point A)
- Connect the probes between SW1 and the relay. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point B)
- Connect the probes between the relay and the solenoid. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point C)

Any circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

#### Voltage Check Method

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits please refer to the previous schematic.

In any powered circuit, an open can be found by methodically checking the system for the presence of voltage. This is done by switching the DMM to the voltage function.

- Connect one probe of the DMM to a known good ground.
- Begin probing at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end.
- With SW1 open, probe at SW1 to check for voltage. voltage: open is further down the circuit than SW1.

#### **GI-47**

#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

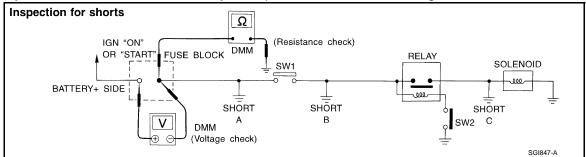
no voltage: open is between fuse block and SW1 (point A).

- Close SW1 and probe at relay. voltage: open is further down the circuit than the relay. no voltage: open is between SW1 and relay (point B).
- Close the relay and probe at the solenoid. voltage: open is further down the circuit than the solenoid. no voltage: open is between relay and solenoid (point C).

Any powered circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

#### **TESTING FOR "SHORTS" IN THE CIRCUIT**

To simplify the discussion of shorts in the system, please refer to the following schematic.



#### Resistance Check Method

- Disconnect the battery negative cable and remove the blown fuse.
- Disconnect all loads (SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the load side of the fuse terminal. Connect the other probe to a known good ground.
- With SW1 open, check for continuity. continuity: short is between fuse terminal and SW1 (point A). no continuity: short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- Close SW1 and disconnect the relay. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground. Then, check for continuity.

continuity: short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).

no continuity: short is further down the circuit than the relay.

 Close SW1 and jump the relay contacts with jumper wire. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground. Then, check for continuity. continuity: short is between relay and solenoid (point C).

no continuity: check solenoid, retrace steps.

Voltage Check Method

- Remove the blown fuse and disconnect all loads (i.e. SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Turn the ignition switch to the ON or START position. Verify battery voltage at the battery + side of the fuse terminal (one lead on the battery + terminal side of the fuse block and one lead on a known good ground).
- With SW1 open and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage. voltage: short is between fuse block and SW1 (point A). no voltage: short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- With SW1 closed, relay and solenoid disconnected and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage.

voltage: short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).

no voltage: short is further down the circuit than the relay.

 With SW1 closed, relay contacts jumped with fused jumper wire check for voltage. voltage: short is down the circuit of the relay or between the relay and the disconnected solenoid (point C). no voltage: retrace steps and check power to fuse block.

#### **GROUND INSPECTION**

- Ground connections are very important to the proper operation of electrical and electronic circuits. Ground connections are often exposed to moisture, dirt and other corrosive elements. The corrosion (rust) can become an unwanted resistance. This unwanted resistance can change the way a circuit works.
- Electronically controlled circuits are very sensitive to proper grounding. A loose or corroded ground can drastically affect an electronically controlled circuit. A poor or corroded ground can easily affect the circuit. Even when the ground connection looks clean, there can be a thin film of rust on the surface.

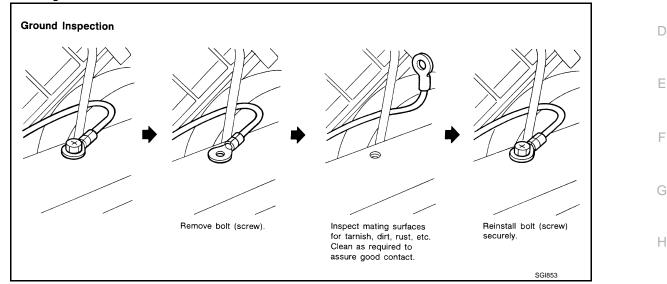
#### **GI-48**

< BASIC INSPECTION >

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- When inspecting a ground connection follow these rules:
- Remove the ground bolt or screw.
- Inspect all mating surfaces for tarnish, dirt, rust, etc.
- Clean as required to assure good contact.
- Reinstall bolt or screw securely.
- Inspect for "add-on" accessories which may be interfering with the ground circuit.
- If several wires are crimped into one ground eyelet terminal, check for proper crimps. Check all of the wires are clean, securely fastened and providing a good ground path. If multiple wires are cased in one eyelet check no ground wires have excess wire insulation.
- For detailed ground distribution information, refer to "Ground Distribution" in PG section.



#### VOLTAGE DROP TESTS

- Voltage drop tests are often used to find components or circuits which have excessive resistance. A voltage drop in a circuit is caused by a resistance when the circuit is in operation.
- Check the wire in the illustration. When measuring resistance with DMM, contact by a single strand of wire will give reading of 0 ohms. This would indicate a good circuit. When the circuit operates, this single strand of wire is not able to carry the current. The single strand will have a high resistance to the current. This will be picked up as a slight voltage drop.
- Unwanted resistance can be caused by many situations as follows:
  Undersized wiring (single strand example)
- Corrosion on switch contacts
- Loose wire connections or splices.
- If repairs are needed always use wire that is of the same or larger gauge.

Measuring Voltage Drop — Accumulated Method

- Connect the DMM across the connector or part of the circuit you want to check. The positive lead of the M DMM should be closer to power and the negative lead closer to ground.
- · Operate the circuit.
- The DMM will indicate how many volts are being used to "push" current through that part of the circuit.
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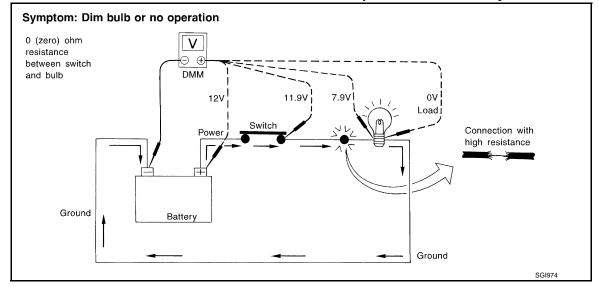
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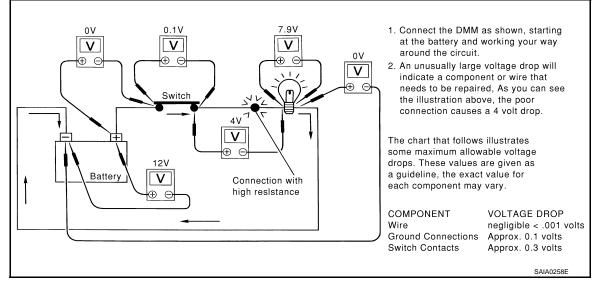
#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

#### Note in the illustration that there is an excessive 4.1 volt drop between the battery and the bulb.



Measuring Voltage Drop — Step-by-Step

- The step-by-step method is most useful for isolating excessive drops in low voltage systems (such as those in "Computer Controlled Systems").
- Circuits in the "Computer Controlled System" operate on very low amperage.
- The (Computer Controlled) system operations can be adversely affected by any variation in resistance in the system. Such resistance variation may be caused by poor connection, improper installation, improper wire gauge or corrosion.
- The step by step voltage drop test can identify a component or wire with too much resistance.

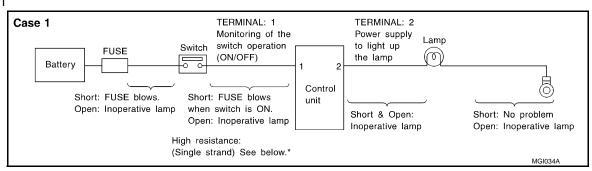


## CONTROL UNIT CIRCUIT TEST

System Description

• When the switch is ON, the control unit lights up the lamp.





**GI-50** 

#### SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT [REGULAR GRADE]

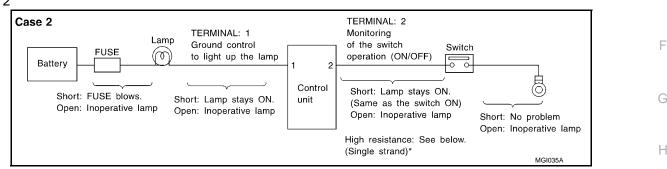
#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

INPUT	-OUTPUT VC	LTAGE CHART					-				
Te	erminal No.	b. Description		Description		Description				In each of high registeries such as single	GI
+	-	Signal name	Input/ Output	Condition	Value (Approx.)	In case of high resistance such as single strand (V) *					
1	Body	Switch	Input	Switch ON	Battery voltage	Lower than battery voltage Approx. 8 (Example)	В				
	ground			Switch OFF	0 V	Approx. 0					
	Body	Lomp	Output	Switch ON	Battery voltage	Approx. 0 (Inoperative lamp)	С				
2	2 ground Lamp		round Lamp Output		0 V	Approx. 0					

• The voltage value is based on the body ground.

\*: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 1 does not detect battery voltage. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not supply power to light up the lamp.

CASE	2
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lern	ninal No.	No.         Description           –         Signal name         Input/ Output				In some of high registeries such as single		
+	-			Condition Value (Approx.)		In case of high resistance such as single strand (V) *		
1	Body	Lamp	Output	Switch ON	0 V	Battery voltage (Inoperative lamp)		
I	ground	Lamp	Output	Switch OFF	Battery voltage	Battery voltage		
2	Body	Switch	Input	Switch ON	0 V	Higher than 0 Approx. 4 (Example)		
2	ground	Switch	mput	Switch OFF	5 V	Approx. 5		

• The voltage value is based on the body ground.

• \*: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 2 does not detect approx. 0 V. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not control ground to light up the lamp.

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#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

# CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

# Description

- When CONSULT/GST is connected with a data link connector (A) equipped on the vehicle side, it will communicate with the control unit equipped in the vehicle and then enable various kinds of diagnostic tests.
  - 1 : Steering column lower cover
- Refer to "CONSULT Software Operation Manual" for more information.

# CONSULT Function and System Application\*1

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#### FUNCTION

Mode	Function
All DTC Reading	Display all DTCs or diagnostic items that all ECUs are recording and judging.
Work Support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately.
Self Diagnostic Results	Retrieve DTC from ECU and display diagnostic items.
Data Monitor	Monitor the input/output signal of the control unit in real time.
CAN Diagnosis	This mode displays a network diagnosis result about CAN by diagram.
CAN Diagnosis Support Monitor	It monitors the status of CAN communication.
Active Test	Send the drive signal from CONSULT to the actuator. The operation check can be performed.
ECU Identification	Display the ECU identification number (part number etc.) of the selected system.
Configuration	Function to READ/WRITE vehicle configuration.
SRT&P-DTC Confirmation	The state of System Readiness Test (SRT) items, the presence or absence of permanent DTC*, and driving conditions can be checked.
DTC work support	DTC reproduction procedure can be performed speedily and precisely.
Others	Other results or histories, etc. that are recorded in ECU are displayed.

\*: Permanent DTC is not applied for regions where it is not mandated.

# SYSTEM APPLICATION<sup>\*1</sup>

System	All DTC Reading	Work Support	Self Diagnostic Results	Data Monitor	CAN Diagnosis	CAN Diagnosis Support Monitor	Active Test	ECU Identification	Configuration	SRT&P-DTC Confirmation	DTC work support	Others
ENGINE	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	x*2	х	-
TRANSMISSION	х	-	х	х	х	х	-	х	-	-	х	CALIB DATA
AIR BAG	x	-	x	-	x	x	-	x	-	-	-	<ul> <li>TROUBLE DIAG RECORD</li> <li>SELF-DIAG RESULT [CAN]</li> <li>CAUSE OF WARNING LAMP</li> </ul>

Revision: 2014 September

INFOID:000000010836938

# **CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM**

# < BASIC INSPECTION >

System	All DTC Reading	Work Support	Self Diagnostic Results	Data Monitor	CAN Diagnosis	CAN Diagnosis Support Monitor	Active Test	ECU Identification	Configuration	SRT&P-DTC Confirmation	DTC work support	Others	G
METER / M&A	х	-	x	x	x	x	-	-	-	-	-	Warning History	[
BCM	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	-	-	
ABS	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	-	-	-	
IPDM E/R	х	-	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	-	-	-	
MULTI AV	-	х	х	х	х	х	-	х	х	-	-	-	
HVAC	-	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	-	-	-	
CONVERTIBLE ROOF	х	-	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	-	-	-	

\*2: Permanent DTC is not applied for regions where it is not mandated.

# CONSULT/GST Data Link Connector (DLC) Circuit

#### INSPECTION PROCEDURE

If the CONSULT/GST cannot diagnose the system properly, check the following items.

Symptom	Check item	
CONSULT/GST cannot access any system.	• CONSULT/GST DLC power supply circuit (Terminal 8 and 16) and ground circuit (Terminal 4 and 5)	J
CONSULT cannot access indi- vidual system. (Other systems can be accessed.)	<ul> <li>Power supply and ground circuit for the control unit of the system (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.)</li> <li>Open or short circuit between the system and CONSULT DLC (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.)</li> <li>Open or short circuit CAN communication line. Refer to <u>LAN-15</u>, "Trouble Diagnosis Flow Chart".</li> </ul>	K

#### NOTE:

The DDL1 and DDL2 circuits from DLC pins 12, 13, 14 and 15 may be connected to more than one system. A short in a DDL circuit connected to a control unit in one system may affect CONSULT access to other systems. If the GST cannot operate properly, check the circuit based on the information of SAE J1962 and ISO 15031-3.

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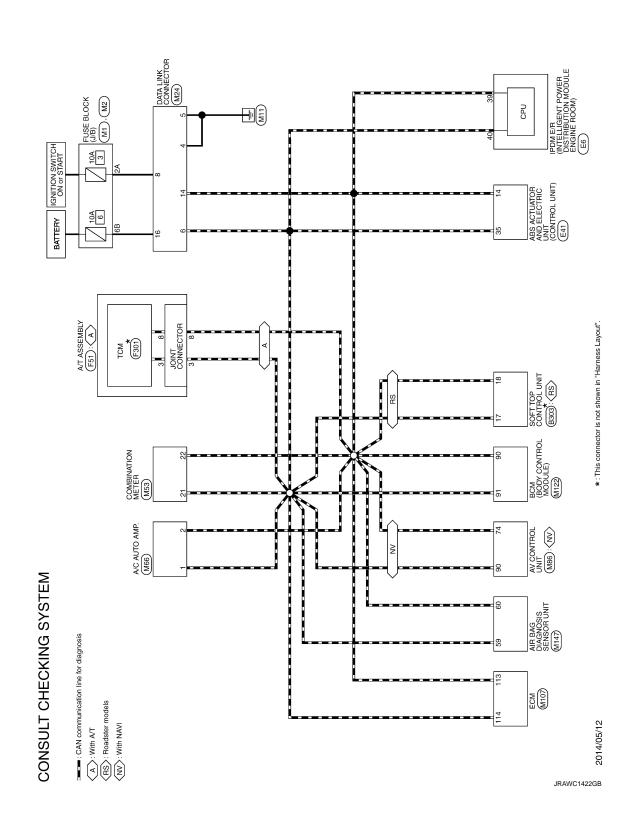
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[REGULAR GRADE]

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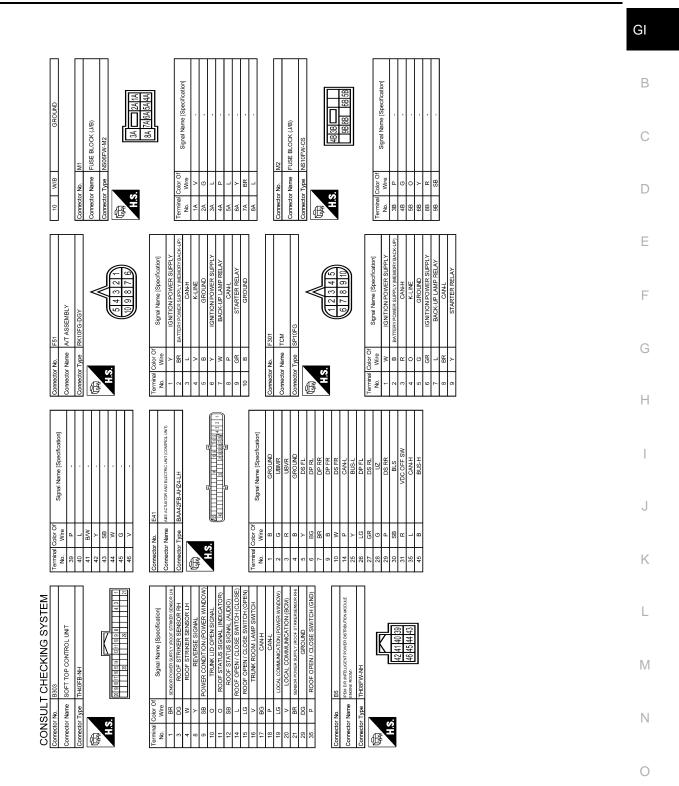
Wiring Diagram - CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM -

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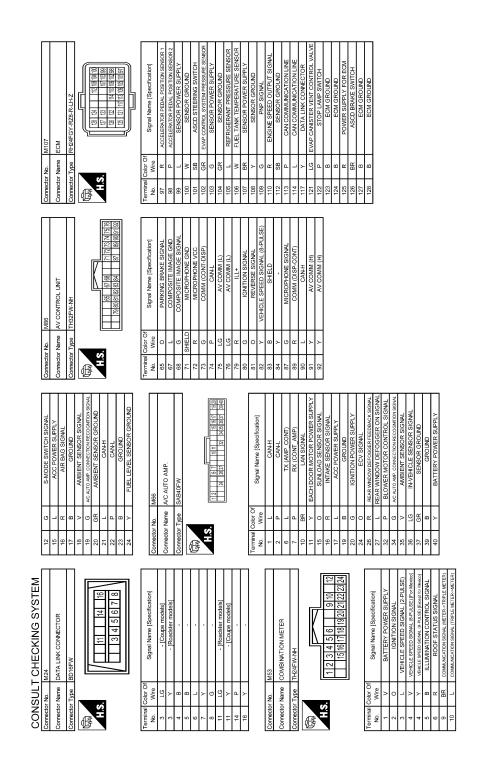


# CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

#### [REGULAR GRADE]



JRAWC1423GB



JRAWC1424GB

# CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

< BASIC INSPECTION >

ector Name AIR BAG DIAGNOSIS SENSOR UNIT

CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

BCM (BODY CONTROL MODULE)

Connector No. Connector Name tor Type NH28FY-EX

Signal Name [Specification]

olor Of Wire

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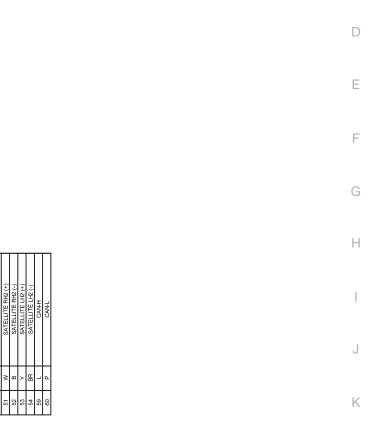
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# INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL

# ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL : Re-

# quired Procedure After Battery Disconnection

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SYSTEM	ITEM		REFERENCE
Automatic air conditioning system		WITHOUT 7 INCH DISPLAY	HAC-9. "Temperature Setting Trimmer"
	Temperature setting trimmer	WITH 7 INCH DISPLAY	HAC-99, "Temperature Set- ting Trimmer"
		WITHOUT 7 INCH DISPLAY	HAC-9, "Foot Position Set- ting Trimmer"
	Foot position setting trimmer	WITH 7 INCH DISPLAY	HAC-100, "Foot Position Set- ting Trimmer"
	Inlet port memory function*		_
	Inlet port memory function (FRE)	WITHOUT 7 INCH DISPLAY	HAC-10, "Inlet Port Memory Function (FRE)"
		WITH 7 INCH DISPLAY	HAC-100, "Inlet Port Memory Function (FRE)"
		WITHOUT 7 INCH DISPLAY	HAC-10, "Inlet Port Memory Function (REC)"
	Inlet port memory function (REC)	WITH 7 INCH DISPLAY	HAC-101, "Inlet Port Memory Function (REC)"
	Gas sensor sensitivity adjustment	_	
	Auto intake switch Interlocking movement change*		_
	Clean switch interlocking moveme		
Automatic drive positioner*	Automatic drive positioner system		_
Power window control	Power window control system	COUPE	PWC-7, "ADDITIONAL SER- VICE WHEN REMOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TER- MINAL : Description"
		ROADSTER	PWC-115, "ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOV- ING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL : Description"
Sunroof system*	Sunroof system	_	
Sunshade system*	Sunshade system		
Rear view monitor*	Rear view monitor predictive cours	_	
Around view monitor*	Predictive course line center posi	_	
Automatic back door system*	Automatic back door system	_	
Engine oil level read*	Engine oil level read		

\*: Not equipped.

### **IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION**

#### < SPEC CHANGE INFORMATION >

# SPEC CHANGE INFORMATION IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

# **Model Variation**



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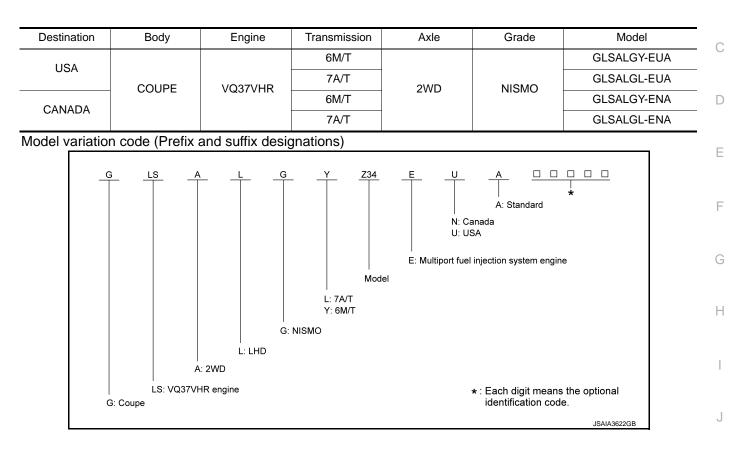
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# **DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS**

# < SPEC CHANGE INFORMATION >

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

# Dimensions and Weights

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[Nismo 370Z]

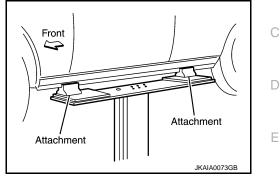
Vehicle body		NISMO models	
Overall length	mm(in)	4,330 (170.5)	
Overall width	mm(in)	1,845 (72.6)	
Overall height	mm(in)	1,315 (51.8)	
Front tread	mm(in)	1,555 (61.2)	
Rear tread	mm(in)	1,580 (62.2)	
Wheelbase	mm(in)	2,550 (100.4)	
Gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR)	lb(kg)		
Gross axle weight rating (GAWR)		See the F.M.V.S.S. or C.M.V.S.S. certification label on the drive	
Front	lb(kg)	side lock pillar.	
Rear	lb(kg)		

# < PRECAUTION > PRECAUTION LIFTING POINT

Lifting Point

For information about Lift-up, see GI in "LIFTING POINT" section. The Lift-up points for the NISMO models are the same as the 370Z. The NISMO models Lift-up points are located behind the extended side sills. NISSAN recommends the NISMO models be used on "Board on" type Lift as illustrated. Using unsuitable Lift may damage the Extended Side Sills. В

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# TOW TRUCK TOWING

#### Tow Truck Towing

For complete information regarding tow truck towing, see GI in "TOW TRUCK TOWING" section.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not tow NISMO models with any wheel on the ground, or with the front or rear wheels raised, because this may cause damage to the front bumper with an aerodynamic splitter, rear bumper with an aerodynamic diffuser or exhaust pipes.

NISSAN recommends that the place the vehicle on a flatbed truck as illustrated.

#### **CAUTION:**

The approach and departure angles are small. Reduce vehicle speed when the vehicle approaches or leaves a steep hill. Otherwise, the front bumper with an aerodynamic splitter, rear bumper with an aerodynamic diffuser and exhaust pipes may contact the road surface and be damaged.



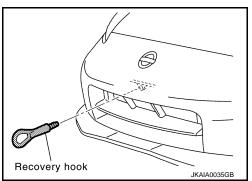
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Vehicle Recovery (Freeing a Stuck Vehicle)

For complete information regarding vehicle recovery, see "Vehicle recovery (Freeing a stuck vehicle)" in the "TOW TRUCK TOWING" section. Use the recovery hook by installing it in front of the vehicle. (The rear has no towing points.)

- When the front license plate and bracket are installed, tempo-1. rarily remove them.
- 2. Securely install the vehicle recovery hook as illustrated. Attach the tow strap to the recovery hook.

Make sure that the hook is properly secured in the original place after use.



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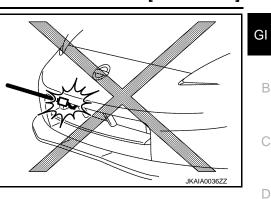
#### **CAUTION:**

[Nismo 370Z]

# **TOW TRUCK TOWING**

#### < PRECAUTION >

- Tow chains or cables must be attached only to the vehicle recovery hooks or main structural members of the vehicle. Otherwise, the vehicle body will be damaged.
- Do not use the vehicle tie downs to free a vehicle stuck in sand, snow, mud, etc.
- Never tow a vehicle using the vehicle tie downs or recovery hooks.
- Always pull the cable straight out from the front of the vehicle. Never pull on the vehicle at an angle.
- Pulling devices should be routed so they do not touch any part of the suspension, steering, brake or cooling systems.
- Pulling devices such as ropes or canvas straps are not recommended for use in vehicle towing or recovery.



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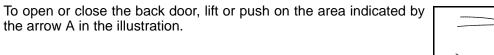
#### < PRECAUTION >

# **BACK DOOR**

**Opening and Closing Back Door** 

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not pull or push on the NISMO models rear spoiler to open or close the back door. Doing so may damage it.



**GI-64** 

INFOID:000000010836948

[Nismo 370Z]

