

# ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

## SECTION EC

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

HA

EL

IDX

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**When you read wiring diagrams:**

- Read GI section, “HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS”.
- Read EL section, “POWER SUPPLY ROUTING” for power distribution circuit.

**When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, “HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES” and “HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT”.**

# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX

## Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC

### ALPHABETICAL INDEX FOR DTC

Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*6		Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*1	
Unable to access ECM	—	—	EC-91
*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	P0125	0908	EC-154
A/T 1ST GR FNCTN	P0731	1103	AT-96
A/T 2ND GR FNCTN	P0732	1104	AT-102
A/T 3RD GR FNCTN	P0733	1105	AT-108
A/T 4TH GR FNCTN	P0734	1106	AT-114
A/T COMM LINE	P0600	—	EC-345
A/T DIAG COMM LINE	P1605	0804	EC-434
A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	P0744	1107	AT-126
ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	P0105	0803	EC-124
AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0110	0401	EC-130
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0710	1208	AT-83
CAM POS SEN/CIR	P0340	0101	EC-261
CLOSED LOOP	P1148	0307	EC-352
CLOSED TP SW/CIRC	P0510	0203	EC-339
COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	P0115	0103	EC-136
CPS/CIRC (OBD) COG	P1336	0905	EC-362
CPS/CIRCUIT (OBD)	P0335	0802	EC-256
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0608	EC-246
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0607	EC-246
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0606	EC-246
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0605	EC-246
ECM	P0605	0301	EC-349
EGR SYSTEM	P0400	0302	EC-268
EGR SYSTEM	P1402	0514	EC-378
EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P1401	0305	EC-372
EGRC SOLENOID/V	P1400	1005	EC-367
EGRC-BPT VALVE	P0402	0306	EC-277
ENGINE SPEED SIG	P0725	1207	AT-92
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P1447	0111	EC-407
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0440	0705	EC-286
EVAPO SYS PRES SEN	P0450	0704	EC-306
EVAP GROSS LEAK	P0455	0714	EC-312
EVAP V/S LEAK	P1441	0809	EC-385
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIR	P0464	0810	EC-326
FUEL LV SE (SLOSH)	P0460	0812	EC-321
FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	P0461	0811	EC-324
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIR	P1464	0814	EC-421
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0130	0303	EC-159
FR O2 SEN HEATER	P0135	0901	EC-197
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0133	0409	EC-182
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0132	0410	EC-174
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0131	0411	EC-166
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0134	0412	EC-190
FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	P0171	0115	EC-232
FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	P0172	0114	EC-237

Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*6		Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*1	
FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0180	0402	EC-242
IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	P0505	0205	EC-333
IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY	P1320	0201	EC-355
KNOCK SEN/CIRCUIT	P0325	0304	EC-251
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	P0745	1205	AT-134
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT*3	P0100	0102	EC-115
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0701	EC-246
NATS MALFUNC	—	—	EC-57 or EL-250
NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	No DTC	Flash- ing*5	EC-58
O/R CLTCH SOL/CIRC	P1760	1203	AT-156
OVERHEAT	—	0208	EC-443
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P1706	1003	EC-438
PNP SW/CIRC	P0705	1101	AT-78
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	0214	EC-395
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0443	1008	EC-295
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0138	0510	EC-209
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0137	0511	EC-201
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0140	0512	EC-222
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0139	0707	EC-216
RR O2 SEN HEATER	P0141	0902	EC-228
SFT SOL A/CIRC*3	P0750	1108	AT-139
SFT SOL B/CIRC*3	P0755	1201	AT-144
TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	P0740	1204	AT-121
THERMOSTAT FNCTN	P1126	1302	EC-351
THRTL POS SEN/CIRC*3	P0120	0403	EC-141
TP SEN/CIRC A/T*3	P1705	1206	AT-149
TW CATALYST SYSTEM	P0420	0702	EC-282
VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	P1491	0311	EC-429
VC/V BYPASS/V	P1490	0801	EC-424
VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*4	P0720	1102	AT-88
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC	P0500	0104	EC-329
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	0215	EC-402
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1448	0309	EC-414
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0446	0903	EC-301

\*1: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results).

These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.

\*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.

\*3: When the fail-safe operation occurs, the MIL illuminates.

\*4: The MIL illuminates when both the "Revolution sensor signal" and the "Vehicle speed sensor" meet the fail-safe condition at the same time.

\*5: While engine is running.

\*6: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

# DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX

## Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC (Cont'd)

### P NO. INDEX FOR DTC

DTC*6		Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	Reference page
CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*1		
—	—	Unable to access ECM	EC-91
—	—	NATS MALFUNC	EC-57 or EL section
No DTC	Flash- ing*5	NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED	EC-58
P0100	0102	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT*3	EC-115
P0105	0803	ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	EC-124
P0110	0401	AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-130
P0115	0103	COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	EC-136
P0120	0403	THRTL POS SEN/CIRC*3	EC-141
P0125	0908	*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	EC-154
P0130	0303	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-159
P0131	0411	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-166
P0132	0410	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-174
P0133	0409	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-182
P0134	0412	FRONT O2 SENSOR	EC-190
P0135	0901	FR O2 SEN HEATER	EC-197
P0137	0511	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-201
P0138	0510	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-209
P0139	0707	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-216
P0140	0512	REAR O2 SENSOR	EC-222
P0141	0902	RR O2 SEN HEATER	EC-228
P0171	0115	FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	EC-232
P0172	0114	FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	EC-237
P0180	0402	FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-242
P0300	0701	MULTI CYL MISFIRE	EC-246
P0301	0608	CYL 1 MISFIRE	EC-246
P0302	0607	CYL 2 MISFIRE	EC-246
P0303	0606	CYL 3 MISFIRE	EC-246
P0304	0605	CYL 4 MISFIRE	EC-246
P0325	0304	KNOSK SEN/CIRCUIT	EC-251
P0335	0802	CPS/CIRCUIT (OBD)	EC-256
P0340	0101	CAM POS SEN/CIR	EC-261
P0400	0302	EGR SYSTEM	EC-268
P0402	0306	EGRC-BPT VALVE	EC-277
P0420	0702	TW CATALYST SYSTEM	EC-282
P0440	0705	EVAP SMALL LEAK	EC-286
P0443	1008	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	EC-295
P0446	0903	VENT CONTROL VALVE	EC-301
P0450	0704	EVAP SYS PRES SEN	EC-306
P0455	0714	EVAP GROSS LEAK	EC-312
P0460	0812	FUEL LV SE (SLOSH)	EC-321
P0461	0811	FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	EC-324
P0464	0810	FUEL LEVEL SEN/CIR	EC-326
P0500	0104	VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC*4	EC-329
P0505	0205	IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	EC-333

DTC*6		Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	Reference page
CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*1		
P0510	0203	CLOSED TP SW/CIRC	EC-339
P0600	—	A/T COMM LINE	EC-345
P0605	0301	ECM	EC-349
P0705	1101	PNP SW/CIRC	AT-76
P0710	1208	ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	AT-81
P0720	1102	VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*4	AT-86
P0725	1207	ENGINE SPEED SIG	AT-90
P0731	1103	A/T 1ST GR FNCTN	AT-94
P0732	1104	A/T 2ND GR FNCTN	AT-101
P0733	1105	A/T 3RD GR FNCTN	AT-107
P0734	1106	A/T 4TH GR FNCTN	AT-113
P0740	1204	TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	AT-122
P0744	1107	A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	AT-127
P0745	1205	L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	AT-135
P0750	1108	SFT SOL A/CIRC*3	AT-140
P0755	1201	SFT SOL B/CIRC*3	AT-145
P1126	1302	THERMOSTAT FNCTN	EC-351
P1148	0307	CLOSED LOOP	EC-352
P1320	0201	IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY	EC-355
P1336	0905	CPS/CIRC (OBD) COG	EC-362
P1400	1005	EGRC SOLENOID/V	EC-367
P1401	0305	EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	EC-372
P1402	0514	EGR SYSTEM	EC-378
P1441	0809	EVAP V/S LEAK	EC-385
P1444	0214	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	EC-395
P1446	0215	VENT CONTROL VALVE	EC-402
P1464	0814	FUEL LEVEL SEN/CIR	EC-421
P1447	0111	EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	EC-407
P1448	0309	VENT CONTROL VALVE	EC-414
P1490	0801	VC/V BYPASS/V	EC-424
P1491	0311	VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	EC-429
P1605	0804	A/T DIAG COMM LINE	EC-434
P1705	1206	TP SEN/CIRC A/T*3	AT-150
P1706	1003	P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	EC-438
P1760	1203	O/R CLTCH SOL/CIRC	AT-157
—	0208	OVERHEAT	EC-443

\*1: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results).

These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.

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\*6: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

GI

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EM

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EC

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MT

AT

FA

RA

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RS

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HA

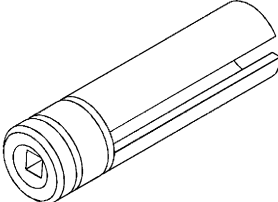
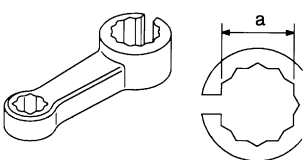
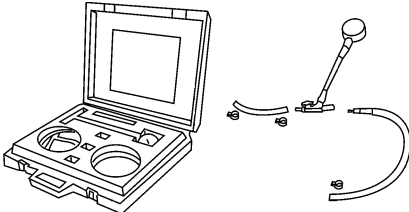
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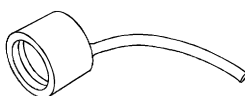
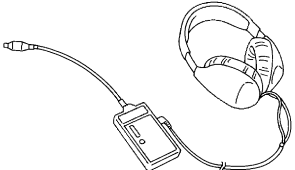
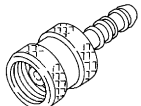
# PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

## Special Service Tools

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

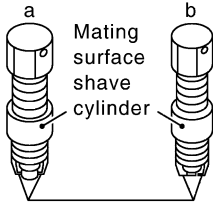
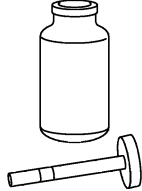
Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description	
KV10117100 (J36471-A) Heated oxygen sensor wrench		Loosening or tightening front heated oxygen sensor with 22 mm (0.87 in) hexagon nut
KV10114400 (J-38365) Heated oxygen sensor wrench		Loosening or tightening rear heated oxygen sensor  <b>a: 22 mm (0.87 in)</b>
(J-44321) Fuel pressure gauge kit		Checking fuel pressure

## Commercial Service Tools

Tool name	Description	
Fuel filler cap adapter		Checking fuel tank vacuum relief valve opening pressure
Leak detector (J41416)		When locating the EVAP leak
EVAP service port adapter (J41413-OBDD)		When applying positive pressure through EVAP service port

# PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

## Commercial Service Tools (Cont'd)

Tool name	Description
Oxygen sensor thread cleaner (J-43897-18) (J-43897-12)	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;">  </div> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>Reconditioning the exhaust system threads before installing a new oxygen sensor. Use with anti-seize lubricant shown below.</p> <p><b>a: J-43897-18 18 mm diameter, for Zirconia Oxygen Sensor</b>  <b>b: J-43897-12 12 mm diameter, for Titania Oxygen Sensor</b></p> </div> </div> <p style="text-align: left;">NT778</p>
Anti-seize lubricant (Permatex™ 133AR or equivalent meeting MIL specification MIL-A-907)	<div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p>Lubricating oxygen sensor thread cleaning tool when reconditioning exhaust system threads.</p> <p style="text-align: left;">NT779</p>

GI  
MA  
EM  
LC  
**EC**  
FE  
CL  
MT  
AT  
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EL  
IDX

## PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

---

### Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) “AIR BAG” and “SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER”

The Supplemental Restraint System such as “AIR BAG” and “SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER” used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. The SRS system composition which is available to NISSAN MODEL L30 is as follows (The composition varies according to the optional equipment):

- For a frontal collision  
The Supplemental Restraint System consists of driver air bag module (located in the center of the steering wheel), front passenger air bag module (located on the instrument panel on passenger side), seat belt pre-tensioners, a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable.
- For a side collision  
The Supplemental Restraint System consists of side air bag module (located in the outer side of front seat), satellite sensor, diagnosis sensor unit (one of components of air bags for a frontal collision), wiring harness, warning lamp (one of components of air bags for a frontal collision).

Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** of this Service Manual.

#### **WARNING:**

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the RS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. Spiral cable and wiring harnesses (except “SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER”) covered with yellow insulation either just before the harness connectors or for the complete harness are related to the SRS.

### Precautions for On Board Diagnostic (OBD) System of Engine and A/T

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system. It will light up the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) to warn the driver of a malfunction causing emission deterioration.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Be sure to turn the ignition switch “OFF” and disconnect the negative battery terminal before any repair or inspection work. The open/short circuit of related switches, sensors, solenoid valves, etc. will cause the MIL to light up.
- Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after work. A loose (unlocked) connector will cause the MIL to light up due to the open circuit. (Be sure the connector is free from water, grease, dirt, bent terminals, etc.)
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slide-locking type harness connector.  
For description and how to disconnect, refer to EL-5 section (“Description”, “HARNESS CONNECTOR”).
- Be sure to route and secure the harnesses properly after work. The interference of the harness with a bracket, etc. may cause the MIL to light up due to the short circuit.
- Be sure to connect rubber tubes properly after work. A misconnected or disconnected rubber tube may cause the MIL to light up due to the malfunction of the EGR system or fuel injection system, etc.
- Be sure to erase the unnecessary malfunction information (repairs completed) from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module) before returning the vehicle to the customer.



# PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

## Engine Fuel & Emission Control System

### BATTERY

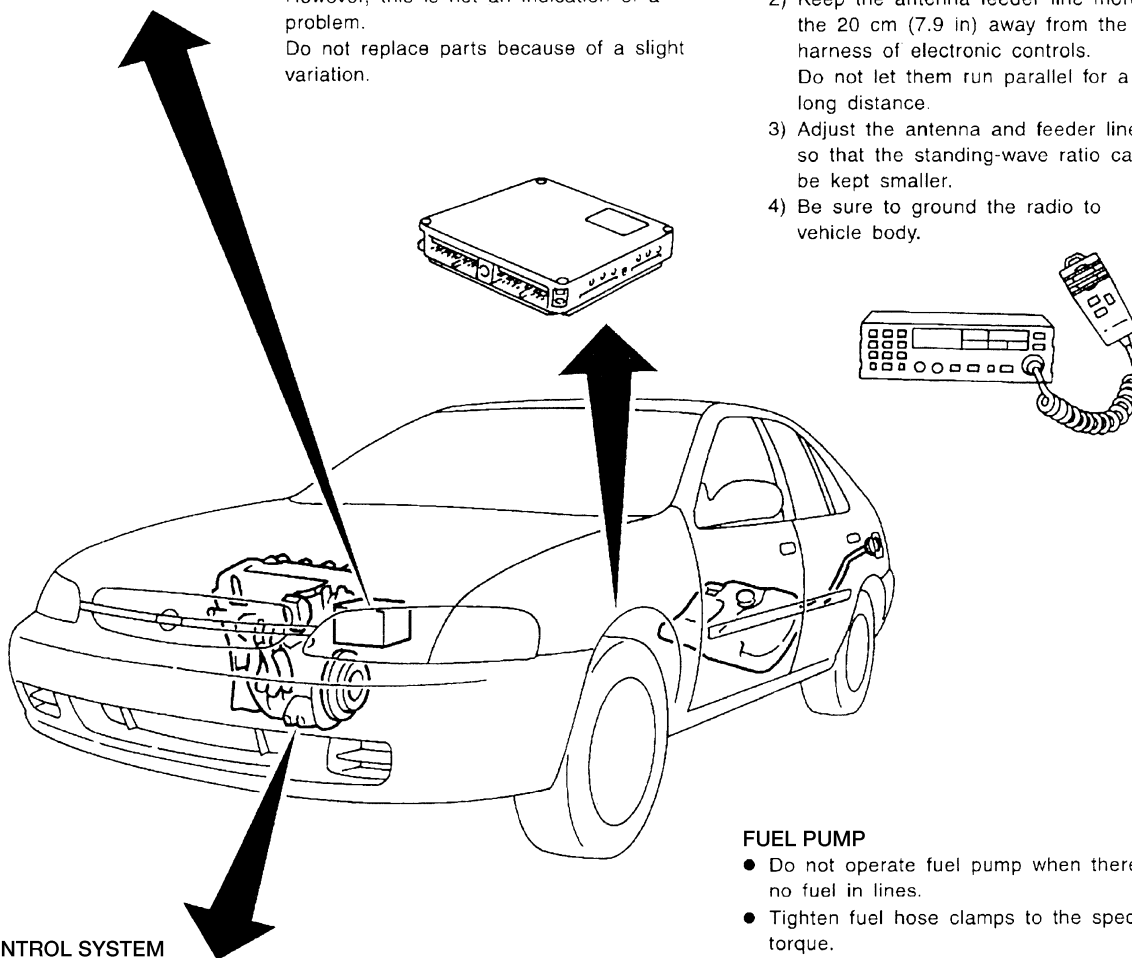
- Always use a 12 volt battery as power source.
- Do not attempt to disconnect battery cables while engine is running.

### ECM

- Do not disassemble ECM.
- Do not turn on-board diagnostic test mode selector forcibly.
- If a battery terminal is disconnected, the memory will return to the ECM value. The ECM will now start to self-control at its initial value. Engine operation can vary slightly when the terminal is disconnected. However, this is not an indication of a problem. Do not replace parts because of a slight variation.

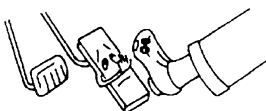
### WIRELESS EQUIPMENT

- When installing C.B. ham radio or a mobile phone, be sure to observe the following as it may adversely affect electronic control systems depending on its installation location.
  - 1) Keep the antenna as far as possible away from the electronic control units.
  - 2) Keep the antenna feeder line more the 20 cm (7.9 in) away from the harness of electronic controls. Do not let them run parallel for a long distance.
  - 3) Adjust the antenna and feeder line so that the standing-wave ratio can be kept smaller.
  - 4) Be sure to ground the radio to vehicle body.



### ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM PARTS HANDLING

- Handle mass air flow sensor carefully to avoid damage.
- Do not disassemble mass air flow sensor.
- Do not clean mass air flow sensor with any type of detergent.
- Do not disassemble IACV-AAC valve.
- Even a slight leak in the air intake system can cause serious problems.
- Do not shock or jar the camshaft position sensor.



### WHEN STARTING

- Do not depress accelerator pedal when starting.
- Immediately after starting, do not rev up engine unnecessarily.
- Do not rev up engine just prior to shutdown.

### FUEL PUMP

- Do not operate fuel pump when there is no fuel in lines.
- Tighten fuel hose clamps to the specified torque.

### ECM HARNESS HANDLING

- Securely connect ECM harness connectors. A poor connection can cause an extremely high (surge) voltage to develop in coil and condenser, thus resulting in damage to ICs.
- Keep ECM harness at least 10 cm (3.9 in) away from adjacent harnesses, to prevent an ECM system malfunction due to receiving external noise, degraded operation of ICs, etc.
- Keep ECM parts and harnesses dry.
- Before removing parts, turn off ignition switch and then disconnect battery ground cable.

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

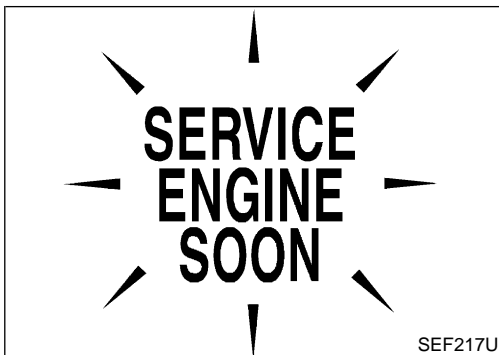
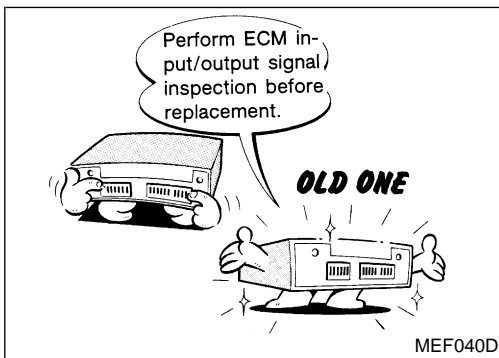
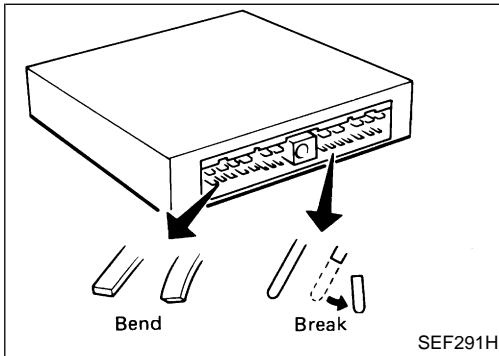
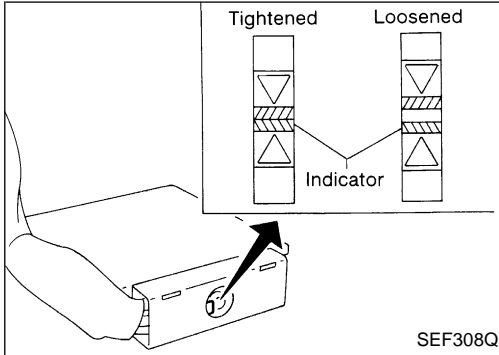
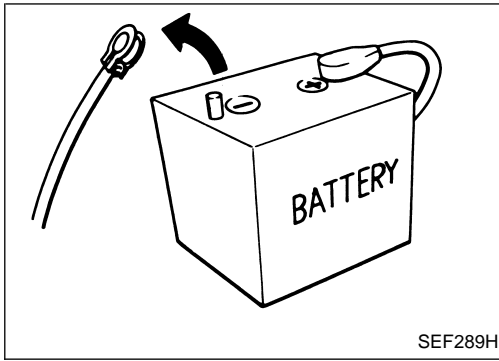
BT

HA

EL

IDX

## PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION



### Precautions

- Before connecting or disconnecting the ECM harness connector, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect negative battery terminal. Failure to do so may damage the ECM because battery voltage is applied to ECM even if ignition switch is turned off.
- When connecting ECM harness connector, tighten securing bolt until the gap between orange indicators disappears.
  - : 3.0 - 5.0 N·m(0.3 - 0.5 kg-m, 26 - 43 in-lb)
- When connecting or disconnecting pin connectors into or from ECM, take care not to damage pin terminals (bend or break). Make sure that there are not any bends or breaks on ECM pin terminal, when connecting pin connectors.
- Before replacing ECM, perform Terminals and Reference Value inspection and make sure ECM functions properly. Refer to EC-99.
- After performing each TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS, perform "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" or "DTC (Diagnostic Trouble Code) CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE". The DTC should not be displayed in the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" if the repair is completed. The "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" should be a good result if the repair is completed.

## PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

### Precautions (Cont'd)

- When measuring ECM signals with a circuit tester, never allow the two tester probes to contact. Accidental contact of probes will cause a short circuit and damage the ECM power transistor.

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

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RA

BR

ST

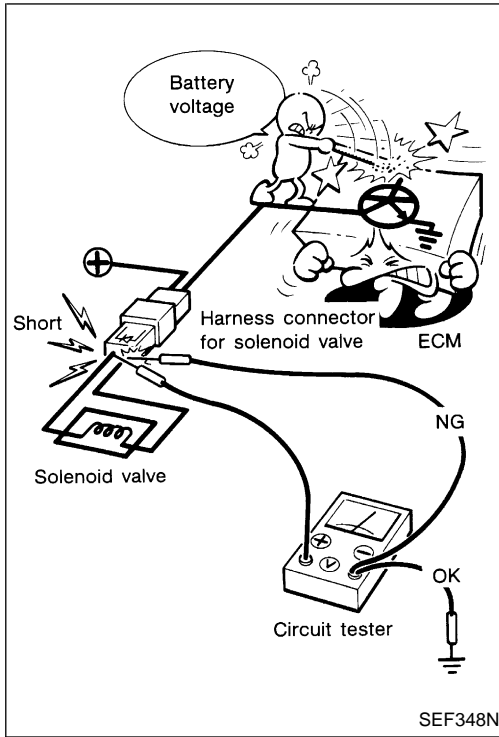
RS

BT

HA

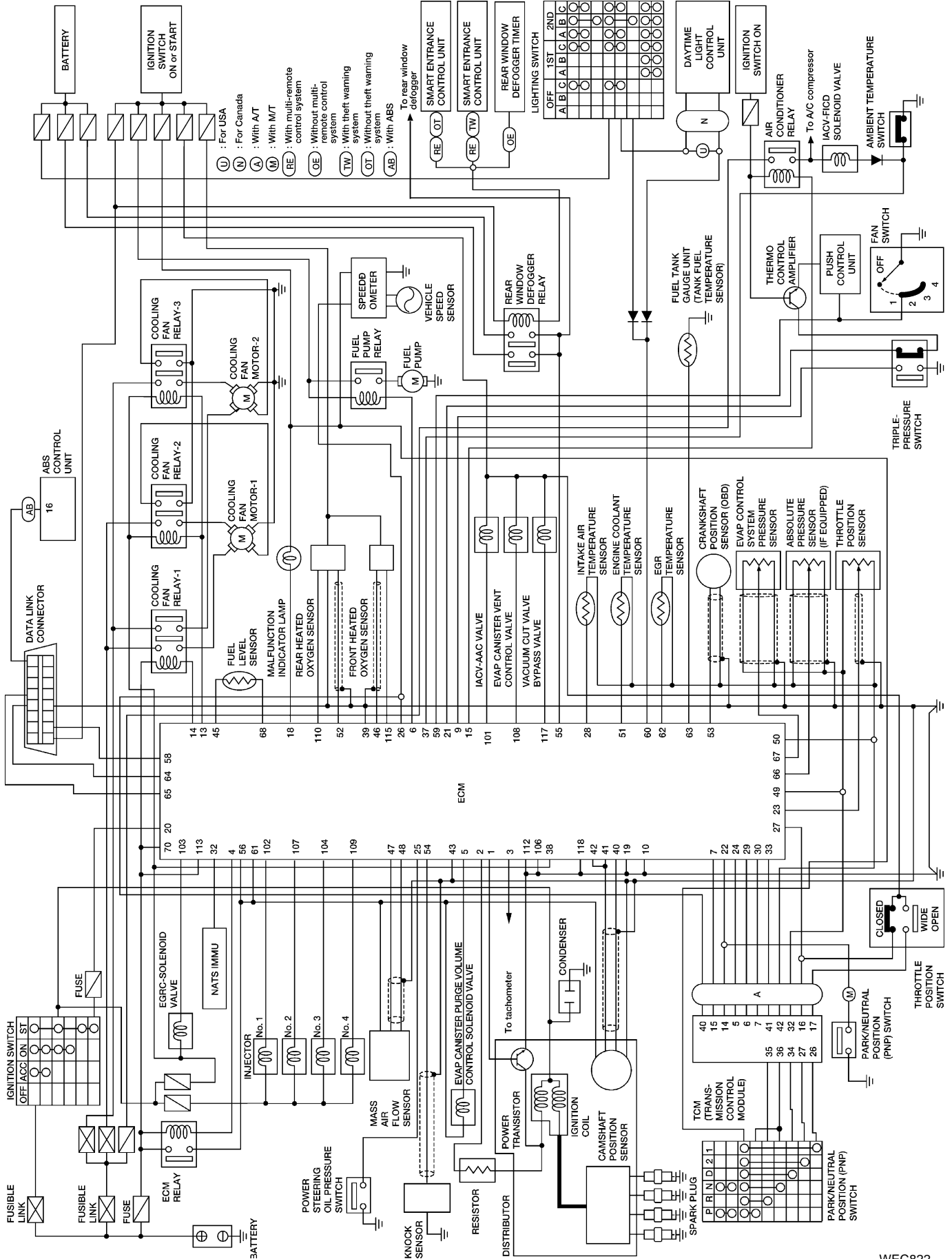
EL

IDX



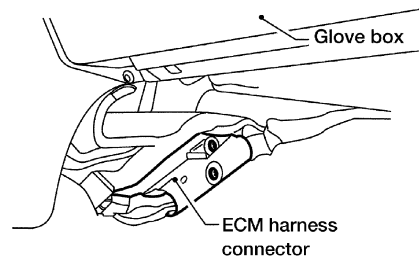
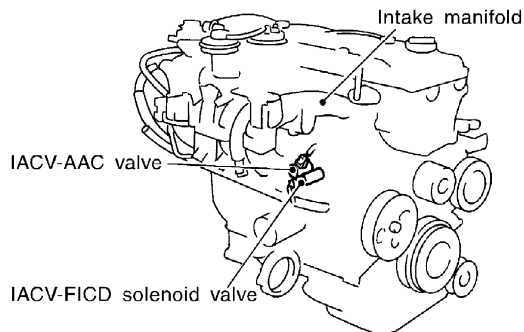
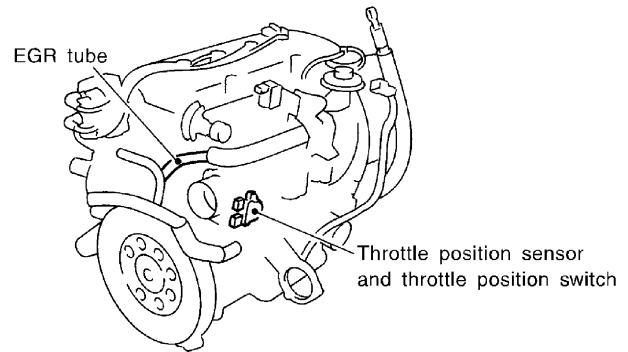
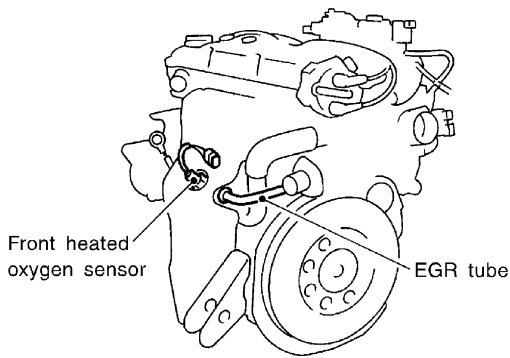
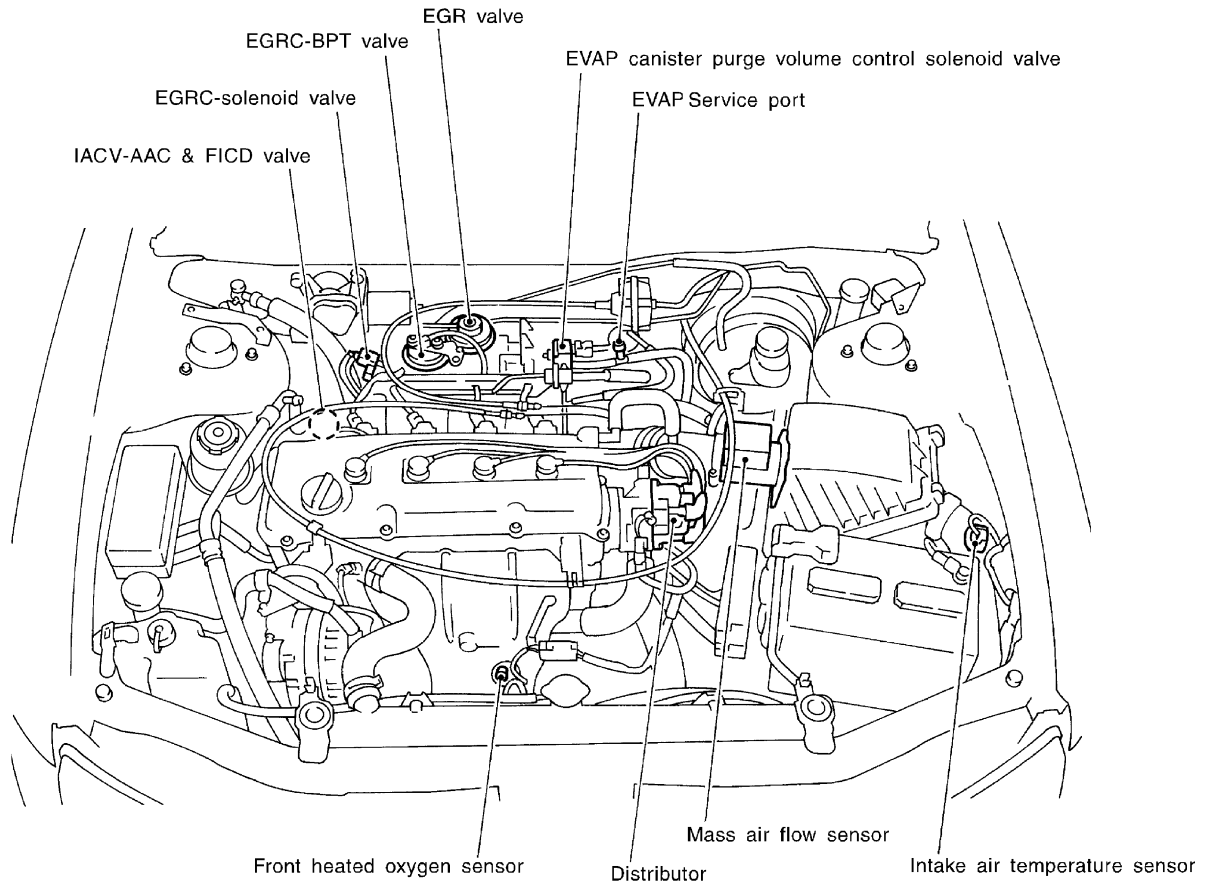
# ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM

## Circuit Diagram



# ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM

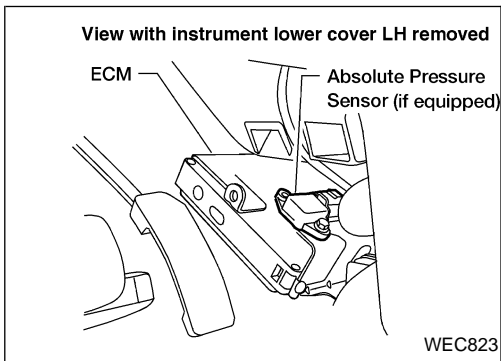
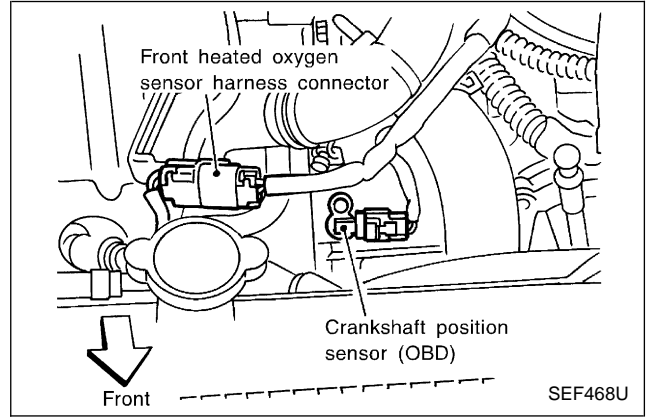
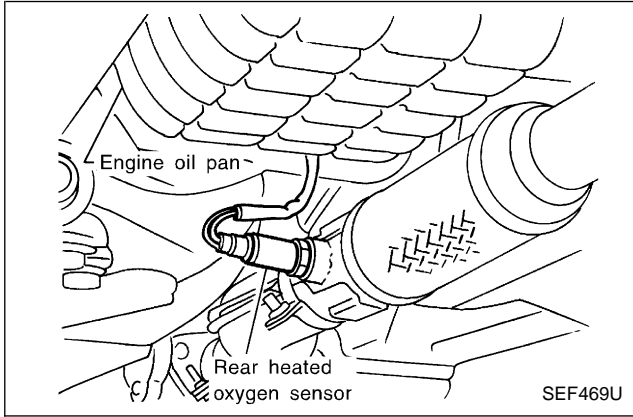
## Engine Control Component Parts Location



- GI
- MA
- EM
- LC
- EC**
- FE
- CL
- MT
- AT
- FA
- RA
- BR
- ST
- RS
- BT
- HA
- EL
- IDX

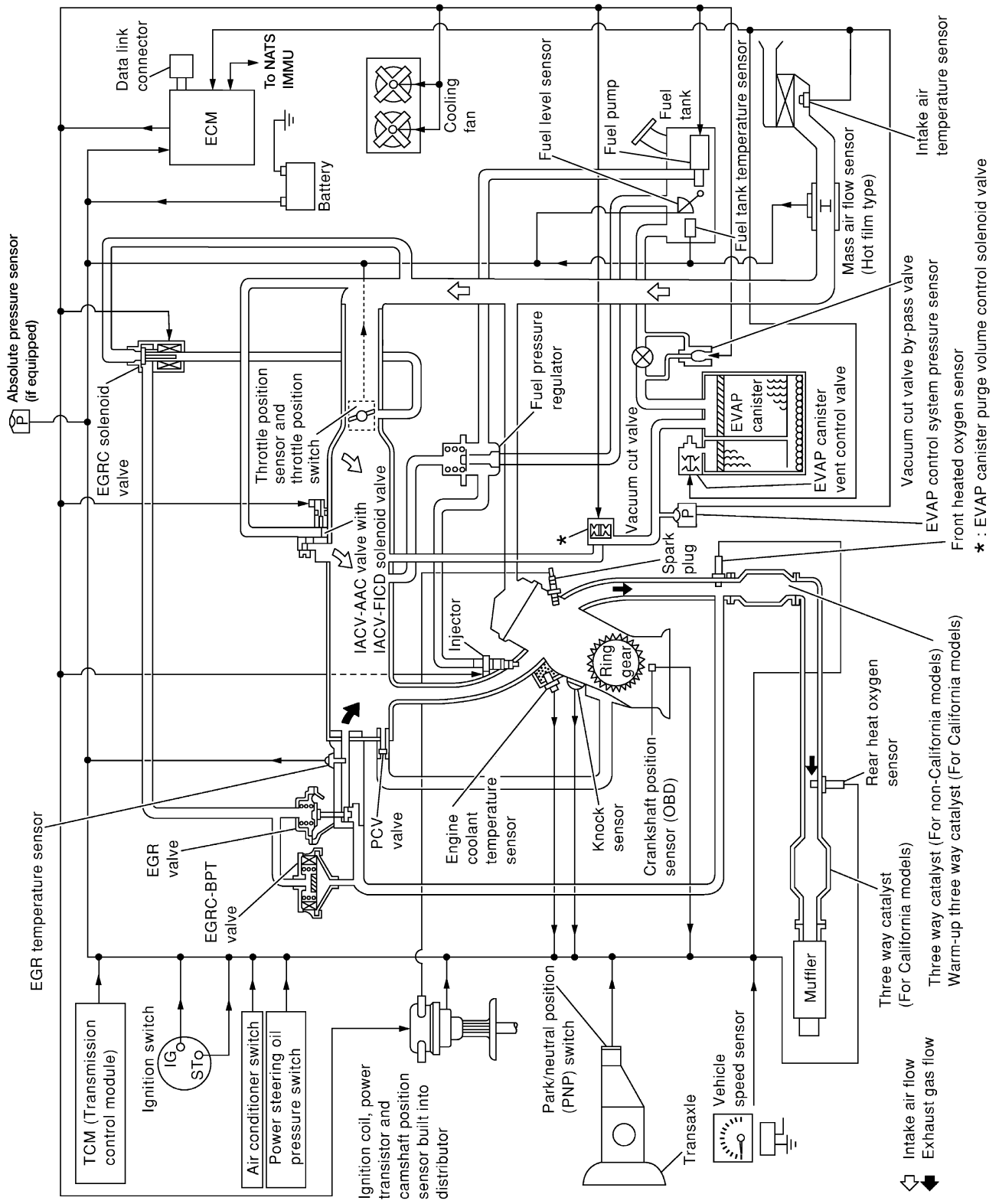
# ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM

## Engine Control Component Parts Location (Cont'd)



# ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM

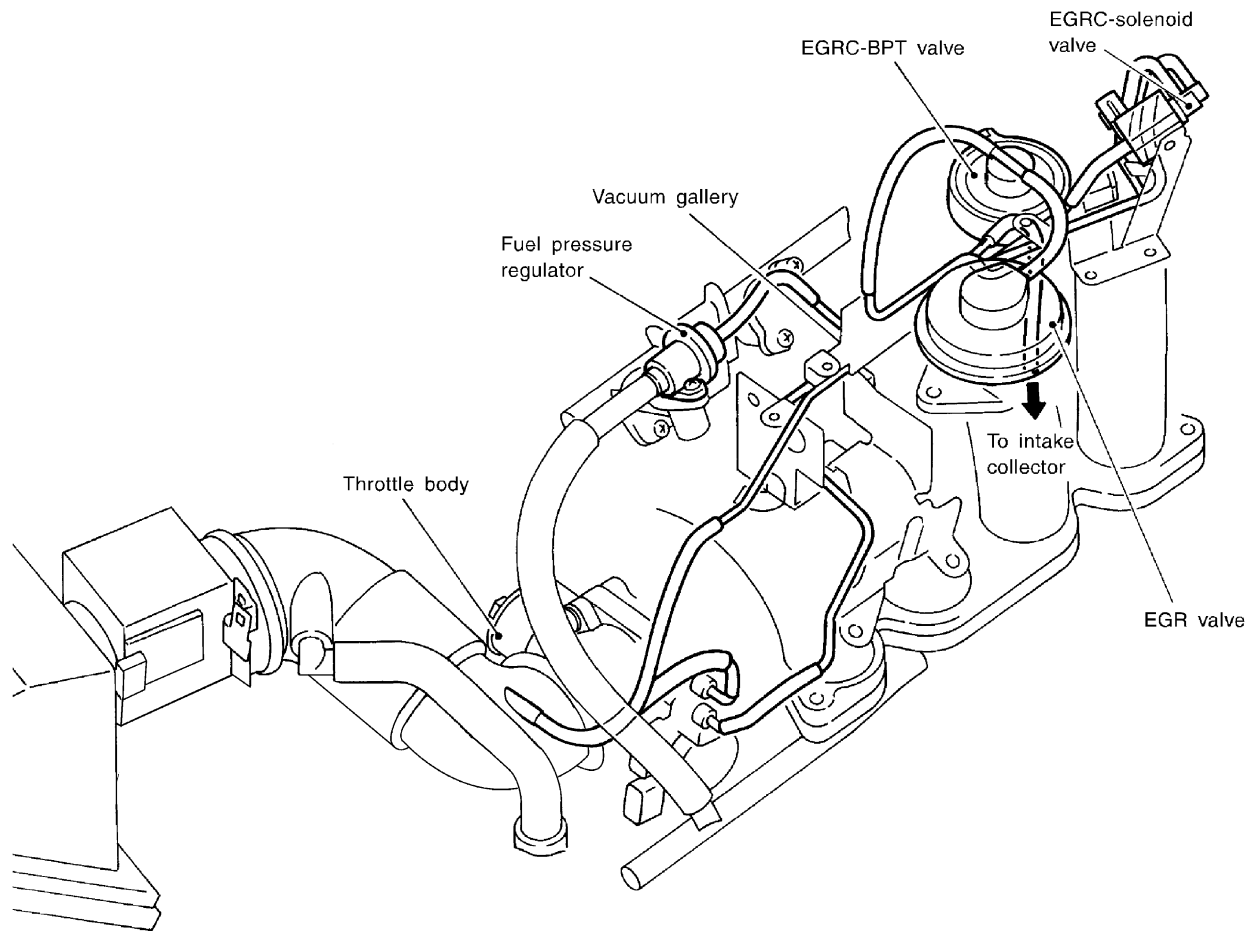
## System Diagram



GI  
 MA  
 EM  
 LG  
**EC**  
 FE  
 CL  
 MT  
 AT  
 FA  
 RA  
 BR  
 ST  
 RS  
 BT  
 HA  
 EL  
 IDX

# ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM

## Vacuum Hose Drawing



WEC054

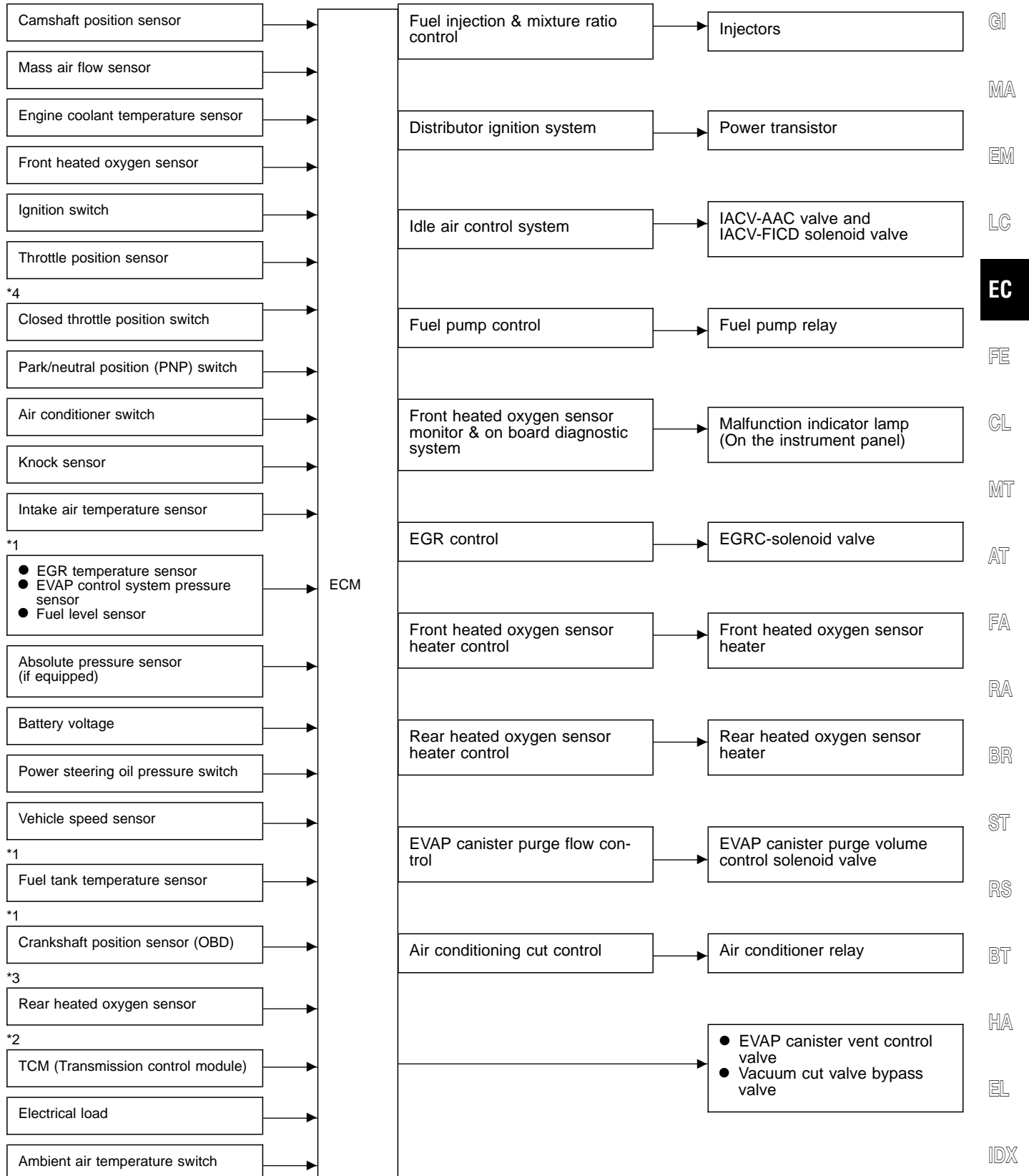
**Note:** Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hoses or purge hoses.

Refer to "System Diagram", EC-15, for vacuum control system.



# ENGINE AND EMISSION CONTROL OVERALL SYSTEM

## System Chart



\*1: These sensors are not used to control the engine system. They are used only for the on board diagnosis.

\*2: The DTC related to A/T will be sent to ECM.

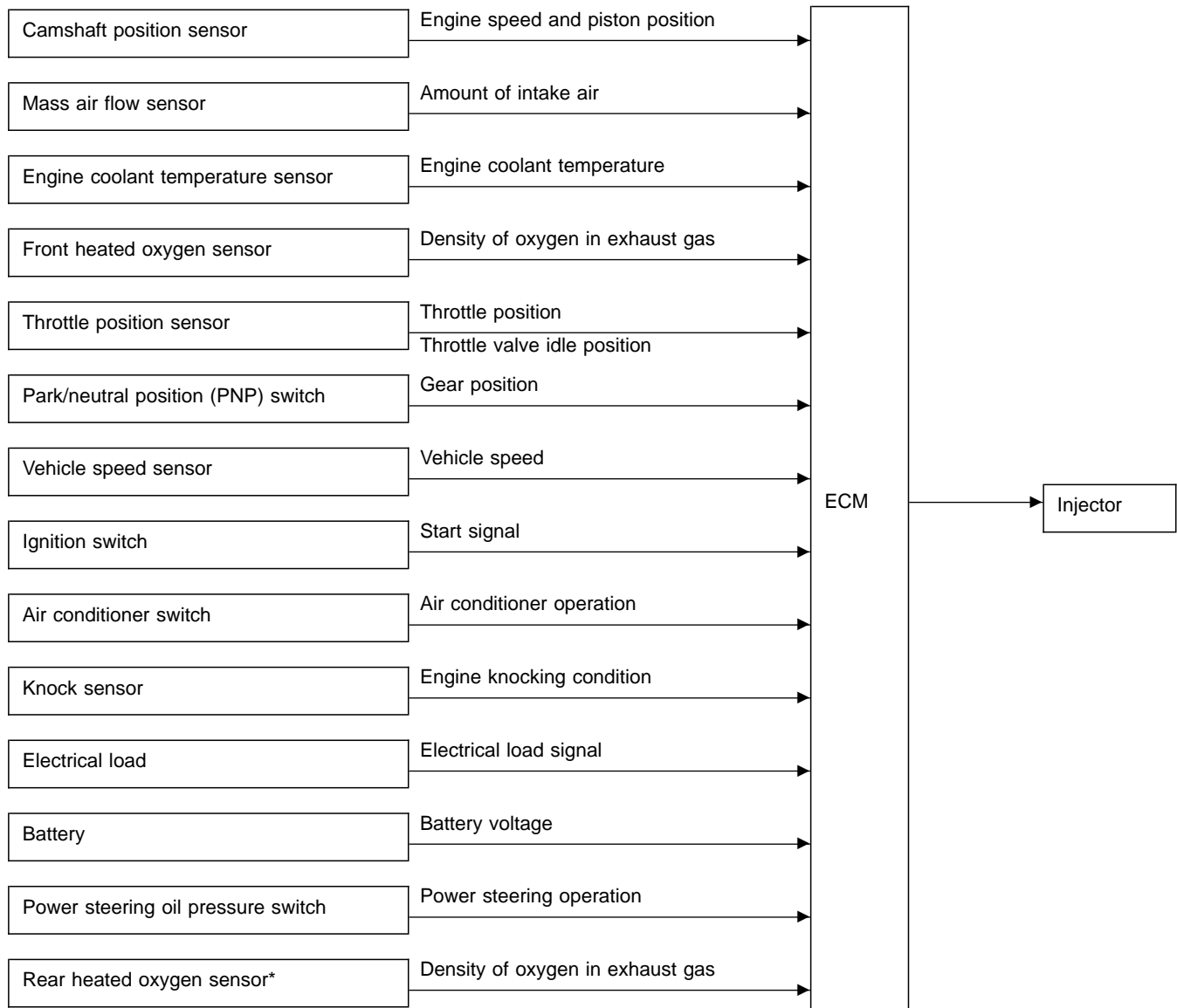
\*3: This sensor is not used to control the engine system under normal conditions.

\*4: This switch will operate in place of the throttle position sensor to control EVAP parts if the sensor malfunctions.

# ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System

### INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



\* Under normal conditions, this sensor is not for engine control operation.

### BASIC MULTIPOINT FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM

The amount of fuel injected from the fuel injector is determined by the ECM. The ECM controls the length of time the valve remains open (injection pulse duration). The amount of fuel injected is a program value in the ECM memory. The program value is preset by engine operating conditions. These conditions are determined by input signals (for engine speed and intake air) from both the camshaft position sensor and the mass air flow sensor.

### VARIOUS FUEL INJECTION INCREASE/DECREASE COMPENSATION

In addition, the amount of fuel injected is compensated to improve engine performance under various operating conditions as listed below.

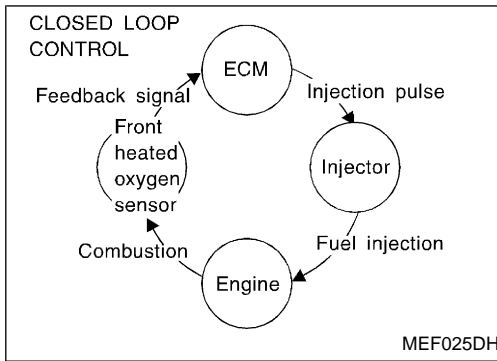
<Fuel increase>

- During warm-up
- When starting the engine
- During acceleration
- Hot-engine operation
- When selector lever is changed from "N" to "D" (A/T models only)
- High-load, high-speed operation

<Fuel decrease>

- During deceleration
- During high engine speed operation

# ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



## Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System (Cont'd) MIXTURE RATIO FEEDBACK CONTROL (CLOSED LOOP CONTROL)

The mixture ratio feedback system provides the best air-fuel mixture ratio for driveability and emission control. The three way catalyst can then better reduce CO, HC and NOx emissions. This system uses a front heated oxygen sensor in the exhaust manifold to monitor if the engine operation is rich or lean. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse width according to the sensor voltage signal. For more information about the front heated oxygen sensor, refer to EC-159, 166. This maintains the mixture ratio within the range of stoichiometric (ideal air-fuel mixture).

This stage is referred to as the closed loop control condition. Rear heated oxygen sensor is located downstream of the three way catalyst. Even if the switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor shift, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

## OPEN LOOP CONTROL

The open loop system condition refers to when the ECM detects any of the following conditions. Feedback control stops in order to maintain stabilized fuel combustion.

- Deceleration and acceleration
- High-load, high-speed operation
- Malfunction of front heated oxygen sensor or its circuit
- Insufficient activation of front heated oxygen sensor at low engine coolant temperature
- High engine coolant temperature
- During warm-up
- When starting the engine

## MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING CONTROL

The mixture ratio feedback control system monitors the mixture ratio signal transmitted from the front heated oxygen sensor. This feedback signal is then sent to the ECM. The ECM controls the basic mixture ratio as close to the theoretical mixture ratio as possible. However, the basic mixture ratio is not necessarily controlled as originally designed. Both manufacturing differences (i.e., mass air flow sensor hot film) and characteristic changes during operation (i.e., injector clogging) directly affect mixture ratio. Accordingly, the difference between the basic and theoretical mixture ratios is monitored in this system. This is then computed in terms of "injection pulse duration" to automatically compensate for the difference between the two ratios.

"Fuel trim" refers to the feedback compensation value compared against the basic injection duration. Fuel trim includes short term fuel trim and long term fuel trim.

"Short term fuel trim" is the short-term fuel compensation used to maintain the mixture ratio at its theoretical value. The signal from the front heated oxygen sensor indicates whether the mixture ratio is RICH or LEAN compared to the theoretical value. The signal then triggers a reduction in fuel volume if the mixture ratio is rich, and an increase in fuel volume if it is lean.

"Long term fuel trim" is overall fuel compensation carried out long-term to compensate for continual deviation of the short term fuel trim from the central value. Such deviation will occur due to individual engine differences, wear over time and changes in the usage environment.

# ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

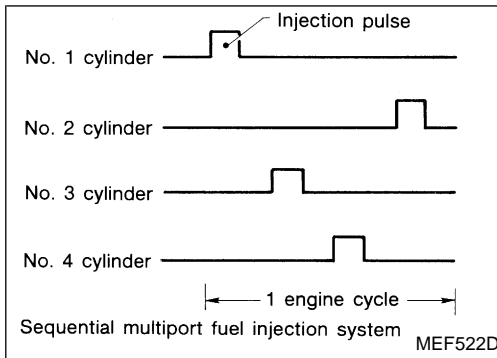
## Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System (Cont'd)

### FUEL INJECTION TIMING

Two types of systems are used.

#### Sequential multiport fuel injection system

Fuel is injected into each cylinder during each engine cycle according to the firing order. This system is used when the engine is running.

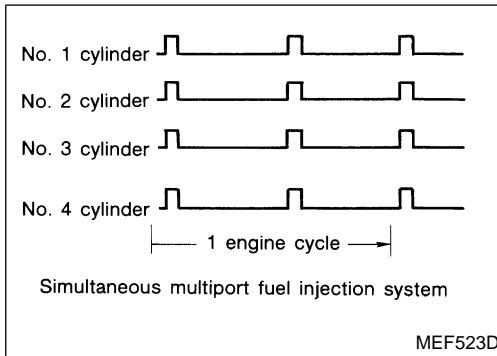


#### Simultaneous multiport fuel injection system

Fuel is injected simultaneously into all four cylinders twice each engine cycle. In other words, pulse signals of the same width are simultaneously transmitted from the ECM.

The four injectors will then receive the signals two times for each engine cycle.

This system is used when the engine is being started and/or if the fail-safe system (CPU) is operating.

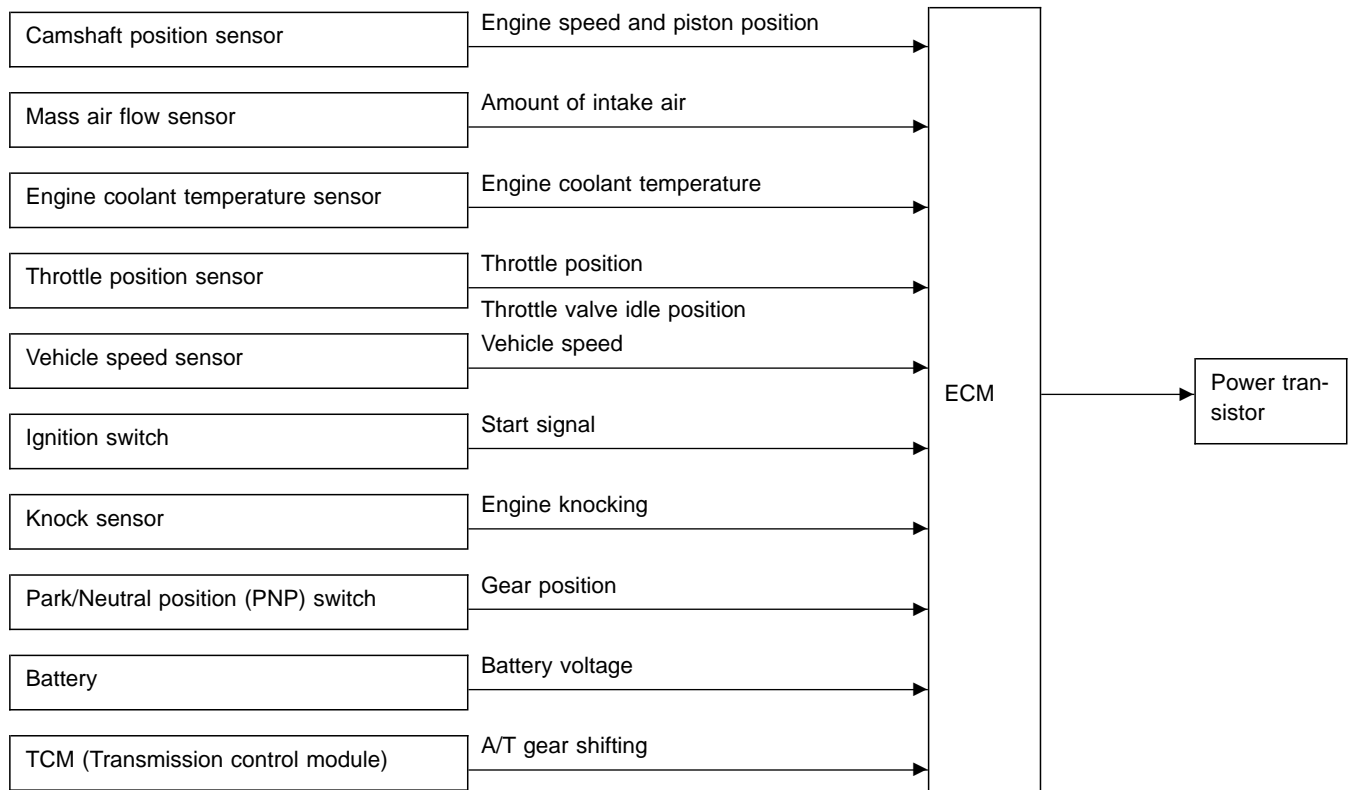


### FUEL SHUT-OFF

Fuel to each cylinder is cut off during deceleration or operation of the engine at excessively high speeds.

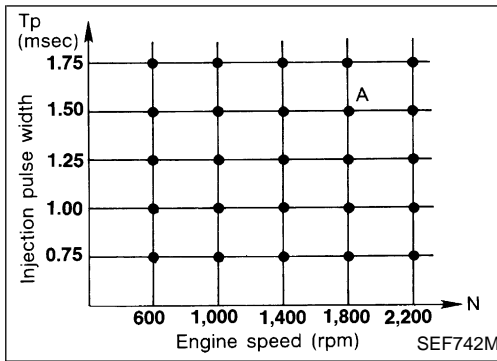
## Distributor Ignition (DI) System

### INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



# ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Distributor Ignition (DI) System (Cont'd) SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ignition timing is controlled by the ECM to maintain the best air-fuel ratio for every running condition of the engine. The ignition timing data is stored in the ECM. This data forms the map shown.

The ECM receives information such as the injection pulse width and camshaft position sensor signal. Computing this information, ignition signals are transmitted to the power transistor.

e.g., N: 1,800 rpm, Tp: 1.50 msec  
A°BTDC

During the following conditions, the ignition timing is revised by the ECM according to the other data stored in the ECM.

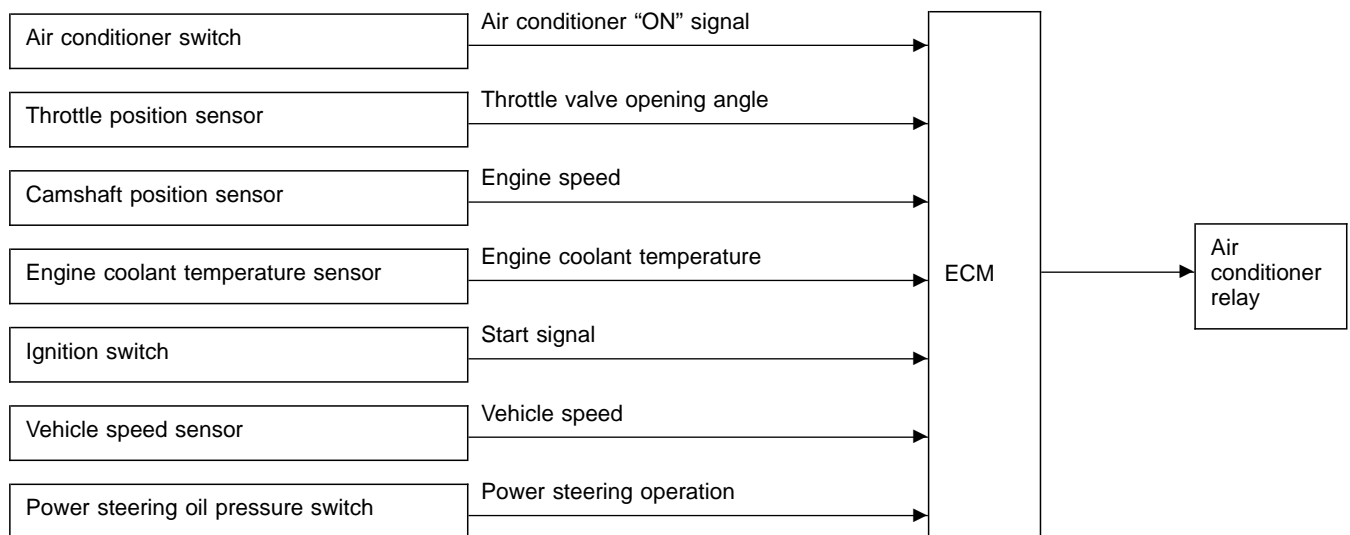
- At starting
- During warm-up
- At idle
- At low battery voltage
- During acceleration

The knock sensor retard system is designed only for emergencies. The basic ignition timing is programmed within the anti-knocking zone, if recommended fuel is used under dry conditions. The retard system does not operate under normal driving conditions.

If engine knocking occurs, the knock sensor monitors the condition. The signal is transmitted to the ECM. The ECM retards the ignition timing to eliminate the knocking condition.

## Air Conditioning Cut Control

### INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

This system improves engine operation when the air conditioner is used.

Under the following conditions, the air conditioner is turned off.

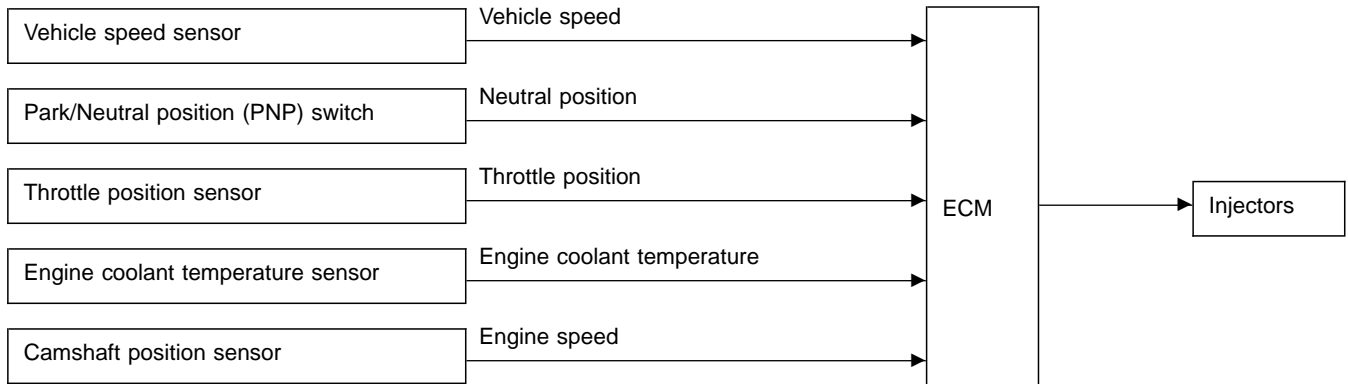
- When the accelerator pedal is fully depressed.
- When cranking the engine.
- At high engine speeds.

- When the engine coolant temperature becomes excessively high.
- When operating power steering during low engine speed or low vehicle speed.
- When engine speed is excessively low.

# ENGINE AND EMISSION BASIC CONTROL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Fuel Cut Control (at no load & high engine speed)

### INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL LINE



If the engine speed is above 4,000 rpm with no load, (for example, in neutral and engine speed over 4,000 rpm) fuel will be cut off after some time. The exact time when the fuel is cut off varies based on engine speed.

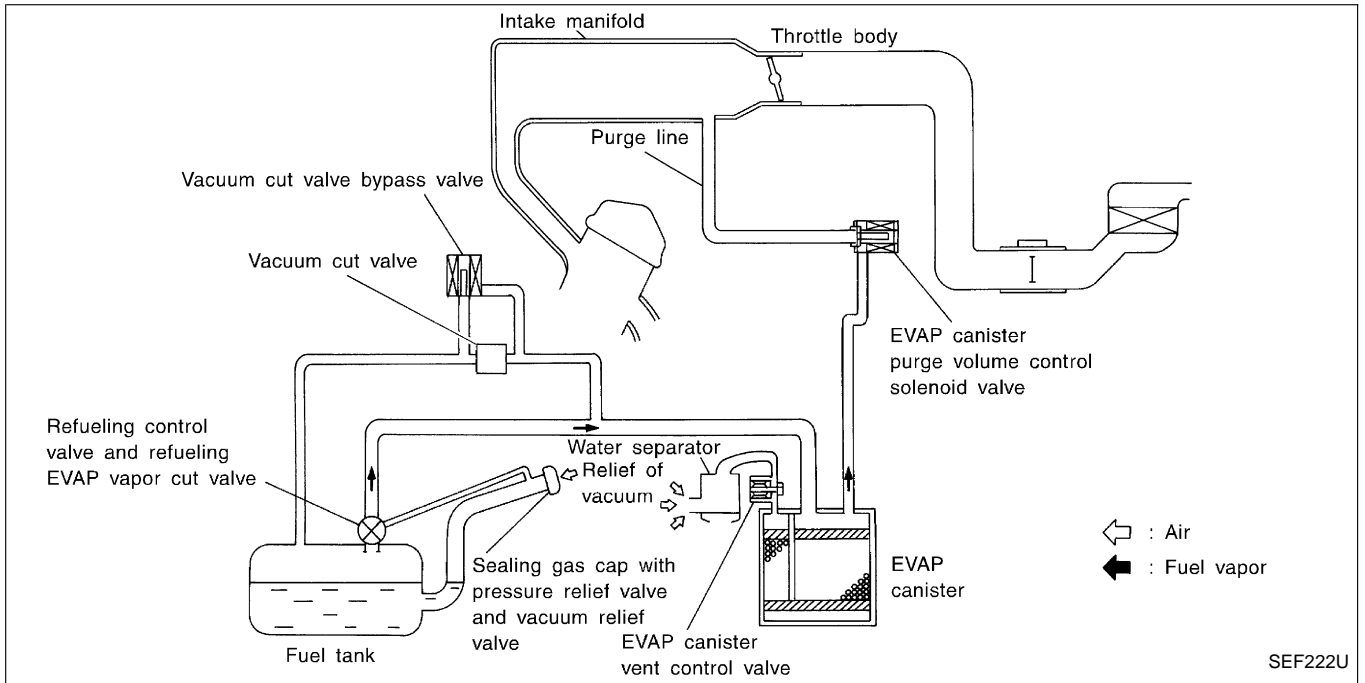
Fuel cut will operate until the engine speed reaches 2,000 rpm, then fuel cut is cancelled.

**NOTE:**

**This function is different from deceleration control listed under “Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System”, EC-18.**

# EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

## Description

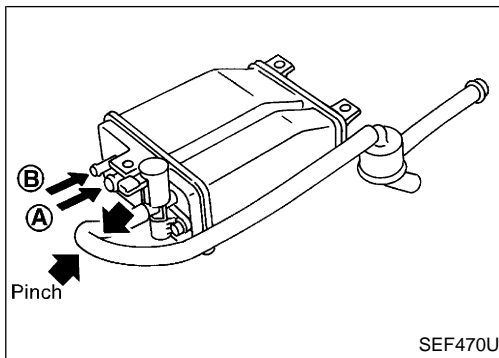


The evaporative emission system is used to reduce hydrocarbons emitted into the atmosphere from the fuel system. This reduction of hydrocarbons is accomplished by activated charcoals in the EVAP canister.

The fuel vapor in the sealed fuel tank is led into the EVAP canister which contains activated carbon and the vapor is stored there when the engine is not operating or when refueling to the fuel tank.

The vapor in the EVAP canister is purged by the air through the purge line to the intake manifold when the engine is operating. EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is controlled by engine control module. When the engine operates, the flow rate of vapor controlled by EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is proportionally regulated as the air flow increases.

EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve also shuts off the vapor purge line during decelerating and idling.



## Inspection

### EVAP CANISTER

Check EVAP canister as follows:

1. Pinch the fresh air hose.
2. Blow air into port (A) and check that air flows freely through port (B).

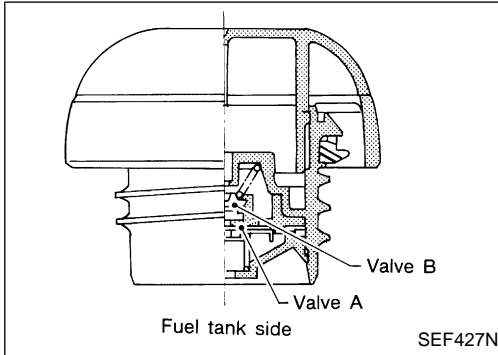
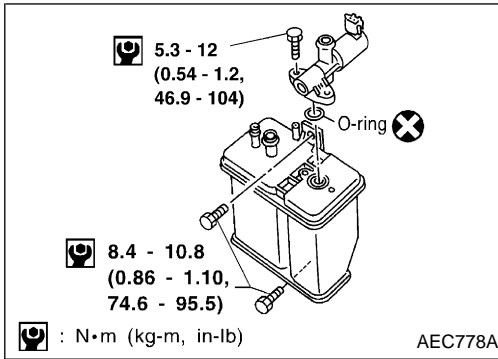
# EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

## Inspection (Cont'd)

### TIGHTENING TORQUE

Tighten EVAP canister as shown in the figure.

**Make sure new O-ring is installed properly between EVAP canister and EVAP vent control valve.**



### FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (Built into fuel filler cap)

1. Wipe clean valve housing.
2. Check valve opening pressure and vacuum.

#### Pressure:

16.0 - 20.0 kPa (0.163 - 0.204 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 2.32 - 2.90 psi)

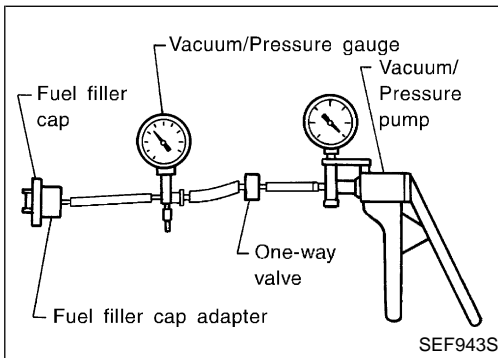
#### Vacuum:

-6.0 to -3.3 kPa (-0.061 to -0.034 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, -0.87 to -0.48 psi)

3. If out of specification, replace fuel filler cap as an assembly.

### CAUTION:

**Use only a genuine fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.**



### VACUUM CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-429.

### EVAPORATIVE EMISSION (EVAP) CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-395.

### FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-242.



# EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

## Inspection (Cont'd)

### EVAP SERVICE PORT

Positive pressure is delivered to the evaporator system through the evaporator service port. If fuel vapor leakage in the evaporator system occurs, use a leak detector to locate the leak.

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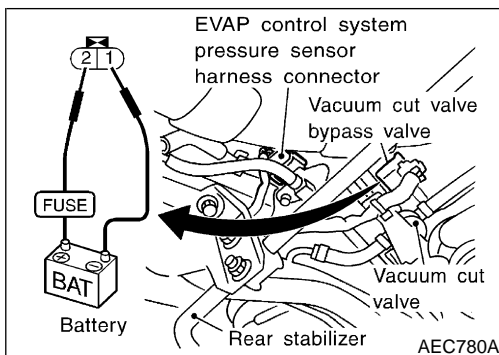
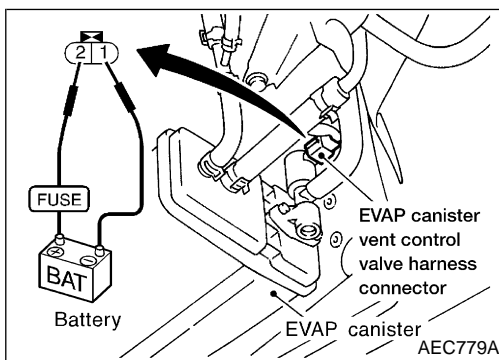
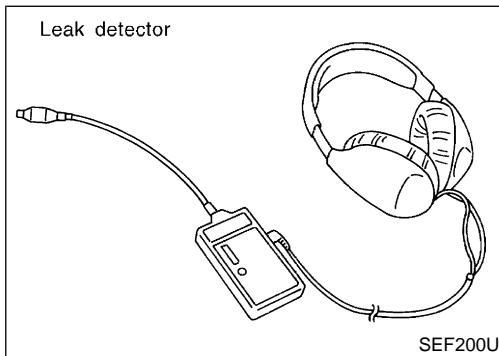
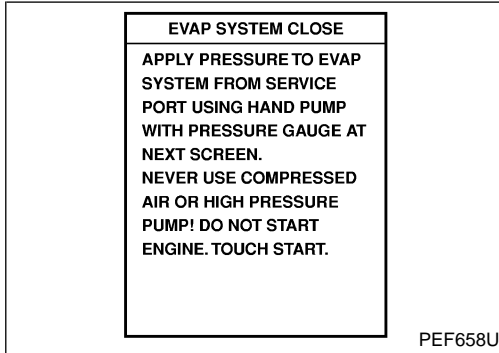
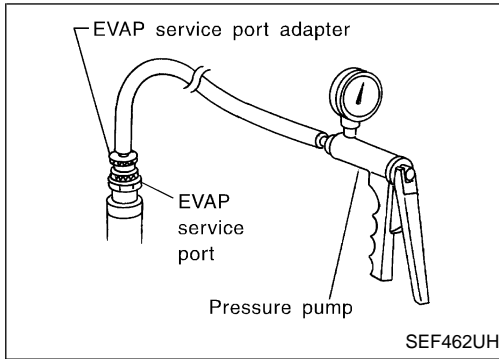
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### How to detect fuel vapor leakage

#### CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not start engine.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

#### NOTE:

Improper installation of adapter to the service port may cause a leak.



1. Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.
2. Also attach the pressure pump and hose.
3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
4. Select the "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT MODE" with CONSULT-II.
5. Touch "START". A bar graph (Pressure indicating display) will appear on the screen.
6. Apply positive pressure to the EVAP system until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.
7. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-26.

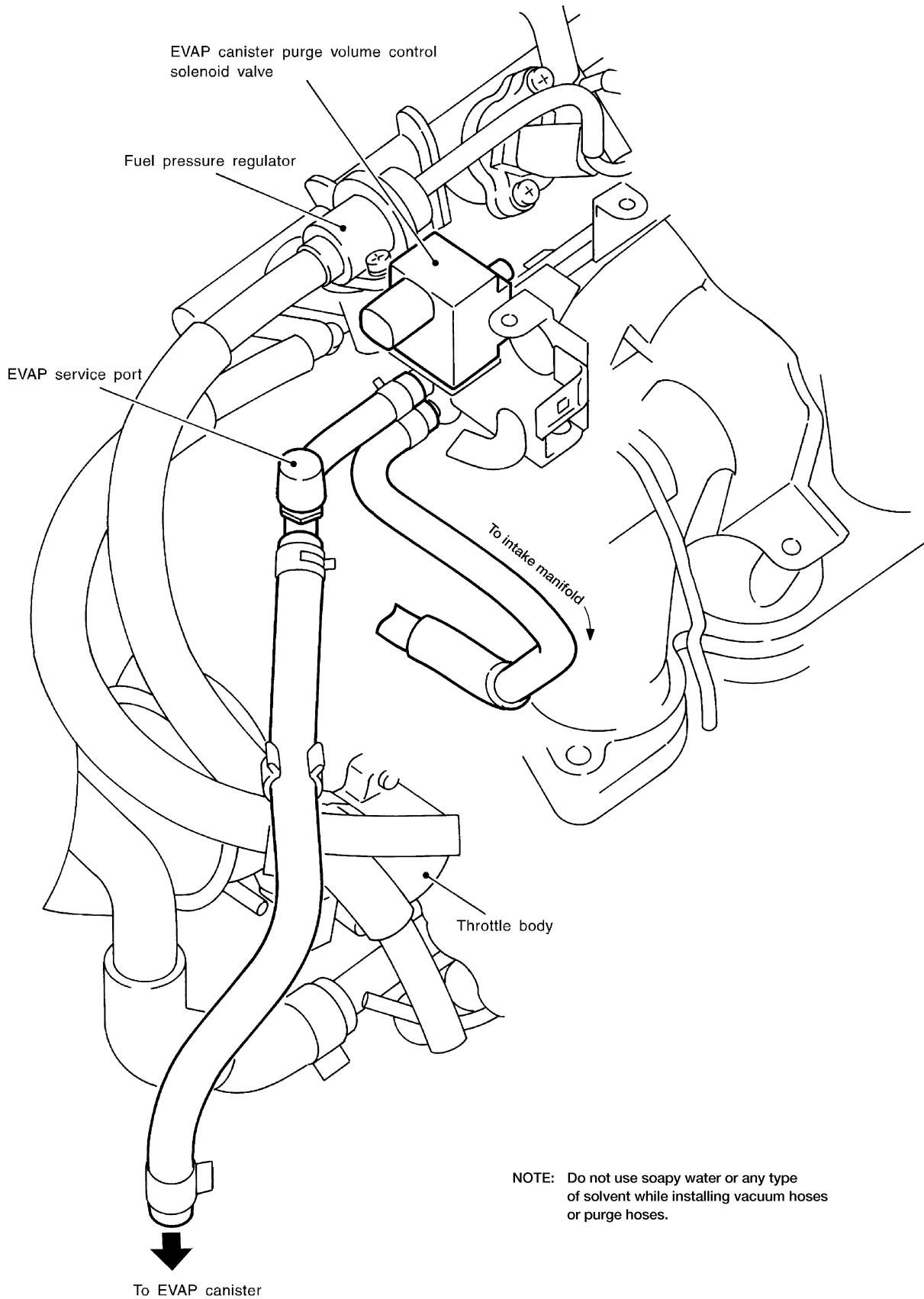
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1. Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port and pressure pump with pressure gauge to the EVAP service port.
2. Apply battery voltage to between the terminals of both EVAP canister vent control valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve to make a closed EVAP system.
3. To locate the leak, deliver positive pressure to the EVAP system until pressure gauge points reach 1.38 to 2.76 kPa (0.014 to 0.028 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.2 to 0.4 psi).
4. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-26.

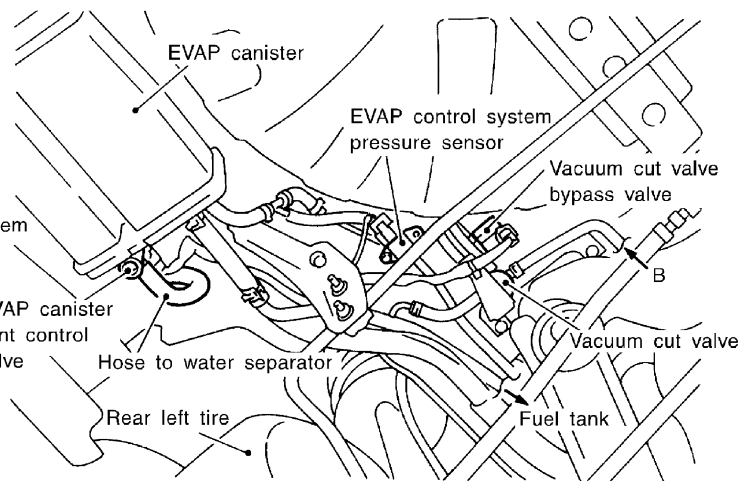
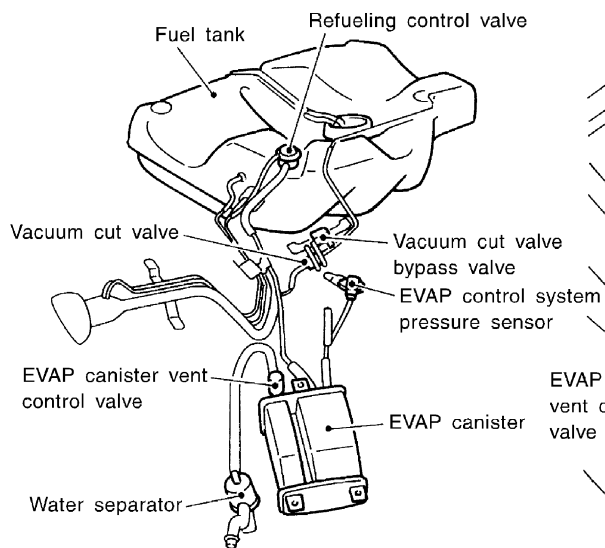
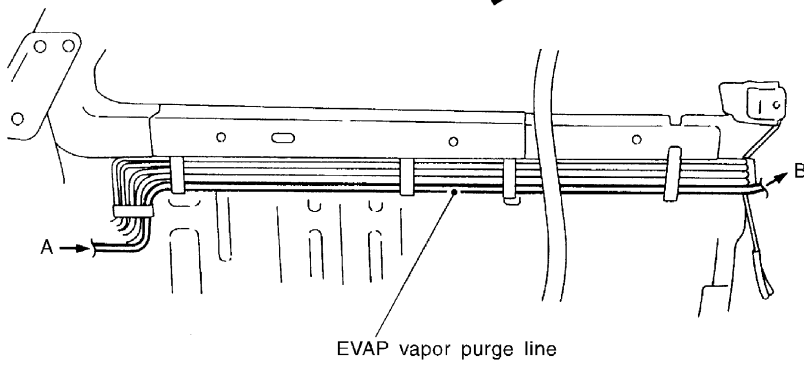
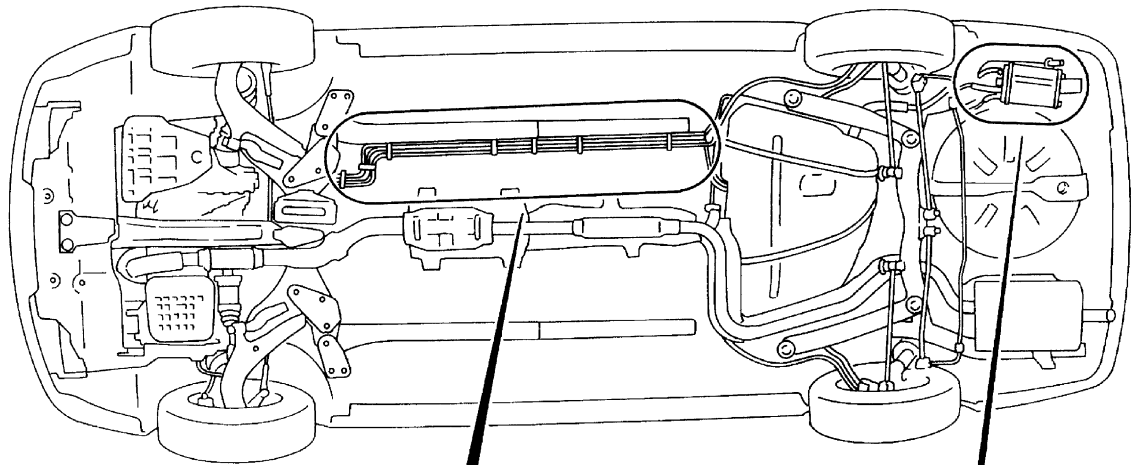
# EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

## Evaporative Emission Line Drawing



# EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

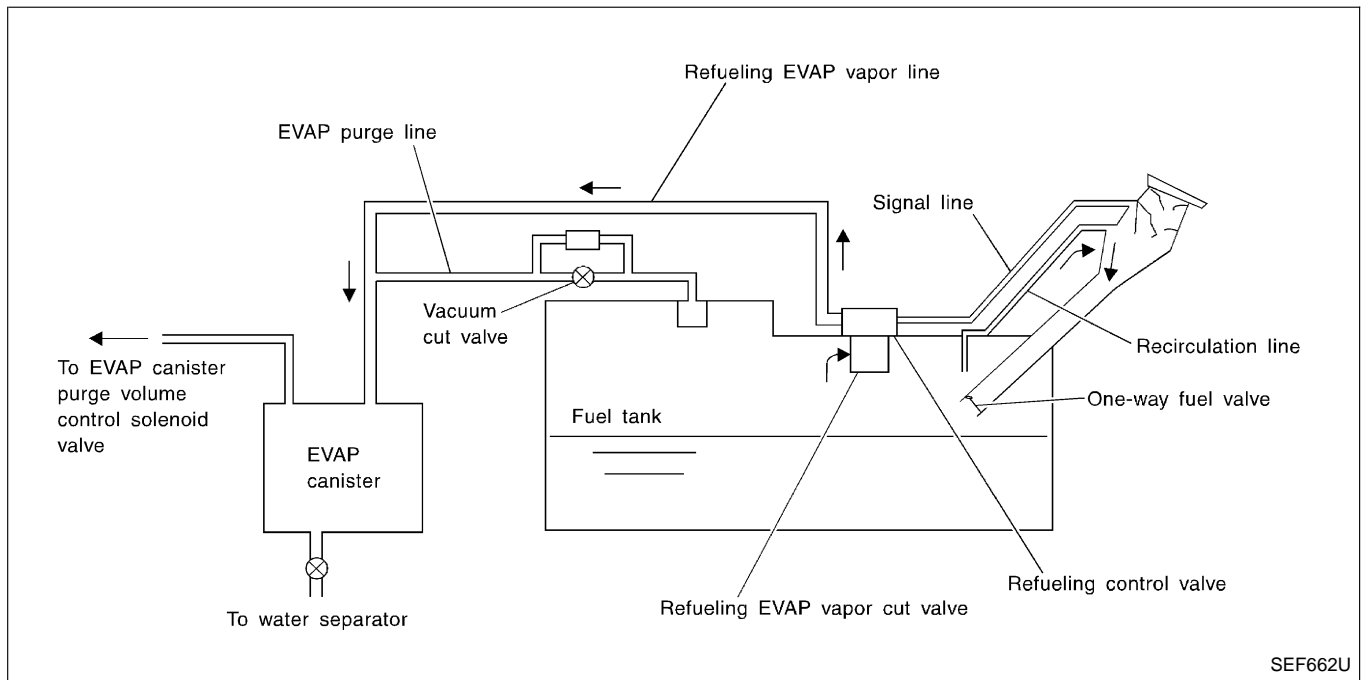
## Evaporative Emission Line Drawing (Cont'd)



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# EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

## On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



From the beginning of refueling, the fuel tank pressure goes up. When the pressure reaches the setting value of the refueling control valve (RCV) opening pressure, the RCV is opened. After RCV opens, the air and vapor inside the fuel tank go through refueling EVAP vapor cut valve, RCV and refueling vapor line to the EVAP canister. The vapor is absorbed by the EVAP canister and the air is released to the atmosphere.

When the refueling has reached the full level of the fuel tank, the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve is closed and refueling is stopped because of auto shut-off. The vapor which was absorbed by the EVAP canister is purged during driving.

The RCV is always closed during driving and the evaporative emission control system is operated the same as conventional system.

### **WARNING:**

When conducting inspections below, be sure to observe the following:

- Put a **“CAUTION: INFLAMMABLE”** sign in workshop.
- Do not smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from work area.
- Be sure to furnish the workshop with a CO<sub>2</sub> fire extinguisher.

### **CAUTION:**

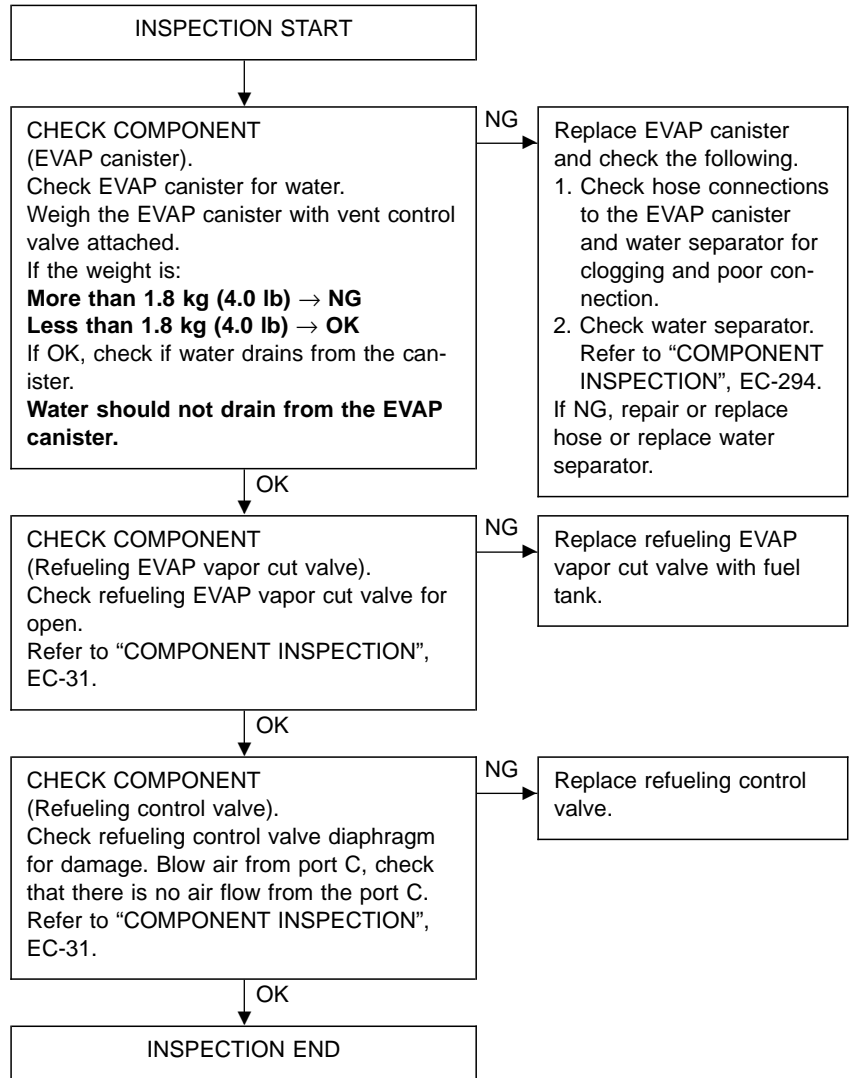
- Before removing fuel line parts, carry out the following procedures:
  - a. Put drained fuel in an explosion-proof container and put lid on securely.
  - b. Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to “Fuel Pressure Release”, EC-34.
  - c. Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Always replace O-ring when the fuel gauge retainer is removed.
- Do not kink or twist hose and tube when they are installed.
- Do not tighten hose and clamps excessively to avoid damaging hoses.
- After installation, run engine and check for fuel leaks at connection.
- Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically. Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray and possibly a fire.

# EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

## On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

**SYMPTOM: Fuel odor from EVAP canister is strong.**

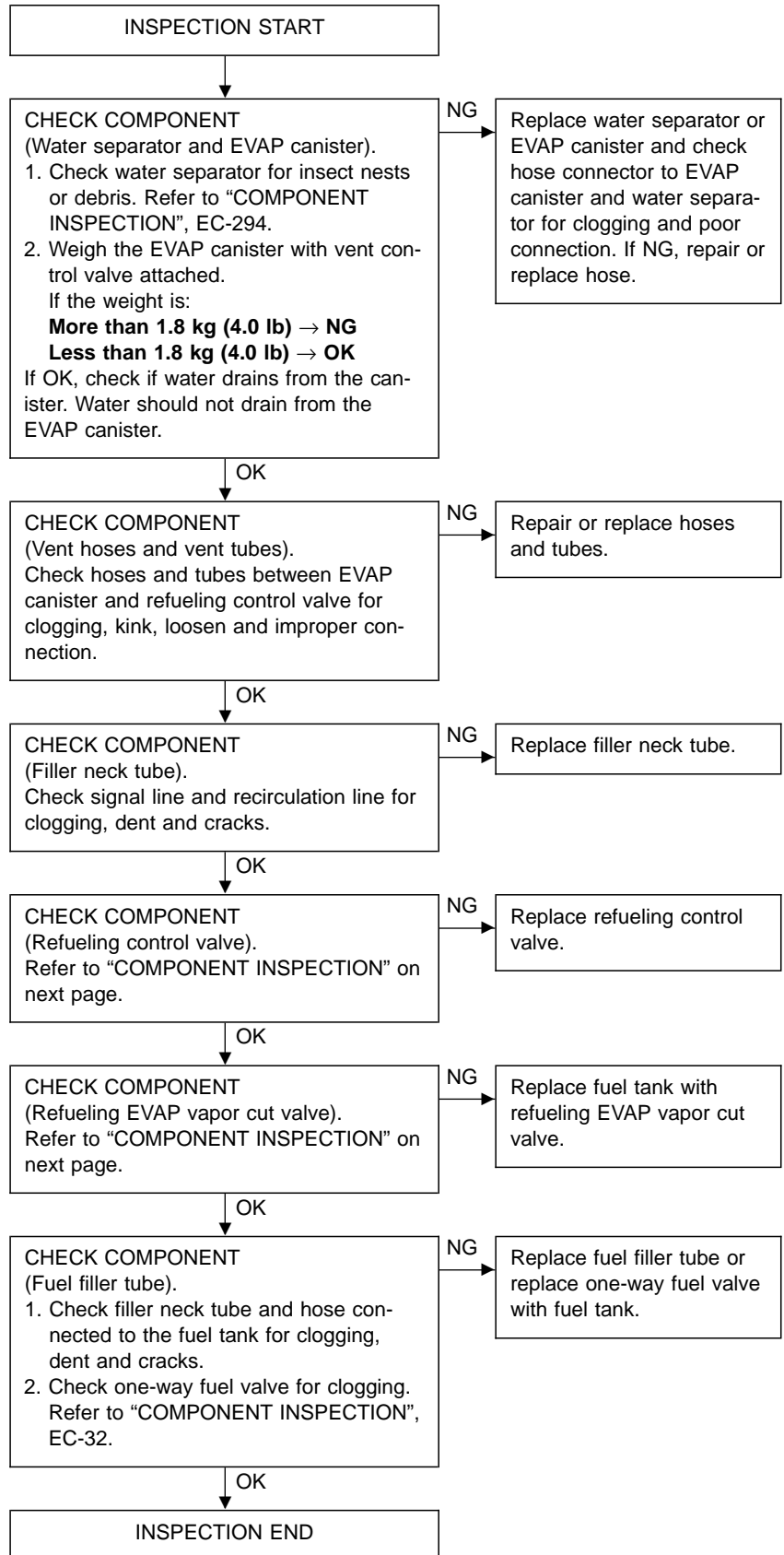


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# EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

## On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)

**SYMPTOM: Cannot refuel/Fuel odor from the fuel filler opening is strong while refueling.**



## EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

### On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

##### Refueling control valve

Check refueling control valve as follows:

1. Check visually for cracks in the appearance.
  2. Check air continuity between port A and B.  
Blow air into the port A. Air should flow freely through port B.
  3. Blow air into port C and check there is no leakage.
  4. Apply pressure to both port A and C [20 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg)] and check there is no leakage from port B.
- If NG, replace refueling control valve.

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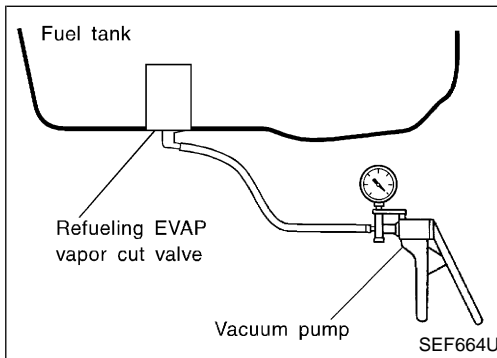
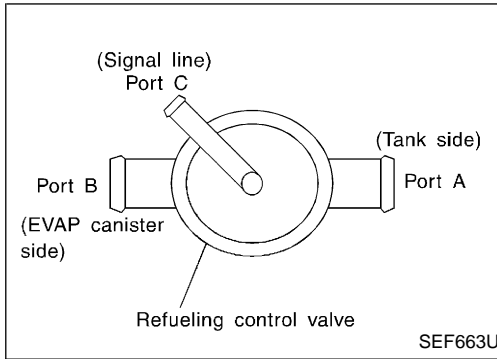
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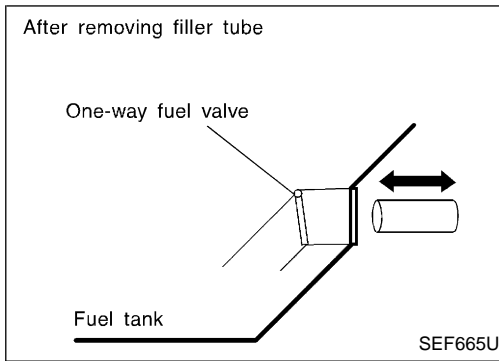


##### Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve

1. Remove fuel tank. Refer to "FUEL SYSTEM" in FE-4 section. Drain fuel from the tank as follows:  
With CONSULT-II
    - a. Remove fuel feed hose located on the fuel gauge retainer, and then connect a spare fuel hose to other side of the fuel container.
    - b. Drain fuel using "FUEL PUMP RELAY" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.Without CONSULT-II
    - a. Remove fuel gauge retainer.
    - b. Drain fuel from the tank using a hand pump into a fuel container.
  2. Check valve head appearance visually for cracks.
  3. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as follows.  
Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve, and check that the air flows freely into the tank.
  4. Check EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as follows.
    - a. Connect vacuum pump to cut valve.
    - b. Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit.
- Always replace O-ring with new one.**
- c. Put fuel filler tank upside down.
  - d. Apply negative pressure [-13.3 kPa (-100 mmHg, -3.94 inHg)] with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable.
- If NG, replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

## EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

### On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR) (Cont'd)



#### One-way fuel valve

1. Drain fuel from the tank.  
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" of refueling EVAP vapor cut valve, EC-31.
2. Remove fuel filler tube and hose.
3. Check one-way fuel valve for operation.  
When a stick is inserted, the valve should open, when removing stick it should close.

#### **Do not drop any material into the tank.**

If NG, replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank.



# POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION

## Description

This system returns blow-by gas to the intake collector.

The positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve is provided to conduct crankcase blow-by gas to the intake manifold.

During partial throttle operation of the engine, the intake manifold sucks the blow-by gas through the PCV valve.

Normally, the capacity of the valve is sufficient to handle any blow-by and a small amount of ventilating air.

The ventilating air is then drawn from the air duct

into the crankcase. In this process the air passes through the hose connecting air inlet tubes to rocker cover.

Under full-throttle condition, the manifold vacuum is insufficient to draw the blow-by flow through the valve. The flow goes through the hose connection in the reverse direction.

On vehicles with an excessively high blow-by, the valve does not meet the requirement. This is because some of the flow will go through the hose connection to the intake collector under all conditions.

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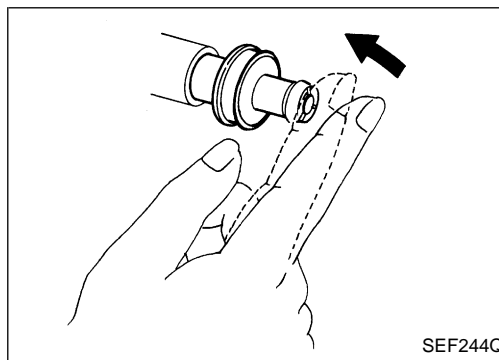
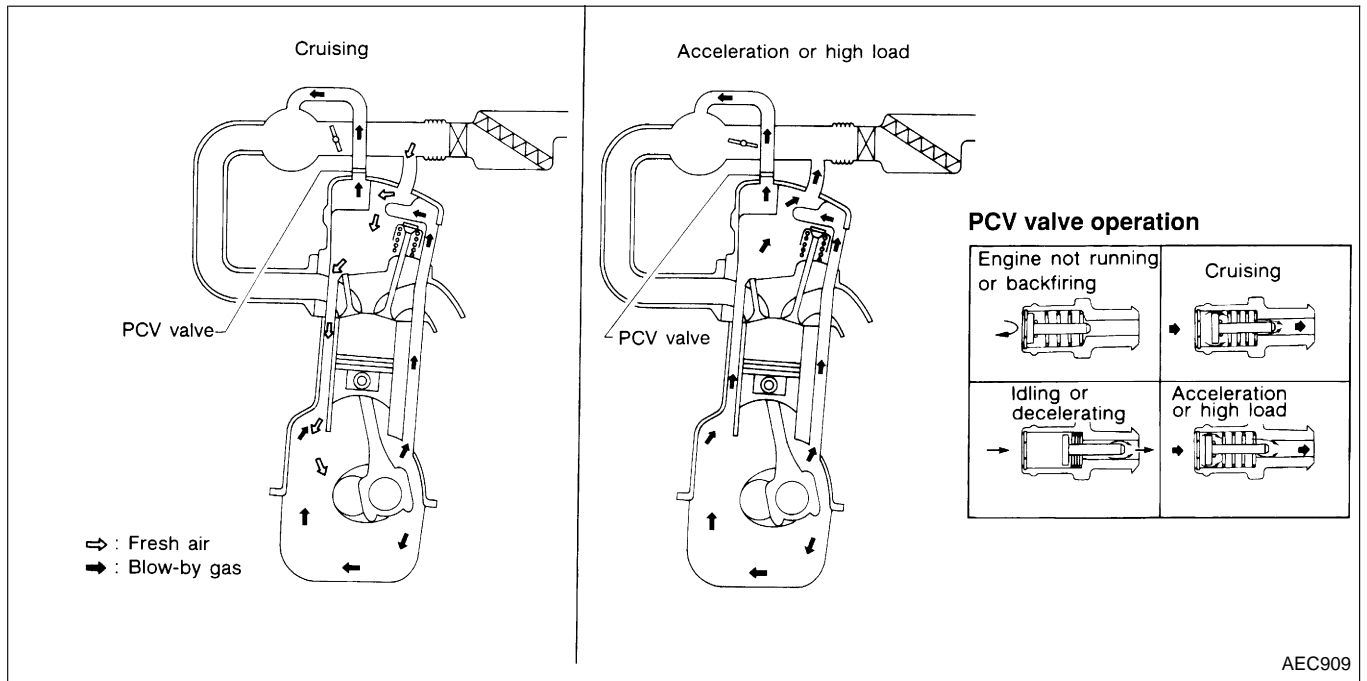
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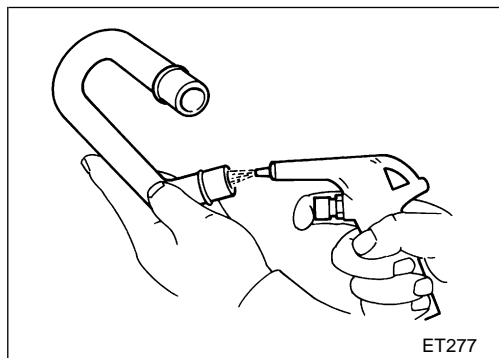
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## Inspection

### PCV (Positive Crankcase Ventilation) VALVE

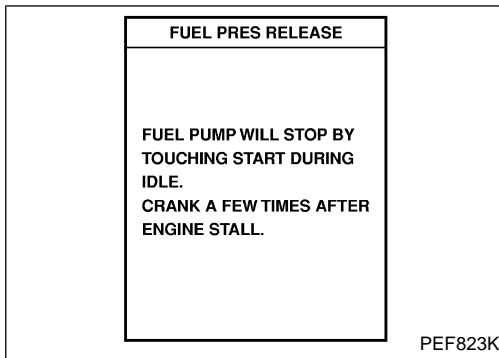
With engine running at idle, remove PCV valve from breather separator. A properly working valve makes a hissing noise as air passes through it. A strong vacuum should be felt immediately when a finger is placed over the valve inlet.



### VENTILATION HOSE

1. Check hoses and hose connections for leaks.
2. Disconnect all hoses and clean with compressed air. If any hose cannot be freed of obstructions, replace.

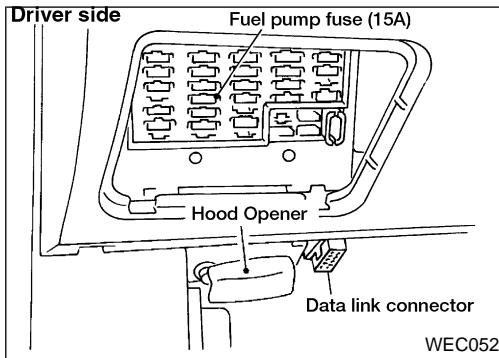
# BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE



## Fuel Pressure Release

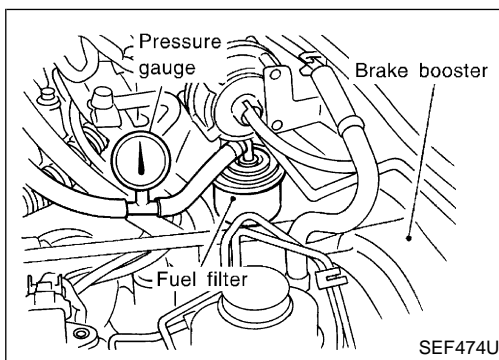
Before disconnecting fuel line, release fuel pressure from fuel line to eliminate danger.

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode to release fuel pressure to zero.
3. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to make sure that fuel pressure is released.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF.



OR

1. Remove fuse for fuel pump.
2. Start engine.
3. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
4. Turn ignition switch off and reconnect fuel pump fuse.



## Fuel Pressure Check

- When reconnecting fuel line, always use new clamps.
- Make sure that clamp screw does not contact adjacent parts.
- Use a torque driver to tighten clamps.
- Use Fuel Pressure Gauge Kit J-44321 to check fuel pressure.
- Do not perform fuel pressure check with system operating. Fuel pressure gauge may indicate false readings.

1. Release fuel pressure to zero.
2. Disconnect fuel hose between fuel filter and fuel tube (engine side).
3. Install fuel pressure gauge from kit J-44321 between fuel filter and fuel tube.
4. Start engine and check for fuel leakage.

## BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

### Fuel Pressure Check (Cont'd)

5. Read the indication of fuel pressure gauge.

**At idling:**

**With vacuum hose connected**

**Approximately 235 kPa (2.4 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 34 psi)**

**With vacuum hose disconnected**

**Approximately 294 kPa (3.0 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 43 psi)**

If results are unsatisfactory, perform Fuel Pressure Regulator Check.

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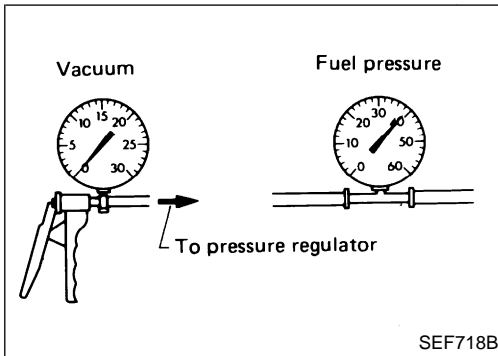
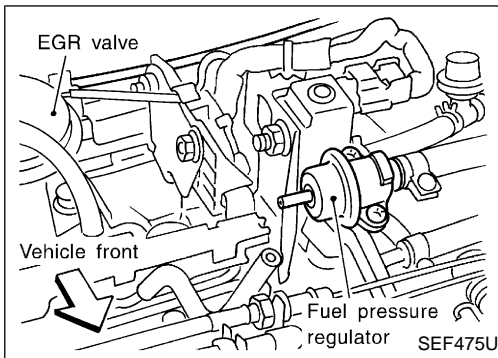
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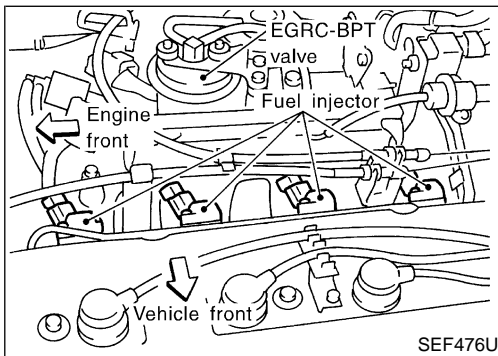
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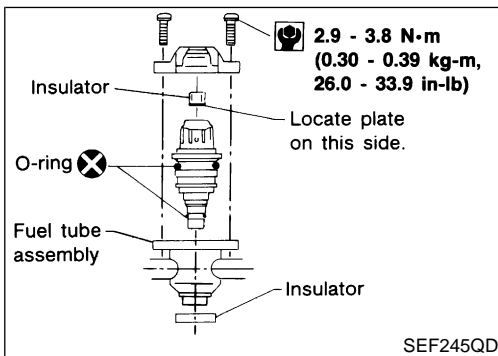
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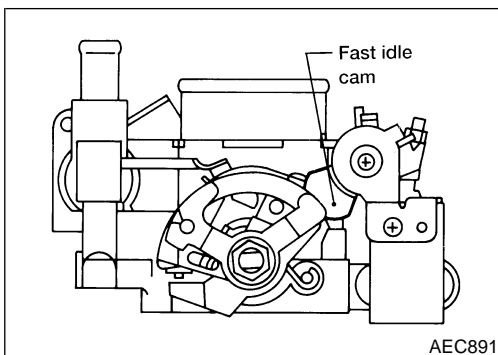
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### Fuel Pressure Regulator Check

1. Stop engine and disconnect fuel pressure regulator vacuum hose from intake manifold.
2. Plug intake manifold with a rubber cap.
3. Connect variable vacuum source to fuel pressure regulator.
4. Start engine and read indication of fuel pressure gauge as vacuum is changed.

**Fuel pressure should decrease as vacuum increases. If results are unsatisfactory, replace fuel pressure regulator.**

### Injector Removal and Installation

1. Release fuel pressure to zero.
2. Remove injector tube assembly with injectors from intake manifold.
3. Remove injectors from injector tube assembly.
  - Push injector tail piece.
  - Do not pull on the connector.
4. Install injectors.
  - Clean exterior of injector tail piece.
  - Use new O-rings.

**CAUTION:**

**After properly connecting injectors to fuel tube assembly, check connections for fuel leakage.**

5. Assemble injectors to injector tube assembly.
6. Install injector tube assembly to intake manifold.

### Fast Idle Cam (FIC)

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The FIC is installed on the throttle body to maintain adequate engine speed while the engine is cold. It is operated by a volumetric change in wax located inside the thermo-element. The thermo-element is operated by engine coolant temperature.

# BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

## Fast Idle Cam (FIC) (Cont'd)

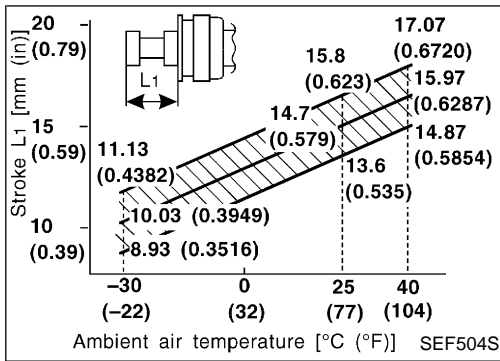
### COMPONENT INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

Perform inspection and adjustment as follows:

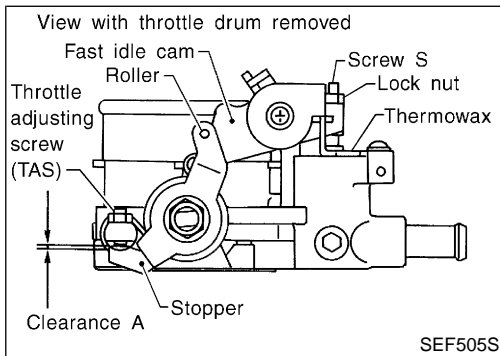
1. Make sure the engine has cooled down and remove the throttle body. Refer to "OUTER COMPONENT PARTS" in EM-10 section.
2. Leave the throttle body for more than 3 hours so the temperature of the thermowax levels with the ambient air temperature.

**Avoid direct sunlight or other heat source (heater, air conditioner, etc.).**

3. Check dimension  $L_1$  without removing thermowax from throttle body. Measure ambient air temperature with a thermometer.



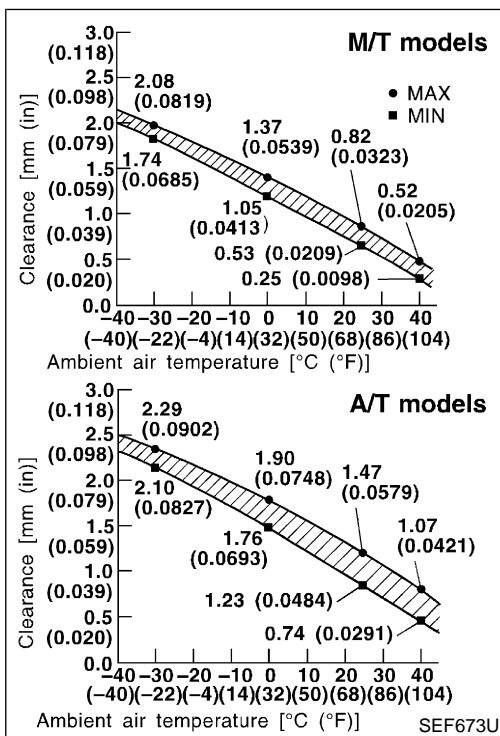
$L_1$ dimension	Judgement and remedy
Inside hatched area	The thermowax is normal. Perform FIC adjustment. Go to step 4.
Outside hatched area	Replace the thermowax and install the FIC. Perform adjustment from step 2.



4. Check the clearance A between the stopper and the throttle adjusting screw (TAS). If not within specifications (the hatched area as shown in the figure below), adjust clearance using screw S.

**Do not adjust the clearance using the throttle adjusting screw (TAS).**

5. After adjusting clearance A, tighten the lock nut of screw S.
6. Install the throttle body. Refer to "OUTER COMPONENT PARTS" in EM section.
7. Warm up engine to normal operating temperature. Confirm there is clearance between FIC and roller.



# BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

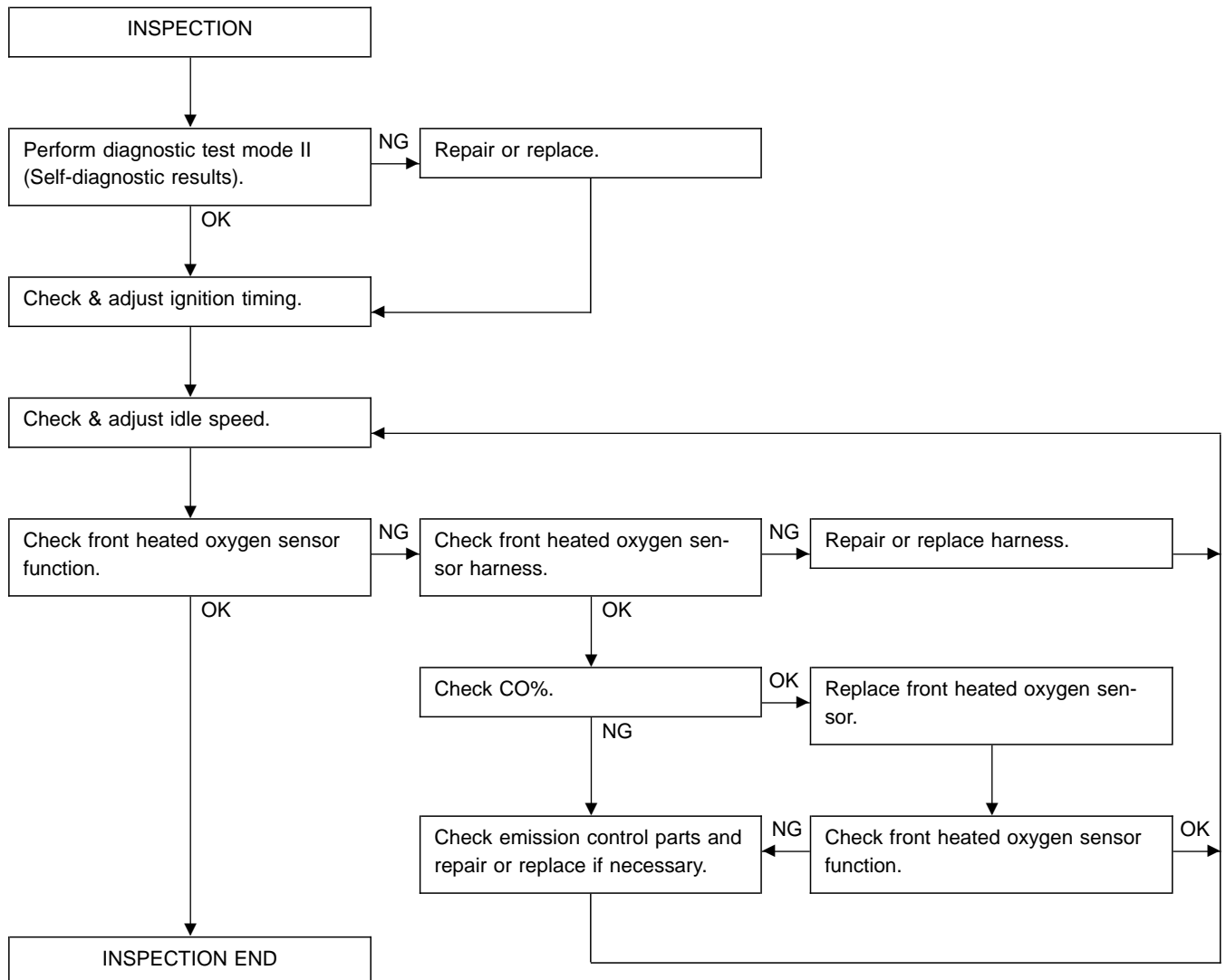
## Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment

### PREPARATION

- Make sure that the following parts are in good order.
- (1) Battery
- (2) Ignition system
- (3) Engine oil and coolant levels
- (4) Fuses
- (5) ECM harness connector
- (6) Vacuum hoses
- (7) Air intake system  
(Oil filler cap, oil level gauge, etc.)
- (8) Fuel pressure
- (9) Engine compression
- (10) EGR valve operation
- (11) Throttle valve
- (12) EVAP system

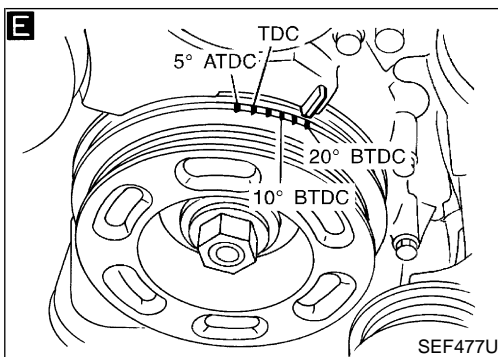
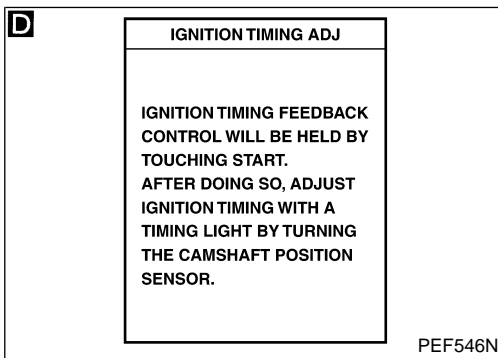
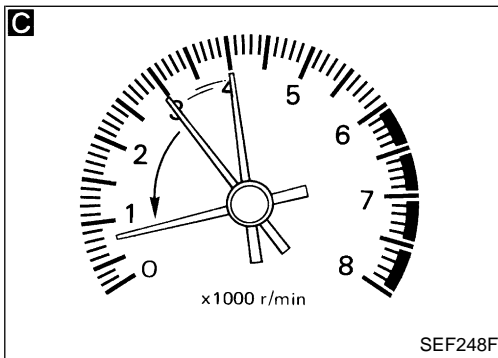
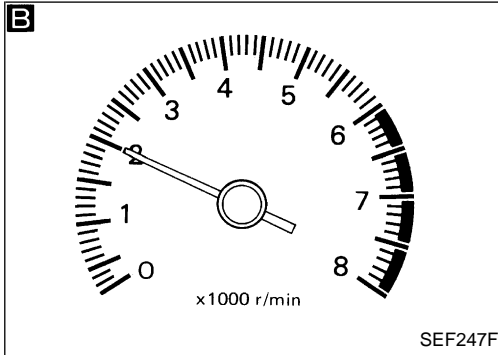
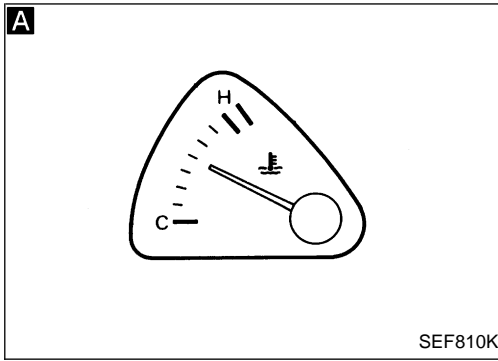
- On models equipped with air conditioner, checks should be carried out while the air conditioner is "OFF".
- On models equipped with automatic transaxle, when checking idle speed, ignition timing and mixture ratio, checks should be carried out while shift lever is in "N" position.
- When measuring "CO" percentage, insert probe more than 40 cm (15.7 in) into tail pipe.
- Turn off headlamps, heater blower, rear defogger.
- Keep front wheels pointed straight ahead.
- Make the check after the cooling fan has stopped.

### Overall inspection sequence



# BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

## Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment (Cont'd)



START

Visually check the following:

- Air cleaner clogging
- Hoses and ducts for leaks
- EGR valve operation
- Electrical connectors
- Gasket
- Throttle valve and throttle position sensor operations

**A** Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of gauge and ensure that engine speed is below 1,000 rpm.

**B** Open engine hood and run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load.

Perform ECM Self-diagnosis.

OK

NG

Repair or replace components as necessary.

**C** Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load. Rev engine two or three times under no-load, then run engine for about 1 minute at idle speed.

**D**

1. Select "IGNITION TIMING ADJ" in WORK SUPPORT mode.  
2. Touch "START".

OR

1. Stop engine and disconnect throttle position sensor harness connector.  
2. Start engine.

Rev engine (2,000 - 3,000 rpm) 2 or 3 times under no-load and run engine at idle speed.

**E** Check ignition timing with a timing light.  
**20°±2° BTDC (A/T in "N" position)**

OK

NG

**A** (Go to next page.)

**B** (Go to next page.)

# BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

## Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment (Cont'd)

**F**

**IGNITION TIMING ADJ**

IGNITION TIMING FEEDBACK CONTROL WILL BE HELD BY TOUCHING START. AFTER DOING SO, ADJUST IGNITION TIMING WITH A TIMING LIGHT BY TURNING THE CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.

PEF546N

**G**

Idle speed adjusting screw

Injector No. 1

Rocker cover

SEF478U

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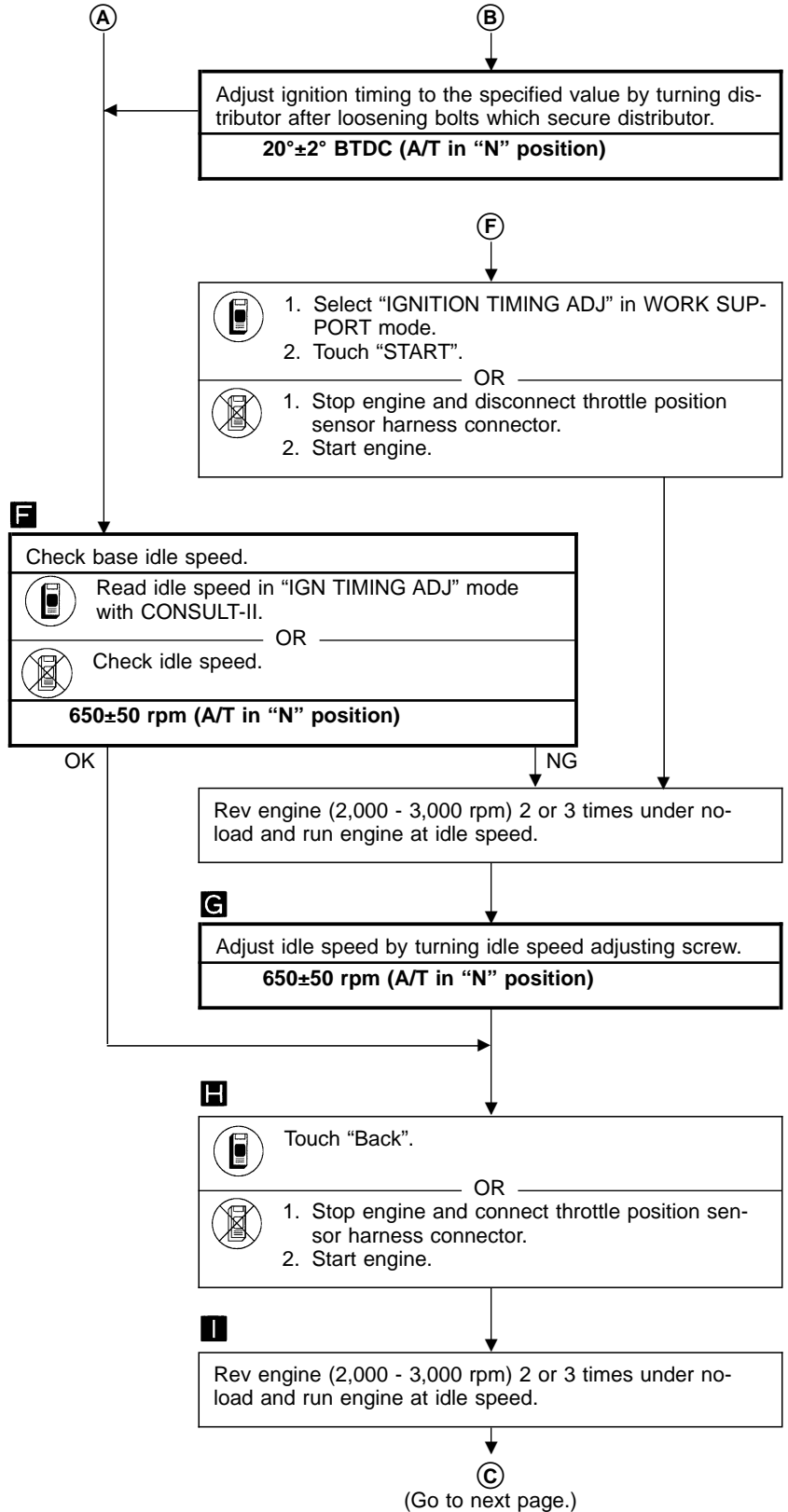
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x1000 r/min

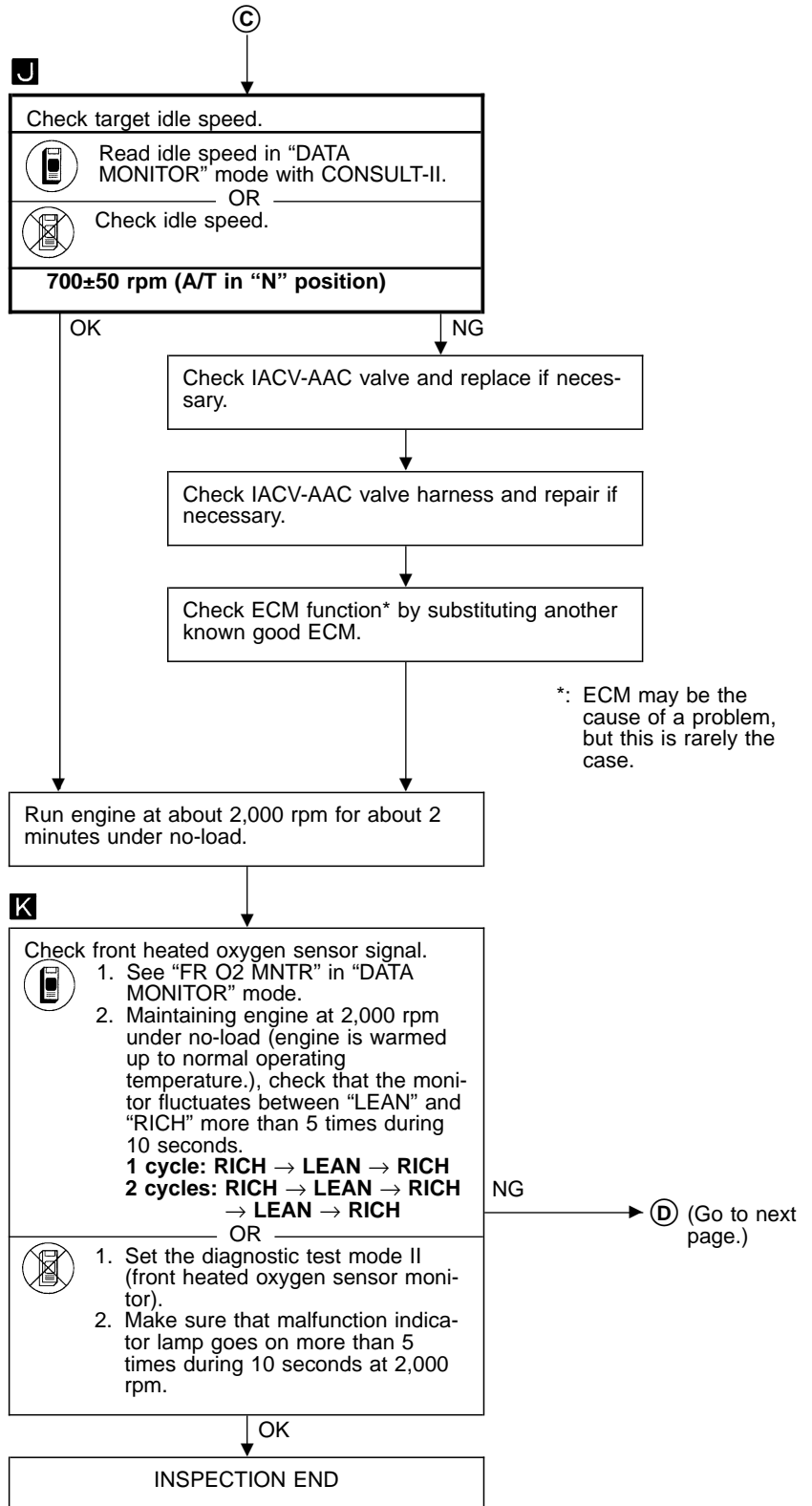
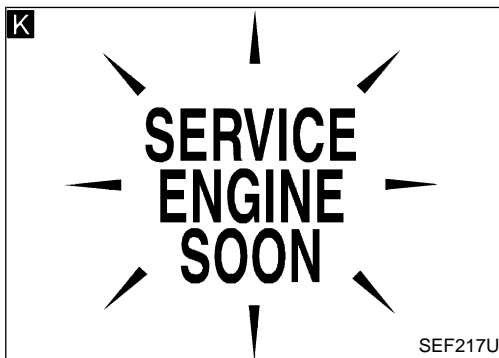
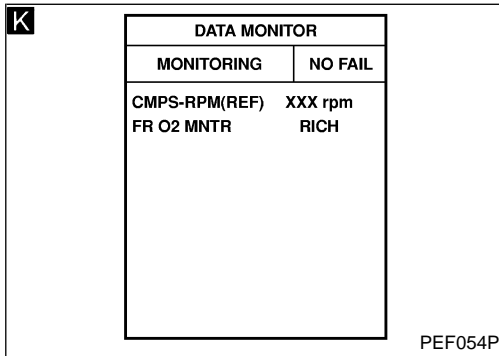
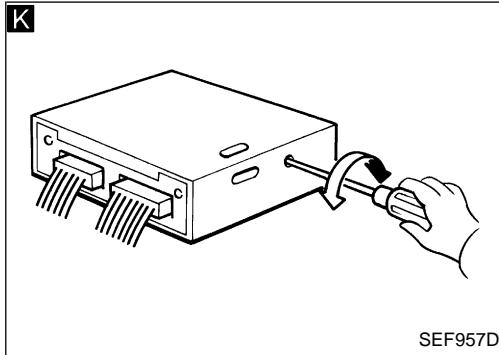
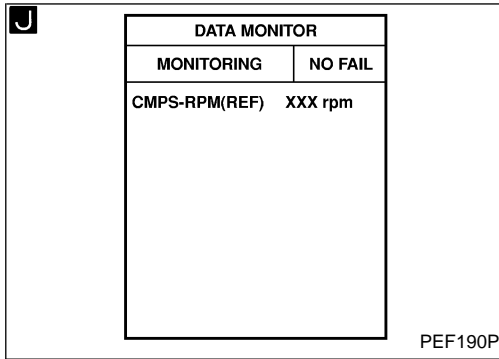
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# BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

## Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment (Cont'd)

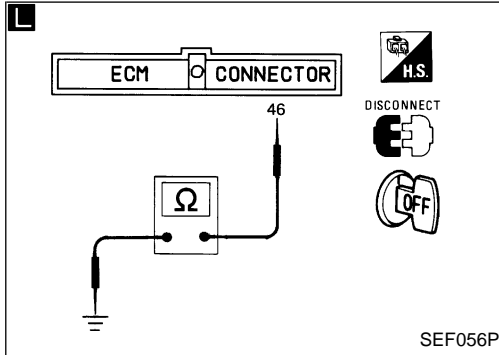
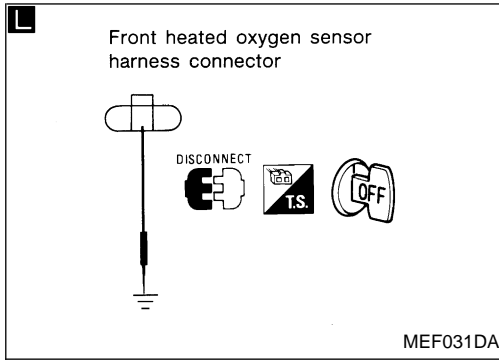




# BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

## Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment (Cont'd)

GI  
MA  
EM  
LC  
**EC**  
FE  
CL  
MT  
AT  
FA  
RA  
BR  
ST  
RS  
BT  
HA  
EL  
IDX



**D**

**L**

Check front heated oxygen sensor harness:

1. Turn off engine and disconnect battery ground cable.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector from ECM.
3. Disconnect front heated oxygen sensor harness connector and connect terminal for front heated oxygen sensor to ground with a jumper wire.
4. Check for continuity between terminal No. 46 of ECM harness connector and ground metal on vehicle body.

Continuity exists ... OK  
Continuity does not exist ... NG

OK

NG

Repair harness.

(Go to EC-39.) **F**

Connect ECM harness connector to ECM.

1. Select "ENG COOLANT TEMP" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.  
2. Set "COOLANT TEMP" at 5°C (41°F).

OR

1. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.  
2. Connect a resistor (4.4 kΩ) between terminals of engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.

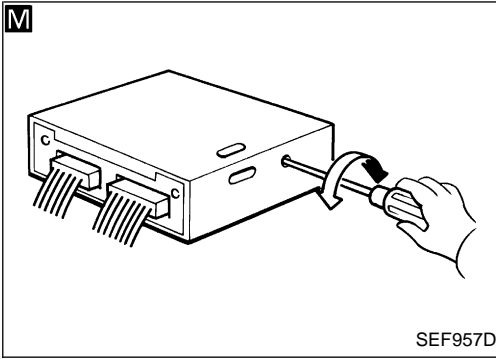
Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of gauge.  
(Be careful to start engine after setting "COOLANT TEMP" or installing a 4.4 kΩ resistor.)

Rev engine two or three times under no-load then run engine at idle speed.

**E**  
(Go to next page.)

# BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE

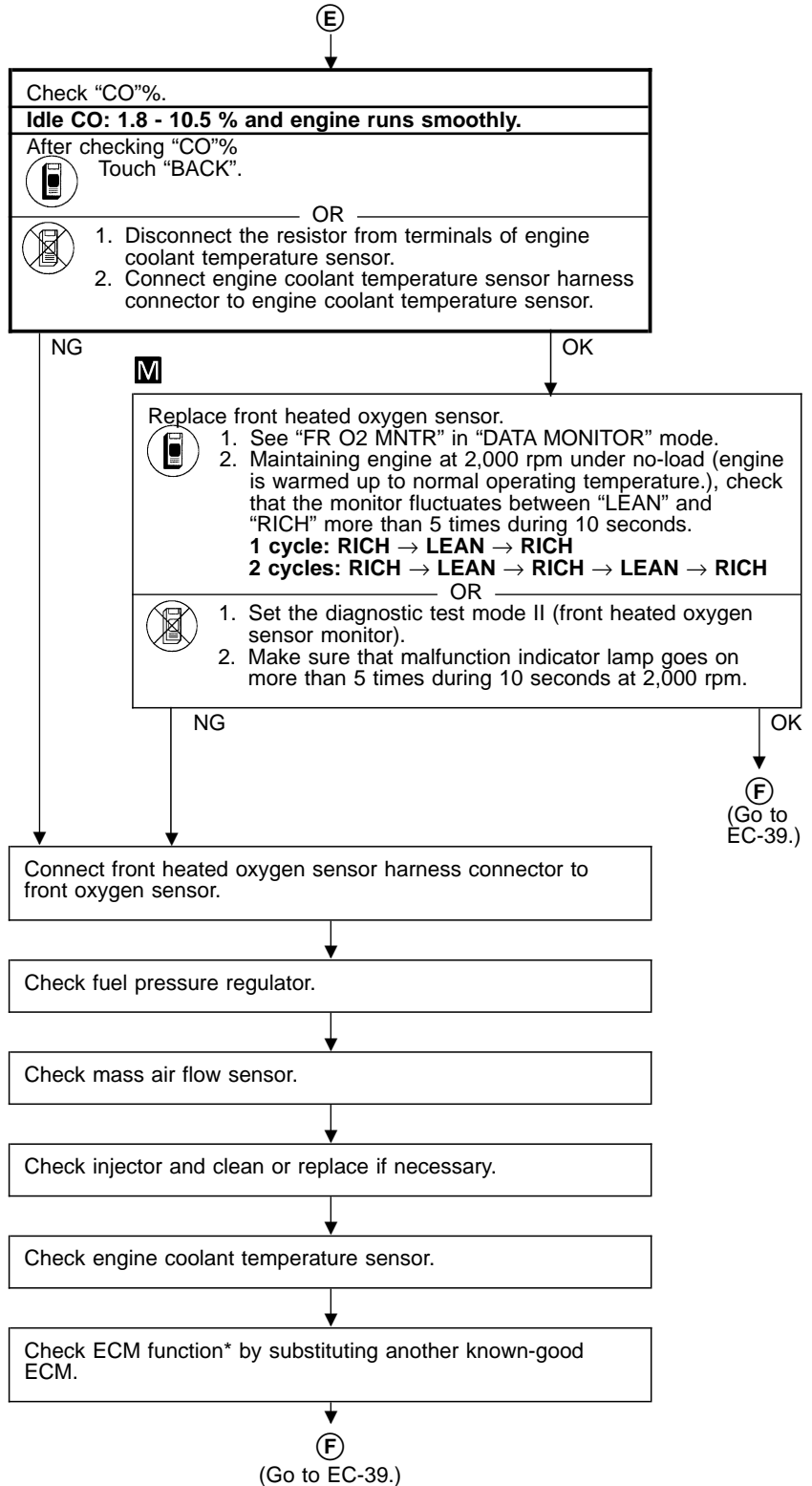
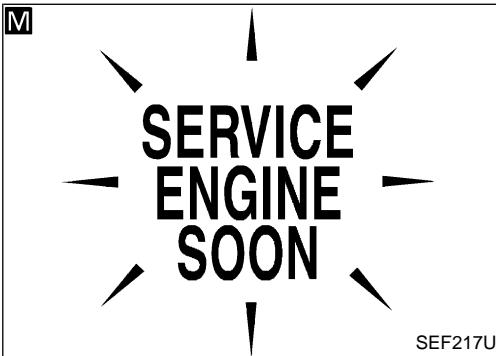
## Idle Speed/Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment (Cont'd)



**M**

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR	RICH

PEF054P



\*: ECM may be the cause of a problem, but this is rarely the case.

- If a vehicle contains a part which is operating outside of design specifications with no MIL illumination, the part shall not be replaced prior to emission testing unless it is determined that the part has been tampered with or abused in such a way that the diagnostic system cannot reasonably be expected to detect the resulting malfunction.

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Introduction

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system, which detects malfunctions related to engine sensors or actuators. The ECM also records various emission-related diagnostic information including:

- Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC).....Mode 3 of SAE J1979
- Freeze Frame data .....Mode 2 of SAE J1979
- System Readiness Test (SRT) code.....Mode 1 of SAE J1979
- 1st Trip Diagnostic Trouble Code (1st Trip DTC) .....Mode 7 of SAE J1979
- 1st Trip Freeze Frame data
- Test values and Test limits.....Mode 6 of SAE J1979

The above information can be checked using procedures listed in the table below.

	DTC	1st trip DTC	Freeze Frame data	1st trip Freeze Frame data	SRT code	Test value
Diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results)	X	X*1	—	—	—	—
CONSULT-II	X	X	X	X	X	—
GST	X	X*2	X	—	X	X

\*1: When DTC and 1st trip DTC simultaneously appear on the display, they cannot be clearly distinguished from each other.

\*2: 1st trip DTCs for self-diagnoses concerning SRT items cannot be shown on the GST display.

The malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) on the instrument panel lights up when the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips (Two trip detection logic), or when the ECM enters fail-safe mode (Refer to EC-91.).

## Two Trip Detection Logic

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up at this stage. <1st trip>

If the same malfunction is detected again during the next drive, the DTC and Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL lights up. The MIL lights up at the same time when the DTC is stored. <2nd trip> The “trip” in the “Two Trip Detection Logic” means a driving mode in which self-diagnosis is performed during vehicle operation. Specific on board diagnostic items will cause the ECM to light up or blink the MIL, and store DTC and Freeze Frame data, even in the 1st trip, as shown below.

Items	MIL				DTC		1st trip DTC	
	1st trip		2nd trip		1st trip displaying	2nd trip displaying	1st trip displaying	2nd trip displaying
	Blinking	Lighting up	Blinking	Lighting up				
Coolant overtemperature enrichment protection — DTC: P0217	—	X	—	—	—	—	X	—
Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0304 (0701, 0605 - 0608) is being detected	X	—	—	—	—	—	X	—
Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0304 (0701, 0605 - 0608) is being detected	—	—	X	—	—	X	—	—
Closed loop control — DTC: P1148 (0307), P1168 (0308)	—	X	—	—	X	—	X	—
Fail-safe items	—	X	—	—	X*1	—	X*1	—
Except above	—	—	—	X	—	X	X	—

\*1: Except “ECM”.

X: Applicable —: Not Exist

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information

### DTC AND 1ST TRIP DTC

The 1st trip DTC (whose number is the same as the DTC number) is displayed for the latest self-diagnostic result obtained. If the ECM memory was cleared previously, and the 1st trip DTC did not reoccur, the 1st trip DTC will not be displayed. If a malfunction is detected during the 1st trip, the 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up (two trip detection logic). If the same malfunction is not detected in the 2nd trip (meeting the required driving pattern), the 1st trip DTC is cleared from the ECM memory. If the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, both the 1st trip DTC and DTC are stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up. In other words, the DTC is stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up when the same malfunction occurs in two consecutive trips. If a 1st trip DTC is stored and a non-diagnostic operation is performed between the 1st and 2nd trips, only the 1st trip DTC will continue to be stored. For malfunctions that blink or light up the MIL during the 1st trip, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are stored in the ECM memory.

Procedures for clearing the DTC and the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory are described in "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION". Refer to EC-56.



For malfunctions in which 1st trip DTCs are displayed, refer to EC-54. These items are required by legal regulations to continuously monitor the system/component. In addition, the items monitored non-continuously are also displayed on CONSULT-II.

1st trip DTC is specified in Mode 7 of SAE J1979. 1st trip DTC detection occurs without lighting up the MIL and therefore does not warn the driver of a problem. However, 1st trip DTC detection will not prevent the vehicle from being tested, for example during Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests.

When a 1st trip DTC is detected, check, print out or write down and erase (1st trip) DTC and Freeze Frame data as specified in "Work Flow" procedure Step II, refer to page EC-82. Then perform "Diagnostic trouble code confirmation procedure" or "Overall function check" to try to duplicate the problem. If the malfunction is duplicated, the item requires repair.

### How to read DTC and 1st trip DTC

DTC and 1st trip DTC can be read by the following methods.

-  1. The number of blinks of the malfunction indicator lamp in the Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-Diagnostic Results) Examples: 0101, 0201, 1003, 1104, etc.  
These DTCs are controlled by NISSAN.
  -  2. CONSULT-II or GST (Generic Scan Tool) Examples: P0340, P1320, P0705, P0750, etc.  
These DTCs are prescribed by SAE J2012.  
(CONSULT-II also displays the malfunctioning component or system.)
- 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.
  - Output of a DTC indicates a malfunction. However, Mode II and GST do not indicate whether the malfunction is still occurring or has occurred in the past and has returned to normal. CONSULT-II can identify malfunction status as shown below. Therefore, using CONSULT-II (if available) is recommended.

A sample of CONSULT-II display for DTC is shown below. DTC or 1st trip DTC of a malfunction is displayed in SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS mode of CONSULT-II. Time data indicates how many times the vehicle was driven after the last detection of a DTC.

If the DTC is being detected currently, the time data will be "0".

If a 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM, the time data will be "[1t]".

DTC display	SELF DIAG RESULTS		1st trip DTC display	SELF DIAG RESULTS	
	DTC RESULTS	TIME		DTC RESULTS	TIME
	IACV-AAC VALVE [P0505]	0		IACV-AAC VALVE [P0505]	1t

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# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

### FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA

The ECM records the driving conditions such as fuel system status, calculated load value, engine coolant temperature, short term fuel trim, long term fuel trim, engine speed, vehicle speed and absolute pressure sensor (if equipped) at the moment a malfunction is detected.

Data which are stored in the ECM memory, along with the 1st trip DTC, are called 1st trip freeze frame data. The data, stored together with the DTC data, are called freeze frame data and displayed on CONSULT-II or GST. The 1st trip freeze frame data can only be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, not on the GST. For details, see EC-70.

Only one set of freeze frame data (either 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data) can be stored in the ECM. 1st trip freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory along with the 1st trip DTC. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data and it is updated each time a different 1st trip DTC is detected. However, once freeze frame data (2nd trip detection/MIL on) is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze frame data is no longer stored. Remember, only one set of freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM. The ECM has the following priorities to update the data.

Priority	Items	
1	Freeze frame data	Misfire — DTC: P0300 - P0304 (0701, 0605 - 0608) Fuel Injection System Function — DTC: P0171 (0115), P0172 (0114)
2		Except the above items (Includes A/T related items)
3	1st trip freeze frame data	

For example, the EGR malfunction (Priority: 2) was detected and the freeze frame data was stored in the 2nd trip. After that when the misfire (Priority: 1) is detected in another trip, the freeze frame data will be updated from the EGR malfunction to the misfire. The 1st trip freeze frame data is updated each time a different malfunction is detected. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data. However, once freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory, first trip freeze data is no longer stored (because only one freeze frame data or first trip freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM). If freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory and freeze frame data with the same priority occurs later, the first (original) freeze frame data remains unchanged in the ECM memory.

Both 1st trip freeze frame data and freeze frame data (along with the DTCs) are cleared when the ECM memory is erased. Procedures for clearing the ECM memory are described in "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION". Refer to EC-56.

### SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE

System Readiness Test (SRT) code is specified in Mode 1 of SAE J1979. As part of an enhanced emissions test for Inspection & Maintenance (I/M), certain states require the status of SRT be used to indicate whether the engine control module (ECM) has completed self-diagnosis of major emission systems and components. Completion must be verified in order for the emissions inspection to proceed.

If a vehicle is rejected for a State emissions inspection due to one or more SRT items indicating "INCMP", use the information in this Service Manual to set the SRT to "CMPLT".

In most cases the ECM will automatically complete its self-diagnosis cycle during normal usage, and the SRT status will indicate "CMPLT" for each application system. Once set as "CMPLT" the SRT status remains "CMPLT" until the self-diagnosis memory is erased.

Occasionally, certain portions of the self-diagnostic test may not be completed as a result of the customer's normal driving pattern and the SRT will indicate "INCMP" for these items.

#### NOTE:

**The SRT will also indicate "INCMP" if the self-diagnosis memory is erased for any reason or if the ECM memory power supply is interrupted for several hours.**

If, during the state emissions inspection, the SRT indicates "CMPLT" for all test items, the inspector will continue with the emissions test. However, if the SRT indicates "INCMP" for one or more of the SRT items the vehicle is returned to the customer untested.

#### NOTE:

**If MIL is "ON" during the state emissions inspection, the vehicle is also returned to the customer untested even though the SRT indicates "CMPLT" for all test items. Therefore, it is important to check SRT ("CMPLT") and DTC (No DTCs) before the inspection.**

#### SRT item

The table on next page shows required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to "CMPLT".

## ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

### Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

SRT item (CONSULT-II indication)	Performance Priority*	Required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to "CMPLT"	Corresponding DTC No.
CATALYST	3	Three way catalyst function	P0420, P0430
EVAP SYSTEM	2	EVAP control system (small leak) (negative pressure)	P0440
	3	EVAP control system (very small leak) (negative pressure/positive pressure)	P1441
		EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	P1447
O2 SENSOR	3	Front heated oxygen sensor (circuit)	P0130, P0150
		Front heated oxygen sensor (lean shift monitoring)	P0131, P0151
		Front heated oxygen sensor (rich shift monitoring)	P0132, P0152
		Front heated oxygen sensor (response monitoring)	P0133, P0153
		Front heated oxygen sensor (high voltage)	P0134, P0154
		Rear heated oxygen sensor (min. voltage monitoring)	P0137, P0157
		Rear heated oxygen sensor (max. voltage monitoring)	P0138, P0158
		Rear heated oxygen sensor (response monitoring)	P0139, P0159
O2 SEN HEATER	3	Front heated oxygen sensor heater	P0135, P0155
		Rear heated oxygen sensor heater	P0141, P0161
EGR SYSTEM	3	EGR function (close)	P0400
		EGRC-BPT valve function	P0402
	1	EGR function (open)	P1402

\*: If completion of several SRTs is required, perform driving patterns (DTC confirmation procedure), one by one based on the priority for models with CONSULT-II.

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

### SRT set timing

SRT is set as "CMPLT" after self-diagnosis has been performed one or more times. Completion of SRT is done regardless of whether the result is OK or NG. The set timing is different between OK and NG results and is shown in the table below.

Self-diagnosis result		Example				
		Diagnosis	Ignition cycle			
			← ON → OFF	← ON → OFF	← ON → OFF	← ON →
All OK	Case 1	P0400	OK (1)	— (1)	OK (2)	— (2)
		P0402	OK (1)	— (1)	— (1)	OK (2)
		P1402	OK (1)	OK (2)	— (2)	— (2)
		SRT of EGR	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"
	Case 2	P0400	OK (1)	— (1)	— (1)	— (1)
		P0402	— (0)	— (0)	OK (1)	— (1)
		P1402	OK (1)	OK (2)	— (2)	— (2)
SRT of EGR	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"		
NG exists	Case 3	P0400	OK	OK	—	—
		P0402	—	—	—	—
		P1402	NG	—	NG	NG (Consecutive NG)
		(1st trip) DTC	1st trip DTC	—	1st trip DTC	DTC (= MIL "ON")
		SRT of EGR	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"CMPLT"

OK: Self-diagnosis is carried out and the result is OK.  
 NG: Self-diagnosis is carried out and the result is NG.  
 —: Self-diagnosis is not carried out.

When all SRT related self-diagnoses show OK results in a single cycle (Ignition OFF-ON-OFF), the SRT will indicate "CMPLT". → Case 1 above

When all SRT related self-diagnoses show OK results through several different cycles, the SRT will indicate "CMPLT" at the time the respective self-diagnoses have at least one OK result. → Case 2 above  
 In one or more SRT related self-diagnoses show NG results in 2 consecutive cycles, the SRT will also indicate "CMPLT". → Case 3 above

The table above shows that the minimum number of cycle for setting SRT as "INCMP" is one (1) for each self-diagnosis (Case 1 & 2) or two (2) for one of self-diagnosis (Case 3). However, in preparation for the State emissions inspection, it is unnecessary of each self-diagnosis to be executed twice (Case 3) because of the following reasons;

- The SRT will indicate "CMPLT" at the time the respective self-diagnoses have one (1) OK result.
- The emissions inspection requires "CMPLT" of the SRT only with OK self-diagnosis result.
- When, during SRT driving pattern, 1st trip DTC (NG) is detected prior to "CMPLT" of SRT, the self-diagnosis memory must be erased from ECM after repair.
- If the 1st trip DTC is erased, all the SRT will indicate "INCMP".

#### NOTE:

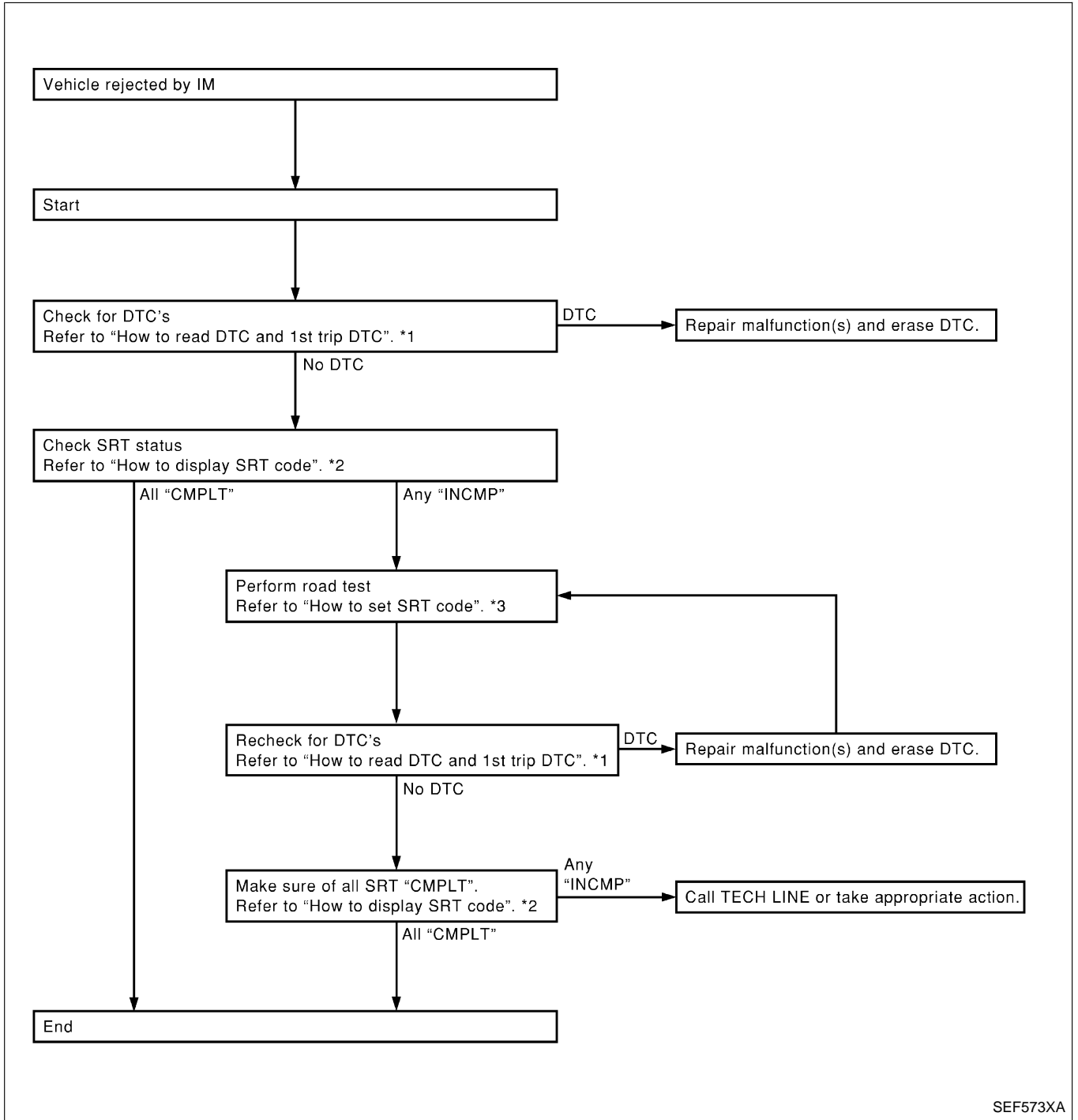
**SRT can be set as "CMPLT" together with the DTC(s). Therefore, DTC check must always be carried out prior to the State emission inspection even though the SRT indicates "CMPLT".**

### SRT service procedure

If a vehicle has been rejected for the State emissions inspection due to one or more SRT items indicating "INCMP", review the flowchart diagnostic sequence on the next page.

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)



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\*1 EC-44

\*2 EC-49

\*3 EC-49



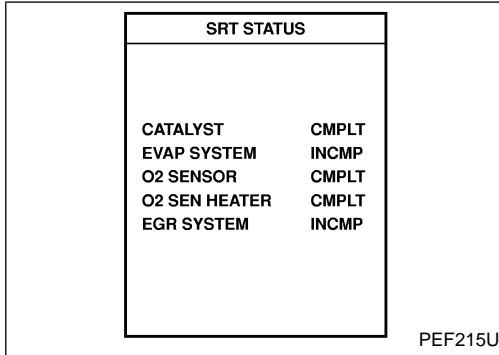
# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

### How to display SRT code

1. Selecting "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT-II.  
For items whose SRT codes are set, a "CMPLT" is displayed on the CONSULT-II screen; for items whose SRT codes are not set, "INCMP" is displayed.
2. Selecting Mode 1 with GST (Generic Scan Tool)

GI  
MA  
EM  
LC  
EC  
FE  
CL  
MT  
AT  
FA  
RA  
BR  
ST  
RS  
BT  
HA  
EL  
IDX



A sample of CONSULT-II display for SRT code is shown at left. "INCMP" means the self-diagnosis is incomplete and SRT is not set. "CMPLT" means the self-diagnosis is complete and SRT is set.

### How to set SRT code

To set all SRT codes, self-diagnosis for the items indicated above must be performed one or more times. Each diagnosis may require a long period of actual driving under various conditions.

- With CONSULT-II

Perform corresponding DTC Confirmation Procedure one by one based on "Performance Priority" in the table on EC-90.

- Without CONSULT-II

The most efficient driving pattern in which SRT codes can be properly set is explained on the next page. The driving pattern should be performed one or more times to set all SRT codes.

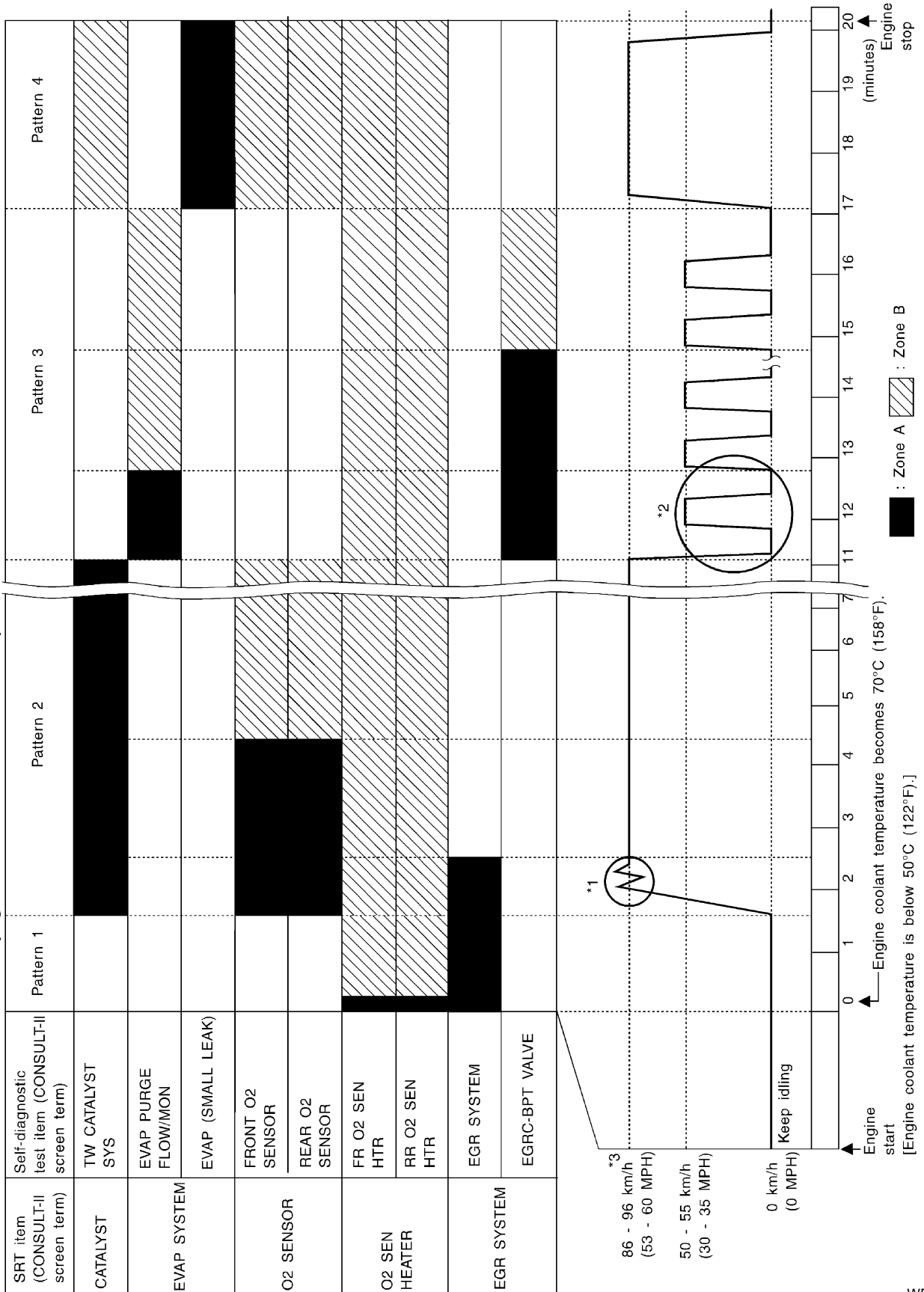
# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

### Driving pattern

**Note: Always drive vehicle in safe manner according to traffic conditions and obey all traffic laws. Refer to next page for more information and explanation of chart.**

#### Driving pattern



# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

- The time required for each diagnosis varies with road surface conditions, weather, altitude, individual driving habits, etc.

Zone A refers to the range where the time required, for the diagnosis under normal conditions\*, is the shortest.

Zone B refers to the range where the diagnosis can still be performed if the diagnosis is not completed within zone A.

\*: Normal conditions refer to the following:

- Sea level
- Flat road
- Ambient air temperature: 20 - 30°C (68 - 86°F)
- Diagnosis is performed as quickly as possible under normal conditions.

Under different conditions [For example: ambient air temperature other than 20 - 30°C (68 - 86°F)], diagnosis may also be performed.

- Pattern 1: ● **The engine is started at the engine coolant temperature of 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F).**
- **The engine must be operated at idle speed until the engine coolant temperature is greater than 70°C (158°F).**
  - **The engine is started at the fuel tank temperature of warmer than 0°C (32°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal (63) and ground is less than 4.1V).**

Pattern 2: ● When steady-state driving is performed again even after it is interrupted, each diagnosis can be conducted. In this case, the time required for diagnosis may be extended.

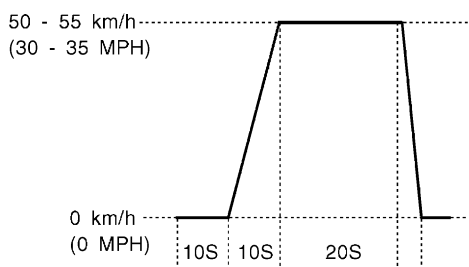
Pattern 3: ● The driving pattern outlined in \*2 must be repeated at least 3 times.

On M/T models, shift gears following "suggested upshift speeds" schedule at right.

- Pattern 4: ● Tests are performed after the engine has been operated for at least 17 minutes.
- The accelerator pedal must be held very steady during steady-state driving.
  - If the accelerator pedal is moved, the test must be conducted all over again.

\*1: Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH), then release the accelerator pedal and keep it released for more than 10 seconds. Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH) again.

- \*2: Operate the vehicle in the following driving pattern.
- 1) Decelerate vehicle to 0 km/h and let engine idle.
  - 2) Repeat driving pattern shown below at least 10 times.
    - **During acceleration, hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.**
  - 3) Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the EGR system SRT is set.



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\*3: Checking the vehicle speed with CONSULT-II or GST is advised.

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

HA

EL

IDX

## ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

### Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

#### Suggested transmission gear position for A/T models

Set the selector lever in the "D" position with "OD" ON.

#### Suggested upshift speeds for M/T models

Shown below are suggested vehicle speeds for shifting into a higher gear. These suggestions relate to fuel economy and vehicle performance. Actual upshift speeds will vary according to road conditions, the weather and individual driving habits.

For normal acceleration in low altitude areas [less than 1,219 m (4,000 ft)]:

Gear change	ACCEL shift point km/h (MPH)	CRUISE shift point km/h (MPH)
1st to 2nd	24 (15)	24 (15)
2nd to 3rd	40 (25)	29 (18)
3rd to 4th	58 (36)	48 (30)
4th to 5th	64 (40)	63 (39)

For quick acceleration in low altitude areas and high altitude areas [over 1,219 m (4,000 ft)]:

Gear change	km/h (MPH)
1st to 2nd	24 (15)
2nd to 3rd	40 (25)
3rd to 4th	64 (40)
4th to 5th	72 (45)

#### Suggested maximum speed in each gear

Downshift to a lower gear if the engine is not running smoothly, or if you need to accelerate.

Do not exceed the maximum suggested speed (shown below) in any gear. For level road driving, use the highest gear suggested for that speed. Always observe posted speed limits and drive according to the road conditions to ensure safe operation. Do not over-rev the engine when shifting to a lower gear as it may cause engine damage or loss of vehicle control.

Gear	km/h (MPH)
1st	50 (31)
2nd	92 (57)

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

### TEST VALUE AND TEST LIMIT (GST ONLY—NOT CONSULT-II APPLICABLE)

The following is the information specified in Mode 6 of SAE J1979.

The test value is a parameter used to determine whether a system/circuit diagnostic test is “OK” or “NG” while being monitored by the ECM during self-diagnosis. The test limit is a reference value which is specified as the maximum or minimum value and is compared with the test value being monitored.

Items for which these data (test value and test limit) are displayed are the same as SRT code items (9 test items).

These data (test value and test limit) are specified by Test ID (TID) and Component ID (CID) and can be displayed on the GST screen.

X: Applicable  
—: Not applicable

SRT item	Self-diagnostic test item	Test value		Test limit	Application
		TID	CID		
CATALYST	Three way catalyst function	01H	01H	Max.	X
		02H	81H	Max.	X
EVAP SYSTEM	EVAP control system (Small leak)	05H	03H	Max.	X
	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	06H	83H	Min.	X
O2 SENSOR	Front heated oxygen sensor	09H	04H	Max.	X
		0AH	84H	Min.	X
		0BH	04H	Max.	X
		0CH	04H	Max.	X
	Rear heated oxygen sensor	0DH	04H	Max.	X
		19H	86H	Min.	X
		1AH	86H	Min.	X
		1BH	06H	Max.	X
1CH	06H	Max.	X		
O2 SENSOR HEATER	Front heated oxygen sensor heater	29H	08H	Max.	X
		2AH	88H	Min.	X
	Rear heated oxygen sensor heater	2DH	0AH	Max.	X
		2EH	8AH	Min.	X
EGR SYSTEM	EGR function	31H	8CH	Min.	X
		32H	8CH	Min.	X
		33H	8CH	Min.	X
		34H	8CH	Min.	X
		35H	0CH	Max.	X
	EGRC-BPT valve function	36H	0CH	Max.	X
		37H	8CH	Min.	X

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

### EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS

X: Applicable  
—: Not applicable

Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*4		SRT code	Test value/ Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC*4	Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*1				
<b>NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED</b>	<b>P0000</b>	<b>0505</b>	—	—	—	—
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0100	0102	—	—	X	EC-115
ABSL PRES SEN/CIRC	P0105	0803	—	—	X	EC-124
AIR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0110	0401	—	—	X	EC-130
COOLANT T SEN/CIRC	P0115	0103	—	—	X	EC-136
THRTL POS SEN/CIRC	P0120	0403	—	—	X	EC-141
*COOLAN T SEN/CIRC	P0125	0908	—	—	X	EC-154
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0130	0303	X	X	X*3	EC-159
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0131	0411	X	X	X*3	EC-166
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0132	0410	X	X	X*3	EC-174
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0133	0409	X	X	X*3	EC-182
FRONT O2 SENSOR	P0134	0412	X	X	X*3	EC-190
FR O2 SEN HEATER	P0135	0901	X	X	X*3	EC-197
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0137	0511	X	X	X*3	EC-201
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0138	0510	X	X	X*3	EC-209
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0139	0707	X	X	X*3	EC-216
REAR O2 SENSOR	P0140	0512	X	X	X*3	EC-222
RR O2 SEN HEATER	P0141	0902	X	X	X*3	EC-228
FUEL SYS DIAG-LEAN	P0171	0115	—	—	X	EC-232
FUEL SYS DIAG-RICH	P0172	0114	—	—	X	EC-237
FUEL TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0180	0402	—	—	X	EC-242
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0701	—	—	X	EC-246
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0608	—	—	X	EC-246
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0607	—	—	X	EC-246
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0606	—	—	X	EC-246
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0605	—	—	X	EC-246
KNOCK SEN/CIRCUIT	P0325	0304	—	—	X	EC-251
CPS/CIRCUIT (OBD)	P0335	0802	—	—	X	EC-256
CAM POS SEN/CIR	P0340	0101	—	—	X	EC-261
EGR SYSTEM	P0400	0302	X	X	X*3	EC-268
EGRC-BPT VALVE	P0402	0306	X	X	X*3	EC-277
TW CATALYST SYSTEM	P0420	0702	X	X	X*3	EC-282
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0440	0705	X	X	X*3	EC-385
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0443	1008	—	—	X	EC-295
EVAP GROSS LEAK	P0455	0714	—	X	X*3	EC-312
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0446	0903	—	—	X	EC-301
EVAPO SYS PRES SEN	P0450	0704	—	—	X	EC-306

\*1: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.

\*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.

\*3: These are not displayed with GST.

\*4: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

X: Applicable  
—: Not applicable

Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*4		SRT code	Test value/ Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC*4	Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*1				
FUEL LV SE (SLOSH)	P0460	0812	—	—	X	EC-321
FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	P0461	0811	—	—	X	EC-324
FUEL LEVEL SEN/CIR	P0464	0810	—	—	X	EC-326
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC	P0500	0104	—	—	X	EC-329
IACV/AAC VLV/CIRC	P0505	0205	—	—	X	EC-333
CLOSED TP SW/CIRC	P0510	0203	—	—	X	EC-339
A/T COMM LINE	P0600	—	—	—	—	EC-345
ECM	P0605	0301	—	—	X	EC-349
PNP SW/CIRC	P0705	1101	—	—	X	AT-76
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0710	1208	—	—	X	AT-81
VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT	P0720	1102	—	—	X	AT-86
ENGINE SPEED SIG	P0725	1207	—	—	X	AT-90
A/T 1ST GR FNCTN	P0731	1103	—	—	X	AT-94
A/T 2ND GR FNCTN	P0732	1104	—	—	X	AT-101
A/T 3RD GR FNCTN	P0733	1105	—	—	X	AT-107
A/T 4TH GR FNCTN	P0734	1106	—	—	X	AT-113
TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	P0740	1204	—	—	X	AT-122
A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	P0744	1107	—	—	X	AT-127
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	P0745	1205	—	—	X	AT-135
SFT SOL A/CIRC	P0750	1108	—	—	X	AT-140
SFT SOL B/CIRC	P0755	1201	—	—	X	AT-145
THERMOSTAT FNCTN	P1126	1302	—	—	X	EC-351
CLOSED LOOP	P1148	0307	—	—	X	EC-352
IGN SIGNAL-PRIMARY	P1320	0201	—	—	X	EC-355
CPS/CIRC (OBD) COG	P1336	0905	—	—	X	EC-362
EGRC SOLENOID/V	P1400	1005	—	—	X	EC-367
EGR TEMP SEN/CIRC	P1401	0305	—	—	X	EC-372
EGR SYSTEM	P1402	0514	X	X	X*3	EC-378
EVAP V/S LEAK	P1441	0809	X*5	X	X*3	EC-49
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	0214	—	—	X	EC-395
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	0215	—	—	X	EC-402
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P1447	0111	X	X	X*3	EC-407
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1448	0309	—	—	X	EC-414
VC/V BYPASS/V	P1490	0801	—	—	X	EC-424
VC CUT/V BYPASS/V	P1491	0311	—	—	X	EC-429
A/T DIAG COMM LINE	P1605	0804	—	—	X	EC-434
TP SEN/CIRC A/T	P1705	1206	—	—	X	AT-150
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P1706	1003	—	—	X	EC-438
O/R CLTCH SOL/CIRC	P1760	1203	—	—	X	AT-157

\*1: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). These numbers are controlled by NISSAN.

\*2: These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.

\*3: These are not displayed with GST.

\*4: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

\*5: SRT code will not be set if the self-diag result is NG.

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

### HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION



#### How to erase DTC (With CONSULT-II)

**Note:** If the diagnostic trouble code is not for A/T related items (see EC-4), skip steps 2 through 4.

1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
  2. Turn CONSULT-II "ON" and touch "A/T".
  3. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
  4. Touch "ERASE". [The DTC in the TCM (Transmission control module) will be erased.] Then touch "BACK" twice.
  5. Touch "ENGINE".
  6. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
  7. Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the ECM will be erased.)
- If DTCs are displayed for both ECM and TCM (Transmission control module), they need to be erased individually from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module).

#### How to erase DTC (With CONSULT-II)

1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.

SELECT SYSTEM
ENGINE
A/T

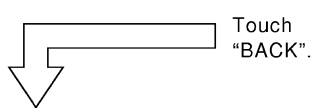
2. Turn **CONSULT-II** "ON", and touch "A/T".

SELECT DIAG MODE
SELF-DIAG RESULTS
DATA MONITOR
DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION
TCM PART NUMBER

3. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

SELF-DIAG RESULTS	
DTC RESULTS	TIME
SHIFT SOLENOID/V A	

4. Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the TCM will be erased.)



SELECT SYSTEM
ENGINE
A/T

5. Touch "ENGINE".

SELECT DIAG MODE
WORK SUPPORT
SELF-DIAG RESULTS
DATA MONITOR
ACTIVE TEST
DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION
ECM PART NUMBER

6. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

SELF-DIAG RESULTS	
DTC RESULTS	TIME
SFT SOL A/CIRC [P0750]	0

7. Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the ECM will be erased.)

WEC107

The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by selecting "ERASE" in the "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.



# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)



### How to erase DTC (With GST)

**Note:** If the diagnostic trouble code is not for A/T related items (see EC-4), skip step 2.

1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
2. Perform "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (Without CONSULT-II)" in AT-45 section titled "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS", "Self-diagnosis". (The engine warm-up step can be skipped when performing the diagnosis only to erase the DTC.)
3. Select Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).

The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by selecting Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).



### How to erase DTC (No Tools)

**Note:** If the diagnostic trouble code is not for A/T related items (see EC-4), skip step 2.

1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" again.
2. Perform "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (Without CONSULT-II)" in AT-45 section titled "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS", "Self-diagnosis". (The engine warm-up step can be skipped when performing the diagnosis only to erase the DTC.)
3. Change the diagnostic test mode from Mode II to Mode I by turning the mode selector on the ECM. (See EC-60.)

The emission-related diagnostic information can be erased by changing the diagnostic test mode from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Mode I by turning the mode selector on the ECM. (Refer to EC-60.)

#### NOTE:

- If the battery is disconnected, the emission-related diagnostic information will be lost after approx. 24 hours.
- Erasing the emission-related diagnostic information using CONSULT-II or GST is easier and quicker than switching the mode selector on the ECM.
- The following data are cleared when the ECM memory is erased.
  1. Diagnostic trouble codes
  2. 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
  3. Freeze frame data
  4. 1st trip freeze frame data
  5. System readiness test (SRT) codes
  6. Test values
  7. Others

Actual work procedures are explained using a DTC as an example. Be careful so that not only the DTC, but all of the data listed above, are cleared from the ECM memory during work procedures.

### NVIS (NISSAN VEHICLE IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM — NATS)

SELF DIAG RESULTS	
DTC RESULTS	TIME
NATS MALFUNCTION	0

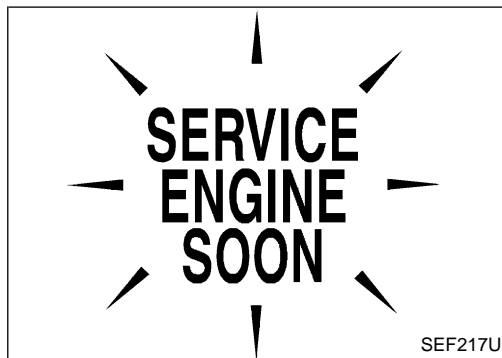
WEC232

- If the security indicator lights up with ignition switch in the "ON" position or "NATS MALFUNCTION" is displayed on "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" screen, perform self-diagnostic results mode with CONSULT-II using NATS program card. Refer to "NVIS (Nissan Vehicle Immobilizer System — NATS)" in EL-250 section.

## ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

### Emission-related Diagnostic Information (Cont'd)

- Confirm no self-diagnostic results of NVIS (NATS) is displayed before touching “ERASE” in “SELF-DIAG RESULTS” mode with CONSULT-II.
- When replacing ECM, initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of all NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs must be carried out with CONSULT-II using NATS program card.  
Therefore, be sure to receive all keys from vehicle owner. Regarding the procedures of NVIS (NATS) initialization and NVIS (NATS) ignition key ID registration, refer to CONSULT-II operation manual, IVIS/NVIS.



### Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)

1. The malfunction indicator lamp will light up when the ignition switch is turned ON without the engine running. This is a bulb check.
  - If the malfunction indicator lamp does not light up, refer to EL-102 section (“WARNING LAMPS”) or see EC-477.
2. When the engine is started, the malfunction indicator lamp should go off.  
If the lamp remains on, the on board diagnostic system has detected an engine system malfunction.

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM FUNCTION

The on board diagnostic system has the following four functions.

#### Diagnostic Test Mode I

1. BULB CHECK : This function checks the MIL bulb for damage (blown, open circuit, etc.).  
If the MIL does not come on, check MIL circuit and ECM test mode selector. (See next page.)
2. MALFUNCTION WARNING : This is a usual driving condition. When a malfunction is detected twice in two consecutive driving cycles (two trip detection logic), the MIL will light up to inform the driver that a malfunction has been detected.  
The following malfunctions will light up or blink the MIL in the 1st trip.
  - “Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage)”
  - “Closed loop control”
  - Fail-safe mode

#### Diagnostic Test Mode II




3. SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS : This function allows DTCs and 1st trip DTCs to be read.
4. FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR : This function allows the fuel mixture condition (lean or rich), monitored by front heated oxygen sensor, to be read.

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

### MIL flashing without DTC

If the ECM is in Diagnostic Test Mode II, MIL may flash when engine is running. In this case, check ECM test mode selector following "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES" on next page. How to switch the diagnostic test (function) modes, and details of the above functions are described later. (Refer to EC-60.)

Condition		Diagnostic Test Mode I	Diagnostic Test Mode II
Ignition switch in "ON" position 	Engine stopped 	BULB CHECK	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS
	Engine running 	MALFUNCTION WARNING	FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR

GI

MA

EM

LC

**EC**

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

HA

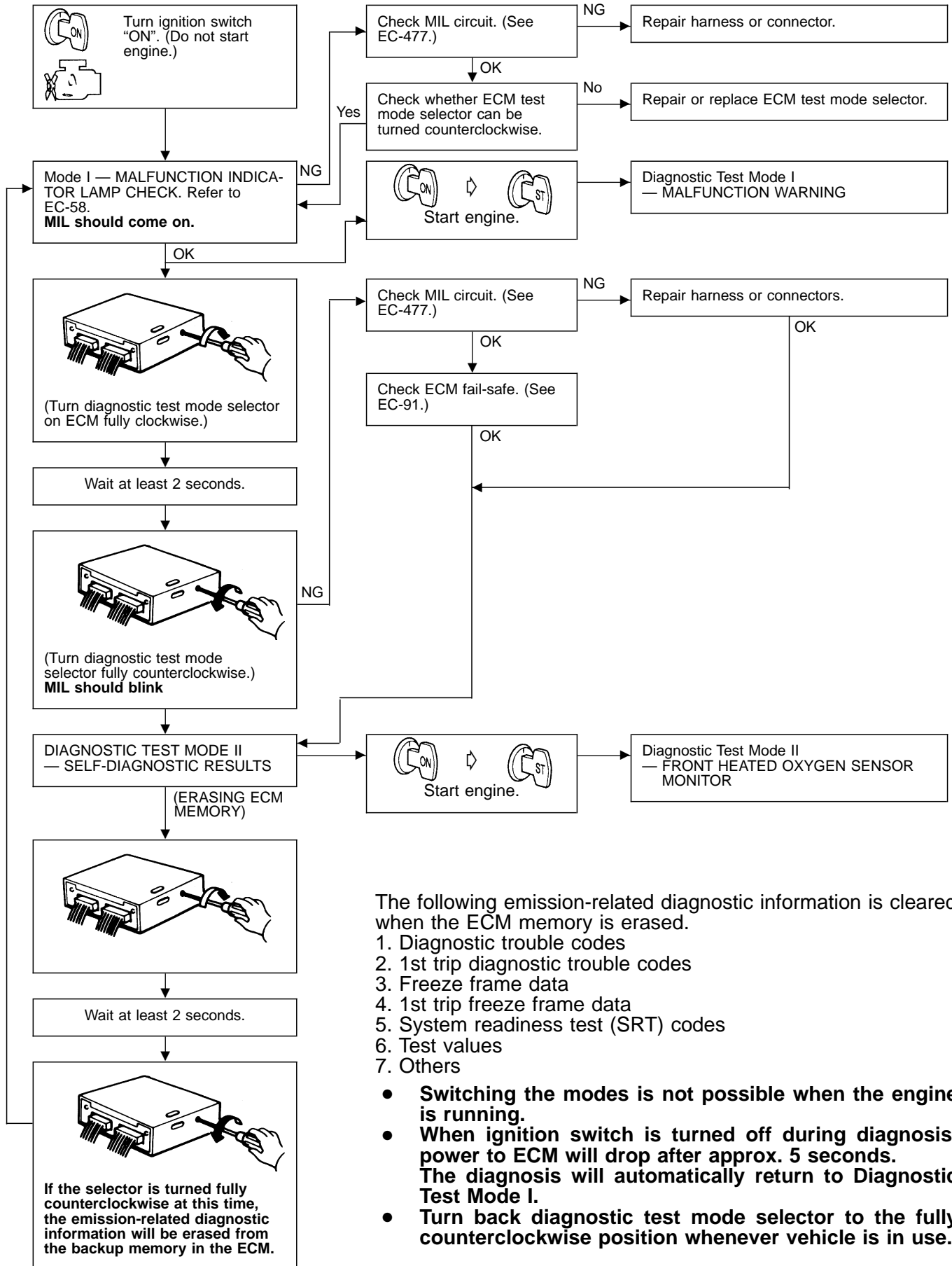
EL

IDX

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

### HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES



The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

1. Diagnostic trouble codes
2. 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
3. Freeze frame data
4. 1st trip freeze frame data
5. System readiness test (SRT) codes
6. Test values
7. Others

- Switching the modes is not possible when the engine is running.
- When ignition switch is turned off during diagnosis, power to ECM will drop after approx. 5 seconds. The diagnosis will automatically return to Diagnostic Test Mode I.
- Turn back diagnostic test mode selector to the fully counterclockwise position whenever vehicle is in use.

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I—BULB CHECK

In this mode, the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP on the instrument panel should stay ON. If it remains OFF, check the bulb. Refer to EL-102 section (“WARNING LAMPS”) or see EC-477.

### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I—MALFUNCTION WARNING

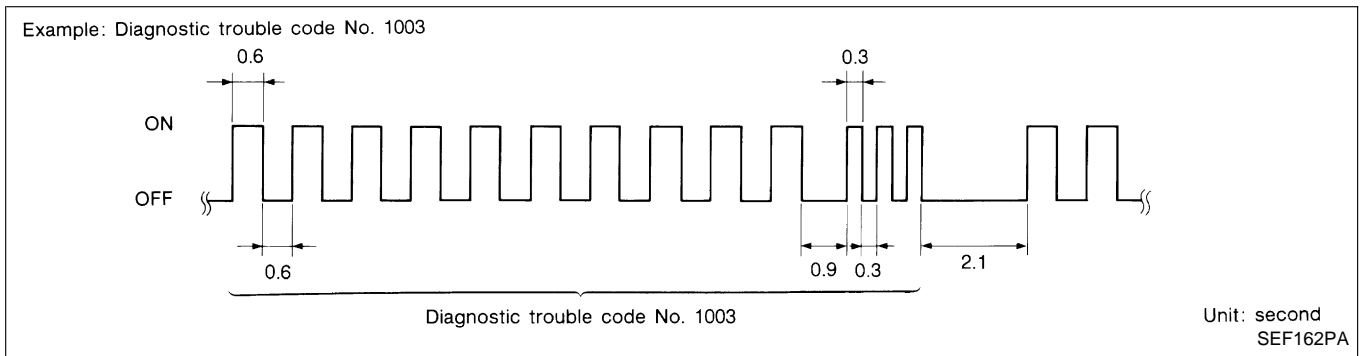
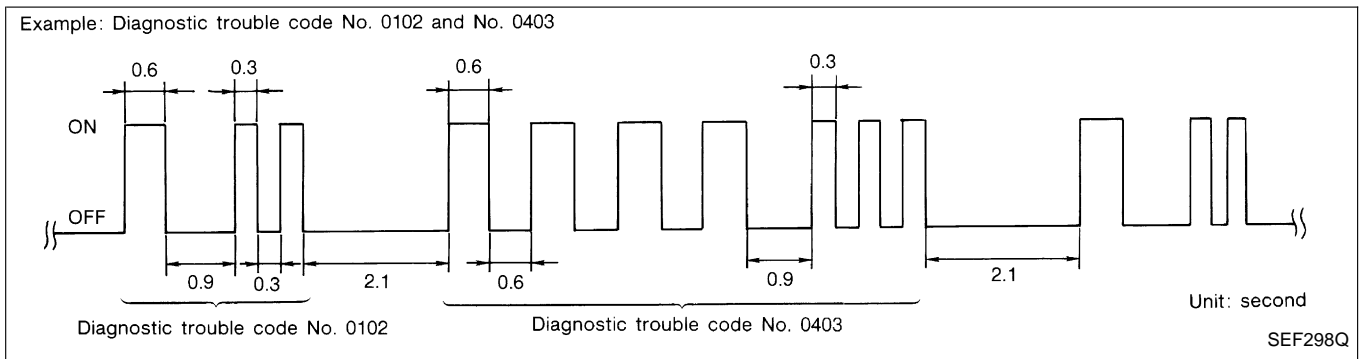
MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP	Condition
ON	When the malfunction is detected or the ECM's CPU is malfunctioning.
OFF	No malfunction.

- These Diagnostic Trouble Code Numbers are clarified in Diagnostic Test Mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS).

### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II—SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS

In this mode, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are indicated by the number of blinks of the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP.

The DTC and 1st trip DTC are displayed at the same time. If the MIL does not illuminate in diagnostic test mode 1 (Malfunction warning), all displayed items are 1st trip DTC's. If only one code is displayed when the MIL illuminates in diagnostic test mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS), it is a DTC; if two or more codes are displayed, they may be either DTC's or 1st trip DTC's. DTC No. is same as that of 1st trip DTC. These unidentified codes can be identified by using the consult or GST. A DTC will be used as an example for how to read a code.



Long (0.6 second) blinking indicates the two LH digits of number and short (0.3 second) blinking indicates the two RH digits of number. For example, the malfunction indicator lamp blinks 10 times for 6 seconds (0.6 sec x 10 times) and then it blinks three times for about 1 second (0.3 sec x 3 times). This indicates the DTC “1003” and refers to the malfunction of the neutral position switch.

In this way, all the detected malfunctions are classified by their diagnostic trouble code numbers. The DTC “0505” refers to no malfunction. (See DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) INDEX, EC-4.)

## ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

### Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) (Cont'd)

#### How to erase diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results)

The diagnostic trouble code can be erased from the backup memory in the ECM when the diagnostic test mode is changed from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I. (Refer to "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES".)

- **If the battery is disconnected, the diagnostic trouble code will be lost from the backup memory after approx. 24 hours.**
- **Be careful not to erase the stored memory before starting trouble diagnoses.**

#### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II — FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR

In this mode, the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP displays the condition of the fuel mixture (lean or rich) which is monitored by the front heated oxygen sensor.

MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP	Fuel mixture condition in the exhaust gas	Air fuel ratio feedback control condition
ON	Lean	Closed loop system
OFF	Rich	
*Remains ON or OFF	Any condition	Open loop system

\*: Maintains conditions just before switching to open loop.

To check the front heated oxygen sensor function, start engine in the Diagnostic Test Mode II and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of the gauge.

Next run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load conditions. Then make sure that the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP comes ON more than 5 times within 10 seconds with engine running at 2,000 rpm under no-load.

### OBD System Operation Chart

#### RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, 1ST TRIP DTC, DTC, AND DETECTABLE ITEMS

- When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory.
- When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL will come on. For details, refer to "Two Trip Detection Logic" on EC-43.
- The MIL will go off after the vehicle is driven 3 times with no malfunction. The drive is counted only when the recorded driving pattern is met (as stored in the ECM). If another malfunction occurs while counting, the counter will reset.
- The DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 40 times (driving pattern A) without the same malfunction recurring (except for Misfire and Fuel Injection System). For Misfire and Fuel Injection System, the DTC and freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 80 times (driving pattern C) without the same malfunction recurring. The "TIME" in "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS" mode of CONSULT-II will count the number of times the vehicle is driven.
- The 1st trip DTC is not displayed when the self-diagnosis results in "OK" for the 2nd trip.

#### SUMMARY CHART

Items	Fuel Injection System	Misfire	Other
MIL (goes off)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)
DTC, Freeze Frame Data (no display)	80 (pattern C)	80 (pattern C)	40 (pattern A)
1st Trip DTC (clear)	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern B)
1st Trip Freeze Frame Data (clear)	*1, *2	*1, *2	1 (pattern B)

For details about patterns "B" and "C" under "Fuel Injection System" and "Misfire", see EC-64.

For details about patterns "A" and "B" under "Other" see, EC-66.

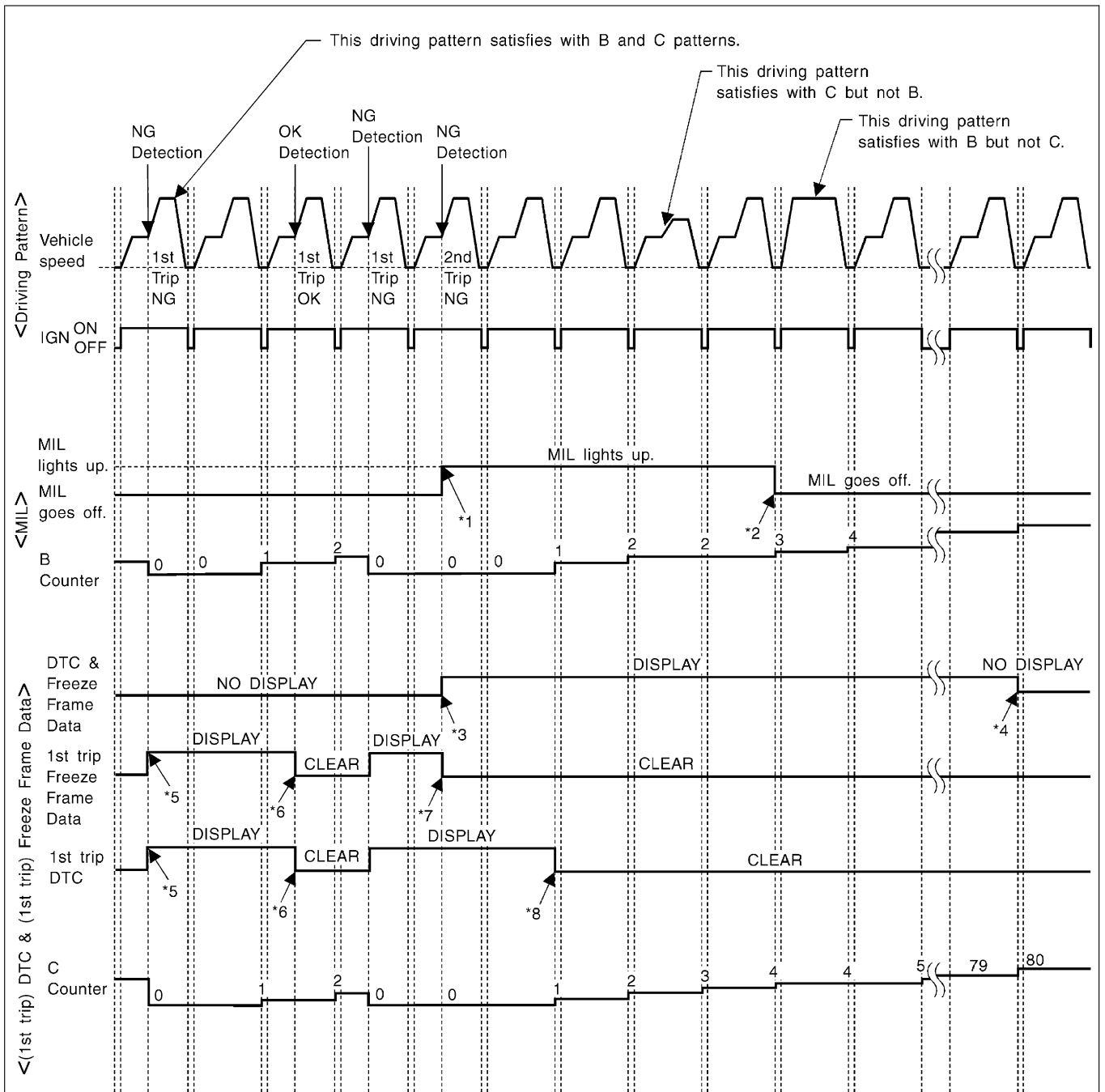
\*1: Clear timing is at the moment OK is detected.

\*2: Clear timing is when the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip.

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)

### RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE" <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>, "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



- \*1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- \*2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- \*3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- \*4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 80 times (pattern C) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)

- \*5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- \*6: The 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared at the moment OK is detected.
- \*7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.
- \*8: 1st trip DTC will be cleared when vehicle is driven once (pattern C) without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

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## ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

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### OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)

#### EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

##### <Driving pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunction.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3. (\*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART")

##### <Driving pattern C>

Driving pattern C means the vehicle operation as follows:

(1) The following conditions should be satisfied at the same time:

Engine speed: (Engine speed in the freeze frame data)  $\pm 375$  rpm

Calculated load value: (Calculated load value in the freeze frame data)  $\times (1 \pm 0.1)$  [%]

Engine coolant temperature (T) condition:

- When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70°C (158°F), "T" should be lower than 70°C (158°F).
- When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F), "T" should be higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F).

Example:

If the stored freeze frame data is as follows:

Engine speed: 850 rpm, Calculated load value: 30%, Engine coolant temperature: 80°C (176°F)

To be satisfied with driving pattern C, the vehicle should run under the following conditions:

Engine speed: 475 - 1,225 rpm, Calculated load value: 27 - 33%, Engine coolant temperature: more than 70°C (158°F)

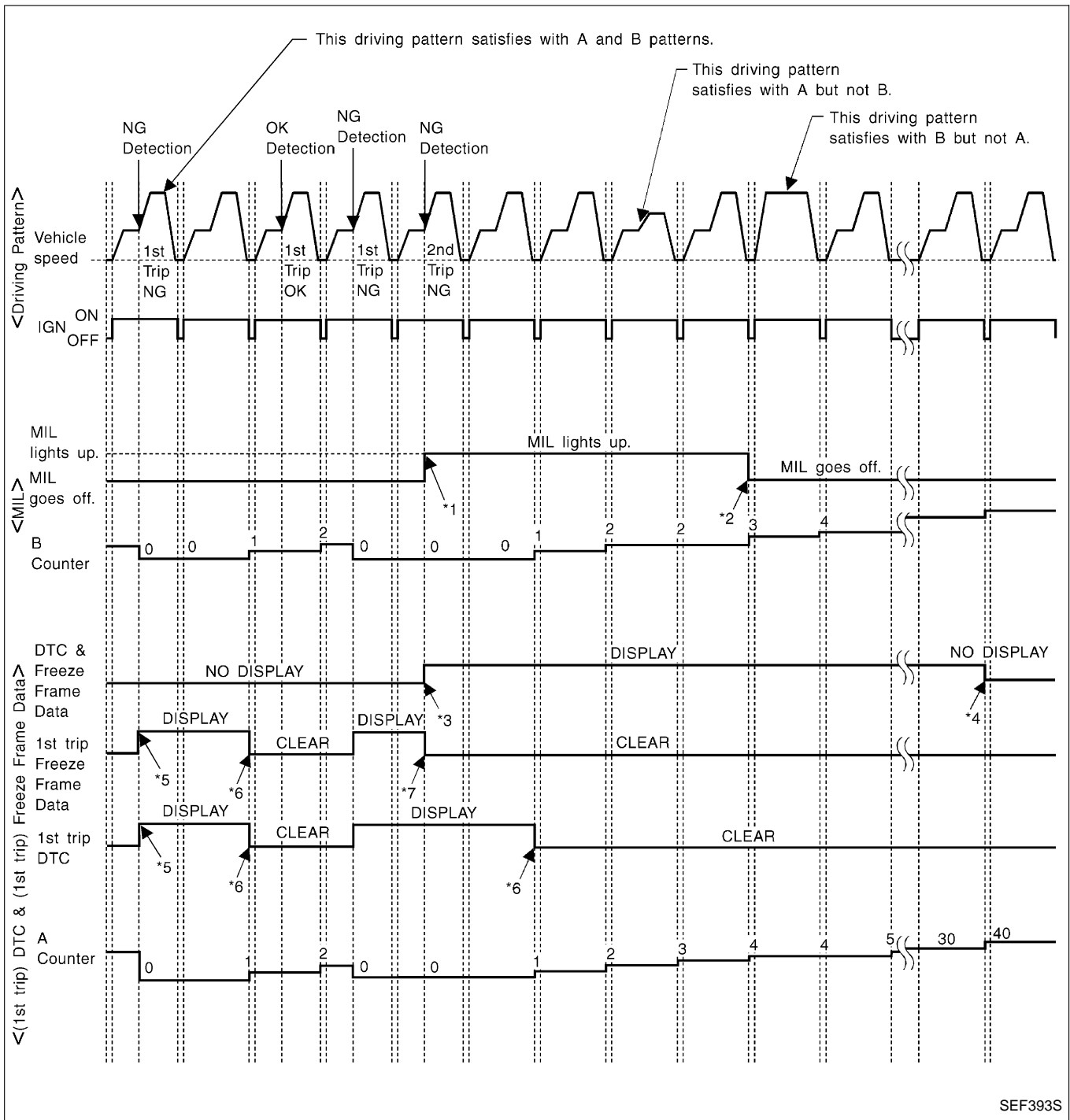
- The C counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1).
- The C counter will be counted up when (1) is satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after C counter reaches 80.
- The 1st trip DTC will be cleared when C counter is counted once without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.



# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)

### RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS EXCEPT FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



\*1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.

\*2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.

\*3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.

\*4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 40 times (pattern A) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)

\*5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.

\*6: 1st trip DTC will be cleared after vehicle is driven once (pattern B) without the same malfunction.

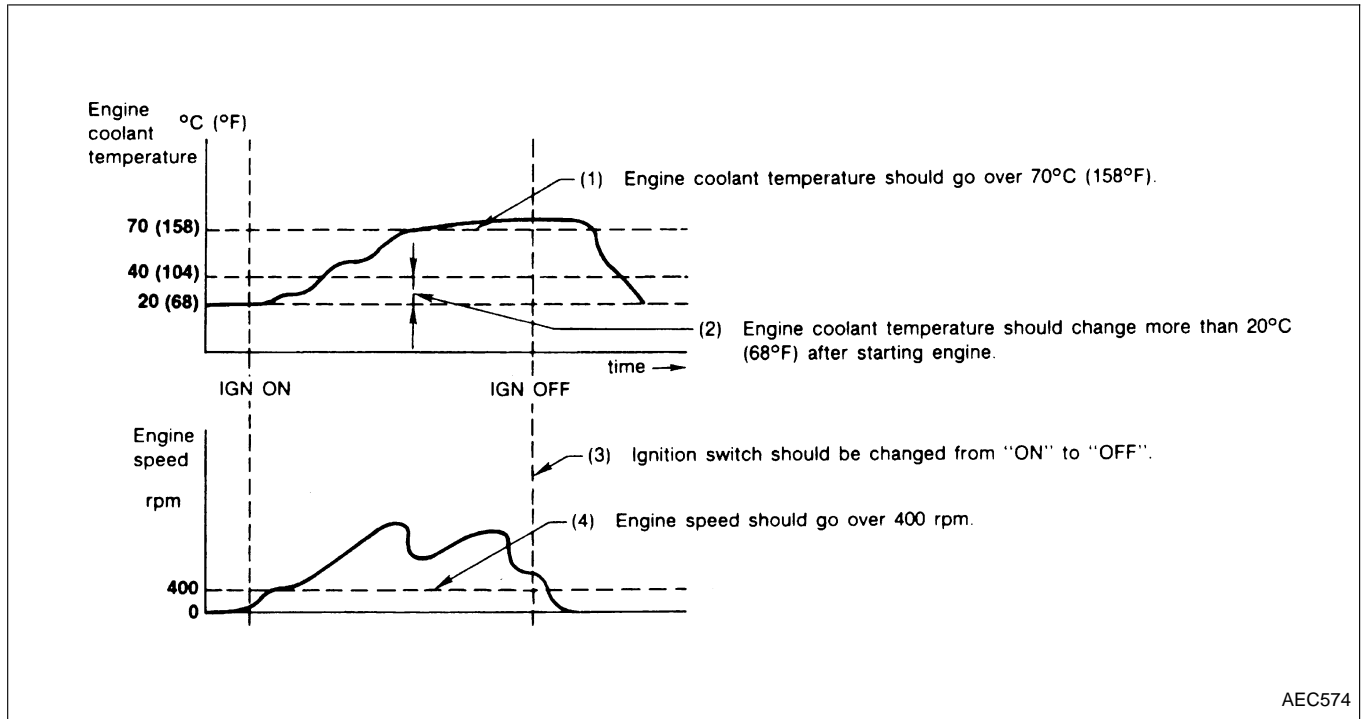
\*7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.

## ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

### OBD System Operation Chart (Cont'd)

EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS EXCEPT FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

#### <Driving pattern A>



- The A counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1) - (4).
- The A counter will be counted up when (1) - (4) are satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after the A counter reaches 40.

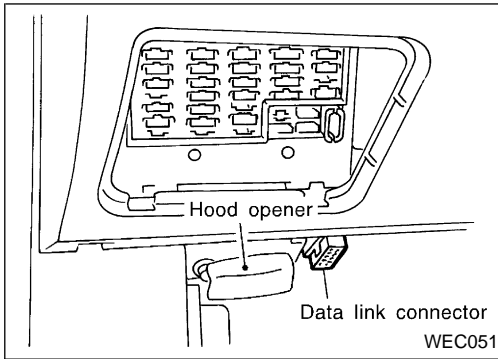
#### <Driving pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunctions.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3 (\*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART").

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



## CONSULT-II

### CONSULT-II INSPECTION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Connect "CONSULT-II" to data link connector which is located behind the fuse box cover.

GI

MA

EM

LC

**EC**

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

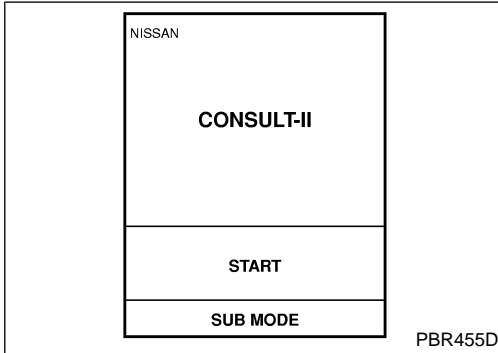
BT

HA

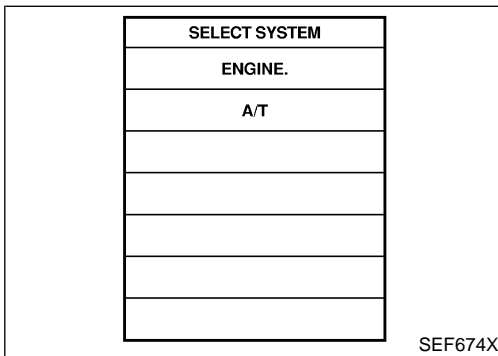
EL

IDX

3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Touch "START".

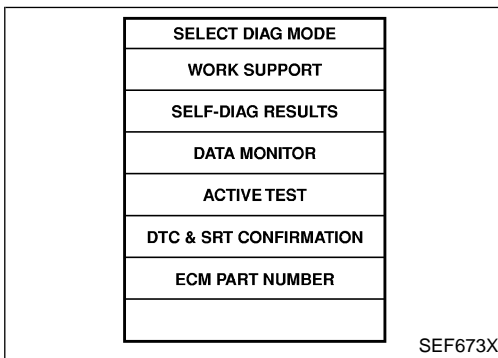


5. Touch "ENGINE".



6. Perform each diagnostic test mode according to each service procedure.

**For further information, see the CONSULT-II Operation Manual.**



# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## CONSULT-II (Cont'd)

### ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS/SYSTEMS APPLICATION

Item		DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE						
		WORK SUP-PORT	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS*1		DATA MONITOR	ACTIVE TEST	DTC CONFIRMATION	
				FREEZE FRAME DATA*2			SRT STA-TUS	DTC WORK SUPPORT
ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS	INPUT	Camshaft position sensor		X	X	X		
		Mass air flow sensor		X		X		
		Engine coolant temperature sensor		X	X	X	X	
		Front heated oxygen sensor		X		X		X
		Rear heated oxygen sensor		X		X		X
		Vehicle speed sensor		X	X	X		
		Throttle position sensor	X	X		X		
		Fuel tank temperature sensor		X		X	X	
		EVAP control system pressure sensor		X		X		
		Absolute pressure sensor (if equipped)		X	X	X		
		EGR temperature sensor		X		X		
		Intake air temperature sensor		X		X		
		Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)		X				
		Knock sensor		X				
		Fuel level sensor		X		X		
		Ignition switch (start signal)				X		
		Closed throttle position switch		X				
		Closed throttle position switch (throttle position sensor signal)				X		
		Air conditioner switch				X		
		Park/neutral position (PNP) switch		X		X		
		Power steering oil pressure switch				X		
		Air conditioner pressure switch				X		
		Battery voltage				X		
		Ambient air temperature switch				X		
	OUTPUT	Injectors				X	X	
		Power transistor (Ignition timing)		X (Ignition signal)		X	X	
		IACV-AAC valve	X	X		X	X	
		EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve		X		X	X	X
Air conditioner relay					X			
Fuel pump relay		X			X	X		
EGRC-solenoid valve			X		X	X		
Front heated oxygen sensor heater			X		X		X	
Rear heated oxygen sensor heater			X		X		X	
Cooling fan			X		X	X		
EVAP canister vent control valve			X		X	X		
Vacuum cut valve bypass valve			X		X	X	X	
Calculated load value			X	X				

X: Applicable

\*1: This item includes 1st trip DTCs.

\*2: This mode includes 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data. The items appear on CONSULT-II screen in freeze frame data mode only if a 1st trip DTC or DTC is detected. For details, refer to EC-45.

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## CONSULT-II (Cont'd)

### FUNCTION

Diagnostic test mode	Function
Work support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately by following the indications on the CONSULT-II unit.
Self-diagnostic results	Self-diagnostic results such as 1st trip DTC, DTCs and 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data can be read and erased quickly.*1
Data monitor	Input/Output data in the ECM can be read.
Active test	Diagnostic Test Mode in which CONSULT-II drives some actuators apart from the ECMs and also shifts some parameters in a specified range.
DTC & SRT confirmation	The status of system monitoring tests and the self-diagnosis status/result can be confirmed.
ECM part numbers	ECM part numbers can be read.

\*1 The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

1. Diagnostic trouble codes
2. 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
3. Freeze frame data
4. 1st trip freeze frame data
5. System readiness test (SRT) codes
6. Test values
7. Others

### WORK SUPPORT MODE

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE
THRTL POS SEN ADJ	CHECK THE THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR SIGNAL. ADJUST IT TO THE SPECIFIED VALUE BY ROTATING THE SENSOR BODY UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● IGN SW "ON"</li> <li>● ENG NOT RUNNING</li> <li>● ACC PEDAL NOT PRESSED</li> </ul>	When adjusting throttle position sensor initial position
IGNITION TIMING ADJ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● IGNITION TIMING FEEDBACK CONTROL WILL BE HELD BY TOUCHING "START". AFTER DOING SO, ADJUST IGNITION TIMING WITH A TIMING LIGHT BY TURNING THE CRANK-SHAFT POSITION SENSOR.</li> </ul>	When adjusting initial ignition timing
FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● FUEL PUMP WILL STOP BY TOUCHING "START" DURING IDLING. CRANK A FEW TIMES AFTER ENGINE STALLS.</li> </ul>	When releasing fuel pressure from fuel line
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE	<p>OPEN THE VACUUM CUT VALVE BYPASS VALVE AND CLOSE THE EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE IN ORDER TO MAKE EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● BATTERY VOLTAGE IS SUFFICIENT</li> <li>● IGN SW "ON"</li> <li>● ENGINE NOT RUNNING</li> <li>● AMBIENT TEMPERATURE IS ABOVE 0°C (32°F).</li> <li>● NO VACUUM AND NO HIGH PRESSURE IN EVAP SYSTEM</li> <li>● TANK FUEL TEMP. IS MORE THAN 0°C (32°F).</li> <li>● WITHIN 10 MINUTES AFTER STARTING "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE"</li> </ul> <p>WHEN TRYING TO EXECUTE "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" UNDER THE CONDITION EXCEPT ABOVE, CONSULT-II WILL DISCONTINUE IT AND DISPLAY APPROPRIATE INSTRUCTION.</p> <p><b>NOTE: WHEN STARTING ENGINE, CONSULT-II MAY DISPLAY "BATTERY VOLTAGE IS LOW. CHARGE BATTERY", EVEN IN USING CHARGED BATTERY.</b></p>	When detecting EVAP vapor leak point of EVAP system

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## CONSULT-II (Cont'd)

### SELF-DIAGNOSTIC MODE

#### DTC and 1st trip DTC

Regarding items of “DTC and 1st trip DTC”, refer to “DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX” (See EC-4.).

#### Freeze frame data and 1st trip freeze frame data

Freeze frame data item*	Description
DIAG TROUBLE CODE [PXXXX]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● Engine control component part/control system has a trouble code, it is displayed as “PXXXX”. [Refer to “Alphabetical &amp; P No. Index for DTC” (EC-4).]</li></ul>
FUEL SYS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● “Fuel injection system status” at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.</li><li>● One mode in the following is displayed. “MODE 2”: Open loop due to detected system malfunction “MODE 3”: Open loop due to driving conditions (power enrichment, deceleration enrichment) “MODE 4”: Closed loop - using oxygen sensor(s) as feedback for fuel control “MODE 5”: Open loop - has not yet satisfied condition to go to closed loop</li></ul>
CAL/LD VALUE [%]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● The calculated load value at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.</li></ul>
COOLANT TEMP [°C] or [°F]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● The engine coolant temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.</li></ul>
S-FUEL TRIM [%]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● “Short-term fuel trim” at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.</li><li>● The short-term fuel trim indicates dynamic or instantaneous feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule.</li></ul>
L-FUEL TRIM [%]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● “Long-term fuel trim” at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.</li><li>● The long-term fuel trim indicates much more gradual feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule than short-term fuel trim.</li></ul>
ENGINE SPEED [rpm]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● The engine speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.</li></ul>
VHCL SPEED [km/h] or [mph]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● The vehicle speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.</li></ul>
ABSOL PRESS [kPa] or [kg/cm <sup>2</sup> ] or [psi]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● The absolute pressure at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.</li></ul>
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● The base fuel schedule at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.</li></ul>
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● The intake air temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.</li></ul>

\*: The items are the same as those of 1st trip freeze frame data.

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## CONSULT-II (Cont'd)

### DATA MONITOR MODE

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks	
CMPS·RPM (REF) [rpm]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates the engine speed computed from the REF signal (180° signal) of the camshaft position sensor.</li> </ul>		GI MA
MAS AIR/FL SE [V]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor is displayed.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.</li> </ul>	EM
COOLAN TEMP/S [°C] or [°F]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The engine coolant temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the engine coolant temperature sensor) is displayed.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the engine coolant temperature sensor is open or short-circuited, ECM enters fail-safe mode. The engine coolant temperature determined by the ECM is displayed.</li> </ul>	LC
FR O2 SENSOR [V]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The signal voltage of the front heated oxygen sensor is displayed.</li> </ul>		<b>EC</b>
RR O2 SENSOR [V]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The signal voltage of the rear heated oxygen sensor is displayed.</li> </ul>		FE
FR O2 MNTR [RICH/LEAN]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Display of front heated oxygen sensor signal during air-fuel ratio feedback control: RICH ... means the mixture became "rich", and control is being affected toward a leaner mixture. LEAN ... means the mixture became "lean", and control is being affected toward a rich mixture.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>After turning ON the ignition switch, "RICH" is displayed until air-fuel mixture ratio feedback control begins.</li> <li>When the air-fuel ratio feedback is clamped, the value just before the clamping is displayed continuously.</li> </ul>	CL MT
RR O2 MNTR [RICH/LEAN]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Display of rear heated oxygen sensor signal: RICH ... means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively small. LEAN ... means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively large.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.</li> </ul>	AT
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed sensor signal is displayed.</li> </ul>		FA
BATTERY VOLT [V]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The power supply voltage of ECM is displayed.</li> </ul>		RA
THRTL POS SEN [V]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The throttle position sensor signal voltage is displayed.</li> </ul>		BR
FUEL T/TMP SE [°C] or [°F]	○		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The fuel temperature judged from the fuel tank temperature sensor signal voltage is displayed.</li> </ul>		ST
EGR TEMP SEN [V]	○		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The signal voltage of the EGR temperature sensor is displayed.</li> </ul>		
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	○		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The intake air temperature determined by the signal voltage of the intake air temperature sensor is indicated.</li> </ul>		RS
START SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the starter signal.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>After starting the engine, [OFF] is displayed regardless of the starter signal.</li> </ul>	BT
CLSD THL POS [ON/OFF]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates idle position [ON/OFF] computed by ECM according to the throttle position sensor signal.</li> </ul>		HA
CLSD THL/P SW [ON/OFF]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates mechanical contact [ON/OFF] condition of the closed throttle position switch.</li> </ul>		EL
AIR COND SIG [ON/OFF]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air conditioner switch as determined by the air conditioner signal.</li> </ul>		IDX

**NOTE:**

Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## CONSULT-II (Cont'd)

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks
P/N POSI SW [ON/OFF]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the park/neutral position switch signal.</li> </ul>	
PW/ST SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>[ON/OFF] condition of the power steering oil pressure switch determined by the power steering oil pressure signal is indicated.</li> </ul>	
LOAD SIGNAL	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the rear defogger signal.</li> </ul>	
AMB TEMP SW [ON/OFF]	○	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the ambient air temperature switch signal.</li> </ul>	
IGNITION SW [ON/OFF]	○		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ignition switch.</li> </ul>	
A/C PRESS SW [ON/OFF]	○		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air conditioner triple-pressure switch (medium-pressure side) determined by the pressure of the air conditioning high pressure side.</li> </ul>	
INJ PULSE [msec]		○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates the actual fuel injection pulse width compensated by ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the engine is stopped, a certain computed value is indicated.</li> </ul>
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]		○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board correction.</li> </ul>	
IGN TIMING [BTDC]		○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates the ignition timing computed by ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.</li> </ul>
IACV-AAC/V [%]		○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates the IACV - AAC valve control value computed by ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>	
PURG VOL C/V [%]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve computed by the ECM according to the input signals.</li> <li>The opening becomes larger as the value increases.</li> </ul>	
A/F ALPHA [%]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The mean value of the air-fuel ratio feedback correction factor per cycle is indicated.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.</li> <li>This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control.</li> </ul>
EVAP SYS PRES [V]		○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The signal voltage of EVAP control system pressure sensor is displayed.</li> </ul>	
AIR COND RLY [ON/OFF]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The air conditioner relay control condition (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated.</li> </ul>	
FUEL PUMP RLY [ON/OFF]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates the fuel pump relay control condition determined by ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>	
COOLING FAN [HI/LOW/OFF]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates the control condition of the cooling fan (determined by ECM according to the input signal).</li> <li>HI ... High speed operation</li> <li>LOW ... Low speed operation</li> <li>OFF ... Stop</li> </ul>	
EGRC SOL/V [ON/OFF] (flow/cut)			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The control condition of the EGRC-solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated.</li> <li>ON ... EGR is operational</li> <li>OFF ... EGR operation is cut-off</li> </ul>	
VENT CONT/V [ON/OFF]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The control condition of the EVAP canister vent control valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated.</li> <li>ON ... Closed</li> <li>OFF ... Open</li> </ul>	
FR O2 HEATER [ON/OFF]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of front heated oxygen sensor heater determined by ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>	



# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## CONSULT-II (Cont'd)

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks	
RR O2 HEATER [ON/OFF]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of rear heated oxygen sensor heater determined by ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>		GI
VC/V BYPASS/V [ON/OFF]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The control condition of the vacuum cut valve bypass valve (determined by ECM according to the input signal) is indicated.</li> <li>ON ... Open</li> <li>OFF ... Closed</li> </ul>		MA EM
CAL/LD VALUE [%]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"Calculated load value" indicates the value of the current airflow divided by peak airflow.</li> </ul>		LC
ABSOL TH·P/S [%]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"Absolute throttle position sensor" indicates the throttle opening computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the throttle position sensor.</li> </ul>		EC
MASS AIRFLOW [g·m/s]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicates the mass airflow computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the mass airflow sensor.</li> </ul>		FE
FUEL LEVEL SE [V]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The signal voltage of the fuel level sensor is displayed.</li> </ul>		CL
ABSOL PRES/SE [V]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The signal voltage of the absolute pressure sensor (if equipped) is displayed.</li> </ul>		MT
VOLTAGE [V]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Voltage measured by the voltage probe.</li> </ul>		AT
PULSE [msec] or [Hz] or [%]			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pulse width, frequency or duty cycle measured by the pulse probe.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Only "#" is displayed if item is unable to be measured.</li> <li>Figures with "#"s are temporary ones. They are the same figures as an actual piece of data which was just previously measured.</li> </ul>	FA RA BR ST RS BT HA EL IDX

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## CONSULT-II (Cont'd)

### ACTIVE TEST MODE

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
FUEL INJECTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: Return to the original trouble condition</li> <li>● Change the amount of fuel injection using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness and connector</li> <li>● Fuel injectors</li> <li>● Front heated oxygen sensor</li> </ul>
IACV-AAC/V OPENING	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up, idle the engine.</li> <li>● Change the IACV-AAC valve opening percent using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	Engine speed changes according to the opening percent.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness and connector</li> <li>● IACV-AAC valve</li> </ul>
ENG COOLANT TEMP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: Return to the original trouble condition</li> <li>● Change the engine coolant temperature using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness and connector</li> <li>● Engine coolant temperature sensor</li> <li>● Fuel injectors</li> </ul>
IGNITION TIMING	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: Return to the original trouble condition</li> <li>● Timing light: Set</li> <li>● Retard the ignition timing using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Adjust initial ignition timing</li> </ul>
POWER BALANCE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up, idle the engine.</li> <li>● A/C switch "OFF"</li> <li>● Shift lever "N"</li> <li>● Cut off each injector signal one at a time using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	Engine runs rough or dies.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness and connector</li> <li>● Compression</li> <li>● Injectors</li> <li>● Power transistor</li> <li>● Spark plugs</li> <li>● Ignition coils</li> </ul>
COOLING FAN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ignition switch: ON</li> <li>● Turn the cooling fan "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	Cooling fan moves and stops.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness and connector</li> <li>● Cooling fan motor</li> </ul>
FUEL PUMP RELAY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> <li>● Turn the fuel pump relay "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound.</li> </ul>	Fuel pump relay makes the operating sound.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness and connector</li> <li>● Fuel pump relay</li> </ul>
EGRC SOLENOID VALVE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ignition switch: ON</li> <li>● Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound.</li> </ul>	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness and connector</li> <li>● Solenoid valve</li> </ul>
SELF-LEARNING CONT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● In this test, the coefficient of self-learning control mixture ratio returns to the original coefficient by touching "CLEAR" on the screen.</li> </ul>		
PURG VOL CONT/V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up, run engine at 1,500 rpm.</li> <li>● Change the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve opening percent using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	Engine speed changes according to the opening percent.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness and connector</li> <li>● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve</li> </ul>
FUEL T/TMP SE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Change the fuel tank temperature using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>		
VENT CONTROL/V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> <li>● Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound.</li> </ul>	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness and connector</li> <li>● Solenoid valve</li> </ul>
VC/V BYPASS/V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> <li>● Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound.</li> </ul>	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness and connector</li> <li>● Solenoid valve</li> </ul>

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## CONSULT-II (Cont'd)

### DTC CONFIRMATION MODE

#### SRT STATUS mode

For details, refer to "SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE", EC-45.

#### SRT WORK SUPPORT mode

SRT status and some of the data monitor items can be read.

#### DTC WORK SUPPORT mode

TEST MODE	TEST ITEM	CONDITION	REFERENCE PAGE
EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM	PURGE FLOW P1447	Refer to corresponding trouble diagnosis for DTC.	EC-407
	VC CUT/V BP/V P1491		EC-429
	PURG VOL CN/V P1444		EC-395
	EVAP SML LEAK P0440		EC-286
	EVAP V/S LEAK P1441		EC-385
FR O2 SENSOR	FR O2 SENSOR P0130		EC-159
	FR O2 SENSOR P0131		EC-166
	FR O2 SENSOR P0132		EC-174
	FR O2 SENSOR P0133		EC-182
RR O2 SENSOR	RR O2 SENSOR P0137		EC-201
	RR O2 SENSOR P0138		EC-209
	RR O2 SENSOR P0139		EC-216
EGR SYSTEM	EGR SYSTEM P0400		EC-268
	EGRC-BPT/VLV P0402		EC-277
	EGR SYSTEM P1402		EC-378

GI  
MA  
EM  
LC  
**EC**  
FE  
CL  
MT  
AT  
FA  
RA  
BR  
ST  
RS  
BT  
HA  
EL  
IDX

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

DATA MONITOR	
Recording Data...11%	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
FR O2 SEN-B1	XXX V
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h

SEF706X

SET RECORDING CONDITION
AUTO TRIG
MANU TRIG
TRIGGER POINT
0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%
RECORDING SPEED
MIN MAX
/64 /32 /16 /8 /4 /2 FULL

SEF707X

## CONSULT-II (Cont'd)

### REAL TIME DIAGNOSIS IN DATA MONITOR MODE (RECORDING VEHICLE DATA)

CONSULT-II has two kinds of triggers and they can be selected by touching "SETTING" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

1. "AUTO TRIG" (Automatic trigger):

- The malfunction will be identified on the CONSULT-II screen in real time.

In other words, DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will be displayed at the moment the malfunction is detected by ECM.

At the moment a malfunction is detected by ECM, "MONITOR" in "DATA MONITOR" screen is changed to "Recording Data ... xx%" as shown at left, and the data after the malfunction detection is recorded. Then when the percentage reached 100%, "REAL-TIME DIAG" screen is displayed. If "STOP" is touched on the screen during "Recording Data ... xx%", "REAL-TIME DIAG" screen is also displayed.

The recording time after the malfunction detection and the recording speed can be changed by "TRIGGER POINT" and "Recording Speed". Refer to CONSULT-II OPERATION MANUAL.

2. "MANU TRIG" (Manual trigger):

- DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will not be displayed automatically on CONSULT-II screen even though a malfunction is detected by ECM.

DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously even though a malfunction is detected.

Use these triggers as follows:

1. "AUTO TRIG"

- While trying to detect the DTC/1st trip DTC by performing the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE", be sure to select to "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. You can confirm the malfunction at the moment it is detected.

- While narrowing down the possible causes, CONSULT-II should be set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode, especially in case the incident is intermittent.

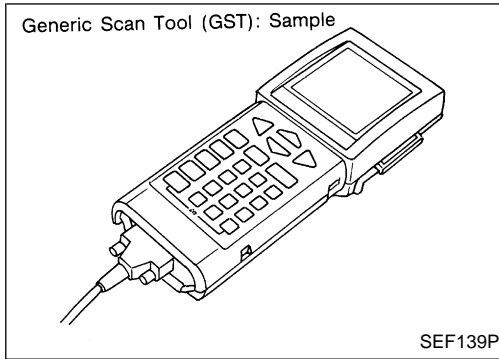
When you are inspecting the circuit by gently shaking (or twisting) the suspicious connectors, components and harness in the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE", the moment a malfunction is found the DTC/1st trip DTC will be displayed. (Refer to GI section, "Incident Simulation Tests" in "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".)

2. "MANU TRIG"

- If the malfunction is displayed as soon as "DATA MONITOR" is selected, reset CONSULT-II to "MANU TRIG". By selecting "MANU TRIG" you can monitor and store the data. The data can be utilized for further diagnosis, such as a comparison with the value for the normal operating condition.



# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



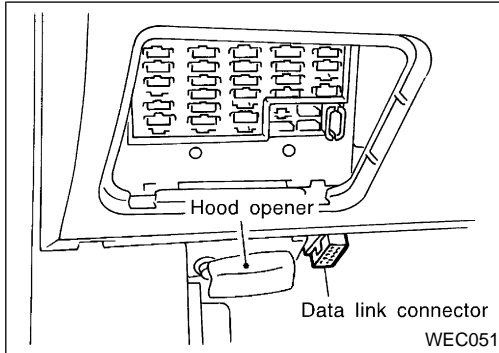
## Generic Scan Tool (GST)

### DESCRIPTION

Generic Scan Tool (OBDII scan tool) complying with SAE J1978 has 7 different functions explained on the next page.

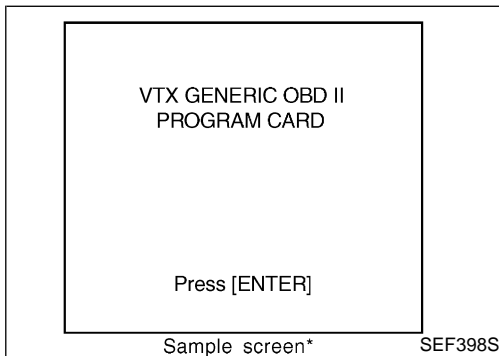
ISO9141 is used as the protocol.

The name "GST" or "Generic Scan Tool" is used in this service manual.



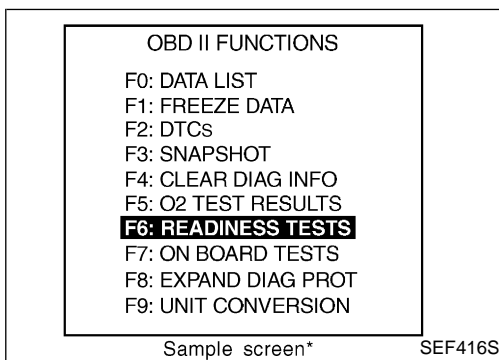
### GST INSPECTION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Connect "GST" to data link connector which is located under LH dash panel near the fuse box cover.



3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Enter the program according to instruction on the screen or in the operation manual.

(\*: Regarding GST screens in this section, sample screens are shown.)



5. Perform each diagnostic mode according to each service procedure.

**For further information, see the GST Operation Manual of the tool maker.**

# ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## Generic Scan Tool (GST) (Cont'd)

### FUNCTION

Diagnostic test mode		Function	
MODE 1	READINESS TESTS	This mode gains access to current emission-related data values, including analog inputs and outputs, digital inputs and outputs, and system status information.	GI
MODE 2	(FREEZE DATA)	This mode gains access to emission-related data value which were stored by ECM during the freeze frame. [For details, refer to "Freeze Frame Data" (EC-70).]	MA
MODE 3	DTCs	This mode gains access to emission-related power train trouble codes which were stored by ECM.	EM
MODE 4	CLEAR DIAG INFO	This mode can clear all emission-related diagnostic information. This includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Clear number of diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 1)</li> <li>● Clear diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 3)</li> <li>● Clear trouble code for freeze frame data (MODE 1)</li> <li>● Clear freeze frame data (MODE 2)</li> <li>● Reset status of system monitoring test (MODE 1)</li> <li>● Clear on board monitoring test results (MODE 6 and 7)</li> </ul>	LC <b>EC</b>
MODE 6	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode accesses the results of on board diagnostic monitoring tests of specific components/systems that are not continuously monitored.	FE
MODE 7	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode enables the off board test drive to obtain test results for emission-related powertrain components/systems that are continuously monitored during normal driving conditions.	CL
MODE 8	—	This mode can close EVAP system in ignition switch "ON" position (Engine stopped). When this mode is performed, following parts can be opened or closed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● EVAP canister vent control open</li> <li>● Vacuum cut valve bypass valve closed</li> </ul> In the following conditions, this mode cannot function. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Low ambient temperature</li> <li>● Low battery voltage</li> <li>● Engine running</li> <li>● Ignition switch "OFF"</li> <li>● Low fuel temperature</li> <li>● Too much pressure is applied to EVAP system</li> </ul>	MT AT FA RA
MODE 9	(CALIBRATION ID)	This mode enables the off-board (External test equipment) to request specific vehicle information such as Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) and Calibration IDs.	BR

ST

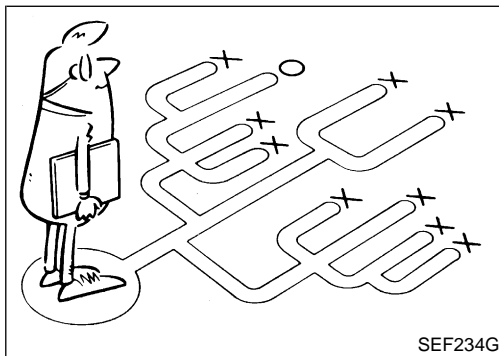
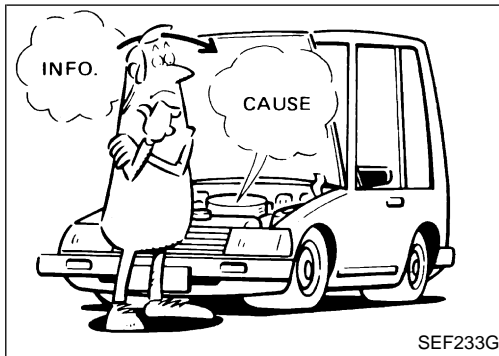
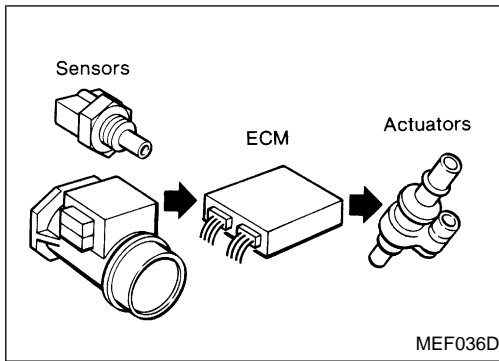
RS

BT

HA

EL

IDX



## KEY POINTS

**WHAT** ..... Vehicle & engine model  
**WHEN** ..... Date, Frequencies  
**WHERE**..... Road conditions  
**HOW** ..... Operating conditions,  
Weather conditions,  
Symptoms

SEF907L

## Introduction

The engine has an ECM to control major systems such as fuel control, ignition control, idle air control system, etc. The ECM accepts input signals from sensors and instantly drives actuators. It is essential that both input and output signals are proper and stable. At the same time, it is important that there are no problems such as vacuum leaks, fouled spark plugs, or other problems with the engine.

It is much more difficult to diagnose a problem that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent problems are caused by poor electric connections or improper wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspected circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.

A visual check only may not find the cause of the problems. A road test with CONSULT-II (or GST) or a circuit tester connected should be performed. Follow the "Work Flow" on EC-82.

Before undertaking actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a driveability complaint. The customer can supply good information about such problems, especially intermittent ones. Find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur. A "Diagnostic Worksheet" like the example on next page should be used. Start your diagnosis by looking for "conventional" problems first. This will help troubleshoot driveability problems on an electronically controlled engine vehicle.

## Diagnostic Worksheet

There are many operating conditions that lead to the malfunction of engine components. A good grasp of such conditions can make trouble-shooting faster and more accurate.

In general, each customer feels differently about a problem. It is important to fully understand the symptoms or conditions for a customer complaint.

Utilize a diagnostic worksheet like the one on the next page in order to organize all the information for troubleshooting.

Some conditions may cause the malfunction indicator lamp to come on steady or blink and DTC to be detected. Examples:

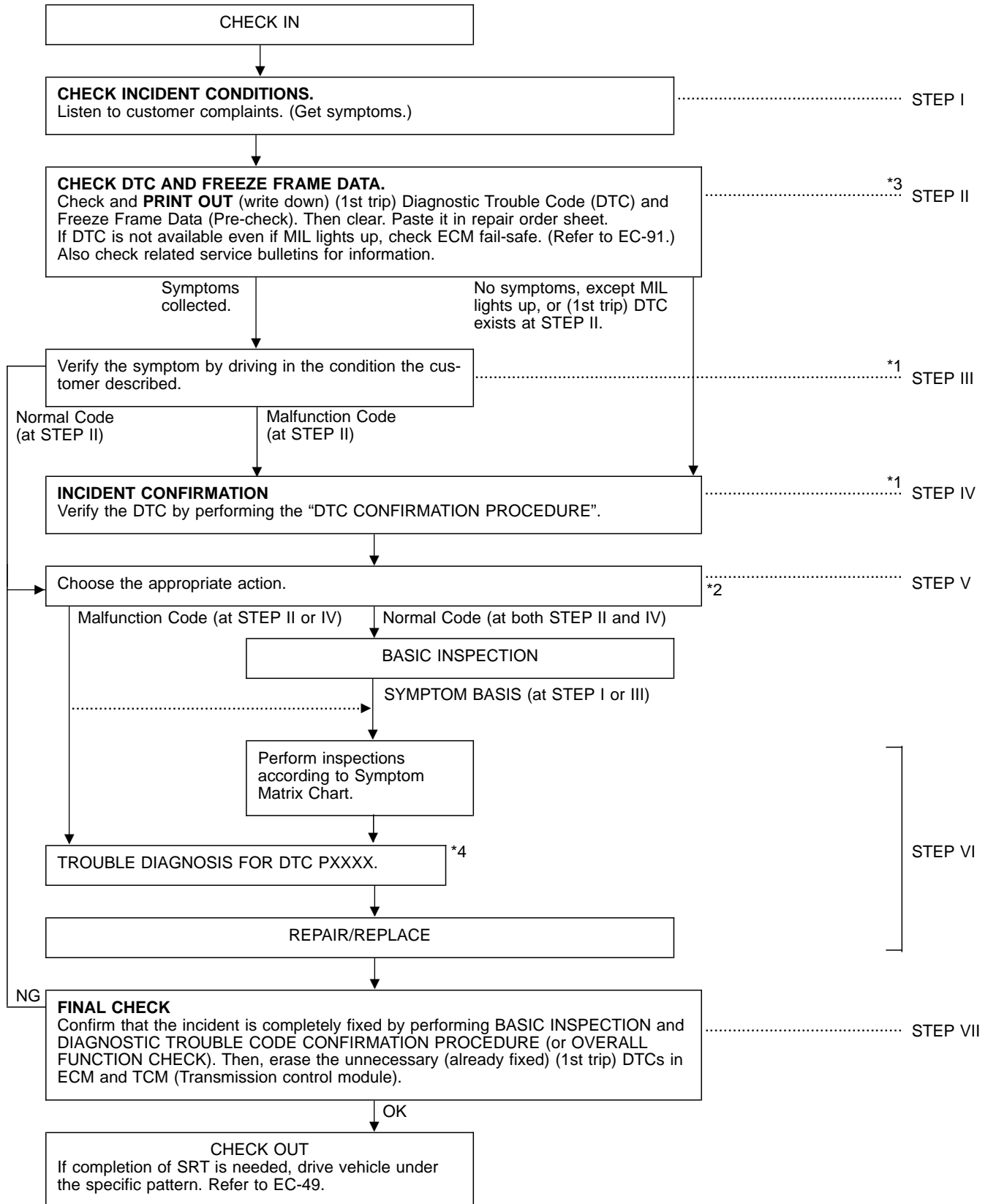
- Vehicle ran out of fuel, which caused the engine to misfire.
- Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on, allowing fuel to evaporate into the atmosphere.





# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Work Flow

## Work Flow



\*1: If the incident cannot be duplicated, refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". EC-109.

\*2: If the on board diagnostic system cannot be performed, check main power supply and ground circuit. Refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY", EC-110.

\*3: If time data of "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" is other than "0" or "1t" refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

\*4: If the malfunctioning part cannot be found, refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Work Flow

### Description for Work Flow

STEP	DESCRIPTION
STEP I	Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident/symptom occurred using the "DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET", EC-81.
STEP II	Before confirming the concern, check and write down (print out using CONSULT-II or Generic Scan Tool) the (1st trip) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) and the (1st trip) freeze frame data, then erase the code and the data. (Refer to EC-56.) The (1st trip) DTC and the (1st trip) freeze frame data can be used when duplicating the incident at STEP III & IV. Study the relationship between the cause, specified by (1st trip) DTC, and the symptom described by the customer. (The "Symptom Matrix Chart" will be useful. See EC-92.) Also check related service bulletins for information.
STEP III	Try to confirm the symptom and under what conditions the incident occurs. The "DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET" and the freeze frame data are useful to verify the incident. Connect CONSULT-II to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS. (Refer to GI-24 section.) If the malfunction code is detected, skip STEP IV and perform STEP V.
STEP IV	Try to detect the (1st trip) Diagnostic Trouble Code by driving in (or performing) the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE". Check and read the (1st trip) DTC and (1st trip) freeze frame data by using CONSULT-II or Generic Scan Tool. During the (1st trip) DTC verification, be sure to connect CONSULT-II to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS. (Refer to GI-24 section.) In case the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" is not available, perform the "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" instead. The (1st trip) DTC cannot be displayed by this check, however, this simplified "check" is an effective alternative. The "NG" result of the "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK" is the same as the (1st trip) DTC detection.
STEP V	Take the appropriate action based on the results of STEP I through IV. If the malfunction code is indicated, proceed to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC PXXXX. If the normal code is indicated, proceed to the BASIC INSPECTION. (Refer to EC-84.) Then perform inspections according to the Symptom Matrix Chart. (Refer to EC-92.)
STEP VI	Identify where to begin diagnosis based on the relationship study between symptom and possible causes. Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage using (tracing) "Harness Layouts". Gently shake the related connectors, components or wiring harness with CONSULT-II set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. Check the voltage of the related ECM terminals or monitor the output data from the related sensors with CONSULT-II. Refer to EC-95. The "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" in EC section contains a description based on open circuit inspection. A short circuit inspection is also required for the circuit check in the DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE. For details, refer to GI-26 section ("HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT", "Circuit Inspection"). Repair or replace the malfunction parts.
STEP VII	Once you have repaired the circuit or replaced a component, you need to run the engine in the same conditions and circumstances which resulted in the customer's initial complaint. Perform the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" and confirm the normal code [Diagnostic trouble code No. P0000 or 0505] is detected. If the incident is still detected in the final check, perform STEP VI by using a different method from the previous one. Before returning the vehicle to the customer, be sure to erase the unnecessary (already fixed) (1st trip) DTC in ECM and TCM (Transmission control module). (Refer to EC-54.)

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

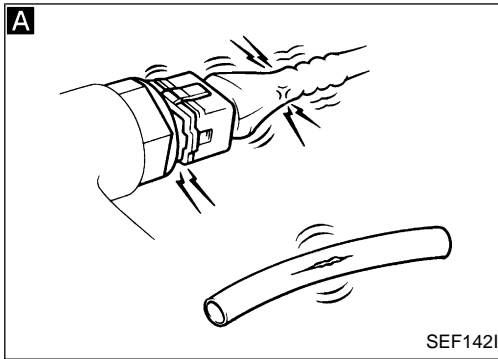
BT

HA

EL

IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection

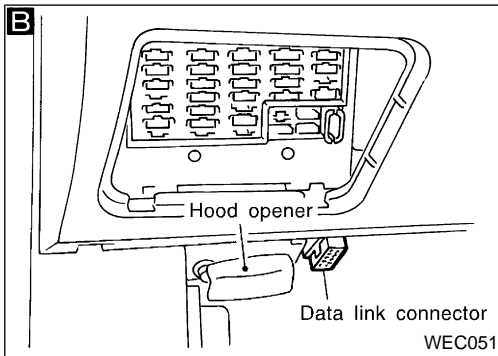


## Basic Inspection

### Precaution:

Perform Basic Inspection without electrical or mechanical loads applied;

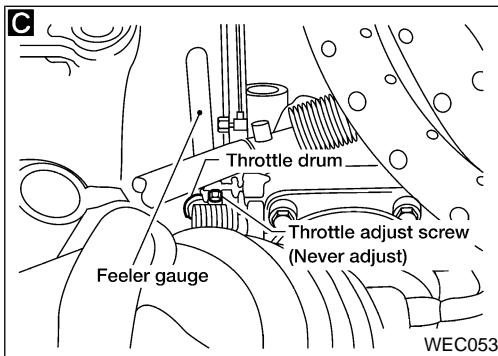
- Headlamp switch is OFF,
- Air conditioner switch is OFF,
- Rear window defogger switch is OFF,
- Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.



**A**

### BEFORE STARTING

1. Check service records for any recent repairs that may indicate a related problem, or the current need for scheduled maintenance.
2. Open engine hood and check the following:
  - Harness connectors for improper connections
  - Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks, or improper connections
  - Wiring for improper connections, pinches, or cuts



**B**

### CONNECT CONSULT-II TO THE VEHICLE.

Connect "CONSULT-II" to the data link connector for CONSULT-II and select "ENGINE" from the menu. Refer to EC-67.

**C**

### CHECK FI CAM FUNCTION.

1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
2. Select "COOLANT TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR MODE" with CONSULT-II.
3. Warm up engine until "COOLANT TEMP/S" reaches to 75°C (167°F).
4. Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds then turn ignition switch "ON".
5. When engine coolant temperature is between 75 to 85°C (167 to 185°F), check clearance between throttle drum and stopper. Refer to the left figure. **Clearance should be less than 0.05 mm (0.0020 in).**

NG

Check FI cam, refer to EC-36.



- OR
2. Select "MODE 1" WITH GST.
  3. When engine coolant temperature is between 75 to 85°C (167 to 185°F), check clearance between throttle drum and stopper. Refer to the left figure. **Clearance should be less than 0.05 mm (0.0020 in).**

OK

**A**

(Go to next page.)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection

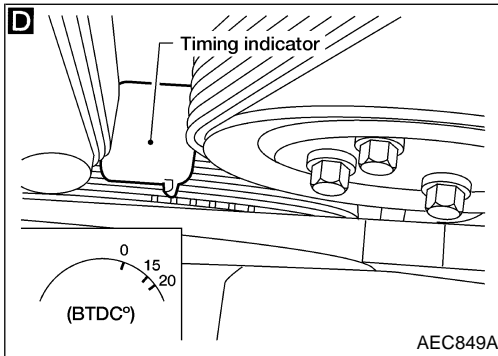
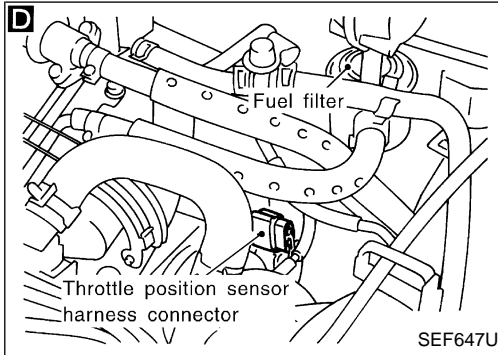
## Basic Inspection (Cont'd)

**D**

**IGNITION TIMING ADJ**

IGNITION TIMING FEEDBACK CONTROL WILL BE HELD BY TOUCHING START. AFTER DOING SO, ADJUST IGNITION TIMING WITH A TIMING LIGHT BY TURNING THE CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.

PEF546N



**E**

**IGNITION TIMING ADJ**

IGNITION TIMING FEEDBACK CONTROL WILL BE HELD BY TOUCHING START. AFTER DOING SO, ADJUST IGNITION TIMING WITH A TIMING LIGHT BY TURNING THE CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR.

PEF546N

**A**

**D**

**CHECK IGNITION TIMING.**

1. Warm up engine to normal operating temperature.

2. Select "IGNITION TIMING ADJ" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode.

3. Touch "START".

4. Check ignition timing at idle using timing light.

**Ignition timing\*:**  
**20° ±2° BTDC**

OR

1. Warm up engine to normal operating temperature.

2. Stop engine and disconnect throttle position sensor harness connector.\*

3. Start engine.

4. Check ignition timing at idle using timing light.

**Ignition timing:**  
**20° ±2° BTDC**

NG → Check camshaft position sensor and adjust ignition timing by turning distributor.

\* DTC P1705 (DTC 1206) is stored in ECM and TCM in this step. Be sure to erase DTC after completing the procedure.

**E**

**CHECK BASE IDLE SPEED.**

1. Select "IGNITION TIMING ADJ" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode.

2. When touching "START", does engine speed fall to

**M/T: 650±50 rpm**  
**A/T: 650±50 rpm**  
**(in "P" or "N" position)?**

OR

Does engine run at

**M/T: 650±50 rpm**  
**A/T: 650±50 rpm**  
**(in "P" or "N" position)?**

NG → Adjust base idle speed by turning idle speed adjusting screw. Refer to "Idle Speed/ Ignition Timing/Idle Mixture Ratio Adjustment" in "BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE".

OK

**B**

(Go to next page.)

GI  
MA  
EM  
LC  
EC  
FE  
CL  
MT  
AT  
FA  
RA  
BR  
ST  
RS  
BT  
HA  
EL  
IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection

## Basic Inspection (Cont'd)

**F**

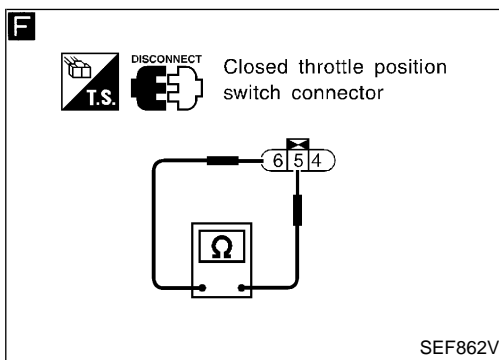
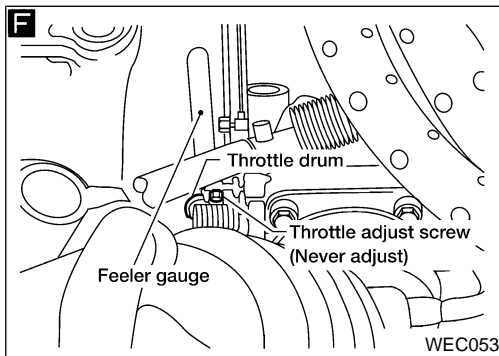
DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CLSD THL/P SW	ON

PEF577W

**F**

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CLSD THL/P SW	OFF

PEF122W



**B**

- F**
- CHECK CLOSED THROTTLE POSITION SWITCH IDLE POSITION. (Check throttle position sensor idle position.)**
- Always check ignition timing and base idle speed before performing the followings.
- Warm up engine to normal operating temperature.
  - Check FI cam, refer to procedure **C**.
  - Stop engine.
  - Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
  - Select "CLSD THL/P SW" from the menu.
  - Read "CLSD THL/P SW" signal under the following conditions.
    - Insert a 0.25 mm (0.010 in) and 0.35 mm (0.014 in) feeler gauge alternately between the throttle adjust screw (TAS) and stopper as shown in the figure and check the signal.
- "CLSD THL/P SW" signal should remain "ON" while inserting 0.25 mm (0.010 in) feeler gauge.  
"CLSD THL/P SW" signal should remain "OFF" while inserting 0.35 mm (0.014 in) feeler gauge.

OR

- F**
- Disconnect closed throttle position switch harness connector.
  - Connect the tester probe to closed throttle position switch terminals **5** and **6**.
  - Check harness continuity under the following conditions.
    - Insert the 0.25 mm (0.010 in) and 0.35 mm (0.014 in) feeler gauge alternately between the throttle adjust screw (TAS) and stopper as shown in the figure and check continuity.
- "Continuity should exist" while inserting 0.25 mm (0.010 in) feeler gauge.  
"Continuity should not exist" while inserting 0.35 mm (0.014 in) feeler gauge.

NG

**G**

**ADJUSTMENT**  
Refer to "THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION ADJUSTMENT".  
Go to EC-88.

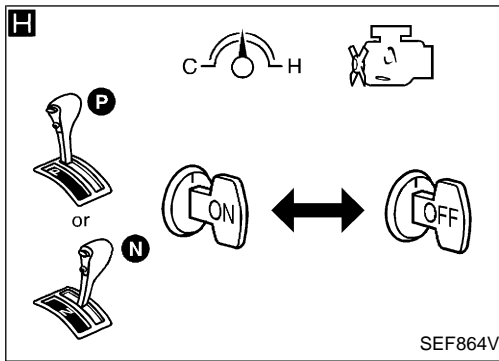
OK

**C**


(Go to next page.)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection

## Basic Inspection (Cont'd)





C


-  ● Reconnect throttle position sensor harness connector and closed throttle position switch harness connector.
- Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) 2 or 3 times under no-load and then run engine at idle speed.

H


**RESET THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION MEMORY.**  
**Note: Always warm up engine to normal operating temperature. If engine is cool, the throttle position sensor idle position memory will not be reset correctly.**

1. Start engine.
2. Warm up engine to normal operating temperature.
-  3. Select "CLSD THL POS" in "DATA MONITOR" mode (Manual trigger) with CONSULT-II.
4. Stop engine. (Turn ignition switch "OFF".)
5. Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
6. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
-  7. Repeat steps 5 and 6 until "CLSD THL POS" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II changes to "ON".


OR

-  7. Repeat steps 5 and 6, 20 times.


**CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED.**

-  Read the engine idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.  
**700±50 rpm**  
**(in "P" or "N" position)**

OR

-  Check idle speed.  
**700±50 rpm**  
**(in "P" or "N" position)**

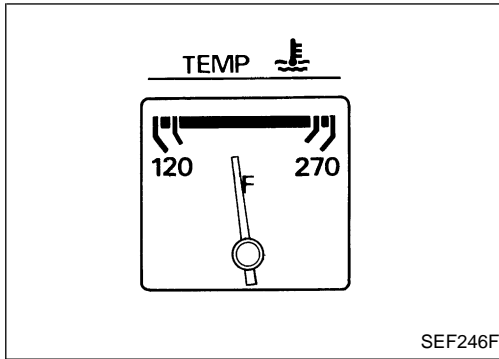
NG → Adjust idle speed. Refer to EC-37.

 **ERASE DTC MEMORY.**  
 After this inspection, unnecessary diagnostic trouble code No. might be stored or displayed. Erase the stored memory in ECM and TCM. Refer to "How to erase DTC" in "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION" and A/T section ("Self-diagnosis", "TROUBLE DIAGNOSES").

INSPECTION END

GI  
 MA  
 EM  
 LC  
**EC**  
 FE  
 CL  
 MT  
 AT  
 FA  
 RA  
 BR  
 ST  
 RS  
 BT  
 HA  
 EL  
 IDX

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection

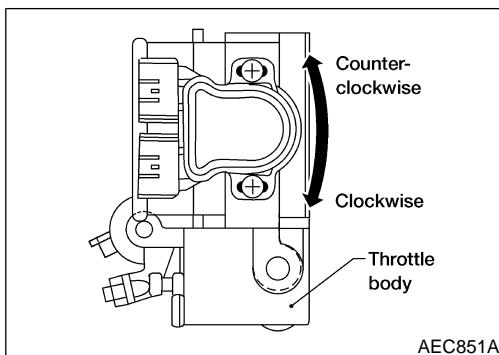
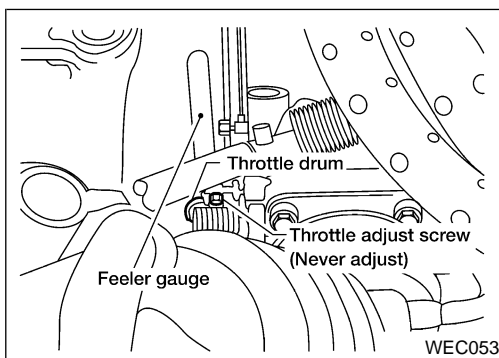


DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CLSD THL/P SW	ON

PEF577W

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CLSD THL/P SW	OFF

PEF122W



### Basic Inspection (Cont'd)

#### 📱 THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION ADJUSTMENT

##### Note:

- Never adjust throttle adjust screw (TAS).
- Do not touch throttle drum when checking “CLSD THL/P SW” signal or “continuity”, doing so may cause an incorrect adjustment.

1. Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.
2. Check FI cam. Refer to procedure 📱 .
3. Stop engine.
4. Loosen throttle position sensor fixing bolts.
  5. Turn ignition switch “ON”.
  6. Select “DATA MONITOR” mode with CONSULT-II.
  7. Select “CLSD THL/P SW” from the menu.
  8. Read “CLSD THL/P SW” signal under the following conditions.
    - Insert 0.25 mm (0.010 in) feeler gauge between throttle adjust screw and stopper as shown in the figure and check the following.
    - **Open throttle valve and then close.**
    - **“CLSD THL/P SW” signal should remain “OFF” when the throttle valve is closed. (If signal is “ON”, turn throttle position sensor body counter-clockwise until the signal switches to “OFF”.)**
  9. Temporarily tighten sensor body fixing bolts as follows.
    - **Gradually move the sensor body clockwise and stop it when “CLSD THL/P SW” signal switches from “OFF” to “ON”, then tighten sensor body fixing bolts.**
  10. Make sure the signal is “ON” when the throttle valve is closed and “OFF” when it is opened. Repeat it two or three times.
  11. Remove 0.25 mm (0.010 in) feeler gauge then insert 0.35 mm (0.014 in) feeler gauge and check the following. Make sure the signal remains “OFF” when the throttle valve is closed. Repeat it two or three times.
  12. Tighten throttle position sensor.

Check that the “CLSD THL/P SW” signal remains “OFF” while closing throttle valve. If NG, repeat from the step 4.


**After this adjustment, go to procedure 📱 RESET THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION MEMORY.**

OR



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection

### Basic Inspection (Cont'd)

5.  Disconnect closed throttle position sensor harness connector.
6. Connect tester probes to the closed throttle position switch terminals ⑤ and ⑥ and check continuity under the following conditions.
  - Insert the 0.25 mm (0.010 in) feeler gauge between the throttle adjust screw and throttle drum as shown in the figure and check the following.
  - **Open throttle valve then close.**
  - **The continuity should not exist while closing the throttle valve. If the continuity exists, turn throttle position sensor body counterclockwise until the continuity does not exist.**

GI

MA

EM

LC

**EC**

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

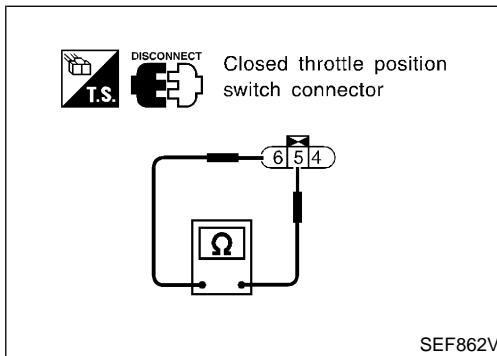
RS

BT

HA

EL


IDX



7. Temporarily tighten sensor body fixing bolts as follows.
  - **Gradually move the sensor body clockwise and stop it when the continuity comes to exist, then tighten sensor body fixing bolts.**
8. Make sure the continuity exists when the throttle valve is closed and continuity does not exist when it is opened. Repeat it two or three times.
9. Remove 0.25 mm (0.010 in) feeler gauge, then insert 0.35 mm (0.014 in) feeler gauge and check the following.

Make sure the continuity does not exist when the throttle valve is closed. Repeat it two or three times.
10. Tighten throttle position sensor.

Check that the continuity does not exist while closing the throttle valve. If NG, repeat from the step 5.

**After this adjustment, go to procedure  RESET THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR IDLE POSITION MEMORY.**

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

### Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Inspection Priority Chart

If some DTCs are displayed at the same time, perform inspections one by one based on the following priority chart.

Priority	Detected items (DTC)
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● P0100 Mass air flow sensor (0102)</li> <li>● P0110 Intake air temperature sensor (0401)</li> <li>● P0115 P0125 Engine coolant temperature sensor (0103) (0908)</li> <li>● P0120 Throttle position sensor (0403)</li> <li>● P0180 Fuel tank temperature sensor (0402)</li> <li>● P0325 Knock sensor (0304)</li> <li>● P0340 Camshaft position sensor (0101)</li> <li>● P0460, P0461, P0464, P1464 Fuel level sensor</li> <li>● P0500 Vehicle speed sensor (0104)</li> <li>● P0605 ECM (0301)</li> <li>● P1126 Thermostat function</li> <li>● P1320 Ignition signal (0201)</li> <li>● P1400 EGRC-solenoid valve (1005)</li> <li>● P1605 A/T diagnosis communication line (0804)</li> <li>● P1706 Park/neutral position (PNP) switch (1003)</li> </ul>
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● P0105 Absolute pressure sensor (if equipped) (0803)</li> <li>● P0130-P0134 Front heated oxygen sensor (0303-0412)</li> <li>● P0135 Front heated oxygen sensor heater (0901)</li> <li>● P0137-P0140 Rear heated oxygen sensor (0510-0707)</li> <li>● P0141 Rear heated oxygen sensor heater (0902)</li> <li>● P0335, P1336 Crankshaft position sensor (0802), (0905)</li> <li>● P0443, P1444 EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve (1008), (0214)</li> <li>● P0446, P1446, P1448 EVAP canister vent control valve (0903), (0215), (0309)</li> <li>● P0450 EVAP control system pressure sensor (0704)</li> <li>● P0510 Closed throttle position switch (0203)</li> <li>● P0705-P0725, P0740-P1760 A/T related sensors, solenoid valves and switches (1101-1208), (1108-1206)</li> <li>● P1401 EGR temperature sensor (0305)</li> <li>● P1447 EVAP control system purge flow monitoring (0111)</li> <li>● P1490, P1491 Vacuum cut valve bypass valve (0801), (0311)</li> </ul>
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● P0171, P0172 Fuel injection system function (0115), (0114)</li> <li>● P0304 - P0300 Misfire (0605 - 0701)</li> <li>● P0400, P1402 EGR function (0302), (0514)</li> <li>● P0402 EGRC-BPT valve function (0306)</li> <li>● P0420 Three way catalyst function (0702)</li> <li>● P0440, P0455, P1441 EVAP control system (SMALL LEAK), (GROSS LEAK), (VERY SMALL LEAK) (0705), (0714), (0809)</li> <li>● P0505 IACV-AAC valve (0205)</li> <li>● P0600 Signal circuit from TCM to ECM</li> <li>● P0731-P0734, P0744 A/T function (1103 - 1106), (1107)</li> <li>● P1148 Closed loop control (0307)</li> </ul>

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

## Fail-Safe Chart

The ECM enters fail-safe mode, if any of the following malfunctions is detected due to the open or short circuit. When the ECM enters the fail-safe mode, the MIL illuminates.

DTC No.		Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode														
CONSULT-II GST	ECM*1																
P0100	0102	Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.														
P0115	0103	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	<p>Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turning ignition switch "ON" or "START". CONSULT-II displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Condition</th> <th>Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Just as ignition switch is turned ON or Start</td> <td>40°C (104°F)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or Start</td> <td>80°C (176°F)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Except as shown above</td> <td>40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>With the ignition key in the OFF position, cooling fans will operate for 120 seconds when in fail-safe mode.</p>	Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)	Just as ignition switch is turned ON or Start	40°C (104°F)	More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or Start	80°C (176°F)	Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)						
Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)																
Just as ignition switch is turned ON or Start	40°C (104°F)																
More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or Start	80°C (176°F)																
Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)																
P0120	0403	Throttle position sensor circuit	<p>Throttle position will be determined based on the injected fuel amount and the engine speed. Therefore, acceleration will be poor.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Condition</th> <th>Driving condition</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>When engine is idling</td> <td>Normal</td> </tr> <tr> <td>When accelerating</td> <td>Poor acceleration</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Condition	Driving condition	When engine is idling	Normal	When accelerating	Poor acceleration								
Condition	Driving condition																
When engine is idling	Normal																
When accelerating	Poor acceleration																
Unable to access ECM	Unable to access Diagnostic Test Mode II	ECM	<p><b>ECM fail-safe activating condition</b> The computing function of the ECM was judged to be malfunctioning. When the fail-safe system activates (i.e., if the ECM detects a malfunction condition in the CPU of ECM), the MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP on the instrument panel lights to warn the driver. However it is not possible to access ECM and DTC cannot be confirmed.</p> <p><b>Engine control with fail-safe</b> When ECM fail-safe is operating, fuel injection, ignition timing, fuel pump operation, and IACV-AAC valve operation are controlled under certain limitations.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>ECM fail-safe operation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><b>Engine speed</b></td> <td><b>Engine speed will not rise more than 3,000 rpm</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fuel injection</td> <td>Simultaneous multiport fuel injection system</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ignition timing</td> <td>Ignition timing is fixed at the preset valve</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fuel pump</td> <td>Fuel pump relay is "ON" when engine is running and "OFF" when engine stalls</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cooling fans</td> <td>Cooling fan relay "ON" (High speed condition) when engine is running, and "OFF" when engine stalls.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IACV-AAC valve</td> <td>Full open</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Replace ECM, if ECM fail-safe condition is confirmed.</p>		ECM fail-safe operation	<b>Engine speed</b>	<b>Engine speed will not rise more than 3,000 rpm</b>	Fuel injection	Simultaneous multiport fuel injection system	Ignition timing	Ignition timing is fixed at the preset valve	Fuel pump	Fuel pump relay is "ON" when engine is running and "OFF" when engine stalls	Cooling fans	Cooling fan relay "ON" (High speed condition) when engine is running, and "OFF" when engine stalls.	IACV-AAC valve	Full open
	ECM fail-safe operation																
<b>Engine speed</b>	<b>Engine speed will not rise more than 3,000 rpm</b>																
Fuel injection	Simultaneous multiport fuel injection system																
Ignition timing	Ignition timing is fixed at the preset valve																
Fuel pump	Fuel pump relay is "ON" when engine is running and "OFF" when engine stalls																
Cooling fans	Cooling fan relay "ON" (High speed condition) when engine is running, and "OFF" when engine stalls.																
IACV-AAC valve	Full open																

\*1: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)

GI  
MA  
EM  
LC  
EC  
FE  
CL  
MT  
AT  
FA  
RA  
BR  
ST  
RS  
BT  
HA  
EL  
IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

## Symptom Matrix Chart

SYSTEM — Basic engine control system		SYMPTOM													Reference page
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	
Warranty symptom code		AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA	
Fuel	Fuel pump circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			3		2	EC-461
	Fuel pressure regulator system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-35
	Injector circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-455
	Evaporative emission system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-23
Air	Positive crankcase ventilation system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	1		EC-33
	Incorrect idle speed adjustment	3	3				1	1	1	1		1			EC-84
	IACV-AAC valve circuit	1	1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2		2		2	EC-333
	IACV-FICD solenoid valve circuit	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3			EC-470
Ignition	Incorrect ignition timing adjustment	3	3	1	1	1		1	1			1			EC-84
	Ignition circuit	1	1	2	2	2		2	2			2			EC-355
EGR	EGRC-solenoid valve circuit		2	2	3	3						3			EC-367
	EGR system	2	1	2	3	3	3	2	2	3		3			EC-268
Main power supply and ground circuit		2	2	3	3	3		3	3		2	3		2	EC-110
Air conditioner circuit		2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3		2	HA section

1 - 6: The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

(continued on next page)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

## Symptom Matrix Chart (Cont'd)

SYSTEM — Engine control system		SYMPTOM													Reference page
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEAT/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	
Warranty symptom code		AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA	
Engine control	Camshaft position sensor circuit	2	2	3	3	3		3	3			3			EC-261
	Mass air flow sensor circuit	1	1	2	2	2		2	2			2			EC-115
	Front heated oxygen sensor circuit		1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-159,166
	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	1	1	2	3	2	3	2	2	3		2			EC-136,154
	Throttle position sensor circuit		1	2		2	2	2	2	2		2			EC-141
	Incorrect throttle position sensor adjustment		3	1		1	1	1	1	1		1			EC-84
	Vehicle speed sensor circuit		2	3		3						3			EC-329
	Knock sensor circuit			2								3			EC-251
	ECM	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			EC-349,91
	Start signal circuit	2													EC-458
	Park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit			3		3		3	3			3			EC-438
Power steering oil pressure switch circuit		2					3	3						EC-466	

1 - 6: The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

(continued on next page)

GI  
 MA  
 EM  
 LC  
**EC**  
 FE  
 CL  
 MT  
 AT  
 FA  
 RA  
 BR  
 ST  
 RS  
 BT  
 HA  
 EL  
 IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

## Symptom Matrix Chart (Cont'd)

SYSTEM — Engine mechanical & other		SYMPTOM													Reference page					
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)						
Warranty symptom code		AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA						
Fuel	Fuel tank	5													FE section					
	Fuel piping			5	5	5		5	5			5				—				
	Vapor lock		5														—			
	Valve deposit																	—		
	Poor fuel (Heavy weight gasoline, Low octane)	5		5	5	5		5	5			5							—	
Air	Air duct														FE section					
	Air cleaner															—				
	Air leakage from air duct (Mass air flow sensor — throttle body)		5	5		5		5	5			5					FE section			
	Throttle body, Throttle wire	5			5		5			5								—		
	Air leakage from intake manifold/Collector/Gasket																		—	
Cranking	Battery	1	1	1		1		1	1			1		1	EL section					
	Alternator circuit														EM section					
	Starter circuit	3														AT section				
	Flywheel/Drive plate	6															AT section			
	Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	4																AT section		
Engine	Cylinder head	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5	3	EM section						
	Cylinder head gasket										4				EM section					
	Cylinder block												4			EM section				
	Piston																EM section			
	Piston ring	6	6	6	6	6		6	6			6						EM section		
	Connecting rod																		EM section	
	Bearing																			EM section
	Crankshaft																			
Valve mechanism	Timing chain													EM section						
	Camshaft														EM section					
	Intake valve	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		5					EM section				
	Exhaust valve											3					EM section			
Exhaust	Exhaust manifold/Tube/Muffler/Gasket													FE section						
	Three way catalyst														FE section					
Lubrication	Oil pan/Oil strainer/Oil pump/Oil filter/Oil gallery	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5		MA, EM, LC section						
	Oil level (Low)/Filthy oil														MA, EM, LC section					
Cooling	Radiator/Hose/Radiator filler cap													LC section						
	Thermostat									5					LC section					
	Water pump															LC section				
	Water gallery	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		4	5					LC section			
	Cooling fan									5								LC section		
	Coolant level (low)/Contaminated coolant																		LC section	
NVIS (Nissan Vehicle Immobilizer System — NATS)	1	1												EC-57 or EL-250 section.						

1 - 6: The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

### CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Remarks:

- Specification data are reference values.
- Specification data are output/input values which are detected or supplied by the ECM at the connector.
  - \* Specification data may not be directly related to their components signals/values/operations.
    - i.e. Adjust ignition timing with a timing light before monitoring IGN TIMING, because the monitor may show the specification data in spite of the ignition timing not being adjusted to the specification data. This IGN TIMING monitors the data calculated by the ECM according to the signals input from the camshaft position sensor and other ignition timing related sensors.
- If the real-time diagnosis results are NG and the on board diagnostic system results are OK when diagnosing the mass air flow sensor, first check to see if the fuel pump control circuit is normal.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
CMPS-RPM (REF)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Tachometer: Connect</li> <li>● Run engine and compare tachometer indication with the CONSULT-II value.</li> </ul>		Almost the same speed as the CONSULT-II value.
MAS AIR/FL SE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> <li>● Air conditioner switch: "OFF"</li> <li>● Shift lever: "N"</li> <li>● No-load</li> </ul>	Idle	1.0 - 1.7V
		2,500 rpm	1.8 - 2.4V
COOLAN TEMP/S	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> </ul>		More than 70°C (158°F)
FR O2 SENSOR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> </ul>	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
FR O2 MNTR			LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.
RR O2 SENSOR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> </ul>	Revving engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR			LEAN ↔ RICH
VHCL SPEED SE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Turn drive wheels and compare speedometer indication with the CONSULT-II value</li> </ul>		Almost the same speed as the CONSULT-II value
BATTERY VOLT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> </ul>		11 - 14V
THRTL POS SEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● After warming up</li> <li>● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> </ul>	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.15 - 0.85V
		Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 3.5 - 4.7V
FUEL T/TMP SE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>		
EGR TEMP SEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> </ul>		Less than 4.5V
START SIGNAL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ignition switch: ON → START → ON</li> </ul>		OFF → ON → OFF
CLSD THL/P SW	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> <li>● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> </ul>	Throttle valve: Idle position	ON
		Throttle valve: Slightly open	OFF
CLSD THL POS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> <li>● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> </ul>	Throttle valve: Idle position	ON
		Throttle valve: Slightly open	OFF
AIR COND SIG	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up, idle the engine</li> </ul>	Air conditioner switch: "OFF"	OFF
		Air conditioner switch: "ON" (Compressor operates.)	ON
P/N POSI SW	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	Shift lever: "P" or "N"	ON
		Except above	OFF
PW/ST SIGNAL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up, idle the engine</li> </ul>	Steering wheel in neutral position (forward direction)	OFF
		The steering wheel is fully turned	ON
LOAD SIGNAL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	Rear window defogger is operating.	ON
		Rear window defogger is not operating.	OFF
AMB TEMP SW	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ignition switch: ON</li> <li>● Compare ambient temperature with the following:</li> </ul>	Below 23.5°C (74°F)	OFF
		Above 23.5°C (74°F)	ON

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

### CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode (Cont'd)

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
A/C PRESS SW	● Air conditioner high pressure side: Increasing to 1,422 - 1,618 kPa (14.5 - 16.5 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 206 - 235 psi)	ON	
	● Air conditioner high pressure side: Except above	OFF	
IGNITION SW	● Ignition switch: ON → OFF → ON	ON → OFF → ON	
INJ PULSE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> <li>● Air conditioner switch: "OFF"</li> <li>● Shift lever: "N"</li> <li>● No-load</li> </ul>	Idle	2.5 - 3.3 msec
		2,000 rpm	2.4 - 3.2 msec
B/FUEL SCHDL	ditto	Idle	0.6 - 1.0 msec
		2,000 rpm	0.7 - 1.1 msec
IGN TIMING	ditto	Idle	Approx. 12° BTDC
		2,000 rpm	More than 25° BTDC
IACV-AAC/V	ditto	Idle	Approx. 20%
		2,000 rpm	—
PURG VOL C/V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> <li>● Air conditioner switch "OFF"</li> <li>● No-load</li> </ul>	Idle	0%
		Vehicle running (Shift lever "1") 2,000 rpm (90 seconds after starting engine)	—
A/F ALPHA	● Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	54 - 155%
EVAP SYS PRES	● Ignition switch: ON		Approx. 3.4V
AIR COND RLY	● Air conditioner switch: OFF → ON		OFF → ON
FUEL PUMP RLY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ignition switch is turned to ON (Operates for 5 seconds)</li> <li>● Engine running and cranking</li> </ul>		ON
		Except as shown above	OFF
COOLING FAN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: Idling, after warming up</li> <li>● Air conditioner switch "OFF"</li> <li>● Vehicle speed</li> </ul>	Engine coolant temperature is 94°C (201°F) or less.	OFF
		Engine coolant temperature is between 95°C (203°F) and 104°C (219°F).	LOW
		Engine coolant temperature is 95°C (203°F) or more.	HI
EGRC SOL/V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> <li>● Air conditioner switch: "OFF"</li> <li>● Shift lever: "N"</li> <li>● No-load</li> </ul>	Idle	OFF (CUT)
		Engine speed: Revving from 1,500 to 4,000 rpm quickly	ON (FLOW)
VENT CONT/V	● Ignition switch: ON		OFF
FR O2 HEATER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine speed: Idle</li> <li>● Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm</li> </ul>		ON
		● Engine speed: Idle [After driving 2 minutes at 70 km/h (43 mph) or more]	OFF
RR O2 HEATER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine speed: Above 3,000 rpm</li> <li>● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> </ul>		ON
			OFF
VC/V BYPASS/V	● Ignition switch: ON		OFF
CAL/LD VALUE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> <li>● Air conditioner switch: "OFF"</li> <li>● Shift lever: "N"</li> <li>● No-load</li> </ul>	Idle	Approx. 19%
		2,500 rpm	Approx. 18%
ABSOL TH-P/S	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> </ul>	Throttle valve: fully closed	0.0%
		Throttle valve: fully opened	Approx. 80%
MASS AIRFLOW	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> <li>● Air conditioner switch: "OFF"</li> <li>● Shift lever: "N"</li> <li>● No-load</li> </ul>	Idle	Approx. 3.24 g/m/s
		2,500 rpm	Approx. 12.2 g/m/s
FUEL LEVEL SE	● Ignition switch: ON		Approximately 0.2 - 2.3V (Varies by the fuel level)
ABSOL PRES/SE	● Ignition switch: ON		Approx. 4.4V



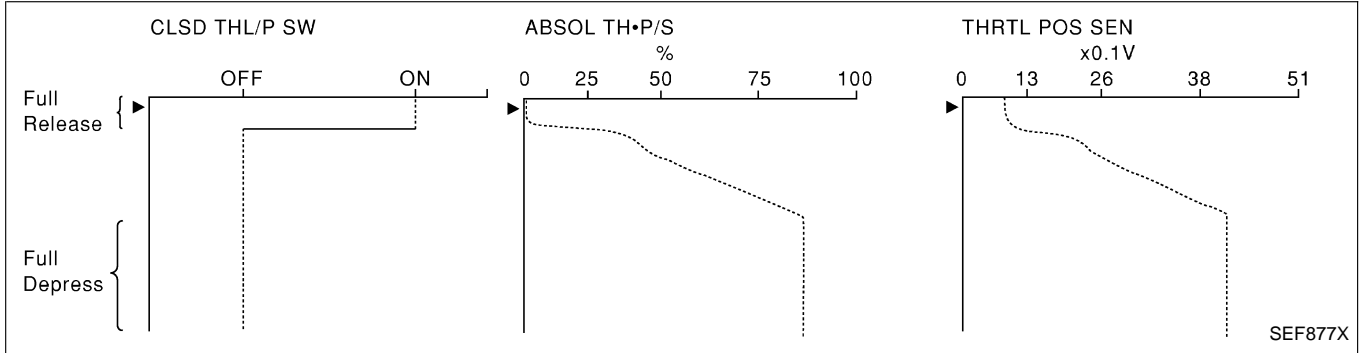
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

## Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode

The following are the major sensor reference graphs in "DATA MONITOR" mode.  
(Select "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" with CONSULT-II.)

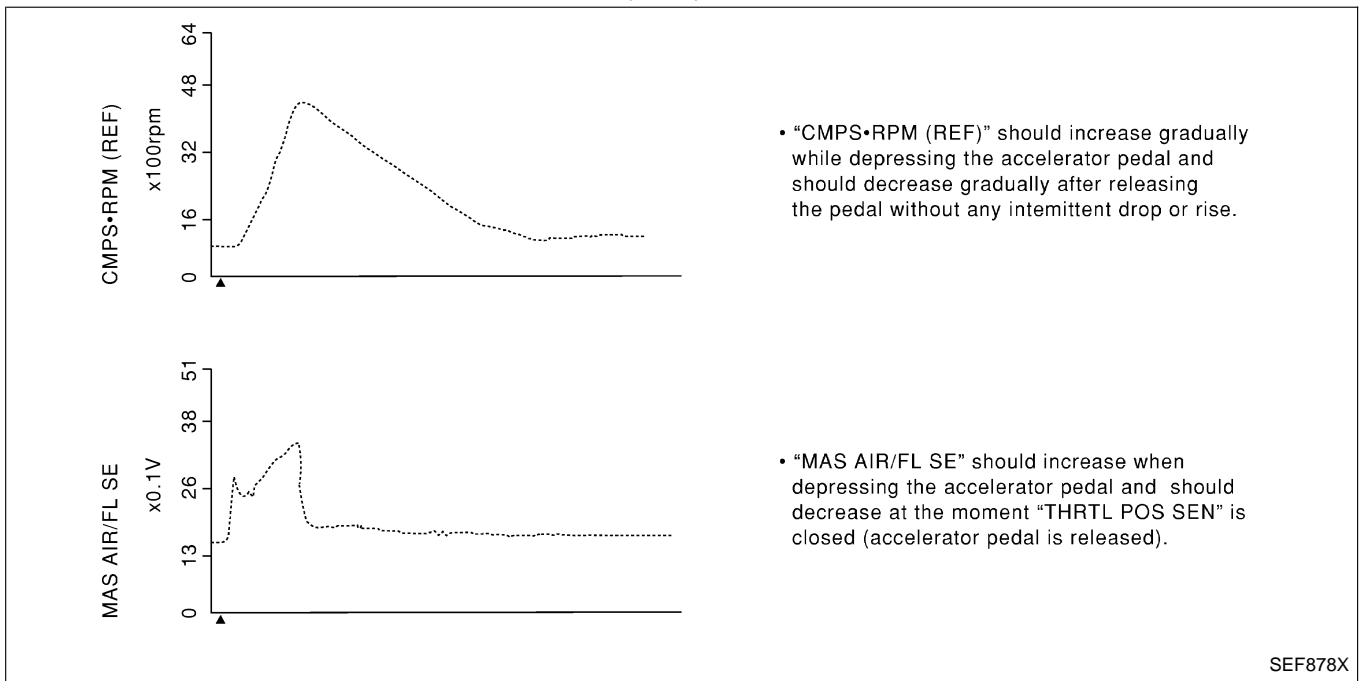
### THRTL POS SEN, ABSOL TH·P/S, CLSD THL/P SW

Below is the data for "THRTL POS SEN", "ABSOL TH·P/S" and "CLSD THL/P SW" when depressing the accelerator pedal with the ignition switch "ON".  
The signal of "THRTL POS SEN" and "ABSOL TH·P/S" should rise gradually without any intermittent drop or rise after "CLSD THL/P SW" is changed from "ON" to "OFF".



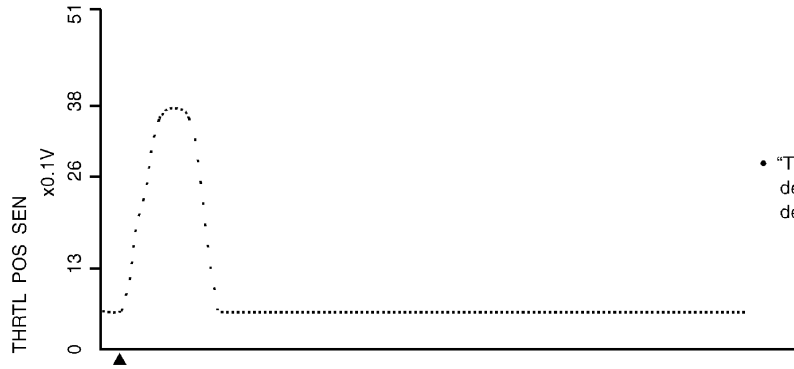
### CMPS·RPM (REF), MAS AIR/FL SE, THRTL POS SEN, RR O2 SEN, FR O2 SEN, INJ PULSE

Below is the data for "CMPS·RPM (REF)", "MAS AIR/FL SE", "THRTL POS SEN", "RR O2 SEN", "FR O2 SEN" and "INJ PULSE" when revving engine quickly up to 4,800 rpm under no load after warming up engine to normal operating temperature.  
Each value is for reference, the exact value may vary.

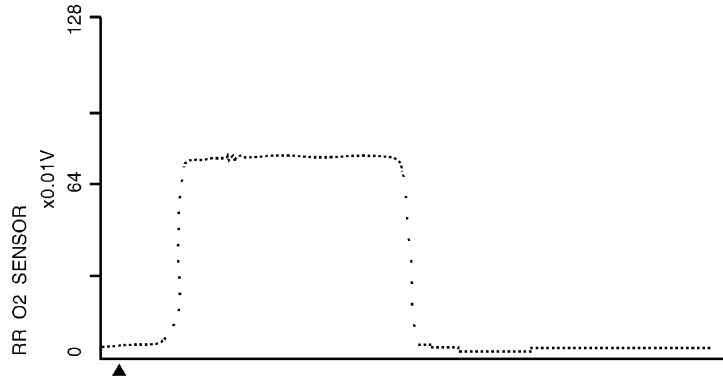


## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

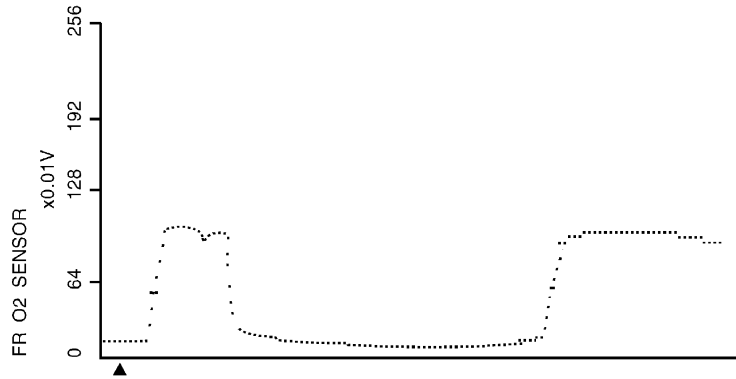
### Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode (Cont'd)



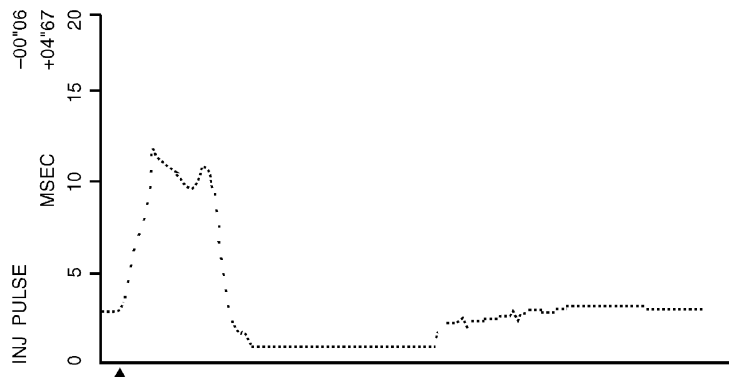
- "THRTL POS SEN" should increase while depressing the accelerator pedal and should decrease while releasing it.



- "RR O2 SENSOR" may increase immediately after depressing the accelerator pedal and may decrease after releasing the pedal.

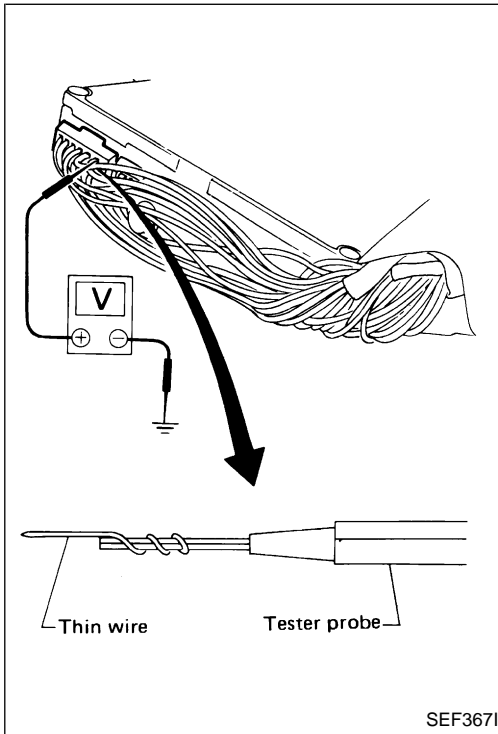
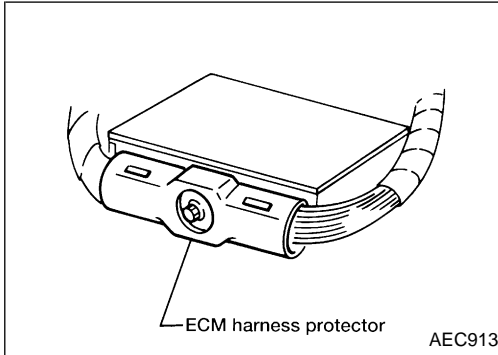
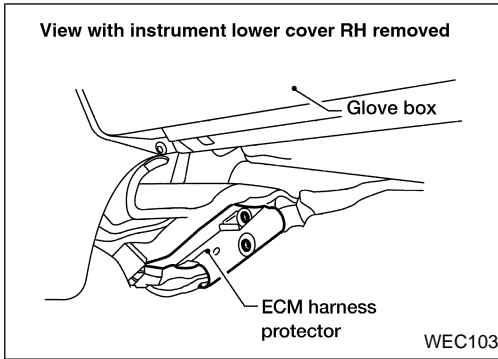


- "FR O2 SENSOR" may increase immediately after depressing the accelerator pedal and may decrease after releasing the pedal.



- "INJ PULSE" should increase when depressing the accelerator pedal and should decrease when the pedal is released.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description



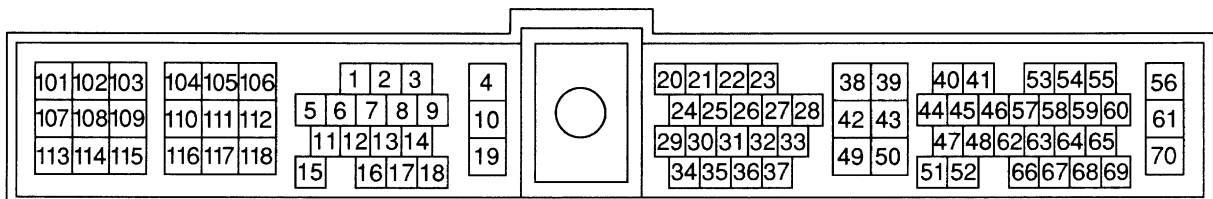
## ECM Terminals and Reference Value

### PREPARATION

- ECM is located behind the instrument lower cover. For this inspection:
  - Remove instrument lower cover.
- Remove ECM harness protector.
- Perform all voltage measurements with the connector connected. Extend tester probe as shown to perform tests easily.
  - Open harness securing clip to make testing easier.
  - Use extreme care not to touch 2 pins at one time.
  - Data is for comparison and may not be exact.

GI  
MA  
EM  
LC  
**EC**  
FE  
CL  
MT  
AT  
FA  
RA  
BR  
ST  
RS  
BT  
HA  
EL  
IDX

### ECM HARNESS CONNECTOR TERMINAL LAYOUT



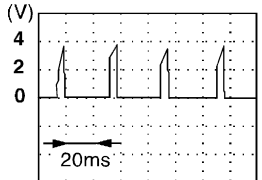
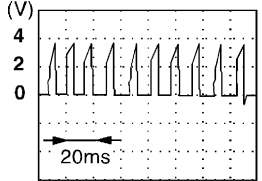
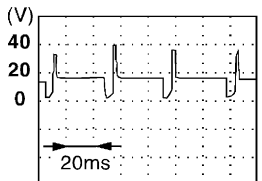
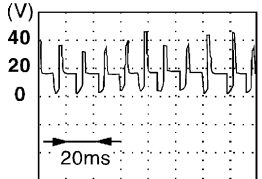
SEF064P

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

## ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

### ECM INSPECTION TABLE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
1	W/B	Ignition signal	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	0.3 - 0.5V 
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> └ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0.7 - 1.0V 
2	OR/B	Ignition check	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	13 - 14V 
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> └ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	12 - 13V 

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

## ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
3	L/OR	Tachometer	<p>Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)</p> <p>└ Idle speed</p>	<p>0.5 - 1.5V</p> <p style="text-align: right;">SEF190T</p>	GI
			<p>Engine is running.</p> <p>└ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm</p>	<p>2 - 3V</p> <p style="text-align: right;">SEF191T</p>	MA
4	W/G	ECM relay (Self-shutoff)	<p>Engine is running.</p> <p>Ignition switch "OFF"</p> <p>└ For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"</p>	0 - 1V	EM
			<p>Ignition switch "OFF"</p> <p>└ A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"</p>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	LC
5	L	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	<p>Engine is running.</p> <p>└ Idle speed</p>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	EC
6	B/P	Fuel pump relay	<p>Ignition switch "ON"</p> <p>└ For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"</p> <p>Engine is running.</p>	0 - 1V	FE
			<p>Ignition switch "ON"</p> <p>└ More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"</p>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	CL
7	PU	A/T check signal	<p>Ignition switch "ON"</p> <p>Engine is running.</p>	0 - 4.0V	MT
9	GY/R	Air conditioner triple-pressure switch	Ignition switch "ON".	Approximately 6 - 10V	AT
10	B	ECM ground	<p>Engine is running.</p> <p>└ Idle speed</p>	Engine ground	FA
13	LG	Cooling fan relay (High)	<p>Engine is running.</p> <p>└ Cooling fan is not operating.</p>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	RA
			<p>Engine is running.</p> <p>└ Cooling fan (High) is operating.</p>	0 - 0.4V	BR

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

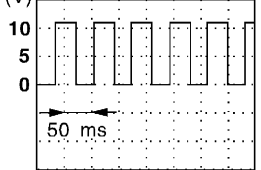
### ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
14	LG/R	Cooling fan relay (Low)	Engine is running. └ Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Engine is running. └ Cooling fan (Low) is operating.	0 - 0.3V
15	R/Y	Air conditioner relay	Engine is running. └ Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON"*	Approximately 0V
			Engine is running. └ A/C switch is "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
18	OR/L	Malfunction indicator lamp	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 0.1V
			Engine is running. └ Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
19	B	ECM ground	Engine is running. └ Idle speed	Engine ground
20	B/Y	Start signal	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 0V
			Ignition switch "START"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
21	L/OR	Air conditioner switch	Engine is running. └ Both air conditioner switch and blower switch are "ON" (Compressor operates)	Approximately 0V
			Engine is running. └ Air conditioner switch is "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
22	G/OR	Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Ignition switch "ON" └ Gear position is "N" or "P"	Approximately 0V
			Ignition switch "ON" └ Except the above gear position	Approximately 5V
23	Y	Throttle position sensor	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) └ Accelerator pedal fully released	0.3 - 0.7V
			Ignition switch "ON" └ Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Approximately 4V
24	Y/B	A/T signal No. 1	Ignition switch "ON"	6 - 8V
			Engine is running. └ Idle speed	
25	LG/B	Power steering oil pressure switch	Engine is running. └ Steering wheel is fully being turned	Approximately 0V
			Engine is running. └ Steering wheel is not being turned	Approximately 5V

\*: Any mode except "OFF", ambient air temperature above 10°C (50°F).

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

## ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
26	PU/R	Vehicle speed sensor	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Lift up the vehicle.</li> <li>└ In 2nd gear position</li> <li>└ 40 km/h (25 MPH)</li> </ul>	4 - 7V (V) 
				SEF642U
27	Y	Throttle position switch (Closed position)	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Ignition switch "ON"</div> (Warm-up condition) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Accelerator pedal fully released</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Ignition switch "ON"</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Accelerator pedal depressed</li> </ul>	Approximately 0V
28	R/Y	Intake air temperature sensor	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div>	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with intake air temperature.
29	Y/G	A/T signal No. 2	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Ignition switch "ON"</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Idle speed</li> </ul>	6 - 8V
30	Y/R	A/T signal No. 3	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Ignition switch "ON"</div>	0V
33	GY	Throttle position sensor signal	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Ignition switch "ON"</div> (Warm-up condition) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Accelerator pedal fully released</li> </ul>	Approximately 0.4V
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Ignition switch "ON"</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Accelerator pedal fully depressed</li> </ul>	Approximately 4V
37	Y/G	Ambient air temperature switch	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Idle speed</li> </ul>	0V
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> [Ambient air temperature is 20°C (68°F)] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Idle speed</li> </ul>	Approximately 8V
38	R	Ignition switch	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Ignition switch "OFF"</div>	0V
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Ignition switch "ON"</div>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
39	B	ECM ground	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Idle speed</li> </ul>	Engine ground

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

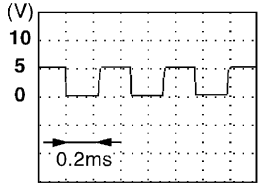
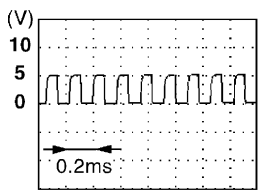
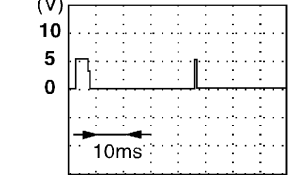
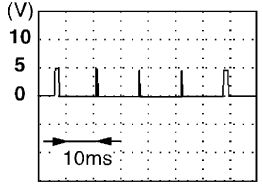
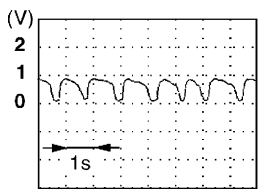
HA

EL

IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

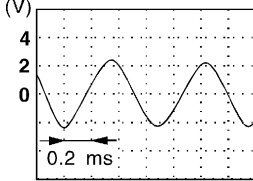
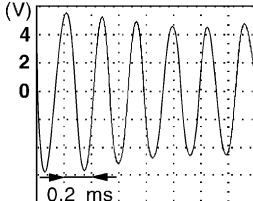
## ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
40	B/W	Camshaft position sensor (Position signal)	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V  SEF195T
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> └ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 2.3 - 2.5V  SEF196T
41 42	LY	Camshaft position sensor (Reference signal)	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	0.1 - 0.5V  SEF199T
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> └ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.2 - 0.4V  SEF200T
43	B	ECM ground	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> └ Idle speed	Engine ground (Probe this terminal with ⊖ tester probe when measur- ing.)
45	G/L	Fuel level sensor	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> └ Idle speed	0 - Approximately 4.5V
46	W	Front heated oxygen sensor	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> └ After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V  SEF201T



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

### ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	BR	Mass air flow sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	1.2 - 1.5V
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Engine speed is 2,500 rpm	1.9 - 2.3V
48	B/R	Mass air flow sensor ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	Approximately 0V
49	W/R	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V
50	B	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	Approximately 0V
51	BR/Y	Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with engine coolant temperature.
52	W	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. └ After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V
53	BR	Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	Approximately 0.5V  SEF643U
			Engine is running. └ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	Approximately 0V  SEF644U
54	W	Knock sensor	Engine is running. └ Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V
55	L/R	Rear window defogger relay	Ignition switch "ON" └ Rear window defogger is "OFF".	Approximately 0V
			Ignition switch "ON" └ Rear window defogger is "ON".	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
56	W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
61	W/R			

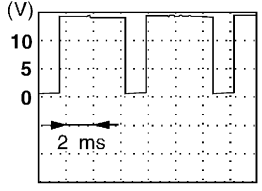
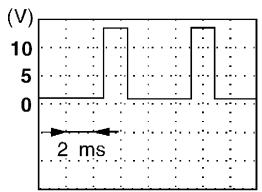
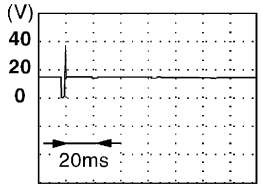
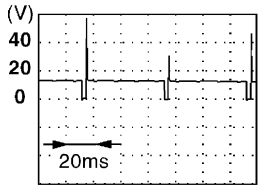
## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

### ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
59	LG/R	Blower fan switch	Ignition switch "ON" └ Blower fan switch is "ON"	Approximately 0V
			Ignition switch "ON" └ Blower fan switch is "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
60	BR	Headlamp switch	Lighting switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Lighting switch "OFF"	Approximately 0V
62	L/Y	EGR temperature sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	Less than 4.5V
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ EGR system is operating	0 - 1.5V
63	LG/R	Fuel tank temperature sensor	Engine is running.	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel temperature.
58	L/B	Data link connector	Engine is running.	0 - 14V
64	G/B		└ Idle speed (CONSULT-II is connected and turned on.)	
65	GY/L			3 - 9V
66	W	Absolute pressure sensor (If equipped)	Ignition switch "ON" └ Engine is not running.	Approximately 4.3V
			Engine is running. └ For 5 seconds after starting engine.	
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed (5 seconds after starting engine)	Approximately 1.3V
67	W	EVAP control system pressure sensor	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 3.4V
68	B	Fuel level sensor	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 0V
70	W/L	Power supply (Back-up)	Ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

## ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
101	SB	IACV-AAC valve	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	Approximately 12V   SEF645U
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> (Warm-up condition) └ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	1 - 12V   SEF646U
102	R/B	Injector No. 1	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)   SEF204T
104	G/B	Injector No. 3		
107	Y/B	Injector No. 2	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> (Warm-up condition) └ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)   SEF205T
109	L/B	Injector No. 4		
103	P	EGRC-solenoid valve	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)  0 - 0.7V
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> (Warm-up condition) └ Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	
106	B	ECM ground	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> └ Idle speed	Engine ground
108	PU	EVAP canister vent control valve	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Ignition switch "ON"</div>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

GI  
 MA  
 EM  
 LC  
**EC**  
 FE  
 CL  
 MT  
 AT  
 FA  
 RA  
 BR  
 ST  
 RS  
 BT  
 HA  
 EL  
 IDX

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

### ECM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
110	R/Y	Rear heated oxygen sensor heater	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Engine is running.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Idle speed [After driving 2 minutes at 70 km/h (43 mph) or more]</li> </ul>	Approximately 0.4V
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Ignition switch "ON"</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Engine stopped</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Engine is running.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Engine speed is above 3,000 rpm</li> </ul>	
112	B	ECM ground	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Engine is running.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Idle speed</li> </ul>	Engine ground
113	W/L	Current return	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Engine is running.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Idle speed</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
115	OR	Front heated oxygen sensor heater	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Engine is running.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm</li> </ul>	Approximately 0.4V
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Engine is running.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
117	PU/R	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Ignition switch "ON"</div>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
118	B	ECM ground	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">Engine is running.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>└ Idle speed</li> </ul>	Engine ground

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

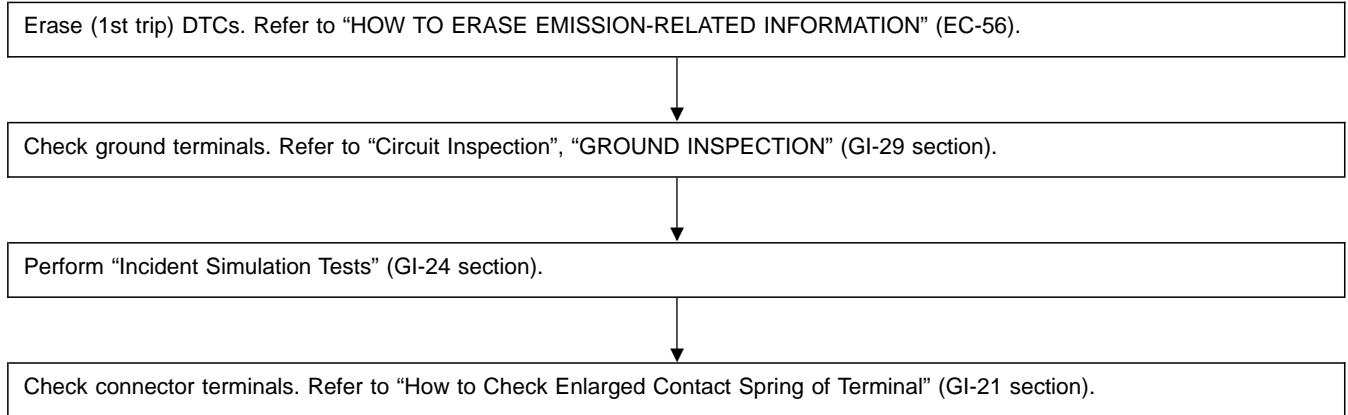
## Description

Intermittent incidents (I/I) may occur. In many cases, the problem resolves itself (the part or circuit function returns to normal without intervention). It is important to realize that the symptoms described in the customer's complaint often do not recur on DTC (1st trip) visits. Realize also that the most frequent cause of I/I occurrences is poor electrical connections. Because of this, the conditions under which the incident occurred may not be clear. Therefore, circuit checks made as part of the standard diagnostic procedure may not indicate the specific problem area.

## Common I/I Report Situations

STEP in Work Flow	Situation
II	The CONSULT-II is used. The SELF-DIAG RESULTS screen shows time data other than "0" or "1t".
III	The symptom described by the customer does not recur.
IV	(1st trip) DTC data does not appear during the DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE.
VI	The TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS for PXXXX does not indicate the problem area.

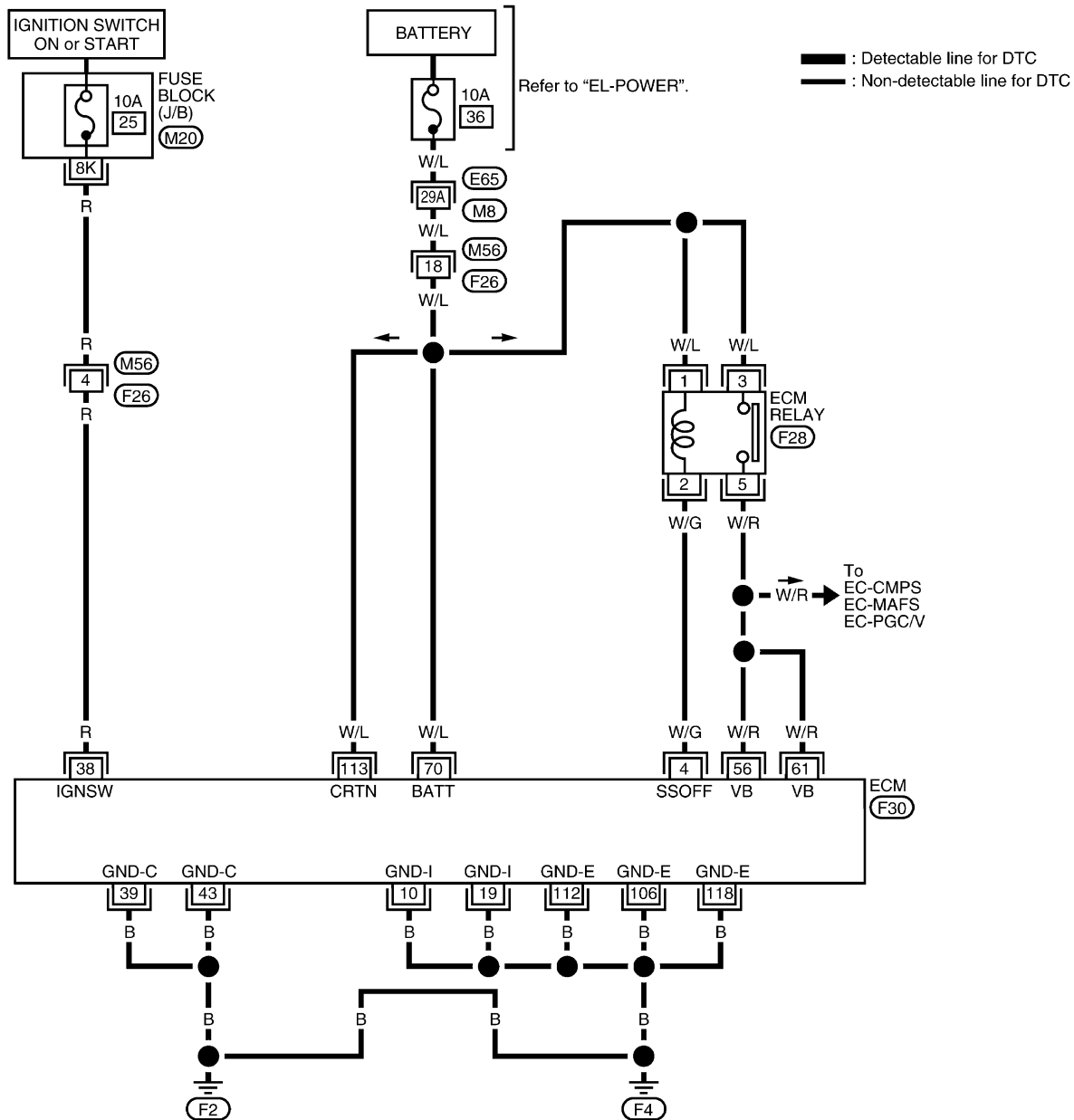
## Diagnostic Procedure



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY

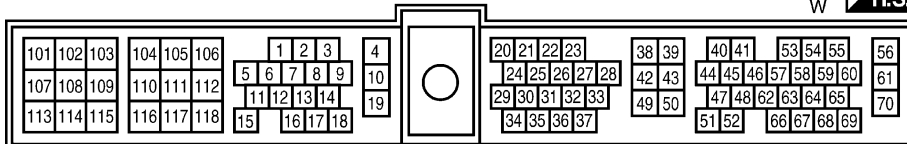
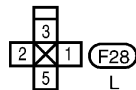
## Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit

EC-MAIN-01



1K	2K	3K	4K	5K	6K	7K	(M20)		
8K	9K	10K	11K	12K	13K	14K	15K	16K	BR

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	(M56)
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	W		



Refer to the following.  
 (M8), (E65) - SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ)

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY

### Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit (Cont'd)

#### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

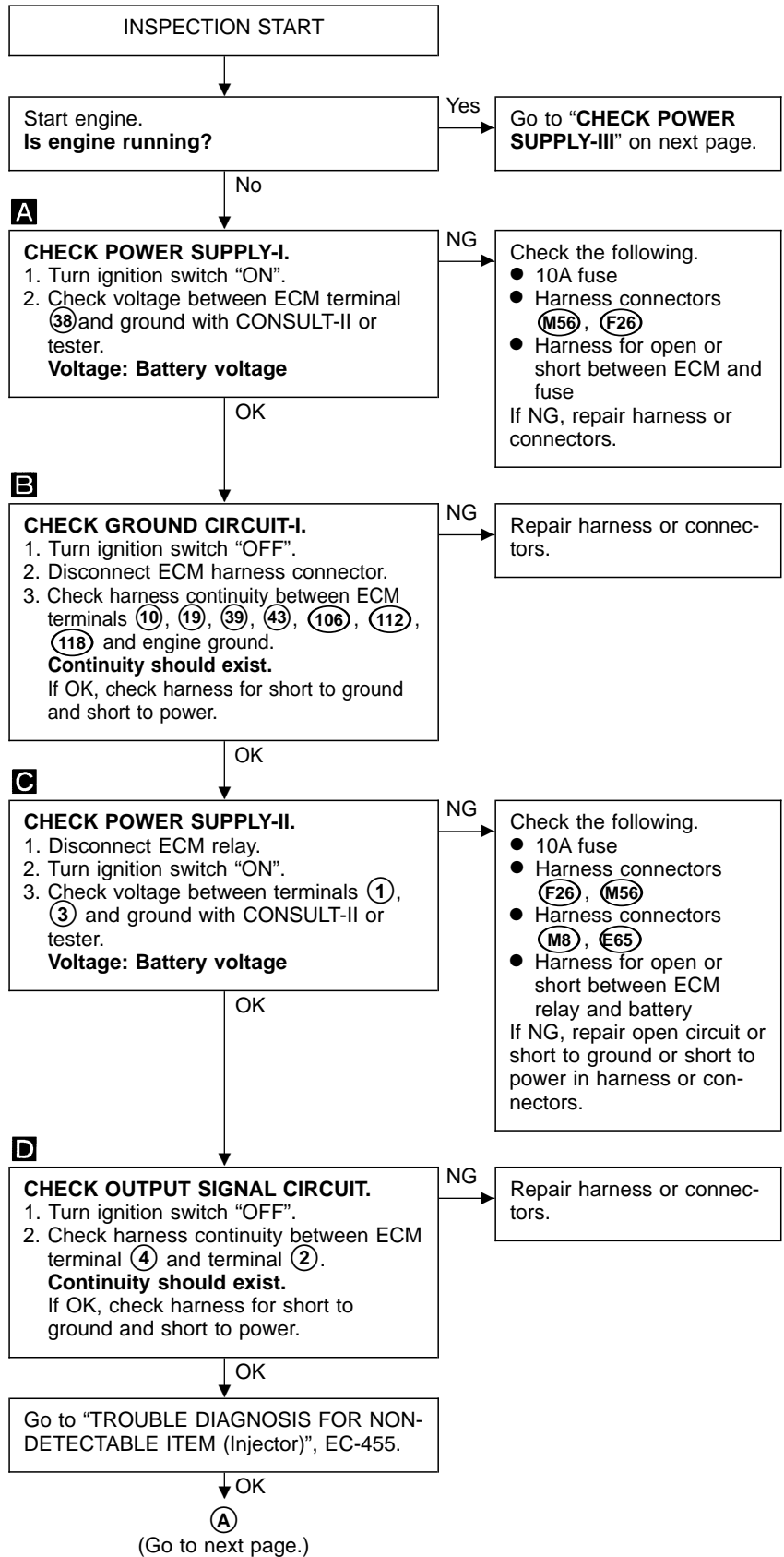
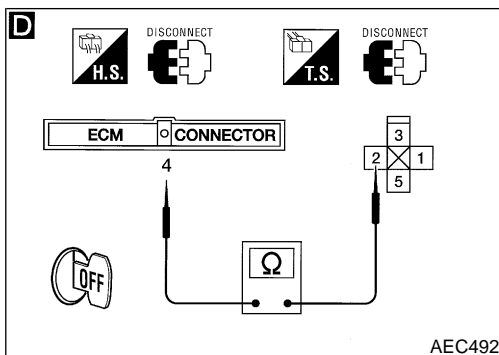
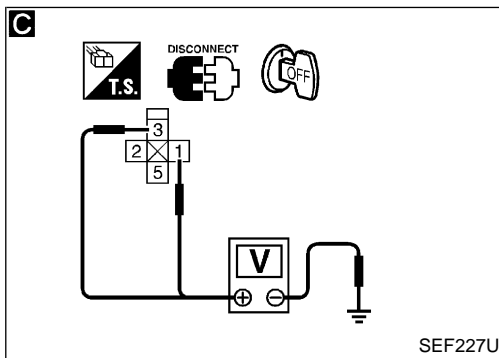
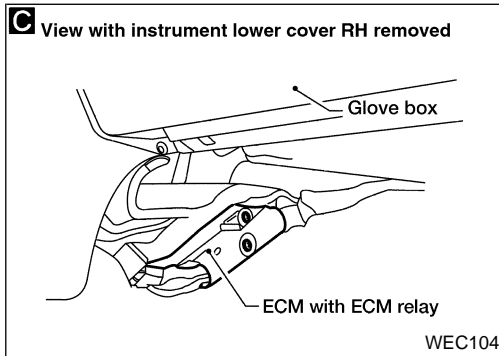
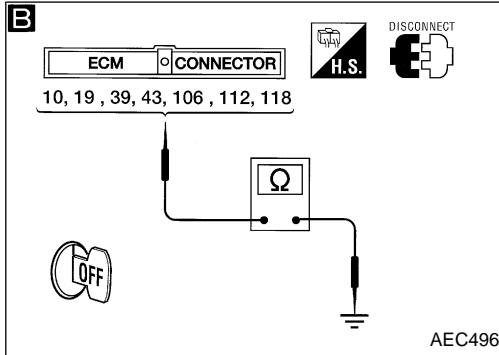
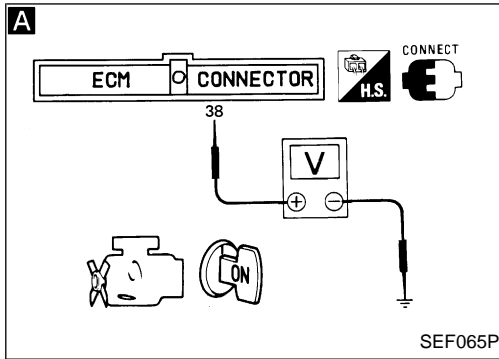
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	W/G	ECM relay (Self-shutoff)	Engine is running. Ignition switch "OFF" └ For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "OFF" └ A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
10	B	ECM ground	Engine is running. └ Idle speed	Engine ground
19	B	ECM ground	Engine is running. └ Idle speed	Engine ground
38	R	Ignition switch	Ignition switch "OFF"	0V
			Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
39	B	ECM ground	Engine is running. └ Idle speed	Engine ground
43	B	ECM ground	Engine is running. └ Idle speed	Engine ground (Probe this terminal with ⊖ tester probe when measuring.)
56	W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
61	W/R			
70	W/L	Power supply (Back-up)	Ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
106	B	ECM ground	Engine is running. └ Idle speed	Engine ground
112	B	ECM ground	Engine is running. └ Idle speed	Engine ground
113	W/L	Current return	Engine is running. └ Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
118	B	ECM ground	Engine is running. └ Idle speed	Engine ground

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY

## Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit (Cont'd)

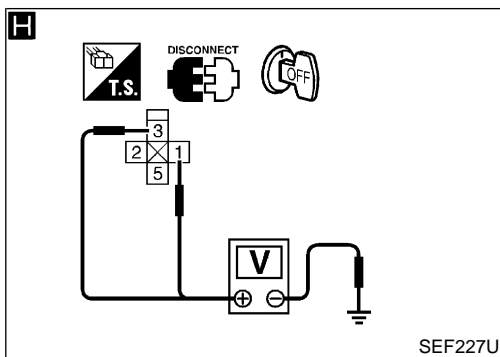
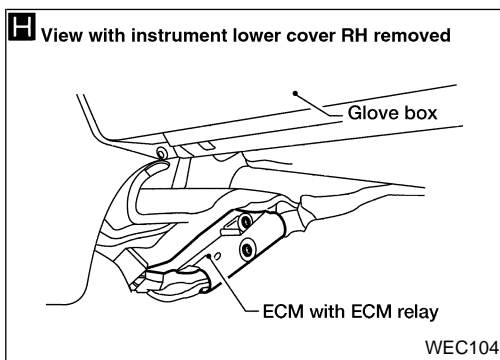
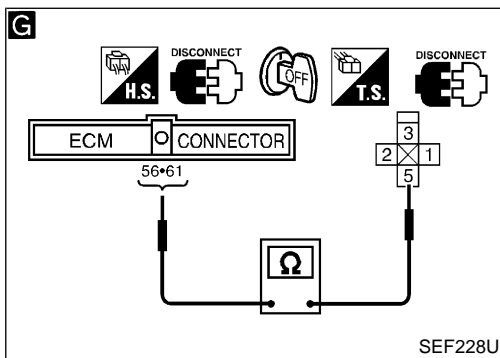
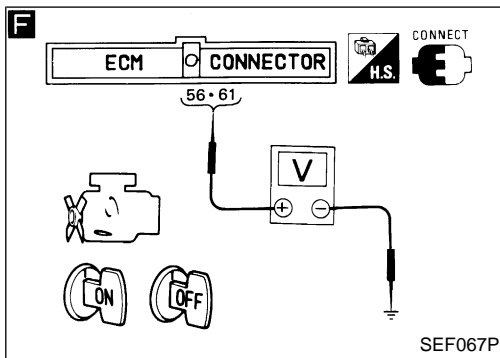
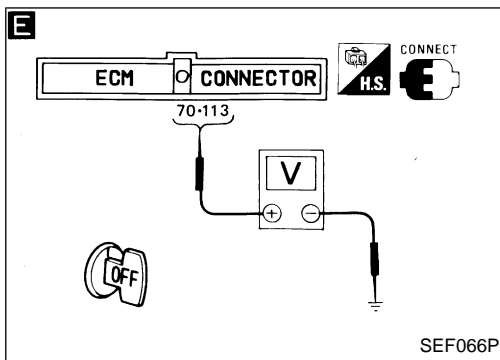
### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE





# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY

## Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit (Cont'd)



**E**

**CHECK POWER SUPPLY-III.**  
Check voltage between ECM terminals (70), (113) and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.  
**Voltage: Battery voltage**

NG → Check the following.  
 ● Harness connectors (F26), (M56)  
 ● Harness connectors (M8), (E65)  
 ● Harness for open or short between ECM and fuse  
 If NG, repair harness or connectors.

OK ↓

**F**

**CHECK POWER SUPPLY-IV.**  
1. Turn ignition switch "ON" and then "OFF".  
2. Check voltage between ECM terminals (56), (61) and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.  
**Voltage: After turning ignition switch "OFF", battery voltage will exist for a few seconds, then drop to approximately 0V.**

OK → Go to **L** "CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT-II" on next page.

Case-1: Battery voltage does not exist.  
Case-2: Battery voltage exists for more than a few seconds.

NG ↓

Case-1 → Go to **K** "CHECK ECM RELAY" on next page.

Case-2 →

**G**

**CHECK HARNESS CONTINUITY BETWEEN ECM RELAY AND ECM.**  
1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.  
2. Disconnect ECM relay.  
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals (56), (61) and relay terminal (5).  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Repair harness or connectors.

OK ↓

**H**

**CHECK VOLTAGE BETWEEN ECM RELAY AND GROUND.**  
Check voltage between relay terminals (1), (3) and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.  
**Voltage: Battery voltage**

NG → Check the following.  
 ● Harness for open or short between ECM relay and 10A fuse  
 If NG, repair harness or connectors.

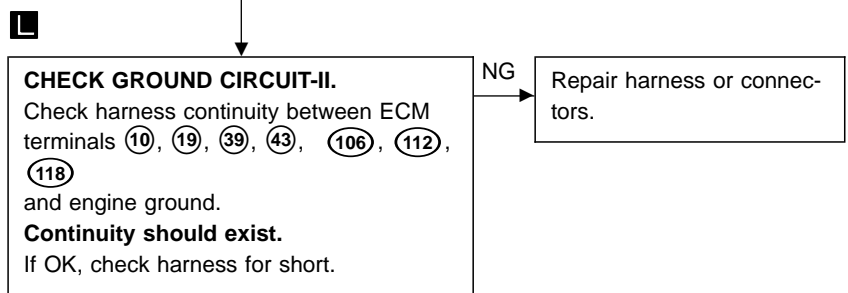
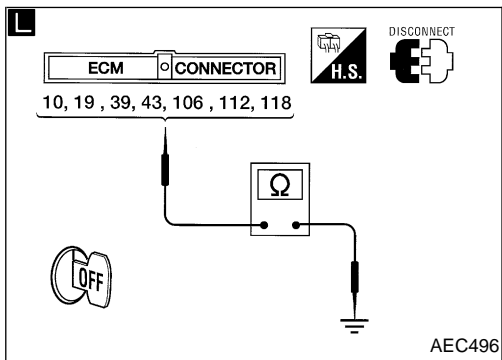
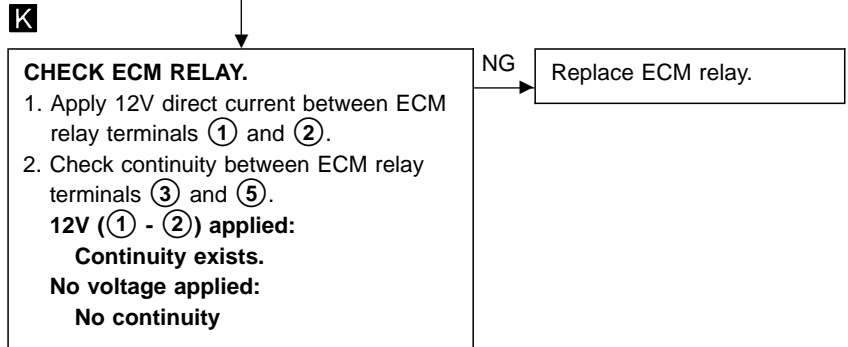
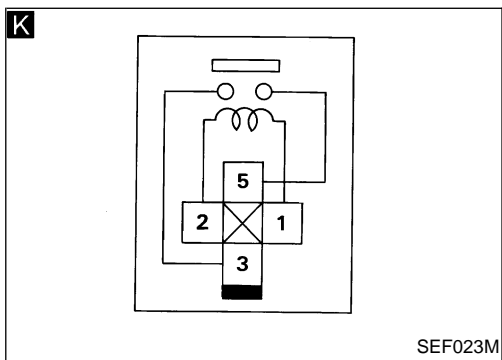
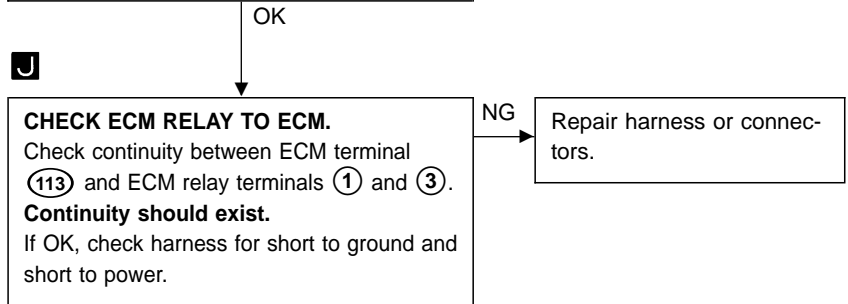
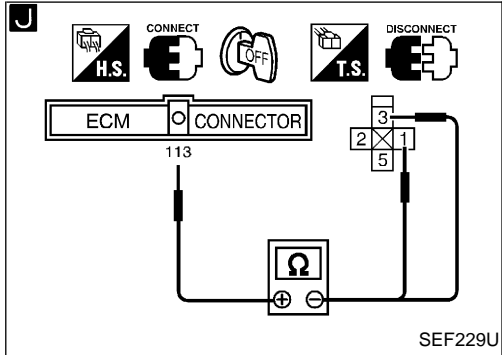
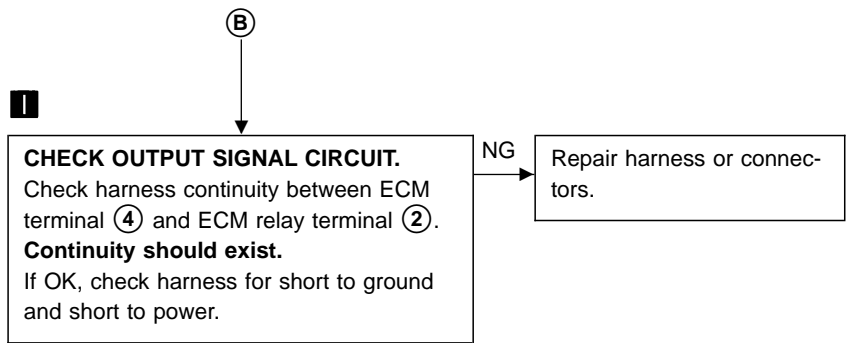
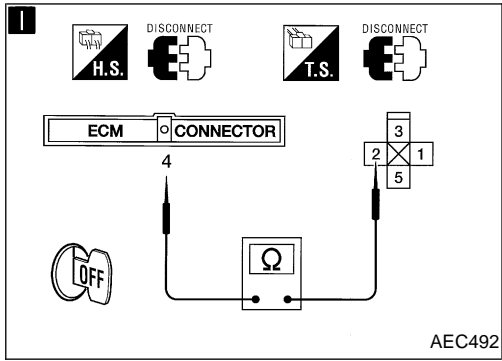
OK ↓

(Go to next page.)

GI  
MA  
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LC  
EC  
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ST  
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BT  
HA  
EL  
IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY

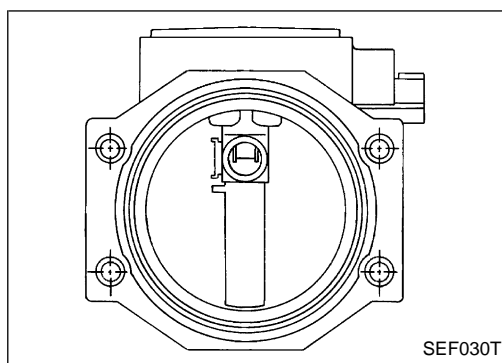
## Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit (Cont'd)



Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

INSPECTION END

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0100



### Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS)

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. It consists of a hot film that is supplied with electric current from the ECM. The temperature of the hot film is controlled by the ECM a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot wire is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss.

Therefore, the ECM must supply more electric current to maintain the temperature of the hot wire as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.

#### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
MAS AIR/FL SE	● Engine: After warming up ● Air conditioner switch: "OFF" ● Shift lever: "N" ● No-load Idle	1.0 - 1.7V
	2,500 rpm	1.8 - 2.4V
CAL/LD VALUE	● Engine: After warming up ● Air conditioner switch: "OFF" ● Shift lever: "N" ● No-load Idle	Approx. 19%
	2,500 rpm	Approx. 18%
MASS AIRFLOW	● Engine: After warming up ● Air conditioner switch: "OFF" ● Shift lever: "N" ● No-load Idle	Approx. 3.24 g·m/s
	2,500 rpm	Approx. 12.2 g·m/s

#### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	BR	Mass air flow sensor	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	1.2 - 1.5V
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Engine speed is 2,500 rpm	1.9 - 2.3V
48	B/R	Mass air flow sensor ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	Approximately 0V

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0100

## Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0100 0102	A) An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM when engine is not running. ..... C) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>
	B) An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM* when engine is running. ..... D) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.	

\*: When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode
Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

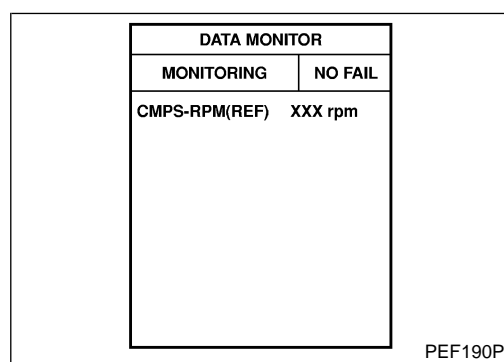
Perform “Procedure for malfunction A” first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform “Procedure for malfunction B”. If there is no problem on “Procedure for malfunction B”, perform “Procedure for malfunction C”. If there is no problem on “Procedure for malfunction C”, perform “Procedure for malfunction D”.

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If “DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE” has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch “OFF” and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



### Procedure for malfunction A

- 1) Turn ignition switch “ON”.
- 2) Select “DATA MONITOR” mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Wait at least 6 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to “DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE”, EC-120.

OR

- 1) Turn ignition switch “ON”, and wait at least 6 seconds.
- 2) Select “MODE 7” with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to “DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE”, EC-120.

OR

- 1) Turn ignition switch “ON”, and wait at least 6 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch “OFF”, wait at least 5 seconds and then turn “ON”.
- 3) Perform “Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)” with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to “DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE”, EC-120.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0100

## Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

### Procedure for malfunction B

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm

PEF190P



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

GI  
MA

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.
- 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

EM  
LC

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and wait 5 seconds at most.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

EC  
FE  
CL

#### NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is confirmed after more than 5 seconds, there may be malfunction C.

MT  
AT

### Procedure for malfunction C

#### NOTE:

If engine will not start or stops soon, wait at least 10 seconds with engine stopped (ignition switch "ON") instead of running engine at idle speed.

FA  
RA



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4) Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

BR  
ST

OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

RS  
BT

OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

HA  
EL  
IDX

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

PEF335U

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0100

### Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

#### Procedure for malfunction D



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

If engine cannot be started, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4) Check the voltage of MAS AIR/FL SE with "DATA MONITOR".
- 5) Increases engine speed to about 4,000 rpm.
- 6) Monitor the linear voltage rise in response to engine speed increases.  
If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.  
If OK, go to following step.
- 7) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

**CMPS-RPM (REF): More than 2,000 rpm**

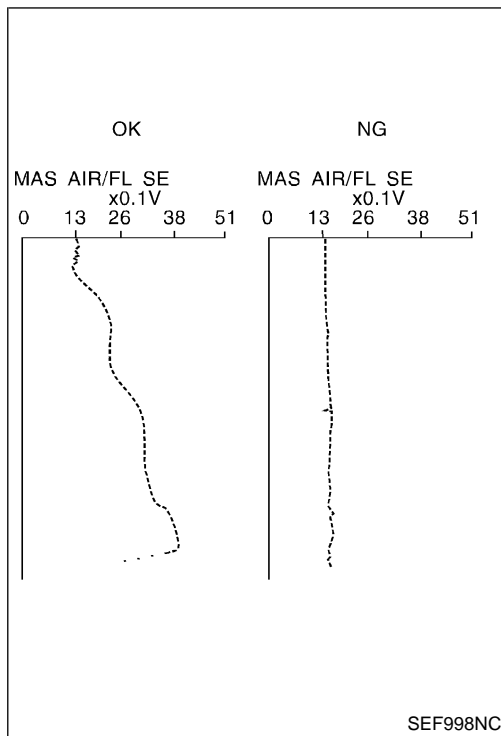
**THRTL POS SEN: More than 3V**

**Selector lever: Suitable position**

**Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.**

- 8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

OR

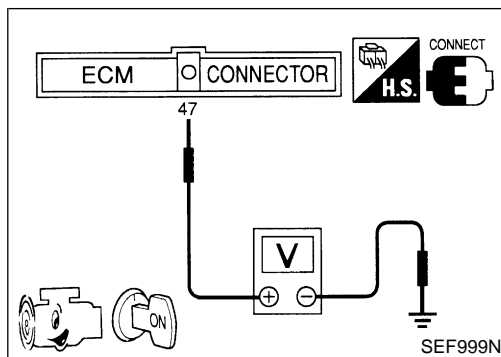


DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
THRTL POS SEN	XXX v

PEF723W

CALC LOAD	20%
COOLANT TEMP	95°C
SHORT FT #1	2%
LONG FT #1	0%
SHORT FT #2	4%
LONG FT #2	0%
ENGINE SPD	2637RPM
VEHICLE SPD	0MPH
IGN ADVANCE	41.0°
INTAKE AIR	41°C
<b>MAF</b>	<b>14.1gm/sec</b>
THROTTLE POS	3%

SEF534P



#### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the mass air flow sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

#### Procedure for malfunction D



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 4) Check the mass air flow with "MODE 1".
- 5) Check for linear mass air flow rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- 6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

OR

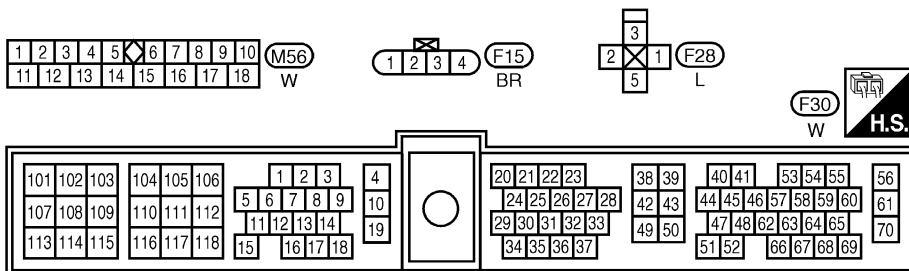
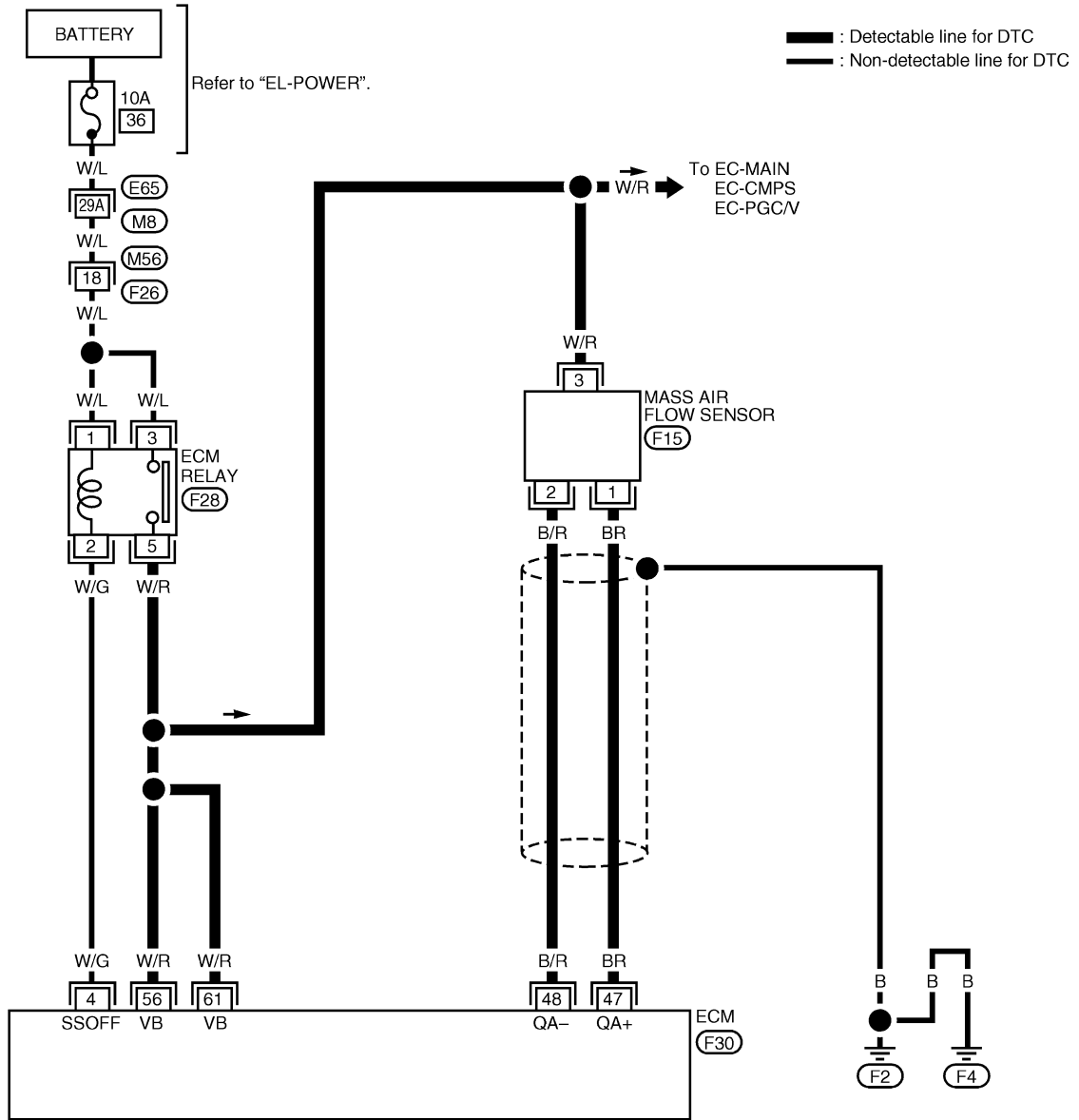


- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Check the voltage between ECM terminal ④7 and ground.
- 4) Check for linear voltage rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- 5) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-120.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0100

## Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

EC-MAFS-01



Refer to the following.

(M8) , (E65)

GI  
 MA  
 EM  
 LC  
**EC**  
 FE  
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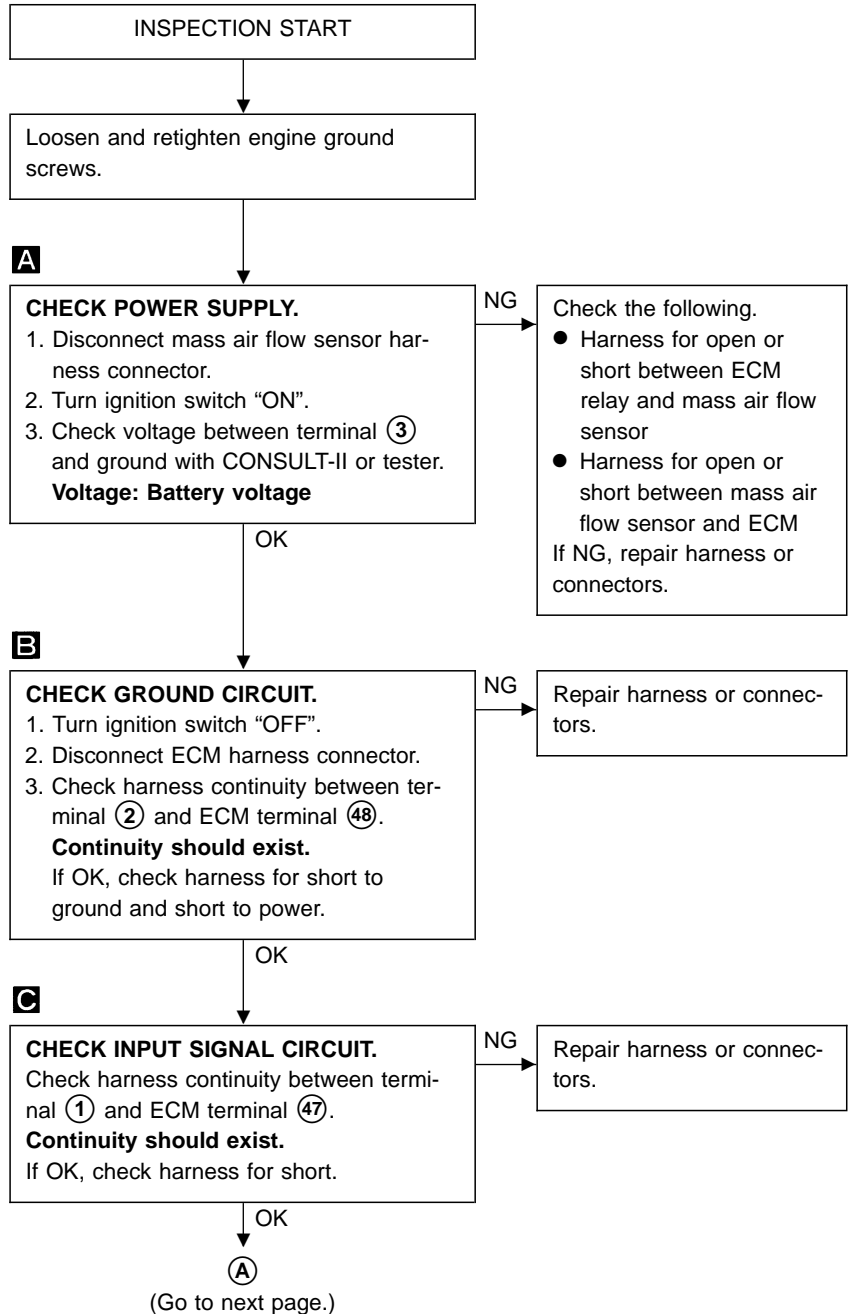
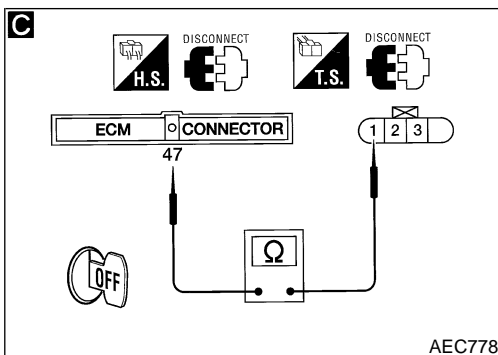
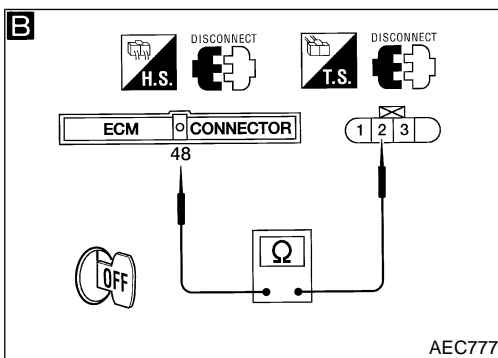
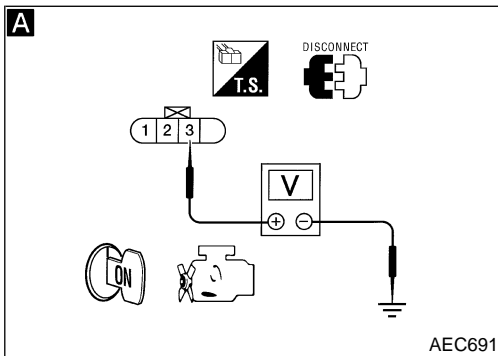
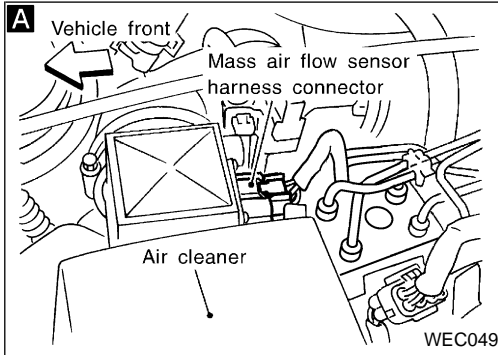
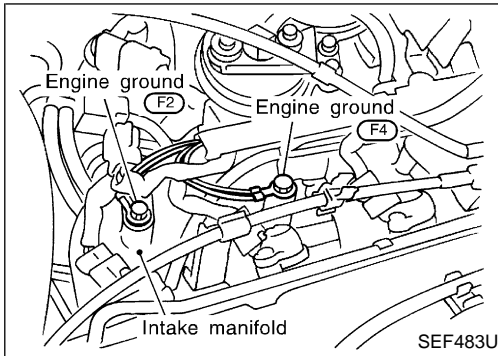
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0100

## Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction A or C", perform "Procedure A" below. If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction B or D", perform "Procedure B" on next page.

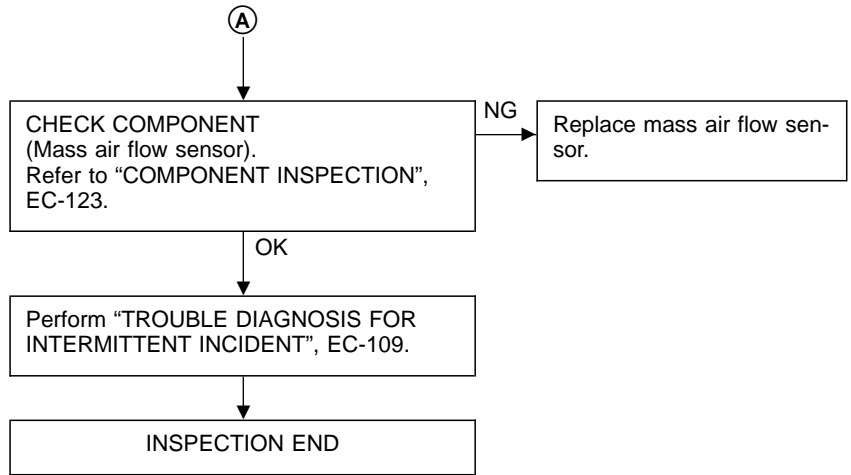
#### Procedure A



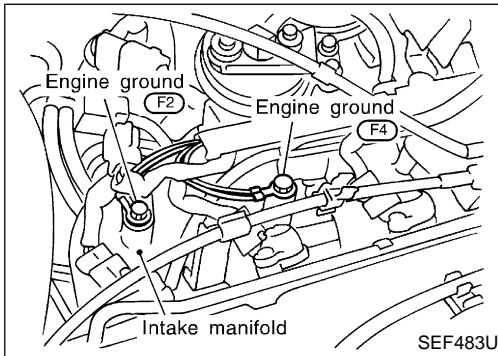


# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0100

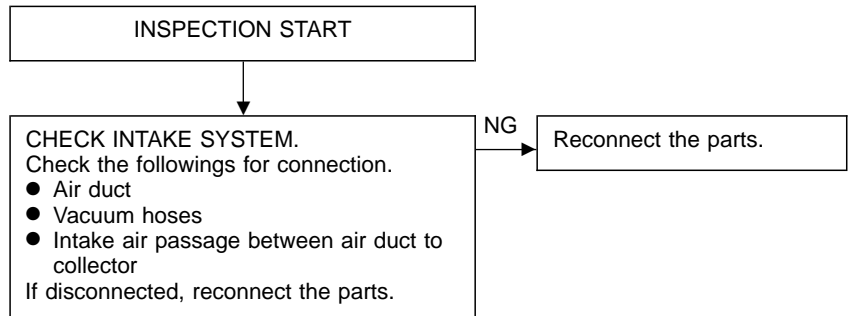
## Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)



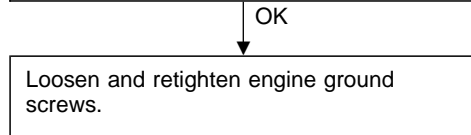
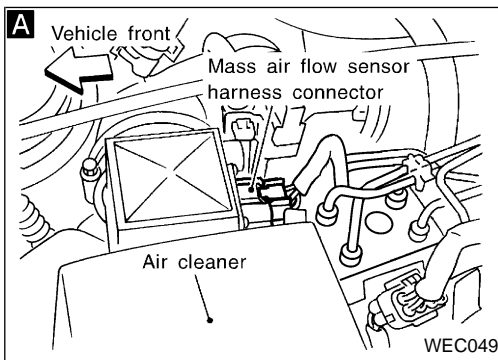
GI  
MA  
EM  
LC  
EC



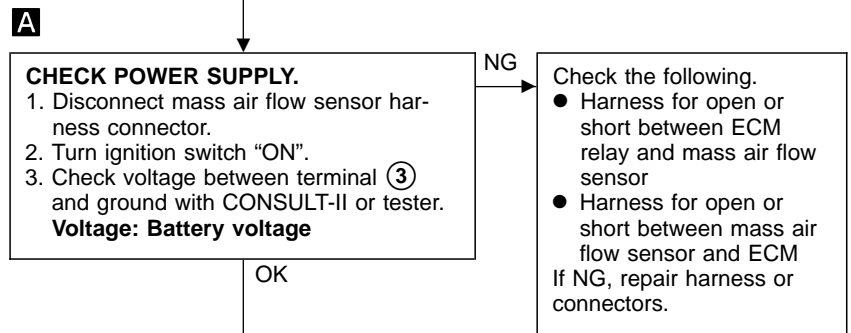
### Procedure B



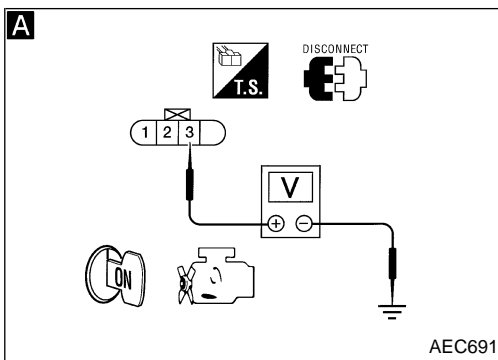
FE  
CL  
MT  
AT  
FA  
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RS

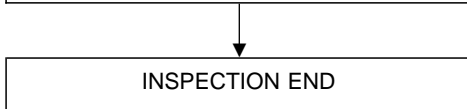
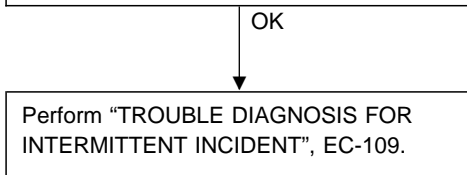
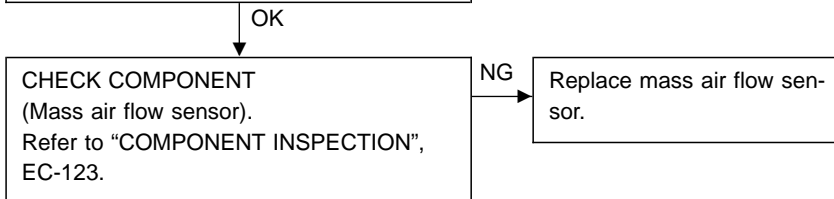
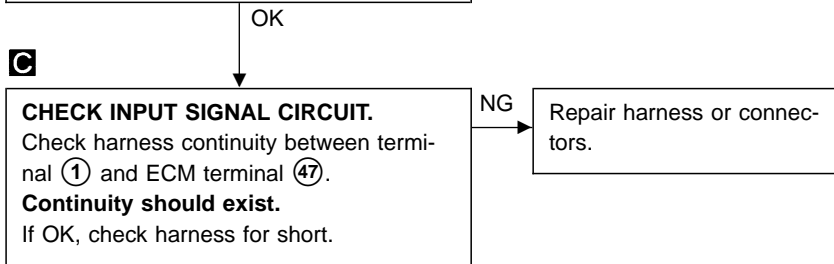
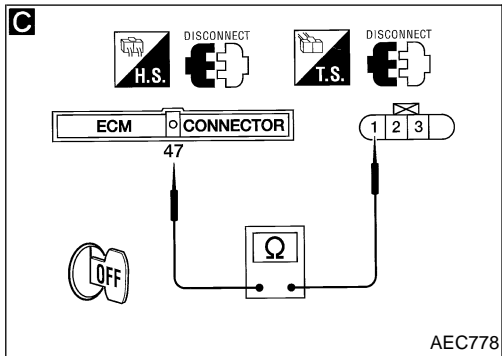
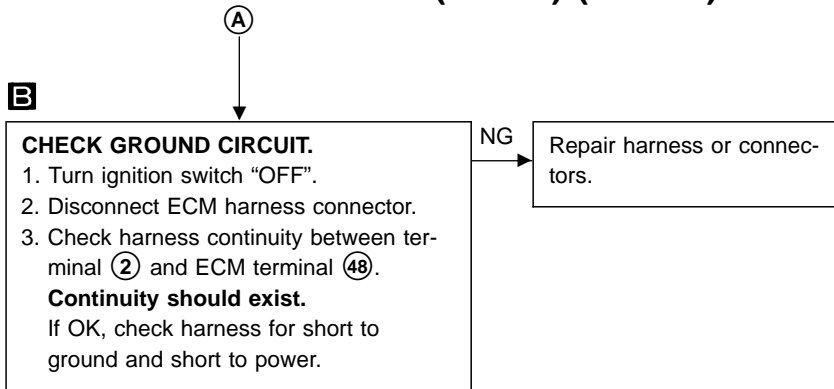
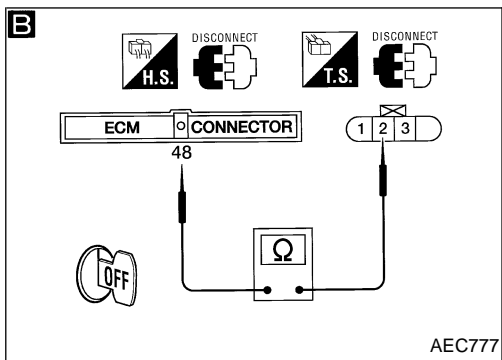


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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0100

## Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)



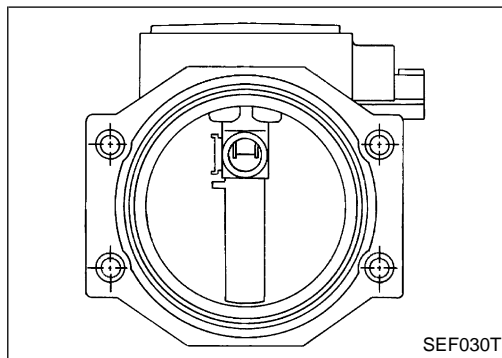
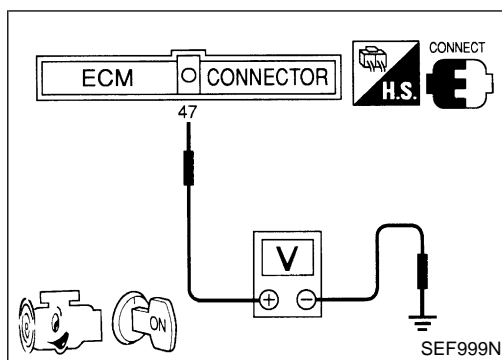
## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0100

### Mass Air Flow Sensor (MAFS) (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

##### Mass air flow sensor

1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Check voltage between ECM terminal ④7 and ground.



Conditions	Voltage V
Ignition switch "ON" (Engine stopped.)	Less than 1.0
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.2 - 1.5
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.9 - 2.3
Idle to about 4,000 rpm*	1.2 - 1.5 to Approx. 2.7

\*: Check for linear voltage rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.

4. If the voltage is out of specification, disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and connect it again. Repeat above check.
5. If NG, remove mass air flow sensor from air duct. Check hot film for damage or dust.

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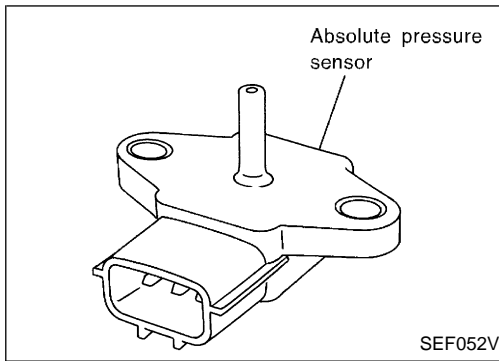
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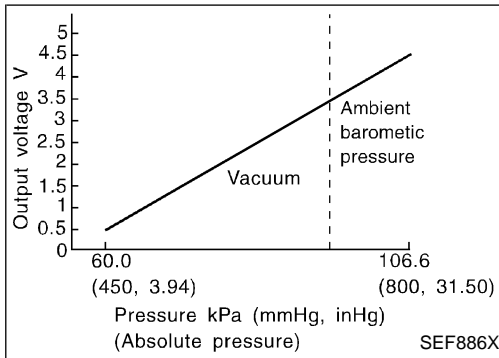
IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0105 (WITH EXTERNAL ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR)



## Absolute Pressure Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The sensor detects ambient barometric pressure and sends the voltage signal to the ECM. As the pressure increases, the voltage rises.



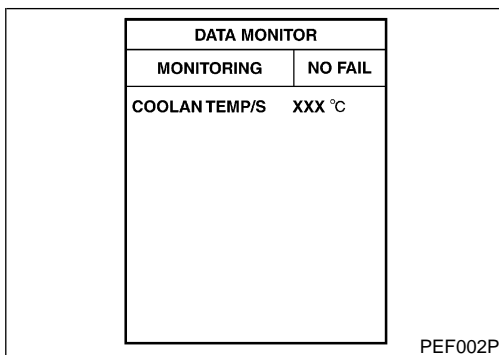
## ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0105 0803	An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (Absolute pressure sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Absolute pressure sensor</li> </ul>

## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Wait at least 6 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-127.

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 6 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-127.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0105 (WITH EXTERNAL ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR)

## **Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)**

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 6 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-127.

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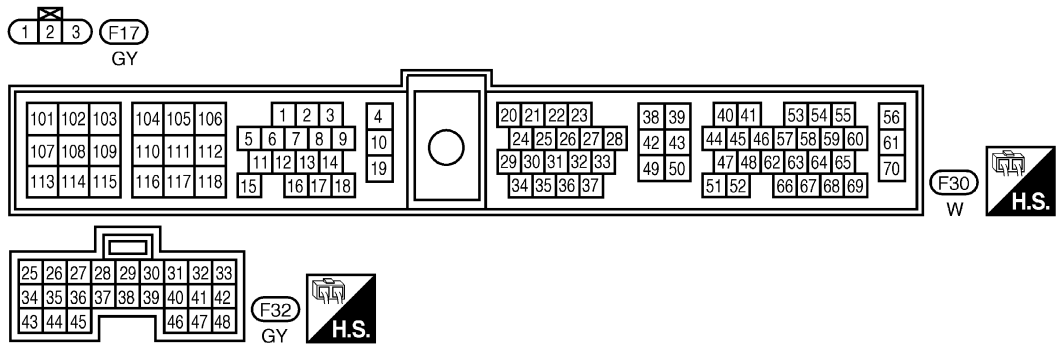
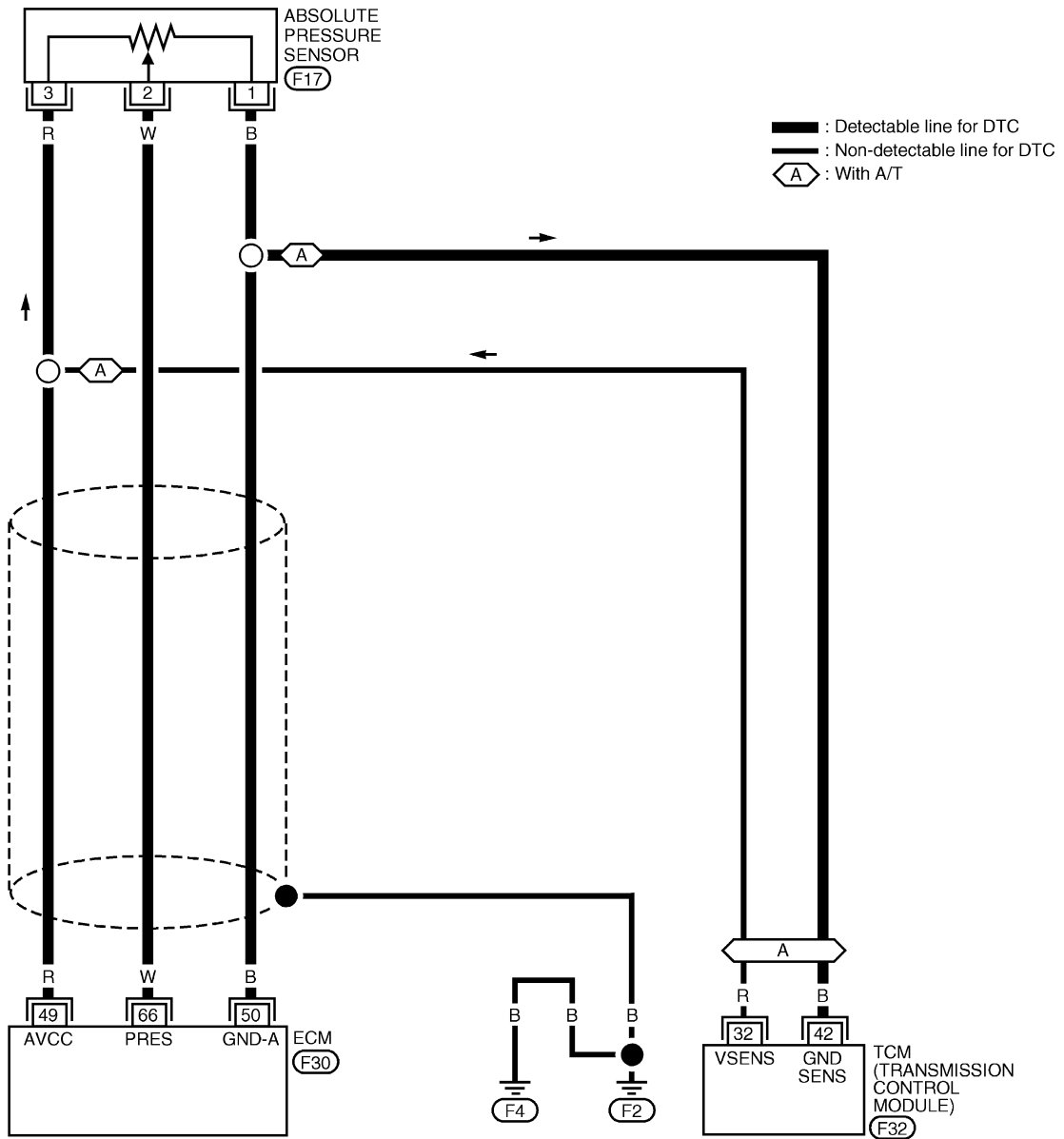
EL

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0105 (WITH EXTERNAL ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR)

## Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

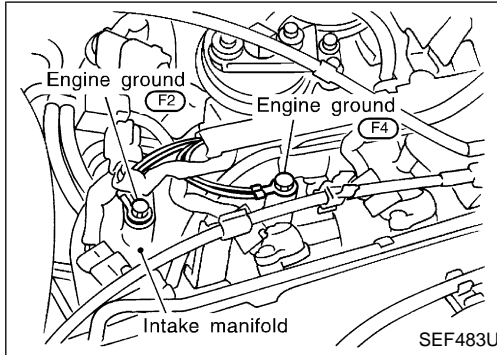
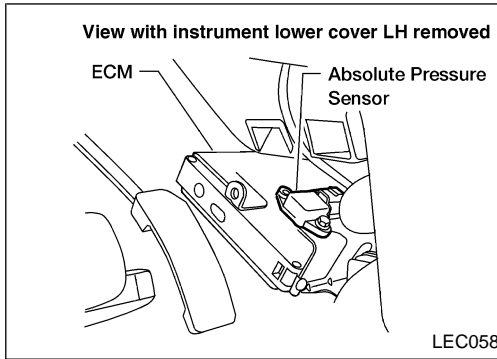
EC-AP/SEN-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0105 (WITH EXTERNAL ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR)

## Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

**A**

**CHECK POWER SUPPLY.**

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Disconnect absolute pressure sensor harness connector.
3. Check sensor connector for water.  
**Water should not exist.**  
If OK, go to step 4. If NG, repair or replace harness connector.
4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
5. Check voltage between terminal ③ and engine ground with CONSULT-II or tester.  
**Voltage: Approximately 5V**

NG

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between absolute pressure sensor and TCM
- Harness for open or short between ECM and absolute pressure sensor

If NG, repair harness or connectors.

OK

**B**

**CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.**

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Check harness continuity between terminal ① and engine ground.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

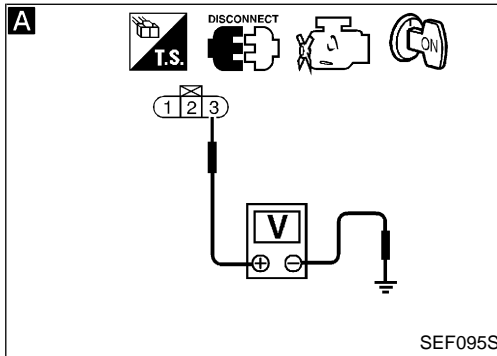
NG

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between ECM and absolute pressure sensor
- Harness for open or short between TCM and absolute pressure sensor

If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

OK



**C**

**CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.**

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal ⑥⑥ and terminal ②.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG

Repair harness or connectors.

OK

**CHECK COMPONENT**  
(Absolute pressure sensor).  
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-128.

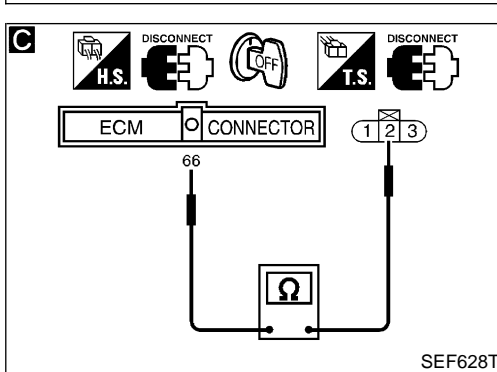
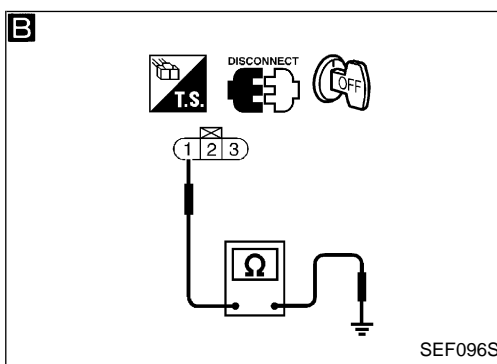
NG

Replace absolute pressure sensor.

OK

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

INSPECTION END



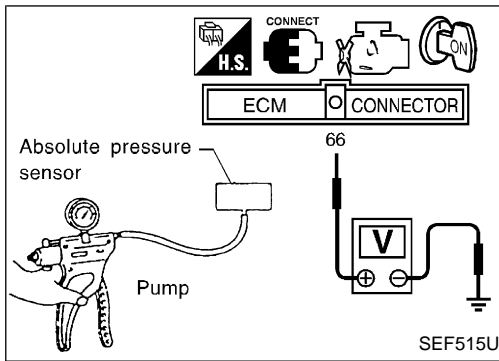
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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0105 (WITH EXTERNAL ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR)

### Absolute Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

##### Absolute pressure sensor



1. Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
2. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal ⑥⑥ and engine ground.  
**The voltage should be 1.8 to 4.8 V.**
3. Use pump to apply vacuum of  $-26.7$  kPa ( $-200$  mmHg,  $-7.87$  inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.  
**The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.**

#### CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
  - Do not apply vacuum below  $-93.3$  kPa ( $-700$  mmHg,  $-27.56$  inHg) or pressure over  $101.3$  kPa ( $760$  mmHg,  $29.92$  inHg).
4. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0105 (WITHOUT EXTERNAL ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR)

## Absolute Pressure Sensor

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The sensor detects ambient barometric pressure and sends the voltage signal to the ECM. As the pressure increases, the voltage rises. The absolute pressure sensor is built into the ECM.

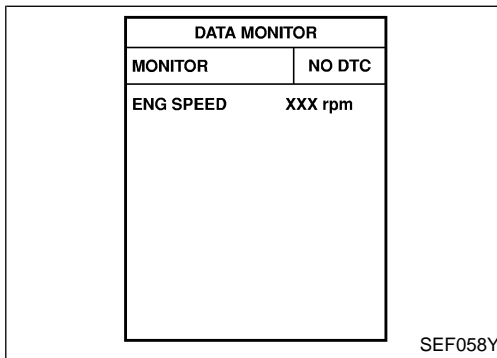
### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Item (Possible Cause)
P0105	An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to micro computer.	ECM

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

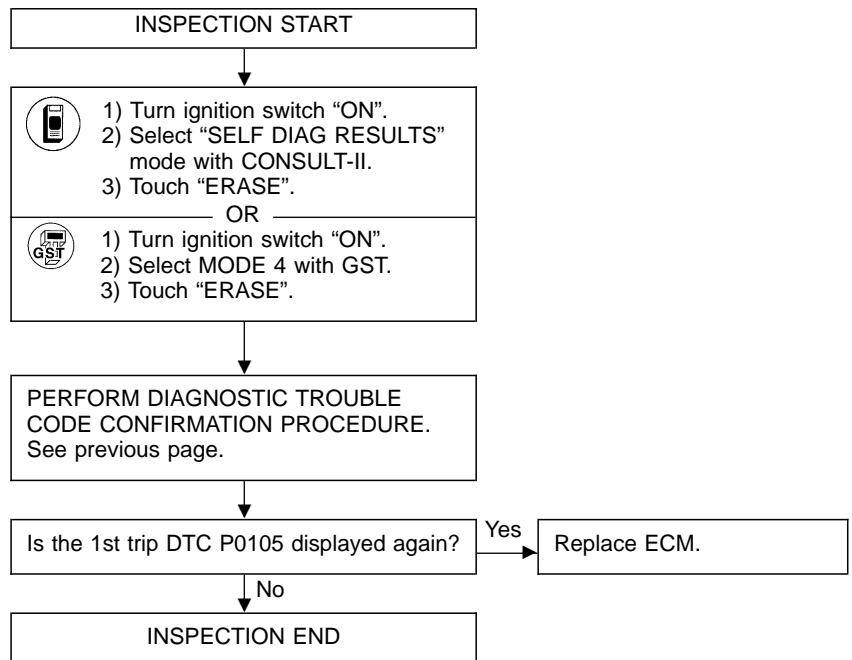


- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Wait at least 6 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-129.

OR

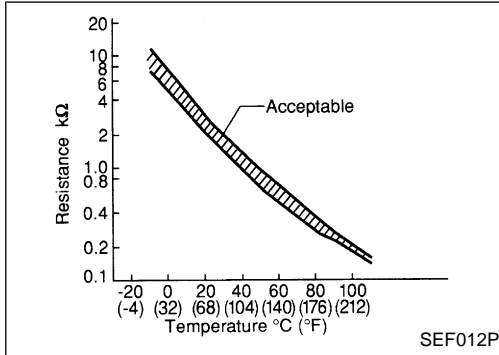
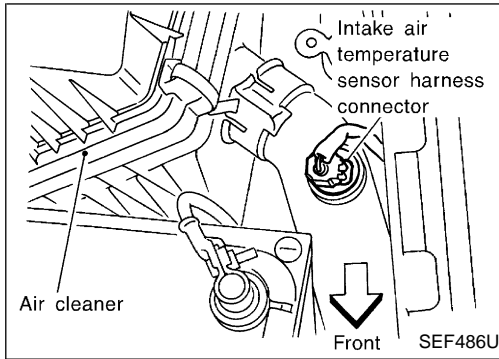
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 6 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-129.

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



GI  
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0110



## Intake Air Temperature Sensor

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The intake air temperature sensor is mounted to the air duct housing. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.

The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.

### <Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
80 (176)	1.23	0.27 - 0.38

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (28) (Intake air temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (43) (ECM ground).

## ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

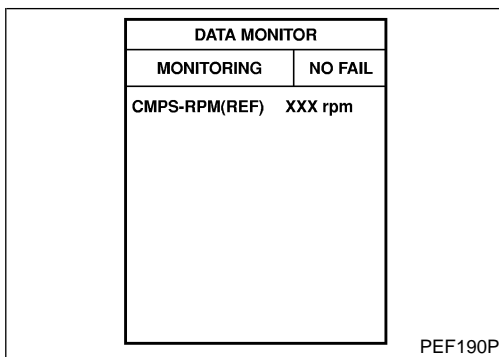
Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0110 0401	A) An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.  B) Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signal from engine coolant temperature sensor.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Intake air temperature sensor</li> </ul>

## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



### Procedure for malfunction A

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-134.

OR

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select MODE 7 with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-134.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0110

## Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-134.

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DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h

PEF233U

### Procedure for malfunction B

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

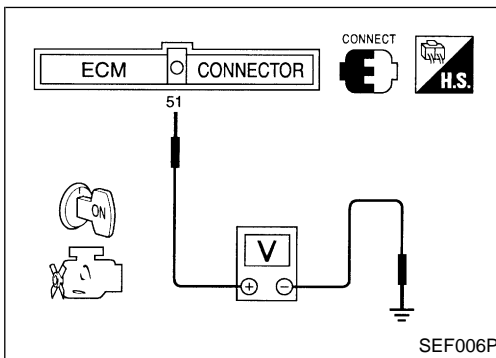
This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.



- 1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
  - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - (b) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
  - (c) Check the engine coolant temperature.
  - (d) If the engine coolant temperature is not less than 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F).
- 2) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4) Start engine.
- 5) Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 105 consecutive seconds.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-134.

FUEL SYS #1	OPEN
FUEL SYS #2	UNUSED
CALC LOAD	0%
<b>COOLANT TEMP</b>	<b>28°C</b>
SHORT FT #1	0%
LONG FT #1	0%
ENGINE SPD	0RPM
VEHICLE SPD	0km/h
IGN ADVANCE	5.0°
INTAKE AIR	25°C
MAF	0.0gm/sec
THROTTLE POS	0%
O2S LOCATION	3
O2S B1,S1	0.380V
O2FT B1,S1	0%
O2S B1,S2	0.000V

SEF950N



OR



- 1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
  - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - (b) Select MODE 1 with GST.
  - (c) Check the engine coolant temperature.
  - (d) If the engine coolant temperature is not less than 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F).
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 105 consecutive seconds.
- 4) Select MODE 7 with GST.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-134.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0110

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### Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

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OR



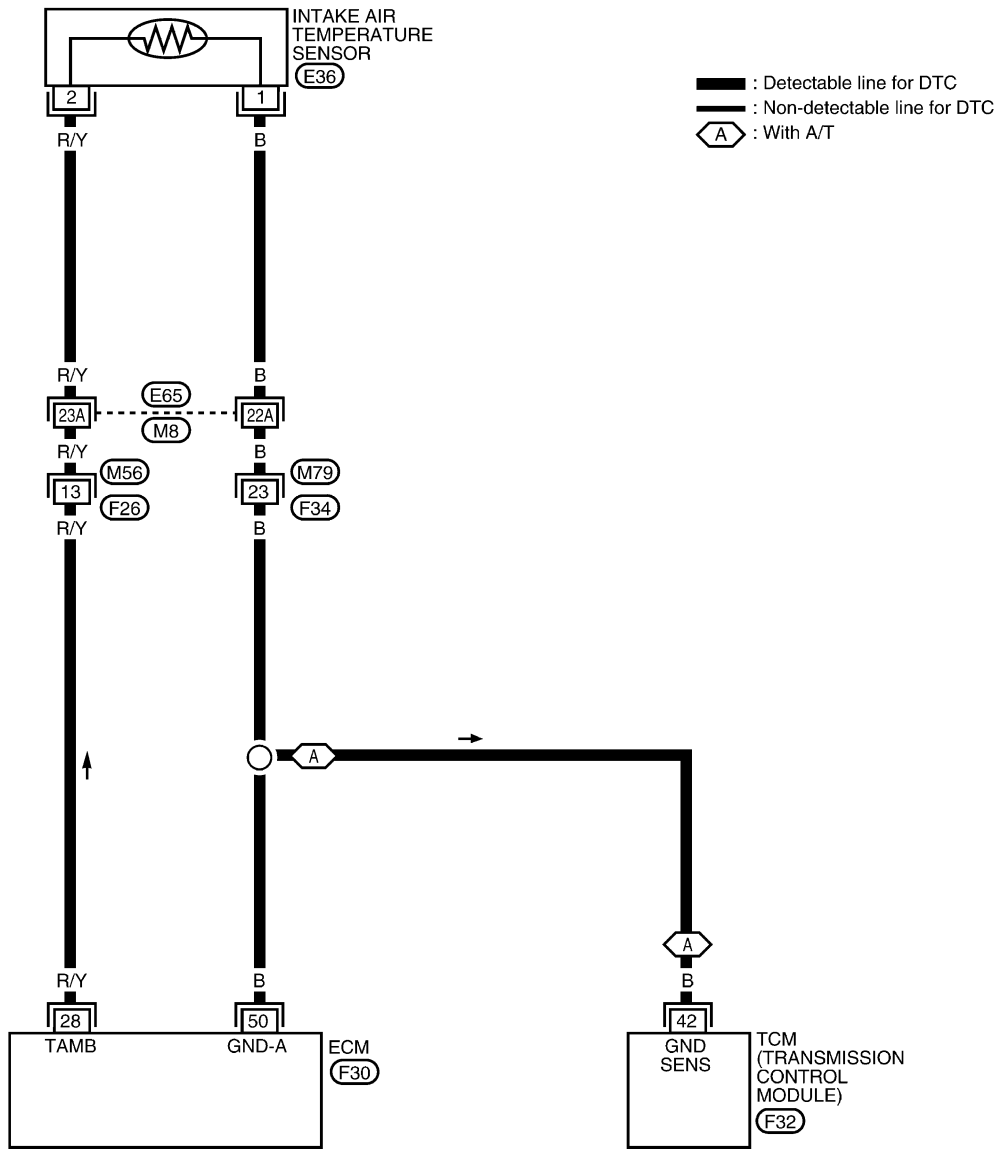
- 1) Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F).
  - (a) Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - (b) Check voltage between ECM terminal ⑤1 and ground.

**Voltage: More than 1.0 (V)**
  - (c) If the voltage is not more than 1.0 (V), turn ignition switch "OFF" and cool down engine.
- Perform the following steps before the voltage is below 1.0V.
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Hold vehicle speed more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 105 consecutive seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-134.

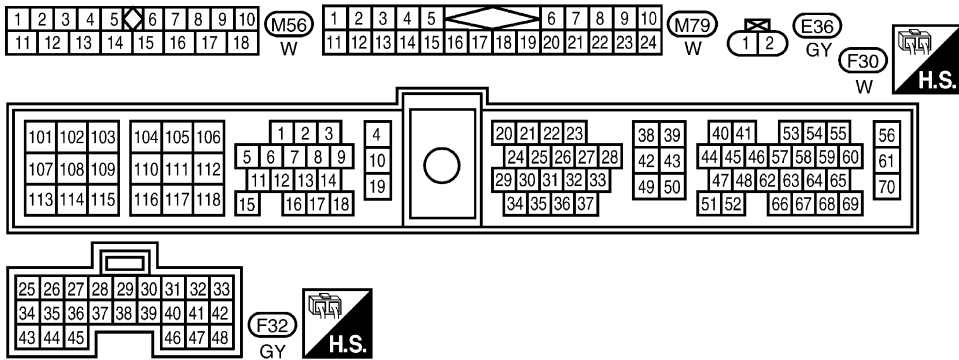
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0110

## Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

EC-IATS-01

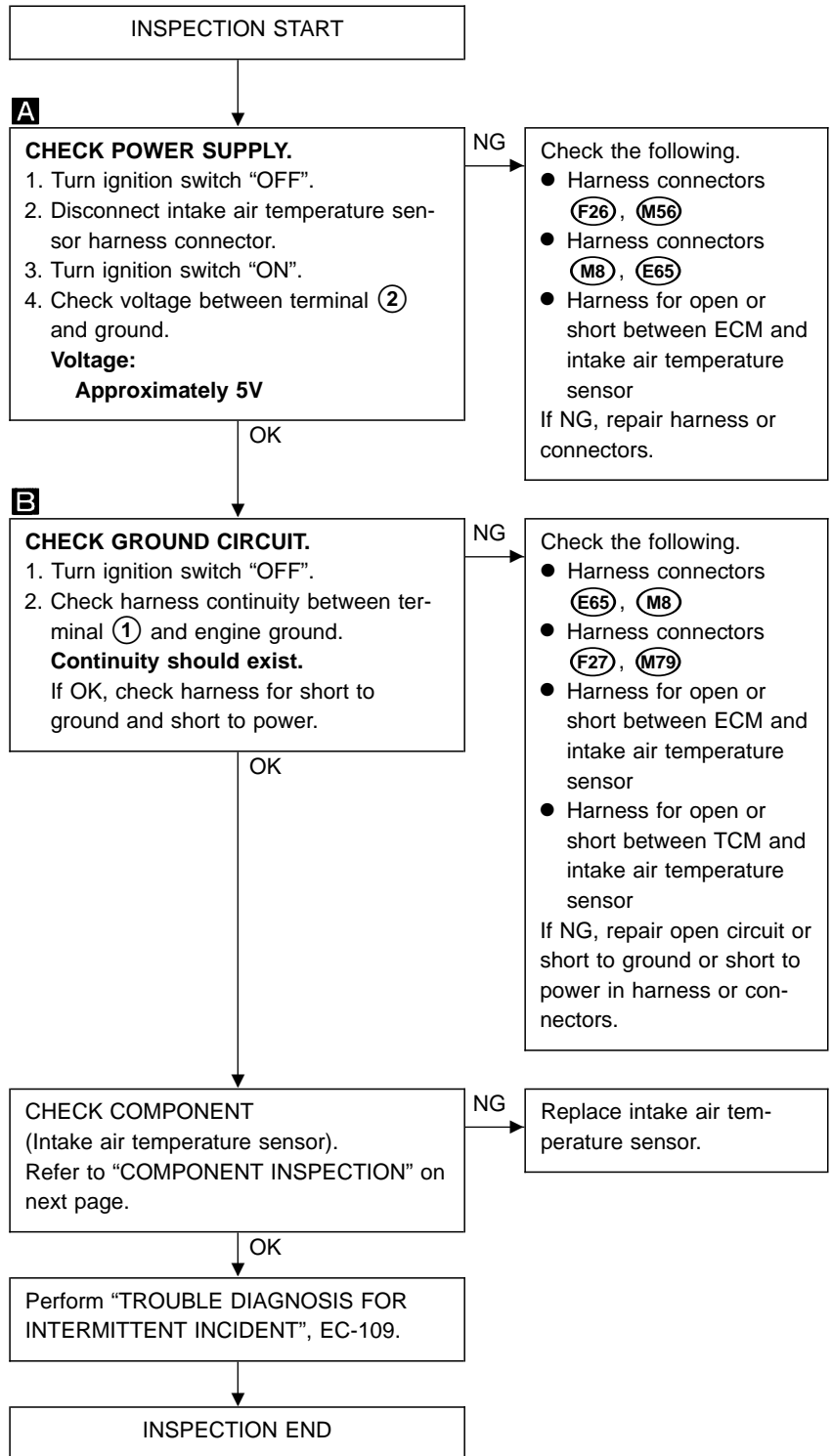
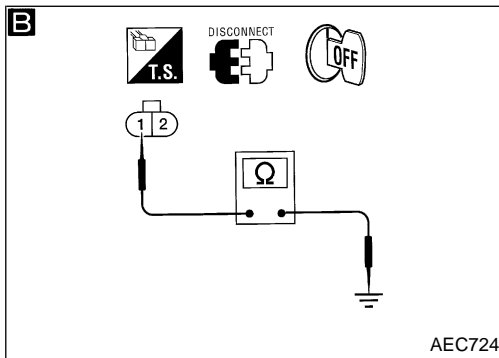
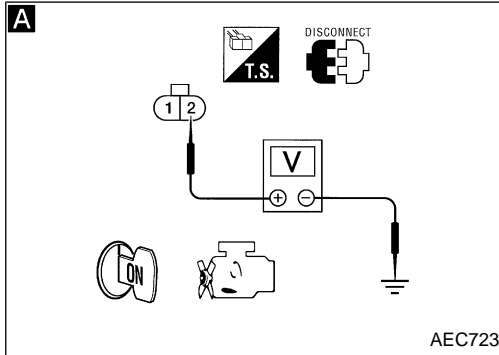
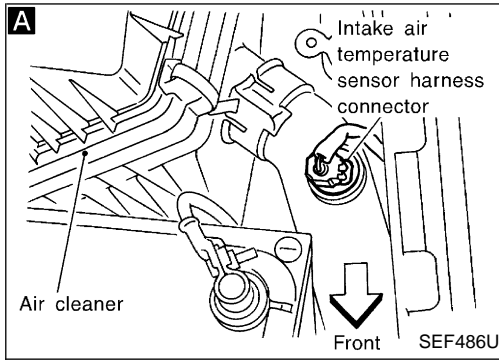


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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0110

## Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



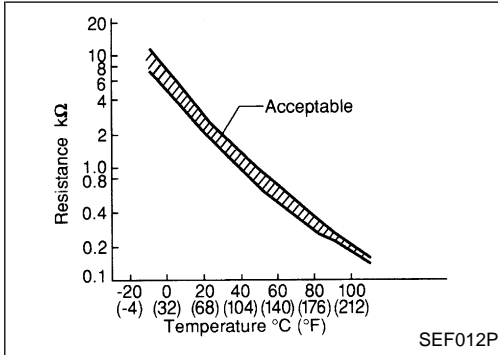
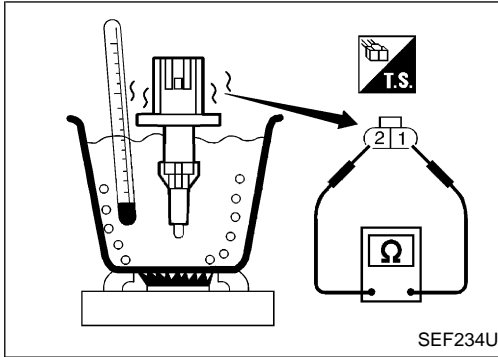
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0110

## Intake Air Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

### Intake air temperature sensor

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

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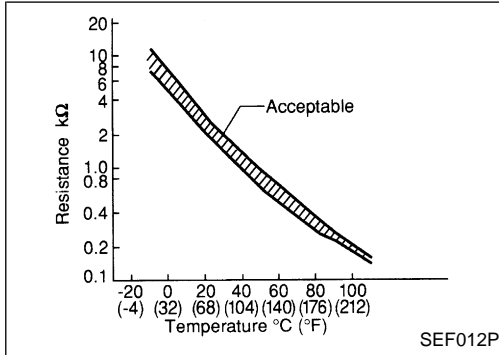
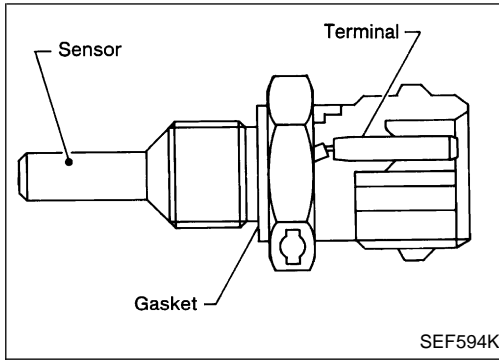


### <Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
80 (176)	0.27 - 0.38

If NG, replace intake air temperature sensor.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0115



## Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

### <Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal (51) (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ECM terminal (43) (ECM ground).

## ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0115 0103	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>An excessively high or low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.*</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Engine coolant temperature sensor</li> </ul>

\*: When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode								
Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	<p>Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turning ignition switch "ON" or "START". CONSULT-II displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Condition</th> <th>Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Just as ignition switch is turned ON or Start</td> <td>40°C (104°F)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or Start</td> <td>80°C (176°F)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Except as shown above</td> <td>40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>With the ignition key in the OFF position, cooling fans will operate for 120 seconds when in fail-safe mode.</p>	Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)	Just as ignition switch is turned ON or Start	40°C (104°F)	More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or Start	80°C (176°F)	Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)
Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)								
Just as ignition switch is turned ON or Start	40°C (104°F)								
More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or Start	80°C (176°F)								
Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)								



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0115

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

PEF002P

### Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-139.

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-139.

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-139.

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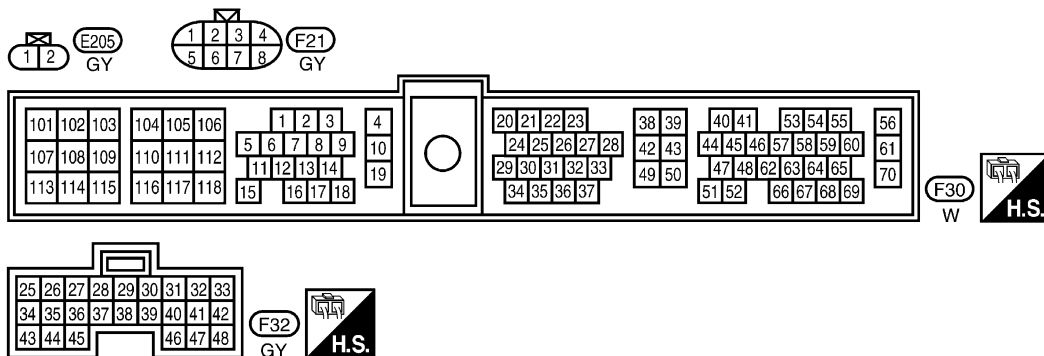
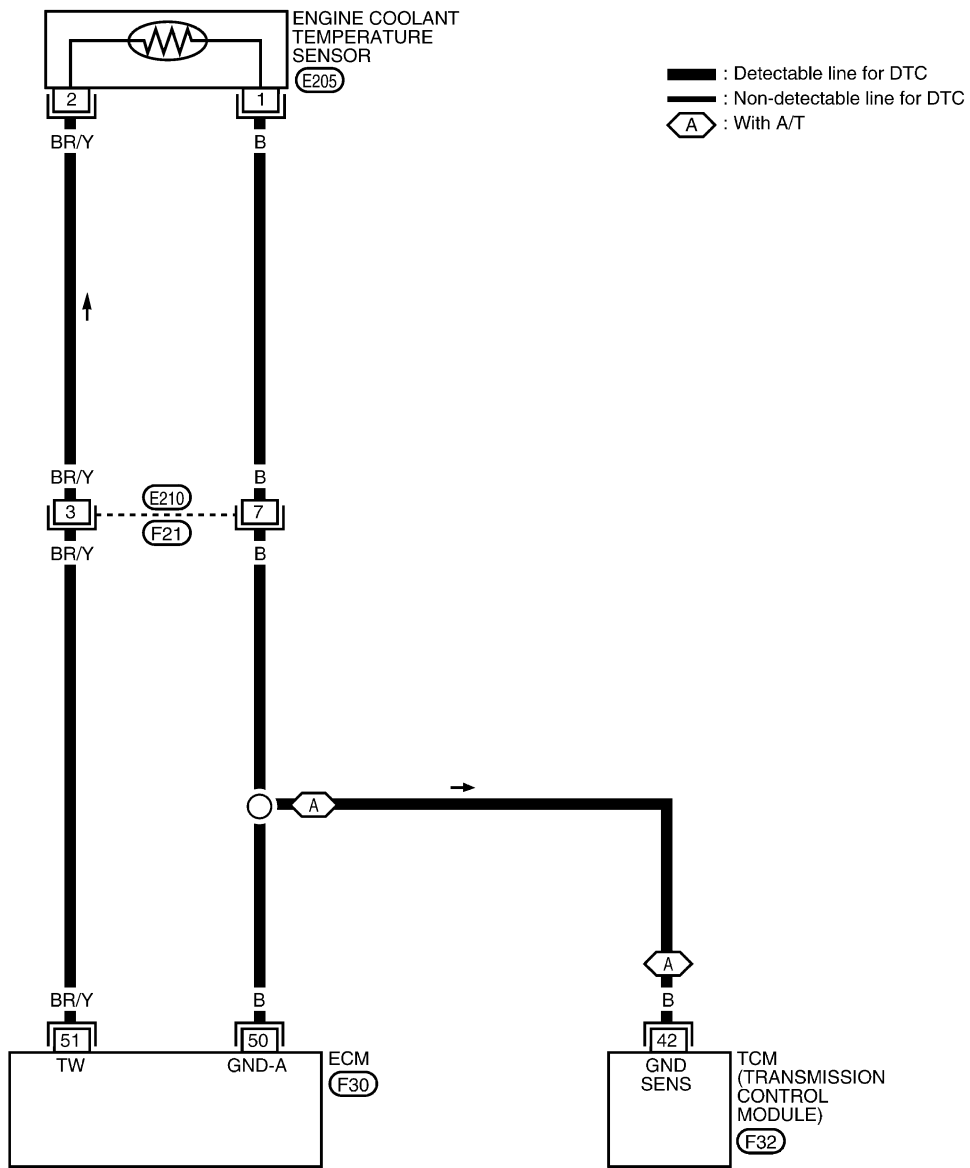
EL

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0115

## Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Cont'd)

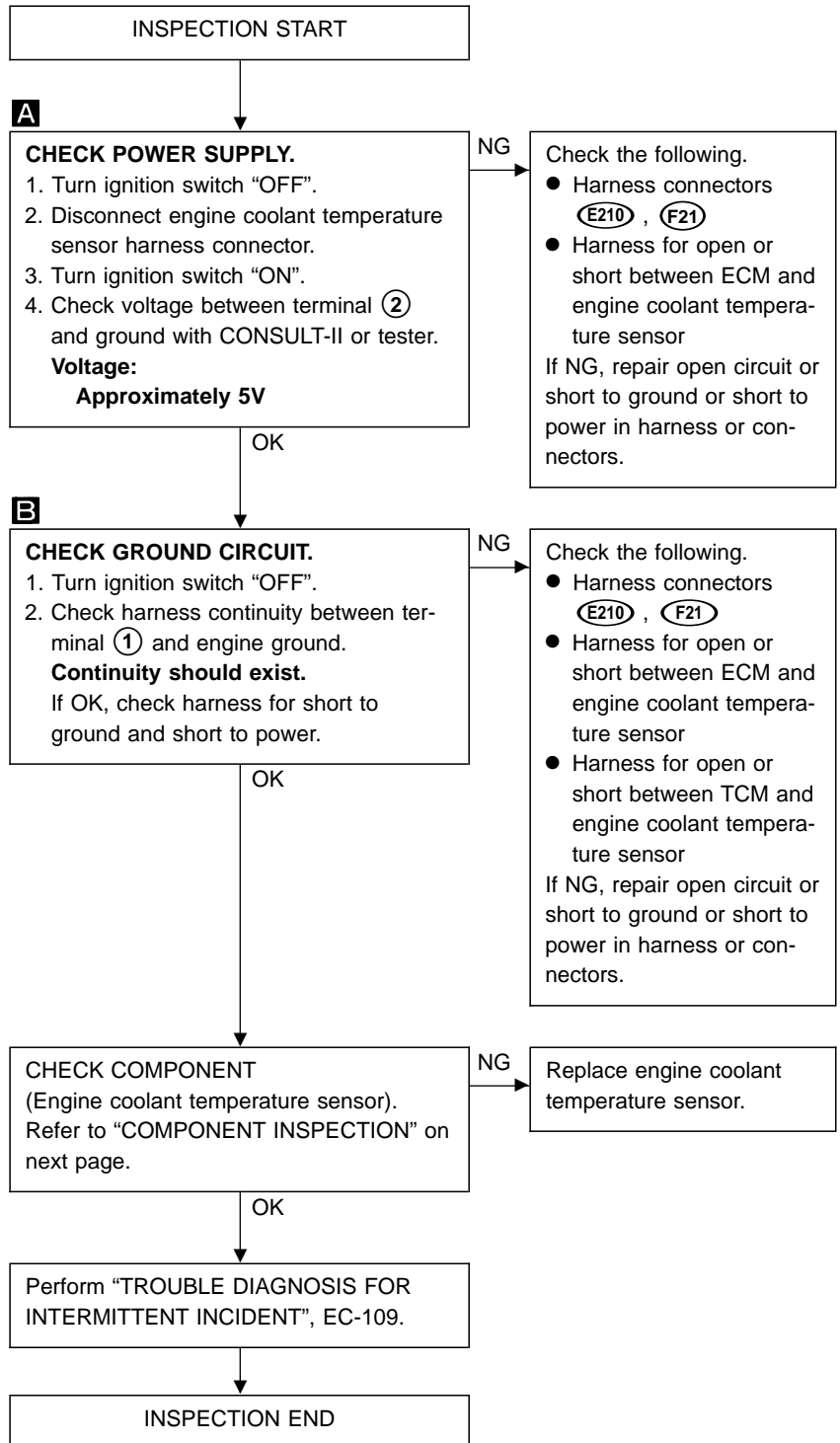
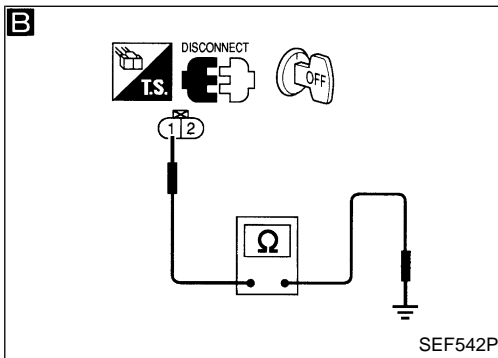
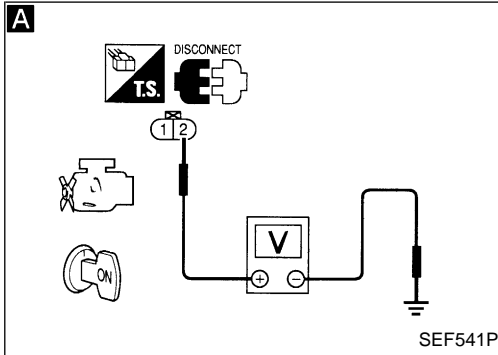
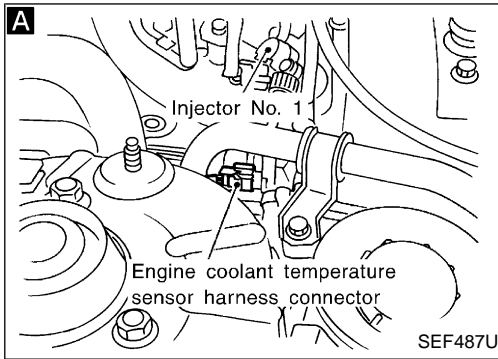
EC-ECTS-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0115

## Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0115

### Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (ECTS) (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

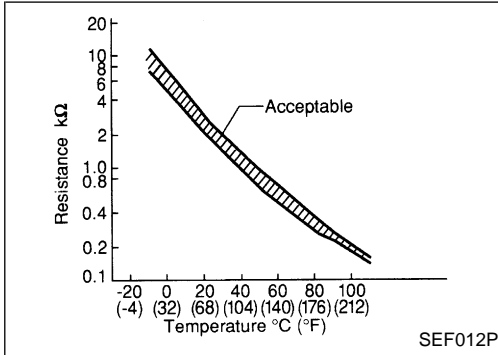
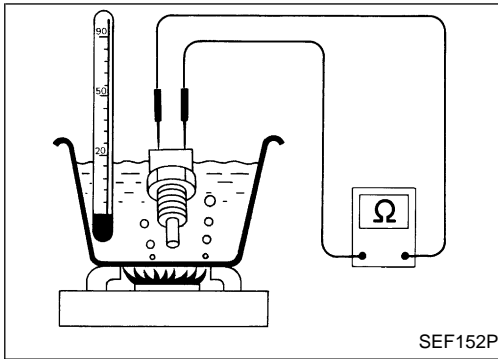
#### Engine coolant temperature sensor

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

<Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0120

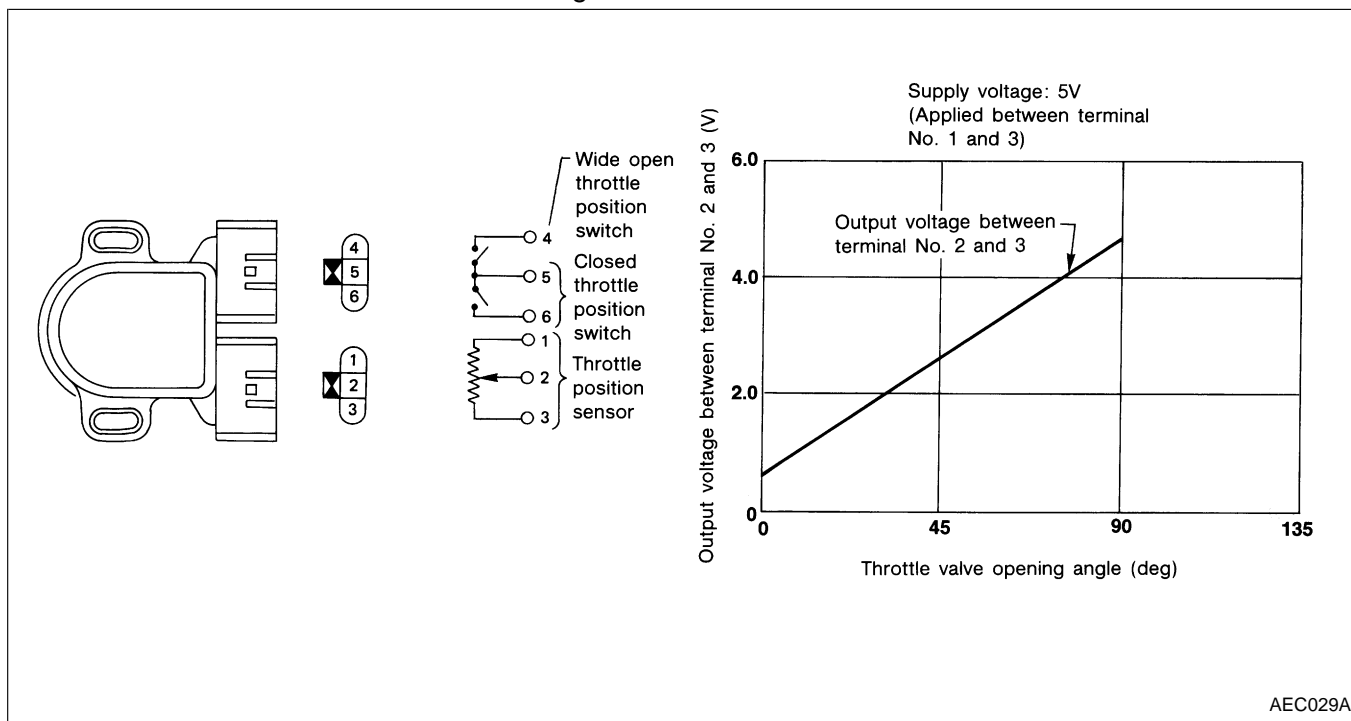
## Throttle Position Sensor

**Note:** If both DTC P0120 (0403) and DTC P0510 (0203) are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510 first. (See EC-339.)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The throttle position sensor responds to the accelerator pedal movement. This sensor is a kind of potentiometer which transforms the throttle position into output voltage, and emits the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, the sensor detects the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feeds the voltage signal to the ECM.

Idle position of the throttle valve is determined by the ECM receiving the signal from the throttle position sensor. This sensor controls engine operation such as fuel cut. On the other hand, the "Wide open and closed throttle position switch", which is built into the throttle position sensor unit, is not used for engine control.



### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
THRTL POS SEN	● Engine: After warming up ● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: fully closed Throttle valve: fully opened
		0.15 - 0.85V Approx. 3.5 - 4.7V
ABSOL TH·P/S	● Engine: After warming up ● Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	Throttle valve: fully closed Throttle valve: fully opened
		0.0% Approx. 80%

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0120

### Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

#### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
23	Y	Throttle position sensor	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) └ Accelerator pedal fully released	0.15 - 0.85V
			Ignition switch "ON" └ Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Approximately 3.5 - 4.7V
33	GY	Throttle position sensor signal	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) └ Accelerator pedal fully released	Approximately 0.4V
			Ignition switch "ON" └ Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Approximately 4V
49	R	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V
50	B	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	Approximately 0V

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0120 0403	A) An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The throttle position sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Throttle position sensor</li> </ul>
	B) A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The throttle position sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Throttle position sensor</li> <li>● Fuel injector</li> <li>● Camshaft position sensor</li> <li>● Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>
	C) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The throttle position sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Intake air leaks</li> <li>● Throttle position sensor</li> </ul>

\*: When this malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode					
Throttle position sensor circuit	Throttle position will be determined based on the injected fuel amount and the engine speed. Therefore, acceleration will be poor.					
	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Condition</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Driving condition</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>When engine is idling</td> <td>Normal</td> </tr> <tr> <td>When accelerating</td> <td>Poor acceleration</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Condition	Driving condition	When engine is idling	Normal	When accelerating
Condition	Driving condition					
When engine is idling	Normal					
When accelerating	Poor acceleration					

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0120

### Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If the DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B". If there is no problem on "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure for malfunction C".

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

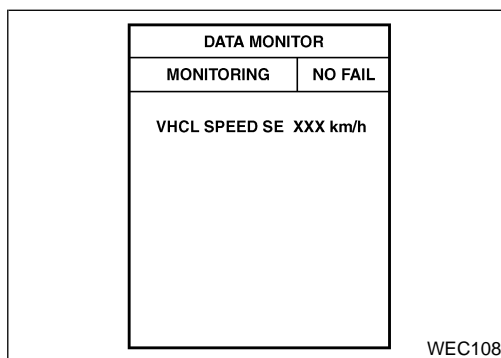
#### Procedure for malfunction A

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2) Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.  
**VHCL SPEED SE: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)**  
**Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N" position**
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-148.

OR

- 1) Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.  
**Vehicle speed: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)**  
**Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N" position**
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-148.

OR

- 1) Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.  
**Vehicle speed: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)**  
**Selector lever: Suitable position except "P" or "N" position**
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-148.


## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0120

### Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

#### Procedure for malfunction B

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm

PEF190P

-  1) Turn ignition switch "ON".  
2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.  
3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. If idle speed is over 1,100 rpm, maintain the following conditions for at least 10 seconds to keep engine speed below 1,100 rpm.

#### A/T model

**Selector lever:** Suitable position except "P" or "N"

**Brake pedal:** Depressed

**Vehicle speed:** 0 km/h (0 MPH)

#### M/T model


**Selector lever:** Suitable position except "N"  
(Higher gear position such as 3rd or 4th position is better to keep engine rpm low.)

**Accelerator pedal:** Released

**Vehicle speed:** As slow as possible

- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-148.

OR

-  1) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. If idle speed is over 1,100 rpm, maintain the following conditions for at least 10 seconds to keep engine speed below 1,100 rpm.

#### A/T model

**Selector lever:** Suitable position except "P" or "N"

**Brake pedal:** Depressed

**Vehicle speed:** 0 km/h (0 MPH)

#### M/T model


**Selector lever:** Suitable position except "N"  
(Higher gear position such as 3rd or 4th position is better to keep engine rpm low.)

**Accelerator pedal:** Released

**Vehicle speed:** As slow as possible

- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.  
3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-148.

OR

-  1) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds. If idle speed is over 1,100 rpm, maintain the following conditions for at least 10 seconds to keep engine speed below 1,100 rpm.

#### A/T model

**Selector lever:** Suitable position except "P" or "N"

**Brake pedal:** Depressed

**Vehicle speed:** 0 km/h (0 MPH)

#### M/T model

**Selector lever:** Suitable position except "N"  
(Higher gear position such as 3rd or 4th position is better to keep engine rpm low.)

**Accelerator pedal:** Released

**Vehicle speed:** As slow as possible

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.  
3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.  
4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-148.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0120

## Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

### Procedure for malfunction C

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5) Select "THRTL POS SEN" and "ABSOL TH·P/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 6) Press RECORD on CONSULT-II SCREEN at the same time accelerator pedal is depressed.
- 7) Print out the recorded graph and check the following:
  - The voltage rise is linear in response to accelerator pedal depression.
  - The voltage when accelerator pedal is fully depressed is approximately 4V.
 If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-148. If OK, go to following step.
- 8) Select "AUTO TRIG" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 9) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

**CMPS-RPM (REF): More than 2,000 rpm**

**MAS AIR/FL SE: More than 3V**

**COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F)**

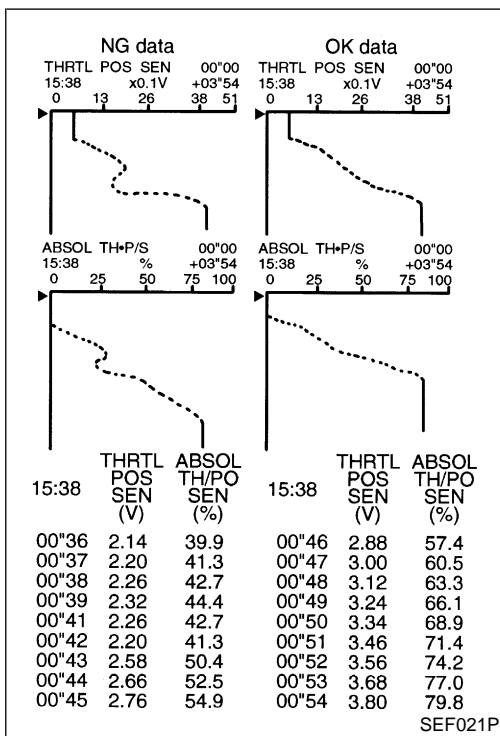
**Selector lever: Suitable position**

**Driving location: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.**

- 10) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-148.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
ABSOL TH·P/S	XXX %

PEF024P



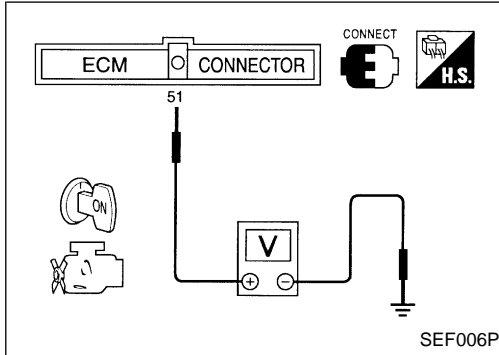
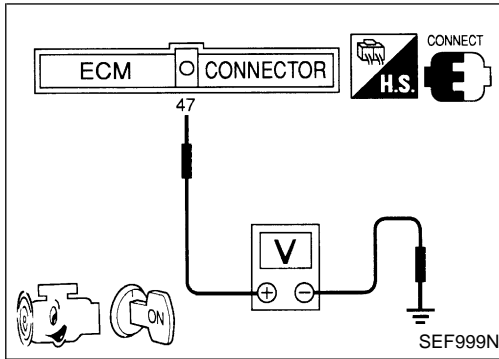
DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
MAS AIR/FL SE	XXX V
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

PEF235U

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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0120

### Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)



OR



- 1) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

**Gear position: Suitable position**

**Engine speed: More than 2,000 rpm**

**Voltage between ECM terminal ④7 and ground:  
More than 3V**

**Engine coolant temperature: More than 70°C  
(158°F)**

- 2) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-148.

OR



- 1) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

**Gear position: Suitable position**

**Engine speed: More than 2,000 rpm**

**Voltage between ECM terminal ④7 and ground:  
More than 3V**

**Voltage between ECM terminal ⑤1 and ground:  
Less than 1.5V**

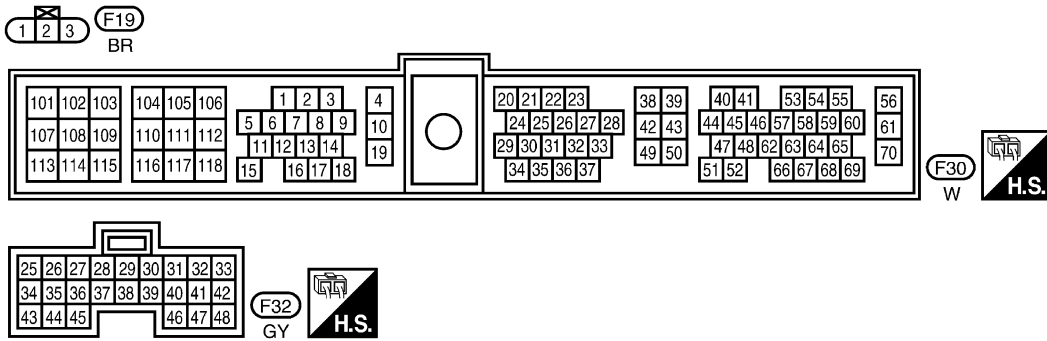
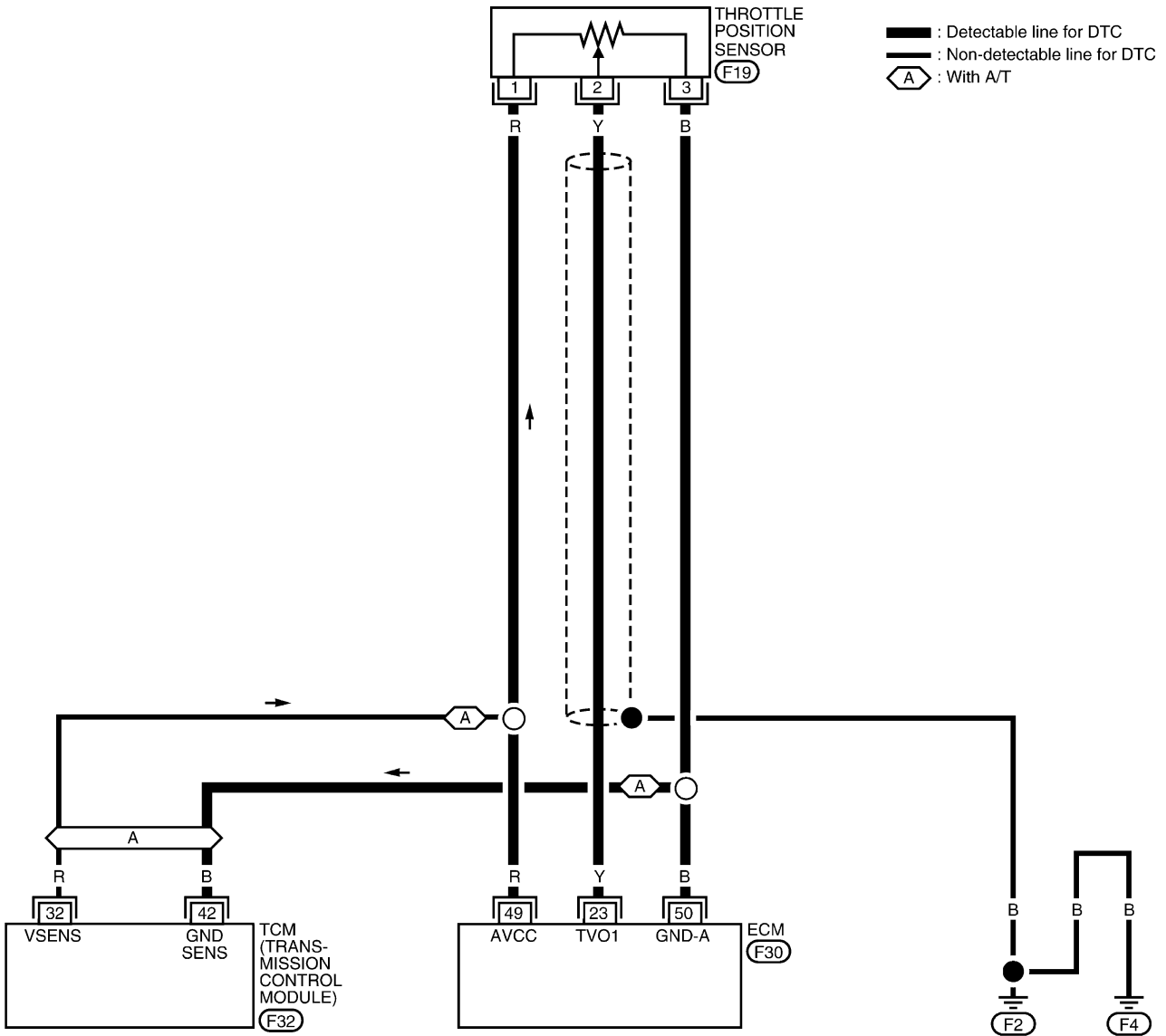
- 2) Stop the vehicle, turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-148.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0120

## Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

EC-TPS-01

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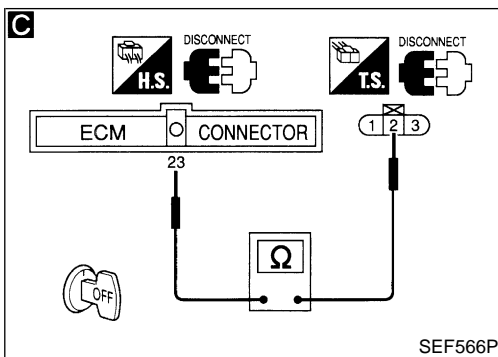
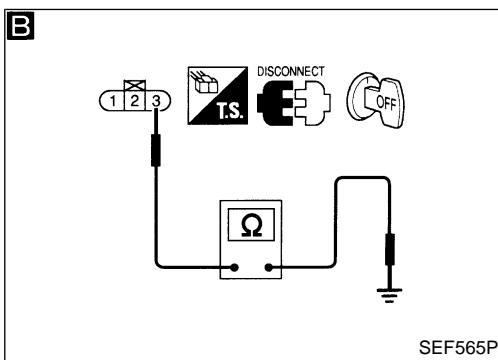
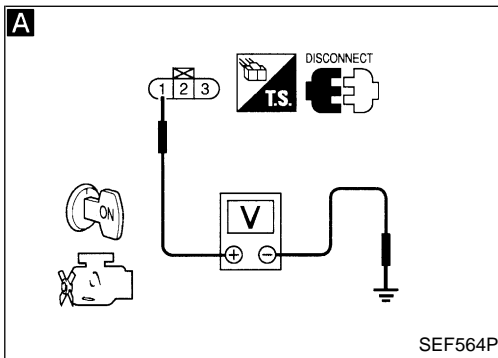
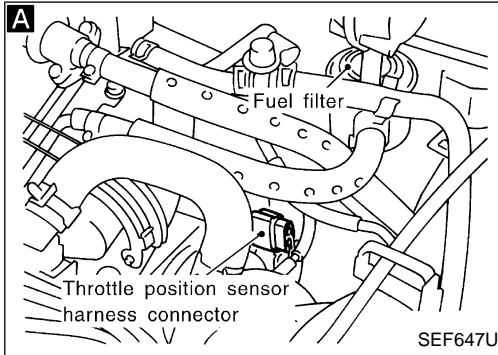
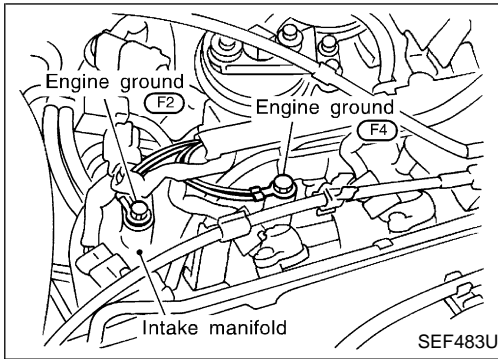
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0120

## Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction A", perform "Procedure A" below. If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction B", perform "Procedure B" on next page. If the trouble is duplicated after "Procedure for malfunction C", perform "Procedure C" on EC-151.

#### Procedure A



INSPECTION START

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

**A**  
**CHECK POWER SUPPLY.**  
1. Disconnect throttle position sensor harness connector.  
2. Turn ignition switch "ON".  
3. Check voltage between terminal ① and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.  
**Voltage: Approximately 5V**

NG → Repair harness or connectors.

**B**  
**CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.**  
1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".  
2. Check harness continuity between terminal ③ and engine ground.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Check the following.  
● Harness for open or short between ECM and throttle position sensor  
● Harness for open or short between TCM and throttle position sensor  
If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

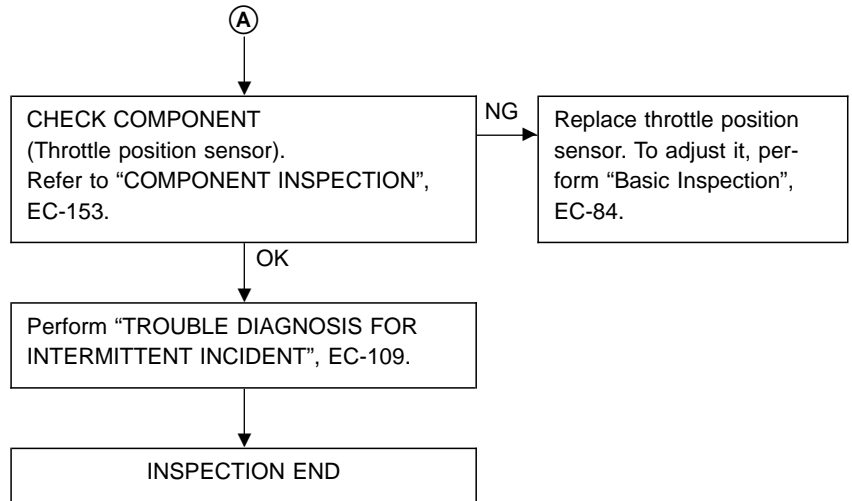
**C**  
**CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.**  
1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.  
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal ②③ and terminal ②.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Repair harness or connectors.

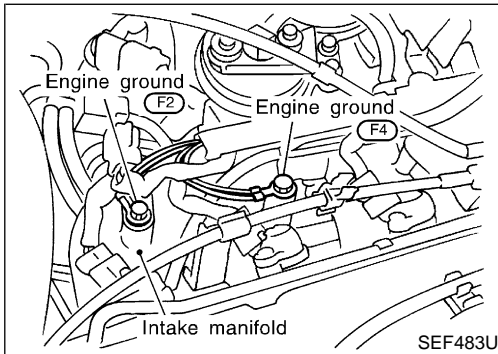
OK  
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0120

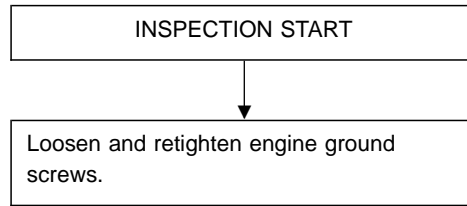
## Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)



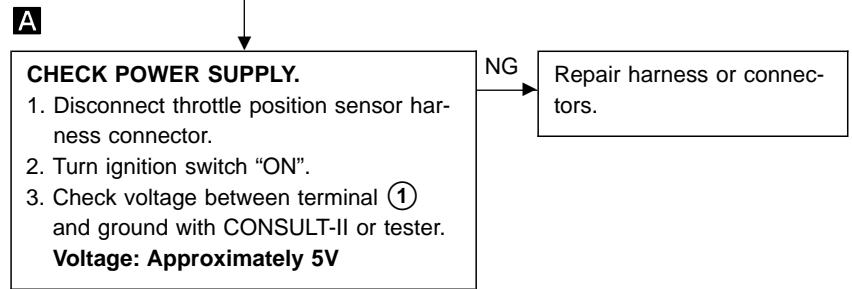
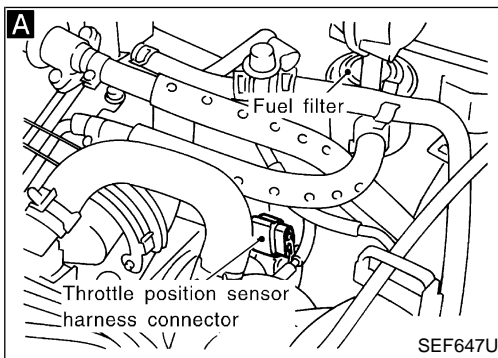
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### Procedure B



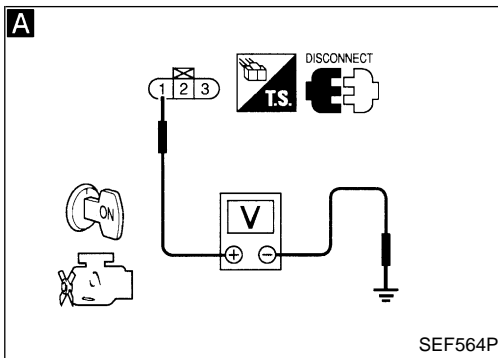
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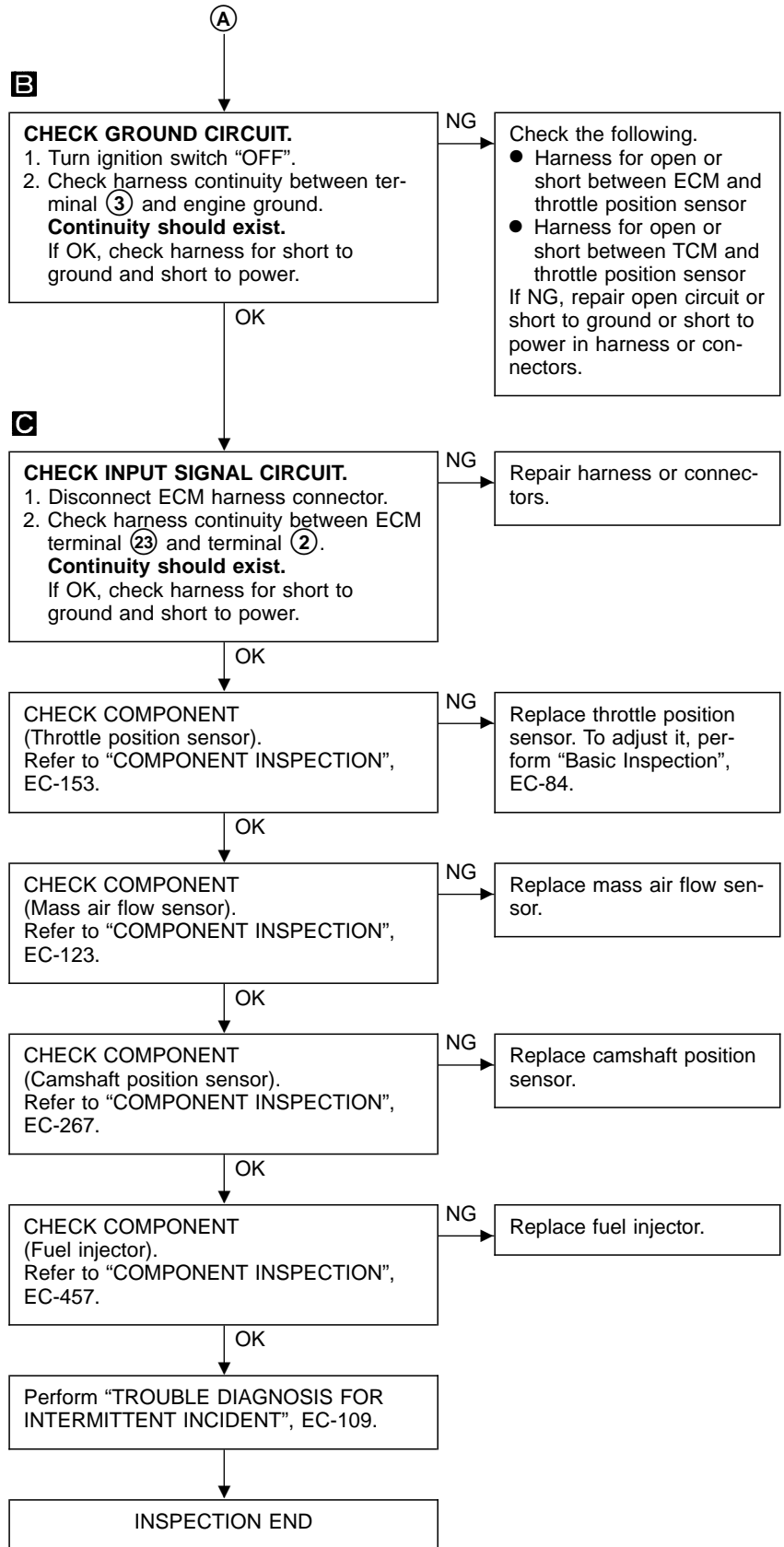
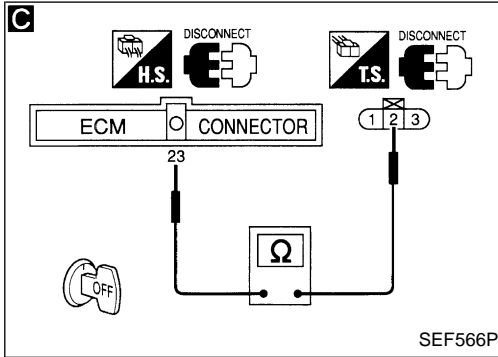
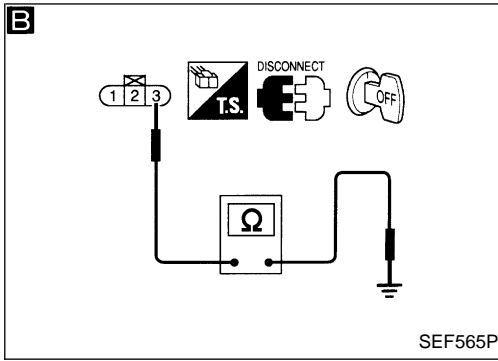
BT  
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0120

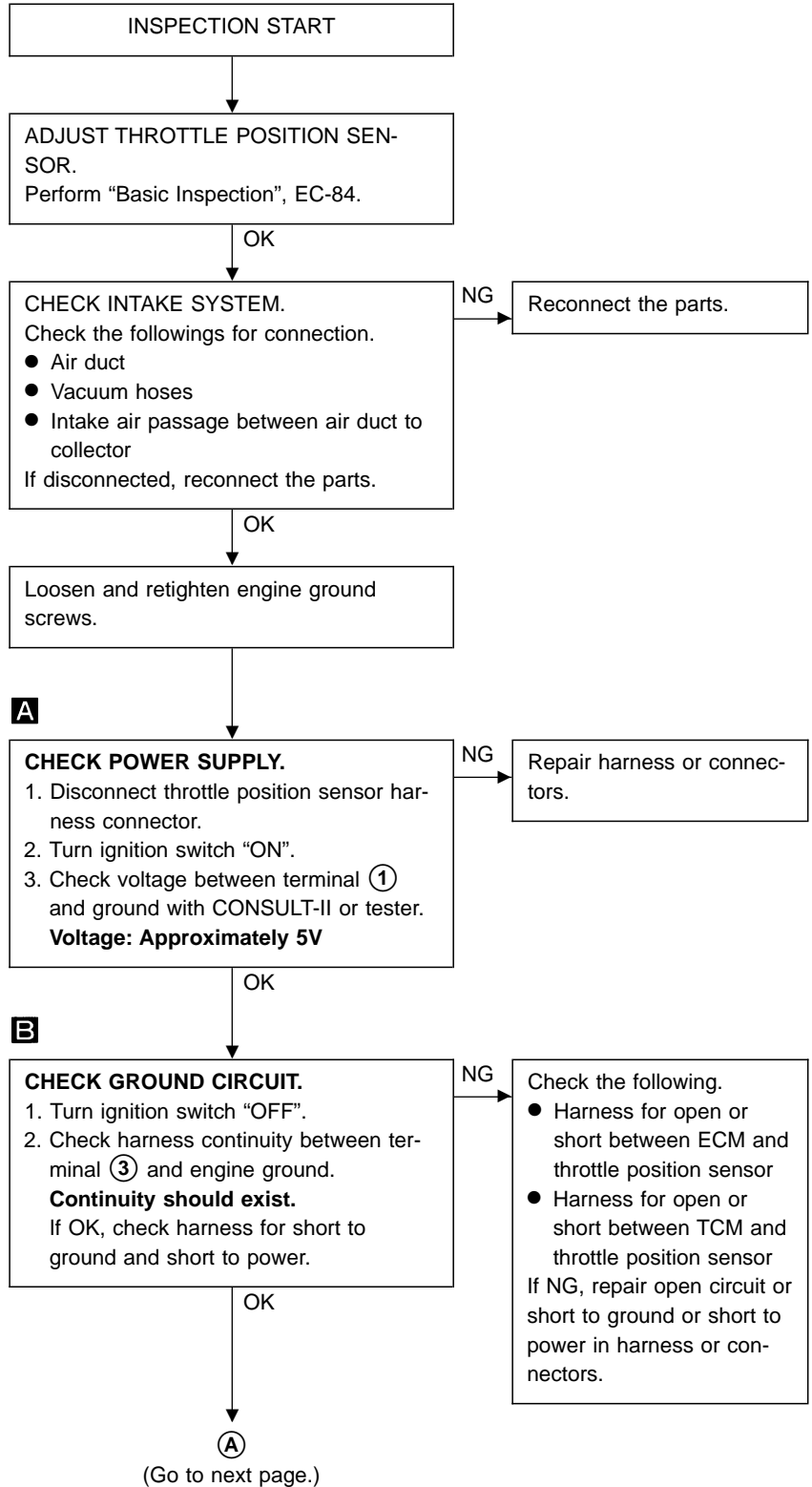
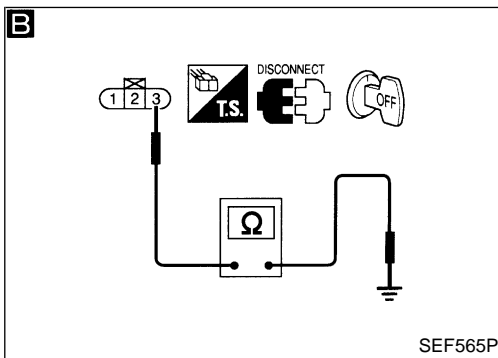
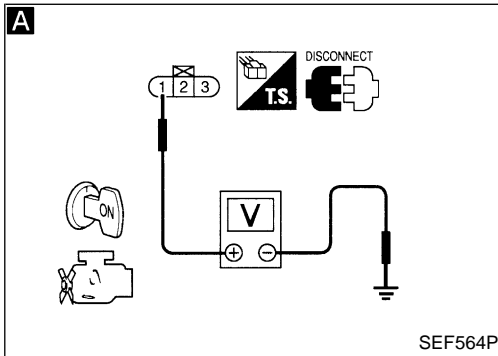
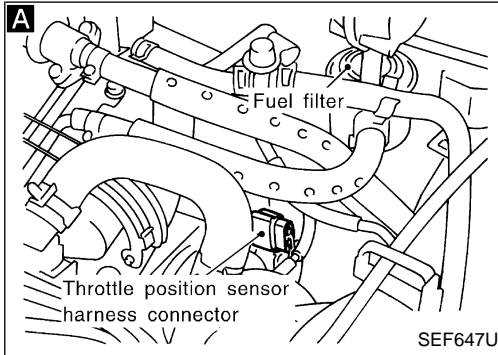
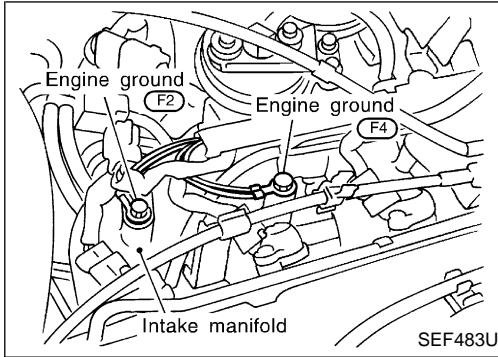
## Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0120

## Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

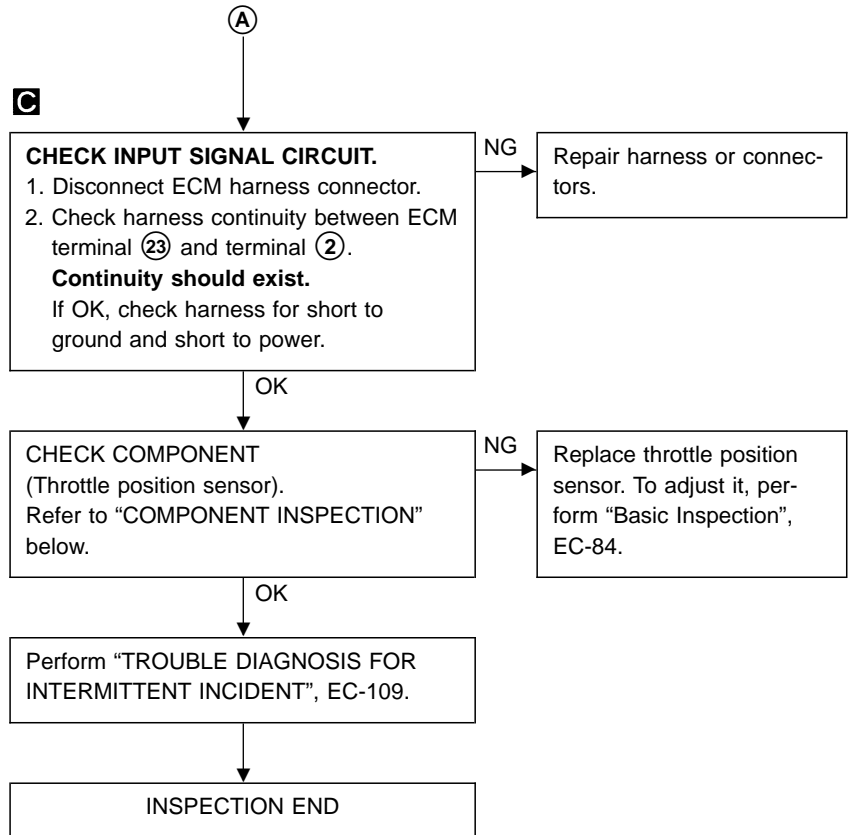
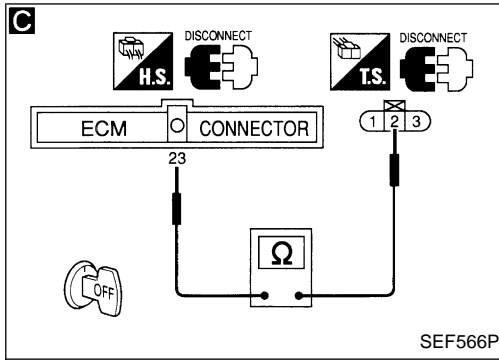
### Procedure C



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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0120

## Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)





# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0120

## Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Throttle position sensor



1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".
3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
4. Check voltage of "THRTL POS SEN".

**Voltage measurement must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.**

Throttle valve conditions	Voltage (V)
Completely closed	0.15 - 0.85 (a)
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)
Completely open	3.5 - 4.7 (b)

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-84.

5. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace throttle position sensor.

OR



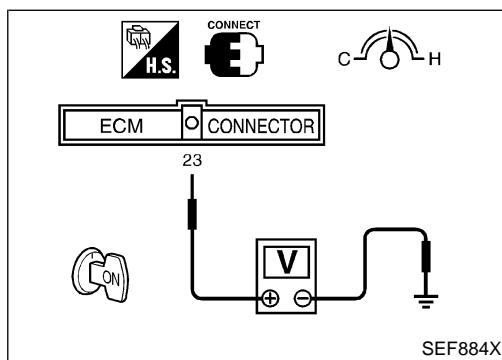
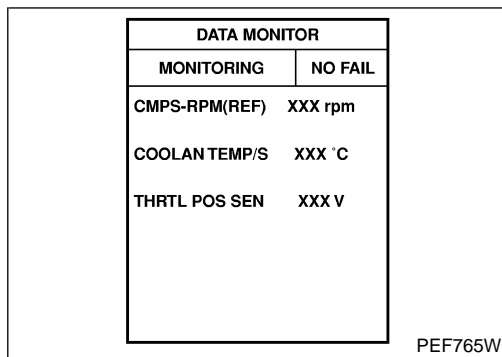
1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".
3. Check voltage between ECM terminal ②3 (Throttle position sensor signal) and ground.

**Voltage measurement must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.**

Throttle valve conditions	Voltage (V)
Completely closed	0.15 - 0.85 (a)
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)
Completely open	3.5 - 4.7 (b)

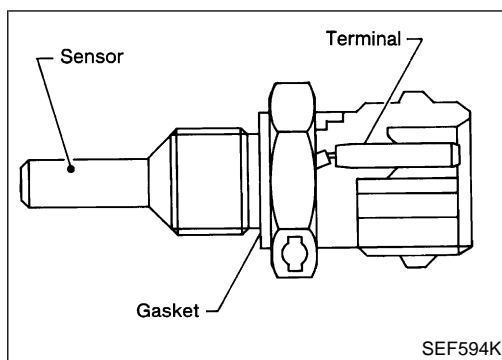
If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-84.

4. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace throttle position sensor.



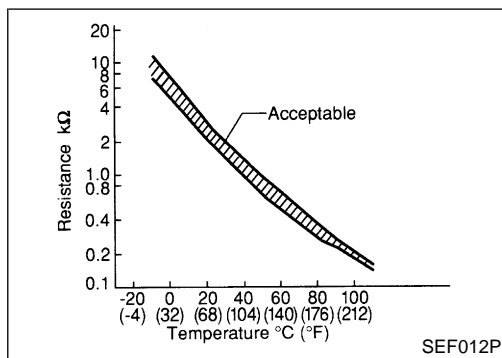
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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0125



### Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.



#### <Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal ⑤1 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ECM terminal ④3 (ECM ground).

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0125 0908	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Voltage sent to ECM from the sensor is not practical, even when some time has passed after starting the engine.</li> <li>● Engine coolant temperature is insufficient for closed loop fuel control.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (High resistance in the circuit)</li> <li>● Engine coolant temperature sensor</li> <li>● Thermostat</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0125

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

PEF002P

### Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### CAUTION:

Be careful not to overheat engine.

##### NOTE:

- If both DTC P0115 (0103) and P0125 (0908) are displayed, first perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0115". Refer to EC-136.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed.  
If "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-157.

OR



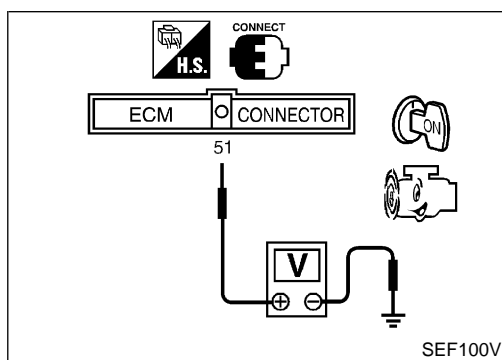
- 1) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.  
If "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-157.

OR



- 1) Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-157.

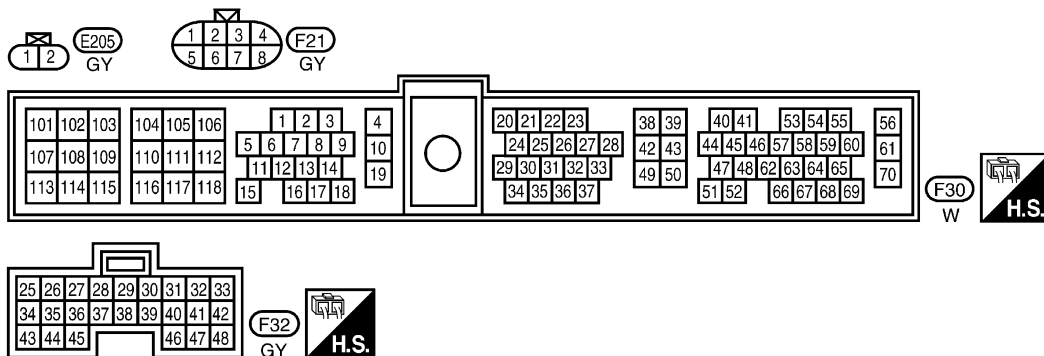
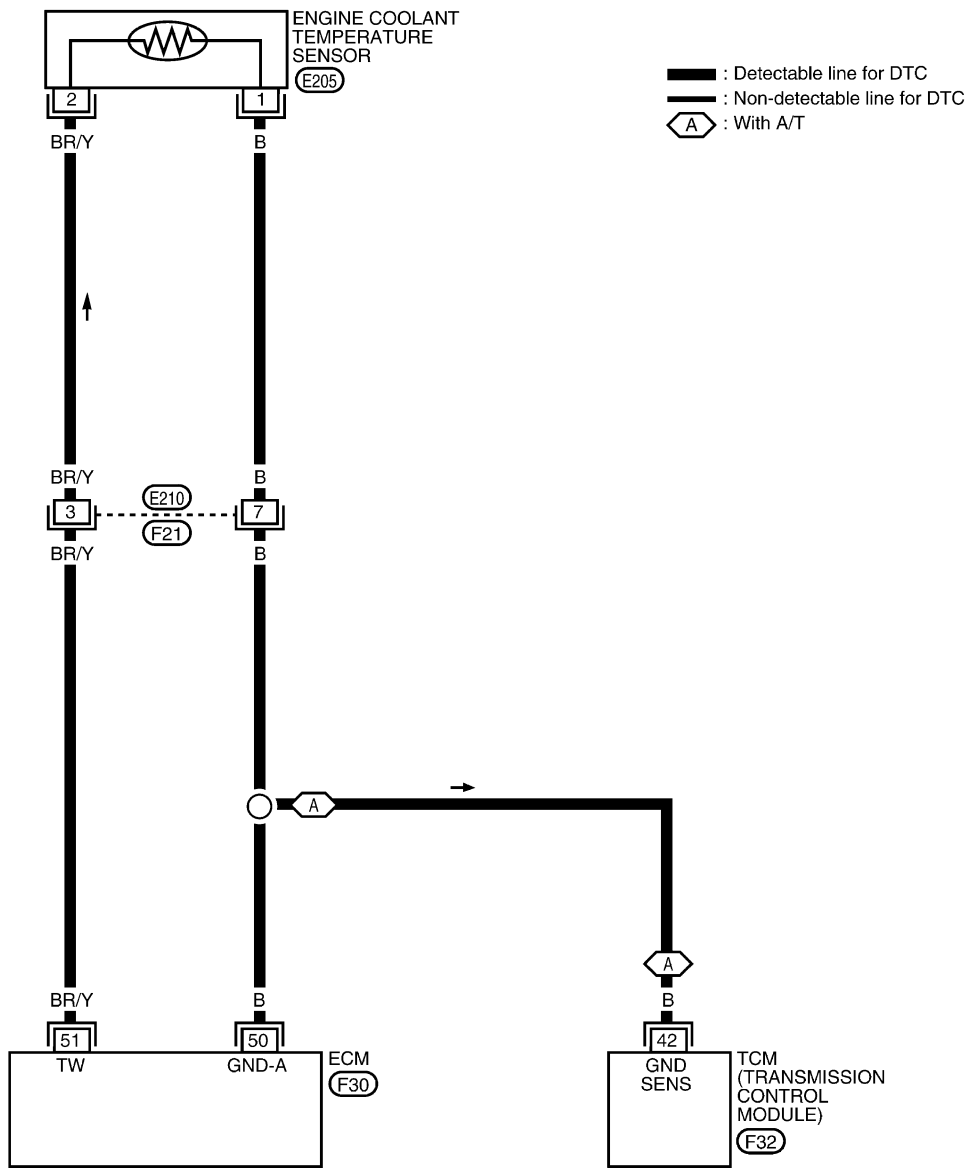
If voltage between ECM terminal ⑤1 and ground decreases to less than 3.8V within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0125

## Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

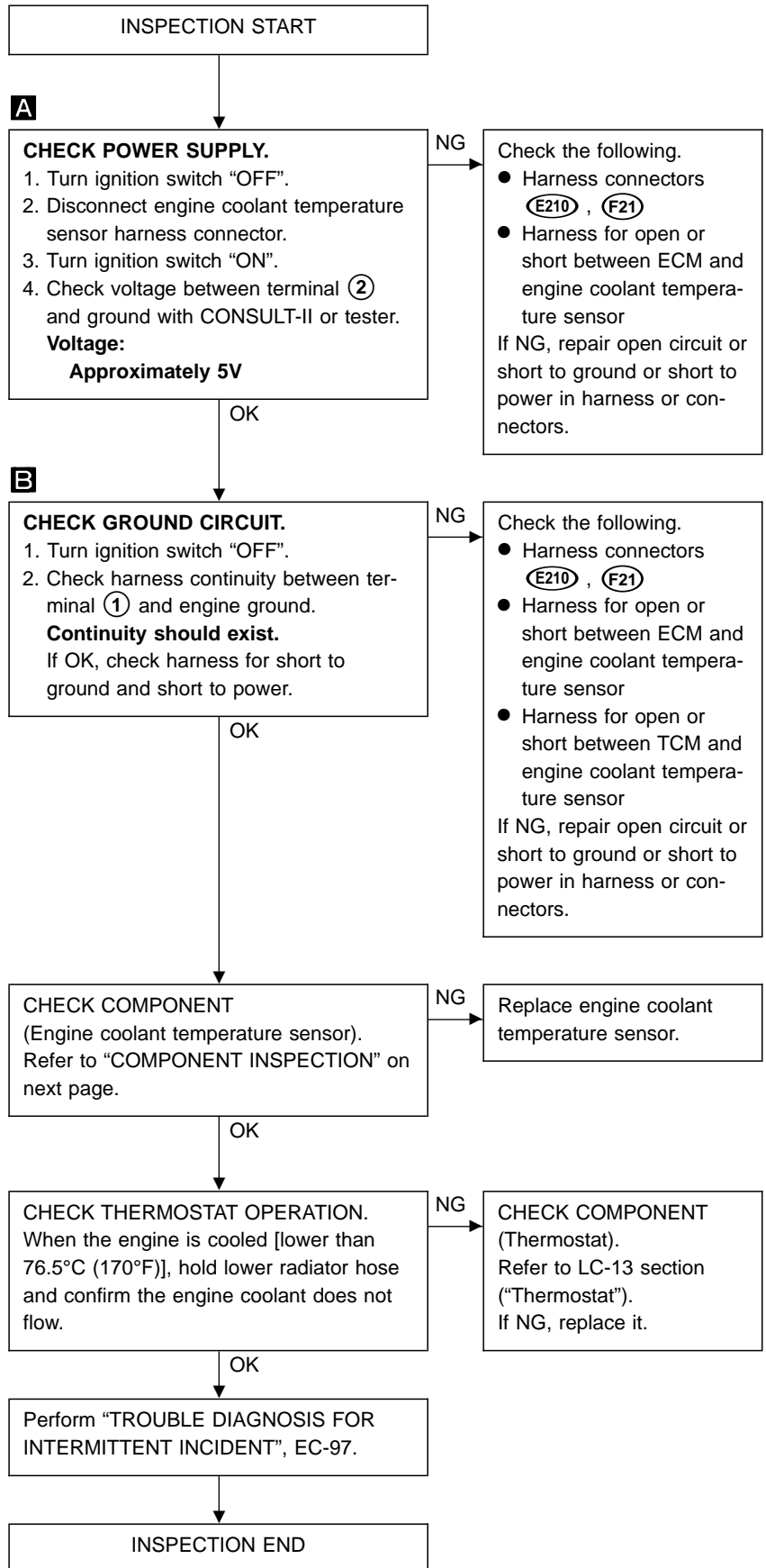
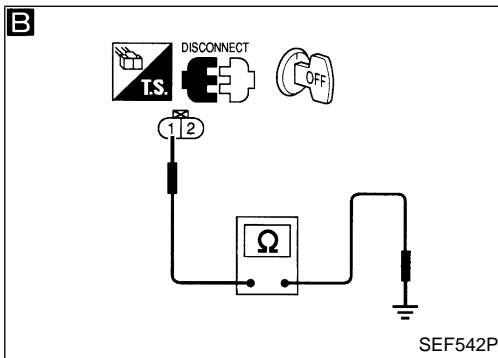
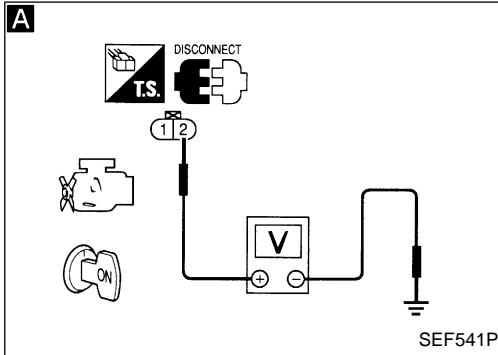
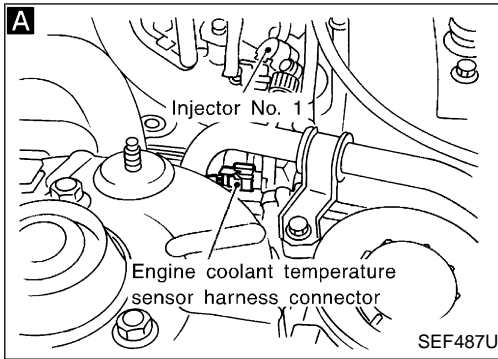
EC-ECTS-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0125

## Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0125

### Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

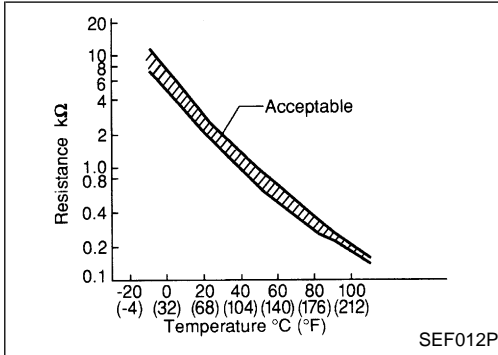
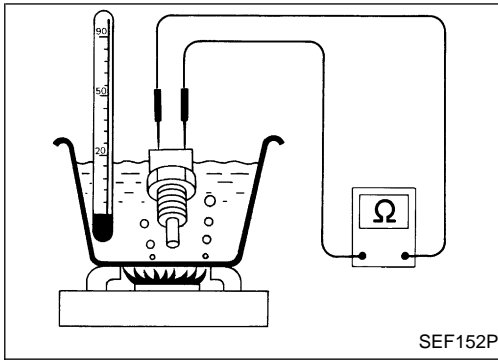
#### Engine coolant temperature sensor

Check resistance as shown in the figure.

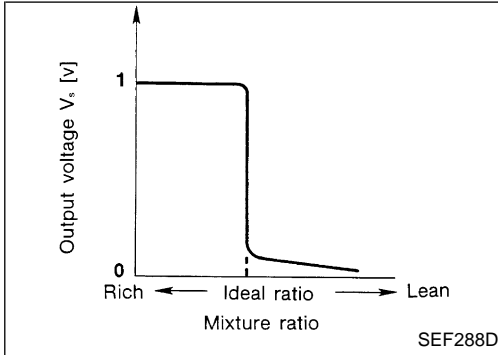
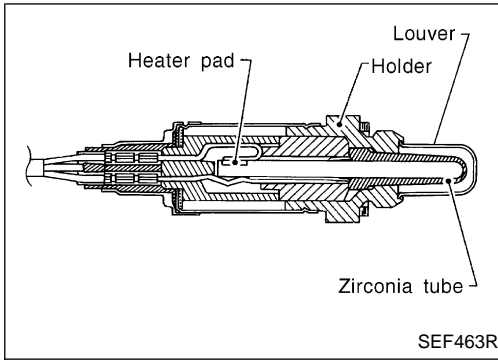
<Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.0
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0130



## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

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### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR ..... FR O2 MNTR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> </ul> Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

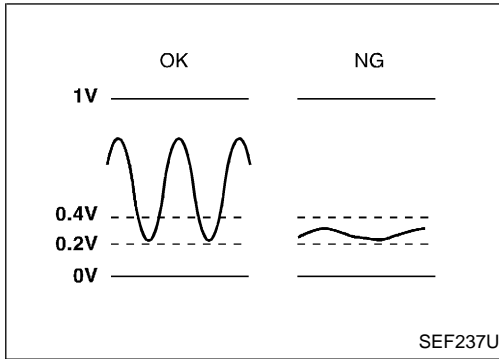
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
46	W	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V 

SEF201T

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0130

### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)



#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Under the condition in which the front heated oxygen sensor signal is not input, the ECM circuits will read a continuous approximately 0.3V. Therefore, for this diagnosis, the time that output voltage is within 200 to 400 mV range is monitored, and the diagnosis checks that this time is not inordinately long.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0130 0303	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● The voltage from the sensor is constantly approx. 0.3V.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Front heated oxygen sensor</li> </ul>

FR O2 SENSOR P0130	
OUT OF CONDITION	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF138V

FR O2 SENSOR P0130	
TESTING	
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF139V

FR O2 SENSOR P0130	
COMPLETED	

PEF210V

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

##### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

##### TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $14^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Select "FR O2 SENSOR P0130" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4) Touch "START".
- 5) Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.

##### NOTE:

**Never rev up engine above 3,600 rpm after this step. If the engine speed exceeds, return to step 5).**

- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 10 to 60 seconds.)

**CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,500 - 2,600 rpm (A/T)  
1,600 - 2,300 rpm (M/T)**

**Vehicle speed: 80 - 100 km/h (50 - 62 MPH)**

**B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.2 - 4.6 msec**

**Selector lever: Suitable position**



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0130

### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-163.

During this test, P1148 may be stored in ECM.

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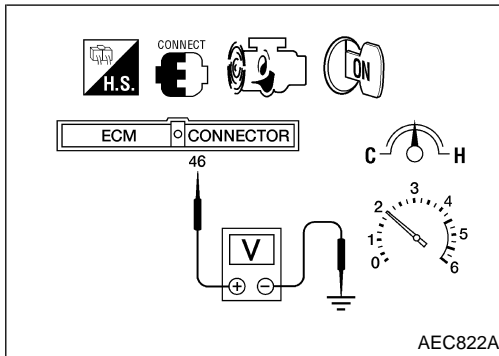
RS

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### OR OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

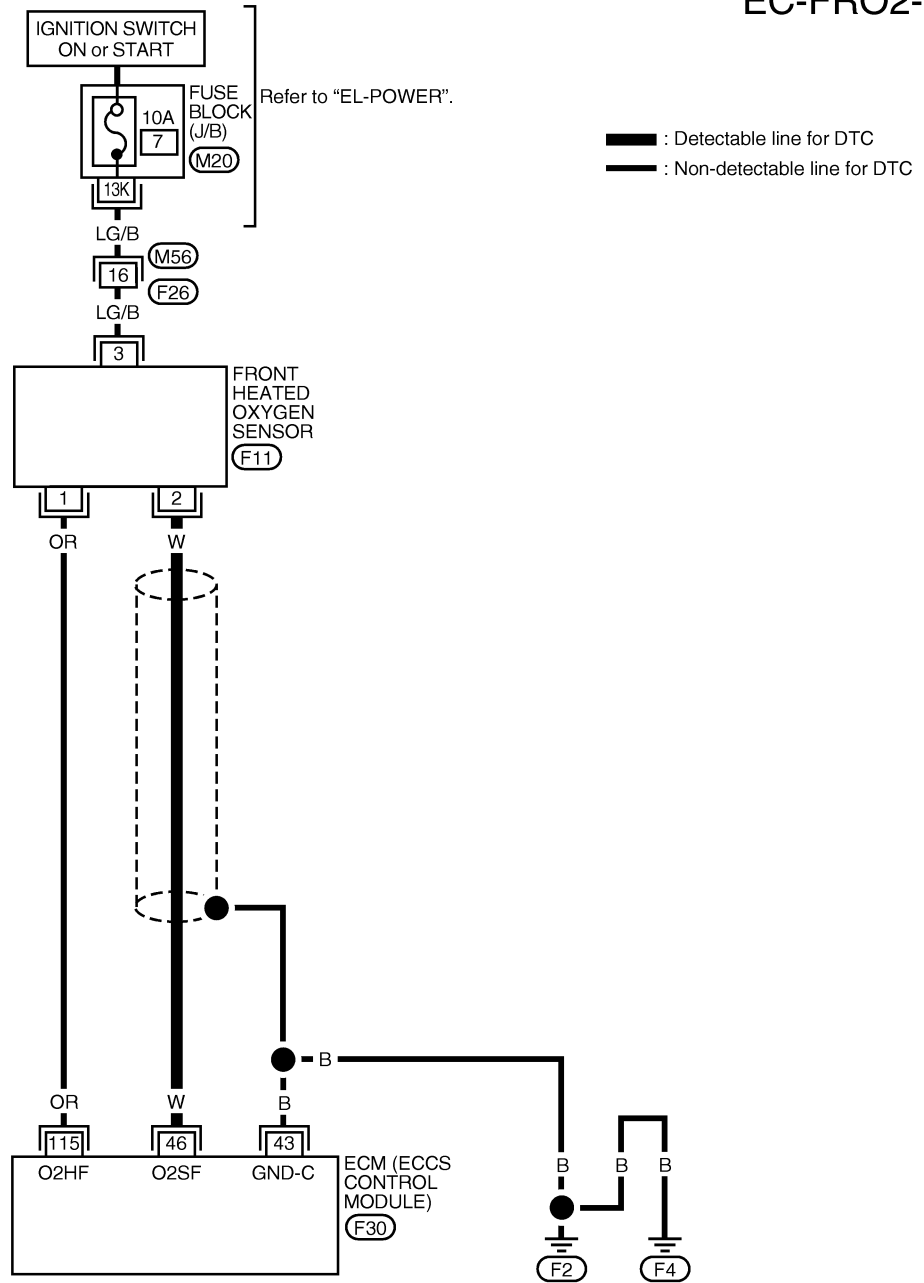


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal ④⑥ (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - The voltage does not remain in the range of 0.2 - 0.4V.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-163.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0130

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

EC-FRO2-01

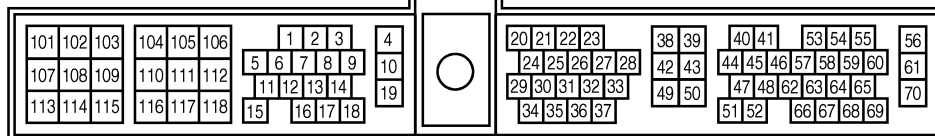


1K	2K	3K	4K	5K	6K	7K	M20
8K	9K	10K	11K	12K	13K	14K	BR

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	M56
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	W		

1	2	3	F11
			GY

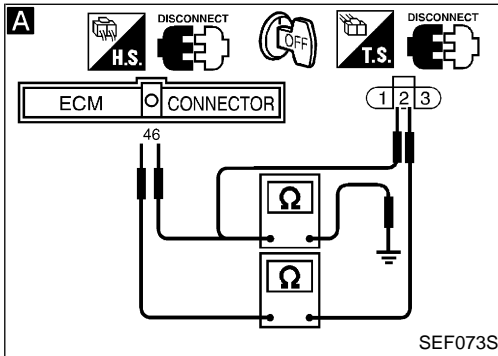
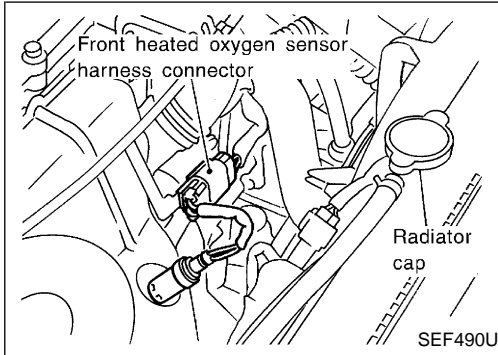
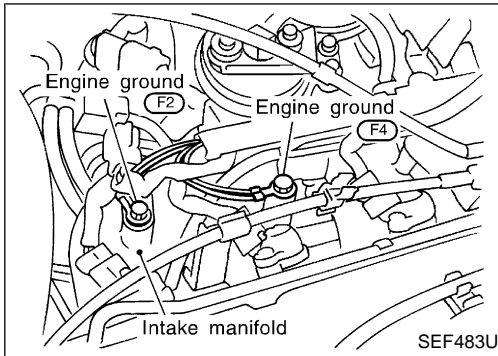
F30	H.S.
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0130

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

**A**

**CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.**

1. Disconnect front heated oxygen sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal (46) and terminal (2).  
**Continuity should exist.**
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal (46) (or terminal (2)) and ground.  
**Continuity should not exist.**

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Repair harness or connectors.

**CHECK COMPONENT**  
(Front heated oxygen sensor).  
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on next page.

NG → Replace front heated oxygen sensor.

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

INSPECTION END

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0130

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Front heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen.
- 5) Check the following.
  - "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds. 5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

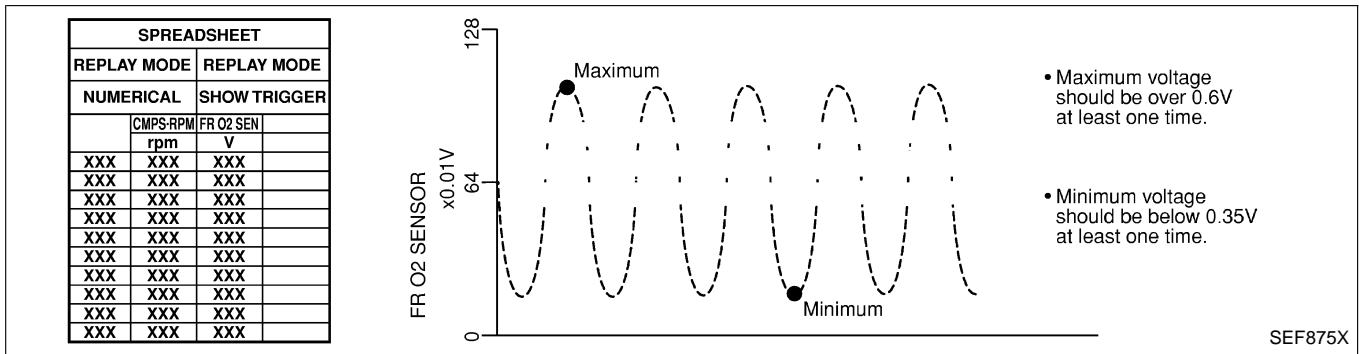
cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |  
FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH"  
L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
MAS AIR/FL SE	XXX V
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
FR O2 SENSOR	XXX V
FR O2 MNTR	LAEN
INJ PULSE	XXX msec

PEF084P



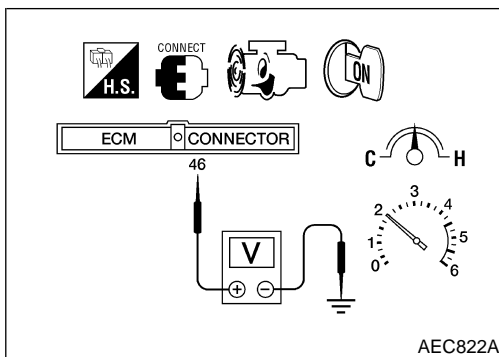
### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal ④⑥ (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
  - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
  - The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
  - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0130

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### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Circuit) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

**CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

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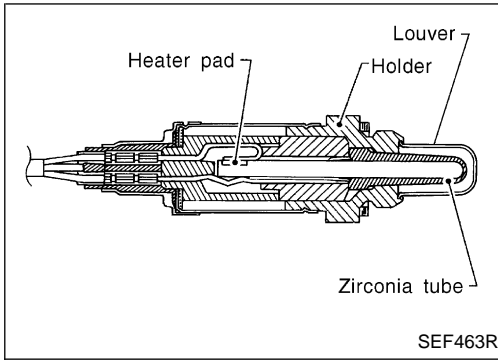
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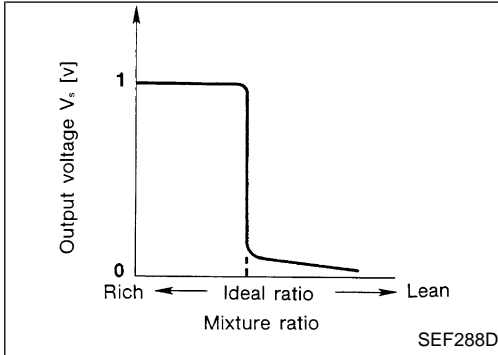
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0131



## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.



### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR ..... FR O2 MNTR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> </ul> Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

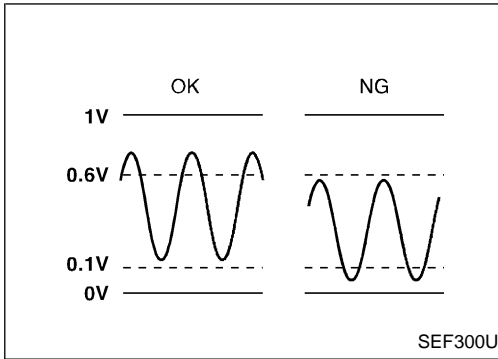
TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
46	W	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V 

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0131

### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the output from the front heated oxygen sensor is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high and whether the "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the lean side, the malfunction will be detected.



Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0131 0411	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The maximum and minimum voltages from the sensor are not reached to the specified voltages.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor heater</li> <li>Fuel pressure</li> <li>Injectors</li> <li>Intake air leaks</li> </ul>

FR O2 SENSOR P0131	
OUT OF CONDITION	
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF143V

FR O2 SENSOR P0131	
TESTING	
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF144V

FR O2 SENSOR P0131	
COMPLETED	

PEF211V

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $14^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SENSOR P0131" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Touch "START".
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.

#### NOTE:

**Never rev up engine above 3,600 rpm after this step. If the engine speed exceeds, return to step 5).**

- When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds.)

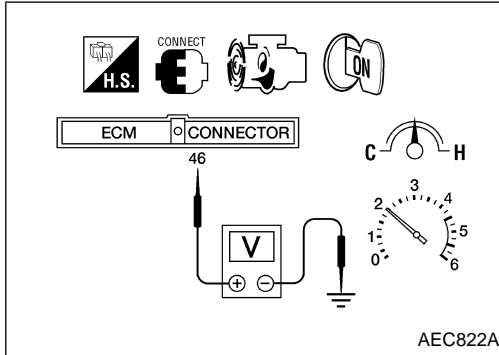
**CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,700 - 2,600 rpm**  
**Vehicle speed: 80 - 100 km/h (50 - 62 MPH)**  
**B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.0 - 4.5 msec**  
**Selector lever: Suitable position**

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0131

### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

- 7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-170.



OR

### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



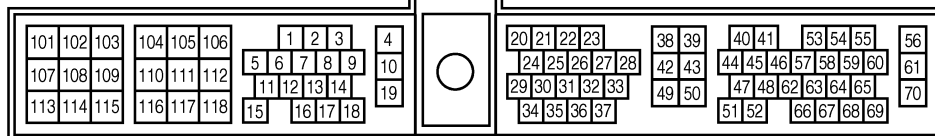
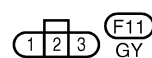
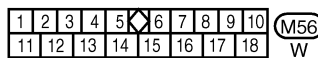
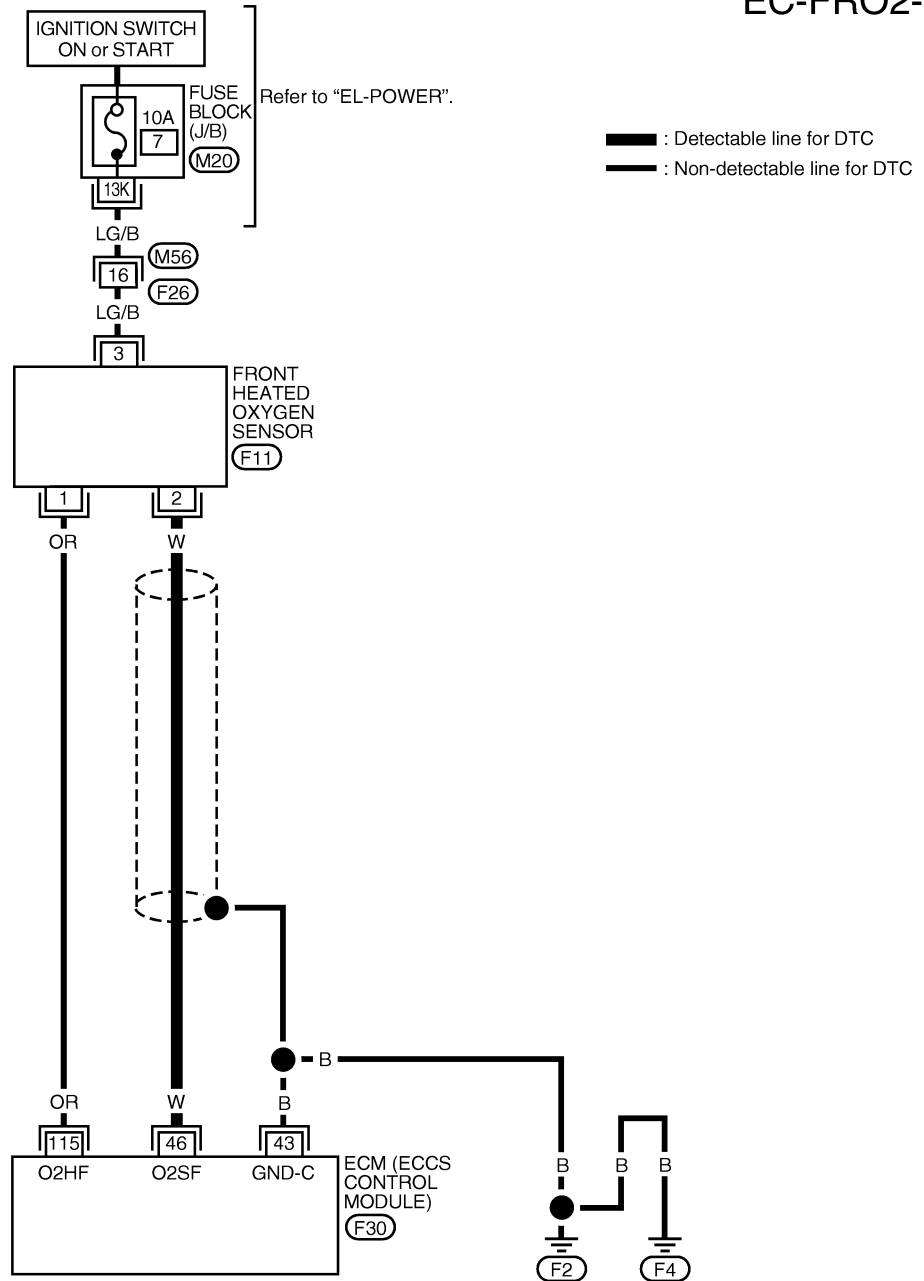
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal ④⑥ (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
  - The minimum voltage is over 0.1V at least one time.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-170.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0131

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

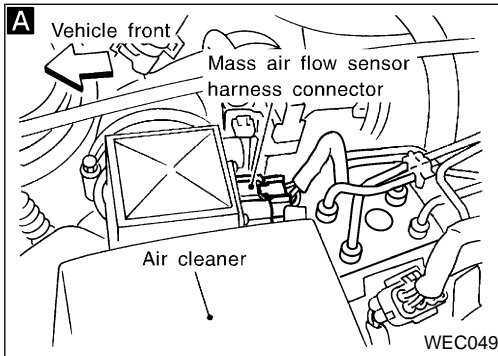
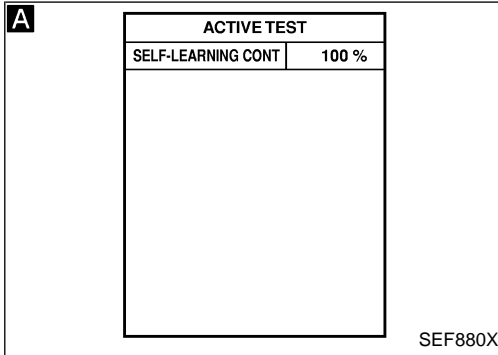
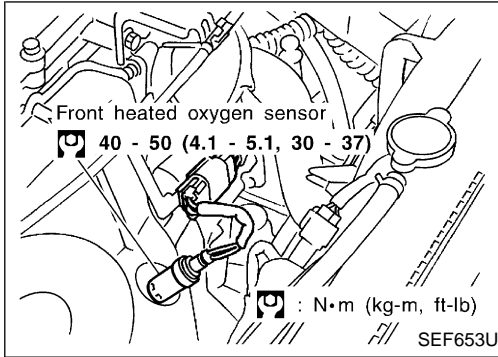
EC-FRO2-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0131

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

Loosen and retighten front heated oxygen sensor.

**Tightening torque:**  
**40 - 50 N·m**  
**(4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)**

**A**

**CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA.**

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

**Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?**

Yes → Go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0171", EC-232.

OR

2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
6. Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

**Is the 1st trip DTC 0115 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?**

No

**CHECK COMPONENT**  
 (Front heated oxygen sensor heater). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on next page.

NG → Replace front heated oxygen sensor.

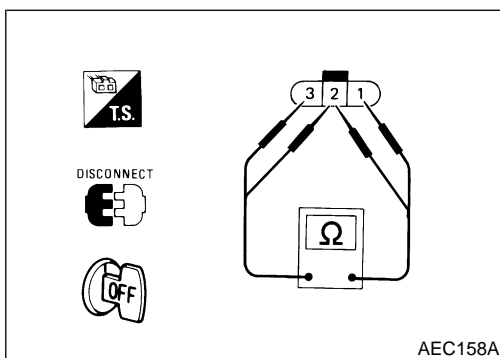
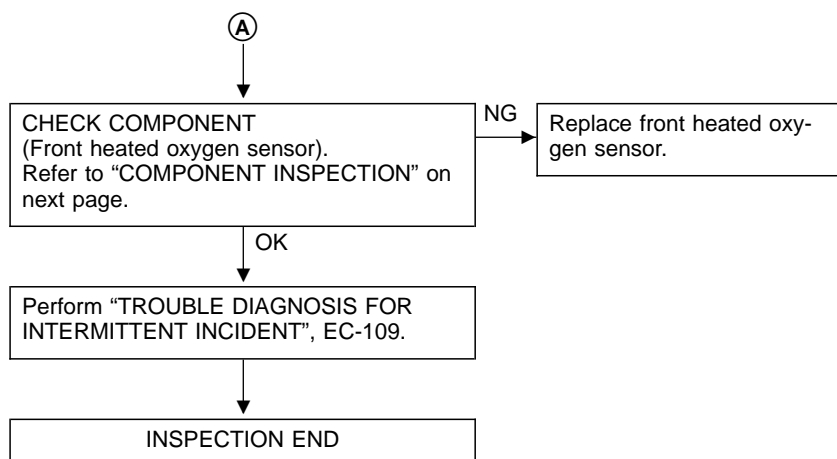
OK

**A**

(Go to next page.)

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0131

### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)



#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

##### Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals ③ and ①.

**Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)**

Check continuity between terminals ② and ①, ③ and ②.

**Continuity should not exist.**

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0131

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
MAS AIR/FL SE	XXX V
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
FR O2 SENSOR	XXX V
FR O2 MNTR	LAEN
INJ PULSE	XXX msec

PEF084P

### Front heated oxygen sensor

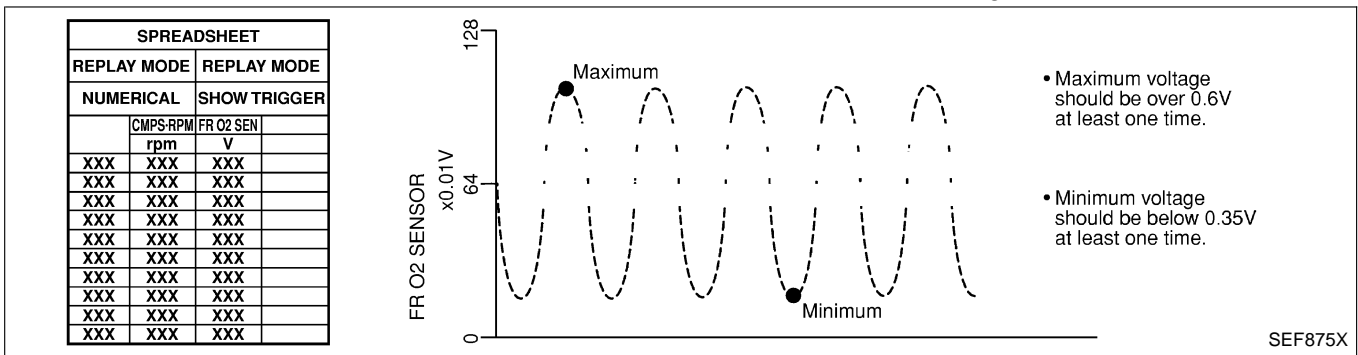


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
  - 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
  - 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
  - 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen.
  - 5) Check the following.
    - "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.
- 5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |  
FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

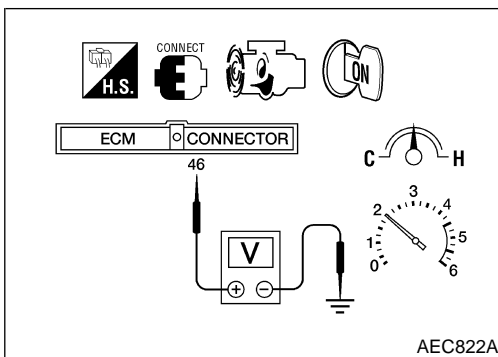
R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH"  
L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal ④⑥ (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
  - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
  - The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
  - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0131

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### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Lean Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

**CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

GI

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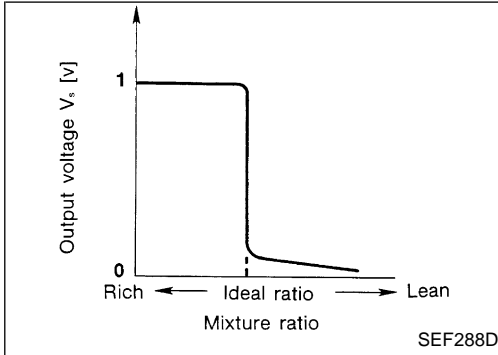
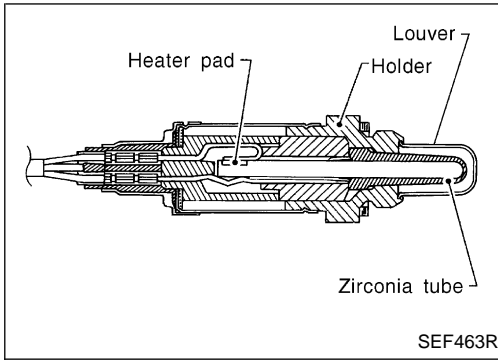
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0132



## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR ..... FR O2 MNTR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> </ul> Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
46	W	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V 

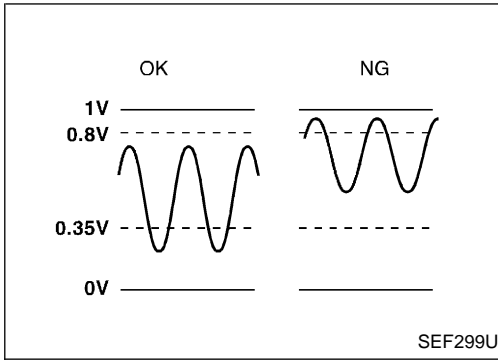
SEF201T

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0132

### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the output from the front heated oxygen sensor is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high. The "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the rich side, the malfunction will be detected.



Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0132 0410	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The maximum and minimum voltages from the sensor are beyond the specified voltages.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor heater</li> <li>Fuel pressure</li> <li>Injectors</li> </ul>

FR O2 SENSOR P0132	
OUT OF CONDITION	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF146V

FR O2 SENSOR P0132	
TESTING	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF147V

FR O2 SENSOR P0132	
COMPLETED	

PEF212V

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

##### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

##### TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $14^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SENSOR P0132" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Touch "START".
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.

##### NOTE:

Never rev up engine above 3,600 rpm after this step. If the engine speed exceeds, return to step 5).

- When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds.)

**CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,700 - 2,600 rpm**

**Vehicle speed: 80 - 100 km/h (50 - 62 MPH)**

**B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.0 - 4.5 msec**

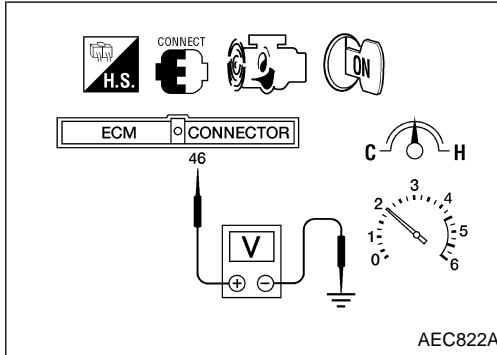
**Selector lever: Suitable position**

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0132

### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-178.



OR

### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



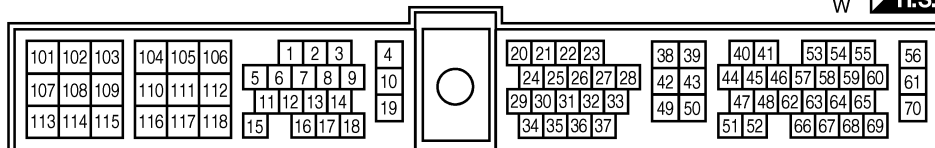
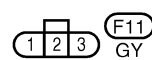
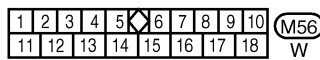
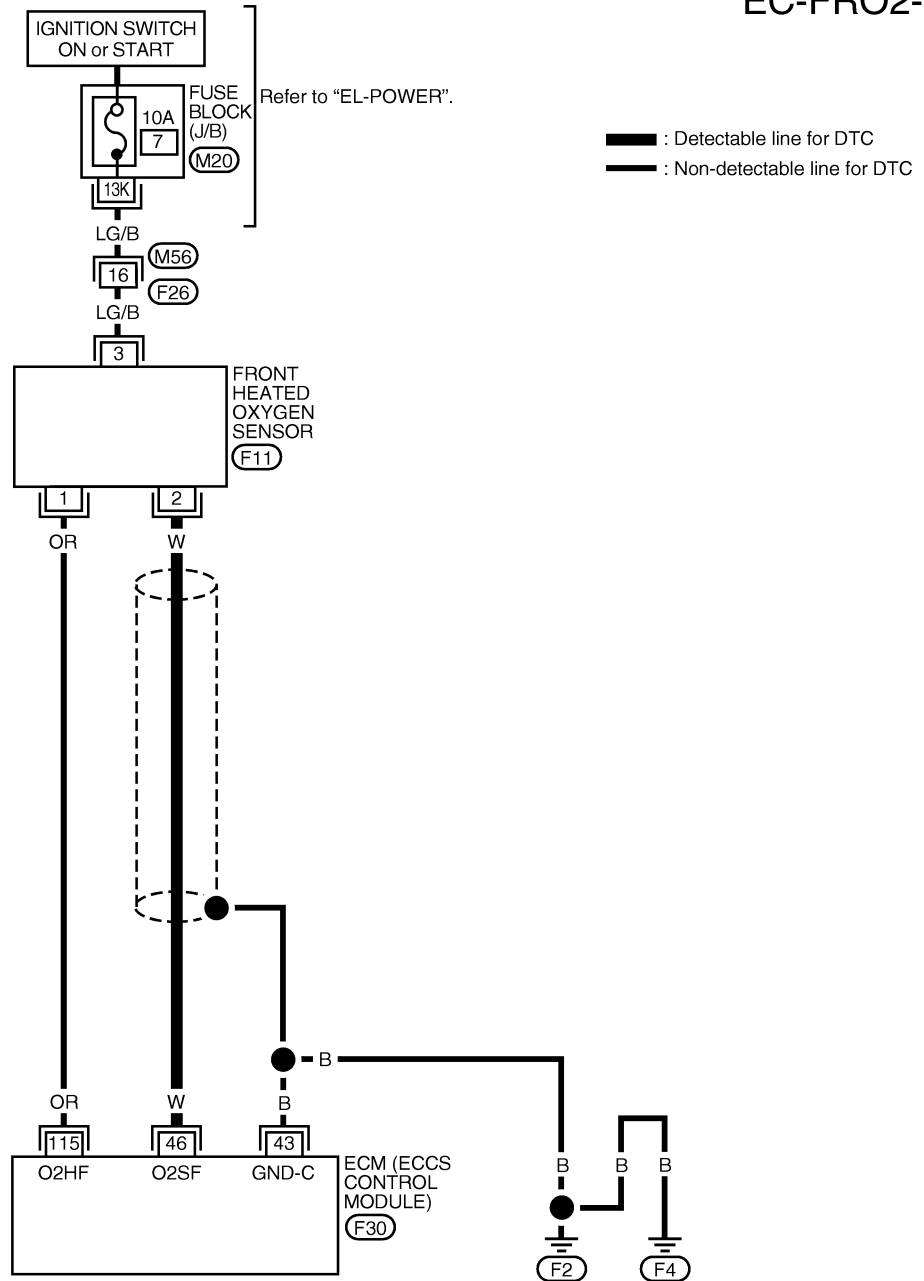
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal ④⑥ (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - The maximum voltage is below 0.8V at least one time.
  - The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-178.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0132

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

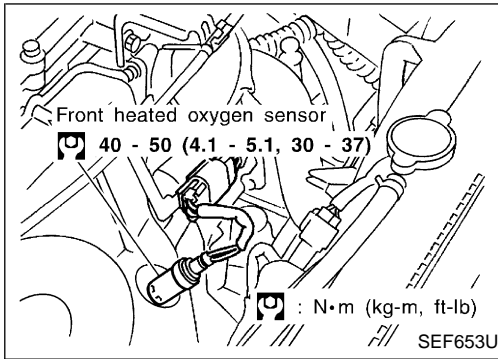
EC-FRO2-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0132

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

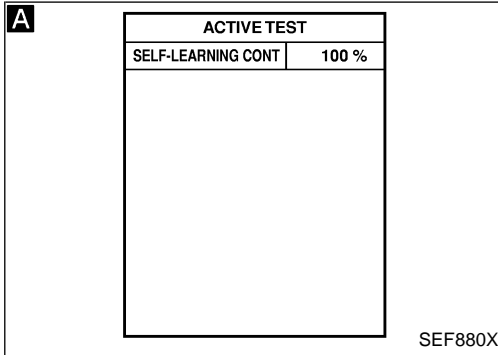


INSPECTION START

Loosen and retighten front heated oxygen sensor.

**Tightening torque:**

**40 - 50 N·m  
(4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)**



**A**  
**CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA**

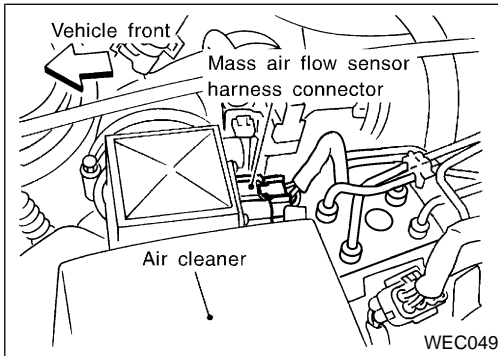
1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

Yes → Go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172", EC-237.

**Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?**

OR

2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
  3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
  4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
  5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
  6. Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
  7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- Is the 1st trip DTC 0114 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?**



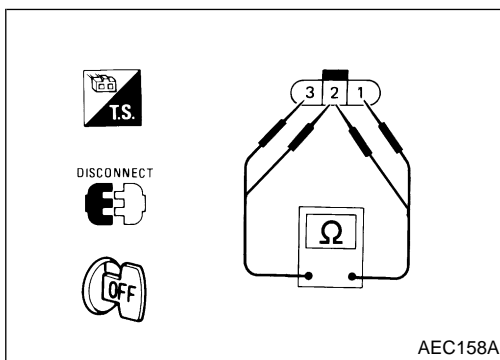
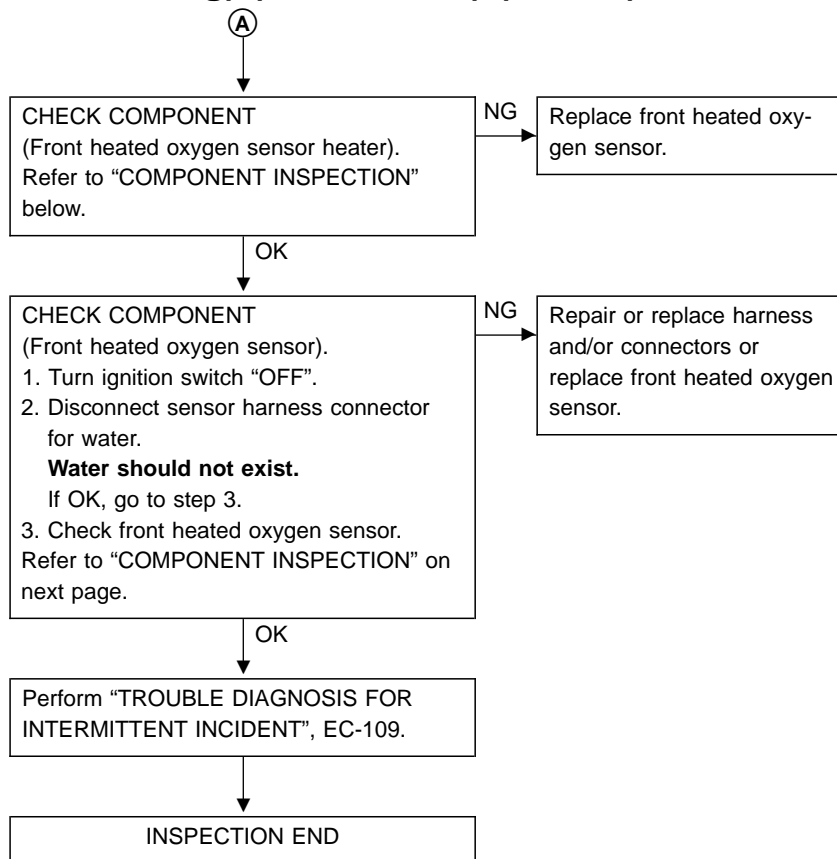
No

**A**

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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0132

### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)



### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals ③ and ①.

**Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)**

Check continuity between terminals ② and ①, ③ and ②.

**Continuity should not exist.**

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0132

### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

#### Front heated oxygen sensor

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
MAS AIR/FL SE	XXX V
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
FR O2 SENSOR	XXX V
FR O2 MNTR	LAEN
INJ PULSE	XXX msec

PEF084P

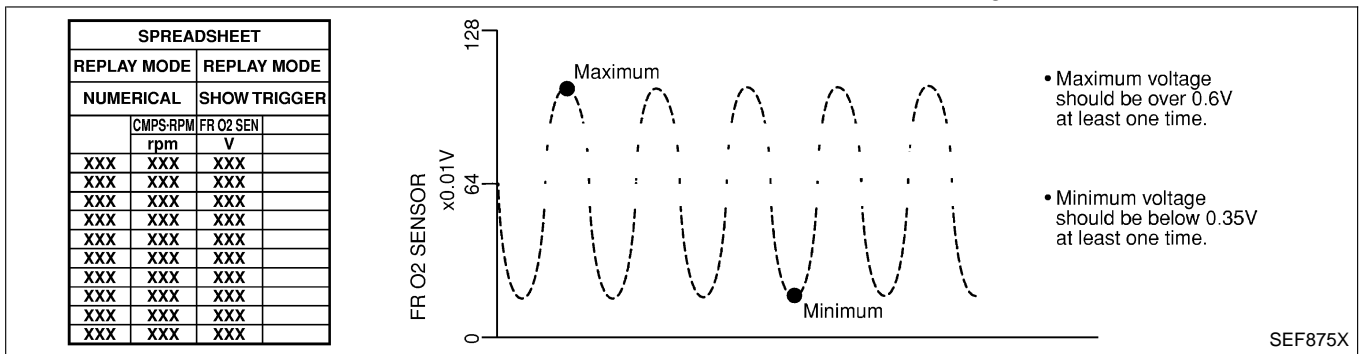


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
  - 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
  - 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
  - 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen.
  - 5) Check the following.
    - "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.
- 5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |  
FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH"  
L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

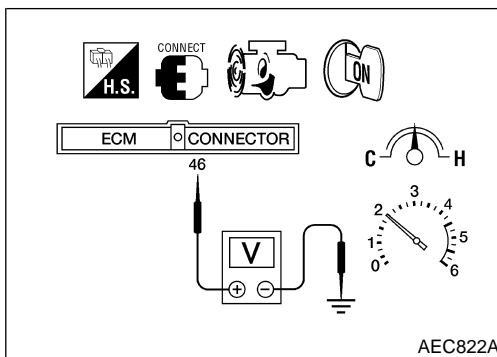
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal ④⑥ (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
  - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
  - The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
  - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

EC-180

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0132

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### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Rich Shift Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

**CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

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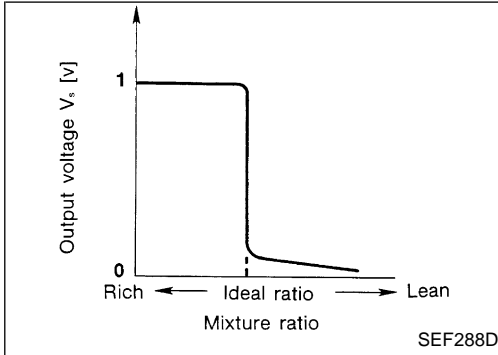
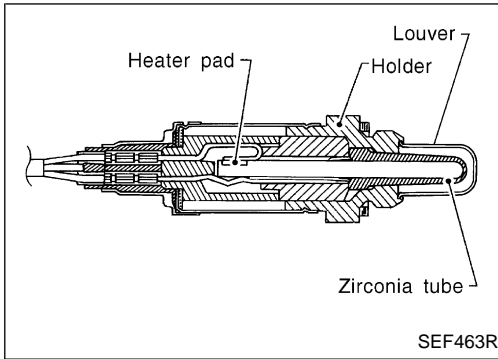
BT

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IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133



## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.

### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR ..... FR O2 MNTR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> </ul> Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
46	W	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V 

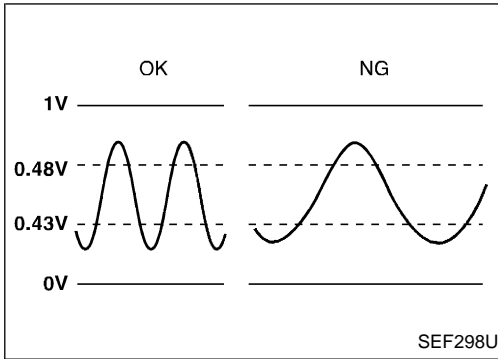
SEF201T

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction of front heated oxygen sensor, this diagnosis measures response time of front heated oxygen sensor signal. The time is compensated by engine operating (speed and load), fuel feedback control constant, and front heated oxygen sensor temperature index. Judgment is based on whether the compensated time (front heated oxygen sensor cycling time index) is inordinately long or not.



Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0133 0409	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The response of the voltage signal from the sensor takes more than the specified time.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor heater</li> <li>Fuel pressure</li> <li>Injectors</li> <li>Intake air leaks</li> <li>Exhaust gas leaks</li> <li>PCV</li> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>

FR O2 SENSOR P0133

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OUT OF CONDITION

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MONITOR

CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF148V

FR O2 SENSOR P0133

---

TESTING

---

MONITOR

CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF149V

FR O2 SENSOR P0133

---

COMPLETED

PEF213V

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform at a temperature above  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $14^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Never raise engine speed above 3,600 rpm during the "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE". If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2).



- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "FR O2 SENSOR P0133" of "FRONT O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Touch "START".
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.

#### NOTE:

Never rev up engine above 3,600 rpm after this step. If the engine speed exceeds, return to step 5).

- When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 20 seconds.)

CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,700 - 2,600 rpm (A/T)

1,700 - 2,750 rpm (M/T)

Vehicle speed: 80 - 120 km/h (50 - 75 MPH)

B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.0 - 4.5 msec

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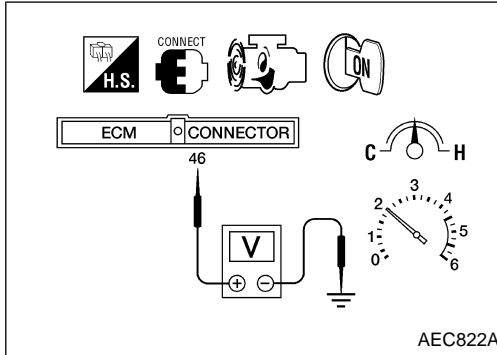
## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133

### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

Selector lever: Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

- 7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-186.



OR

### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the front heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



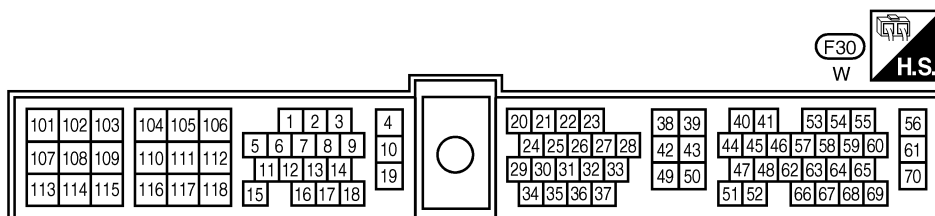
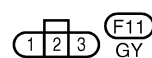
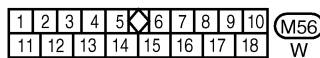
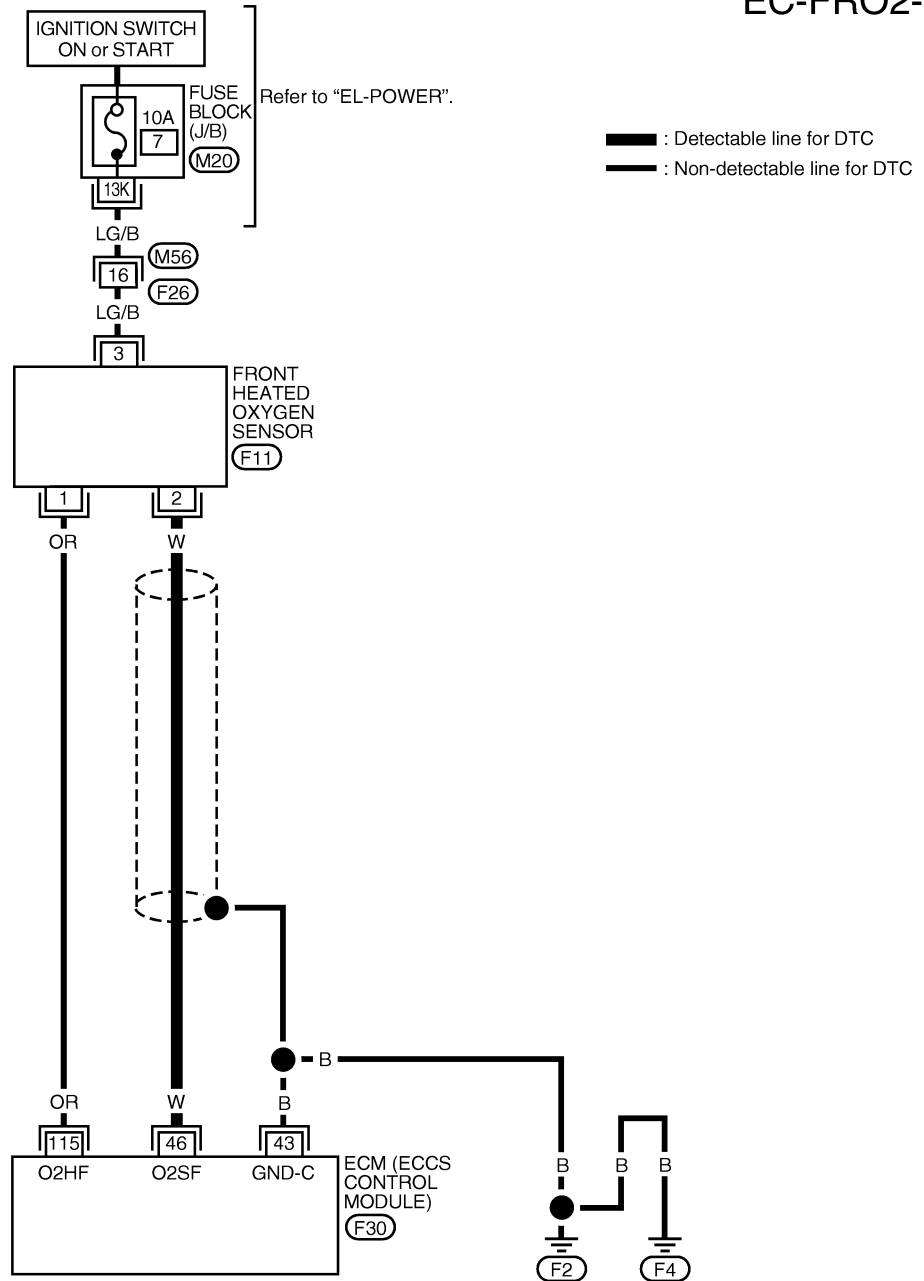
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal ④⑥ (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-186.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

EC-FRO2-01

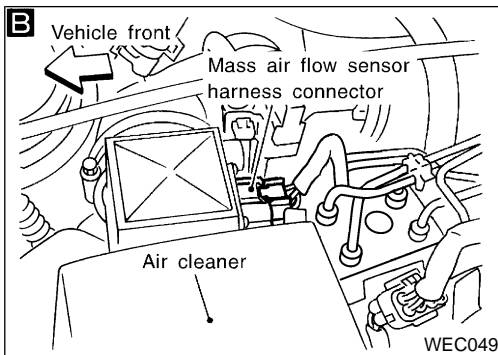
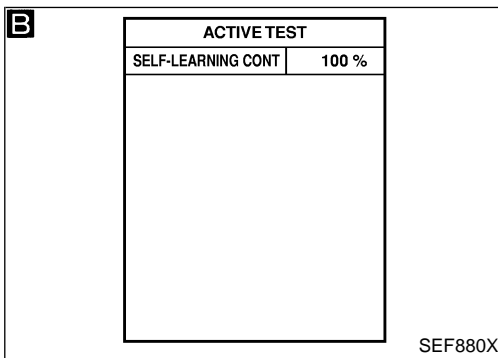
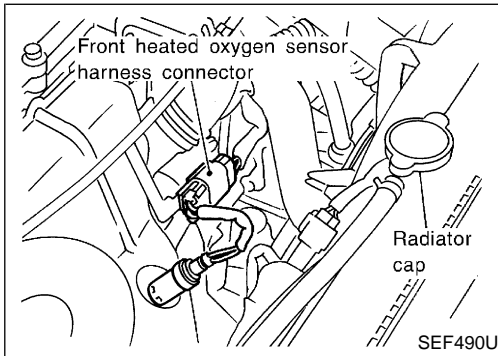
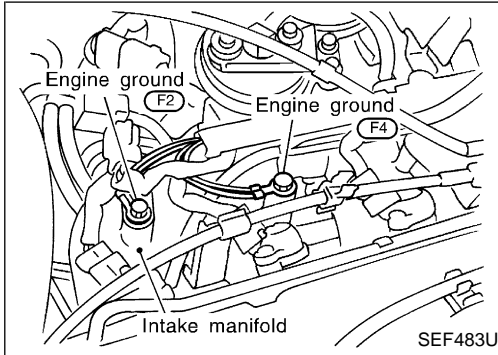
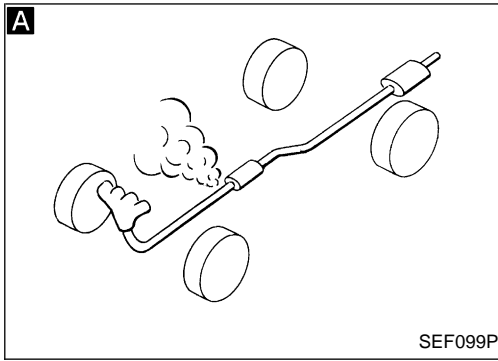


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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

Loosen and retighten front heated oxygen sensor.  
**Tightening torque:**  
 40 - 50 N·m  
 (4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)

**A**  
**CHECK EXHAUST AIR LEAK.**  
 Start engine and run it at idle. Listen for an exhaust air leak before three way catalyst.

NG → Repair or replace.

OK  
**CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK.**  
 Start engine and run it at idle. Listen for an intake air leak between the mass air flow sensor and the intake manifold.

NG → Repair or replace.

OK  
**B**  
**CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA**  
 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.  
 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.  
 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".  
 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.  
**Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?**

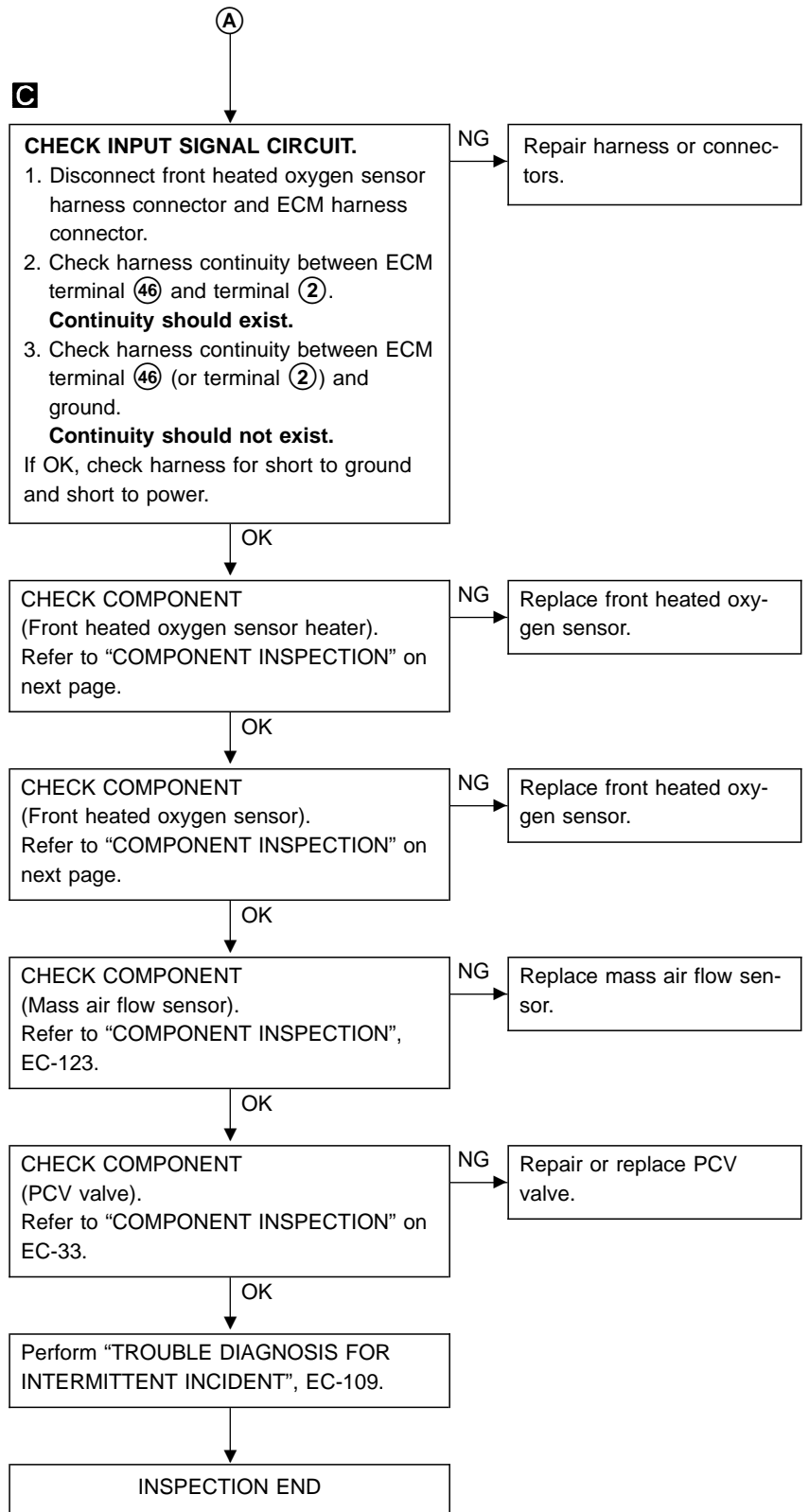
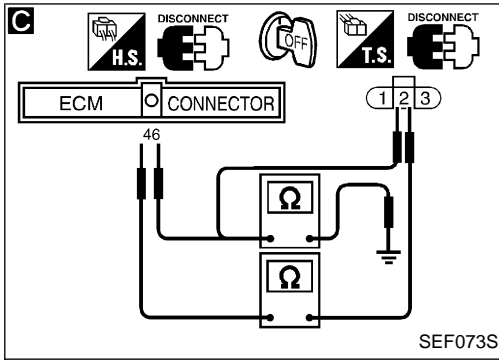
Yes → Go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0171", EC-232 or "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172", EC-237.

OR  
 2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".  
 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.  
 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.  
 5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.  
 6. Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.  
 7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.  
**Is the 1st trip DTC 0115 or 0114 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?**

No  
 (Go to next page.)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133

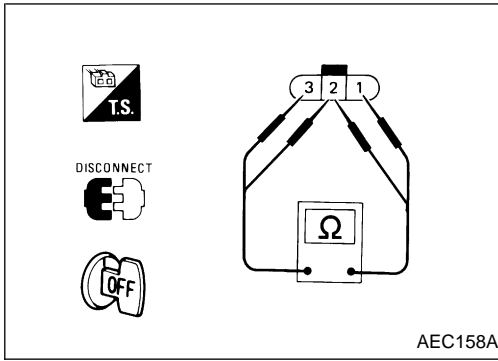
## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)



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IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION



### Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals ③ and ①.

**Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)**

Check continuity between terminals ② and ①, ③ and ②.

**Continuity should not exist.**

If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
MAS AIR/FL SE	XXX V
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
FR O2 SENSOR	XXX V
FR O2 MNTR	LAEN
INJ PULSE	XXX msec

PEF084P

### Front heated oxygen sensor

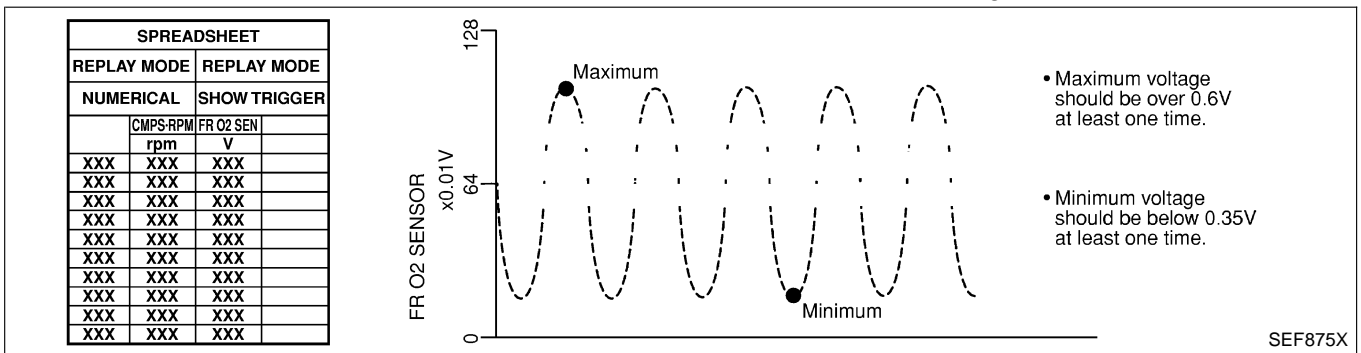


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
  - 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
  - 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
  - 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen.
  - 5) Check the following.
    - "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.
- 5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |  
FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH"  
L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

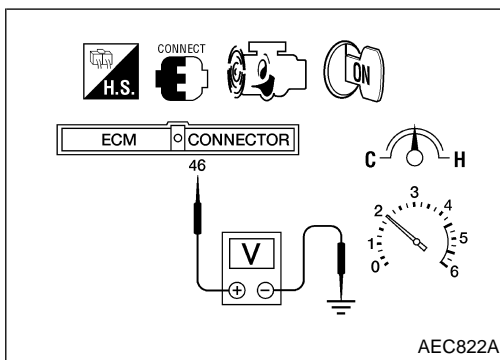


## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133

### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



- OR
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
  - 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 46 (sensor signal) and engine ground.
  - 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
    - Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
    - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
    - The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
    - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

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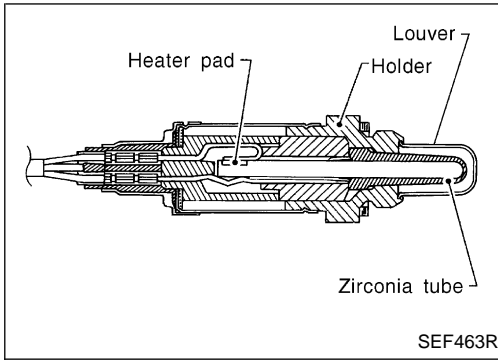
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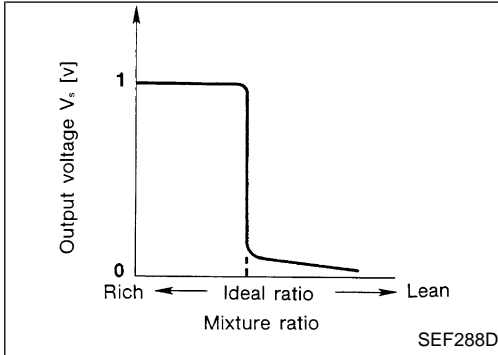
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0134



## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The front heated oxygen sensor is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The front heated oxygen sensor has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The front heated oxygen sensor signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1V to 0V.



### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FR O2 SENSOR ..... FR O2 MNTR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> </ul> Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V LEAN ↔ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

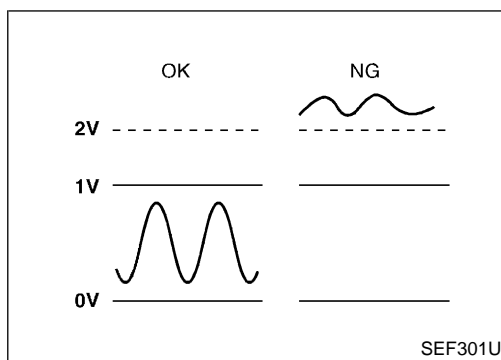
TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
46	W	Front heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0 - Approximately 1.0V 

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0134

### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the front heated oxygen sensor output is not inordinately high.



Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0134 0412	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor</li> </ul>

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

PEF002P

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5) Restart engine and let it idle for 35 seconds.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-194.

OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Restart engine and let it idle for 35 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Restart engine and let it idle for 35 seconds.
- 6) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 7) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-194.

OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Restart engine and let it idle for 35 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-194.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0134

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### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

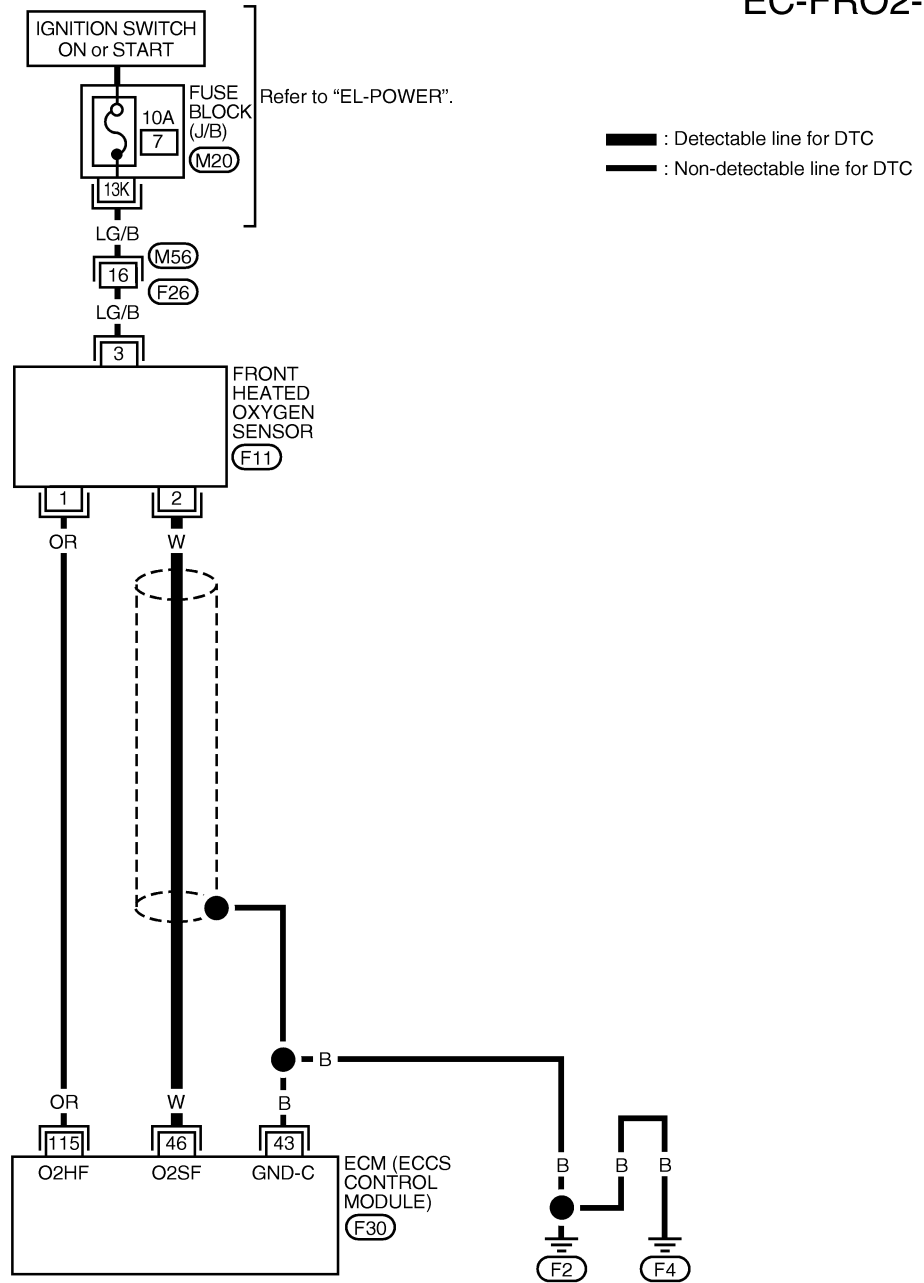
- When using GST, "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT-II or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT-II or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0134

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

EC-FRO2-01

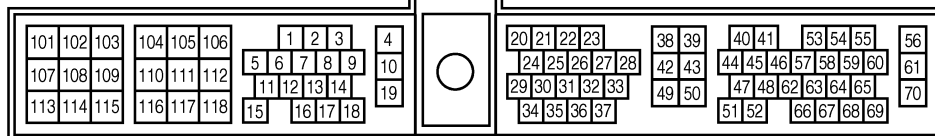


1K	2K	3K	4K	5K	6K	7K	M20
8K	9K	10K	11K	12K	13K	14K	BR

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	M56
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	W		

1	2	3	F11
			GY

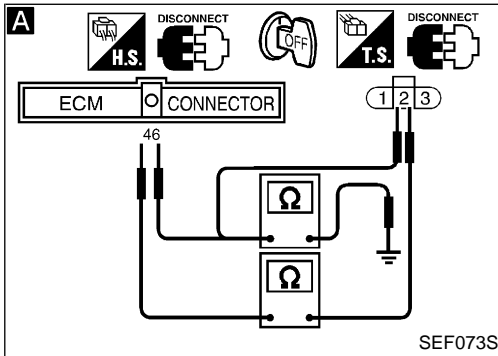
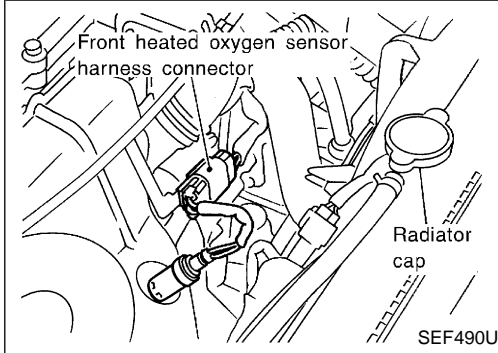
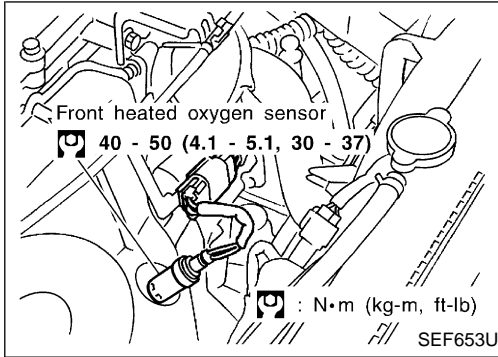
F30	H.S.
W	



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0134

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

Loosen and retighten front heated oxygen sensor.

**Tightening torque:**  
**40 - 50 N·m**  
**(4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)**

**A**

#### CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

1. Disconnect front heated oxygen sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal ④⑥ and terminal ②. **Continuity should exist.**
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal ④⑥ (or terminal ②) and ground. **Continuity should not exist.**

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG

Repair harness or connectors.

OK

#### CHECK COMPONENT

(Front heated oxygen sensor).

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Disconnect sensor harness connector for water. **Water should not exist.**

If OK, go to step 3.

3. Check front heated oxygen sensor. Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on next page.

NG

Replace front heated oxygen sensor.

OK

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

INSPECTION END

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0134

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Front heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select "MANU TRIG" and "HI SPEED" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II, and select "FR O2 SENSOR" and "FR O2 MNTR".
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 4) Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen.
- 5) Check the following.
  - "FR O2 MNTR" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds. 5 times (cycles) are counted as shown below:

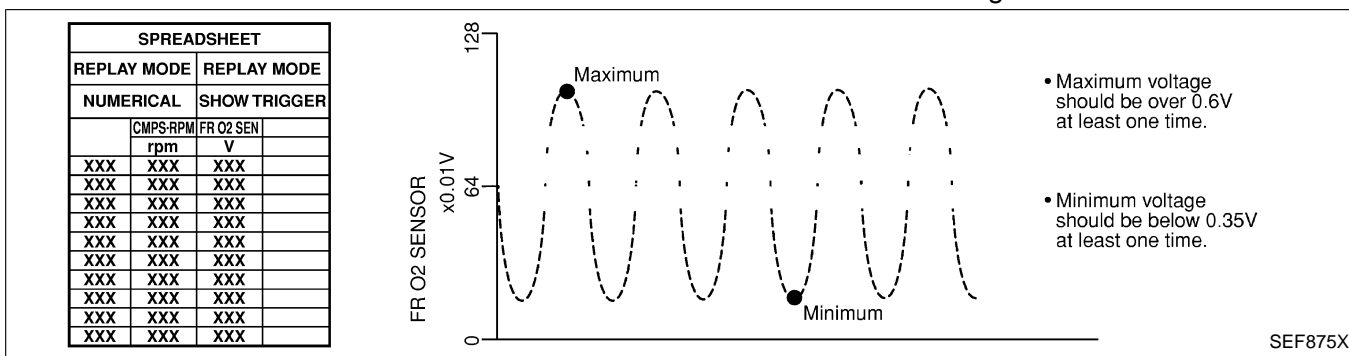
cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |  
FR O2 MNTR R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

R = "FR O2 MNTR", "RICH"  
L = "FR O2 MNTR", "LEAN"

- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage goes below 0.35V at least once.
- "FR O2 SENSOR" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
MAS AIR/FL SE	XXX V
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
FR O2 SENSOR	XXX V
FR O2 MNTR	LAEN
INJ PULSE	XXX msec

PEF084P



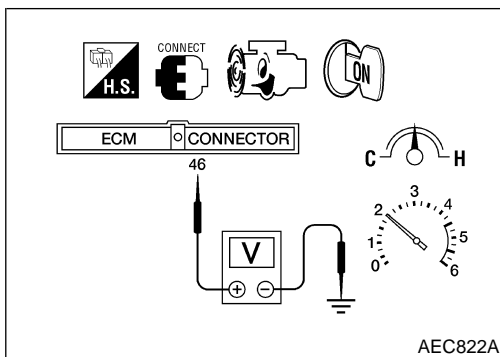
#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal ④⑥ (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - Malfunction indicator lamp goes on more than 5 times within 10 seconds in Diagnostic Test Mode II (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR MONITOR).
  - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
  - The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
  - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0134

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### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Front HO2S) (Cont'd)

**CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0135

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater

### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the front heated oxygen sensor heater corresponding to the engine speed.

### OPERATION

Engine speed rpm	Front heated oxygen sensor heater
Above 3,600	OFF
Below 3,600	ON

### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FR O2 HEATER	● Engine speed: Idle	ON
	● Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	OFF

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3(ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
115	OR	Front heated oxygen sensor heater	Engine is running. └ Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm	Approximately 0.4V
			Engine is running. └ Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0135 0901	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The current amperage in the front heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An improper voltage drop signal is sent to ECM through the front heated oxygen sensor heater.)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Harness or connectors (The front heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor heater</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0135

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm

PEF190P

### Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is in between 10.5V and 16V.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-200.

OR



- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 5) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-200.

OR



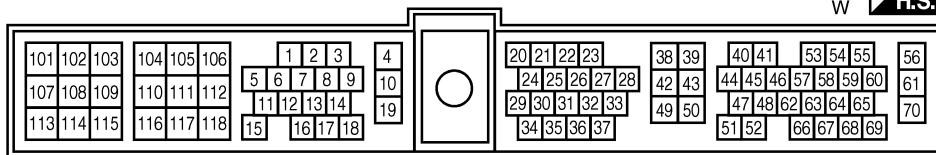
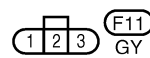
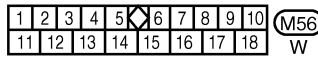
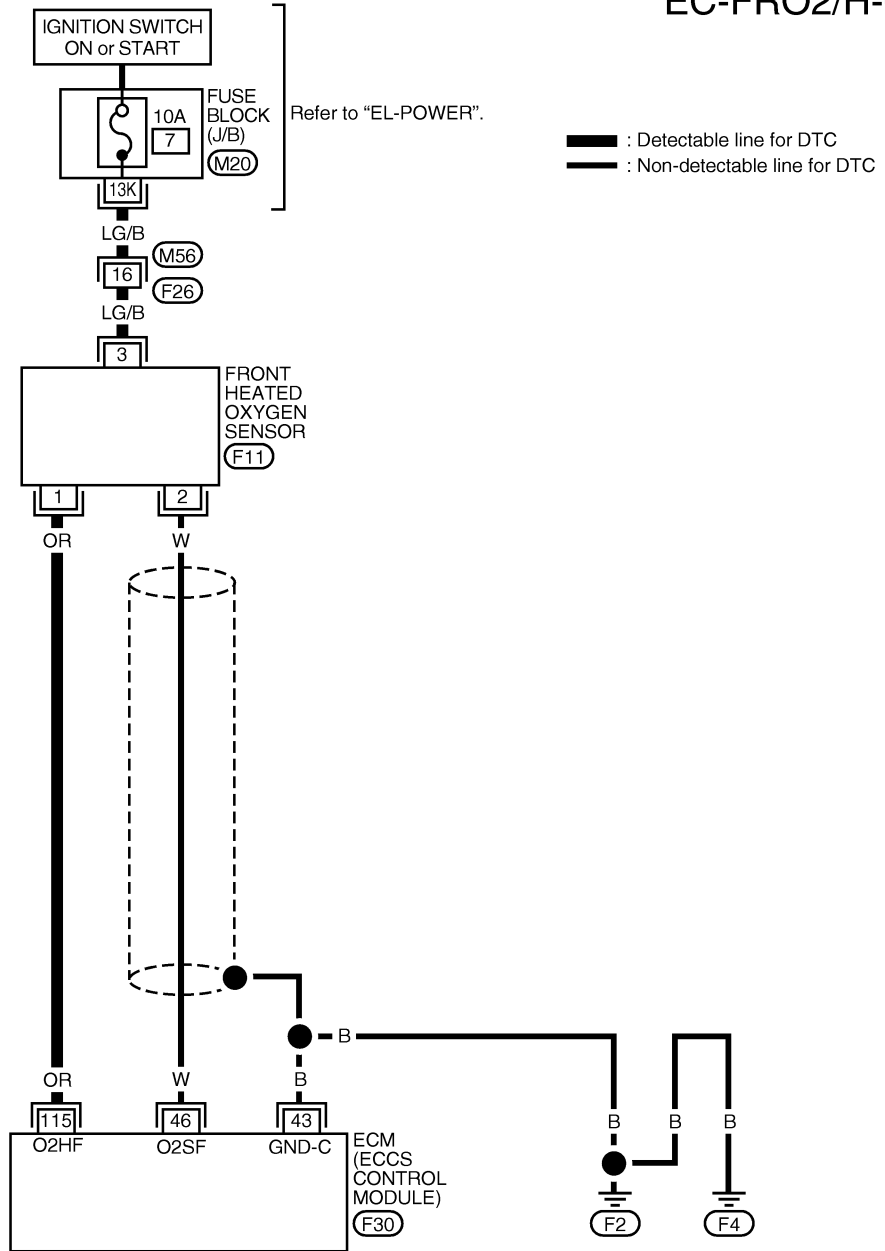
- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-200.

- When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT-II or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT-II or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0135

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd)

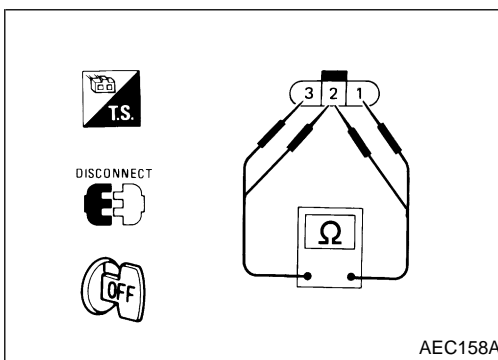
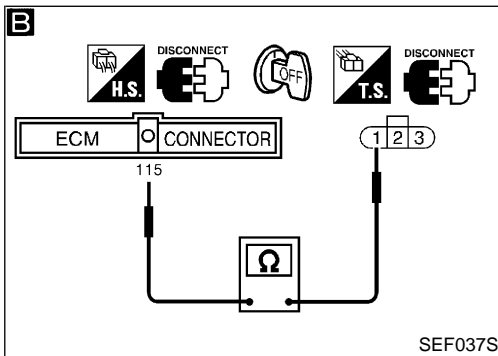
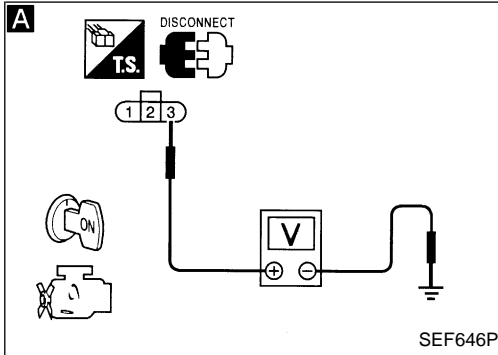
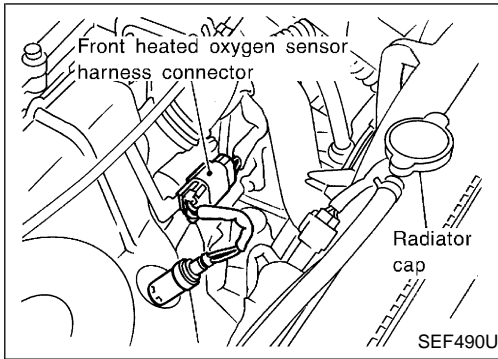
EC-FRO2/H-01



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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0135

## Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

**A**

**CHECK POWER SUPPLY.**

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Disconnect front heated oxygen sensor harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
4. Check voltage between terminal ③ and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

**Voltage: Battery voltage**

NG → Repair harness or connectors.

OK ↓

**B**

**CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.**

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between terminal ① and ECM terminal ①15.

**Continuity should exist.**

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Repair harness or connectors.

OK ↓

**CHECK COMPONENT**  
(Front heated oxygen sensor heater).  
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" below.

NG → Replace front heated oxygen sensor.

OK ↓

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

INSPECTION END

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Front heated oxygen sensor heater

Check resistance between terminals ③ and ①.

**Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)**

Check continuity between terminals ② and ①, ③ and ②.

**Continuity should not exist.**

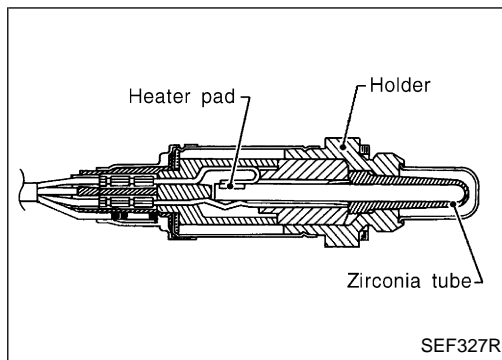
If NG, replace the front heated oxygen sensor.

#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0137



## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

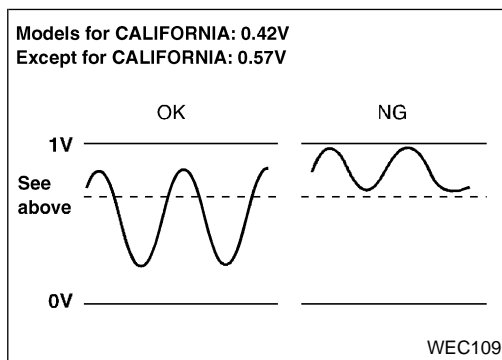
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR .....	● Engine: After warming up Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR		LEAN ↔ RICH

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
52	W	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V



### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the minimum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently low during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0137 0511	● The minimum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Rear heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>● Fuel pressure</li> <li>● Injectors</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0137

### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

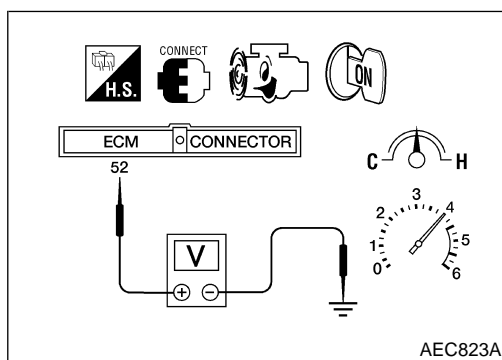
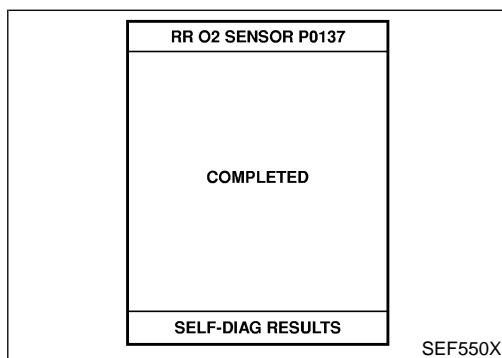
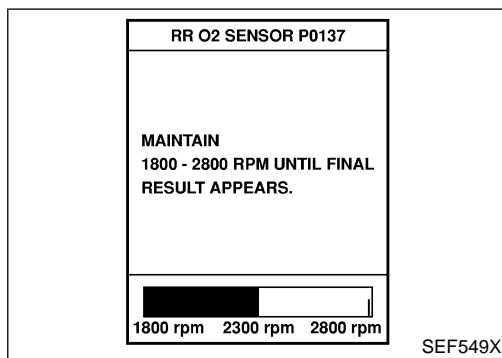
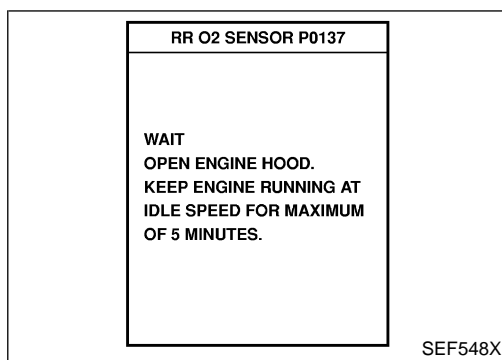
#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

##### TESTING CONDITION:

Open engine hood before conducting following procedure.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
  - 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
  - 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
  - 5) Make sure that "COOLANT TEMP/S" is more than 70°C (158°F).
  - 6) Select "RR O2 SENSOR P0137" of "RR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
  - 7) Start engine and follow the instruction of CONSULT-II.
  - 8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- If NG is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-205. If "CANNOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
- A) Stop engine and cool down "COOLANT TEMP/SE" to less than 70°C (158°F).
  - B) Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - C) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
  - D) Perform from step 6) again when the "COOLANT TEMP/S" reaches to 70°C (158°F).

OR

#### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals ⑤ (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 4) Check the voltage when revving engine up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times. (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)  
**The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once during this procedure.**  
**If the voltage can be confirmed in step 3, step 4 is not necessary.**
- 5) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "OD" OFF (A/T).

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0137

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### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once during this procedure.

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-205.

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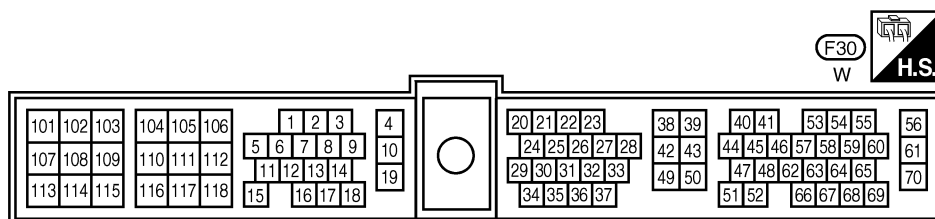
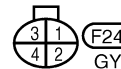
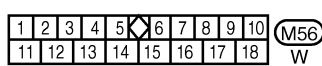
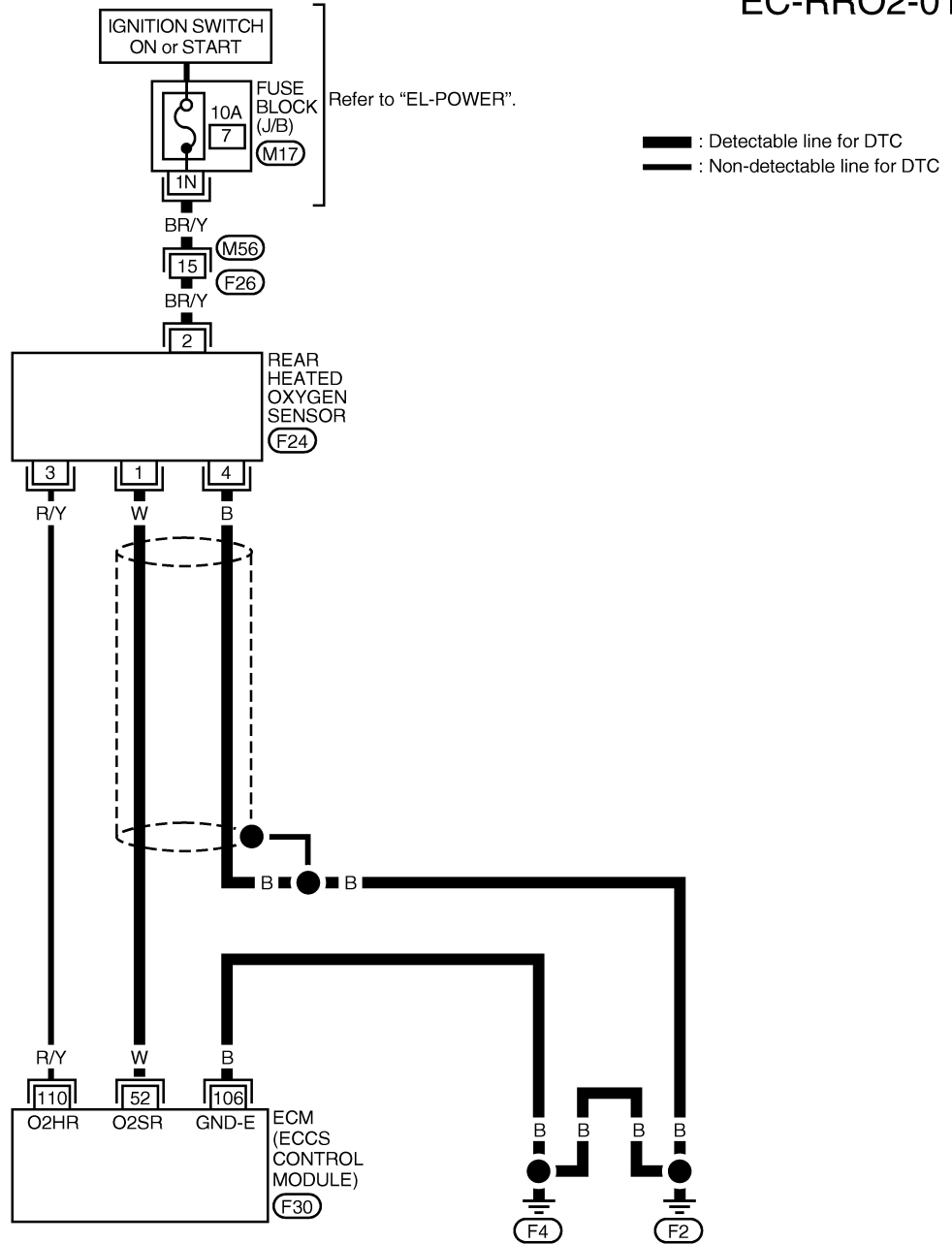
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0137

## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

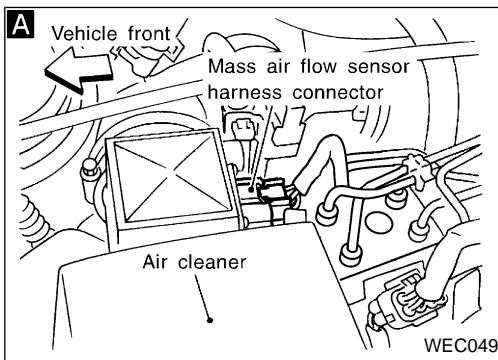
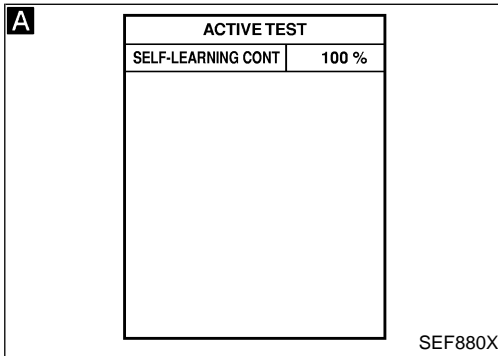
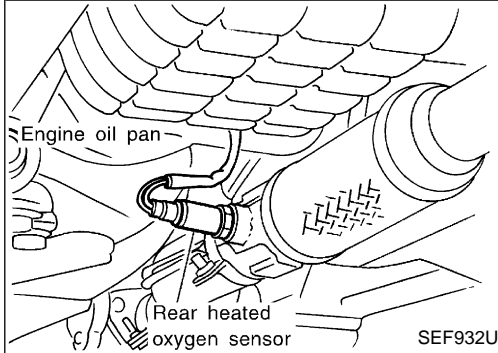
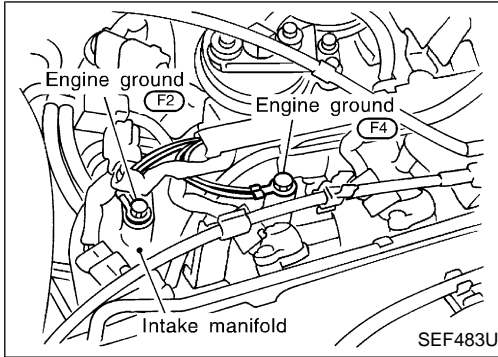
EC-RRO2-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0137

## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

**A**

- CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA**
1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
  2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
  3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
  4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?**

Yes → Go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172", EC-237.

OR

2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
  3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
  4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
  5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
  6. Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
  7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- Is the 1st trip DTC 0114 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?**

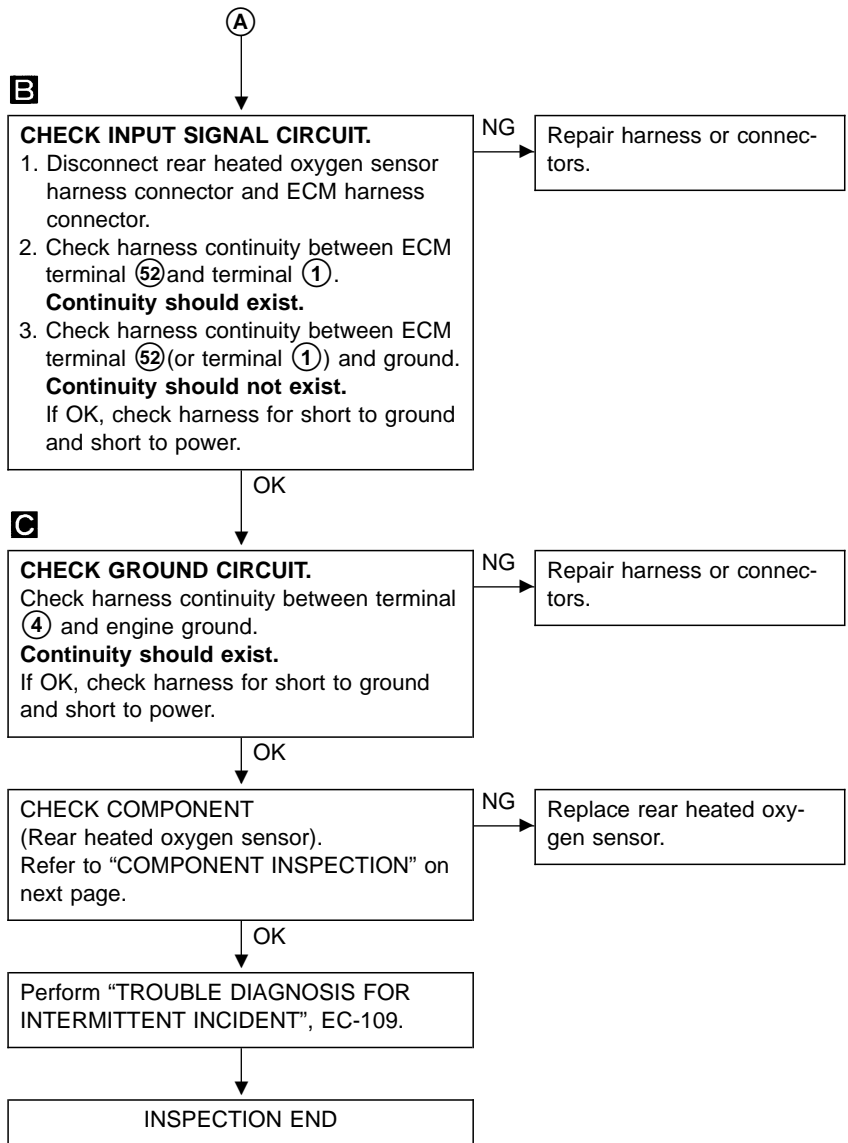
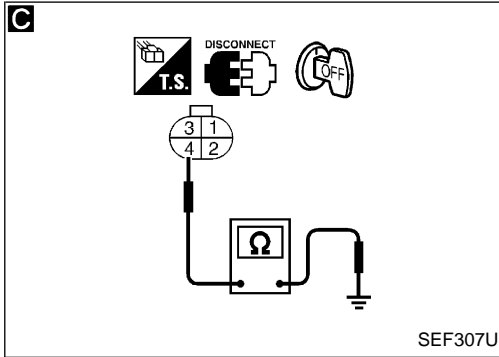
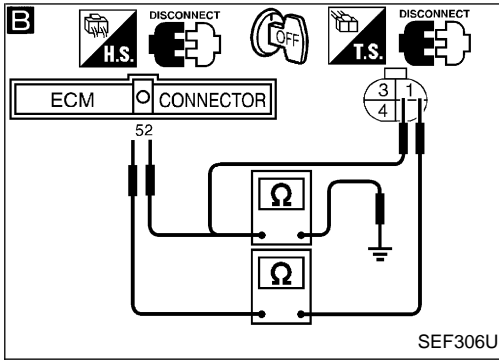
No

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0137

## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0137

## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Rear heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.
- 4) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to  $\pm 25\%$ .  
 "RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.56V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.  
 "RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.54V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

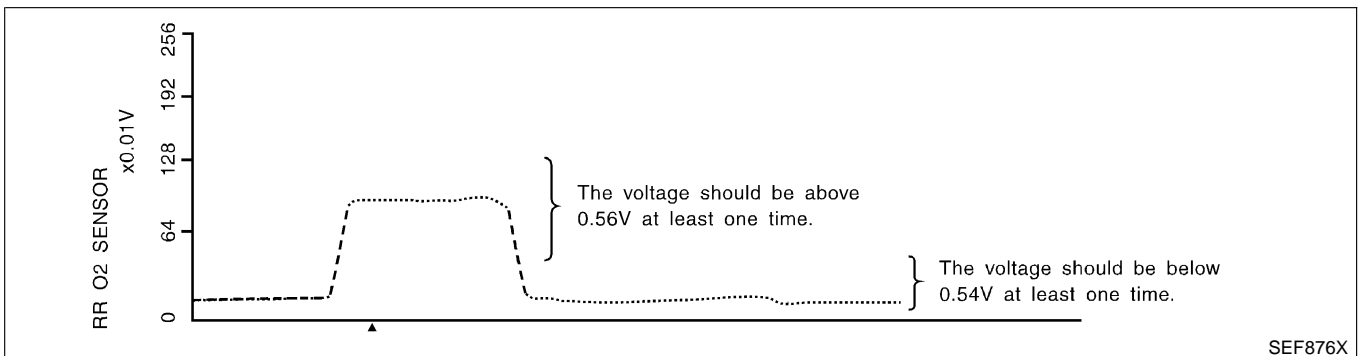
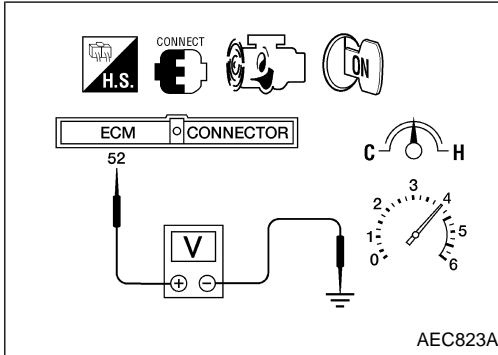
OR



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals ⑤2 (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.  
 (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)  
**The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.56V at step 4, step 5 is not necessary.**
- 5) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "OD" OFF (A/T).  
**The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once.**

ACTIVE TEST	
FUEL INJECTION	25 %
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 SENSOR	XXX V
RR O2 SENSOR	XXX V
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
RR O2 MNTR	RICH

PEF102P



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0137

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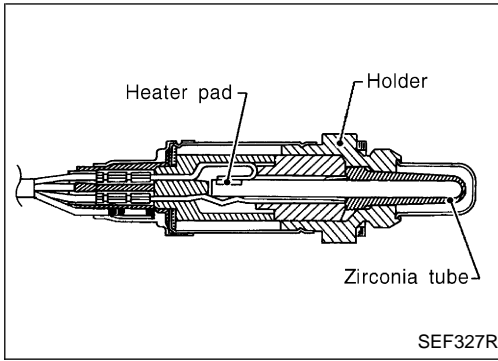
### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Min. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

**CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0138



## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas. Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor. This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

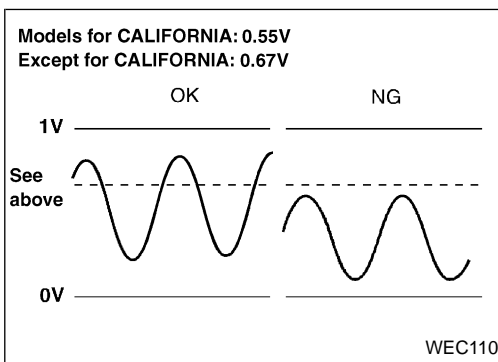
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR .....	● Engine: After warming up Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR		LEAN ↔ RICH

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3(ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
52	W	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V



### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the maximum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently high during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0138 0510	● The maximum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Rear heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>● Fuel pressure</li> <li>● Injectors</li> <li>● Intake air leaks</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0138

### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

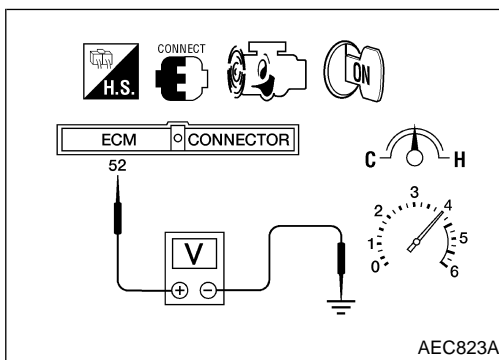
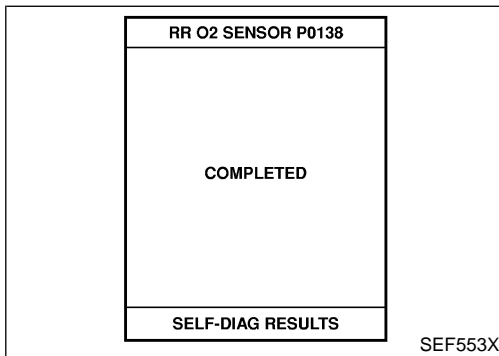
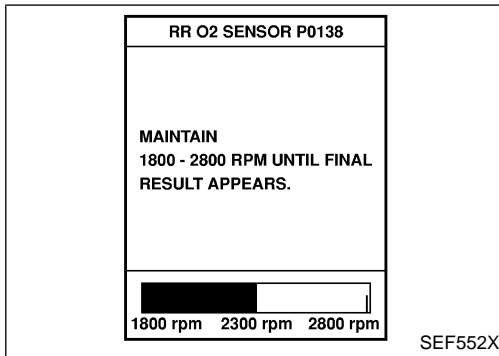
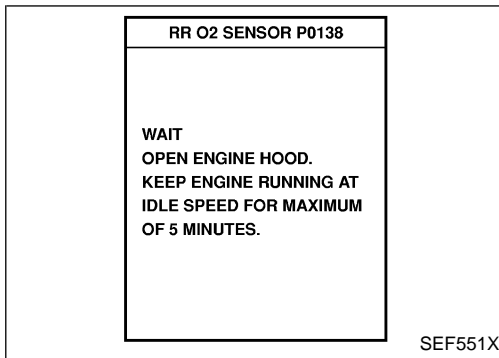
#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

##### TESTING CONDITION:

Open engine hood before conducting following procedure.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
  - 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
  - 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
  - 5) Make sure that "COOLANT TEMP/S" is more than 70°C (158°F).
  - 6) Select "RR O2 SENSOR P0138" of "RR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
  - 7) Start engine and follow the instruction of CONSULT-II.
  - 8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If NG is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-212.
- If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
- A) Stop engine and cool down "COOLANT TEMP/SE" to less than 70°C (158°F).
  - B) Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - C) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
  - D) Perform from step 6) again when the "COOLANT TEMP/S" reaches to 70°C (158°F).

OR

#### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

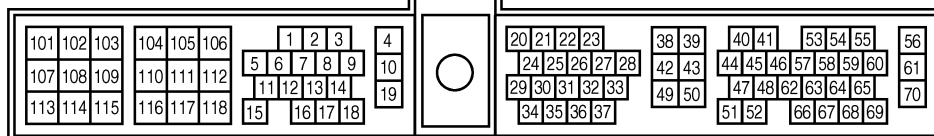
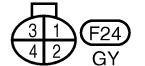
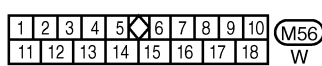
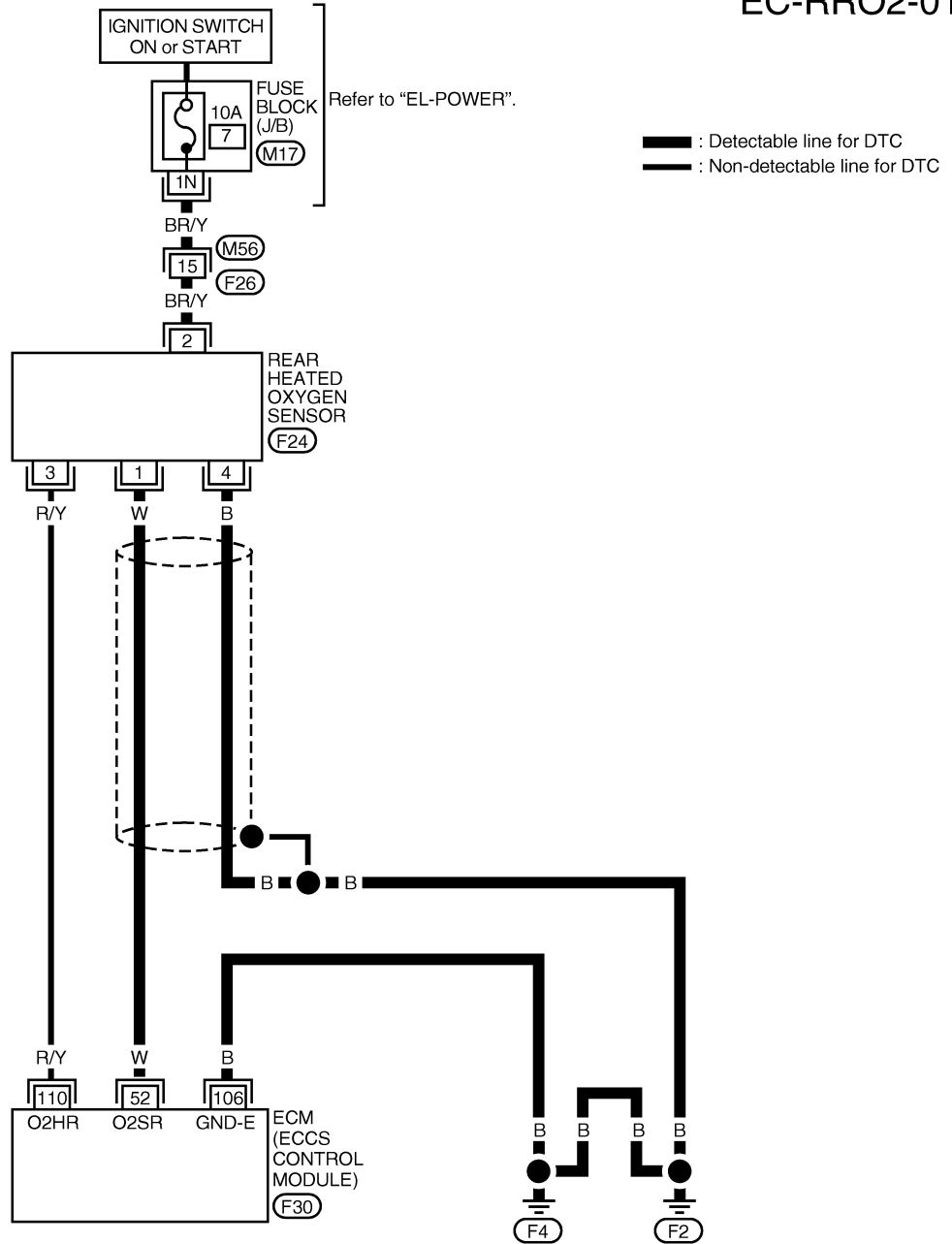


- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals ⑤ (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 4) Check the voltage when revving engine up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times. (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)  
**The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once during this procedure.**  
**If the voltage can be confirmed in step 4, step 5 is not necessary.**
- 5) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "OD" OFF (A/T).  
**The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once during this procedure.**
- 6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-212.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0138

## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

EC-RRO2-01

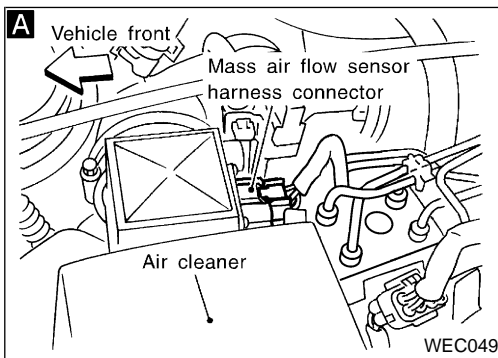
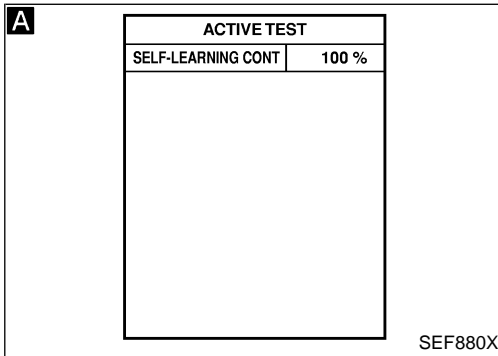
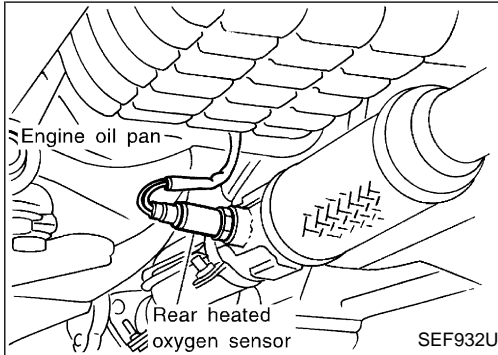
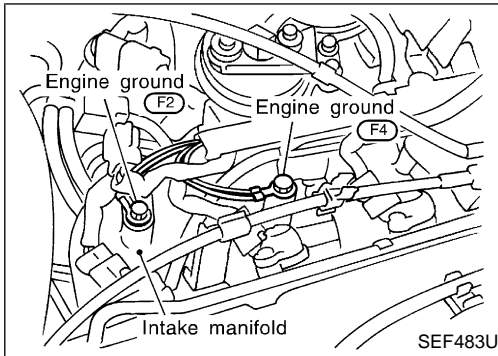


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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0138

## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

**A** CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

**Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?**

Yes → Go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0171", EC-232.

OR

2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
5. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0102 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
6. Erase the diagnostic test mode II (Self-diagnostic results) memory. Make sure diagnostic trouble code No. 0505 is displayed in Diagnostic Test Mode II.
7. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

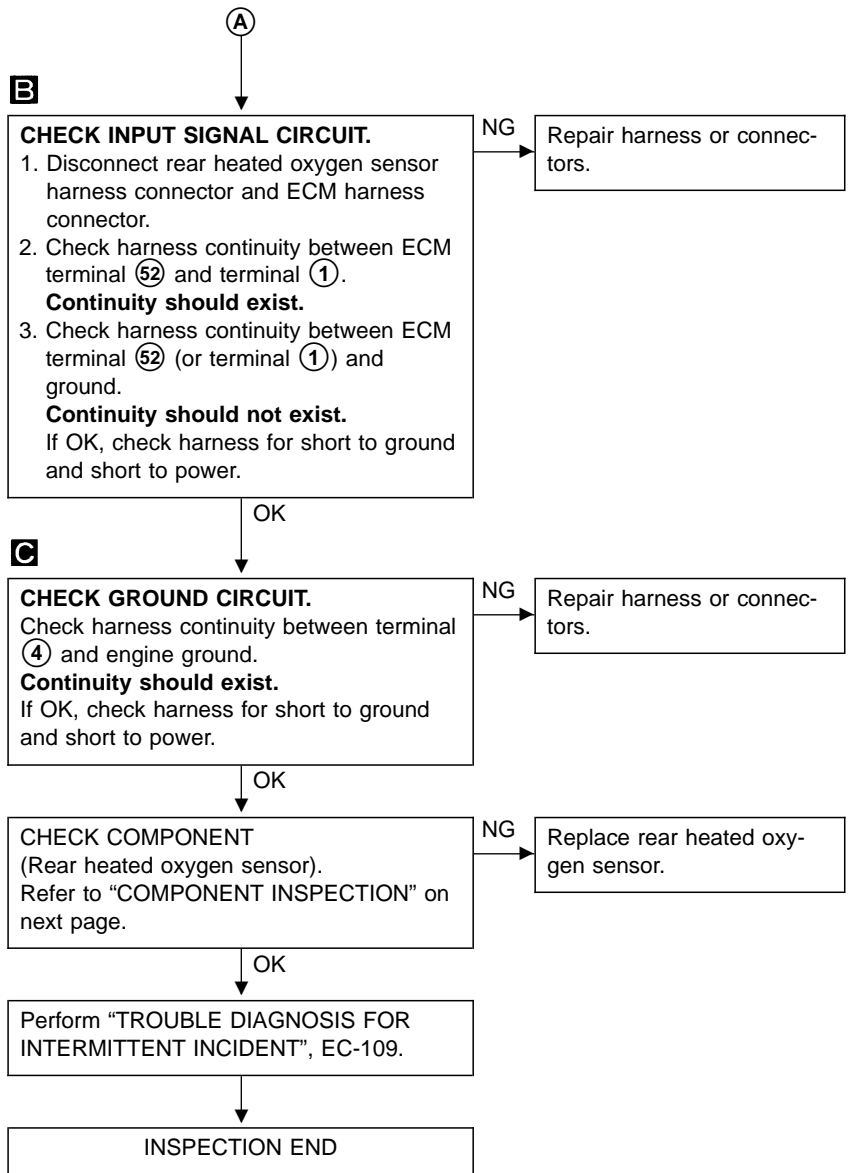
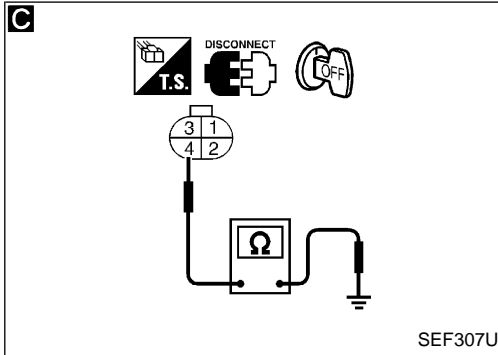
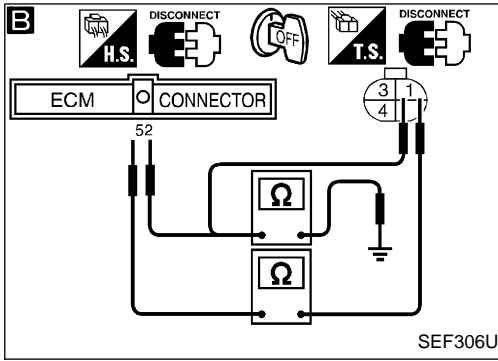
**Is the 1st trip DTC 0115 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?**

No

**A**  
(Go to next page.)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0138

## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)



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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0138

### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Rear heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.
- 4) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to  $\pm 25\%$ .  
**"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.56V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.**  
**"RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.54V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.**

#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

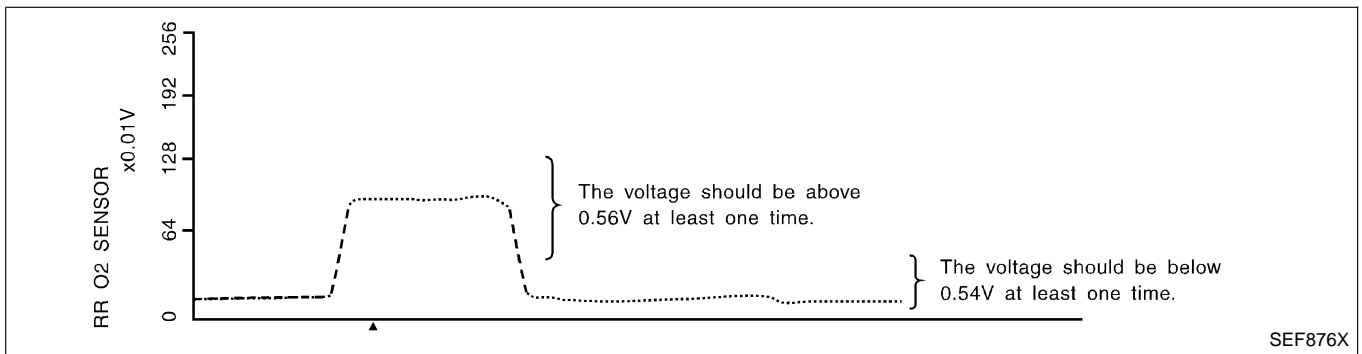
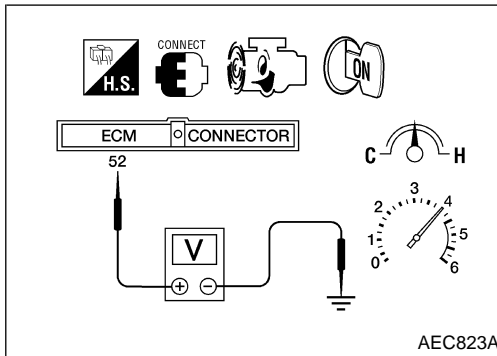
OR



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals ⑤2 (sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.  
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)  
**The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.56V at step 4, step 5 is not necessary.**
- 5) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "OD" OFF (A/T).  
**The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once.**

ACTIVE TEST	
FUEL INJECTION	25 %
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 SENSOR	XXX V
RR O2 SENSOR	XXX V
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
RR O2 MNTR	RICH

PEF102P



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0138

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### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Max. Voltage Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

**CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

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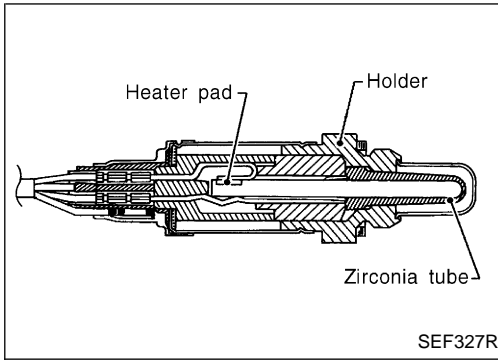
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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0139



### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S)

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas. Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor. This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

#### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

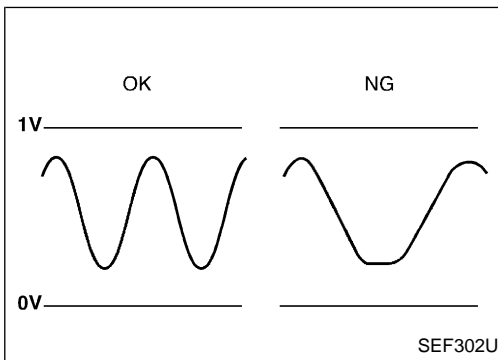
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR .....	● Engine: After warming up Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR		LEAN ↔ RICH

#### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3(ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
52	W	Rear heated oxygen sensor	Engine is running. After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V



#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

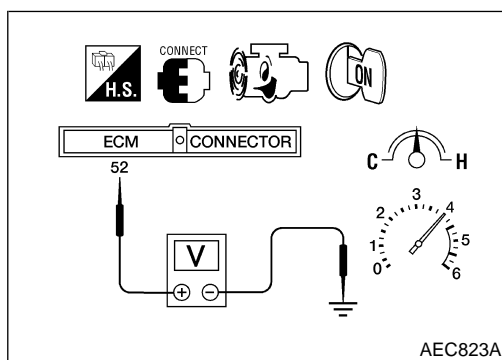
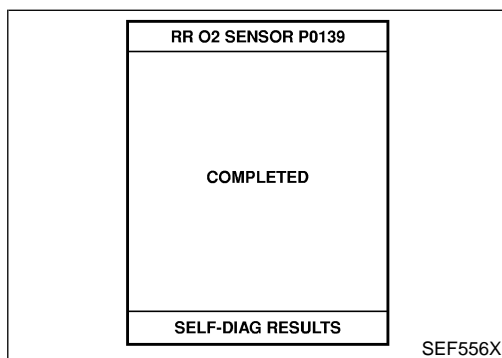
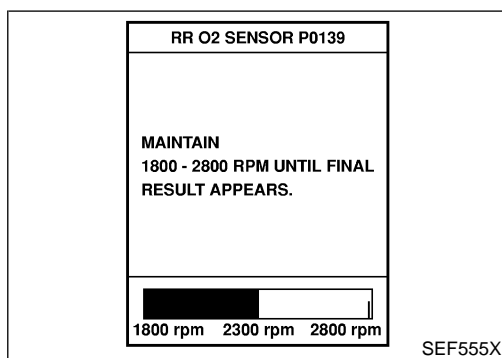
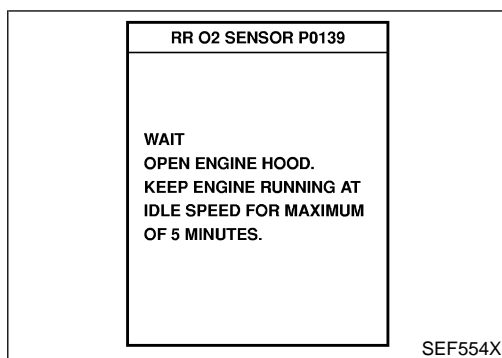
The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether the switching response of the sensor's voltage is faster than specified during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0139 0707	● It takes more time for the sensor to respond between rich and lean than the specified time.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Rear heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>● Fuel pressure</li> <li>● Injectors</li> <li>● Intake air leaks</li> </ul>



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0139

### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)



### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

Open engine hood before conducting following procedure.

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
  - 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
  - 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
  - 5) Make sure that "COOLANT TEMP/S" is more than 70°C (158°F).
  - 6) Select "RR O2 SENSOR P0139" of "RR O2 SENSOR" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
  - 7) Start engine and follow the instruction of CONSULT-II.
  - 8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If NG is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-219.
- If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
- A) Stop engine and cool down "COOLANT TEMP/SE" to less than 70°C (158°F).
  - B) Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - C) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
  - D) Perform from step 6) again when the "COOLANT TEMP/S" reaches to 70°C (158°F).

### OR

### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

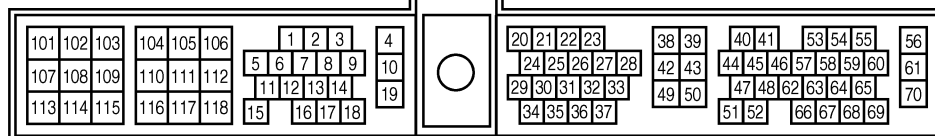
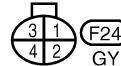
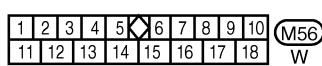
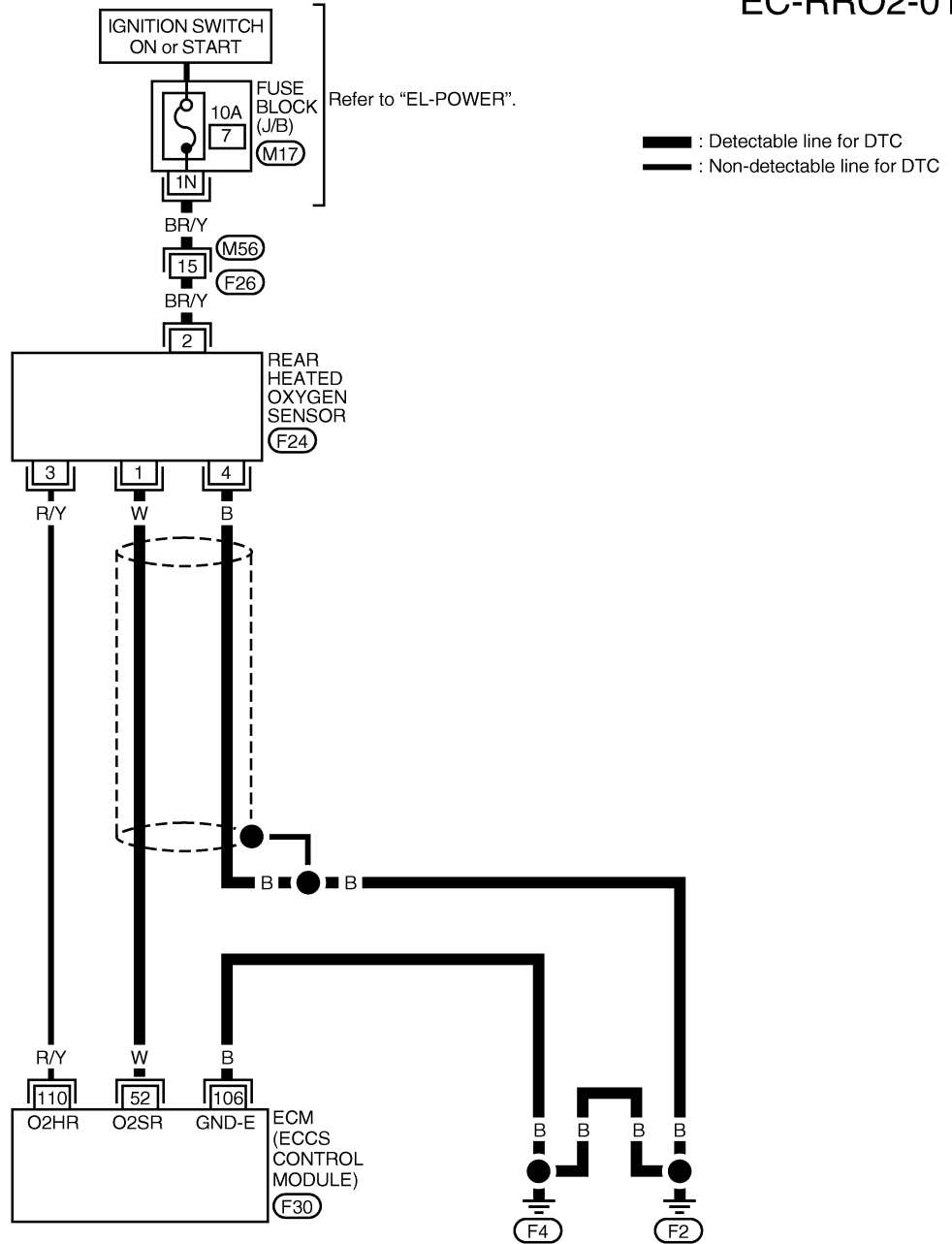
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals ②(sensor signal) and engine ground.
- 4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.  
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)  
**The voltage should change at more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.**  
**If the voltage can be confirmed in step 4, step 5 is not necessary.**
- 5) Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "OD" OFF (A/T).  
**The voltage should change at more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.**
- 6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-219.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0139

## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

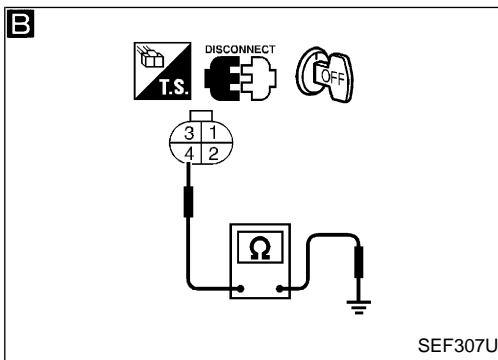
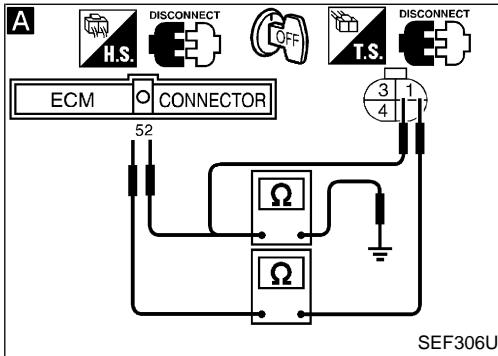
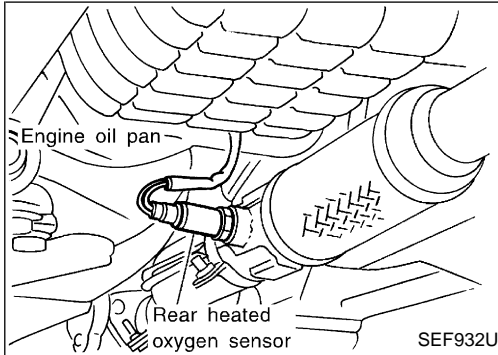
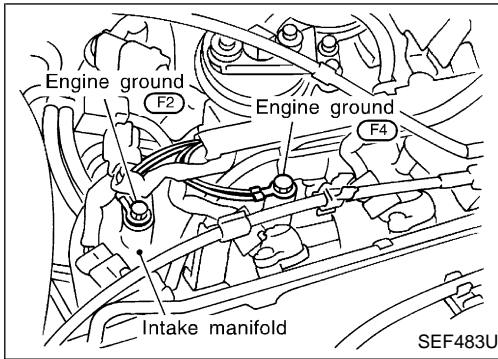
EC-RRO2-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0139

## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

**A**  
**CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.**  
1. Disconnect rear heated oxygen sensor RH harness connector and ECM harness connector.  
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal ⑤② and terminal ①.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal ⑤② (or terminal ①) and ground.  
**Continuity should not exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Repair harness or connectors.

**B**  
**CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.**  
Check harness continuity between terminal ④ and engine ground.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Repair harness or connectors.

**CHECK COMPONENT**  
(Rear heated oxygen sensor).  
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on next page.

NG → Replace rear heated oxygen sensor.

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

INSPECTION END

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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0139

### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

##### Rear heated oxygen sensor



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.
- 4) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to  $\pm 25\%$ .

"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.56V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.  
"RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.54V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

OR



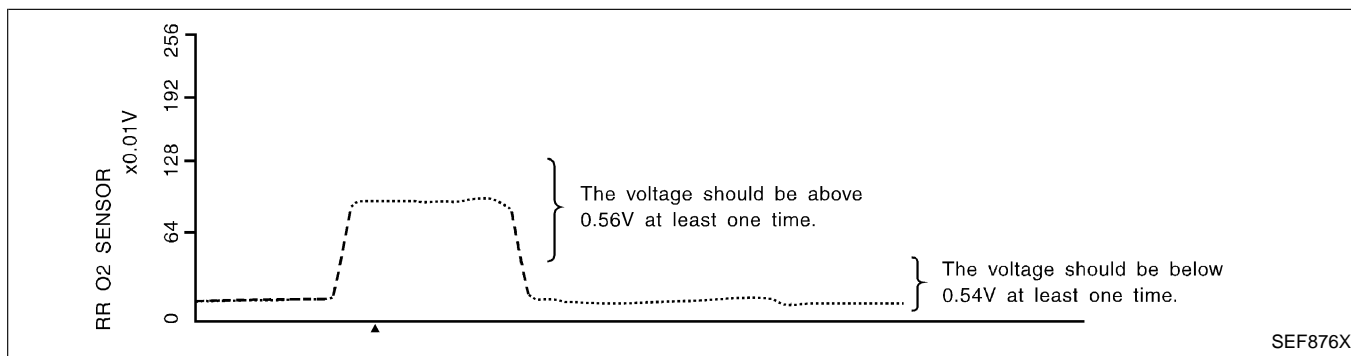
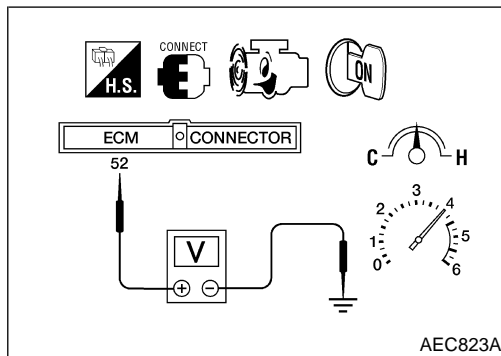
- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals ⑤2 (sensor signal) and ground.
- 4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times. (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

**The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once. If the voltage is above 0.56V at step 4, step 5 is not necessary.**

- 5) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "OD" OFF (A/T).  
**The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once.**

ACTIVE TEST	
FUEL INJECTION	25 %
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 SENSOR	XXX V
RR O2 SENSOR	XXX V
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
RR O2 MNTR	RICH

PEF102P



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0139

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### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (Response Monitoring) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

**CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

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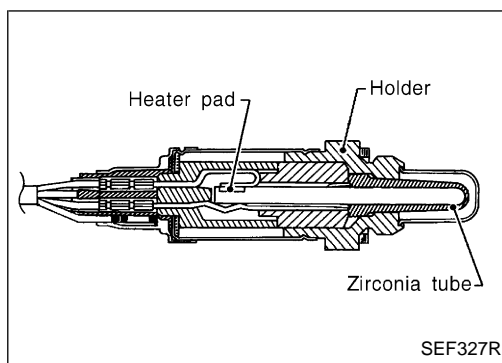
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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0140



### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S)

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The rear heated oxygen sensor (Rear HO2S), after three way catalyst, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.

Even if switching characteristics of the front heated oxygen sensor are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the rear heated oxygen sensor.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the rear heated oxygen sensor is not used for engine control operation.

#### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

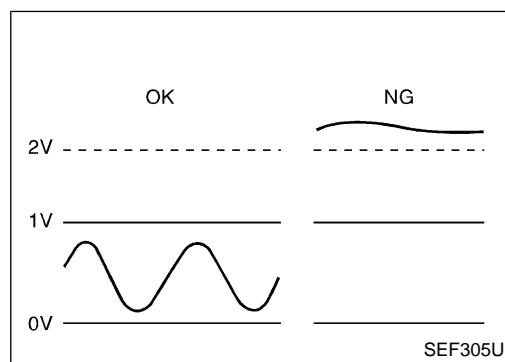
Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
RR O2 SENSOR .....	● Engine: After warming up	Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - 0.3V ↔ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
RR O2 MNTR			LEAN ↔ RICH

#### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3(ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
52	W	Rear heated oxygen sensor	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> After warming up to normal operating temperature and revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - Approximately 1.0V



#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The rear heated oxygen sensor has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the front heated oxygen sensor. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of rear heated oxygen sensor, ECM monitors whether or not the voltage is too high during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0140 0512	● An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	● Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) ● Rear heated oxygen sensor

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0140

### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

**CAUTION:**

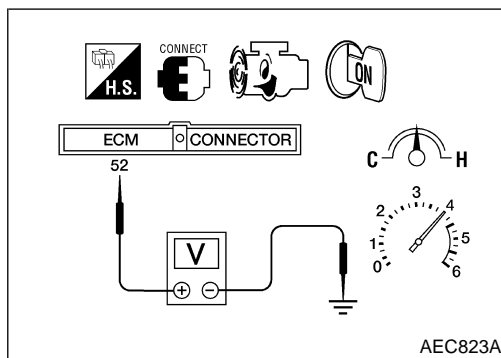
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

**NOTE:**

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF168V



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 3) Maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.  
**CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,600 - 2,600 rpm**  
**VHCL SPEED SE: 64 - 120 km/h (40 - 75 MPH)**  
**B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.5 - 4.9 msec**  
**COOLAN TEMP/S: 70 - 100°C (158 - 212°F)**  
**Selector lever: Suitable position**
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-225.

OR

#### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the rear heated oxygen sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

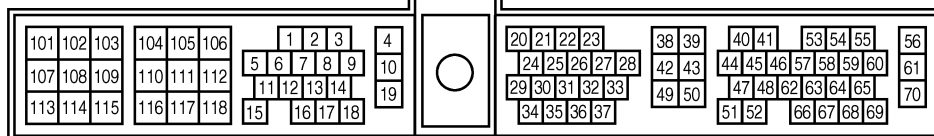
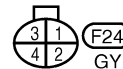
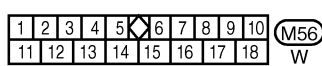
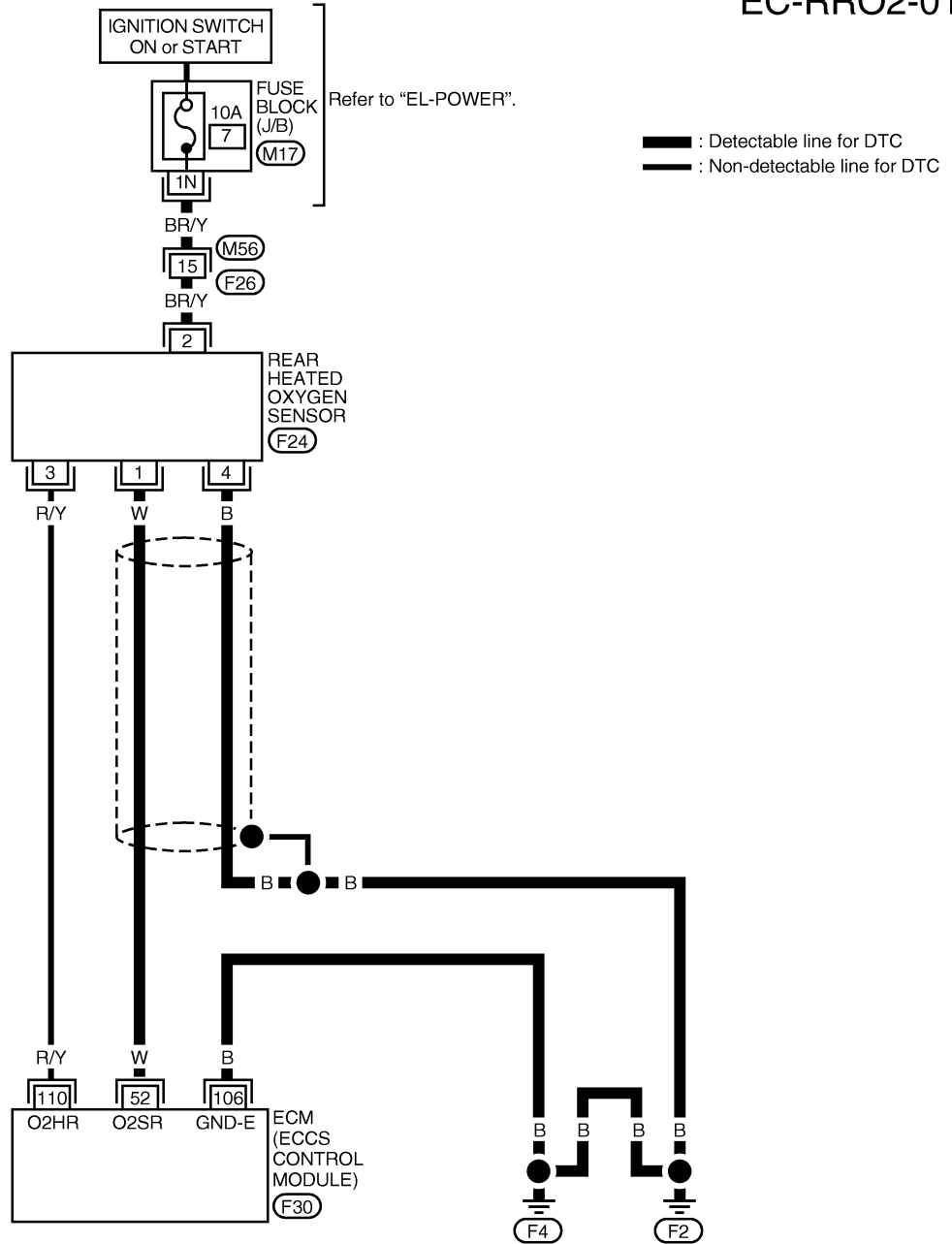
- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals ⑤(sensor signal) and ground.
- 4) Check the voltage after revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.  
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)  
**The voltage should be below 2V during this procedure.**
- 5) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-225.

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0140

## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

EC-RRO2-01

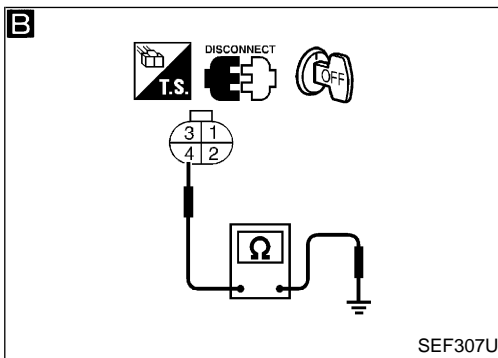
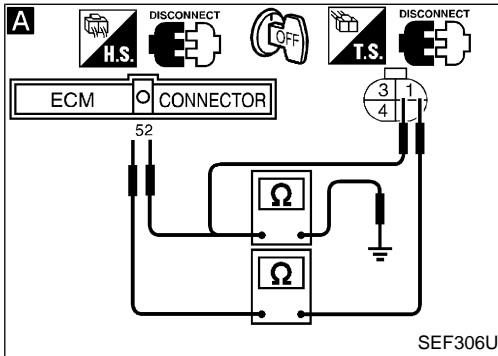
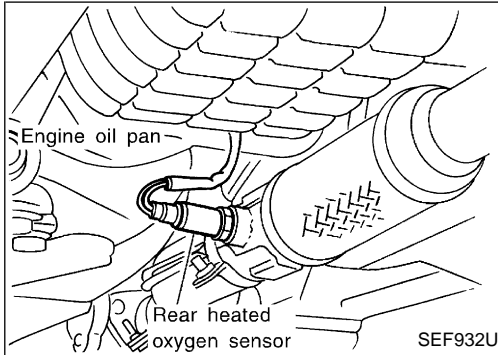
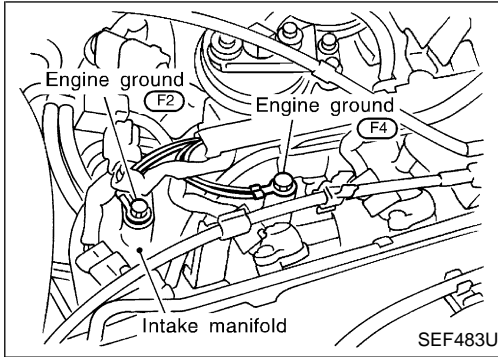




# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0140

## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

**A**  
**CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.**  
1. Disconnect rear heated oxygen sensor RH harness connector and ECM harness connector.  
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal ⑤② and terminal ①.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal ⑤② (or terminal ①) and ground.  
**Continuity should not exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Repair harness or connectors.

**B**  
**CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.**  
Check harness continuity between terminal ④ and engine ground.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Repair harness or connectors.

**CHECK COMPONENT** (Rear heated oxygen sensor).  
1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".  
2. Disconnect sensor harness connector for water.  
**Water should not exist.**  
If OK, go to step 3.  
3. Check rear heated oxygen sensor. Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on next page.

NG → Replace rear heated oxygen sensor.

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

INSPECTION END

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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0140

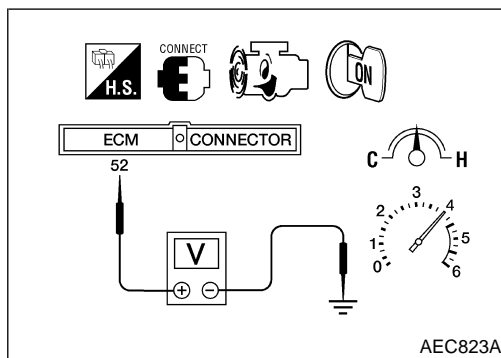
### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

##### Rear heated oxygen sensor

ACTIVE TEST	
FUEL INJECTION	25 %
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 SENSOR	XXX V
RR O2 SENSOR	XXX V
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
RR O2 MNTR	RICH

PEF102P



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "RR O2 SENSOR" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.
- 4) Check "RR O2 SENSOR" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to  $\pm 25\%$ .  
**"RR O2 SENSOR" should be above 0.56V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.**  
**"RR O2 SENSOR" should be below 0.54V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.**

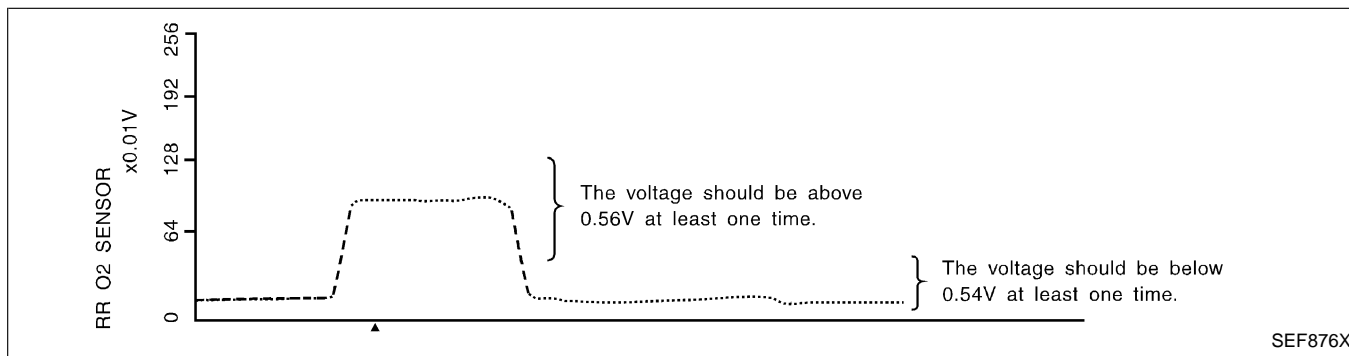
#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

OR



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminals ⑤2 (sensor signal) and ground.
- 4) Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.  
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)  
**The voltage should be above 0.56V at least once.**  
**If the voltage is above 0.56V at step 4, step 5 is not necessary.**
- 5) Check the voltage when racing up to 6,000 rpm under no load. Or keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in 3rd gear position (M/T), D position with "OD" OFF (A/T).  
**The voltage should be below 0.54V at least once.**



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0140

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### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor (High Voltage) (Rear HO2S) (Cont'd)

**CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

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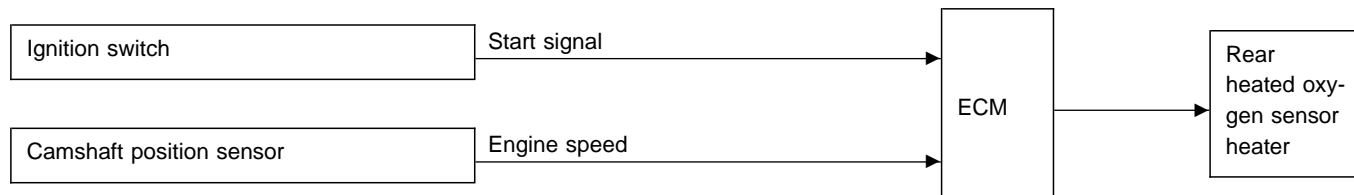
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0141

## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater

### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the rear heated oxygen sensor heater corresponding to the engine speed.

### OPERATION

Engine speed rpm	Rear heated oxygen sensor heater
Above 3,000	OFF
Below 3,000	ON

### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
RR O2 HEATER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Engine speed: Idle [After driving 2 minutes at 70 km/h (43 mph) or more]</li> </ul>	ON
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Engine speed: Above 3,000 rpm</li> <li>Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> </ul>	OFF

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
110	R/Y	Rear heated oxygen sensor heater	Engine is running. [After driving 2 minutes at 70 km/h (43 mph) or more] ↳ Engine speed is below 3,000 rpm	Approximately 0.4V
			Ignition switch "ON" ↳ Engine stopped Engine is running. ↳ Engine speed is above 3,000 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0141 0902	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The current amperage in the rear heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An improper voltage drop signal is sent to ECM through the rear heated oxygen sensor heater.)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Harness or connectors (The rear heated oxygen sensor heater circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Rear heated oxygen sensor heater</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0141

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm

PEF190P

### Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is in between 10.5V and 16V.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-231.

OR



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 4) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 5) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-231.

OR



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-231.

- When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT-II or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT-II or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

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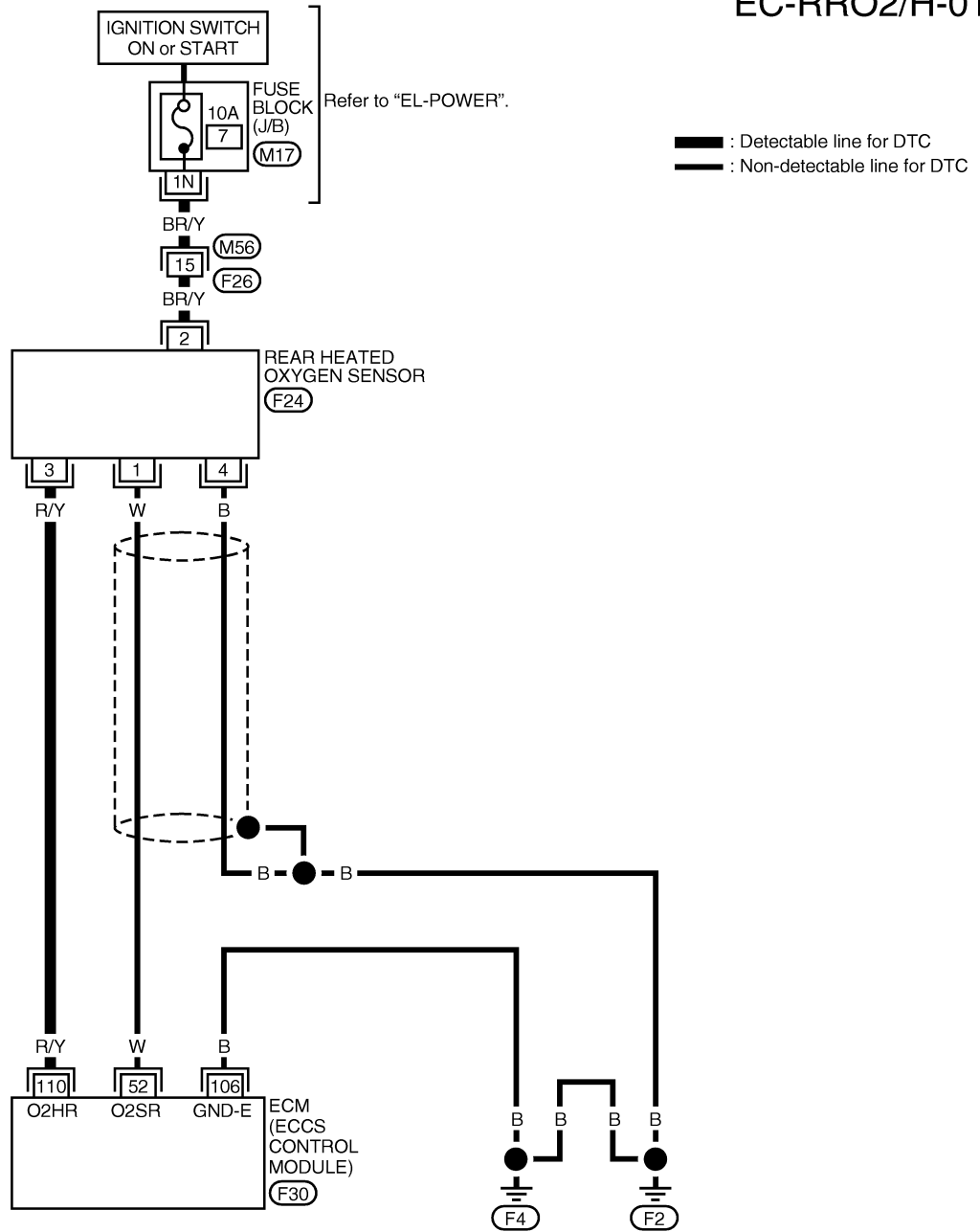
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0141

## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd)

EC-RRO2/H-01



1N	2N	3N	4N	5N	6N	7N		
8N	9N	10N	11N	12N	13N	14N	15N	16N

(M17)  
GY

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		

(M56)  
W

3	1
4	2

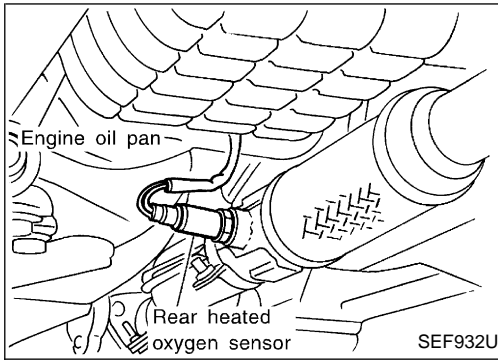
(F24)  
GY

F30	H.S.
W	

101	102	103	104	105	106	1	2	3	4	20	21	22	23	38	39	40	41	53	54	55	56					
107	108	109	110	111	112	5	6	7	8	9	10	24	25	26	27	28	42	43	44	45	46	57	58	59	60	61
113	114	115	116	117	118	11	12	13	14	19	29	30	31	32	33	49	50	47	48	62	63	64	65	70		
						15	16	17	18		34	35	36	37			51	52	66	67	68	69				

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0141

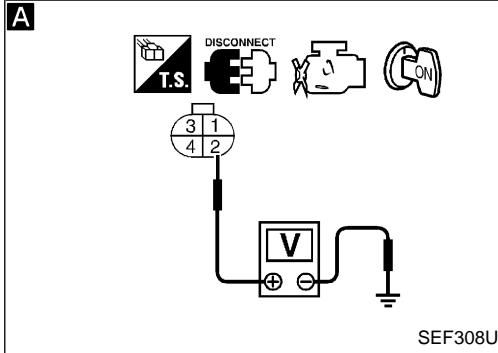
## Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

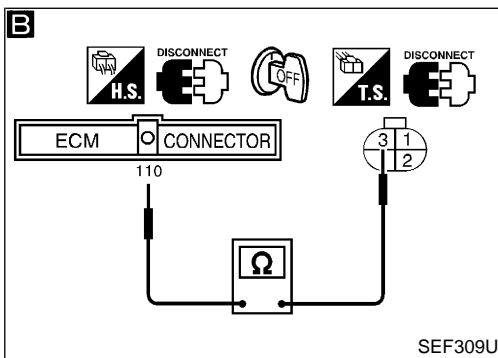
**A**  
**CHECK POWER SUPPLY.**  
1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".  
2. Disconnect rear heated oxygen sensor harness connector.  
3. Turn ignition switch "ON".  
4. Check voltage between terminal ② and ground.  
**Voltage: Battery voltage**

NG → Repair harness or connectors.



**B**  
**CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.**  
1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".  
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.  
3. Check harness continuity between terminal ③ and ECM terminal ①10.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Repair harness or connectors.



**CHECK COMPONENT**  
(Rear heated oxygen sensor heater).  
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" below.

NG → Replace rear heated oxygen sensor.

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

INSPECTION END

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Rear heated oxygen sensor heater

Check the following.

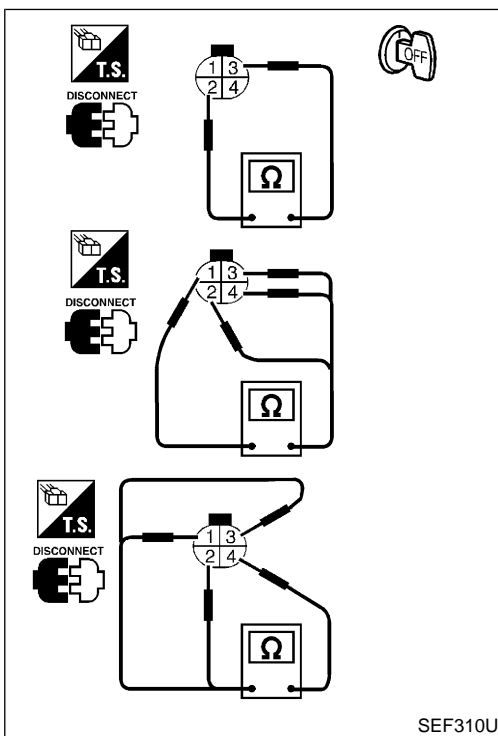
- Check resistance between terminals ② and ③.  
**Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3Ω at 25°C (77°F)**
- Check continuity.

Terminal No.	Continuity
① and ②, ③, ④	No
④ and ①, ②, ③	No

If NG, replace the rear heated oxygen sensor.

#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



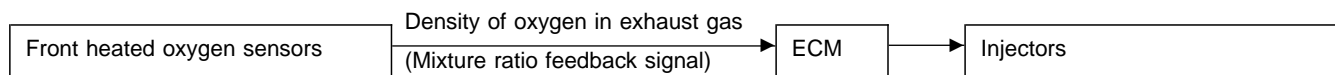
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0171

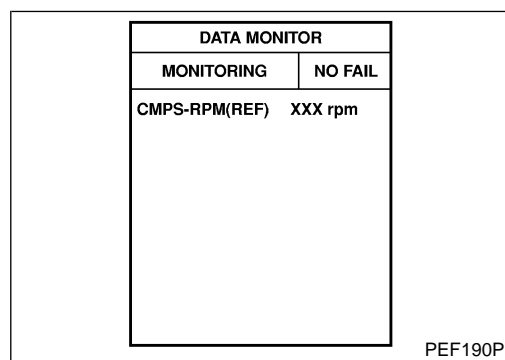
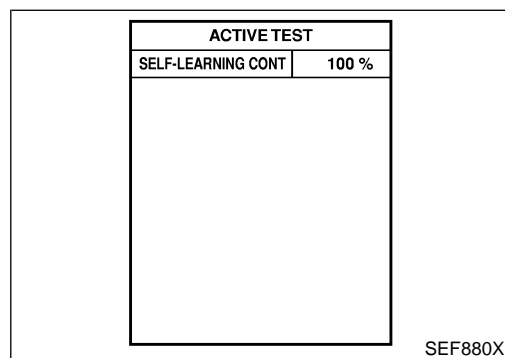
## Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the front heated oxygen sensor. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios. In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too lean.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and light up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).



Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0171 0115	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fuel injection system does not operate properly.</li> <li>The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too lean.)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intake air leaks</li> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>Injectors</li> <li>Exhaust gas leaks</li> <li>Incorrect fuel pressure</li> <li>Lack of fuel</li> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>



### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



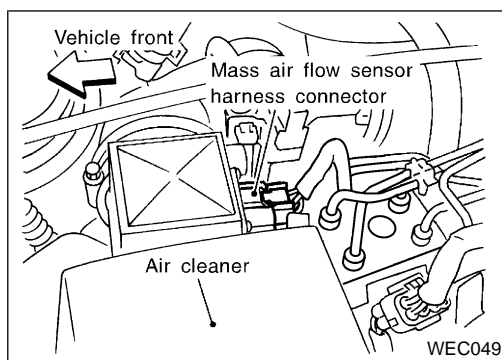
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "SELF-LEARN CONTROL" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4) Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 5) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 6) Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.  
The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 7) If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 8) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-235. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.

OR



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0171

### Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST. Make sure 1st trip DTC P0100 is detected.
- 6) Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the 1st trip DTC P0100.
- 7) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- 8) Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 9) If it is difficult to start engine at step 8, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 10) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-235. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.

OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 6) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure 1st trip DTC 0102 is detected.
- 7) Erase the 1st trip DTC 0102 by changing from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I.
- 8) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure DTC 0505 is detected.
- 9) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. The 1st trip DTC 0115 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 10) If it is difficult to start engine at step 9, the fuel injection system also has a malfunction.
- 11) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-235. If engine does not start, visually check for exhaust and intake air leak.

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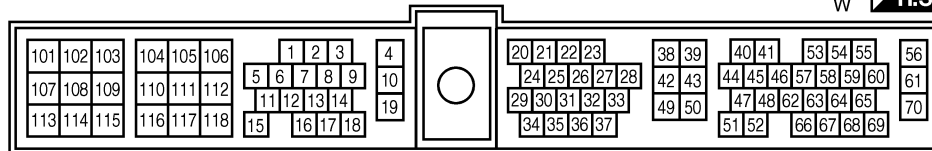
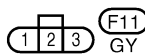
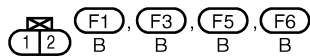
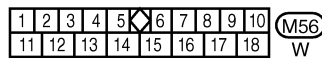
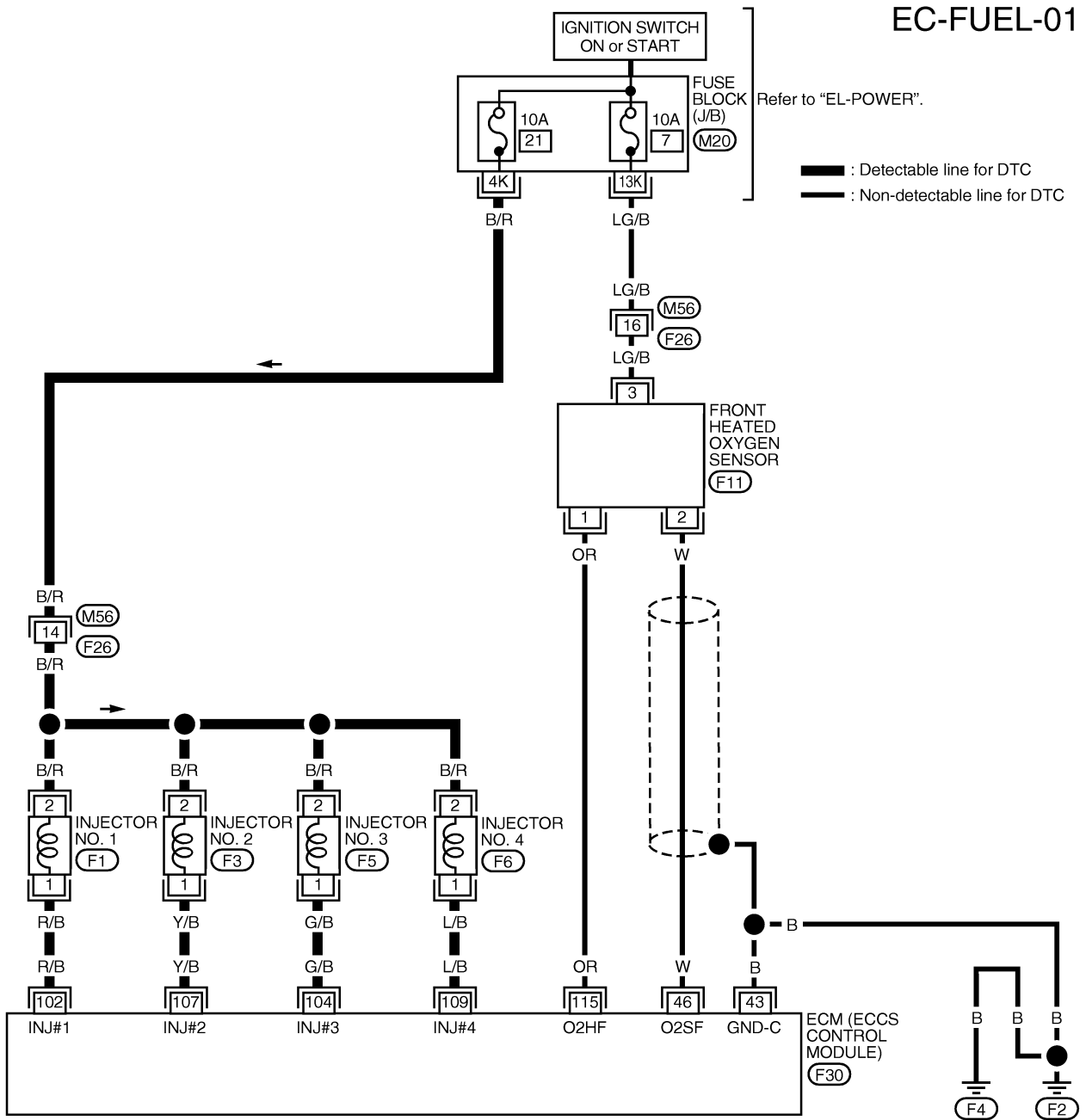
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0171

## Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)

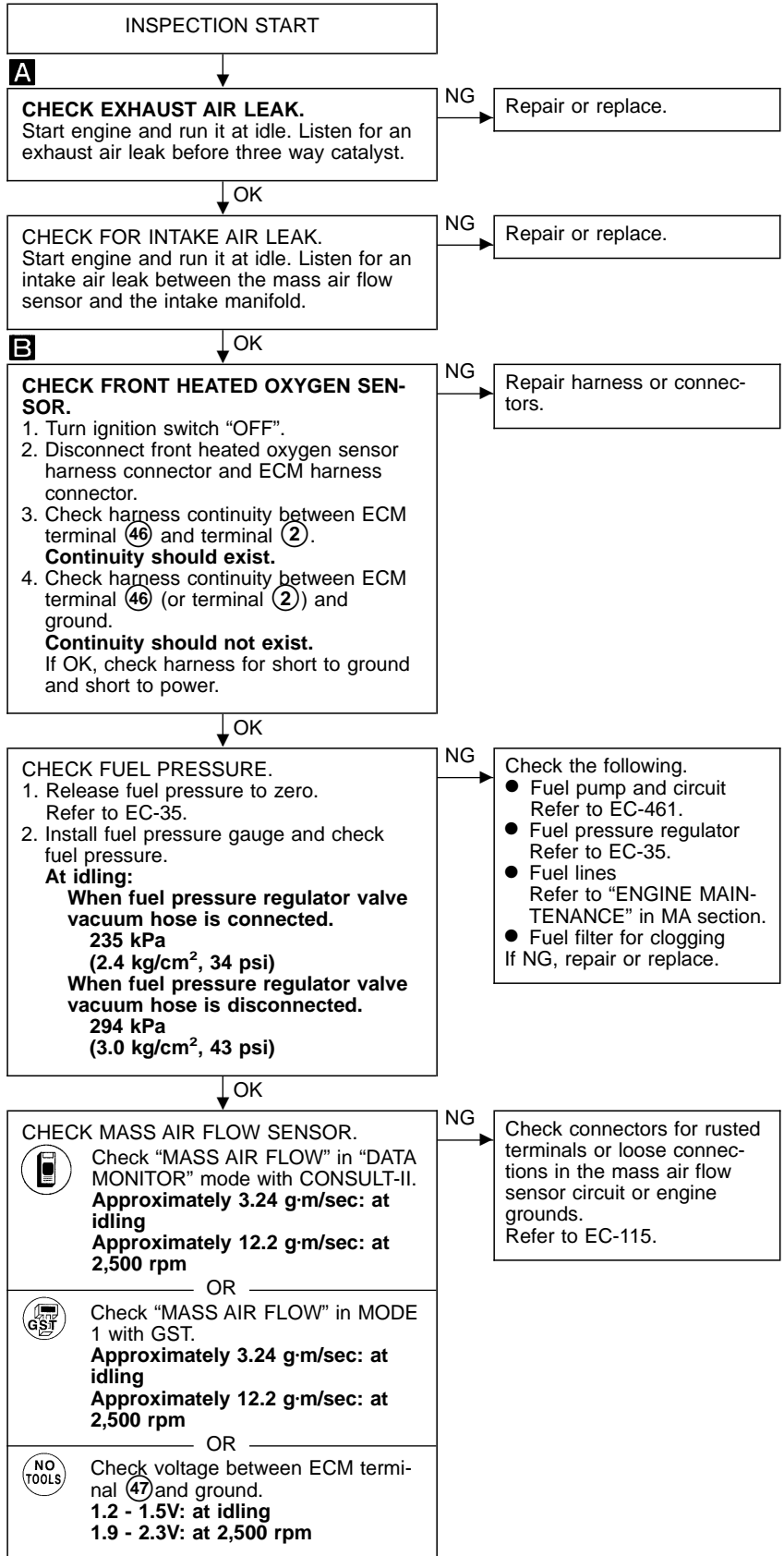
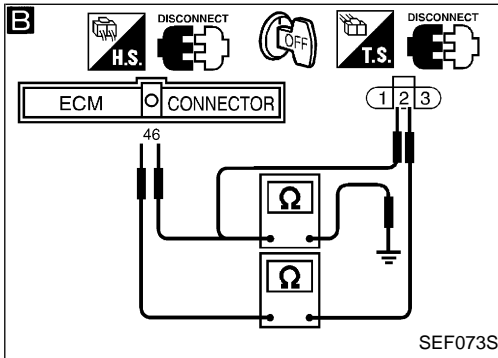
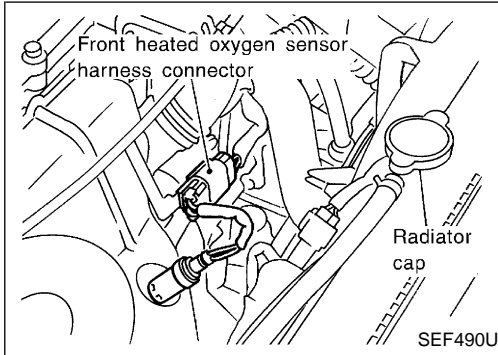
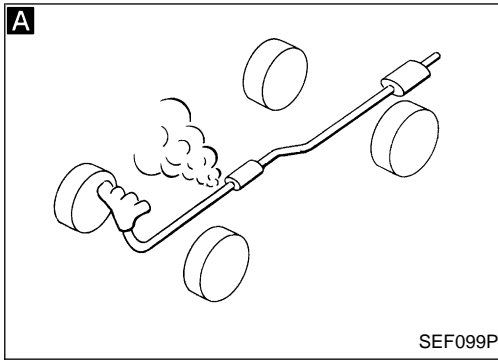
EC-FUEL-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0171

## Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



(Go to next page.)

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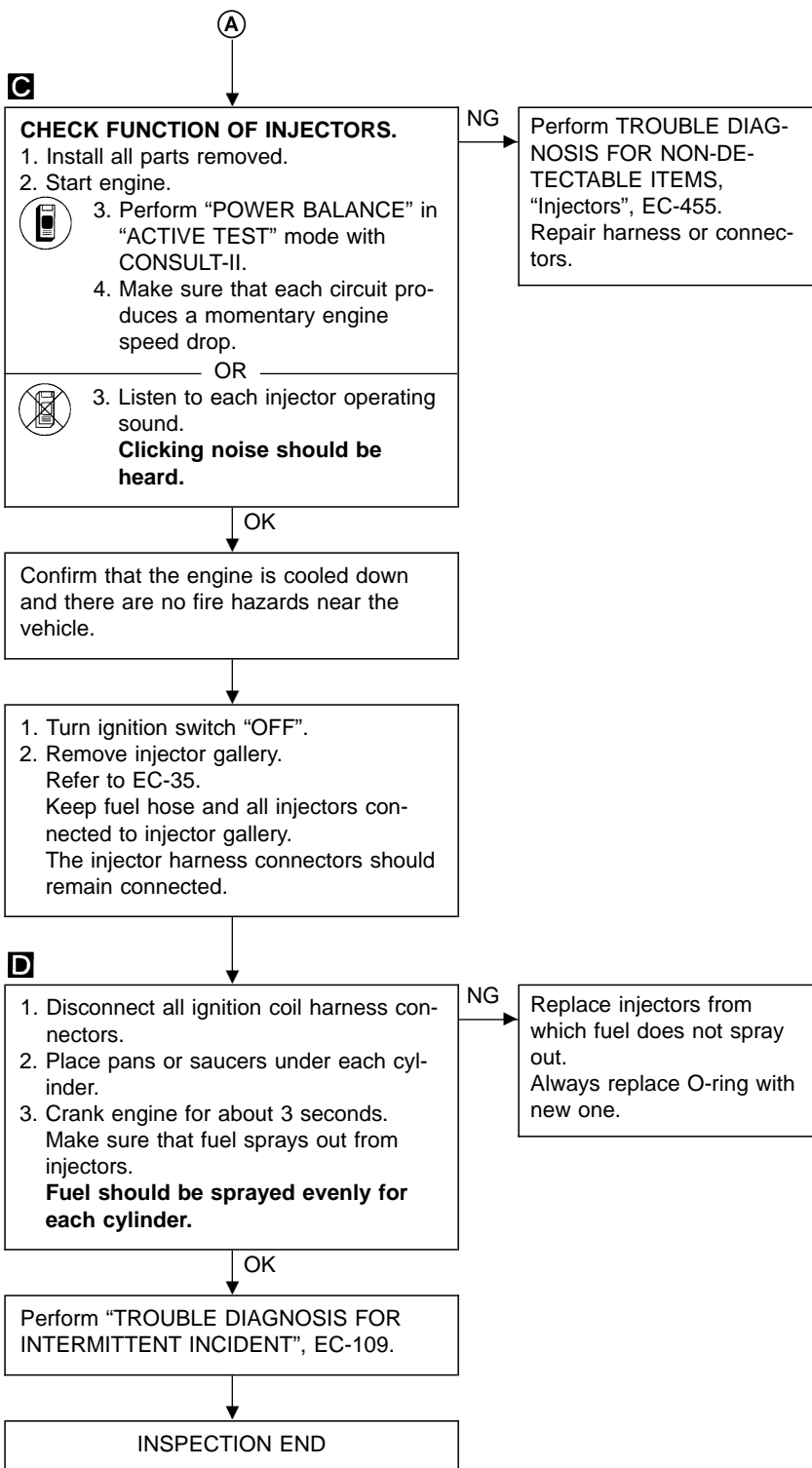
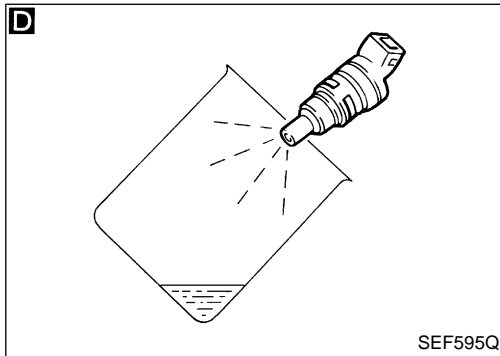
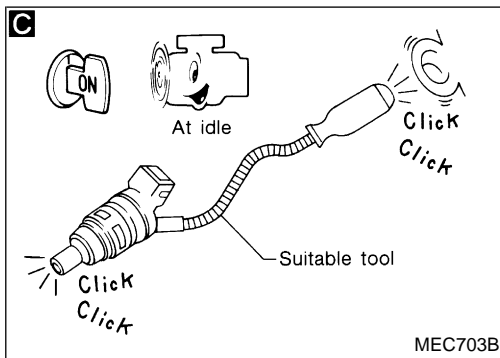
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0171

## Fuel Injection System Function (Lean side) (Cont'd)

**C**

ACTIVE TEST	
POWER BALANCE	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
MAS AIR/FL SEN	XXX V
IACV-AAC/V	XXX %

PEF564N



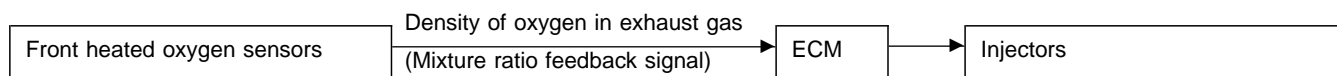
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172

## Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side)

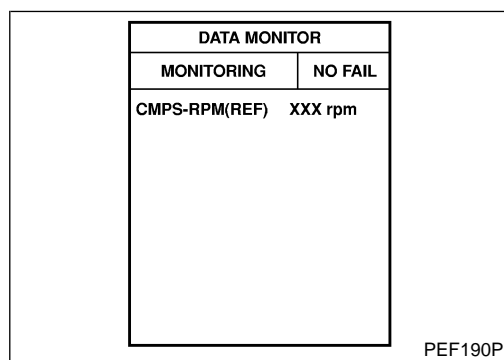
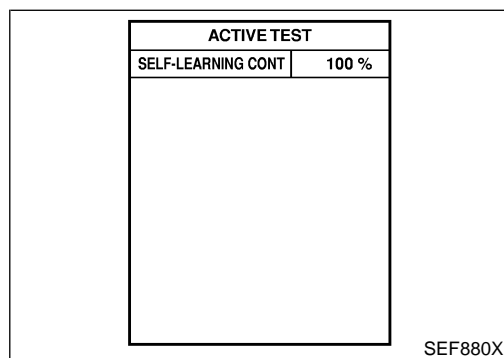
### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the front heated oxygen sensor. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too rich.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and light up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).



Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0172 0114	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fuel injection system does not operate properly.</li> <li>The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too rich.)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Front heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>Injectors</li> <li>Exhaust gas leaks</li> <li>Incorrect fuel pressure</li> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>



### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

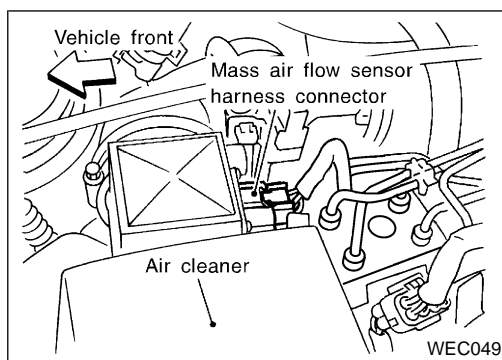


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "SELF-LEARN CONTROL" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4) Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 5) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 6) Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.  
The 1st trip DTC P0172 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 7) If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 8) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-240. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

OR

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172

### Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST. Make sure 1st trip DTC P0100 is detected.
- 6) Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the 1st trip DTC P0100.
- 7) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
- 8) Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 9) If it is difficult to start engine at step 8, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 10) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-235. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

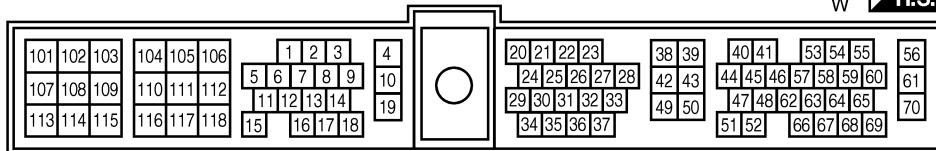
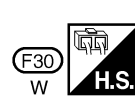
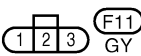
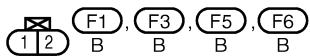
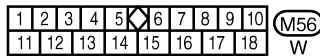
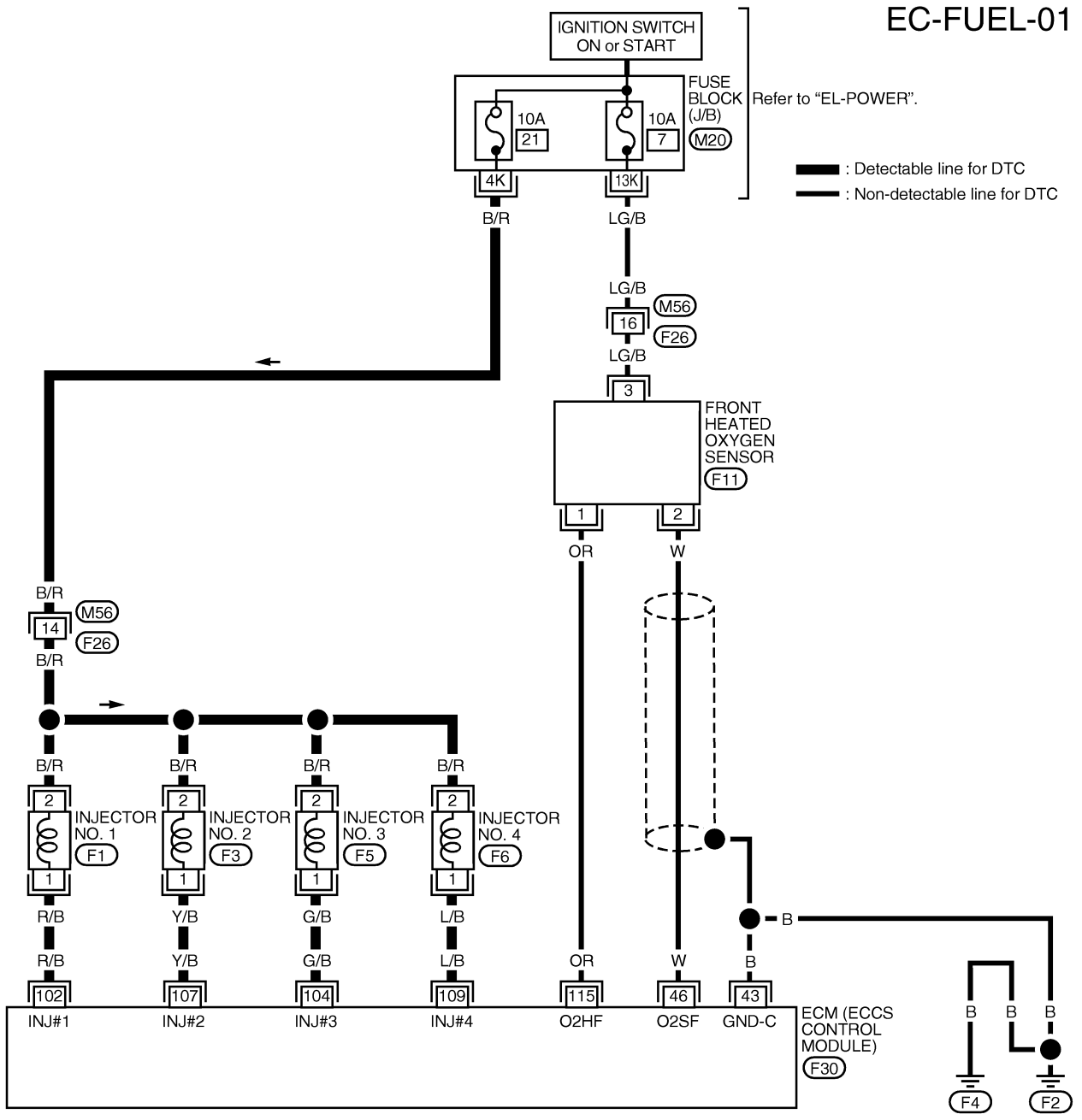
OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart engine and run it for at least 3 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 6) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure 1st trip DTC 0102 is detected.
- 7) Erase the 1st trip DTC 0102 by changing from Diagnostic Test Mode II to Diagnostic Test Mode I.
- 8) Perform Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM. Make sure DTC 0505 is detected.
- 9) Start engine again and run it for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. The 1st trip DTC 0114 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists.
- 10) If it is difficult to start engine at step 9, the fuel injection system also has a malfunction.
- 11) Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If 1st trip DTC is detected and engine starts, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-235. If engine does not start, remove ignition plugs and check for fouling, etc.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172

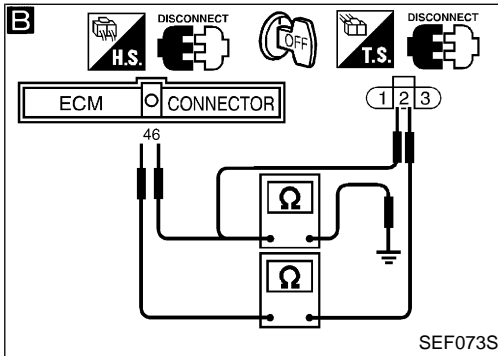
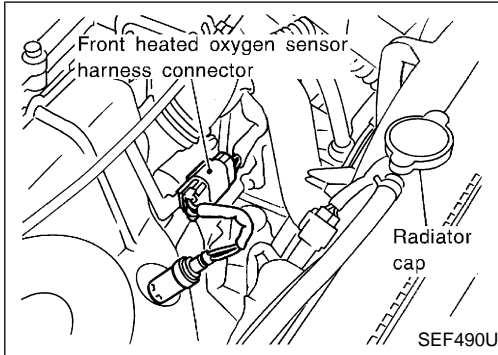
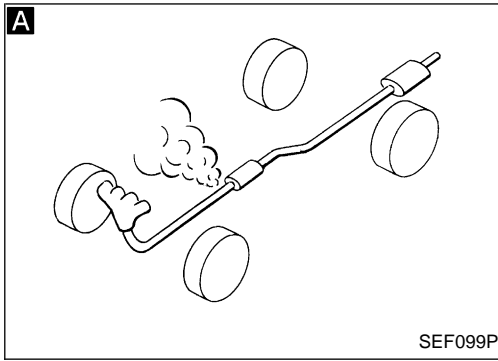
## Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172

## Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

**A**  
**CHECK FOR EXHAUST AIR LEAK.**  
Start engine and run it at idle. Listen for an exhaust air leak before the three way catalyst.

NG → Repair or replace.

OK

**B**  
**CHECK FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR.**  
1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".  
2. Disconnect front heated oxygen sensor RH harness connector and ECM harness connector.  
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal (46) and terminal (2).  
**Continuity should exist.**  
4. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal (46) (or terminal (2)) and ground.  
**Continuity should not exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Repair harness or connectors.

OK

**CHECK FUEL PRESSURE.**  
1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-35.  
2. Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure.  
**At idling:**  
**When fuel pressure regulator valve vacuum hose is connected.**  
**Approximately 235 kPa (2.4 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 34 psi)**  
**When fuel pressure regulator valve vacuum hose is disconnected.**  
**Approximately 294 kPa (3.0 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 43 psi)**

NG → Check the following.  
● Fuel pump and circuit Refer to EC-461.  
● Fuel pressure regulator Refer to EC-35.  
If NG, repair or replace.

OK

**CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR.**  
Check "MASS AIR FLOW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.  
**Approximately 3.24 g-m/sec: at idling**  
**Approximately 12.2 g-m/sec: at 2,500 rpm**  
OR  
Check "MASS AIR FLOW" in MODE 1 with GST.  
**Approximately 3.24 g-m/sec: at idling**  
**Approximately 12.2 g-m/sec: at 2,500 rpm**  
OR  
Check voltage between ECM terminal (47) and ground.  
**1.2 - 1.5V: at idling**  
**1.9 - 2.3V: at 2,500 rpm**

NG → Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or engine grounds. Refer to EC-115.

OK

(Go to next page.)



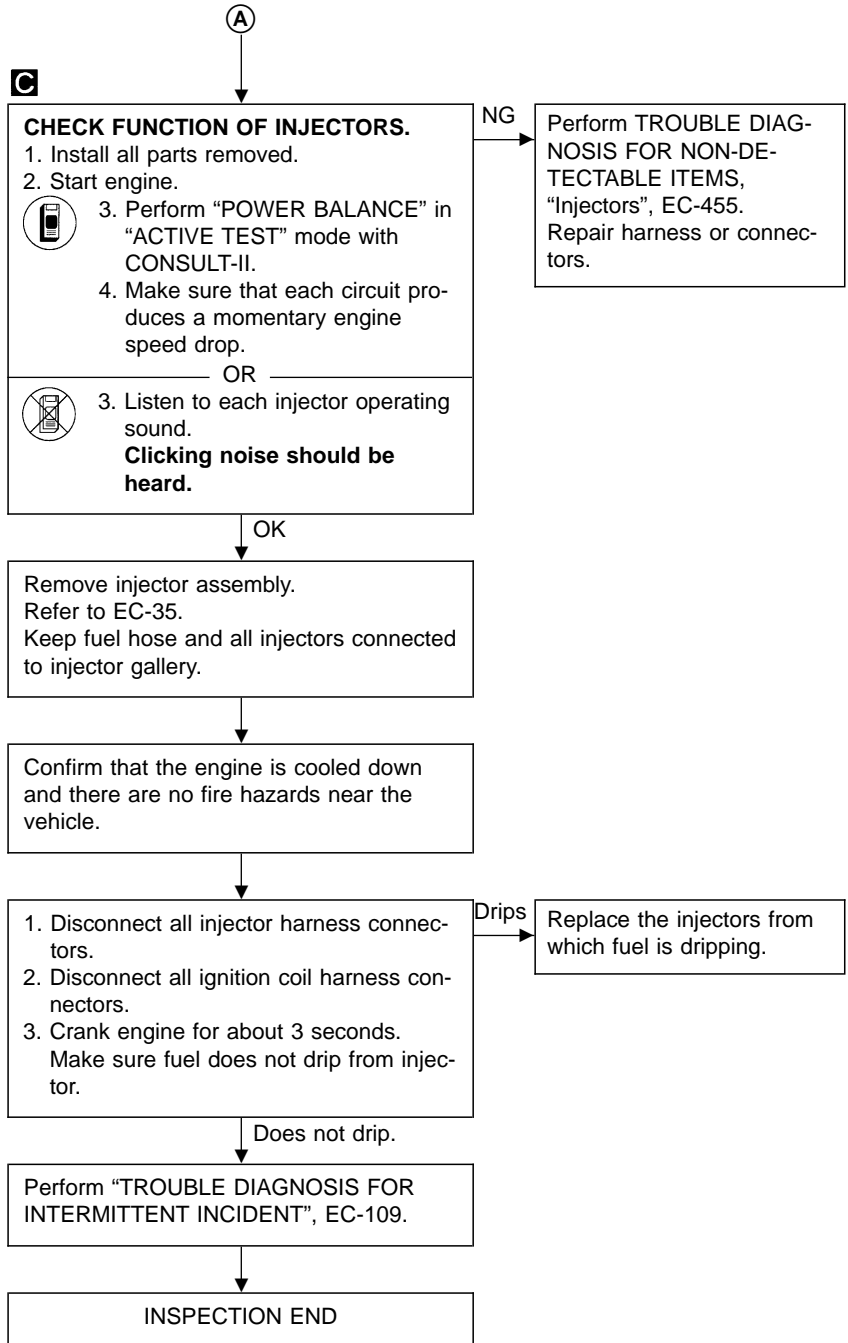
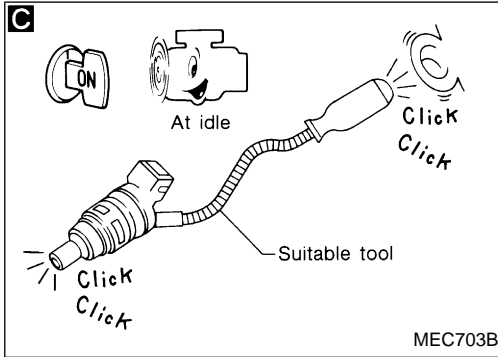
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0172

## Fuel Injection System Function (Rich side) (Cont'd)

**C**

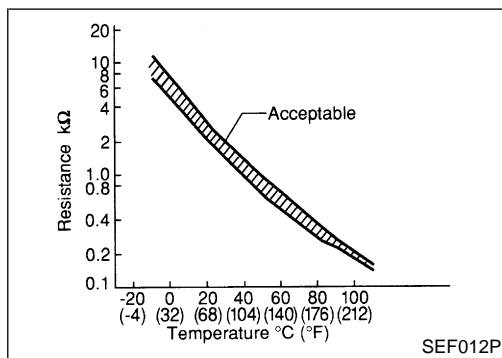
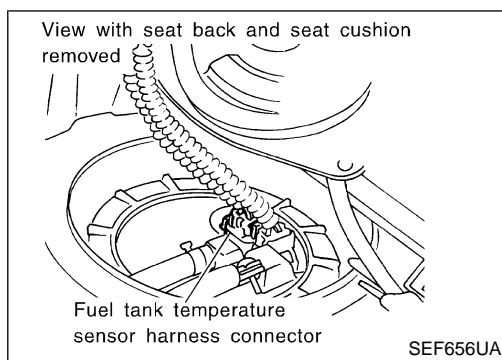
ACTIVE TEST	
POWER BALANCE	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
MAS AIR/FL SEN	XXX V
IACV-AAC/V	XXX %

PEF564N



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IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0180



## Fuel Tank Temperature Sensor

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The fuel tank temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

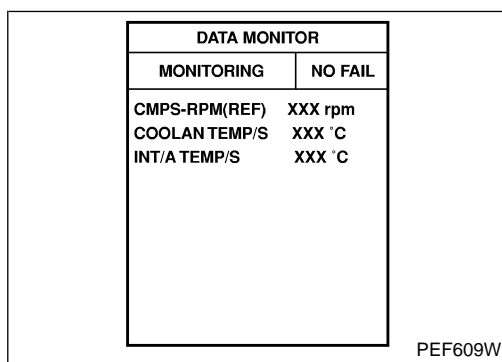
### <Reference data>

Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 63 (Fuel tank temperature sensor) and ECM terminal 43 (ECM ground).

## ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Causes)
P0180 0402	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>An excessively high or low voltage is sent to ECM.</li> <li>Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signals from engine coolant temperature sensor and intake air temperature sensor.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Fuel tank temperature sensor</li> </ul>



## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Wait at least 10 seconds.

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.

If the result is OK, go to following step.

**NOTE:** If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is already less than 60°C (140°F) before step 4), the result will be OK.

If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 60°C (140°F), go to the following step.

- 4) Cool engine down until "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 60°C (140°F).
- 5) Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0180

### Fuel Tank Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.  
If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.  
If the result is OK, go to following step.
- 3) Select "MODE 1" with GST and check for the engine coolant temperature.
- 4) Cool engine down until the engine coolant temperature is less than 60°C (140°F). If the temperature is already less than 60°C (140°F) before step 4), the result will be OK.
- 5) Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.  
If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.  
If the result is OK, go to following step.
- 4) Cool engine down until the voltage between ECM terminal ⑤ (Engine coolant temperature) and ground becomes more than 1.9V.  
If the voltage is already more than 1.9V before step 4), the result will be OK.
- 5) Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 7) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 8) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-245.

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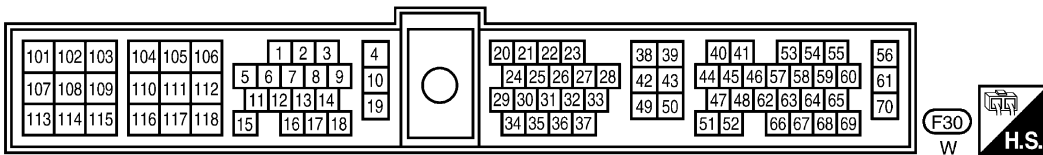
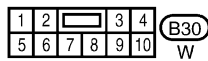
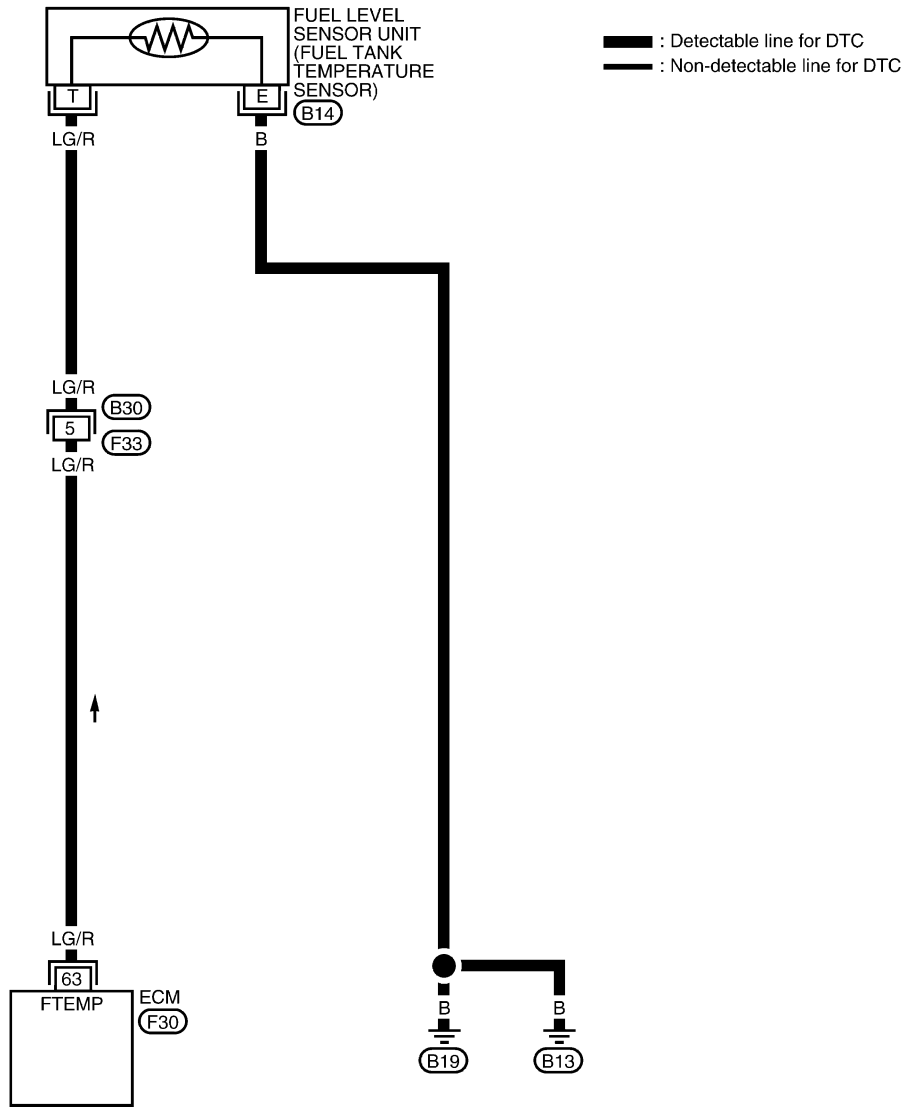
EL

IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0180

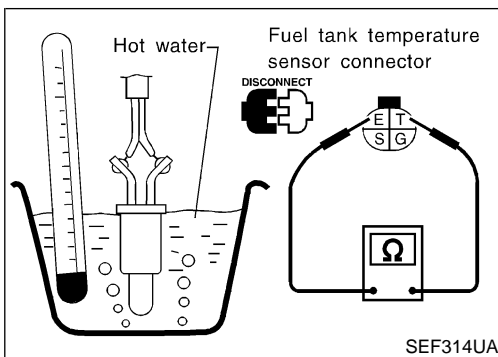
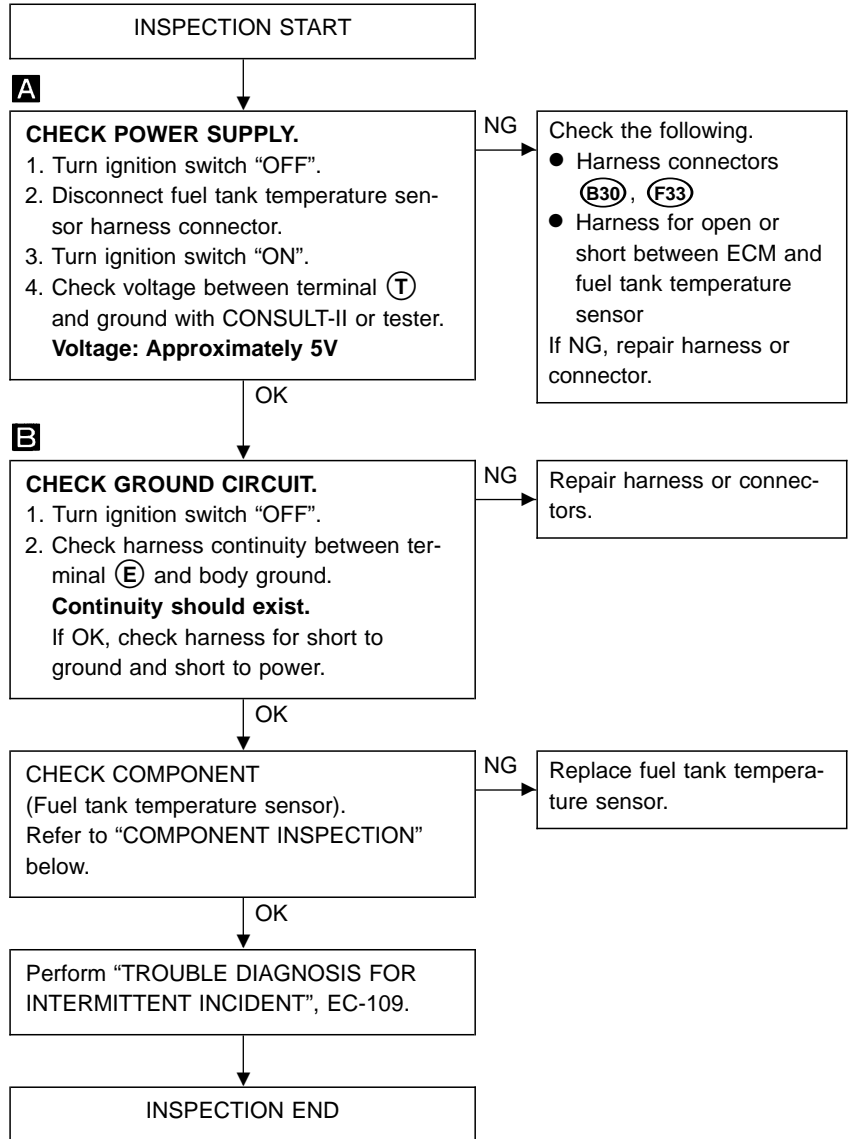
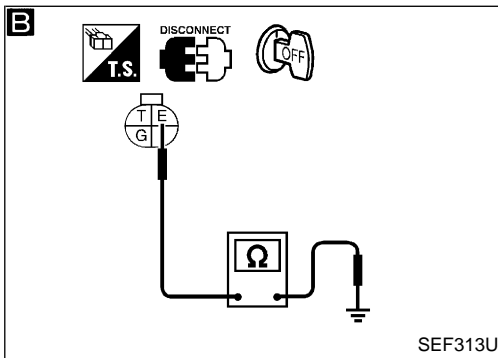
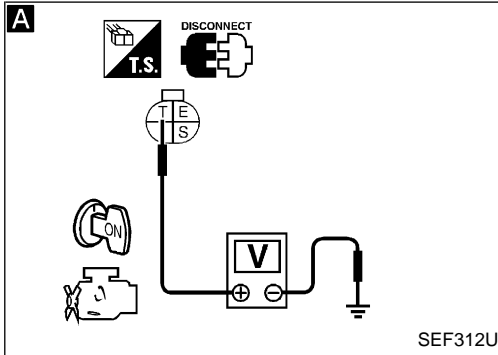
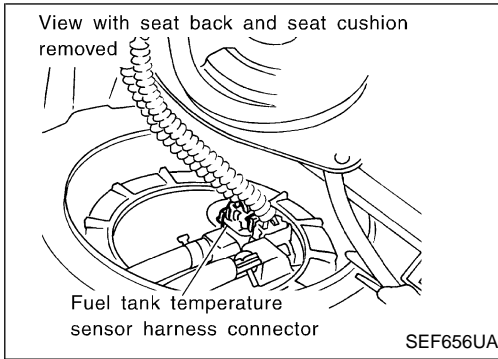
## Fuel Tank Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

EC-FTTS-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0180

## Fuel Tank Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Fuel tank temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

If NG, replace fuel tank temperature sensor.

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IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0300 - P0304

## No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

When a misfire occurs, engine speed will fluctuate. If the engine speed fluctuates enough to cause the CKP sensor signal to vary, ECM can determine that a misfire is occurring.



**1. One Trip Detection Logic (Three Way Catalyst Damage)**

On the first trip that a misfire condition occurs that can damage the three way catalyst (TWC) due to overheating, the MIL will blink.

When a misfire condition occurs, the ECM monitors the CKP sensor signal every 200 engine revolutions for a change.

When the misfire condition decreases to a level that will not damage the TWC, the MIL will turn off.

If another misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC on a second trip, the MIL will blink.

When the misfire condition decreases to a level that will not damage the TWC, the MIL will remain on.

If another misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC, the MIL will begin to blink again.

**2. Two Trip Detection Logic (Exhaust quality deterioration)**

For misfire conditions that will not damage the TWC (but will affect vehicle emissions), the MIL will only light when the misfire is detected on a second trip. During this condition, the ECM monitors the CKP sensor signal every 1,000 engine revolutions.

A misfire malfunction can be detected on any one cylinder or on multiple cylinders.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0300 (0701)	● Multiple cylinders misfire.	● Improper spark plug ● Insufficient compression
P0301 (0608)	● No. 1 cylinder misfires.	● Incorrect fuel pressure ● EGR valve ● The injector circuit is open or shorted
P0302 (0607)	● No. 2 cylinder misfires.	● Injectors ● Intake air leak
P0303 (0606)	● No. 3 cylinder misfires.	● The ignition secondary circuit is open or shorted ● Lack of fuel
P0304 (0605)	● No. 4 cylinder misfires.	● Drive plate/Flywheel ● Front heated oxygen sensor ● Incorrect distributor rotor

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0300 - P0304

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm

PEF190P

### No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE (Overall)

##### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

##### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

##### TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON", and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine again and drive at 1,500 - 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.  
Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.  
**Note: Refer to the freeze frame data for the test driving conditions.**
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-248.

OR

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine again and drive at 1,500 - 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.  
Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.  
**Note: Refer to the freeze frame data for the test driving conditions.**
- 4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-248.

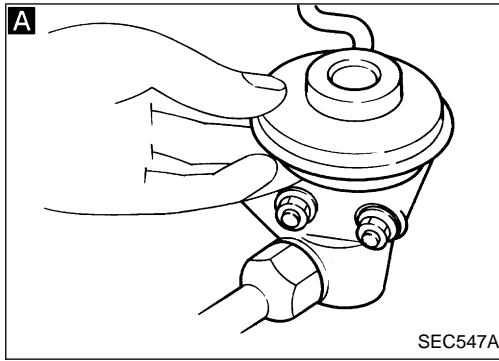
OR

- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine again and drive at 1,500 - 3,000 rpm for at least 3 minutes.  
Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds, and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-248.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0300 - P0304

## No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire (Cont'd)

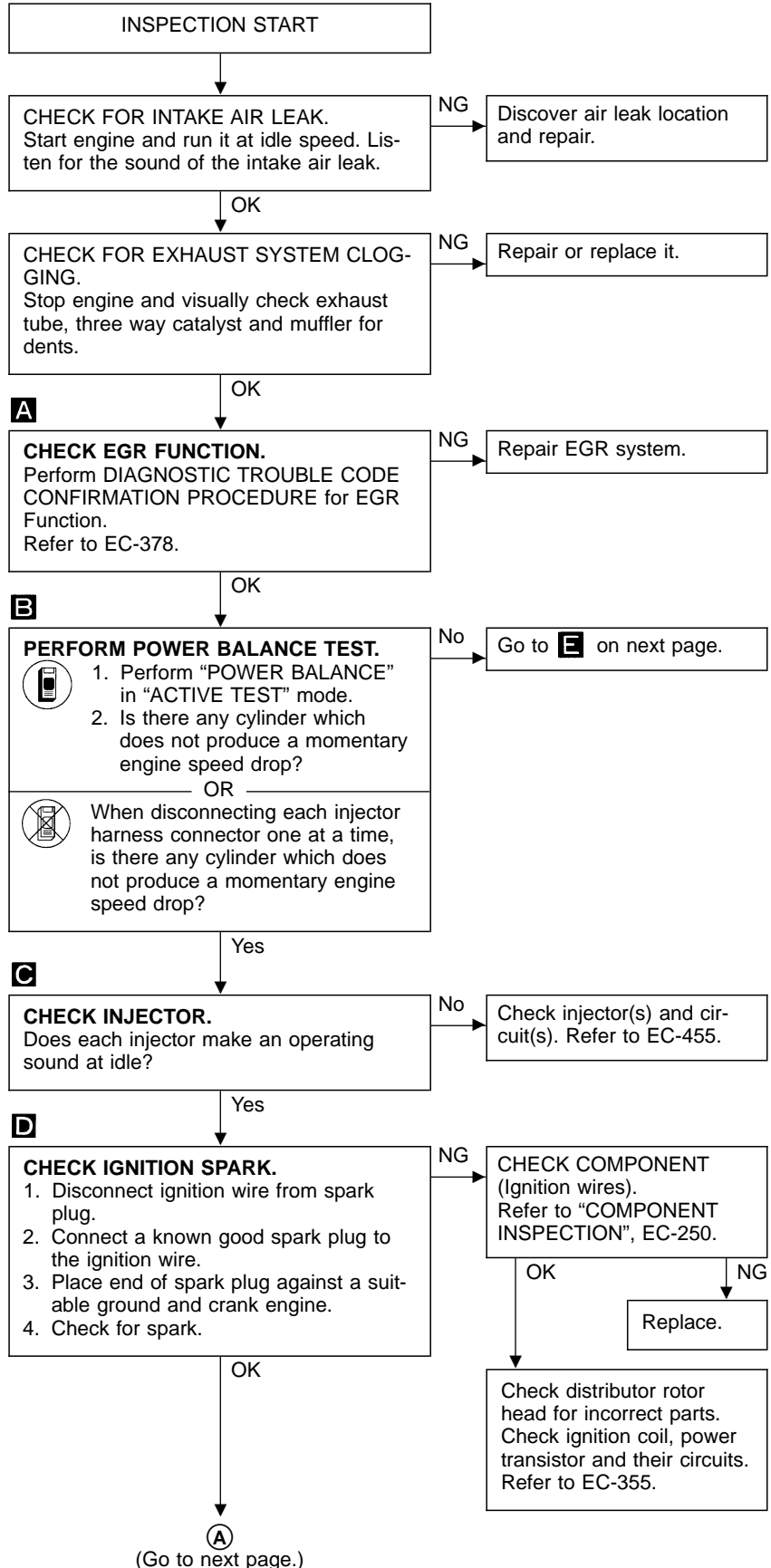
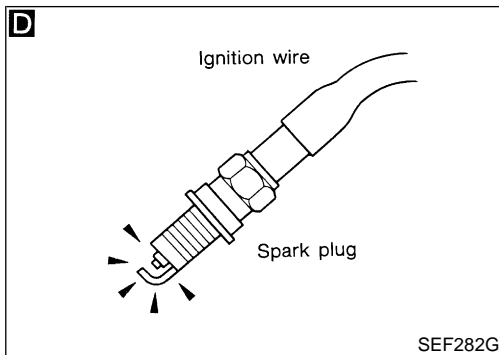
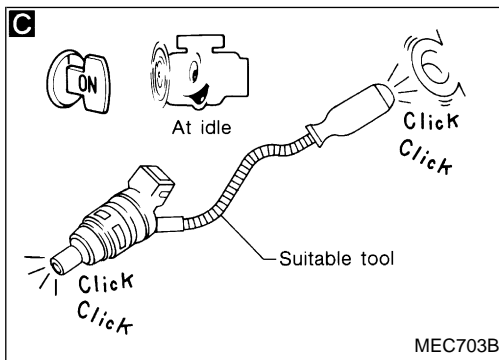
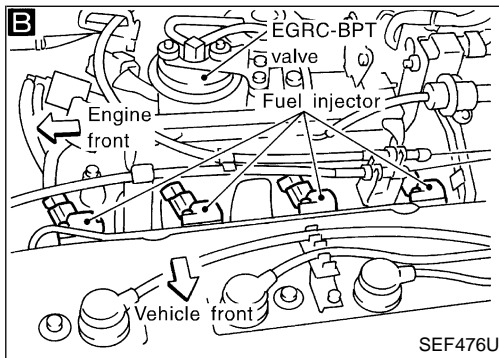
### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



**B**

ACTIVE TEST	
POWER BALANCE	MONITOR
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
MAS AIR/FL SEN	XXX V
IACV-AAC/V	XXX %

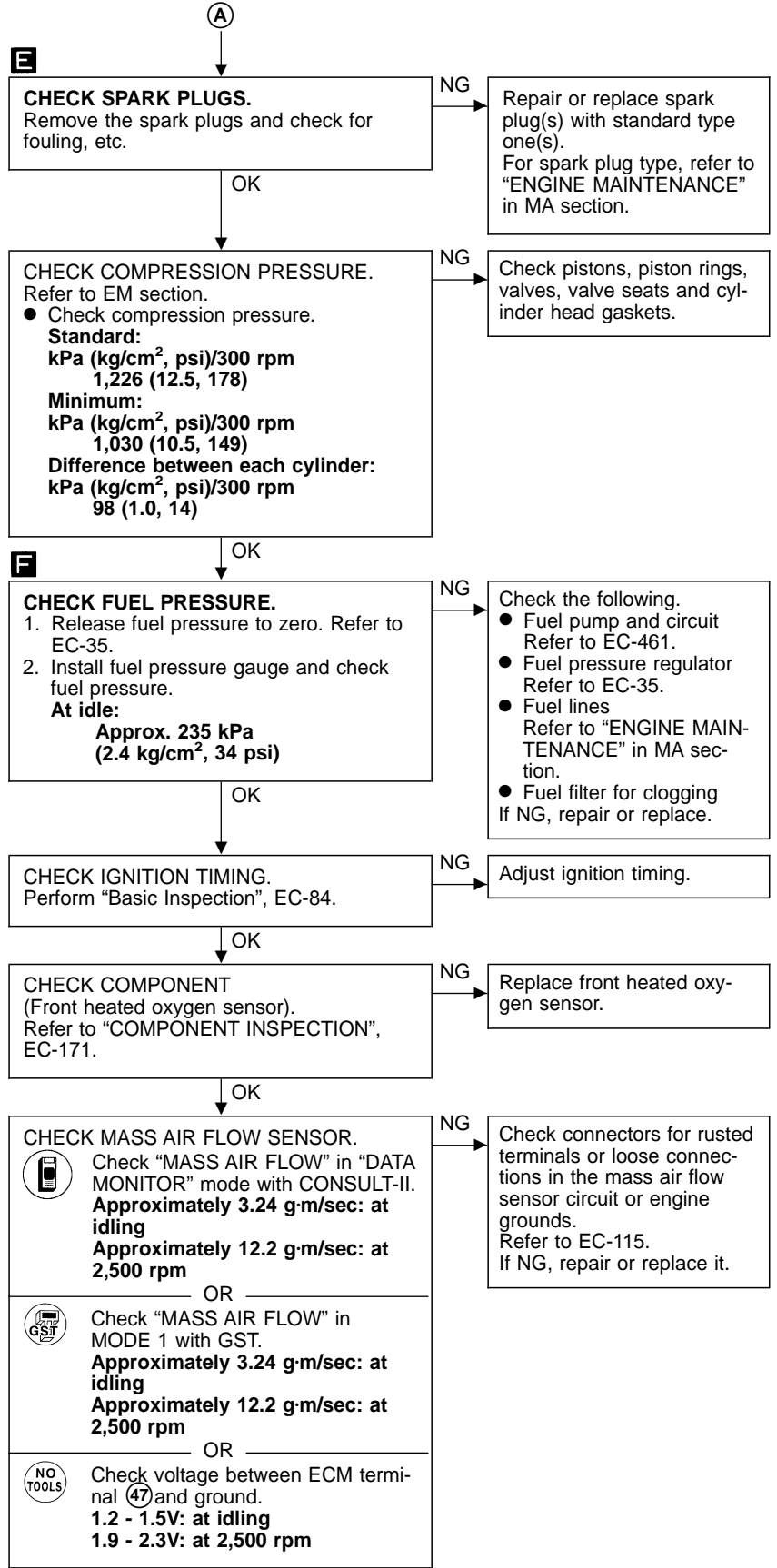
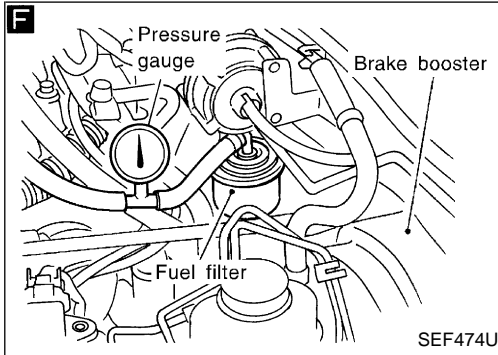
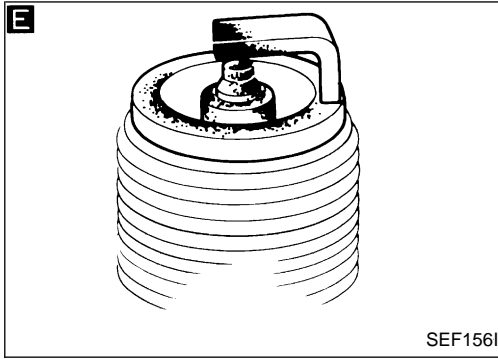
PEF564N





# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0300 - P0304

## No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire (Cont'd)

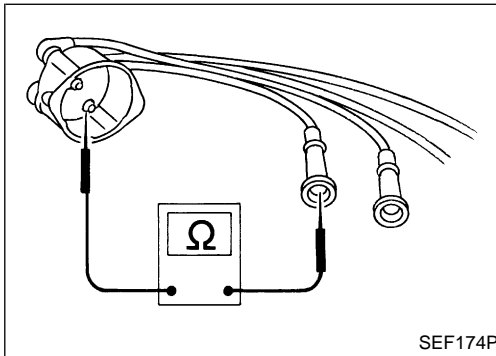
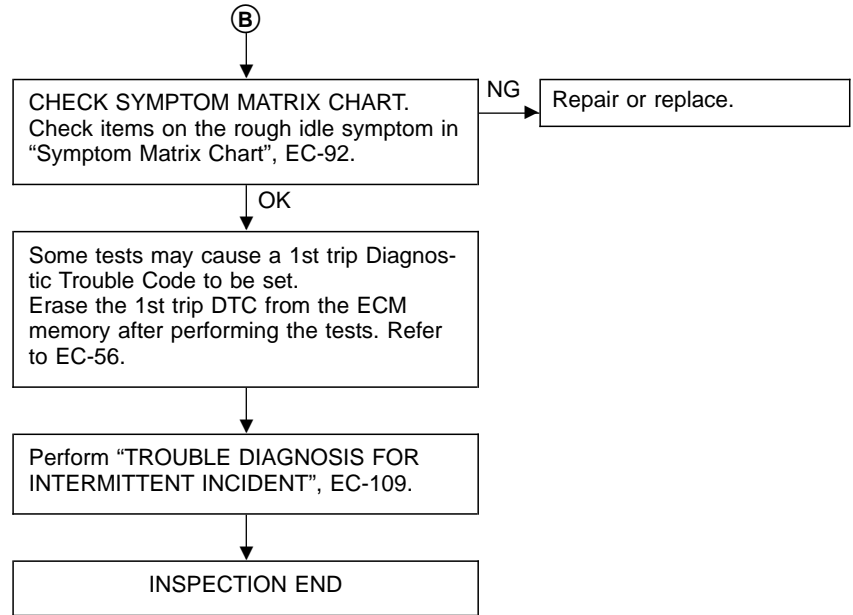


(Go to next page.)

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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0300 - P0304

### No. 4 - 1 Cylinder Misfire, Multiple Cylinder Misfire (Cont'd)



### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Ignition wires

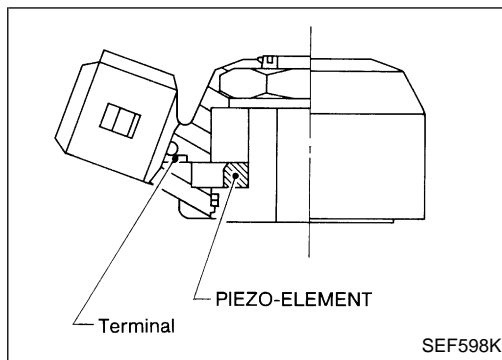
1. Inspect wires for cracks, damage, burned terminals and for improper fit.
2. Measure the resistance of wires to their distributor cap terminal. Move each wire while testing to check for intermittent breaks.

#### Resistance:

**13.6 - 18.4 kΩ/m (4.15 - 5.61 kΩ/ft) at 25°C (77°F)**

If the resistance exceeds the above specification, inspect ignition wire to distributor cap connection. Clean connection or replace the ignition wire with a new one.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0325



## Knock Sensor (KS)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The knock sensor is attached to the cylinder block. It senses engine knocking using a piezoelectric element. A knocking vibration from the cylinder block is sensed as vibrational pressure. This pressure is converted into a voltage signal and sent to the ECM.

GI  
MA  
EM  
LC

\* Freeze frame data will not be stored in the ECM for the knock sensor. The MIL will not light for knock sensor malfunction. The knock sensor has one trip detection logic.

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④ (ECM ground).

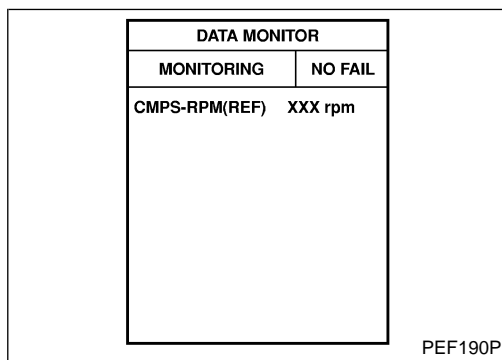
TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
54	W	Knock sensor	Engine is running. └ Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V

EC  
FE  
CL  
MT

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0325 0304	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>An excessively low or high voltage from the knock sensor is sent to ECM.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Harness or connectors (The knock sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Knock sensor</li> </ul>

AT  
FA  
RA



### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V.

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-254.

OR

- Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-254.

OR

- Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.

BR  
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HA  
EL  
IDX

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0325

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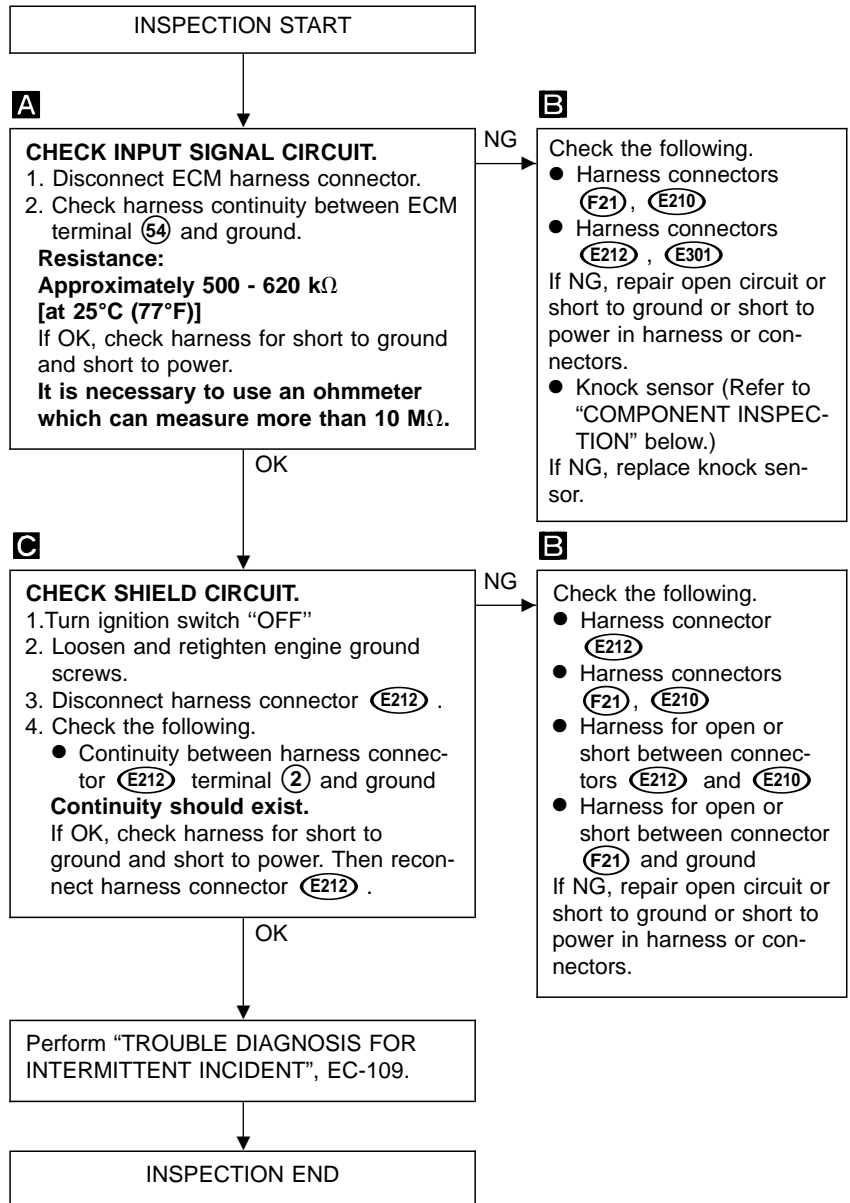
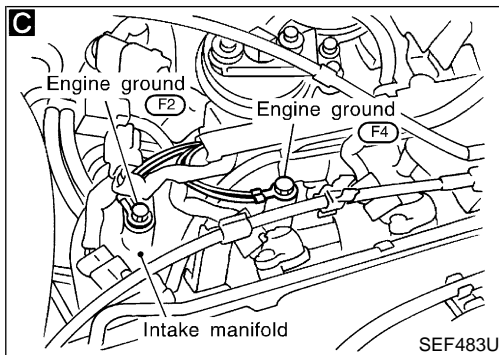
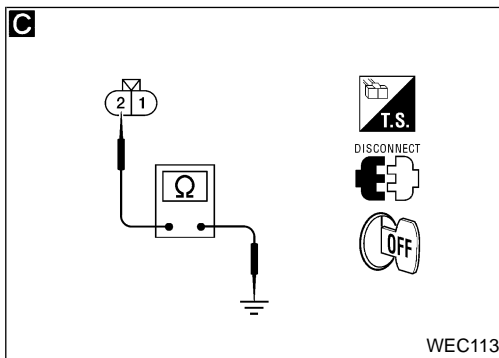
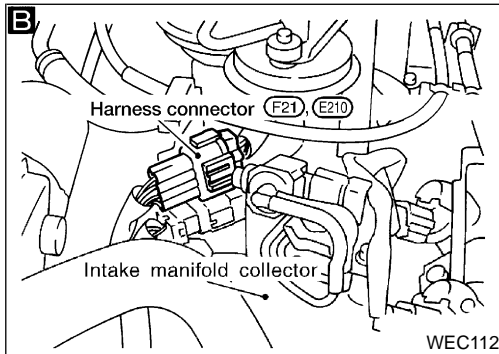
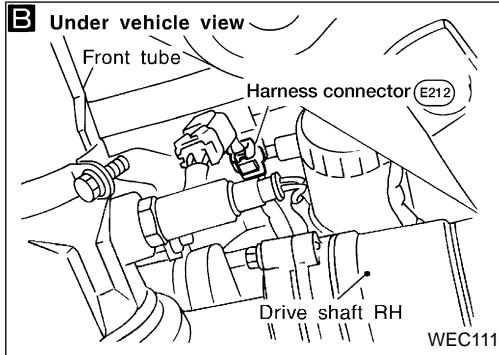
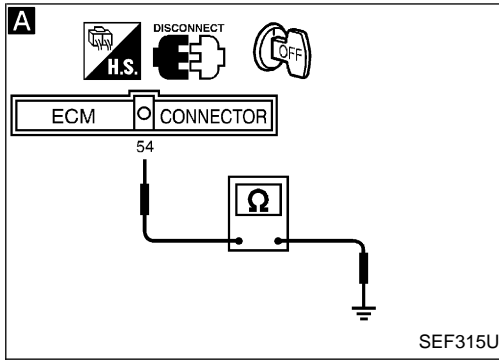
### Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd)

- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-254.



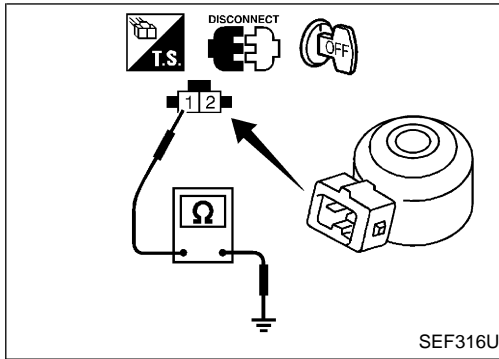
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0325

## Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0325

### Knock Sensor (KS) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION



#### Knock sensor

- Use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10 M $\Omega$ .
- 1. Disconnect knock sensor harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminal ① and ground.  
**Resistance: 500 - 620 k $\Omega$  [at 25°C (77°F)]**

#### **CAUTION:**

**Do not use any knock sensors that have been dropped or physically damaged. Use only new ones.**

GI

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0335

## Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD)

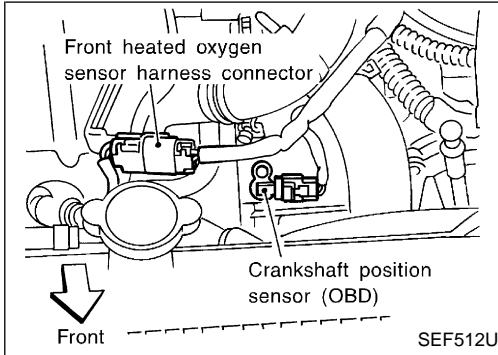
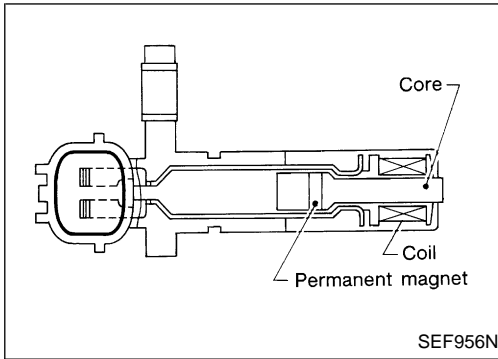
### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is located on the transaxle housing facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the flywheel or drive plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution. The sensor consists of a permanent magnet, core and coil. When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change. The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system. It is used only for on board diagnosis.



### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (AC Voltage)
53	BR	Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) Idle speed	Approximately 0.5V SEF643U
			Engine is running. Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	Approximately 0V SEF644U

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0335 0802	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The proper pulse signal from the crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is not sent to ECM while the engine is running at the specified engine speed.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Harness or connectors (The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) circuit is open.)</li> <li>Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)</li> </ul>



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0335

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm

PEF190P

### Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2) Start engine and run it for at least 15 seconds at idle speed.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-259.

OR



- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 15 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-259.

OR



- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 15 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-259.

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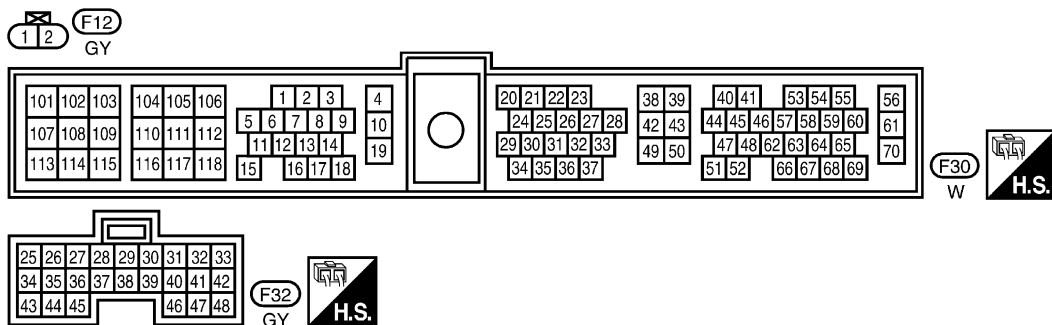
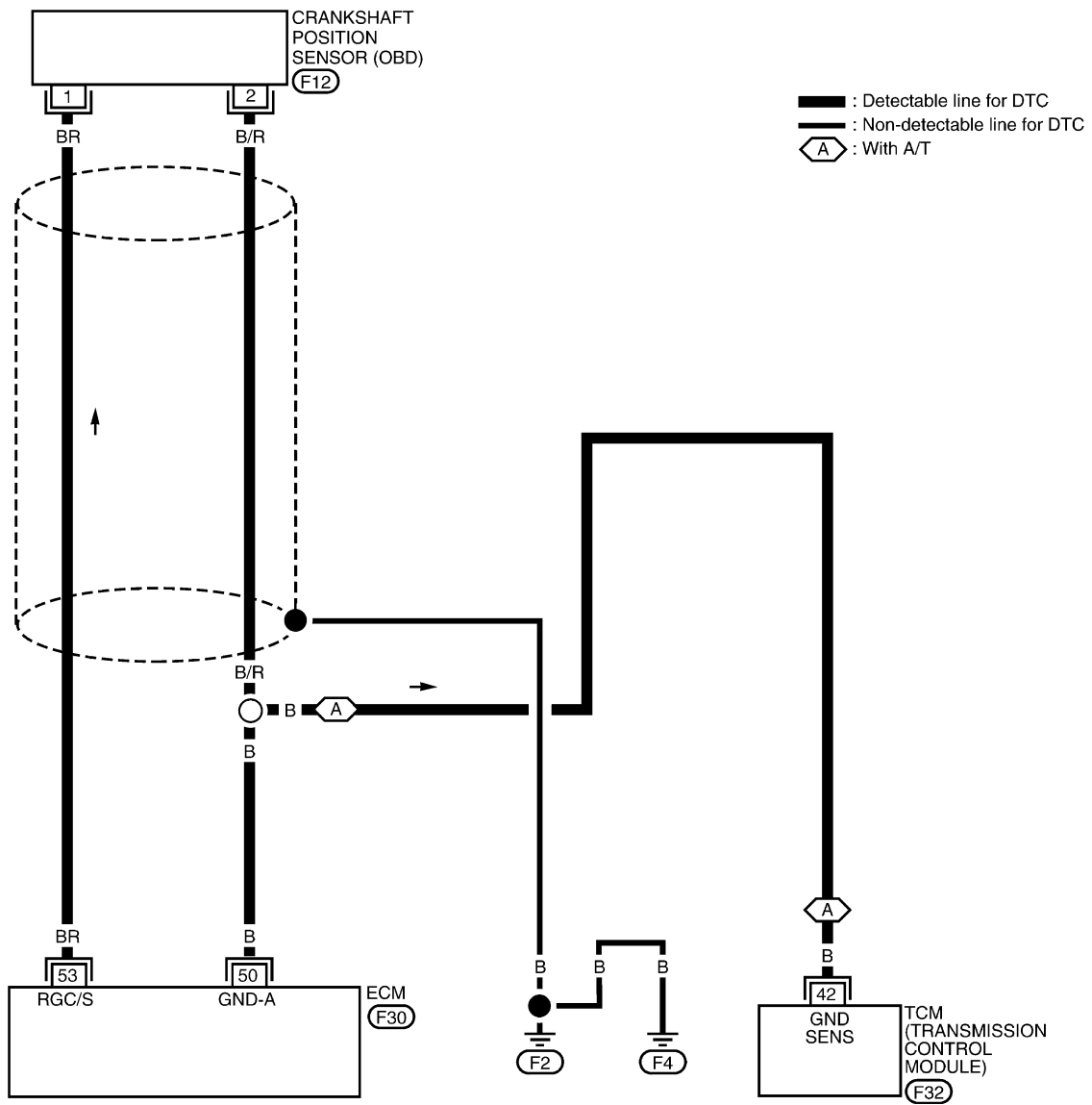
EL

IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0335

## Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

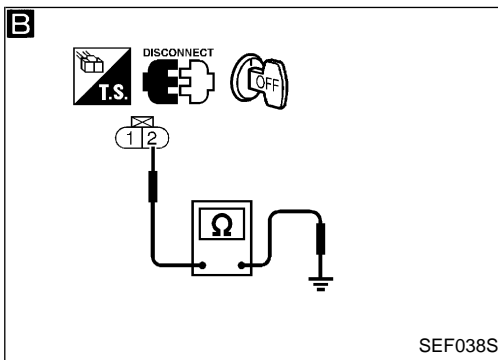
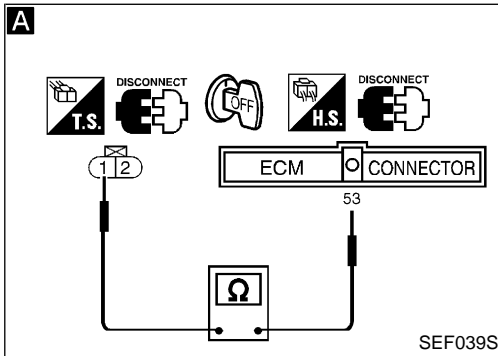
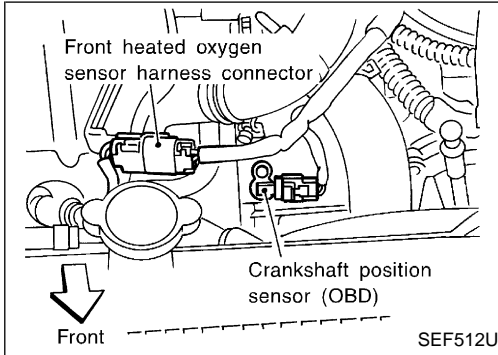
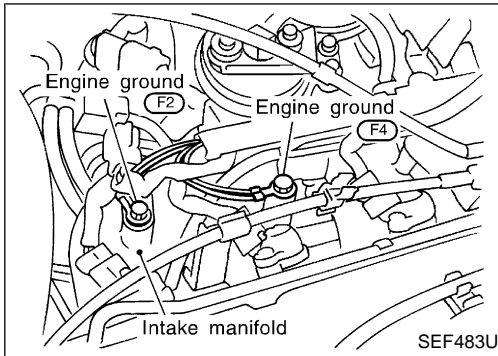
EC-CKPS-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0335

## Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

**A**  
**CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.**  
1. Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (OBD) and ECM harness connectors.  
2. Check continuity between ECM terminal ② and terminal ①.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Check the following.  
● Harness for open or short between ECM and crankshaft position sensor (OBD)  
If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

**B**  
**CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.**  
1. Reconnect ECM harness connector.  
2. Check harness continuity between terminal ② and engine ground.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Check the following.  
● Harness for open or short between ECM and TCM  
● Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (OBD) and ECM  
If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

OK →  
**CHECK COMPONENT**  
[Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)].  
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on next page.

NG → Replace crankshaft position sensor (OBD).

OK → Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

INSPECTION END

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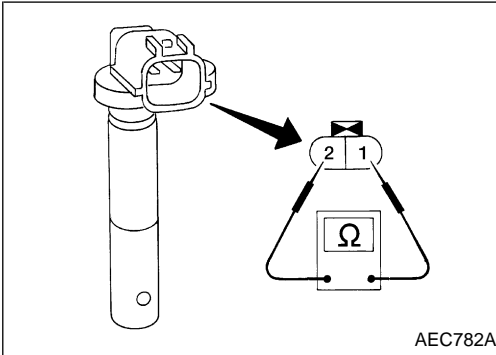
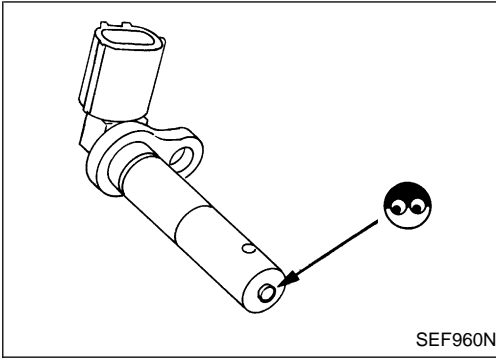
## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0335

### Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (Cont'd)

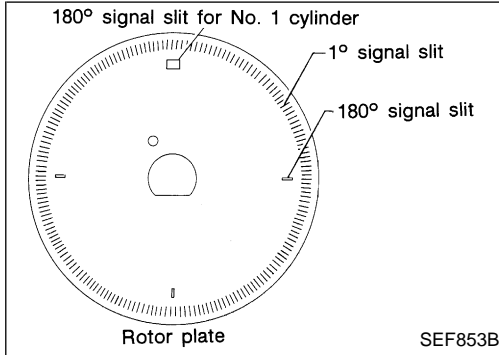
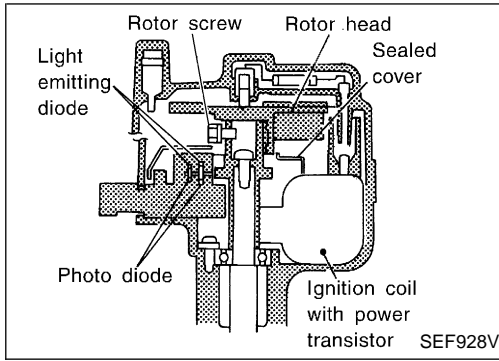
#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

1. Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (OBD) harness connector.
2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
3. Remove the sensor.
4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.
5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.  
**Resistance: Approximately 512 - 632 $\Omega$**   
**[at 25°C (77°F)]**  
If NG, replace crankshaft position sensor (OBD).



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0340



## Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The camshaft position sensor is a basic component of the engine control system. It monitors engine speed and piston position. These input signals to the ECM are used to control fuel injection, ignition timing and other functions.

The camshaft position sensor has a rotor plate and a wave-forming circuit. The rotor plate has 360 slits for a 1° (POS) signal and 4 slits for a 180° (REF) signal. The wave-forming circuit consists of Light Emitting Diodes (LED) and photo diodes.

The rotor plate is positioned between the LED and the photo diode. The LED transmits light to the photo diode. As the rotor plate turns, the slits cut the light to generate rough-shaped pulses. These pulses are converted into on-off signals by the wave-forming circuit and sent to the ECM.

The distributor is not repairable and must be replaced as an assembly except distributor cap and rotor head.

#### NOTE:

**The rotor screw which secures distributor rotor head to the distributor shaft must be torqued properly.**

**⚙️: 3.3 - 3.9 N·m(0.34 - 0.40 kg·m, 29.5 - 34.7 in·lb)**

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

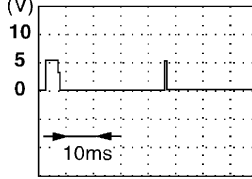
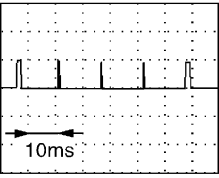
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	W/G	ECM relay (Self-shutoff)	Engine is running.	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "OFF" └ For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	
40	B/W	Camshaft position sensor (Position signal)	Ignition switch "OFF" └ A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V  SEF195T
			Engine is running. └ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 2.3 - 2.5V  SEF196T

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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0340

### Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
41 42	L/Y	Camshaft position sensor (Reference signal)	<div style="border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; padding: 2px;">Engine is running.</div> (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	0.1 - 0.5V   SEF199T
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; padding: 2px;">Engine is running.</div> └ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0.2 - 0.4V   SEF200T
56	W/R	Power supply for ECM	<div style="border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; padding: 2px;">Ignition switch "ON"</div>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
61	W/R			

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0340 0101	A) Either 1° or 180° signal is not sent to ECM for the first few seconds during engine cranking. ..... B) Either 1° or 180° signal is not sent to ECM often enough while the engine speed is higher than the specified engine speed. ..... C) The relation between 1° and 180° signal is not in the normal range during the specified engine speed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The camshaft position sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Camshaft position sensor</li> <li>● Starter motor (Refer to EL section.)</li> <li>● Starting system circuit (Refer to EL section.)</li> <li>● Dead (Weak) battery</li> </ul>

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B and C".

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0340

## Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

### Procedure for malfunction A

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

PEF002P



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-266.

OR



- 1) Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-266.

OR



- 1) Crank engine for at least 2 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-266.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm

PEF190P

### Procedure for malfunction B and C

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-266.

OR



- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-266.

OR

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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0340

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### Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)



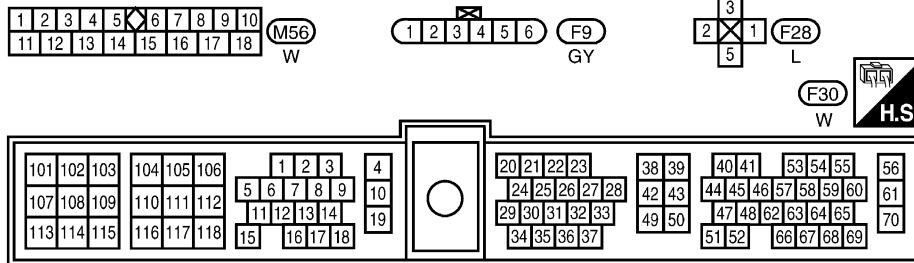
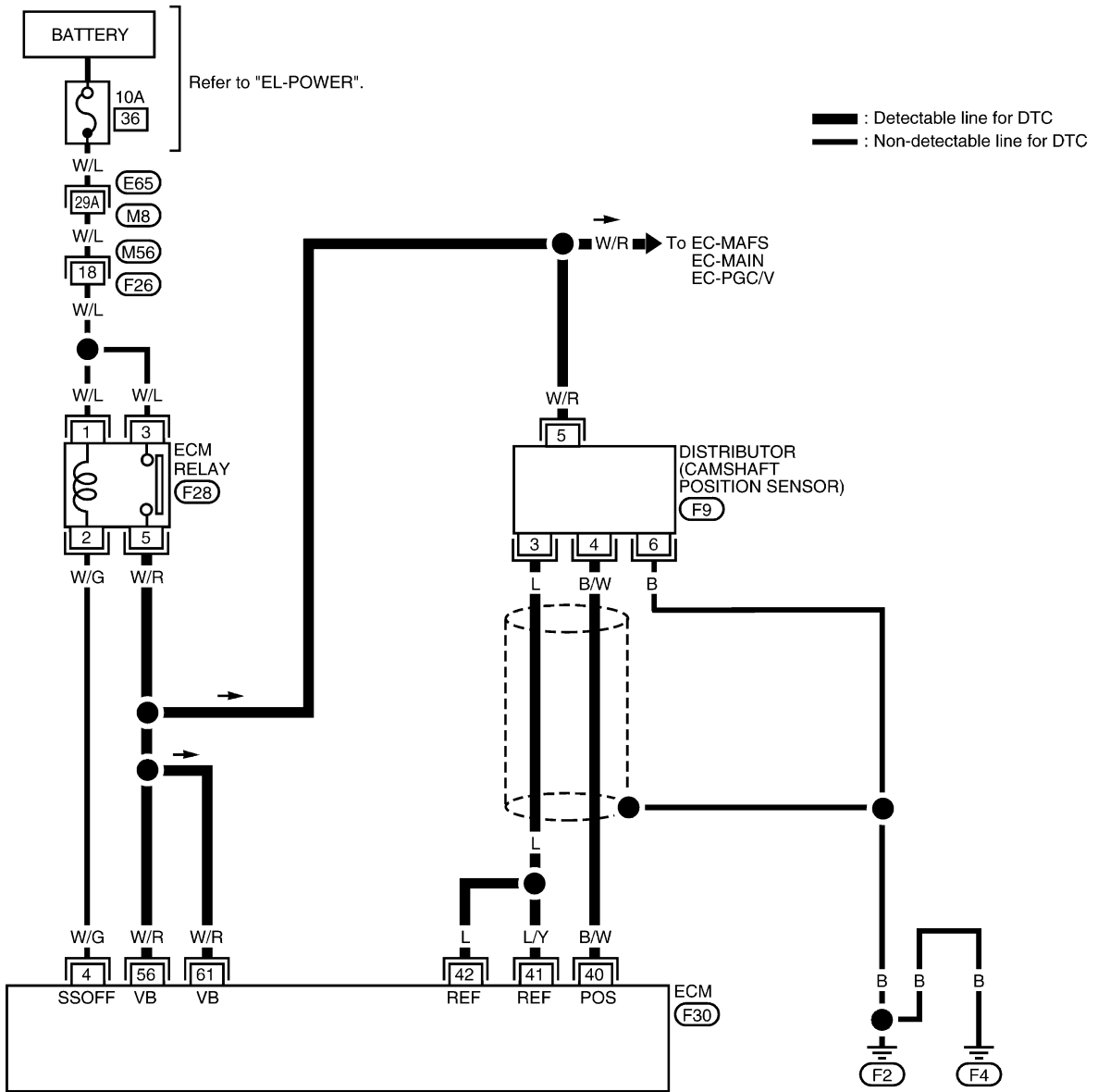
- 1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 seconds at idle speed.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-266.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0340

## Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd)

EC-CMPS-01

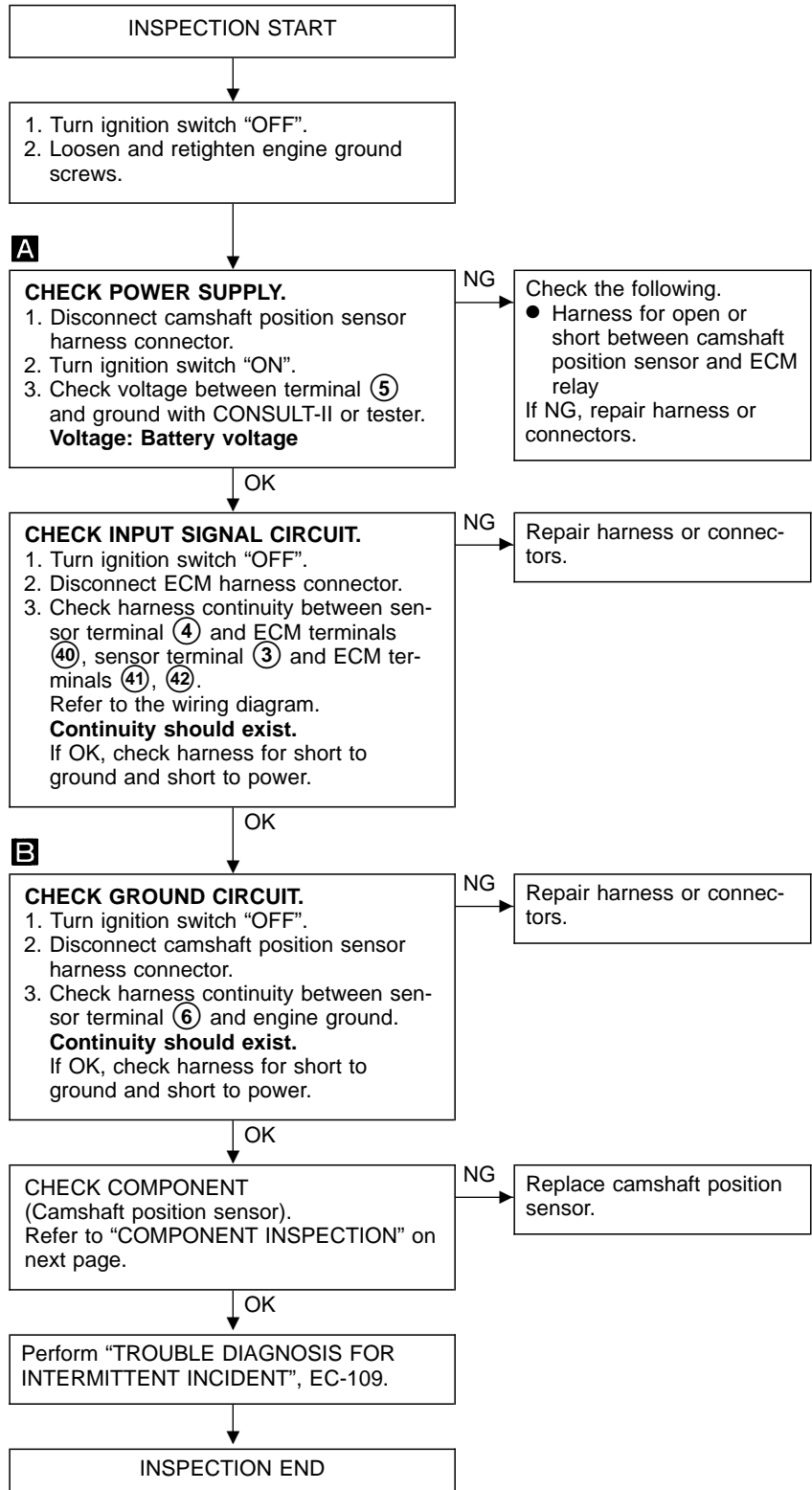
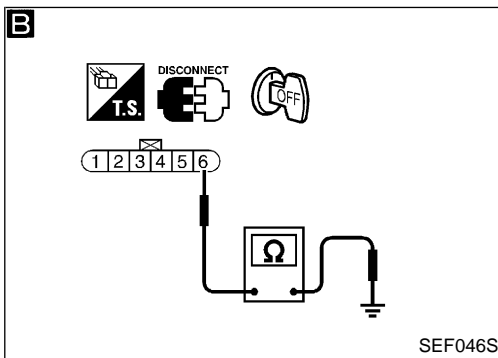
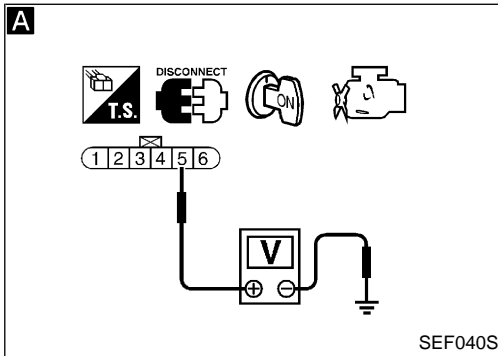
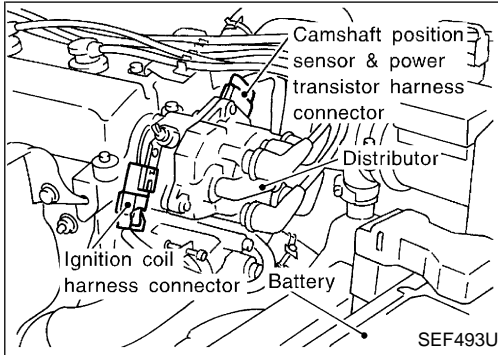
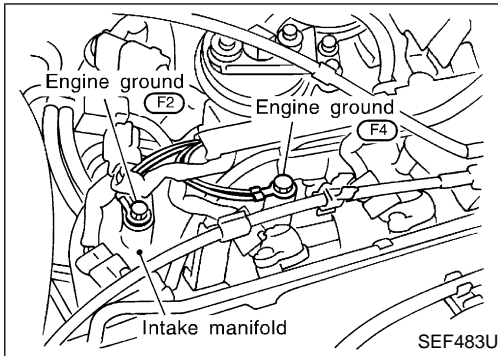


Refer to the following.  
 (M8), (E65) - SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ)

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0340

## Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (DETECTABLE CIRCUIT)

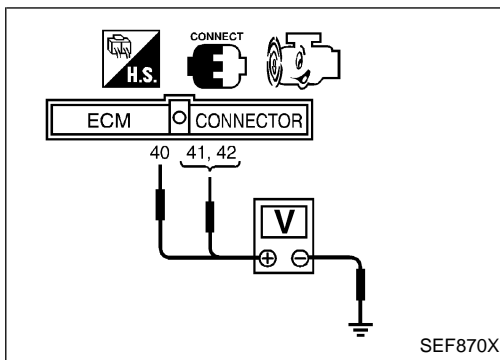


# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0340

## Camshaft Position Sensor (CMPS) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

### Camshaft position sensor

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Check voltage between ECM terminals ④1 (or ④2), ④0 and ground.



Condition	Terminal	Voltage
Engine running at idle	④0 and ground	Approximately 2.5V SEF195T
	④1 (or ④2) and ground	Approximately 0.1 - 0.5V SEF199T
Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	④0 and ground	Approximately 2.3 - 2.5V SEF196T
	④1 (or ④2) and ground	Approximately 0.2 - 0.4V SEF200T

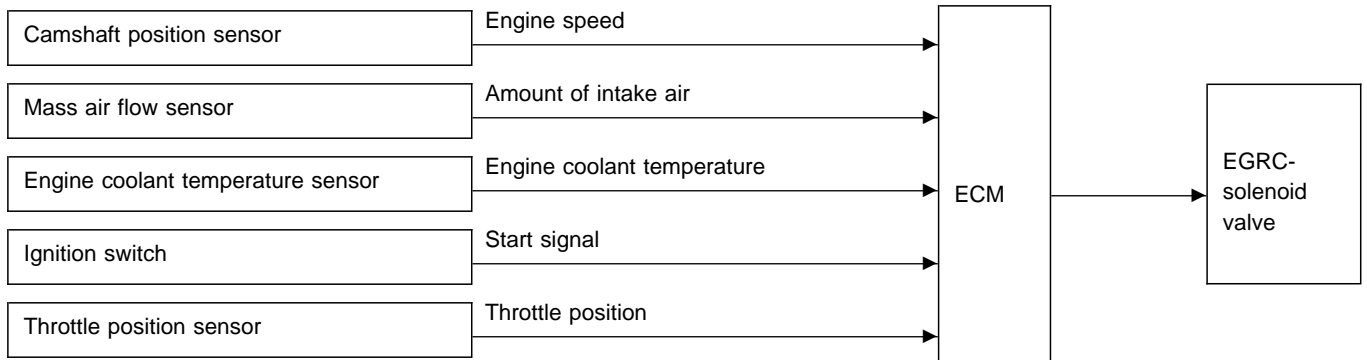
If NG, replace distributor assembly with camshaft position sensor.

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0400

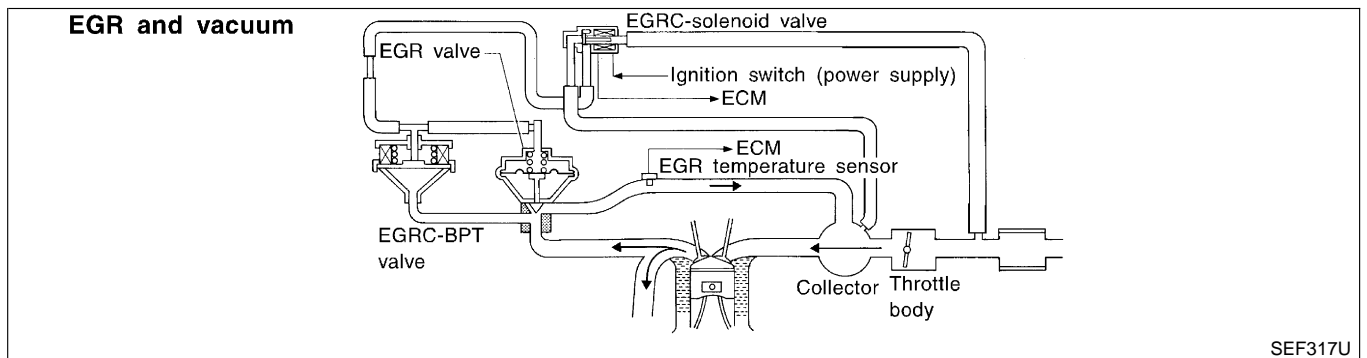
## EGR Function (Close)

### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

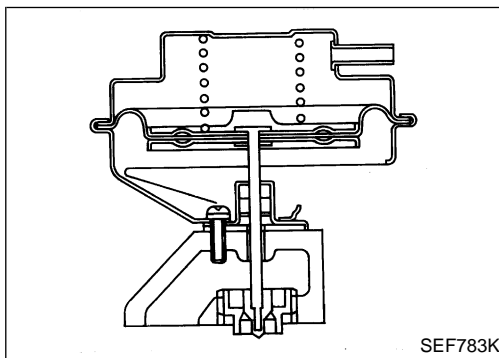


This system cuts and controls vacuum applied to the EGR valve to suit engine operating conditions. This cut-and-control operation is accomplished through the ECM and the EGRC-solenoid valve. When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, the ECM cuts the current for the solenoid valve. This causes the port vacuum to be discharged into the atmosphere. The EGR valve remains closed.

- Low engine coolant temperature
- Engine starting
- High-speed engine operation
- Engine idling
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- Mass air flow sensor malfunction
- Low ambient temperature



SEF317U



SEF783K

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

#### Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) valve

The EGR valve controls the amount of exhaust gas routed to the intake manifold. Vacuum is applied to the EGR valve in response to throttle valve opening. The vacuum controls the movement of a taper valve connected to the vacuum diaphragm in the EGR valve.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0400

### EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

#### EGRC-solenoid valve

The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the intake manifold to the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, the vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve.

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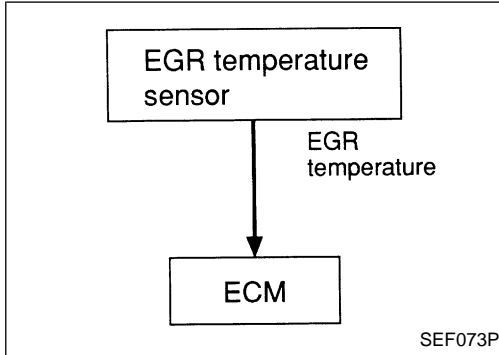
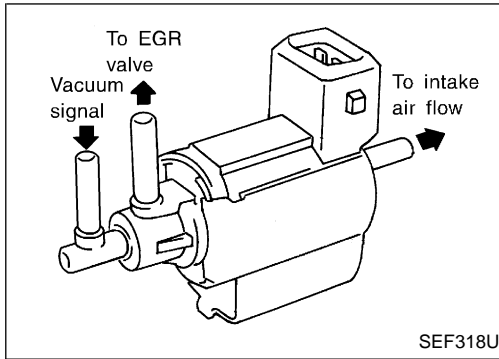
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#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If the absence of EGR flow is detected by EGR temperature sensor under the condition that calls for EGR, a low-flow malfunction is diagnosed.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0400 0302	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No EGR flow is detected under conditions that call for EGR.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>EGR valve stuck closed</li> <li>EGRC-BPT valve</li> <li>Vacuum hose</li> <li>EGRC-solenoid valve</li> <li>EGR passage</li> <li>EGR temperature sensor</li> <li>Exhaust gas leaks</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0400

### EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- During the test, P0400 will not be stored in ECM even though "NG" is displayed on the CONSULT-II screen.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

For best results, perform test at a temperature above 5°C (41°F) or higher.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON"
- 2) Check "COOLANT TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

Confirm COOLANT TEMP/S value is within the range listed below.

#### COOLANT TEMP/S: Less than 40°C (104°F)

If the value is out of range, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to lower the coolant temperature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.

- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "EGR SYSTEM P0400" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4) Touch "START".

- 5) Start engine and let it idle. When the engine coolant temperature reaches 70°C (158°F), immediately go to the next step.
- 6) Accelerate vehicle to a speed of 40 km/h (25 MPH) once and then stop vehicle.

If "COMPLETED" with "OK" appears on CONSULT-II screen, go to step 9).

If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT-II screen, go to the following step.

- 7) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at closed throttle position) and note it.
- 8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 50 seconds or more.)

**CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,500 - 2,500 rpm (A/T)  
2,000 - 3,000 rpm (M/T)**

**Vehicle speed: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more**

**B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.8 - 3.4 msec (A/T)  
2.1 - 2.6 msec (M/T)**

**THRTL POS SEN: X - (X + 4.5) V**

**X = Voltage value measured at step 7)**

**Selector lever: Suitable position**

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

- 9) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-273.

EGR SYSTEM P0400	
TESTING	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF954V

EGR SYSTEM P0400	
COMPLETED	

PEF785U

EGR SYSTEM P0400	
OUT OF CONDITION	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF180V

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0400

## EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall EGR function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check the EGR valve lifting when revving from 2,000 rpm up to 4,000 rpm under no load using the following methods.

**EGR valve should lift up and down without sticking.**

If NG, go to **A** in DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE on EC-273.

- 3) Check voltage between EGR temperature sensor harness connector terminal ① and ground at idle speed.

**Less than 4.5V should exist.**

- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 5) Check harness continuity between EGR temperature sensor harness connector terminal ② and ECM terminal ⑤0.

**Continuity should exist.**

- 6) Perform "COMPONENT INSPECTION", "EGR temperature sensor". Refer to EC-275.

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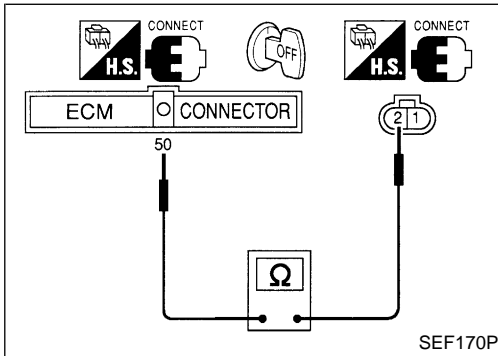
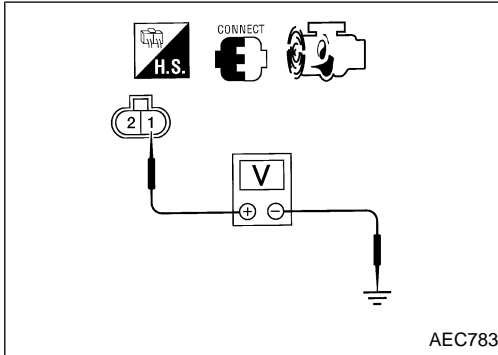
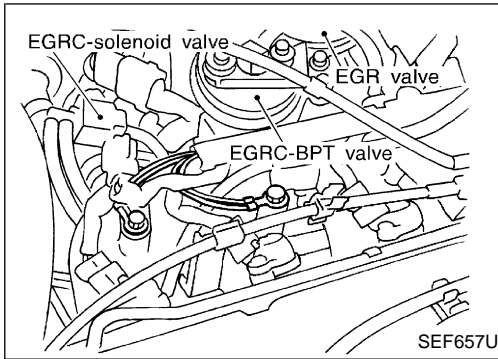
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**Overall function check**

x1000 r/min

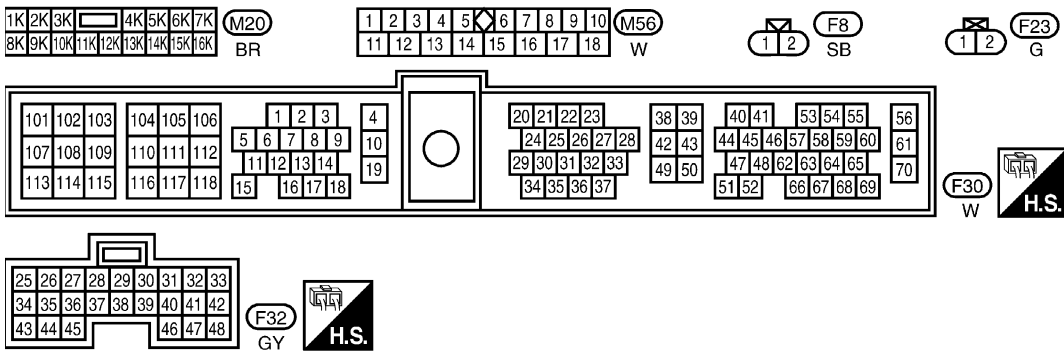
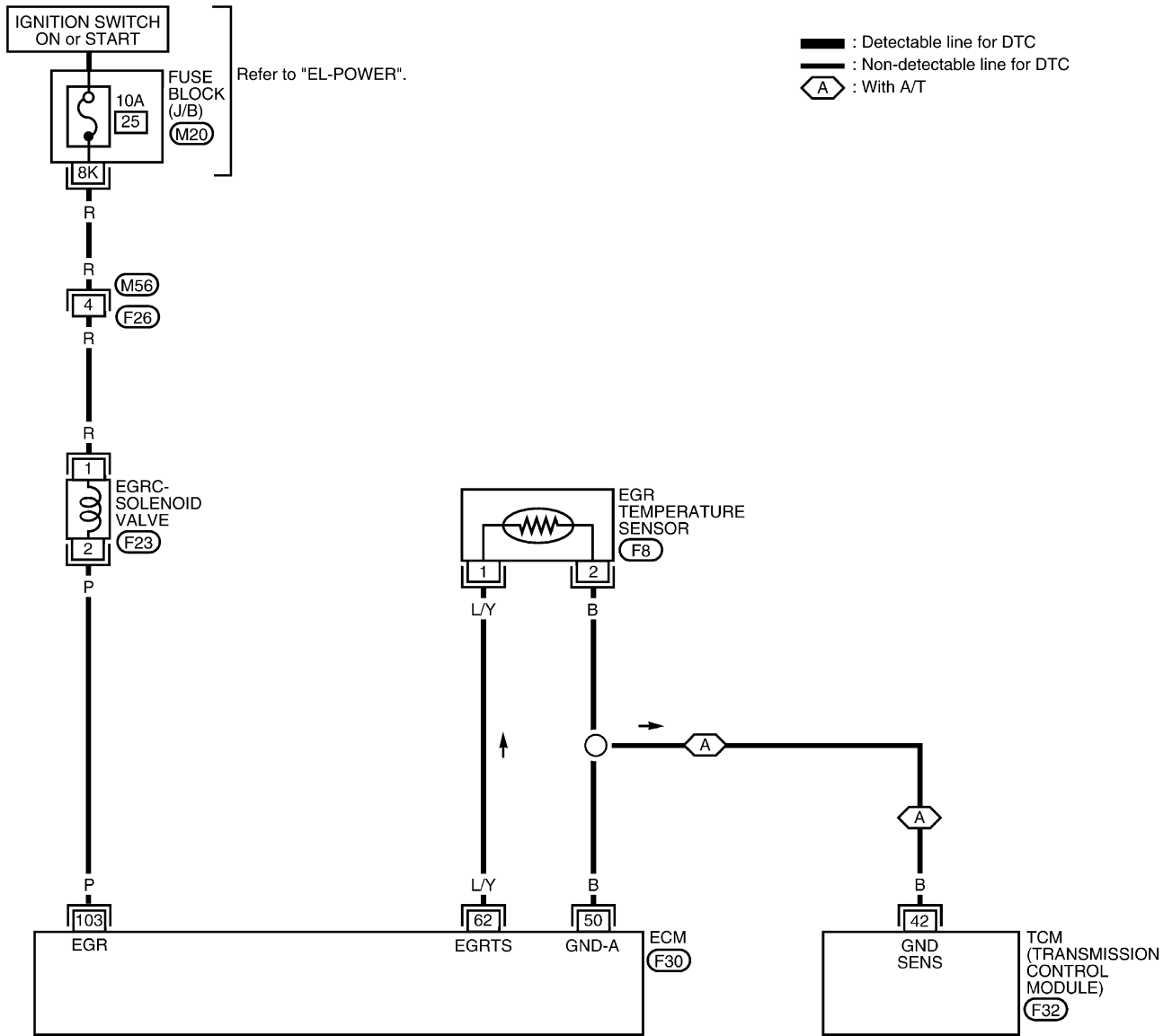
Check the EGR valve lifting when revving engine from 2,000 rpm up to 4,000 rpm.

SEF642Q

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0400

## EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

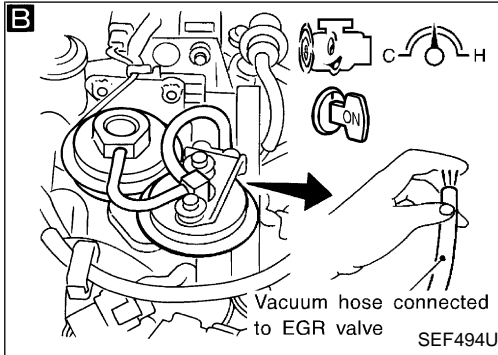
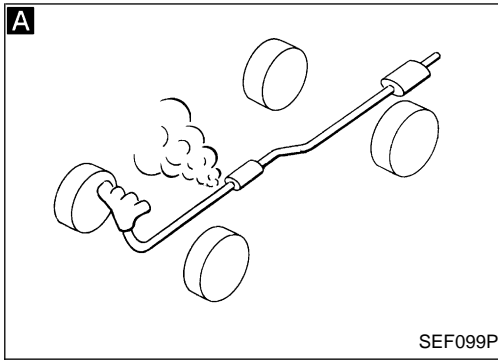
EC-EGRC1-01





# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0400

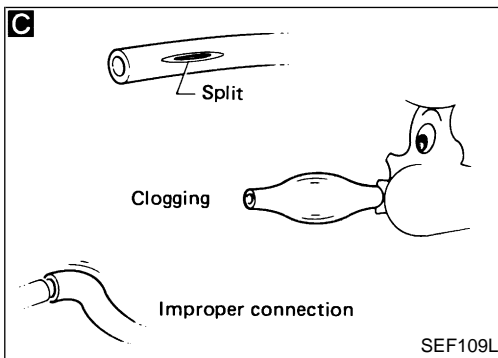
## EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



**B**

ACTIVE TEST	
EGRC SOL/V (EGR)	ON FLOW
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm

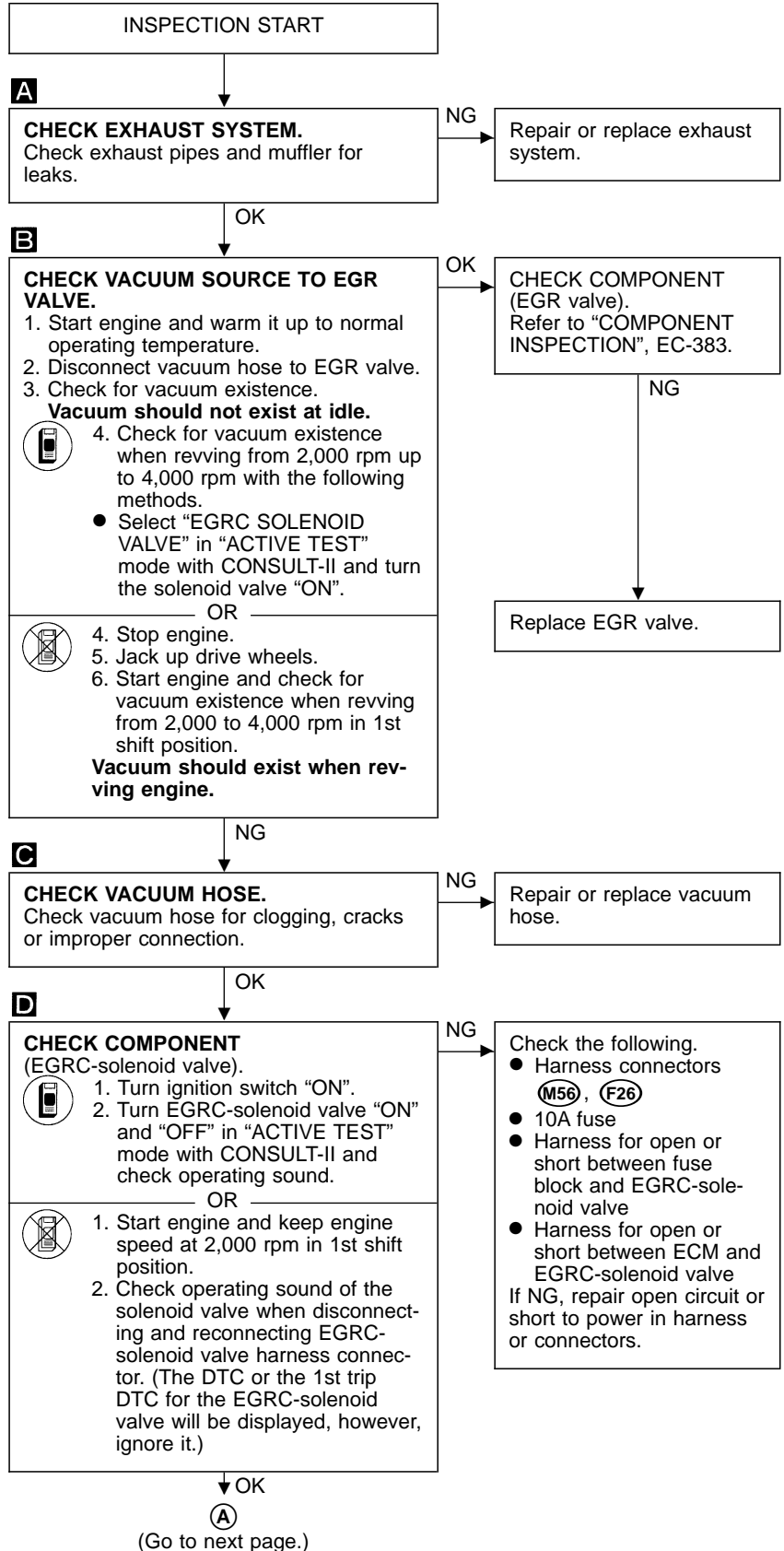
PEF788U



**D**

ACTIVE TEST	
EGRC SOL/V (EGR)	ON FLOW
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm

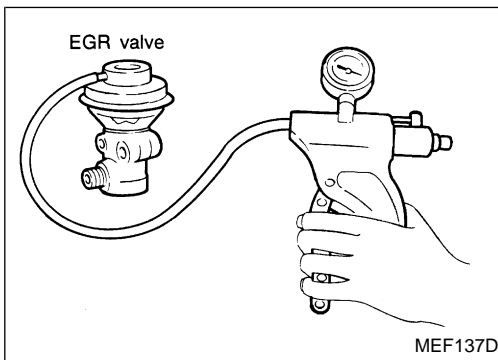
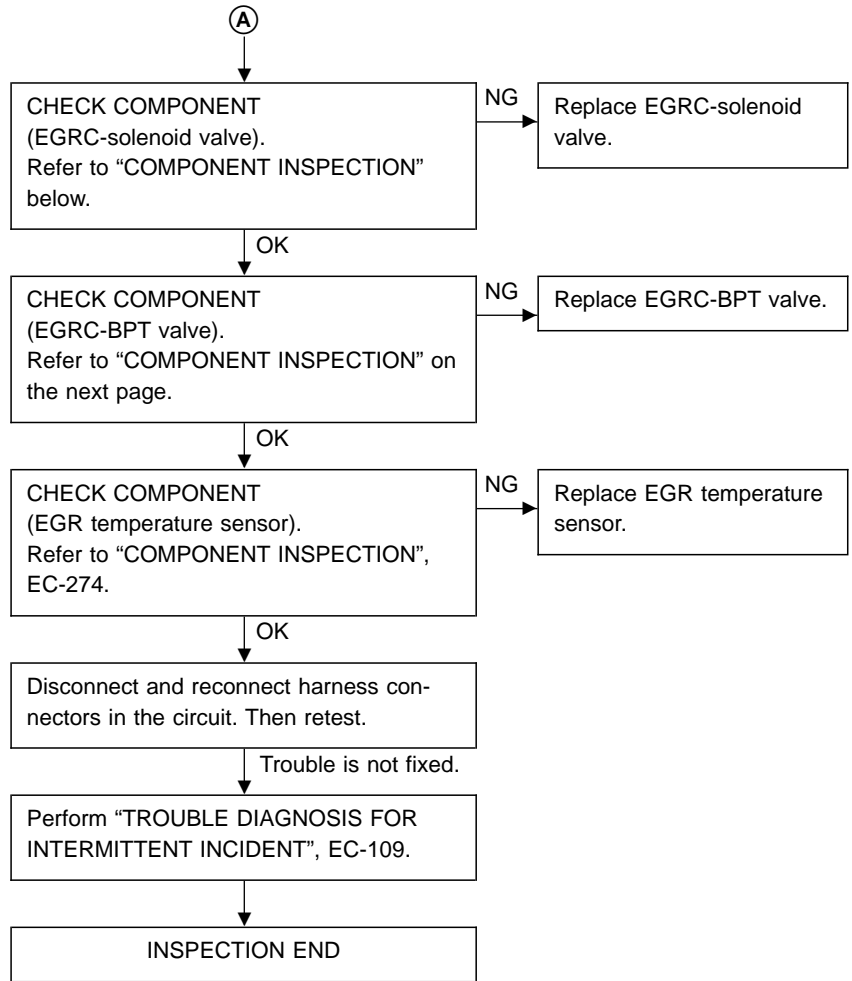
PEF788U



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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0400

## EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)



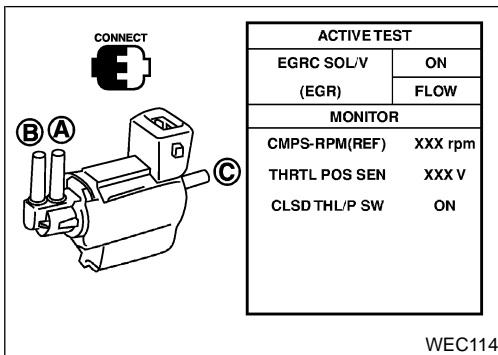
### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### EGR valve

- Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump.

#### EGR valve spring should lift.

- Check for sticking.
- If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.



#### EGRC-solenoid valve

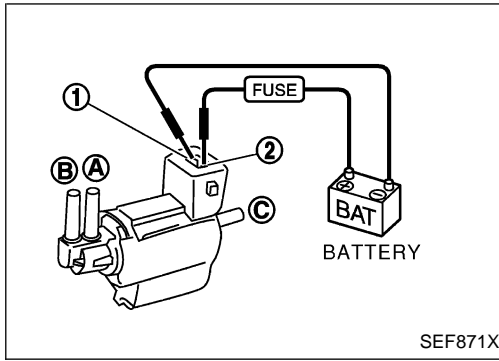
Check air passage continuity.

- Perform "EGRC SOLENOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
EGRC SOLENOID VALVE ON	Yes	No
EGRC SOLENOID VALVE OFF	No	Yes

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0400

## EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)



OR

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.

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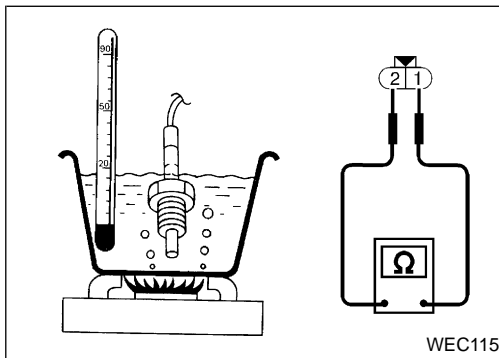
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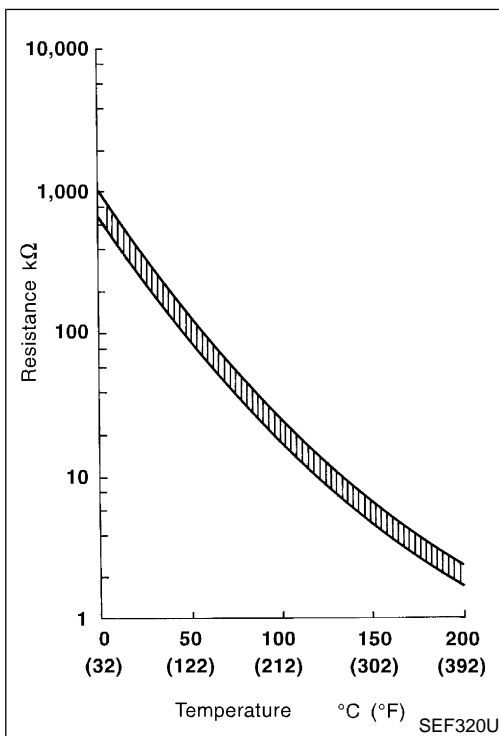
## EGR temperature sensor

Check resistance change and resistance value.

<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance MΩ
0 (32)	4.61	0.68 - 1.11
50 (122)	2.53	0.09 - 0.12
100 (212)	0.87	0.017 - 0.024

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.

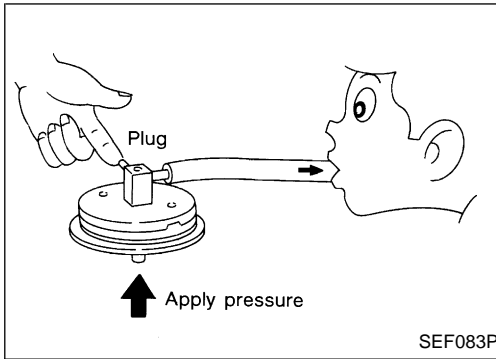


## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0400

### EGR Function (Close) (Cont'd)

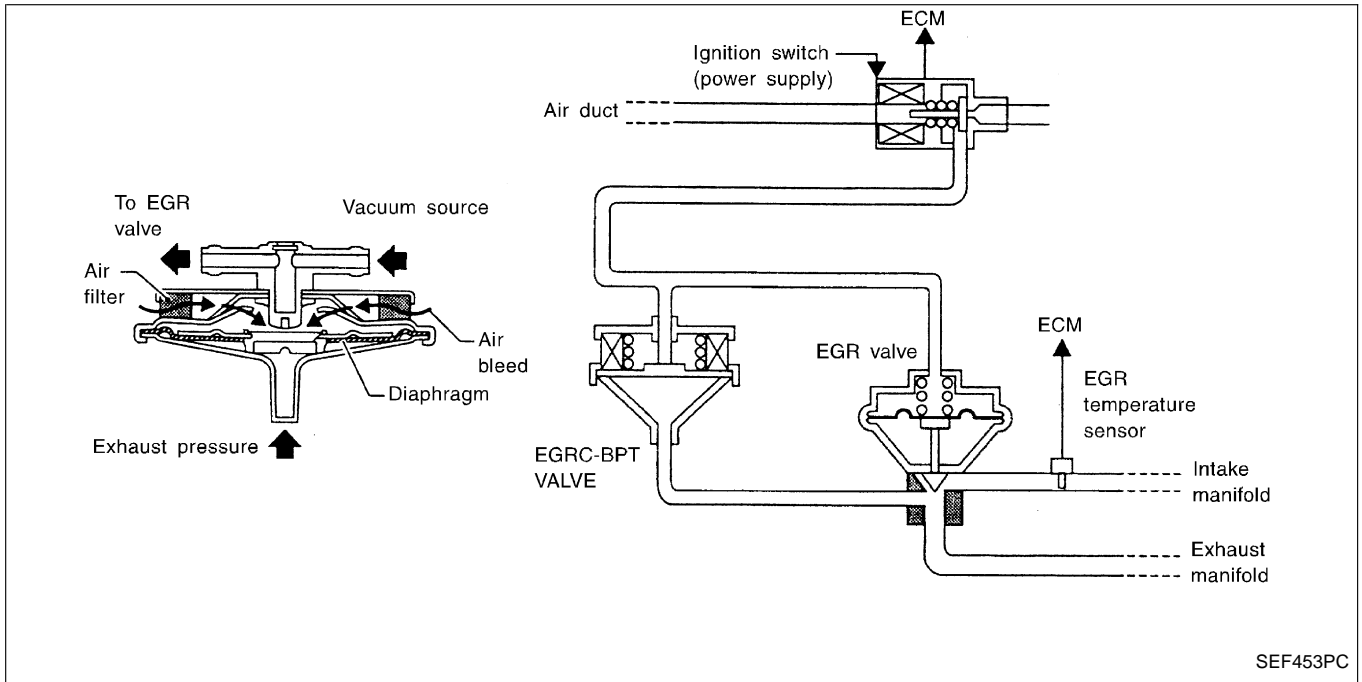
#### EGRC-BPT valve

1. Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.
2. Vacuum from the other port and check for leakage while applying a pressure above 0.981 kPa (100 mmH<sub>2</sub>O, 3.94 inH<sub>2</sub>O) from under EGRC-BPT valve.
3. If a leakage is noted, replace the valve.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0402

## EGRC-BPT Valve Function



### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The EGRC-BPT valve monitors exhaust pressure to activate the diaphragm, controlling throttle body vacuum applied to the EGR valve. In other words, recirculated exhaust gas is controlled in response to positioning of the EGR valve or to engine operation.

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If too much EGR flow exists due to an EGRC-BPT valve malfunction, off idle engine roughness will increase. If the roughness is large, then the vacuum to the EGR valve is interrupted through the EGRC-solenoid valve. If the engine roughness is reduced at that time, the EGRC-BPT valve malfunction is indicated.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0402 0306	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The EGRC-BPT valve does not operate properly.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>EGRC-BPT valve</li> <li>EGR valve</li> <li>Misconnected rubber tube</li> <li>Blocked rubber tube</li> <li>Camshaft position sensor</li> <li>Blocked exhaust system</li> <li>Orifice</li> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> <li>EGRC-solenoid valve</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0402

### EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### CAUTION:

- Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

##### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

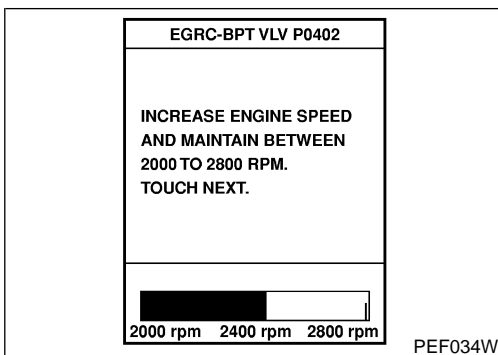
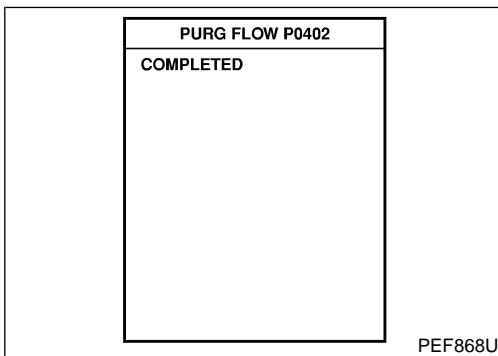
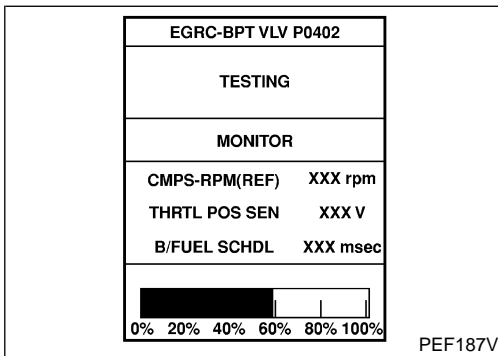
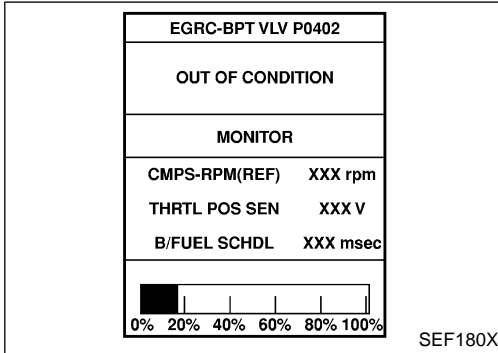
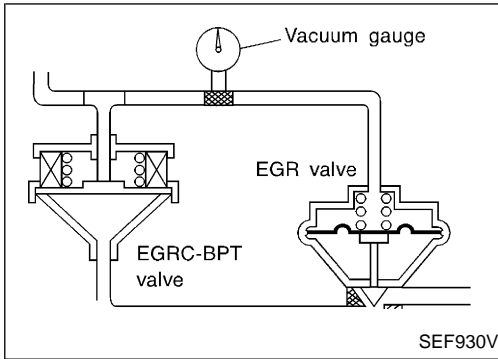
##### TESTING CONDITION:

- For best results, perform test at a temperature above 5°C (41°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



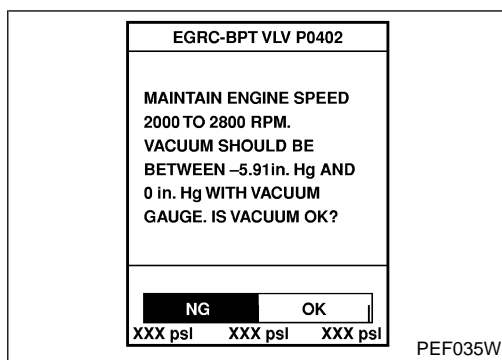
- 1) Install vacuum gauge between EGRC-BPT valve and EGR valve as shown in the illustration.
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "EGRC-BPT/ VLV P0402" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5) Start engine and let it idle.
- 6) Touch "START".
- 7) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" (at closed throttle position) and note it.
- 8) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen and the bar chart may increase. Maintain the conditions many times until "COMPLETED" appears.  
**Selector lever: Suitable position**  
**CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,200 - 1,600 rpm (A/T)**  
**1,000 - 2,000 rpm (M/T)**  
**Vehicle speed: 30 - 54 km/h (19 - 34 MPH) (A/T)**  
**30 - 100 km/h (19 - 62 MPH) (M/T)**  
**B/FUEL SCHDL: 1.8 - 2.3 msec (A/T)**  
**1.8 - 2.5 msec (M/T)**  
**THRTL POS SEN: 0.7 - 1.1V**

- The bar chart on CONSULT-II screen indicates the status of this test. However, the test may be finished before the bar chart becomes full scale.
  - If the bar chart indication does not continue to progress, completely release accelerator pedal once and try to meet the conditions again.
  - If "TESTING" does not appear on CONSULT-II screen, retry from step 2).
- 9) If CONSULT-II instructs to carry out "OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK", go to next step. If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-280.
  - 10) Open engine hood.
  - 11) Raise engine speed to 2400 ± 400 rpm under no-load and hold it. Then touch "NEXT" on CONSULT-II screen.



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0402

### EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd)



- 12) Check vacuum gauge while keeping engine speed  $2400 \pm 400$  rpm.

**Vacuum should be 0 to -20.0 kPa (0 to -150 mmHg, 0 to -5.91 inHg).**

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-280.  
If OK, touch "YES" on the CONSULT-II screen.

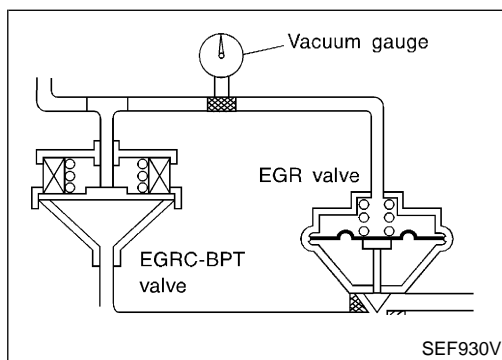
- 13) Check the rubber tube between intake manifold collector, EGRC-solenoid valve, EGR valve and EGRC-BPT valve for cracks, blockages or twist.

If NG, repair or replace.

If OK, touch "YES" on the CONSULT-II screen.

### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EGRC-BPT valve. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Install vacuum gauge between EGRC-BPT valve and EGR valve as shown in the illustration.
- 2) Lift up vehicle.
- 3) Start engine and shift to 1st gear or 1 position.
- 4) Check vacuum gauge while keeping engine speed  $2400 \pm 400$  rpm.

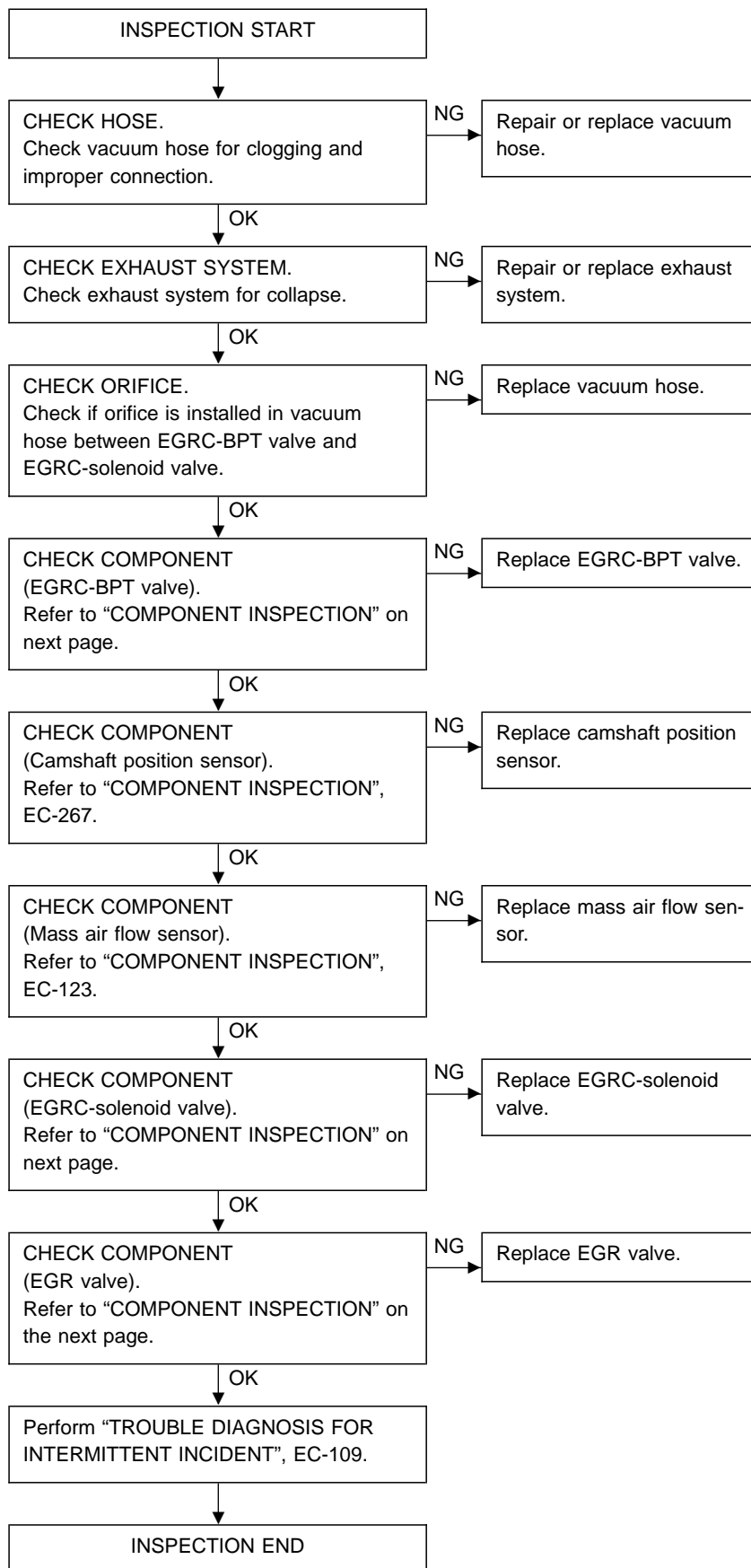
**Vacuum should be 0 to -20.0 kPa (0 to -150 mmHg, 0 to -5.91 inHg).**

If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-280.  
If OK, go to next step.

- 5) Check rubber tube between intake manifold collector, EGRC-solenoid valve, EGR valve and EGRC-BPT valve for misconnection, cracks or blockages.  
If NG, repair or replace.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0402

### EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE





# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0402

## EGRC-BPT Valve Function (Cont'd)

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### EGRC-BPT valve

1. Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.
2. Vacuum from the other port and check leakage without applying any pressure from under EGR-BPT valve.  
**Leakage should exist.**

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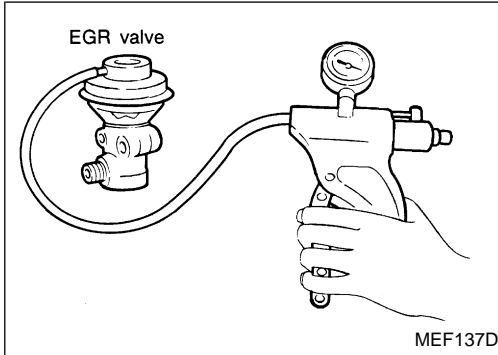
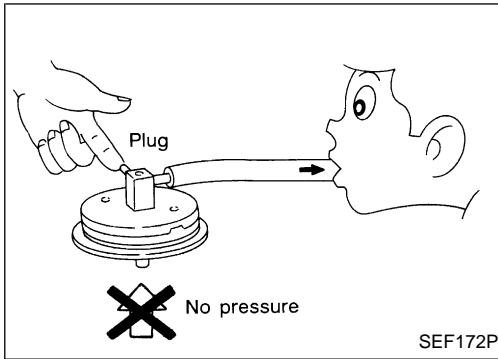
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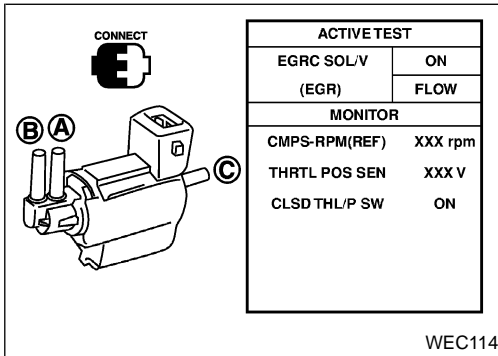


#### EGR valve

- Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump.

#### EGR valve spring should lift.

- Check for sticking.
- If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.



#### EGRC-solenoid valve

Check air passage continuity.

- Perform "EGRC SOLENOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

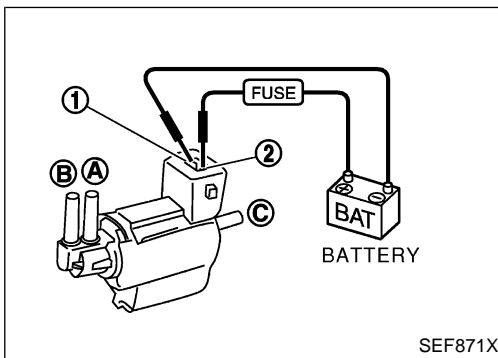
Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

OR

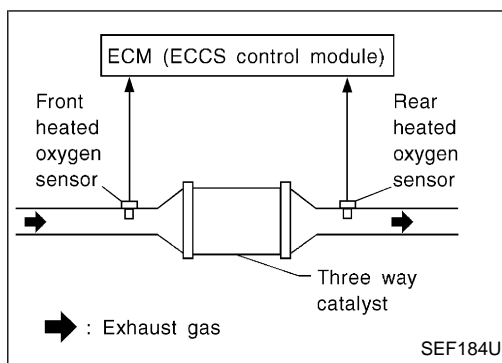


Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0420



### Three Way Catalyst Function

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

The ECM monitors the switching frequency ratio of front and rear heated oxygen sensors.

Three way catalyst\* with high oxygen storage capacity will indicate a low switching frequency of rear heated oxygen sensor. As oxygen storage capacity decreases, the rear heated oxygen sensor switching frequency will increase.

When the frequency ratio of front and rear heated oxygen sensors approaches a specified limit value, the three way catalyst\* malfunction is diagnosed.

\*: Warm-up three way catalyst (For California)

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0420 0702	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Three way catalyst* does not operate properly.</li> <li>● Three way catalyst* does not have enough oxygen storage capacity.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Three way catalyst*</li> <li>● Exhaust tube</li> <li>● Intake air leaks</li> <li>● Injectors</li> <li>● Injector leaks</li> <li>● Spark plug</li> <li>● Improper ignition timing</li> </ul>

\*: Warm-up three way catalyst (For California)

SRT WORK SUPPORT	
CATALYST	INCMP
EVAP SYSTEM	INCMP
O2 SEN HEATER	CMPPLT
O2 SENSOR	INCMP
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM (REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

WEC116

SRT WORK SUPPORT	
CATALYST	CMPPLT
EVAP SYSTEM	INCMP
O2 SEN HEATER	CMPPLT
O2 SENSOR	INCMP
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM (REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

WEC117

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

- Open engine hood before conducting following procedure.
- Do not hold engine speed more than specified minutes below.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION" then "SRT WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Rev engine up to 2,500 to 3,500 rpm and hold it for 3 consecutive minutes then release the accelerator pedal completely.

If "INCMP" of "CATALYST" changes to "CMPPLT", go to step 7.

- 5) Wait 5 seconds at idle.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0420

### Three Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd)

- 6) Rev engine up to 2,000 to 3,000 rpm and hold it until "INCOMP" of "CATALYST" changes to "CMPLT" (It will take maximum of approximately 5 minute.)

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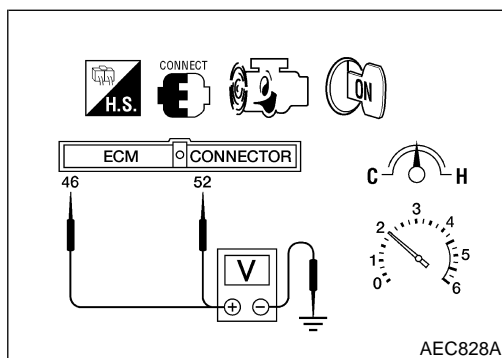
IDX

SELF DIAG RESULTS	
DTC RESULTS	TIME
NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	

SEF560X

- 7) Select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.

If the 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-284. If not "CMPLT", stop engine and cool down "COOLANT TEMP/SE" to less than 70°C (158°F) and then retest from step 1).



OR

### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the three way catalyst.

During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and drive vehicle at a speed of more than 70 km/h (43 mph) for 2 consecutive minutes.
- 2) Stop vehicle with engine running.
- 3) Set voltmeters probes between ECM terminals ④⑥ (front heated oxygen sensor signal) and engine ground, and ECM terminals ⑤② (rear heated oxygen sensor signal) and ground.
- 4) Keep engine speed at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- 5) Make sure that the voltage switching frequency (high & low) between ECM terminals ⑤② and ground is much less than that of ECM terminals ④⑥ and ④③.

**Switching frequency ratio =**

**Rear heated oxygen sensor voltage switching frequency**

**Front heated oxygen sensor voltage switching frequency**

**This ratio should be less than 0.75.**

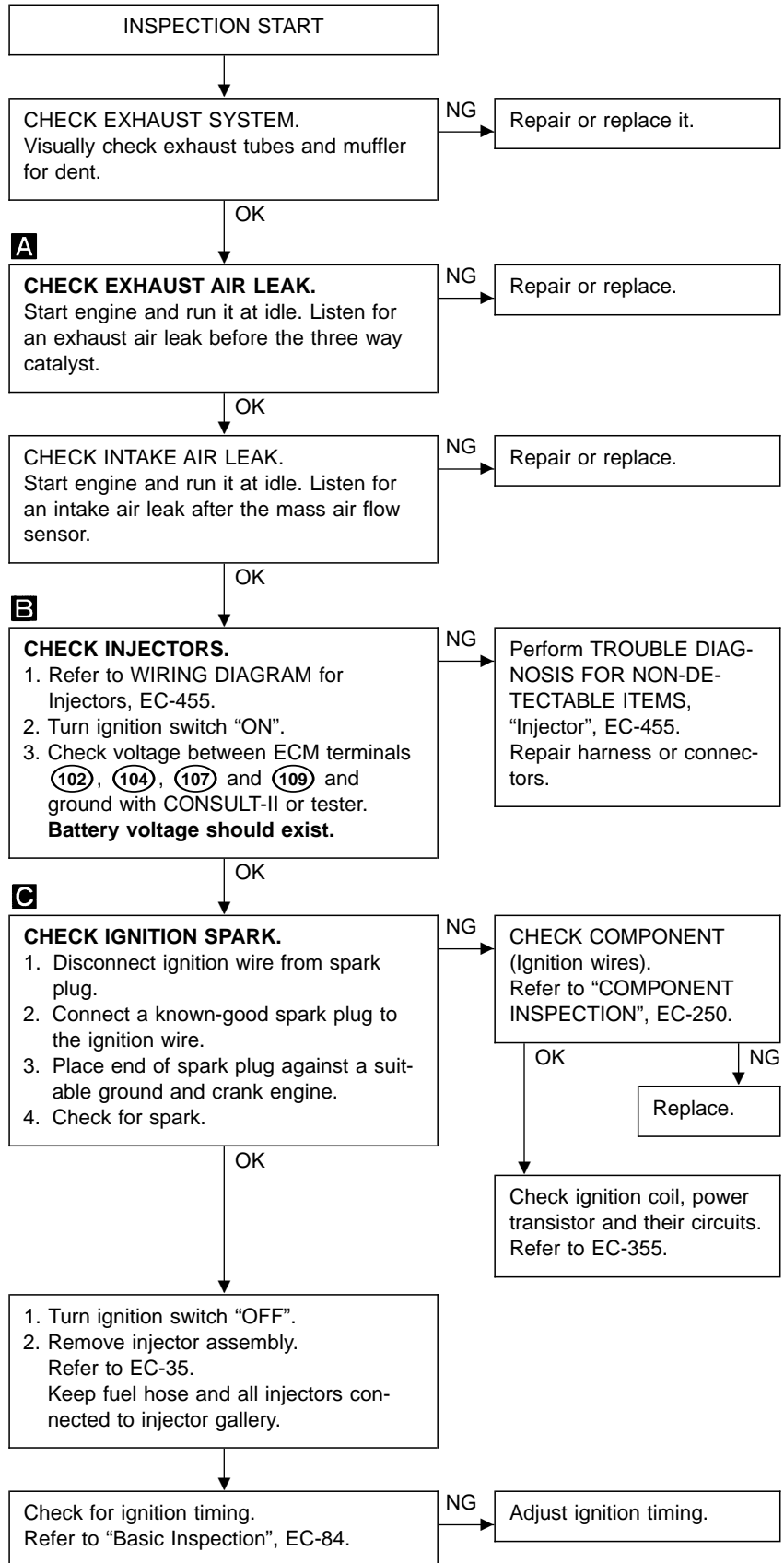
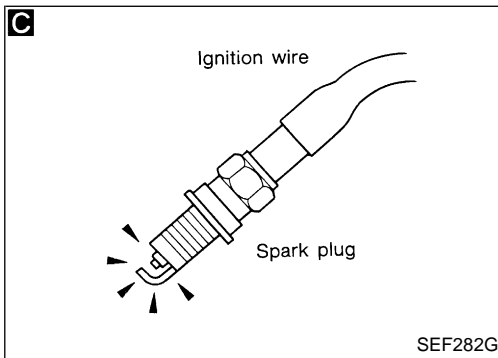
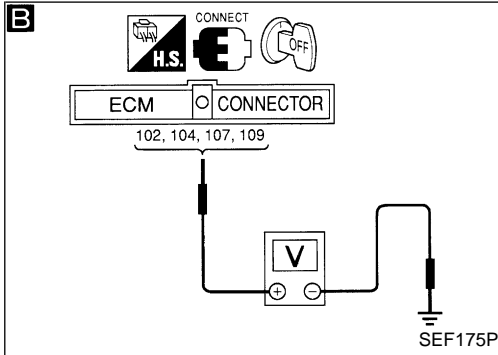
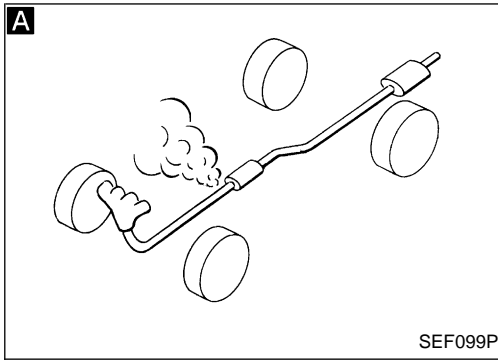
If the ratio is greater than above, it means three way catalyst does not operate properly.

**Note: If the voltage at terminal ④⑥ does not switch periodically more than 5 times within 10 seconds at step 4, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0133 first. (See EC-159.)**

6) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-284.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0420

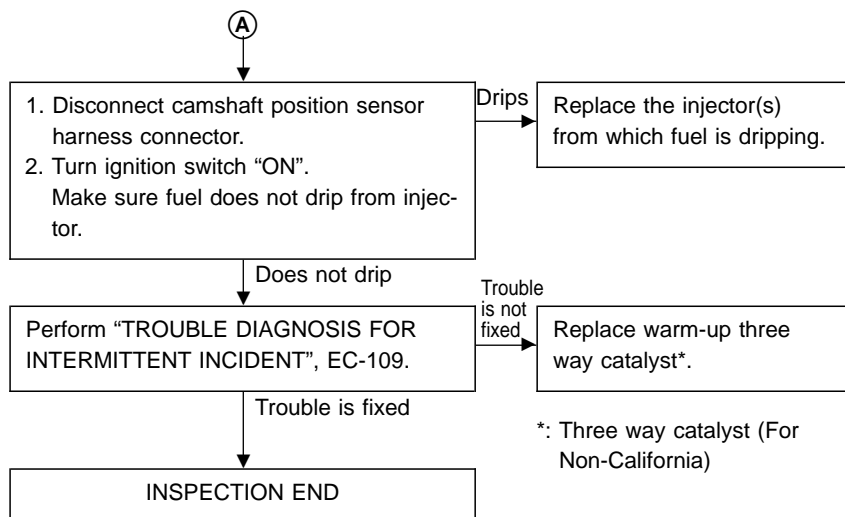
## Three Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



(Go to next page.)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0420

## Three Way Catalyst Function (Cont'd)



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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440

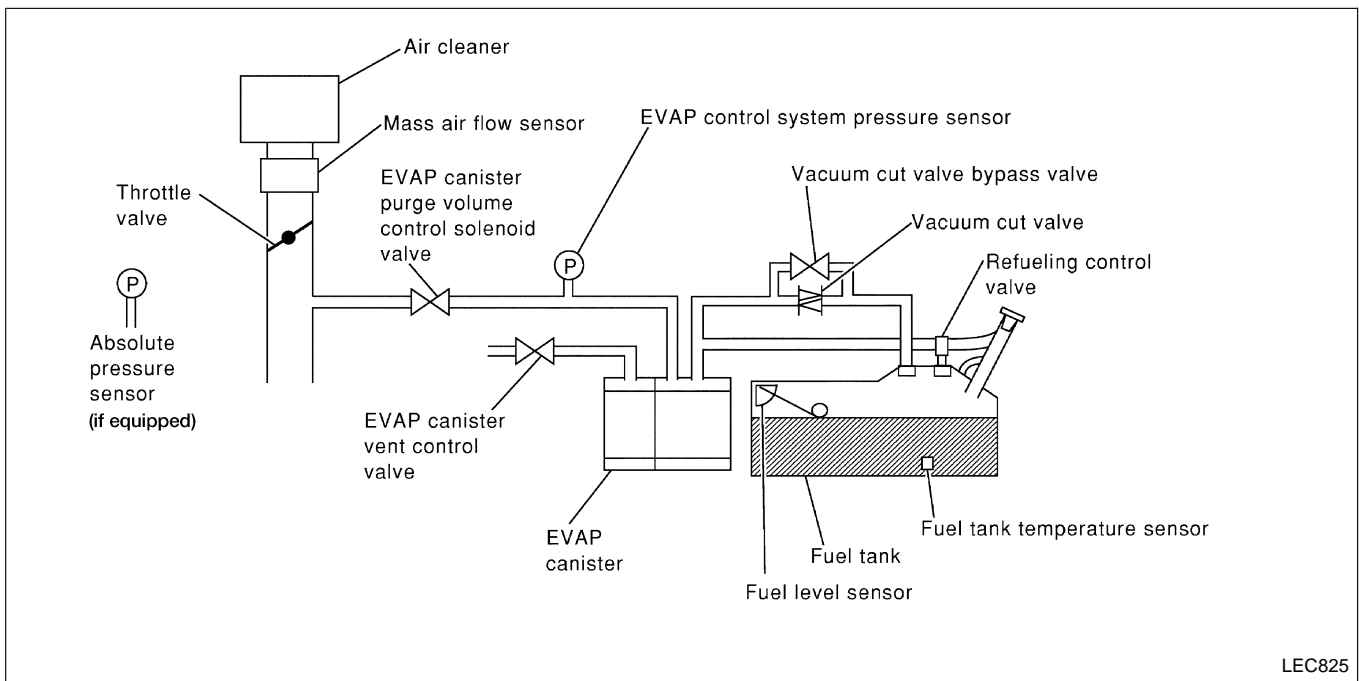
### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure)

**Note:** If both DTC P0440 and P1448 are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. (See EC-414.)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using engine intake manifold vacuum. If pressure does not increase, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following vacuum test condition.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is opened to clear the line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. The EVAP canister vent control valve will then be closed to shut the EVAP purge line off. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is opened to depressurize the EVAP purge line using intake manifold vacuum. After this depressurization is implemented, the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve will be closed.



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0440 0705	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● EVAP control system has a leak.</li> <li>● EVAP control system does not operate properly.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve</li> <li>● Incorrect fuel filler cap used</li> <li>● Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close</li> <li>● Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap</li> <li>● Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister volume purge control solenoid valve</li> <li>● Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve.</li> <li>● EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks</li> <li>● EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks</li> <li>● EVAP purge line rubber tube bent</li> <li>● Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>● Loose or disconnected rubber tube</li> <li>● EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit</li> <li>● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve</li> <li>● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit</li> <li>● Absolute pressure sensor (if equipped)</li> <li>● Fuel tank temperature sensor</li> <li>● O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged</li> <li>● Water separator</li> <li>● EVAP canister is saturated with water</li> <li>● EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>● Refueling control valve</li> <li>● ORVR system leaks</li> <li>● Fuel level sensor and the circuit</li> </ul>

**CAUTION:**

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

**EVAP SML LEAK P0440/P1440**

1)FOR BEST RSLT,PERFORM AT FOLLOWING CONDITIONS.  
-FUEL LEVEL: 1/4-3/4  
-AMBIENT TEMP: 0-30 C(32-86F)  
-OPEN ENGINE HOOD.

2)START ENG WITH VHCL STOPPED. IF ENG IS ON,STOP FOR 5 SEC. THEN RESTART.

3)TOUCH START.

SEF565X

**EVAP SML LEAK P0440/P1440**

WAIT  
2 TO 10 MINUTES.  
KEEP ENGINE RUNNING AT IDLE SPEED.

SEF566X

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

**CAUTION:**

Never remove fuel filler cap during the DTC confirmation procedure.

**NOTE:**

- If DTC P0440 is displayed with P1448, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first. Refer to EC-414.
- If “DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE” has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch “OFF” and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

**TESTING CONDITION:**

- Perform “DTC WORK SUPPORT” when the fuel level is between 1/4 to 3/4 full and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Open engine hood before conducting following procedure.



- 1) Turn ignition switch “ON”.
- 2) Turn ignition switch “OFF” and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch “ON” and select “DATA MONITOR” mode with CONSULT-II.

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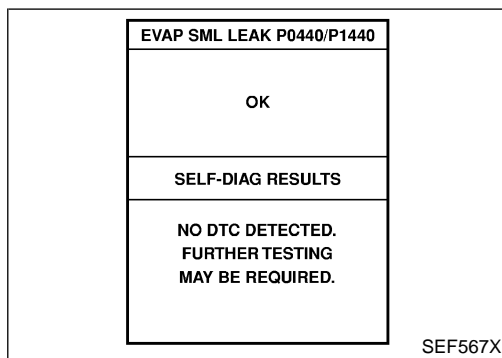
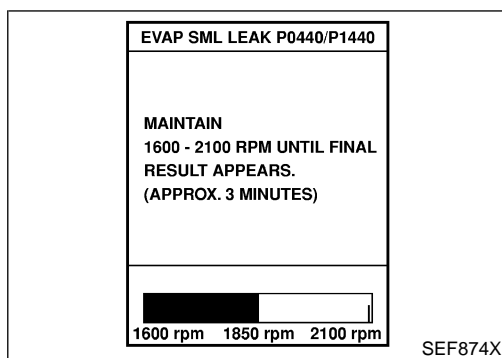
HA

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IDX

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)



- 4) Check that the following conditions are met.  
**COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F)**  
**INT/A TEMP SE: 0 - 60°C (32 - 140°F)**
- 5) Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.  
Follow the instruction displayed.

#### NOTE:

- If the engine cannot be maintained within the range on CONSULT-II screen, go to "Basic Inspection", EC-84.
  - Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.
- 6) Make sure that "OK" is displayed.  
If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-289.

OR

#### NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of "Driving pattern" on EC-50 before driving vehicle.



- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle according to "Driving pattern", EC-50.
- 3) Stop vehicle.
- 4) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
  - If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.
  - If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 6) Start engine.

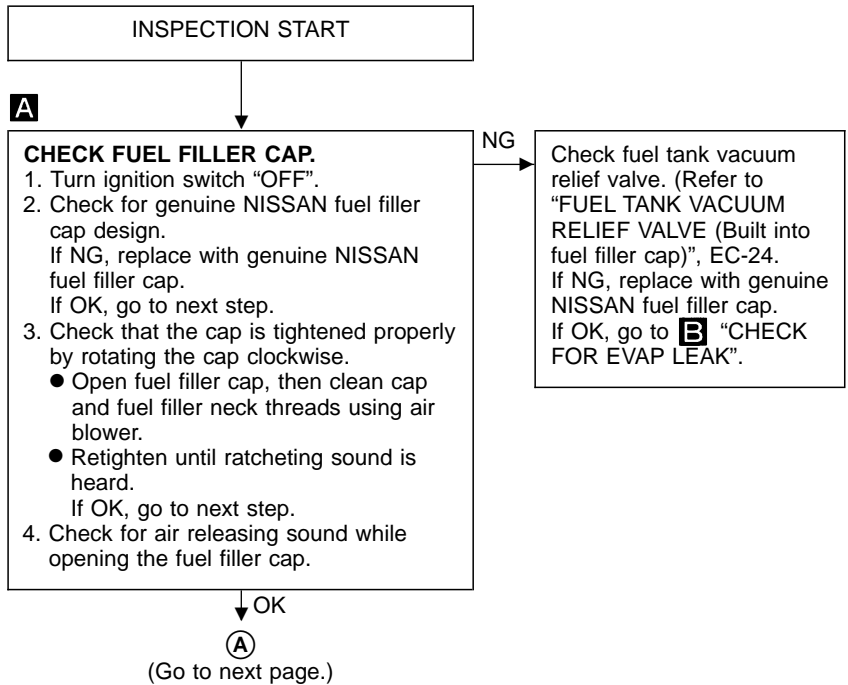
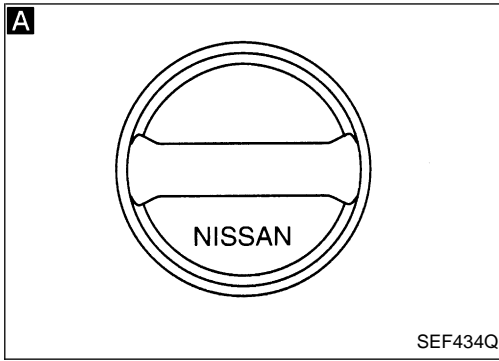
**It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.**

- 7) Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving pattern".
- 8) Stop vehicle.
- 9) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
  - If P1447 is displayed on the screen, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447", EC-407.
  - If P0440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-289.
  - If P0440 and P1447 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
- 10) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
  - If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
  - If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 5).



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440

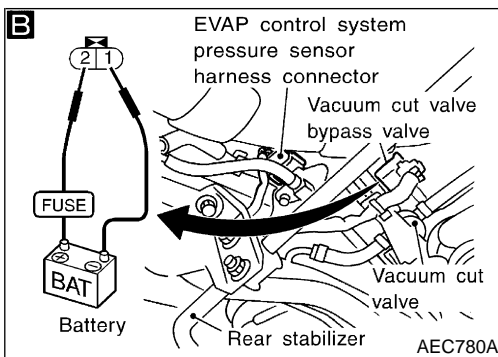
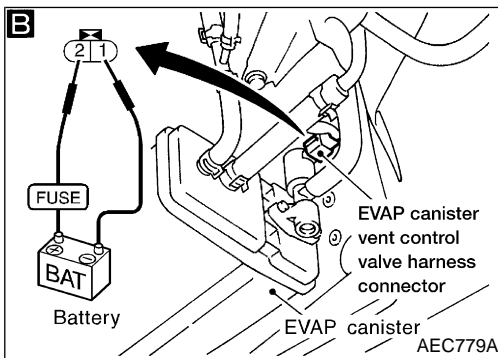
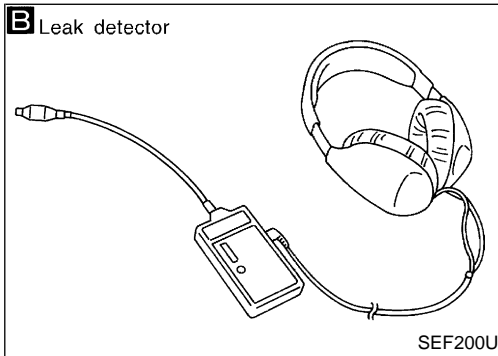
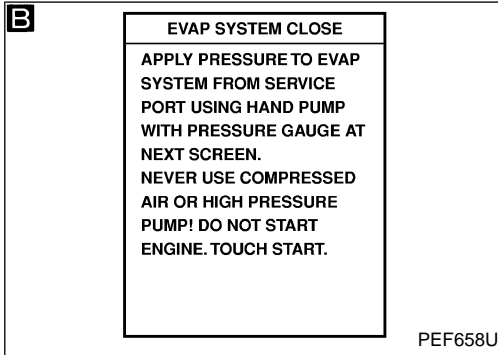
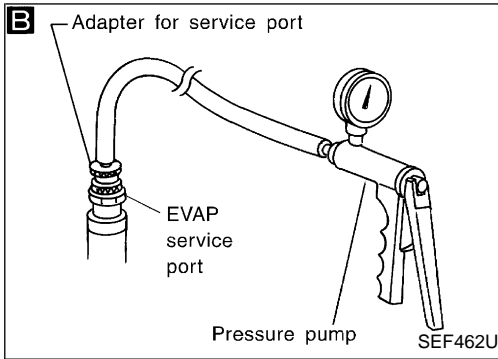
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)



(A)

**B**

**CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK.**

- Never use compressed air or high pressure pump.
- Improper installation of service port may cause leaking.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.

To locate EVAP leak portion, proceed with the following steps.

1. Install the EVAP service port adapter and the pressure pump securely.
2. Turn ignition switch "ON". Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Touch "START" and apply vacuum into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of bar graph.
4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the leak portion. For the leak detector, refer to instruction manual for more details. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-26.

OR

2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
3. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
4. Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
5. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg).
6. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to the instruction manual for more details about the leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-26.

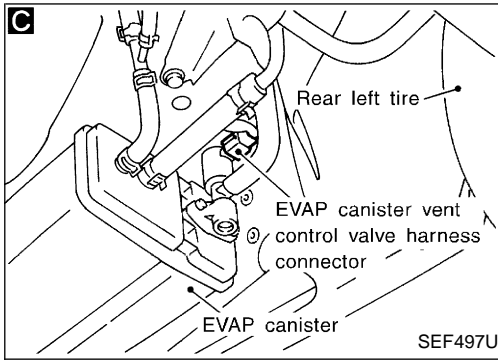
NG → Repair or replace.

↓ OK

(B)  
(Go to next page.)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

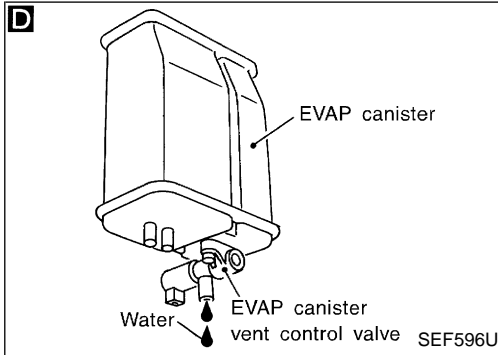


**C**

**CHECK COMPONENT AND CIRCUIT** (EVAP canister vent control valve, O-ring and water separator). Refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0446" for circuit, EC-301 and "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-306.

NG → Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring or harness/connector.

OK →



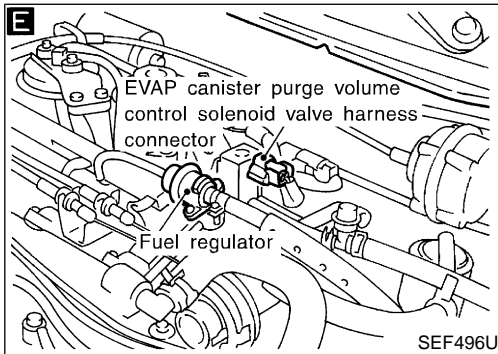
**D**

**CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER.**

1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached.
2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister. If it will, weigh the EVAP canister with the vent control valve attached. If the weight is:  
**More than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb) → NG**  
**Less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb) → OK**

NG → Replace EVAP canister and check the following.  
 1. Check hose connection between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging and poor connection.  
 2. Check water separator. Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-319. If NG, repair hose or replace water separator.

OK →



**E**

**CHECK COMPONENT** (EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve).

1. Disconnect EVAP hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
2. Start engine.
3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
4. Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100.0%.
5. Check EVAP hose for vacuum. **Vacuum should exist.**

NG → Check the following.  
 • EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve  
 Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-293.  
 • Vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection  
 Refer to "Vacuum Hose Drawing", EC-16.

OR

**E**

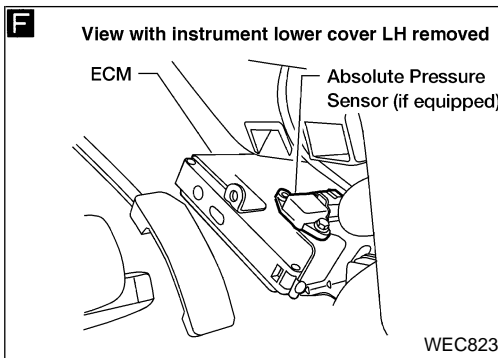
ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
A/F ALPHA	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

PEF190V

**OR**

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Stop engine.
3. Disconnect EVAP hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.
4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
5. Check EVAP hose for vacuum. **Vacuum should exist.**

OK →



**F**

**CHECK COMPONENT**  
 If not equipped with external absolute pressure sensor, go to next step. (Absolute pressure sensor) (if equipped). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-319.

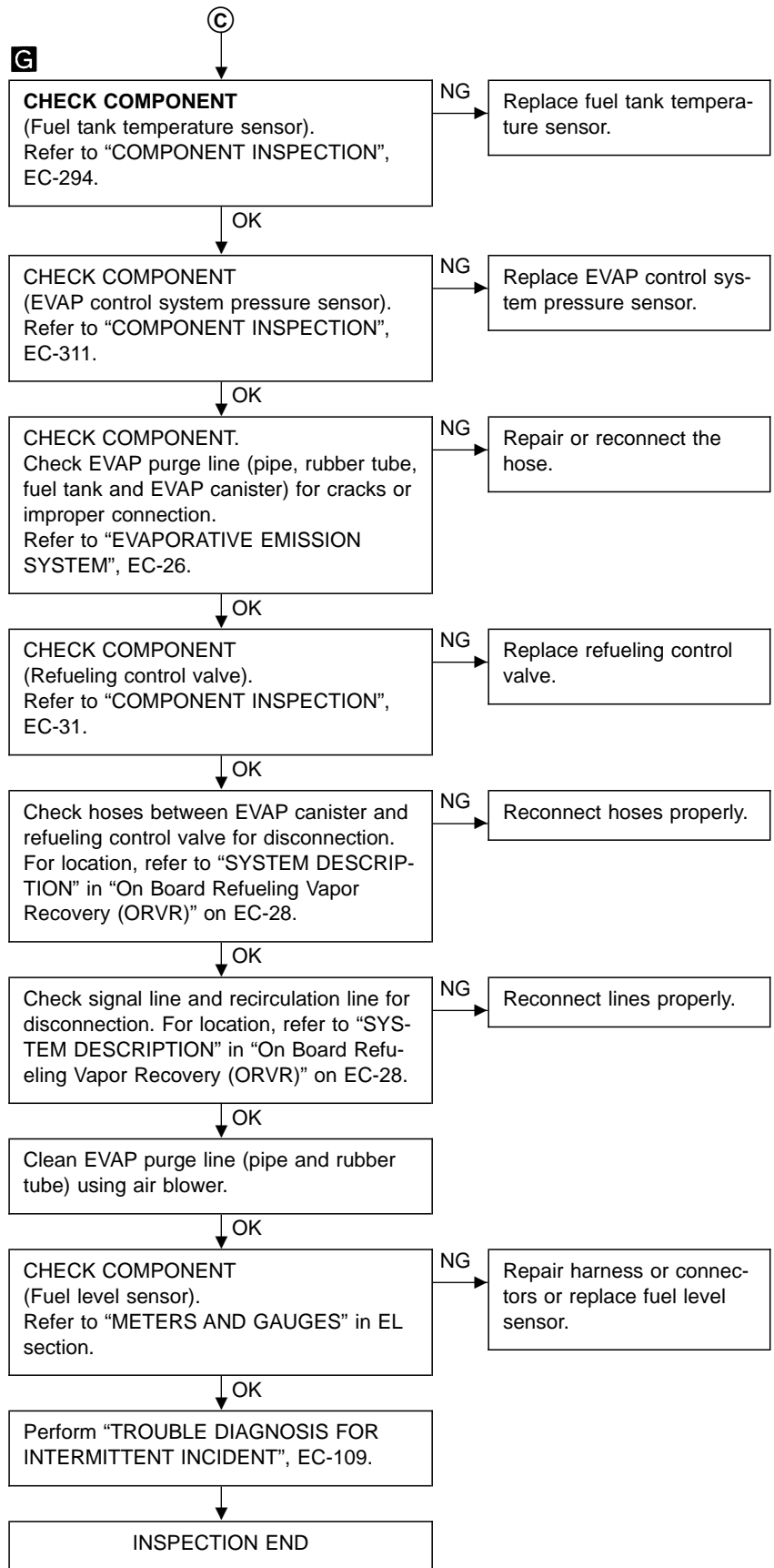
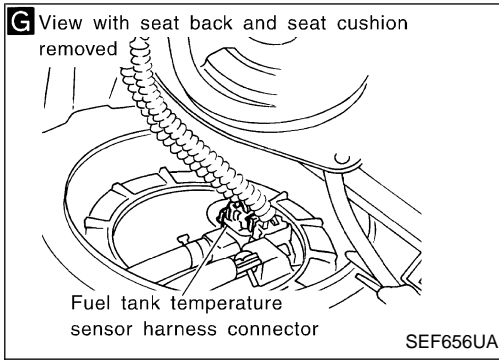
NG → Replace absolute pressure sensor (if equipped).

OK →

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440

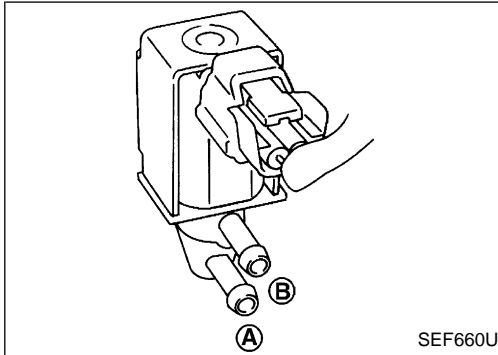
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

### EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening. If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.
3. Check air passage continuity.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
A/F ALPHA	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

PEF190V

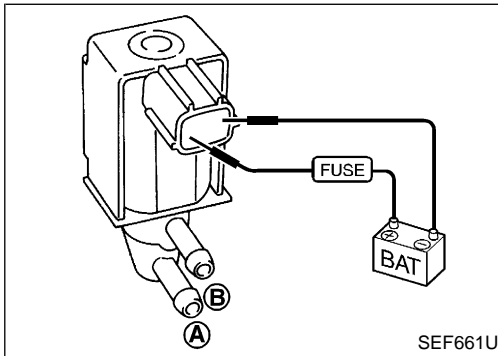


Condition PURG VOL CONT/V value	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

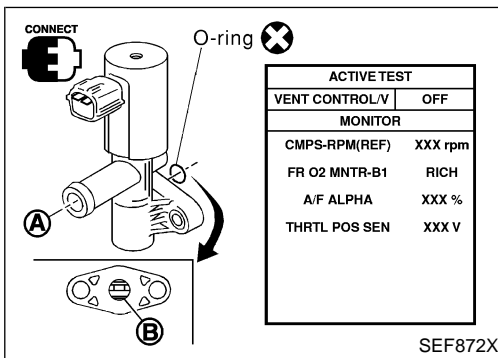
OR

Check air passage continuity.



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.



### EVAP canister vent control valve

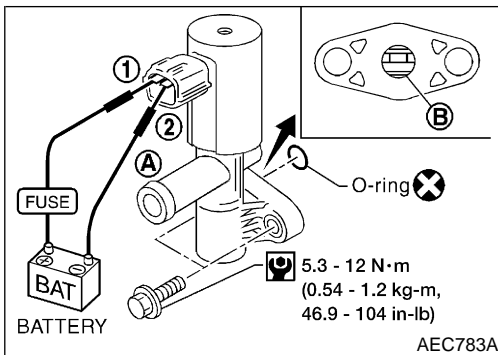
Check air passage continuity.

1. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

OR

Check air passage continuity.



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If portion (B) is rusted, replace control valve.

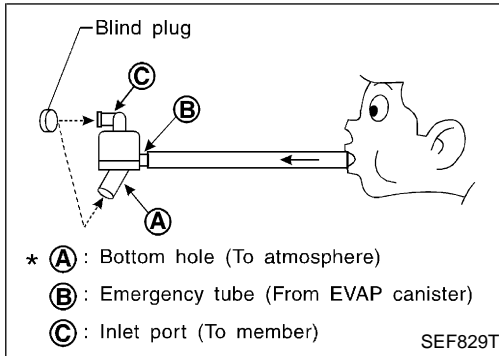
**Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.**

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Small Leak) (Negative Pressure) (Cont'd)

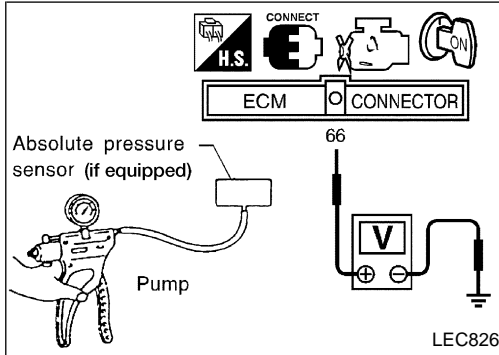
#### Water separator

1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
  2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
  3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
  4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air from (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
  5. In case of NG in items 2 - 4, replace the parts.
- **Do not disassemble water separator.**



#### Absolute pressure sensor (If equipped)

1. Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
2. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal 66 and engine ground.  
**The voltage should be 1.8 to 4.8 V.**
3. Use pump to apply vacuum of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.  
**The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.**

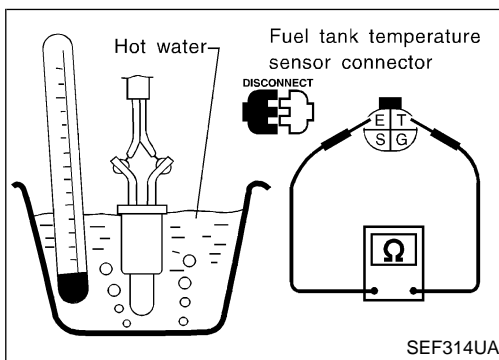


#### CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
  - Do not apply vacuum below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
4. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.

#### Fuel tank temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.



Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

If NG, replace fuel tank temperature sensor.

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve

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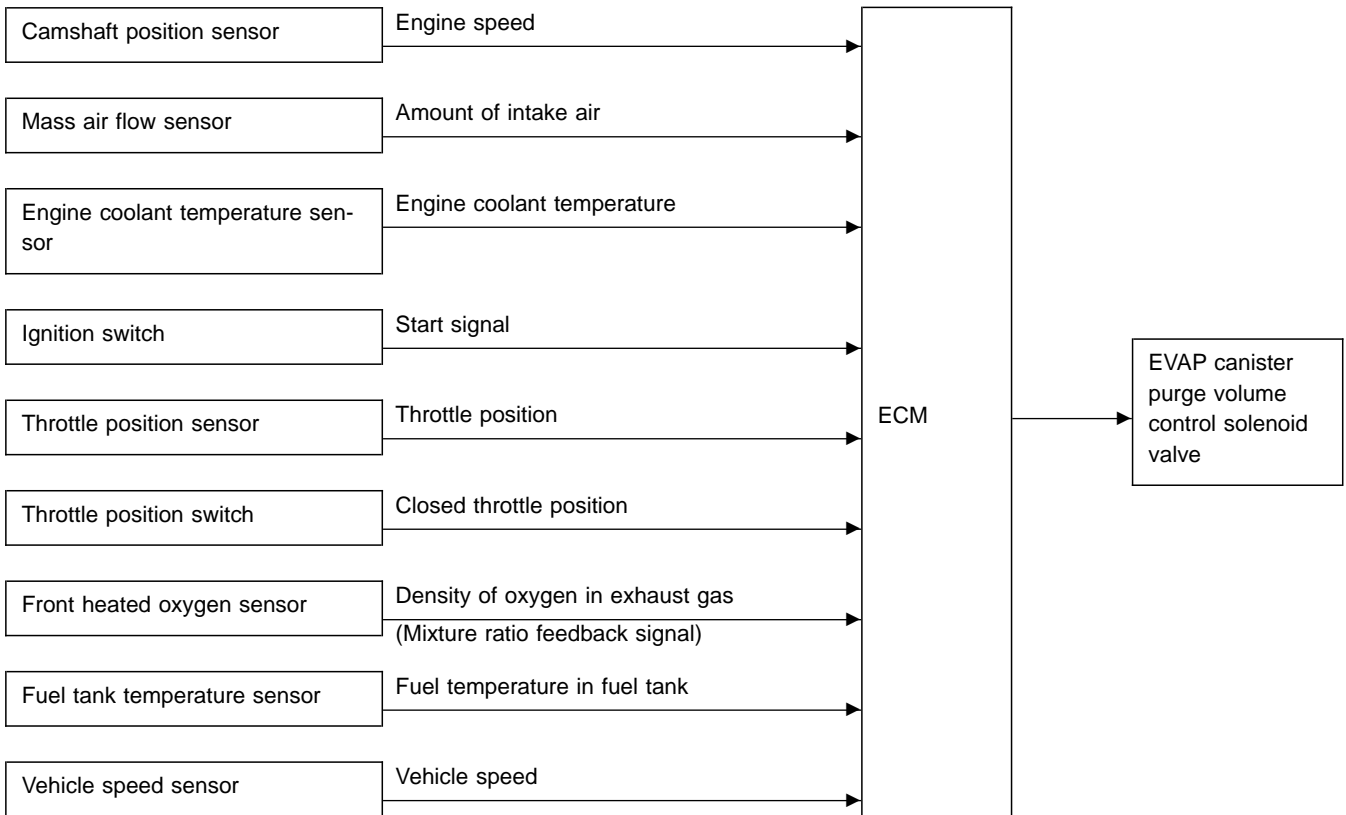
BT

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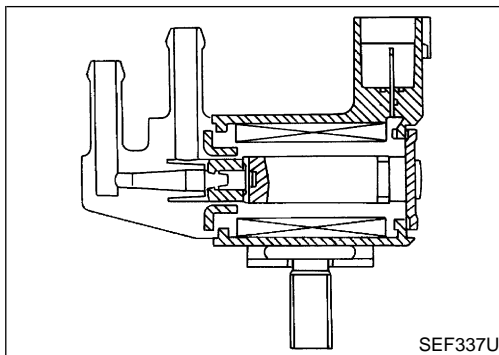
EL

IDX

### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.



### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses a ON/OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0443

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

#### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
PURG VOL C/V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> <li>● Air conditioner switch "OFF"</li> <li>● No-load</li> </ul>	Idle
		Vehicle running (Shift lever "1") 2,000 rpm (90 seconds after starting engine)
		0 %
		—

#### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and Ⓒ (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	W/G	ECM relay (Self-shutoff)	Engine is running.	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "OFF" └ For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	
			Ignition switch "OFF" └ A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
5	L	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	Engine is running. └ Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
56	W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
61	W/R			

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0443 1008	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The valve circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve</li> </ul>



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0443

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

PEF335U

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

##### TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-299.

OR



- 1) Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-299.

OR



- 1) Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-299.

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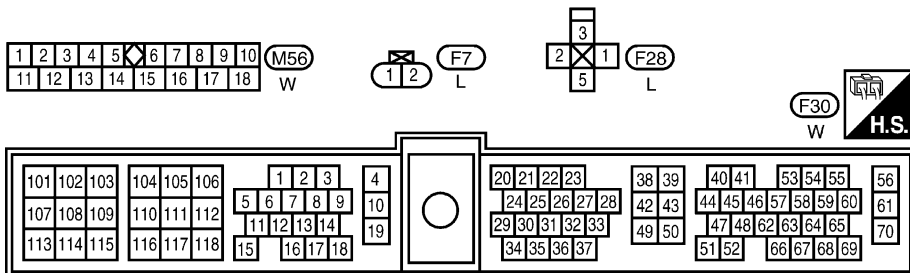
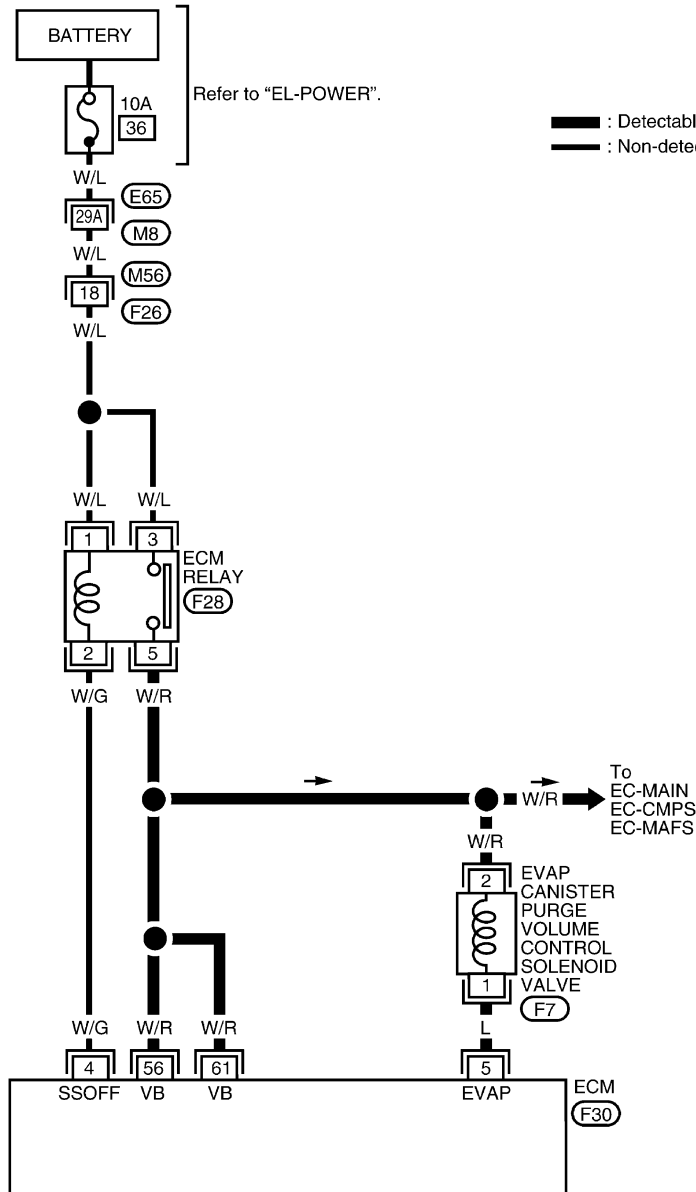
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0443

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

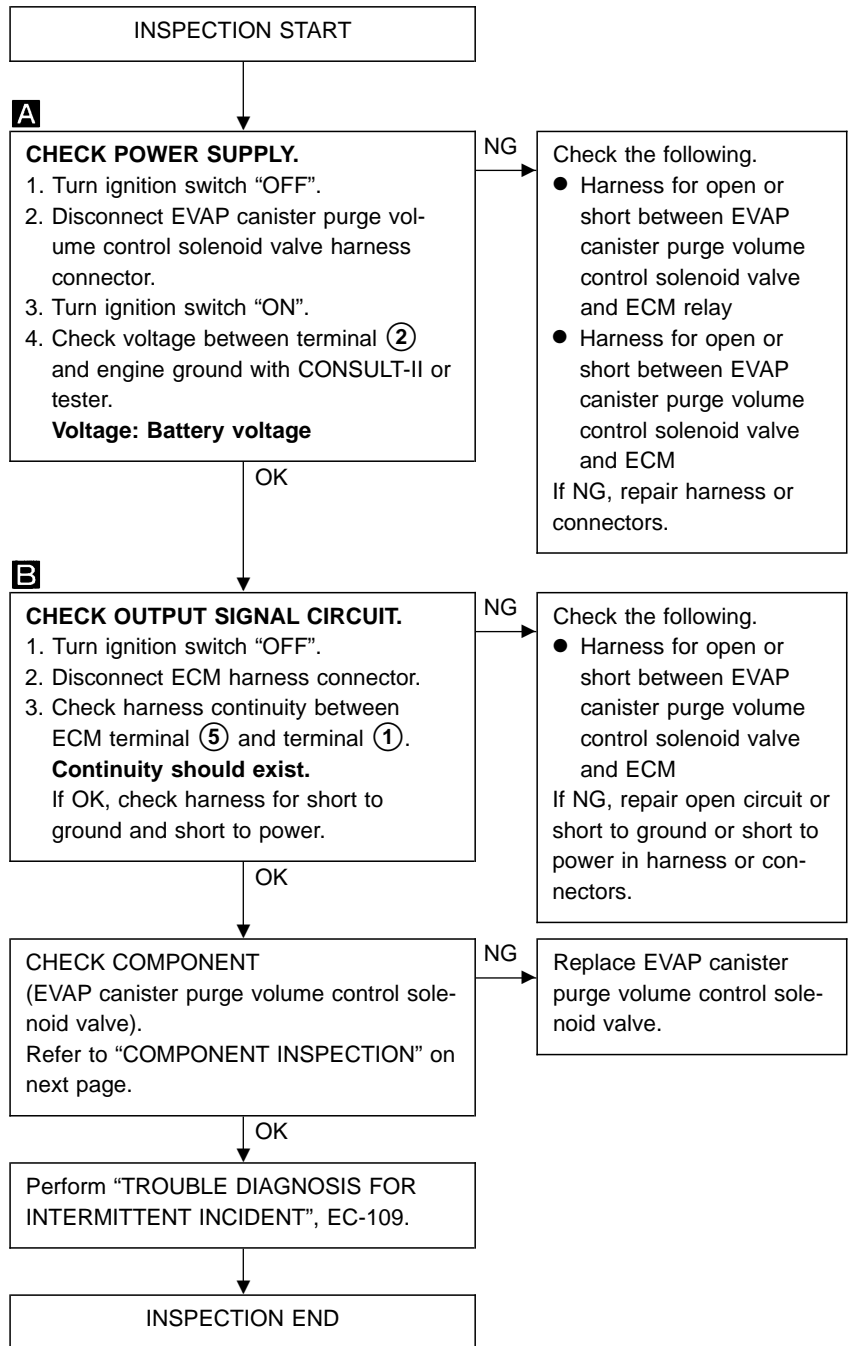
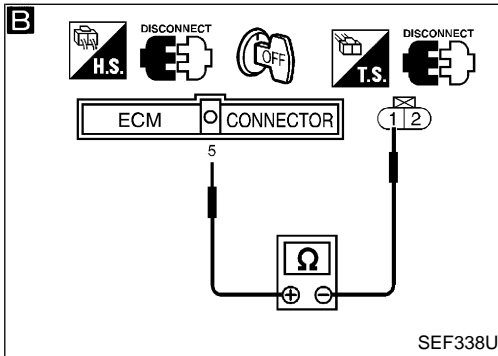
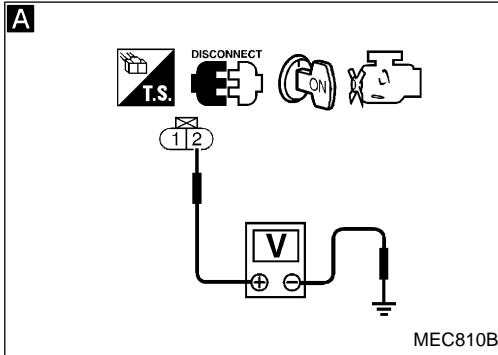
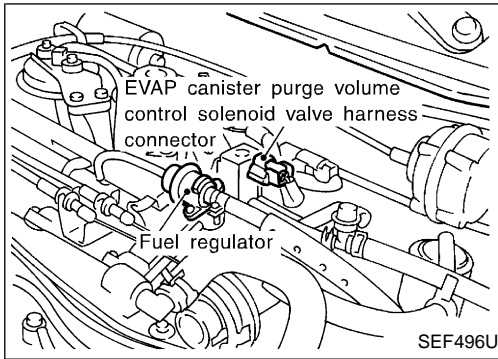
EC-PGC/V-01



Refer to the following.  
 (M8), (E65) - SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0443

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0443

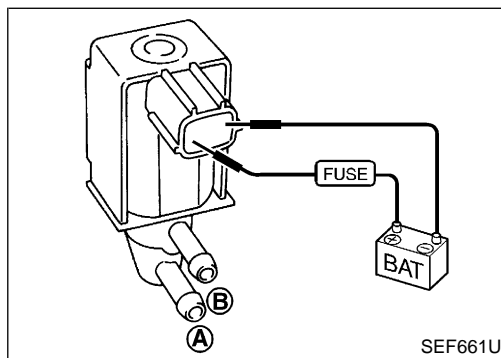
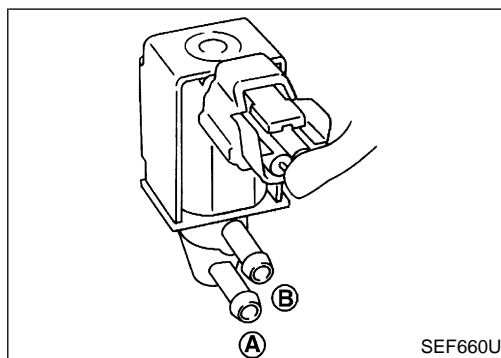
### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.  
If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.
3. Check air passage continuity.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
A/F ALPHA	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

PEF190V



Condition PURG VOL CONT/V value	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No

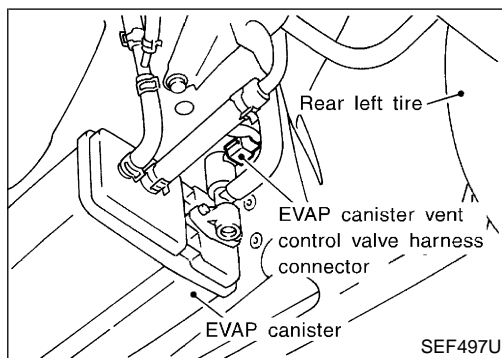
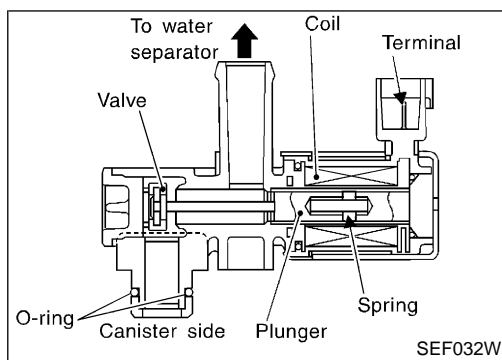
If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

\_\_\_\_\_ OR \_\_\_\_\_  
 Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0446



## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

GI  
MA  
EM  
LC  
**EC**

### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	● Ignition switch: ON	OFF

FE  
CL  
MT

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
108	PU	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

AT  
FA  
RA  
BR  
ST

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0446 0903	● An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EVAP canister vent control valve.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (EVAP canister vent control valve circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● EVAP canister vent control valve</li> </ul>

RS  
BT  
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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0446

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm

PEF190P

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

**CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

**NOTE:**

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

**TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Start engine and wait at least 8 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-304.

OR



- 1) Start engine and wait at least 8 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-304.

OR

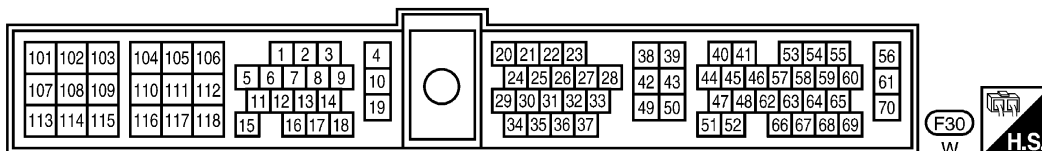
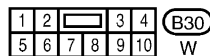
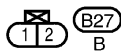
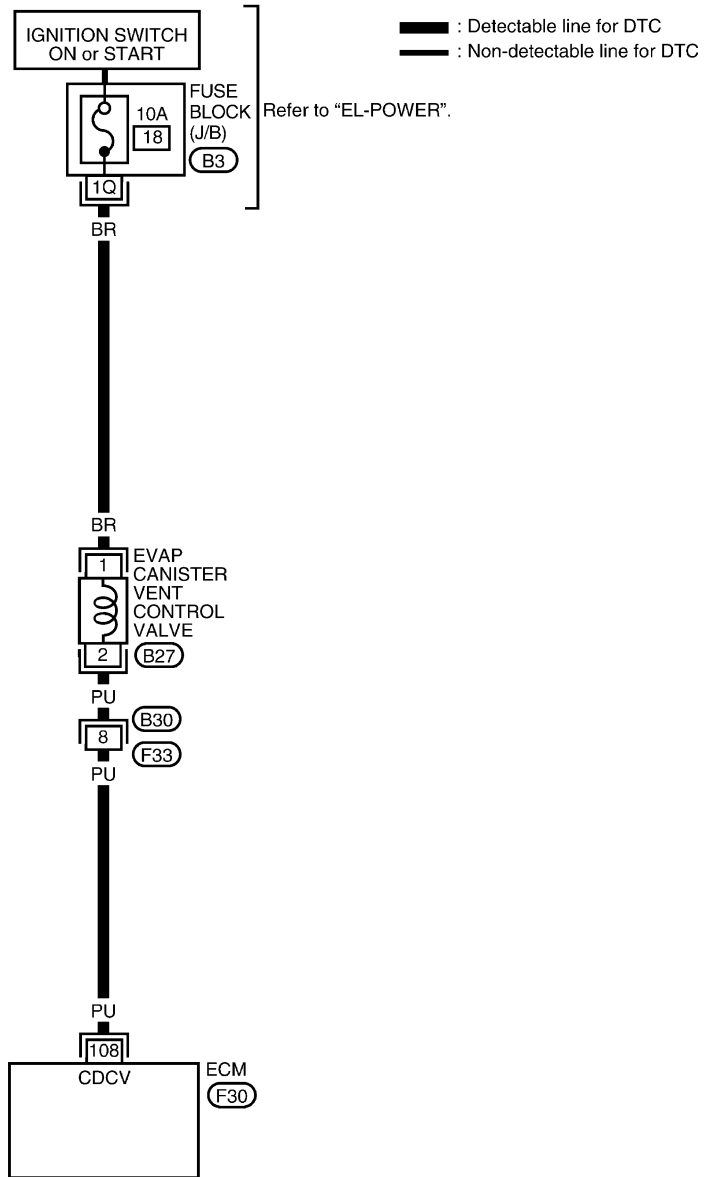


- 1) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 8 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-304.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0446

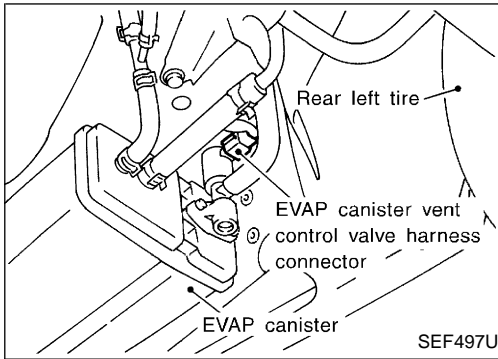
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

EC-VENT/V-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0446

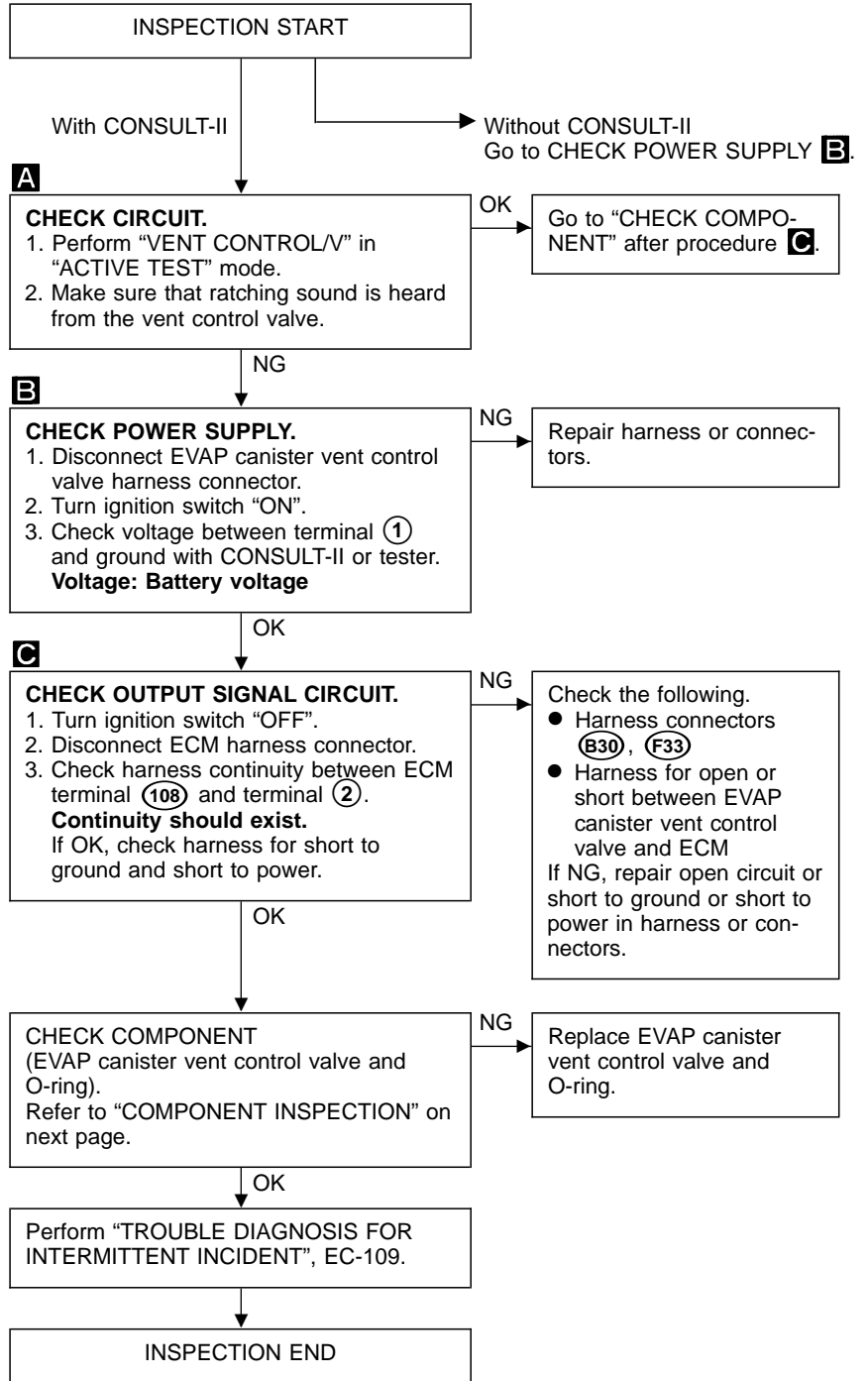
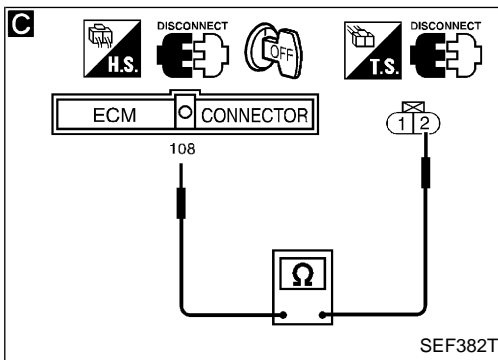
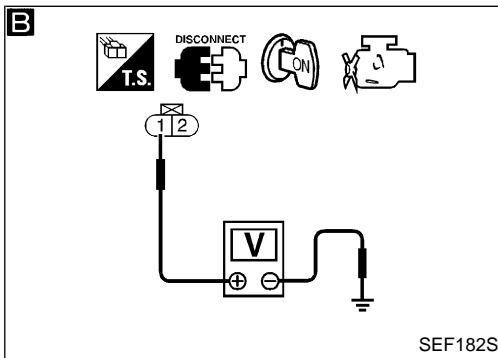
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



**A**

ACTIVE TEST	
VENT CONTROL/V	OFF
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
A/F ALPHA	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

PEF361U





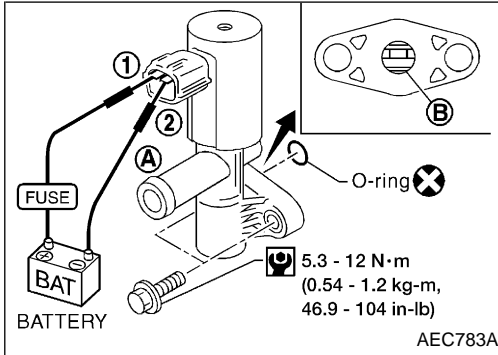
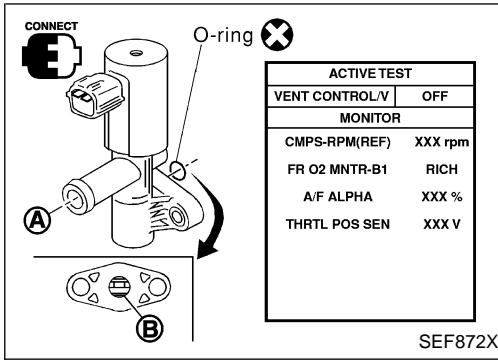
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0446

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

### EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

OR

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No
No supply	Yes

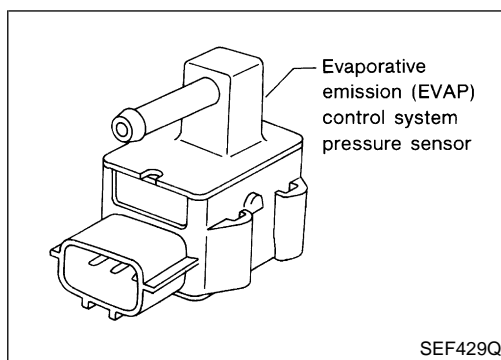
If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

**If portion (B) is rusted, replace control valve.**

**Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.**

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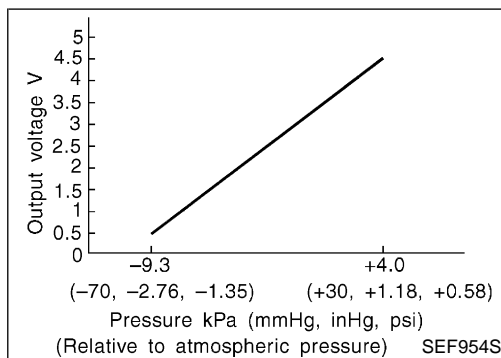
## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0450



### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases. The EVAP control system pressure sensor is not used to control the engine system. It is used only for on board diagnosis.



### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES	● Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 3.4V

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and Ⓒ (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
49	R	Sensors' power supply	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 5V
50	B	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	Approximately 0V
67	W	EVAP control system pressure sensor	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 3.4V

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0450 0704	● An improper voltage signal from EVAP control system pressure sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The EVAP control system pressure sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Rubber hose to EVAP control system pressure is clogged, vent, kinked, disconnected or improper connection.</li> <li>● EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>● EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve</li> <li>● EVAP canister</li> <li>● Rubber hose from EVAP canister vent control valve to water separator</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0450

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	XX
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
FUEL T/TMP SE	XXX °C

SEF873X

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

##### TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform at a temperature above 0°C (32°F).



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5) Make sure that "FUEL T/TMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- 6) Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- 7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-309.

OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check that voltage between ECM terminal ③ and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-309.

OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check that voltage between ECM terminal ③ and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 6) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-309.

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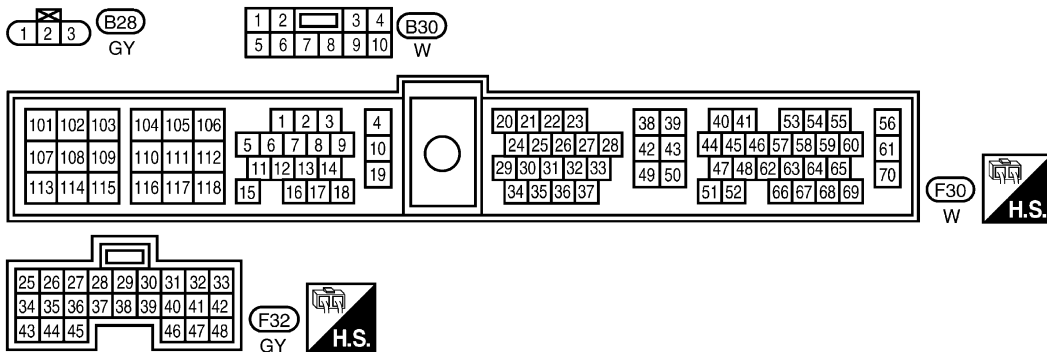
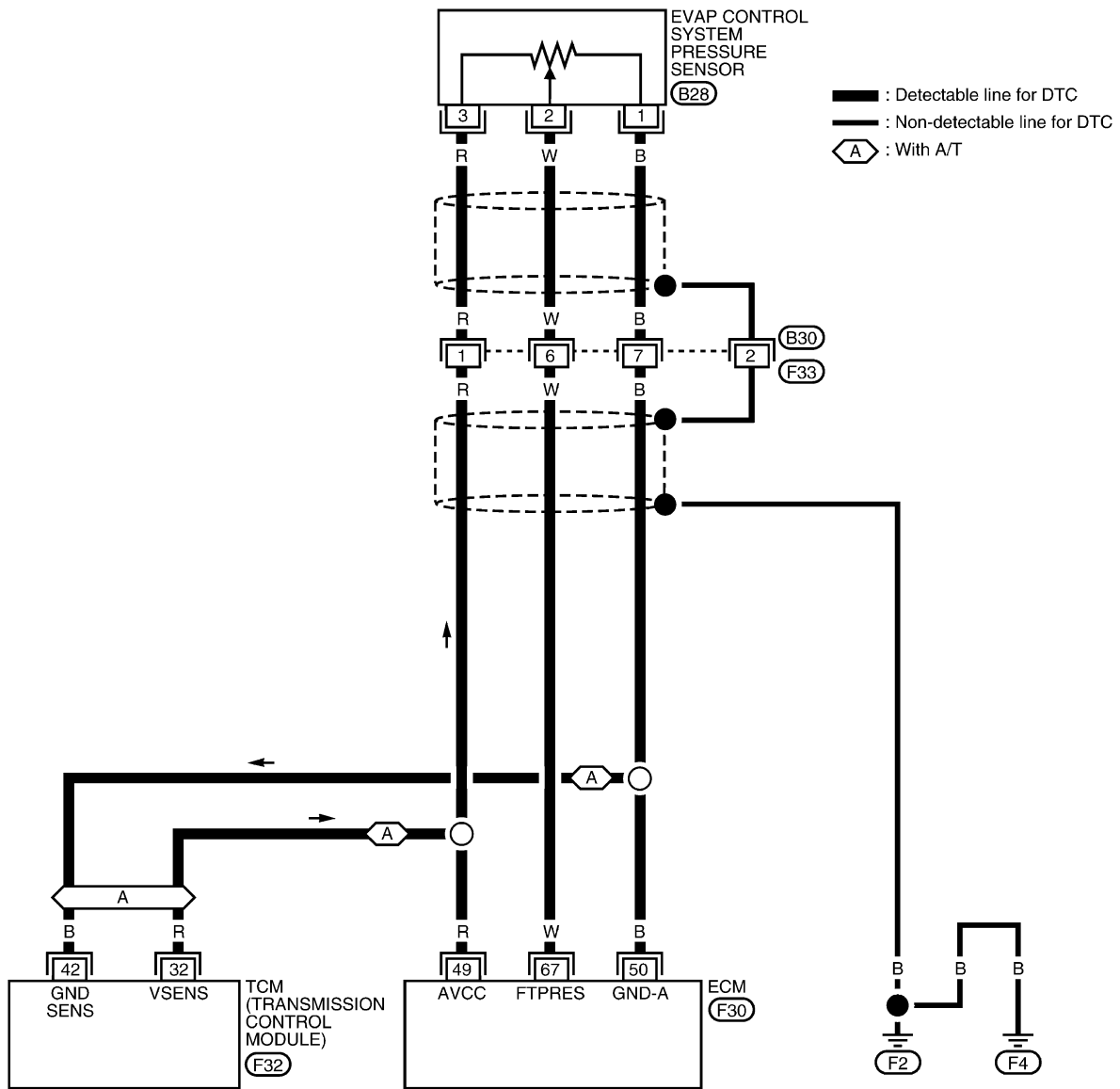
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0450

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

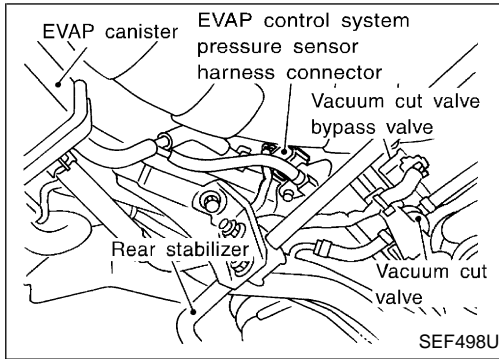
EC-PRE/SE-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0450

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

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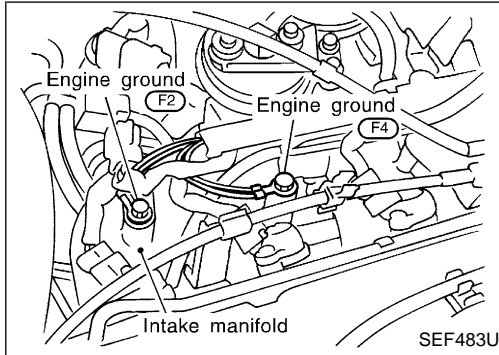


INSPECTION START

**CHECK RUBBER TUBE CONNECTED TO THE SENSOR.**  
Check rubber tube connected to the sensor for clogging, vent, kink, disconnection or improper connection.

NG → Reconnect, repair or replace.

OK

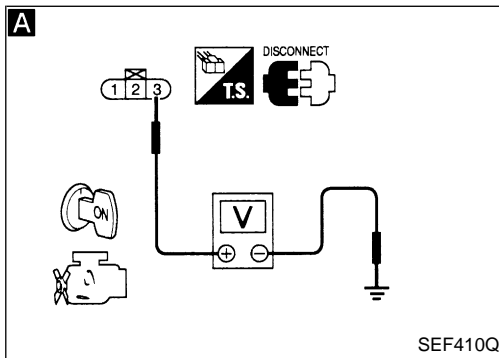


1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".  
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

**A**  
**CHECK POWER SUPPLY.**  
1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.  
2. Check sensor harness connector for water.  
**Water should not exist.**  
If OK, go to step 3. If NG, repair or replace harness connector.  
3. Turn ignition switch "ON".  
4. Check voltage between terminal (3) and engine ground with CONSULT-II or tester.  
**Voltage: Approximately 5V**

NG → Check the following.  
● Harness connectors (B30), (F33)  
● Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM  
If NG, repair harness or connectors.

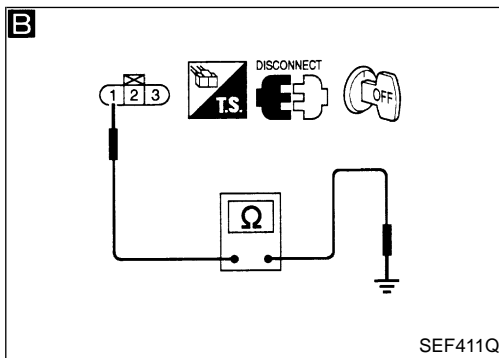
OK



**B**  
**CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.**  
1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".  
2. Check harness continuity between terminal (1) and engine ground.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Check the following.  
● Harness connectors (B30), (F33)  
● Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM  
If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

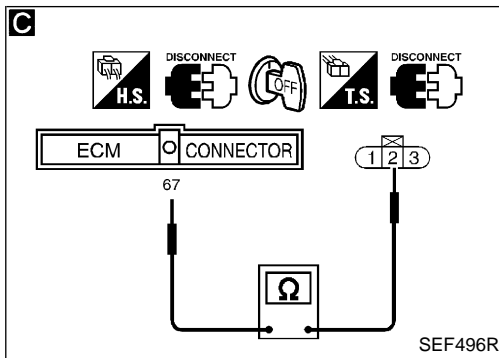
OK



**C**  
**CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.**  
1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.  
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal (67) and terminal (2).  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Check the following.  
● Harness connectors (B30), (F33)  
● Harness for open or short between ECM and EVAP control system pressure sensor  
If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

OK



**CHECK COMPONENT**  
(EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve).  
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on EC-300.

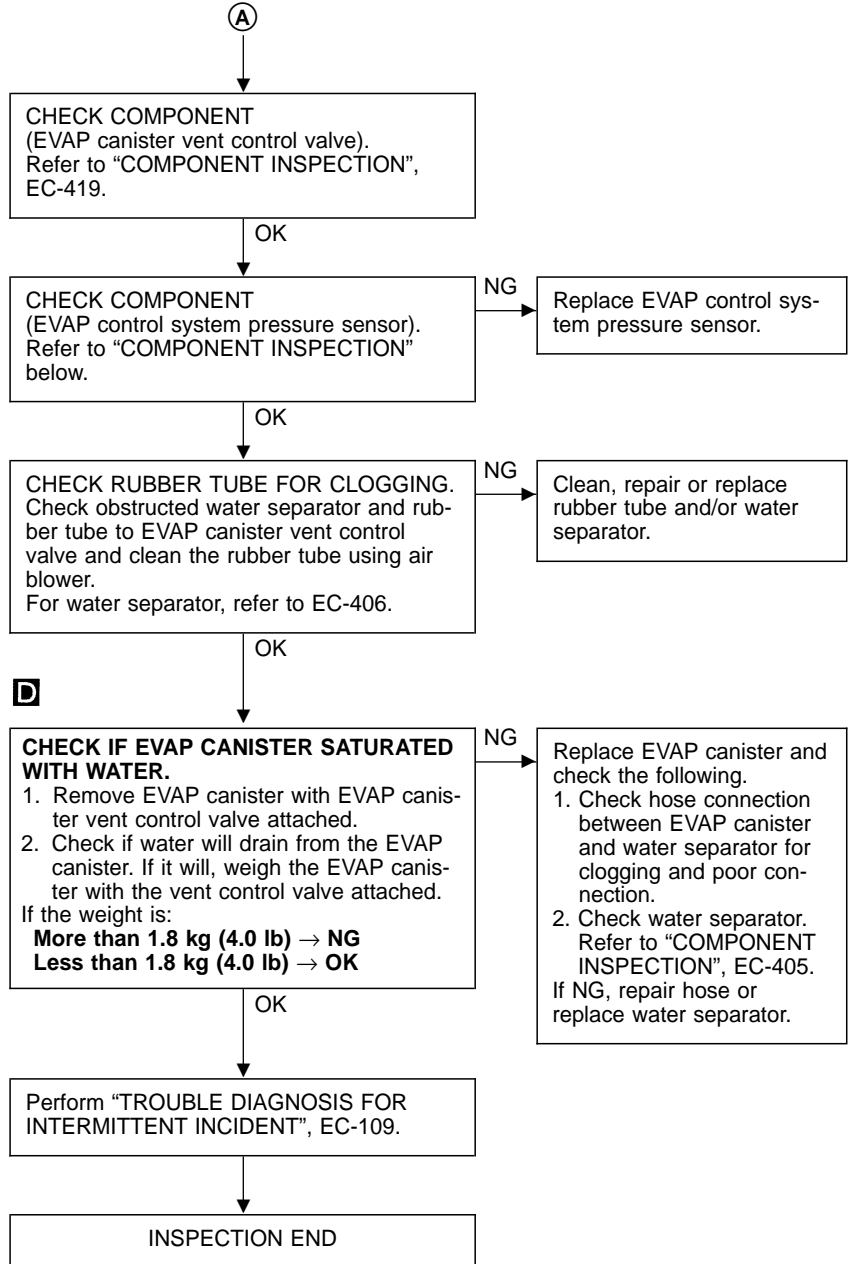
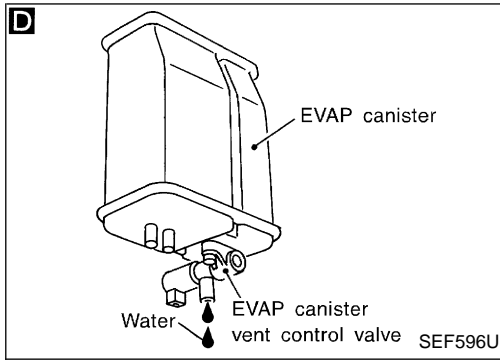
NG → Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

OK

(Go to next page.)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0450

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

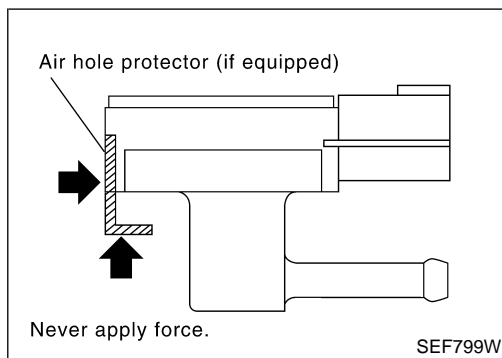
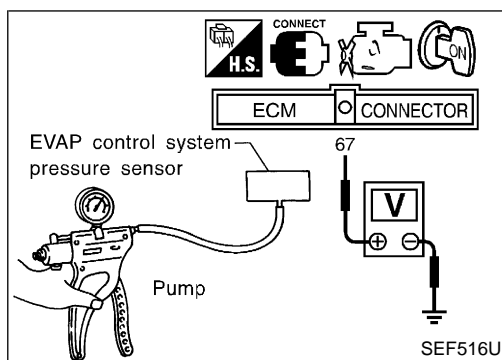


## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0450

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Pressure Sensor (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### EVAP control system pressure sensor



1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
4. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
5. Check output voltage between ECM terminal ⑥7 and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage V
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

#### CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 in Hg) or vacuum below -20.0 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg).
- 6. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- Never apply force to the air hole protector of the sensor, if equipped.
- Discard any EVAP control system pressure sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

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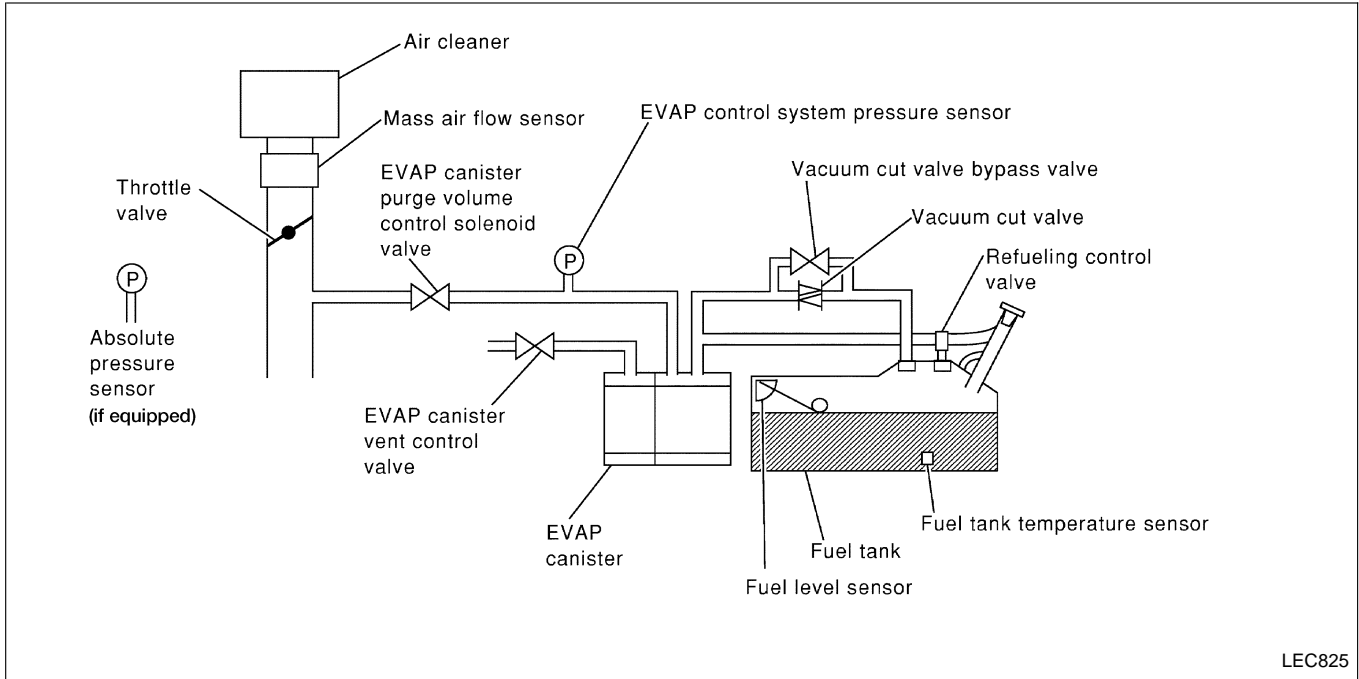
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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0455

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Large Leak)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC LOGIC

This diagnosis detects a large leak (fuel filler cap fell off) in the EVAP system between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.



LEC825

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0455 0715	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● EVAP system has a large leak such as fuel filter cap fell off.</li> <li>● EVAP system does not operate properly.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Fuel cap remains open or fails to close.</li> <li>● Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve.</li> <li>● Incorrect fuel filler cap used.</li> <li>● Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap.</li> <li>● Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.</li> <li>● Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve.</li> <li>● EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks.</li> <li>● EVAP purge line (Pipe and rubber tube) leaks.</li> <li>● EVAP purge line rubber tube bent.</li> <li>● Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor.</li> <li>● Loose or disconnected rubber tube.</li> <li>● EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit.</li> <li>● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit</li> <li>● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve</li> <li>● Fuel tank temperature sensor</li> <li>● Absolute pressure sensor (if equipped)</li> <li>● O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged.</li> <li>● EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>● Refueling control valve</li> <li>● ORVR system leaks</li> </ul>

#### CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

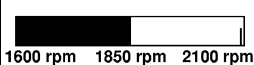


## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0455

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Large Leak) (Cont'd)

<p>EVAP SML LEAK P0440/P1440</p> <p>1) FOR BEST RSLT, PERFORM AT FOLLOWING CONDITIONS.            - FUEL LEVEL: 1/4-3/4            - AMBIENT TEMP: 0-30 C (32-86F)            - OPEN ENGINE HOOD.            2) START ENG WITH VHCL STOPPED. IF ENG IS ON, STOP FOR 5 SEC. THEN RESTART.            3) TOUCH START.</p>	SEF565X
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<p>EVAP SML LEAK P0440/P1440</p> <p>WAIT            2 TO 10 MINUTES.            KEEP ENGINE RUNNING AT IDLE SPEED.</p>	SEF566X
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<p>EVAP SML LEAK P0440/P1440</p> <p>MAINTAIN            1600 - 2100 RPM UNTIL FINAL RESULT APPEARS.            (APPROX. 3 MINUTES)</p>  <p>1600 rpm 1850 rpm 2100 rpm</p>	SEF874X
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<p>EVAP SML LEAK P0440/P1440</p> <p>OK</p> <p>SELF-DIAG RESULTS</p> <p>NO DTC DETECTED.            FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.</p>	SEF567X
---	---------

#### DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### CAUTION:

Never remove fuel filler cap during the DTC confirmation procedure.

##### NOTE:

- If DTC P1448 is displayed with P0455, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first.
- If “DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE” has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch “OFF” and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

##### TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform “DTC WORK SUPPORT” when the fuel level is between 1/4 to 3/4 full and vehicle placed on the flat level surface.
- Open engine hood before conducting following procedure.



- 1) Tighten fuel filler cap securely until ratcheting sound is heard.
- 2) Turn ignition switch “ON”.
- 3) Turn ignition switch “OFF” and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch “ON” and select “DATA MONITOR” mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5) Make sure the following conditions are met.  
**COOLANT TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F)**  
**INT/A TEMP SE: 0 - 60°C (32 - 140°F)**
- 6) Select “EVAP SML LEAK P0440” of “EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM” in “DTC WORK SUPPORT” mode with CONSULT-II.  
 Follow the instruction displayed.

##### NOTE:

- If the engine cannot be maintained within the range on CONSULT-II screen, go to “Basic Inspection”, EC-84.
- Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.
- 7) Make sure that “OK” is displayed.  
 If “NG” is displayed, select “SELF-DIAG RESULTS” mode with CONSULT-II and make sure that “EVAP GROSS LEAK [P0445]” is displayed, refer to “DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE”, EC-315.  
 If P0440 is displayed, perform “DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE” for P0440, EC-289.

OR

##### NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of “Driving pattern” on EC-50 before driving vehicle.



- 1) Start engine.
  - 2) Drive vehicle according to “Driving pattern”, EC-50.
  - 3) Stop vehicle.
  - 4) Select “MODE 1” with GST.
- If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0455

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### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Large Leak) (Cont'd)

- If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 6) Start engine.

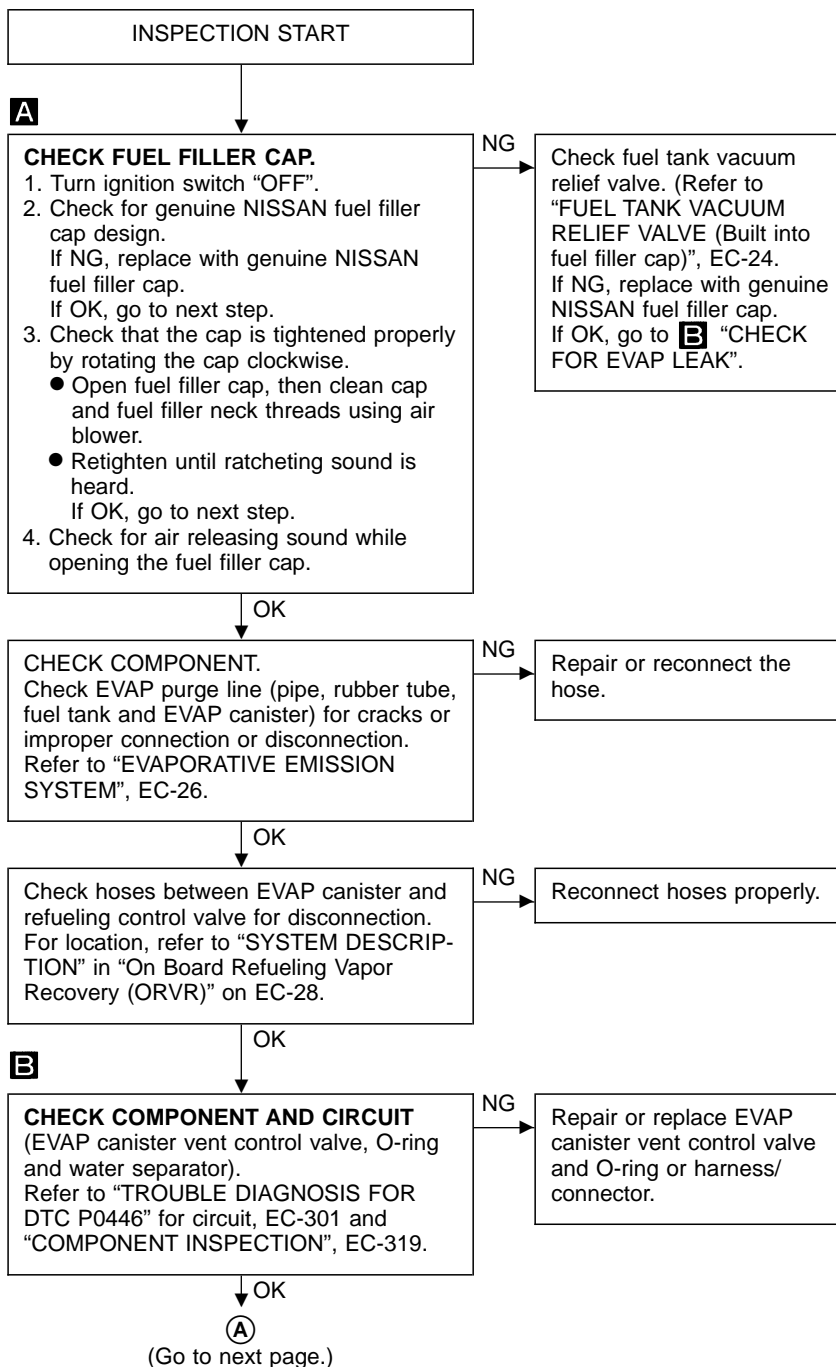
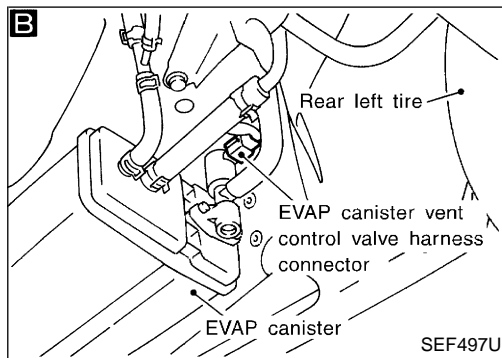
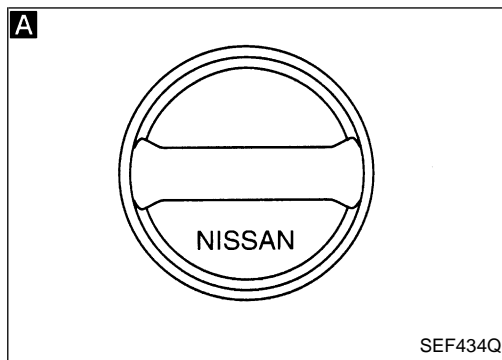
**It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.**

- 7) Drive vehicle again according to the "Driving pattern".
- 8) Stop vehicle.
- 9) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
  - If P1447 is displayed on the screen, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447", EC-407.
  - If P0440 is displayed on the screen, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-289.
  - If P0440 and P1447 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.
- 10) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
  - If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.
  - If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 5).

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0455

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Large Leak) (Cont'd)

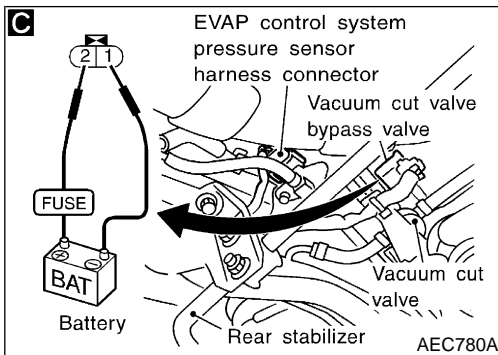
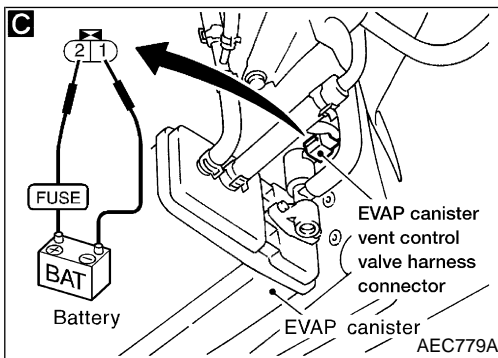
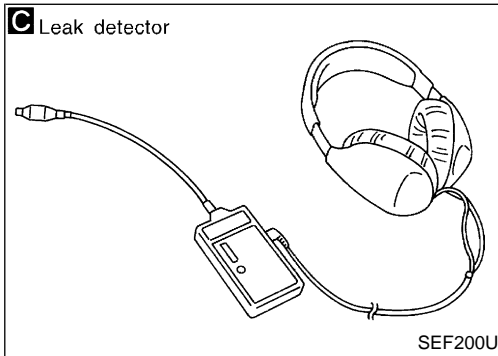
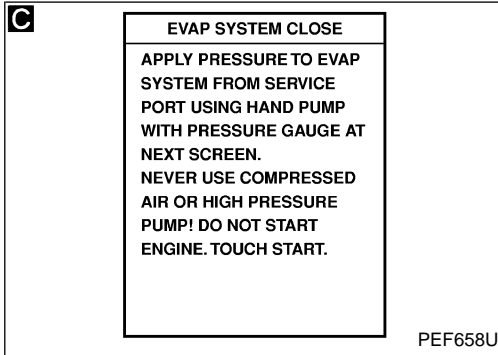
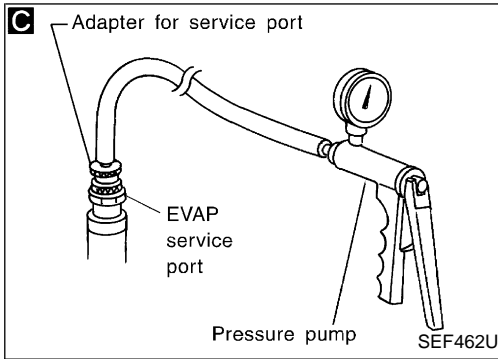
### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0455

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Large Leak) (Cont'd)



(A)

**C**

**CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK.**

- Never use compressed air or high pressure pump.
- Improper installation of service port may cause leaking.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.

To locate EVAP leak portion, proceed with the following steps.

1. Install the EVAP service port adapter and the pressure pump securely.
2. Turn ignition switch "ON". Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Touch "START" and apply vacuum into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of bar graph.
4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the leak portion. For the leak detector, refer to instruction manual for more details. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-26.

OR

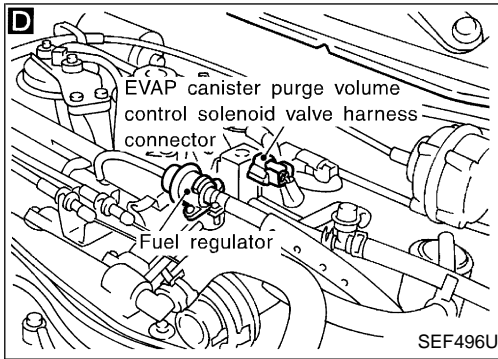
2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
3. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
4. Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
5. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg).
6. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to the instruction manual for more details about the leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-26.

NG → Repair or replace.

↓ OK  
(B)  
(Go to next page.)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0455

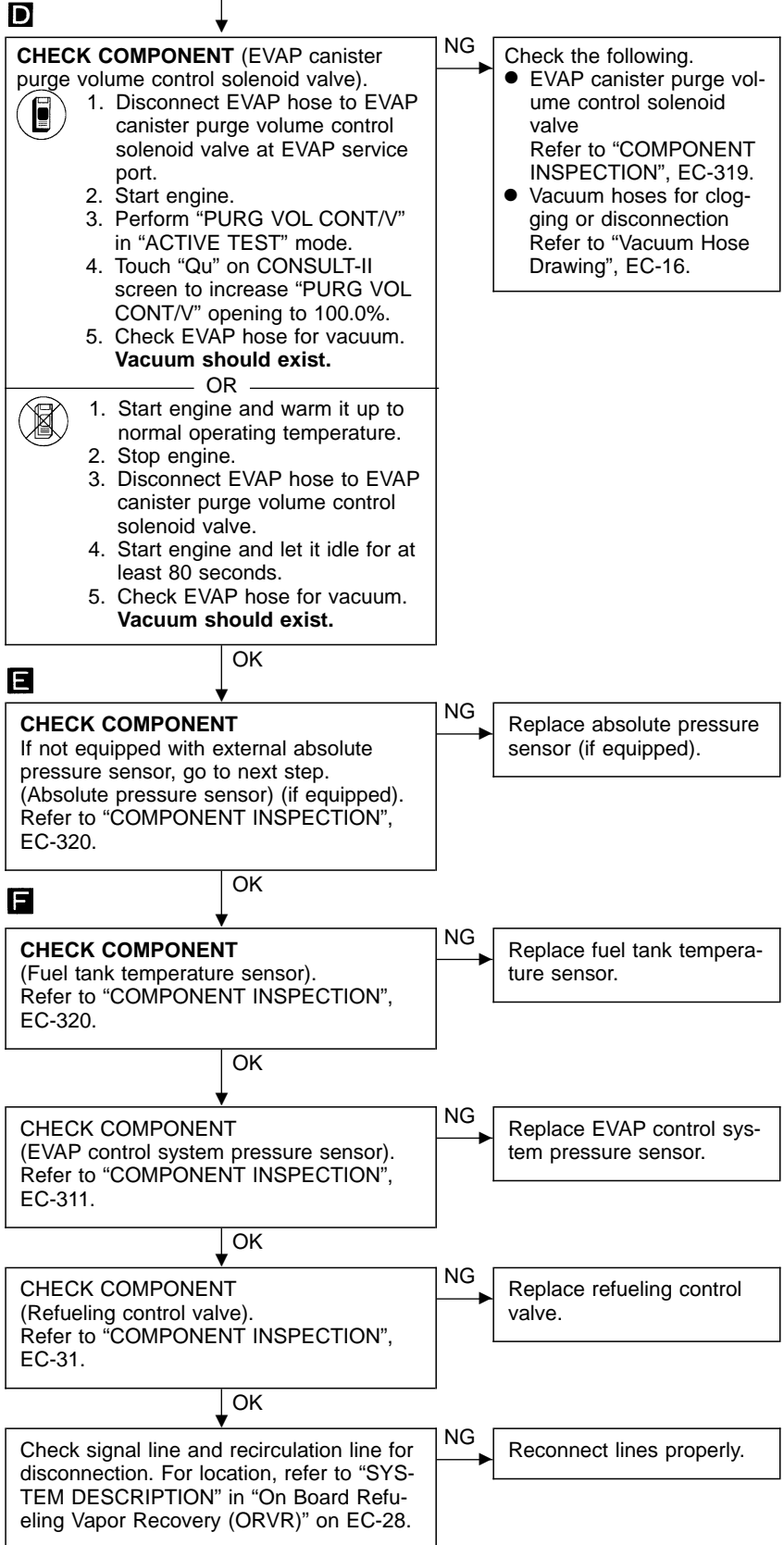
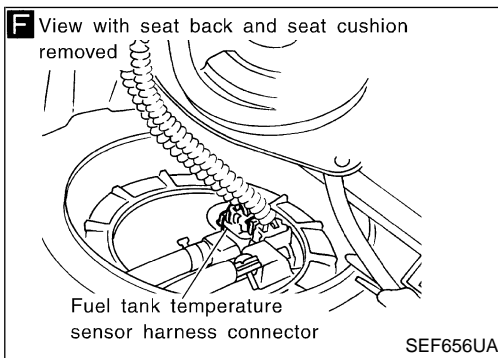
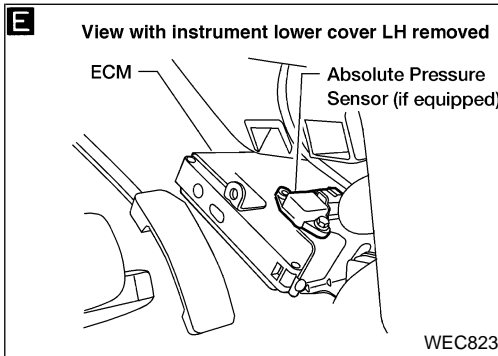
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Large Leak) (Cont'd)



**D**

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
A/F ALPHA	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

PEF190V



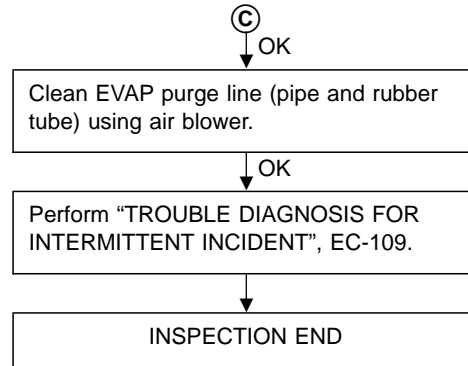
(Go to next page.)

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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0455

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### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Large Leak) (Cont'd)



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0455

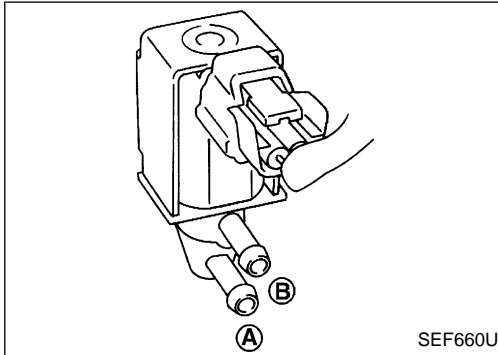
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Large Leak) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

### EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening. If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.
3. Check air passage continuity.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
A/F ALPHA	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

PEF190V

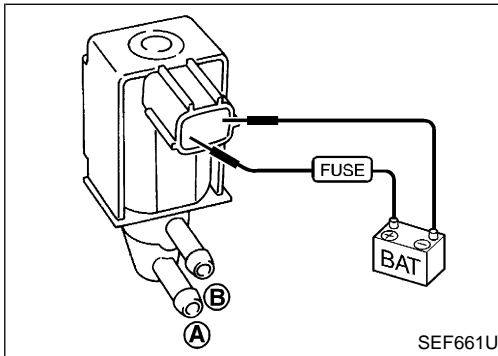


Condition PURG VOL CONT/V value	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

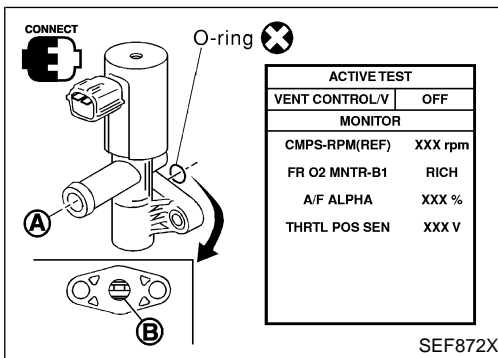
OR

Check air passage continuity.



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.



### EVAP canister vent control valve

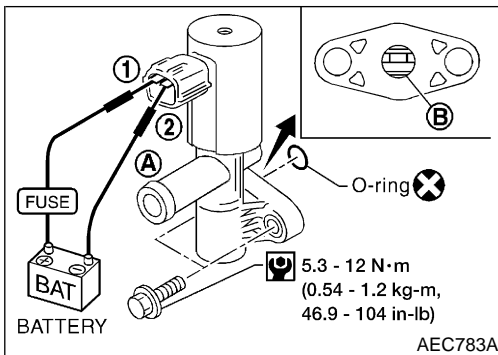
Check air passage continuity.

1. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

OR

Check air passage continuity.



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	No
No supply	Yes

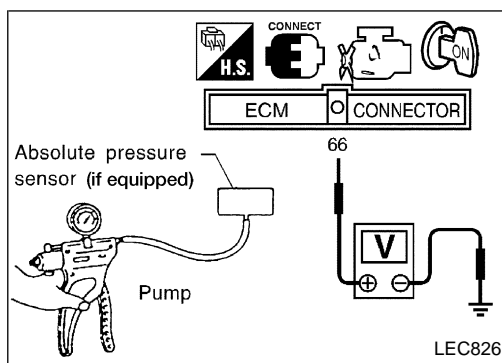
If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If portion (B) is rusted, replace control valve.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0455

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Large Leak) (Cont'd)

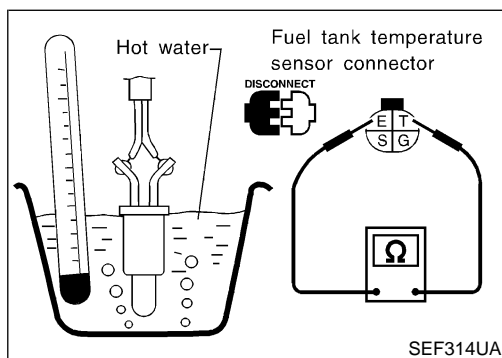
#### Absolute pressure sensor (If equipped)



1. Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
2. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal 66 and engine ground.  
**The voltage should be 1.8 to 4.8 V.**
3. Use pump to apply vacuum of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.  
**The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.**

#### CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
  - Do not apply vacuum below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
4. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.



#### Fuel tank temperature sensor

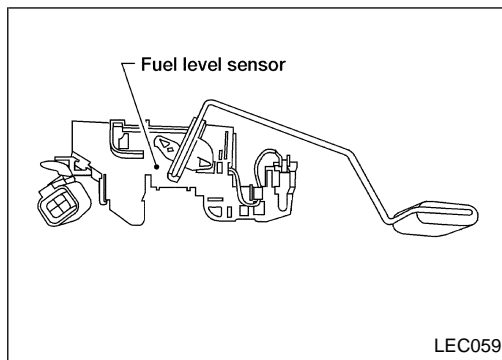
Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

If NG, replace fuel tank temperature sensor.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0460



## Fuel Level Sensor Function (Slosh)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC LOGIC

When the vehicle is parked, naturally the fuel level in the fuel tank is stable. It means that output signal of the fuel level sensor does not change. If ECM senses sloshing signal from the sensor, fuel level sensor malfunction is diagnosed.

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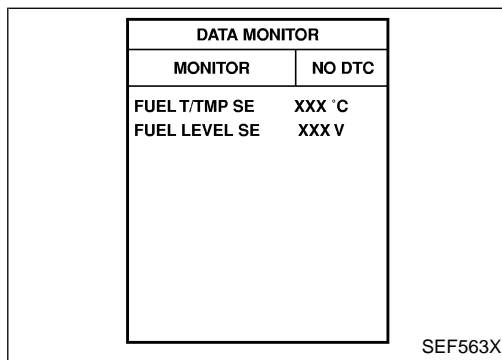
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Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0460 0812	Even though the vehicle is parked, a signal being varied is sent from the fuel level sensor to ECM.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fuel level sensor circuit (The fuel level sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Fuel level sensor</li> </ul>



## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

### NOTE:

If "DTC Confirmation Procedure" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Start engine and wait maximum of 2 consecutive minutes.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "Diagnostic Procedure", EC-323.

OR

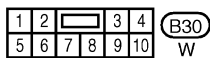
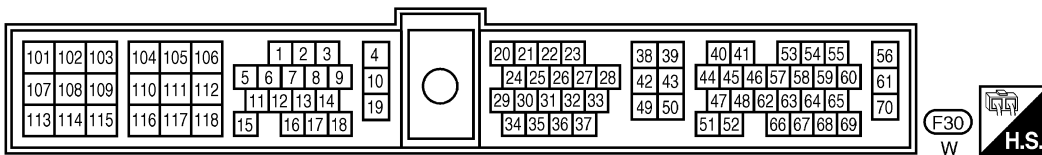
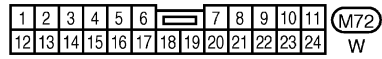
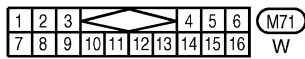
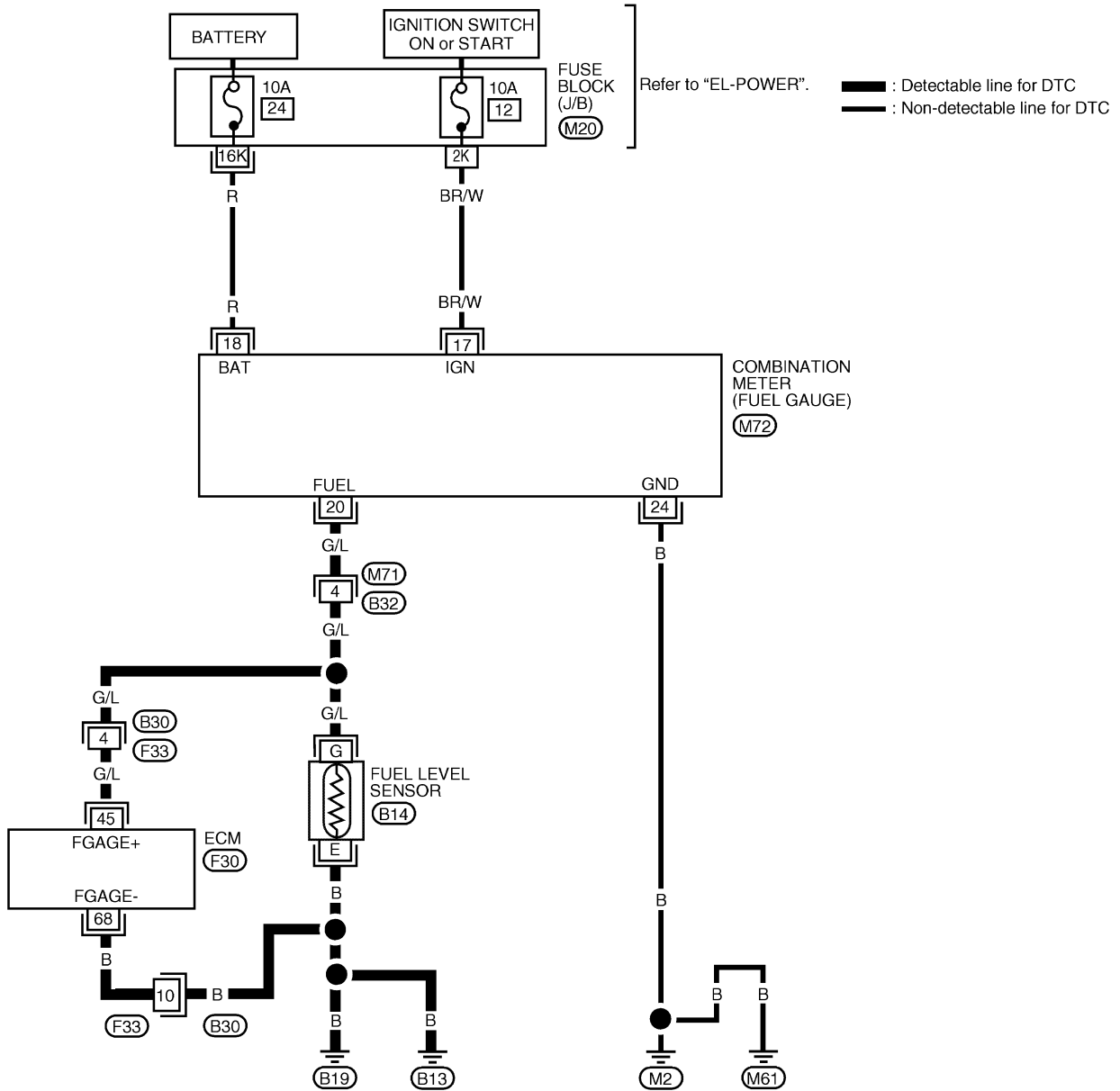


Follow the above procedure "With CONSULT-II".

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0460

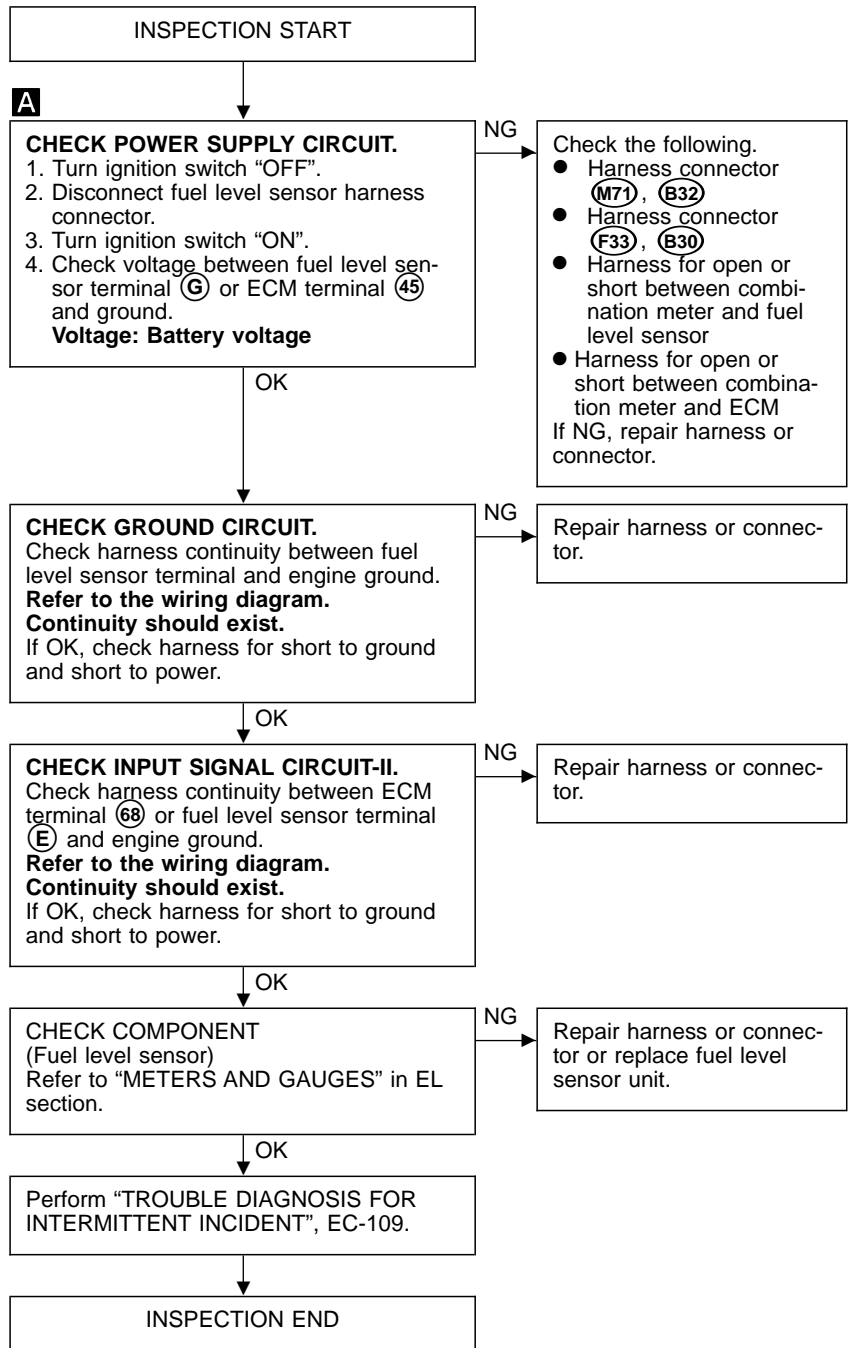
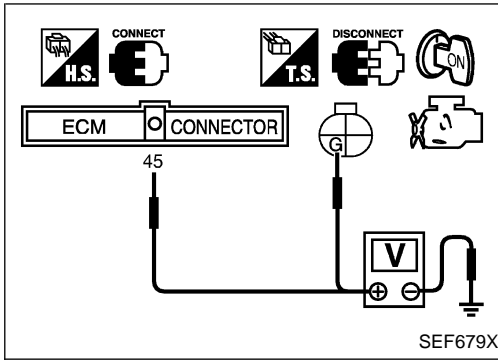
## Fuel Level Sensor Function (Slosh) (Cont'd)

EC-FLS-01



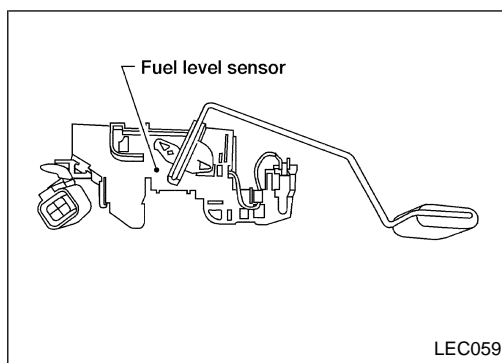
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0460

## Fuel Level Sensor Function (Slosh) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0461



## Fuel Level Sensor Function ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC LOGIC

Driving long distances naturally affects the fuel gauge level. This diagnosis detects the fuel gauge malfunction of the gauge not moving even after a long distance has been driven.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0461 0811	The output signal of the fuel level sensor does not change within the specified range.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The fuel level sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>● Fuel level sensor</li> </ul>

## OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the fuel level sensor function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

### WARNING:

When performing following procedure, be sure to observe the handling of the fuel. Refer to "WARNING" and "CAUTION", "Fuel Tank" in FE-4 section.

### TESTING CONDITION:

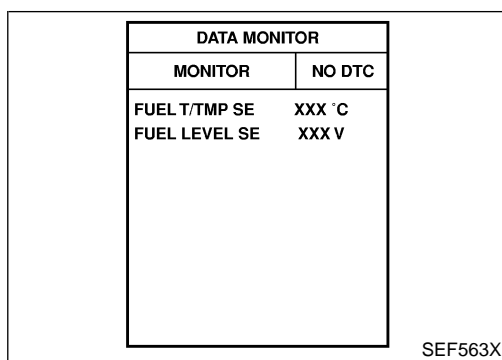
Before starting overall function check, preparation of draining fuel and refilling fuel is required.

### NOTE:

- Start from step 7) using CONSULT-II if it appears impossible to drain 30ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) or more.
- Be careful not to discharge battery when performing following procedure.

### PREPARATION:

- 1) Prepare a fuel container and a spare hose.
- 2) Release fuel pressure from fuel line, refer to "Fuel Pressure Release", EC-34.
- 3) Remove the fuel feed hose on the fuel level sensor unit.
- 4) Connect a spare fuel hose where the fuel feed hose was removed and the other side into the fuel container.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds then turn "ON".
- 2) Select "FUEL LEVEL SE" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
- 4) Select "FUEL PUMP" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.

### NOTE:

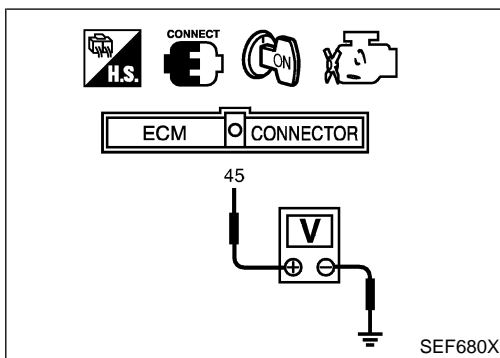
If "FUEL LEVEL SE" changes more than 0.03V which was noted at step 3), stop draining or refilling fuel because the test result will be OK.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0461

### Fuel Level Sensor Function (Cont'd)

- 5) Touch "ON" and drain approximately 30 liters (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) of fuel, and then stop it.
- 6) Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
- 7) Fill 30 liters (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) of fuel into the fuel tank.
- 8) Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and confirm whether the voltage changes more than 0.03V at step 5).

If NG, check component of fuel level sensor. Refer to "METERS AND GAUGES" in EL-86 section.



- OR
- 1) Turn ignition switch "OFF".
  - 2) Set voltmeters probe between ECM terminal ④⑤ (fuel level sensor output signal) and ground.
  - 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - 4) Check output voltage of fuel level sensor at ECM terminal ④⑤ and note it.

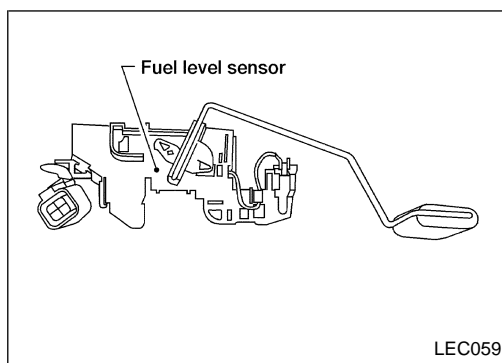
#### NOTE:

If "FUEL LEVEL SE" changes more than 0.03V which was noted at step 4), stop draining or refilling fuel because the test result will be OK.

- 5) Drain fuel by 30 (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) from the fuel tank using proper equipment.
- 6) Fill 30 liters (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) of fuel into the fuel tank.
- 7) Check the output voltage of fuel level sensor at ECM terminal that whether the voltage changes more than 0.03V at the step 4).

If NG, check component of fuel level sensor, refer to "METERS AND GAUGES" in EL-86 section.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0464



## Fuel Level Sensor Circuit

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the ECM.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other side is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC LOGIC

ECM receives two signals from the fuel level sensor.

One is between the level sensor and the combination meter, and the other is between the level sensor and the ground.

This diagnosis indicates the former to detect open or short circuit malfunction.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0464 0810	An excessively low or high voltage is sent from the sensor to ECM.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Fuel level sensor circuit (The fuel level sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Fuel level sensor</li> </ul>

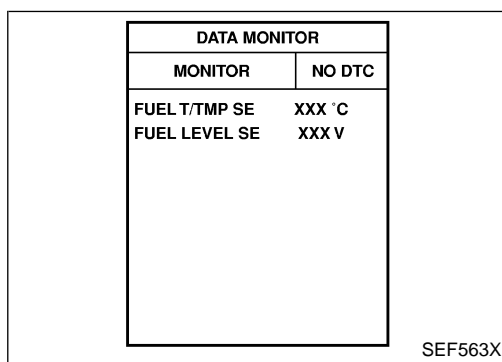
### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITIONS:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at ignition switch "ON".



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "Diagnostic Procedure", EC-328.

OR

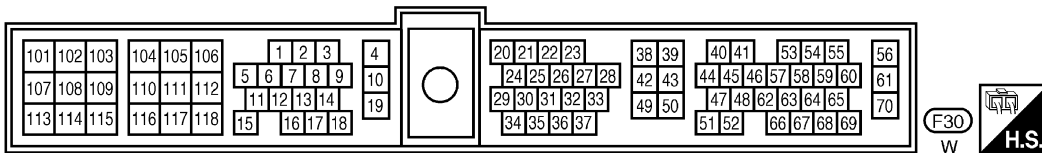
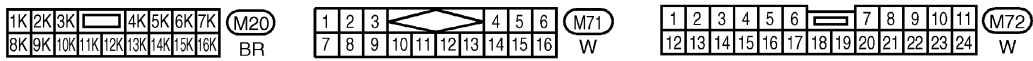
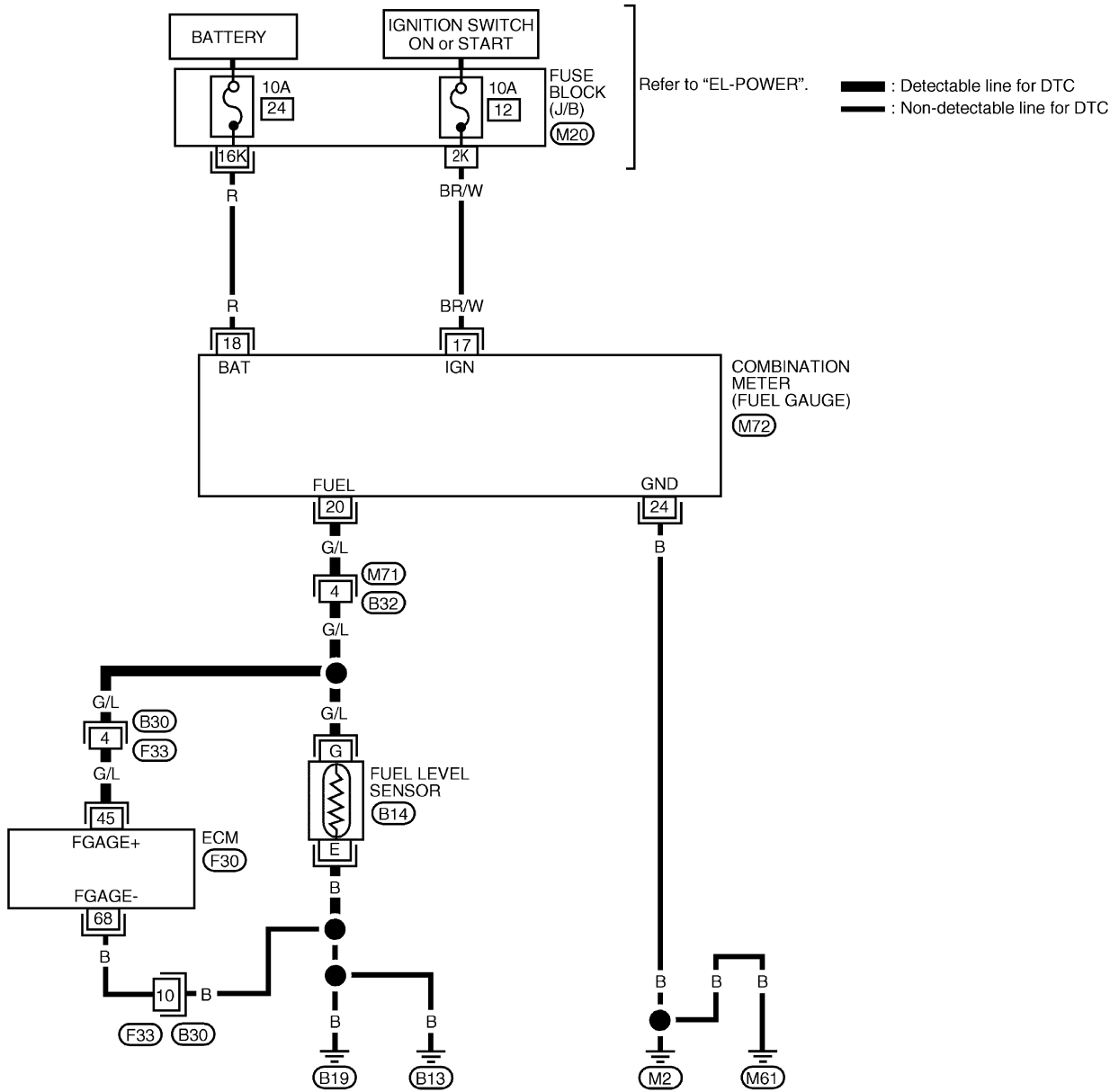


Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II".

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0464

## Fuel Level Sensor Circuit (Cont'd)

EC-FL2-01

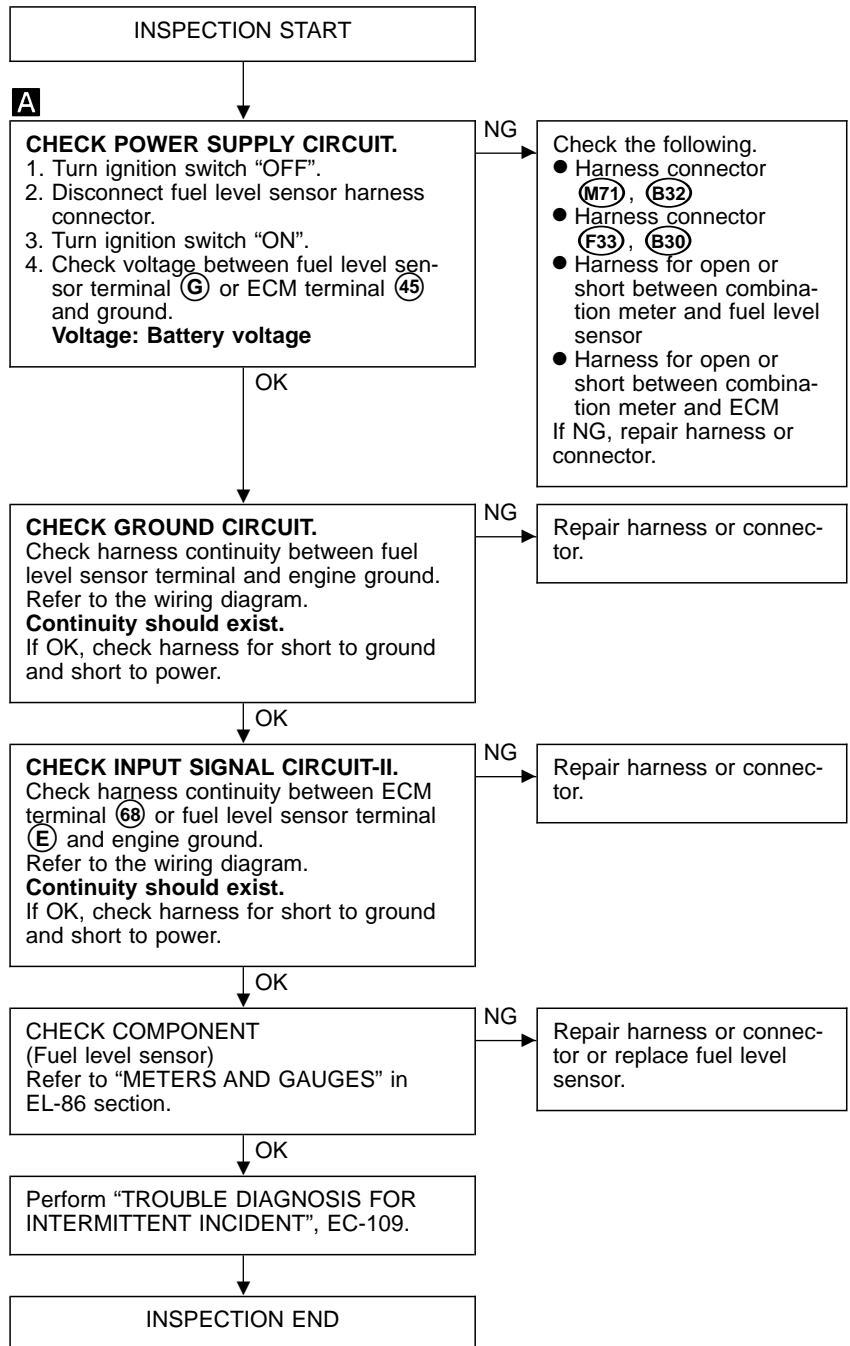
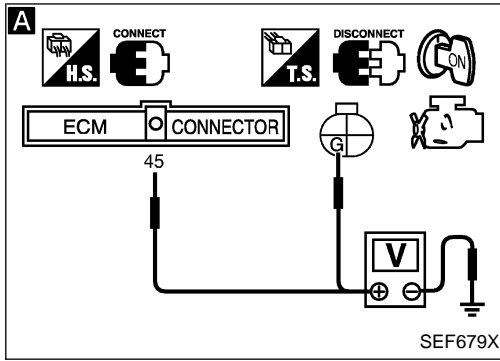


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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0464

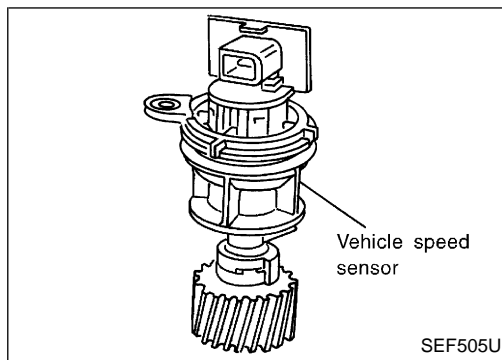
## Fuel Level Sensor Circuit (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE





# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0500



## Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vehicle speed sensor is installed in the transaxle. It contains a pulse generator which provides a vehicle speed signal to the speedometer. The speedometer then sends a signal to the ECM.

GI

MA

EM

LC

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
26	PU/R	Vehicle speed sensor	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Lift up the vehicle.</li> <li>— In 2nd gear position</li> <li>— 40 km/h (25 MPH)</li> </ul>	4 - 7V (V)

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

SEF642U

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0500 0104	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● The almost 0 km/h (0 MPH) signal from vehicle speed sensor is sent to ECM even when vehicle is being driven.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connector (The vehicle speed sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Vehicle speed sensor</li> </ul>

FA

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ST

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HA

EL

IDX

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0500

### Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### CAUTION:

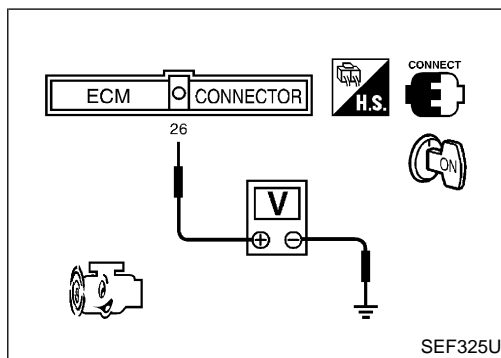
- Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

##### TESTING CONDITION:

Step 1 and 2 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec
PW/ST SIGNAL	OFF
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h

PEF199V



- 1) Start engine
- 2) Read vehicle speed sensor signal in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. The vehicle speed on CONSULT-II should exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position.  
If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-332.  
If OK, go to following step.
- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4) Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.
- 5) Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.  
**CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,800 - 3,450 rpm (A/T)**  
**1,850 - 3,500 rpm (M/T)**  
**COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F)**  
**B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.3 - 4.5 msec (A/T)**  
**2.0 - 5.3 msec (M/T)**  
**Selector lever: Suitable position**  
**PW/ST SIGNAL: OFF**
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-332.

#### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP canister vent control valve circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

- 1) Jack up drive wheels.
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Read vehicle speed sensor signal in "MODE 1" with GST.  
The vehicle speed sensor on GST should be able to exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-332.

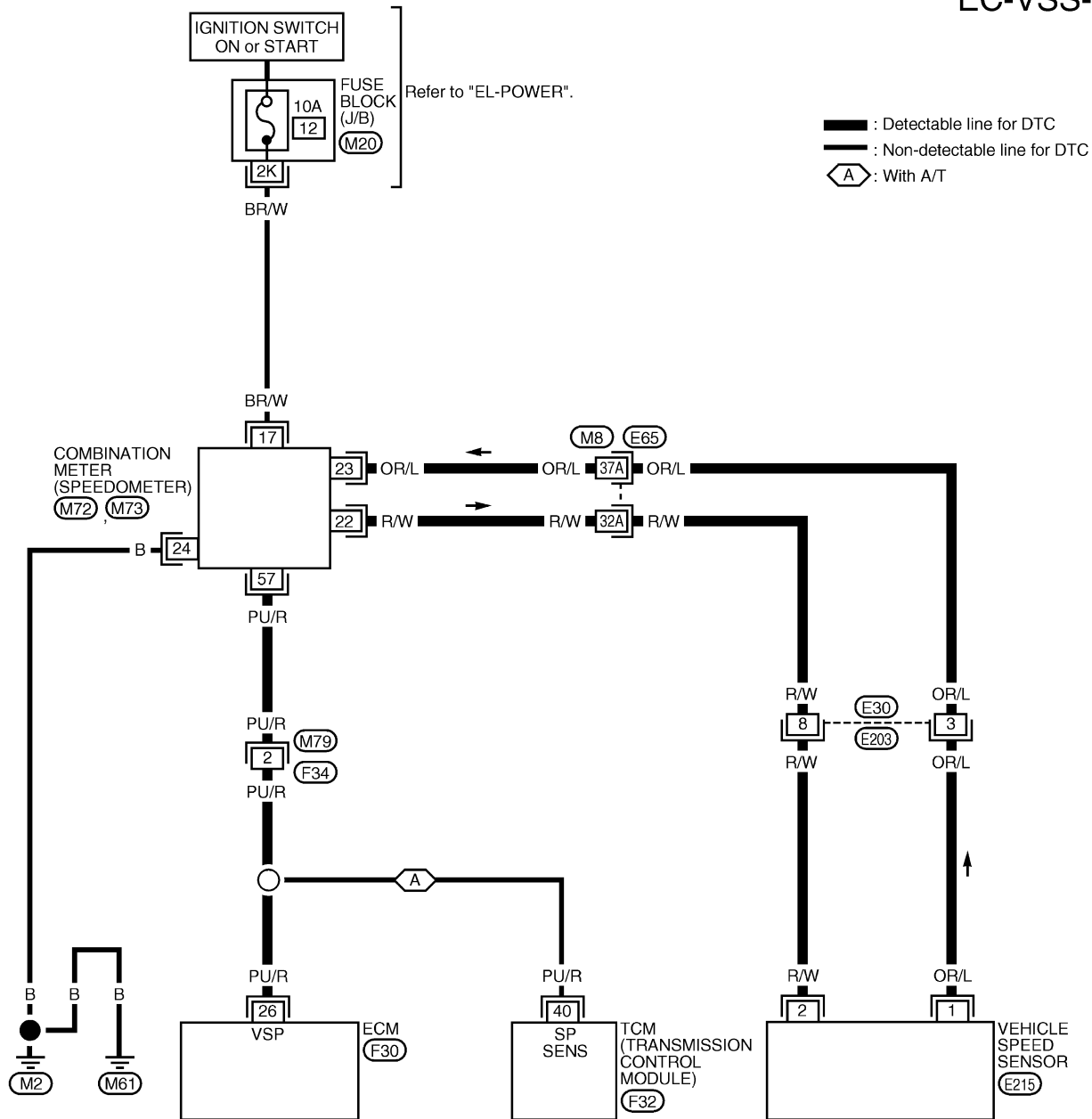
OR

- 1) Jack up drive wheels.
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Read the voltage signal between ECM terminal ② (Vehicle speed sensor signal) and ground with oscilloscope.
- 4) Verify that the oscilloscope screen shows the signal wave as shown at "ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE" on the previous page.
- 5) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-332.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0500

## Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd)

EC-VSS-01



1K	2K	3K	4K	5K	6K	7K	(M20)		
8K	9K	10K	11K	12K	13K	14K	15K	16K	BR

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	(M72)	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	(M73)				
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	W	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	BR

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	(M79)				
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	W

1	2	3	4	5	(E203)
6	7	8	9	GY	

1	(E215)
2	GY

Refer to the following.

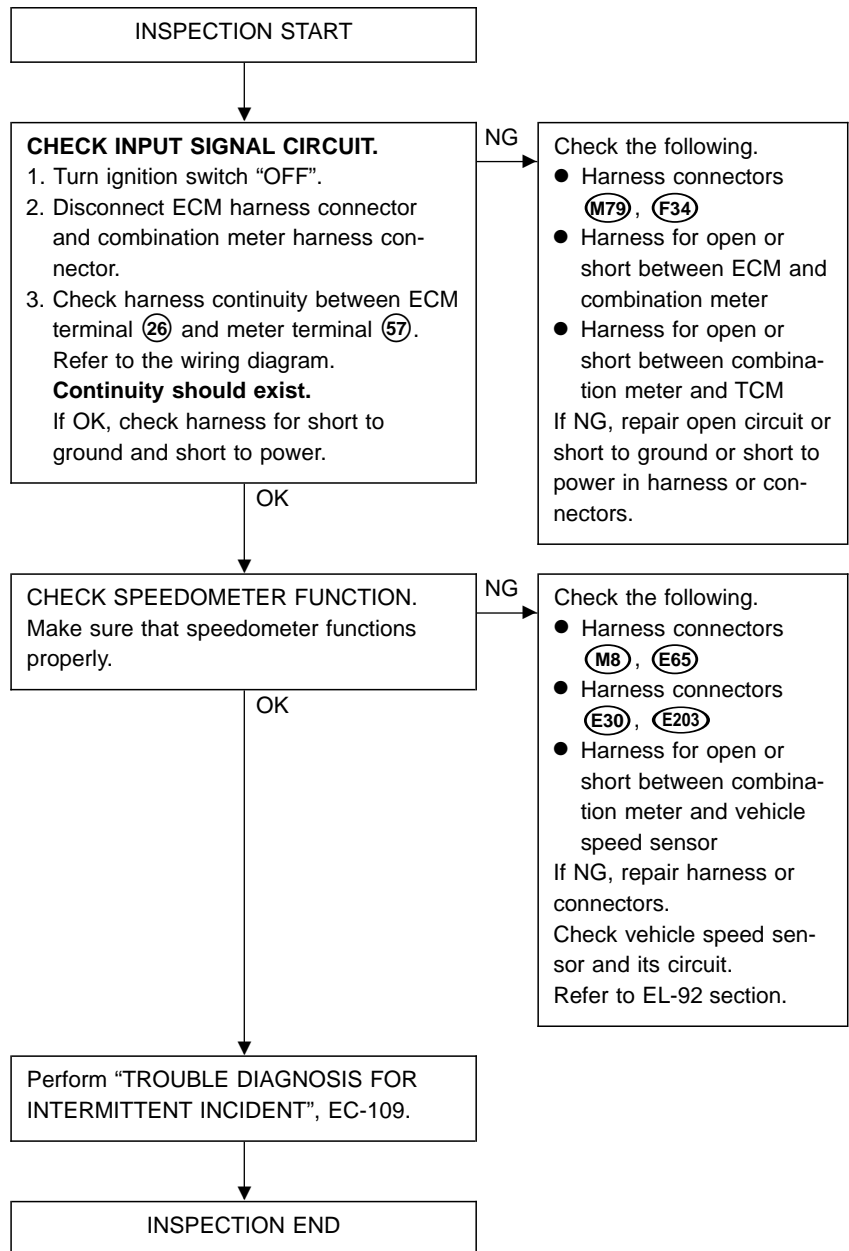
- (M8), (E65) SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ).
- (F30) ELECTRICAL UNITS
- (F32) ELECTRICAL UNITS

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0500

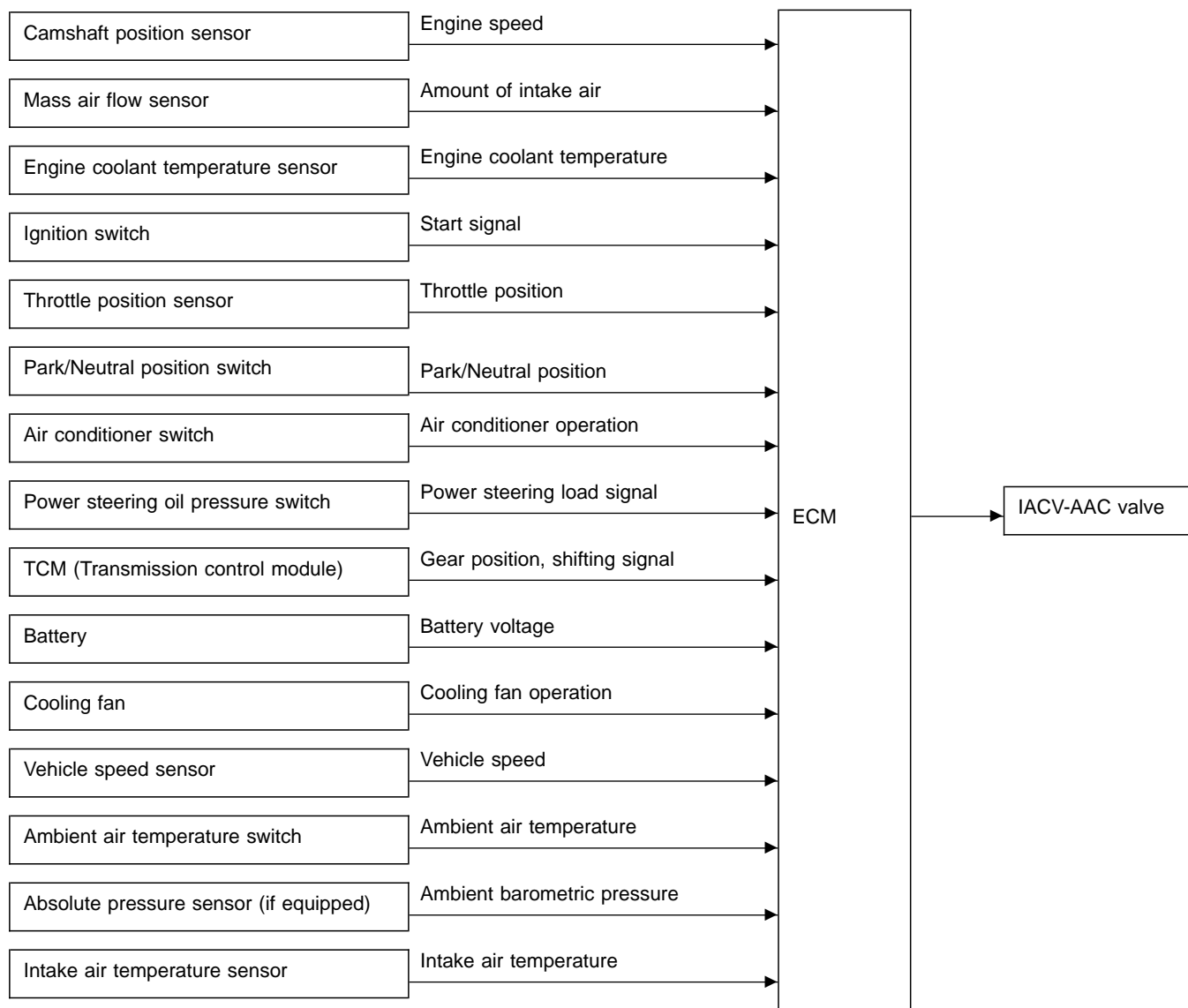
## Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



## Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve

### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system automatically controls engine idle speed to a specified level. Idle speed is controlled through fine adjustment of the amount of air which bypasses the throttle valve via IACV-AAC valve. The IACV-AAC valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The camshaft position sensor detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM. The ECM then controls the ON/OFF time of the IACV-AAC valve so that engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warm up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner and power steering).

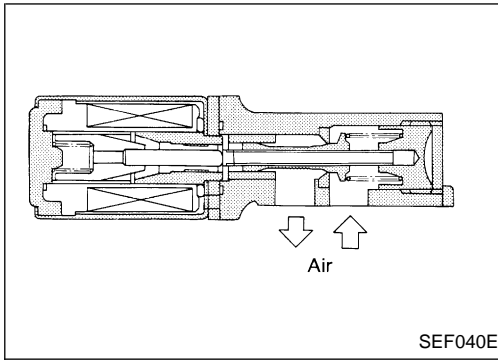
## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0505

### Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

##### IACV-AAC valve

The IACV-AAC valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of air that will flow through the valve. The more air that flows through the valve, the higher the idle speed.



#### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
IACV-AAC/V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> <li>● Air conditioner switch: "OFF"</li> <li>● Shift lever: "N"</li> <li>● No-load</li> </ul>	Idle
		2,000 rpm
		Approx. 20%
		—

#### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and Ⓞ(ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
101	SB	IACV-AAC valve	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	Approximately 12V 
			<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">Engine is running.</div> (Warm-up condition) └ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	1 - 12V 

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0505 0205	A) The IACV-AAC valve does not operate properly. ..... B) The IACV-AAC valve does not operate properly.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The IACV-AAC valve circuit is open.)</li> <li>● IACV-AAC valve</li> <li>● Harness or connectors (The IACV-AAC valve circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>● IACV-AAC valve</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0505

### Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### NOTE:


If “DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE” has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch “OFF” and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.


Perform “Procedure for malfunction A” first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform “Procedure for malfunction B”.


DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

PEF002P

#### Procedure for malfunction A

-  1) Turn ignition switch “ON”.  
2) Select “DATA MONITOR” mode with CONSULT-II.  
3) Wait at least 2 seconds.  
4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to “DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE”, EC-338.


- OR
-  1) Turn ignition switch “ON” and wait at least 2 seconds.  
2) Select “MODE 7” with GST.  
3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to “DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE”, EC-338.


- OR
-  1) Turn ignition switch “ON” and wait at least 2 seconds.  
2) Turn ignition switch “OFF”, wait at least 5 seconds and then turn “ON”.  
3) Perform “Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)” with ECM.  
4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to “DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE”, EC-338.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
INT/A TEMP/S	XXX °C

PEF609W

#### Procedure for malfunction B

-  1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.  
2) Turn ignition switch “OFF” and wait at least 5 seconds.  
3) Turn ignition switch “ON” again and select “DATA MONITOR” mode with CONSULT-II.  
4) Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.  
5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to “DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE”, EC-338.

- OR
-  1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.  
2) Turn ignition switch “OFF” and wait at least 5 seconds.  
3) Start engine again and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.  
4) Select “MODE 7” with GST.  
5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to “DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE”, EC-338.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0505

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### Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

OR



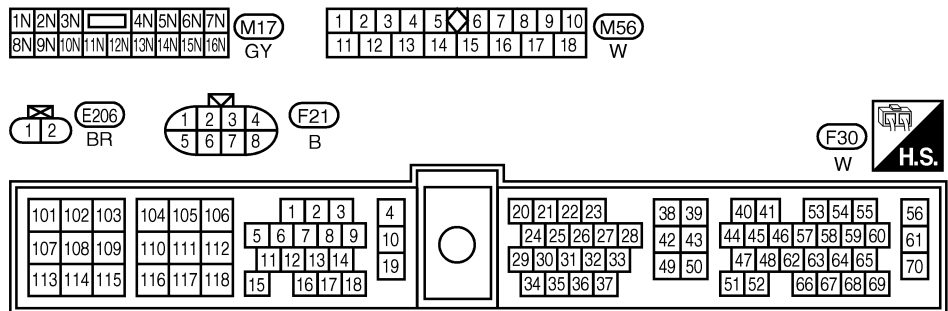
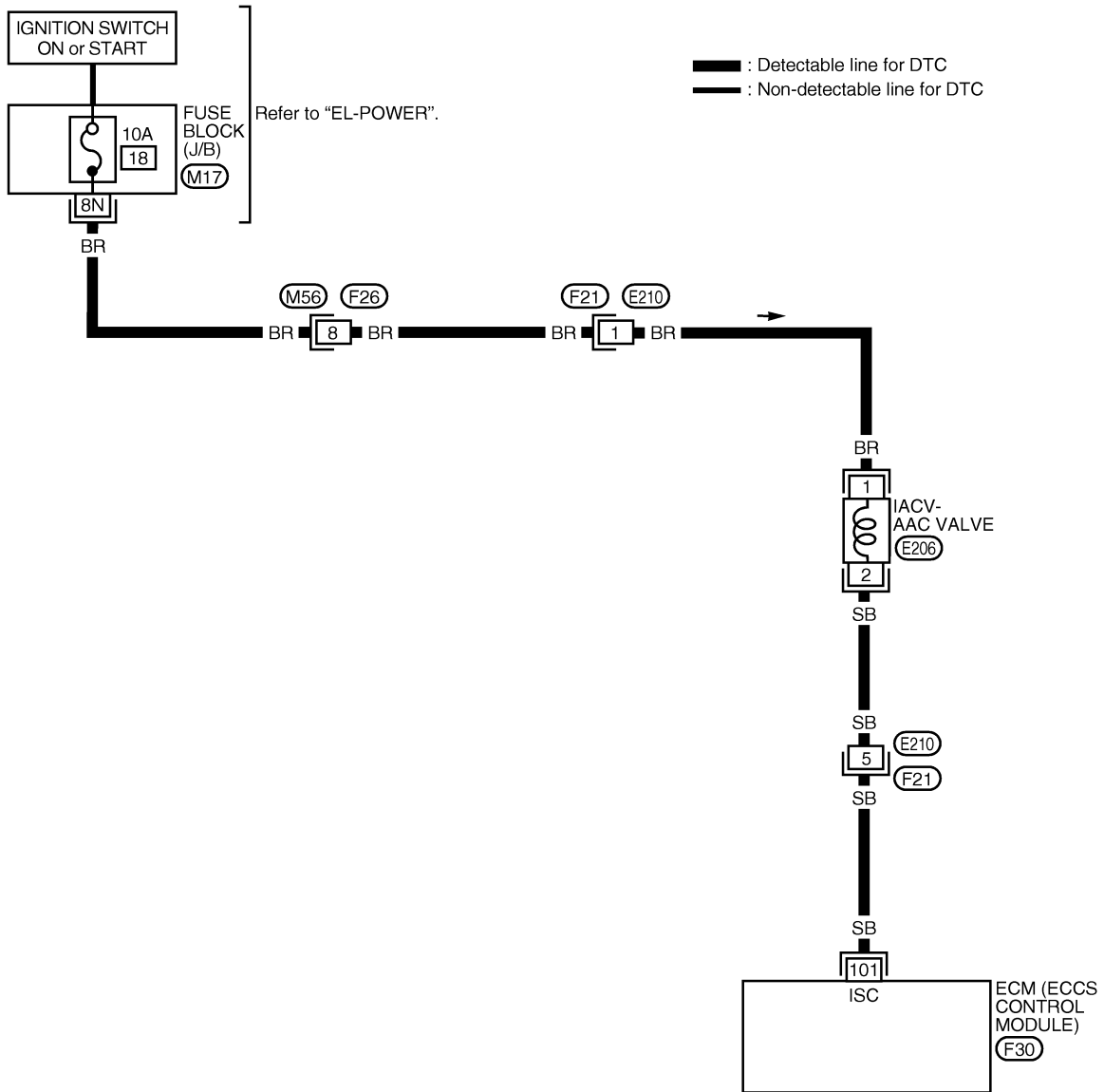
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine again and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-338.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0505

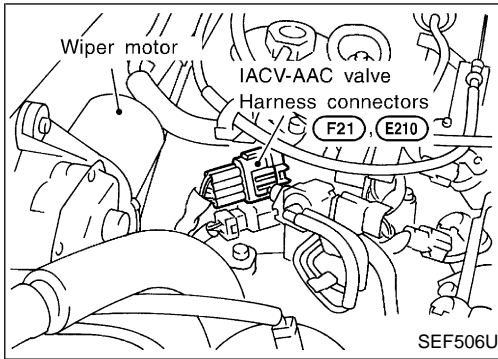
## Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd)

EC-AAC/V-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0505

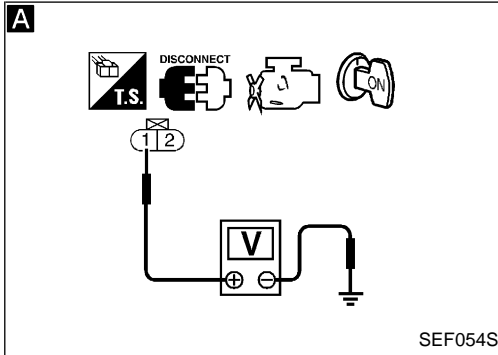
## Idle Air Control Valve (IACV) — Auxiliary Air Control (AAC) Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

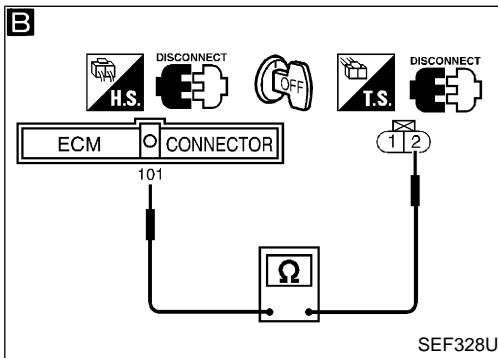
**A**  
**CHECK POWER SUPPLY.**  
1. Stop engine.  
2. Disconnect IACV-AAC valve harness connector.  
3. Turn ignition switch "ON".  
4. Check voltage between terminal ① and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.  
**Voltage: Battery voltage**

NG → Check the following.  
 ● Harness connectors (M56), (F26)  
 ● Harness connectors (F21), (E210)  
 ● 10A fuse  
 ● Harness for open or short between IACV-AAC valve harness connector and fuse  
 If NG, repair harness or connectors.



**B**  
**CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.**  
1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.  
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal ① and terminal ②.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Check the following.  
 ● Harness connectors (E210), (F21)  
 ● Harness for open or short between IACV-AAC valve and ECM  
 If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



CHECK COMPONENT (IACV-AAC valve). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" below.

NG → Replace IACV-AAC valve.

OK → Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

INSPECTION END

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### IACV-AAC valve

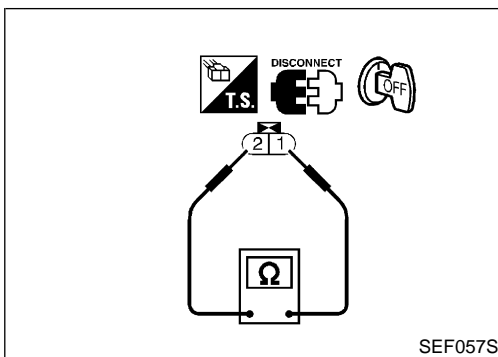
Disconnect IACV-AAC valve harness connector.

- Check IACV-AAC valve resistance.

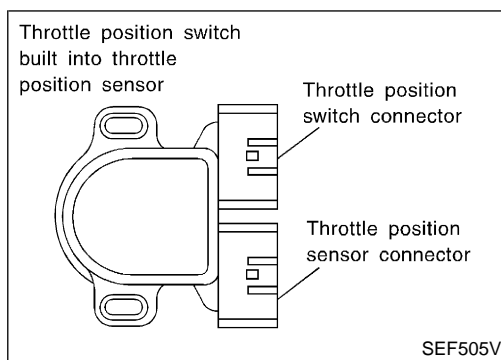
**Resistance:**

**Approximately 10Ω [at 20°C (68°F)]**

- Check plunger for seizing or sticking.
- Check for broken spring.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510



## Closed Throttle Position Switch

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

A closed throttle position switch and wide open throttle position switch are built into the throttle position sensor unit. The wide open throttle position switch is used only for A/T control. When the throttle valve is in the closed position, the closed throttle position switch sends a voltage signal to the ECM. The ECM only uses this signal to open or close the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve when the throttle position sensor is malfunctioning.

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### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
27	Y	Throttle position switch (Closed position)	Ignition switch "ON" (Warm-up condition) └ Accelerator pedal fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Ignition switch "ON" └ Accelerator pedal depressed	Approximately 0V

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0510 0203	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Battery voltage from the closed throttle position switch is sent to ECM with the throttle valve opened.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Harness or connectors (The closed throttle position switch circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Closed throttle position switch</li> <li>Throttle position sensor</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510

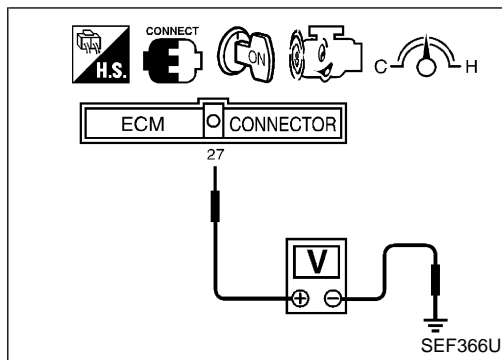
### Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### CAUTION:

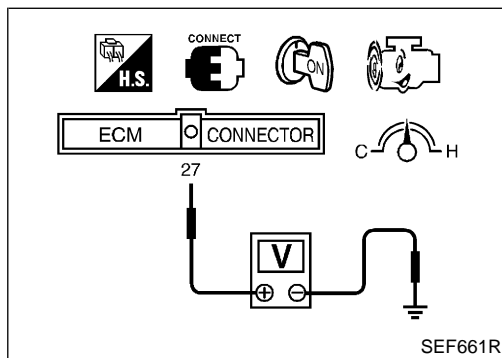
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
THRT POS SEN	XXX V



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check voltage between ECM terminal ②7 and ground under the following conditions.

**At idle: Battery voltage**

**At 2,000 rpm: 0 - 1V**

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-342.

If OK, go to following step.

- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II at the start of the test.
- 4) Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following condition.

**THRTL POS SEN: More than 2.5V**

**VHCL SPEED SE: More than 4 km/h (2 MPH)**

**Selector lever: Suitable position**

**Driving pattern: Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.**

- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-342.

OR

### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the closed throttle position switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Check the voltage between ECM terminal ②7 and ground under the following conditions.

**At idle: Battery voltage**

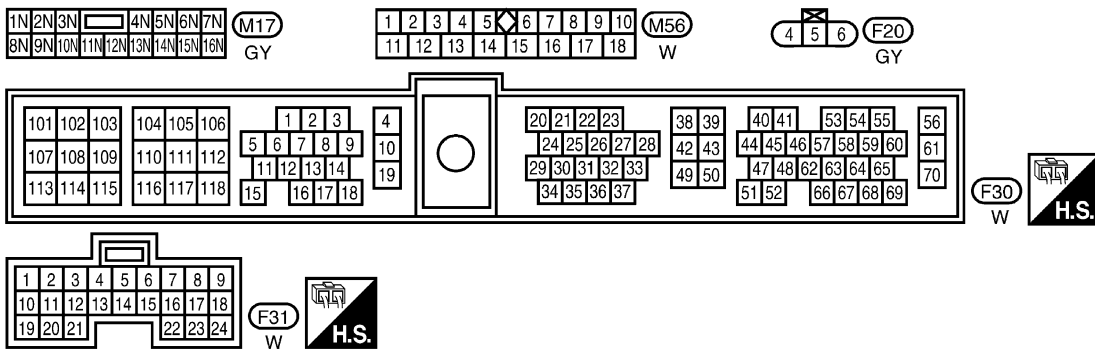
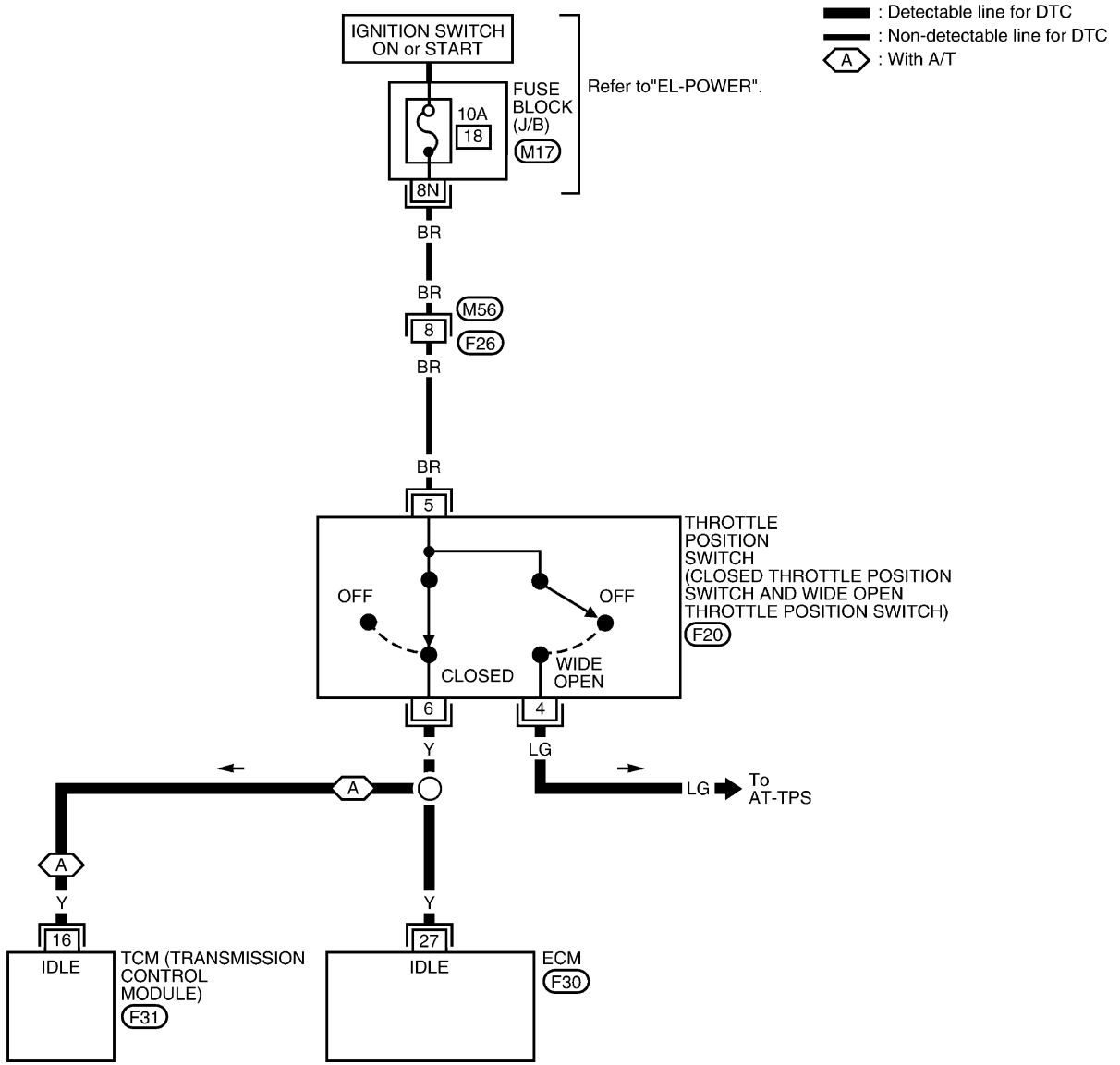
**At 2,000 rpm: Approximately 0V**

- 3) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-342.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510

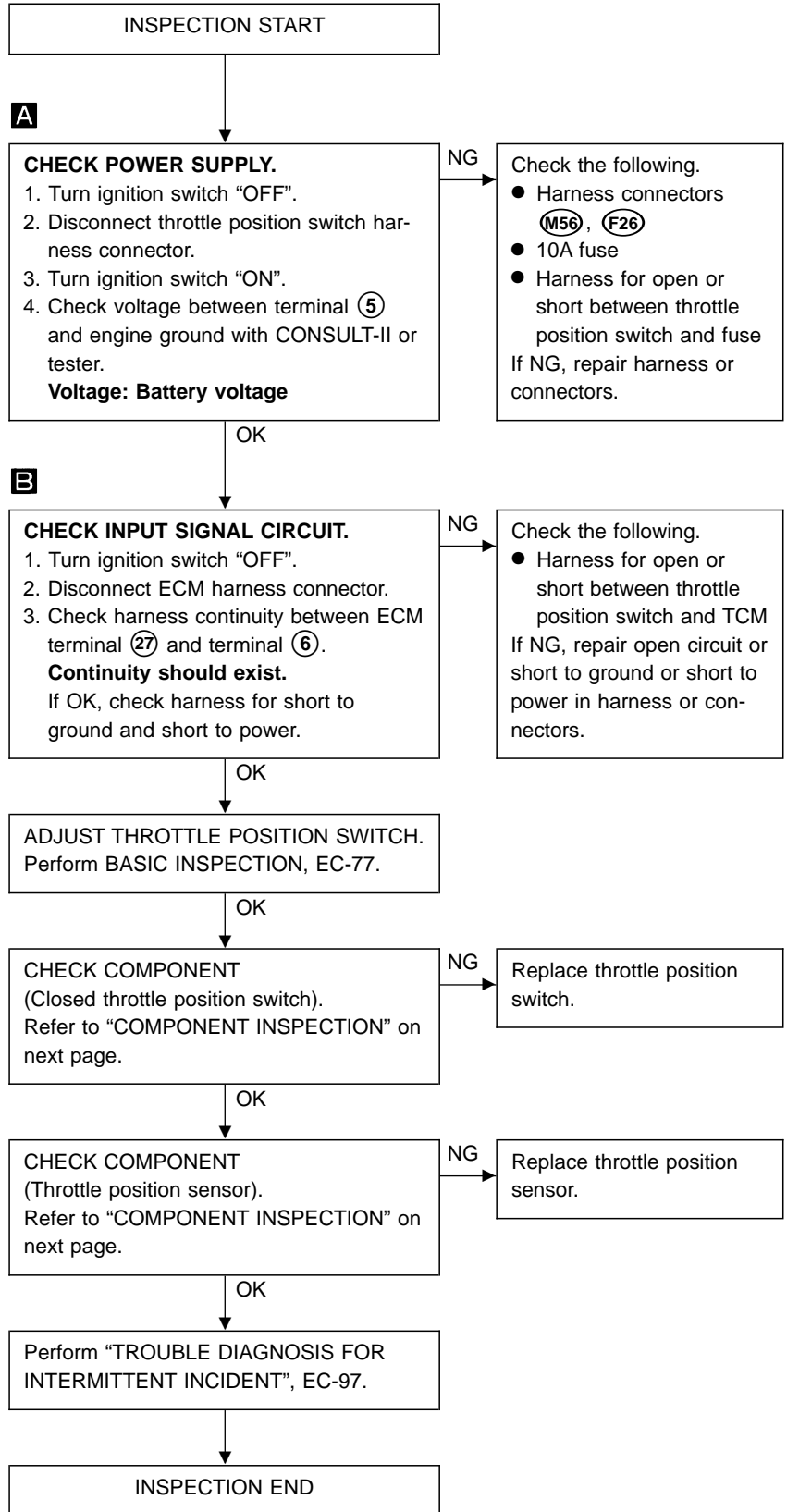
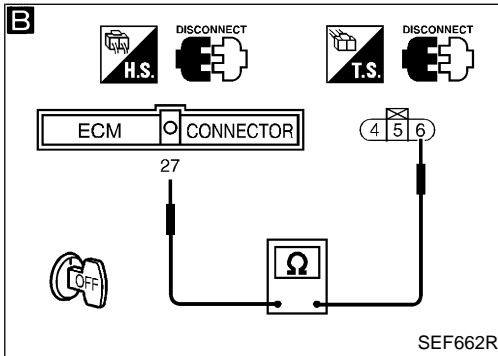
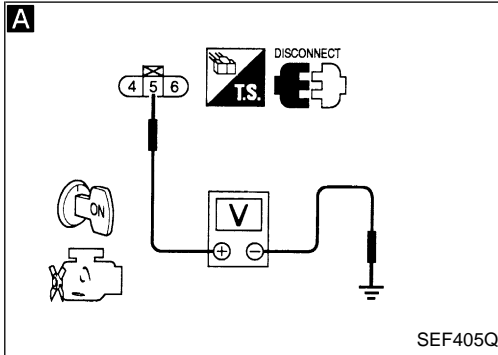
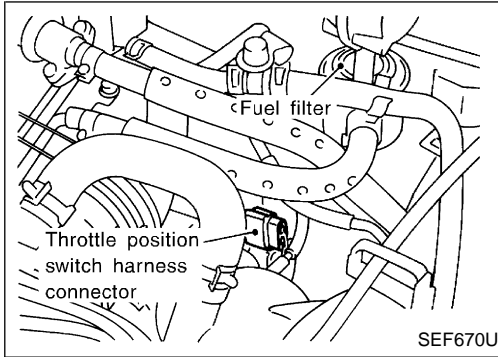
## Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd)

EC-TP/SW-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510

## Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510

### Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Closed throttle position switch



1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".
3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
4. Check indication of "CLSD THL/P SW".

**Measurement must be made with closed throttle position switch installed in vehicle.**

Throttle valve conditions	CLSD THL/P SW
Completely closed	ON
Partially open or completely open	OFF

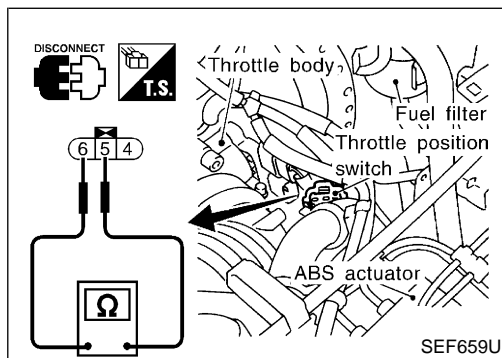
If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-84.

5. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace closed throttle position switch.

OR

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
CLSD THL/P SW	ON

PEF766W



1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
3. Disconnect closed throttle position switch harness connector.
4. Check continuity between terminals ⑤ and ⑥.

**Resistance measurement must be made with closed throttle position switch installed in vehicle.**

Throttle valve conditions	Continuity
Completely closed	Yes
Partially open or completely open	No

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-84.

5. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace closed throttle position switch.

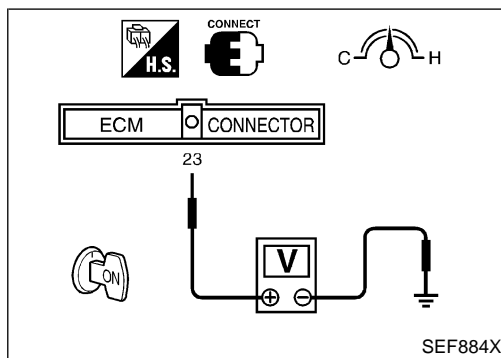
## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510

### Closed Throttle Position Switch (Cont'd)

#### Throttle position sensor

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

PEF765W



1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".
3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
4. Check voltage of "THRTL POS SEN".

**Voltage measurement must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.**

Throttle valve conditions	Voltage (V)
Completely closed	0.15 - 0.85 (a)
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)
Completely open	3.5 - 4.7 (b)

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-84.

5. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace throttle position sensor.

OR



1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Stop engine and turn ignition switch "ON".
3. Check voltage between ECM terminal ②③ (Throttle position sensor signal) and ground.

**Voltage measurement must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.**

Throttle valve conditions	Voltage (V)
Completely closed	0.15 - 0.85 (a)
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)
Completely open	3.5 - 4.7 (b)

If NG, adjust closed throttle position switch. Refer to "Basic Inspection", EC-84.

4. If it is impossible to adjust closed throttle position switch in "Basic Inspection", replace throttle position sensor.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0600

## A/T Control

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

These circuit lines are used to control the smooth shifting up and down of A/T during the hard acceleration/ deceleration.

Voltage signals are exchanged between ECM and TCM (Transmission control module).

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3(ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	Y/B	A/T signal No. 1	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. └ Idle speed	6 - 8V
29	Y/G	A/T signal No. 2	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running. └ Idle speed	6 - 8V
30	Y/R	A/T signal No. 3	Ignition switch "ON"	0V

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Item (Possible Cause)
P0600*	● ECM receives incorrect voltage from TCM (Transmission control module) continuously.	● Harness or connectors (The circuit between ECM and TCM is open or shorted.)

\*: This DTC can be detected only by "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" with CONSULT-II.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm

PEF190P

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

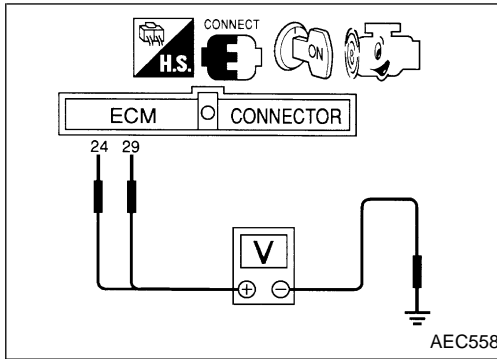
If "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Start engine and race more than 1,000 rpm once, then let it idle for more than 40 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-348.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0600

### A/T Control (Cont'd)



### OR OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK



Use this procedure to check the overall function of the A/T control. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Check voltage between  
ECM terminal ②④ and ground.  
ECM terminal ②⑨ and ground.

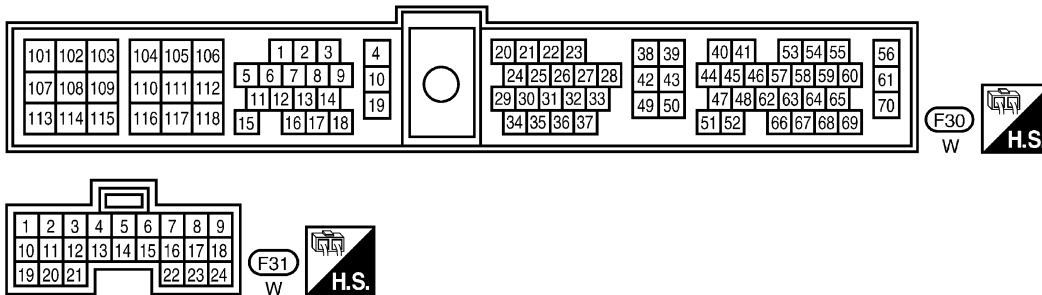
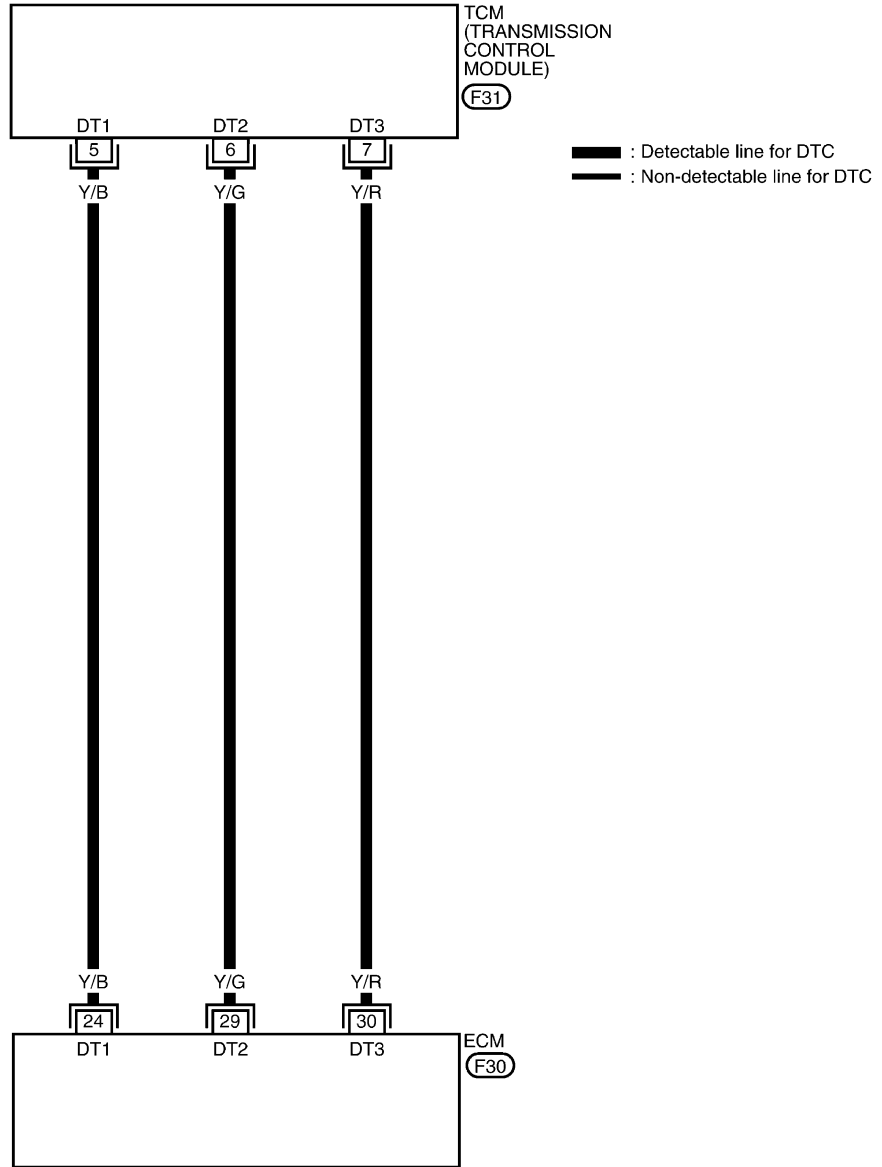
**Voltage: Approximately 7V**

4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-348.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0600

## A/T Control (Cont'd)

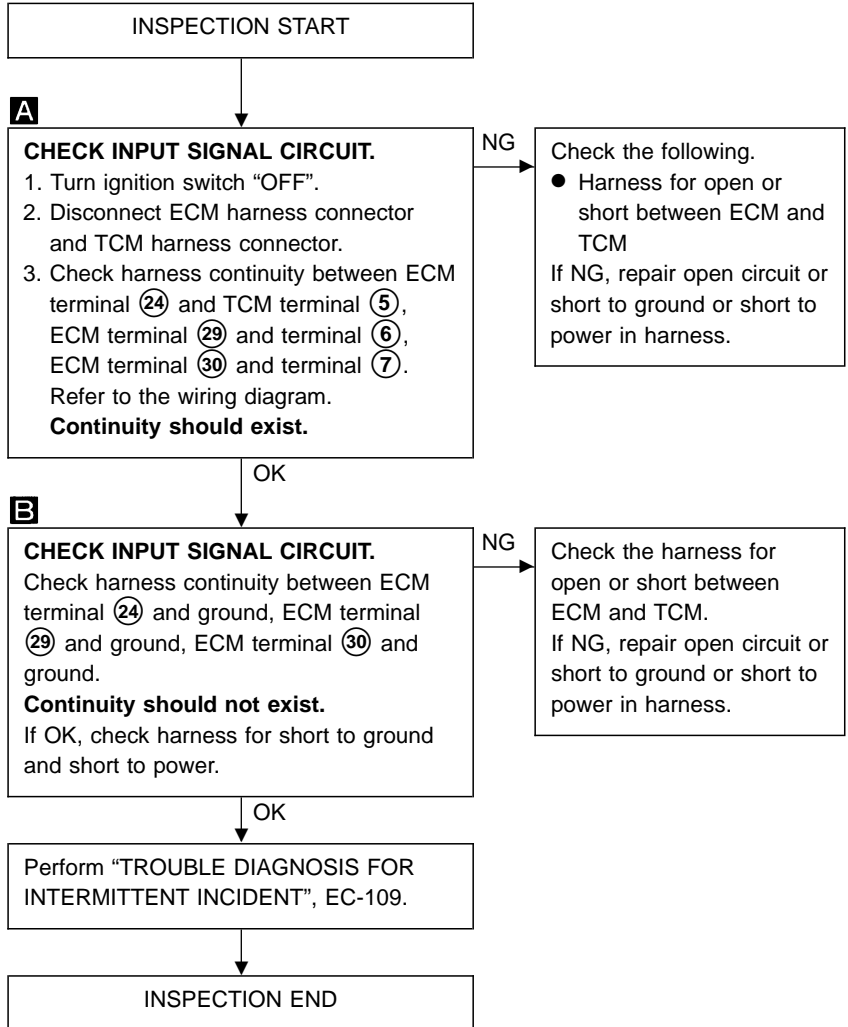
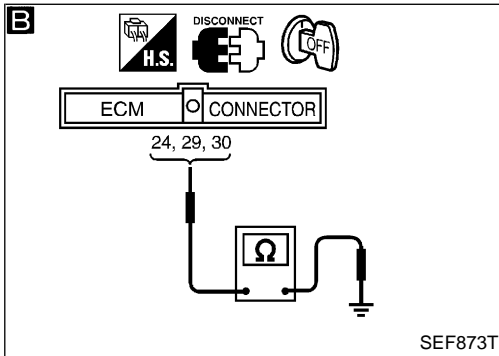
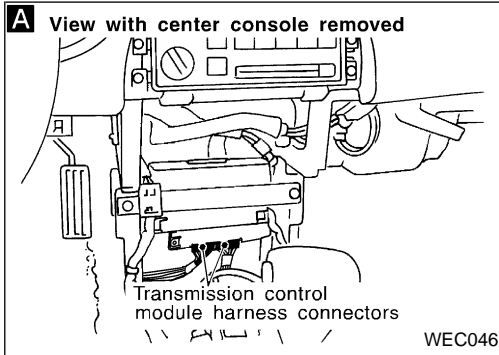
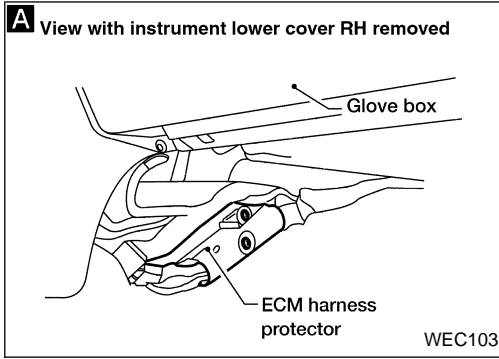
EC-AT/C-01



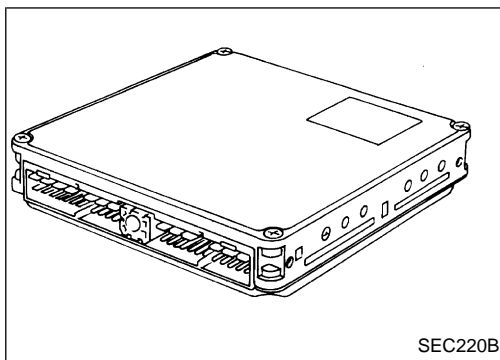
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0600

## A/T Control (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0605



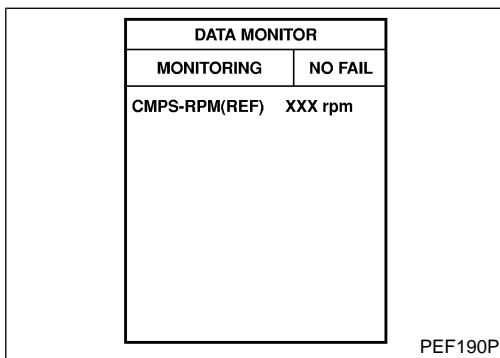
## Engine Control Module (ECM)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The ECM consists of a microcomputer, diagnostic test mode selector, and connectors for signal input and output and for power supply. The unit controls the engine.

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Item (Possible Cause)
P0605 0301	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ECM calculation function is malfunctioning.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ECM</li> </ul>



### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Run engine for at least 30 seconds at idle speed.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-350.

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Run engine for at least 30 seconds at idle speed.
- 4) Select "Mode 7" with GST.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-350.

OR

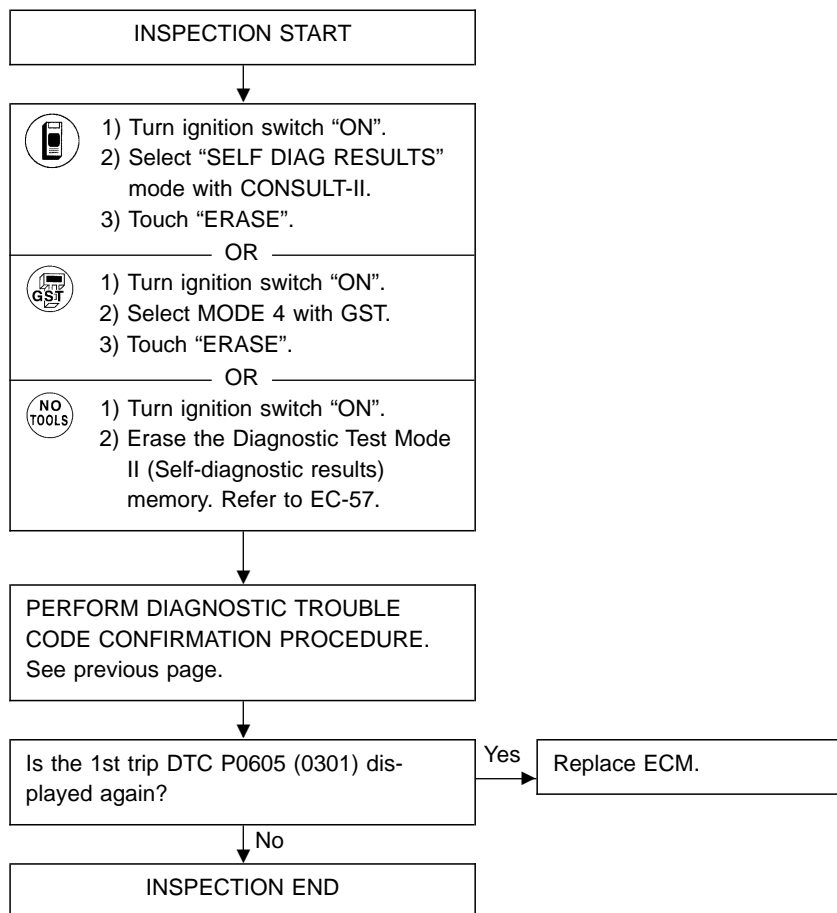


- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and wait at least 30 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-350.

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0605

## Engine Control Module (ECM) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1126

## Thermostat Function

### DIAGNOSTIC LOGIC

Even though the engine has been driven sufficiently to raise the engine coolant temperature, the engine coolant temperature is not raised to the specified temperature due to the thermostat having a leaking seal or being stuck open.

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Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Item (Possible Cause)
P1126 1306	The engine coolant temperature does not reach to specified temperature.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Thermostat function</li> <li>● Leakage from sealing portion of thermostat</li> <li>● Engine coolant temperature sensor</li> </ul>

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If “DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE” has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch “OFF” and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

- For best results, perform at ambient temperature of  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $14^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) or higher.
- For best results, perform at engine coolant temperature of  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $60^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $14$  to  $140^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
COOLANT TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF168V



- 1) Replace the thermostat with a new one. Refer to “Thermostat”, “ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM” in LC-13 section. Use only a genuine NISSAN thermostat as a replacement. If an incorrect thermostat is used, the MIL may come on.
- 2) Turn ignition switch “ON”.
- 3) Select “COOLANT TEMP/S” in data monitor mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4) Check that the “COOLANT TEMP/S” is above  $60^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $140^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).  
If it is below  $60^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $140^{\circ}\text{F}$ ), go to the following step.  
If it is above  $60^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $140^{\circ}\text{F}$ ), stop engine and cool down the engine to less than  $60^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $140^{\circ}\text{F}$ ), then retry from step 2).
- 5) Drive vehicle for 10 consecutive minutes in the following conditions.

**VHCL SPEED SE: 80 km/h to 120 km/h (75 MPH)**  
If 1st trip DTC is detected, CHECK COMPONENT INSPECTION of ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR, EC-140.

OR



Follow the above procedure “With CONSULT-II”.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1148

## Closed Loop Control

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

★ The closed loop control has the one trip detection logic.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1148 0307	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● The closed loop control function does not operate even when vehicle is driving in the specified condition.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● The front heated oxygen sensor circuit is open or shorted.</li> <li>● Front heated oxygen sensor</li> <li>● Front heated oxygen sensor heater</li> </ul>

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec
ABSOL PRES/SE	XXX V

PEF127V

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

**CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

**NOTE:**

If “DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE” has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch “OFF” and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

**TESTING CONDITION:**

- Never raise engine speed above 3,600 rpm during the “DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE”. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 1).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Select “DATA MONITOR” mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm.
- 4) While holding engine speed at 2,000 rpm, check the following.
  - “FR O2 SENSOR” voltage should go above 0.7V at least once.
  - “FR O2 SENSOR” voltage should go below 0.21V at least once.
- 5) Let engine idle at least 3 minutes.
- 6) Maintain the following condition at least 50 consecutive seconds.

**B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.5 ms or more**



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1148

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### Closed Loop Control (Cont'd)

CMPS-RPM (REF): 2,000 - 3,500 rpm

Selector lever: Suitable position

VHCL SPEED SE: More than 70 km/h (43 MPH)

During this test, P0130 may be displayed on CONSULT-II screen.

- 7) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-354.

---

OR

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### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the closed loop control. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal ④⑥(sensor signal) and ④③(engine ground).
- 3) Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - The voltage should go above 0.7V at least once.
  - The voltage should go below 0.21V at least once.
- 4) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-354.

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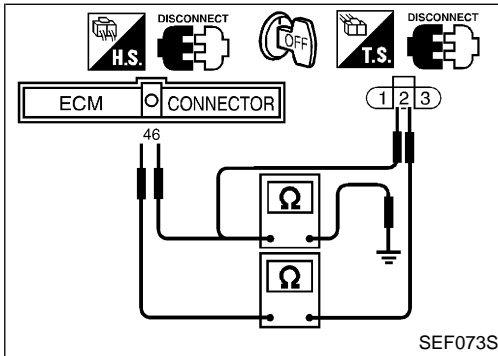
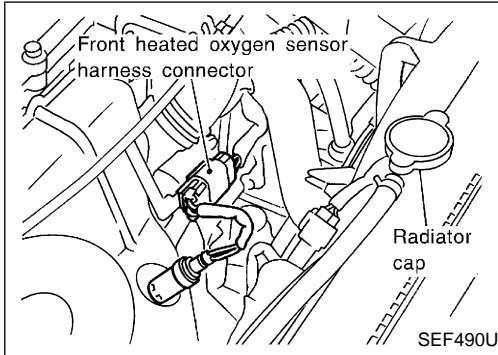
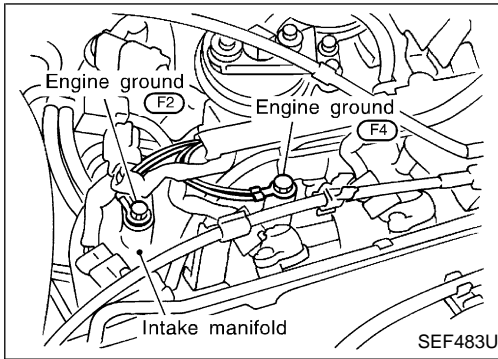
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1148

## Closed Loop Control (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

OK

1. Turn ignition switch "ON".  
2. Loosen and retighten engine ground screws.

OK

Loosen and retighten front heated oxygen sensor.  
**Tightening torque:**  
**40 - 50 N·m**  
**(4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)**

OK

**CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.**  
1. Disconnect front heated oxygen sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.  
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal (46) and terminal (2).  
**Continuity should exist.**  
3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal (46) (or terminal (2)) and ground.  
**Continuity should not exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

OK

**CHECK COMPONENT**  
(Front heated oxygen sensor heater).  
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-188.

NG → Replace front heated oxygen sensor.

OK

**CHECK COMPONENT**  
(Front heated oxygen sensor).  
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-188.

NG → Replace front heated oxygen sensor.

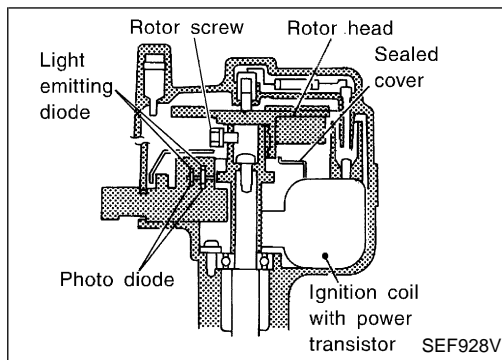
OK

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

OK

INSPECTION END

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1320



## Ignition Signal

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

#### Ignition coil & power transistor

The ignition coil is built into distributor. The ignition signal from the ECM is sent to the power transistor. The power transistor switches on and off the ignition coil primary circuit. As the primary circuit is turned on and off, the proper high voltage is induced in the coil secondary circuit.

The distributor is not repairable and must be replaced as an assembly except for the distributor cap and rotor head.

#### NOTE:

The rotor screw which secures distributor rotor head to the distributor shaft must be torqued properly.

: 3.3 - 3.9 N·m(0.34 - 0.40 kg-m, 29.5 - 34.7 in-lb)

### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
IGNITION SW	● Ignition switch: ON → OFF → ON		ON → OFF → ON
IGN TIMING	ditto	Idle	Approx. 12° BTDC
		2,000 rpm	More than 25° BTDC

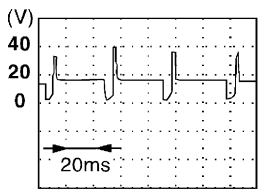
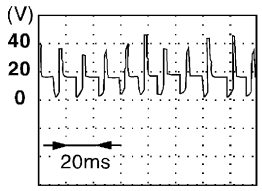
### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3(ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
1	W/B	Ignition signal	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	0.3 - 0.5V  SEF186T
			Engine is running. └ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	0.7 - 1.0V  SEF187T

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1320

## Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	OR/B	Ignition check	<p>Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)</p> <p>└ Idle speed</p>	<p>13 - 14V</p>  <p>SEF188T</p>
			<p>Engine is running.</p> <p>└ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.</p>	<p>12 - 13V</p>  <p>SEF189T</p>

## ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1320 0201	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The ignition signal in the primary circuit is not sent to ECM during engine cranking or running.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Harness or connectors (The ignition primary circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Power transistor unit.</li> <li>Resistor</li> <li>Camshaft position sensor</li> <li>Camshaft position sensor circuit</li> </ul>

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm

PEF190P

## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

### NOTE:

- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- If both DTC P0340 (0101) and P1320 (0201) are displayed, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0340 first. Refer to EC-261.



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" for at least 5 seconds.)
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-359.

OR



- Turn ignition switch "ON".
- Start engine. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" for at least 5 seconds.)
- Select MODE 7 with GST.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-359.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1320

### Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine. (If engine does not run, turn ignition switch to "START" for at least 5 seconds.)
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds, then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-359.

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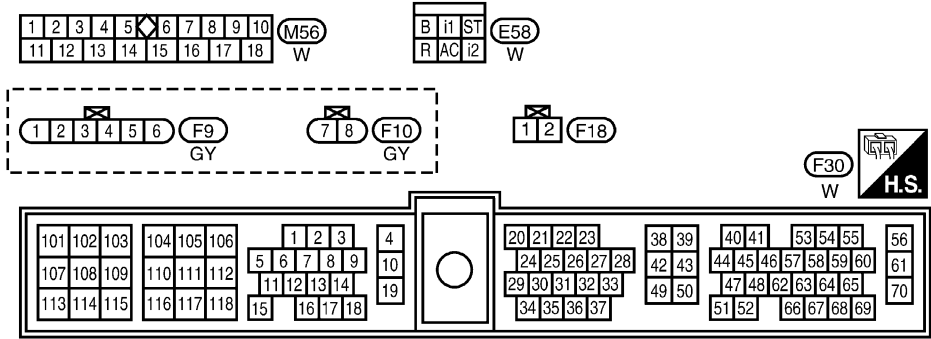
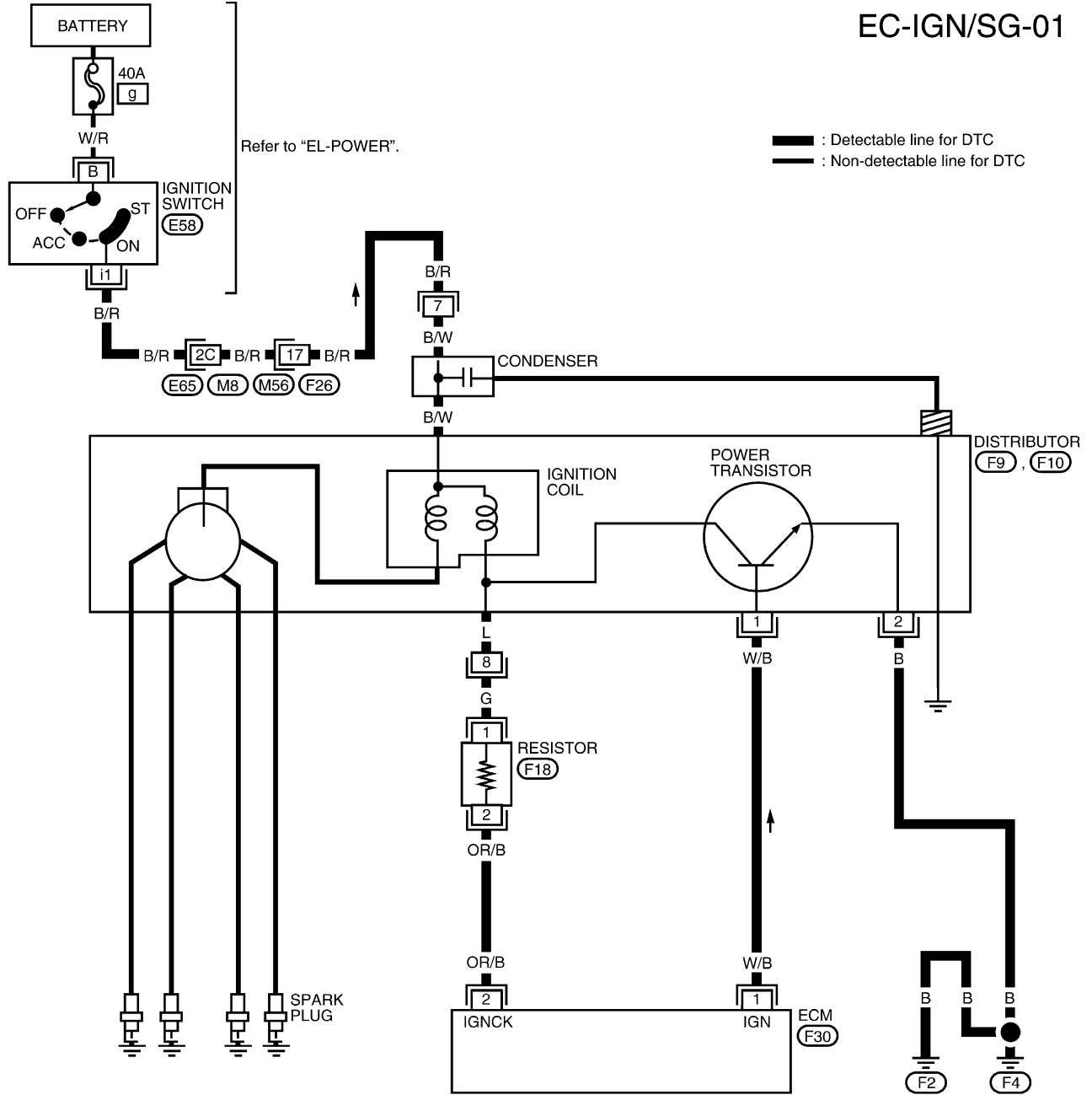
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1320

## Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

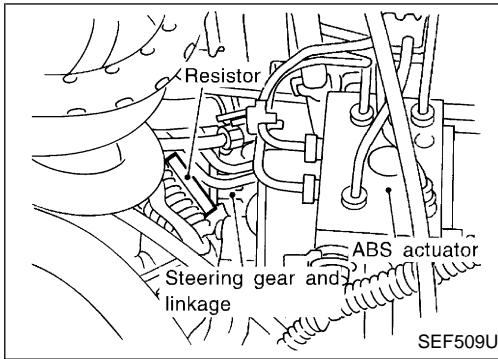
EC-IGN/SG-01



Refer to the following.  
**(M8)**, **(E65)** SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ).

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1320

## Ignition Signal (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



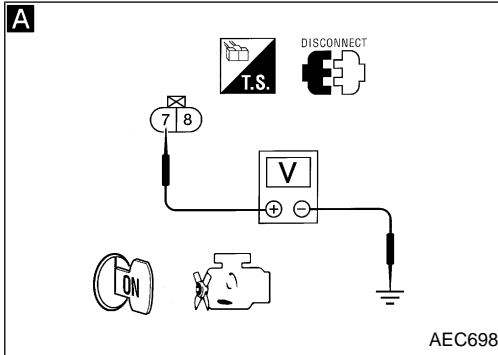
INSPECTION START

Turn ignition switch "OFF", and restart engine.  
**Is engine running?**

Yes → **A** (Go to next page.)

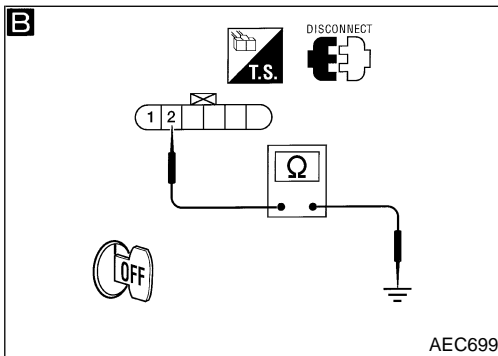
**A**  
**CHECK POWER SUPPLY.**  
1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".  
2. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.  
3. Turn ignition switch "ON".  
4. Check voltage between terminal ⑦ and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.  
**Voltage: Battery voltage**

NG → Check the following.  
● Harness connectors  
● Harness connectors (E65, M8)  
● Harness connectors (M56, F26)  
● Harness for open or short between ignition coil and ignition switch  
If NG, repair harness or connectors.



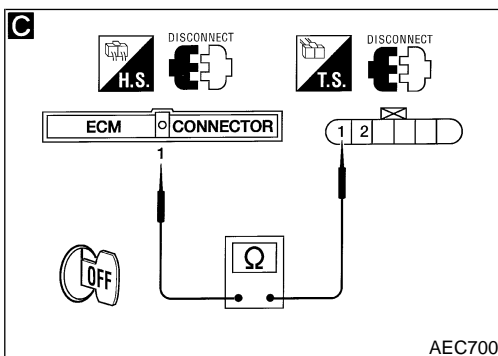
OK → **B**  
**CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.**  
1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".  
2. Disconnect power transistor harness connector.  
3. Check harness continuity between terminal ② and engine ground.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Repair harness or connectors.



OK → **C**  
**CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.**  
1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.  
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal ① and power transistor terminal ①.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Repair harness or connectors.



OK → **CHECK COMPONENTS**  
(Ignition coil, power transistor).  
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-360, EC-361.

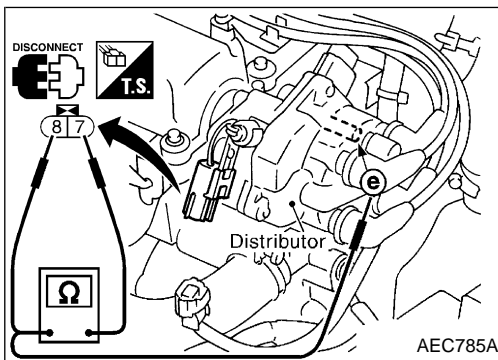
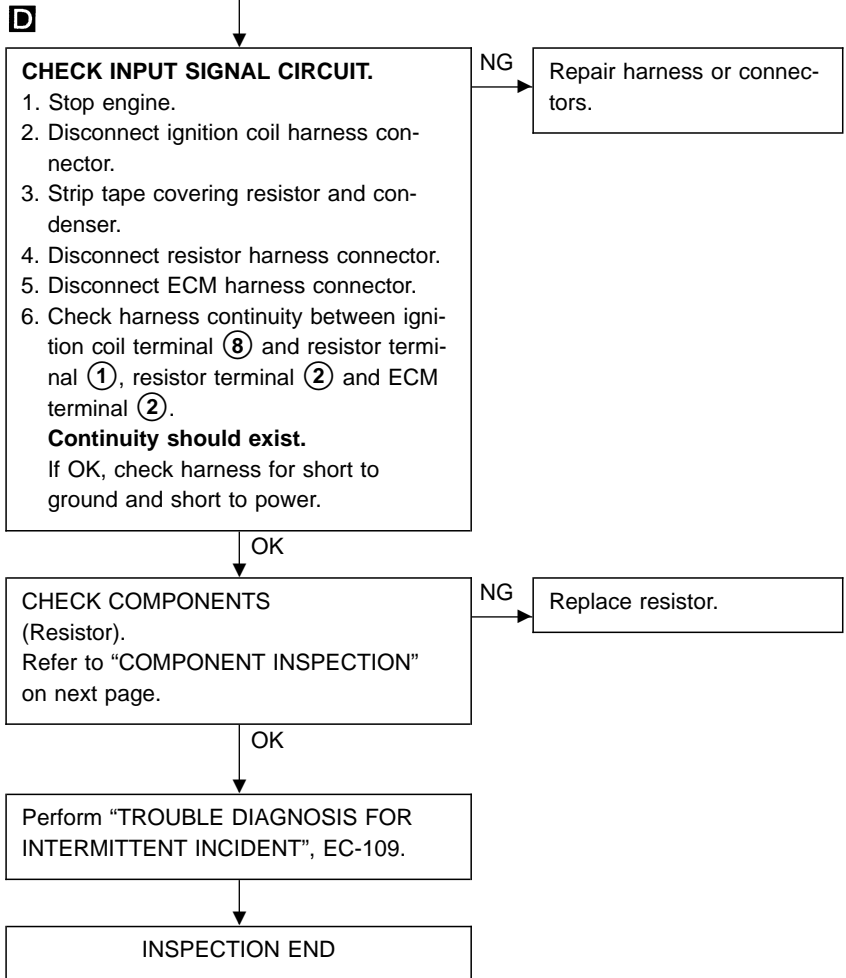
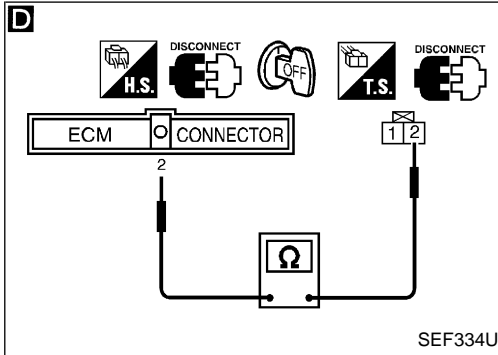
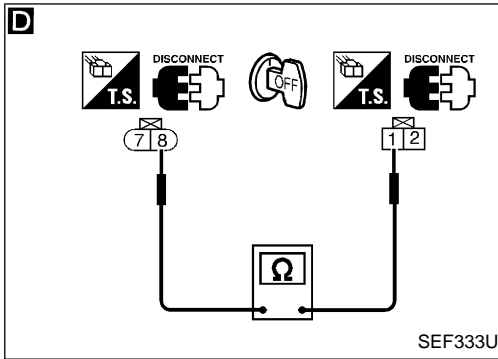
NG → Replace malfunctioning component(s).

OK → **A**  
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1320

## Ignition Signal (Cont'd)



## COMPONENT INSPECTION

### Ignition coil

1. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.
2. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal	Resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]
⑦ - ⑧ (Primary coil)	Approximately 1Ω
⑦ - e (Secondary coil)	Approximately 10.0 kΩ

For checking secondary coil, remove distributor cap and measure resistance between coil tower metal tip e and terminal ⑦.

If NG, replace distributor assembly as a unit.



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1320

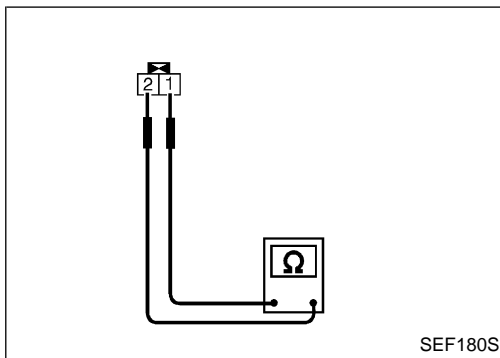
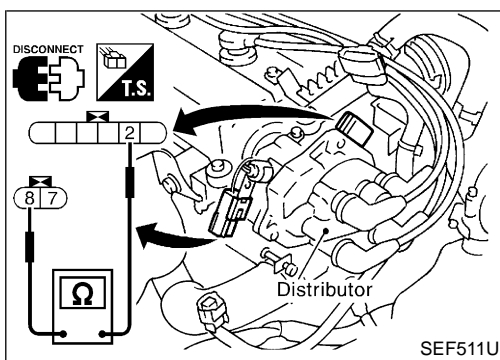
### Ignition Signal (Cont'd)

#### Power transistor

1. Disconnect camshaft position sensor & power transistor harness connector and ignition coil harness connector.
2. Check power transistor resistance between terminals ② and ⑧.

Terminals	Resistance	Result
② and ⑧	Except $0\Omega$	OK
	$0\Omega$	NG

If NG, replace distributor assembly.



#### Resistor

1. Disconnect resistor harness connector.
2. Check resistance between terminals ① and ②.  
**Resistance: Approximately  $2.2\text{ k}\Omega$  [at  $25^\circ\text{C}$  ( $77^\circ\text{F}$ )]**  
If NG, replace resistor.

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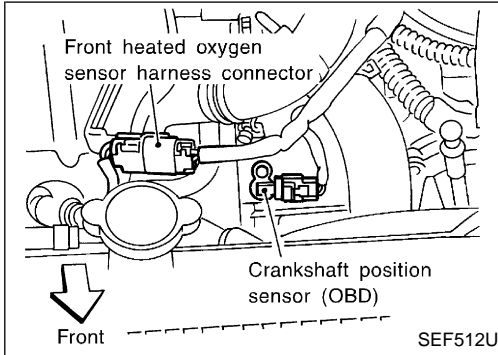
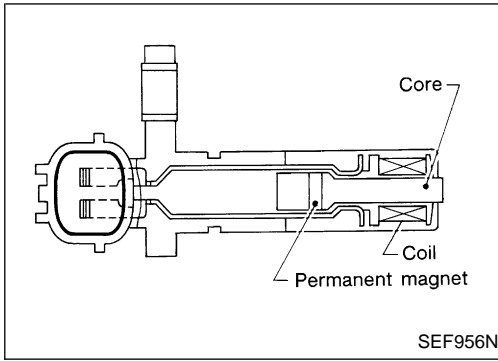
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1336



## Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The crankshaft position sensor (OBD) is located on the transmission housing facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the flywheel or drive plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution. The sensor consists of a permanent magnet, core and coil. When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

This sensor is not directly used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
50	B	Sensors' ground	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	Approximately 0V
53	BR	Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	Approximately 0V  SEF643U
			Engine is running. └ Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	Approximately 0V  SEF644U

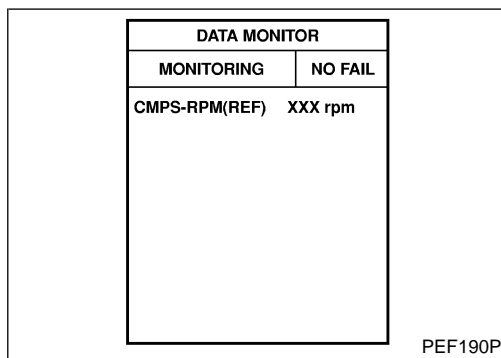
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1336

## Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1336 0905	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A chipping of the flywheel or drive plate gear tooth (cog) is detected by the ECM.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Harness or connectors</li> <li>Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)</li> <li>Drive plate/Flywheel</li> </ul>


GI  
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### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:


If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

-  1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.  
 2) Start engine and run it for at least 2 minutes at idle speed.  
 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-365.

OR

-  1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 minutes at idle speed.  
 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.  
 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-365.

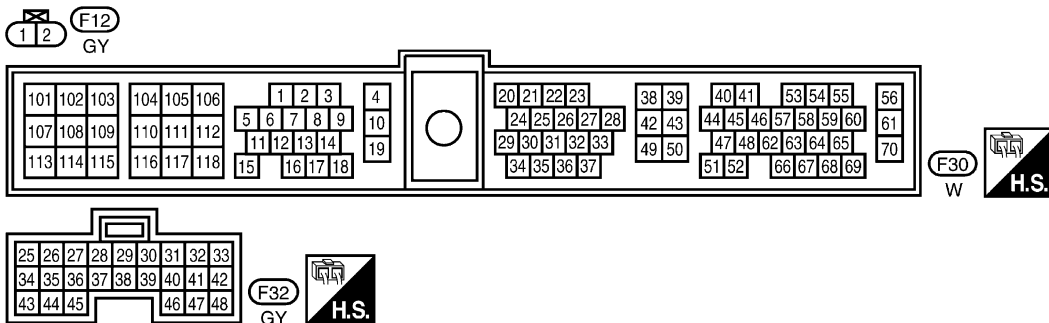
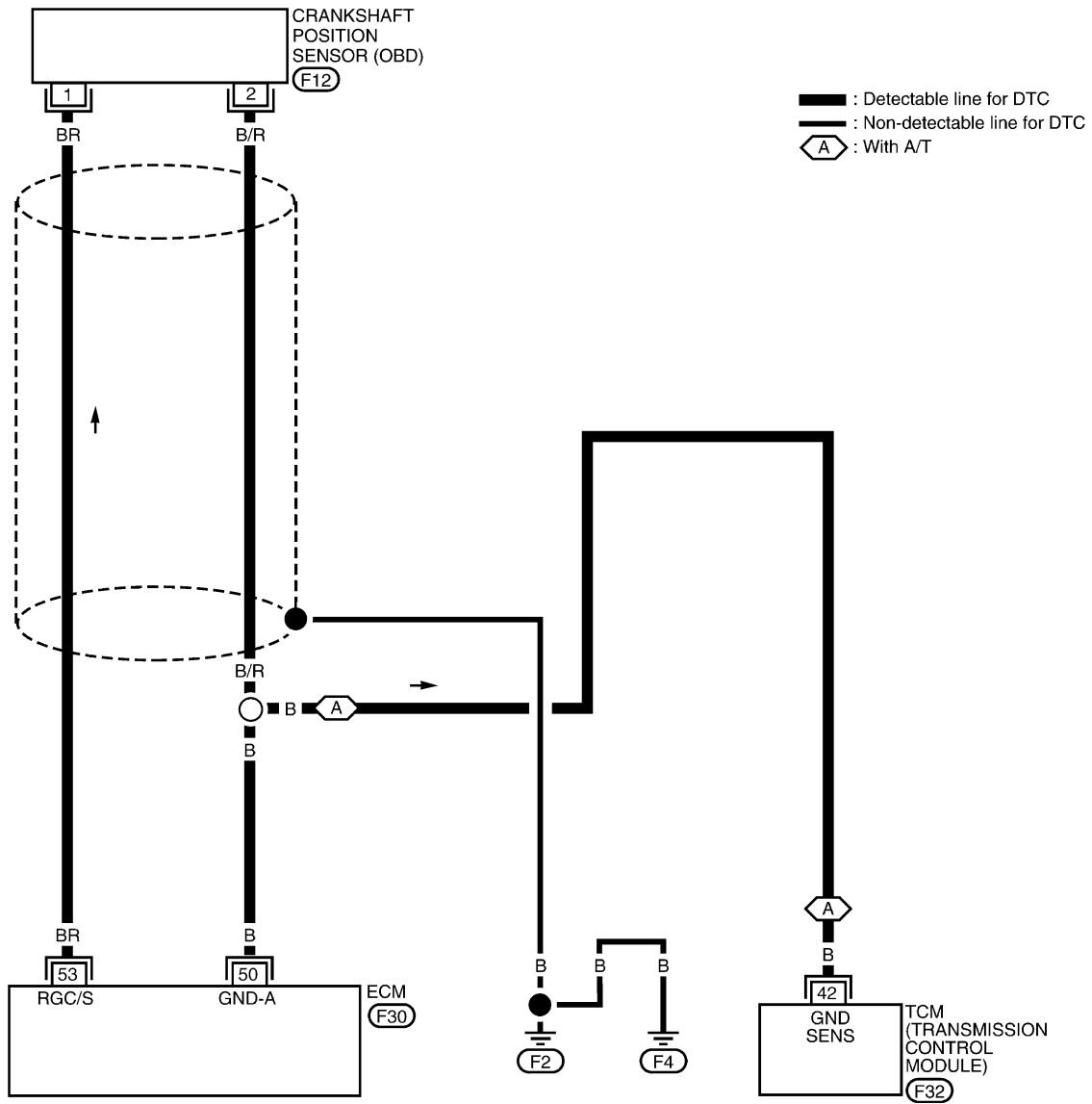
OR

-  1) Start engine and run it for at least 2 minutes at idle speed.  
 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".  
 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.  
 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-365.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1336

## Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)

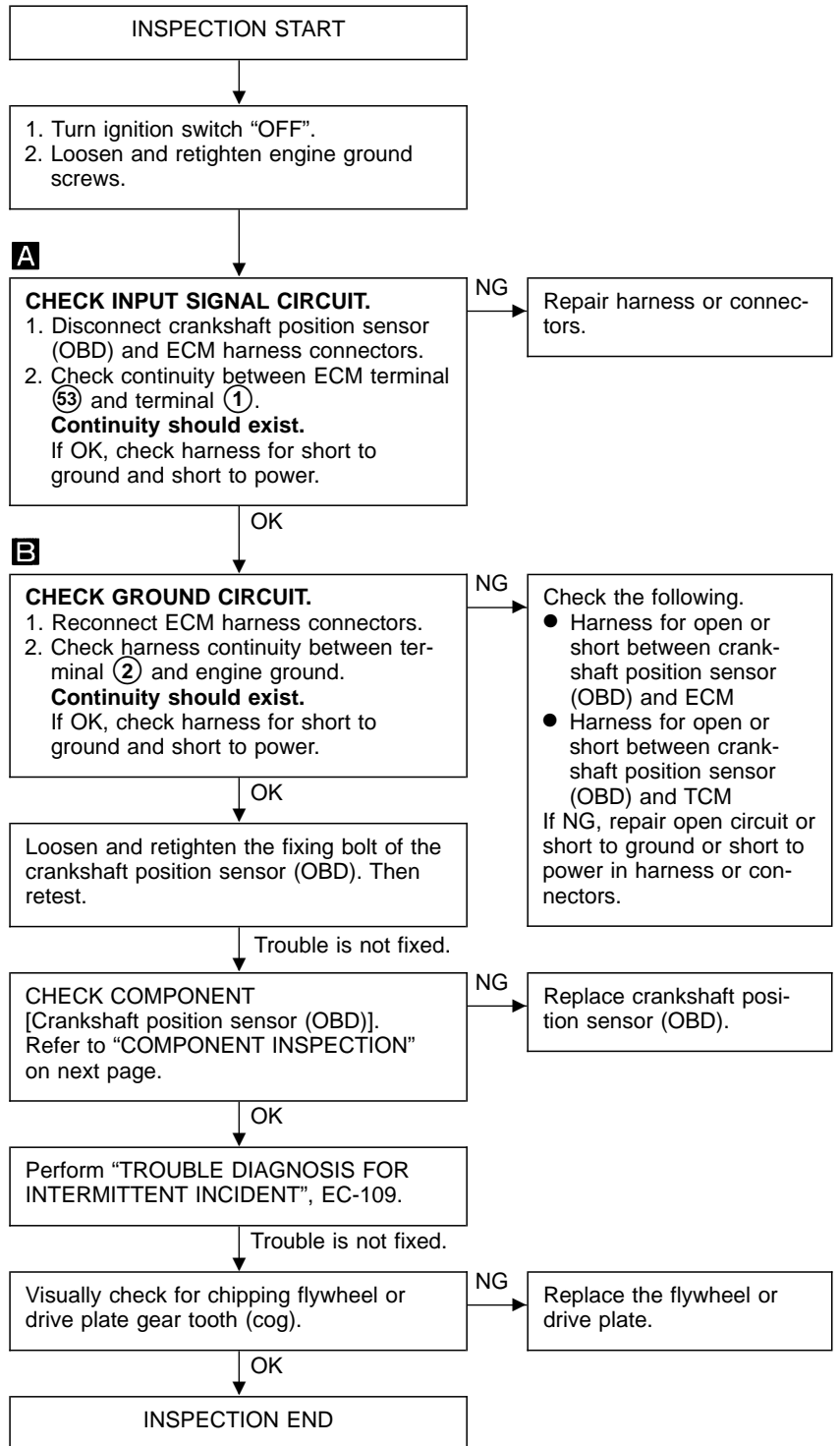
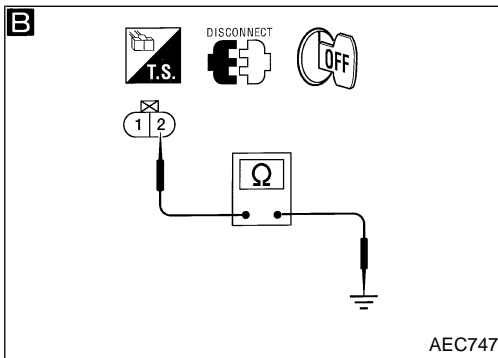
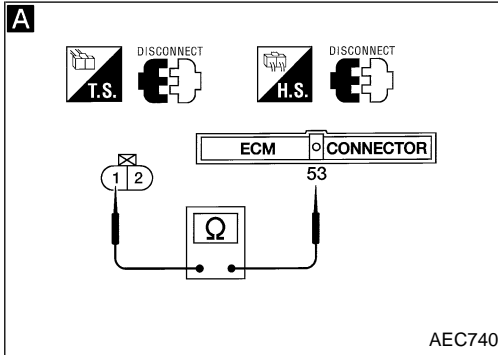
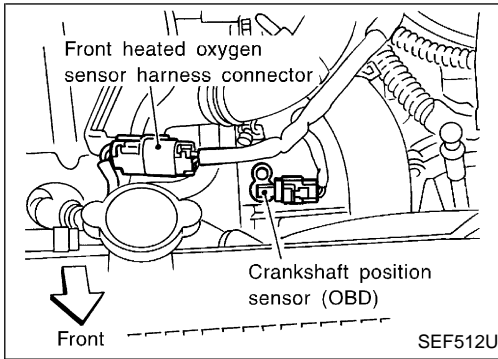
EC-CKPS-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1336

## Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



GI  
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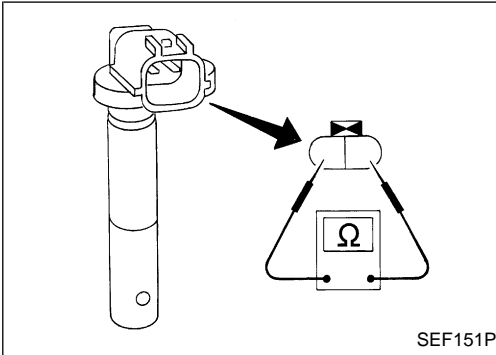
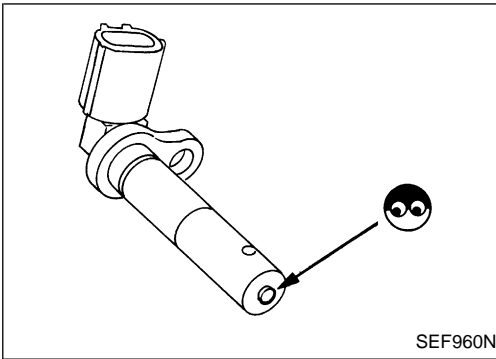
## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1336

### Crankshaft Position Sensor (CKPS) (OBD) (COG) (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT INSPECTION

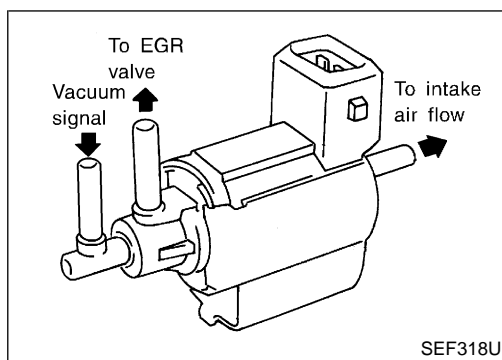
#### Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

1. Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (OBD) harness connector.
2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
3. Remove the sensor.
4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.



5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.  
**Resistance: Approximately 512 - 632 $\Omega$**   
**[at 25°C (77°F)]**

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1400



## EGRC-Solenoid Valve

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the throttle body to the EGR valve.

GI  
MA  
EM

### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EGRC SOL/V	● Engine: After warming up ● Air conditioner switch: "OFF" ● Shift lever: "N" ● No-load Idle	OFF
	Engine speed: Revving from 1,500 to 4,000 rpm quickly	ON

LC  
EC

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
103	P	EGRC-solenoid valve	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly	0 - 0.7V

FE  
CL  
MT

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1400 1005	● The improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EGRC-solenoid valve.	● Harness or connectors (The EGRC-solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.) ● EGRC-solenoid valve

RA  
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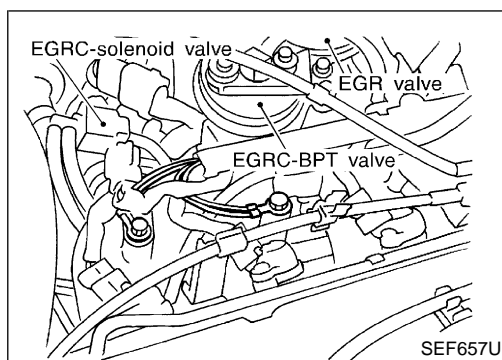
## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1400

### EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

Diagram illustrating the data monitor screen showing the monitoring status and temperature reading. The diagram is labeled PEF002P.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-370.

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-370.

OR



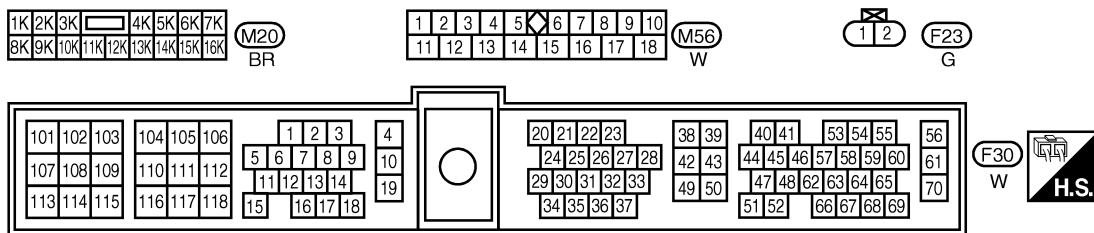
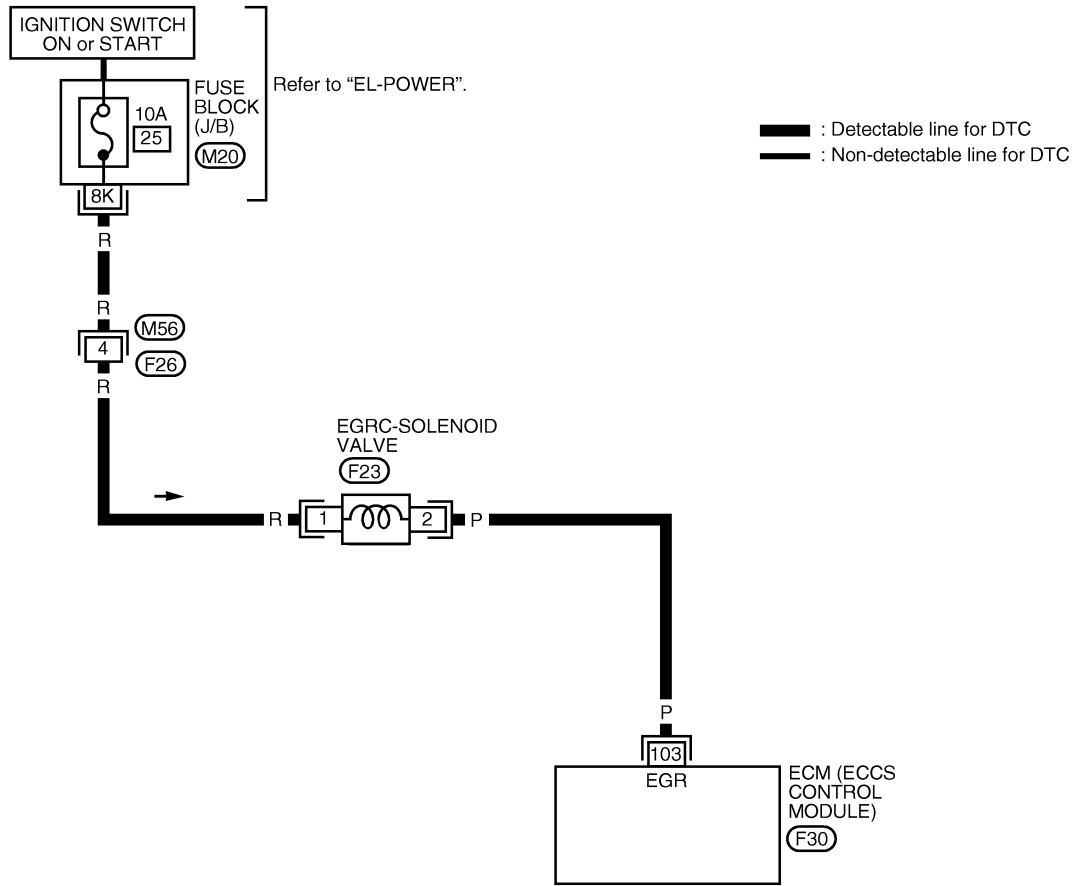
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-370.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1400

## EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

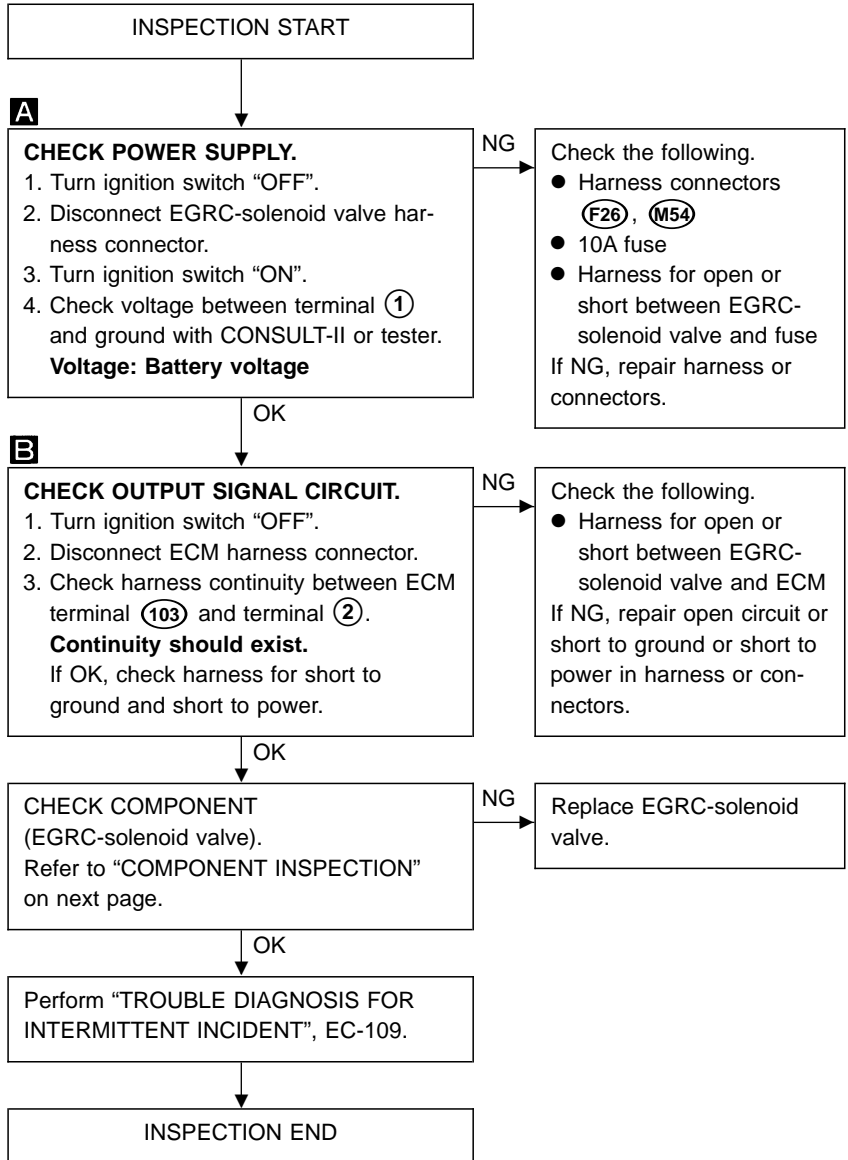
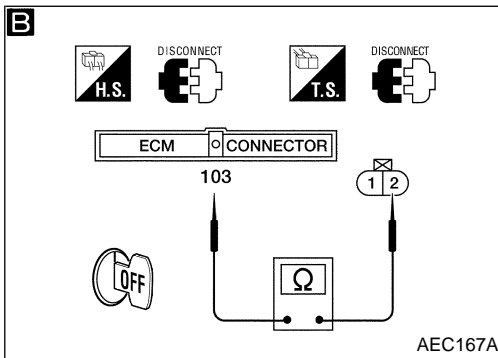
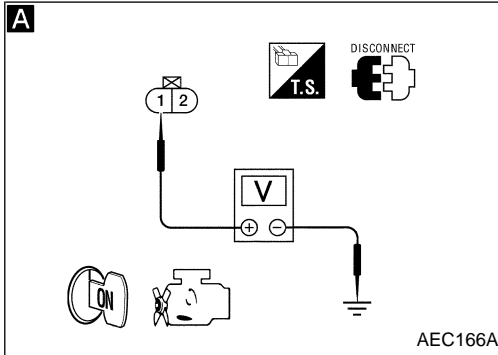
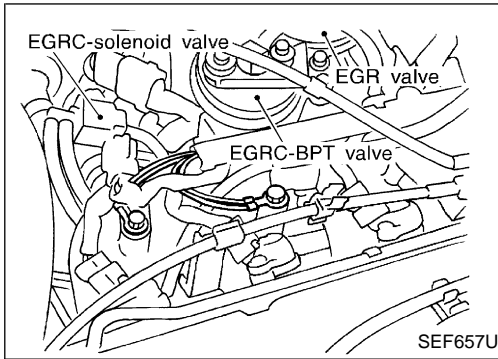
EC-EGRC/V-01



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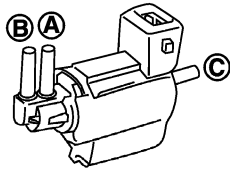
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1400

## EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



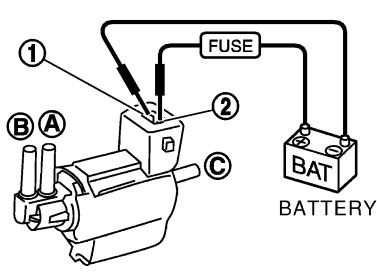
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1400

## EGRC-Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)



ACTIVE TEST	
EGRC SOL/V	ON
(EGR)	FLOW
MONITOR	
CIMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
CLSD THL/P SW	ON

WEC114



SEF871X

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### EGRC-solenoid valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "EGRC SOLENOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

OR



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.

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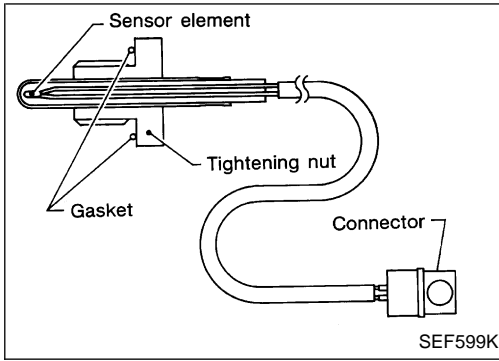
BT

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EL

IDX

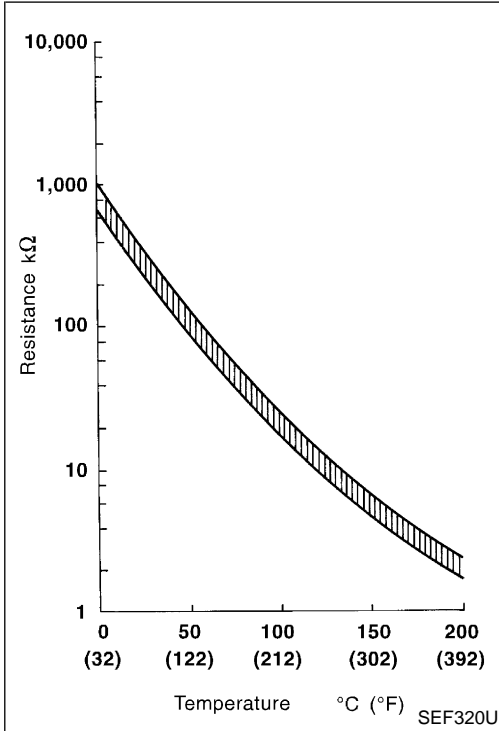
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1401



## EGR Temperature Sensor

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EGR temperature sensor detects temperature changes in the EGR passage way. When the EGR valve opens, hot exhaust gases flow, and the temperature in the passage way changes. The EGR temperature sensor is a thermistor that modifies a voltage signal sent from the ECM. This modified signal then returns to the ECM as an input signal. As the temperature increases, EGR temperature sensor resistance decreases. This sensor is not used to control the engine system. It is used only for the on board diagnosis.



### <Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance MΩ
0 (32)	4.61	0.68 - 1.11
50 (122)	2.53	0.09 - 0.12
100 (212)	0.87	0.017 - 0.024

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal ⑥2 (EGR temperature sensor) and ECM terminal ④3 (ECM ground).  
When EGR system is operating.  
Voltage: 0 - 1.5V

## ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1401 0305	A) An excessively low voltage from the EGR temperature sensor is sent to ECM even when engine coolant temperature is low.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The EGR temperature sensor circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>● EGR temperature sensor</li> <li>● Malfunction of EGR function, EGRC-BPT valve or EGRC-solenoid valve</li> </ul>
	B) An excessively high voltage from the EGR temperature sensor is sent to ECM even when engine coolant temperature is high.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The EGR temperature sensor circuit is open.)</li> <li>● EGR temperature sensor</li> <li>● Malfunction of EGR function, EGRC-BPT valve or EGRC-solenoid valve</li> </ul>

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1401

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

PEF335U

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SEN	XXX km/h
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF724W

## EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "Procedure for malfunction A" first. If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform "Procedure for malfunction B".

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### Procedure for malfunction A



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Verify that engine coolant temperature is less than 40°C (104°F).

**If the engine coolant temperature is above the range, cool the engine down.**

- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-376.

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 3) Verify that engine coolant temperature is less than 40°C (104°F).

**If the engine coolant temperature is above the range, cool the engine down.**

- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.
- 5) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-376.

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Verify that voltage between ECM terminal ⑤1(engine coolant temperature) is more than 2.7V.

**If the voltage is below the range, cool the engine down.**

- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 8 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-376.

#### Procedure for malfunction B

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

Always perform the test at a temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Run engine at idle for at least 2 minutes.
- 3) Confirm that EGR valve is not lifting.  
If the check result is NG, go to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR DTC P0400, P0402 and P1402". (See pages EC-268, 277 and 378.)
- 4) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5) Read "EGR TEMP SEN" at about 1,500 rpm while holding the EGR valve in full open position by hand.  
**Voltage should decrease to less than 1.0V.**

GI

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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1401

### EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-376.

If the check result is OK, go to following step.

- 6) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 7) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 8) Check the output voltage of "THRTL POS SEN" at closed throttle position and note it.
- 9) Start engine.
- 10) Maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

**CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,500 - 2,500 rpm (A/T)**  
**2,000 - 3,000 rpm (M/T)**

**VHCL SPEED SE: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more**

**B/FUEL SCHDL: 2.8 - 3.4 ms (A/T)**

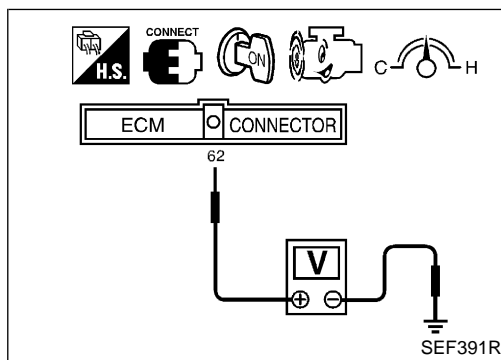
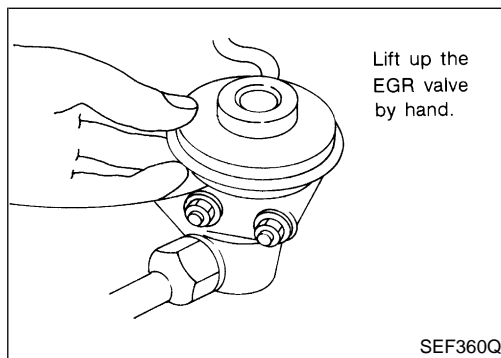
**2.1 - 2.6 ms (M/T)**

**THRTL POS SEN: X - (X + 0.45) V**

**X = Voltage value measured at step 8)**

**Selector lever: Suitable position**

- 11) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-376.



OR

### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EGR temperature sensor. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

#### Procedure for malfunction B






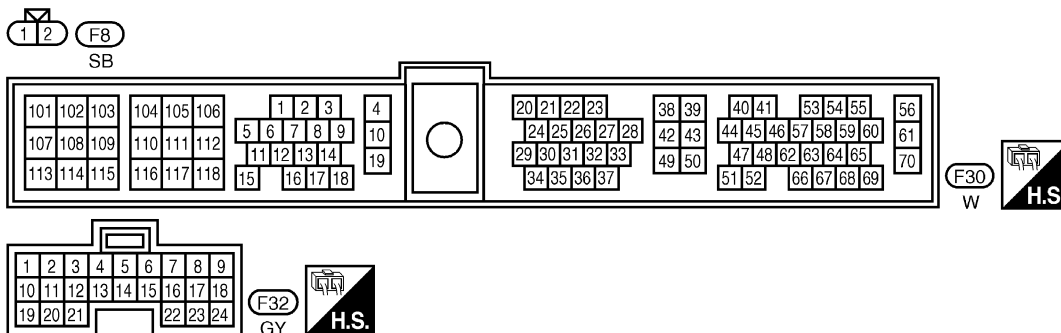
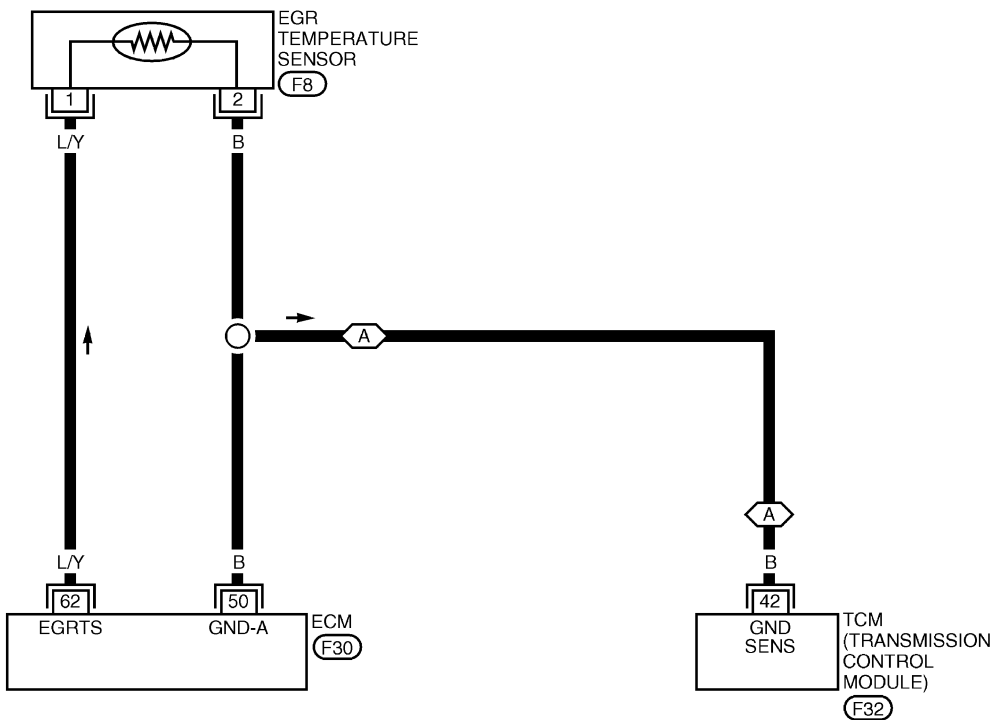
- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Run engine at idle for at least 2 minutes.
- 3) Confirm that EGR valve is not lifting. If NG, go to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1402 (See page EC-378).
- 4) Check voltage between ECM terminal ⑥2 and ground at about 1,500 rpm with EGR valve lifted up to the full position by hand.  
**Voltage should decrease to less than 1.0V.**
- 5) If step 4 is OK, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0400 and P1400 (See pages EC-268 and 367).  
If step 4 is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-376.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1401

## EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

EC-EGR/TS-01

-  : Detectable line for DTC
-  : Non-detectable line for DTC
-  : With A/T



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**EC**

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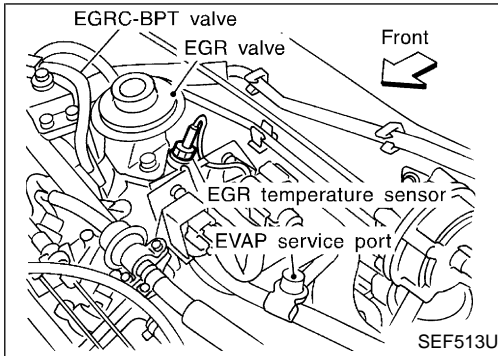
HA

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1401

## EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

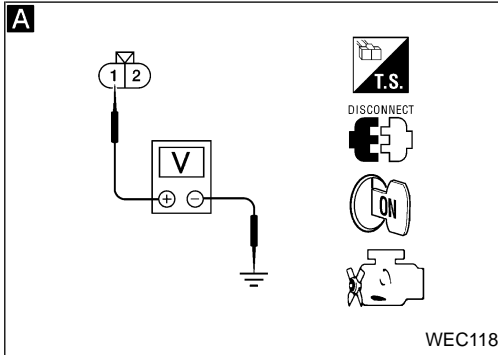
**A**

**CHECK POWER SUPPLY.**

1. Disconnect EGR temperature sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch "ON".
3. Check voltage between terminal ① and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

**Voltage: Approximately 5V**

NG → Repair harness or connectors.



**B**

**CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.**

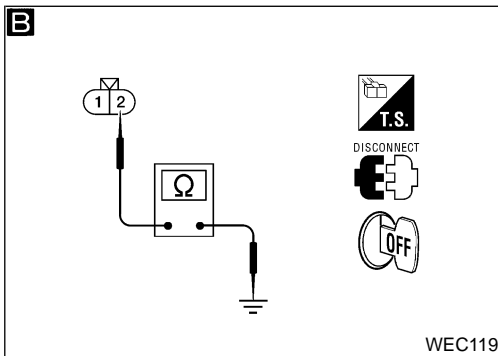
1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Check harness continuity between terminal ② and engine ground.

**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between ECM and EGR temperature sensor
- Harness for open or short between TCM and EGR temperature sensor

If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connector.



**CHECK COMPONENT**  
(EGR temperature sensor).  
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on next page.

NG → Replace EGR temperature sensor.

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

INSPECTION END



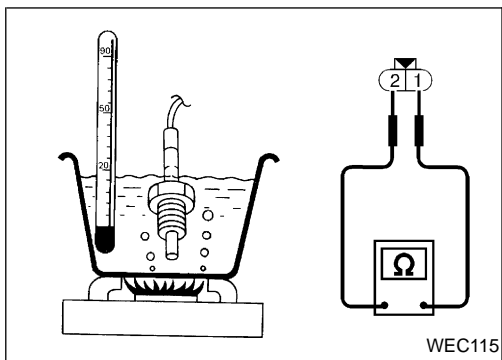
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1401

## EGR Temperature Sensor (Cont'd)

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### EGR temperature sensor

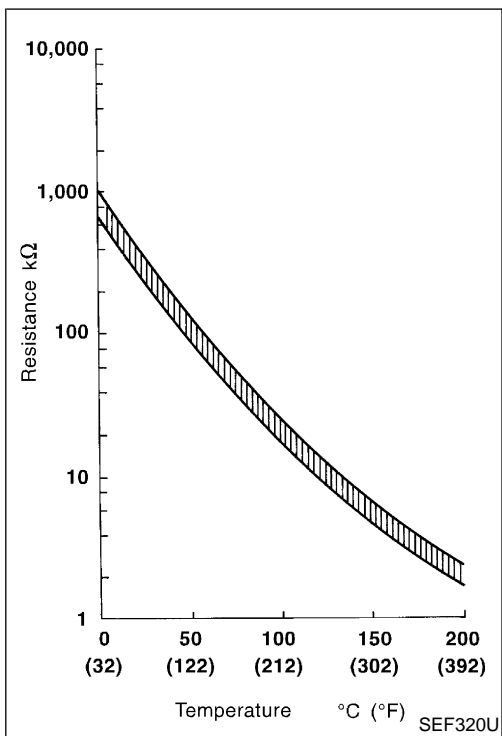
Check resistance change and resistance value.



<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance MΩ
0 (32)	4.61	0.68 - 1.11
50 (122)	2.53	0.09 - 0.12
100 (212)	0.87	0.017 - 0.024

If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.



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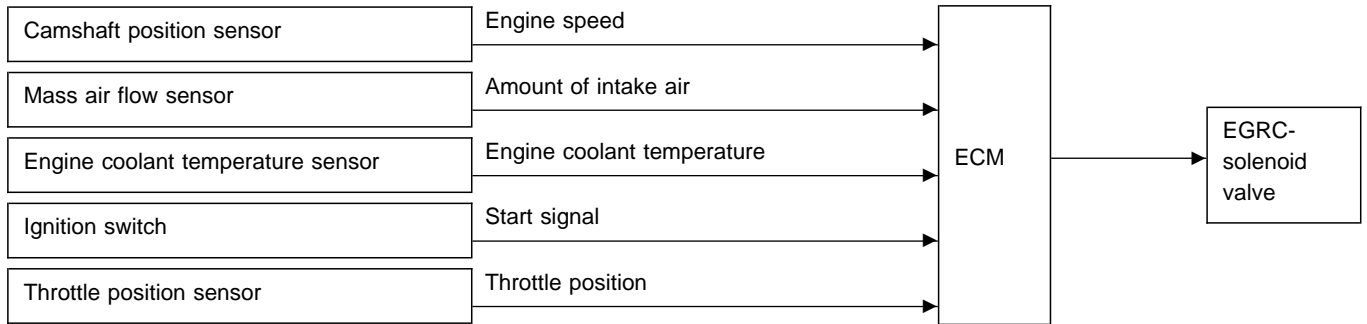
EL

IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1402

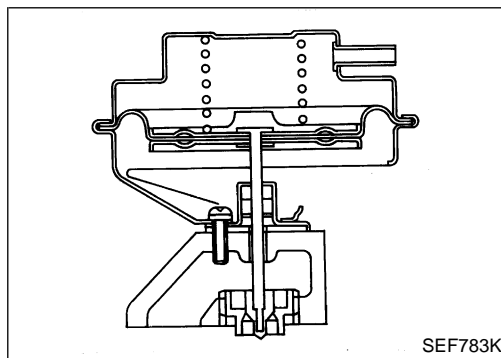
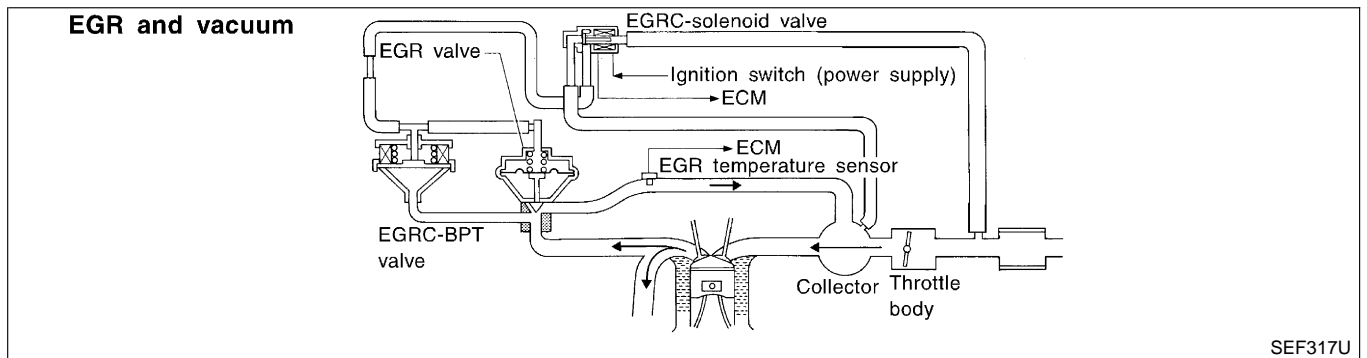
## EGR Function (Open)

### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system cuts and controls vacuum applied to the EGR valve to suit engine operating conditions. This cut-and-control operation is accomplished through the ECM and the EGRC-solenoid valve. When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, it cuts the current for the solenoid valve. This causes the port vacuum to be discharged into the atmosphere. The EGR valve remains closed.

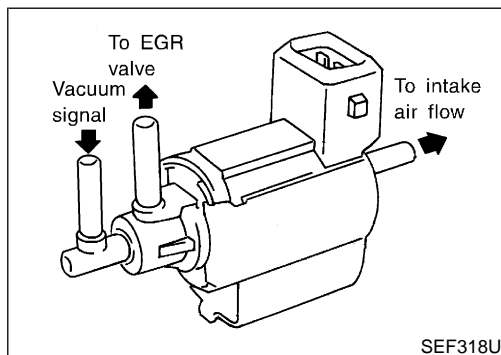
- Low engine coolant temperature
- Engine starting
- High-speed engine operation
- Engine idling
- Excessively high engine coolant temperature
- Mass air flow sensor malfunction
- Low ambient temperature



### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

#### Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) valve

The EGR valve controls the amount of exhaust gas routed to the intake manifold. Vacuum is applied to the EGR valve in response to throttle valve opening. The vacuum controls the movement of a taper valve connected to the vacuum diaphragm in the EGR valve.



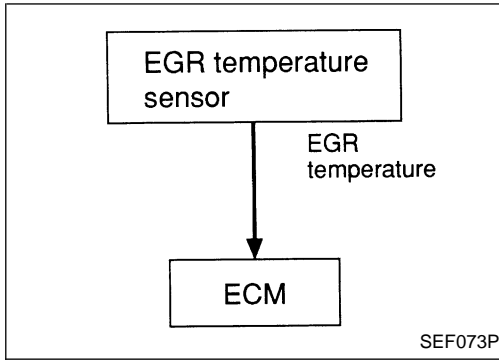
#### EGRC-solenoid valve

The EGRC-solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. The vacuum signal passes through the solenoid valve. The signal then reaches the EGR valve. When the ECM sends an OFF signal, a plunger will then move to cut the vacuum signal from the intake manifold to the EGR valve.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1402

## EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC



If EGR temperature sensor detects EGR flow under the condition that does not call for EGR, a high-flow malfunction is diagnosed.

#### NOTE:

Diagnosis for this DTC will end when engine coolant temperature is approx. 50-60°C (120-140°F). Ignition switch must be turned "ON" (engine running) with engine coolant temperature below 40°C (104°F) when starting DTC confirmation procedure.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1402 0514	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>EGR flow is detected under conditions that do not call for EGR.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>EGRC-solenoid valve</li> <li>EGR valve leaking or stuck open</li> <li>EGR temperature sensor</li> <li>EGRC-BPT valve</li> </ul>

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
EGR TEMP SEN	XXX V

PEF347U

## DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform the test at a temperature of 0°C (32°F) or higher.
- Engine coolant temperature and EGR temperature must be verified in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II before starting DTC WORK SUPPORT test. If it is out of range below, the test cannot be conducted.  
 COOLAN TEMP/S: -10 to 40°C (14 to 104°F)  
 EGR TEMP SEN: Less than 4.8V

If the values are out of the ranges indicated above, park the vehicle in a cool place and allow the engine temperature to stabilize. Do not attempt to reduce the coolant or EGR temperature with a fan or means other than ambient air. Doing so may produce an inaccurate diagnostic result.

EGR SYSTEM P1402	
OUT OF CONDITION	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF245V

EGR SYSTEM P1402	
TESTING	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

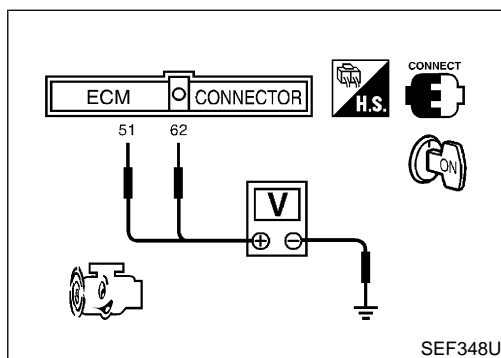
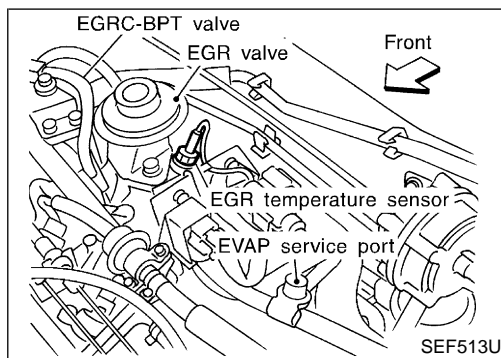
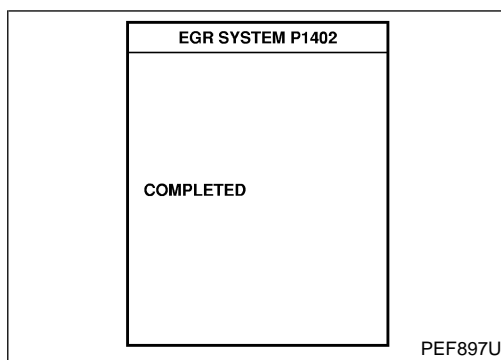
PEF246V



- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 5 seconds. Then turn ignition switch "ON".
- Select "EGR SYSTEM P1402" of "EGR SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Follow the instruction of CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CONSULT-II screen is turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take 70 seconds or more.)

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1402

### EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)



If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, turn ignition "OFF" and cool the engine coolant temperature to the range of  $-10$  to  $40^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $14$  to  $104^{\circ}\text{F}$ ). Retry from step 1).

5) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-382.

OR



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "MODE 1" with GST.
- 2) Check that engine coolant temperature is within the range of  $-10$  to  $40^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $14$  to  $104^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).
- 3) Check that voltage between ECM terminal 62 (EGR temperature) and ground is less than 4.8V.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 70 seconds.
- 5) Stop engine.
- 6) Perform from step 1) to 4).
- 7) Select "MODE 3" with GST.
- 8) If DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-382.

OR



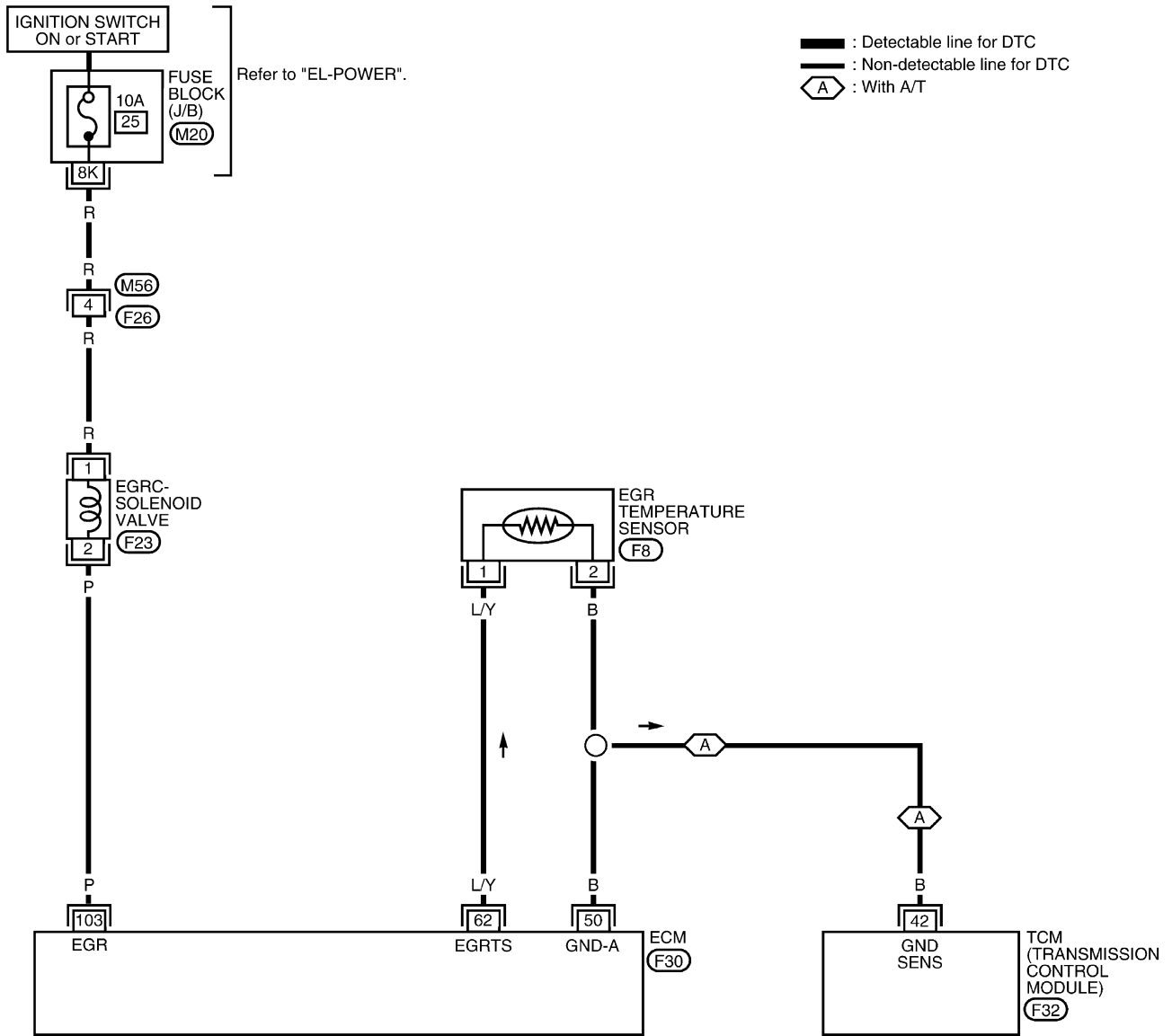
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Check the following voltages.  
**ECM terminal 51 (engine coolant temperature) and ground:**  
**2.7 - 4.4V**  
**ECM terminal 62 (EGR temperature) and ground:**  
**Less than 4.8V**
- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 70 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 5) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-382.

- When using GST, "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" should be performed twice as much as when using CONSULT-II or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) because GST cannot display MODE 7 (1st trip DTC) concerning this diagnosis. Therefore, using CONSULT-II or ECM (Diagnostic Test Mode II) is recommended.

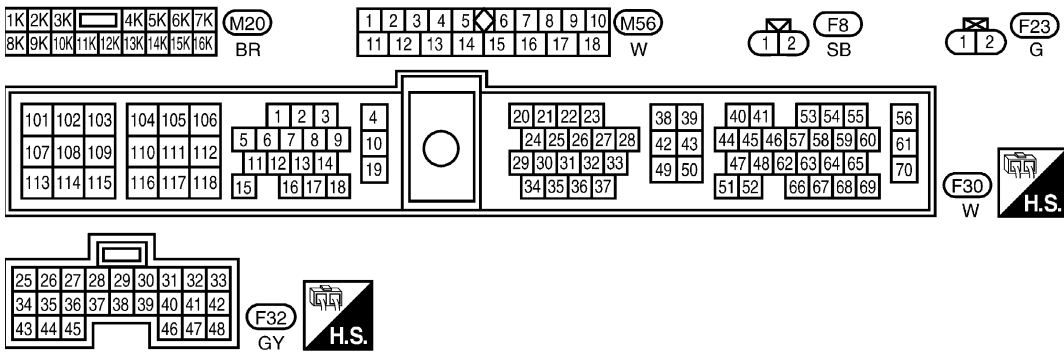
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1402

## EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

EC-EGRC1-01



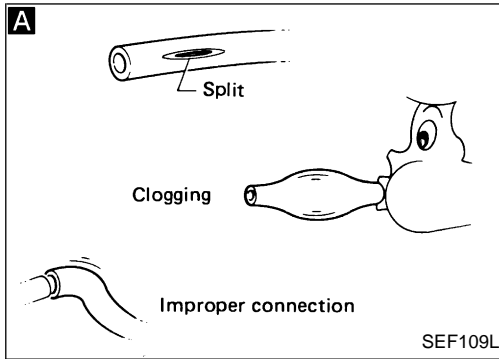
GI  
 MA  
 EM  
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**EC**  
 FE  
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 MT  
 AT  
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 RA  
 BR  
 ST  
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 BT  
 HA  
 EL  
 IDX



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1402

## EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

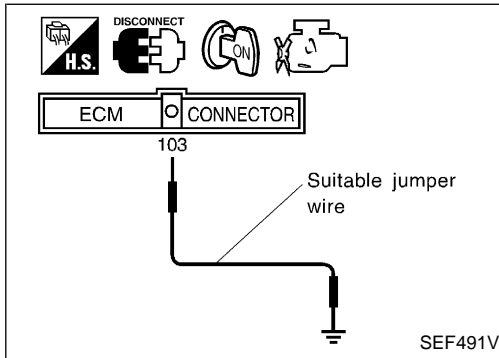


SEF109L

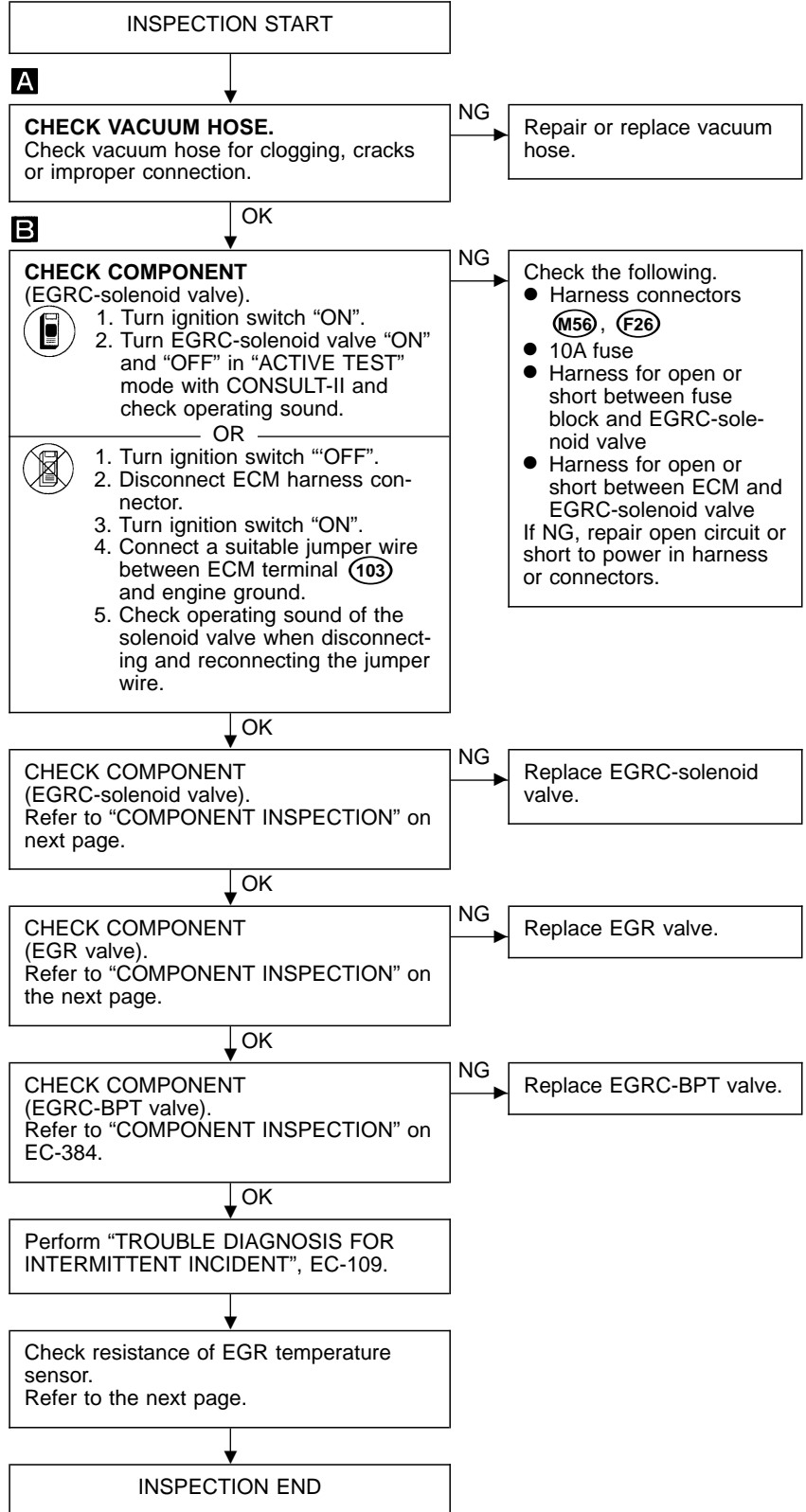
**B**

ACTIVE TEST	
EGRC SOL/V (EGR)	ON FLOW
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm

PEF319U



SEF491V



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1402

## EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### EGR valve

- Apply vacuum to EGR vacuum port with a hand vacuum pump.

#### EGR valve spring should lift.

- Check for sticking
- If NG, repair or replace EGR valve.

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

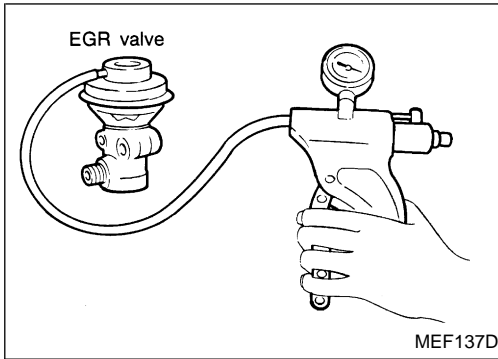
RS

BT

HA

EL

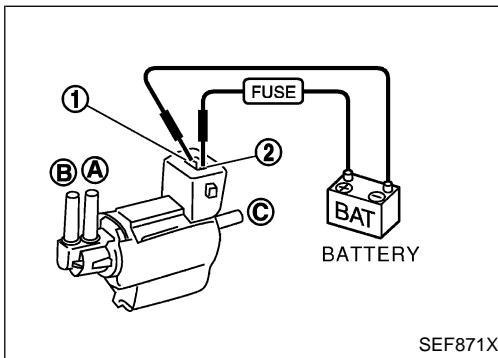
IDX



CONNECT

ACTIVE TEST	
EGRC SOL/V (EGR)	ON
FLOW	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
CLSD THL/P SW	ON

WEC114



#### EGRC-solenoid valve

Check air passage continuity.

- Perform "EGRC SOLENOID VALVE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
EGRC SOLENOID VALVE		
ON	Yes	No
OFF	No	Yes

OR



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)	Air passage continuity between (A) and (C)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	Yes	No
No supply	No	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace EGRC-solenoid valve.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1402

### EGR Function (Open) (Cont'd)

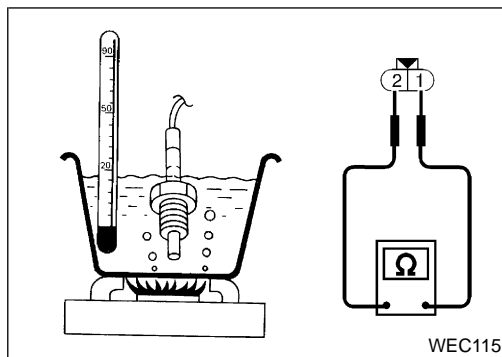
#### EGR temperature sensor

Check resistance change and resistance value.

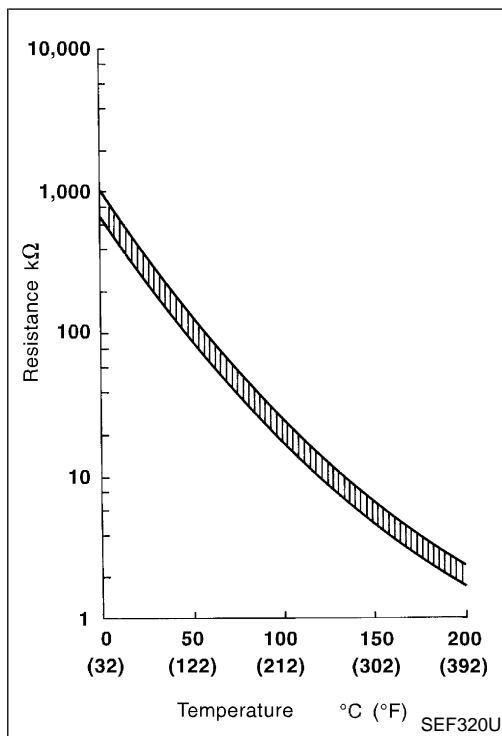
<Reference data>

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance MΩ
0 (32)	4.61	0.68 - 1.11
50 (122)	2.53	0.09 - 0.12
100 (212)	0.87	0.017 - 0.024

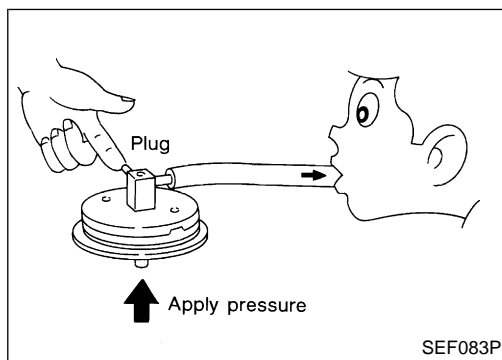
If NG, replace EGR temperature sensor.



WEC115



SEF320U



SEF083P

#### EGRC-BPT valve

1. Plug one of two ports of EGRC-BPT valve.
2. Vacuum from the other port and check for leakage while applying a pressure above 0.981 kPa (100 mmH<sub>2</sub>O, 3.94 inH<sub>2</sub>O) from under EGRC-BPT valve.
3. If a leakage is noted, replace the valve.



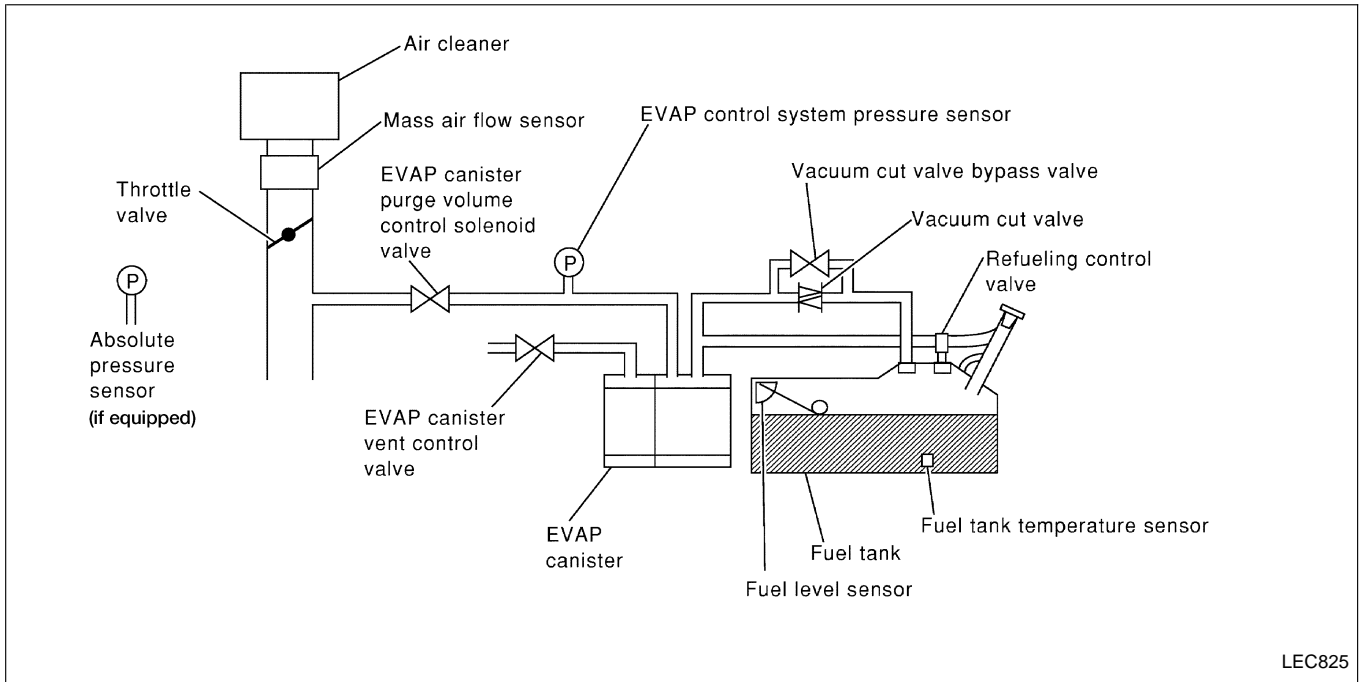
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1441

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Very Small Leak)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC LOGIC

This diagnosis detects very small leaks in the EVAP line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve using intake manifold vacuum in the same way as conventional EVAP small leak diagnosis.

If the ECM judges a leak equivalent to a very small leak, the very small leak DTC P1441 will be detected. If the ECM judges a leak equivalent to a small leak, the EVAP small leak DTC P0440 will be detected. Correspondingly, if the ECM judges there is no leak, the diagnosis result is OK.



Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1441 0809	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● EVAP system has a very small leak.</li> <li>● EVAP system does not operate properly.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve.</li> <li>● Incorrect fuel filler cap used.</li> <li>● Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close</li> <li>● Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap.</li> <li>● Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.</li> <li>● Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve.</li> <li>● EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks.</li> <li>● EVAP purge line (Pipe and rubber tube) leaks.</li> <li>● EVAP purge line rubber tube bent.</li> <li>● Blocked or bent rubber tube to EVAP control system pressure sensor.</li> <li>● Loose or disconnected rubber tube.</li> <li>● EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit.</li> <li>● EVAP canister purge volume control valve and the circuit</li> <li>● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve</li> <li>● Absolute pressure sensor (if equipped)</li> <li>● O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged.</li> <li>● Water separator</li> <li>● EVAP canister saturated with water</li> <li>● EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>● Refueling control valve</li> <li>● ORVR system leaks</li> <li>● Fuel level sensor and the circuit</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1441

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### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Very Small Leak) (Cont'd)

**CAUTION:**

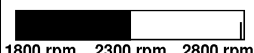
- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine rubber tube as a replacement.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1441

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Very Small Leak) (Cont'd)

EVAP V/S LEAK P1441	
CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR(V). SEE SERVICE MANUAL FOR SPECIFICATION. IS THE VOLTAGE WITHIN THE SPECIFICATION?	
MONITOR	
FUEL LEVEL SE	XXX V

SEF881X

EVAP V/S LEAK P1441	
MAINTAIN 1800-2800 RPM UNTIL FINAL RESULT APPEARS.	
	

SEF882X

EVAP V/S LEAK P1441	
OK	

SEF883X

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### CAUTION:

Never remove fuel filler cap during the DTC confirmation procedure.

#### NOTE:

- If DTC P1441 is displayed with P0440, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1441 first.
- If “DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE” has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch “OFF” and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.
- After repair, make sure that the hoses and clips are installed properly.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

- Open engine hood before conducting following procedure.
- If any of following condition is met just before the DTC confirmation procedure, leave the vehicle for more than 1 hour.
  - 1) Fuel filler cap is removed.
  - 2) Refilled or drained the fuel.
  - 3) EVAP component parts is/are removed.
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.



- 1) Turn ignition switch “ON” and select “DATA MONITOR” mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2) Make sure the following conditions are met.  
**FUEL LEVEL SE: 1.08 - 0.2V**  
**COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 32°C (32 - 90°F)**  
**FUEL T/TMP SE: 0 - 32°C (32 - 90°F)**  
**INT A/TEMP SE: More than 0°C (32°F)**  
 If NG, turn ignition switch “OFF” and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle) or refilling/draining fuel until the output voltage condition of the “FUEL LEVEL SE” meets within the range above and leave the vehicle for more than 1 hour. Then start from step 1).
- 3) Turn ignition switch “OFF” and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch “ON”.
- 5) Select “EVAP V/S LEAK P1441” of “EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM” in “DTC WORK SUPPORT” mode with CONSULT-II.  
Follow the instruction displayed.
- 6) Make sure that “OK” is displayed.  
If “NG” is displayed, refer to “Diagnostic Procedure”, EC-389.

#### NOTE:

- If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on CONSULT-II screen, go to “Basic inspection”, EC-84.
- Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1441

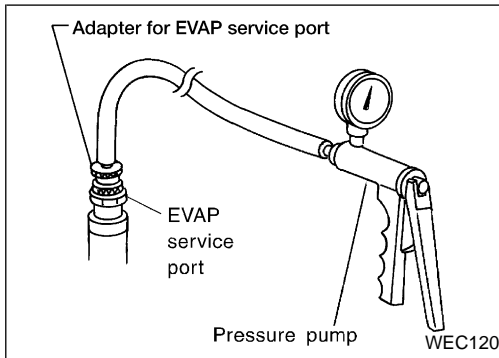
### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Very Small Leak) (Cont'd)

OR

#### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK



Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP very small leak function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



#### CAUTION:

- **Never use compressed air, doing so may damage the EVAP system.**
  - **Do not start engine.**
  - **Do not exceeded 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi).**
- 1) Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.
  - 2) Set the pressure pump and a hose.
  - 3) Also set a vacuum gauge via 3-way connector and a hose.
  - 4) Turn ignition switch "ON".
  - 5) Connect GST and select mode 8.
  - 6) Using mode 8 control the EVAP canister vent control valve (close) and vacuum cut valve bypass valve (open).
  - 7) Apply pressure and make sure the following conditions are satisfied.

**Pressure to be applied: 2.7 kPa (20 mmHg, 0.79 inHg)**

**Time to be waited after the pressure drawn in to the EVAP system and the pressure to be dropped: 60 seconds and the pressure should not be dropped more than 0.4 kPa (3 mmHg, 0.12 inHg)**

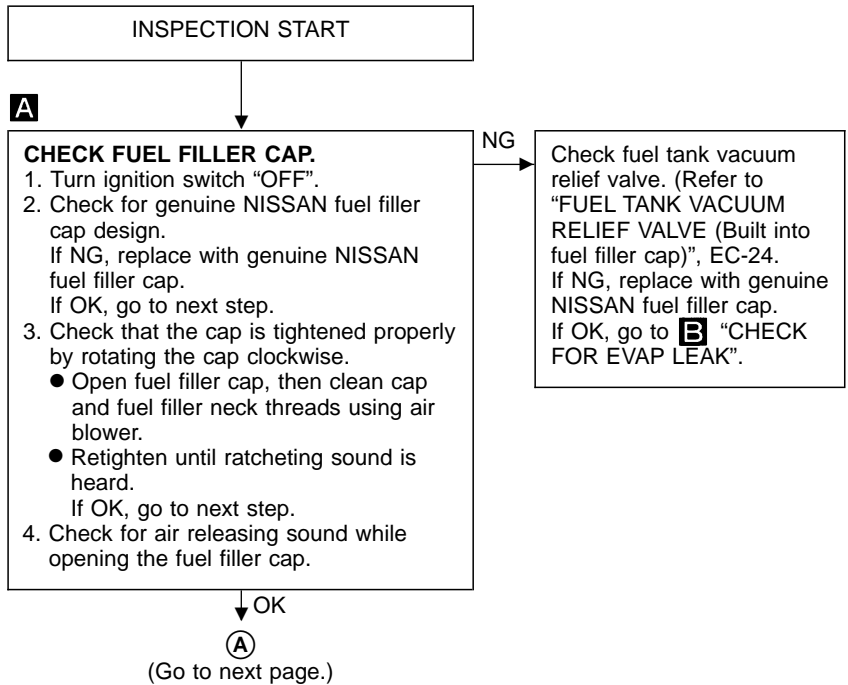
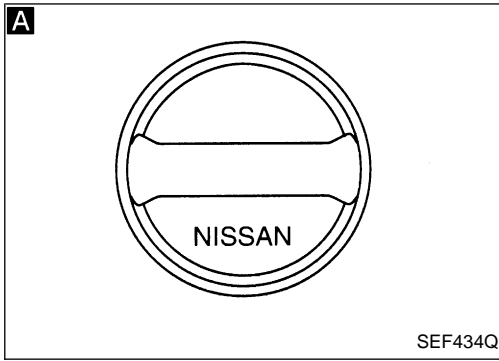
If NG, go to diagnostic procedure, EC-389.

#### NOTE:

For more information, refer to GST instruction manual.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1441

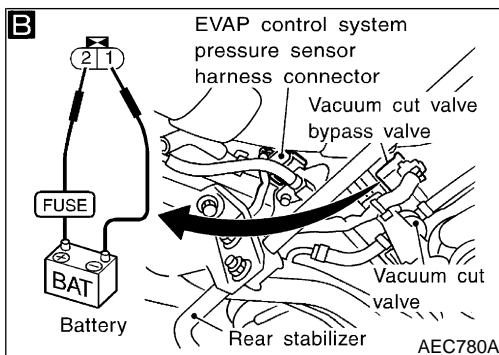
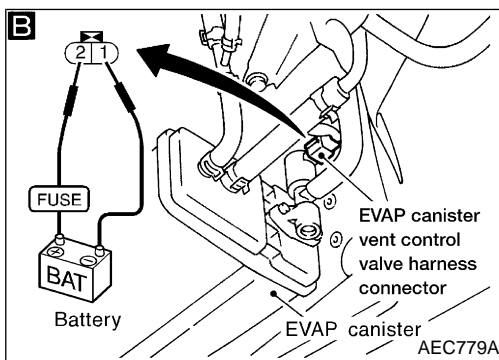
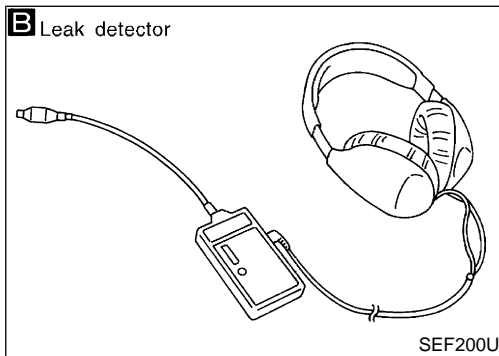
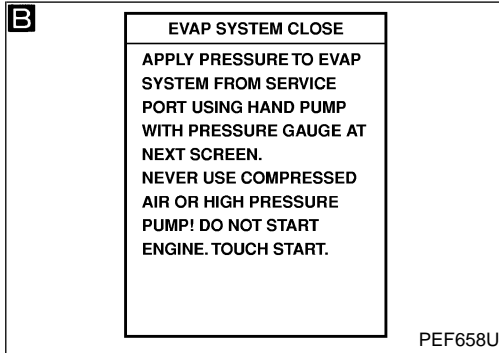
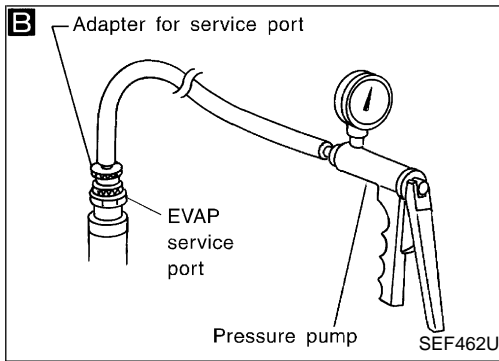
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Very Small Leak) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



GI  
MA  
EM  
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**EC**  
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IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1441

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Very Small Leak) (Cont'd)



(A)

**B**

**CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK.**

- Never use compressed air or high pressure pump.
- Improper installation of service port may cause leaking.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.

To locate EVAP leak portion, proceed with the following steps.

1. Install the EVAP service port adapter and the pressure pump securely.
2. Turn ignition switch "ON". Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
3. Touch "START" and apply vacuum into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of bar graph.
4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the leak portion. For the leak detector, refer to instruction manual for more details. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-26.

OR

2. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
3. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
4. Apply 12 volts DC to vacuum cut valve bypass valve. The valve will open. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)
5. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg).
6. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to the instruction manual for more details about the leak detector. Refer to "Evaporative Emission Line Drawing", EC-26.

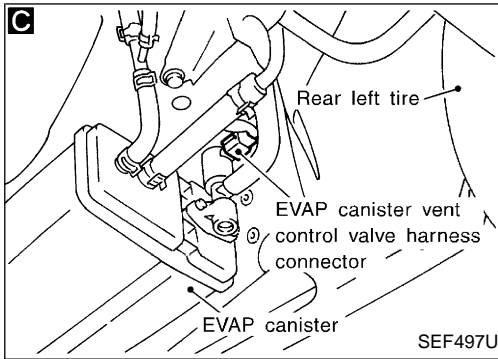
NG → Repair or replace.

(OK)

(B)  
(Go to next page.)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1441

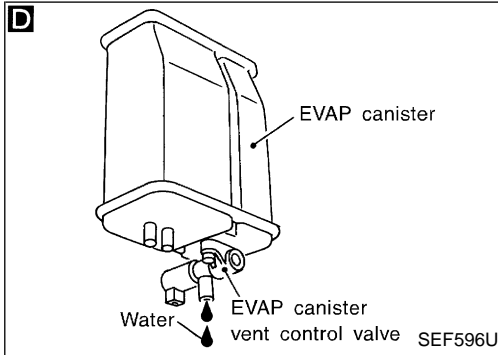
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Very Small Leak) (Cont'd)



**C**

**CHECK COMPONENT AND CIRCUIT** (EVAP canister vent control valve, O-ring and water separator). Refer to "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0446" for circuit, EC-301 and "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-393.

NG → Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring or harness/connector.



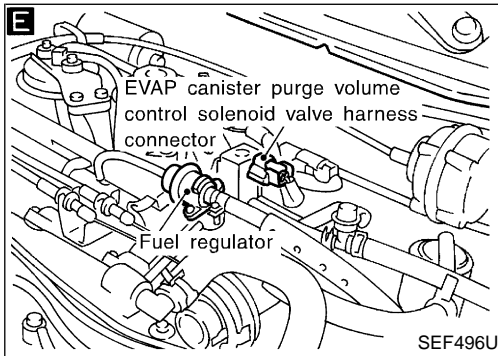
**D**

**CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER.**

1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached.
2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister. If it will, weigh the EVAP canister with the vent control valve attached.  
If the weight is:  
**More than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb) → NG**  
**Less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb) → OK**

NG → Replace EVAP canister and check the following.

1. Check hose connection between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging and poor connection.
2. Check water separator. Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-394. If NG, repair hose or replace water separator.



**E**

**CHECK COMPONENT** (EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve).

1. Disconnect EVAP hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
2. Start engine.
3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
4. Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100.0%.
5. Check EVAP hose for vacuum.  
**Vacuum should exist.**

NG → Check the following.

- EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve  
Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-393.
- Vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection  
Refer to "Vacuum Hose Drawing", EC-16.

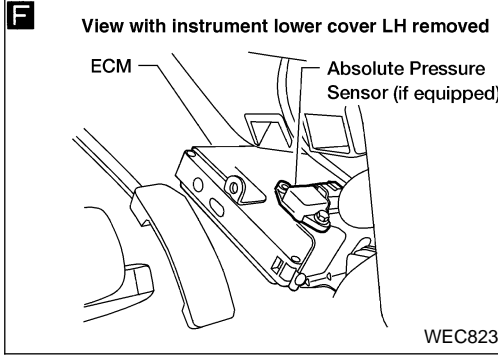
**E**

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
A/F ALPHA	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

Reference code: PEF190V

**OR**

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Stop engine.
3. Disconnect EVAP hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.
4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
5. Check EVAP hose for vacuum.  
**Vacuum should exist.**



**F**

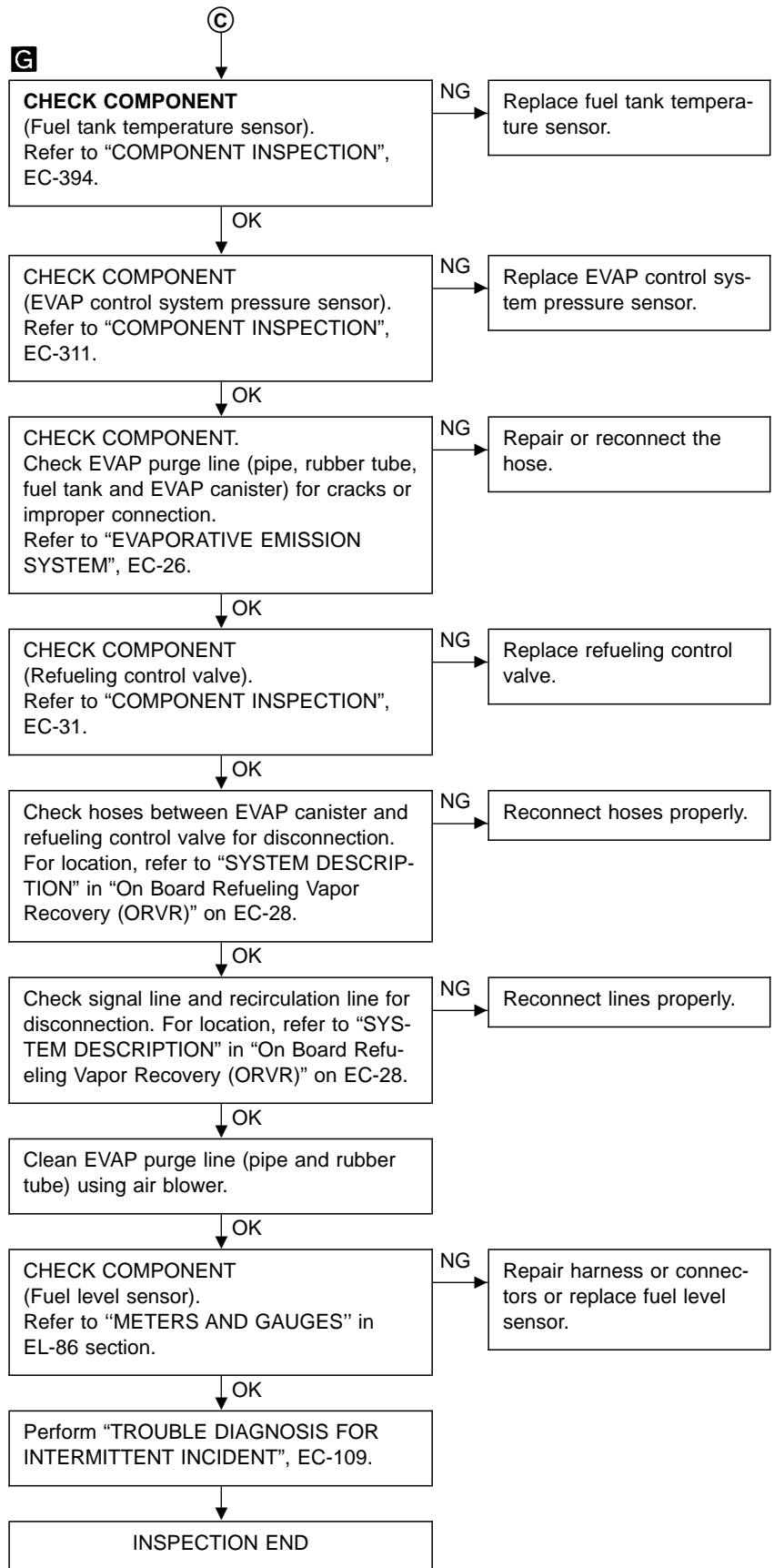
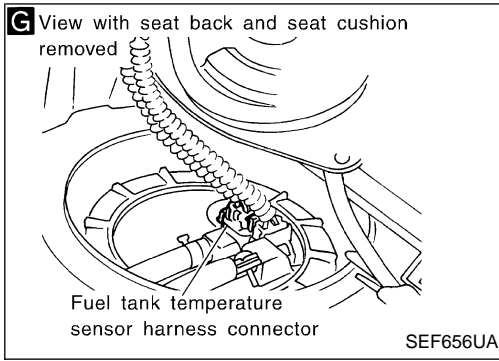
**CHECK COMPONENT**  
If not equipped with external absolute pressure sensor, go to next step. (Absolute pressure sensor) (if equipped). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-394.

NG → Replace absolute pressure sensor (if equipped).

OK → (Go to next page.)

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1441





# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1441

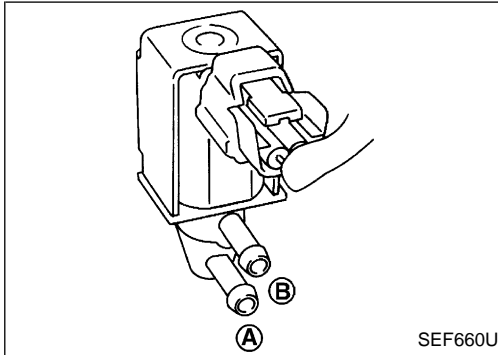
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Very Small Leak) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

### EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening. If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.
3. Check air passage continuity.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
A/F ALPHA	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

PEF190V

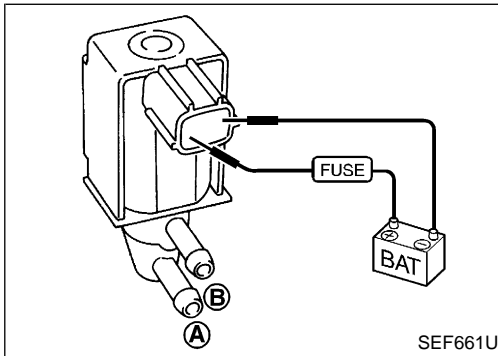


Condition PURG VOL CONT/V value	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

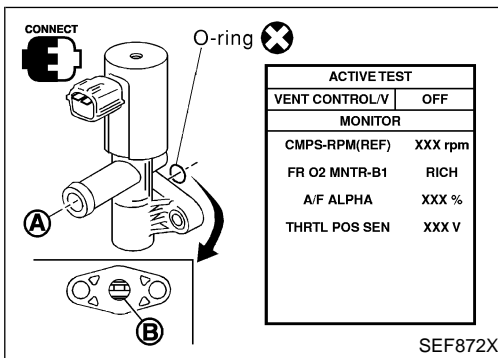
OR

Check air passage continuity.



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.



### EVAP canister vent control valve

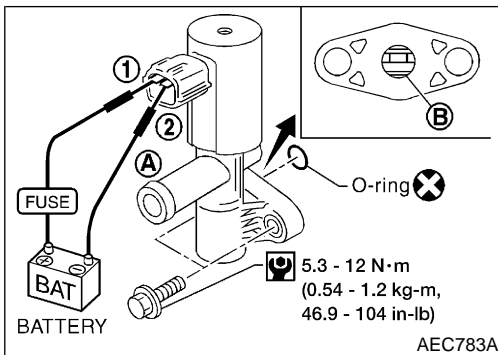
Check air passage continuity.

1. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

OR

Check air passage continuity.



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary. If portion (B) is rusted, replace control valve.

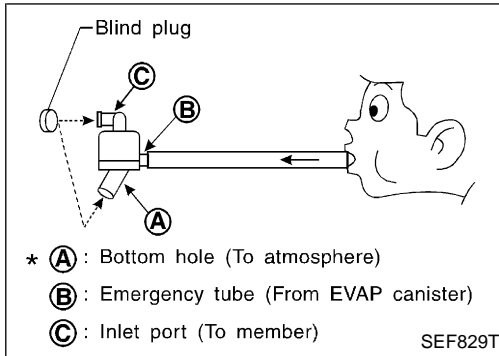
**Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.**

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1441

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System (Very Small Leak) (Cont'd)

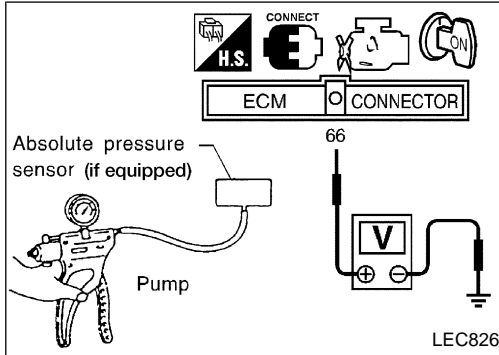
#### Water separator

1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
  2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
  3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
  4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air from (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
  5. In case of NG in items 2 - 4, replace the parts.
- **Do not disassemble water separator.**



#### Absolute pressure sensor (If equipped)

1. Remove absolute pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
2. Turn ignition switch "ON" and check output voltage between ECM terminal 66 and engine ground.  
**The voltage should be 1.8 to 4.8 V.**
3. Use pump to apply vacuum of -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg) to absolute pressure sensor as shown in figure and check the output voltage.  
**The voltage should be 1.0 to 1.4 V lower than the value measured in step 3.**

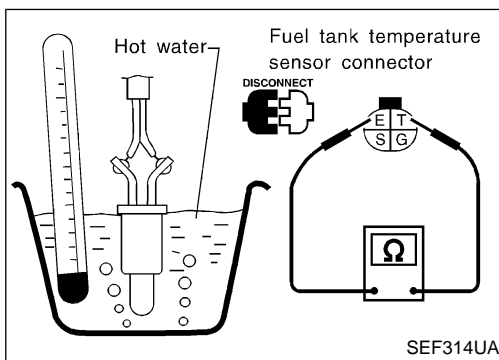


#### CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
  - Do not apply vacuum below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
4. If NG, replace absolute pressure sensor.

#### Fuel tank temperature sensor

Check resistance by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

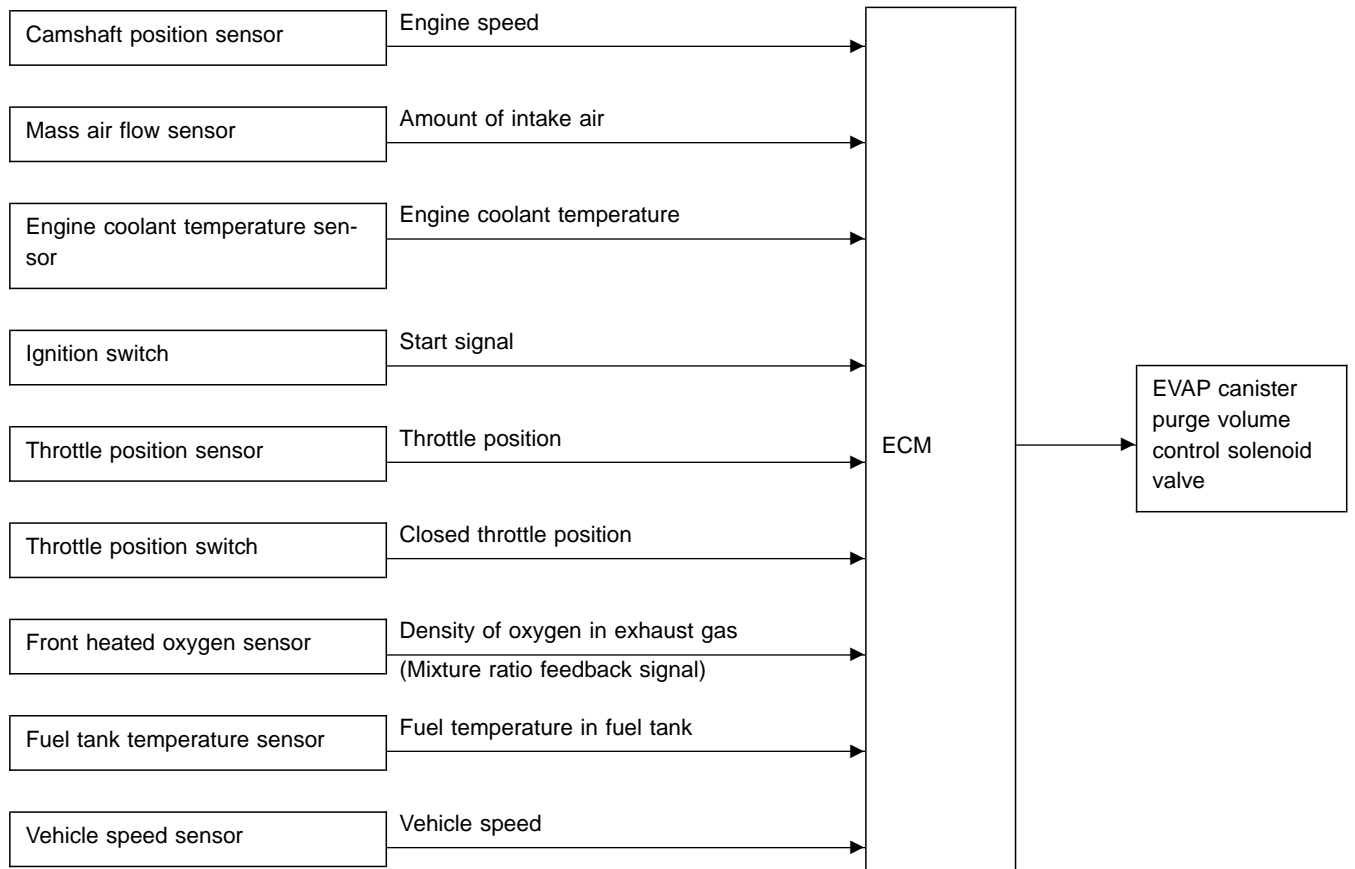


Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90

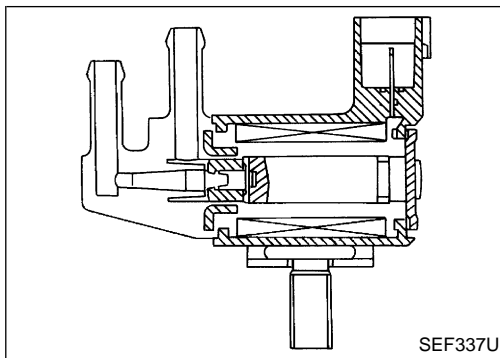
If NG, replace fuel tank temperature sensor.

Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses ON/OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.

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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1444

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

#### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
PURG VOL C/V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: After warming up</li> <li>● Air conditioner switch "OFF"</li> <li>● No-load</li> </ul>	Idle
		Vehicle running (Shift lever "1") 2,000 rpm (90 seconds after starting engine)
		0%
		—

#### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and Ⓒ (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
4	W/G	ECM relay (Self-shutoff)	Engine is running.	0 - 1V
			Ignition switch "OFF"	
			└ For a few seconds after turning ignition switch "OFF"	
			Ignition switch "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			└ A few seconds passed after turning ignition switch "OFF"	
5	L	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	Engine is running.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			└ Idle speed	
56	W/R	Power supply for ECM	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
61	W/R			

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1444 0214	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● The canister purge flow is detected during the specified driving conditions, even when EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is completely closed.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve (The valve is stuck open.)</li> <li>● EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>● EVAP canister</li> <li>● Hoses (Hoses are connected incorrectly or clogged.)</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1444

PURG VOL CN/V P1444	
OUT OF CONDITION	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF900U

PURG VOL CN/V P1444	
TESTING	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF901U

PURG VOL CN/V P1444	
COMPLETED	

PEF902U

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

For best results, perform test at a temperature of 0°C (32°F) or more.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Select "PURG VOL C/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CONSULT-II changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take for at least 10 seconds.)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2).

- 7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". (If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-399.)

OR



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-399.

OR

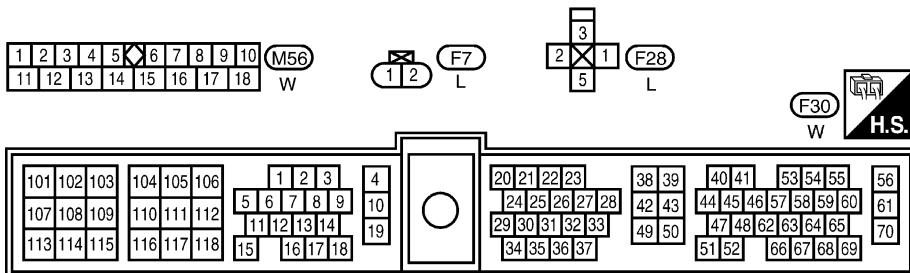
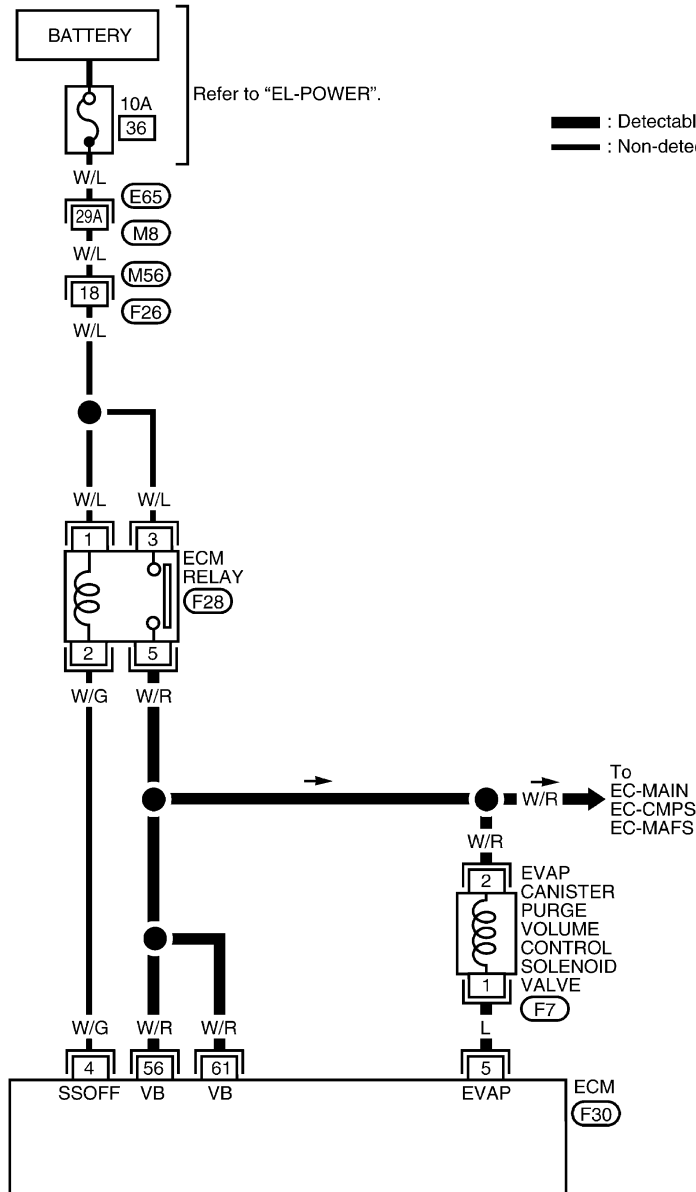


- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 5) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "Diagnostic Test Mode (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-399.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1444

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

EC-PGC/V-01

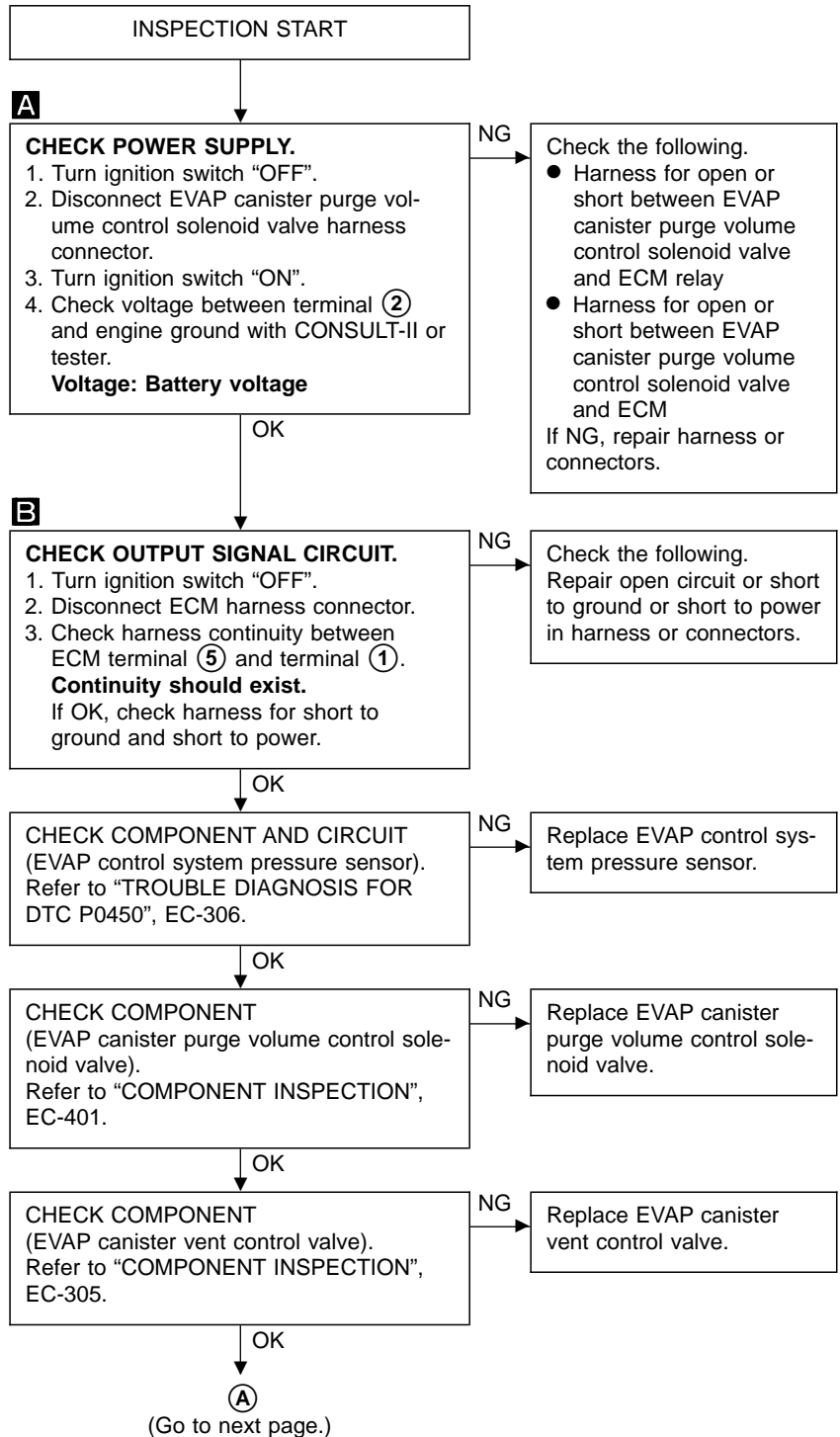
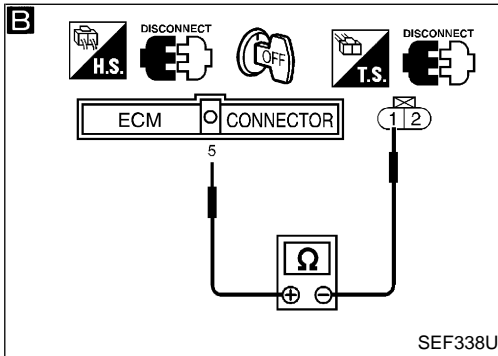
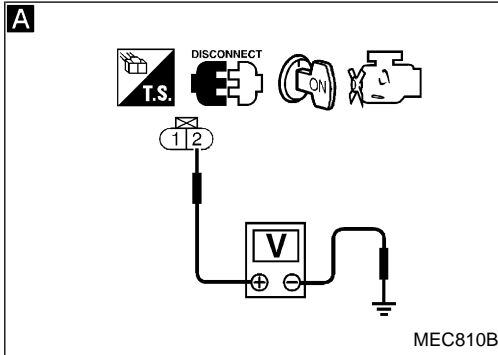
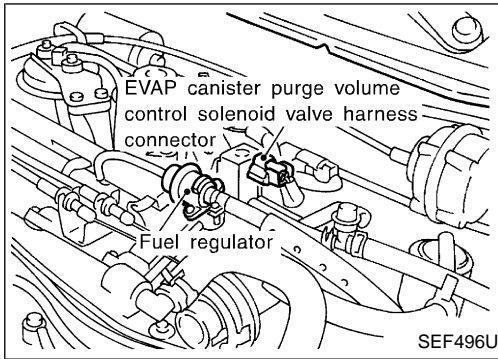


Refer to the following.  
 (M8), (E65) - SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1444

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

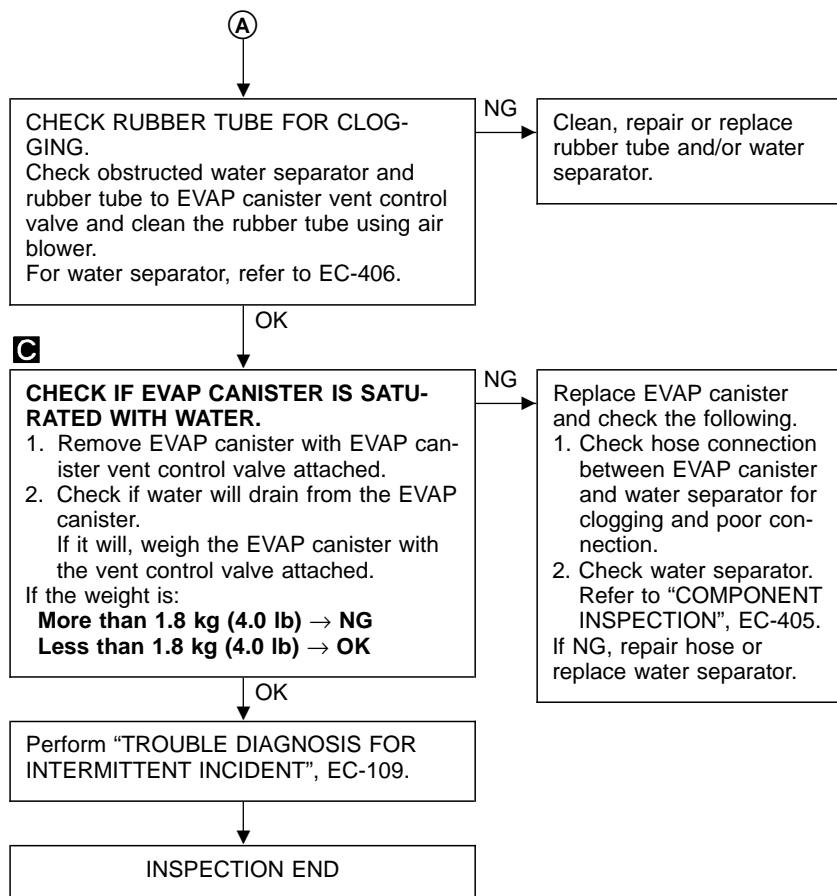
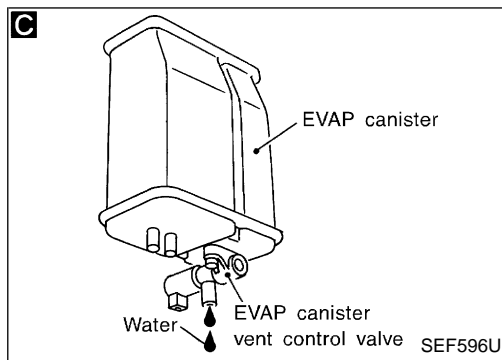
### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1444

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)





# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1444

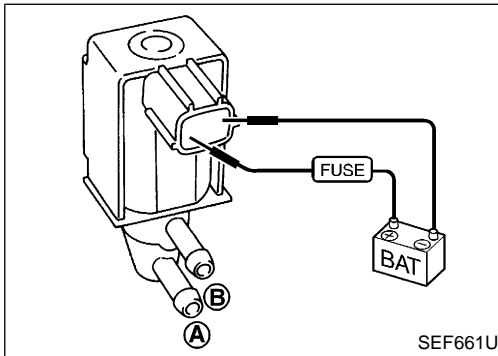
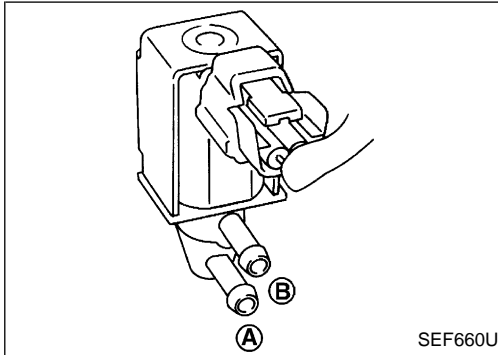
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

### EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening. If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.
3. Check air passage continuity.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
A/F ALPHA	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

PEF190V



Condition PURG VOL CONT/V value	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No

If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

OR

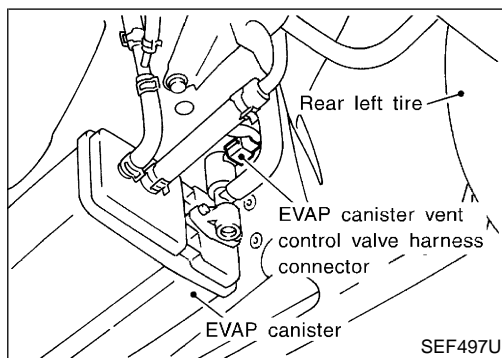
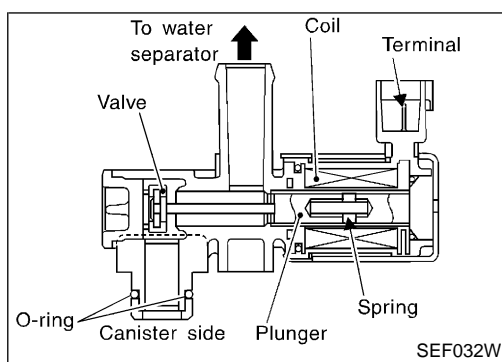
⊗ Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.

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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1446



### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close)

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

#### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	● Ignition switch: ON	OFF

#### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
108	PU	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1446 0215	● EVAP canister vent control valve remains closed under specified driving conditions.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>● EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit</li> <li>● Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>● Water separator</li> <li>● EVAP canister is saturated with water.</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1446

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SEN	XXX km/h
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF724W

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

##### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

##### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Start engine.
- 4) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for a maximum of 15 minutes.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-404.

##### NOTE:

If a malfunction exists, NG result may be displayed quicker.

OR



- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for 15 minutes.
- 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-404.

OR

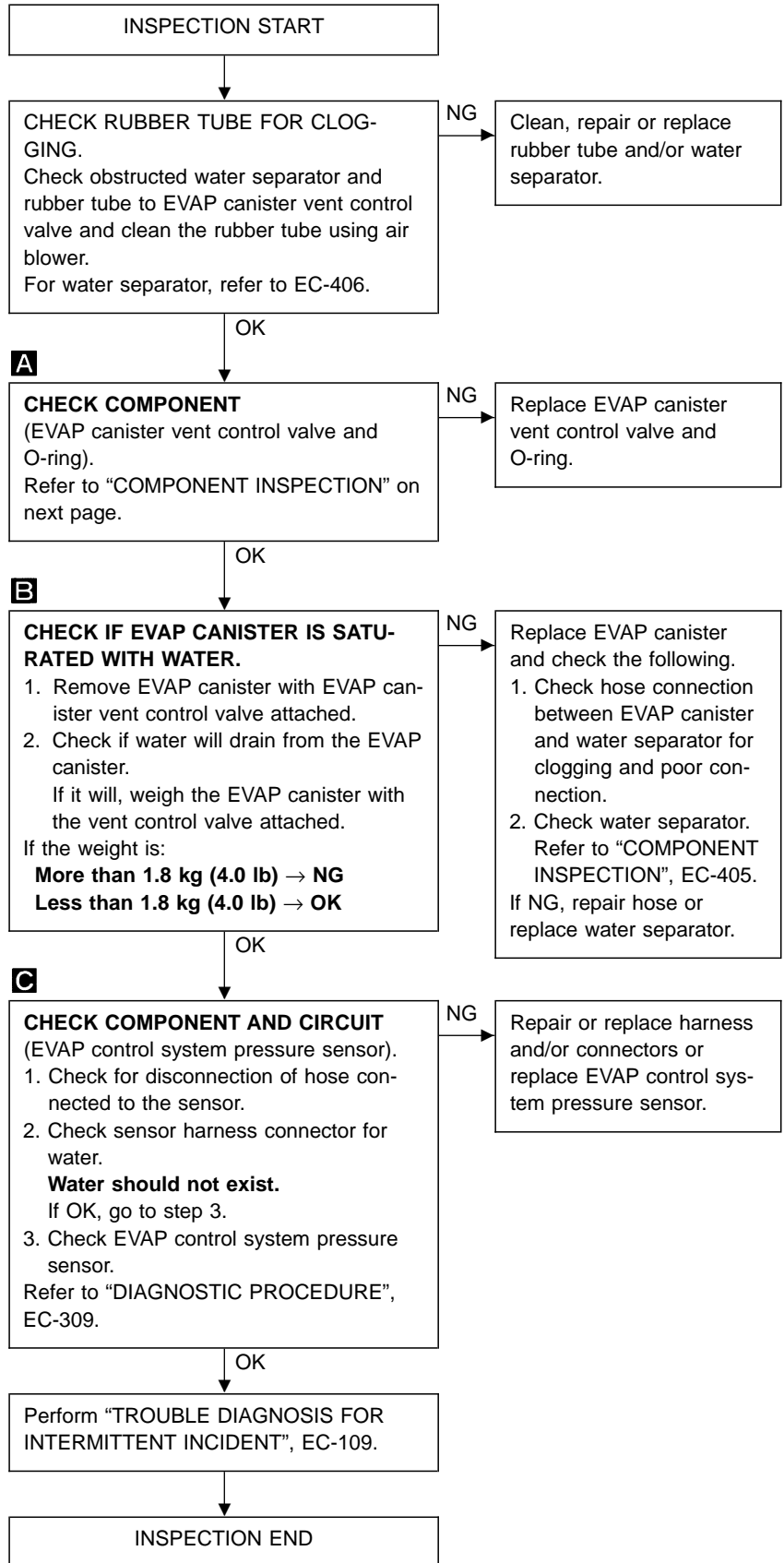
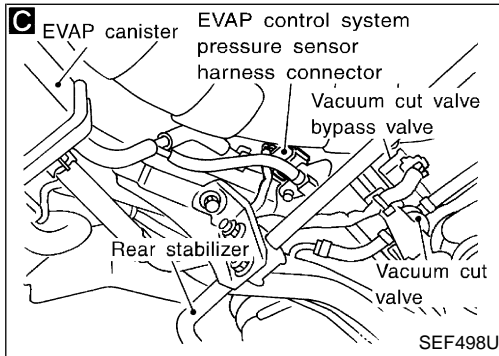
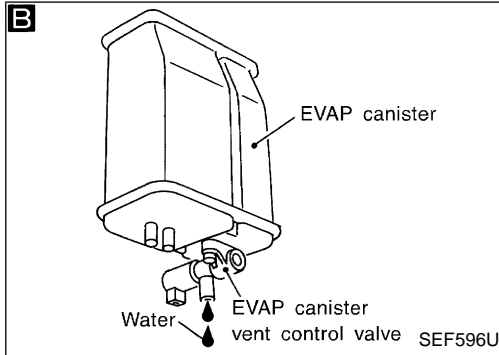
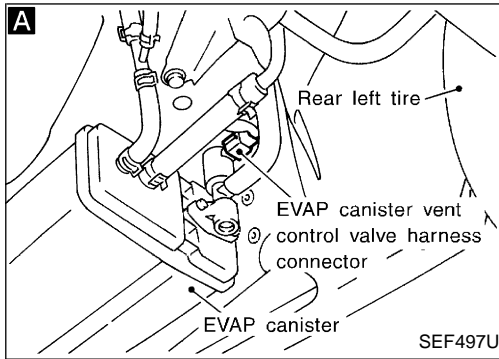


- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle at a speed of approximately 80 km/h (50 MPH) for 15 minutes.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Turn ignition switch "ON" and perform "DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-404.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1446

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



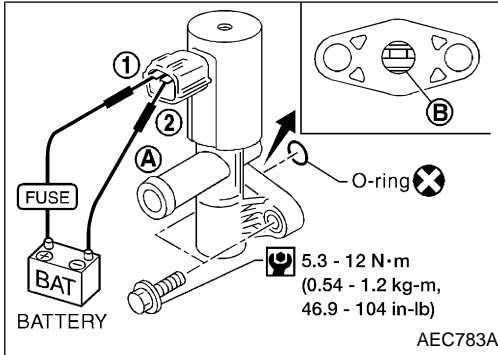
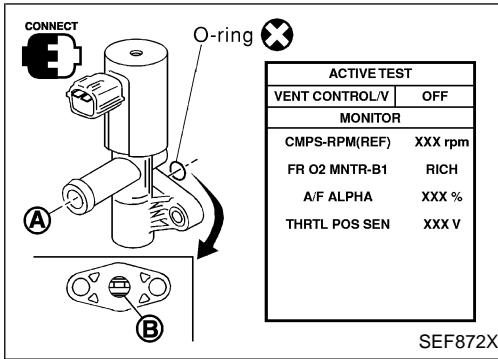
## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1446

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

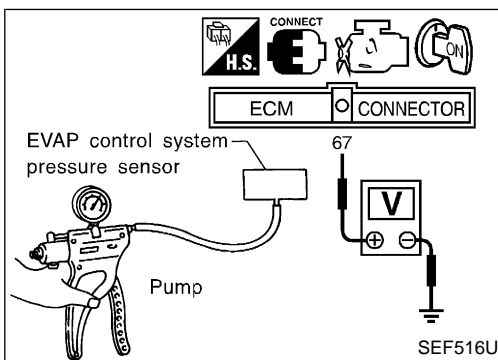
OR

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

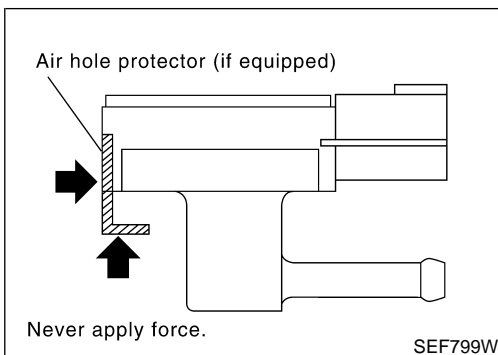
**Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.**



#### EVAP control system pressure sensor

1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
4. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
5. Check output voltage between ECM terminal (67) and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage V
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6



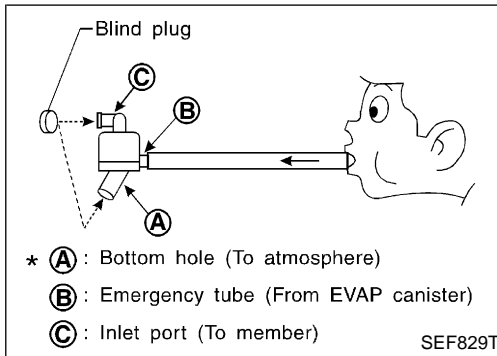
#### CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
  - Do not apply pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg) or vacuum below -20.0 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg).
6. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1446

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Close) (Cont'd)

- Never apply force to the air hole protector of the sensor, if equipped.
- Discard any EVAP control system pressure sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



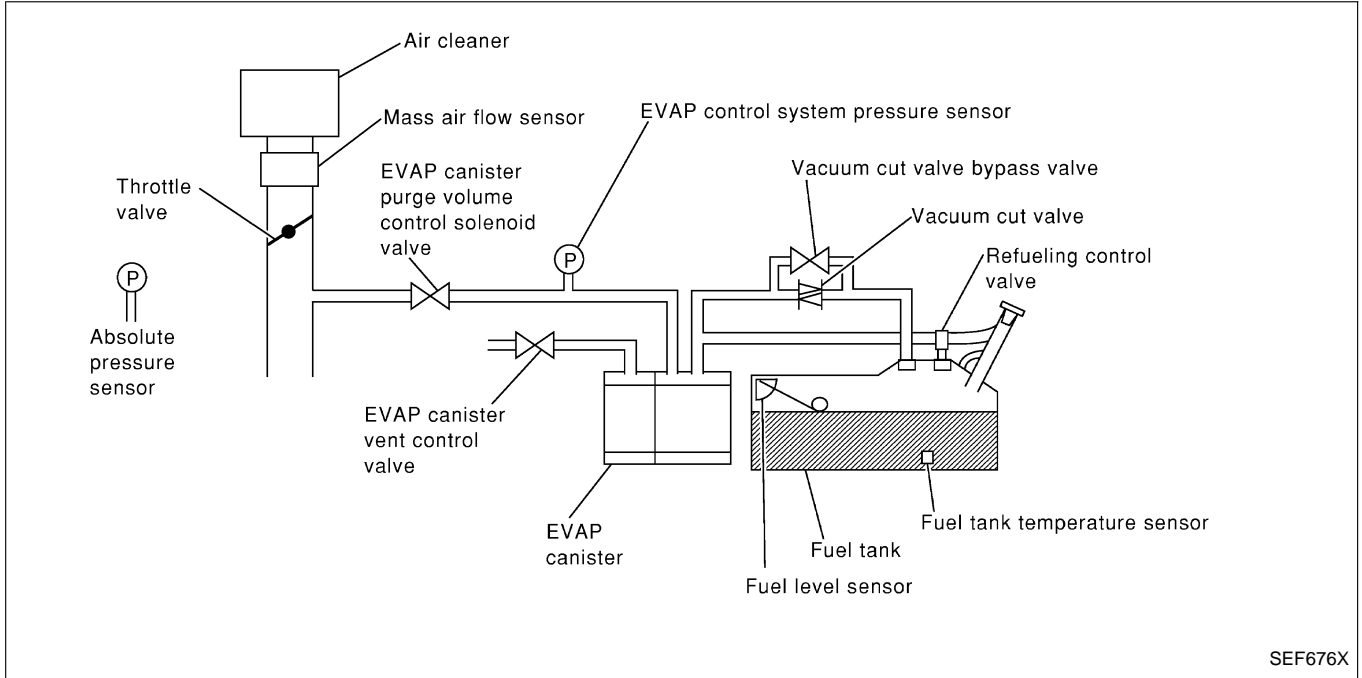
### Water separator

1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
  2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
  3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
  4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air from (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
  5. In case of NG in items 2 - 4, replace the parts.
- **Do not disassemble water separator.**

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring

**Note:** If DTC P1447 is displayed with P0510, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0510 first. (See EC-339.)



SEF676X

### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

In this evaporative emission (EVAP) control system, purge flow occurs during non-closed throttle conditions. Purge volume is related to air intake volume. Under normal purge conditions (non-closed throttle), the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is open. Purge flow exposes the EVAP control system pressure sensor to intake manifold vacuum.

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Under normal conditions (non-closed throttle), sensor output voltage indicates if pressure drop and purge flow are adequate. If not, a fault is determined.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1447 0111	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● EVAP control system does not operate properly.</li> <li>● EVAP control system has a leak between intake manifold and EVAP control system pressure sensor.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve stuck closed</li> <li>● EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit</li> <li>● Loose, disconnected or improper connection of rubber tube</li> <li>● Blocked rubber tube</li> <li>● Cracked EVAP canister</li> <li>● EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit</li> <li>● Closed throttle position switch</li> <li>● Blocked purge port</li> <li>● EVAP canister vent control valve</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447

PURG FLOW P1447	
OUT OF CONDITION	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF250V

PURG FLOW P1447	
TESTING	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF251V

PURG FLOW P1447	
COMPLETED	

PEF905U

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

- Always perform test at a temperature of 0°C (32°F) or more.
- This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.



- 1) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
- 4) Select "PURG FLOW P1447" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5) Touch "START".
- 6) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 35 seconds.)

**Selector lever: Suitable position**

**Vehicle speed: 32 - 120 km/h (20 - 75 MPH)**

**CMPS-RPM (REF): 500 - 3,000 rpm**

**Engine coolant temperature: 70 - 100°C (158 - 212°F)**

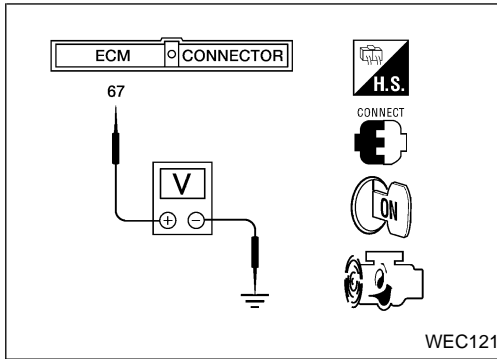
If "TESTING" is not changed for a long time, retry from step 2).

- 7) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-410.



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)



OR

#### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall monitoring function of the EVAP control system purge flow. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

- 1) Lift up drive wheels.
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine and wait at least 70 seconds.
- 5) Set voltmeter probes to ECM terminals ⑥7 (EVAP control system pressure sensor signal) and ground.
- 6) Check EVAP control system pressure sensor value at idle speed.
- 7) Establish and maintain the following conditions for at least 1 minute.

**Air conditioner switch: ON**

**Steering wheel: Fully turned**

**Headlamp switch: ON**

**Rear window defogger switch: ON**

**Engine speed: Approx. 3,000 rpm**

**Gear position:**

**M/T models**

**Any position other than "Neutral" or "Reverse"**

**A/T models**

**Any position other than "P", "N" or "R"**

Verify that EVAP control system pressure sensor value stays 0.1V less than the value at idle speed for at least 1 second.

- 8) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-410.

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447

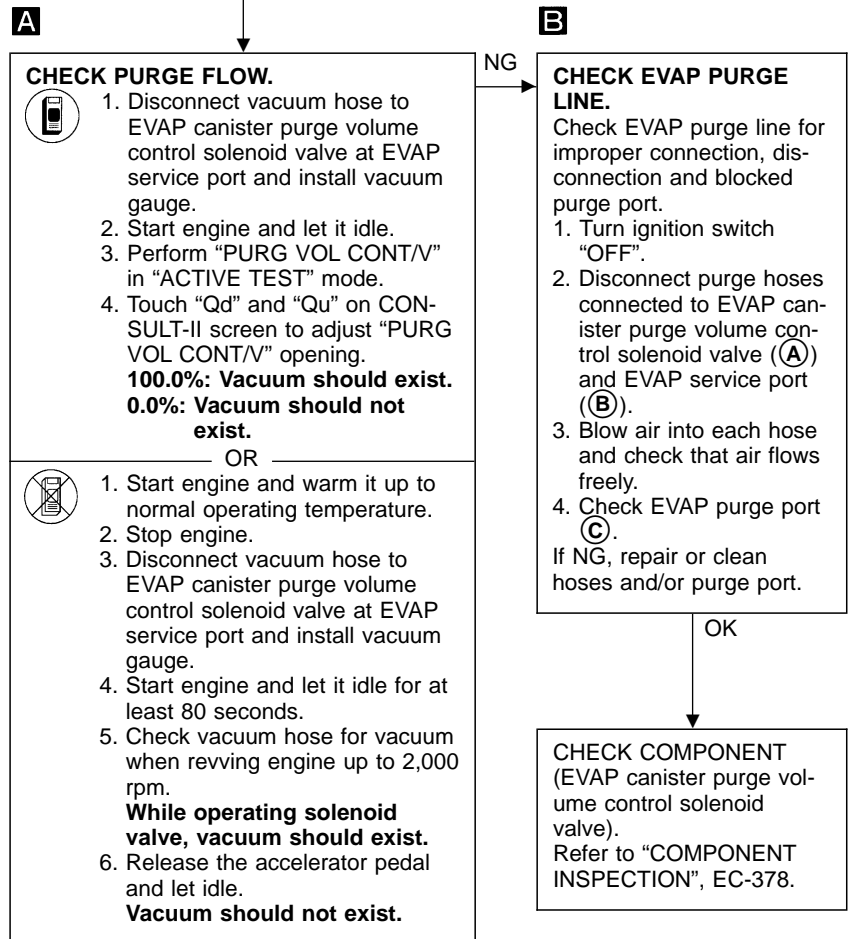
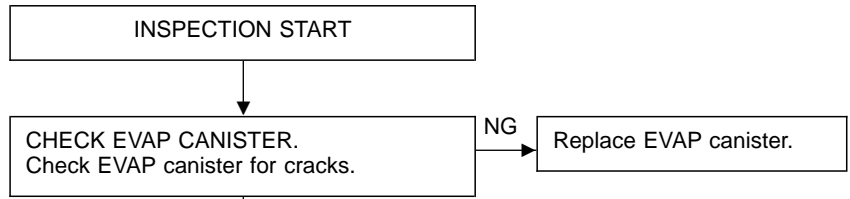
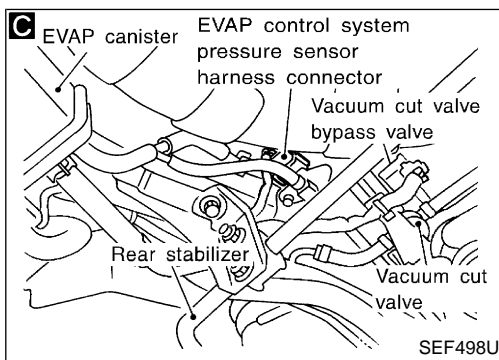
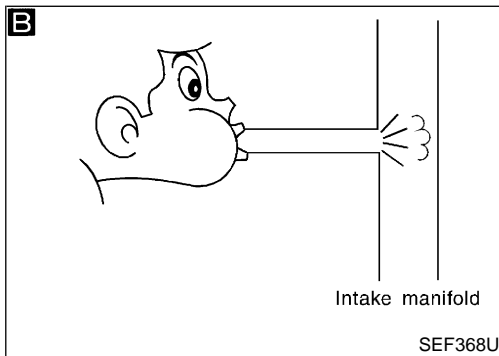
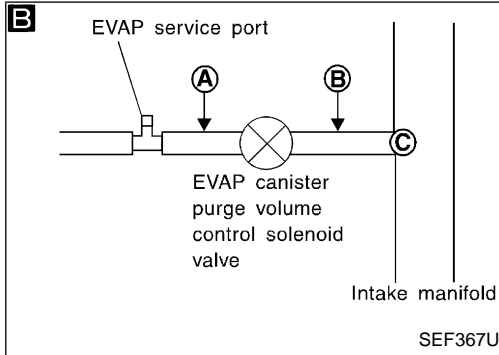
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

**A**

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
A/F ALPHA	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

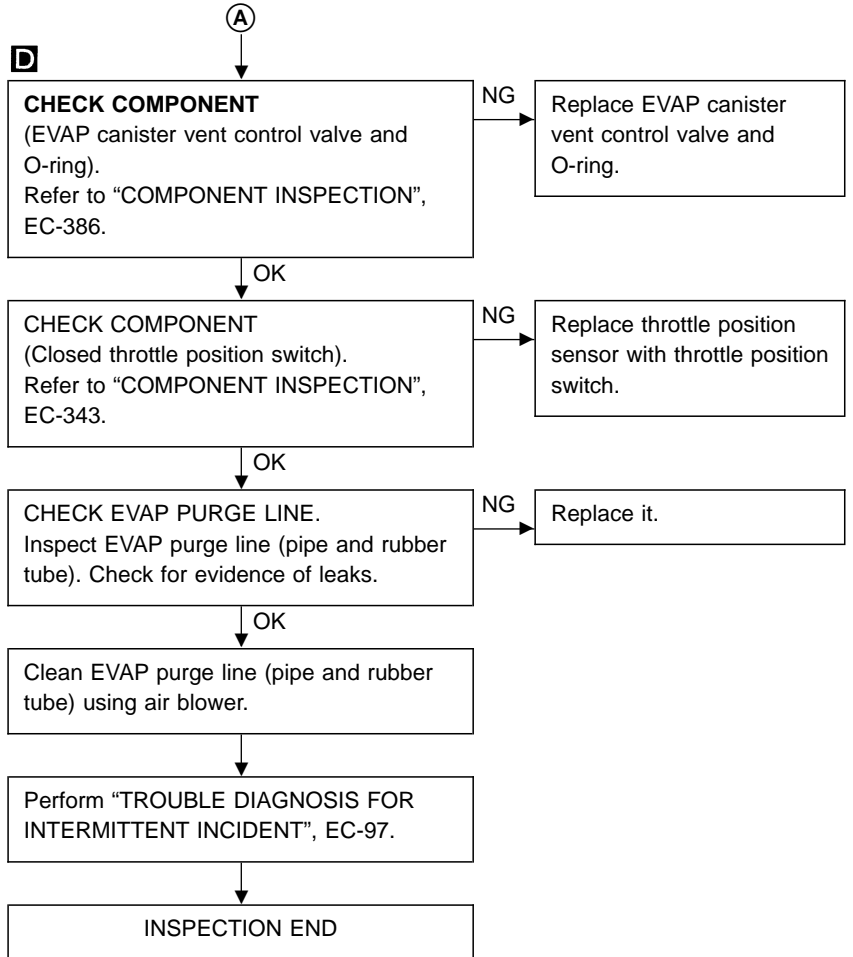
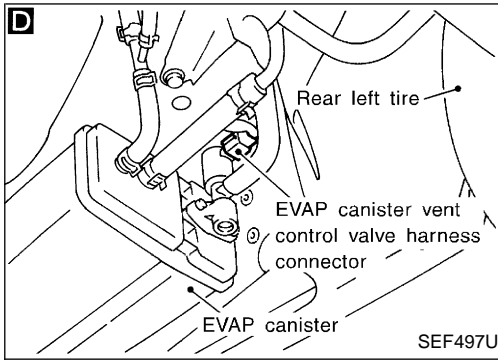
PEF190V



**A**

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)



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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

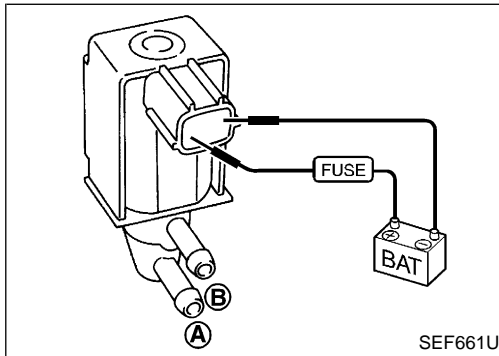
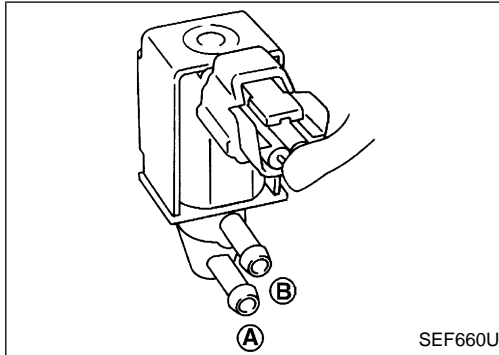
### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.  
If OK, inspection end. If NG, go to following step.
3. Check air passage continuity.

ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
A/F ALPHA	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

PEF190V



Condition PURG VOL CONT/V value	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
100.0%	Yes
0.0%	No

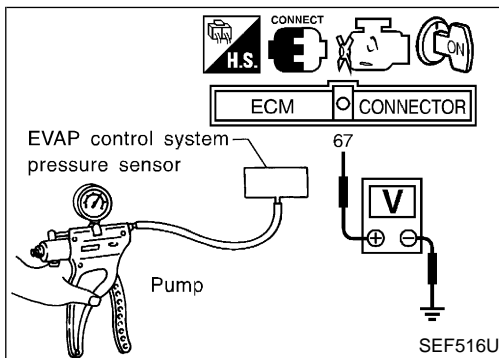
If NG, replace the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

OR

- ⊗ Check air passage continuity.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

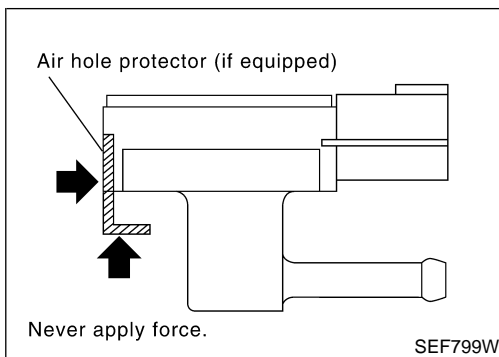
If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace solenoid valve.



#### EVAP control system pressure sensor

1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
4. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
5. Check output voltage between ECM terminal (67) and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage V
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6



#### CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg) or vacuum below -20.0 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg).
- 6. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- Never apply force to the air hole protector of the sensor, if equipped.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1447

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### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Control System Purge Flow Monitoring (Cont'd)

- Discard any EVAP control system pressure sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

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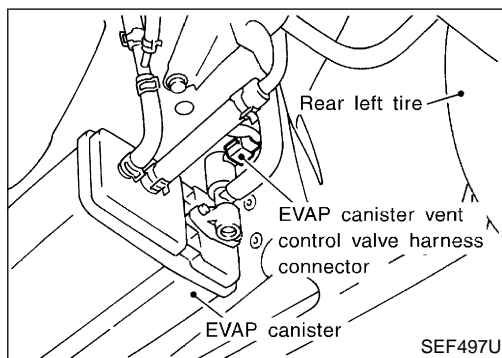
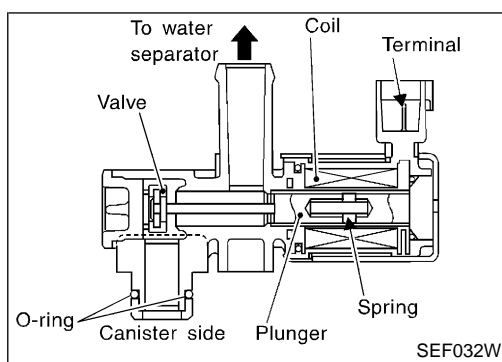
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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448



### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open)

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

##### NOTE:

If DTC P0440 is displayed with P1448, perform **TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448** first.

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid (the EVAP canister vent control valve) responds to signals from the ECM.

When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized.

A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System (Small Leak)" diagnosis.

### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	● Ignition switch: ON	OFF

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
108	PU	EVAP canister vent control valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1448 0309	● EVAP canister vent control valve remains opened under specified driving conditions.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>● EVAP control system pressure sensor and circuit</li> <li>● Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>● Water separator</li> <li>● EVAP canister is saturated with water.</li> <li>● Vacuum cut valve</li> </ul>

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### CAUTION:

Never remove fuel filler cap during the DTC confirmation procedure.

#### NOTE:

- If DTC P0440 is displayed with P1448, perform TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448 first.
- If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is between 1/4 to 3/4 full and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Open engine hood before conducting following procedure.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4) Make sure that the following conditions are met.  
**COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F)**  
**INT/A TEMP SE: 0 - 60°C (41 - 86°F)**
- 5) Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0440" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.  
Follow the instruction displayed.
- 6) Make sure that "OK" is displayed.  
If "NG" is displayed, go to the following step.

#### NOTE:

Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

- 7) Stop engine and wait at least 5 seconds, then turn "ON".
- 8) Disconnect hose from water separator.
- 9) Select "VENT CONTROL/V" of "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 10) Touch "ON" and "OFF" alternately.
- 11) Make sure of the following.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
VENT CONTROL/V ON	No
VENT CONTROL/V OFF	Yes

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-418.

If the result is OK, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" for "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440", EC-289.

EVAP SML LEAK P0440/P1440

1)FOR BEST RSLT,PERFORM AT FOLLOWING CONDITIONS.  
-FUEL LEVEL: 1/4-3/4  
-AMBIENT TEMP: 0-30 C(32-86F)  
-OPEN ENGINE HOOD.  
2)START ENG WITH VHCL STOPPED. IF ENG IS ON,STOP FOR 5 SEC. THEN RESTART.  
3)TOUCH START.

SEF565X

EVAP SML LEAK P0440/P1440

WAIT  
2 TO 10 MINUTES.  
KEEP ENGINE RUNNING AT IDLE SPEED.

SEF566X

EVAP SML LEAK P0440/P1440

MAINTAIN  
1600 - 2100 RPM UNTIL FINAL RESULT APPEARS.  
(APPROX. 3 MINUTES)

SEF874X

EVAP SML LEAK P0440/P1440

OK

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SELF-DIAG RESULTS

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NO DTC DETECTED.  
FURTHER TESTING  
MAY BE REQUIRED.

SEF567X

CONNECT

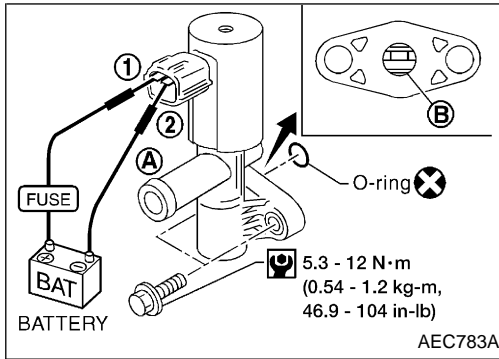
ACTIVE TEST	
VENT CONTROL/V	OFF
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR-B1	RICH
A/F ALPHA	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

SEF872X

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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd)



OR

#### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP canister vent control valve circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Disconnect hose from water separator.
- 2) Disconnect EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.
- 3) Verify the following.

Condition	Air passage continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	No
No supply	Yes

If the result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-418.

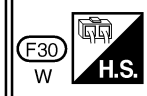
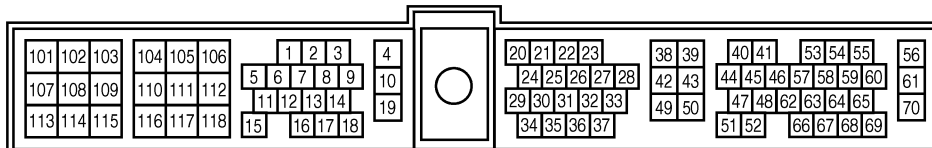
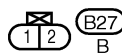
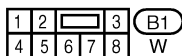
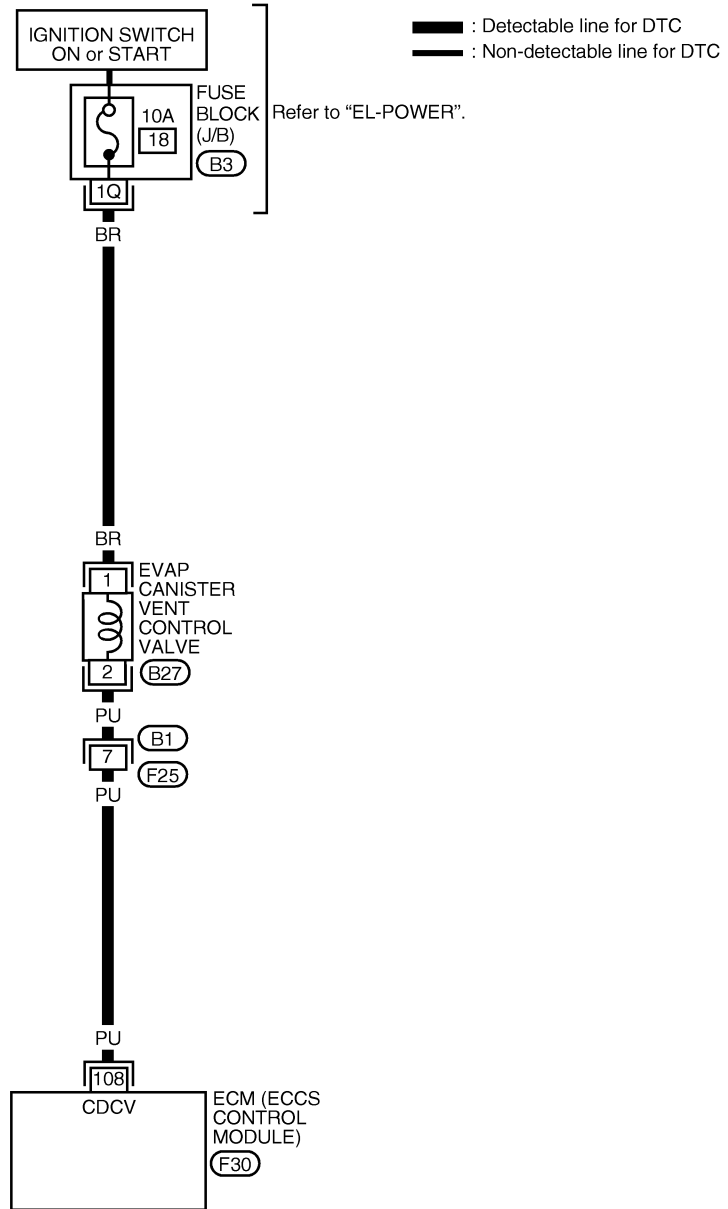
If the result is OK, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" for "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0440", EC-289.



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448

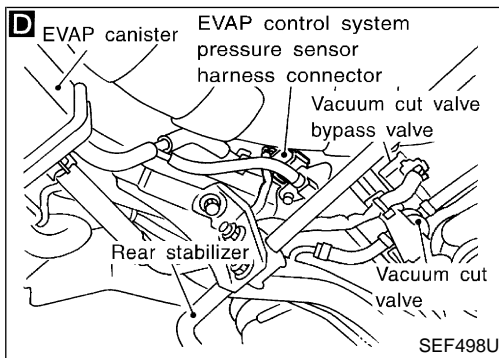
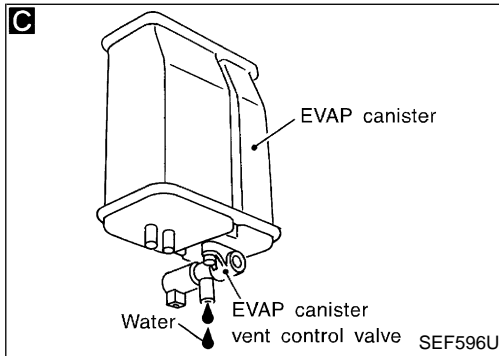
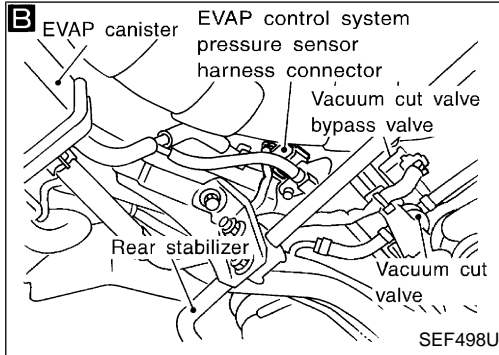
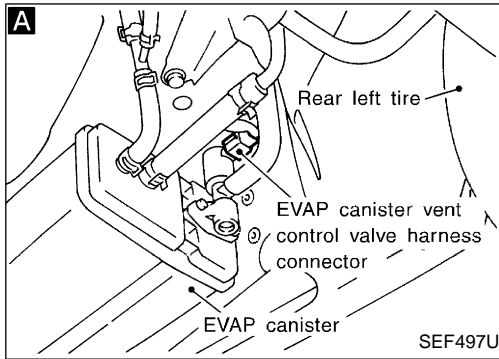
## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd)

EC-VENT/V-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

**CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR DISCONNECTION.**  
Check disconnection of rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve and clean the rubber hose and/or vent control valve then install properly.

OK

**A**  
**CHECK COMPONENT**  
(EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on next page.

NG

Replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring.

OK

**B**  
**CHECK COMPONENT**  
(Vacuum cut valve). Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-433.

NG

Replace vacuum cut valve.

OK

**C**  
**CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER IS SATURATED WITH WATER.**  
1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve attached.  
2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.  
If it will, weigh the EVAP canister with the vent control valve attached.  
If the weight is:  
**More than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb) → NG**  
**Less than 1.8 kg (4.0 lb) → OK**

NG

Replace EVAP canister and check the following.  
1. Check hose connection between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging and poor connection.  
2. Check water separator. Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-405. If NG, repair hose or replace water separator.

OK

**D**  
**CHECK COMPONENT AND CIRCUIT**  
(EVAP control system pressure sensor).  
1. Check for disconnection of hose connected to the sensor.  
2. Check harness connector for water in the sensor connectors. Water should not exist. If OK, go to step 3.  
3. Check EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION" on next page.

NG

Repair or replace harness and/or connectors or replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

OK

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

INSPECTION END

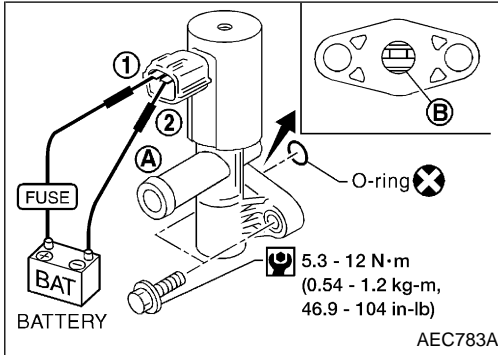
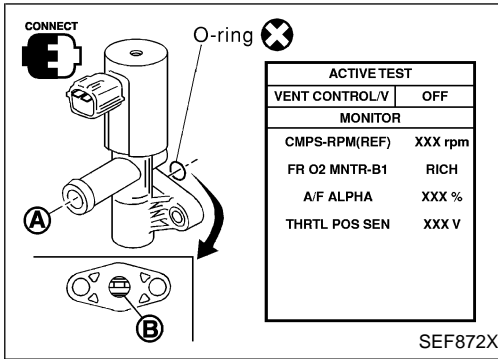
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448

## Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

### EVAP canister vent control valve

Check air passage continuity.

Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	No
OFF	Yes

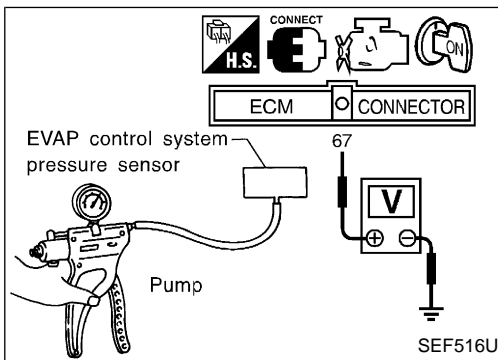
OR

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals (1) and (2)	No
No supply	Yes

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, clean valve using air blower or replace as necessary.

If the portion (B) is rusted, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

**Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.**



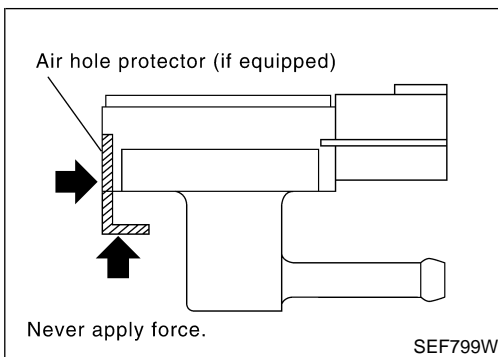
### EVAP control system pressure sensor

1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected.
2. Remove hose from EVAP control system pressure sensor.
3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
4. Use pump to apply vacuum and pressure to EVAP control system pressure sensor as shown in figure.
5. Check output voltage between ECM terminal (67) and engine ground.

Pressure (Relative to atmospheric pressure)	Voltage V
0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg)	3.0 - 3.6
-9.3 kPa (-70 mmHg, -2.76 inHg)	0.4 - 0.6

### CAUTION:

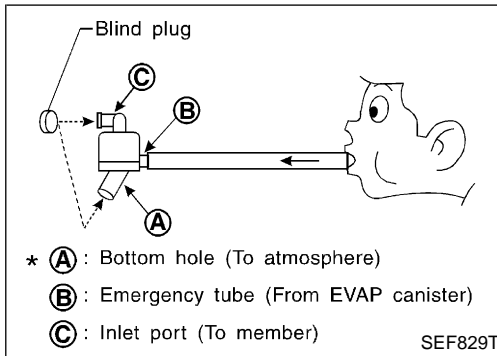
- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply pressure over 20.0 kPa (150 mmHg, 5.91 inHg) or vacuum below -20.0 kPa (-150 mmHg, -5.91 inHg).
- 6. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- Never apply force to the air hole protector of the sensor, if equipped.



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1448

### Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Vent Control Valve (Open) (Cont'd)

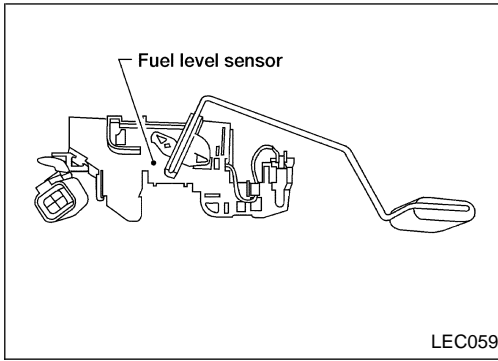
- Discard any EVAP control system pressure sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.



### Water separator

1. Check visually for insect nests in water separator air inlet.
  2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
  3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
  4. Check that (A) and (C) are not clogged by blowing air from (B) with (A), and then (C) plugged.
  5. In case of NG in items 2 - 4, replace the parts.
- **Do not disassemble water separator.**

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1464



## Fuel Level Sensor Circuit (Ground signal)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the ECM.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other side is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC LOGIC

ECM receives two signals from the fuel level sensor.

One is between the level sensor and the speedometer, and the other is between the level sensor and the ground.

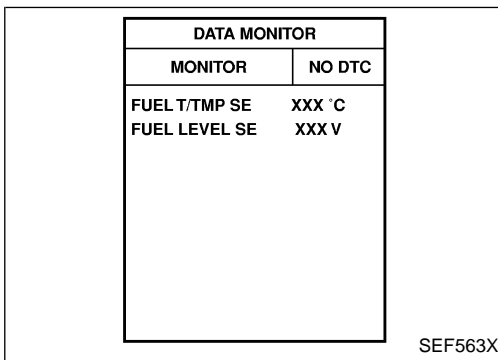
This diagnosis indicates the latter to detect open circuit malfunction.

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P0464 0810	A high voltage from the fuel level sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fuel level sensor circuit (The fuel level sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> </ul>

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "Diagnostic Procedure", EC-423.



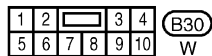
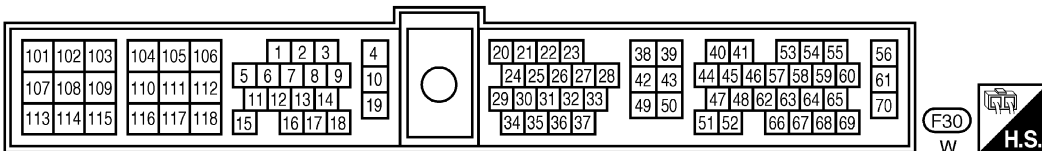
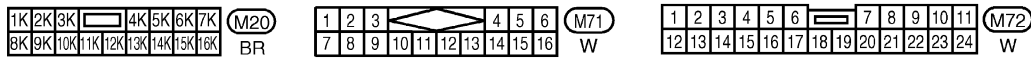
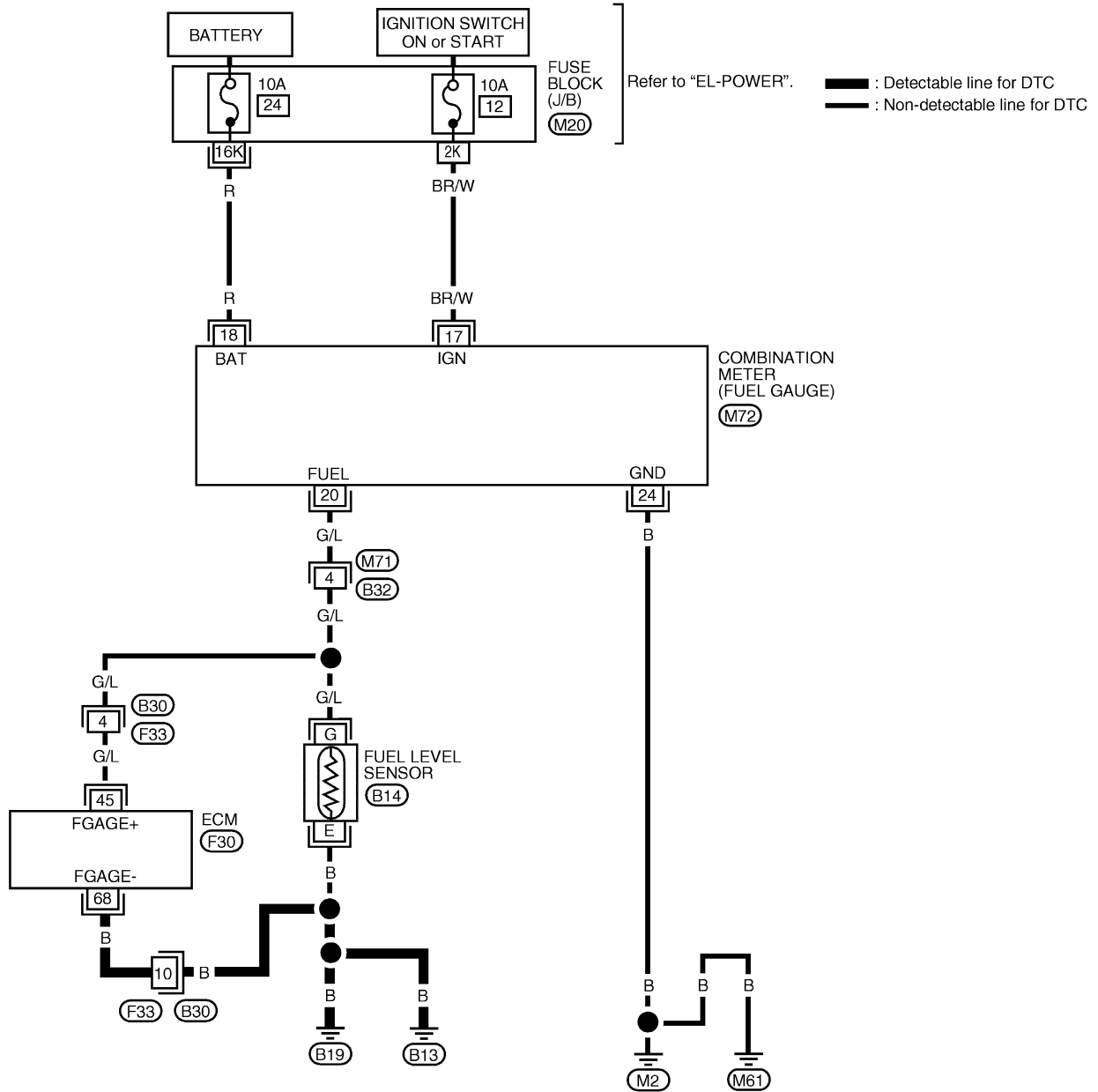
OR  
Follow the above procedure "With CONSULT-II".

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1464

## Fuel Level Sensor Circuit (Ground signal) (Cont'd)

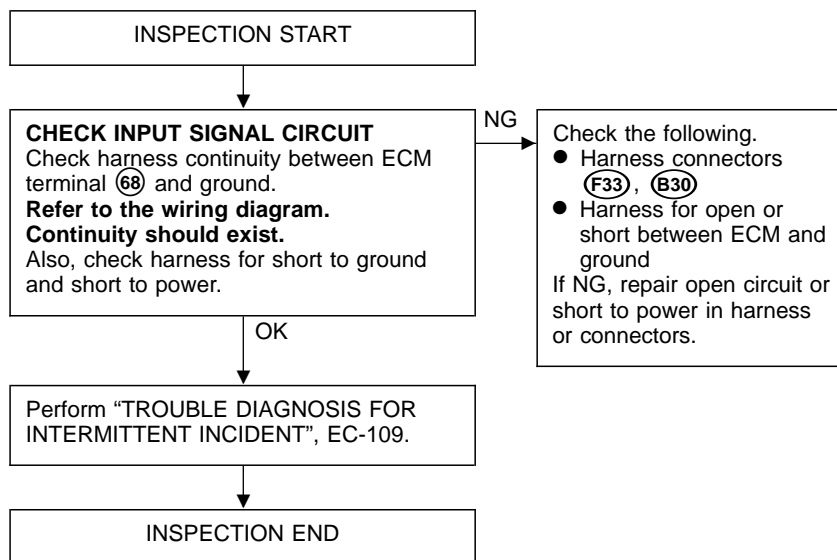
EC-FL3-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1464

## Fuel Level Sensor Circuit (Ground signal) (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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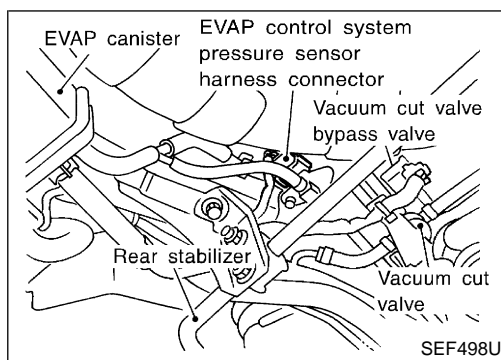
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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1490



### Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is a solenoid type valve and generally remains closed. It opens only for on board diagnosis. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the valve is opened.

### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VC/V BYPASS/V	● Ignition switch: ON	OFF

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3(ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
117	PU/R	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1490 0801	● An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through vacuum cut valve bypass valve.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The vacuum cut valve bypass valve circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Vacuum cut valve bypass valve</li> </ul>

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

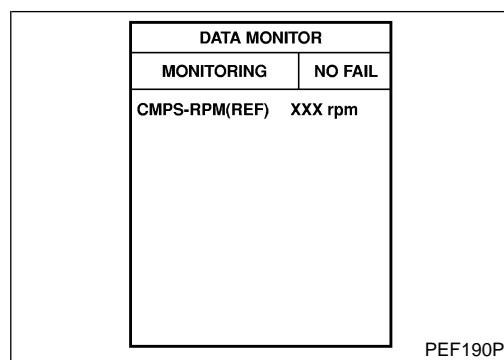
#### TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-432.

OR

- 1) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 3) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-432.





## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1490

### Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)



- OR
- 1) Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
  - 2) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
  - 3) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results)" with ECM.
  - 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-432.

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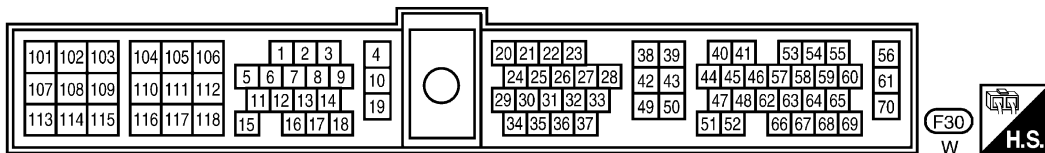
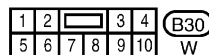
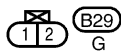
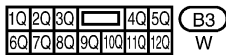
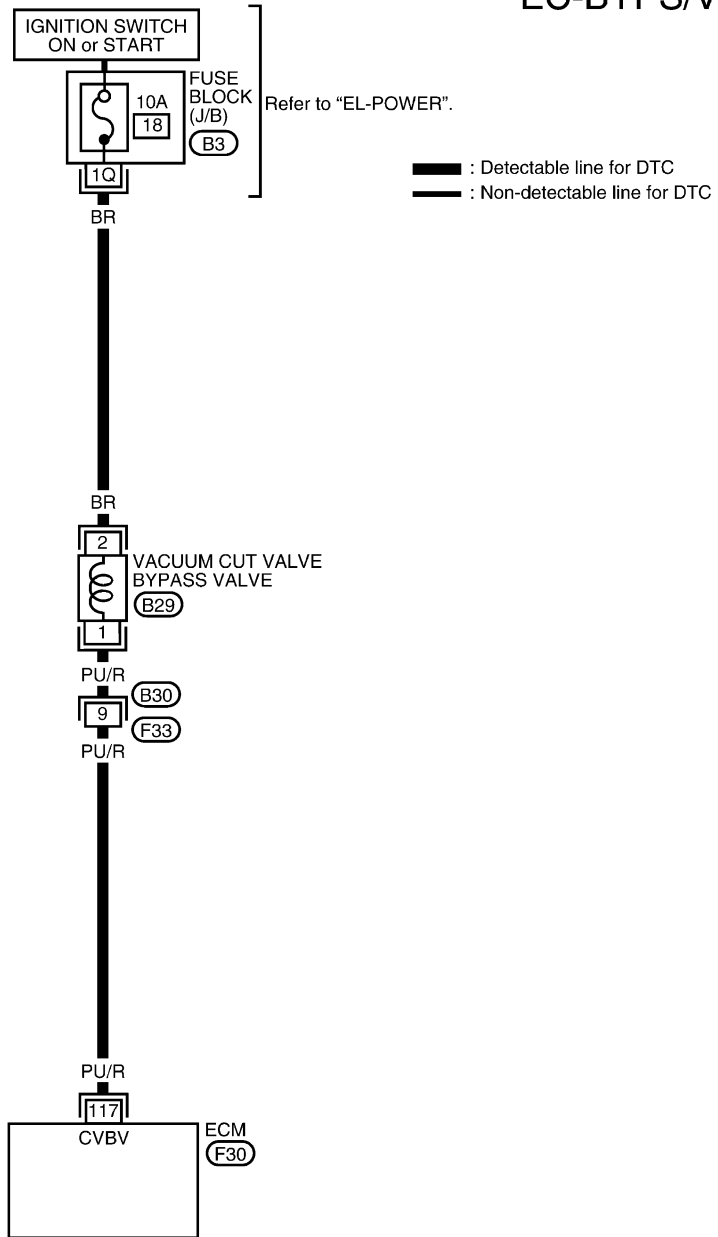
EL

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1490

## Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

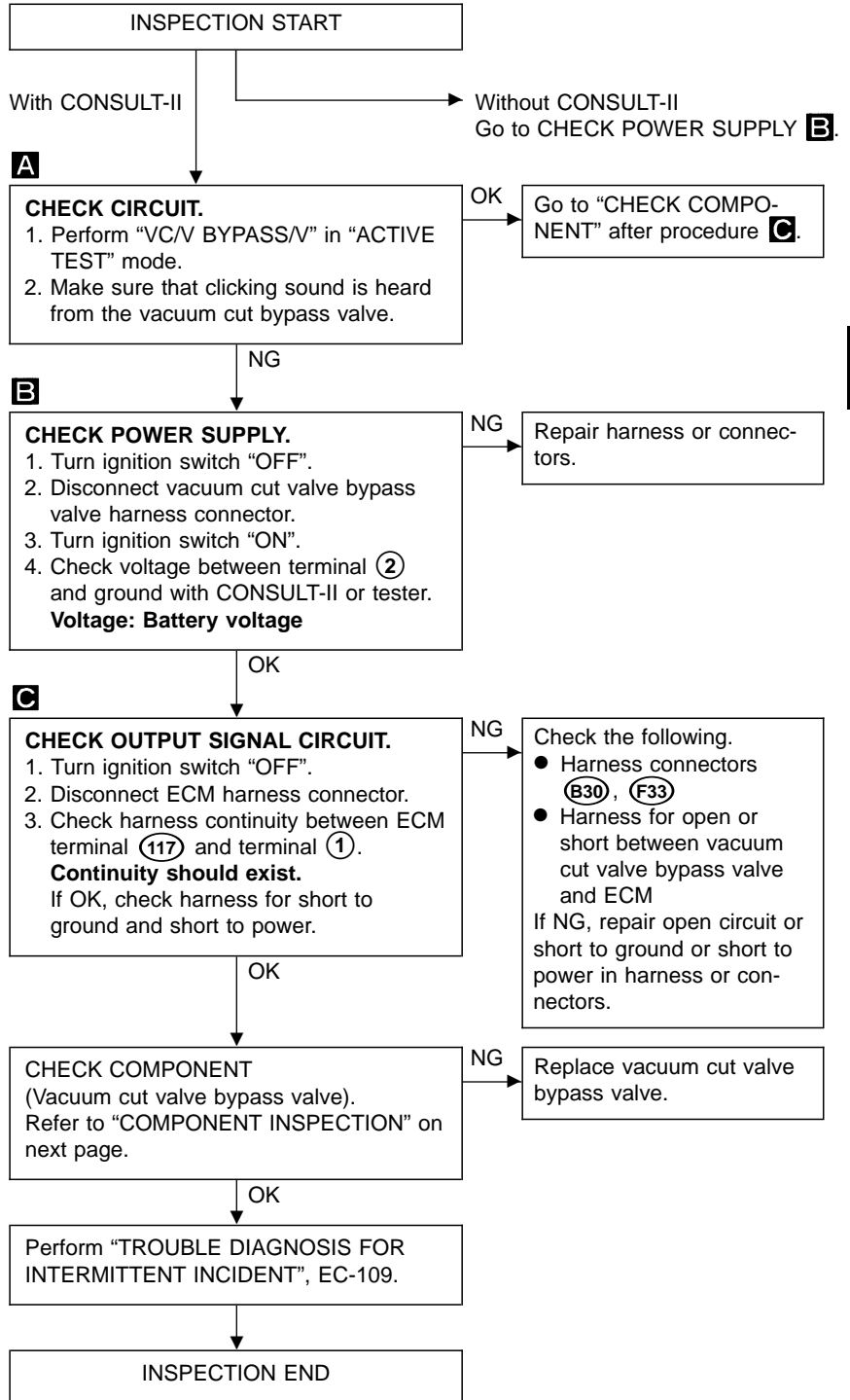
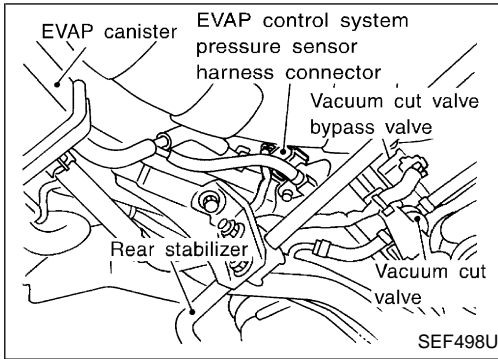
EC-BYPS/V-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1490

## Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

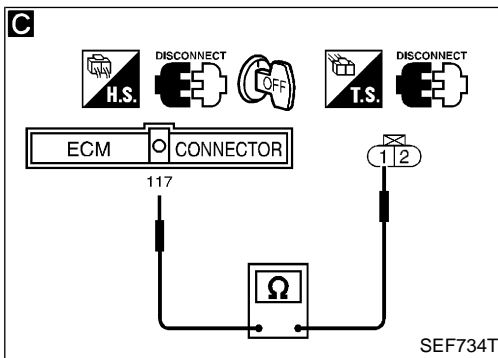
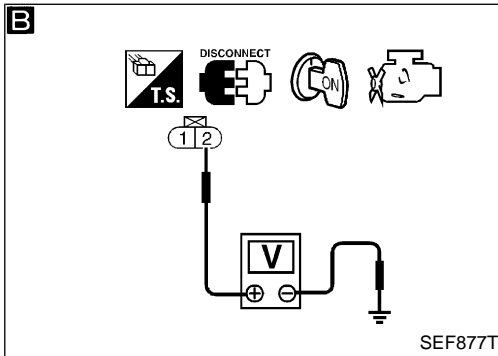
### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



**A**

ACTIVE TEST	
VC/V BYPASS/V	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
A/F ALPHA	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

PEF364U

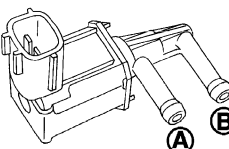


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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1490

## Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Circuit) (Cont'd)

CONNECT



ACTIVE TEST	
VC/V BYPASS/V	OFF
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR-B1	RICH
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

WEC122

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

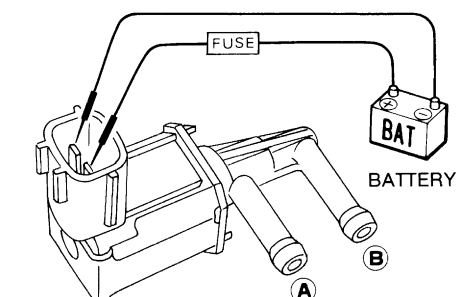
#### Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

Check air passage continuity.

 Perform "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.


Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	Yes
OFF	No

OR



BATTERY

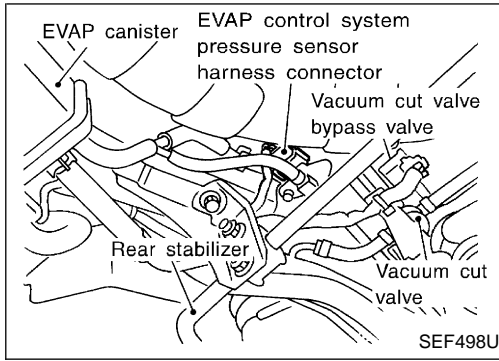
SEF351Q



Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace vacuum cut valve bypass valve.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1491



## Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve

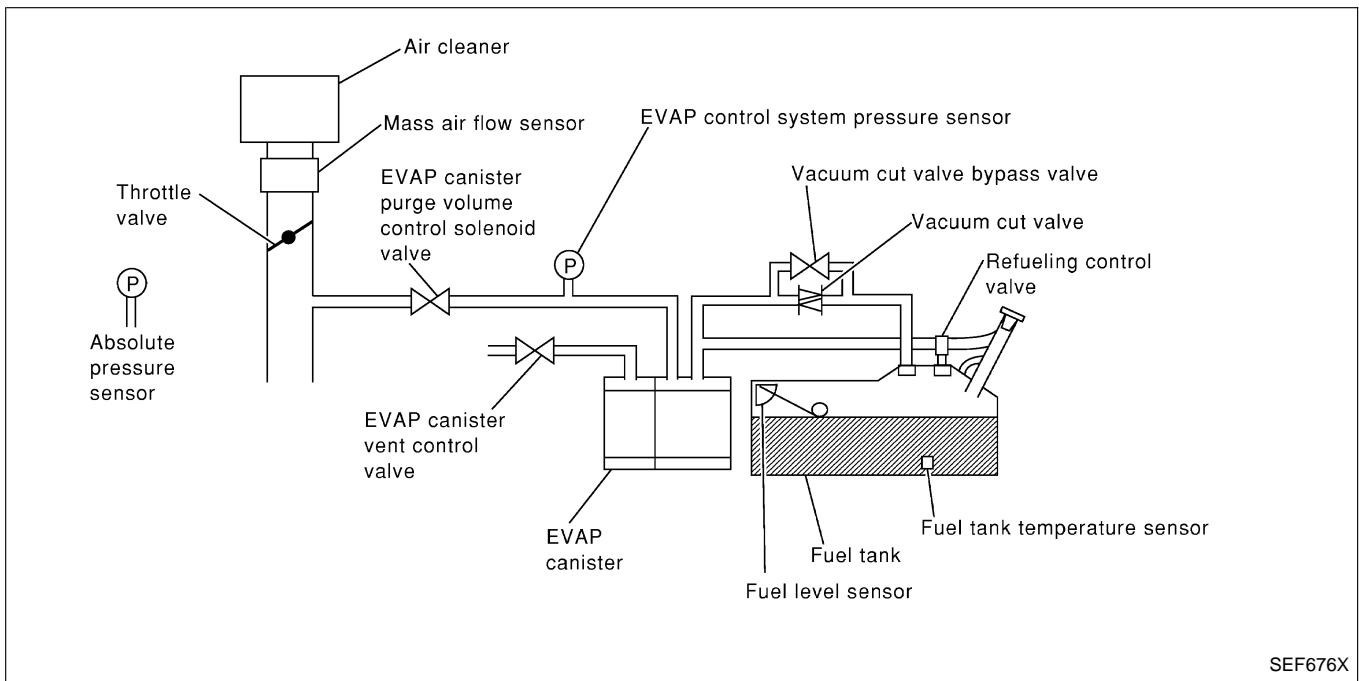
### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve are installed in parallel on the EVAP purge line between the fuel tank and the EVAP canister.

The vacuum cut valve prevents the intake manifold vacuum from being applied to the fuel tank.

The vacuum cut valve bypass valve is a solenoid type valve and generally remains closed. It opens only for on board diagnosis. The vacuum cut valve bypass valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON (ground) signal, the valve is opened. The vacuum cut valve is then bypassed to apply intake manifold vacuum to the fuel tank.

## EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



## CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VC/V BYPASS/V	● Ignition switch: ON	OFF

## ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
117	PU/R	Vacuum cut valve bypass valve	Ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1491

## Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd)

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1491 0311	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Vacuum cut valve bypass valve does not operate properly.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Vacuum cut valve bypass valve</li> <li>● Vacuum cut valve</li> <li>● Bypass hoses for clogging</li> <li>● EVAP control system pressure sensor and circuit</li> <li>● EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>● Hose between fuel tank and vacuum cut valve clogged</li> <li>● Hose between vacuum cut valve and EVAP canister clogged</li> <li>● EVAP canister</li> </ul>

VC CUT/V BP/V P1491	
OUT OF CONDITION	
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

WEC130

VC CUT/V BP/V P1491	
TESTING	
MONITOR	
CMPS~RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

WEC131

VC CUT/V BP/V P1491	
COMPLETED	

PEF912U

### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

- For best results, perform test at a temperature of 0°C (32°F) or more.
- This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle. Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4) Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
- 5) Select "VC CUT/V BP/V P1491" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 6) Touch "START".
- 7) When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 30 seconds.)

**CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,000 - 3,000 rpm**

**Selector lever: Suitable position**

**Vehicle speed: 36 - 120 km/h (22 - 75 MPH)**

**B/FUEL SCHDL: 0.5 - 3.1 msec**

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1491

### Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd)

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 3).

- 8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-432.

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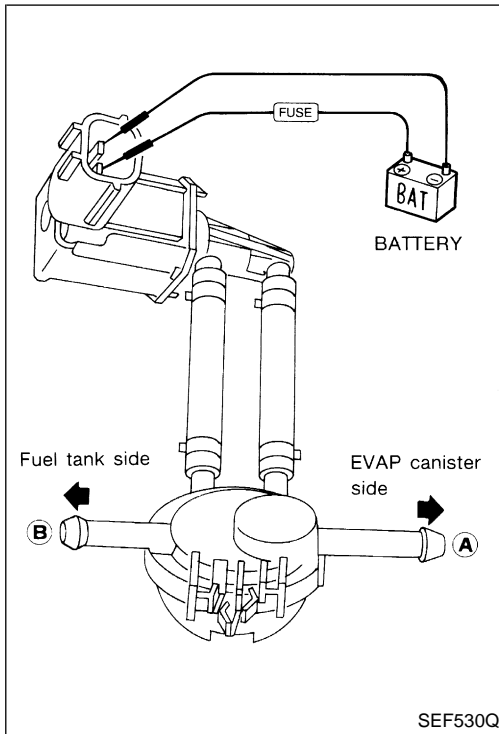
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### OR

### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK



- 1) Remove vacuum cut valve and vacuum cut valve bypass valve as an assembly.
- 2) Apply vacuum to port (A) and check that there is no suction from port (B).
- 3) Apply vacuum to port (B) and check that there is suction from port (A).
- 4) Blow air in port (B) and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port (A).
- 5) Supply battery voltage to the terminal.
- 6) Blow air in port (A) and check that air flows freely out of port (B).
- 7) Blow air in port (B) and check that air flows freely out of port (A).
- 8) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-432.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1491

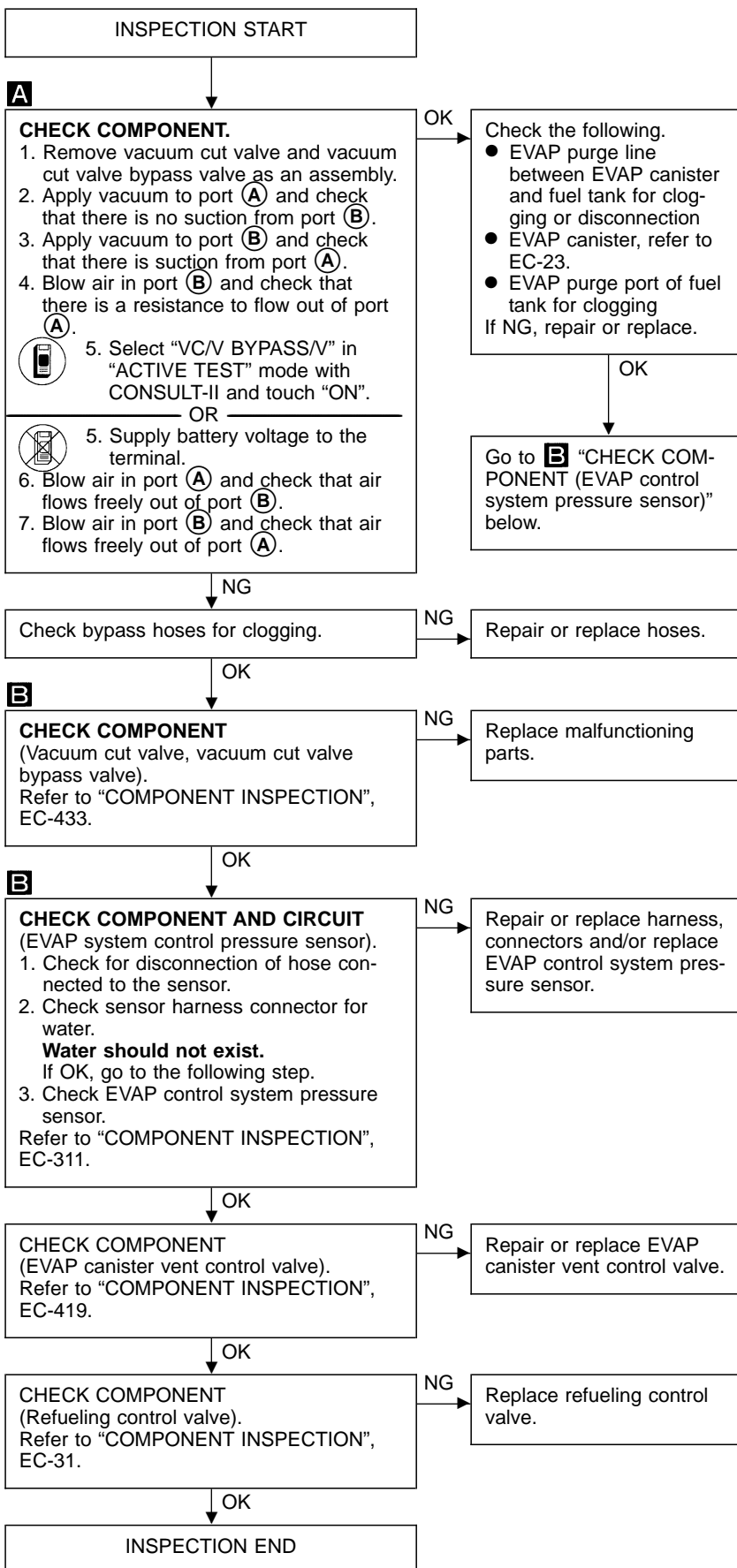
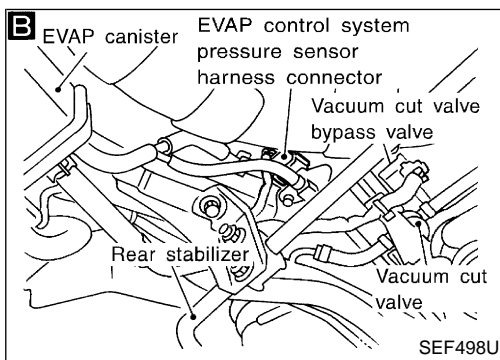
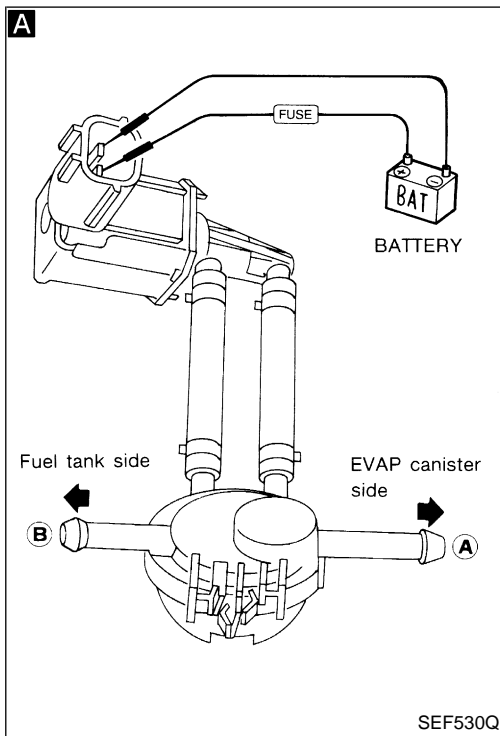
## Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd)

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

**A**

ACTIVE TEST	
VC/V BYPASS/V	
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR	RICH
A/F ALPHA	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

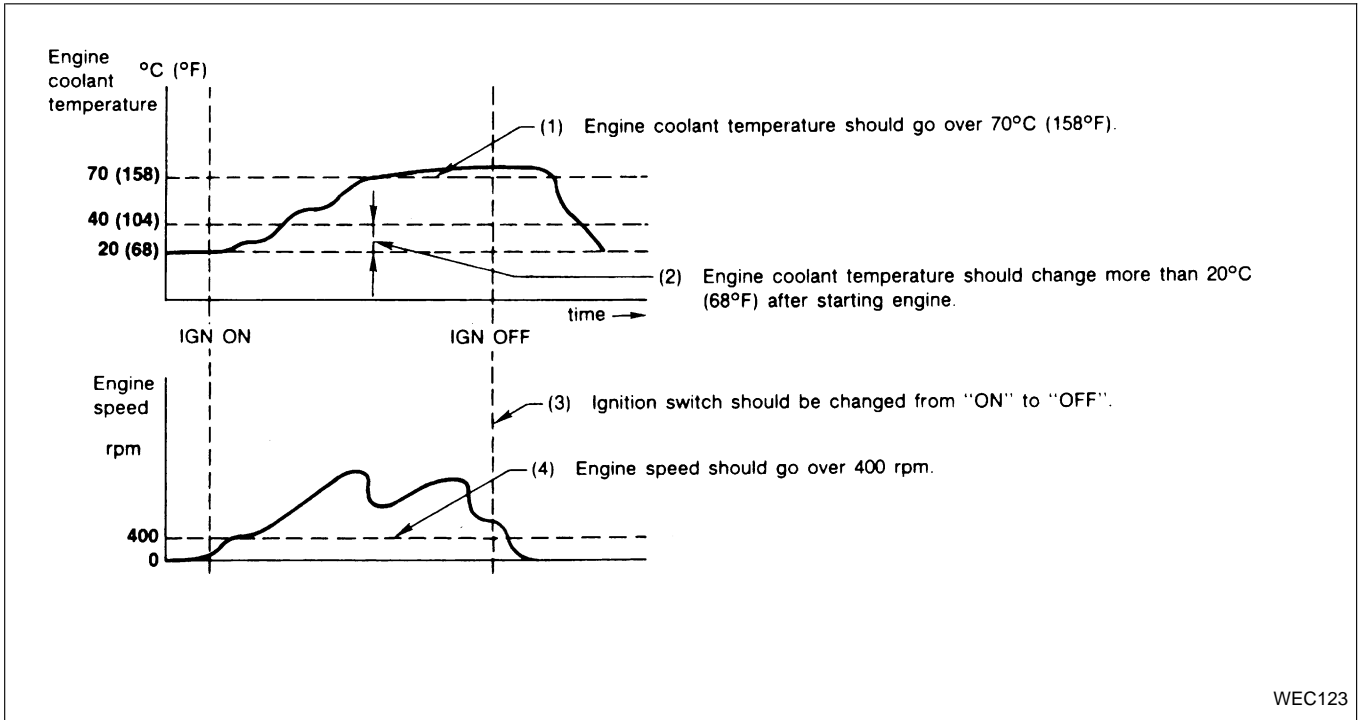
PEF364U





# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1491

## Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve (Cont'd)



**CONNECT**

ACTIVE TEST	
VC/V BYPASS/V	OFF
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
FR O2 MNTR-B1	RICH
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %
THRTL POS SEN	XXX V

WEC122

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Vacuum cut valve bypass valve

Check air passage continuity.

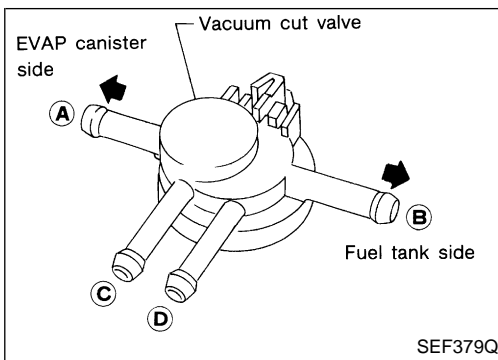
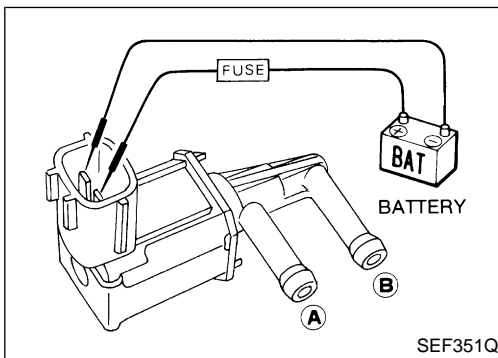
Perform "VC/V BYPASS/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
ON	Yes
OFF	No

OR

Condition	Air passage continuity between (A) and (B)
12V direct current supply between terminals	Yes
No supply	No

If NG or operation takes more than 1 second, replace vacuum cut valve bypass valve.



#### Vacuum cut valve

Check vacuum cut valve as follows:

1. Plug port (C) and (D) with fingers.
2. Apply vacuum to port (A) and check that there is no suction from port (B).
3. Apply vacuum to port (B) and check that there is suction from port (A).
4. Blow air in port (B) and check that there is a resistance to flow out of port (A).
5. Open port (C) and (D).
6. Blow air in port (A) check that air flows freely out of port (C).
7. Blow air in port (B) check that air flows freely out of port (D).

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1605

## A/T Diagnosis Communication Line

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The malfunction information related to A/T (Automatic Transmission) is transferred through the line (circuit) from TCM (Transmission control module) to ECM. Therefore, be sure to erase the malfunction information such as DTC not only in TCM but also ECM after the A/T related repair.

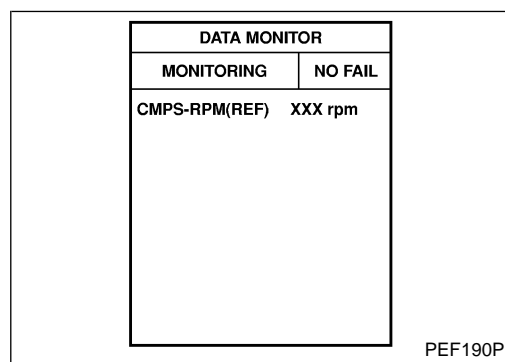
### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TERMINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
7	PU	A/T check signal	Ignition switch "ON" Engine is running.	0 - 4.0V

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1605 0804	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>An incorrect signal from TCM (Transmission control module) is sent to ECM.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Harness or connectors (The communication line circuit between ECM and TCM is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Dead (Weak) battery</li> <li>TCM</li> </ul>




### DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### NOTE:


If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:


Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V.

-  1) Turn ignition switch "ON".  
 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.  
 3) Start engine and wait at least 40 seconds.  
 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-437.

OR

-  1) Turn ignition switch "ON".  
 2) Start engine and wait at least 40 seconds.  
 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.  
 4) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-437.

OR

-  1) Turn ignition switch "ON".  
 2) Start engine and wait at least 40 seconds.

### EC-434

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1605

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### A/T Diagnosis Communication Line (Cont'd)

- 3) Turn ignition switch "OFF", wait at least 5 seconds and then turn "ON".
- 4) Perform "Diagnostic Test Mode II" (Self-diagnostic results) with ECM.
- 5) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-437.

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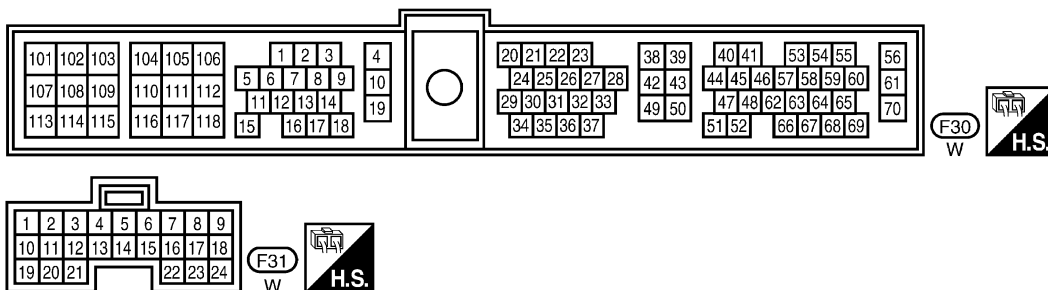
EL

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1605

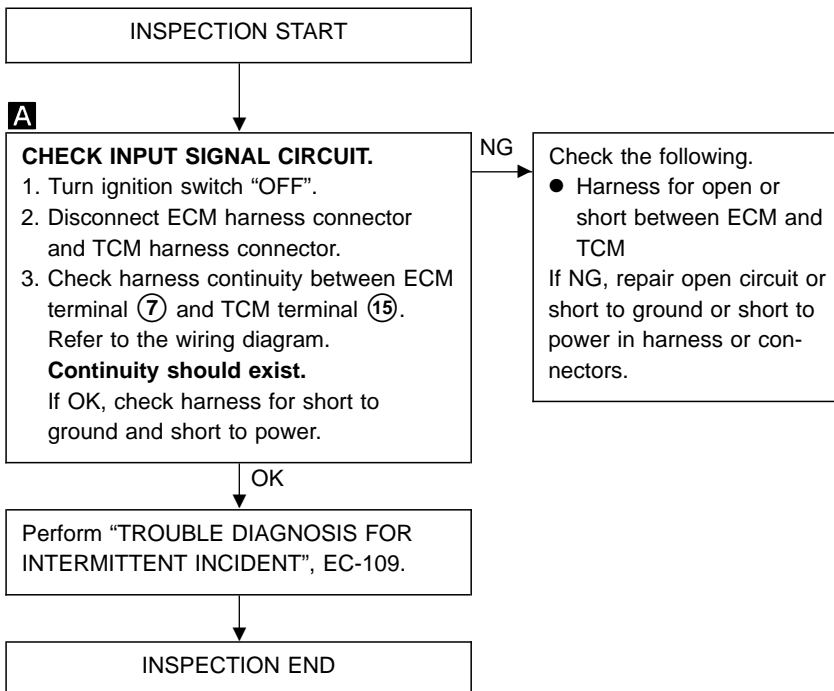
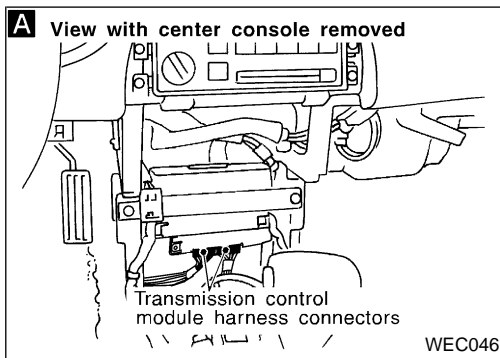
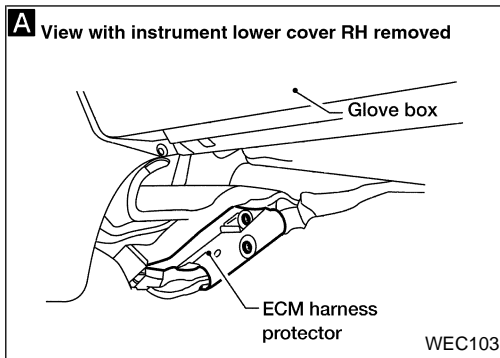
## A/T Diagnosis Communication Line (Cont'd)

EC-ATDIAG-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1605

## A/T Diagnosis Communication Line (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



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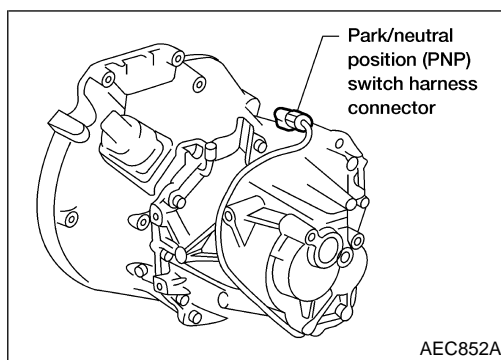
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## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1706



### Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

When the gear position is "P" (A/T models only) or "N", Park/neutral position (PNP) switch is "ON".

ECM detects the park/neutral position when continuity with ground exists.

For A/T models, the PNP switch assembly also includes a transmission range switch to detect selector lever position.

### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
P/N POSI SW	● Ignition switch: ON	Shift lever: "P" or "N"	ON
		Except above	OFF

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
22	G/OR	Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Ignition switch "ON" └ Gear position is "N" or "P"	Approximately 0V
			Ignition switch "ON" └ Except the above gear position	Approximately 5V

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic Trouble Code No.	Malfunction is detected when ....	Check Items (Possible Cause)
P1706 1003	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● The signal of the park/neutral position (PNP) switch is not changed in the process of engine starting and driving.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(The PNP switch or PNP switch circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>(The circuit between ECM and TCM is open or shorted.)</li> </ol> </li> <li>● PNP switch</li> <li>● TCM (Transmission control module)</li> </ul>

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1706

### Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

DATA MONITOR	
MONITORING	NO FAIL
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
P/N POSI SW	ON
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec

PEF217V

**CAUTION:**

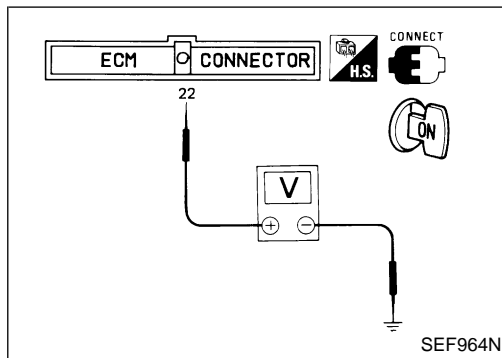
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

**NOTE:**

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "P/N POSI SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. Then check the "P/N POSI SW" signal under the following conditions.



Position (Selector lever)	Known-good signal
"N" and "P" (A/T only) position	ON
Except the above position	OFF

- If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-441.  
If OK, go to following step.
- 3) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
  - 4) Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
  - 5) Maintain the following conditions for at least 60 consecutive seconds.
    - CMPS-RPM (REF): 1,600 - 2,500 rpm**
    - COOLAN TEMP/S: More than 70°C (158°F)**
    - B/FUEL SCHDL: 1 - 4.5 ms**
    - VHCL SPEED SE: 70 - 100 km/h (43 - 62 MPH)**
    - Selector lever: Suitable position**
  - 6) If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-441.

OR

### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Check voltage between ECM terminal ② and body ground under the following conditions.

Condition (Gear position)	Voltage V (Known-good data)
"P" (A/T only) and "N" position	Approx. 0
Except the above position	Approx. 5

- 3) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-441.

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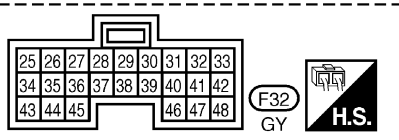
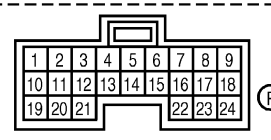
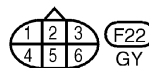
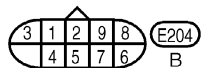
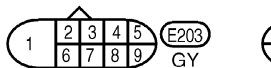
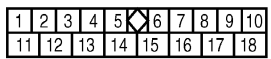
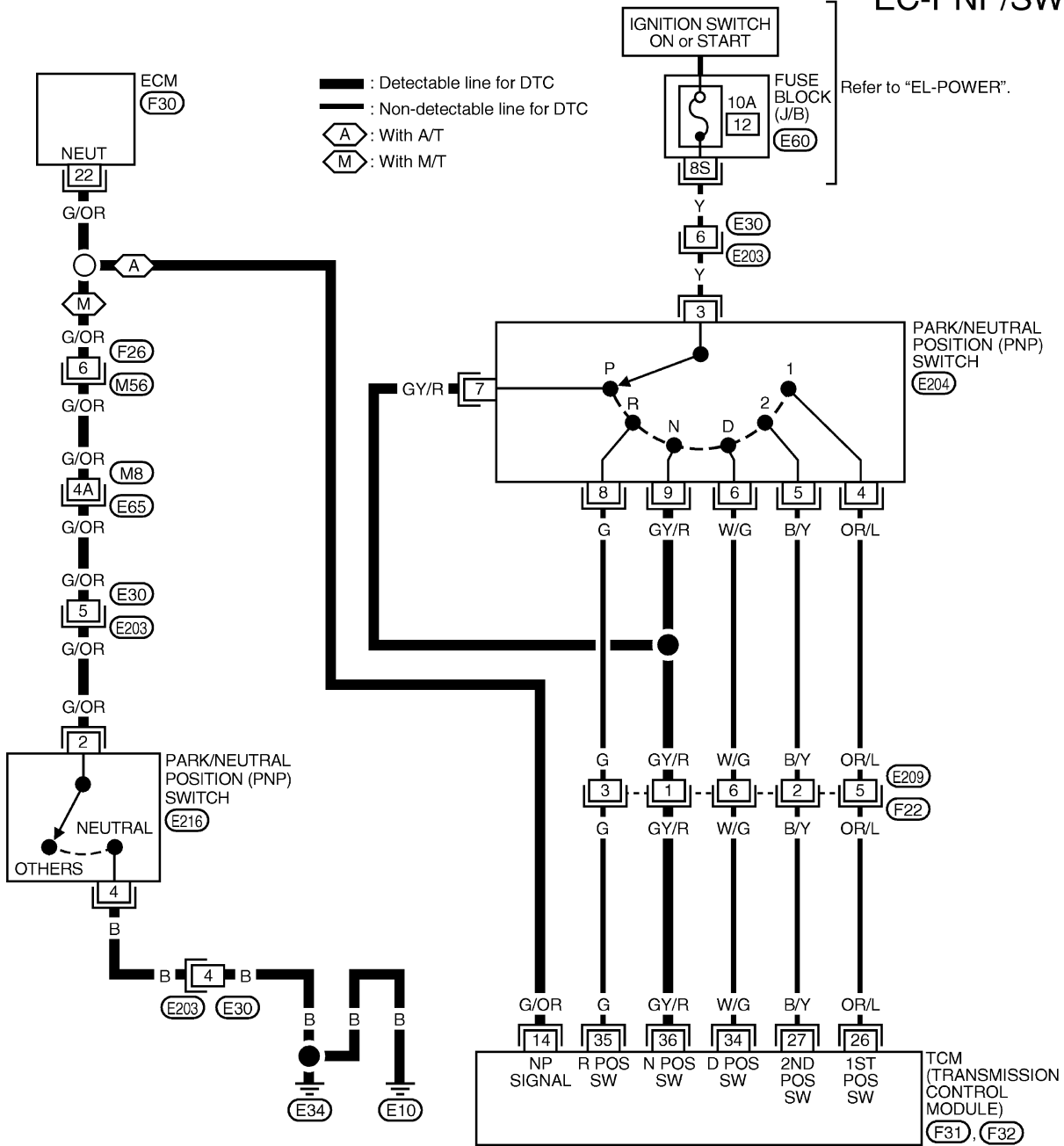
EL

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1706

## Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch (Cont'd)

EC-PNP/SW-01



Refer to the following.

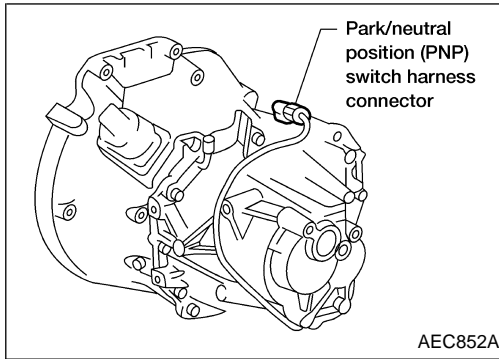
- (M8), (E65) SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ).
- (F30) ELECTRICAL UNITS



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1706

## Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

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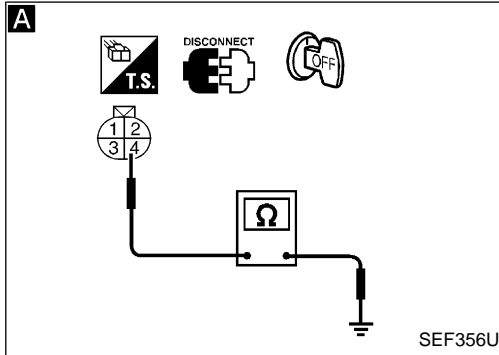


### Park/neutral position (PNP) switch (M/T models)

INSPECTION START

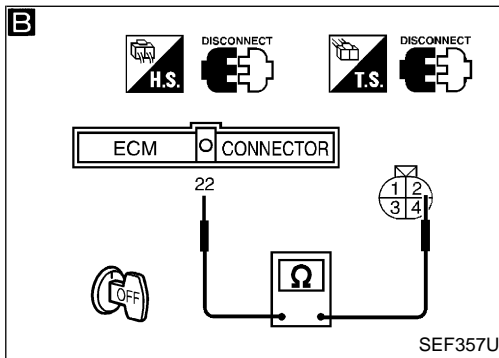
**A**  
**CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.**  
1. Disconnect (PNP) switch harness connector.  
2. Check harness continuity between terminal ④ and body ground.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short.

NG → Check the following.  
● Harness connectors (E30, E203)  
● Harness for open or short between PNP switch and body ground  
If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



**B**  
**CHECK INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.**  
1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.  
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal ②② and terminal ②.  
**Continuity should exist.**  
If OK, check harness for short.

NG → Check the following.  
● Harness connectors (F26, M56)  
● Harness connectors (M8, E65)  
● Harness connectors (E30, E203)  
● Harness for open or short between ECM and PNP switch  
If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



CHECK COMPONENT (PNP switch).  
Refer to MT section.

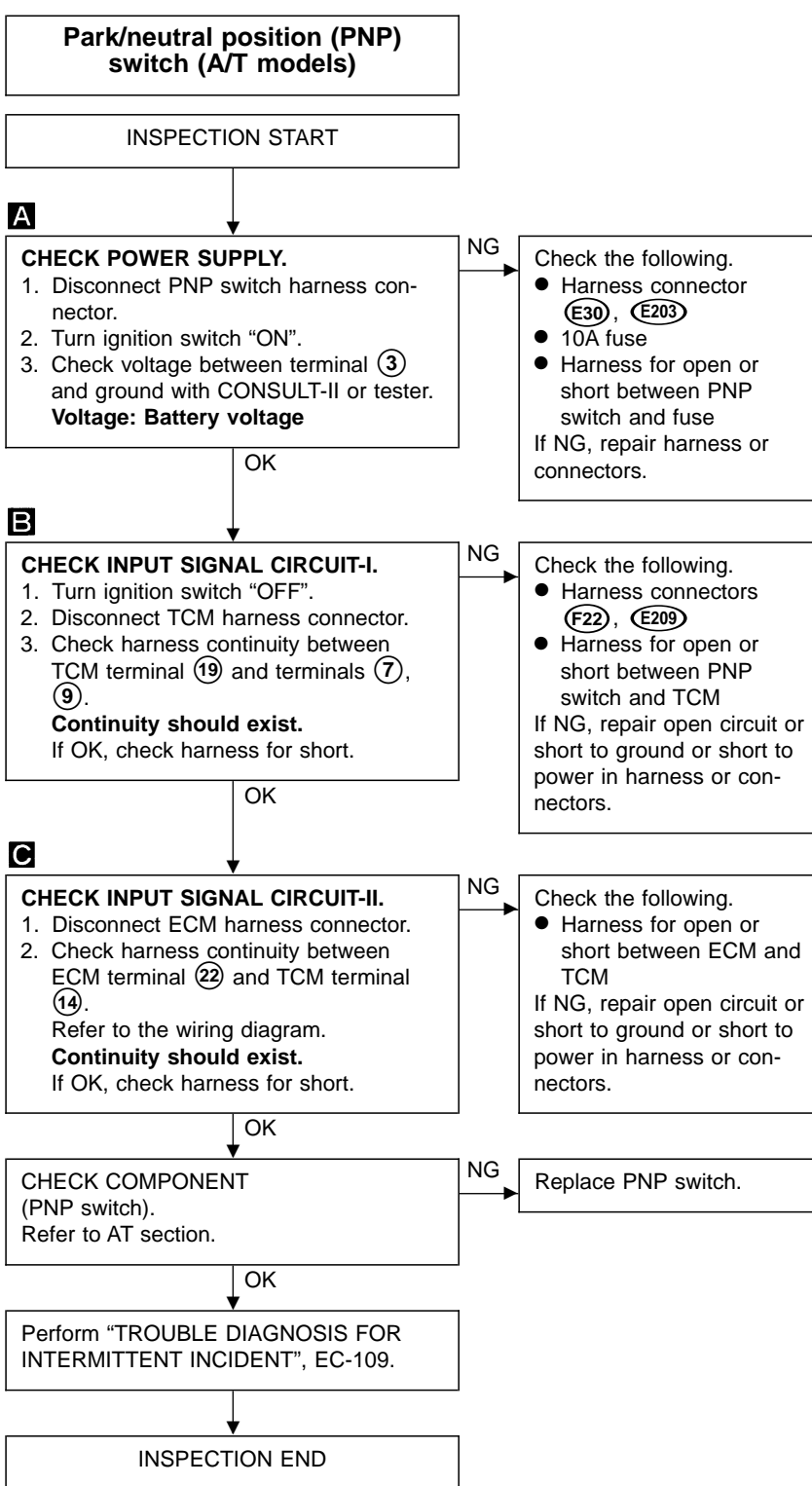
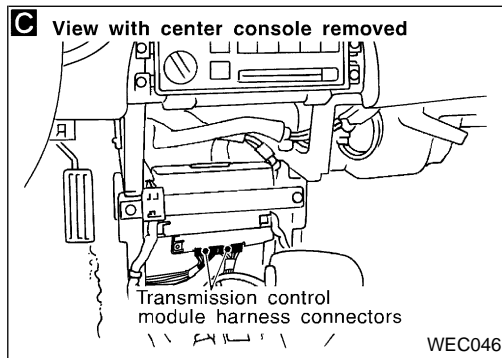
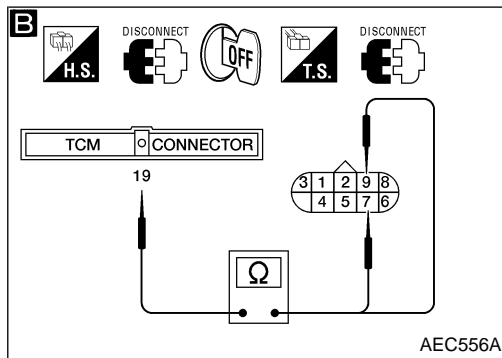
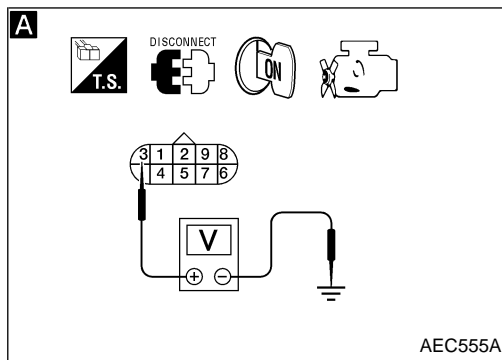
NG → Replace PNP switch.

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

INSPECTION END

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1706

## Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch (Cont'd)

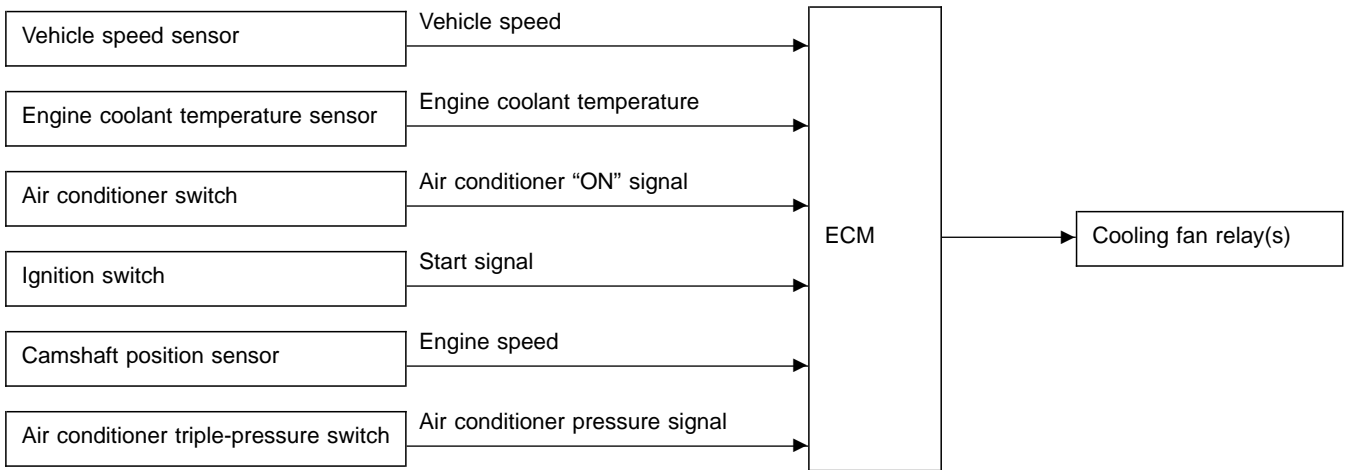


# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

## Overheat

### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

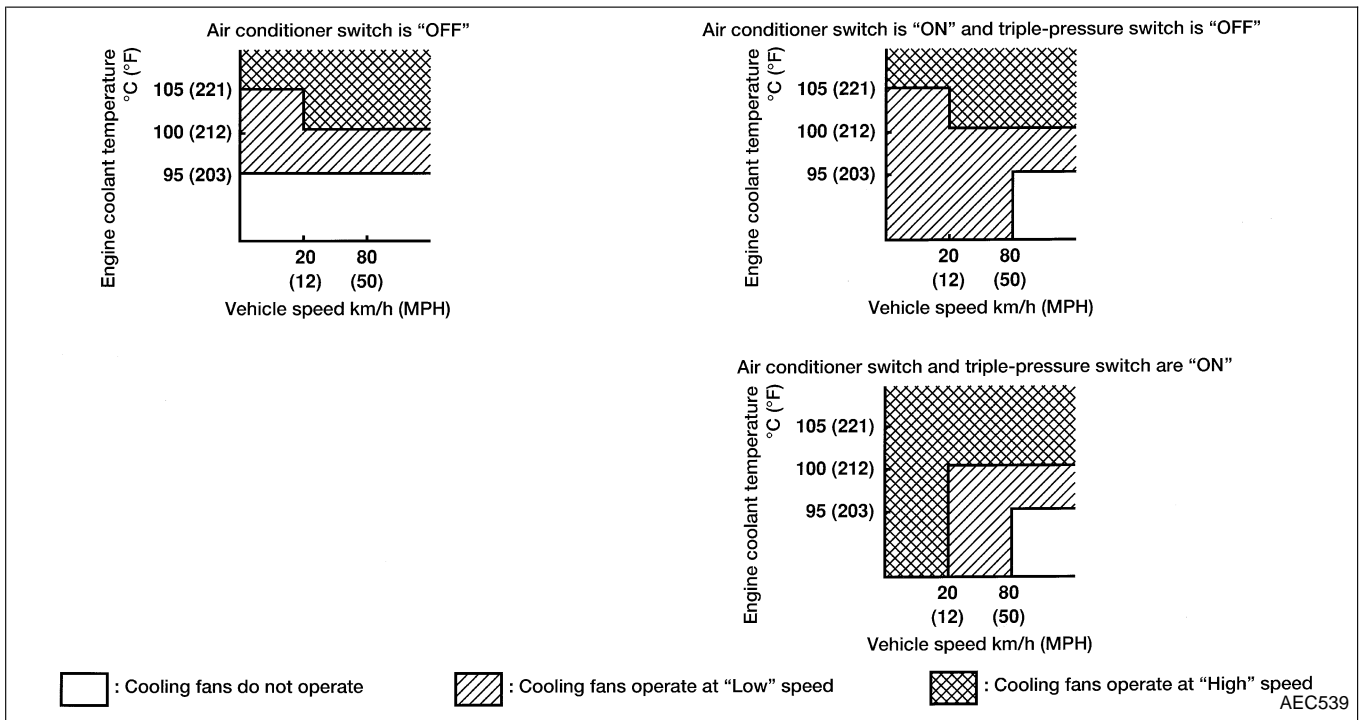
#### Cooling fan control



The ECM controls the cooling fan corresponding to the vehicle speed, engine coolant temperature, air conditioner system pressure and air conditioner ON signal. The control system has 3-step control [HIGH/LOW/OFF].

With the ignition key in the OFF position the cooling fans will operate for a maximum of 120 seconds if the engine coolant temperature reaches 96°C (205°F) or above.

#### Operation



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

## Overheat (Cont'd)

### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
COOLING FAN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine: Idling, after warming up</li> <li>● Air conditioner switch "OFF"</li> <li>● Vehicle speed</li> </ul>	Engine coolant temperature is 94°C (201°F) or less.	OFF
		Engine coolant temperature is between 95°C (203°F) and 104°C (219°F).	LOW
		Engine coolant temperature is 95°C (203°F) or more.	HI

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values, and are measured between each terminal and ②5(ECM ground) with a voltmeter.

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
13	LG	Cooling fan relay (High)	Engine is running. └ Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Engine is running. └ Cooling fan (High) is operating.	0 - 0.4V
14	LG/R	Cooling fan relay (Low)	Engine is running. └ Cooling fan is not operating.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			Engine is running. └ Cooling fan (Low) is operating.	0 - 0.3V

### ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

If the cooling fan or another component in the cooling system malfunctions, the engine coolant temperature will rise.

When the engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature condition, a malfunction is indicated.

Diagnostic trouble code No.	Malfunction is detected when ...	Check Items (Possible Cause)
OVERHEAT 0208	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Harness or connectors (The cooling fan circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>● Cooling fan</li> <li>● Radiator hose</li> <li>● Radiator</li> <li>● Radiator cap</li> <li>● Water pump</li> <li>● Thermostat</li> </ul> <p>For more information, refer to "MAIN 12 CAUSES OF OVERHEATING", EC-453.</p>

### CAUTION:

When a malfunction is indicated, be sure to replace the coolant following the procedure in the MA-11 section ("Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE"). Also, replace the engine oil.

- a. Fill radiator with coolant up to specified level with a filling speed of 2 liters per minute like pouring coolant by kettle. Be sure to use coolant with the proper mixture ratio. Refer to MA-9 section ("Anti-freeze Coolant Mixture Ratio", "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS").
- b. After refilling coolant, run engine to ensure that no water-flow noise is emitted.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

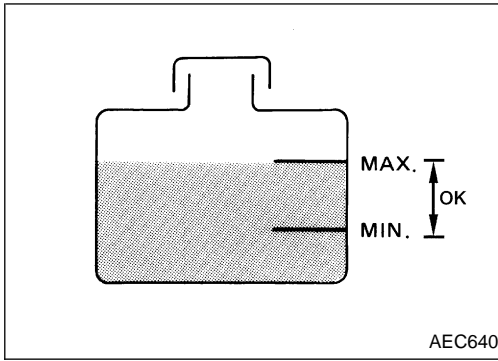
## Overheat (Cont'd)

### OVERALL FUNCTION CHECK

#### WARNING:

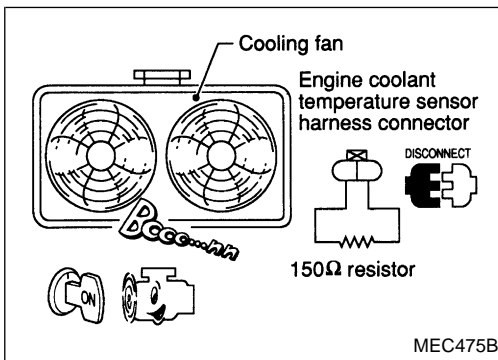
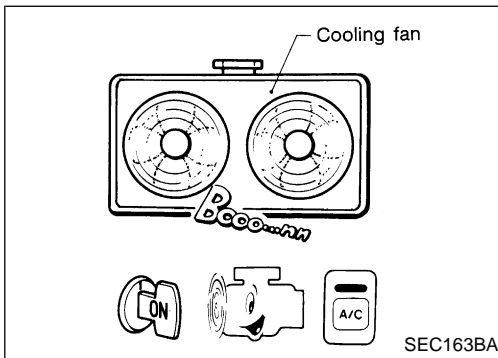
Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.

Wrap a thick cloth around cap. Carefully remove the cap by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Then turn the cap all the way off.



ACTIVE TEST	
COOLING FAN	OFF
MONITOR	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

SEF111X



- 1) Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator. **Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level.**

If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-447.

- 2) Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-447.



- 3) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 4) Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II (LOW speed and HI speed).
- 5) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-447.

OR



- 3) Start engine. **Be careful not to overheat engine.**
- 4) Set temperature control lever to full cold position.
- 5) Turn air conditioner switch "ON".
- 6) Turn blower fan switch "ON".
- 7) Run engine at idle for a few minutes with air conditioner operating. **Be careful not to overheat engine.**
- 8) Make sure that cooling fan operates at low speed.
- 9) Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 10) Turn air conditioner switch and blower fan switch "OFF".
- 11) Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 12) Connect 150Ω resistor to engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 13) Restart engine and make sure that cooling fan operates at higher speed than low speed. **Be careful not to overheat engine.**
- 14) If NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", EC-447.

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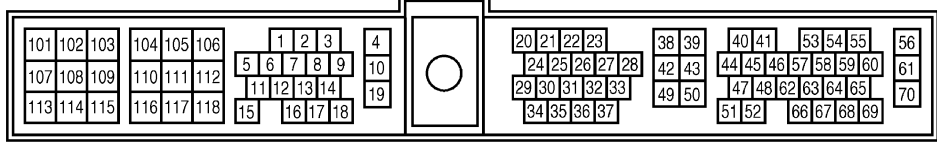
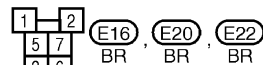
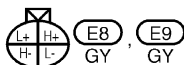
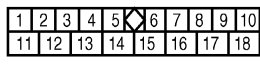
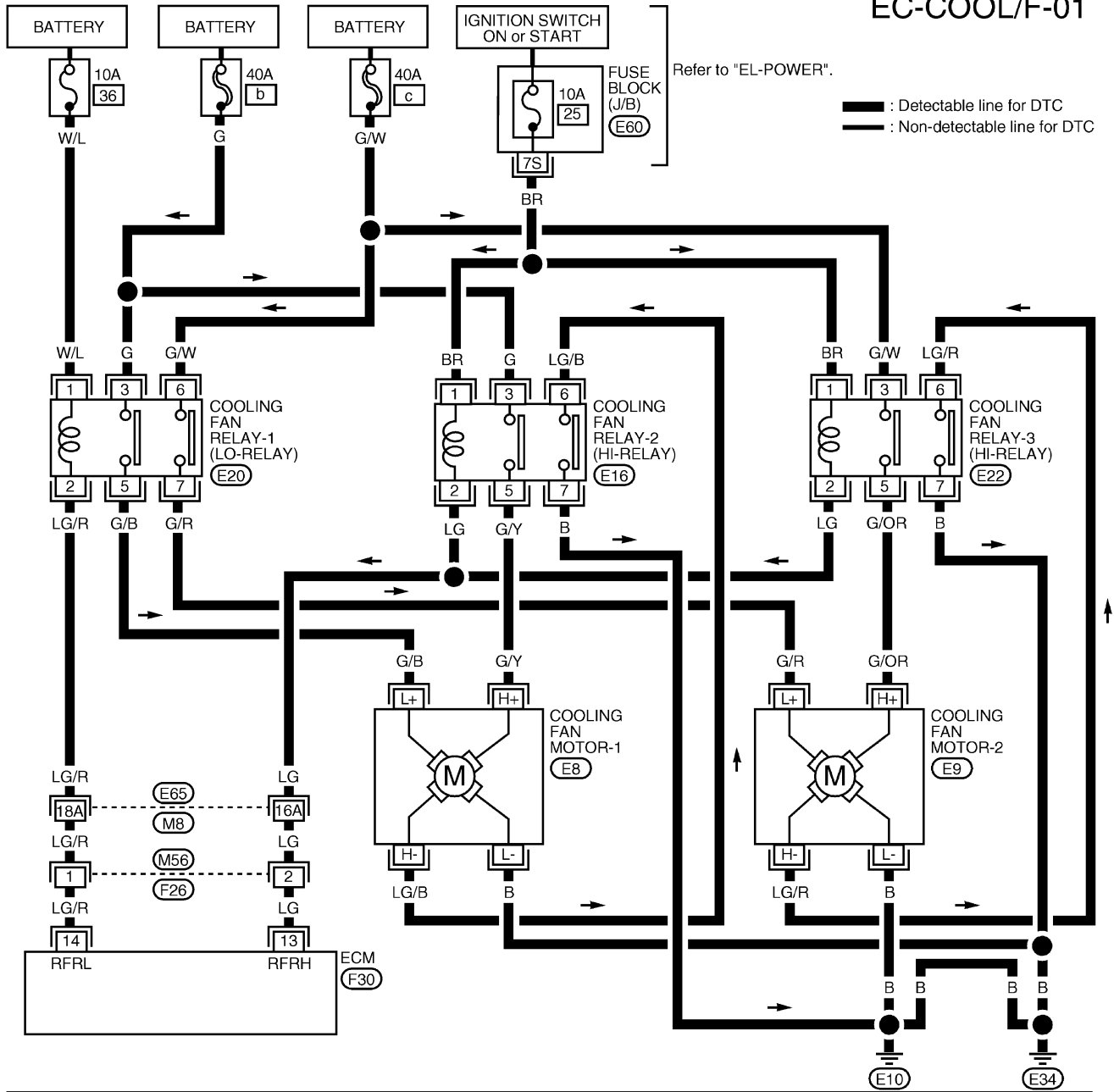
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

## Overheat (Cont'd)

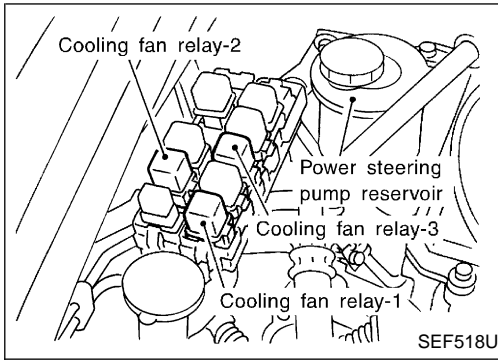
EC-COOL/F-01



Refer to the following.  
(M8), (E65) - SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

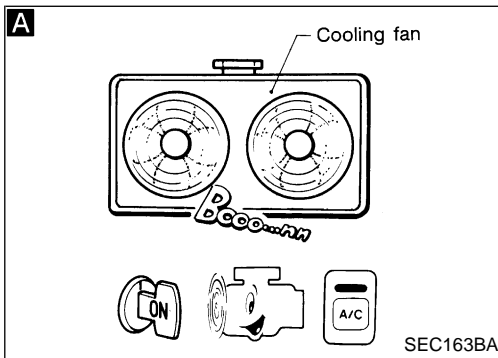
## Overheat (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



**A**

ACTIVE TEST	
COOLING FAN	OFF
MONITOR	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

Reference code: SEF700X



INSPECTION START

**A**

**CHECK COOLING FAN LOW SPEED OPERATION.**

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Disconnect cooling fan relays-2 and -3.
3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
4. Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.

OR

NG → Check cooling fan low speed control circuit. (Go to PROCEDURE A, EC-449.)

3. Start engine.

4. Set temperature lever at full cold position.
5. Turn air conditioner switch "ON".
6. Turn blower fan switch "ON".
7. Run engine at idle for a few minutes with air conditioner operating.
8. Make sure that cooling fan operates at low speed.

OK

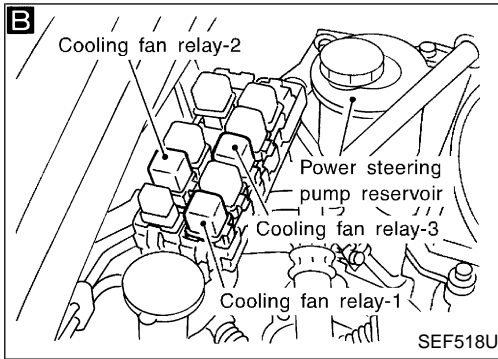
**A**

(Go to next page.)

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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

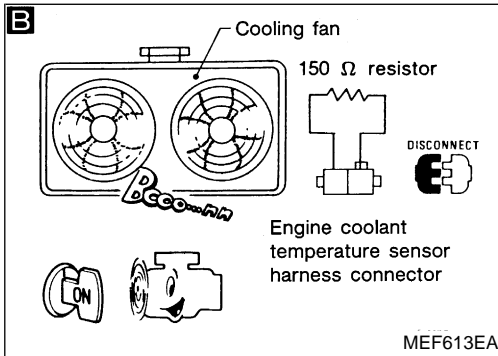
## Overheat (Cont'd)



**B**

ACTIVE TEST	
COOLING FAN	OFF
MONITOR	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C

Reference code: SEF111X



(A)

**B**

**CHECK COOLING FAN HIGH SPEED OPERATION.**

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Reconnect cooling fan relays-2 and -3.
3. Disconnect cooling fan relay-1.
4. Turn ignition switch "ON".
5. Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.

NG → Check cooling fan high speed control circuit. (Go to PROCEDURE B, EC-450.)

OR

4. Turn air conditioner switch and blower fan switch "OFF".
5. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
6. Connect 150Ω resistor to engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
7. Restart engine and make sure that cooling fan operates at higher speed than low speed.

OK

(B)

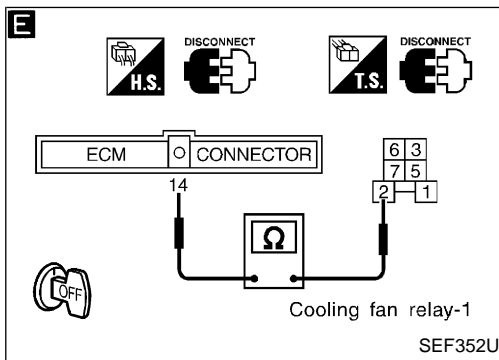
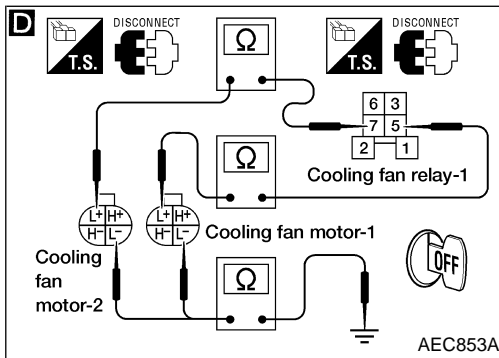
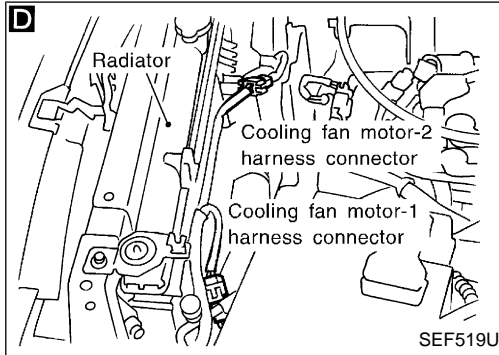
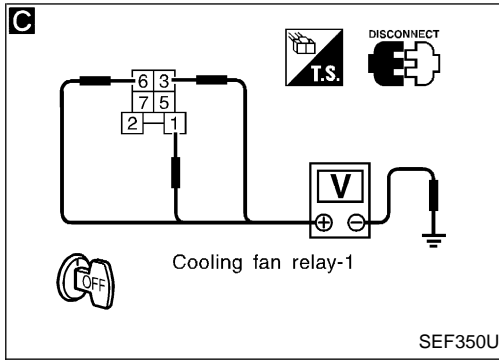
(Go to EC-452.)



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

## Overheat (Cont'd)

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### PROCEDURE A

#### INSPECTION START

**C**

**CHECK POWER SUPPLY.**

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Disconnect cooling fan relay-1.
3. Check voltage between terminals ①, ③, ⑥ and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

**Voltage: Battery voltage**

NG → Check the following.

- 40A fuses
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between cooling fan relay-1 and fuse

If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

**D**

**CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT.**

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Disconnect cooling fan motor-1 harness connector and cooling fan motor-2 harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between cooling fan motor-1 terminal (L<sup>+</sup>) and cooling fan relay-1 terminal ⑤, cooling fan relay-1 terminal ⑦ and cooling fan motor-2 terminal (L<sup>+</sup>).

**Continuity should exist.**

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

4. Check harness continuity between cooling fan motor-1 terminal (L<sup>-</sup>), cooling fan motor-2 terminal (L<sup>-</sup>) and body ground.

**Continuity should exist.**

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Repair harness or connectors.

**E**

**CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.**

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal ⑭ and terminal ②.

**Continuity should exist.**

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Check the following.

- Harness connectors ⑧, ⑥5
- Harness connectors ⑤6, ②6
- Harness for open or short between cooling fan relay-1 and ECM

If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

**CHECK COMPONENT**  
(Cooling fan relay-1).

Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-454.

NG → Replace cooling fan relay.

OK

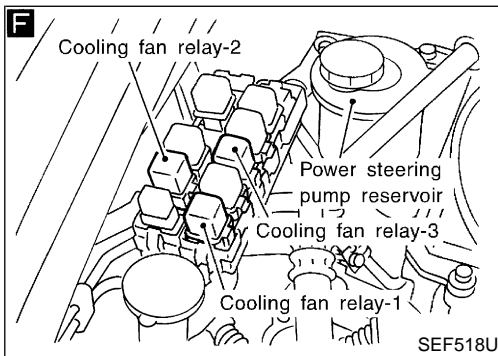
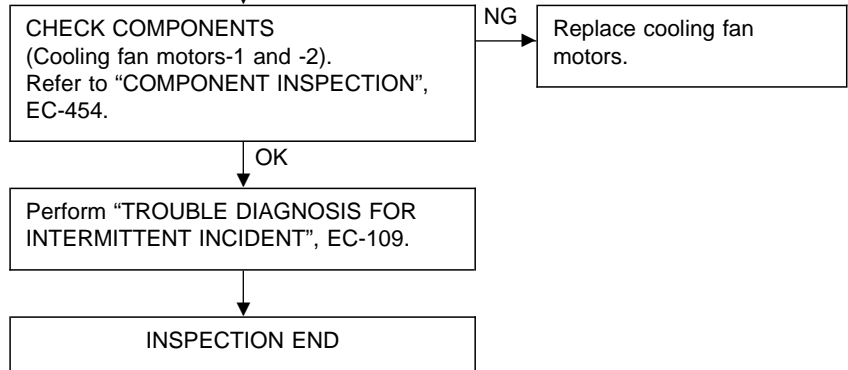
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(Go to next page.)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

## Overheat (Cont'd)

Ⓒ

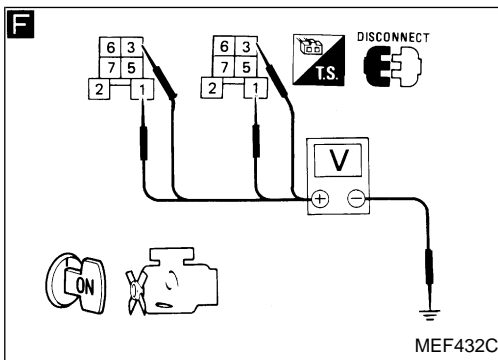


**PROCEDURE B**

INSPECTION START

**F**  
**CHECK POWER SUPPLY.**  
 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".  
 2. Disconnect cooling fan relays-2 and -3.  
 3. Turn ignition switch "ON".  
 4. Check voltage between cooling fan relays-2 and -3 terminals ①, ③ and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.  
**Voltage: Battery voltage**

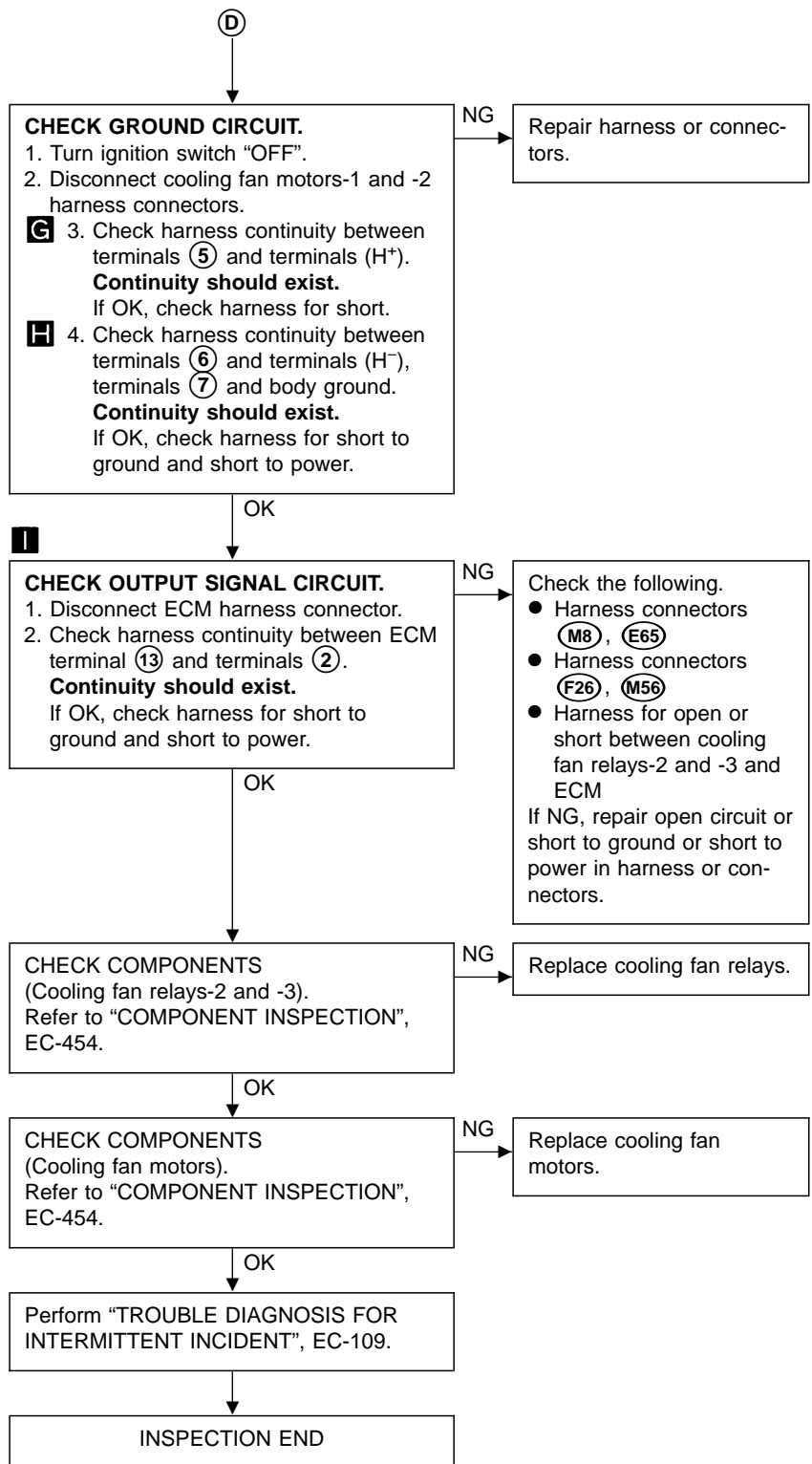
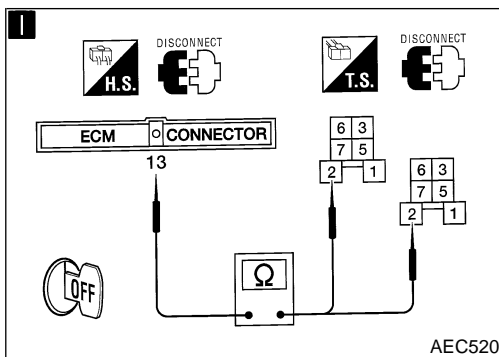
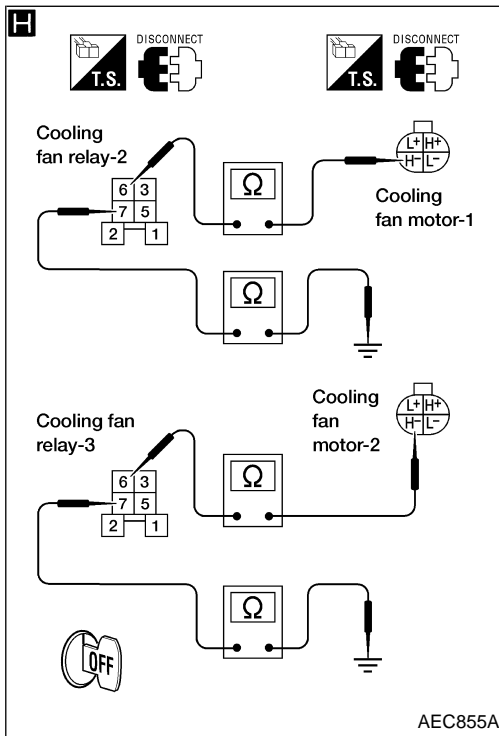
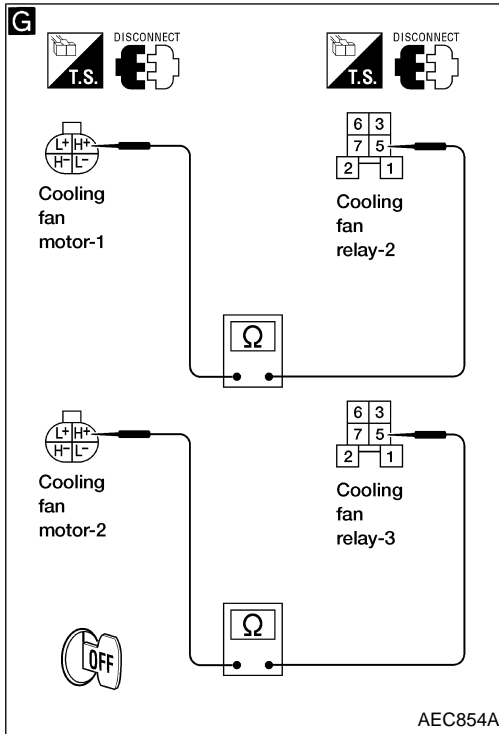
NG → Check the following.  
 ● 10A fuse  
 ● 40A fuses  
 ● Harness for open or short between cooling fan relays-2 and -3 and fuses  
 If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



OK → Ⓓ  
 (Go to next page.)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

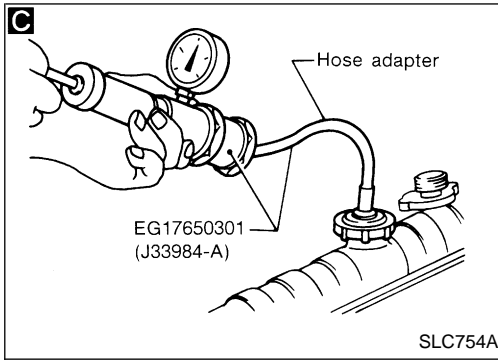
## Overheat (Cont'd)



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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

## Overheat (Cont'd)



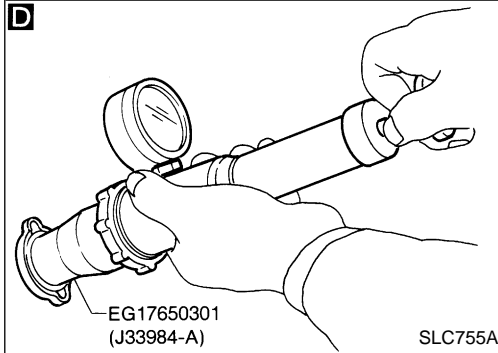
**C**

**CHECK COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAK.**  
Apply pressure to the cooling system with a tester, and check if the pressure drops.  
**Testing pressure:**  
157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 23 psi)  
**Pressure should not drop.**  
**CAUTION:**  
Higher than the specified pressure may cause radiator damage.

NG → Check the following for leak.

- Hose
- Radiator
- Water pump

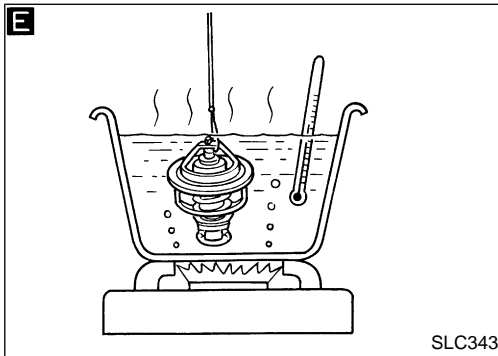
Refer to LC section ("Water Pump").



**D**

**CHECK RADIATOR CAP.**  
Apply pressure to cap with a tester.  
**Radiator cap relief pressure:**  
59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 9 - 14 psi)

NG → Replace radiator cap.



**E**

**CHECK THERMOSTAT.**

1. Check valve seating condition at normal room temperatures. It should seat tightly.
2. Check valve opening temperature and valve lift.  
**Valve opening temperature:**  
76.5°C (170°F) [standard]  
**Valve lift:**  
More than 10 mm/90°C (0.39 in/194°F)
3. Check if valve is closed at 5°C (9°F) below valve opening temperature.

For details, refer to LC-13 section ("Thermostat").

NG → Replace thermostat

OK

Check engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to "COMPONENT INSPECTION", EC-140.

NG → Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

If the cause can not be isolated, go to "MAIN 12 CAUSES OF OVERHEATING" on next page.

INSPECTION END

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

## Overheat (Cont'd)

### MAIN 12 CAUSES OF OVERHEATING

Engine	Step	Inspection item	Equipment	Standard	Reference page
OFF	1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Blocked radiator</li> <li>● Blocked condenser</li> <li>● Blocked radiator grille</li> <li>● Blocked bumper</li> </ul>	● Visual	No blocking	—
	2	● Coolant mixture	● Coolant tester	50 - 50% coolant mixture	See "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS" in MA-8 section.
	3	● Coolant level	● Visual	Coolant up to MAX level in reservoir tank and radiator filler neck	See "Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE" in MA-11 section.
	4	● Radiator cap	● Pressure tester	78 - 98 kPa (0.8 - 1.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 11 - 14 psi) 59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 9 - 14 psi) (Limit)	See "System Check", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC-9 section.
ON*2	5	● Coolant leaks	● Visual	No leaks	See "System Check", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC-9 section.
ON*2	6	● Thermostat	● Touch the upper and lower radiator hoses	Both hoses should be hot	See "Thermostat" and "Radiator", "ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM" in LC-13, 14 section.
ON*1	7	● Cooling fan	● CONSULT-II	Operating	See "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS (Overheat)" (EC-443).
OFF	8	● Combustion gas leak	● Color checker chemical tester 4 Gas analyzer	Negative	—
ON*3	9	● Coolant temperature gauge	● Visual	Gauge less than 3/4 when driving	—
		● Coolant overflow to reservoir tank	● Visual	No overflow during driving and idling	See "Changing Engine Coolant", "ENGINE MAINTENANCE" in MA-11 section.
OFF*4	10	● Coolant return from reservoir tank to radiator	● Visual	Should be initial level in reservoir tank	See "ENGINE MAINTENANCE" in MA-10 section.
OFF	11	● Cylinder head	● Straight gauge feeler gauge	0.1 mm (0.004 in) Maximum distortion (warping)	See "Inspection", "CYLINDER HEAD" in EM-32 section.
	12	● Cylinder block and pistons	● Visual	No scuffing on cylinder walls or piston	See "Inspection", "CYLINDER BLOCK" in EM-46 section.

\*1: Turn the ignition switch ON.

\*2: Engine running at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes.

\*3: Drive at 90 km/h (55 MPH) for 30 minutes and then let idle for 10 minutes.

\*4: After 60 minutes of cool down time.

For more information, refer to "OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS" in LC-15 section.

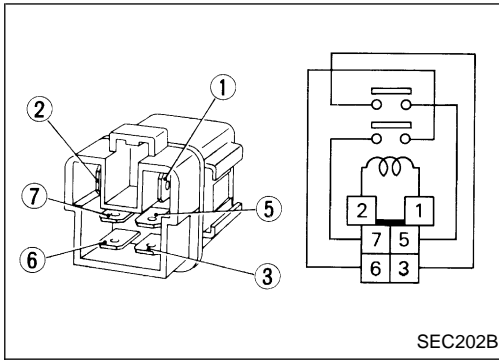
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR OVERHEAT

## Overheat (Cont'd)

### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### Cooling fan relays-1, -2 and -3

Check continuity between terminals ③ and ⑤, ⑥ and ⑦.



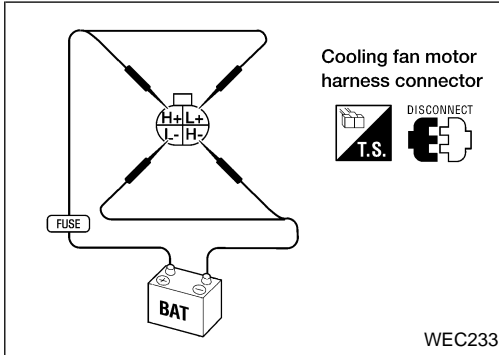
SEC202B

Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes
No current supply	No

If NG, replace relay.

#### Cooling fan motors-1 and -2

1. Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connectors.
2. Supply cooling fan motor terminals with battery voltage and check operation.



WEC233

	Speed	Terminals	
		(⊕)	(⊖)
Cooling fan motor	Low	L+	L-
	High	L+, H+	L-, H-

**Cooling fan motor should operate.**

If NG, replace cooling fan motor.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## Injector

EC-INJECT-01

GI

MA

EM

LC

**EC**

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

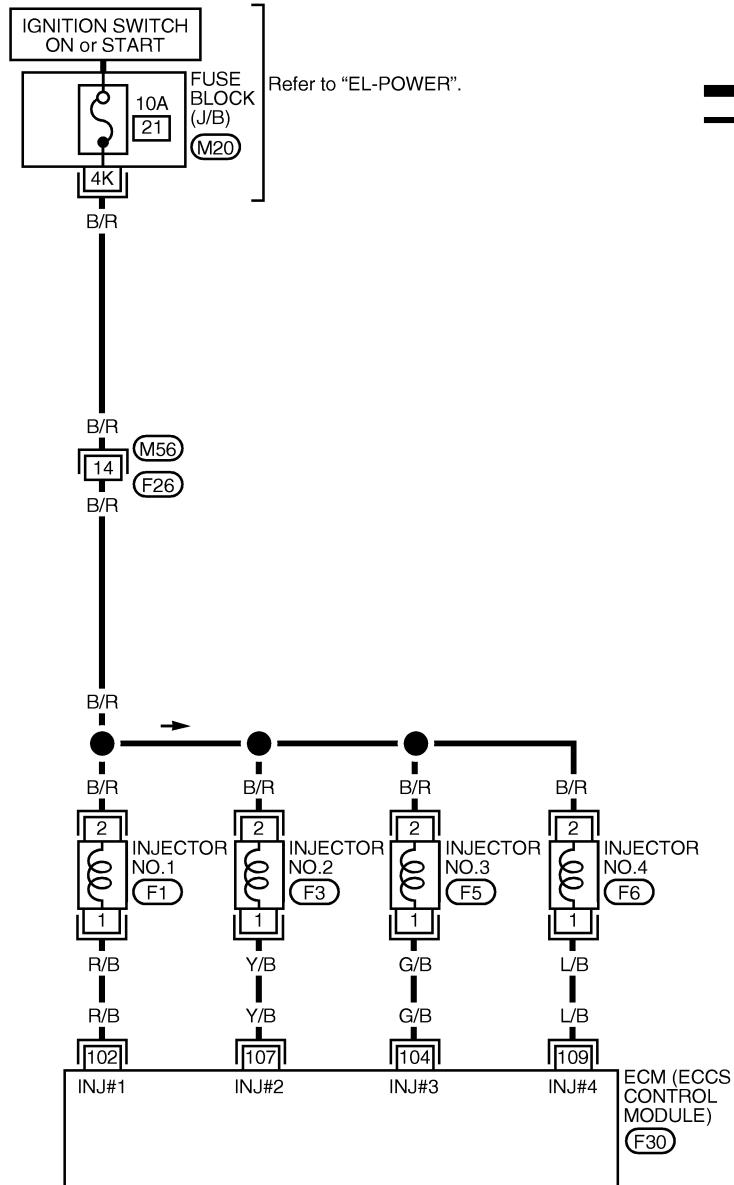
RS

BT

HA

EL

IDX

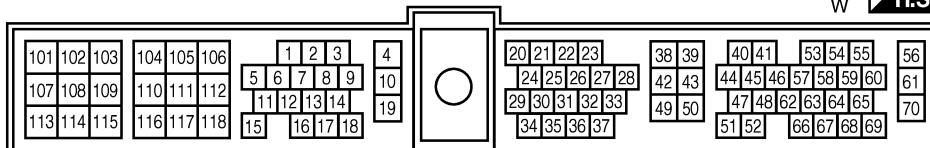


1K	2K	3K	4K	5K	6K	7K	M20		
8K	9K	10K	11K	12K	13K	14K	15K	16K	BR

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	M56
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	W		

1	2	F1	F3	F5	F6
B	B	B	B		

F30	H.S.
W	

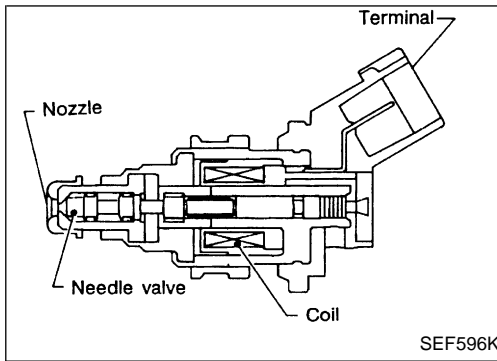


# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## Injector (Cont'd)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The fuel injector is a small, precise solenoid valve. When the ECM supplies a ground to the injector circuit, the coil in the injector is energized. The energized coil pulls the needle valve back and allows fuel to flow through the injector into the intake manifold. The amount of fuel injected depends upon the injection pulse duration. Pulse duration is the length of time the injector remains open. The ECM controls the injection pulse duration based on engine fuel needs.



### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
102	R/B	Injector No. 1	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition) └ Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)  SEF204T
104	G/B	Injector No. 3		
107	Y/B	Injector No. 2	Engine is running. (Warm-up condition)	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)  SEF205T
109	L/B	Injector No. 4	Engine speed is 2,000 rpm	



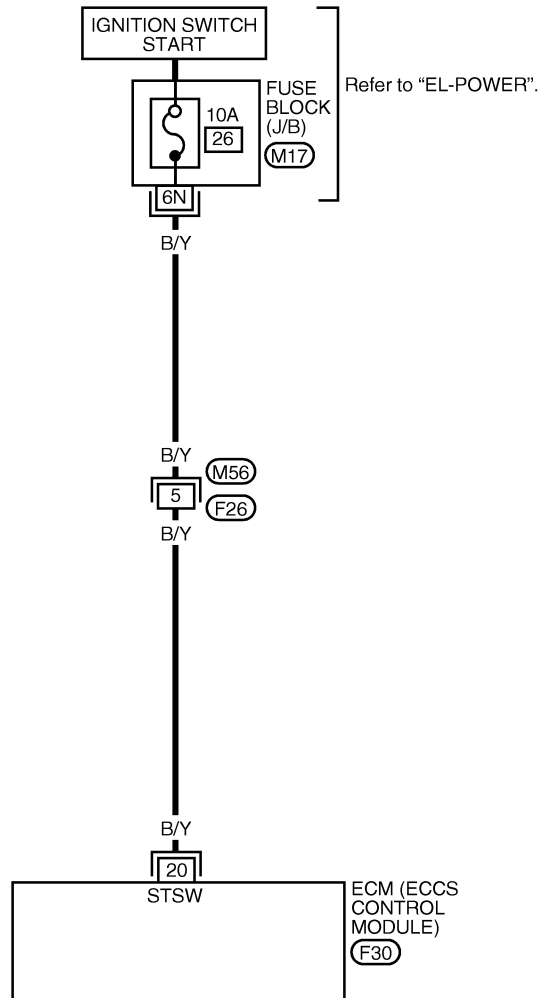


# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## Start Signal

EC-S/SIG-01

: Detectable line for DTC  
 : Non-detectable line for DTC

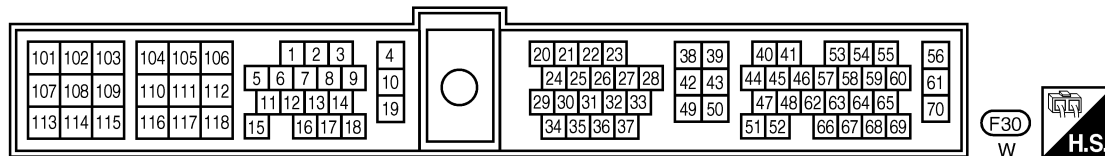


1N	2N	3N	4N	5N	6N	7N		
8N	9N	10N	11N	12N	13N	14N	15N	16N

(M17)  
GY

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		

(M56)  
W



## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

### Start Signal (Cont'd)

#### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
START SIGNAL	● Ignition switch: ON → START → ON	OFF → ON → OFF

#### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
20	B/Y	Start signal	Ignition switch "ON"	Approximately 0V
			Ignition switch "START"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

GI  
 MA  
 EM  
 LC  
**EC**  
 FE  
 CL  
 MT  
 AT  
 FA  
 RA  
 BR  
 ST  
 RS  
 BT  
 HA  
 EL  
 IDX

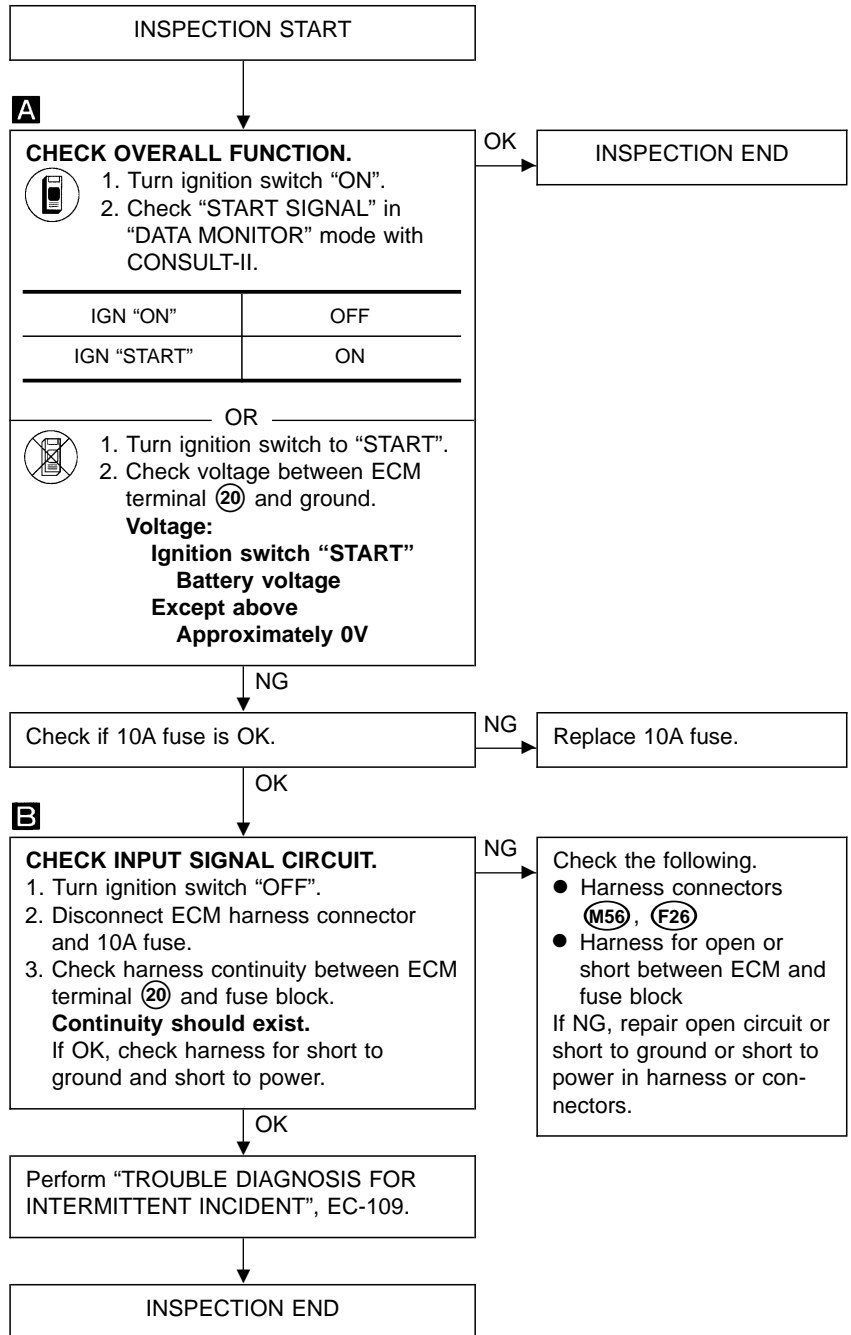
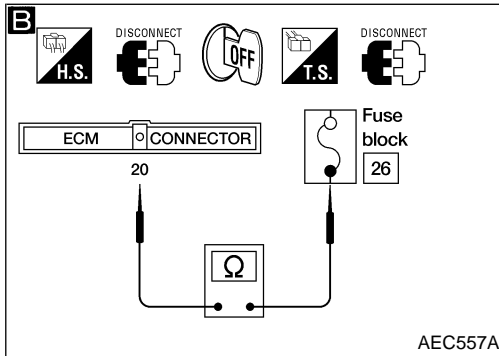
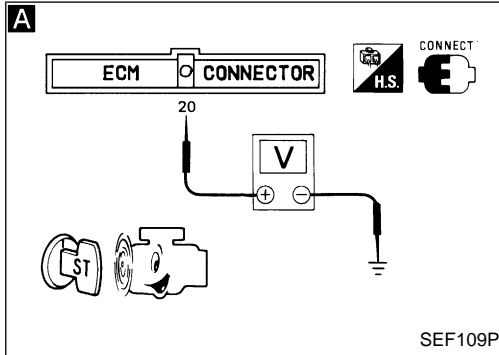
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## Start Signal (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

**A**

DATA MONITOR	
Monitoring	NO FAIL
START SIGNAL	OFF
CLSD TH/P SW	ON
AIR COND SIG	OFF
P/N POSI SW	ON

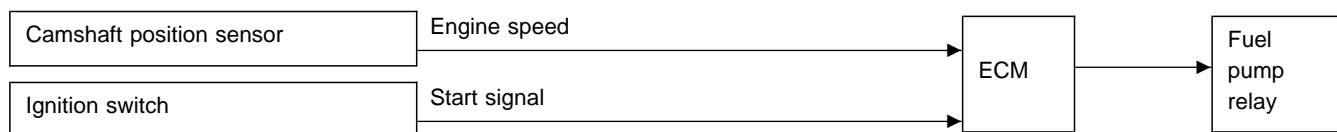
PEF111P



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

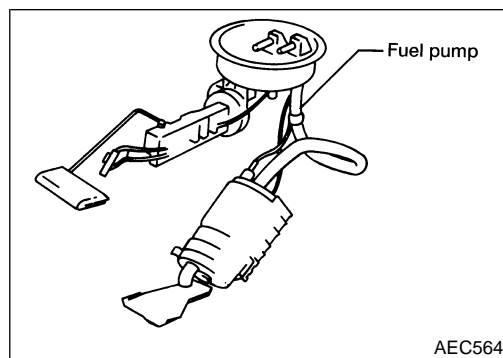
## Fuel Pump

### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The ECM activates the fuel pump for several seconds after the ignition switch is turned on to improve engine startability. If the ECM receives a 180° signal from the camshaft position sensor, it knows that the engine is rotating, and causes the pump to perform. If the 180° signal is not received when the ignition switch is on, the engine stalls. The ECM stops pump operation and prevents battery discharging, thereby improving safety. The ECM does not directly drive the fuel pump. It controls the ON/OFF fuel pump relay, which in turn controls the fuel pump.

Condition	Fuel pump operation
Ignition switch is turned to ON.	Operates for 5 seconds
Engine running and cranking	Operates
Except as shown above	Stops



### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The fuel pump with a fuel damper is an in-tank type (the pump and damper are located in the fuel tank).

### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FUEL PUMP RLY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ignition switch is turned to ON (Operates for 5 seconds)</li> <li>Engine running and cranking</li> </ul>	ON
	Except as shown above	OFF

### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

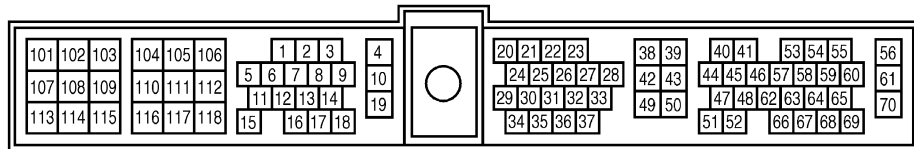
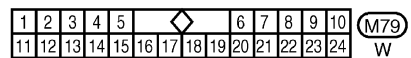
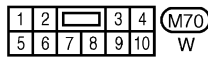
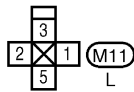
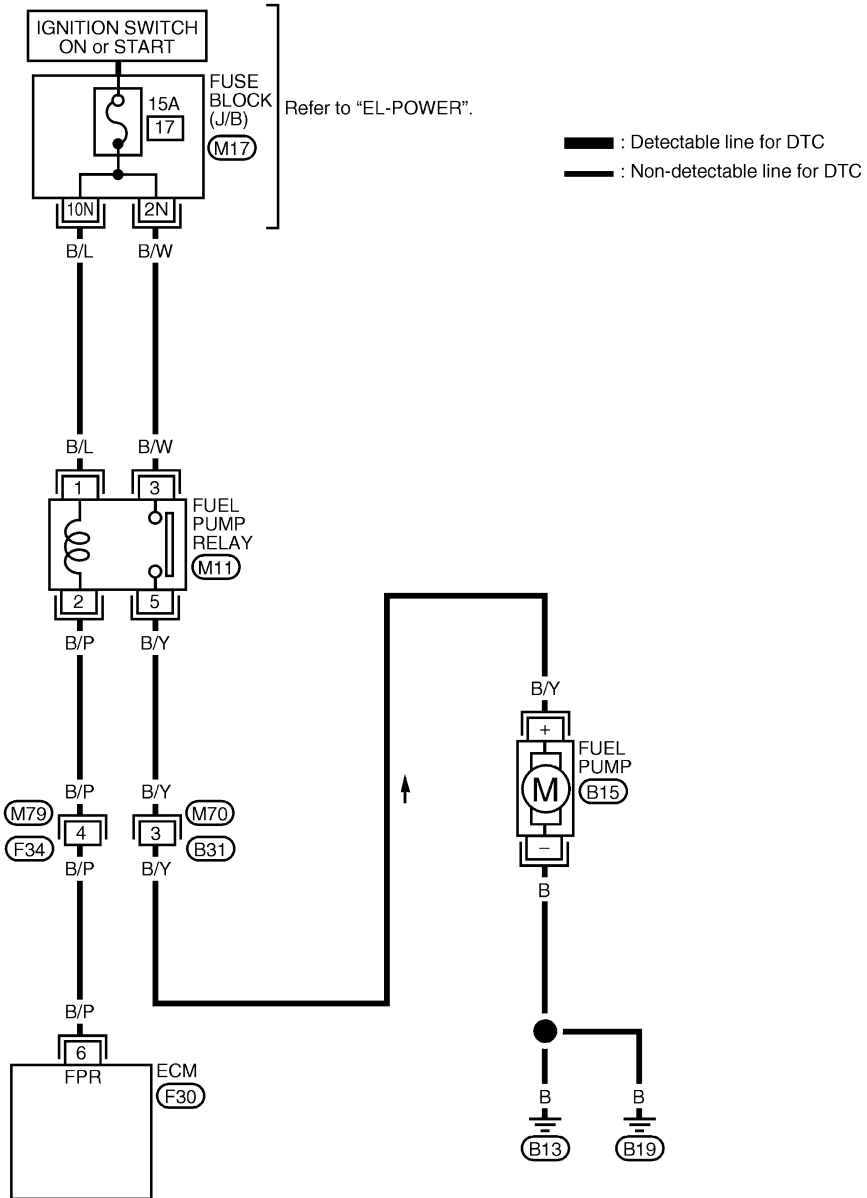
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
8	B/P	Fuel pump relay	Ignition switch "ON" └ For 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"	0 - 1V
			Engine is running. Ignition switch "ON" └ More than 5 seconds after turning ignition switch "ON"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

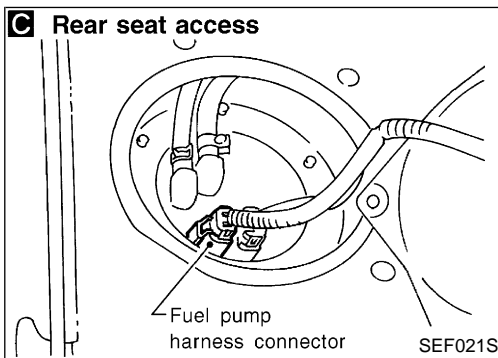
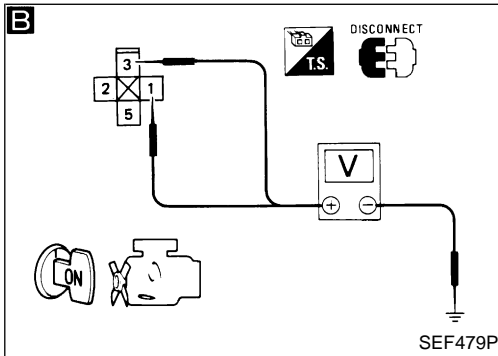
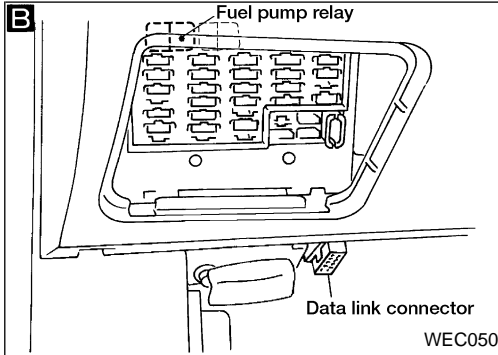
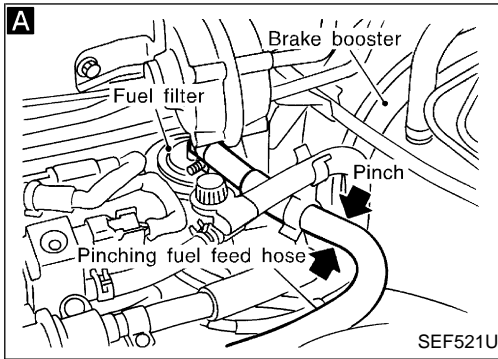
## Fuel Pump (Cont'd)

EC-F/PUMP-01



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## Fuel Pump (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

**A**

**CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION.**

1. Turn ignition switch "ON".
2. Pinch fuel feed hose with fingers.

**Fuel pressure pulsation should be felt on the fuel feed hose for 5 seconds after ignition switch is turned "ON".**

OK → INSPECTION END

NG →

**B**

**CHECK POWER SUPPLY.**

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Disconnect fuel pump relay.
3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
4. Check voltage between terminals ①, ③ and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

**Voltage: Battery voltage**

NG → Check the following.

- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between fuse and fuel pump relay

If NG, repair harness or connectors.

OK →

**C**

**CHECK POWER AND GROUND CIRCUIT.**

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Disconnect fuel pump harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between terminal ⊖ and body ground, terminal ⊕ and fuel pump relay connector terminal ⑤.

**Continuity should exist.**

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Check the following.

- Harness connectors (M70), (B31)
- Harness for open or short between fuel pump and body ground
- Harness for open or short between fuel pump and fuel pump relay

If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

OK →

**CHECK OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.**

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal ⑥ and fuel pump relay connector terminal ②.

Refer to the wiring diagram.

**Continuity should exist.**

If OK, check harness for short to ground and short to power.

NG → Check the following.

- Harness connectors (M79), (F34)
- Harness for open or short between ECM and fuel pump relay

If NG, repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

OK →

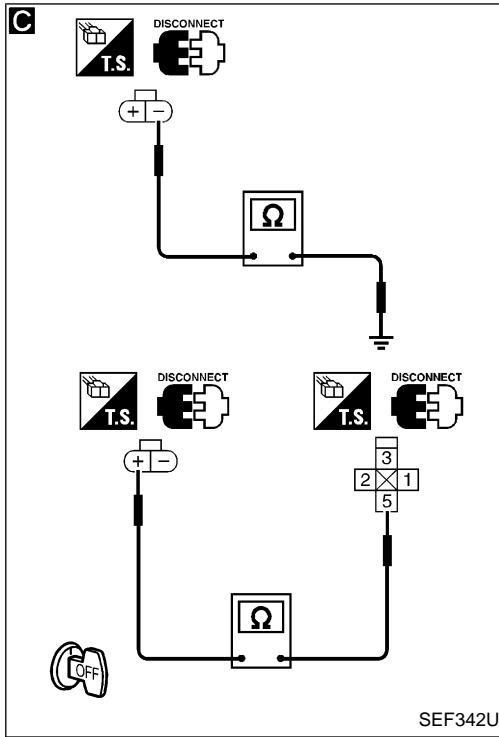
(A)

(Go to next page.)

GI  
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IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

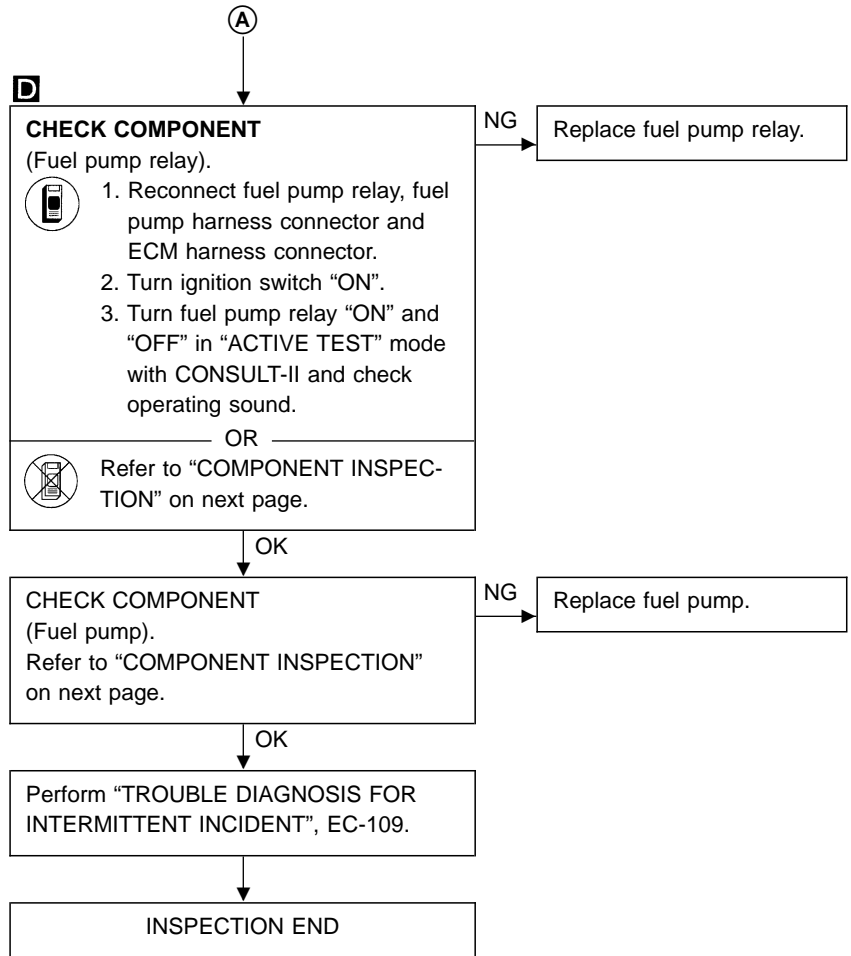
## Fuel Pump (Cont'd)



**D**

ACTIVE TEST	
FUEL PUMP RELAY	ON
MONITOR	
CMPS-RPM(REF)	XXX rpm

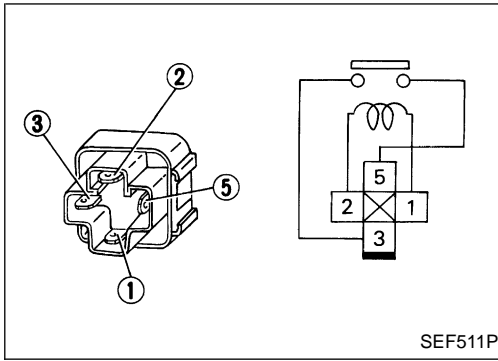
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## Fuel Pump (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

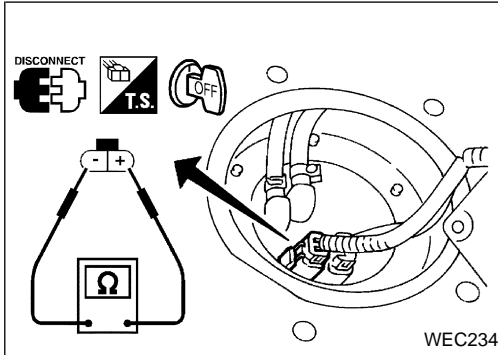


### Fuel pump relay

Check continuity between terminals ③ and ⑤.

Conditions	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes
No current supply	No

If NG, replace relay.



### Fuel pump

1. Disconnect fuel pump harness connector.
2. Check resistance between terminals ⊕ and ⊖.  
**Resistance: 0.2 - 5.0Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]**  
If NG, replace fuel pump.

GI

MA

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HA

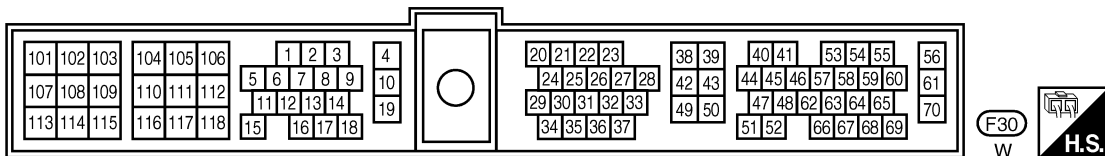
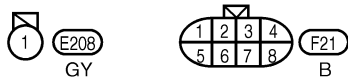
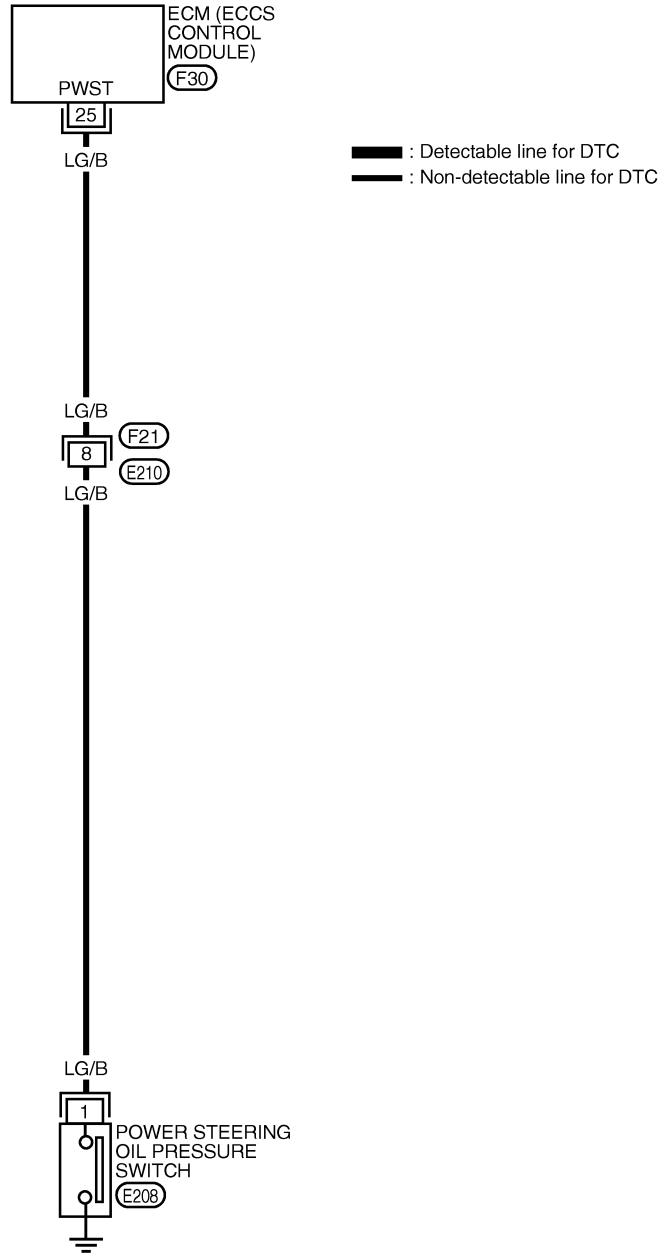
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch

EC-PST/SW-01



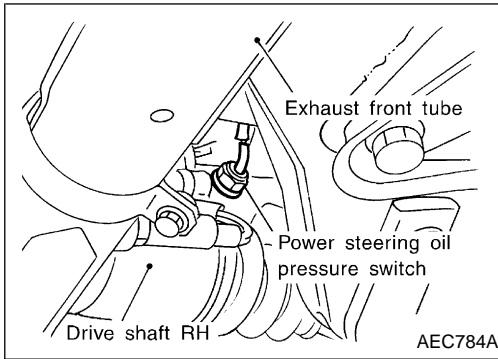
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch (Cont'd)

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The power steering oil pressure switch is attached to the power steering pump and detects a power steering load. When a power steering load is detected, it signals the ECM. The ECM adjusts the IACV-AAC valve to increase the idle speed and adjust for the increased load.

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BT  
HA  
EL  
IDX



### CONSULT-II REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Specification data are reference values

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
PW/ST SIGNAL	● Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Steering wheel in neutral position (forward direction) OFF
		The steering wheel is fully turned ON

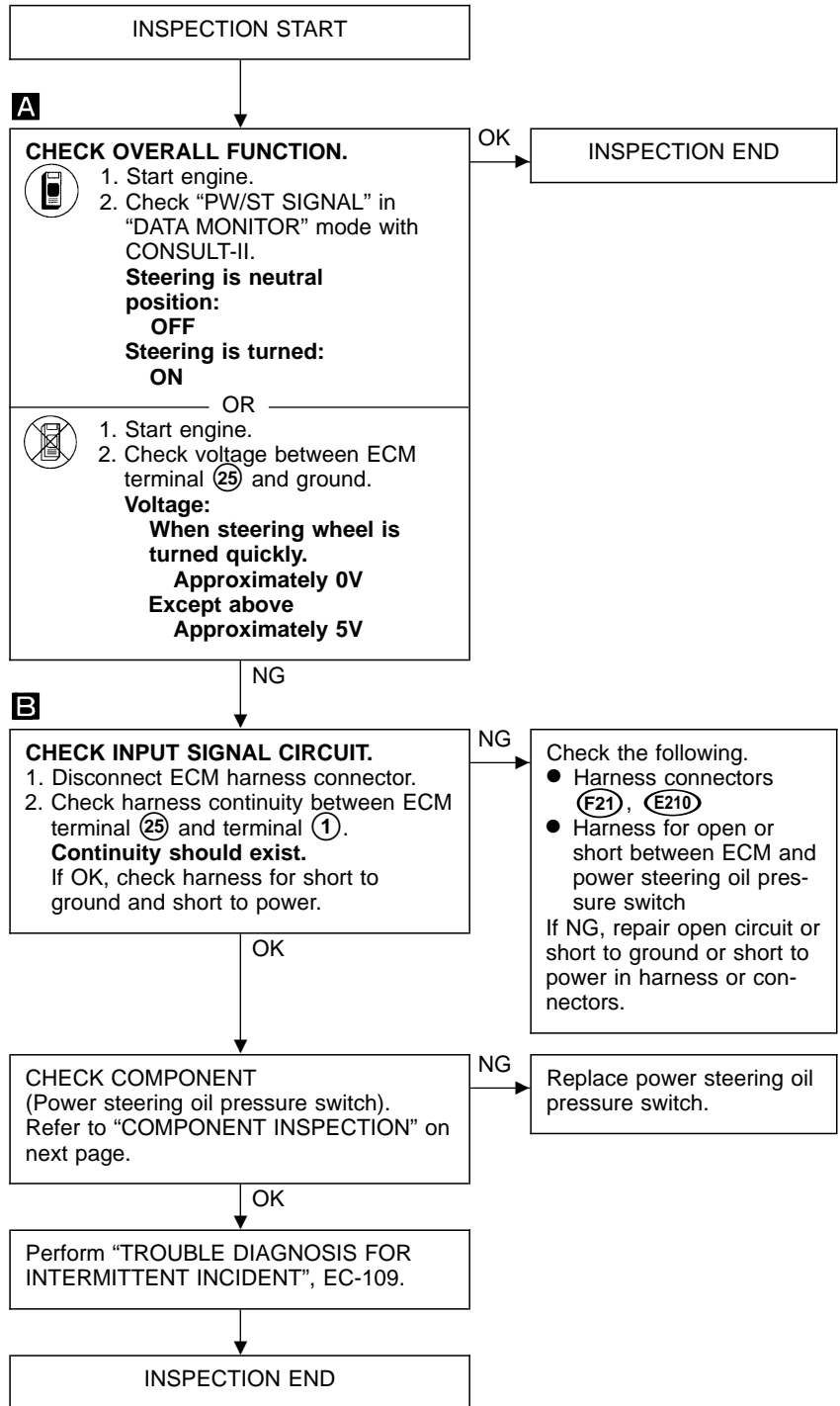
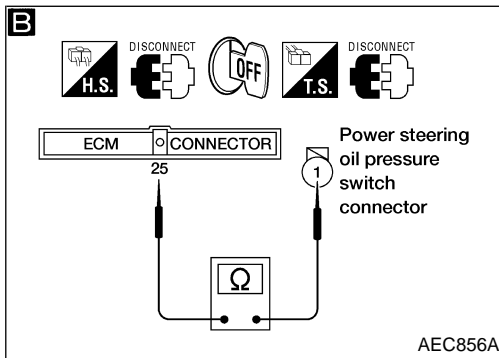
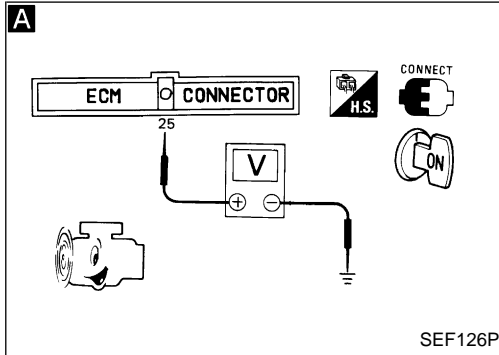
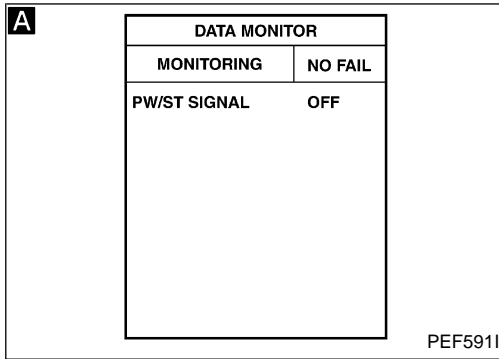
### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
25	LG/B	Power steering oil pressure switch	Engine is running. └ Steering wheel is fully being turned	Approximately 0V
			Engine is running. └ Steering wheel is not being turned	Approximately 5V

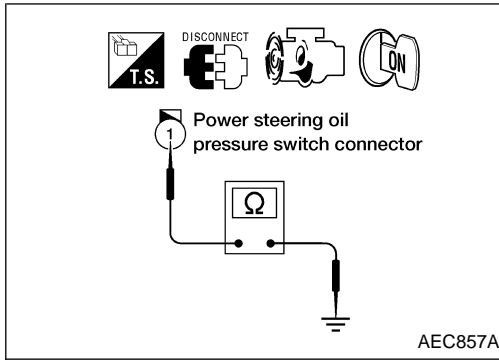
# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION



### Power steering oil pressure switch

1. Disconnect power steering oil pressure switch harness connector then start engine.
2. Check continuity between terminal ① and ground.

Conditions	Continuity
Steering wheel is fully being turned	Yes
Steering wheel is not being turned	No

If NG, replace power steering oil pressure switch.

GI

MA

EM

LC

**EC**

FE

CL

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ST

RS

BT

HA

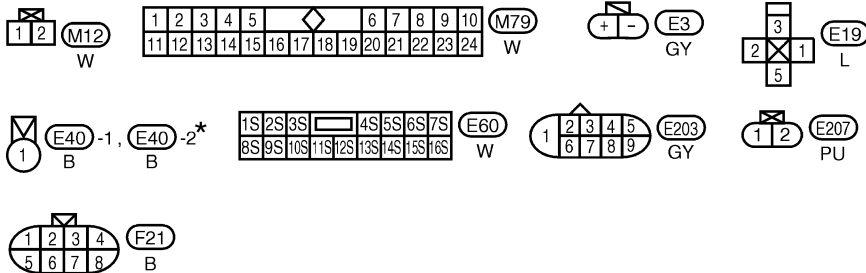
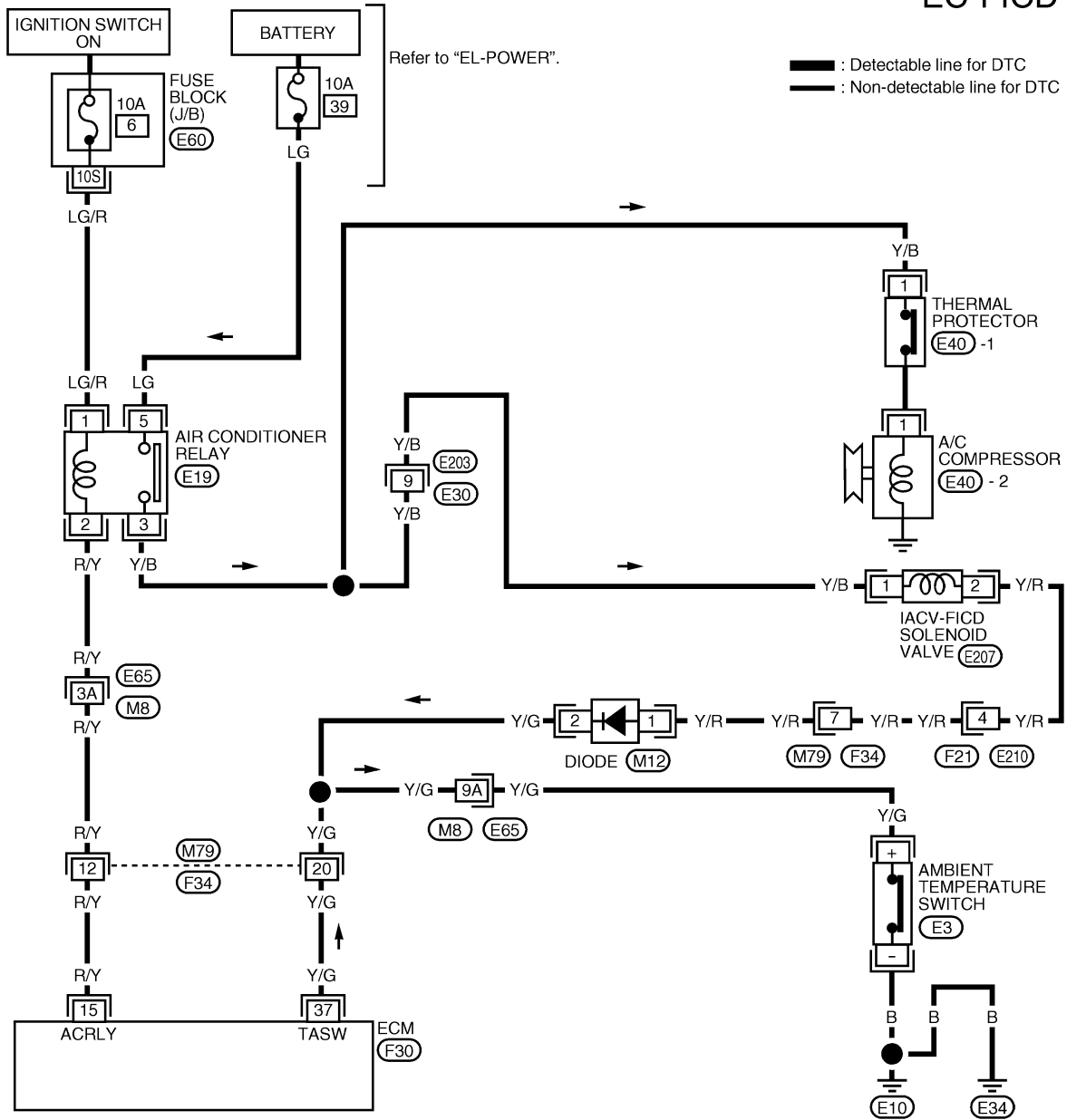
EL

IDX

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve

EC-FICD-01



Refer to the following.  
 (M8), (E65) SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ).  
 (F30) ELECTRICAL UNITS

\*: This connector is not shown in "HARNESS LAYOUT" of EL section.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

### IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

When the air conditioner is on, the IACV-FICD solenoid valve supplies additional air to adjust to the increased load.

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

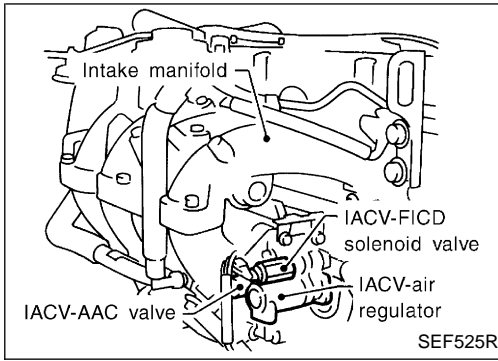
RS

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#### ECM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

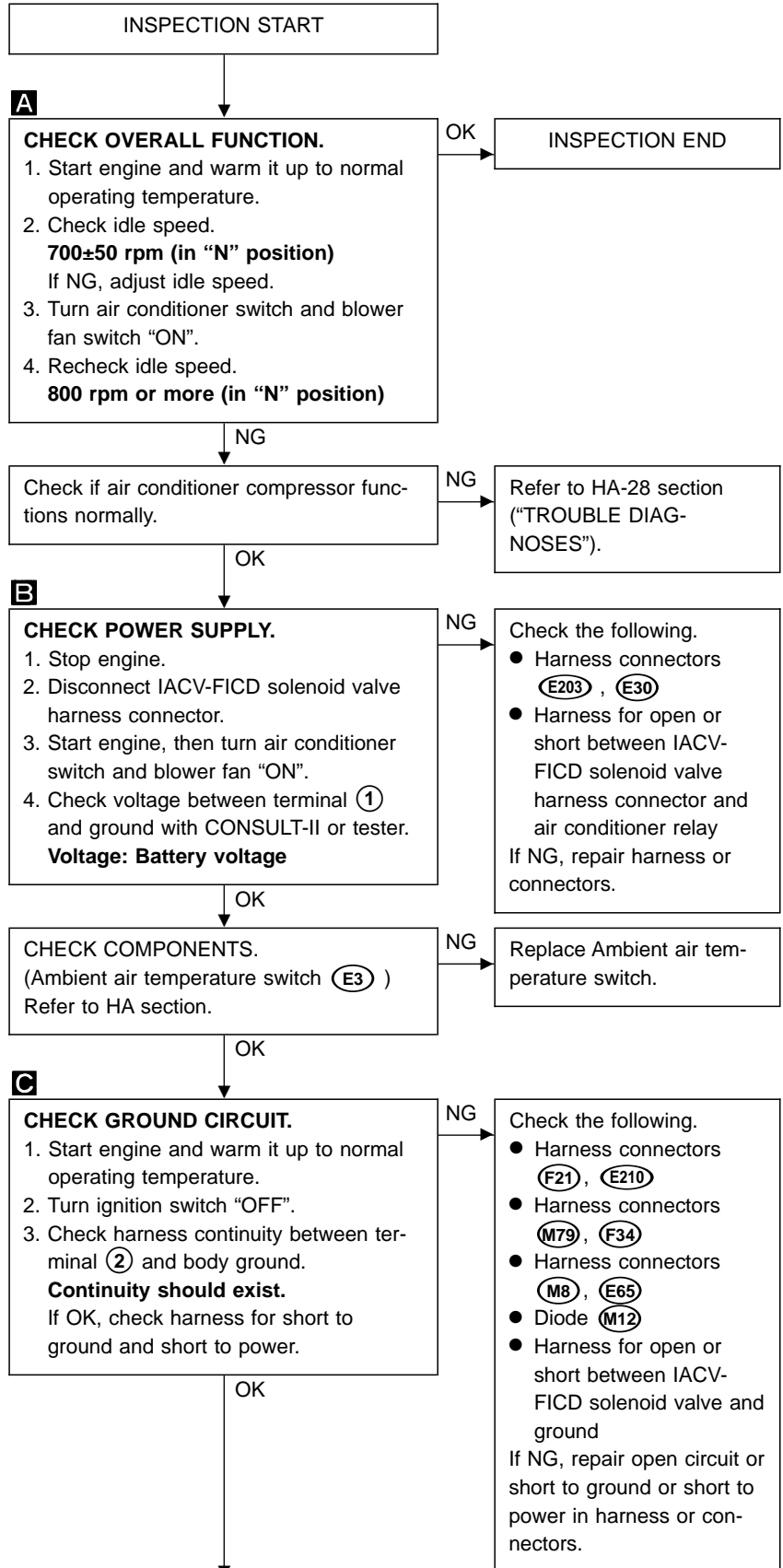
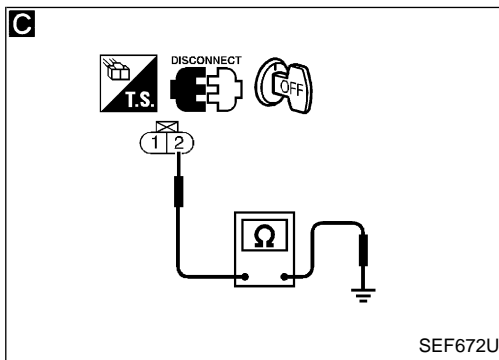
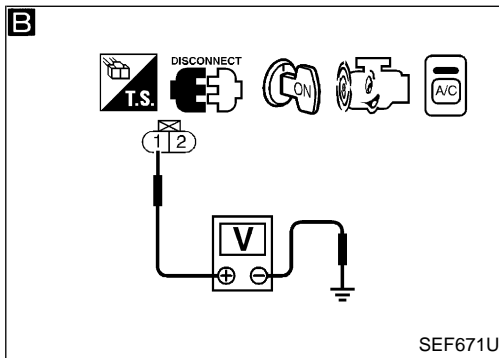
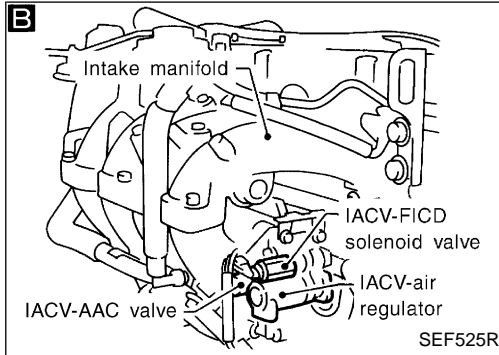
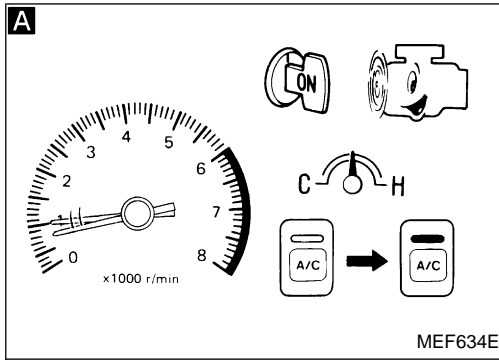
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ④3 (ECM ground).

TER-MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
15	R/Y	Air conditioner relay	Engine is running. └ Both A/C switch and blower switch are "ON"*	Approximately 0V
			Engine is running. └ A/C switch is "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
21	L/OR	Air conditioner switch	Engine is running. └ Both air conditioner switch and blower switch are "ON" (Compressor operates)	Approximately 0V
			Engine is running. └ Air conditioner switch is "OFF"	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
37	Y/G	Ambient air temperature switch	Engine is running. └ Idle speed	0V
			Engine is running. [Ambient air temperature is 20°C (68°F)] └ Idle speed	Approximately 8V

\*: Ambient air temperature above 10°C (50°F) and in any mode except "OFF".

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

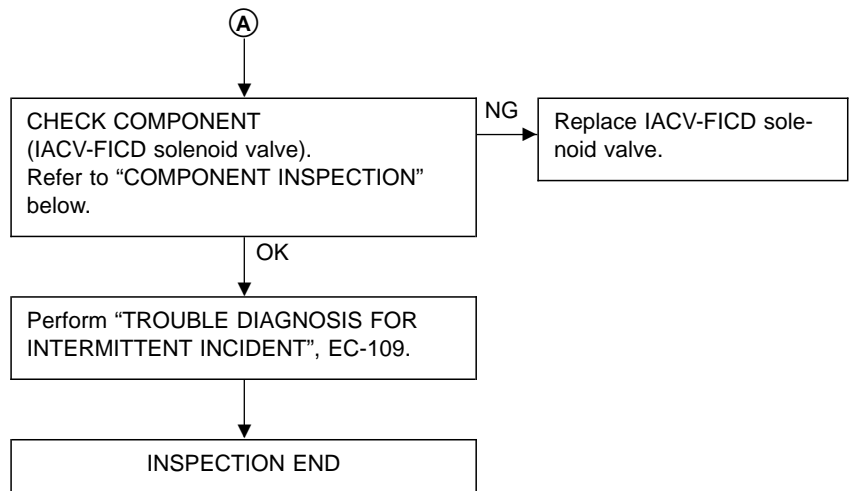


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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)



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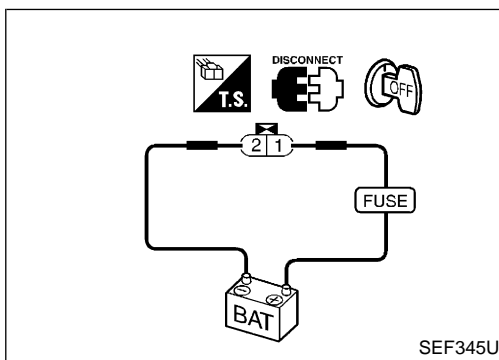
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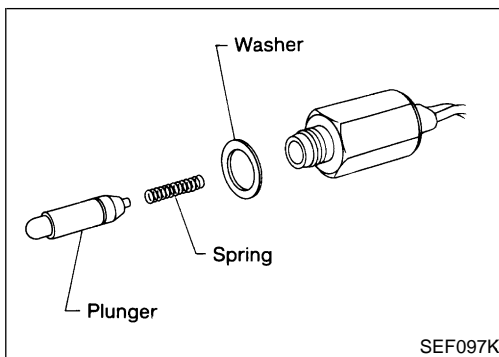


### COMPONENT INSPECTION

#### IACV-FICD solenoid valve

Disconnect IACV-FICD solenoid valve harness connector.

- Check for clicking sound when applying 12V direct current to terminals.

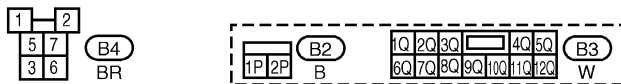
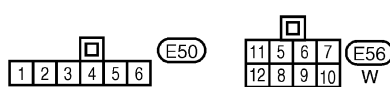
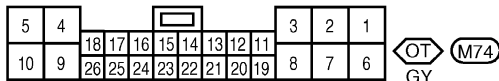
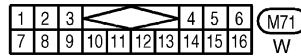
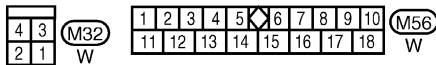
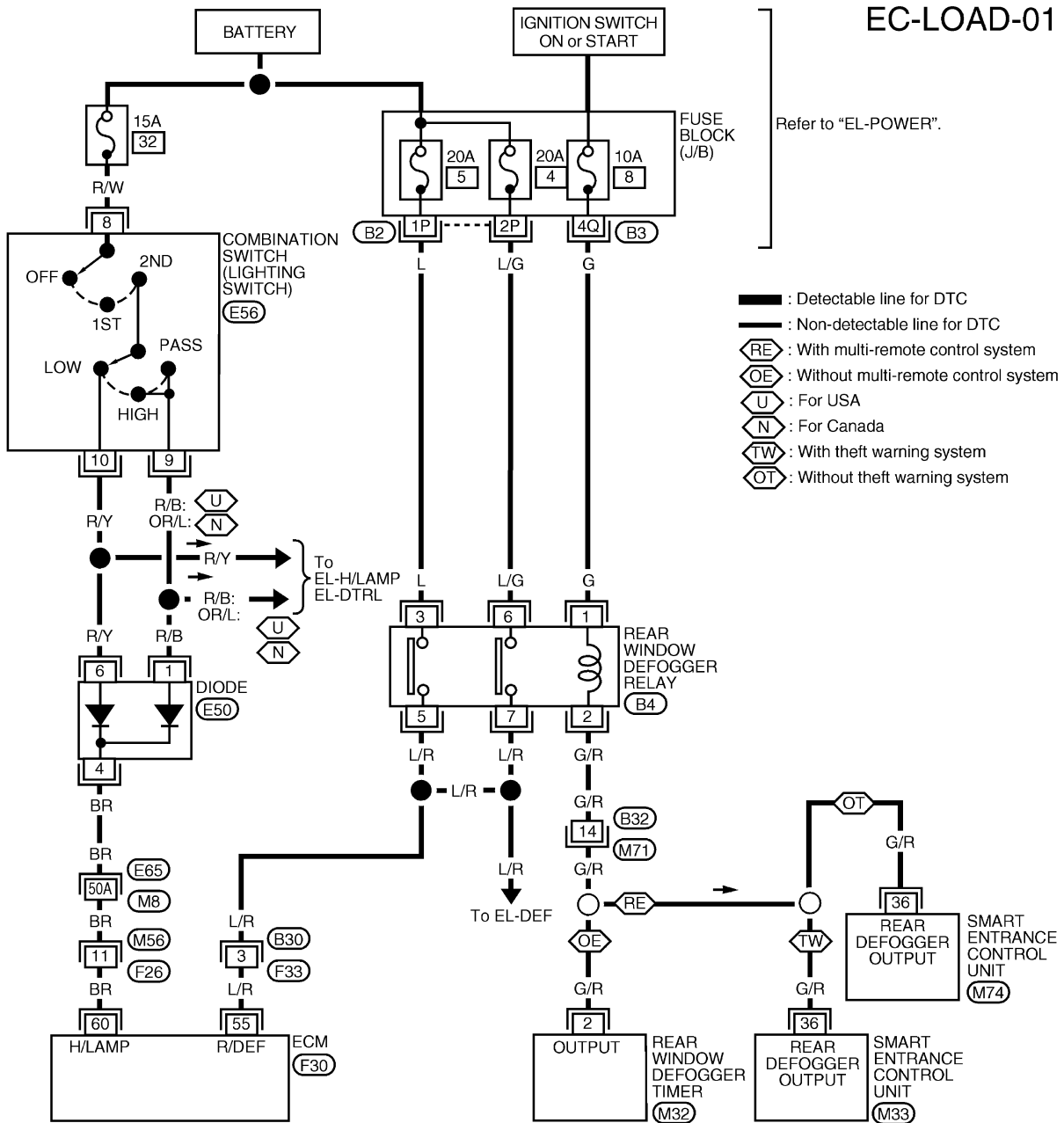


- Check plunger for seizing or sticking.
- Check for broken spring.

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## Electric Load Signal

EC-LOAD-01



Refer to the following.

(M8), (E65) SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ).

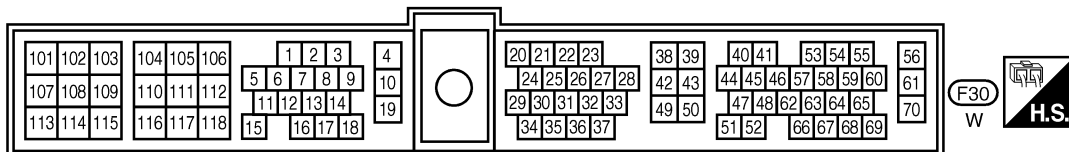
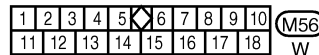
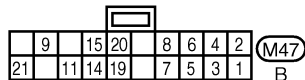
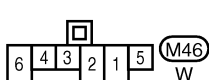
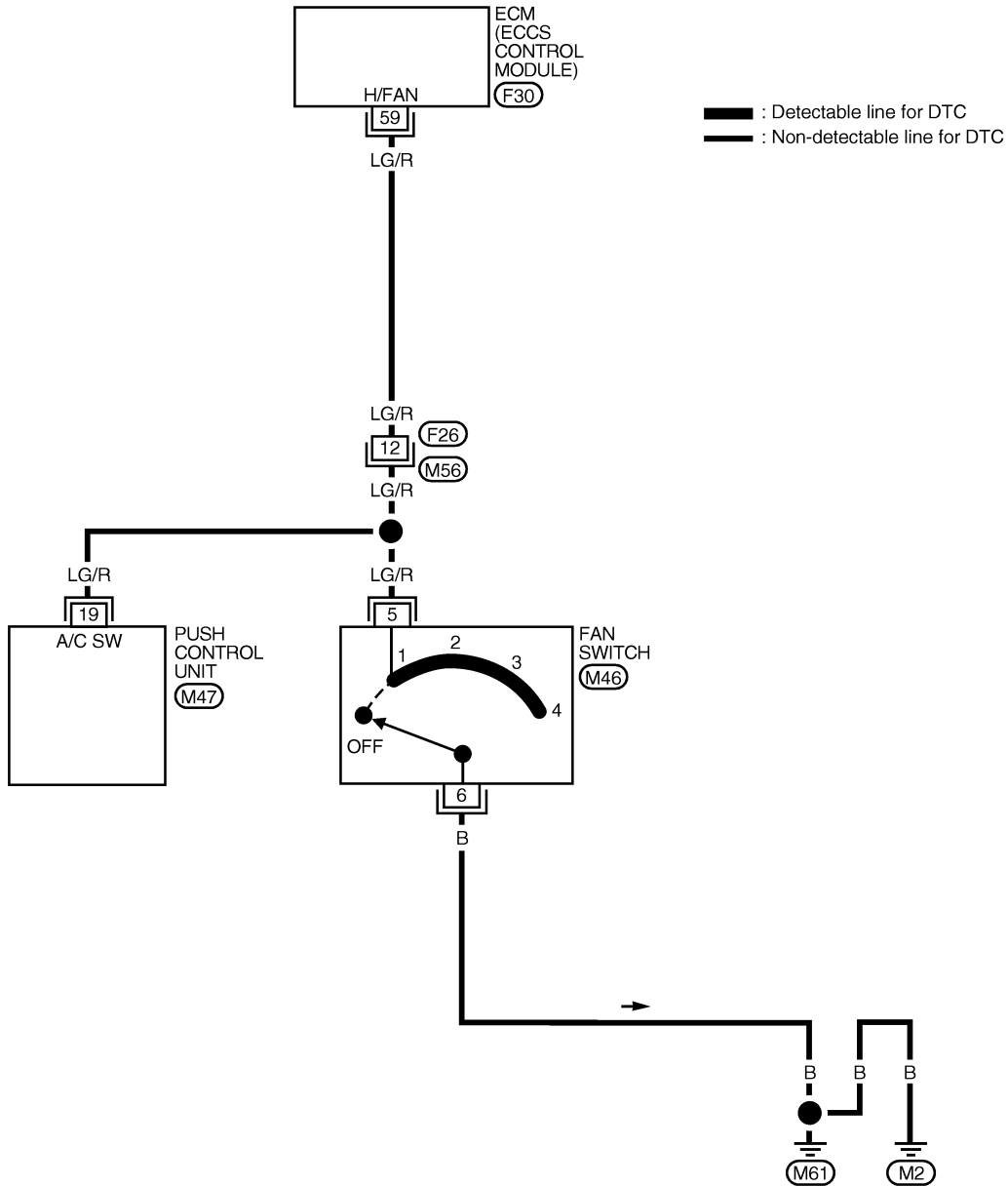
(M33) ELECTRICAL UNITS

(F30) ELECTRICAL UNITS

# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## Electric Load Signal (Cont'd)

EC-LOAD-02



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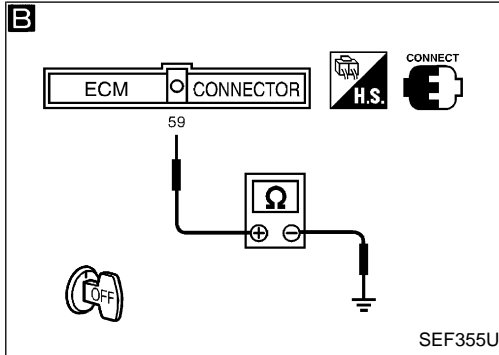
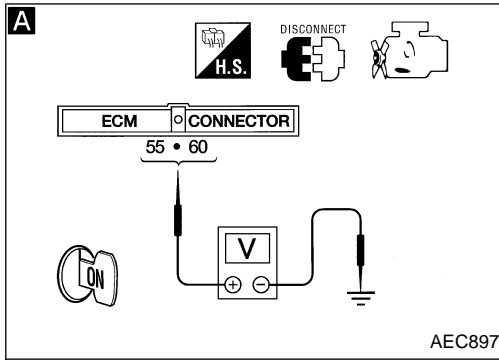
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# TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR NON-DETECTABLE ITEMS

## Electric Load Signal (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



INSPECTION START

**A**

**CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION.**

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch "ON".
4. Check voltage between ECM terminal (55), (60) and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

**Voltage between (55) and ground:**  
Rear window defogger "ON"  
Battery positive voltage  
Rear window defogger "OFF"  
0V

**Voltage between (60) and ground:**  
Lighting switch "ON" or daytime running light "ON"  
Battery positive voltage  
Lighting switch "OFF" or daytime running light "OFF"  
0V

NG

Check the following.

For terminal (55)

- Harness connectors (F33), (B30)
- Harness for open or short between ECM and rear window defogger relay
- Harness for open or short between rear window defogger timer or smart entrance control unit and rear window defogger relay

Refer to EL-133 section ("REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER").

For terminal (60)

- Harness connectors (M8), (E65)
- Harness connectors (M56), (F26)
- Harness continuity between ECM and lighting switch
- Diode (E50)

If NG, repair open circuit short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

OK

**B**

**CHECK POWER AND GROUND CIRCUIT.**

1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
2. Check continuity between ECM terminal (59) and ground.

**Blower fan switch "ON"**  
Continuity should exist.

**Blower fan switch "OFF"**  
Continuity should not exist.

NG

Check the following.

- Harness connectors (M56), (F26)
- Harness for open or short between ECM and fan switch, fan switch and ground
- Harness for open or short between fan switch and push control unit

If NG, repair open circuit short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

OK

Perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT", EC-109.

INSPECTION END



# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## General Specifications

FUEL PRESSURE REGULATOR Fuel pressure at idling kPa (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	
Vacuum hose is connected	Approximately 235 (2.4, 34)
Vacuum hose is disconnected	Approximately 294 (3.0, 43)

## Inspection and Adjustment

Target idle speed*1	rpm	
No-load*2 (in "N" position)		700±50
Base idle speed*3	rpm	
No-load*2 (in "N" position)		650±50
Air conditioner: ON (in "N" position)		800 or more
Ignition timing		20°±2° BTDC*3

\*1: Throttle position sensor harness connector connected

\*2: Throttle position sensor harness connector disconnected or using CONSULT-II "WORK SUPPORT"

\*3: Under the following conditions:

- Air conditioner switch: OFF
- Electric load: OFF (Lights, heater fan & rear defogger)
- Steering wheel: Kept in straight-ahead position

### IGNITION COIL

Primary voltage	V	12
Primary resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]	Ω	Approximately 1.0
Secondary resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]	kΩ	Approximately 10

### MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Supply voltage	V	Battery voltage (11 - 14)
Output voltage at idle	V	1.3 - 1.7*
Mass air flow (Using CONSULT-II or GST)	g-m/sec	Approximately 3.24 at idle* Approximately 12.2 at 2,500 rpm*

\*: Engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature and running under no-load.

### ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

### EGR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

EGR temperature °C (°F)	Voltage V	Resistance MΩ
0 (32)	4.61	0.68 - 1.11
50 (122)	2.53	0.09 - 0.12
100 (212)	0.87	0.017 - 0.024

### FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR HEATER

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	2.3 - 4.3
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### FUEL PUMP

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	0.2 - 5.0
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### IACV-AAC VALVE

Resistance [at 20°C (68°F)]	Ω	Approximately 10
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### INJECTOR

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	10 - 14
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### RESISTOR

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	kΩ	Approximately 2.2
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### THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Throttle valve conditions	Voltage* (at normal operating temp., engine off, ignition switch "ON")
Completely closed (a)	0.15 - 0.85V
Partially open	Between (a) and (b)
Completely open (b)	3.5 - 4.7

\*: Voltage measurement must be made with throttle position sensor installed in vehicle.

# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

### CALCULATED LOAD VALUE

	Calculated load value % (Using CONSULT-II or GST)
At idle	Approx. 19%
At 2,500 rpm	Approx. 18%

### INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
80 (176)	0.27 - 0.38

### REAR HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR HEATER

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	2.3 - 4.3
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### CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (OBD)

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Ω	512 - 632
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## NOTES