ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

SECTION EL

When you read wiring diagrams:

- Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".
 When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, "HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".
- Check for any service bulletins before servicing the vehicle.

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ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM	BR SECTION
SRS "AIR BAG"	RS SECTION
HEATER AND AIR CONDITIONER	

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PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER" used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. The SRS system composition which is available to NISSAN MODEL L30 is as follows (The composition varies according to the optional equipment):

- For a frontal collision
 - The Supplemental Restraint System consists of driver air bag module (located in the center of the steering wheel), front passenger air bag module (located on the instrument panel on passenger side), seat belt pre-tensioners, a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable.
- For a side collision
 - The Supplemental Restraint System consists of side air bag module (located in the outer side of front seat), satellite sensor, diagnosis sensor unit (one of components of air bags for a frontal collision), wiring harness, warning lamp (one of components of air bags for a frontal collision).

Information necessary to service the sytem safely is included in the **RS section** of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the RS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. Spiral cable and wiring harnesses (except "SEAT BELT PRE-TEN-SIONER") covered with yellow insulation either just before the harness connectors or for the complete harness are related to the SRS.

HARNESS CONNECTOR

Description

HARNESS CONNECTOR (TAB-LOCKING TYPE)

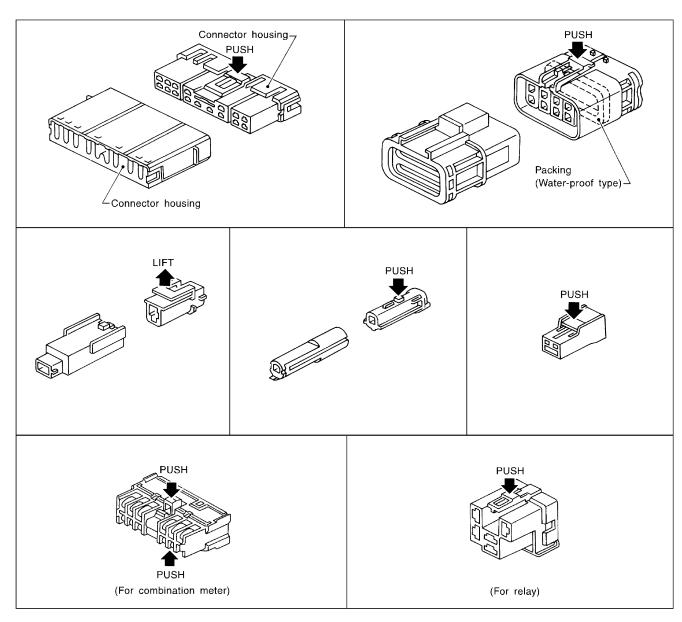
- The tab-locking type connectors help prevent accidental looseness or disconnection.
- The tab-locking type connectors are disconnected by pushing or lifting the locking tab(s). Refer to illustration below.

Refer to the next page for description of the slide-locking type connector.

CAUTION:

Do not pull the harness when disconnecting the connector.

[Example]



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HARNESS CONNECTOR

Description (Cont'd)

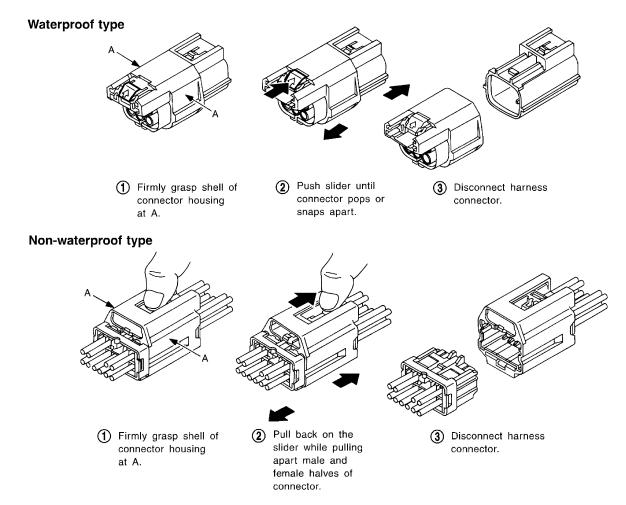
HARNESS CONNECTOR (SLIDE-LOCKING TYPE)

- A new style slide-locking type connector is used on certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD.
- The slide-locking type connectors help prevent incomplete locking and accidental looseness or disconnection.
- The slide-locking type connectors are disconnected by pushing or pulling the slider. Refer to illustration below.

CAUTION:

- Do not pull the harness or wires when disconnecting the connector.
- Be careful not to damage the connector support bracket when disconnecting the connector.

[Example]

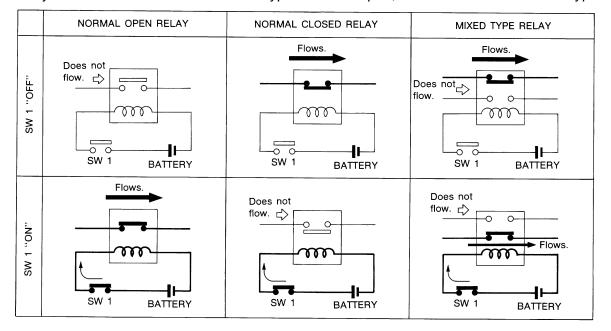


STANDARDIZED RELAY

Description

NORMAL OPEN, NORMAL CLOSED AND MIXED TYPE RELAYS

Relays can be divided into three main types: normal open, normal closed and mixed type relays.



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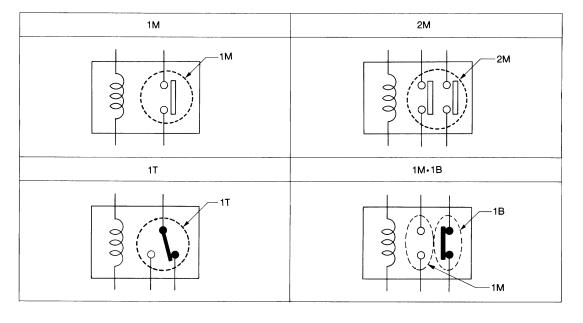
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TYPES OF STANDARDIZED RELAYS

1M 1 Make 2M 2 Make

1T 1 Transfer 1M·1B 1 Make 1 Break



SEL882H

STANDARDIZED RELAY Description (Cont'd)

Туре	Outer view	Circuit	Connector symbol and connection	Case color
1M	3	2	2 3 1	WĤITE
1T	1 3 1 0 5 2 4	1 5 4	5 2 4 1	BLACK
2M	2 1 7 5 6 3	1 6 3 9 0 0 2 7 5	00 2 1 7 5 6 3	BROWN
1M·1B	2 1 6 3 7 4	1 6 3 0 1 2 7 4	2 1 6 7 3 4	GRAY
1M	3 2 5	1 5 0 0 2 3	5 2 1 3	BLUE

The arrangement of terminal numbers on the actual relays may differ from those shown above.

STANDARDIZED RELAY

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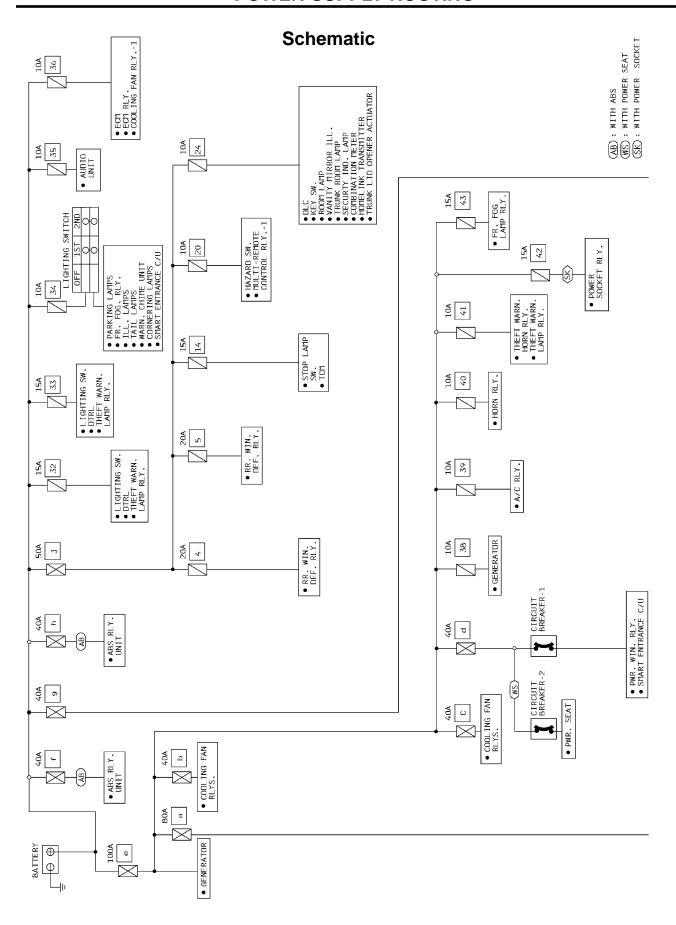
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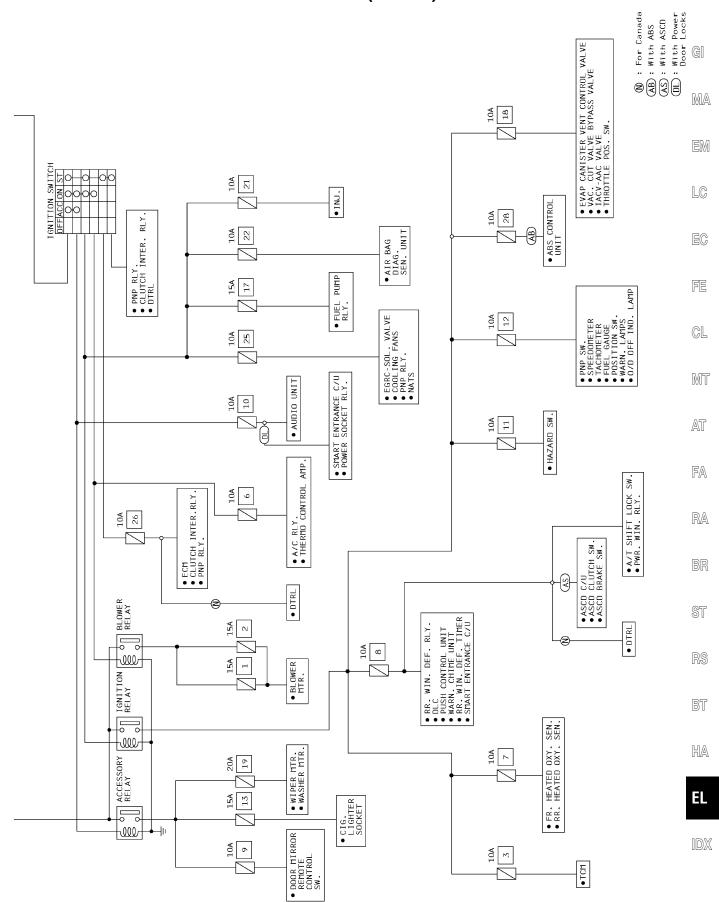
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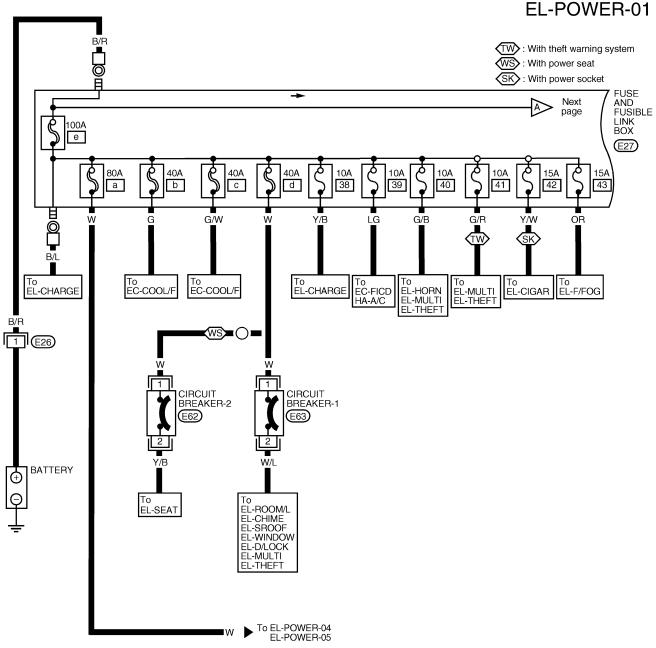
Schematic (Cont'd)

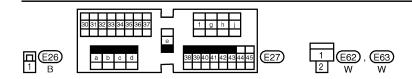


Wiring Diagram — POWER —

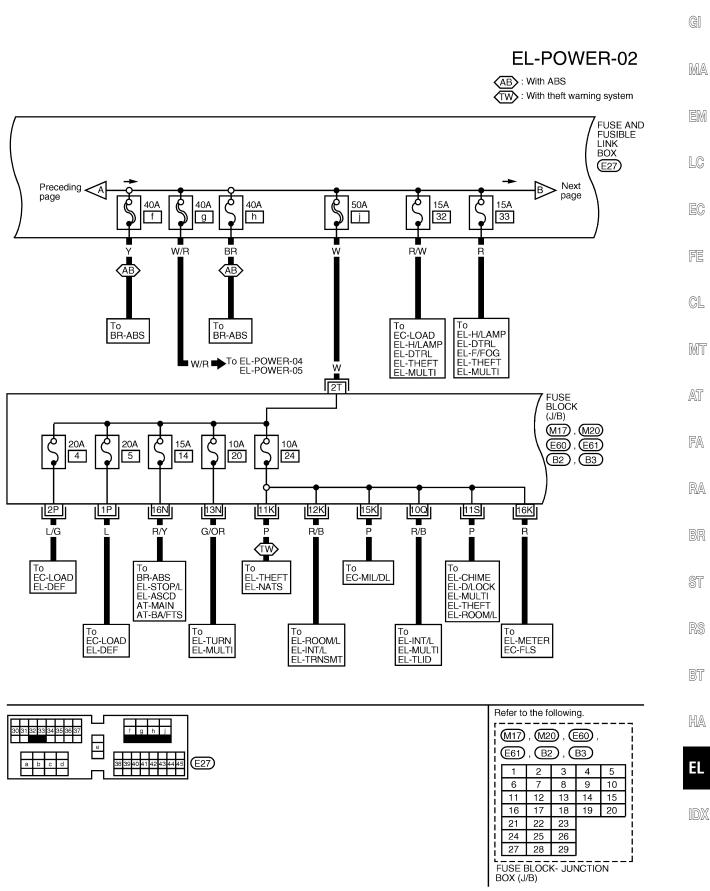
BATTERY POWER SUPPLY - IGNITION SW. IN ANY POSITION

NOTE: For detailed ground distribution information, refer to "GROUND DISTRIBUTION", EL-20.



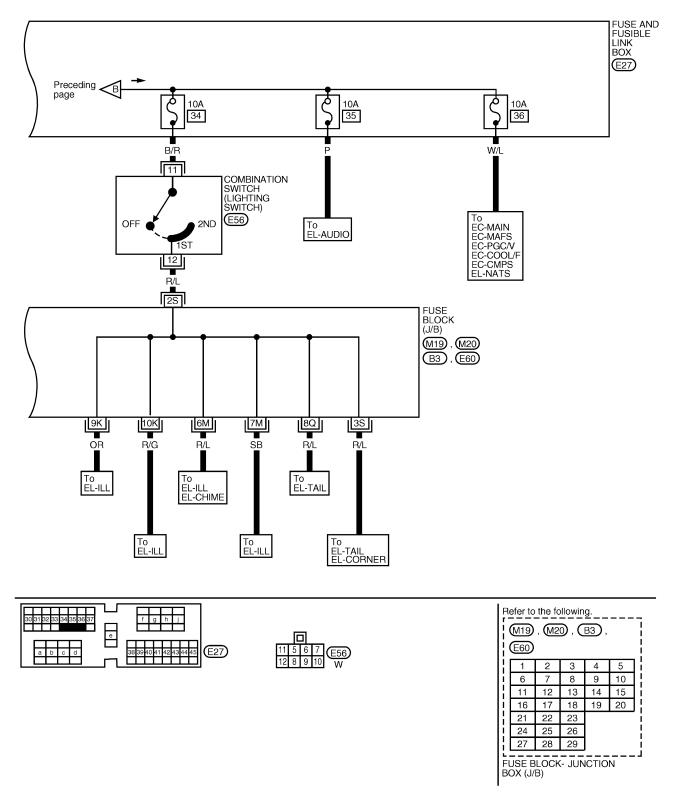


Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)

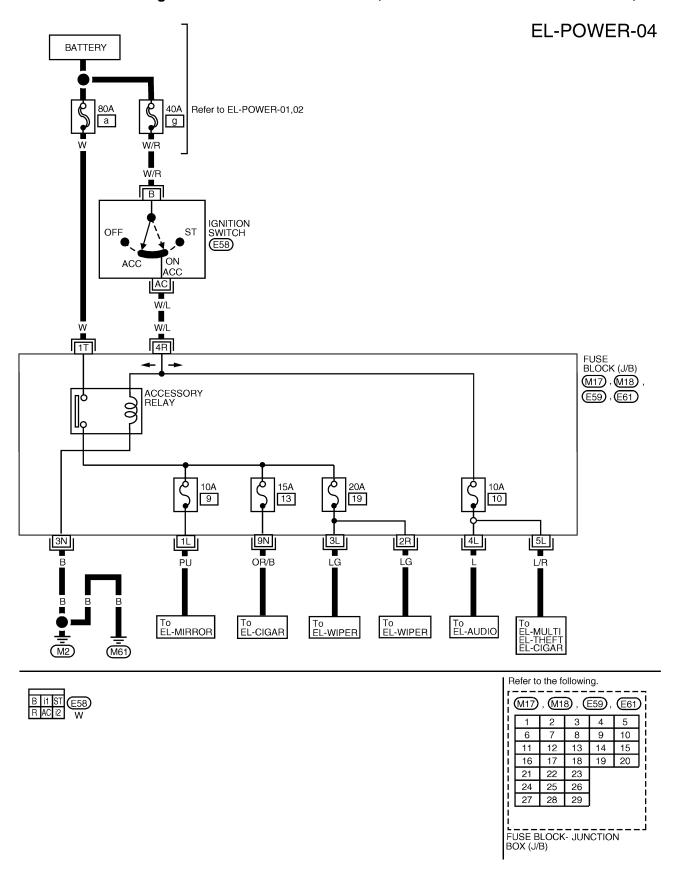
EL-POWER-03



Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)

ACCESSORY POWER SUPPLY - IGNITION SW. IN "ACC" OR "ON"

NOTE: For detailed ground distribution information, refer to "GROUND DISTRIBUTION", EL-20.



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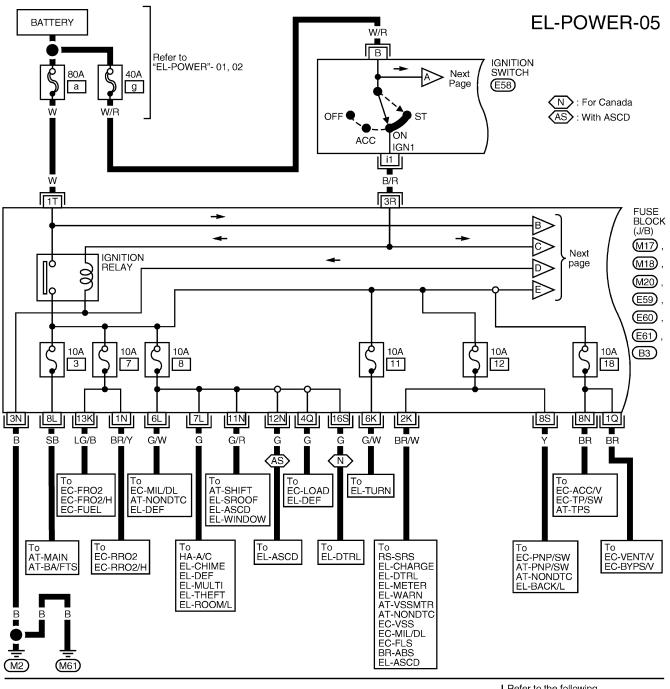
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Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)

IGNITION POWER SUPPLY – IGNITION SW. IN "ON" AND/OR "START"

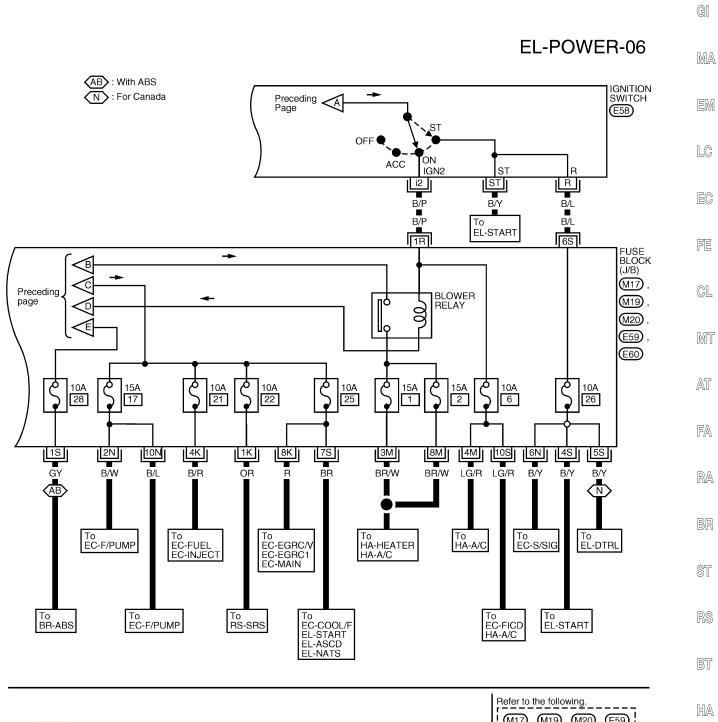
NOTE: For detailed ground distribution information, refer to "GROUND DISTRIBUTION", EL-20.





[M17	, (M1	ollowin B, ((120 120,	E59) ¦
Ħ	1	2	3	4	5	ľ
i	6	7	8	9	10	!
H	11	12	13	14	15	l i
i I	16	17	18	19	20	
H	21	22	23			i
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Н	27	28	29			i
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Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)

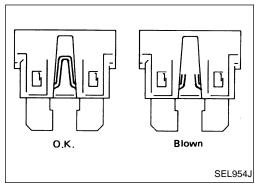


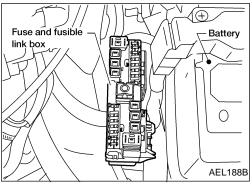
ı				l
	В		ST	(E58)
	R	AC	i2	\mathbb{V}

17	Refer to the following. (M17), (M19), (M20), (E59)						
li I	1	2	3	4	5	H	
i	6	7	8	9	10	!	
H	11	12	13	14	15	H	
li l	16	17	18	19	20	!	
H	21	22	23			i	
li l	24	25	26			!	
ľ	27 28 29						
	FUSE BLOCK- JUNCTION BOX (J/B)						

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Fuse

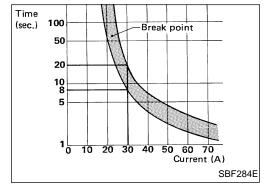
- a. If fuse is blown, be sure to eliminate cause of problem before installing new fuse.
- b. Use fuse of specified rating. Never use fuse of more than specified rating.
- c. Do not partially install fuse; always insert it into fuse holder properly.
- d. Remove fuse for "ELECTRICAL PARTS (BAT)" if vehicle is not used for a long period of time.

Fusible Link

A melted fusible link can be detected either by visual inspection or by feeling with finger tip. If its condition is questionable, use circuit tester or test lamp.

CAUTION:

- If fusible link should melt, it is possible that critical circuit (power supply or large current carrying circuit) is shorted. In such a case, carefully check and eliminate cause of problem.
- Never wrap outside of fusible link with vinyl tape.
 Important: Never let fusible link touch any other wiring harness, vinyl or rubber parts.



Circuit Breaker Inspection

For example, when current is 30A, the circuit is broken within 8 to 20 seconds.

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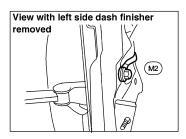
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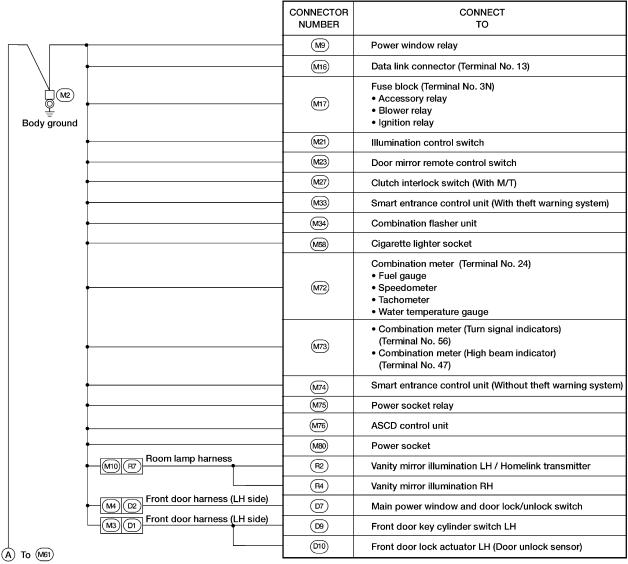
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GROUND DISTRIBUTION

Main Harness





GROUND DISTRIBUTION

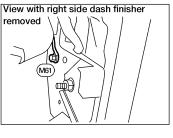
Main Harness (Cont'd)

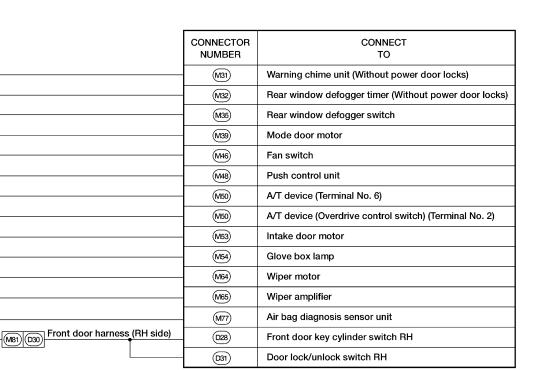


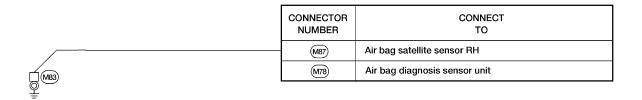
A To M2

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Body ground







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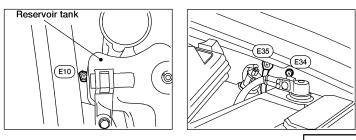
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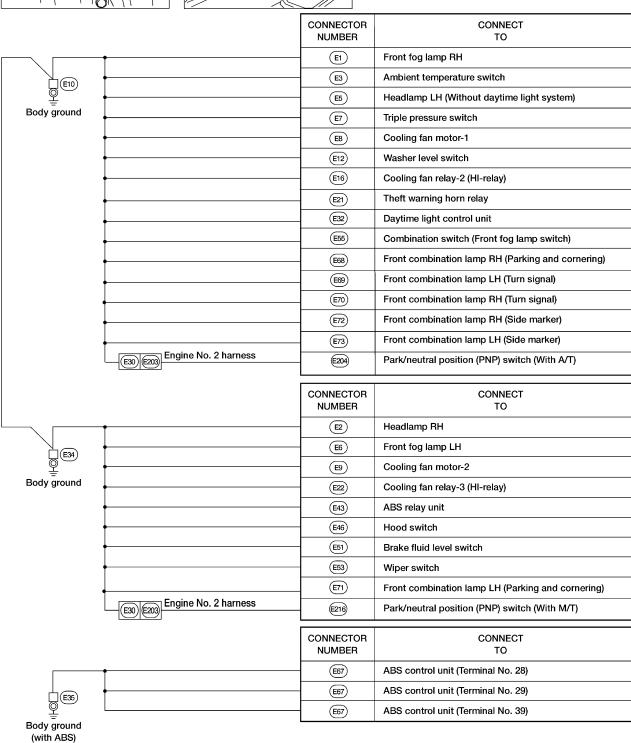
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Engine Room Harness





GROUND DISTRIBUTION

Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)















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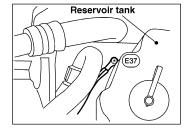
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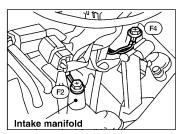
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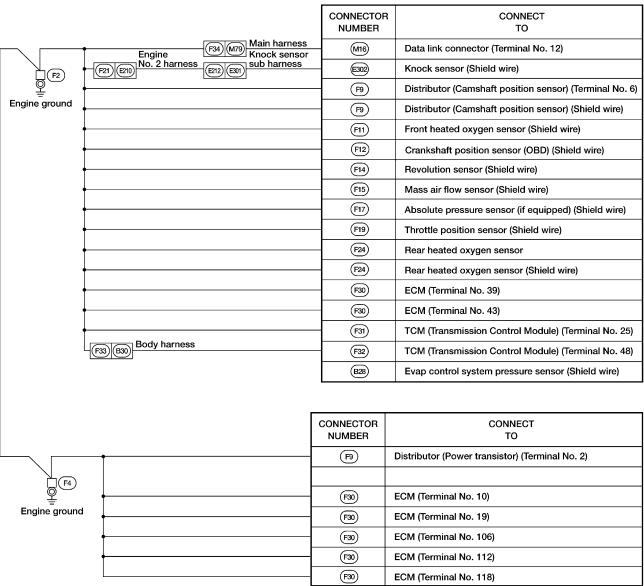


Body ground

CONNECTOR NUMBER	CONNECT TO
E41	Generator

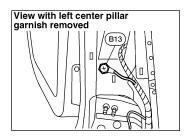
Engine Control Harness





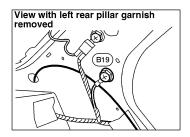
GROUND DISTRIBUTION

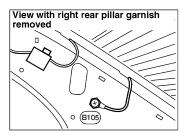
Body Harness

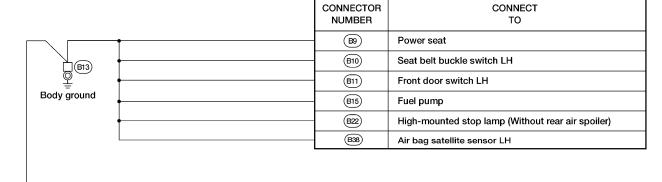


Body ground

Body ground







	CONNECTOR NUMBER	CONNECT TO
	B14)	Fuel level sensor unit (Terminal No. E) Fuel level sensor unit Fuel tank temperature sensor
B19)		

CONNECTOR NUMBER	CONNECT TO
(B104)	Rear window defogger

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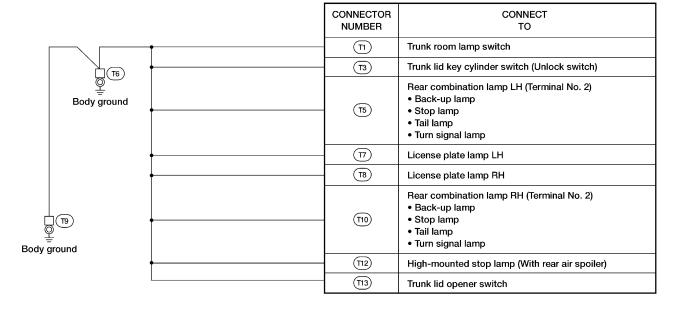
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Tail Harness



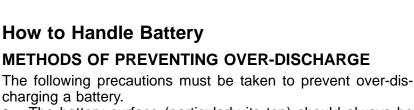


BATTERY

CAUTION:

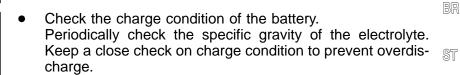
If it becomes necessary to start the engine with a booster battery and jumper cables:

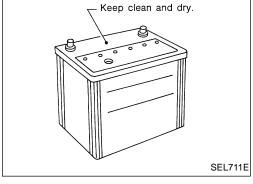
- Use a 12-volt booster battery.
- After connecting battery cables, ensure that they are tightly clamped to battery terminals for good contact.
- Never add distilled water through the hole used to check specific gravity.

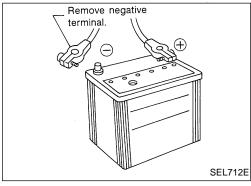


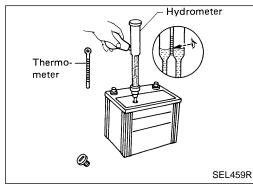


- The terminal connections should be clean and tight.
- At every routine maintenance, check the electrolyte level.
 - When the vehicle is not going to be used over a long period of time, disconnect the negative battery terminal. (If the vehicle has an extended storage switch, turn it off.)











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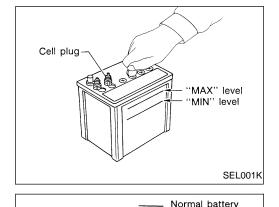
How to Handle Battery (Cont'd) CHECKING ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

WARNING:

Do not allow battery fluid to come in contact with skin, eyes, fabrics, or painted surfaces. After touching a battery, do not touch or rub your eyes until you have thoroughly washed your hands. If the acid contacts the eyes, skin or clothing, immediately flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

Normally the battery does not require additional water. However, when the battery is used under severe conditions, adding distilled water may be necessary during the battery life.

- Remove the cell plug using a suitable tool.
- Add distilled water up to the MAX level.



Charging voltage

Sulphated battery

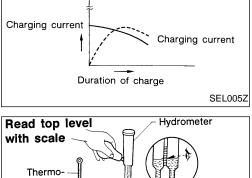
Charging voltage

SULPHATION

A battery will be completely discharged if it is left unattended for a long time and the specific gravity becomes less than 1.100. This may result in sulphation on the cell plates.

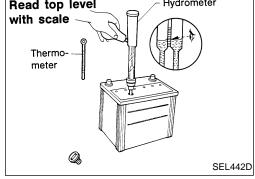
To determine if a battery has been "sulphated", note its voltage and current when charging it. As shown in the figure, less current and higher voltage are observed in the initial stage of charging sulphated batteries.

A sulphated battery may sometimes be brought back into service by means of a long, slow charge, 12 hours or more, followed by a battery capacity test.

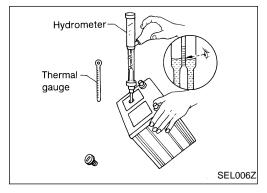


SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK

1. Read hydrometer and thermometer indications at eye level.



 When electrolyte level is too low, tilt battery case to raise it for easy measurement.



BATTERY

How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

2. Use the chart below to correct your hydrometer reading according to electrolyte temperature.

Hydrometer temperature correction

Battery electrolyte temperature °C (°F)	Add to specific gravity reading
71 (160)	0.032
66 (150)	0.028
60 (140)	0.024
54 (129)	0.020
49 (120)	0.016
43 (110)	0.012
38 (100)	0.008
32 (90)	0.004
27 (80)	0
21 (70)	-0.004
16 (60)	-0.008
10 (50)	-0.012
4 (39)	-0.016
	-0.020
-7 (20)	-0.024
-12 (10)	-0.028
-18 (0)	-0.032

ondition	Approximate charg	Corrected specific gravity
	Fully charg	1.260 - 1.280
	3/4 charge	1.230 - 1.250
	1/2 charge	1.200 - 1.220
	1/4 charge	1.170 - 1.190
Almost discharged		1.140 - 1.160
Completely discharged		1.110 - 1.130
	1/2 charge 1/4 charge Almost disch	1.200 - 1.220 1.170 - 1.190 1.140 - 1.160

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BATTERY

How to Handle Battery (Cont'd) CHARGING THE BATTERY

CAUTION:

- Do not "quick charge" a fully discharged battery.
- Keep the battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting the charger, connect the leads first, then turn on the charger. Do not turn on the charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- If battery electrolyte temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery at a temperature below 60°C (140°F).

Charging rates

Amps	Time
50	1 hour
25	2 hours
10	5 hours
5	10 hours

Do not charge at more than 50 ampere rate.

Note: The ammeter reading on your battery charger will automatically decrease as the battery charges. This indicates that the voltage of the battery is increasing normally as the state of charge improves. The charging amps indicated above refer to initial charge rate.

- If, after charging, the specific gravity of any two cells varies more than .050, the battery should be replaced.
- After the battery is charged, always perform a capacity test to assure that the battery is serviceable.

Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

Applied area	USA	Canada
Туре	55D23R	65D26R
Capacity V-A	12-60	12-65
Cold cranking current (For reference value)	356	413

System Description

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M/T MODELS Power is supplied at all times: • to ignition switch terminal B • through 40A fusible link (letter g, located in the fuse and fusible link box). With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied: • through terminal f of the ignition switch • to clutch interlock relay terminal g. With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied: • through 10A fuse [No. 26, located in the fuse block (J/B)] • to clutch interlock relay terminal f.	
Ground is supplied to clutch interlock relay terminal ②, when the clutch pedal is declutch interlock switch and body grounds M2 and M61. The clutch interlock relay is energized and power is supplied: • from terminal ③ of the clutch interlock relay • to terminal ② of the starter motor windings. The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery at The starter motor is grounded to the engine block. With power and ground supplied, the engine starts.	nd the starter motor.

System Description (Cont'd)

A/T MODELS

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 40A fusible link (letter g, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to ignition switch terminal B.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse [No. 25], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to PNP relay terminal ①.

With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied:

- from ignition switch terminal (5)
- to PNP relay terminal 6.

With the selector lever in the P or N position, ground is supplied:

- from PNP switch terminal (1)
- to PNP relay terminal ②
- through PNP switch terminal 2
- to body grounds E10 and E34.

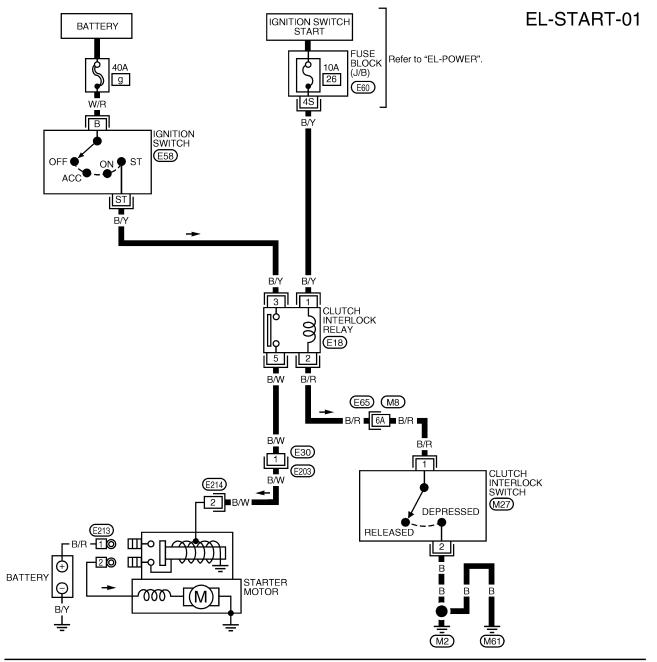
The PNP relay is energized and power is supplied:

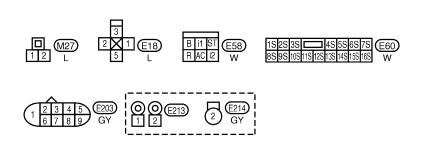
- from PNP relay terminal (7)
- to terminal ② of the starter motor windings.

The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery and starter motor. The starter motor is grounded to the engine block. With power and ground supplied, cranking occurs and the engine starts.

Wiring Diagram — START —

M/T MODELS





Refer to the following.

(M8), (E65) - SUPER MULTIPLE
JUNCTION (SMJ)

- SOPER MOLTIPLE

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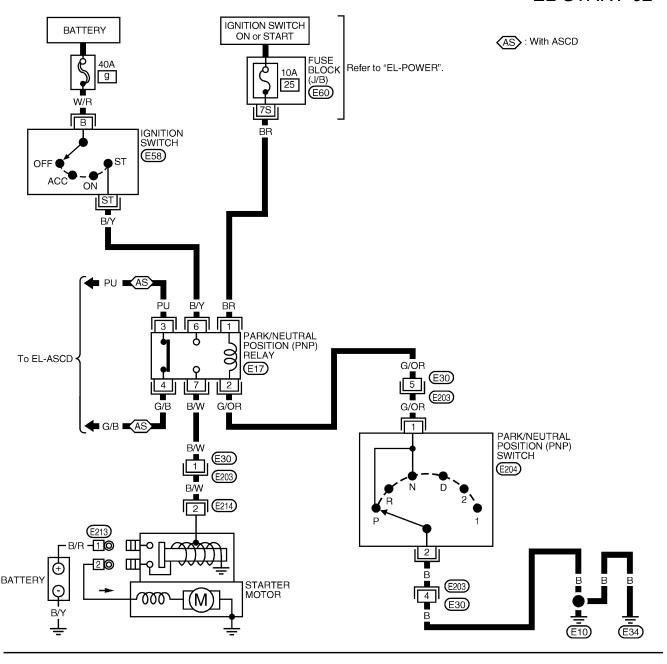
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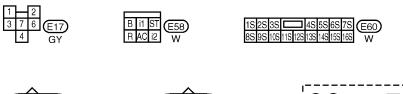
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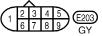
Wiring Diagram — START — (Cont'd)

A/T MODELS

EL-START-02



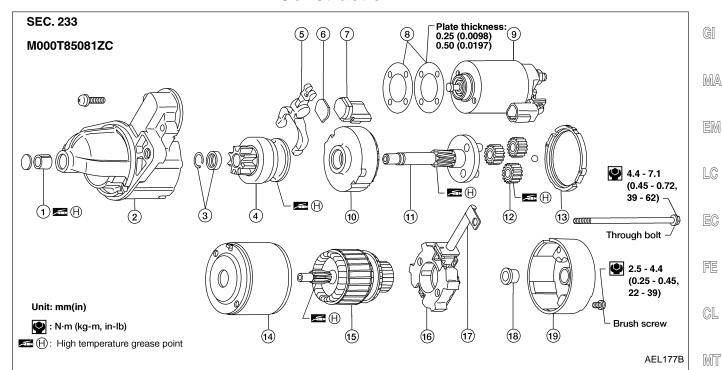








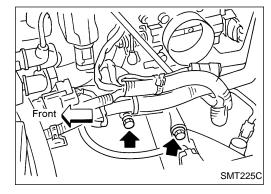
Construction



- Sleeve bearing
- ② Gear case
- (3) Pinion stopper
- Pinion assembly
- (5) Shift lever
- 6 Plate
- 7 Packing

- 8 Adjusting plate
- Magnetic switch assembly
- (10) Internal gear
- (11) Shaft
- (12) Planetary gear
- Packing (13)
- (14) Yoke

- (15) Armature
- Connector brush holder assembly
- Brush (+)
- (18) Brush spring
- (19) Rear cover



Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

- Remove air inlet tube.
- Remove harness bracket. 2.
- Disconnect starter.
- Remove two bolts and starter.

INSTALLATION

To install, reverse the removal procedure.

Pinion/Clutch Check

- Inspect pinion teeth.
- Replace pinion if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of ring gear teeth.)
- Inspect reduction gear teeth.
- Replace reduction gear if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of armature shaft gear teeth.)
- 3. Check to see if pinion locks in one direction and rotates smoothly in the opposite direction.
- If it locks or rotates in both directions, or unusual resistance is evident, replace.

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Service Data and Specifications (SDS) STARTER

	M000T85081ZC
Туре	MELMAC
	Reduction gear type
Applied model	All
System voltage V	12
No-load	
Terminal voltage	11.0
Current	Less than 90
Revolution rpm	More than 2,500
Minimum diameter of commutator mm (in)	28.8 (1.134)
Minimum length of brush mm (in)	12.0 (0.472)
Brush spring tension	13.7 - 25.5
N (kg, lb)	(1.4 - 2.6, 3.1 - 5.7)
Clearance of bearing metal and armature shaft mm (in)	_
Clearance "\ell" between pinion front edge and pinion stopper mm (in)	0.5 - 2.0 (0.020 - 0.079)
Installed current A	. 140

CHARGING SYSTEM

System Description

The generator provides DC voltage to operate the vehicle's electrical system and to keep the battery charged. The voltage output is controlled by the IC regulator.

Power is supplied at all times to generator terminal 4 through:

- 100A fusible link (letter e, located in the fuse and fusible link box), and
- 10A fuse (No. 38, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

Terminal ① supplies power to charge the battery and operate the vehicle's electrical system. Output voltage is controlled by the IC regulator at terminal ④ detecting the input voltage. The charging circuit is protected by the 100A fusible link.

Terminal ② of the generator supplies ground through body ground (E37).

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse [No. 12, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to combination meter terminal ① for the charge warning lamp.

Ground is supplied to terminal (3) of the combination meter through terminal (3) of the generator. With power and ground supplied, the charge warning lamp will illuminate. When the generator is providing sufficient voltage with the engine running, the ground is opened and the charge warning lamp will go off. If the charge warning lamp illuminates with the engine running, a fault is indicated.

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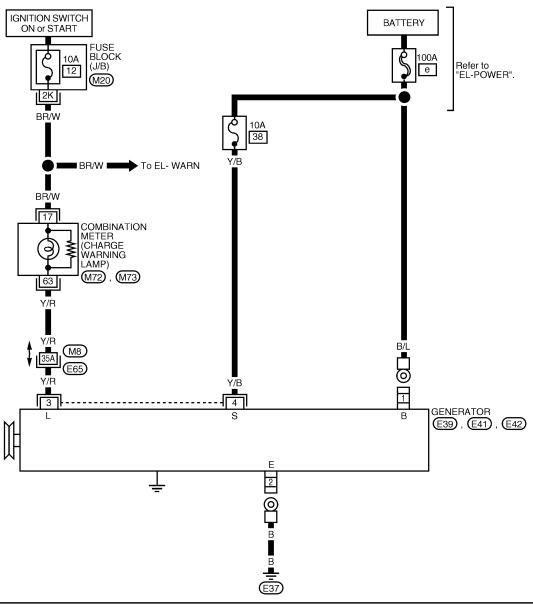
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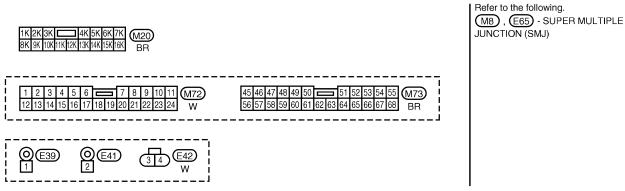
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Wiring Diagram — CHARGE —

EL-CHARGE-01



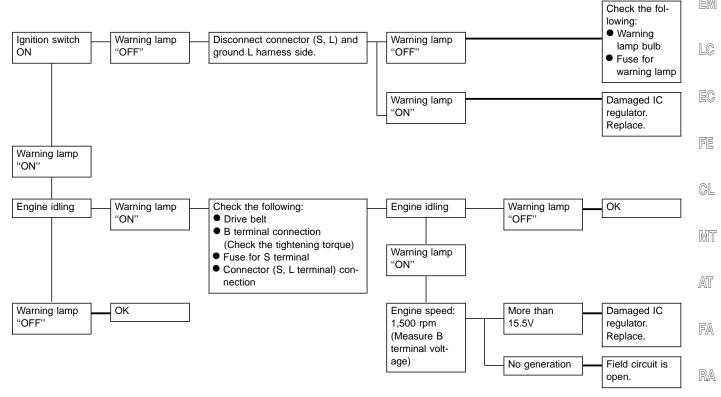


Trouble Diagnoses

Before conducting a generator test, make sure that the battery is fully charged. A 30-volt voltmeter and suitable test probes are necessary for the test. The generator can be checked easily by referring to the Inspection Table.

- Before starting, inspect the fusible link.
- Use fully charged battery.

WITH IC REGULATOR



Warning lamp: "CHARGE" warning lamp in combination meter

Note:

★: When field circuit is open, check condition of rotor coil, rotor slip ring and brush. If necessary, replace faulty parts with new ones.

MALFUNCTION INDICATOR

The IC regulator warning function activates to illuminate "CHARGE" warning lamp, if any of the following symptoms occur while generator is operating:

- Excessive voltage is produced.
- B Terminal is disconnected.
- S Terminal is disconnected or related circuit is open.
- Field circuit is open.

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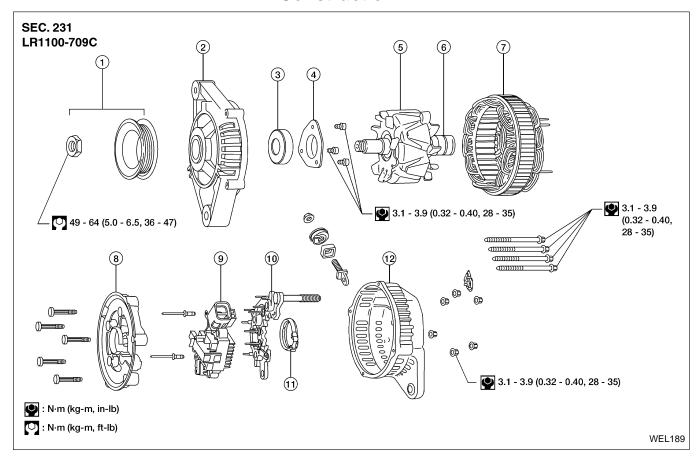
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CHARGING SYSTEM

Construction

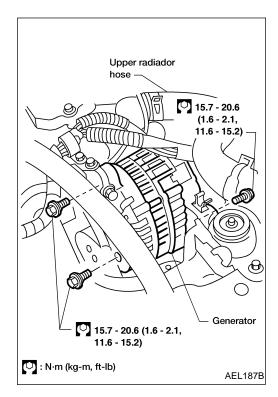


- 1 Pulley assembly
- 2 Front cover
- 3 Front bearing
- (4) Retainer

- S Rotor
- 6 Slip ring
- (7) Stator
- 8 Fan guide

- **9** IC regulator assembly
- 10 Diode assembly
- (11) Packing
- (12) Rear cover

CHARGING SYSTEM



Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

1. Remove upper radiator hose.

Disconnect harness connectors, harness stay and harness to A/C compressor.

Release accelerator wire.

4. Back off adjustment bolt, remove belt.

5. Remove three generator bolts and generator.

INSTALLATION

To install, reverse the removal procedure.

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Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

GENERATOR

Time		LR1100-709C
Туре		HAP
Nominal rating	V-A	12-100
Ground polarity		Negative
Minimum revolution under no-lo (When 13.5 volts is applied)	oad rpm	Less than 1,000
Hot output current (When 13.5 volts is applied)	A/rpm	More than 24/1,300 More than 71/2,500 More than 98/5,000
Regulated output voltage	V	14.1 - 14.7
Minimum length of brush	mm (in)	6.00 (0.236)
Brush spring pressure	N (g, oz)	1.000 - 2.432 (102 - 250, 3.60 - 8.82)
Slip ring minimum diameter	mm (in)	26.0 (1.024)
Rotor (field coil) resistance	Ω	2.05

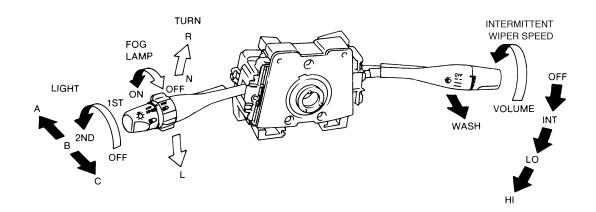
RS

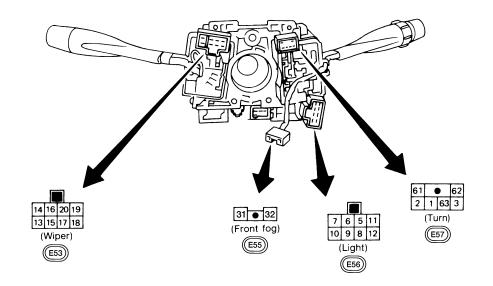
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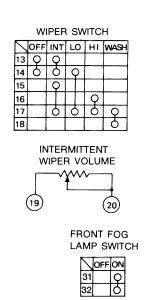
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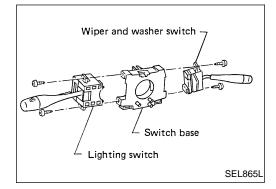
Combination Switch/Check







COMBINATION SWITCH



Replacement

For removal and installation of spiral cable, refer to RS-18 section ["Driver — Air Bag Module and Spiral Cable", "SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS)"].

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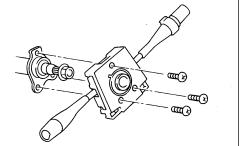
 Each switch can be replaced without removing combination switch base.

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• To remove combination switch base, remove base attaching screws.

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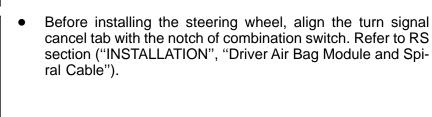
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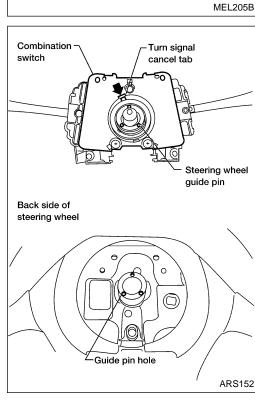
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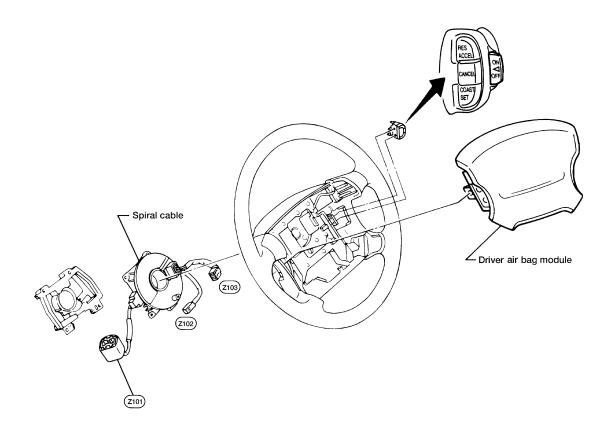
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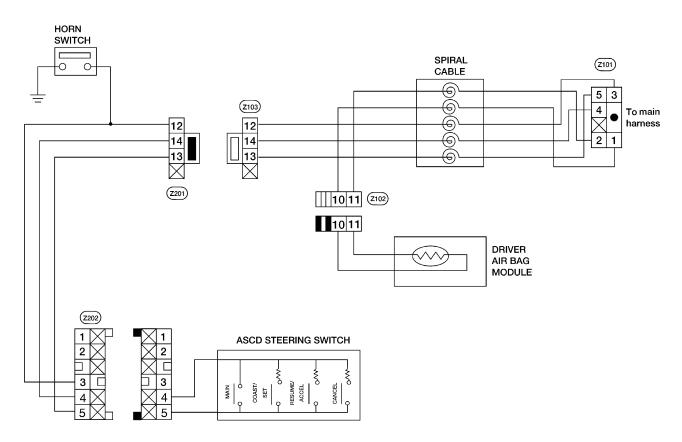
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Steering Switch/Check



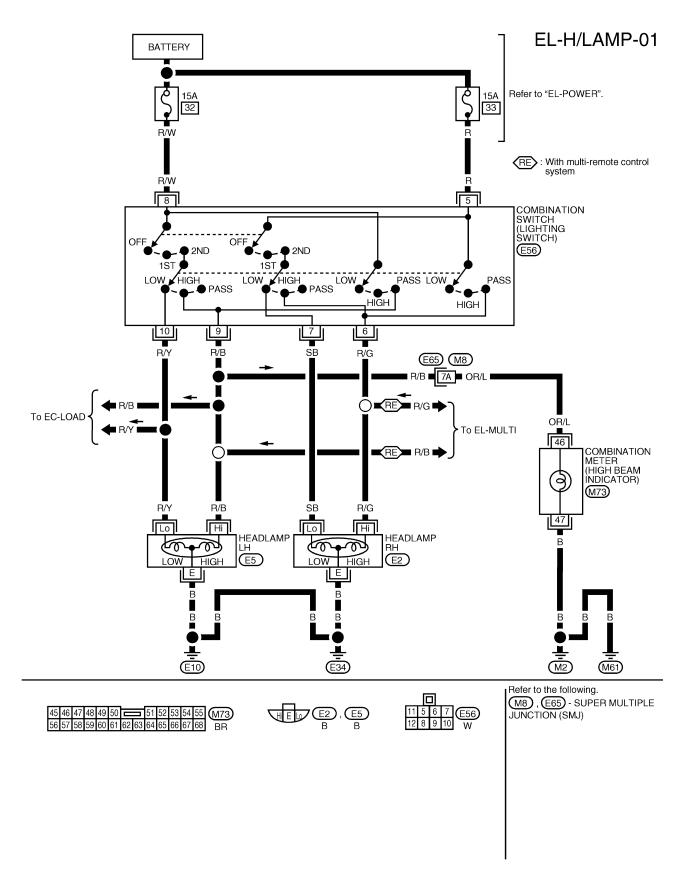


HEADLAMP

System Description (For USA)

The headlamps are controlled by the lighting switch which is built into the combination switch. Power is supplied at all times: • to lighting switch terminal (5)	GI
 through 15A fuse (No. 33, located in the fuse and fusible link box), and to lighting switch terminal (8) through 15A fuse (No. 32, located in the fuse and fusible link box). 	MA
Low beam operation	
 When the lighting switch is turned to headlamp ON (2ND) position, LOW BEAM (B), power is supplied: from lighting switch terminal (0) to terminal (0) of the LH headlamp, and 	EM
 from lighting switch terminal 7 to terminal of the RH headlamp. 	LC
Terminal © of each headlamp supplies ground through body grounds © and © . With power and ground supplied, the headlamp(s) will illuminate. High beam operation/flash-to-pass operation	EC
When the lighting switch is turned to headlamp ON (2ND) position, HIGH BEAM (A) or FLASH TO PASS (C) position, power is supplied:	FE
 from lighting switch terminal 6 to terminal (ii) of RH headlamp, and from lighting switch terminal 9 	CL
 to terminal (ii) of LH headlamp, and to combination meter terminal (iii) for the high beam indicator. Ground is supplied to terminal (iii) of the combination meter through body grounds (M2) and (M61). 	MT
Terminal © of each headlamp supplies ground through body grounds ©10 and ©34. With power and ground supplied, the high beams and the high beam indicator illuminate.	AT
Theft warning system	
The theft warning system will flash the high beams if the system is triggered. Refer to "THEFT WARNING SYSTEM" (EL-219).	FA
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Wiring Diagram (For USA) — H/LAMP —



HEADLAMP

Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order				
LH headlamp (low and high beam) does not operate.	 Bulb Grounds (£10) and (£34) 15A fuse Lighting switch 	 Check bulb. Check grounds (£10) and (£34). Check 15A fuse (No. (32)), located in fuse and fusible link box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (8) of lighting switch. Check lighting switch. 				
RH headlamp (low and high beam) does not operate.	1. Bulb 2. Grounds (£10) and (£34) 3. 15A fuse 4. Lighting switch	 Check bulb. Check grounds (£10) and (£34). Check 15A fuse (No. 33), located in fuse and fusible link box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (5) of lighting switch. Check lighting switch. 				
LH high beams do not operate, but LH low beam operates.	 Bulbs Open in LH high beams circuit Lighting switch 	Check bulbs. Check R/B wire between lighting switch and LH head-lamps for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.				
LH low beam does not operate, but LH high beam operates.	Bulb Open in LH low beam circuit Lighting switch	Check bulb. Check R/Y wire between lighting switch and LH head-lamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.				
RH high beams do not operate, but RH low beam operates.	 Bulbs Open in RH high beams circuit Lighting switch 	 Check bulbs. Check R/G wire between lighting switch and RH head-lamps for an open circuit. Check lighting switch. 				
RH low beam does not operate, but RH high beam operates.	Bulb Open in RH low beam circuit Lighting switch	Check bulb. Check SB wire between lighting switch and RH head-lamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.				
High beam indicator does not work.	 Bulb Grounds M2 and M61 Open in high beam circuit 	Check bulb in combination meter. Check grounds				

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Bulb Replacement

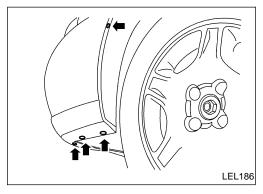
The headlamp is a semi-sealed beam type which uses a replaceable halogen bulb. The headlamp assembly must be removed to replace the headlamp bulb, front parking and cornering lamp bulb or front side marker bulb.

CAUTION:

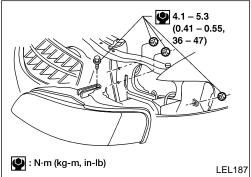
- Do not leave headlamp assembly without bulb for a long period of time. Dust, moisture, smoke, etc. entering the headlamp body may affect the performance. Remove the bulb from the headlamp assembly just before a replacement bulb is installed.
- Grasp only the plastic base when handling the bulb.
 Never touch the glass envelope. Touching the glass could significantly affect the bulb life and/or headlamp performance.

HEADLAMP BULB

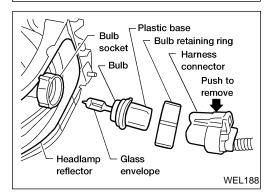
1. Disconnect the battery negative (-) cable.



2. Remove the four screws from the bottom of the front fender protector and position the front fender protector aside to access the headlamp mounting nut.



- 3. Remove the three headlamp mounting nuts and one headlamp mounting bolt.
- 4. Pull the headlamp assembly evenly away from the front of the vehicle to access the bulb sockets.



- 5. Disconnect the harness connector from the back side of the headlamp bulb.
- 6. Turn the bulb retaining ring counter clockwise and remove.
- 7. Remove the bulb by pulling it straight out of the headlamp assembly. Do not shake the bulb when removing it.
- 8. Install in the reverse order of removal.

Aiming Adjustment

When performing headlamp aiming adjustment, use an aiming wall screen.

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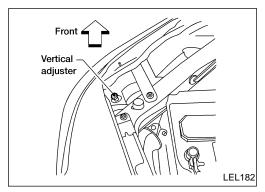
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For details, refer to the regulations in your own country.

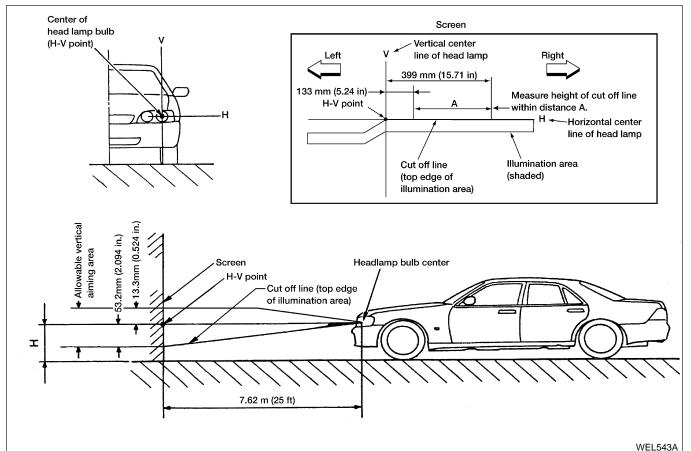
- a. Keep all tires inflated to correct pressures.
- b. Place vehicle and screen on one and same flat surface.
- c. See that there is no-load in vehicle (coolant, engine oil filled up to correct level and full fuel tank) other than the driver (or equivalent weight placed in driver's position).



LOW BEAM

Turn headlamp low beam on.

- 2. Use adjusting screw to adjust the vertical aim of the lamp.
- Cover the opposite lamp and ensure fog lamps, if equipped, are turned off.
- Adjust beam pattern until cutoff line is positioned at same height off ground as bulb center (on H-Line).



If the vehicle front body has been repaired and/or the headlamp assembly has been replaced, check aiming. Use the aiming chart shown in the figure.

Basic illuminating area should be within the range shown.
 Adjust headlamps accordingly.

System Description (For Canada)

The headlamp system for Canada vehicles contains a daytime light control unit that activates the high beam headlamps at approximately half illumination whenever the engine is running. If the parking brake is applied before the engine is started the daytime lights will not be illuminated. The daytime lights will illuminate once the parking brake is released. Thereafter, the daytime lights will continue to operate when the parking brake is applied. If the daytime light control unit receives a ground signal from the generator the daytime lights will not be illuminated. The daytime lights will illuminate once a battery positive voltage signal is sent to the daytime light control unit from the generator.

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 15A fuse (No. 32), located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to daytime light control unit terminal 3 and
- to lighting switch terminal 8.

Power is also supplied at all times:

- through 15A fuse (No. 33, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to daytime light control unit terminal ② and
- to lighting switch terminal 5.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse [No. 8], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to daytime light control unit terminal ②.

With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse [No. 26, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to daytime light control unit terminal 1).

Ground is supplied to daytime light control unit terminal 9 through body grounds (£10) and (£34).

HEADLAMP OPERATION

Low beam operation

When the lighting switch is turned to headlamp ON (2ND) position, LOW BEAM (B), power is supplied:

- from lighting switch terminal ?
- to RH headlamp terminal (a)
- to daytime light control unit terminal (4).

Ground is supplied to RH headlamp terminal (E) through body grounds (E10) and (E34). Also, when the lighting switch is turned to headlamp ON (2ND) position, LOW BEAM (B), power is supplied:

- from lighting switch terminal (10)
- to LH headlamp terminal (a).

Ground is supplied:

- to LH headlamp terminal (E)
- from daytime light control unit terminal (7)
- through daytime light control unit terminal (9)
- through body grounds (E10) and (E34).

With power and ground supplied, the low beam headlamps illuminate.

High beam operation/flash-to-pass operation

When the lighting switch is turned to headlamp ON (2ND) position, HIGH BEAM (A) or FLASH TO PASS (C) position, power is supplied:

- from lighting switch terminal 6
- to terminal (Hi) of RH headlamp.

When the lighting switch is turned to headlamp ON (2ND) position, HIGH BEAM (A) or FLASH TO PASS (C) position, power is supplied:

- from lighting switch terminal (9)
- to daytime light control unit terminal 5
- to combination meter terminal 46 for the high beam indicator
- through daytime light control unit terminal 6
- to terminal (Hi) of LH headlamp.

Ground is supplied in the same manner as low beam operation.

Ground is supplied to terminal 47 of the combination meter through body grounds M2 and M61. With power and ground supplied, the high beam headlamps and HI BEAM indicator illuminate.

System Description (For Canada) (Cont'd)

DAYTIME LIGHT OPERATION

With the engine running, the lighting switch in the OFF or 1ST position and parking brake released, power is supplied:

- to daytime light control unit terminal 3
- through daytime light control unit terminal 6
- to terminal (Hi) of LH headlamp
- through terminal (E) of LH headlamp
- to daytime light control unit terminal (7)
- through daytime light control unit terminal (8)
- to terminal (Hi) of RH headlamp.

Ground is supplied to terminal © of RH headlamp through body grounds © and © and Decause the high beam headlamps are now wired in series, they operate at half illumination.

Operation (For Canada)

After starting the engine with the lighting switch in the OFF or 1ST position, the headlamp high beam automatically turns on. Lighting switch operations other than the above are the same as conventional light systems.

Engine		With engine stopped							With engine running										
			OFF		1ST		2ND		OFF		1ST			2ND					
Lighting switch		Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С
I I a Harris	High beam	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	0	0	Х	0	△*	△*	0	△*	△*	0	0	Х	0
Headlamp	Low beam	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х
Parking and tail lamp		Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0
License and instrument illumination lamp		Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0

A: HIGH BEAM position

B: LOW BEAM position

C: FLASH TO PASS position

○ : Lamp ONX : Lamp OFF

 \triangle : Lamp on at half brightness.

☐ : Added functions

*: When starting the engine with the parking brake released, the daytime light will come ON. When starting the engine with the parking brake pulled, the daytime light won't come ON.

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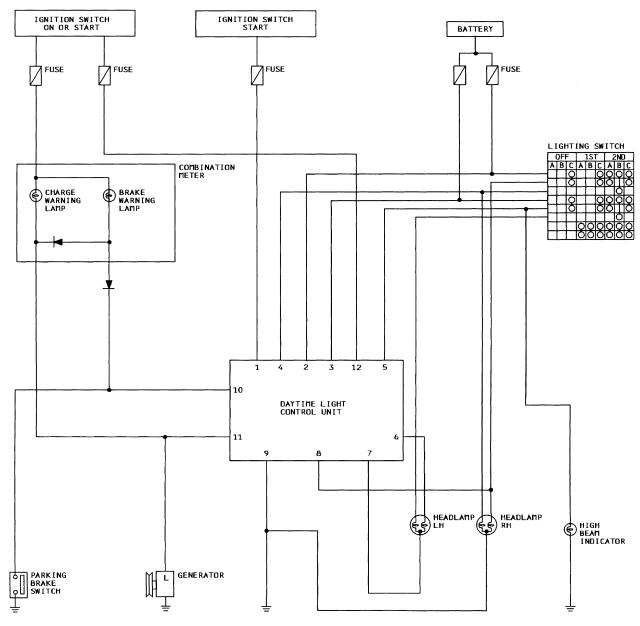
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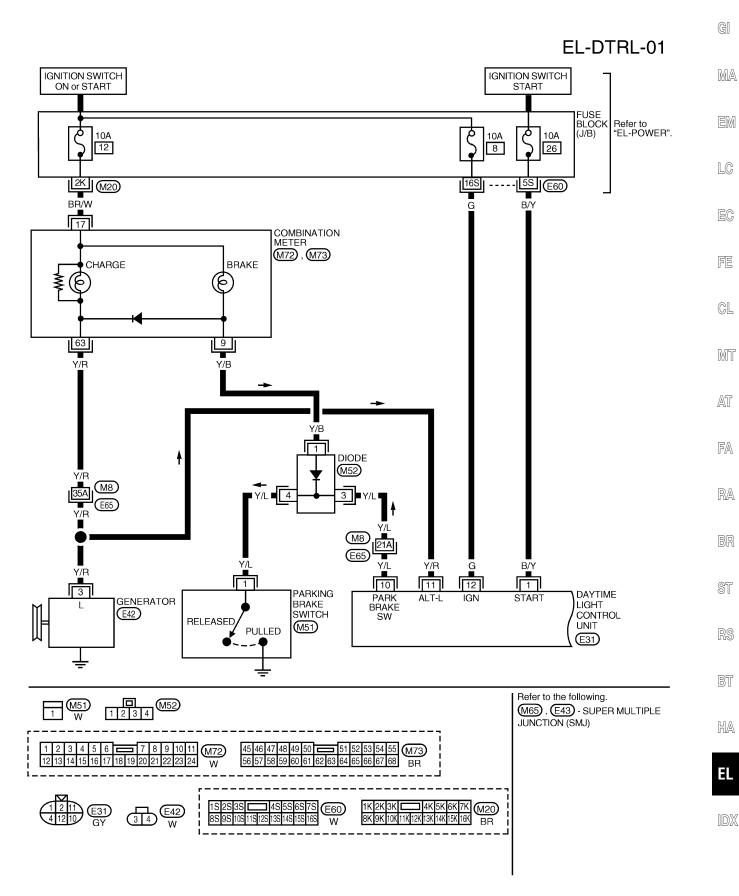
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Schematic (For Canada)

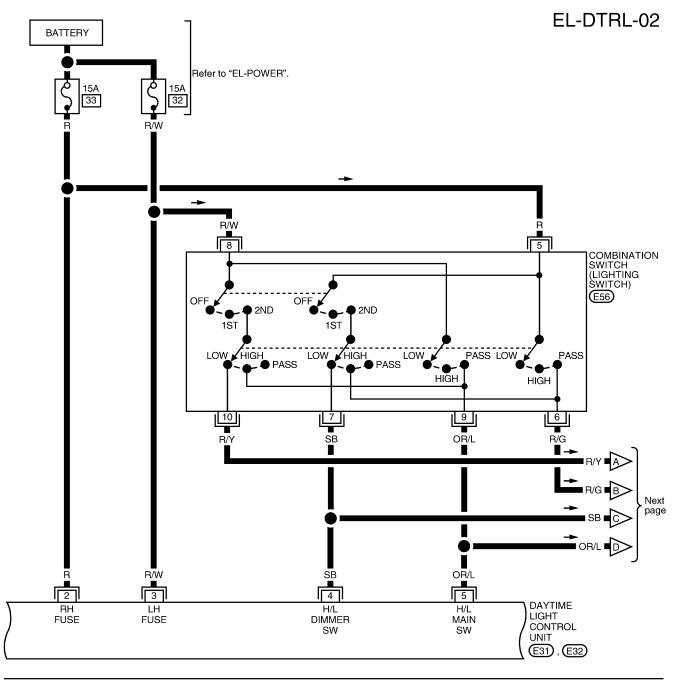


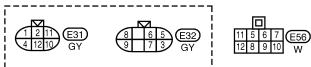
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Wiring Diagram (For Canada) — DTRL —

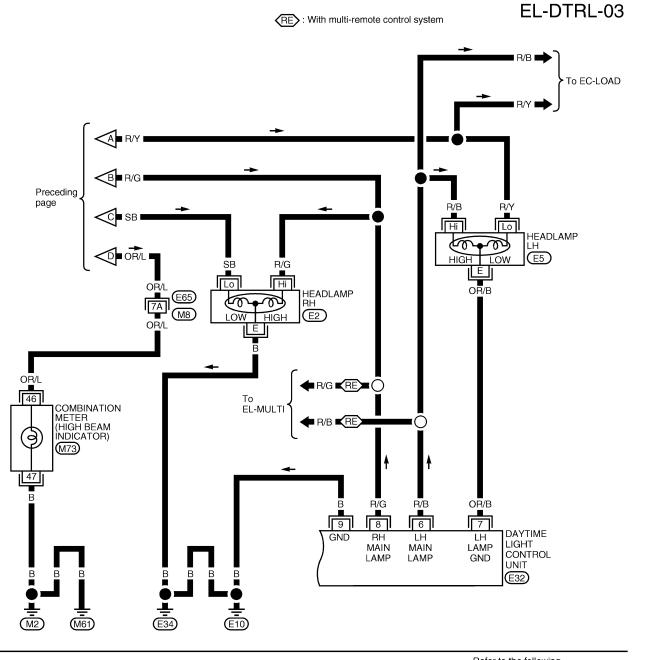


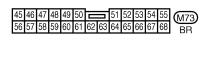
Wiring Diagram (For Canada) — DTRL — (Cont'd)

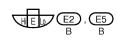


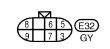


Wiring Diagram (For Canada) — DTRL — (Cont'd)









Refer to the following.

(M8), (E65) - SUPER MULTIPLE
JUNCTION (SMJ)

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Trouble Diagnoses (For Canada)

DAYTIME LIGHT CONTROL UNIT INSPECTION TABLE

Terminal No.	Wire color	Item		Voltage (Approximate values)	
1	В/Ү	Start signal	(Cst)	When turning ignition switch to ST	Battery voltage
			CON	When turning ignition switch to ON from ST	Less than 1V
			(COFF)	When turning ignition switch to OFF	Less than 1V
2	R	Power source	CON	When turning ignition switch to ON	Battery voltage
			COFF	When turning ignition switch to OFF	Battery voltage
3	R/W	Power source	CON	When turning ignition switch to ON	Battery voltage
			(COFF)	When turning ignition switch to OFF	Battery voltage
4	SB	Lighting switch (Lo beam)		When turning lighting switch to headlamp ON (2ND) position, LOW BEAM	Battery voltage
5	OR/L	Lighting switch (Hi beam)		When turning lighting switch to HI BEAM	Battery voltage
				When turning lighting switch to FLASH TO PASS	Battery voltage
6	R/B	LH hi beam		When turning lighting switch to HI BEAM	Battery voltage
				When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to OFF (daytime light operation)	Battery voltage
				CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector lever is in N or P position.	
7	OR/B	LH headlamp control (ground)		When lighting switch is turned to headlamp ON (2ND) position, LOW BEAM	Less than 1V
				When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to OFF (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector	Approx. half battery voltage
				lever is in N or P position.	
8	R/G	RH hi beam		When turning lighting switch to HI BEAM	Battery voltage
				When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to OFF (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector	Approx. half battery voltage
				lever is in N or P position.	
9	В	Ground		_	_

Trouble Diagnoses (For Canada) (Cont'd)

Terminal No.	Wire color	Item		Condition Voltage (Approximate			
10	Y/L	Parking brake When parking brake is released		Battery voltage			
		switch		When parking brake is set	Less than 1.5V		
11	Y/R	Generator	Con	When turning ignition switch to ON	Less than 4.6V		
				When engine is running	Battery voltage		
			COFF	When turning ignition switch to OFF	Less than 1V		
12	G	Power source	Con	When turning ignition switch to ON	Battery voltage		
			(C57)	When turning ignition switch to ST	Battery voltage		
			COFF	When turning ignition switch to OFF	Less than 1V		

Bulb Replacement

Refer to "HEADLAMP" (EL-48).

Aiming Adjustment

Refer to "HEADLAMP" (EL-48).

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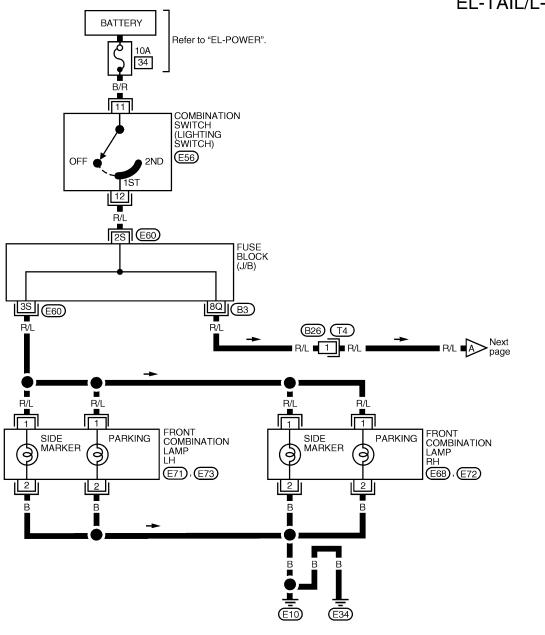
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Wiring Diagram — TAIL/L —

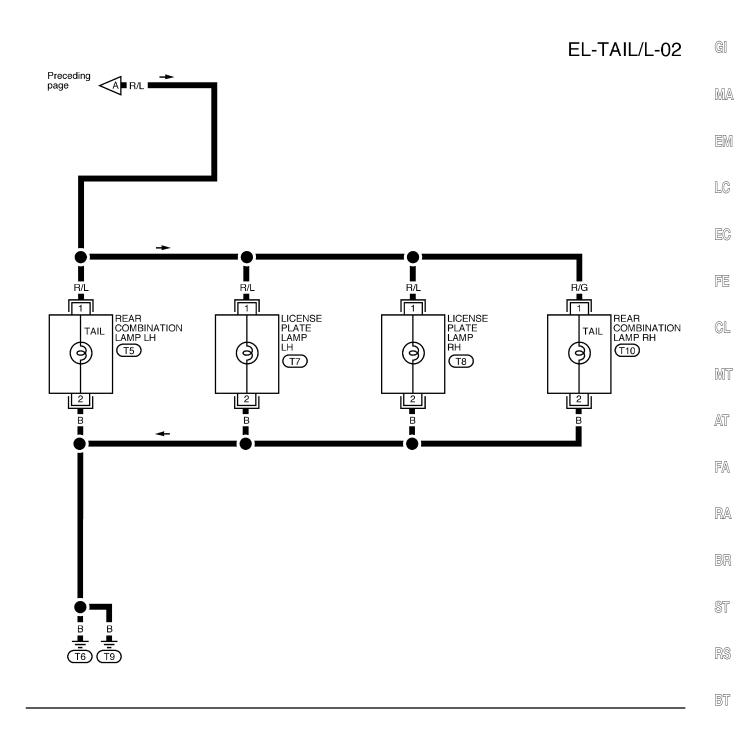
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PARKING, LICENSE AND TAIL LAMPS

Wiring Diagram — TAIL/L — (Cont'd)







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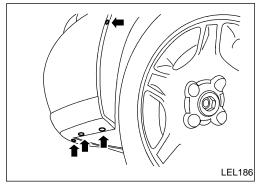
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Bulb Replacement

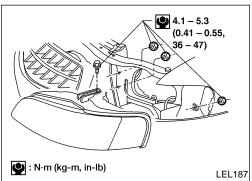
The headlamp assembly must be removed to replace the headlamp bulb, front parking and cornering lamp bulb or front side marker bulb.

FRONT PARKING AND SIDE MARKER LAMP

1. Disconnect the battery negative (-) cable.

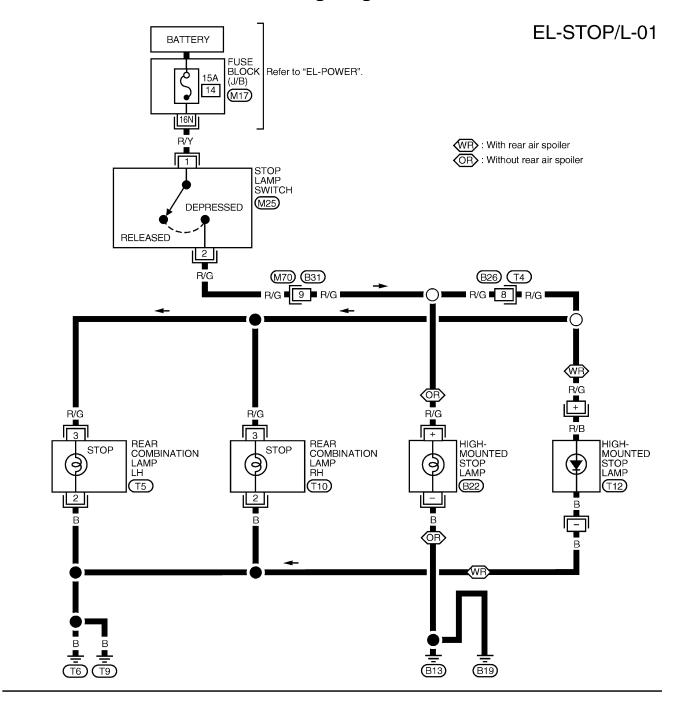


Remove the four screws from the bottom of the front fender protector and position the front fender protector aside to access the headlamp mounting nut.



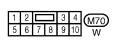
- 3. Remove the three headlamp mounting nuts and one headlamp mounting bolt.
- 4. Pull the headlamp assembly evenly away from the front of the vehicle to access the bulb sockets.
- Rotate the bulb socket counter clockwise and remove it from the assembly.Do not shake the bulb socket when removing it.
- 6. Pull the bulb out of the socket and replace.
- 7. Install in the reverse order of removal.

Wiring Diagram — STOP/L —

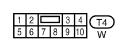


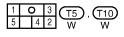














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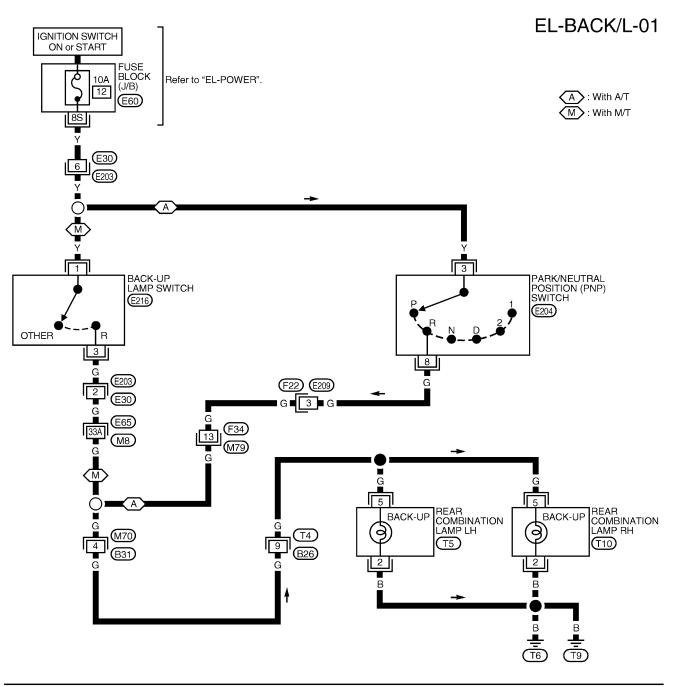
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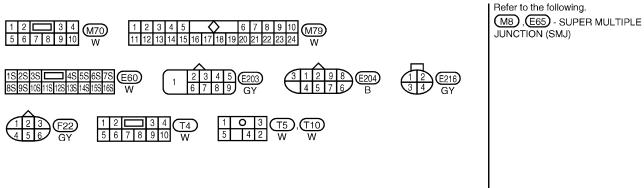
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Wiring Diagram — BACK/L —





FRONT FOG LAMP

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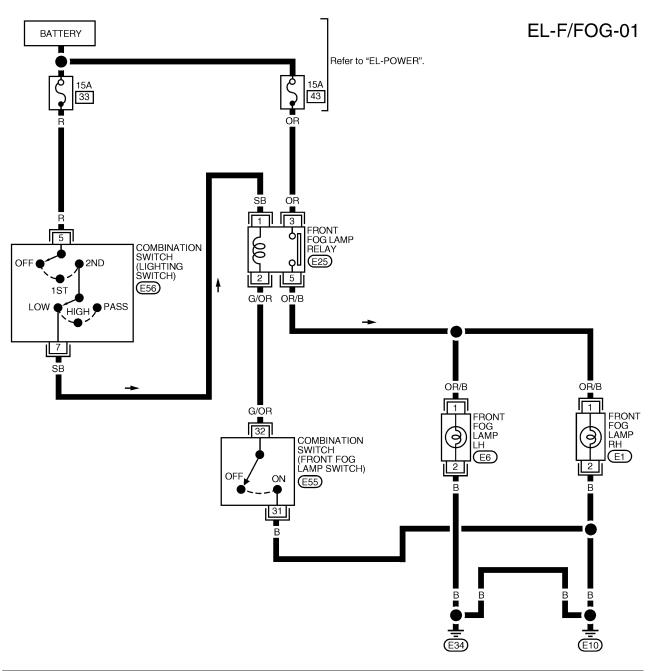
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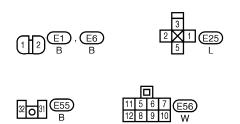
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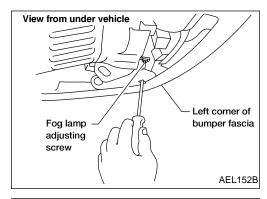
Power is supplied at all times to front fog lamp relay terminal 3 through: 15A fuse (No. 43, located in the fuse and fusible link box). With the lighting switch in headlamp ON (2ND) position, LOW BEAM (B), power is supplied: through 15A fuse (No. 33, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to lighting switch terminal (5) through terminal (7) of the lighting switch to front fog lamp relay terminal 1. Fog lamp operation The fog lamp switch is built into the combination switch. The lighting switch must be in headlamp ON (2ND) position, LOW BEAM (B) for fog lamp operation. With the front fog lamp switch in the ON position: ground is supplied to front fog lamp relay terminal 2 through the front fog lamp switch and body grounds (E10) and (E34). The fog lamp relay is energized and power is supplied: from front fog lamp relay terminal (5) to terminal (1) of each front fog lamp. Ground is supplied to terminal ② of each front fog lamp through body grounds (£10) and (£34). With power and ground supplied, the front fog lamps illuminate.

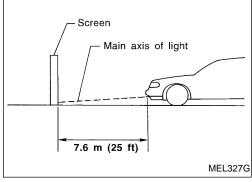
Wiring Diagram — F/FOG —

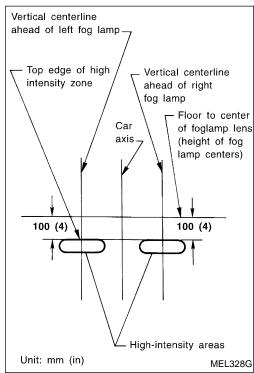




FRONT FOG LAMP







Aiming Adjustment

Before performing aiming adjustment, make sure of the following.

- a. Keep all tires inflated to correct pressure.
- b. Place vehicle on level ground.
- Check that vehicle is unloaded (except for full levels of coolant, washer fluid, engine oil and fuel, and spare tire, jack, and tools). Have the driver or equivalent weight placed in driver's seat.
- Set the distance between the screen and the center of the fog lamp lens as shown at left.
- Turn front fog lamps ON.

- Adjust front fog lamps so that the top edge of the high intensity zone is 100 mm (4 in) below the height of the fog lamp centers as shown at left.
- When performing adjustment, if necessary, cover the headlamps and opposite fog lamp.

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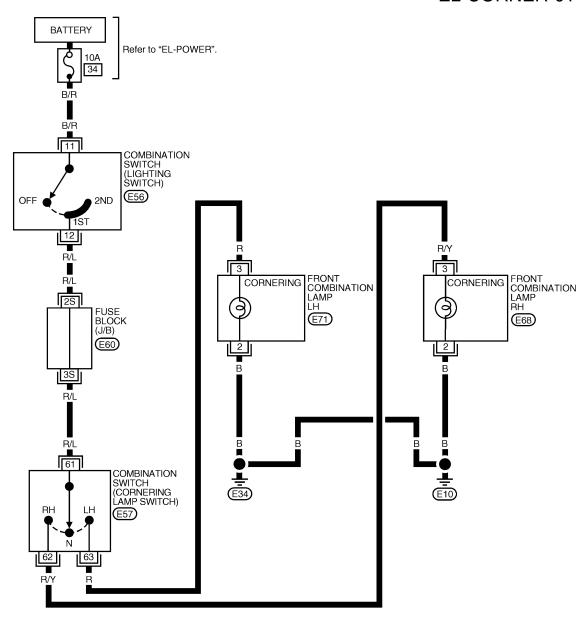
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Wiring Diagram — Corner —

EL-CORNER-01











CORNERING LAMPS

Bulb Replacement

The headlamp assembly must be removed to replace the headlamp bulb, front parking and cornering lamp bulb or front side marker bulb.

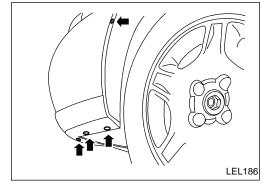
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CORNERING LAMP

1. Disconnect the battery negative (-) cable.



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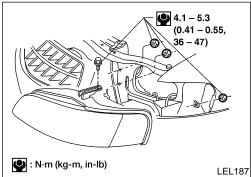
2. Remove the four screws from the bottom of the front fender protector and position the front fender protector aside to access the headlamp mounting nut.



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- 3. Remove the three headlamp mounting nuts and one headlamp mounting bolt.
- 4. Pull the headlamp assembly evenly away from the front of the vehicle to access the bulb sockets.
- Rotate the bulb socket counter clockwise and remove it from the assembly.Do not shake the bulb socket when removing it.
- 6. Pull the bulb out of the socket and replace.
- 7. Install in the reverse order of removal.



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System Description

TURN SIGNAL OPERATION

With the hazard switch in the OFF position and the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse [No. 11], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to hazard switch terminal (2)
- through terminal (1) of the hazard switch
- to combination flasher unit terminal (1)
- through terminal (3) of the combination flasher unit
- to turn signal switch terminal (1).

Ground is supplied to combination flasher unit terminal ② through body grounds M2 and M61.

LH turn

When the turn signal switch is moved to the LH position, power is supplied from turn signal switch terminal (3) to:

- front turn signal lamp LH terminal 3
- combination meter terminal (1)
- rear combination lamp LH terminal (4).

Ground is supplied to the front turn signal lamp LH terminal ② through body grounds E10 and E34. Ground is supplied to the rear combination lamp LH terminal ② through body grounds T6 and T9. Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal ⑥ through body grounds M2 and M61. With power and ground supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing of the LH combination lamps.

RH turn

When the turn signal switch is moved to the RH position, power is supplied from turn signal switch terminal (2) to:

- front turn signal lamp RH terminal ③
- combination meter terminal 48
- rear combination lamp RH terminal 4.

Ground is supplied to the front turn signal lamp RH terminal ② through body grounds E10 and E34. Ground is supplied to the rear combination lamp RH terminal ② through body grounds T6 and T9. Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal ⑥ through body grounds M2 and M61. With power and ground supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing of the RH combination lamps.

HAZARD LAMP OPERATION

Power is supplied at all times to hazard switch terminal (3) through:

• 10A fuse [No. 20, located in the fuse block (J/B)].

With the hazard switch in the ON position, power is supplied:

- through terminal ① of the hazard switch
- to combination flasher unit terminal ①
- through terminal 3 of the combination flasher unit
- to hazard switch terminal (4).

Ground is supplied to combination flasher unit terminal ② through body grounds M2 and M61. Power is supplied through terminal ⑤ of the hazard switch to:

- front turn signal lamp LH terminal ③
- combination meter terminal (1)
- rear combination lamp LH terminal (4).

Power is supplied through terminal (6) of the hazard switch to:

- front turn signal lamp RH terminal (3)
- rear combination lamp RH terminal (4)
- combination meter terminal (48).

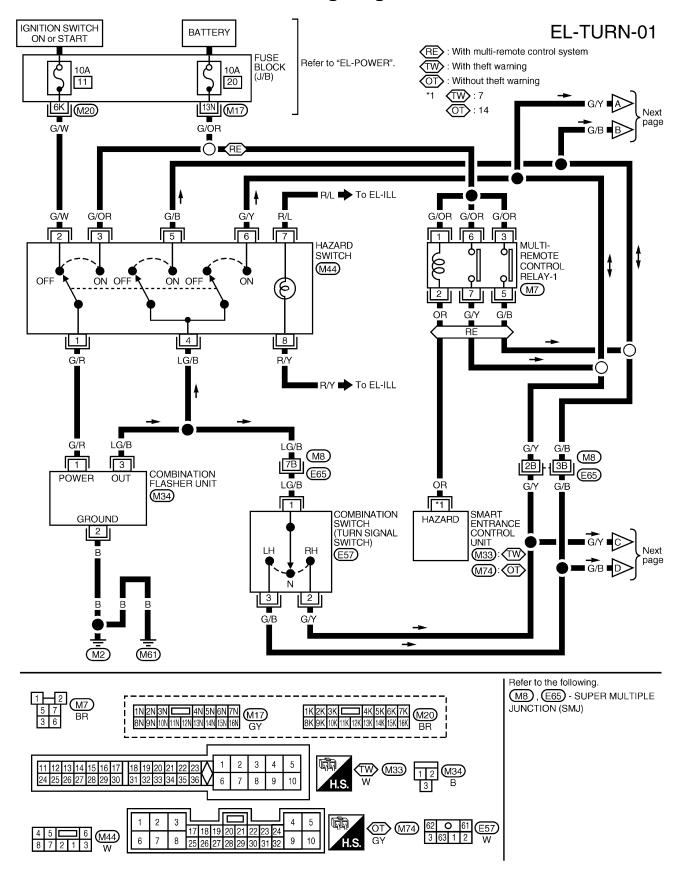
Ground is supplied to terminal ② of each front turn signal lamp through body grounds $\[\]$ and $\[\]$ and $\[\]$ Ground is supplied to terminal ② of each rear combination lamp through body grounds $\[\]$ and $\[\]$ and $\[\]$ Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal ⑤ through body grounds $\[\]$ and $\[\]$ and $\[\]$ With power and ground supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing of the hazard warning lamps.

System Description (Cont'd)

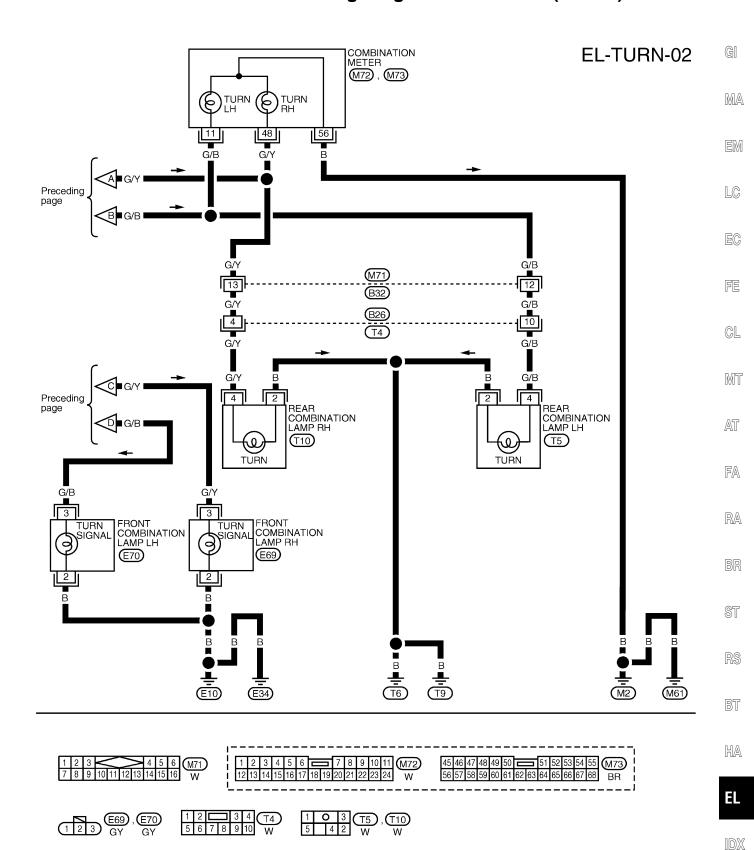
WITH MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM

WITH MIDELIFICEMOTE CONTINUE STOTEM	
• through 10A fuse [No. 20, located in the fuse block (J/B)]	GI
• to multi-remote control relay-1 terminals ①, ③ and ⑥. Ground is supplied to multi-remote control relay-1 terminal ②, when the multi-remote control system is triggered through the smart entrance control unit. Refer to "MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM" (EL-196).	MA
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 to combination meter terminal (1) to rear combination lamp LH terminal (4). 	LC
• to combination meter terminal 48	EC
• to rear combination lamp RH terminal ④. Ground is supplied to terminal ② of each front turn signal lamp through body grounds E10 and E34. Ground is supplied to terminal ② of each rear combination lamp through body grounds T6 and T9).	FE
Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal (56) through body grounds (M2) and (M61). With power and ground supplied, the smart entrance control unit controls the flashing of the hazard warning lamps.	CL
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Wiring Diagram — TURN —

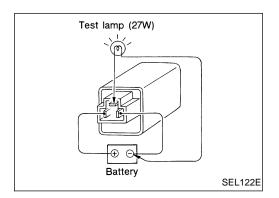


Wiring Diagram — TURN — (Cont'd)



Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order
Turn signal and hazard warning lamps do not operate.	Hazard switch Combination flasher unit Open in combination flasher unit circuit	Check hazard switch. Refer to combination flasher unit check. Check wiring to combination flasher unit for open circuit.
Turn signal lamps do not operate but hazard warning lamps operate.	 1. 10A fuse 2. Hazard switch 3. Turn signal switch 4. Open in turn signal switch circuit 	 Check 10A fuse [No. 11], located in fuse block (J/B)]. Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 2 of hazard switch. Check hazard switch. Check turn signal switch. Check LG/B wire between combination flasher unit and turn signal switch for open circuit.
Hazard warning lamps do not operate but turn signal lamps operate.	 1. 10A fuse 2. Hazard switch 3. Open in hazard switch circuit 	 Check 10A fuse [No. 20, located in fuse block (J/B)]. Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 3 of hazard switch. Check hazard switch. Check LG/B wire between combination flasher unit and hazard switch for open circuit.
Front turn signal lamp LH or RH does not operate.	Bulb Grounds (£10) and (£34) Open in front turn signal circuit.	 Check bulb. Check grounds (£10) and (£34). Check harness between turn signal switch and front turn signal lamp.
Rear turn signal lamp LH does not operate.	1. Bulb 2. Grounds T6 and T9 3. Open in rear turn signal lamp LH circuit.	 Check bulb. Check grounds
Rear turn signal lamp RH does not operate.	 Bulb Grounds T6 and T9 Open in rear turn signal lamp RH circuit. 	 Check bulb. Check grounds
LH and RH turn indicators do not operate.	Ground Combination meter.	Check grounds
LH or RH turn indicator does not operate.	 Bulb Combination meter. Open in turn indicator circuit. 	 Check bulb in combination meter. Check combination meter. Check harness between combination meter and combination switch.



Electrical Components Inspection COMBINATION FLASHER UNIT CHECK

- Before checking, ensure that bulbs meet specifications.
- Connect a battery and test lamp to the combination flasher unit, as shown. Combination flasher unit is properly functioning if it blinks when power is supplied to the circuit.

ILLUMINATION

System Description

Power is supplied at all times:

• through 10A fuse (No. 34, located in the fuse and fusible link box)

to lighting switch terminal 11.

The lighting switch must be in parking lamp (1ST) or headlamp ON (2ND) position for illumination.

The illumination control switch controls the amount of current to the illumination system. As the amount of current increases, the illumination becomes brighter.

The following chart shows the power and ground connector terminals for the components included in the illumination system.

Component	Connector No.	Power terminal	Ground terminal
Illumination control switch	M21	1	5
Combination meter	M73	60	61)
Hazard switch	M44	7	8
Rear window defogger switch	M35	5	6
Glove box lamp	M54	\oplus	Θ
Push control unit	M47, M48	(15)	16
A/T device indicator	M50	3	4
Audio unit	M40	8	7
Main power window and door lock/unlock switch	D7	3	8

The ground for all of the components except for the glove box lamp is controlled through terminal 4 of the illumination control switch and body grounds M2 and M61.

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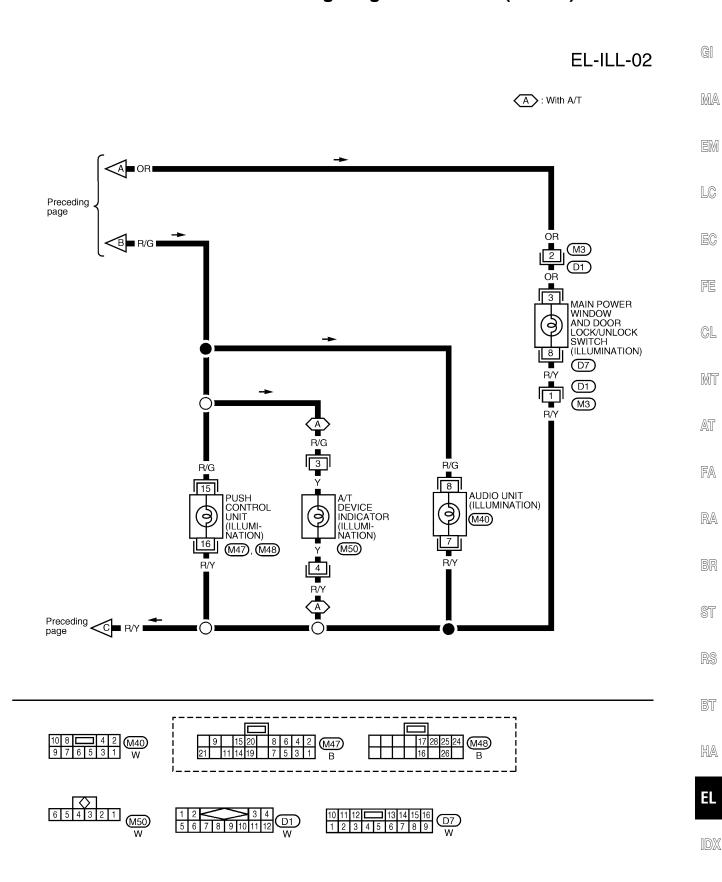
Wiring Diagram — ILL —

EL-ILL-01 **BATTERY** Refer to "EL-POWER". 10A B/R 34 111 COMBINATION SWITCH (LIGHTING SWITCH) (E56) OFF 1ST 12 R/L 2S E60 FUSE BLOCK (J/B) 10K 6M M19 9K M20 T SB R/L R/G ŌR Next page SB ILLUMINATION CONTROL SWITCH R/G R/Y 60 ILLUMI-COMBINATION METER (ILLUMI-NATION F (M21) GLOVE NATION BOX LAMP 9 R/L R/L (M54) (M73) 5 HAZARD SWITCH (ILLUMI-NATION) WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH (ILLUMINATION) 3 R/Y (M44) 6 (M35) R/Y В ■ R/Y ■C Next page (M61) (M2)1K 2K 3K 4K 5K 6K 7K 8K 9K 10K 11K 2K 13K 14K 15K 16K BR O 4 M21 V M19 **E60** 1M 2M 5M 6M 7M 8M W W 4 5 G M44 2 6 1 M35

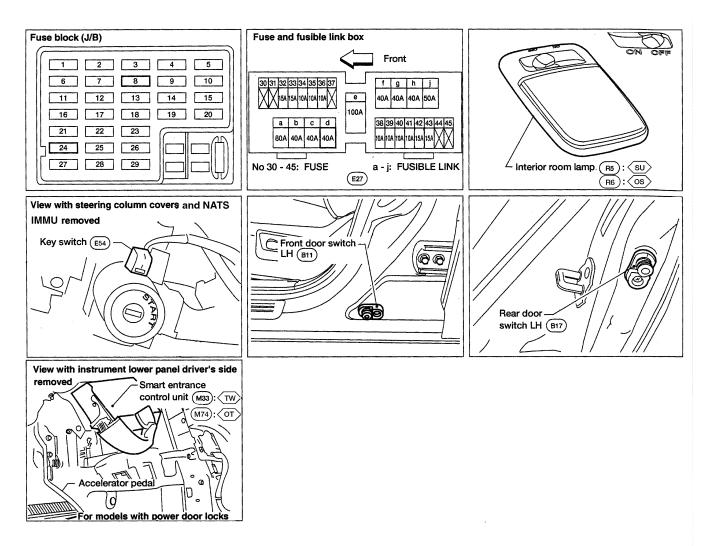
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ILLUMINATION

Wiring Diagram — ILL — (Cont'd)



Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



SU : With sunroof

OS : Without sunroof

TW>: With theft warning system

OT>: Without theft warning system

System Description

MODELS WITH POWER DOOR LOCKS

Power supply and ground

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 40A fusible link (Letter d, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to circuit breaker-1 terminal (1)
- through circuit breaker-1 terminal (2)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal ① (with theft warning system), ⑥ (without theft warning system).

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 10A fuse [No. 24, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to key switch terminal ②

When the key is removed from ignition key cylinder, power is interrupted:

- through key switch terminal (1)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal 4 (with theft warning system), 1 (without theft warning system).

With the ignition key switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse [No. 8], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to smart entrance control unit terminal ① (with theft warning system), ② (without theft warning system).

Ground is supplied:

- to smart entrance control unit terminal (10) (with theft warning system), (1) (without theft warning system).
- through body grounds terminal M2 and M61.

When the front LH door is opened, ground is supplied:

- from front door switch LH terminal (1)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (15) (with theft warning system), (25) (without theft warning system).

When any other door is opened ground is supplied to smart entrance control unit terminal (a) (with theft warning system), (a) (without theft warning system) in the same manner as the front door switch LH. When a signal, or combination of signals is received by the smart entrance control unit, ground is supplied:

- through smart entrance control unit terminal (9) (with theft warning system), (5) (without theft warning system).
- to room lamp terminal D.

With power and ground supplied, the room lamp illuminates.

Switch operation

When the room lamp switch is ON, ground is supplied:

- to room lamp
- through case ground of room lamp.

With power and ground supplied, the room lamp turns ON.

Room lamp timer operation

When the room lamp switch is in the DOOR position, the smart entrance control unit slowly (about 3 seconds) illuminates the room lamp then keeps the room lamp illuminated for about 30 seconds then slowly turns off when:

- unlock signal is supplied from multi-remote controller (Models with multi-remote control system)
- key is removed from ignition key cylinder while any door is closed
- any door is opened and then closed while ignition switch is not in the ON position (However, room lamp timer operation is OFF when any door is opened with ignition key in cylinder).

The timer is canceled, and room lamp turns off when:

- lock signal is supplied from multi-remote controller, or
- ignition switch is turned ON.

ON-OFF control

When any door is opened, the room lamp turns on while the room lamp switch is in the DOOR position.

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INTERIOR ROOM LAMP

System Description (Cont'd)

Room lamp battery saver

The smart entrance control unit shuts off the room lamp if left on for 30 minutes.

MODELS WITHOUT POWER DOOR LOCKS

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 10A fuse [No. 24, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to room lamp terminal ⊕.

With the room lamp switch ON, ground is supplied to turn room lamp ON.

When any door is opened with the room lamp switch in DOOR position, ground is supplied:

- to room lamp switch terminal (D)
- through front door switch LH or RH terminal ①, rear door switch LH or RH terminal ①. With power and ground supplied, the room lamp turns ON.

INTERIOR ROOM LAMP

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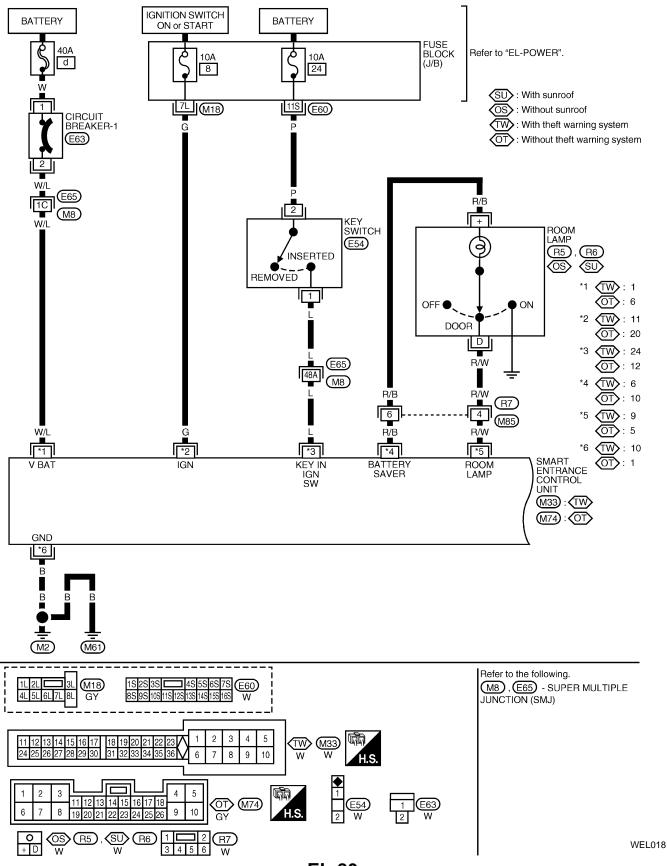
HA

EL

Wiring Diagram — ROOM/L —

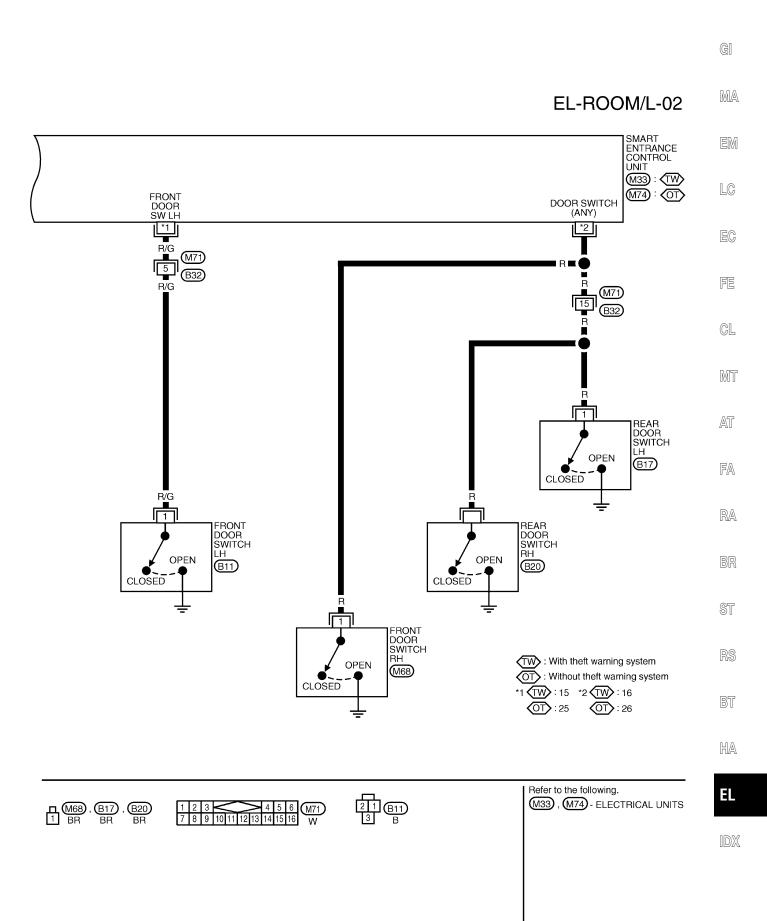
MODELS WITH POWER DOOR LOCKS

EL-ROOM/L-01



INTERIOR ROOM LAMP

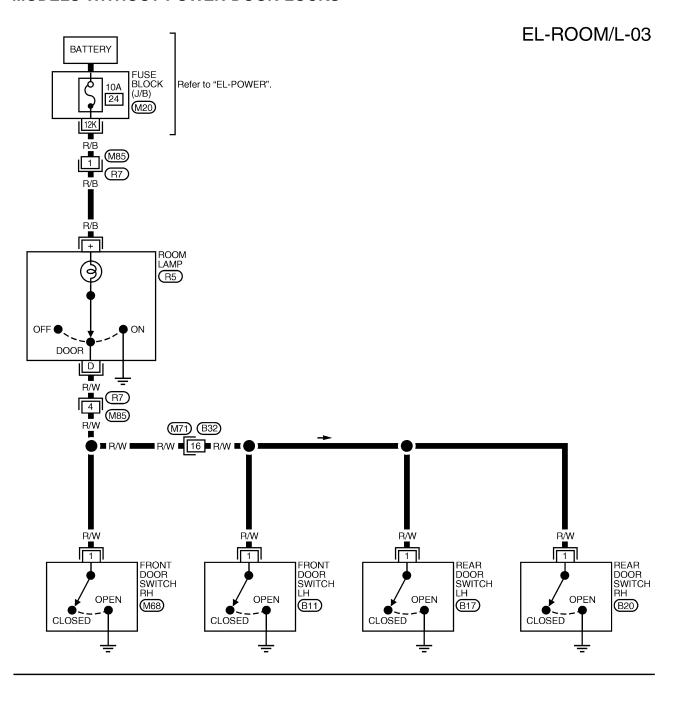
Wiring Diagram — ROOM/L — (Cont'd)



WEL019

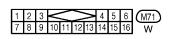
Wiring Diagram — ROOM/L — (Cont'd)

MODELS WITHOUT POWER DOOR LOCKS







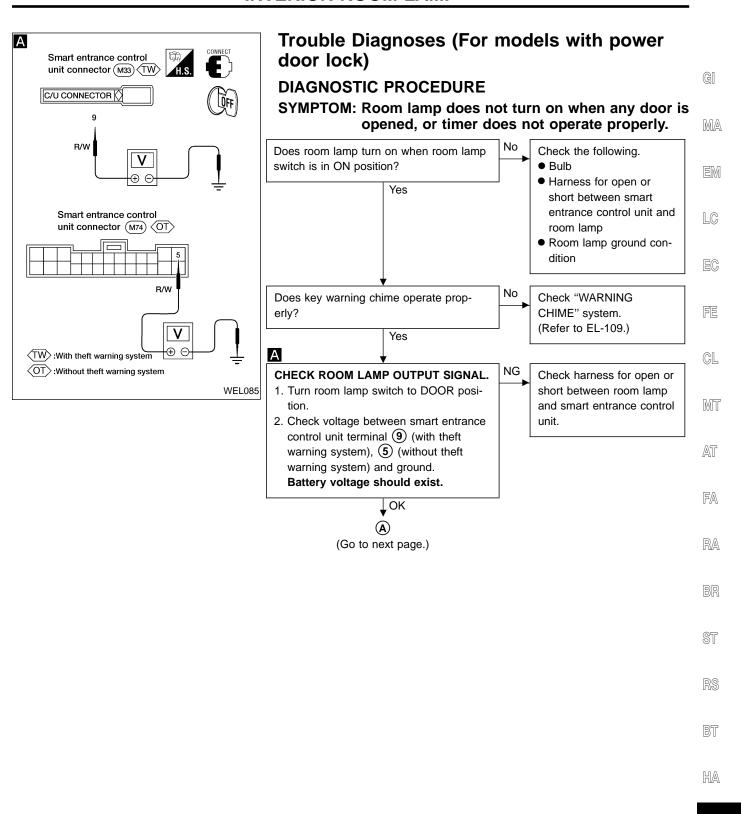




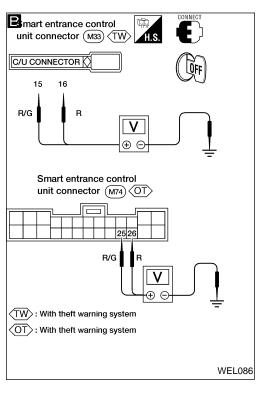




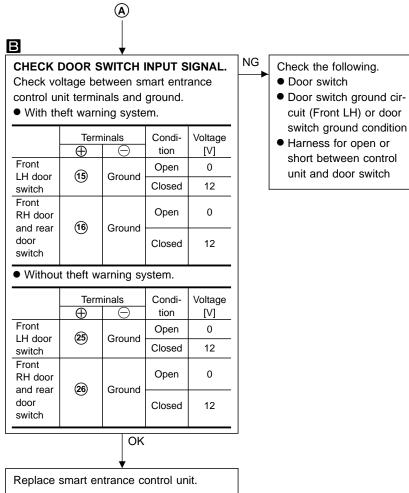
INTERIOR ROOM LAMP



INTERIOR ROOM LAMP

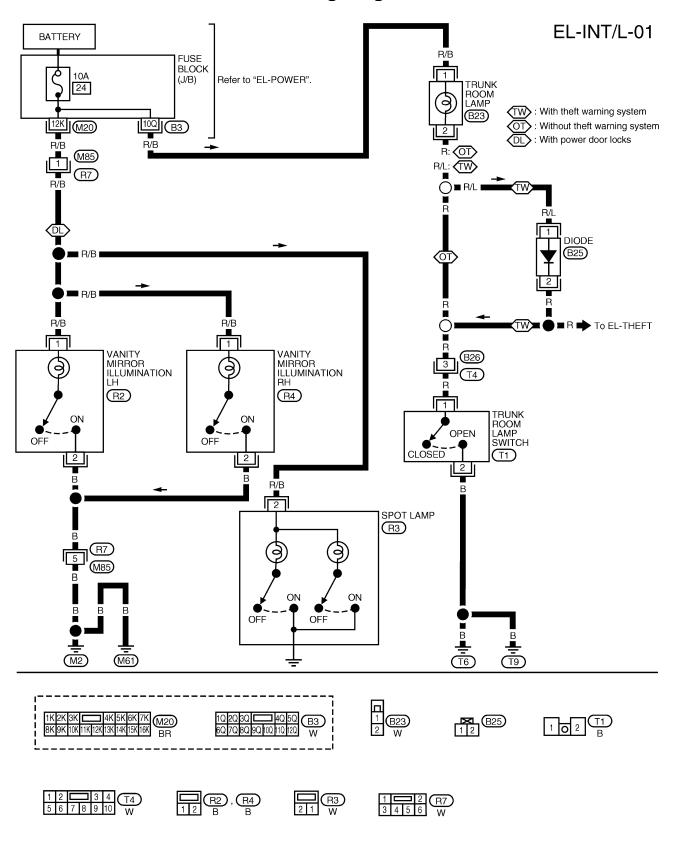


Trouble Diagnosis (For models with power door lock) (Cont'd)



SPOT, TRUNK ROOM AND VANITY MIRROR LAMPS

Wiring Diagram — INT/L —



GI

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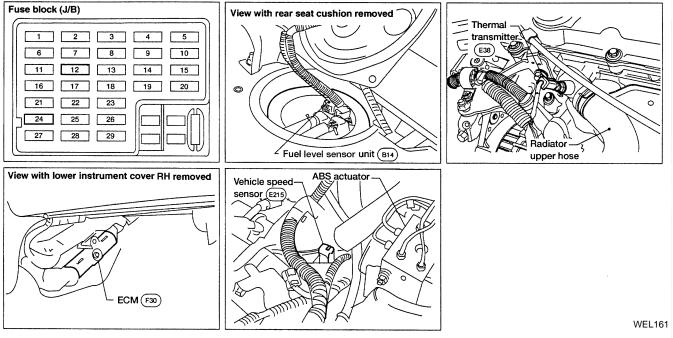
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Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



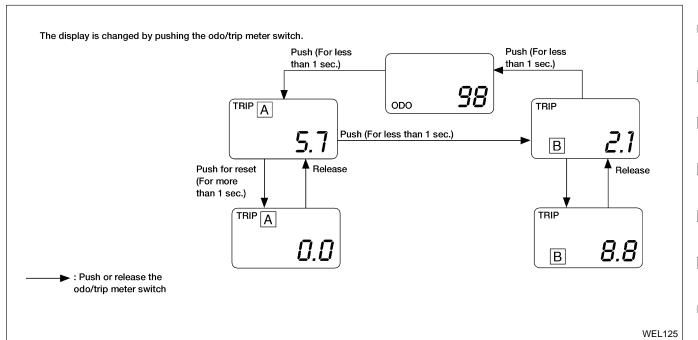
System Description

UNIFIED CONTROL METER

- Speedometer, odo/trip meter, tachometer, fuel gauge and water temperature gauge are controlled totally by control unit built-in combination meter.
- Digital meter is adopted for odo/trip meter.*
 *The record of the odo meter is kept even if the battery cable is disconnected. The record of the trip meter is erased when the battery cable is disconnected.
- Odo/trip meter is indicated for about 30 seconds after ignition switch has been turned OFF.
- Odo/trip meter segment can be checked in diagnosis mode.
- Meter/gauge can be checked in diagnosis mode.

System Description (Cont'd)

HOW TO CHANGE THE DISPLAY FOR ODO/TRIP METER



NOTE:

Turn ignition switch to the "ON" position to operate odo/trip meter.

POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT

Power is supplied at all times

- through 10A fuse [No. 24, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to combination meter terminal (18)

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 10A fuse [No. 12, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to combination meter terminal (17)

Ground is supplied

- to combination meter terminals (24)
- through body grounds (M2) and (M61).

WATER TEMPERATURE GAUGE

The water temperature gauge indicates the engine coolant temperature. The reading on the gauge is based on the resistance of the thermal transmitter.

As the temperature of the coolant increases, the resistance of the thermal transmitter decreases. A variable ground is supplied to terminal (9) of the combination meter for the water temperature gauge. The needle on the gauge moves from "C" to "H".

TACHOMETER

The tachometer indicates engine speed in revolutions per minute (rpm).

The tachometer is regulated by a signal

- from terminal (3) of the ECM
- to combination meter terminal (21) for the tachometer.

FUEL GAUGE

The fuel gauge indicates the approximate fuel level in the fuel tank.

The fuel gauge is regulated by a variable ground signal supplied

- to combination meter terminal 20 for the fuel gauge
- from terminal G of the fuel level sensor unit
- through terminal (E) of the fuel level sensor unit and
- through body ground (B19) and (B13).

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System Description (Cont'd)

SPEEDOMETER

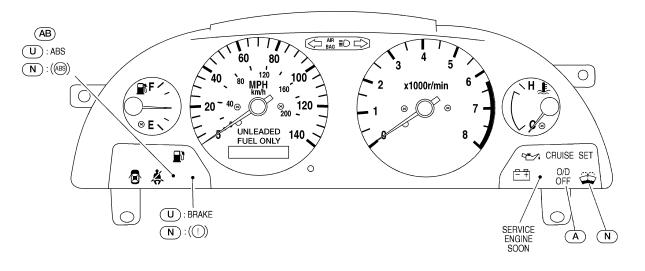
The combination meter receives a voltage signal from the vehicle speed sensor for the speedometer. The voltage is supplied

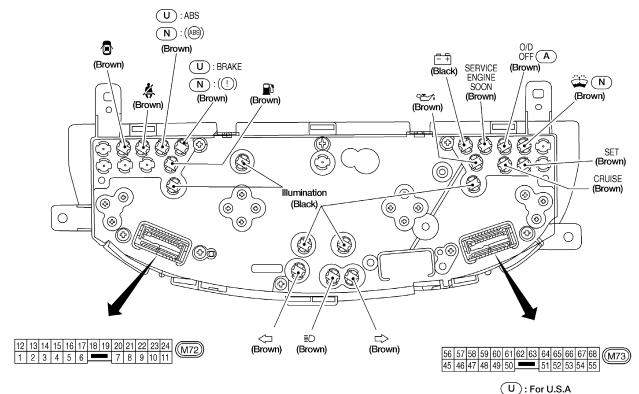
- to combination meter terminals 22 and 23 for the speedometer
- from terminals 1) and 2) of the vehicle speed sensor.

The speedometer converts the voltage into the vehicle speed displayed.

Combination Meter

CHECK





Bulb socket color	Bulb wattage
Brown	1.4W
Black	3.0W

(): Bulb socket color

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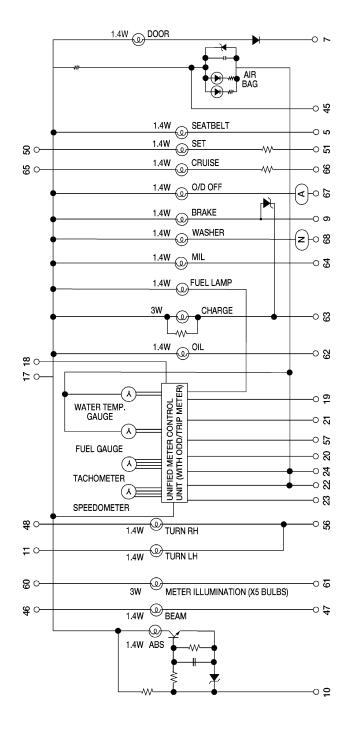
HA

EL

(N): For Canada

(A): With A/T (AB): With ABS

Schematic

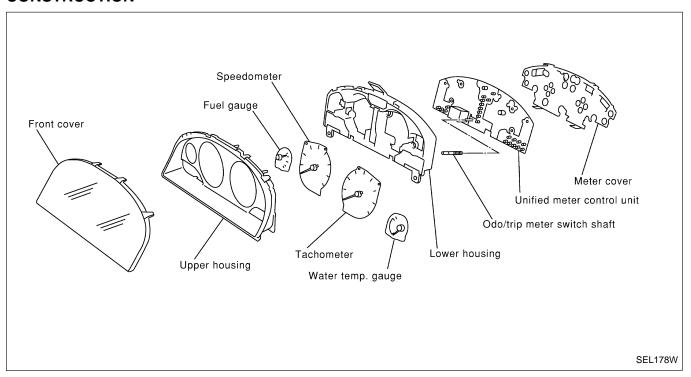


A : With A/T

N : For Canada

Combination Meter

CONSTRUCTION



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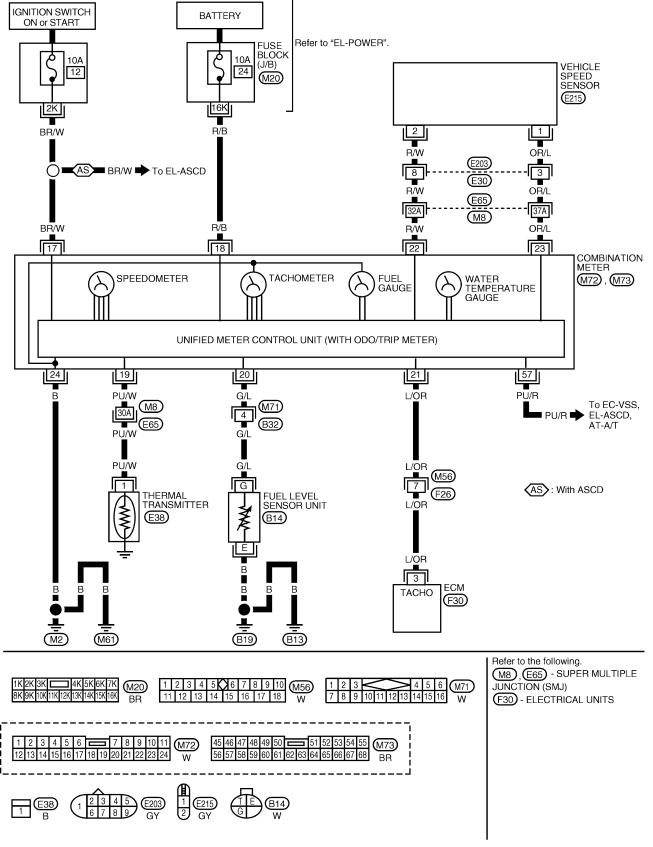
RS

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Wiring Diagram — METER —

EL-METER-01



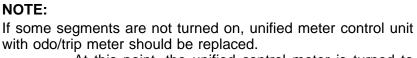
Meter/Gauge Operation and Odo/Trip Meter **Segment Check in Diagnosis Mode**

DIAGNOSIS FUNCTION

- Odo/trip meter segment can be checked in diagnosis mode.
- Meters/gauges can be checked in diagnosis mode.

HOW TO ALTERNATE DIAGNOSIS MODE

- Turn igniton switch to ON and change odo/trip meter to "TRIP A".
- Turn igntion switch to OFF.
- Turn ignition switch to ON when pushing odo/trip meter switch.
- 4. Release odo/trip meter switch 1 second after igntion switch is turned ON.
- Push odo/trip meter switch more than three times within 5 seconds.



6. All odo/trip meter segments should be turned on.

At this point, the unified control meter is turned to diagnosis mode.

Push odo/trip meter switch. Indication of each meter/gauge should be as shown left during pushing odo/trip meter switch if it is no malfunctioning.

NOTE:

It takes about a few seconds for indication of fuel gauge and

water temperature gauge to become stable.

HA

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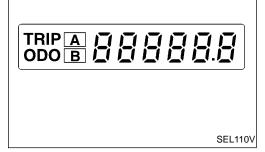
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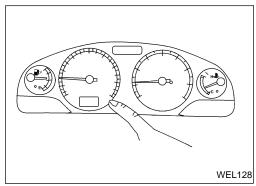
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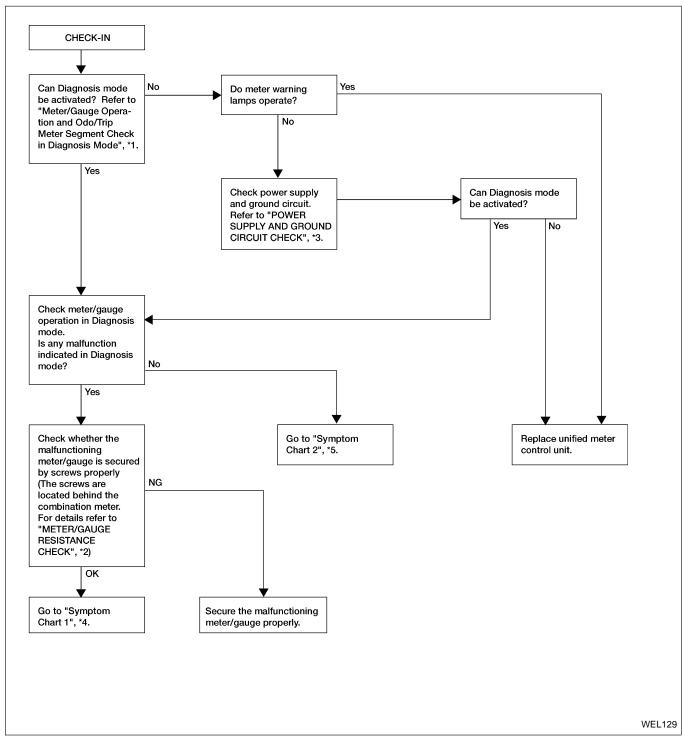
ST

EL





Trouble Diagnosis PRELIMINARY CHECK



- *1: Meter/Gauge Operation and Odo/ Trip Meter Segment Check in Diagnosis Mode (EL-93)
- *2: METER/GAUGE RESISTANCE CHECK (EL-100)
- *3: POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK (EL-96)
- *4: Symptom Chart 1 (EL-95)
- *5: Symptom Chart 2 (EL-95)

Trouble Diagnosis (Cont'd) SYMPTOM CHART

Symptom Chart 1 (Malfunction is Indicated in Diagnosis Mode)

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order	
Odo/trip meter indicate(s) malfunction in Diagnosis mode.	Unified meter control unit	Replace unified meter control unit.	MA
Multiple meter/gauge indicate malfunction in Diagnosis mode.			EM LC
One of speedometer/ tachometer/fuel gauge/ water temp. gauge indicates malfunction in Diagnosis mode.	Meter/Gauge Unified meter control unit	Check resistance of meter/gauge indicating malfunction. If the resistance is NG, replace the meter/gauge. Refer to "METER/GAUGE RESISTANCE CHECK", EL-100. If the resistance is OK, replace unified meter control.	EC
	Sympton	n Chart 2 (No Malfunction is Indicated in	FE

Symptom Chart 2 (No Malfunction is Indicated in Diagnosis Mode)

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
One of speedometer/ tachometer/fuel gauge/ water temp. gauge is malfunctioning.	Sensor signal Vehicle speed signal Engine revolution signal Fuel gauge	Check the sensor for malfunctioning meter/gauge. INSPECTION/VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR (Refer to EL-97.) INSPECTION/ENGINE REVOLUTION SIGNAL (Refer to EL-98.)
Multiple meter/gauge are malfunctioning. (except odo/trip meter).	- Water temp. gauge 2. Unified meter control unit	INSPECTION/FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT (Refer to EL-99.) INSPECTION/THERMAL TRANSMITTER (Refer to EL-99.) 2. Replace unified meter control unit.

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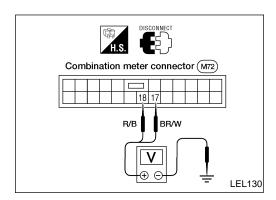
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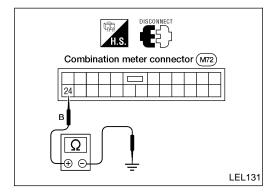
Trouble Diagnosis (Cont'd) POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK

Power Supply Circuit Check

Term	ninals	lgn	Ignition switch position		
(+)	(-)	OFF	ACC	ON	
18	Ground	Battery volt- age	Battery volt- age	Battery volt- age	
17	Ground	0V	0V	Battery volt- age	

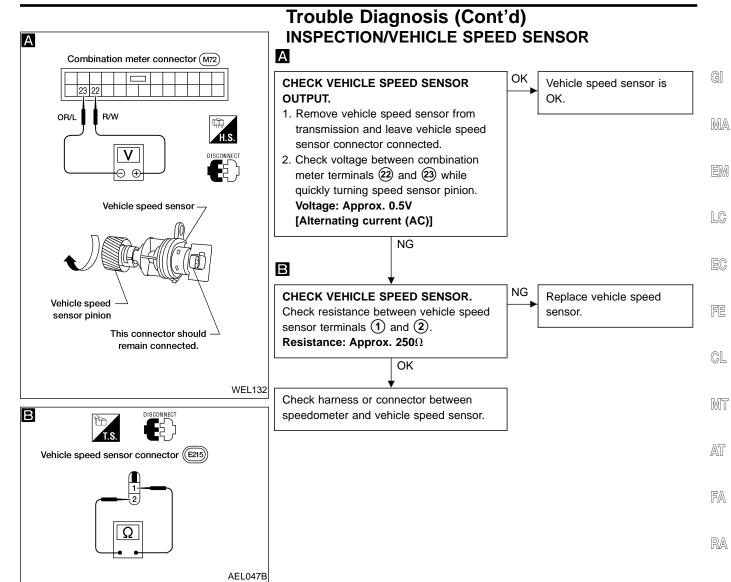
If NG, check the following.

- 10A fuse [No. 12, located in fuse block (J/B)]
- 10A fuse [No. 24, located in fuse block (J/B)]
- Harness for open or short between fuse and combination meter



Ground Circuit Check

Terminals	Continuity
24 - Ground	Yes

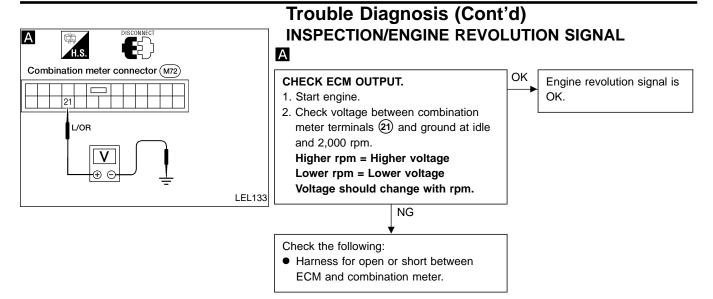


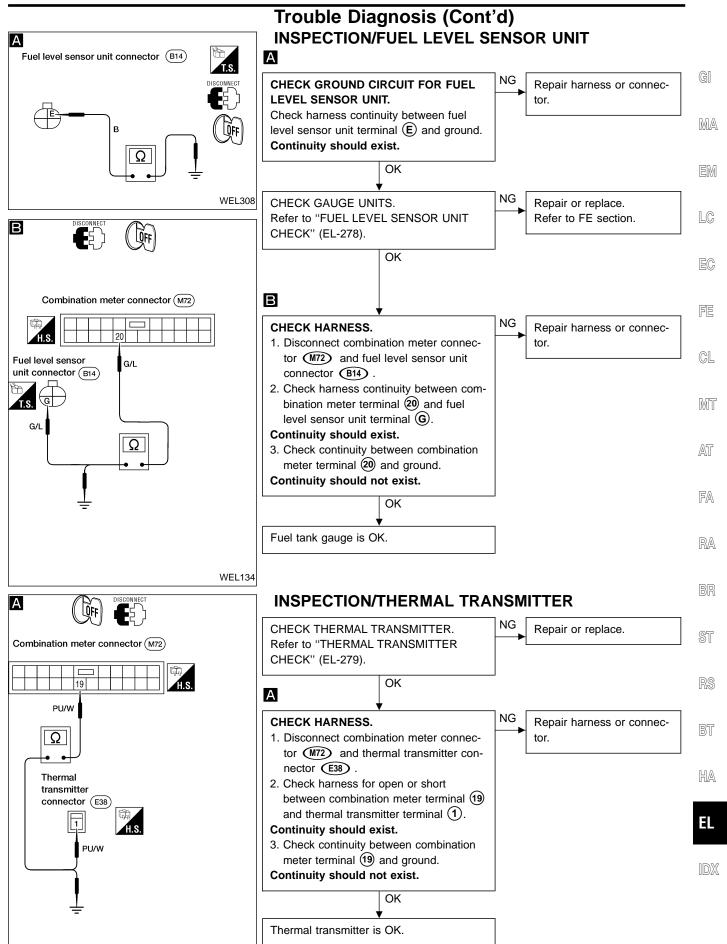
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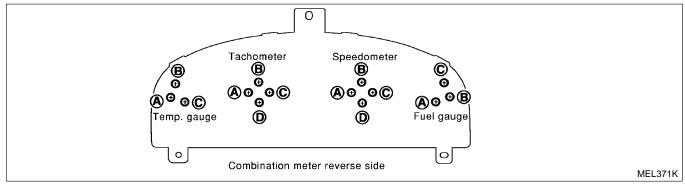
EL-99

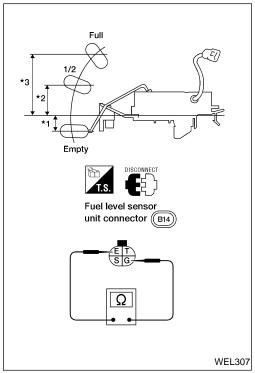
WEL135

Electrical Components Inspection METER/GAUGE RESISTANCE CHECK

Check resistance between installation screws of meter/gauge after removing meter/gauge.

Scr	Resistance Ω	
Tacho/Speedometer Fuel/Temp. gauge		
A - C	A - C	Approx. 190 - Approx. 260
B - D	B - C	Approx. 230 - Approx. 310

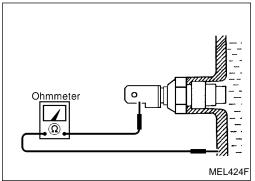


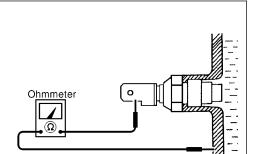


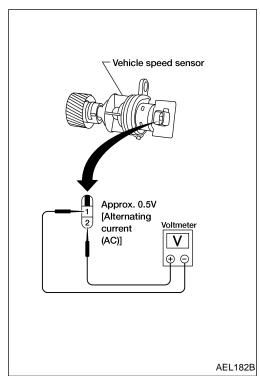
FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT CHECK

For removal, refer to FE section.
 Check the resistance between terminals (E) and (G).

Ohmi	meter	Float position mm (in)		Resistance value Ω	
(+)	(-)	Float position mm (in)			
		*1	Full	152 (5.98)	Approx. 4 - 6
Œ	G	*2	1/2	87 (3.43)	27 - 35
		*3	Empty	22 (0.87)	78 - 85







Electrical Components Inspection (Cont'd) THERMAL TRANSMITTER CHECK

Check the resistance between the terminals of thermal transmitter and body ground.

Water Temperature	Resistance
60°C (140°F)	Approx. 170 - 210Ω
100°C (212°F)	Approx. 47 - 53Ω

VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR SIGNAL CHECK

- Remove vehicle speed sensor from transmission.
- 2. Turn vehicle speed sensor pinion quickly and measure voltage across 1 and 2.

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WARNING LAMPS

System Description

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse (No. 12, located in the fuse block [J/B])
- to combination meter terminal (17).

Ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminals @ and 66
- through body grounds (M2) and (M61).

Ground is supplied:

- to fuel level sensor unit terminal (E) and
- seat belt buckle switch terminal ②
- through body grounds (B13) and (B19).

Ground is supplied:

- to brake fluid level switch terminal (2)
- through body grounds (E10) and (E34).

Ground is supplied

- to washer level switch terminal (2)
- through body grounds E10 and E34.

AIR BAG WARNING LAMP

During prove out or when an air bag malfunction occurs, the ground path is interrupted:

- from the air bag diagnosis sensor unit terminal (15)
- to combination meter terminal 45.

With power and ground supplied, the air bag warning lamp (LEDs) illuminate.

For further information, refer to RS-31 section ("TROUBLE DIAGNOSES").

DOOR AJAR WARNING LAMP

When a door is open, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal (7)
- from door switches terminal (1).

With power and ground supplied, the door ajar warning lamp illuminates.

MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP

During prove out or when an engine control malfunction occurs, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal 64
- from ECM terminal (18).

With power and ground supplied, the malfunction indicator lamp illuminates.

For further information, refer to EC-58 section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

LOW OIL PRESSURE WARNING LAMP

Low oil pressure causes oil pressure switch terminal ① to provide ground to combination meter terminal ②.

With power and ground supplied, the low oil pressure warning lamp illuminates.

WARNING LAMPS

System Description (Cont'd)

CHARGE WARNING LAMP

During prove out or when a generator malfunction occurs, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal 63
- from generator terminal 3.

With power and ground supplied, the charge warning lamp and brake lamp illuminate.

BRAKE WARNING LAMP

When the parking brake is applied, or the brake fluid level is low, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal (9)
- from parking brake switch terminal (1), or
- brake fluid level switch terminal (1).

With power and ground supplied, the brake warning lamp illuminates.

LOW FUEL LEVEL WARNING LAMP

The amount of fuel in the fuel tank is determined by the fuel level sensor in the fuel tank. A signal is sent from fuel level sensor unit terminal © to combination meter terminal ②. The fuel level sensor will illuminate the low fuel level warning lamp when the fuel level is low.

With power and ground supplied, the low fuel level warning lamp illuminates.

SEAT BELT WARNING LAMP

When the driver's seat belt is unfastened, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal (5)
- from seat belt buckle switch LH terminal ①
- through air bag diagnosis sensor unit.

With power and ground supplied, the seat belt warning lamp illuminates.

ABS WARNING LAMP

During prove out or when an ABS malfunction occurs, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal (1)
- from ABS control unit terminal 30.

With power and ground supplied, the ABS warning lamp illuminates.

For further information, refer to BR section ("Self-diagnosis", "TROUBLE DIAGNOSES").

WASHER LEVEL WARNING LAMP (For Canada)

When the washer fluid level is low, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal (68)
- from washer level switch terminal 1.

MA

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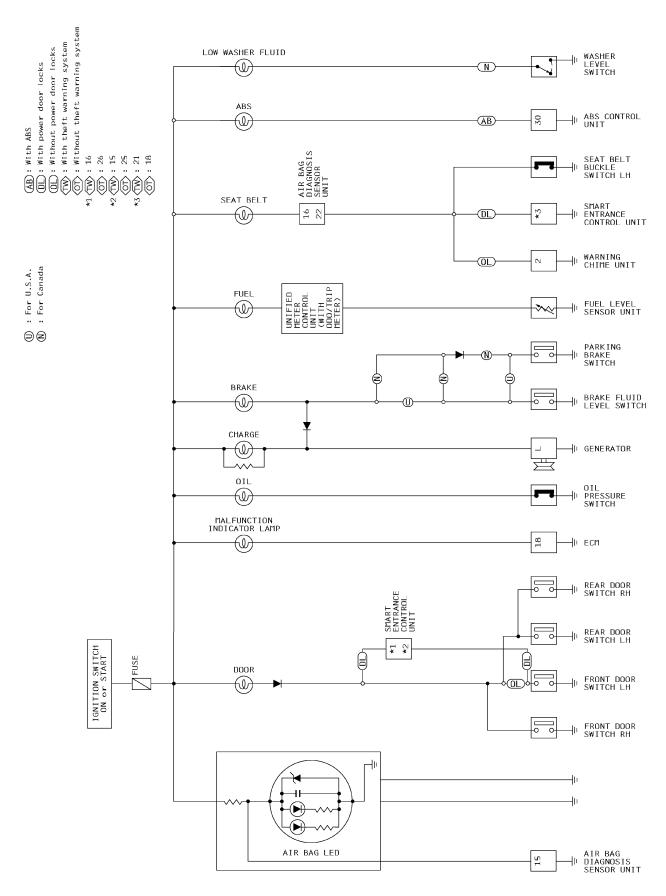
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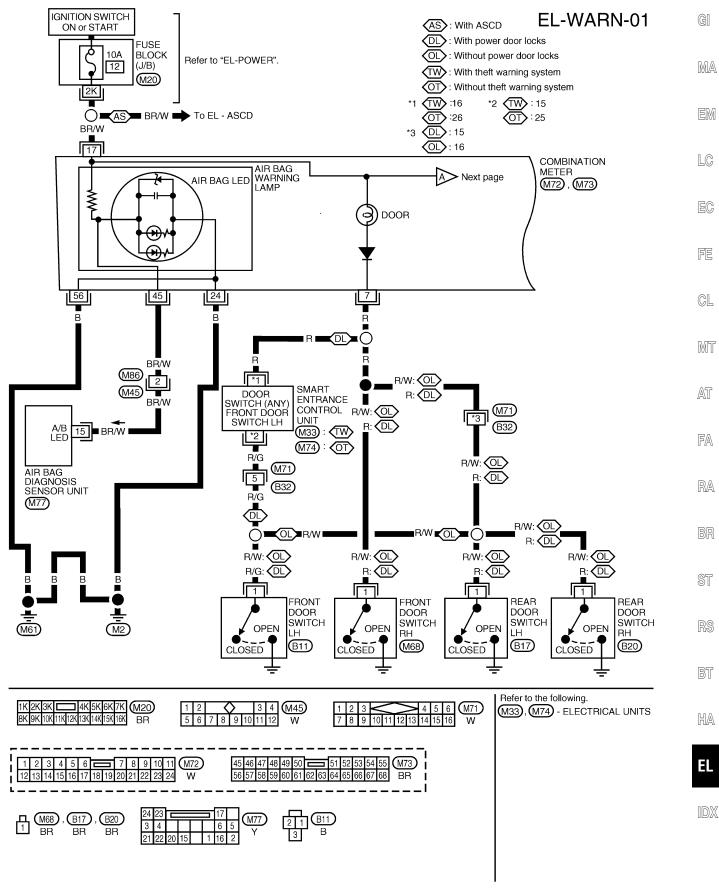
HA

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Schematic

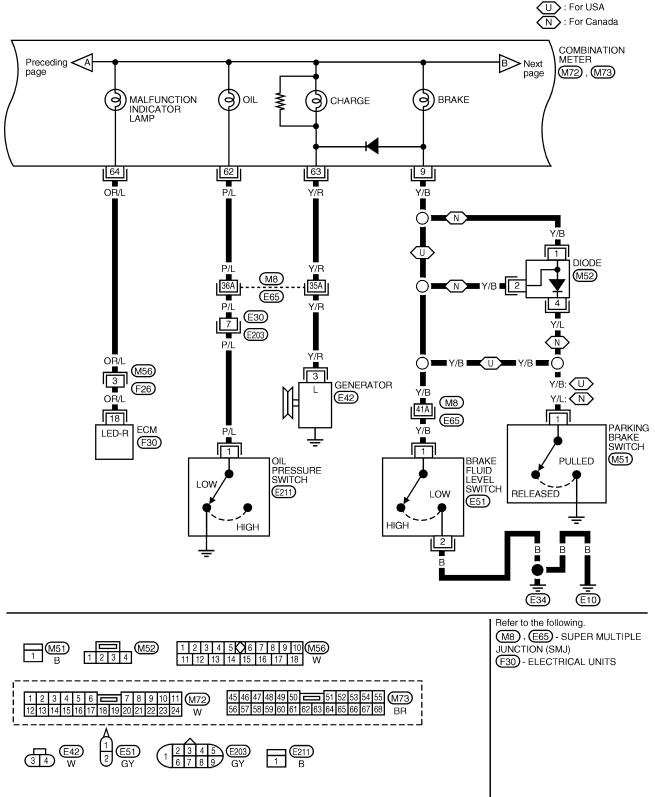


Wiring Diagram — WARN —



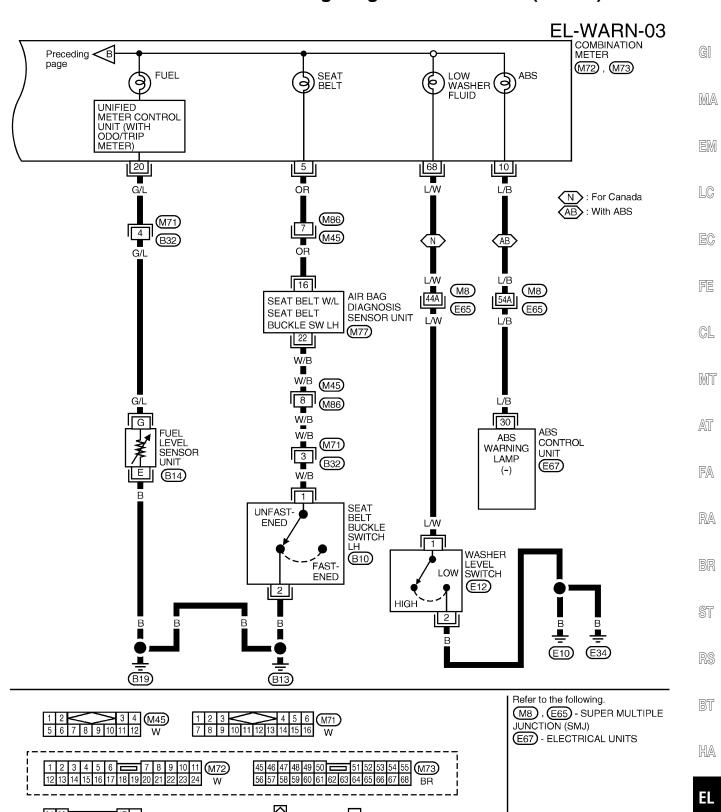
Wiring Diagram — WARN — (Cont'd)

EL-WARN-02



WARNING LAMPS

Wiring Diagram — WARN — (Cont'd)



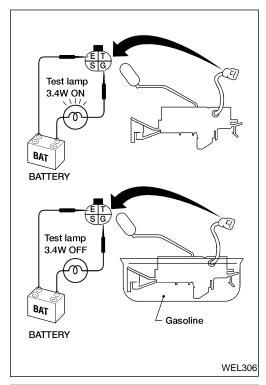
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(B10)

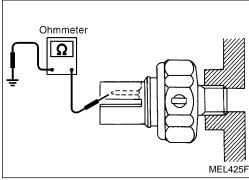
(M77)

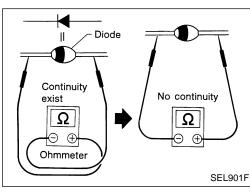
WARNING LAMPS



Electrical Components Inspection FUEL WARNING LAMP SENSOR CHECK

It will take a short time for the bulb to light.





OIL PRESSURE SWITCH CHECK

	Oil pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)	Continuity
Engine start	More than 10 - 20 (0.1 - 0.2, 1 - 3)	NO
Engine stop	Less than 10 - 20 (0.1 - 0.2, 1 - 3)	YES

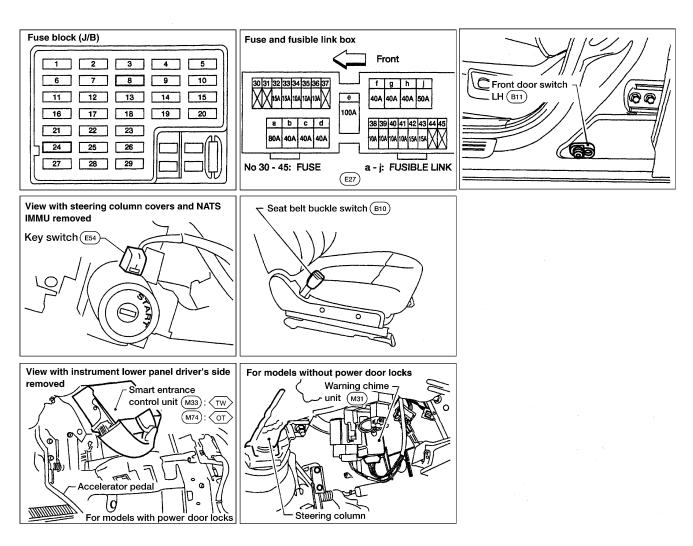
Check the continuity between the terminals of oil pressure switch and body ground.

DIODE CHECK

- Check continuity using an ohmmeter.
- Diode is functioning properly if test results are as shown in the figure at left.
- Check diodes at the combination meter harness connector instead of on the combination meter assembly. Refer to Warning Lamps wiring diagrams, EL-105.

NOTE: Specification may vary depending on the type of tester. Before performing this inspection, be sure to refer to the instruction manual for the tester to be used.

Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



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TW : With theft warning system

OT : Without theft warning system

System Description

MODELS WITH POWER DOOR LOCKS

The warning chime is integral with the smart entrance control unit, which controls its operation. Power is supplied at all times:

- through 10A fuse [No. 24, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to key switch terminal ②.

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 10A fuse (No. 34, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to lighting switch terminal (1).

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 40A fusible link (letter d, located in the fuse and fusible link box).
- to circuit breaker 1 terminal (1)
- through circuit breaker 1 terminal (2)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal ①(with theft warning system), ⑥ (without theft warning system).

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse [No. 8], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to smart entrance control unit terminal ① (with theft warning system), ② (without theft warning system).

Ground is supplied to smart entrance control unit terminal 10 (with theft warning system), 1 (without theft warning system) through body grounds M2 and M61.

When a signal, or combination of signals, is received by the smart entrance control unit, the warning chime will sound.

Ignition key warning chime

With the key in the ignition key cylinder, the ignition switch in the OFF or ACC position, and the driver's door open, the warning chime will sound. A battery positive voltage is supplied:

- from kev switch terminal (1)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal ② (with theft warning system), ② (without theft warning system).

Ground is supplied:

- from front door switch LH terminal (1)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (5) (with theft warning system), (25) (without theft warning system).

Light warning chime

With ignition switch in the OFF or ACC position, driver's door open, and lighting switch in 1ST or 2ND position, warning chime will sound. A battery positive voltage is supplied:

- from lighting switch terminal (12)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal ② (with theft warning system), ① (without theft warning system).

Ground is supplied:

- from front door switch LH terminal (1)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (5) (with theft warning system), (25) (without theft warning system).

Seat belt warning chime

The warning chime sounds for about 6 seconds when ignition switch is turned from OFF to ON and seat belt is unfastened.

Ground is supplied:

- from seat belt buckle switch terminal (1)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal ② (with theft warning system), ③ (without theft warning system).

Seat belt buckle switch terminal ② is grounded through body grounds (B13) and (B19).

System Description (Cont'd) MODELS WITHOUT POWER DOOR LOCKS

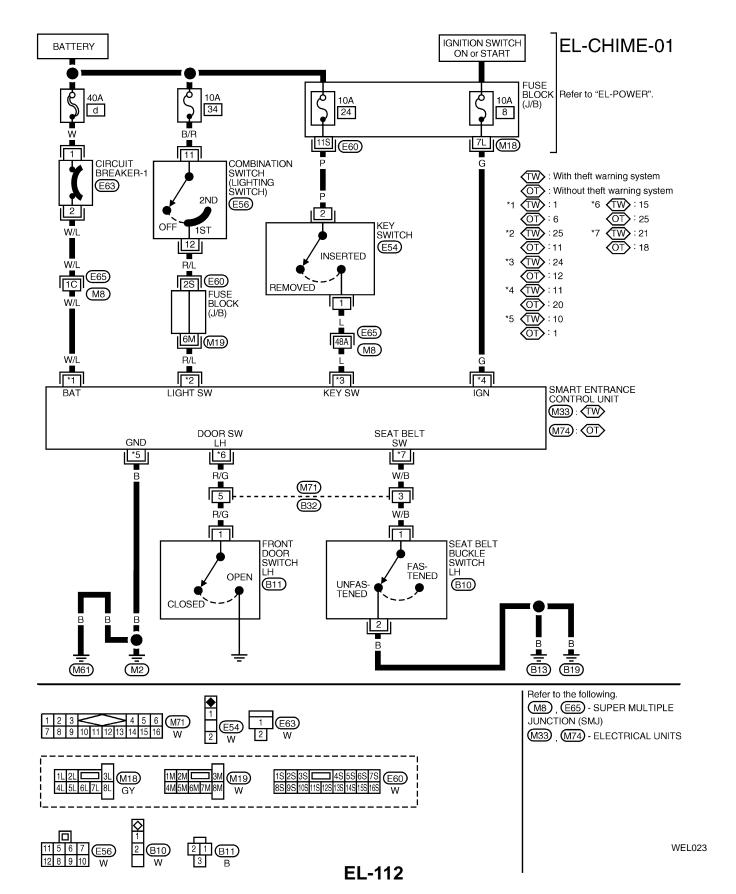
The warning chime is integral with the warning chime unit, which controls its operation.	
Power is supplied at all times: through 10A fuse [No. 24, located in the fuse block (J/B)]	GI
• to key switch terminal ②.	
Power is supplied at all times:	MA
 through 10A fuse (No. 34, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to lighting switch terminal 1. 	
With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:	EN
• through 10A fuse [No. 8], located in the fuse block (J/B)]	
• to warning chime unit terminal ①. Ground is supplied to warning chime unit terminal ⑧ through body grounds M2 and M61.	LC
When a signal, or combination of signals, is received by the warning chime unit, the warning chime will	
sound.	EC
Ignition key warning chime With the key in the ignition switch in the OFF or ACC position, and the driver's door open, the warning	
chime will sound. A battery positive voltage is supplied:	ee.
• from key switch terminal ①	FE
 to warning chime unit terminal ⑤. Ground is supplied: 	0.5
to warning chime unit terminal ⑦	GL
• from front door switch LH terminal ②.	
Front door switch LH terminal ③ is grounded through body grounds (B13) and (B19). Light warning chime	Mī
With ignition switch OFF or ACC, driver's door open, and lighting switch in 1ST or 2ND position, warn-	
ing chime will sound. A battery positive voltage is supplied:	AT
 from lighting switch terminal ¹² to warning chime unit terminal ⁴ 	
Ground is supplied:	FA
to warning chime unit terminal ⑦	
 from front door switch LH terminal ②. Front door switch LH terminal ③ is grounded through body grounds (B13) and (B19). 	RA
Seat belt warning chime	
With ignition switch turned to ON or START and seat belt unfastened, warning chime will sound for	BR
approximately 6 seconds.	
Ground is supplied: • to warning chime unit terminal ②	ST
 from seat belt buckle switch terminal ①. 	91
Seat belt buckle switch terminal ② is grounded through body grounds ®13 and ®19.	50
	RS
	BT

EL

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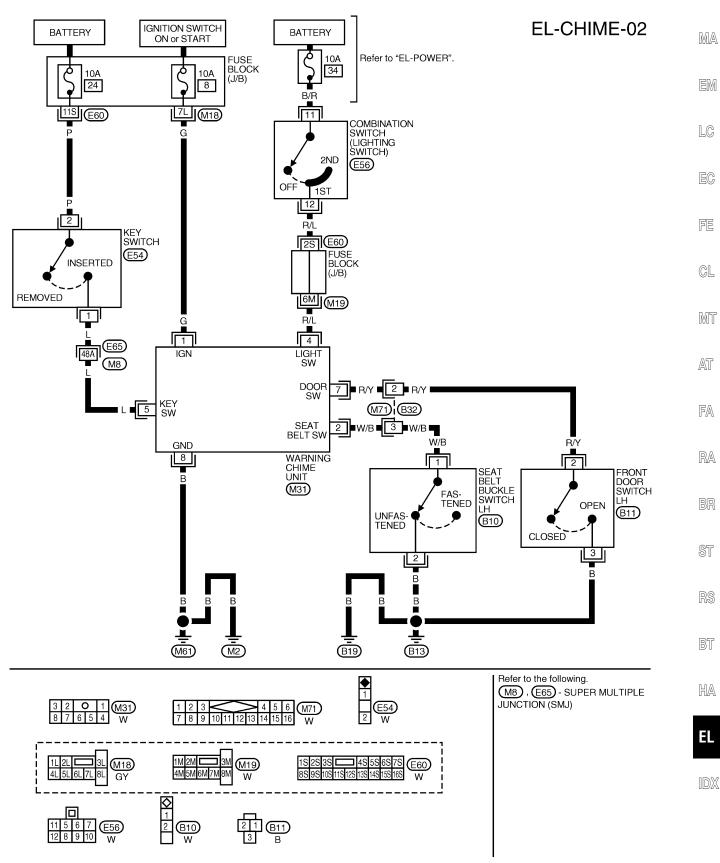
Wiring Diagram — CHIME —

MODELS WITH POWER DOOR LOCKS



Wiring Diagram — CHIME — (Cont'd)

MODELS WITHOUT POWER DOOR LOCKS



GI

Trouble Diagnoses

SYMPTOM CHART

REFERENCE PAGE	EL-115	EL-117	EL-118	EL-119	EL-120
SYMPTOM	POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 (Lighting switch input signal check)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 (Key switch input signal check)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3 (Seat belt buckle switch input signal check)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4 (Driver side door switch input signal check)
Light warning chime does not activate.	X	X			X
Ignition key warning chime does not activate.	Х		Х		Х
Seat belt warning chime does not activate.	Х			Х	
All warning chimes do not activate.	Х				

Smart entrance control unit connector (M33) C/U CONNECTOR (M33) DISCONNECT W/L G (M33) AEL064B

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) MAIN POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK

Main power supply circuit check

Models with power door locks and theft warning system.

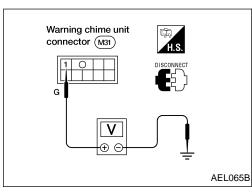
Terminals		Ignition switch position		
\oplus	Θ	OFF	ACC	ON
1	Ground	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	Battery voltage
11)	Ground	0V	0V	Battery voltage

Smart entrance control unit connector (M74) H.S. W/L G

WEL088

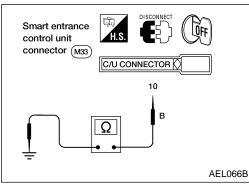
Models with power door locks and without theft warning system.

Terminals		Battery voltage existance condition		
		Ignition switch position		
\oplus	Θ	OFF	ACC	ON
6	Ground	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	Battery voltage
20	Ground	0V	0V	Battery voltage



Models without power door locks

Terminals		Battery vo	oltage existence	condition
reminals		Ignition switch position		
\oplus	Θ	OFF	ACC	ON
1)	Ground	0V	0V	Battery voltage



Ground circuit check

Models with power door locks and theft warning system

Terminals	Continuity
10 - Ground	Yes

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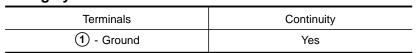
RS

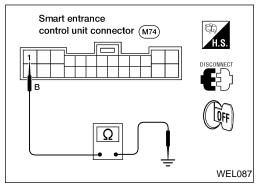
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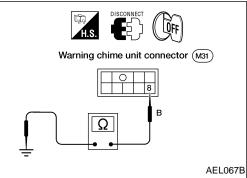
EL

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

Models with power door locks and without theft warning system

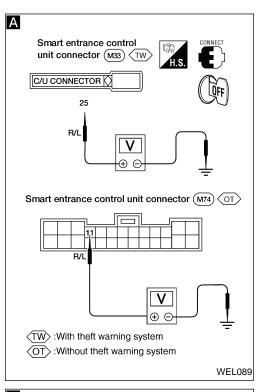


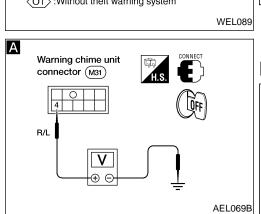




Models without power door locks

Terminals	Continuity
8 - Ground	Yes





Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1

(Lighting switch input signal check) Models with power door locks

Α

CHECK LIGHTING SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL.

Check voltage between smart entrance control unit terminal (25) (with theft warning system), (11) (without theft warning system) and ground.

Condition of lighting switch	Voltage [V]
1ST or 2ND	Approx. 12
OFF	0
0	OK

Go to Diagnostic Procedure 4, EL-120.

Check the following.

NG

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- 10A fuse (No. 34), located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- Harness for open or short between smart entrance control unit and lighting switch

e link box)

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Models without power door locks

Α

CHECK LIGHTING SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL.

Check voltage between warning chime unit terminal 4 and ground.

	Condition of lighting switch	Voltage [V]
3	1ST or 2ND	Approx. 12
	OFF	0
		DK

Go to Diagnostic Procedure 4, EL-120.

Check the following.

- 10A fuse (No. 34, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- Harness for open or short between warning chime unit and lighting switch

ST

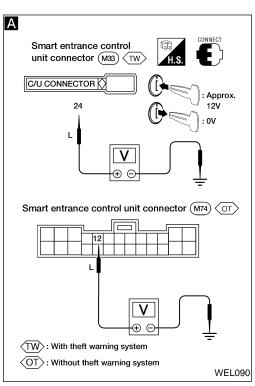
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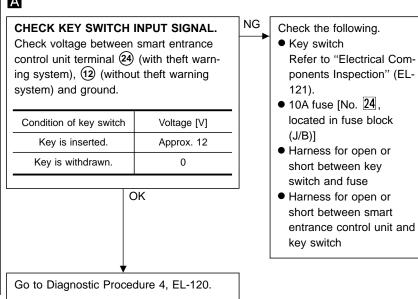
EL

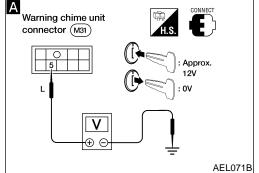
IDX



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2

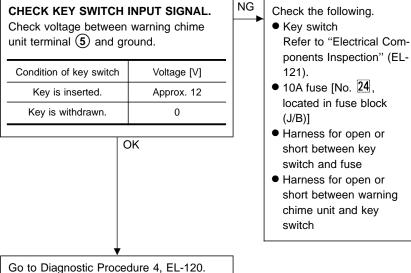
(Key switch input signal check) Models with power door locks

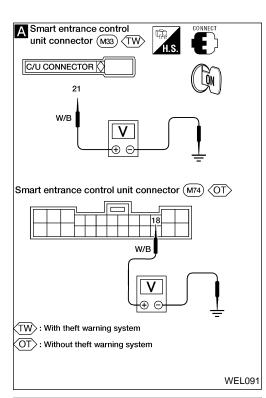




Models without power door locks

Α





Α

Warning chime unit

W/B

connector (M31)



(Seat belt buckle switch input signal check)
Models with power door locks

NG

NG

Α

CHECK SEAT BELT BUCKLE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL.

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between smart entrance control unit terminal 21 (with theft warning system), 18 (without theft warning system) and ground.

	Condition of seat belt		
	buckle switch	Voltage [V]	
	Fastened	Approx. 12	
	Unfastened	0	
ı			
Ī	<u> </u>	OK	

System is OK.

Check the following.

- Seat belt buckle switch Refer to "Electrical Components Inspection" (EL-121).
- Seat belt buckle switch ground circuit
- Harness for open or short between smart entrance control unit and seat belt buckle switch





AEL073B

CHECK SEAT BELT BUCKLE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL.

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between warning chime unit terminal (2) and ground.

Condition of seat belt buckle switch	Voltage [V]
Fastened	Approx. 12
Unfastened	0
	ОК

System is OK.

Check the following.

- Seat belt buckle switch Refer to "Electrical Components Inspection" (EL-121).
- Seat belt buckle switch ground circuit
- Harness for open or short between warning chime unit and seat belt buckle switch

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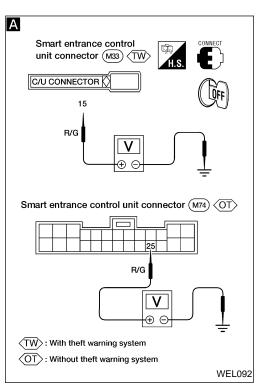
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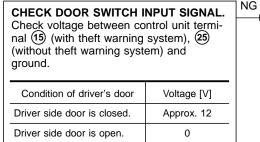
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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4

(Driver side door switch input signal check) Models with power door locks

Α



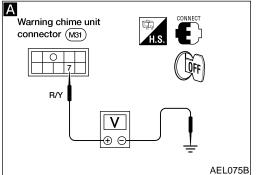
OK

Replace smart entrance control unit.

Check the following.

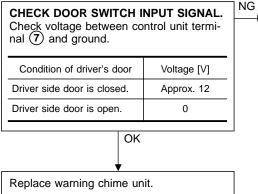
Driver side door switch
Refer to "Electrical Components Inspection" (EL121).

- Door switch ground condition
- Harness for open or short between smart entrance control unit and door switch



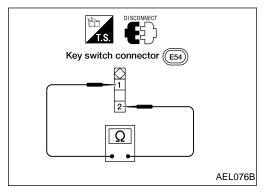
Models without power door locks

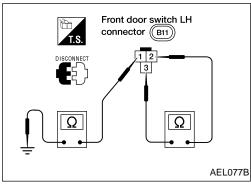
Α

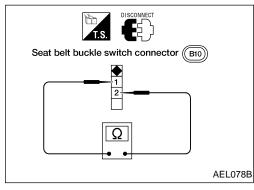


Check the following.

- Driver side door switch Refer to "Electrical Components Inspection" (EL-121).
- Door switch ground circuit
- Harness for open or short between warning chime unit and door switch







Electrical Components Inspection

KEY SWITCH (insert)

Check continuity between terminals when key is inserted in ignition key cylinder and key is removed from ignition key cylinder.

Terminal No.	Condition	Continuity
<u>(1) - (2)</u>	Key is inserted.	Yes
1) - 2	Key is removed.	No

DRIVER SIDE DOOR SWITCH

Check continuity between terminals when door switch is pushed and released.

Terminal No.	Condition	Continuity
1 - ground, 2 - 3	Door switch is pushed.	No
(1) - ground, (2) - (3)	Door switch is released.	Yes

SEAT BELT BUCKLE SWITCH

Check continuity between terminals when seat belt is fastened and unfastened.

Terminal No.	Condition	Continuity
<u>(1)</u> - (2)	Seat belt is fastened.	No
<u> </u>	Seat belt is unfastened.	Yes

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System Description

WIPER OPERATION

The wiper switch is controlled by a lever built into the combination switch.

There are three wiper switch positions:

- LO speed
- HI speed
- INT (Intermittent).

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied:

- through 20A fuse [No. 19, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to wiper amplifier terminal ⑤.

Ground is supplied to wiper amplifier terminal 3 through body grounds M2 and M61.

Low and high speed wiper operation

Ground is supplied to wiper switch terminal 17 through body grounds (£10) and (£34).

When the wiper switch is placed in the LO position, ground is supplied:

- through terminal 4 of the wiper switch
- to wiper motor terminal L.

With power and ground supplied, the wiper motor operates at low speed.

When the wiper switch is placed in the HI position, ground is supplied:

- through terminal 16 of the wiper switch
- to wiper motor terminal H.

With power and ground supplied, the wiper motor operates at high speed.

Auto stop operation

With wiper switch turned OFF, wiper motor will continue to operate until wiper arms reach windshield base.

When wiper arms are not located at base of windshield with wiper switch OFF, ground is supplied:

- from terminal (4) of the wiper switch
- to wiper motor terminal (L), in order to continue wiper motor operation at low speed.

Ground is also supplied:

- through terminal ⁽³⁾ of the wiper switch
- to wiper amplifier terminal (2)
- through terminal (7) of the wiper amplifier
- to wiper motor terminal (P)
- through terminal (E) of the wiper motor, and
- through body grounds (M2) and (M61).

When wiper arms reach base of windshield, wiper motor terminals (P) and (B) are connected instead of terminals (P) and (E). Wiper motor will then stop wiper arms at the PARK position.

Intermittent operation

The wiper motor operates the wiper arms one time at low speed at a set interval of approximately 3 to 13 seconds. This feature is controlled by the wiper amplifier.

When the wiper switch is placed in the INT position, ground is supplied:

- to wiper amplifier terminal (1)
- from wiper switch terminal (15)
- through body grounds (E10) and (E34)
- to wiper motor terminal
- through the wiper switch terminal 14
- to wiper switch terminal 13
- through wiper amplifier terminal (2)
- to wiper amplifier terminal (3)
- through body grounds (M2) and (M61).

The desired interval time is input:

- to wiper amplifier terminal (8)
- from wiper switch terminal (19)
- to wiper switch terminal 20
- through body grounds (E10) and (E34).

The wiper motor operates at low speed at the desired time interval.

System Description (Cont'd)

WASHER OPERATION

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied:

- through 20A fuse [No. 19, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to washer motor terminal ②.

When the lever is pulled to the WASH position, ground is supplied:

- to washer motor terminal (1), and
- to wiper amplifier terminal 6
- from terminal (18) of the wiper switch
- through terminal (7) of the wiper switch, and
- through body grounds E10 and E34.

With power and ground supplied, the washer motor operates.

When the lever is pulled to the WASH position for one second or more, the wiper motor operates at low speed for approximately 3 seconds to clean windshield. This feature is controlled by the wiper amplifier in the same manner as the intermittent operation.

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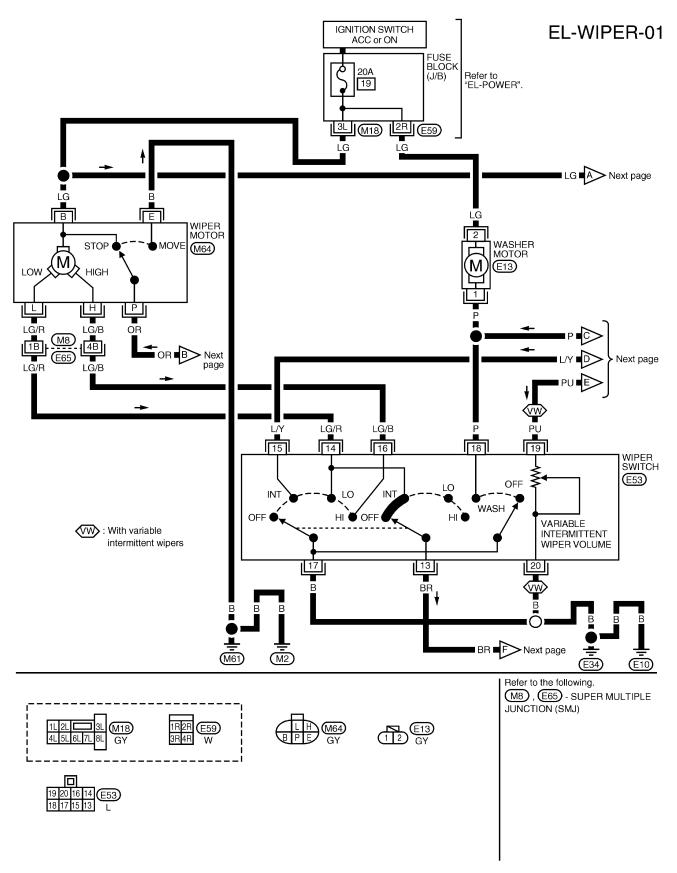
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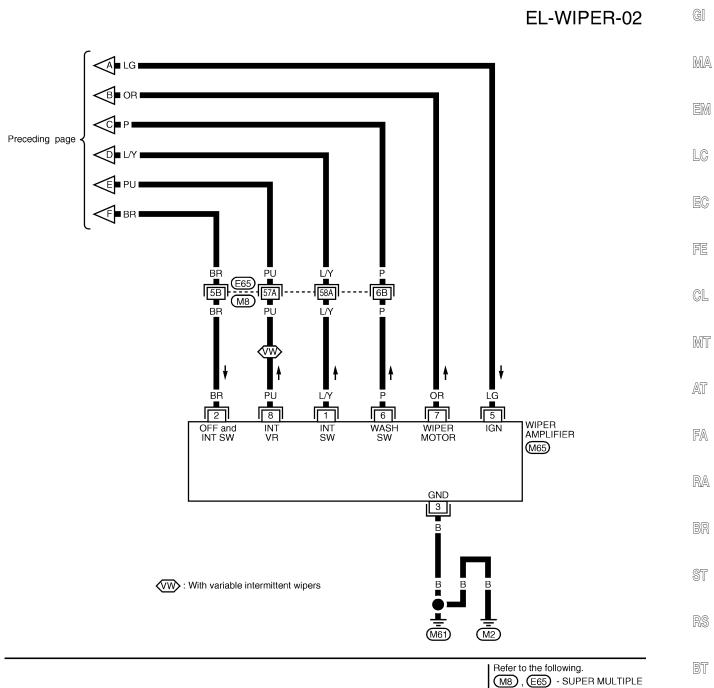
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Wiring Diagram — WIPER —



Wiring Diagram — WIPER — (Cont'd)

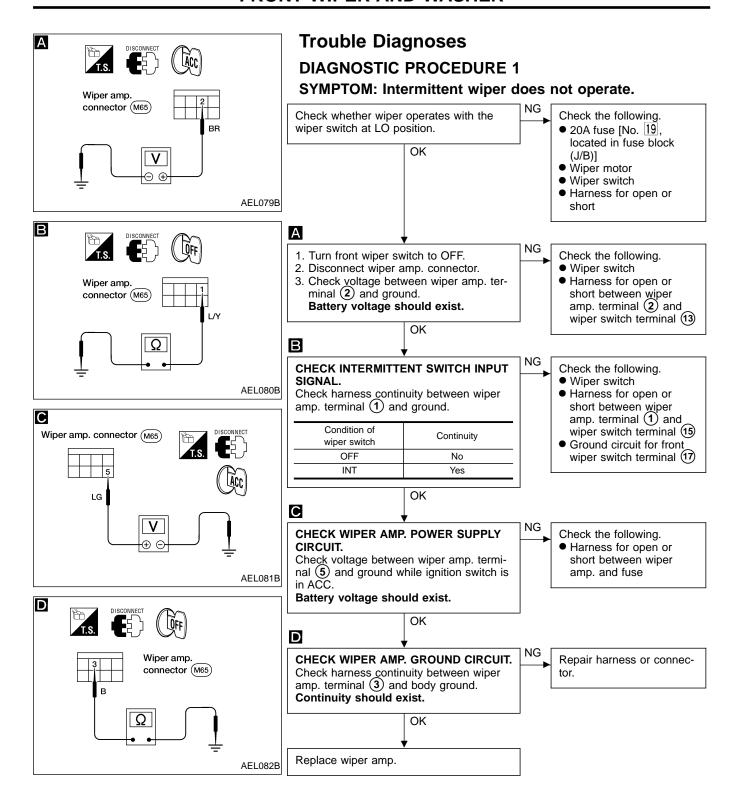


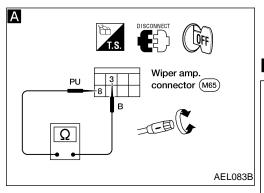


JUNCTION (SMJ)

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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2

SYMPTOM: Intermittent time of wiper cannot be adjusted.

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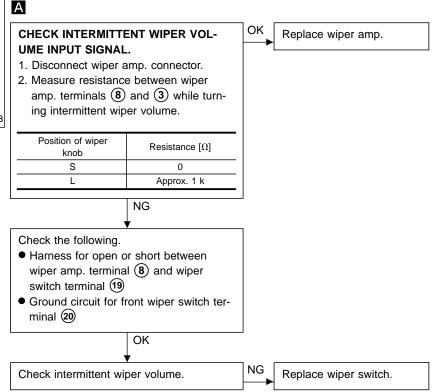
FE

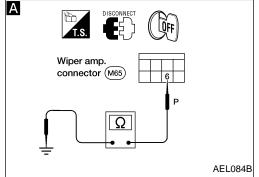
MT

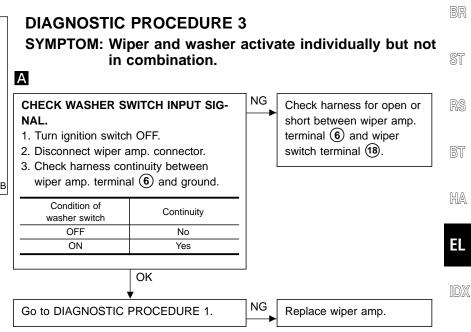
AT

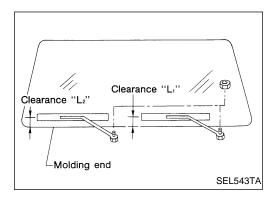
FA

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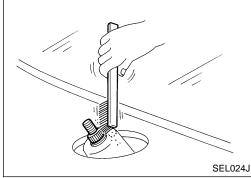




Removal and Installation

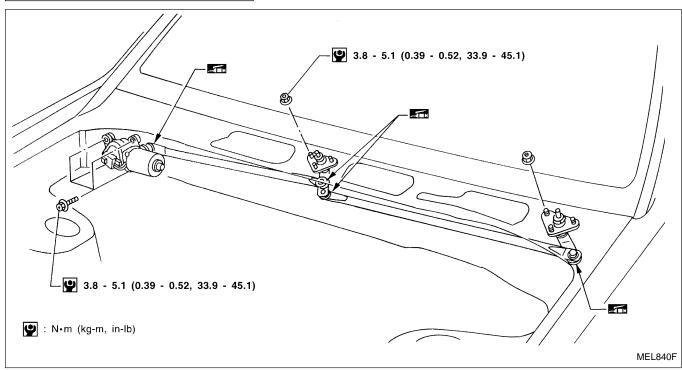
WIPER ARMS

- 1. Prior to wiper arm installation, turn on wiper switch to operate wiper motor and then turn it OFF (Auto Stop).
- 2. Lift the blade up and then set it down onto glass surface to set the blade center to clearance "L₁" & "L₂" immediately before tightening nut.
- 3. Eject washer fluid. Turn on wiper switch to operate wiper motor and then turn it OFF.
- 4. Ensure that wiper blades stop within clearance "L₁" & "L₂".
 Clearance "L₁": 45 mm (1.77 in)
 Clearance "L₂": 38 mm (1.50 in)
 Tighten wiper arm nuts to specified torque.
- Tighten wiper arm nuts to specified torque.
 Front wiper: 17 23 N·m (1.7 2.3 kg-m, 12 17 ft-lb)



 Before reinstalling wiper arm, clean up the pivot area as illustrated. This will reduce possibility of wiper arm looseness.

WIPER LINKAGE



Removal and Installation (Cont'd) Removal

- 1. Remove 4 bolts that secure wiper motor.
- 2. Detach wiper motor from wiper linkage at ball joint.
- 3. Remove wiper linkage.

Be careful not to break ball joint rubber boot.

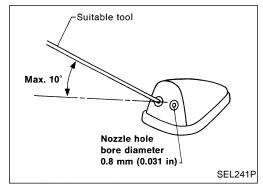
Installation

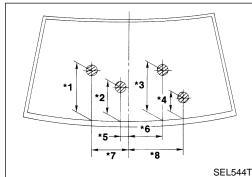
- Grease ball joint portion before installation.
- 1. Installation is the reverse order of removal.

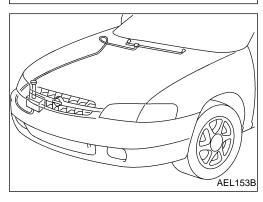
Washer Nozzle Adjustment

Adjust washer nozzle with suitable tool as shown in the figure at left.

Adjustable range: ±10°







			Unit: mm (in)
*1	350 (13.78)	*5	135 (5.31)
*2	190 (7.48)	*6	230 (9.06)
*3	320 (12.60)	*7	275 (10.83)
*4	135 (5.31)	*8	440 (17.32)

^{*:} The diameters of these circles are less than 80 mm (3.15 in).

Washer Tube Layout



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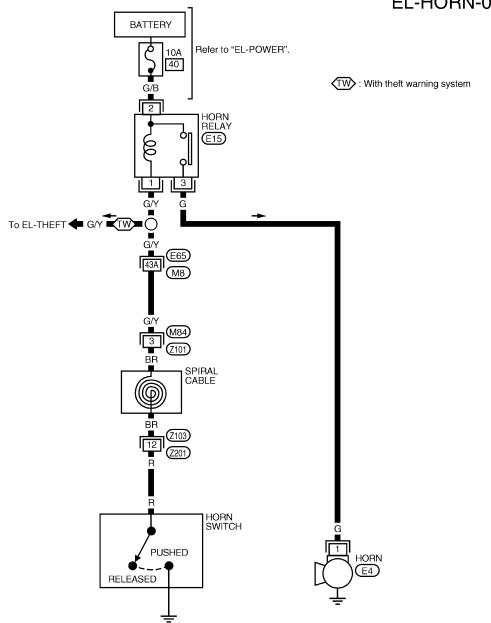
HA

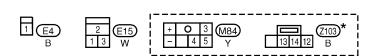
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Wiring Diagram — HORN —







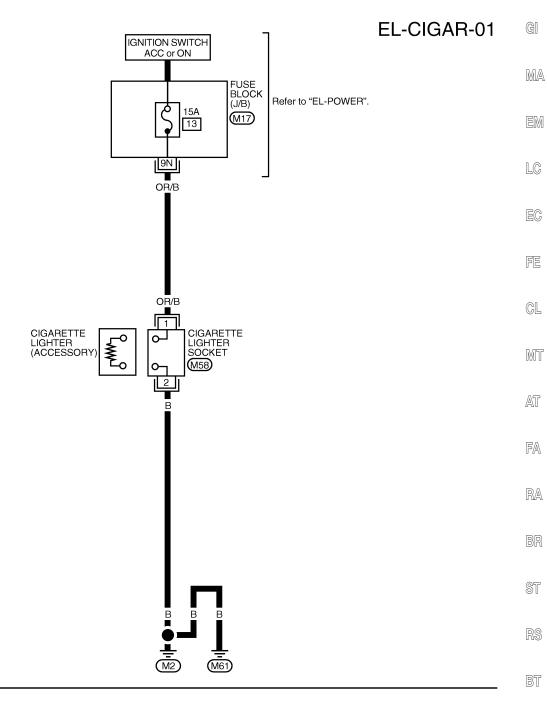
Refer to the following.

(M8), (E65) - SUPER MULTIPLE
JUNCTION (SMJ)

*: This connector is not shown in "HARNESS LAYOUT" of EL section.

CIGARETTE LIGHTER

Wiring Diagram — CIGAR —





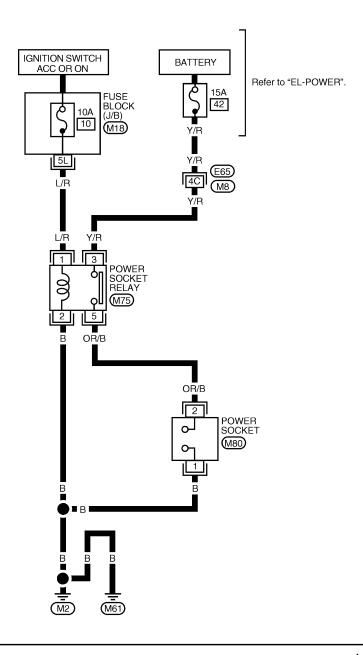


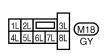
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Wiring Diagram — CIGAR — (Cont'd)

EL-CIGAR-02





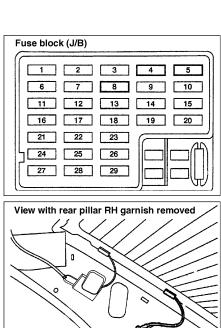


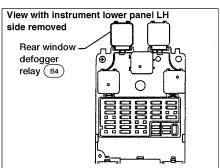


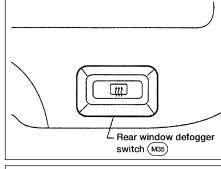
Refer to the following.

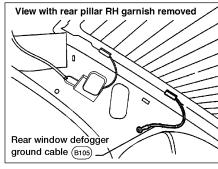
(M8), (E65) - SUPER MULTIPLE
JUNCTION (SMJ)

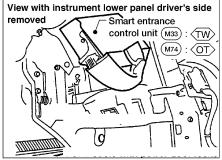
Component Parts and Harness Connector Location

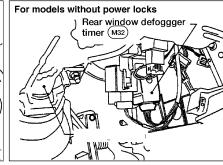


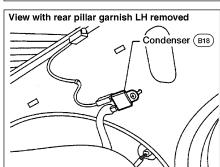












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TW>: With theft warning system OT: Without theft warning system

System Description

MODELS WITH POWER DOOR LOCKS

The rear window defogger system is controlled by the smart entrance control unit. The rear window defogger operates for approximately 15 minutes.

Power is supplied at all times:

- to rear window defogger relay terminal (3)
- through 20A fuse [No. 5], located in the fuse block (J/B)] and
- to rear window defogger relay terminal (6)
- through 20A fuse [No. 4, located in the fuse block (J/B)].

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- to rear window defogger relay terminal ① and
- to smart entrance control unit terminal ① (with theft warning system), ② (without theft warning system).
- through 10A fuse [No. 8, located in the fuse block (J/B)].

Ground is supplied to terminal 10 (with theft warning system), 1 (without theft warning system) of the smart entrance control unit through body grounds M2 and M61.

Ground is also supplied to terminal (2) of the rear window defogger switch through body grounds (M2) and (M61).

When the rear window defogger switch is turned ON, ground is supplied:

- through terminal (1) of the rear window defogger switch
- to smart entrance control unit terminal @ (with theft warning system), fig (without theft warning system).

Terminal (36) (with theft warning system), (4) (without theft warning system) of the smart entrance control unit then supplies ground to the rear window defogger relay terminal (2).

With power and ground supplied, the rear window defogger relay is energized.

Power is supplied:

- through terminals ⑤ and ⑦ of the rear window defogger relay
- to condenser terminal (+)
- through condenser terminal (-)
- to the rear window defogger terminal +.

Ground is supplied to terminal \odot of the rear window defogger through body ground (B105).

With power and ground supplied, the rear window defogger filaments heat and defog the rear window. When the system is activated, the rear window defogger indicator illuminates in the rear window defogger switch.

Power is supplied:

- to terminal (3) of the rear window defogger switch
- from terminals (5) and (7) of the rear window defogger relay.

Terminal (4) of the rear window defogger switch is grounded through body grounds (M2) and (M61).

System Description (Cont'd)

MODELS WITHOUT POWER DOOR LOCKS	
If not equipped with power door locks, the rear defogger system is controlled by the rear window defogger timer. The rear window defogger operates for approximately 15 minutes. Power is supplied at all times:	GI
 through 20A fuse (No. 4, located in the fuse block [J/B]) to rear window defogger relay terminal 6 and through 20A fuse (No. 5, located in the fuse block [J/B]) 	MA
 to rear window defogger relay terminal ③. With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied: through 10A fuse (No. 8, located in the fuse block [J/B]) 	EM
 to rear window defogger relay terminal ① and to rear window defogger timer terminal ①. Ground is supplied to terminal ④ of the rear window defogger timer through body grounds M2 and 	LC
(M61). Ground is also supplied to terminal ② of the rear window defogger switch through body grounds (M2) and (M61).	EC
 When the rear window defogger switch is turned ON, ground is supplied: through terminal ① of the rear window defogger switch to rear window defogger timer terminal ③. 	FE
Terminal ② of the rear window defogger timer then supplies ground to the rear window defogger relay terminal ②.	CL
With power and ground supplied, the rear window defogger relay is energized. Power is supplied: through terminals 5 and 7 of the rear window defogger relay	MT
 to condenser terminal through condenser terminal to rear window defogger terminal 	AT
Ground is supplied to terminal \bigcirc of rear window defogger through body ground \bigcirc . With power and ground supplied, the rear window defogger filaments heat and defog the rear window. When the system is activated, the rear window defogger indicator illuminates in the rear window defogger switch.	FA
Power is supplied: to terminal ③ of the rear window defogger switch	RA
• from terminals (5) and (7) of the rear window defogger relay. Terminal (4) of the rear window defogger switch is grounded through body grounds (M2) and (M61).	BR
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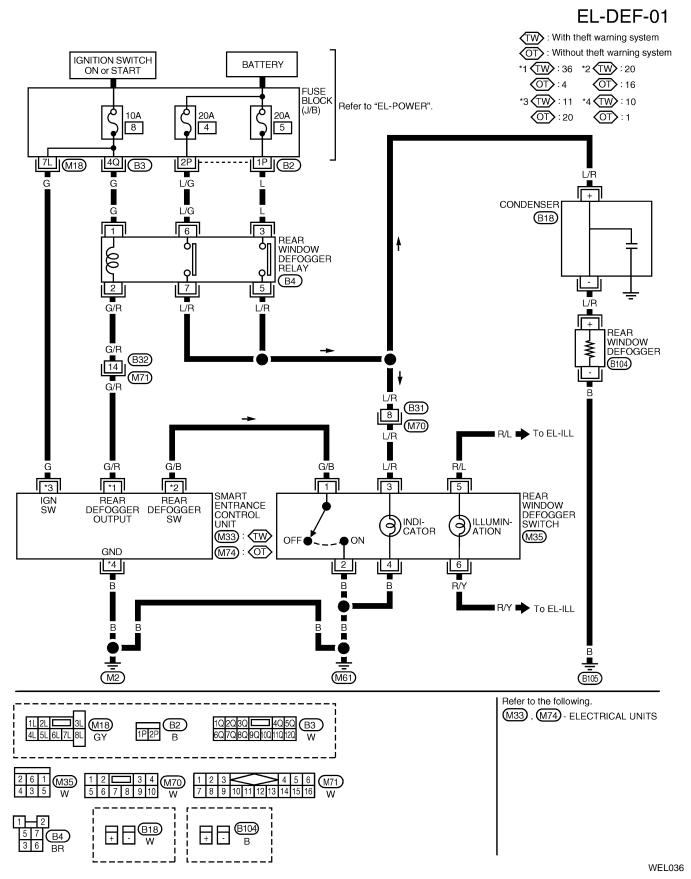
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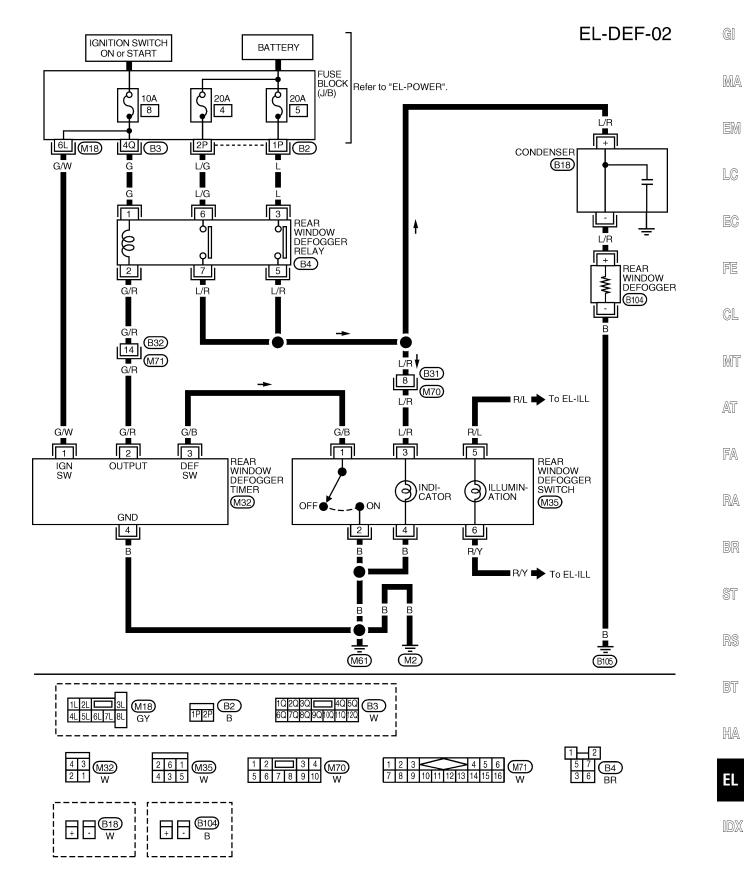
Wiring Diagram — DEF —

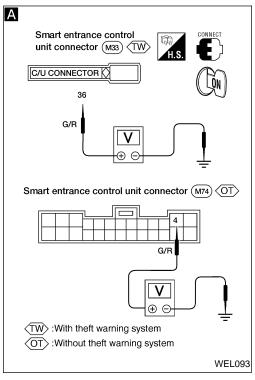
MODELS WITH POWER DOOR LOCKS

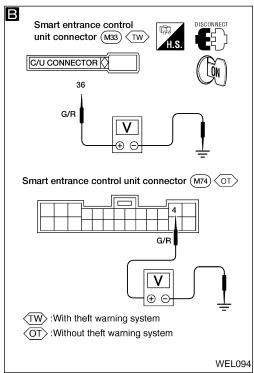


Wiring Diagram — DEF — (Cont'd)

MODELS WITHOUT POWER DOOR LOCKS







Trouble Diagnoses (For models with power door locks)

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

SYMPTOM: Rear window defogger does not activate, or does not go off after activating.

CHECK REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER OUTPUT SIGNAL.

- 1. Turn ignition switch to ON position.
- Check voltage between control unit harness terminal (36) (with theft warning system), (4) (without theft warning system) and ground.

Condition	Voltage [V]
Rear window defogger switch is OFF.	Approx. 12
Rear window defogger switch is ON.	0

NG

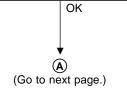
Check the following.

- Rear window defogger relay (Refer to EL-142.)
- Rear window defogger circuit
- Rear window defogger filament (Refer to EL-142.)



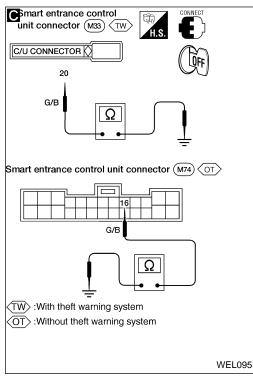
- 1. Disconnect smart entrance control unit connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch to ON position.
- 3. Check voltage between smart entrance control unit terminal (36) (with theft warning system), (4) (without theft warning system) and ground.

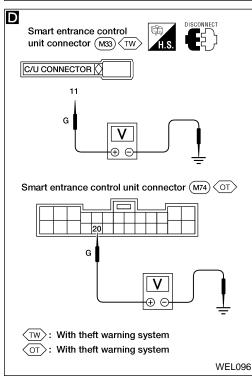
 Battery voltage should exist.



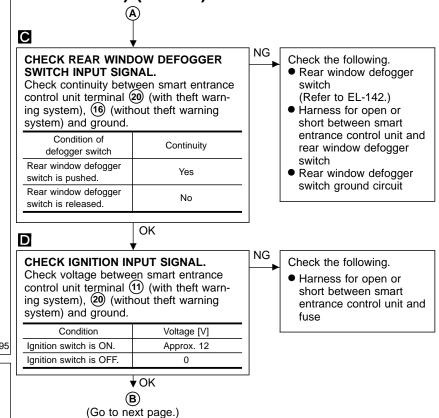
Check the following.

- 10A fuse [No. 8, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- Rear window defogger relay
- Harness for open or short between fuse and rear window defogger relay
- Harness for open or short between rear window defogger relay and smart entrance control unit





Trouble Diagnoses (For models with power door locks) (Cont'd)



FI

HA

BT

GI

MA

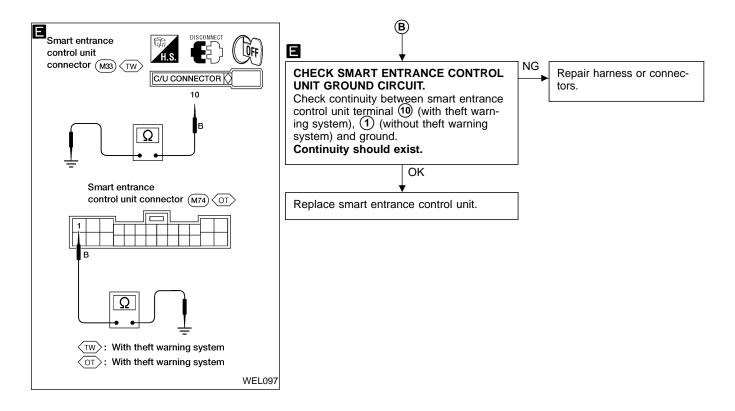
MT

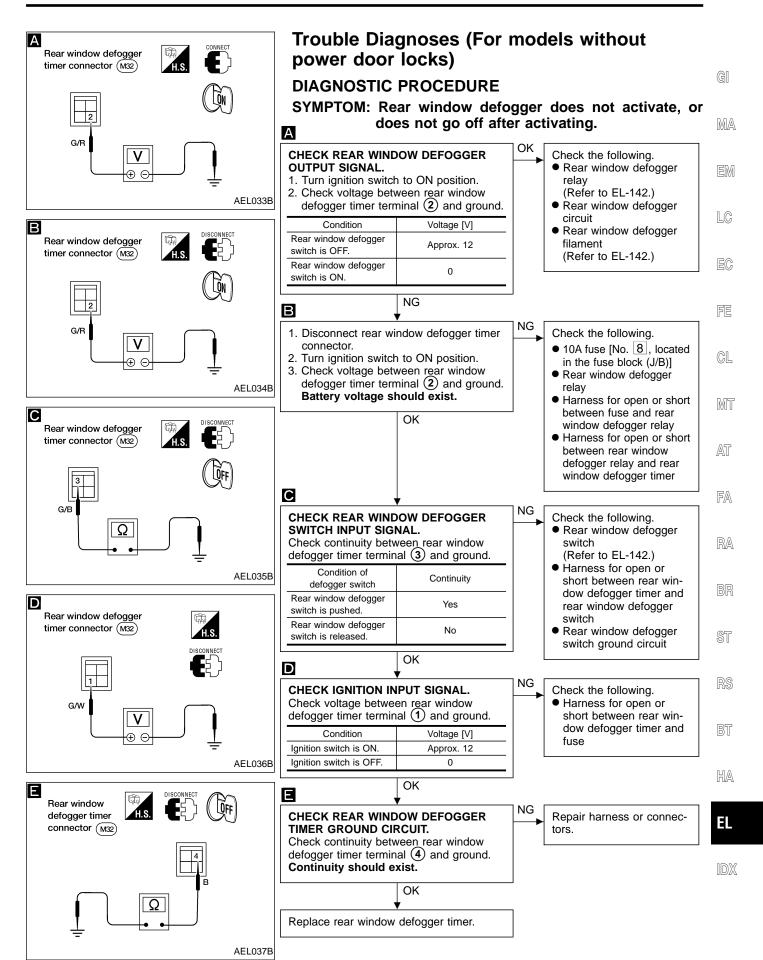
AT

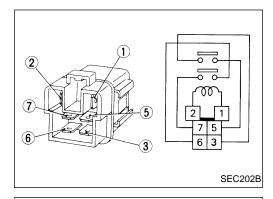
FA

RA

BR



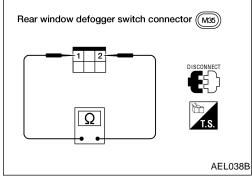




Electrical Components Inspection REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER RELAY

Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5, 6 and 7.

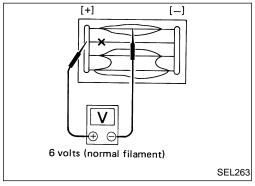
Condition	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes
No current supply	No



REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH

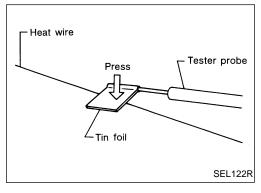
Check continuity between terminals when rear window defogger switch is pushed and released.

Terminals	Condition	Continuity
1) - 2)	Rear window defogger switch is pushed.	Yes
	Rear window defogger switch is released.	No



Filament Check

1. Attach probe circuit tester (in volt range) to middle portion of each filament.

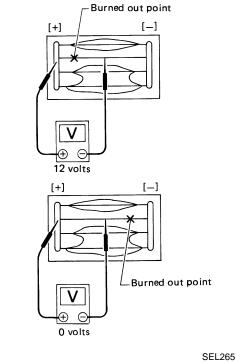


 When measuring voltage, wrap tin foil around the top of the negative probe. Then press the foil against the wire with your finger.

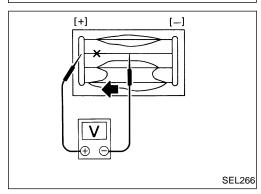
Burned out point [+] 12 volts Burned out point 0 volts

Filament Check (Cont'd)

If a filament is burned out, circuit tester registers 0 or 12 volts.



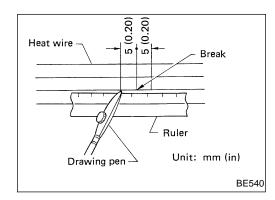
To locate burned out point, move probe to left and right along filament. Test needle will swing abruptly when probe passes the point.



Filament Repair

REPAIR EQUIPMENT

- Conductive silver composition (Dupont No. 4817 or equivalent)
- 2. Ruler 30 cm (11.8 in) long
- 3. Drawing pen
- 4. Heat gun
- 5. Alcohol
- 6. Cloth



REPAIRING PROCEDURE

- Wipe broken heat wire and its surrounding area clean with a cloth dampened in alcohol.
- Apply a small amount of conductive silver composition to tip of drawing pen.

Shake silver composition container before use.

Place ruler on glass along broken line. Deposit conductive silver composition on break with drawing pen. Slightly overlap existing heat wire on both sides [preferably 5 mm (0.20 in)] of the break.









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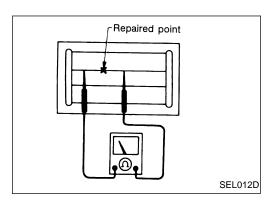
BR

BT

HA

EL

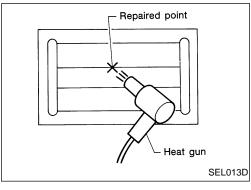
IDX



Filament Repair (Cont'd)

4. After repair has been completed, check repaired wire for continuity. This check should be conducted 10 minutes after silver composition is deposited.

Do not touch repaired area while test is being conducted.



5. Apply a constant stream of hot air directly to the repaired area for approximately 20 minutes with a heat gun. A minimum distance of 3 cm (1.2 in) should be kept between repaired area and hot air outlet. If a heat gun is not available, let the repaired area dry for 24 hours.

AUDIO

System Description

Refer to Owner's Manual for audio system operating instructions. Power is supplied at all times: through 10A fuse (No. 35, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to audio unit terminal (6). With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied: through 10A fuse [No. 10, located in the fuse block (J/B)] to audio unit terminal 10. Ground is supplied through the case of the audio unit. When the audio unit power knob is pushed to the ON position, audio unit signals are supplied: through audio unit terminals (1), (2), (3), (4), (13), (14), (15), and (16) to the front and rear speakers or tweeters.

GI

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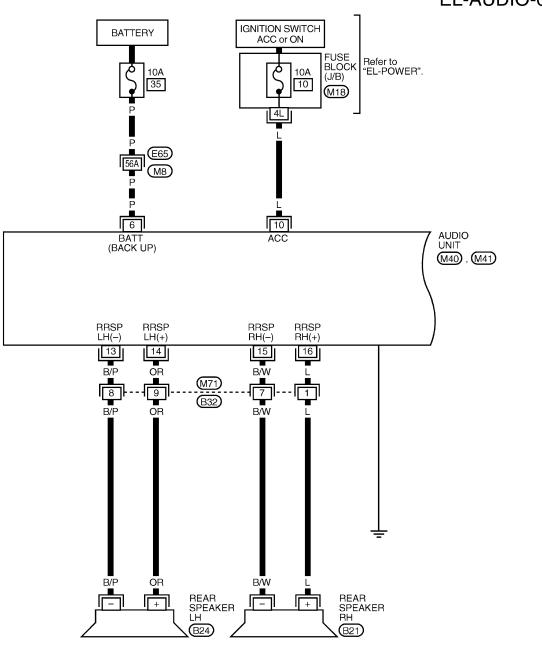
HA

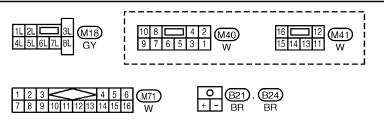
EL

Wiring Diagram — AUDIO —

MODELS WITH PREMIUM AUDIO SYSTEM

EL-AUDIO-01





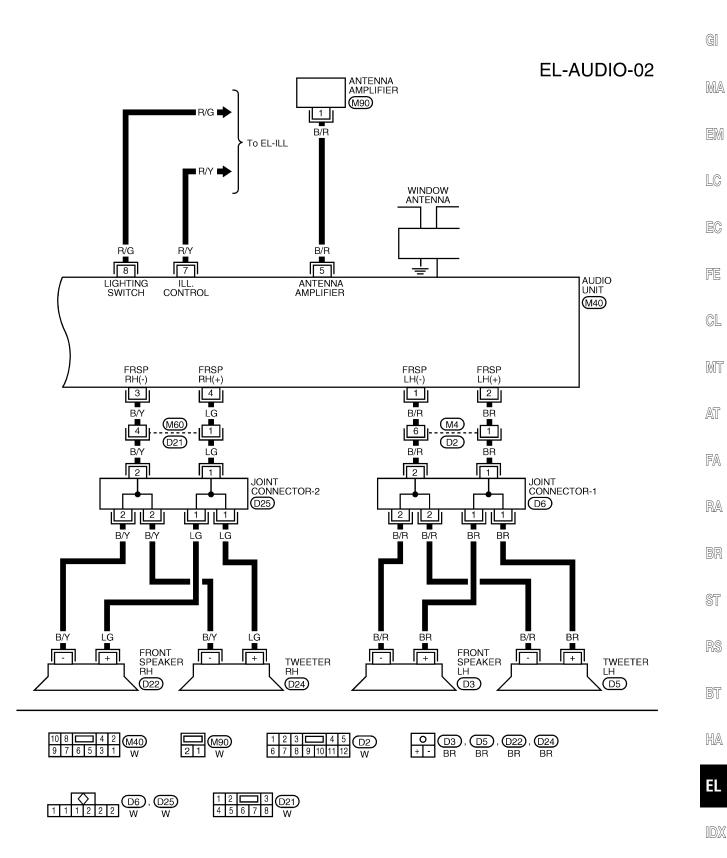
Refer to the following.

MB , E65 - SUPER MULTIPLE
JUNCTION (SMJ)

WEL038

AUDIO

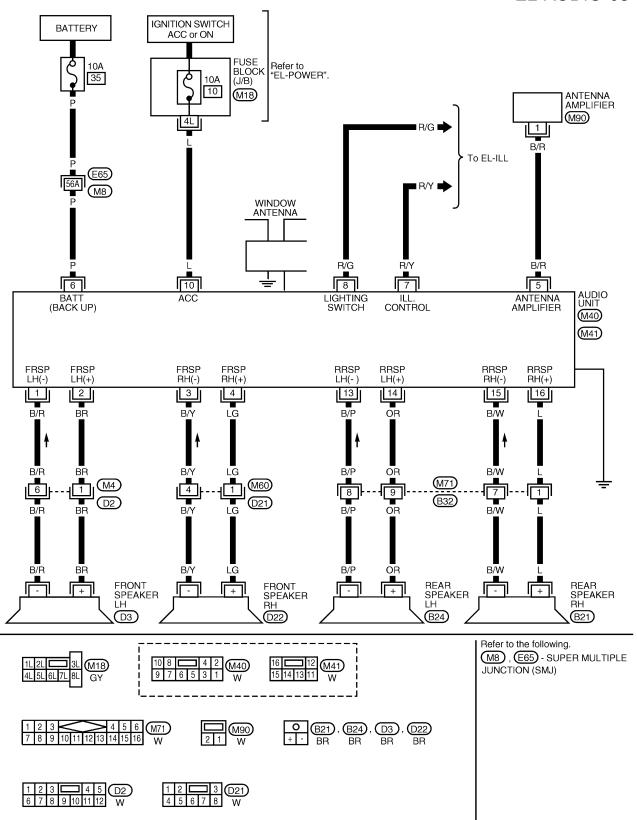
Wiring Diagram — AUDIO — (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram — AUDIO — (Cont'd)

MODELS WITH BASE AUDIO SYSTEM

EL-AUDIO-03



AUDIO

Trouble Diagnoses

AUDIO UNIT

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Audio unit inoperative (no digital display and no sound from speakers).	1. 10A fuse 2. Poor audio unit case ground 3. Audio unit	1. Check 10A fuse [No. 10], located in fuse block (J/B)]. Turn ignition switch ON and verify that battery positive voltage is present at terminal 10 of audio unit. 2. Check audio unit case ground. 3. Remove audio unit for repair.
Audio unit controls are operational, but no sound is heard from any speaker.	Audio unit output Audio unit	Check audio unit output voltage. Remove audio unit for repair.
Audio unit presets are lost when ignition switch is turned OFF.	1. 10A fuse 2. Audio unit	Check 10A fuse (No. 35, located in fuse and fusible link box) and verify that battery positive voltage is present at terminal 6 of audio unit. Remove audio unit for repair.
Individual speaker is noisy or inoperative.	Speaker Audio unit output Speaker circuit Audio unit	Check speaker. Check audio unit output voltages. Check wires for open or short between audio unit and speaker. Remove audio unit for repair.
Radio stations are weak or noisy	Window antenna Poor audio unit ground Audio unit	Check window antenna. Check audio unit ground. Remove audio unit for repair.
FM stations are weak or noisy (AM stations OK). (For premium audio system)	Window antenna Audio unit	Check window antenna. Remove audio unit for repair.
Radio generates noise in AM and FM modes with engine running.	Poor audio unit ground Loose or missing ground bonding straps Ignition condenser or rear window defogger noise suppressor condenser Generator Ignition coil or secondary wiring Audio unit	Check audio unit ground. Check ground bonding straps. Replace ignition condenser or rear window defogger noise suppressor condenser. Check generator. Check ignition coil and secondary wiring. Remove audio unit for repair.
Radio generates noise in AM and FM modes with accessories on (switch pops and motor noise).	Poor audio unit ground Window antenna Accessory ground Faulty accessory	Check audio unit ground. Check window antenna. Check accessory ground. Replace accessory.

BR

ST

RS

BT

HA

EL

Inspection

SPEAKER

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness connector.
- 2. Measure the resistance between speaker terminals \oplus and \bigcirc .
- The resistance should be 2 4Ω .
- 3. Using jumper wires, momentarily connect a 9V battery between speaker terminals (+) and (-).
- A momentary hum or pop should be heard.

ANTENNA

Using a jumper wire, clip an auxiliary ground between antenna and body.

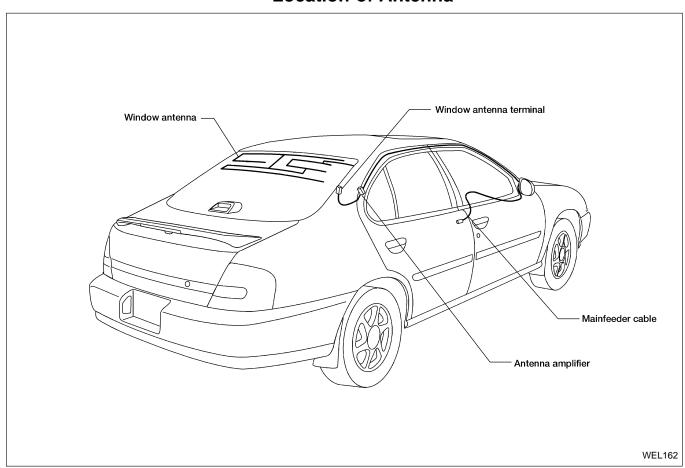
- If reception improves, check antenna ground (at body surface).
- If reception does not improve, check main feeder cable for short circuit or open circuit.

AUDIO UNIT

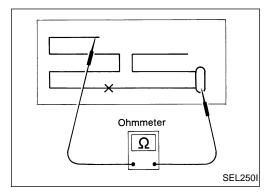
All voltage inspections are made with:

- Ignition switch ON or ACC
- Audio unit ON
- Audio unit connected (If removed for inspection, supply a ground to the case using a jumper wire).

Location of Antenna



AUDIO ANTENNA



Window Antenna Repair

ELEMENT CHECK

1. Attach probe circuit tester (in ohm range) to antenna terminal on each side.

MA

EM

When measuring continuity, wrap tin foil around the top of probe. Then press the foil against the wire with your finger.

EC

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CL

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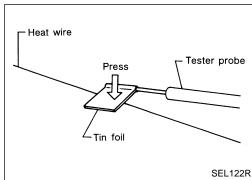
RS

BT

HA

EL

IDX



Ohmmeter Ω

No continuity

Ohmmeter Ω

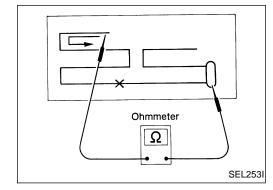
Continuity exist

Breakpoint

Breakpoint

SEL252I

2. If an element is broken, no continuity will exist.

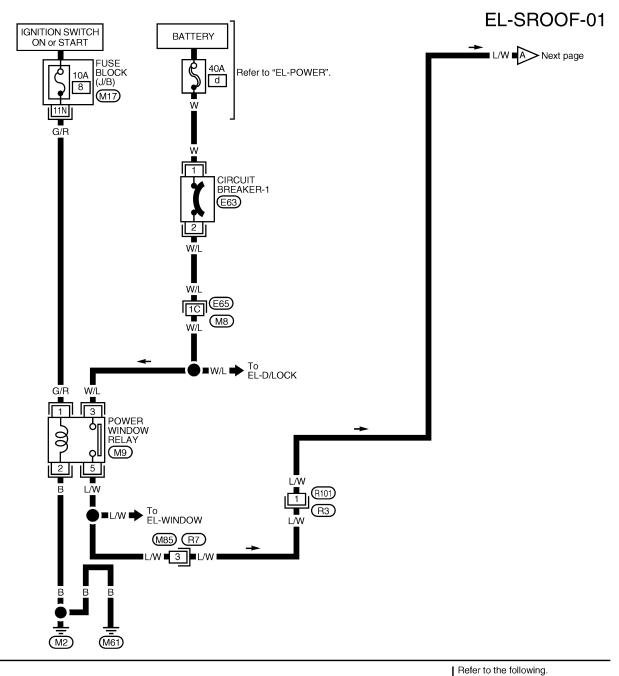


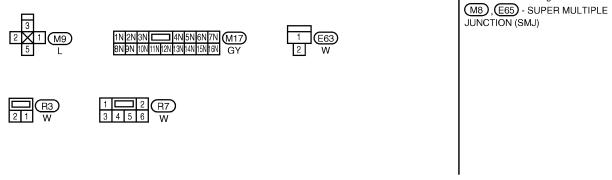
To locate broken point, move probe along element. Tester needle will swing abruptly when probe passes the point.

ELEMENT REPAIR

Refer to "Filament Repair", "REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER" (EL-143).

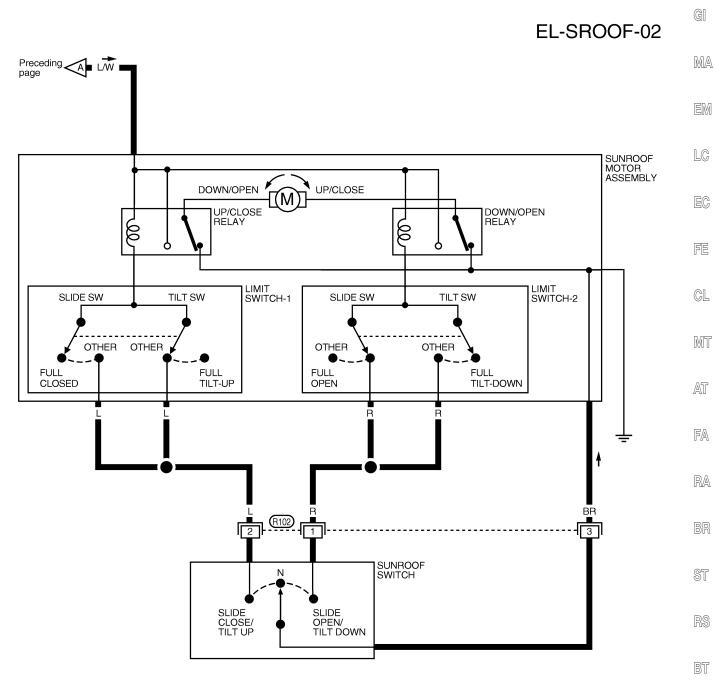
Wiring Diagram — SROOF —





ELECTRIC SUNROOF

Wiring Diagram — SROOF — (Cont'd)





LC

EC

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ST

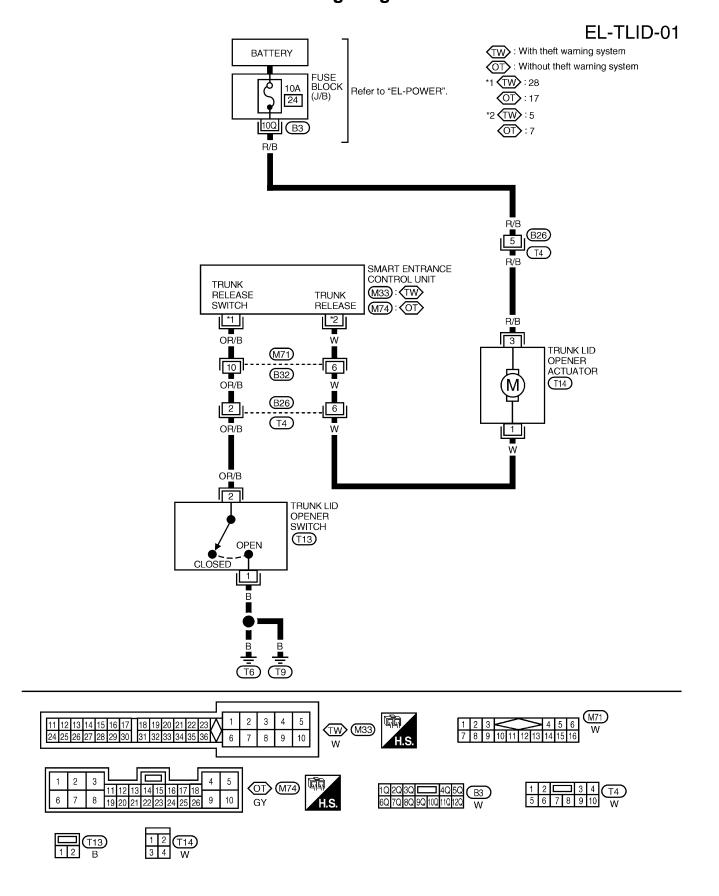
BT

HA

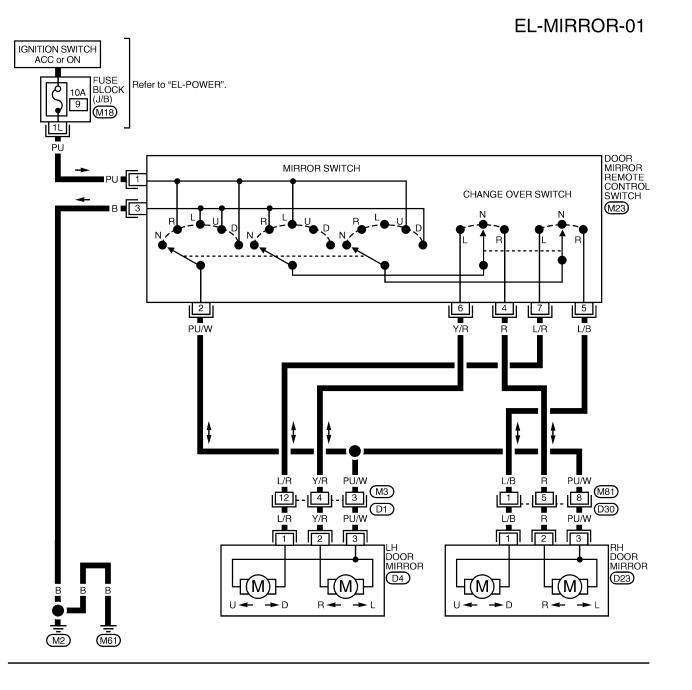
EL

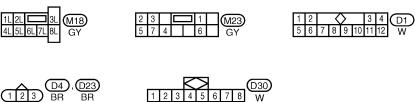
^{*:} This connector is not shown in "HARNESS LAYOUT" of EL section.

Wiring Diagram — TLID



Wiring Diagram — MIRROR —





WEL042

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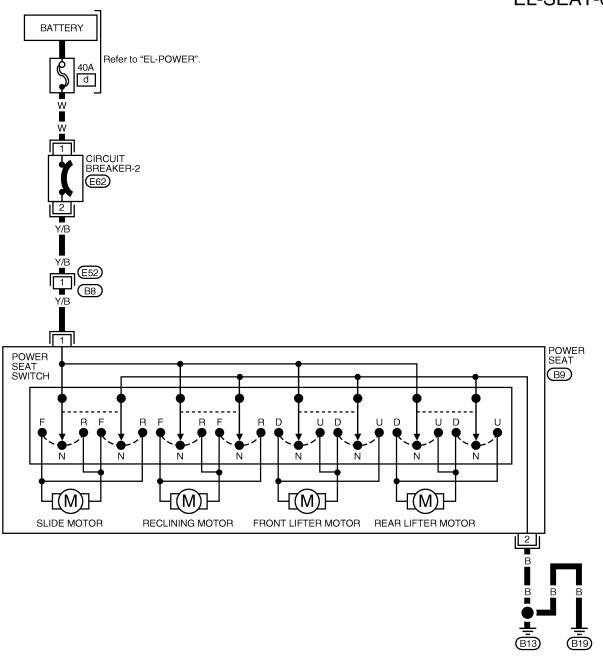
BT

HA

EL

Wiring Diagram — SEAT —

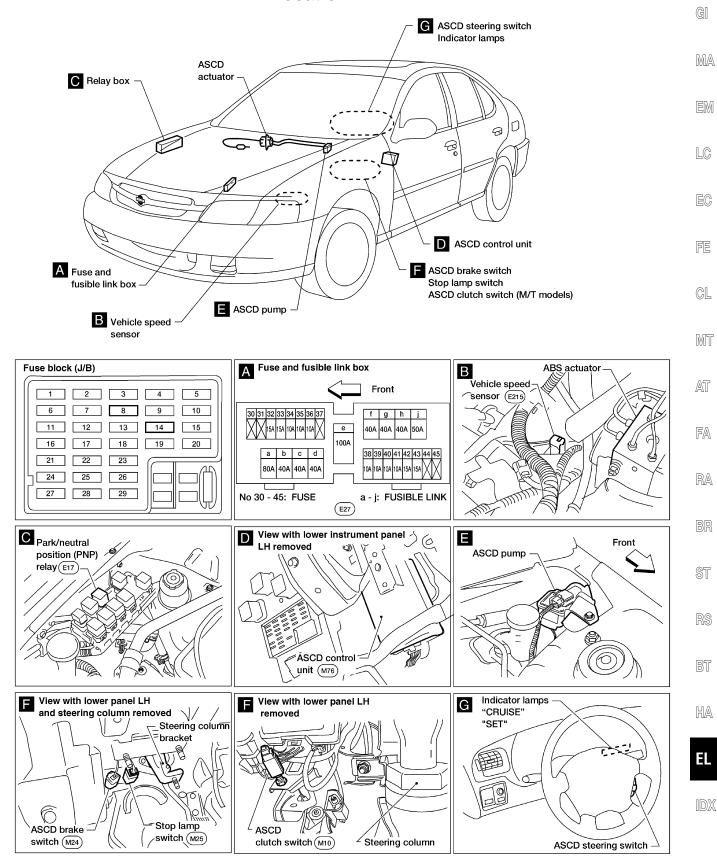
EL-SEAT-01







Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



System Description

Refer to Owner's Manual for ASCD operating instructions.

POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND

When the ignition switch is in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse [No. 8, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to ASCD control unit terminal 5

Ground is supplied:

- to ASCD control unit terminal 17
- through body grounds (M2) and (M61).

When ASCD main switch is depressed (ON), ground is supplied

- to ASCD control unit terminal (24)
- through ASCD steering switch terminal (4) and
- through ASCD control unit terminal ①

and then CRUISE indicator illuminates.

OPERATION

Set Operation

To activate the ASCD, all of following conditions must exist.

- ASCD control unit receives ASCD main switch ON signal
- Power supply to ASCD control unit terminal ® [Brake and clutch pedal are released (M/T models), or brake pedal is released and A/T selector lever is in other than P and N position (A/T models).]
- Vehicle speed is between 48 km/h (30 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH). (Signal from combination meter) When the SET/COAST switch is pressed, ASCD control unit receives SET/COAST signal and then ASCD pump is activated to control throttle wire and SET indicator illuminates.

A/T Overdrive Control during Cruise Control Driving

When the RESUME/ACCEL switch is pressed, a signal is sent

- From ASCD control unit terminal ¹⁰
- To TCM (transmission control module) terminal 24.

When this occurs, the TCM (transmission control module) cancels overdrive. When the RESUME/ACCEL switch is released, overdrive is reactivated.

In RESUME mode when vehicle speed is approximately 3 km/h (2 MPH) below memory speed, over-drive is reactivated.

Coast Operation

When the SET/COAST switch is pressed during cruise control driving, ASCD actuator returns the throttle cable to decrease vehicle set speed until the switch is released. Then the ASCD will keep the new set speed.

If SET/COAST switch is pressed and released quickly during cruise control driving, vehicle set speed will be reduced by 1.6 km/h (1 MPH).

Accel Operation

When the RESUME/ACCEL switch is pressed during cruise control driving, ASCD actuator pulls the throttle cable to increase vehicle set speed until the switch is released. Then the ASCD will keep the new set speed.

If RESUME/ACCEL switch is pressed and released quickly during cruise control driving, vehicle set speed will increase by 1.6 km/h (1 MPH).

Cancel Operation

When any of following condition exists, cruise operation will be canceled.

- CANCEL switch is pressed.
- Brake pedal is pressed. (Power supply to ASCD control unit terminal (2) from stop lamp switch)
- Brake or clutch pedal is pressed (M/T models), or brake pedal is pressed or A/T selector lever is shifted to P or N position. (Power supply to ASCD control unit terminal ® is interrupted.)

If MAIN switch is turned to OFF when ASCD is activated, all of ASCD operation will be canceled and vehicle speed memory will be erased.

System Description (Cont'd)

Resume Operation

When the RESUME/ACCEL switch is pressed after cancel operation other than pressing MAIN switch is performed, vehicle speed will return to last set speed. To resume vehicle set speed, vehicle condition must meet following conditions.

- Brake pedal is released.
- Clutch pedal is released. (M/T models)
- A/T selector lever is in other than P and N position. (A/T models)
- Vehcile speed is between 48 km/h (30 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH).

ASCD PUMP OPERATION

The ASCD pump consists of a vacuum motor, an air valve and a release valve. When the ASCD activates, power is supplied:

- from ASCD control unit terminal (12)
- to ASCD pump terminal 1.

Ground is supplied to vacuum motor, air valve and release valve from ASCD control unit depending on the operated condition as shown in the below table.

The pump is connected to ASCD actuator by vacuum hose. When the ASCD pump is activated, the ASCD pumps vacuum to the diaphragm of ASCD actuator to control throttle cable.

		Air valve (*1)	Release valve (*1)	Vacuum motor	Actuator inner pressure
ASCD not operating		Open	Open	Stopped	Atmosphere
	Releasing throttle cable	Open	Closed	Stopped	Vacuum
ASCD operating	Holding throttle position	Closed	Closed	Stopped	Vacuum (*2)
	Pulling throttle cable	Closed	Closed	Operated	Vacuum

^{*1:} When power and ground is supplied, valve is closed.

EL

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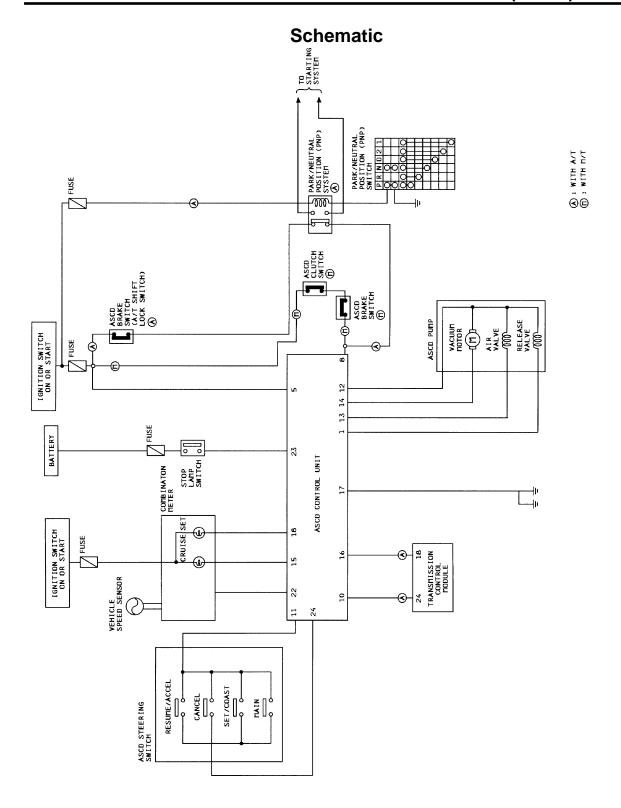
FA

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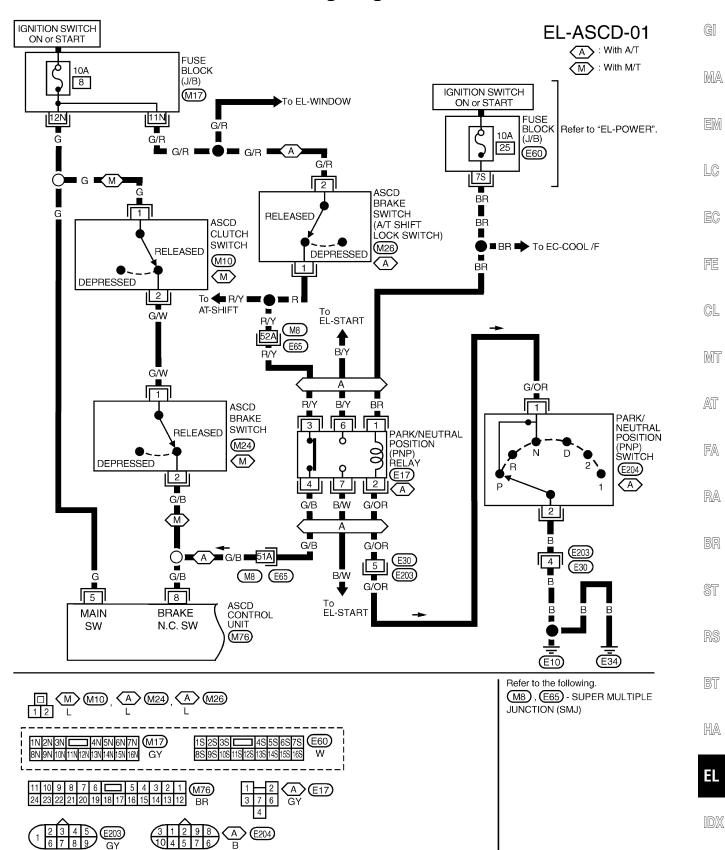
BR

EL-159

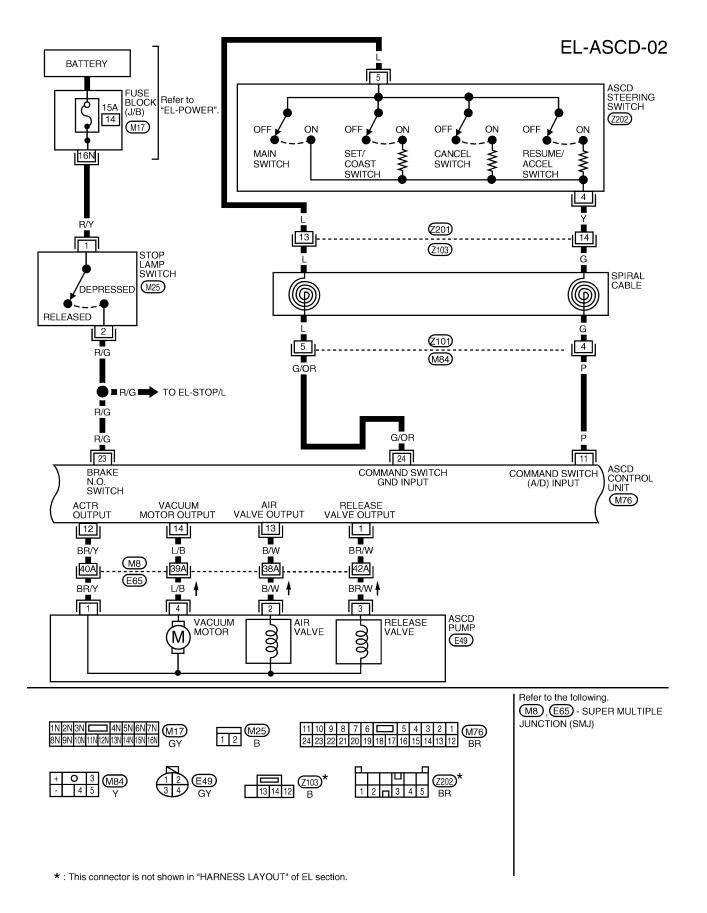
^{*2:} Set position held.



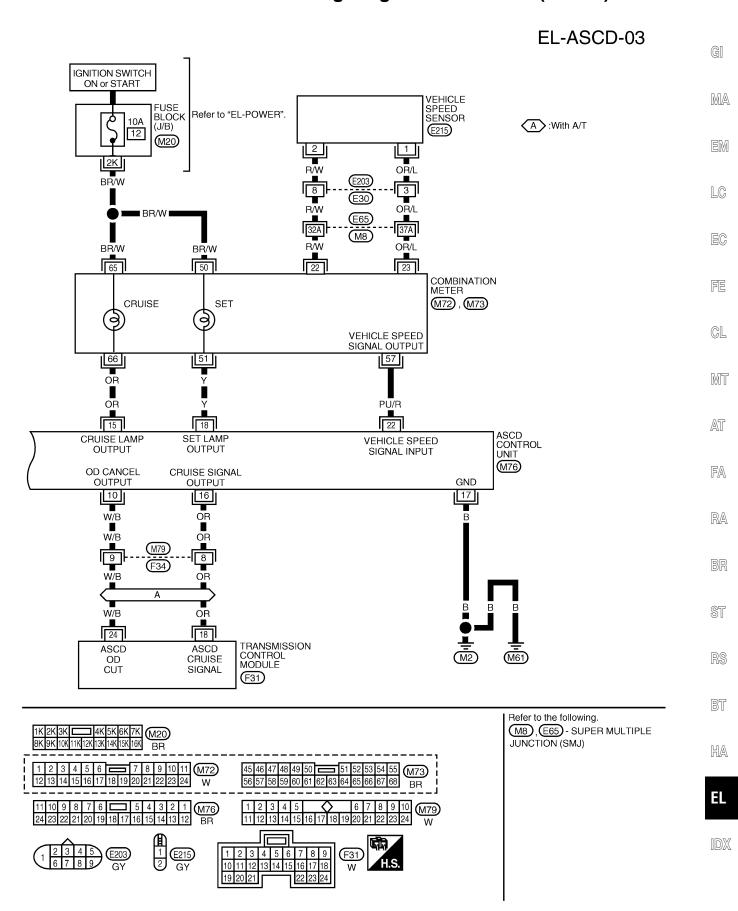
Wiring Diagram — ASCD —

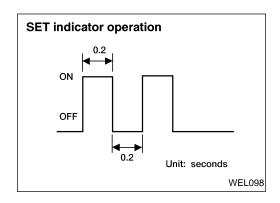


Wiring Diagram — ASCD — (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram — ASCD — (Cont'd)



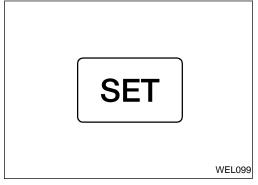


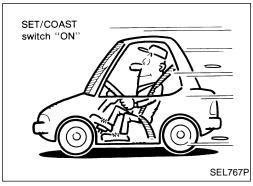
Fail-safe System Description

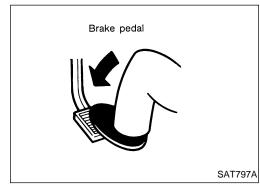
When the fail-safe system senses a malfunction, it deactivates ASCD operation. The SET indicator in the combination meter will then flash.

MALFUNCTION DETECTION CONDITIONS

Detection conditions	ASCD operation during malfunction detection
 ASCD steering (RESUME/ACCEL, CANCEL, SET/COAST) switch is stuck. Vacuum motor ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Air valve ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Release valve ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Vehicle speed sensor is faulty. ASCD control unit internal circuit is malfunctioning. 	 ASCD is deactivated. Vehicle speed memory is canceled.
ASCD brake switch or stop lamp switch is faulty.	ASCD is deactivated.Vehicle speed memory is not canceled.







Fail-Safe System Check

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Turn ASCD main switch to ON position and check if the "SET indicator" blinks.

If the indicator lamp blinks, check the following.

- ASCD steering switch. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE 3" (EL-169).
- Drive the vehicle at more than 48 km/h (30 MPH) and push SET/COAST switch.

If the indicator lamp blinks, check the following:

- Vehicle speed sensor. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE 4" (EL-170).
- ASCD pump circuit. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5" (EL-171).
- Replace control unit.
- Depress brake pedal slowly (brake pedal should be depressed more than 5 seconds).

If the indicator lamp blinks, check the following:

- ASCD brake/stop lamp switch. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2" (EL-168).

END. (System is OK.)

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Trouble Diagnoses

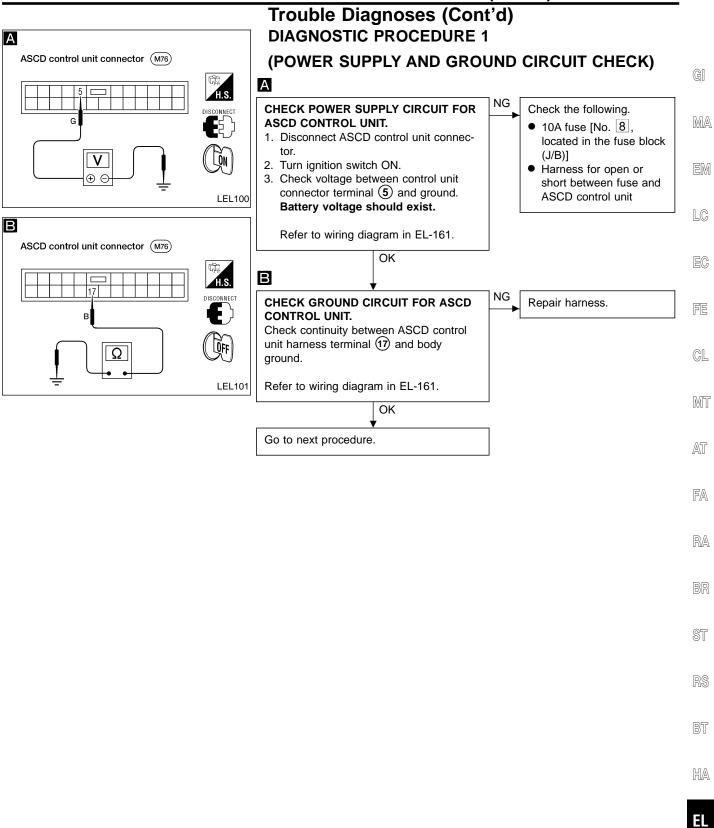
SYMPTOM CHART

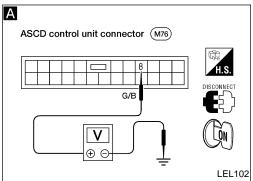
PROCEDURE	_			Diagnostic	c procedure		
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-165	EL-167	EL-168	EL-169	EL-170	EL-171	EL-172
SYMPTOM	Fail-safe system check	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 (POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 (ASCD BRAKE/STOP LAMP SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3 (ASCD STEERING SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4 (VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5 (ASCD PUMP CIRCUIT CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 6 (ASCD ACTUATOR/PUMP CHECK)
ASCD cannot be set. ("CRUISE" indicator lamp does not illuminate.)		X		X ★ 3			
ASCD cannot be set. ("SET" indicator lamp does not blink.)			х	Х	Х		
ASCD cannot be set. ("SET" indicator lamp blinks.★1)	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	
Vehicle speed does not decrease after SET/COAST switch has been pressed.				Х			Х
Vehicle speed does not return to the set speed after RESUME/ACCEL switch has been pressed.★2				X			х
Vehicle speed does not increase after RESUME/ACCEL switch has been pressed.				Х			Х
System is not released after CAN- CEL switch (steering) has been pressed.				Х			Х
Large difference between set speed and actual vehicle speed.					Х	Х	Х
Deceleration is greatest immediately after ASCD has been set.					Х	Х	Х

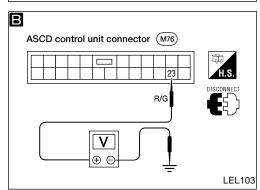
^{★1:} It indicates that system is in fail-safe. After completing diagnostic procedures, perform "Fail-Safe System Check" (EL-165) to verify repairs.

^{★2:} If vehicle speed is greater than 48 km/h (30 MPH) after system has been released, pressing RESUME/ACCEL switch returns vehicle speed to the set speed previously achieved. However, doing so when the ASCD main switch is turned to "OFF", vehicle speed will not return to the set speed since the memory is canceled.

^{★3:} Check only main switch built-in steering switch.







Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 (ASCD BRAKE/STOP LAMP SWITCH CHECK)

Α

В

OK.

CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH CIR-CUIT.

- 1. Disconnect control unit connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between control unit connector terminal (8) and ground. When brake pedal or clutch pedal (M/T) is depressed or A/T selector lever (A/T) is in N or P range:

Approx. 0V

When brake pedal and clutch pedal (M/T) are released or A/T selector lever (A/T) is not in N or P range:

OK

Battery voltage should exist.

Refer to wiring diagram in EL-161.

Check the following.

NG

NG

- ASCD brake switch Refer to "Electrical Components Inspection", EL-174.
- ASCD clutch switch (M/T model)
 Refer to "Electrical Components Inspection",
 EL-174.
- Park/neutral position (PNP) switch (A/T model)
 Refer to "Electrical Components Inspection", EL-174.
- Harness for open or short

CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH CIRCUIT.

- 1. Disconnect control unit connector.
- 2. Check voltage between control unit terminal (23) and ground.

Cond	Voltage [V]	
Stop lamp	Depressed	Approx. 12
switch	Released	0

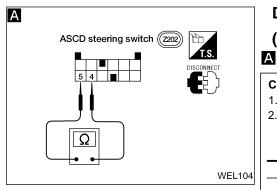
OK

Refer to wiring diagram in EL-162.

→
ASCD brake/stop lamp switch circuit is

Check the following.

- 15A fuse [No. 14], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- Harness for open or short between ASCD control unit and stop lamp switch
- Harness for open or short between fuse and stop lamp switch
- Stop lamp switch Refer to "Electrical Components Inspection", EL-174.



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3

(ASCD STEERING SWITCH CHECK)

NG CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH. Replace ASCD steering 1. Disconnect ASCD steering switch. switch. 2. Measure resistance between ASCD

pushing each switch. Switch Resistance (Ω) MAIN SET/COAST 1,470 - 1,530 RESUME/ACCEL 3,234 - 3,366 CANCEL 4,998 - 5,202 Refer to wiring diagram in EL-162.

steering switch terminals 4 and 5 by

Check harness for open or short between ASCD steering switch and ASCD control unit.

OK

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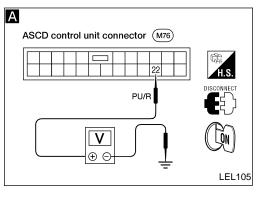
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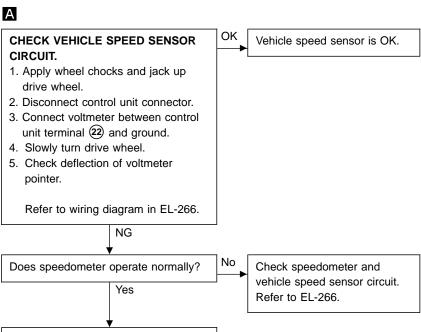
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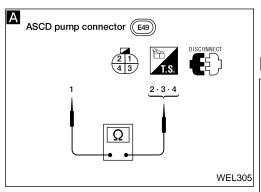
Check harness for open or short between ASCD control unit terminal 22 and combination meter terminal

(57).



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)
DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4
(VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CHECK)





Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5 (ASCD PUMP CIRCUIT CHECK)

Α

CHECK ASCD PUMP.

- 1. Disconnect ASCD pump connector.
- 2. Measure resistance between ASCD pump terminals 1 and 2, 3, 4.

Terminals		Resistance $[\Omega]$	
	4	Approx. 11.8	
1	2	Approx. 67	
	3	Approx. 67.3	
Refer to wiring diagram in EL-162			

Refer to wiring diagram in EL-162.

OK

Check harness for open or short between ASCD pump and ASCD control unit.

Replace ASCD pump.

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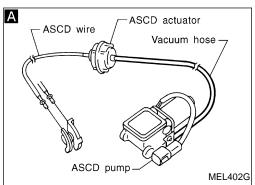
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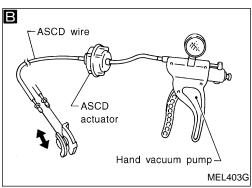
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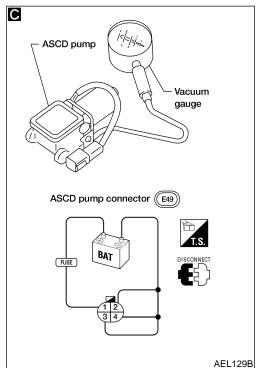
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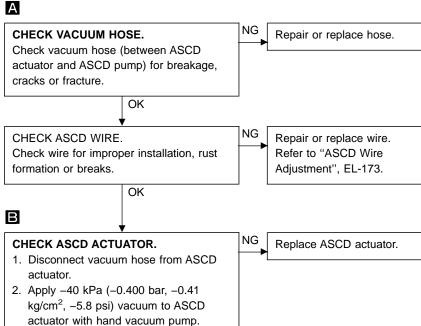
ΕL







Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 6 (ASCD ACTUATOR/PUMP CHECK)



Replace ASCD pump.

ASCD wire should move to pull throttle drum.
3. Wait 10 seconds and check for

decrease in vacuum pressure.

Vacuum pressure decrease: Less than 2.7 kPa (0.0270 bar, 0.028 kg/cm², 0.39 psi)

OK

С

CHECK ASCD PUMP.

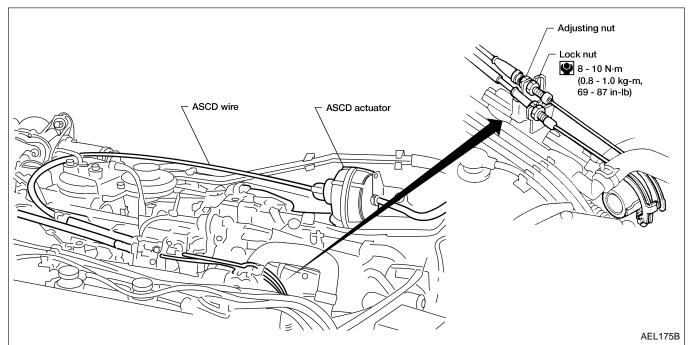
- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose from ASCD pump and ASCD pump connector.
- 2. If necessary remove ASCD pump.
- Connect vacuum gauge to ASCD pump.
- 4. Apply 12V direct current to ASCD pump and check operation.

	12V direct current sup- ply terminals		Operation
	\oplus \ominus		
Air valve		2	Close
Release valve	1	3	Close
Vacuum motor		4	Operate

A vacuum pressure of at least -35 kPa (-0.350 bar, -0.36 kg/cm², -5.1 psi) should be generated.

INSPECTION END

ASCD Wire Adjustment



CAUTION:

- Be careful not to twist ASCD wire when removing it.
- Do not tense ASCD wire excessively during adjustment.

Adjust the tension of ASCD wire in the following manner.

- (1) Loosen lock nut and adjusting nut.
- (2) Make sure that accelerator wire is properly adjusted. Refer to FE-3 section ("ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM").
- (3) Tighten adjusting nut just until throttle drum starts to move.
- (4) Loosen adjusting nut again 1/2 to 1 turn.
- (5) Tighten lock nut.

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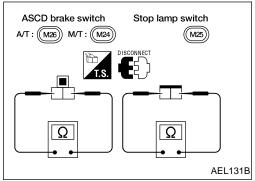
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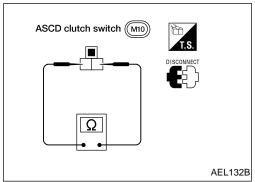
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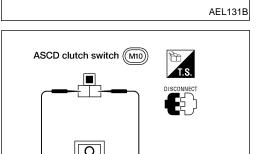
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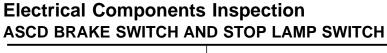
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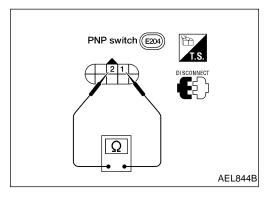


	Continuity		
Condition	ASCD brake switch	Stop lamp switch	
When brake pedal is depressed	No	Yes	
When brake pedal is released	Yes	No	

Check each switch after adjusting brake pedal — refer to BR section.

ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH (For M/T models)

Condition	Continuity
When clutch pedal is depressed	No
When clutch pedal is released	Yes



PARK/NEUTRAL POSITION (PNP) SWITCH (For A/T models)

A/T collector lover position	Continuity
A/T selector lever position	Between terminals 1 and 2
"P"	Yes
"N"	Yes
Except "P" and "N"	No

System Description

With ignition switch in ON or START position, power is supplied:	GI MA
 through 10A fuse [No. 8 located in the fuse block (J/B)] to power window relay terminal 1. Ground is supplied to power window relay terminal 2: through body grounds (M2) and (M61). 	EM
 The power window relay is energized and power is supplied: through power window relay terminal (5) to main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (2). 	LC EC
MANUAL OPERATION	FE
Front door LH Ground is supplied: to main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal ① through body grounds (M2) and (M61).	CL
WINDOW UP	MT
When the front LH switch in the main power window and door lock/unlock switch is pressed in the un-	AT
 through power window main switch terminal 12. Ground is supplied: 	FA
 to front power window motor LH terminal ① through power window main switch terminal ⑥. Then, the motor raises the window until the switch is released. 	RA
WINDOW DOWN When the LH switch in the main power window and door lock/unlock switch is pressed in the down position, power is supplied:	BR
 to front power window motor LH terminal ① through power window main switch terminal ⑥. Ground is supplied: 	ST
 to front power window motor LH terminal ② through power window main switch terminal ②. Then, the motor lowers the window until the switch is released. 	RS
	BT
Ground is supplied:	HA
NOTE.	EL
Numbers in parentheses are terminal numbers, when power window switch is pressed in the UP and DOWN positions respectively.	IDX

MAIN SWITCH OPERATION

Power is supplied:

through main power window and door lock/unlock switch (14), (3)
to front power window switch RH [\$\oldsymbol{5}\$, (2) (with power door locks) or (2), (4) (without power door locks)].
The subsequent operation is the same as the power window switch operation.

System Description (Cont'd)

POWER WINDOW SWITCH OPERATION

Power is supplied:

- through front power window switch [6, 3 (with power door locks) or 6, 5 (without power door locks)]
- to front power window motor RH (2), (1).

Ground is supplied:

- to front power window motor RH (1), (2)
- to front power window switch [3, 6) (with power door locks) or 5, 6) (without power door locks)]
- through front power window switch [2, 5) (with power door locks) or 4, 2) without power door locks)]
- through power window main switch (13, 14).

Then, the motor raises or lowers the window until the switch is released.

Rear door

Rear door windows will raise and lower in the same manner as front door RH window.

AUTO OPERATION

The power window AUTO feature enables the driver to lower the driver's window without holding the window switch in the down position.

The AUTO feature only operates on the driver's window downward movement.

POWER WINDOW LOCK

The power window lock is designed to lock operation of all windows except for driver's door window. When the lock switch is pressed to lock position, ground of the power window switches in the main power window and door lock/unlock switch is disconnected. This prevents the power window motors from operating.

NOTES

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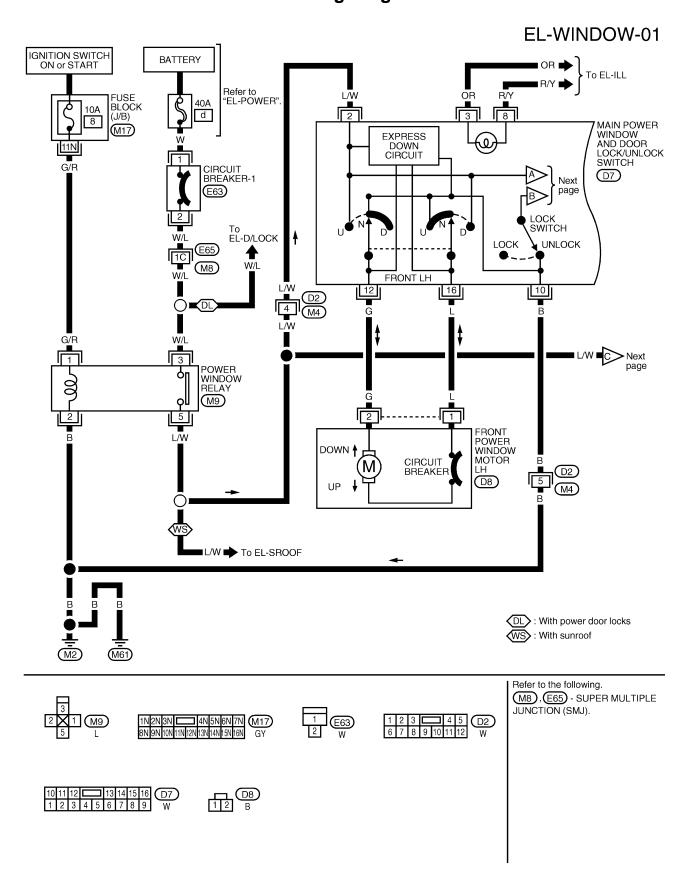
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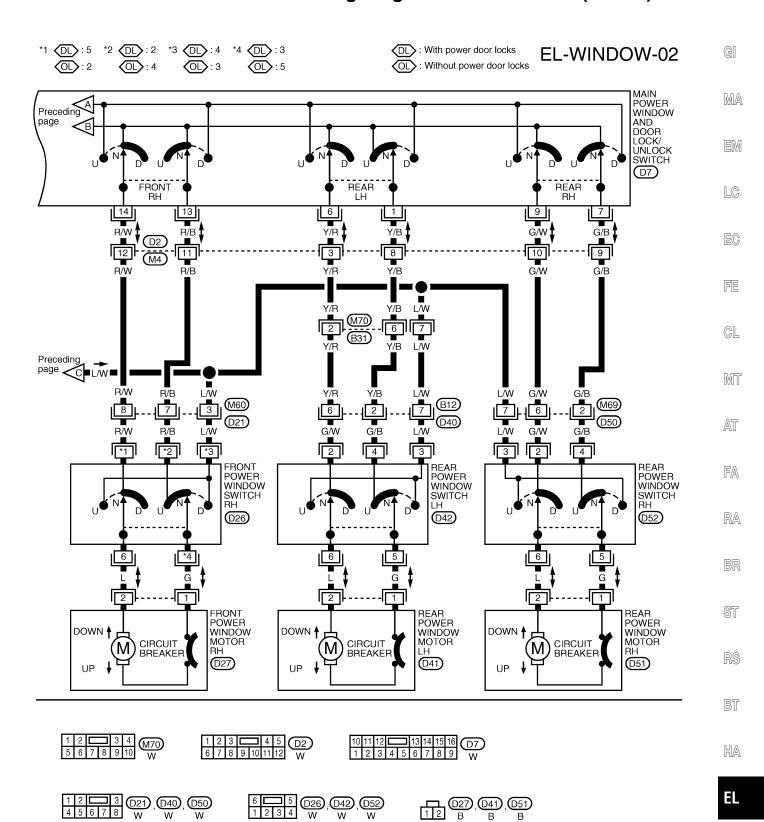
HA

EL

Wiring Diagram — WINDOW —



Wiring Diagram — WINDOW — (Cont'd)

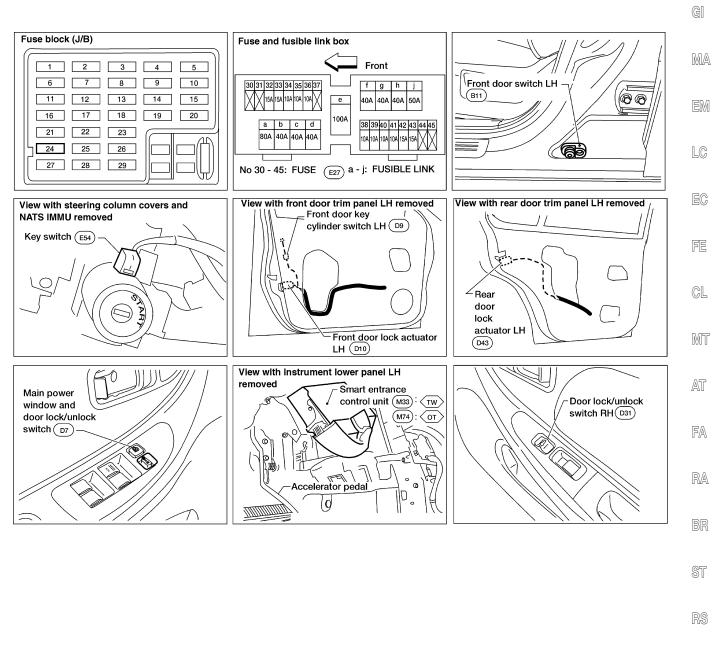


Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order
None of the power windows can be operated using any switch.	1. 10A fuse, 40A fusible link and (E63) circuit breaker	1. Check 10A fuse (No. 8, located in fuse block [J/B]), 40A fusible link (letter d, located in fuse and fusible link box) and 63 circuit breaker. Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 2 of main power window switch.
	2. Power window relay ground circuit	2. Check power window relay ground circuit.
	Power window relay Open/short in main power window switch circuit	3. Check power window relay.4. Check L/W wire between power window relay and main power window switch for open/short circuit.
	5. Main power window switch ground circuit.6. Main power window switch.	5. Check main power window switch ground circuit.6. Check main power window switch.
Driver side power window cannot be operated but other windows can be operated.	Driver side power window motor circuit	Check harness between main power window switch and front power window motor LH for open or short circuit.
	2. Driver side power window motor3. Main power window switch	2. Check front power window motor LH.3. Check main power window switch.
Passenger power window cannot be operated.	Passenger power window switch Passenger power window motor Main power window switch Power window circuit	 Check passenger power window switch. Check passenger power window motor. Check main power window switch. Check harnesses between main power window switch and passenger power window switch for open/short circuit. Check harnesses between passenger power window switch and passenger power window motor for open/short circuit.
Passenger power window cannot be operated using main power window switch but can be operated by passenger power window switch.	Main power window switch	Check main power window switch.
Driver side power window auto function cannot be operated using main power window switch.	Main power window switch	Check main power window switch.

Passenger refers to front RH, or rear LH or RH.

Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



⟨TW⟩: With theft warning system
⟨OT⟩: Without theft warning system

BT

HA

System Description

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 40A fusible link (Letter d, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to circuit breaker-1 terminal (1)
- through circuit breaker-1 terminal (2)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal ① (with theft warning system), ⑥ (without theft warning system).

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 10A fuse [No. 24, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to key switch terminal (2).

Ground is supplied:

- to smart entrance control unit terminal (10) (with theft warning system), (1) (without theft warning system).
- through body grounds (M2) and (M61).

INPUT

Power is supplied through key switch terminal ① to smart entrance control unit terminal ② (with theft warning system), ① (without theft warning system) when the ignition key is inserted in the key switch. Ground is supplied:

- to smart entrance control unit terminal (15) or (16) (with theft warning system), (25) or (26) (without theft warning system).
- through door switch terminal (1) when door is open.

Ground is supplied (Models with theft warning system):

- to smart entrance control unit terminal (31)
- from front LH door key cylinder switch terminal (3) or RH door key cylinder switch terminal (1)
- through front LH or RH door key cylinder switch terminal ② when door key cylinder is BETWEEN FULL STROKE AND N (to unlock position)
- through body grounds M2 and M61.

Ground is supplied (Models with theft warning system):

- to smart entrance control unit terminal 30
- from front LH door key cylinder switch terminal ① or RH door key cylinder switch terminal ③.
- through front LH or RH door key cylinder switch terminal ② when door key cylinder is BETWEEN FULL STROKE AND N (to lock position)
- through body grounds (M2) and (M61).

Ground is supplied:

- to smart entrance control unit terminal 18 or 19 (with theft warning system), 24 or 15 (without theft warning system).
- from main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (15) or (11)
- through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (10) (when switch is pressed in lock or unlock position)
- through body grounds (M2) and (M61).

Ground is supplied:

- to smart entrance control unit terminal [®] or [®] (with theft warning system), [®] or [®] (without theft warning system).
- from door lock/unlock switch RH terminal 6 or 3
- through door lock/unlock switch RH terminal (4) (when switch is pressed in lock or unlock position)
- through body grounds M2 and M61.

System Description (Cont'd)

OUTPUT

Unlock

Power is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal ③ (with theft warning system) or terminal ⑧ (without theft warning system)
- to front LH door lock actuator terminal ①.

Power is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal ②
- to front RH door lock actuator or rear door lock actuator terminals ①.

Ground is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal ④ (with theft warning system), ③ (without theft warning system).
- to all door actuator terminals (3).

With power and ground supplied, the door actuators move to the unlocked position.

Lock

Power is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal 4 (with theft warning system), 3 (without theft warning system).
- to all door actuator terminals 3.

Ground is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal ③ (with theft warning system) or terminal ⑧ (without theft warning system)
- to front LH door lock actuator terminal (1).

Ground is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal (2)
- to RH door lock actuator or rear door lock actuator terminals (1).

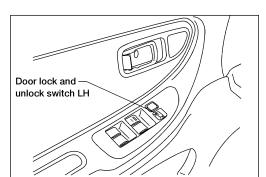
WEL309

With power and ground supplied, the door actuators move to the locked position.

OPERATION

- The lock and unlock switch (LH and RH) on door trim can lock and unlock all doors.
- With the door key inserted in the key cylinder on front LH or RH door, turning it to LOCK will lock all doors; turning it to UNLOCK once unlocks the corresponding door; turning it to UNLOCK again within 5 seconds after the first unlock operation unlocks all of the other doors (signal from front door key cylinder switch) (Models with theft warning system).

However, if the ignition key is in the ignition key cylinder and one or more of the doors are open, setting the lock and unlock switch, or the door key to LOCK locks the doors once but then immediately unlocks them (combination signals from key switch, door switches). — (KEY REMINDER DOOR SYSTEM)



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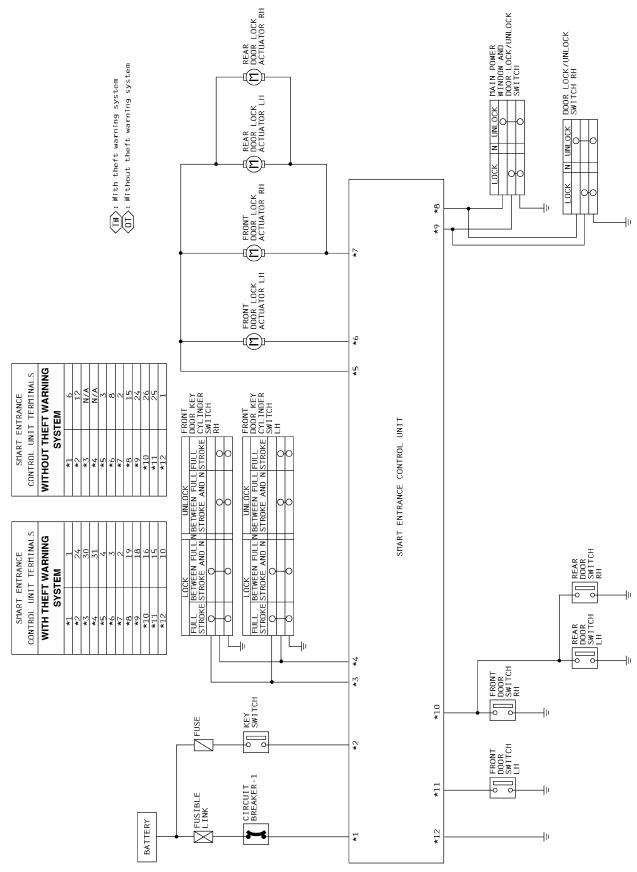
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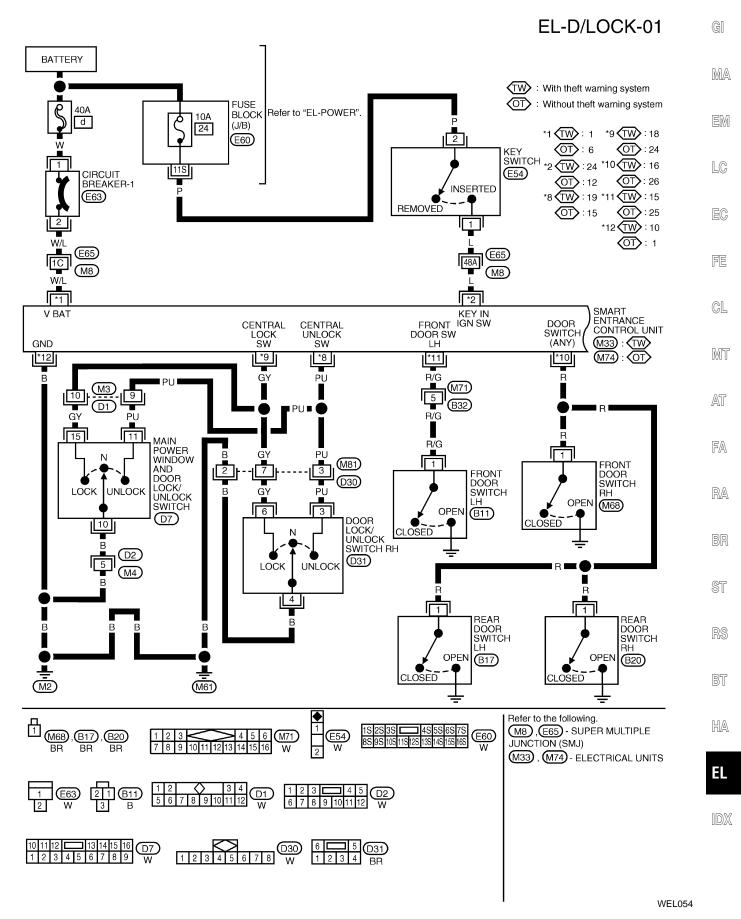
HA

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Schematic



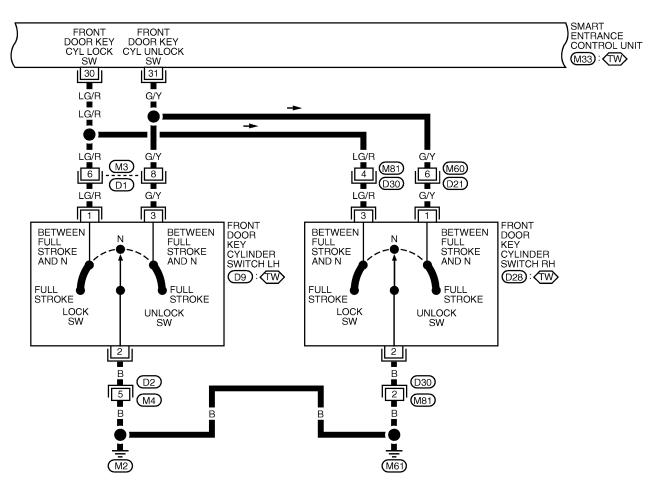
Wiring Diagram — D/LOCK —

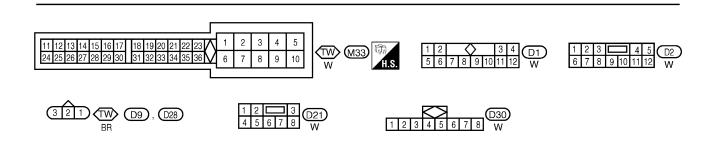


Wiring Diagram — D/LOCK — (Cont'd)

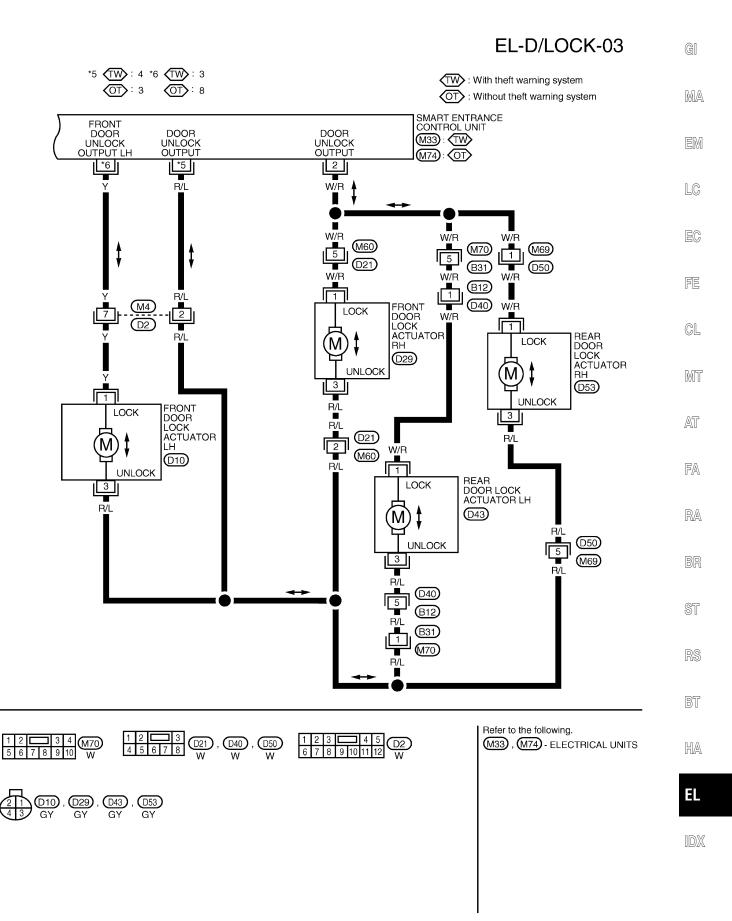
EL-D/LOCK-02

: With theft warning system





Wiring Diagram — D/LOCK — (Cont'd)

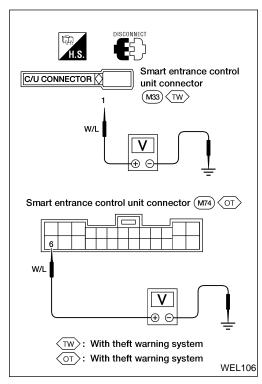


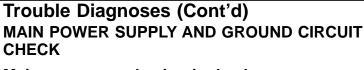
Trouble Diagnoses

SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE		supply and cuit check		Dia	agnostic proced	ure	
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-189	EL-189	EL-190	EL-191	EL-192	EL-194	EL-195
SYMPTOM	Main power supply for smart entrance control unit	Ground circuit for smart entrance control unit	Procedure 1 (Door switch check)	Procedure 2 [Key switch (insert) check]	Procedure 3 (Door lock/unlock switch check)	Procedure 4 (Front door key cylinder switch check)	Procedure 5 (Door lock actuator check)
Key reminder door system does not operate properly.	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х
One or more doors are not locked and/or unlocked.	Х	x					x
Lock & unlock switch does not operate.	Х	х			Х		
None of the doors lock/ unlock when operating front door key cylinder switch.	Х	Х				Х	

Perform "Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" before starting with power door lock diagnostic procedure.





Main power supply circuit check

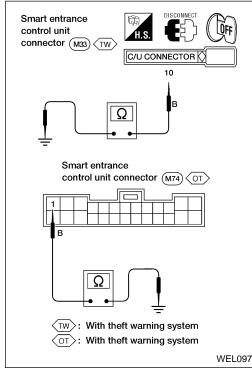
With theft warning system

Tern	ninal					
\oplus	Θ	OFF	ACC	ON		
1	Ground	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	Battery voltage		
Without t	Without theft warning system					
Tern	Terminal Ignition switch					
\oplus	Θ	OFF	ACC	ON		
		Battery	Battery	Battery		

Ground circuit check

With theft warning system

	Terminals	Continuity		
	10 - Ground	Yes		
•	Without theft warning system			
	Terminals	Continuity		
Ī	1 - Ground	Yes		



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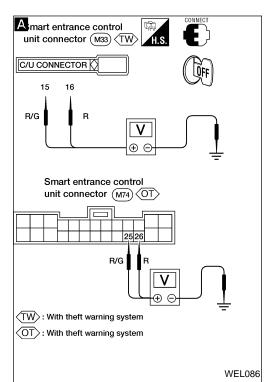
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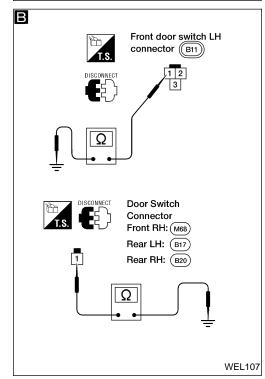
BR

ST

RS

BT





Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 (Door switch check)

Α

CHECK DOOR SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL.

Check voltage between smart entrance control unit terminals and ground.

With theft warning system

	Terminals		Condi-	Voltage
	\oplus	$ \Theta $	tion	[V]
Front	_		Open	0
LH door switch	(15)	Ground	Closed	Approx. 12
Front RH door		Open	0	
and rear door switches	16)	Ground	Closed	Approx. 12

Without theft warning sytem

	Term	Terminals		Voltage	
	\oplus	Θ	tion	[V]	
Front	_		Open	0	
LH door switch	25	Ground	Closed	Approx. 12	
Front RH door		Open	0		
and rear door switches	26	Ground	Ground	Closed	Approx. 12

NG

Refer to wiring diagram in EL-185.

В

CHECK DOOR SWITCH.

- 1. Disconnect door switch connector.
- 2. Check continuity between door switch terminals.

terminais.					
	Terminals	Condition	Continuity		
Front LH	① -	Closed	No		
door switch	Ground	Open	Yes		
Front RH door and	1) -	Closed	No		
rear door switches	Ground	Open	Yes		
		OK			

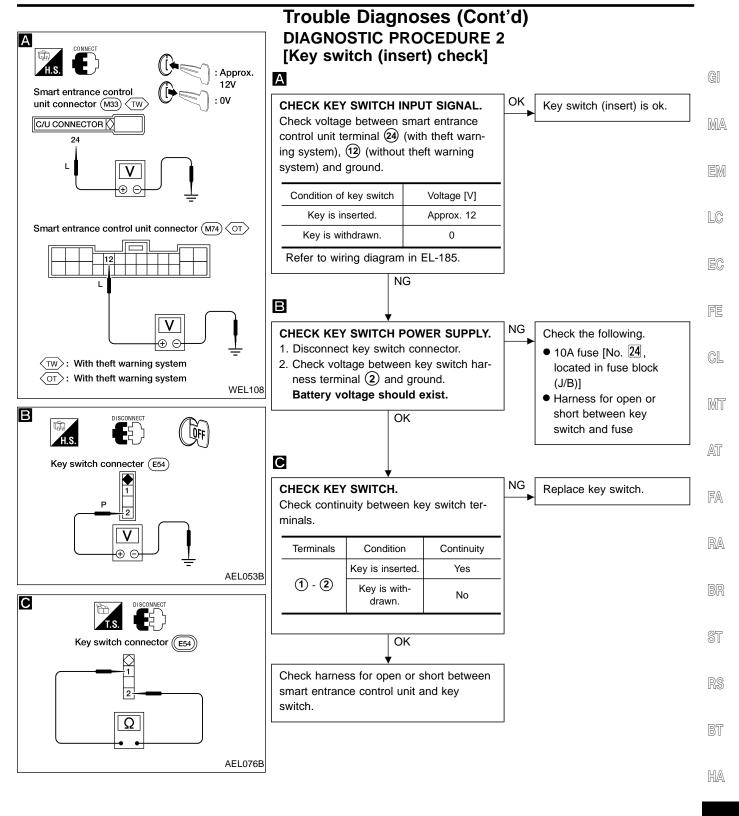
Check the following.

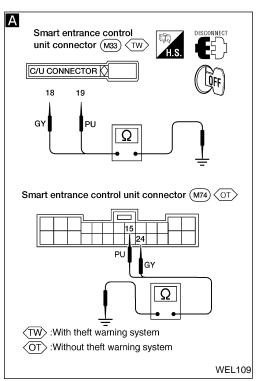
- Door switch ground condition
- Harness for open or short between smart entrance control unit and door switch

Door switch is OK.

OK

G Replace door switch.





Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3

(Door lock/unlock switch check)

Α

CHECK DOOR LOCK/UNLOCK SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL.

- 1. Disconnect smart entrance control unit connector.
- Check continuity between smart entrance control unit terminals and ground.
- With theft warning system

Terminals	Door lock/ unlock switch (LH or RH) condition	Continuity
(18) - Ground	Lock	Yes
100 - Glound	N and Unlock	No
(19) - Ground	Unlock	Yes
- Ground	N and Lock	No

Without theft warning system

Terminals	Door lock/ unlock switch (LH or RH) condition	Continuity
24 - Ground	Lock	Yes
	N and Unlock	No
(15) - Ground	Unlock	Yes
(15) - Ground	N and Unlock	No

Refer to wiring diagram in EL-185.

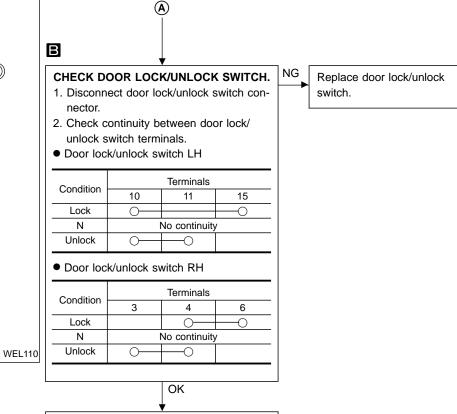
→ NG (A)

(Go to next page.)

Door lock/unlock switch is OK.

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) В (A) В Main power window and door (D7) lock/unlock switch connector LH nector. unlock switch terminals. Door lock/unlock switch LH **Terminals**

Door lock/unlock switch RH (D31)



Check the following.

- Ground circuit for door lock/unlock
- Harness for open or short between door lock/unlock switch and smart entrance control unit connector

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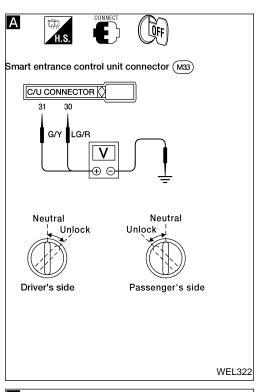
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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4** (Front door key cylinder switch check)



CHECK DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL (LOCK/UNLOCK SIG-NAL).

Check voltage between smart entrance control unit terminal 30, 31 and ground.

Terminals		Key posi- tion	Voltage [V]
31)	Ground	Neutral	Approx.
		Unlock	0
30 Ground		Neutral	Approx. 12
		Lock	0

NG

Refer to wiring diagram in EL-186.

OK Door key cylinder switch is OK.

Replace door key cylinder



CHECK DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH.

1. Disconnect door key cylinder switch connector.

2. Check continuity between door key cylinder switch terminals.

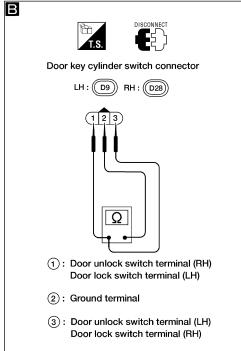
Terminals	Key position	Continuity
LH: 1 - 2	Neutral	No
RH: ③ - ②	Lock	Yes
LH: (3) - (2)	Neutral	No
RH: 1 - 2	Unlock	Yes

OK

Check the following.

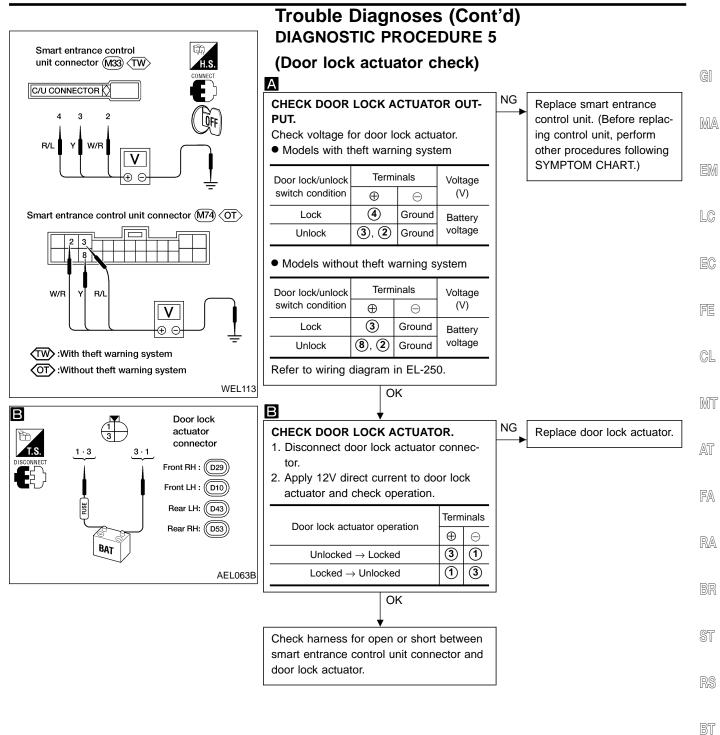
AEL845B

- Door key cylinder switch ground circuit
- Harness for open or short between smart entrance control unit and door key cylinder switch



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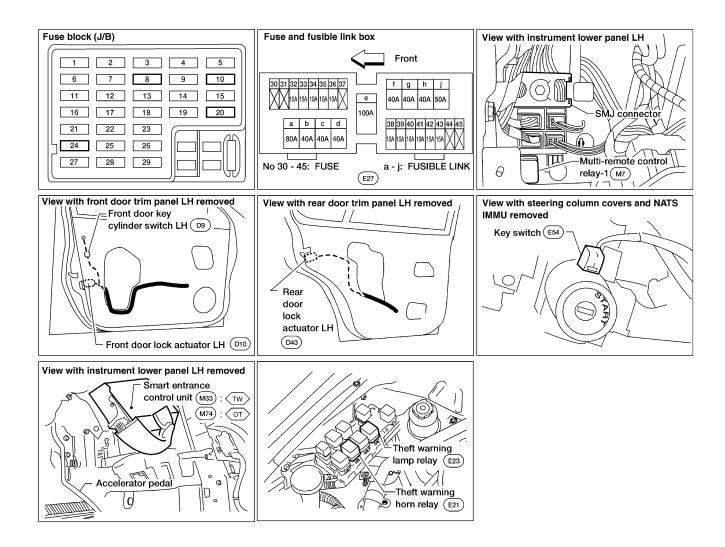
switch.



HA

IDX

Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



TW : With theft warning system

○T : Without theft warning system

System Description

Cyclem Decempater	
 Power is supplied at all times: through 40A fusible link (letter d, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to circuit breaker-1 terminal 1 	GI
 through circuit breaker-1 terminal ② to smart entrance control unit terminal ① (with theft warning system), ⑥ (without theft warning system). 	MA
Power is supplied at all times:	EM
 With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied: through 10A fuse [No. 8], located in the fuse block (J/B)] to smart entrance control unit terminal ① (with theft warning system), ② (without theft warning system) 	L©
With the ignition ewitor in the 7.00 of Ort position, power to supplied.	EC
terrij.	FE
 Ground is supplied: to smart entrance control unit terminal (1) (with theft warning system), (1) (without theft warning system). through body grounds (M2) and (M61). 	CL
	MT
 When the key switch is ON (ignition key is inserted in key cylinder), power is supplied: through key switch terminal ① to smart entrance control unit terminal ② (with theft warning system), ② (without theft warning system) 	AT
tem). When the front door switch LH is OPEN, ground is supplied: • to smart entrance control unit terminal ⊕ (with theft warning system), ⊕ (without theft warning system).	FA
through front door switch LH terminal ①	RA
 through door switch body ground. When the front door switch RH or rear door switches are OPEN, ground is supplied: to smart entrance control unit terminal (6) (with theft warning system), (20) (without theft warning system). 	BR
• through front door switch RH terminal (1) or rear door switch terminal (1)	ST
supplied	RS
• through power window main switch terminals (5) and (10)	BT
When power window main switch (door lock and unlock switch LH) is in the UNLOCK position, ground	
• to smart entrance control unit terminal (9) (with their warning system), (9) without their warning sys-	HA
• through body grounds through body grounds (M2) and (M61).	EL
Remote controller signal input: through internal antenna.	

System Description (Cont'd)

The multi-remote control system controls operation of the

- power door lock
- trunk lid opener
- interior lamp
- panic alarm
- hazard and horn reminder.

OPERATION PROCEDURE

Power Door Lock Operation

Smart entrance control unit receives a LOCK signal from remote controller. Smart entrance control unit locks all doors with input of LOCK signal from remote controller.

When an UNLOCK signal is sent from remote controller once, driver's door will be unlocked.

Then, if an UNLOCK signal is sent from remote controller again within 5 seconds, all other door will be unlocked.

When an UNLOCK signal is sent from the remote controller for longer than 1.5 seconds, all doors will be unlock.

Hazard and Horn Reminder

Power is supplied at all times

- to multi-remote control relay terminals (1), (3) and (6)
- through 10A fuse [No. 20], located in the fuse block (J/B)], and
- to horn relay terminal 2
- through 10A fuse (No. 40, located in the fusible link fuse box), and
- to theft warning horn relay terminals ① and ③
- through 10A fuse (No. 41), located in the fusible link and fuse box)

When smart entrance control unit receives LOCK or UNLOCK signal from remote controller with all doors closed, ground is supplied

- to multi-remote control relay terminal (2)
- through smart entrance control unit terminal ⑦ (with theft warning system), ⑭ (without theft warning system)
- to theft warning horn relay terminal ②
- through smart entrance control unit terminal (8) (with theft warning system), (9) (without theft warning system)

Multi-remote control relay, theft warning horn relay and horn relay are now energized, and hazard warning lamp flashes and horn sounds as a reminder.

The hazard and horn reminder has a horn chirp mode and a non-horn chip mode.

Operating function of hazard and horn reminder.

	Horn chi	rp mode	Non-horn chirp mode	
	Hazard warning lamp flash	Horn sound	Hazard warning lamp flash	Horn sound
Lock	Twice	Once	Twice	_
Unlock	Once	_	_	_

How to change hazard and horn reminder mode

When LOCK and UNLOCK signals are sent from the remote controller for more than 2 seconds at the same time, the hazard and horn reminder mode is changed and hazard warning lamp flashes 3 times.

System Description (Cont'd)

Trunk lid opener operation

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 10A fuse (No. 24, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to trunk lid opener actuator terminal 3.

When a TRUNK OPEN signal is sent with key OFF (ignition key removed from key cylinder) from remote controller, ground is supplied:

- to trunk lid opener acutator terminal ①
- through smart entrance control unit terminal (5) (with theft warning system), (7) (without theft warning system).

Then power and ground are supplied and trunk lid opener actuator opens trunk lid.

Interior lamp operation

When the following input signals are both supplied:

- key switch OFF (when ignition key is not inserted in key cylinder);
- door switch CLOSED (when all the doors are closed);
 multi-remote control system turns on the interior lamp (for 30 seconds) with input of UNLOCK signal from remote controller.

For detailed description, refer to "INTERIOR ROOM LAMP", EL-77.

Panic alarm operation

When key switch is OFF (when ignition key is not inserted in key cylinder), multi-remote control system turns on and off the horn and headlamp intermittently with input of PANIC ALARM signal from remote controller.

For detailed description, refer to "THEFT WARNING SYSTEM", EL-219.

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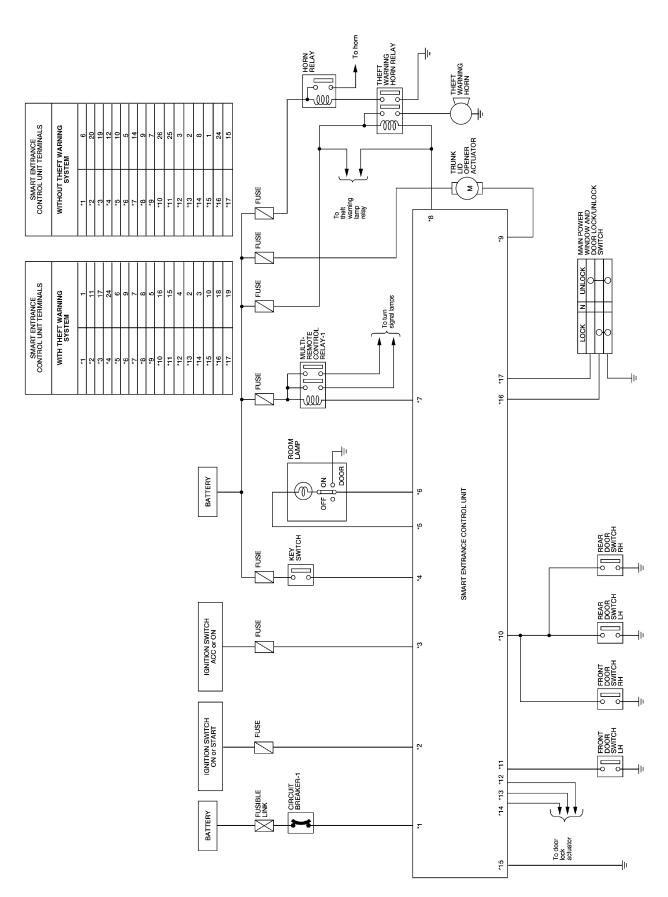
RS

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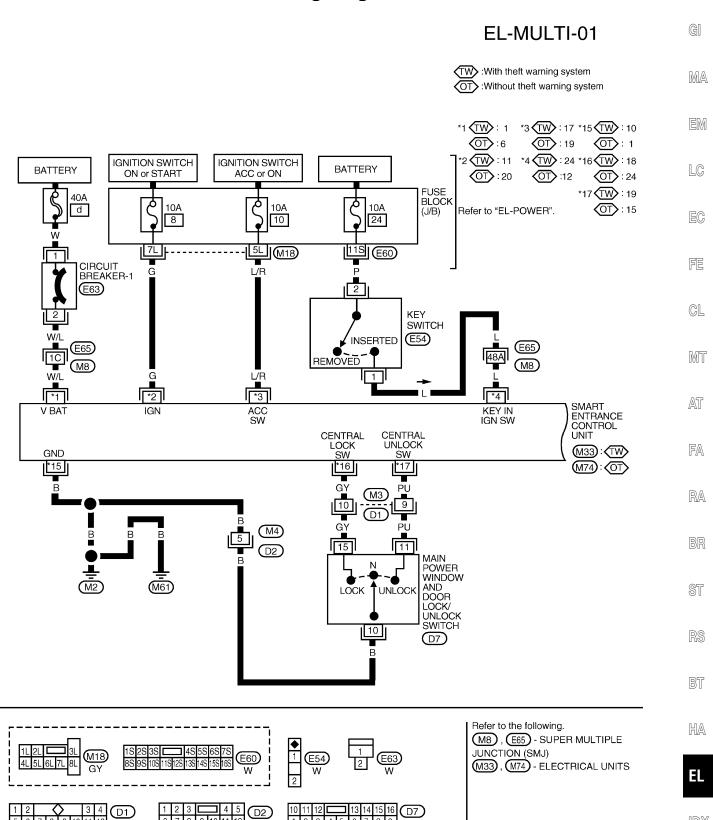
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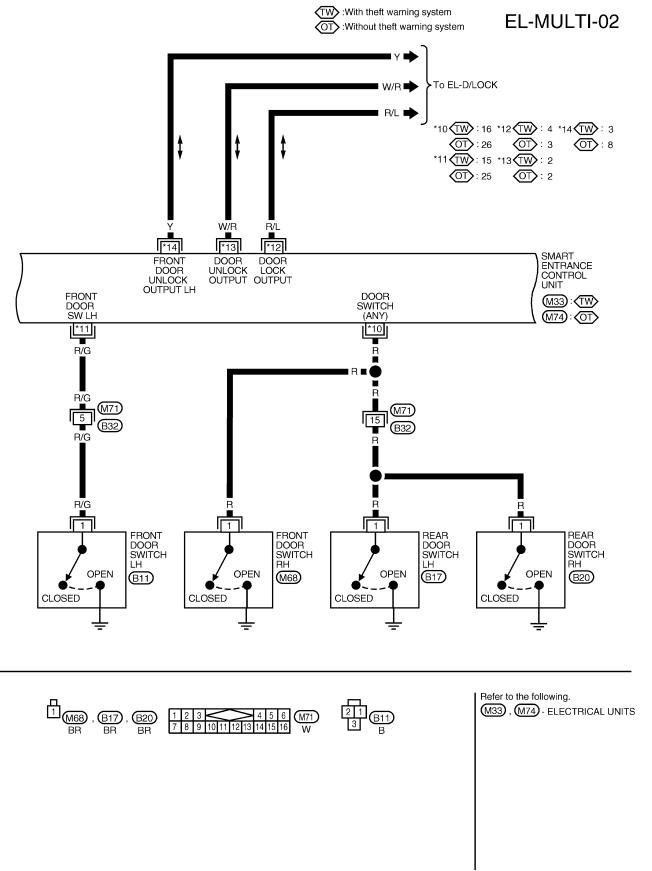
Schematic



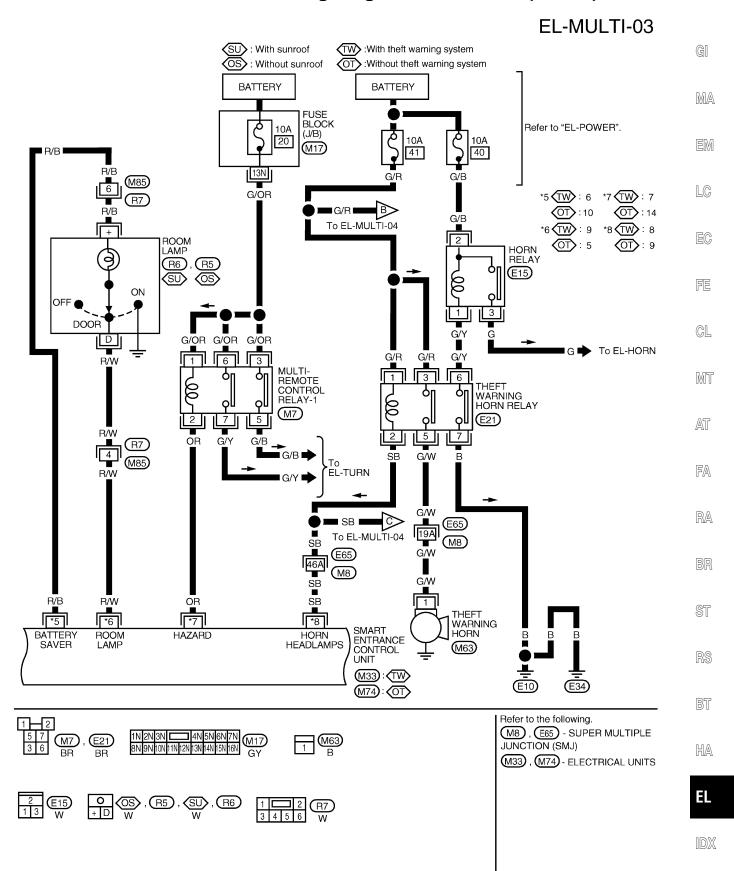
Wiring Diagram — MULTI —



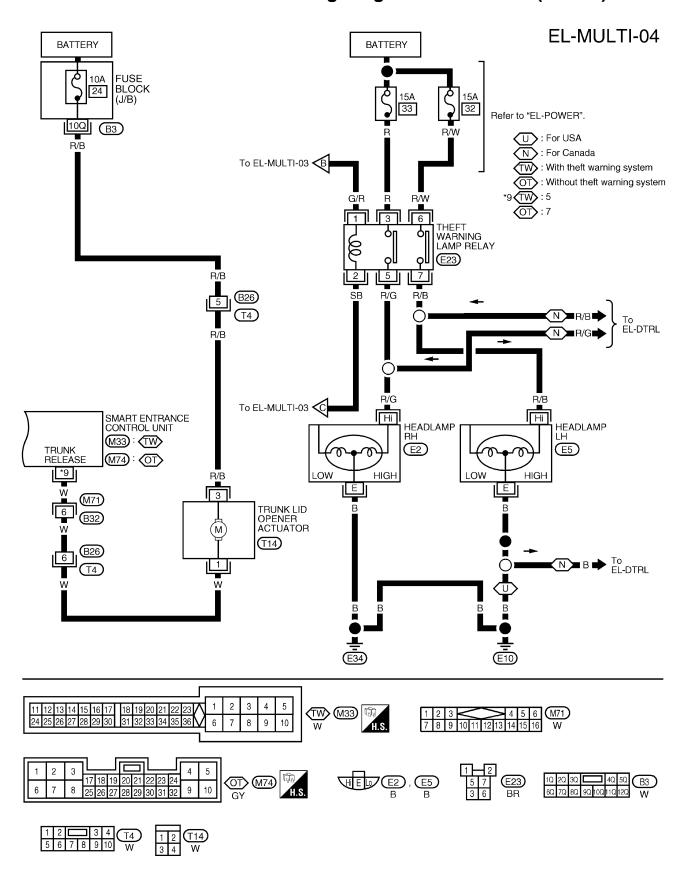
Wiring Diagram — MULTI — (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram — MULTI — (Cont'd)

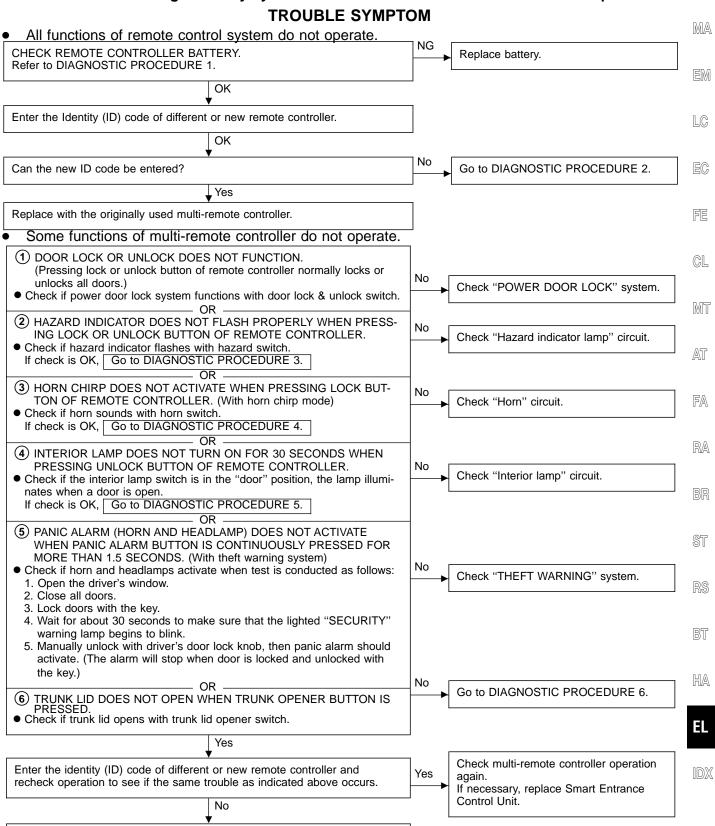


Wiring Diagram — MULTI — (Cont'd)

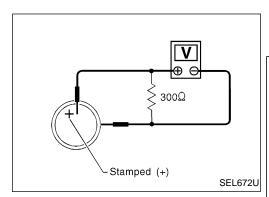


Trouble Diagnoses

- Note: Always check remote controller battery before replacing remote controller.
 - The lock operation of the multi-remote control system does not activate with the key inserted in the ignition key cylinder and one or more of the front doors are open.



Replace the multi-remote controller.



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1

Check remote controller battery.

CHECK REMOTE CONTROLLER BATTERY.

Remove battery and measure voltage across battery positive and negative terminals, \bigoplus and \bigcirc .

Measuring terminal		Standard
\oplus	\bigcirc	value
Battery positive terminal	Battery negative terminal	2.5 - 3.0V

Note:

Remote controller does not function if battery is not set correctly.

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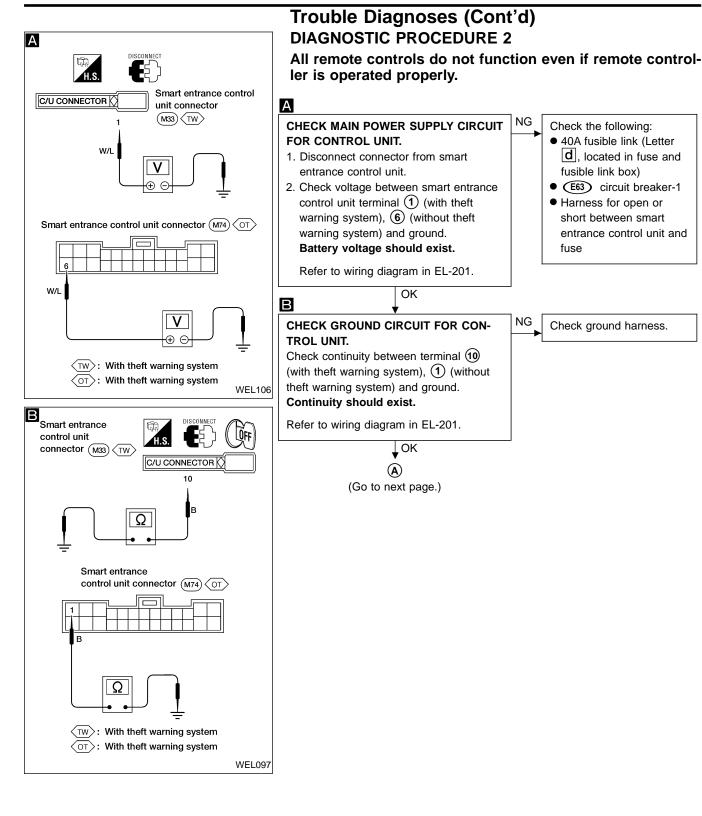
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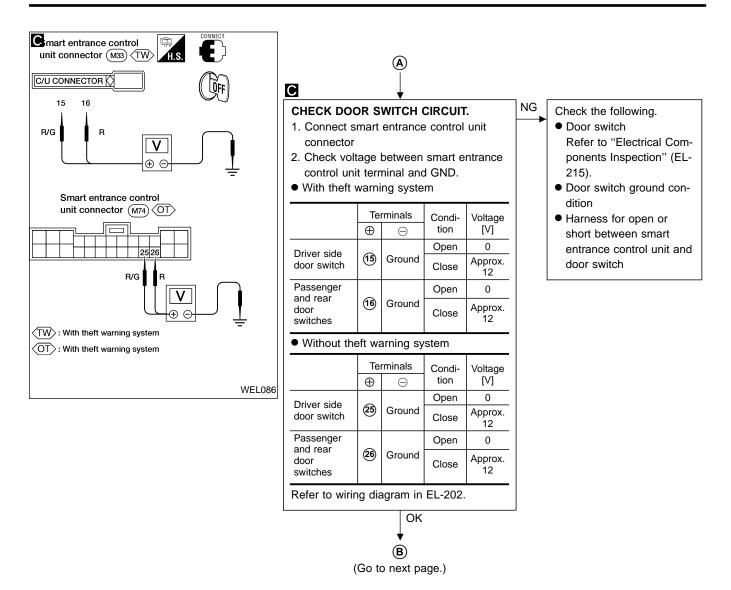
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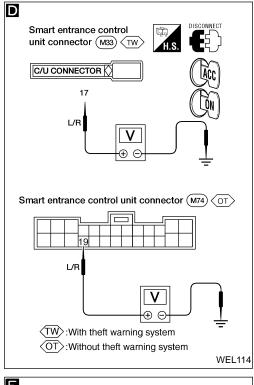
BT

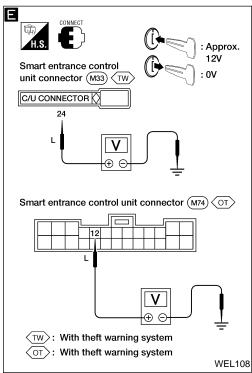
HA

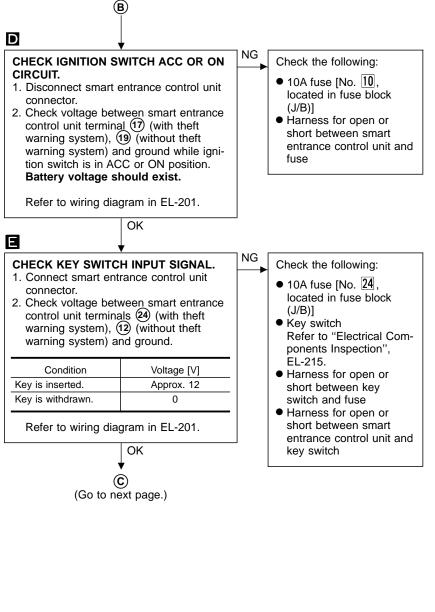




Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)







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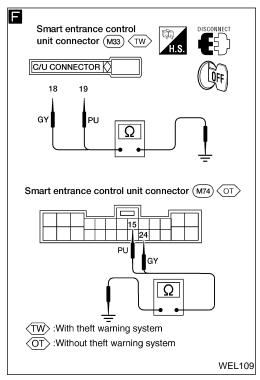
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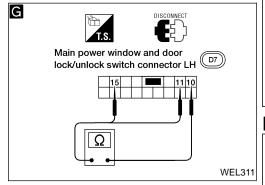
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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)







CHECK DOOR LOCK/UNLOCK SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL.

- Disconnect smart entrance control unit connector.
- Check continuity between smart entrance control unit terminals and ground.
- With theft warning system

Terminals	Door lock/ unlock switch LH condition	Continuity
(18) - Ground	Lock	Yes
(19) - Ground	N and Unlock	No
19 - Ground	Unlock	Yes
	N and Lock	No

Without theft warning system

Terminals	Door lock/ unlock switch LH condition	Continuity
24 - Ground	Lock	Yes
	N and Unlock	No
15 - Ground	Unlock	Yes
	N and Unlock	No

Refer to wiring diagram in EL-185.

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CHECK DOOR LOCK/UNLOCK SWITCH.

- Disconnect door lock/unlock switch connector.
- 2. Check continuity between door lock/ unlock switch terminals.
- Door lock/unlock switch LH

Condition		Terminals	
Condition	10	11	15
Lock	0		
Ν	No continuity		
Unlock	0	$\overline{}$	

OK

Check the following.

- Ground circuit for door lock/unlock switch
- Harness for open or short between door lock/unlock switch and smart entrance control unit connector



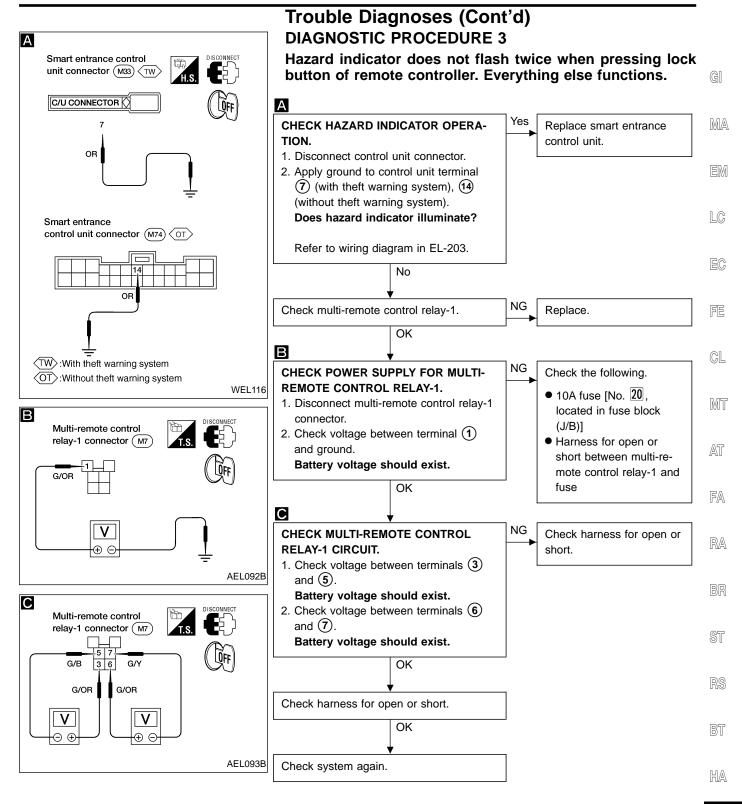
Check operation parts in multi-remote control system for function.

Door lock/unlock switch is

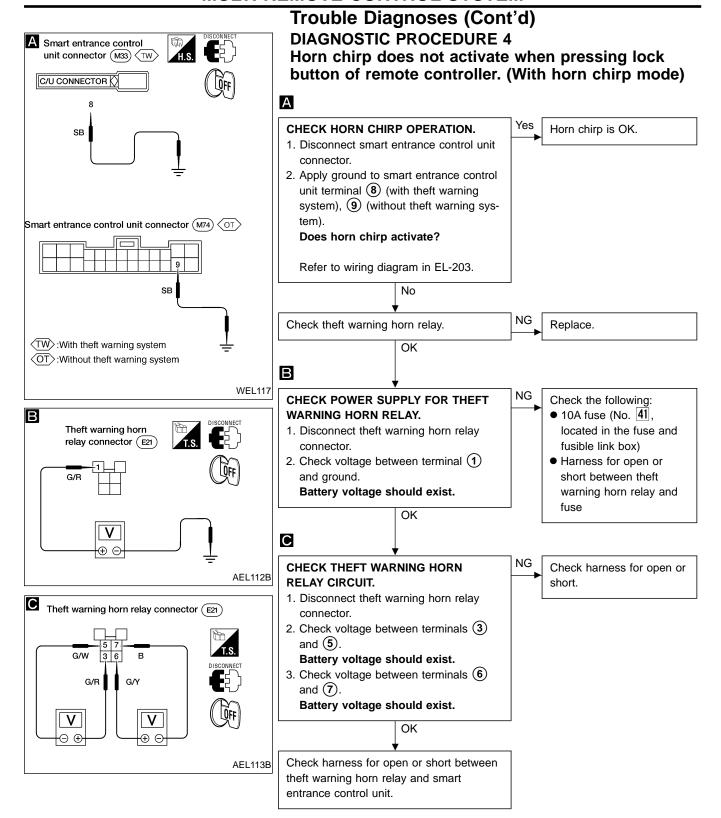
OK

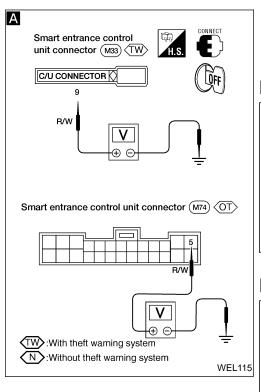
OK.

Replace door lock/unlock switch.

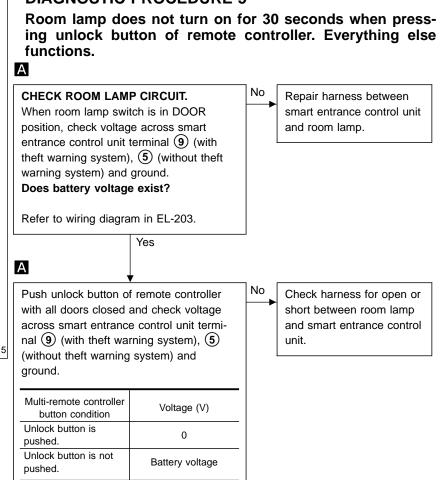


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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5



Check system again.

Yes

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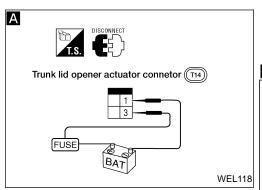
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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 6

Trunk lid does not open when trunk opener button is pressed.

Replace trunk lid opener

actuator.

Α

CHECK TRUNK LID OPENER ACTUATOR.

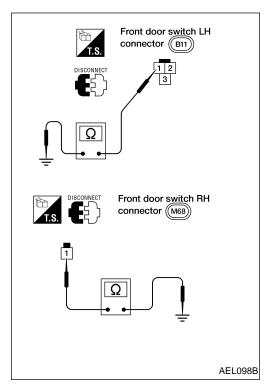
- 1. Disconnect trunk lid opener actuator connector.
- Check to see if trunk lid opens when 12V DC is applied across trunk lid opener actuator connector terminals (1) and (3).

Refer to wiring diagram in EL-204.

ОК

Check the following.

- 10A fuse [No. 24, located in fuse block (J/B)]
- Harness for open or short between fuse and trunk lid opener actuator
- Harness for open or short between trunk lid opener actuator and smart entrance control unit



Electrical Components Inspection DOOR SWITCHES

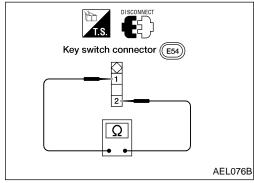
Check continuity between terminals when door switch is pushed and released.

	Terminal No.	Condition	Continuity
Front LH door switch	① - ground	Door switch is pushed.	No
		Door switch is released.	Yes
Other door switches	① - ground	Door switch is pushed.	No
		Door switch is released.	Yes

KEY SWITCH (insert)

Check continuity between terminals when key is inserted in ignition key cylinder and key is removed from ignition key cylinder.

	Terminal No.	Condition	Continuity
1 - 2	<u>(1)</u> (2)	Key is inserted.	Yes
		Key is removed.	No



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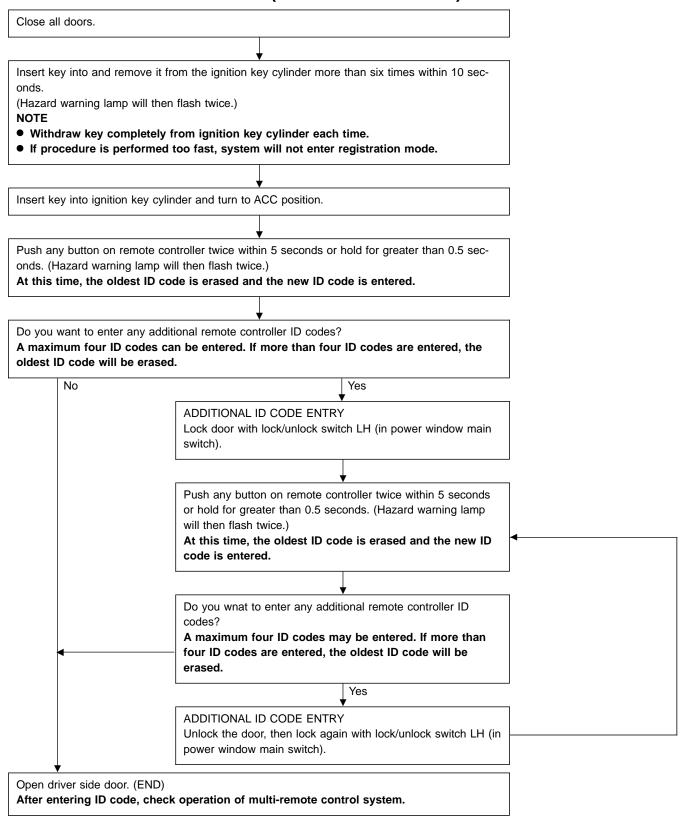
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ID Code Entry Procedure (Without CONSULT-II)



MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM

ID Code Entry Procedure (Without CONSULT-II) (Cont'd)

NOTE:

• If a remote controller is lost, the ID code of the lost remote controller must be erased to prevent unauthorized use. Specific ID code can be erased with CONSULT. However, when the ID code of a lost remote controller is not known, all controller ID codes should be erased. After all ID codes are erased, the ID codes of all remaining and/or new remote controllers must be re-registered.

To erase all ID codes in memory, register one ID code (remote controller) four times. After all ID codes are erased, the ID codes of all remaining and/or new remote controllers must be re-registered.

- When registering an additional remote controller, the existing ID codes in memory may or may not be erased. If four ID codes are stored in memory, when an additional code is registered, only the oldest code is erased. If less than four ID codes are stored in memory, when an additional ID code is registered, the new ID code is added and no ID codes are erased.
- If you need to activate more than two additional new remote controllers, repeat the procedure "Additional ID code entry" for each new remote controller.
- Entry of maximum four ID codes is allowed. When more than four ID codes are entered, the oldest ID code will be erased.
- Even if the same ID code that is already in the memory is input, the same ID code can be entered. The code is counted as an additional code.

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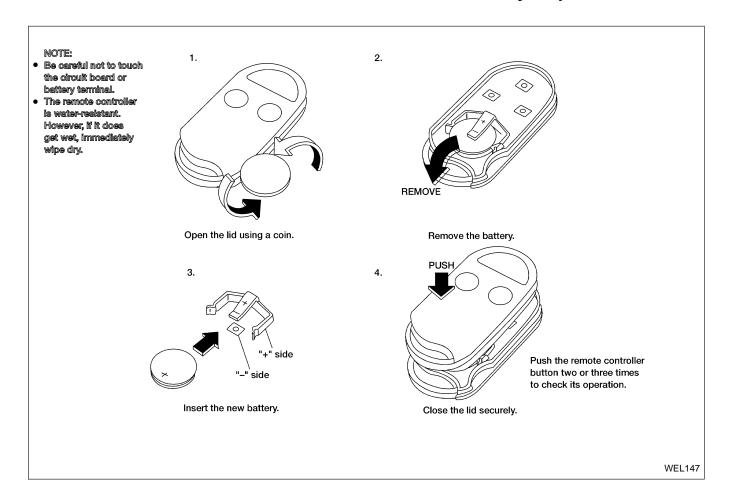
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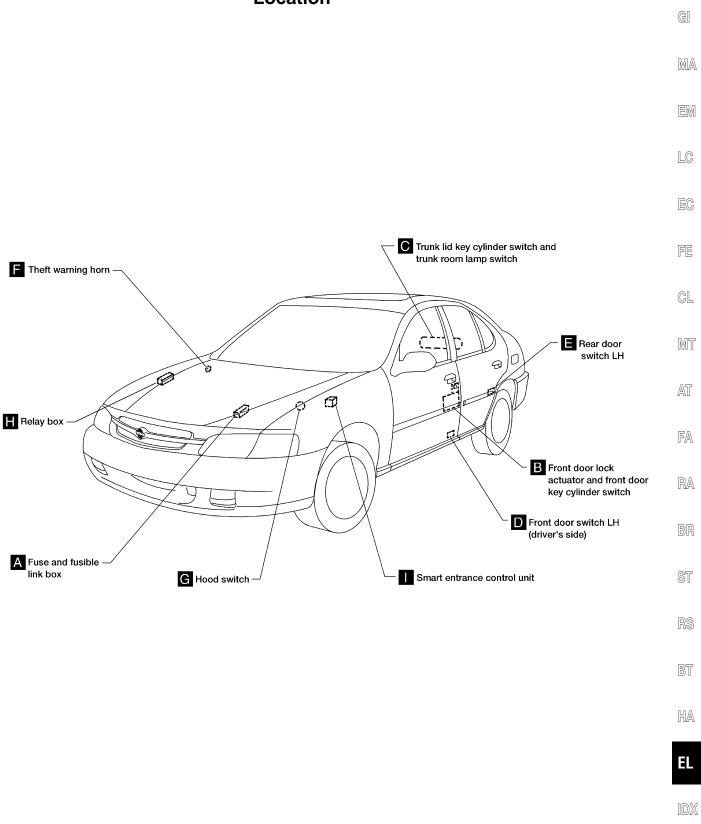
HA

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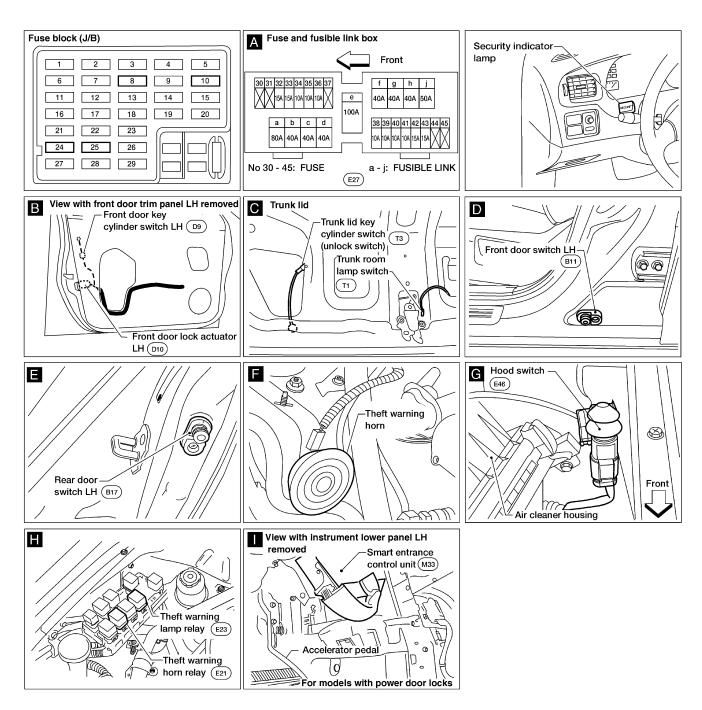
Remote Controller Battery Replacement



Component Parts and Harness Connector Location

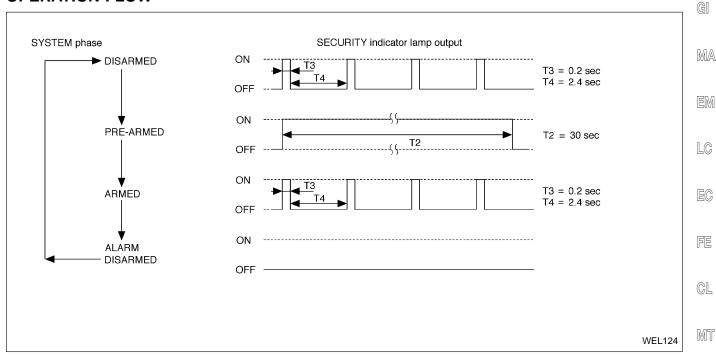


Component Parts and Harness Connector Location (Cont'd)



System Description

OPERATION FLOW



SETTING THE THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Initial condition

- (1) Close all doors.
- (2) Close hood and trunk lid.

Disarmed phase

When the theft warning system is in the disarmed phase, the security indicator lamp blinks every 2.6 seconds.

Pre-armed phase and armed phase

The theft warning system turns into the "pre-armed" phase when hood, trunk lid and all doors are closed and locked by key or multi-remote controller. (The security indicator lamp illuminates.)

After about 30 seconds, the system automatically shifts into the "armed" phase (the system is set). (The security indicator lamp blinks every 2.6 seconds.)

CANCELING THE SET THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

When the following (a) or (b) operation is performed, the armed phase is canceled.

- (a) Unlock the doors with the key or multi-remote controller.
- (b) Open the trunk lid with the key or multi-remote controller.

ACTIVATING THE ALARM OPERATION OF THE THEFT WARNING SYSTEM

Make sure the system is in the armed phase. (The security indicator lamp blinks every 2.6 seconds.) When the following operation (a) or (b) is performed, the system sounds the horns and flashes the headlamps for about 2.5 minutes.

- (a) Engine hood, trunk lid or any door is opened before unlocking door with key or multi-remote control-
- (b) Driver's door is unlocked without using key or multi-remote controller.

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System Description (Cont'd)

POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 10A fuse [No. 24, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to security indicator lamp terminal ①
- to key switch terminal ②.

When the key switch is ON (ignition key is inserted in key cylinder), power is supplied:

- through key switch terminal ①
- to smart entrance control unit terminal 24.

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 40A fusible link (letter d, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to circuit breaker-1 terminal (1)
- through circuit breaker-1 terminal (2)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (1).

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse [No. 10], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (7).

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse [No. 8], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (1).

Ground is supplied:

- to smart entrance control unit terminal (1)
- through body grounds (M2) and (M61).

INITIAL CONDITION TO ACTIVATE THE SYSTEM

The operation of the theft warning system is controlled by the doors, hood and trunk lid.

To activate the theft warning system, the smart entrance control unit must receive signals indicating the doors, hood and trunk lid are closed and the driver's door is locked.

When a door is open, smart entrance control unit terminals (5) or (6) receives a ground signal from each door switch.

When a door is unlocked, smart entrance control unit terminal (4) receives a ground signal:

- from terminal (4) of front door door unlock sensor LH
- through terminal (2) of front door door unlock sensor LH
- through body grounds M2 and M61 for the front door unlock sensor LH.

When the hood is open, smart entrance control unit terminal (29) receives a ground signal:

- from terminal ① of the hood switch
- through terminal (2) of the hood switch
- through body grounds (E34) and (E10).

When the trunk lid is open, smart entrance control unit terminal @ receives a ground signal:

- from terminal (1) of the trunk room lamp switch
- through terminal ② of the trunk room lamp switch
- through body grounds (T6) and (T9)

when the theft warning system is in disarmed phase,

if one of the described conditions exist, the theft warning indicator will blink every 2.6 seconds.

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM ACTIVATION (With key or remote controller used to lock doors)

If the key is used to lock doors, smart entrance control unit terminal 30 receives a ground signal:

- from terminal (1) of the front door key cylinder switch LH
- from terminal (3) of the front door key cylinder switch RH
- through terminal (2) of the front door key cylinder switch LH or RH
- through body grounds (M2) and (M61).

If this signal or lock signal from remote controller is received by the smart entrance control unit, the theft warning system will activate automatically.

Once the theft warning system has been activated, smart entrance control unit terminal 3 supplies ground to terminal 2 of the security indicator lamp.

The security lamp will illuminate for approximately 30 seconds and then blink every 2.6 seconds.

Now the theft warning system is in armed phase.

System Description (Cont'd)

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THEFT WARNING SYSTEM ALARM OPERATION

The theft warning system is triggered by: opening a door opening the trunk lid opening the hood unlocking driver's door without using the key or multi-remote controller. Once the theft warning system is in armed phase, if the smart entrance control unit receives a ground signal at terminal (4) (door unlock sensor LH), (5), (6) (door switch), (26) (trunk room lamp switch) or (29) (hood switch), the theft warning system will be triggered. The headlamps flash and the horns sound intermittently. Power is supplied at all times: through 10A fuse (No. 41, located in fuse and fusible link box) to theft warning lamp relay terminal (1) and to theft warning horn relay terminal (1) When the theft warning system is triggered, ground is supplied intermittently: from terminal (8) of the smart entrance control unit to theft warning lamp relay terminal (2) and to theft warning horn relay terminal (2). The headlamps flash and the horns sound intermittently. The alarm automatically turns off after 2 or 3 minutes but will reactivate if the vehicle is tampered with again.

System Description (Cont'd)

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM DEACTIVATION

To deactivate the theft warning system, a door or the trunk lid must be unlocked with the key or remote controller.

When the key is used to unlock a door, smart entrance control unit terminal 3 receives a ground signal:

- from terminal ③ of the front door key cylinder switch LH
- from terminal 1 of the front door key cylinder switch RH
- through terminal ② of the front door key cylinder switch LH or RH
- through body grounds M2 and M61.

When the key is used to unlock the trunk lid, smart entrance control unit terminal @ receives a ground signal:

- from terminal (1) of the trunk lid key cylinder switch
- through terminal (2) of the trunk lid key cylinder switch
- through body grounds T6 and T9.

When the smart entrance control unit receives either one of these signals or unlock signal from remote controller, the theft warning system is deactivated. (Disarmed phase)

PANIC ALARM OPERATION

Multi-remote control system may or may not operate theft warning system (horn and headlamps) as required.

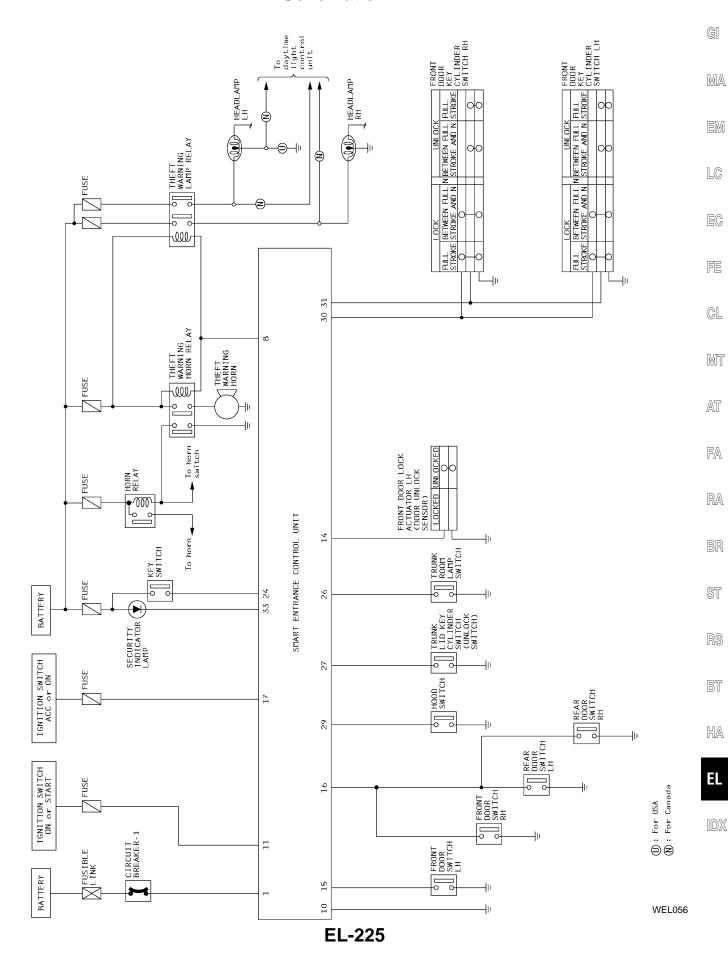
When the multi-remote control system is triggered, ground is supplied intermittently:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal (8)
- to theft warning lamp relay terminal ② and
- to theft warning horn relay terminal (2).

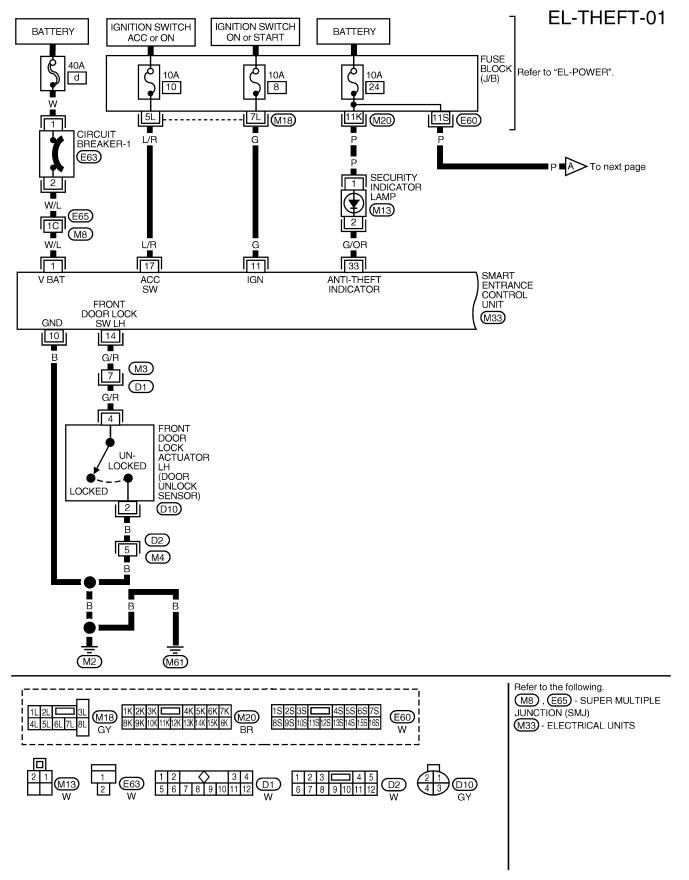
The headlamp flashes and the horn sounds intermittently.

The alarm automatically turns off after 30 seconds or when smart entrance control unit receives any signal from multi-remote controller.

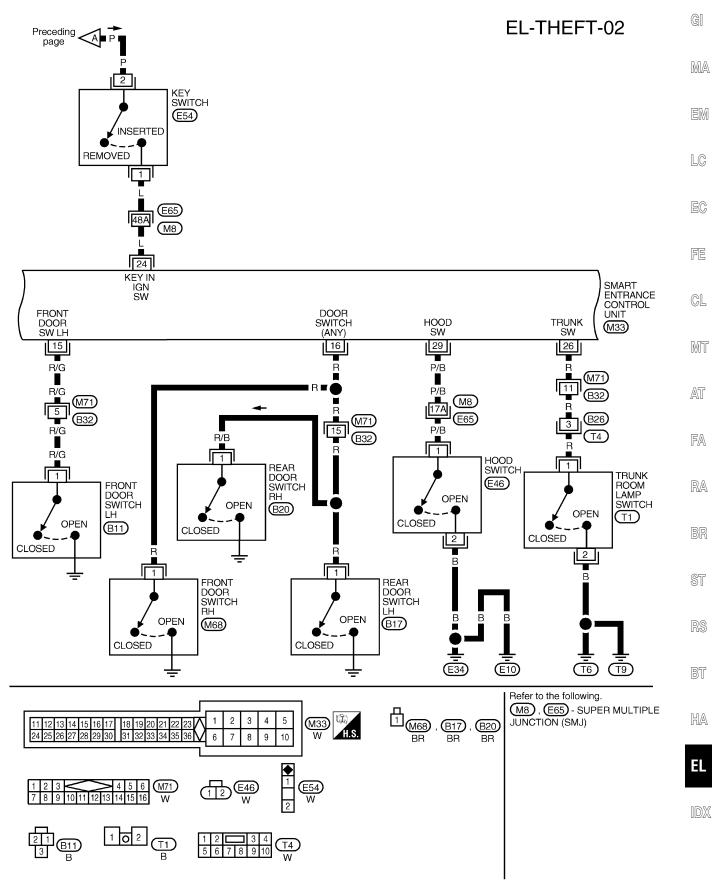
Schematic



Wiring Diagram — THEFT —

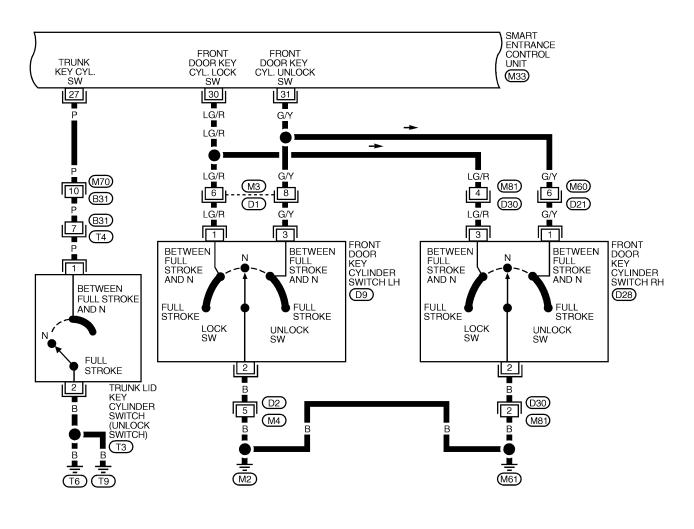


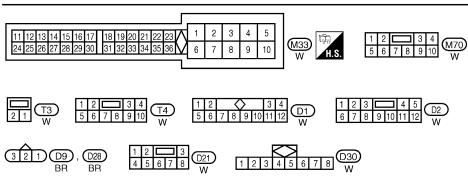
Wiring Diagram — THEFT — (Cont'd)



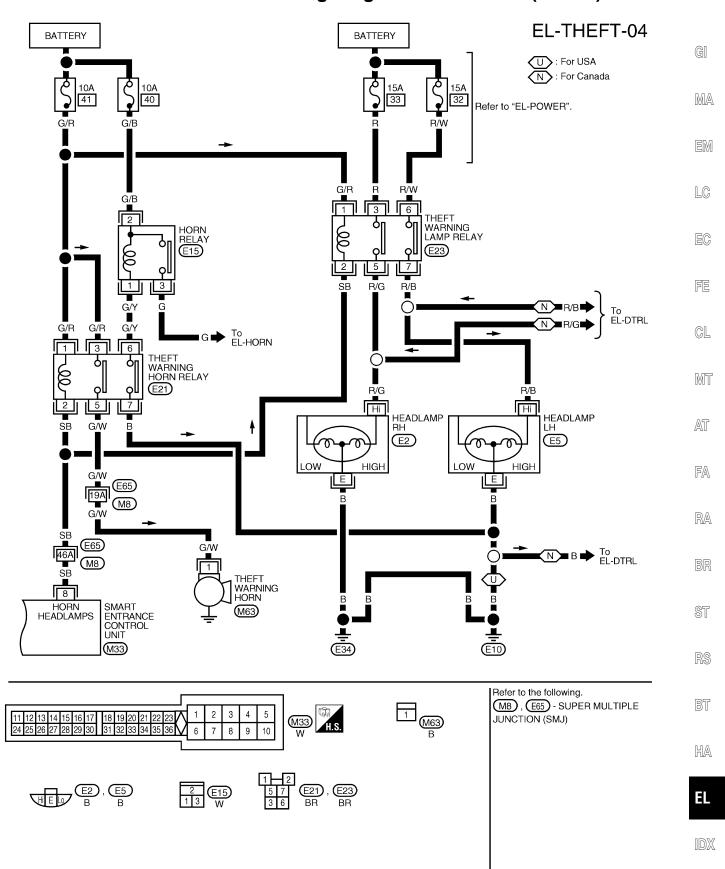
Wiring Diagram — THEFT — (Cont'd)

EL-THEFT-03





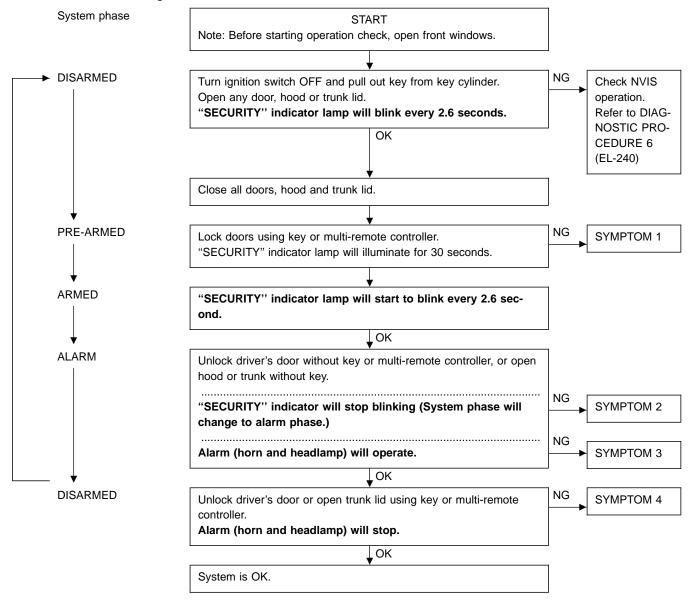
Wiring Diagram — THEFT — (Cont'd)



Trouble Diagnoses

PRELIMINARY CHECK

The system operation is canceled by turning ignition switch to ACC at any step between START and ARMED in the following flow chart.



After performing preliminary check, go to symptom chart on next page.

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

Before starting trouble diagnoses below, perform preliminary check, EL-230.

Symptom numbers in the symptom chart correspond with those of preliminary check.

SYMPTOM CHART

PRC	CEDUR	<u> </u>	_	Power and gro	supply ound cir- check			Diagn	ostic prod	cedure			_	
REFERENCE PAGE			EL-230	EL-232	EL-232	EL-233	EL-236	EL-237	EL-238	EL-239	EL-240	EL-241	EL-196	
SYM	ІРТОМ		Preliminary check	Power supply circuit check	Ground circuit check	Diagnostic Procedure 1 (Door, hood and trunk room lamp switch check)	Diagnostic Procedure 2 (Security indicator lamp check)	Diagnostic Procedure 3 (Door unlock sensor check)	Diagnostic Procedure 4 (Door key cylinder switch check)	Diagnostic Procedure 5 (Trunk lid key cylinder switch check)	Diagnostic Procedure 6 (Theft warning horn alarm check)	Diagnostic Procedure 7 (Headlamp alarm check)	Check "MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL" system.	
1	Theft warning indicator does not illuminate for 30 seconds.		Х	х	Х		Х							
	Theft warning system cannot be set by	All items	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х						
		Door out side key	Х						Х					
	Theft syster be se	Multi-remote con- trol	Х										Х	
	arning es not en	Any door is opened.	Х			Х								
2	*1 Theft warning system does not alarm when	Driver's door is unlocked without using key or multi- remote controller	x					х						
	ft warning m does not ctivate.	Theft warning system does not activate.	All function	Х			х		Х					
3			Horn alarm	Х								Х		
	The syste	Headlamp alarm	Х									Х		
	ing ot be	Door out side key	Х						Х					
4	canni led by	Trunk lid key	Х							Х				
	Theft warning system cannot be canceled by	Multi-remote con- trol	Х										Х	

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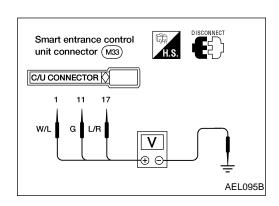
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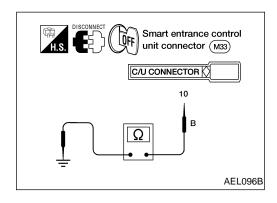
X : Applicable *1: Make sure the system is in the armed phase.



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK

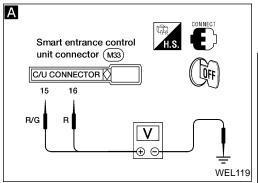
Power supply circuit check

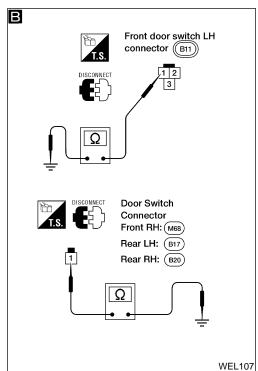
Term	inals	Ignition switch position			
\oplus	Θ	OFF	ACC	ON	
1	Ground	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	
(1)	Ground	0V	0V	Battery voltage	
17)	Ground	0V	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	



Ground circuit check

Terminals	Continuity		
10 - Ground	Yes		





Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1-(1) (Door switch check)

OK

- Turn ignition switch OFF and remove key from key cylinder.
 Close all doors, hood and trunk lid.
 "SECURITY" indicator lamp should blink every 2.6 seconds.
 Lock doors with multi-remote.
 "SECURITY" indicator lamp should turn on for 30 seconds.
 Unlock any door with the door lock
- Unlock any door with the door lock knob (except driver side) and open the door within 30 seconds after the door is locked.

 "SECURITY" indicator lamp should

"SECURITY" indicator lamp should turn off.

NG

Door switch is OK, and go to hood switch check.

Door switch is OK, and go

to hood switch check.

CHECK DOOR SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL.
Check voltage between smart entrance control unit terminals (15) or (16) and

ground.

Α

	Term	Terminals 🕀 🖯		Voltage [V]
Front	_		Open	0
LH door switch	15)	Ground	Closed	Approx. 12
Front RH door	_		Open	0
and rear door switches	16	Ground	Closed	Approx. 12

NG

Refer to wiring diagram in EL-227.

В

CHECK DOOR SWITCH.

- 1. Disconnect door switch connector.
- 2. Check continuity between door switch terminals.

	Terminals	Condition	Continuity
Front LH door	1 -	Closed	No
switch	Ground	Open	Yes
Other door	1 -	Closed	No
switches	Ground	Open	Yes

OK

Check the following.

- Door switch ground condition
- Harness for open or short between smart entrance control unit and door switch

Replace door switch.

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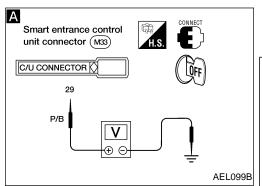
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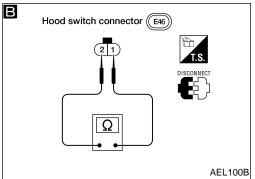
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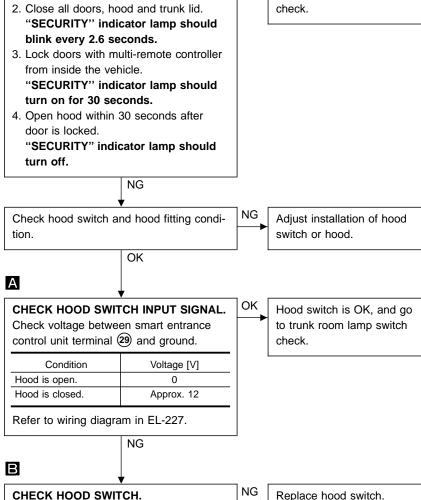
IDX





Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1-(2)** (Hood switch check)

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and remove key from key cylinder.



OK

Hood switch is OK, and go

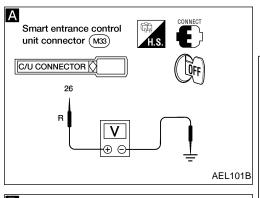
to trunk room lamp switch

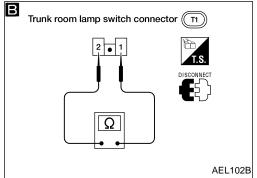
- 1. Disconnect hood switch connector.
- 2. Check continuity between hood switch terminals.

Terminals	Condition	Continuity
<u>(1)</u> - <u>(2)</u>	Closed	No
() · (2)	Open	Yes
	014	

Check the following.

- Hood switch ground circuit
- Harness for open or short between smart entrance control unit and hood switch





Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1-(3) (Trunk room lamp switch check)

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and remove key from key cylinder.

 2. Close all doors, hood and trunk lid.

 "SECURITY" indicator lamp should blink every 2.6 seconds.

 3. Lock doors with multi-remote controller from inside the vehicle.

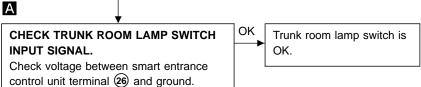
 "SECURITY" indicator lamp should
- turn on for 30 seconds.

 4. Open trunk lid with trunk lid opener switch within 30 seconds after is
- "SECURITY" indicator lamp should turn off.

NG

locked.

В



NG

Condition Voltage [V]

Trunk lid is open. Approx. 0

Trunk lid is closed. Approx. 12

NG

Refer to wiring diagram in EL-227.



- Disconnect trunk room lamp switch connector.
- 2. Check continuity between trunk room lamp switch terminals.

Terminals	Condition	Continuity
<u>(1)</u> - <u>(2)</u>	Closed	No
1) - 2	Open	Yes

OK

Check the following.

- Trunk room lamp switch ground circuit
- Harness for open or short between smart entrance control unit and trunk room lamp switch

Replace trunk room lamp switch.

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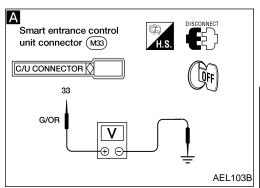
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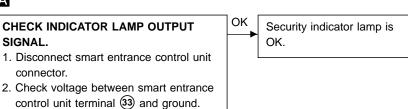
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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)
DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2
(Security indicator lamp check)

Α

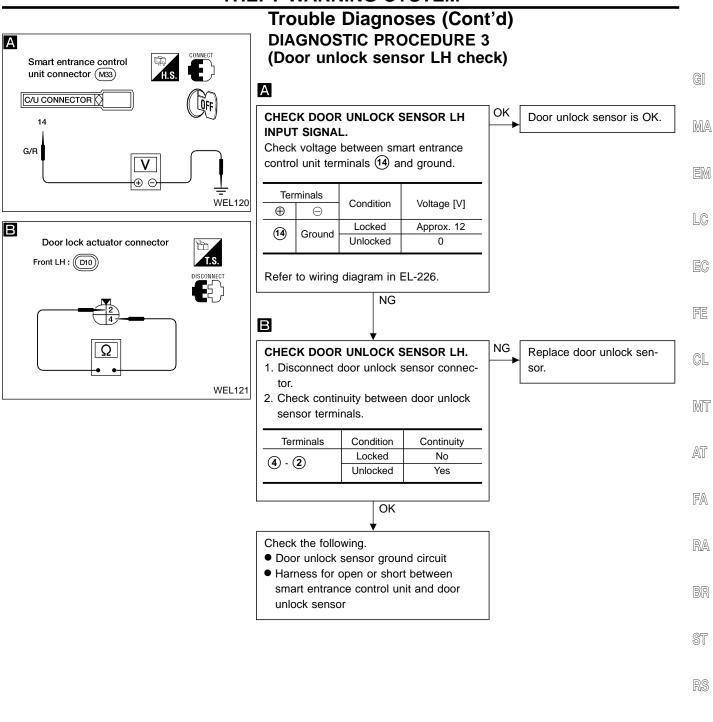


Refer to wiring diagram in EL-226.

NG

Battery voltage should exist.

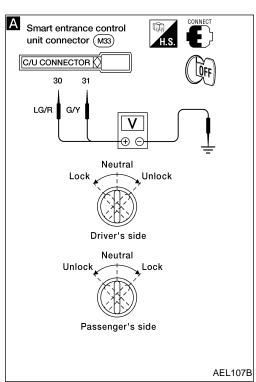
Check harness for open or short between security indicator lamp and smart entrance control unit.



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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4** (Door key cylinder switch check)

Α

CHECK DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL (LOCK/UNLOCK SIG-NAL).

Check voltage between smart entrance control unit terminals (30) or (31) and ground.

Terr	minals	Key posi-	Voltage	
\oplus	⊕ ⊝		[V]	
30	Ground	Neutral	Approx. 12	
		Lock	0	
31	Ground	Neutral	Approx. 12	
		Unlock	0	

NG

Refer to wiring diagram in EL-228.

OK Door key cylinder switch is

В

AEL108B





CHECK DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH.

1. Disconnect door key cylinder switch connector.

2. Check continuity between door key cylinder switch terminals.

Terminals	Key position	Continuity
LH: 1) - 2	Neutral	No
RH: 🗿 - 🙋	Lock	Yes
LH: (3) - (2)	Neutral	No
RH: 1 - 2	Unlock	Yes

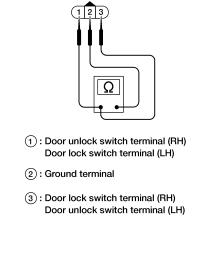
OK

Check the following:

- Door key cylinder switch ground circuit
- Harness for open or short between smart entrance control unit and door key cylinder switch

switch.

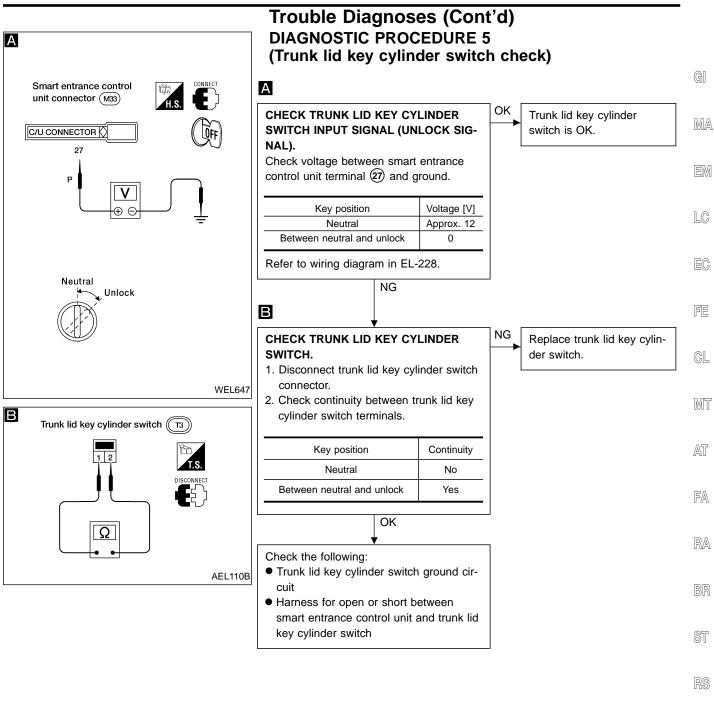
Replace door key cylinder



Door key cylinder switch connector

LH: (D9) RH: (D28)

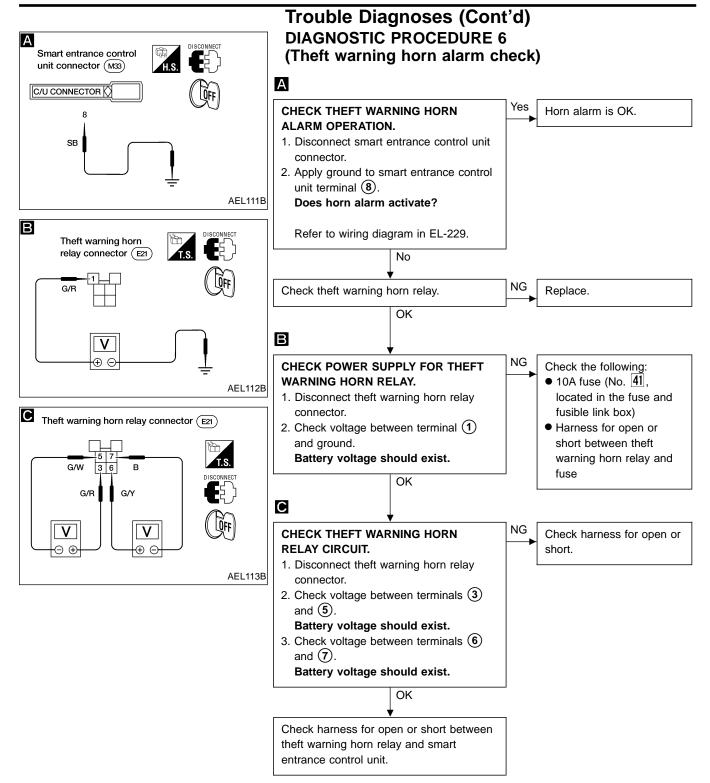
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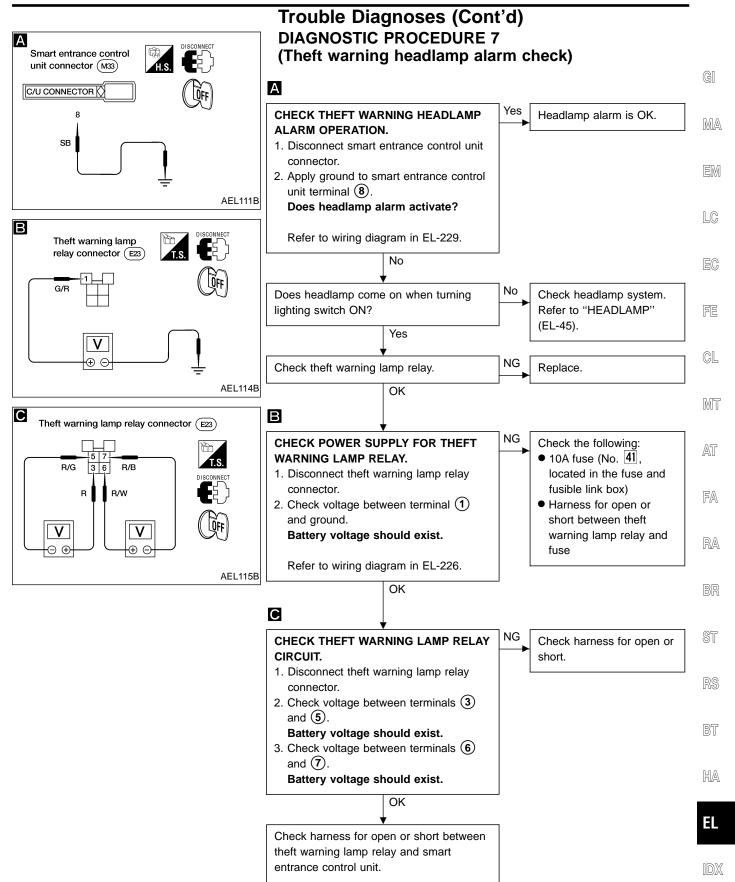


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Description

The following systems are controlled by the smart entrance control unit.

- Warning chime
- Rear window defogger timer
- Power door lock
- Interior lamp timer
- Multi-remote control system
- Theft warning system.

• Battery saver
For detailed description and wiring diagrams, refer to the relevant pages for the each system. The control unit receives data from the switches and sensors to control their corresponding system relays and actuators.

System	Input	Output
Power door lock	Door lock and unlock switches	Door lock actuators
Multi-remote control	Key switch (Insert) Ignition switch (ACC) Door switch Remote controller signal	Theft warning horn relay Theft warning lamp relay Interior lamp Multi-remote control relay-1 Door lock actuators Trunk lid opener actuator
Warning chime	Key switch (Insert) Ignition switch (ON) Lighting switch (1st) Seat belt buckle switch Front door switch LH	Warning chime (located in smart entrance control unit)
Rear window defogger timer	Ignition switch (ON) Rear window defogger switch	Rear window defogger relay
Theft warning	Ignition switch (ACC, ON) Key switch (Insert) Door switches Hood switch Trunk room lamp switch Door key cylinder switches (lock/unlock) Trunk lid key cylinder switch (unlock) Door unlock sensor LH	Theft warning horn relay Theft warning lamp relay Security indicator
Interior lamp timer	Door switches Ignition switch (ON) Key switch (Insert)	Room lamp
Battery saver	Ignition switch (ON) Door switches	Room lamp

Input/Output Operation Signal

With theft warning system

Terminal No.	Wire color	Connections	Operated condition		Voltage (V) (Approximate values)
1	W/L	Power source (C/B)	_		12V
2	W/R	Passenger and rear door lock actuators	Door lock & unlock switch	Unlocked	12V
3	Υ	Driver door lock actuator	Free		0V
4	R/L	Driver, passenger and rear door lock	Door lock & unlock switch	Locked	12V
		actuators	2 001 1001 01 0111011	Free	0V
5	W	Trunk lid opener actuator	$OFF\;(Neutral)\toON\;(Unlocked)$		12V → 0V
6	R/B	Battery saver	When room lamp is operated for mor utes.	e than 30 min-	12V
7	OR	Multi-remote control relay-1	When doors are locked using remote	controller.	$12V \rightarrow 0V$
8	SB	Theft warning horn and lamp relays	When panic alarm is operated using ler.	remote control-	12V → 0V
9	R/W	Room lamp	When room lamp is operated using re (Lamp switch in DOOR position)	12V → 0V	
10	В	Ground	_	_	
11	G	Ignition switch (ON)	Ignition key is in ON position	12V	
14	G/R	Driver door unlock sensor	Driver door LH & RH: Locked → Unlo	12V → 0V	
15	R/G	Driver door switch	OFF (Closed) → ON (Open)	12V → 0V	
16	R	Door switch (any)	OFF (Closed) → ON (Open)	12V → 0V	
17	L/R	Ignition switch (ACC)	ACC position	12V	
18	GY	Door lock/unlock switch (lock)	Neutral → Locks		12V → 0V
19	PU	Door lock/unlock switch (unlock)	Neutral → Unlocks		12V → 0V
20	G/B	Rear window defogger switch	$OFF \to ON$		12V → 0V
21	W/B	Seat belt buckle switch	Unfasten \rightarrow Fasten (Ignition key is in	ON position)	0V → 12V
24	L	Ignition key switch (Insert)	IGN key inserted \rightarrow IGN key remove cylinder	d from IGN key	12V → 0V
25	R/L	Lighting switch (1ST)	1ST, 2ND positions: ON → OFF		12V → 0V
26	R	Trunk room lamp switch	ON (Open) → OFF (Closed)		0V → 12V
27	Р	Trunk lid key cylinder switch (unlock)	OFF (Neutral) → ON (Unlocked)		12V → 0V
28	OR/B	Trunk lid opener switch	OFF (Neutral) → ON (Open)		12V → 0V
29	P/B	Hood open switch	ON (Open) → OFF (Closed)		0V → 12V
30	LG/R	Door key cylinder lock switch	OFF (Neutral) → ON (Locked)		12V → 0V
31	G/Y	Door key cylinder unlock switch	OFF (Neutral) → ON (Unlocked)	12V → 0V	
33	G/OR	Theft warning indicator	Goes off → Illuminates	12V → 0V	
36	G/R	Rear window defogger relay	OFF → ON (Ignition key is in ON pos	12V → 0V	

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Input/Output Operation Signal

Without theft warning system

Terminal No.	Wire color	Connections	Operated condition		Voltage (V) (Approximate values)
1	В	Ground	_		_
	W/D	Passenger and rear door lock actua-	Door look 9 uplook quitab	Unlocked	12V
2	W/R	tors	Door lock & unlock switch	Free	0V
3	R/L	Driver, passenger and rear door lock	Door lock & unlock switch	Locked	12V
	K/L	actuators	Door lock & drillock switch	Free	0V
4	G/R	Rear window defogger relay	$OFF \to ON$ (Ignition key is in ON pos	ition)	$0V \rightarrow 12V$
5	R/W	Room lamp	When room lamp is operated using re (Lamp switch in DOOR position)	emote controller.	12V → 0V
6	W/L	Power source (C/B)	_		12V
7	W	Trunk lid opener actuator	$OFF\;(Neutral) \to ON\;(Unlocked)$	12V → 0V	
8	Υ	Driver door lock actuator	Door lock & unlock switch Unlocked Free		12V
	I	Driver door lock actuator			0V
9	SB	Theft warning horn and lamp relays	When panic alarm is operated using r ler.	12V → 0V	
10	R/B	Battery saver	When room lamp is operated for more utes.	12V	
11	R/L	Lighting switch (1ST)	1ST, 2ND positions: ON → OFF		12V → 0V
12	L	Ignition key switch (Insert)	IGN key inserted \rightarrow IGN key removed cylinder	from IGN key	12V → 0V
14	OR	Multi-remote control relay-1	When doors are locked using remote	controller.	12V → 0V
15	PU	Door lock/unlock switch (unlock)	Neutral → Unlocks		12V → 0V
16	G/B	Rear window defogger switch	$OFF \to ON$		12V → 0V
17	OR/B	Trunk lid opener switch	OFF (Neutral) → ON (Open)		12V → 0V
18	W/B	Seat belt buckle switch	Unfasten \rightarrow Fasten (Ignition key is in	ON position)	$0V \rightarrow 12V$
19	L/R	Ignition switch (ACC)	ACC position		12V
20	G	Ignition switch (ON)	Ignition key is in ON position	12V	
24	GY	Door lock/unlock switch (lock)	Neutral → Locks	12V → 0V	
25	R/G	Driver door switch	OFF (Closed) → ON (Open)	12V → 0V	
26	R	Door switch (any)	$OFF\;(Closed)\toON\;(Open)$		12V → 0V

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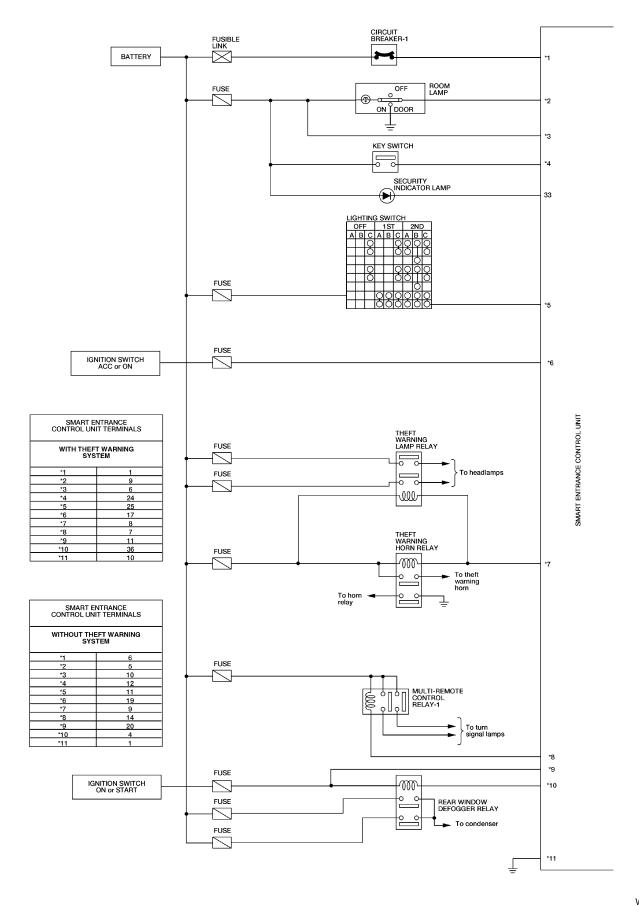
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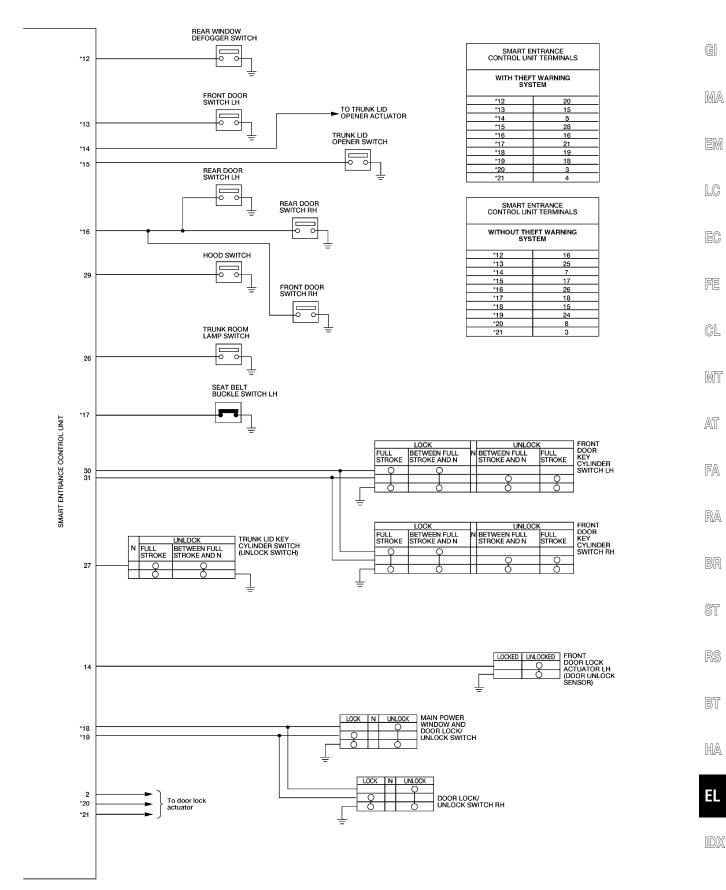
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Schematic

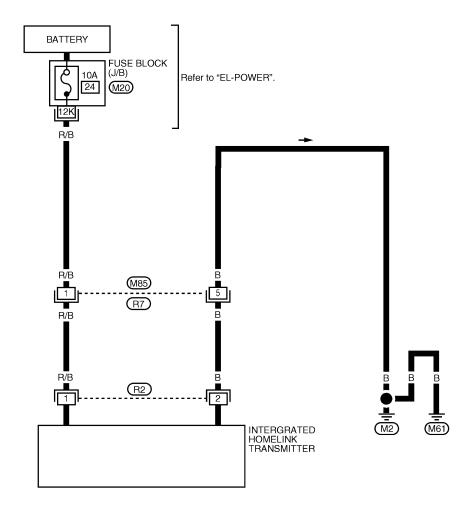


Schematic (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram — TRNSMT —

EL-TRNSMT-01

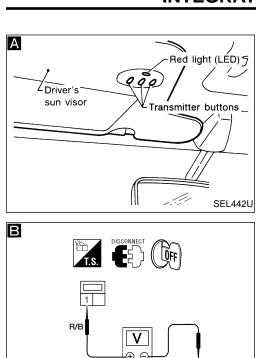


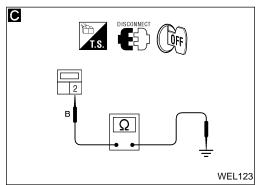






INTEGRATED HOMELINK TRANSMITTER

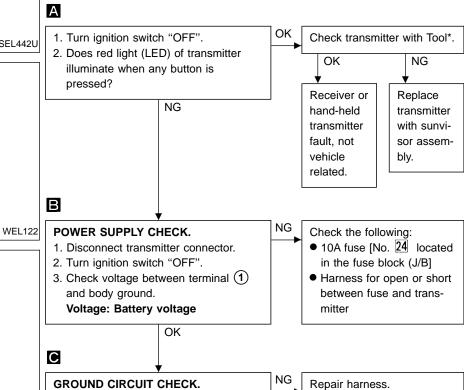




Trouble Diagnoses DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

SYMPTOM: Transmitter does not activate receiver.

Before conducting the procedure given below, make sure that system receiver (garage door opener, etc.) operates with original, hand-held transmitter. If NG, receiver or hand-held transmitter is at fault, not vehicle related.



* For details, refer to Technical Service Bulletin.

Replace transmitter with sunvisor assem-

OK

Check continuity between terminal (2)

and body ground.

Continuity should exist.

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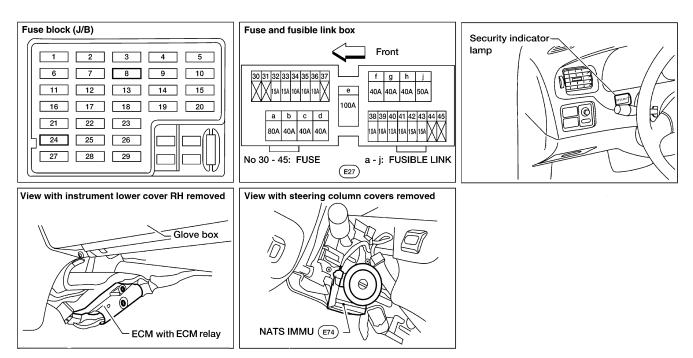
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Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



NOTE:

If customer is reporting a "NO START" condition, request ALL KEYS be brought to Dealer in case of NATS malfunction.

System Description

NOTE: Use CONSULT-II to determine which immobilizer system is equipped on this vehicle. Refer to "CONSULT-II INSPECTION PROCEDURE", EL-253. If "SELF-FUNCTION CHECK" is not shown on "SELECT DIAG MODE" screen of CONSULT-II, refer to EL-266.

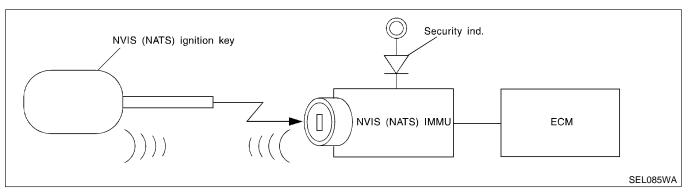
NATS (Nissan Anti-Theft System) has the following immobilizer functions:

- Since only NATS ignition keys, whose ID nos. have been registered into the ECM and IMMU of NVIS (NATS), allow the engine to run, operation of a stolen vehicle without a NVIS (NATS) registered key is prevented by NVIS (NATS). That is to say, NVIS (NATS) will immobilize the engine if someone tries to start it without the registered key of NVIS (NATS).
- All of the originally supplied ignition key IDs have been NVIS (NATS) registered.
 If requested by the vehicle owner, a maximum of five key IDs can be registered into the NVIS (NATS) components. All other existing keys will need to be re-registered if any additional keys are added.
- The security indicator blinks when the ignition switch is in "OFF" or "ACC" position. Therefore, NVIS
 (NATS) warns outsiders that the vehicle is equipped with the system.
- When NVIS (NATS) detects trouble, the security indicator lamp will illuminate continuously while ignition key is in the "ON" position.
- NVIS (NATS) trouble diagnoses, system initialization and additional registration of other NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs must be carried out using CONSULT-II hardware and CONSULT-II NATS software.
- When NVIS (NATS) initialization has been completed, the ID of the inserted ignition key is automatically NVIS (NATS) registered. Then, if necessary, additional registration of other NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs can be carried out. Regarding the procedures of NVIS (NATS) initialization and NVIS (NATS) ignition key ID registration, refer to CONSULT-II operation manual, IVIS/NVIS.
- When servicing a malfunction of the NATS (indicated by lighting up of Security Indicator Lamp when ignition key is "ON") or registering another NVIS (NATS) ignition key ID no., it is necessary to re-register all original key identifications. <u>Therefore, be sure to receive ALL KEYS from vehicle owner.</u>

System Composition

The immobilizer function of the NVIS (NATS) consists of the following:

- NVIS (NATS) ignition key
- NVIS (NATS) immobilizer control unit (NATS IMMU) located around the ignition key cylinder
- Engine control module (ECM)
- Security indicator lamp



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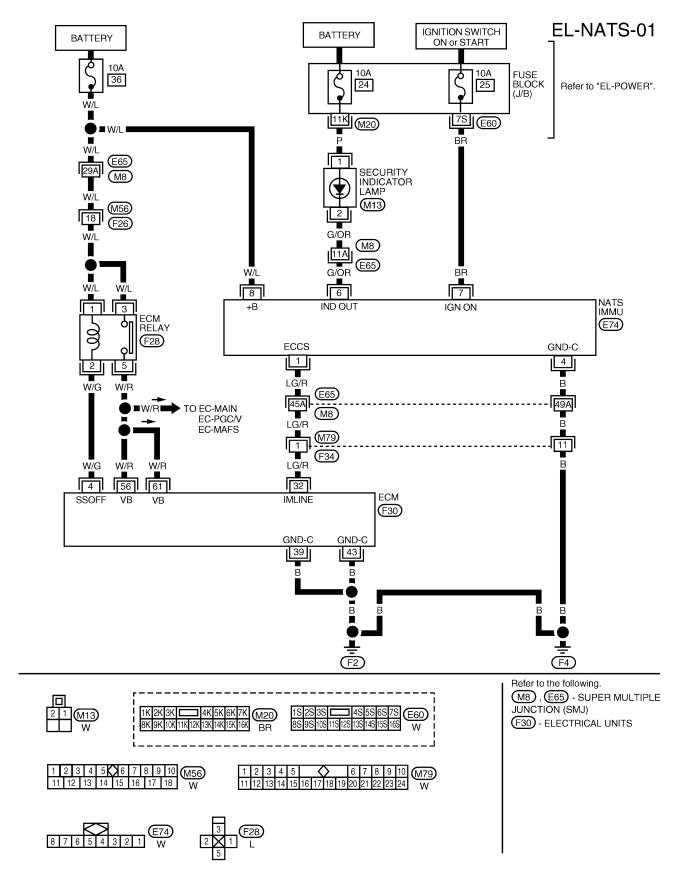
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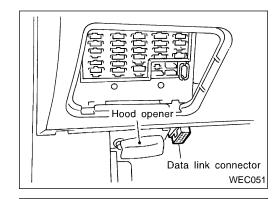
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Wiring Diagram — NATS —





CONSULT-II

CONSULT-II INSPECTION PROCEDURE

Turn ignition switch OFF.

Insert NATS program card into CONSULT-II.

4: Program card **NATS**

MA

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NISSAN **CONSULT-II** START SUB MODE PBR455D Connect "CONSULT-II" to Data link connector for CON-SULT-II.

Turn ignition switch ON.

Touch "START".

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6. Perform each diagnostic test mode according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the CONSULT-II Operation Manual, IVIS/NVIS.

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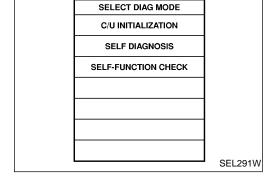
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CONSULT-II DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE FUNCTION

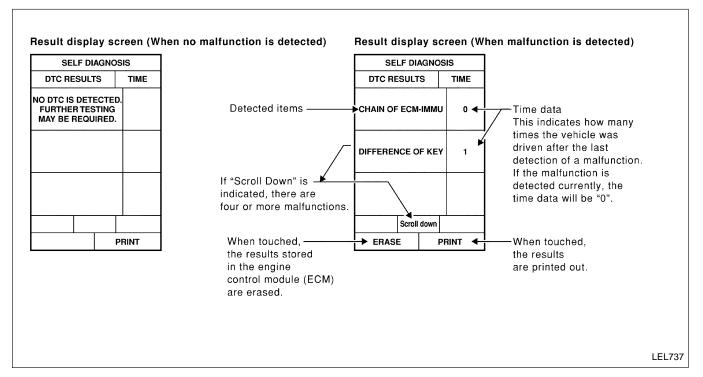
CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE	Description		
C/U INITIALIZATION When replacing any of the following three components, C/U initialization and ket tion are necessary. [NVIS (NATS) ignition key/IMMU/ECM]			
SELF-FUNCTION CHECK	ECM checks its own NVIS (NATS) communication interface by itself.		
SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS	Detected items (screen terms) are as shown in the chart below.		

NOTE:

When any initialization is performed, all ID previously registered will be erased and all NVIS (NATS) ignition keys must be registered again. The engine cannot be started with an unregistered key. In this case, the system will show "DIF-FERENČE OF KEY" or "LOCK MODE" may also be displayed along with "DIFFERENCE OF KEY" in some cases as a self-diagnostic result on the CONSULT-II screen. Refer to EL-254.

EL

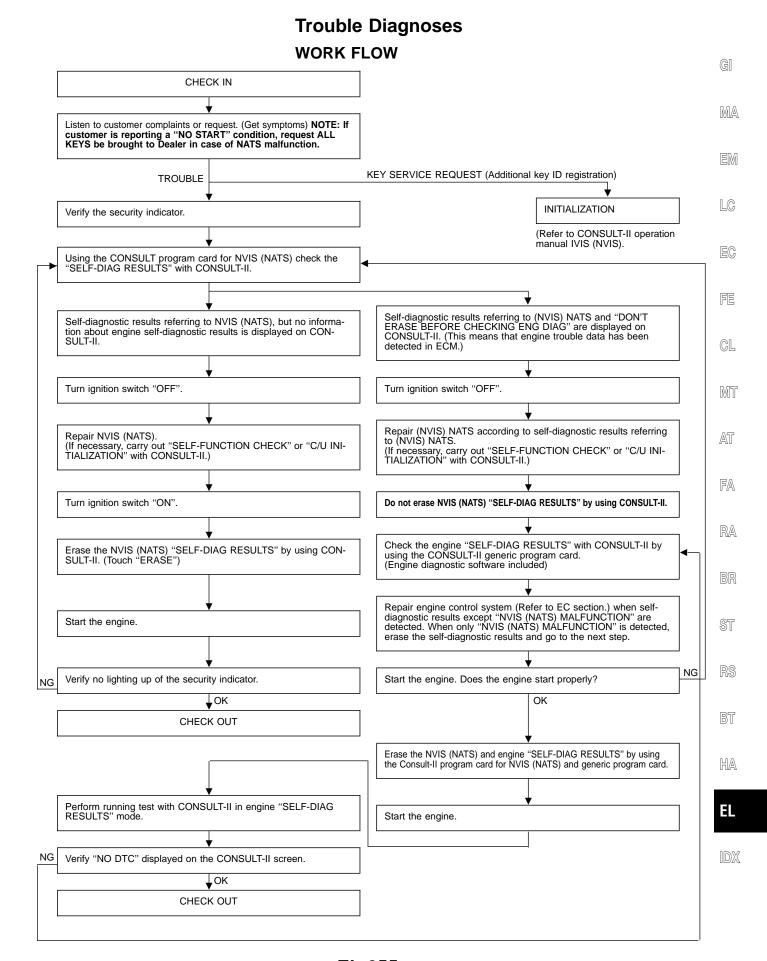
HOW TO READ SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS



^{*} If trip number is more than 1, MIL does not blink.

SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS ITEM CHART

Detected items (Screen terms)	Description	Reference page
IMMU	ECM received the signal from IMMU is malfunctioning	EL-258
ECM	ECM is malfunctioning.	EL-258
CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU	Communication impossible between ECM and IMMU.	EL-259
DIFFERENCE OF KEY	IMMU can receive the key ID signal but the result of ID verification between key ID and IMMU is NG.	EL-261
CHAIN OF IMMU-KEY	IMMU cannot receive the key ID signal.	EL-262
ID DISCORD, IMM-ECM	The result of ID verification between IMMU and ECM is NG. System initialization is required.	EL-263
MINGLE NOISE	Noise (interference) interfered into NVIS (NATS) communication lines during communicating.	EL-263
DON'T ERASE BEFORE CHECKING ENG DIAG	Engine trouble data and NVIS (NATS) trouble data have been detected in ECM.	EL-255
LOCK MODE	When the starting operation is carried out 5 or more times consecutively under the following conditions, NVIS (NATS) will shift the mode to one which prevents the engine from being started. • unregistered ignition key is used • IMMU or ECM malfunctioning	EL-265



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) SYMPTOM MATRIX CHART 1

(Self-diagnosis related item)

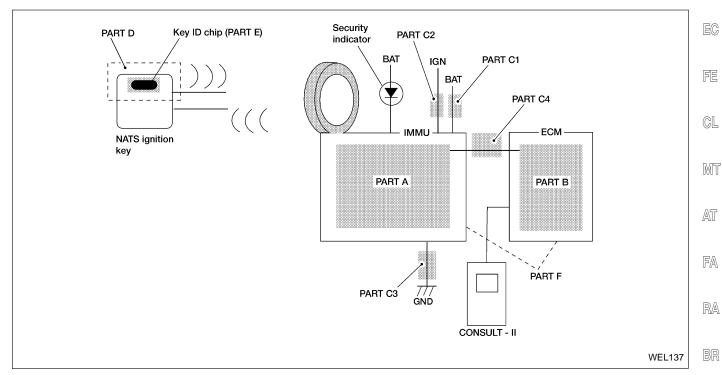
		=		
SYMPTOM	Displayed "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" on CON- SULT screen.	DIAGNOSTIC PROCE- DURE (Reference page)	SYSTEM (Malfunctioning part or mode)	REFERENCE PART NO. OF ILLUSTRATION ON NEXT PAGE
 Security indicator lighting up* Engine will crank but will not start 	IMMU	PROCEDURE 1 (EL-258)	IMMU	А
	ECM	PROCEDURE 2 (EL-258)	ECM	В
			Open circuit in battery voltage line of IMMU circuit	C1
			Open circuit in ignition line of IMMU circuit	C2
			Open circuit in ground line of IMMU circuit	C3
 Security indicator lighting up* Engine will crank but will not start 	CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU	PROCEDURE 3 (EL-259)	Open circuit in communication line between IMMU and ECM	C4
			Short circuit between IMMU and ECM commu- nication line and battery voltage line	C4
			Short circuit between IMMU and ECM communication line and ground line	C4
			ECM	В
			IMMU	А
	DIFFERENCE OF KEY	PROCEDURE 4	Unregistered key	D
	DIFFERENCE OF RET	(EL-261)	IMMU	A
	CHAIN OF IMMU-KEY	PROCEDURE 5	Malfunction of key ID chip	E
		(EL-262)	IMMU	A
	ID DISCORD, IMM-ECM	PROCEDURE 6	System initialisation has not yet been completed.	F
		(EL-263)	ECM	F
	MINGLE NOISE	PROCEDURE 7 (EL-263)	Noise interference in communication line	_
	LOCK MODE	PROCEDURE 9 (EL-265)	LOCK MODE	D
 MIL staying ON Security indicator lighting up* 	DON'T ERASE BEFORE CHECKING ENG DIAG	WORK FLOW (EL-255)	Engine trouble data and NVIS (NATS) trouble data have been detected in ECM	_

^{*:} When NVIS (NATS) detects trouble, the security indicator lamp will illuminate continuously while ignition key is in the "ON" position.

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) SYMPTOM MATRIX CHART 2 (Non self-diagnosis related item)

SYMPTOM	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (Reference page)	SYSTEM (Malfunctioning part or mode)	GI	
		Security ind.	- MA	
Security ind. does not light up.	PROCEDURE 8	Open circuit between Fuse and NATS IMMU	<u>-</u>	
	(EL-264)	Continuation of initialization mode	EM	
		NATS IMMU	-	

DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DIAGRAM



IDX

ST

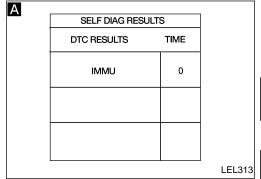
RS

BT

HA

EL

LC



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1

Self diagnostic results:

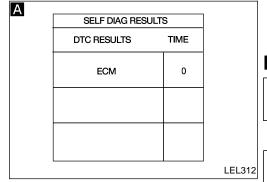
"IMMU" displayed on CONSULT-II screen

Α



Confirm SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS "IMMU" displayed on CONSULT-II screen. Ref. part No. A.

- 1. Replace IMMU.
- Perform initialization with CONSULT-II.
 For the initialization procedure, refer to "CONSULT-II operation manual IVIS/ NVIS".



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2

Self diagnostic results:

"ECM" displayed on CONSULT-II screen

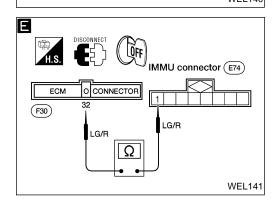
Α



Confirm SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS "ECM" displayed on CONSULT-II screen. Ref. part No. B.

- 1. Replace ECM.
- Perform initialization with CONSULT-II.
 For the initialization procedure, refer to "CONSULT-II operation manual IVIS/ NVIS".

NVIS (NISSAN VEHICLE IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM — NATS) (WITH SELF-FUNCTION CHECK) **Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3** Α SELF DIAGNOSIS Self-diagnostic results: DTC RESULTS TIME "CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU" displayed on CONSULT-II screen GI CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU 0 NG Confirm SELF-DIAGNOSTIC Refer to "SYMPTOM MA RESULTS "CHAIN OF ECM-MATRIX CHART 1", IMMU" displayed on CONSULT-II EL-256. screen. OK WEL171 NG **CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR** Check the following. В IMMU. • 10A fuse (No. 36, located Check voltage between terminal (8) of IMMU connector (E74) in the fuse and fusible link IMMU and ground with CONSULT-II or Harness for open or short Voltage: Battery voltage between fuse and IMMU W/L connector QFF. Ref. Part No. C1 CL C NG CHECK IGN SW. ON SIGNAL. Check the following. WEL138 Check voltage between terminal 7 of ● 10A fuse [No. | 8 |, MT С IMMU and ground with CONSULT-II or located in the fuse block tester. (J/B)] Voltage: Battery voltage IMMU connector (E74) Harness for open or AT short between fuse and OK IMMU connector Ref. Part No. C2 FA BR D ĬŎN NG CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR IMMU. Repair harness. RA Check harness continuity between IMMU Ref. Part No. C3 terminal (4) and ground. WEL139 Continuity should exist. BR D OK Ε IMMU connector (E74) ST NG **CHECK COMMUNICATION LINE OPEN** Repair harness. CIRCUIT. Ref. Part No. C4 Disconnect ECM connector. В Check harness continuity between ECM terminal (32) and IMMU terminal (1). Continuity should exist. BT OK WEL140

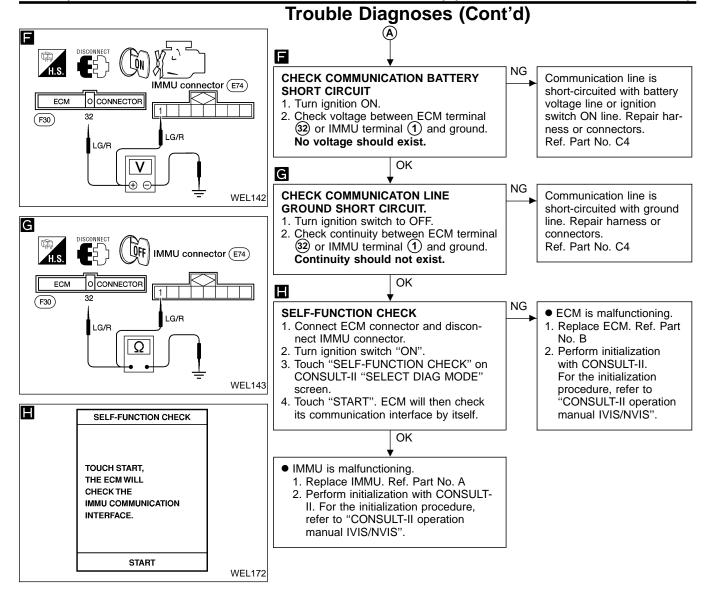


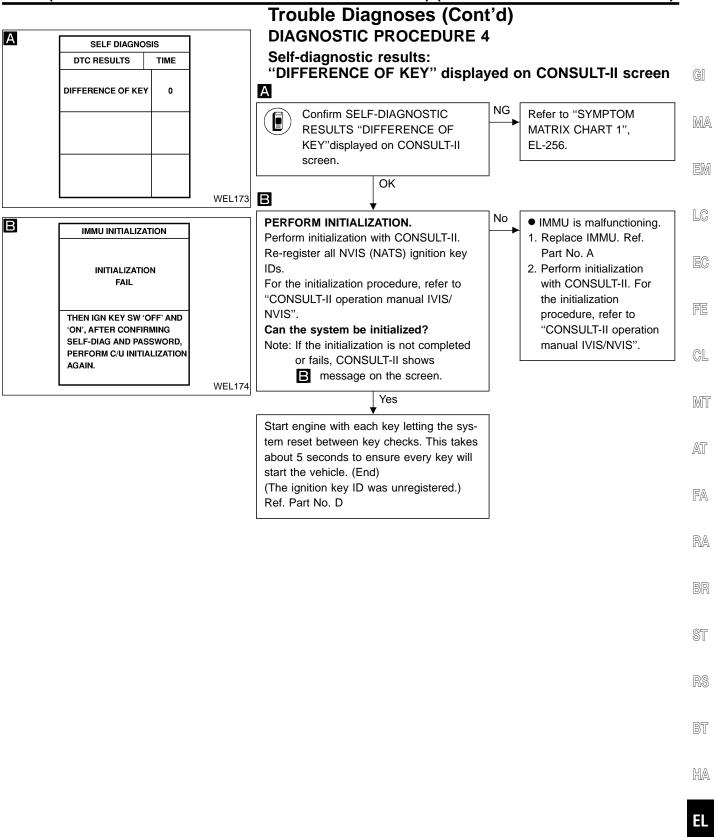
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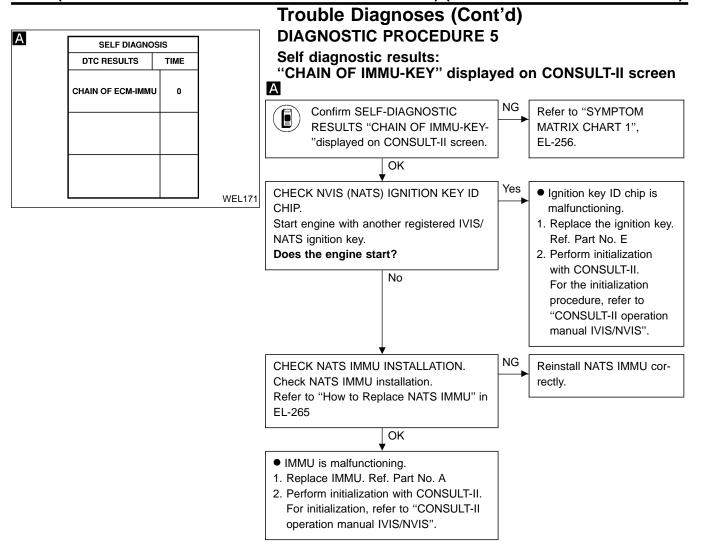
HA

EL

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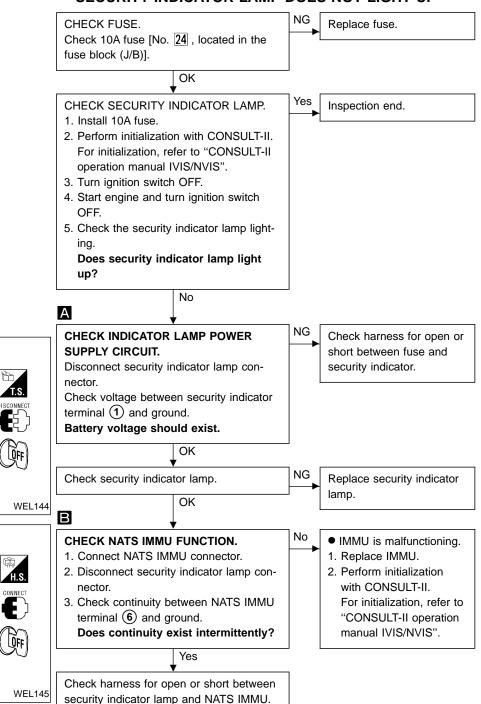


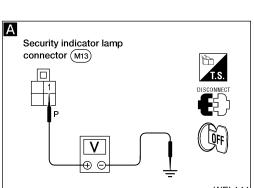
NVIS (NISSAN VEHICLE IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM — NATS) (WITH SELF-FUNCTION CHECK) **Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 6** Α SELF DIAGNOSIS Self-diagnostic results: DTC RESULTS TIME "ID DISCORD, IMM-ECM" displayed on CONSULT-II screen* ID DISCORD, IMM-ECM * "ID DISCORD, IMM-ECM": Registered ID of IMMU is in discord with that of ECM. MA Α NG Confirm SELF-DIAGNOSTIC Refer to "SYMPTOM RESULTS "ID DISCORD, IMM-MATRIX CHART 1", EM ECM" displayed on CONSULT-II EL-256. screen. WEL175 OK В IMMU INITIALIZATION В No ECM is malfunctioning. PERFORM INITIALIZATION. INITIALIZATION Perform initialization with CONSULT-II. 1. Replace ECM. Ref. Part FAII Re-register all NVIS (NATS) ignition key No. F 2. Perform initialization with CONSULT-II. For the initialization procedure, refer to THEN IGN KEY SW 'OFF' AND 'ON', AFTER CONFIRMING "CONSULT-II operation manual IVIS/ For the initialization SELF-DIAG AND PASSWORD. NVIS". procedure, refer to PERFORM C/U INITIALIZATION Can the system be initialized? "CONSULT-II operation AGAIN. manual IVIS/NVIS". Note: If the initialization is not completed WEL174 or fails, CONSULT-II shows MT B message on the screen. Yes AT Start engine (END). (System initialization had not been completed. Ref. Part No. F). FA RA BR **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 7** Α SELF DIAGNOSIS Self-diagnostic results: DTC RESULTS TIME ST "MINGLE NOISE" displayed on CONSULT-II screen MINGLE NOISE 0 Confirm SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS "MINGLE NOISE" displayed on CONSULT-II screen. BT Turn off or remove any possible noise sources WEL320 HA Touch "ERASE" on CONSULT-II SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS screen. EL NG Start engine. OK

End

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 8 "SECURITY INDICATOR LAMP DOES NOT LIGHT UP"





WEL144

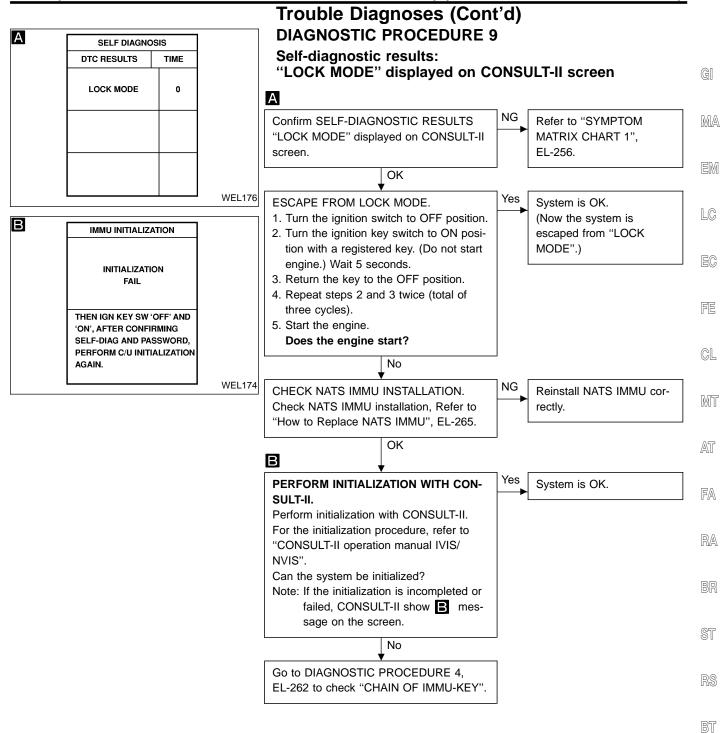
B
IMMU connector (Ε74)

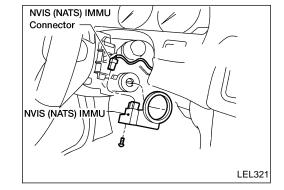
H.S.

CONNECT

E

WEL145



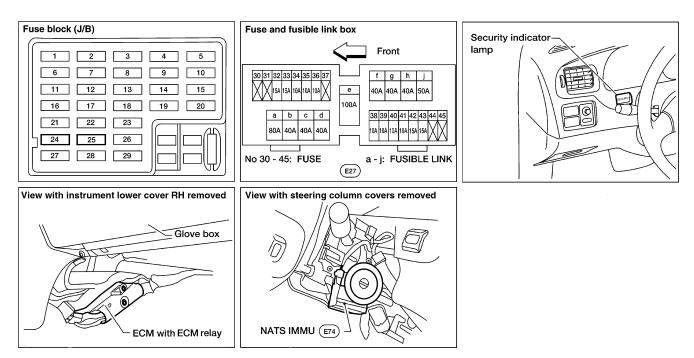


How to Replace NATS IMMU NOTE:

If NATS IMMU is not installed correctly, NVIS (NATS) system will not operate properly and SELF-DIAG RESULTS on CONSULT-II screen will show "LOCK MODE", "CHAIN OF IMMU-KEY", or "CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU".

HA

Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



NOTE:

If customer is reporting a "NO START" condition, request ALL KEYS be brought to Dealer in case of NATS malfunction.

System Description

NOTE: Use CONSULT-II to determine which immobilizer system is equipped on this vehicle. Refer to "CONSULT-II INSPECTION PROCEDURE", EL-269. If "SELF-FUNCTION CHECK" is shown on "SELECT DIAG MODE" screen of CONSULT-II, refer to EL-250.

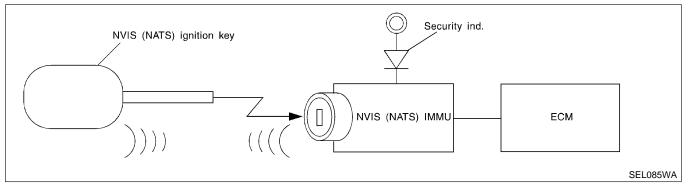
NVIS (Nissan Vehicle Immobilizer System — NATS) has the following immobilizer functions:

- Since only NVIS (NATS) ignition keys, whose ID nos. have been registered into the ECM and IMMU of NVIS (NATS), allow the engine to run, operation of a stolen vehicle without a NVIS (NATS) registered key is prevented by NVIS (NATS). That is to say, NVIS (NATS) will immobilize the engine if someone tries to start it without the registered key of NVIS (NATS).
- All of the originally supplied ignition key IDs have been NVIS (NATS) registered.
 If requested by the vehicle owner, a maximum of five key IDs can be registered into the NVIS (NATS) components. All other existing keys will need to be re-registered if any additional keys are added.
- The security indicator blinks when the ignition switch is in "OFF" or "ACC" position. Therefore, NVIS
 (NATS) warns outsiders that the vehicle is equipped with the system.
- When NVIS (NATS) detects trouble, the security indicator lamp will illuminate continuously while ignition key is in the "ON" position.
- NVIS (NATS) trouble diagnoses, system initialization and additional registration of other NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs must be carried out using CONSULT-II hardware and CONSULT-II NVIS (NATS) software.
- When NVIS (NATS) initialization has been completed, the ID of the inserted ignition key is automatically NVIS (NATS) registered. Then, if necessary, additional registration of other NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs can be carried out. Regarding the procedures of NVIS (NATS) initialization and NVIS (NATS) ignition key ID registration, refer to CONSULT-II OPERATION MANUAL, IVIS/NVIS.
- When servicing a malfunction of the NVIS (NATS) (indicated by lighting up of Security Indicator Lamp when ignition key is "ON") or registering another NVIS (NATS) ignition key ID no., it is necessary to re-register all original key identifications. Therefore, be sure to receive ALL KEYS from vehicle owner.

System Composition

The immobilizer function of the NVIS (NATS) consists of the following:

- NVIS (NATS) ignition key
- NVIS (NATS) immobilizer control unit (NATS IMMU) located around the ignition key cylinder
- Engine control module (ECM)
- Security indicator lamp



MA

LC

EC

MT

AT

FA

RA BR

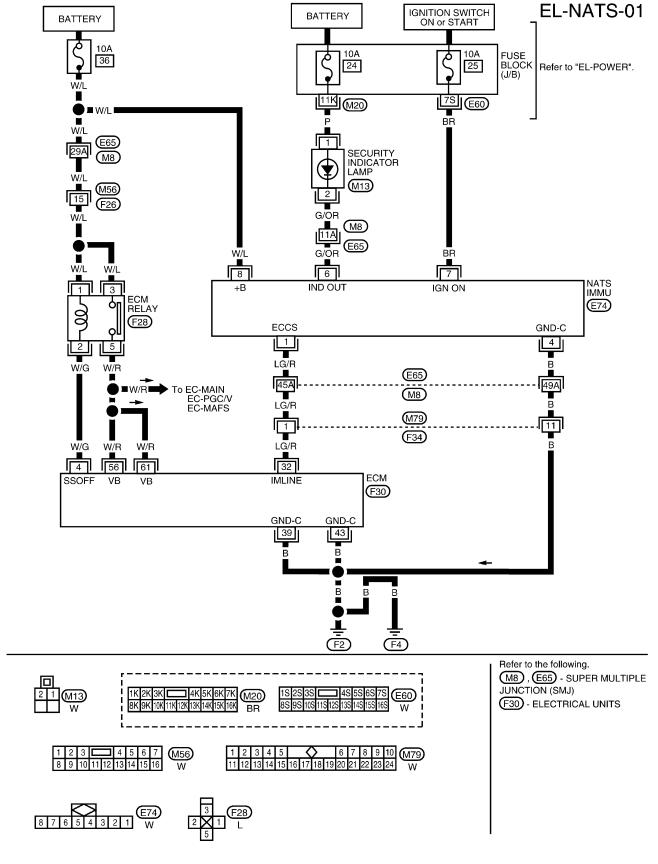
BT

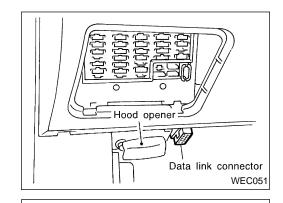
HA

EL

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Wiring Diagram — NATS —





CONSULT-II

CONSULT-II INSPECTION PROCEDURE

Turn ignition switch OFF.

Insert NATS program card into CONSULT-II.

4: Program card NATS (AENOOA) GI

MA

EM

Connect "CONSULT-II" to data link connector.

LC

Turn ignition switch ON.

Touch "START".

EC

FE

CL

MT

Select "NATS V.5.0".

AT

FA

RA

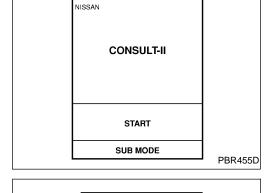
BR

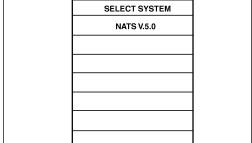
RS

BT

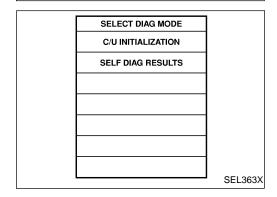
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7. Perform each diagnostic test mode according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the "CONSULT-II OPERATION MANUAL, IVIS/NVIS".

NVIS (NISSAN VEHICLE IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM — NATS) (WITHOUT SELF-FUNCTION CHECK) CONSULT-II (Cont'd)

CONSULT-II DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE FUNCTION

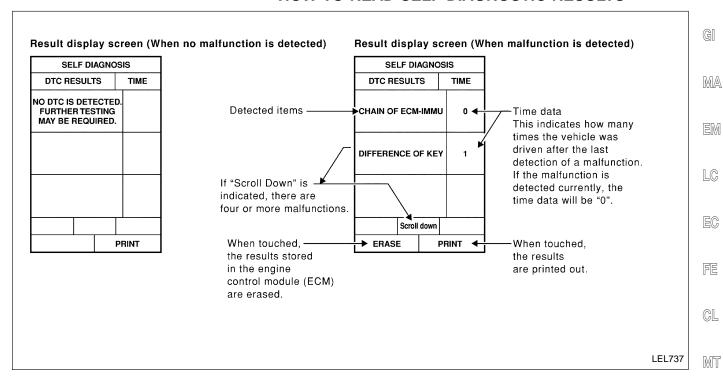
CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE	Description
C/IT INITIALIZATIONI	When replacing any of the following three components, C/U initialization and key registration are necessary. [NVIS (NATS) ignition key/IMMU/ECM]
SELF-DIAG RESULTS	Detected items (screen terms) are as shown in the following chart.

NOTE:

When any initialization is performed, all ID previously registered will be erased and all NVIS (NATS) ignition keys must be registered again. The engine cannot be started with an unregistered key. In this case, the system will show "DIFFERENCE OF KEY" or "LOCK MODE" may also be displayed along with "DIFFERENCE OF KEY" in some cases as a self-diagnostic result on the CONSULT-II screen. Refer to "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS ITEM CHART", EL-271.

In rare cases, "CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU" might be stored as a self-diagnostic result during key registration procedure, even if the system is not malfunctioning.

HOW TO READ SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS



SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS ITEM CHART

AT

FA

RA

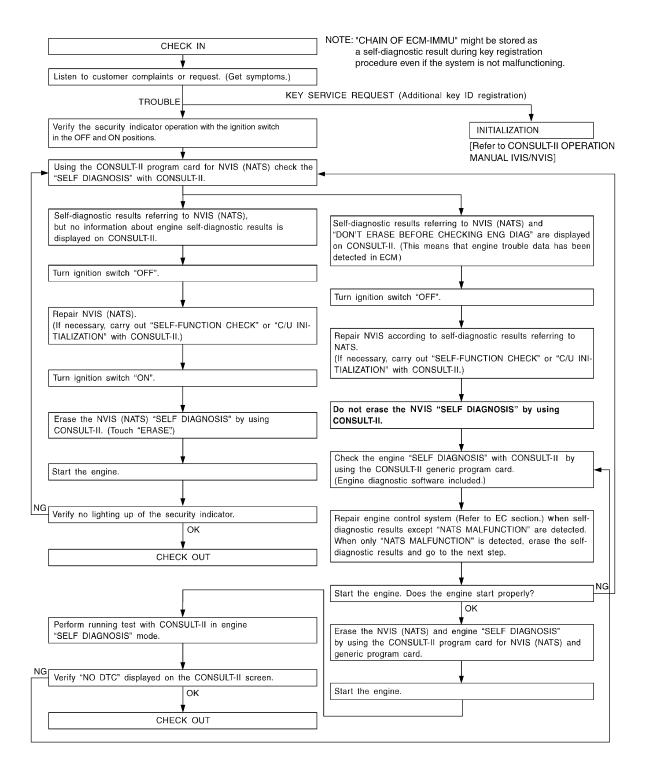
BR

BT

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Detected items (NATS program card screen terms)	P No. Code (Self-diagnostic result of "ENGINE"	Malfunction is detected when	Reference page
ECM INT CIRC-IMMU	NATS MAL- FUNCTION P1613	The malfunction of ECM internal circuit of IMMU communication line is detected.	EL-275
CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU	NATS MAL- FUNCTION P1612	Communication impossible between ECM and IMMU (In rare cases, "CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU" might be stored during key registration procedure, even if the system is not malfunctioning.	EL-275
DIFFERENCE OF KEY	NATS MAL- FUNCTION P1615	IMMU can receive the key ID signal but the result of ID verification between key ID and IMMU is NG.	EL-277
CHAIN OF IMMU-KEY	NATS MAL- FUNCTION P1614	IMMU cannot receive the key ID signal.	EL-278
ID DISCORD, IMM- ECM	NATS MAL- FUNCTION P1611	The result of ID verification between IMMU and ECM is NG. System initialization is required.	EL-279
LOCK MODE	NATS MAL- FUNCTION P1610	When the starting operation is carried out five or more times consecutively under the following conditions, NVIS (NATS) will shift the mode to one which prevents the engine from being started. • Unregistered ignition key is used. • IMMU or ECM is malfunctioning.	EL-281
DON'T ERASE BEFORE CHECKING ENG DIAG	_	Any engine trouble codes except NVIS (NATS) trouble codes have been detected in ECM.	EL-272

Trouble Diagnoses WORK FLOW



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) SYMPTOM MATRIX CHART 1

(Self-diagnosis related item)

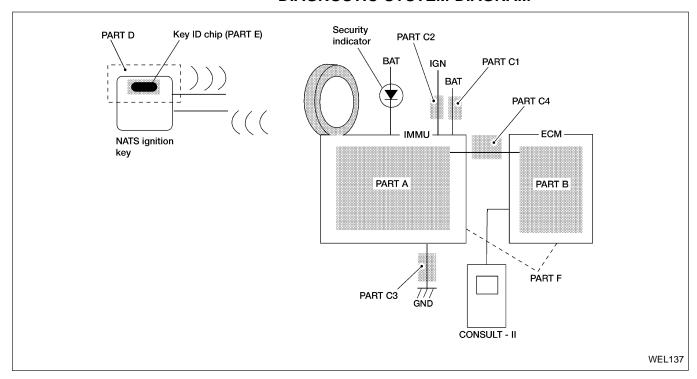
SYMPTOM	Displayed "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" on CON- SULT screen.	DIAGNOSTIC PROCE- DURE (Reference page)	SYSTEM (Malfunctioning part or mode)	REFERENCE PART NO. OF ILLUSTRATION ON NEXT PAGE
	ECM INT CIRC-IMMU	PROCEDURE 1 (EL-275)	ECM	В
			In rare cases, "CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU" might be stored during key registration procedure, even if the system is not malfunctioning.	_
			Open circuit in battery voltage line of IMMU circuit	C1
			Open circuit in ignition line of IMMU circuit	C2
			Open circuit in ground line of IMMU circuit	C3
 Security indicator lighting up* Engine will crank but will not start 	CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU	PROCEDURE 2 (EL-275)	Open circuit in communication line between IMMU and ECM	C4
			Short circuit between IMMU and ECM commu- nication line and battery voltage line	C4
			Short circuit between IMMU and ECM commu- nication line and ground line	C4
			ECM	В
			IMMU	A
	DIFFERENCE OF KEY	PROCEDURE 3	Unregistered key	D
	DITTERENCE OF RET	(EL-277)	IMMU	A
	CHAIN OF IMMU-KEY	PROCEDURE 4 (EL-278)	Malfunction of key ID chip	E
			IMMU	A
	ID DISCORD, IMM-ECM	SCORD, IMM-ECM PROCEDURE 5		F
		(EL-279)	ECM	F
	LOCK MODE	PROCEDURE 7 (EL-281)	LOCK MODE	D
MIL staying ONSecurity indicator lighting up*	DON'T ERASE BEFORE CHECKING ENG DIAG	WORK FLOW (EL-272)	Engine trouble data and NVIS (NATS) trouble data have been detected in ECM	_

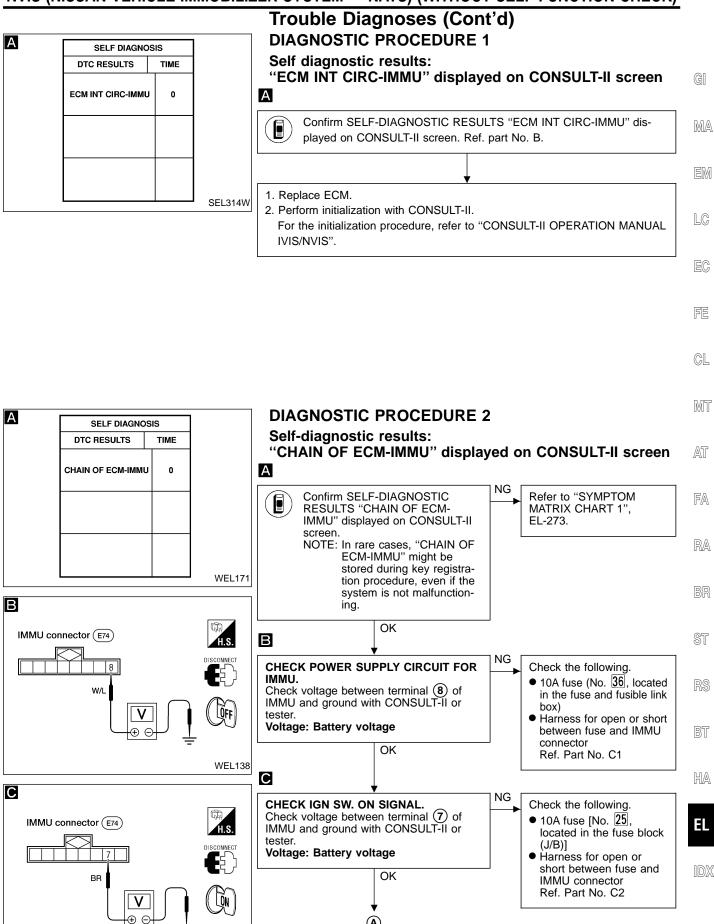
^{*:} When NVIS (NATS) detects trouble, the security indicator lamp will illuminate continuously while ignition key is in the "ON" position.

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) SYMPTOM MATRIX CHART 2 (Non self-diagnosis related item)

SYMPTOM	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (Reference page)	SYSTEM (Malfunctioning part or mode)	
Security indicator lamp does not light up		Security indicator lamp	
	PROCEDURE 6	Open circuit between fuse and NATS IMMU	
	(EL-280)	Continuation of initialization mode	
		NATS IMMU	

DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DIAGRAM

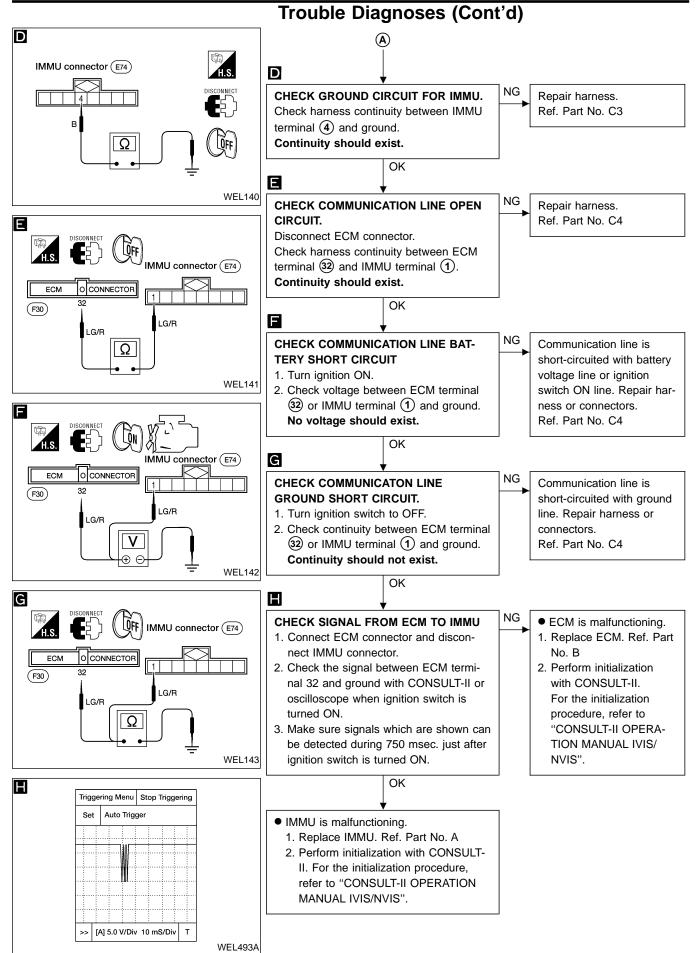


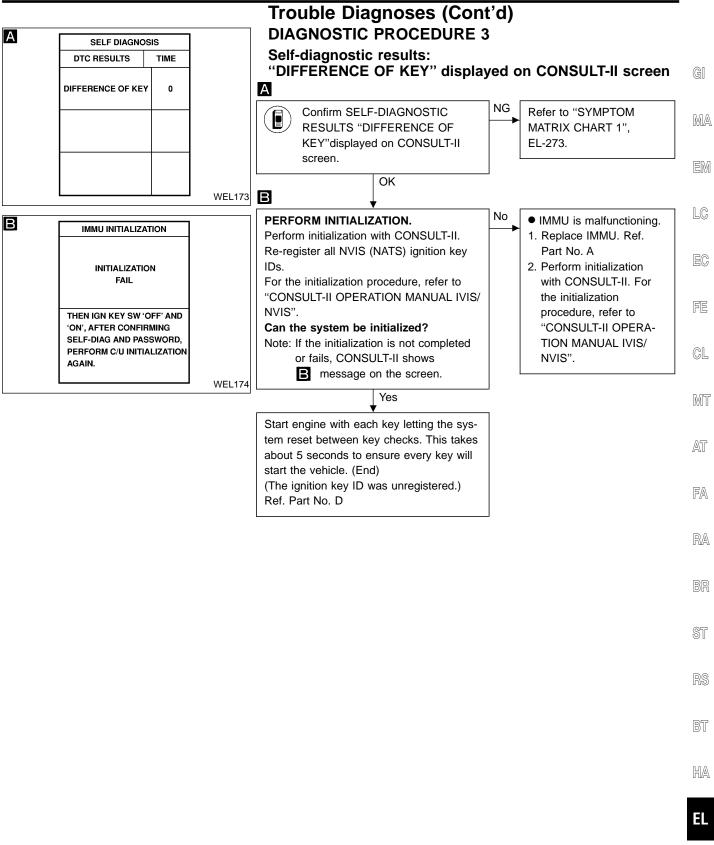


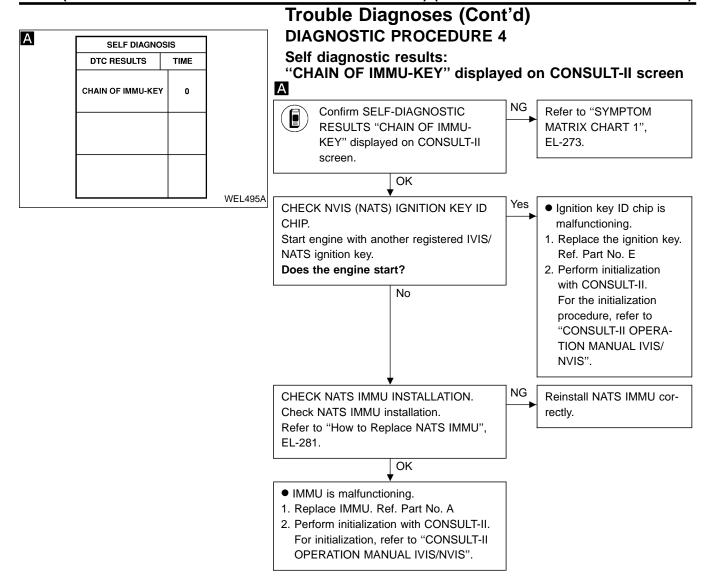
EL-275

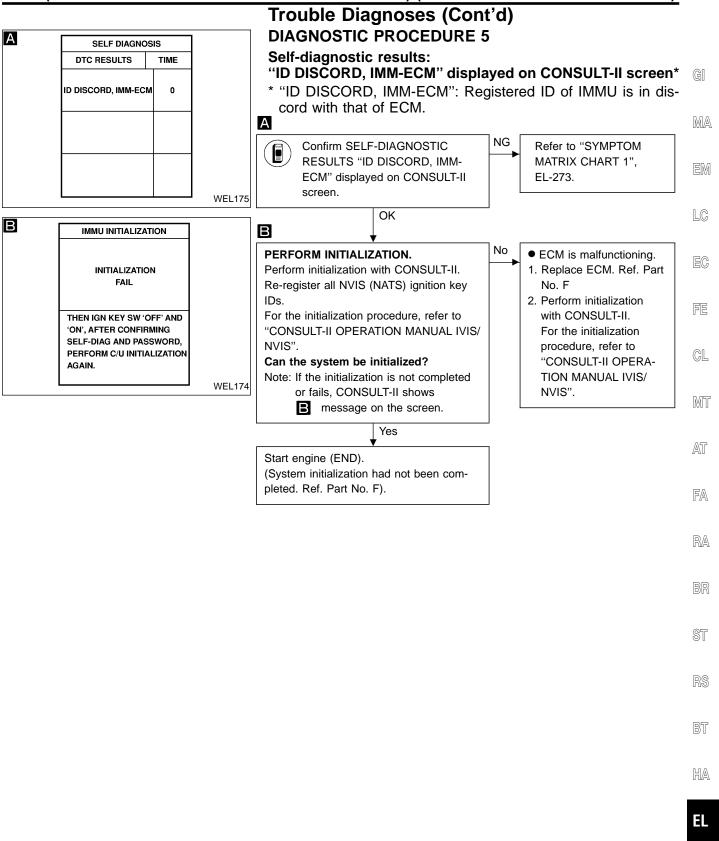
WEL139

(Go to next page.)



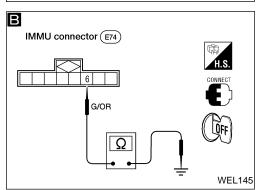




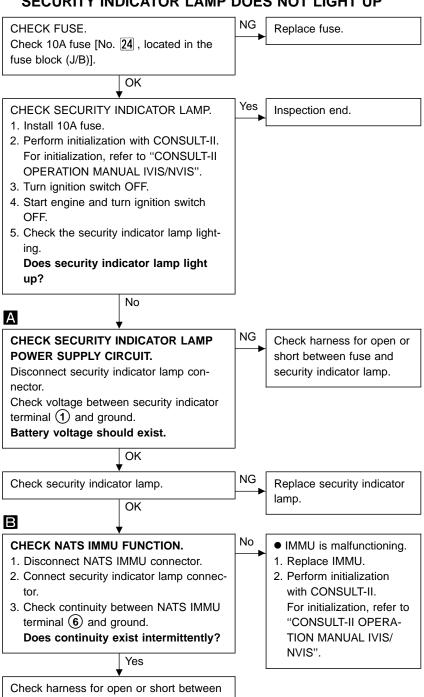


Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

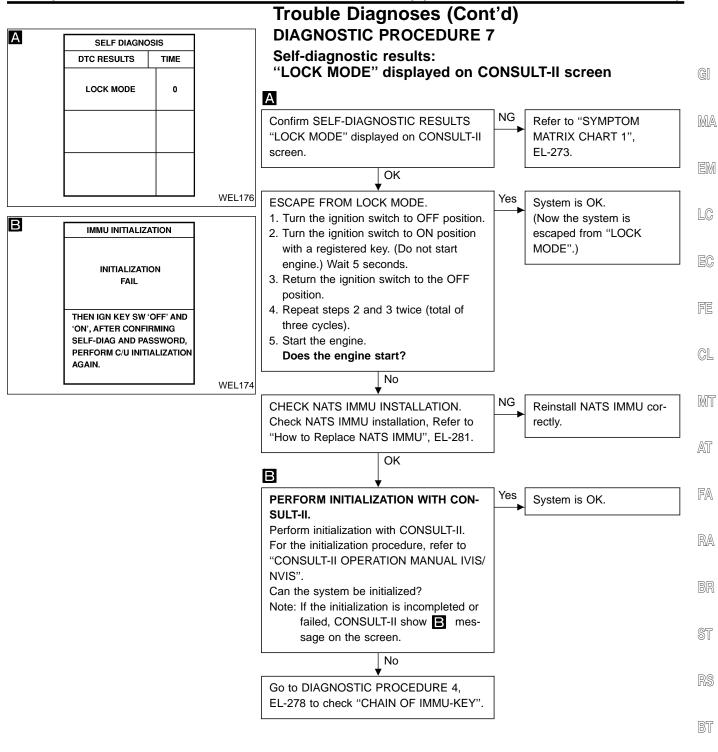
Security indicator lamp connector (M13) I.S. DISCONNECT F WEL144

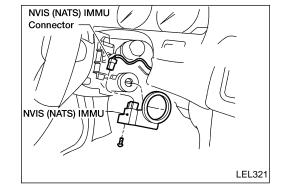


DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 6 "SECURITY INDICATOR LAMP DOES NOT LIGHT UP"



security indicator lamp and NATS IMMU.



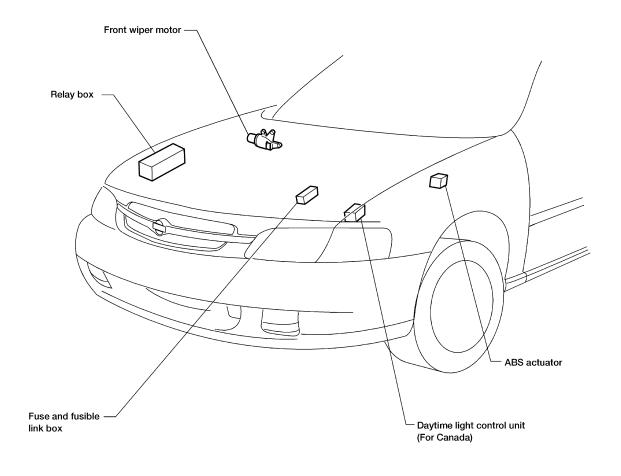


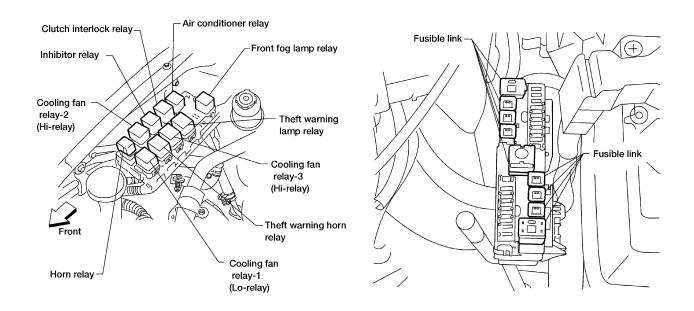
How to Replace NATS IMMU NOTE:

 If NATS IMMU is not installed correctly, NVIS (NATS) system will not operate properly and SELF-DIAG RESULTS on CONSULT-II screen will show "LOCK MODE", "CHAIN OF IMMU-KEY", or "CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU". HA

LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS

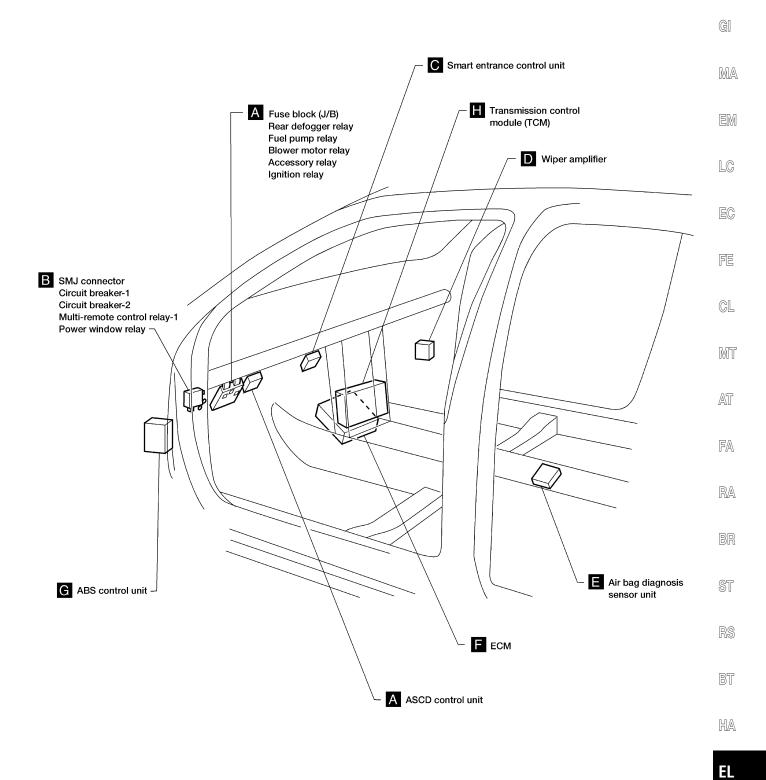
Engine Compartment





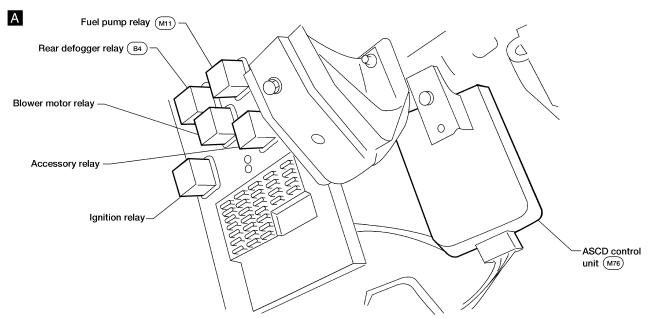
LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS

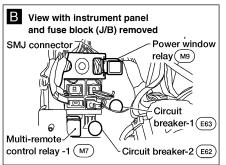
Passenger Compartment

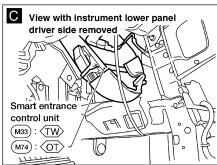


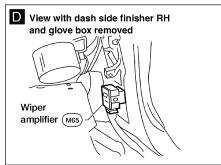
LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS

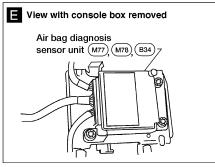
Passenger Compartment (Cont'd)

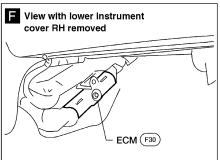


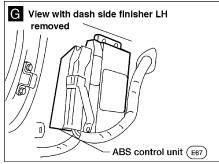


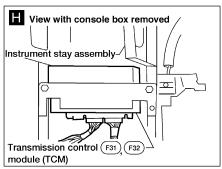








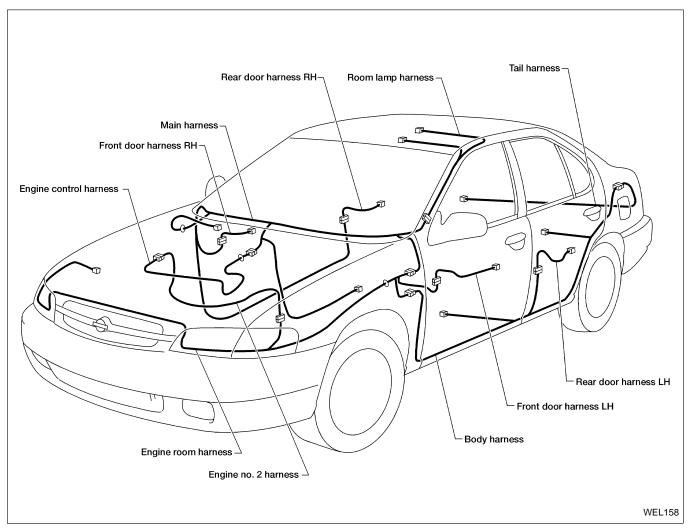




TW : With theft warning system
OT : Without theft warning system

HARNESS LAYOUT

Outline



NOTE: For detailed ground distribution information, refer to "GROUND DISTRIBUTION", EL-20.

EL-285

GI

MA

EM

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR ST

RS

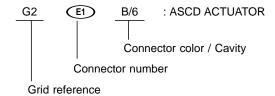
BT

HA

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How to Read Harness Layout

Example:



The following Harness Layouts use a map style grid to help locate connectors on the drawings:

- Main Harness
- Engine Room Harness (Engine Compartment)
- Engine Control Harness
- Body Harness

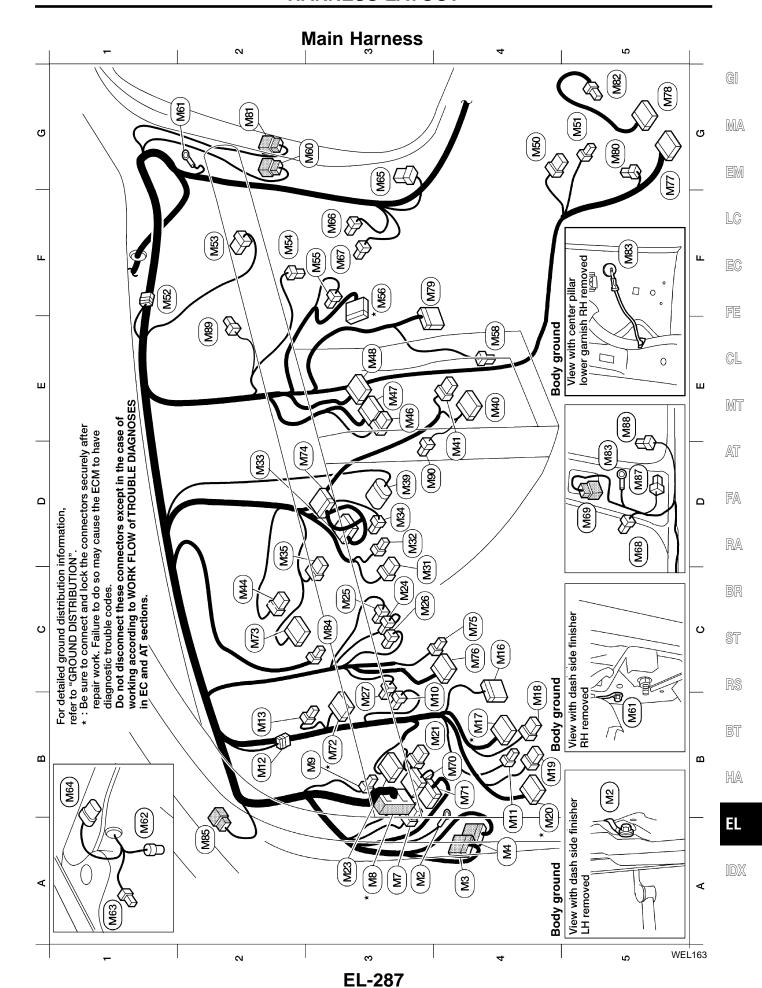
To use the grid reference

- 1) Find the desired connector number on the connector list.
- 2) Find the grid reference.
- 3) On the drawing, find the crossing of the grid reference letter column and number row.
- 4) Find the connector number in the crossing zone.
- 5) Follow the line (if used) to the connector.

CONNECTOR SYMBOL

Main symbols of connector (in Harness Layout) are indicated in the below.

Connector type	Water proof type		Standard type	
Connector type	Male	Female	Male	Female
Cavity: Less than 4Relay connector	Ø	6	P	
Cavity: From 5 to 8				
Cavity: More than 9		\Diamond		
Ground terminal etc.	_		Ø.	>



HARNESS LAYOUT

Main Harness (Cont'd)

Seat belt pre-tensioner RH Passenger air bag module

: Antenna amplifier

(M90) W/2 M89 W/2

7

 \mathbf{E}

Satellite sensor RH

(M87) Y/2 **Y/2** (%)

25 5

: To (R7)

M85 W/6

42

: Front door switch RH : Combination meter : To (D50) : To B31 : To (B82) M71) W/16 M72) W/24 M70 W/10 Me8 BR/1 8/W (SW) B3 B3 : Rear window defogger switch : Radio and cassette player : Radio and cassette player : Combination flasher unit BR/10: Mode door motor M40) W/10 (M41) W/6 9/W (SEM) (gg) 7 **E**4 7 : Multi-remote control relay-1 : Body ground : **To** @ : **To** (D2) : To (E65)

> (M3) W/12 W/12 BR/6

\<u>₹</u>

(¥2)

A3 **A**3 83 **B**4 44 **B**2 **B**2 2

SMJ

¥ 889

: Push control unit : Push control unit : Hazard switch : Fan switch B/16 B/20 (M44) W/8 9/M M46 ₹4 Z (M48) 8**E**4 E3 E3 : Security indicator lamp : Power window relay : ASCD clutch switch : Fuel pump relay : Diode (M13) W/4 (M11) L/4 (M12) W/2 2 (Mg) L/4 _ @FW)

: Smart entrance control unit (without Theft)

M74 GY/26

: Power socket relay

M75) L/4

2 2

: ASCD control unit

M76 BR/24

M77 Y/20

G5 G5

M78 Y/12 M79 W/24

M73 BR/24: Combination meter

8

: Parking brake switch : A/T device 9/M B/1 (SEM M51 **F**4 75

: Data link connector for GST

(M16) W/16

Air bag diagnosis sensor unit : Air bag diagnosis sensor unit

> : Intake door motor : Diode SB/4 (ME3) W/8 M52 F2 $\overline{\mathbf{R}}$

: Thermo control amplifier : Glove box lamp : To (F26) * (M56) W/18 B/2 (M56) W/3 M54 Ξ Ξ 53

Side air bag module RH

(MB2) Y/2

Power socket

M80 W/2 (MB1) W/8

95 8 95 5

To (D30)

: To F34

33

Driver air bag module

(MB4) Y/6

ဗ

Body ground

(M83)

: Cigarette lighter socket : **To** (p2rl) 8/% **B**/2 (M60) (M58) 33 **E**4

GY/12: Door mirror remote control switch

ASCD brake switch : Stop lamp switch

M24) L/2 B/2 (MZ6) L/2

M25

2

(M23)

: Illumination control switch

MZ1) W/6

84 A3 \aleph \aleph

*(N20) BR/16 : Fuse block (J/B)

: Fuse block (J/B) : Fuse block (J/B)

(M18) GY/8 8/W (etw)

*(M17) GY/16 : Fuse block (J/B)

B4 B5 B5 B5 : Body ground <u>§</u> g

: Front wheel sensor RH **GY//2** (<u>8</u> A

: Theft warning horn : Wiper motor **GY/6** <u>B</u>/ (Me3) Mod ۲¥ **B**

: Clutch interlock switch

2

(MZ7) (<u>F</u>

83 2 72 23

: Warning chime unit

8/% **4/4**

: A/T shift lock switch

(ASCD brake switch)

: Wiper amplifier : Blower motor 8//8 W/2 (M65 M66 Ξ 33

: Fan resistor BR/4 (VeZ) Ξ : Smart entrance control unit (with Theft) : Rear window defogger timer

M33 W/36

(KR)

(M12)

Diode (

Parking brake Daytime light control unit switch Combination meter — Combination meter Diode (M52)

ECM (ECCS Control Module)

IACV-FICD Solenoid – Valve

 *: Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the ECM to have diagnostic trouble codes.

Do not disconnect these connectors except in the case of working according to WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and AT sections.

WEL164

NOTES

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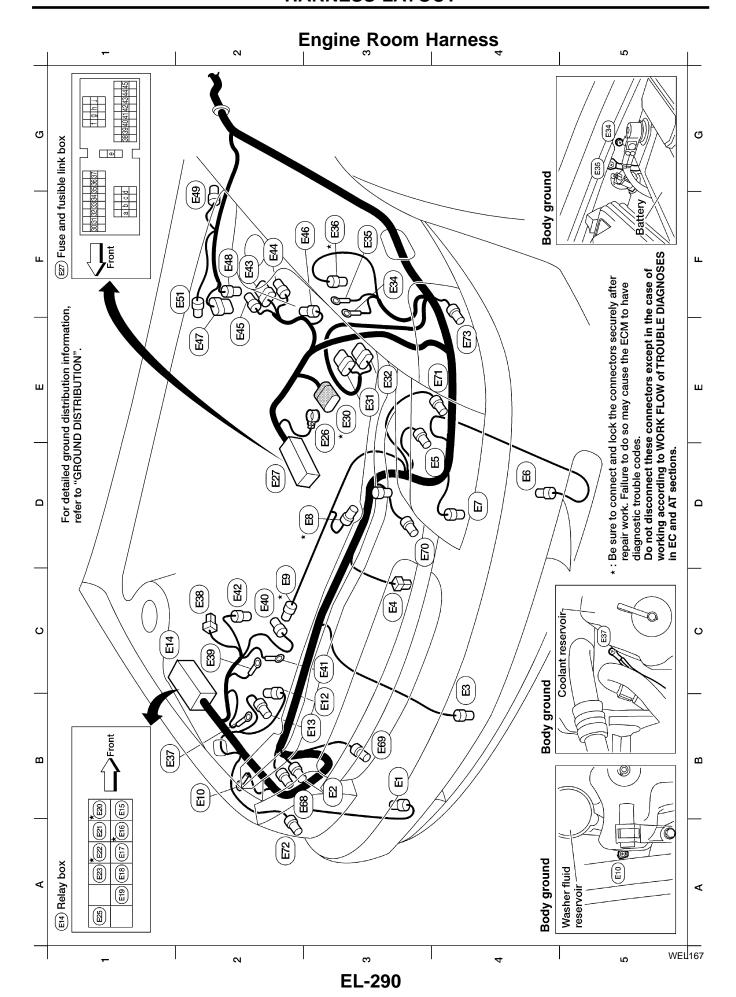
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Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)

GY/6: Daytime light control unit (For Canada) GY/8: Daytime light control unit (For Canada) GY/3: Parking and cornering lamp RH GY/3: Parking and cornering lamp LH : Intake air temperature sensor : Fuse and fusible link box GY/2: Brake fluid level switch BR/2: Front wheel sensor LH GY/2: Side marker lamp RH GY/2: Side marker lamp LH GY/3: Turn signal lamp RH GY/3: Turn signal lamp LH : Thermal transmitter GY/2: Dropping resistor : A/C compressor B/8 : ABS relay unit : ABS relay unit : Body ground : Body ground : Body ground GY/8: ABS actuator GY/4: ASCD pump GY/2: Hood switch GY/2: Generator : Generator : Generator GY/9: To (E203) B/2 B/2 B/1 B/1 1 1 1 1 (FZ) 8 (E) (88) (<u>#</u> (FA) (¥ (FA) (F46) E47 (H) (E) (E72) (E) (E) F3 * E36 (33 (88 8 8 (8) (H) (E) 8 8 Ξ 8ဗ E2 \mathbf{F} B3 ឧ Ŗ <u>B</u> 8 $^{\circ}$ 5 F_2 Ξ Ξ \mathbf{E} $\overline{\Sigma}$ \mathbf{F}_{2} E4 Relay box (E17) GY/6: Park/neutral position (PNP) relay *(E20) BR/6 : Cooling fan relay-1 (Lo-relay) * (E16) BR/6 : Cooling fan relay-2 (Hi-relay) * (E22) BR/6 : Cooling fan relay-3 (Hi-relay) GY/2: Ambient temperature switch (E12) BR/2: Washer fluid level switch E3 BR/6: Theft warning lamp relay

: Battery

: Front fog lamp RH

E) B/2 E2) B/3

: Headlamp RH

: Triple pressure switch

: Front fog lamp LH

: Headlamp LH

ES) B/3 (E6) B/2 (F) B/4

8

7 7

: Horn

E4 B/1

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(E)

GY/4: Cooling fan motor-2

(<u>a</u> (F)

8

B2 B3 B3

: Body ground

(E13) GY/2: Washer motor

: Relay box : Horn relay

1

E14

 \overline{c} <u>8</u>

(E15) B/3

F

D3 ★ (B) GY/4 : Cooling fan motor-1

diagnostic trouble codes.

Do not disconnect these connectors except in the case of working according to WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the ECM to have

FA in EC and AT sections. RA BR ST

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: Clutch interlock relay

E18) L/4

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: Air conditioner relay

(E19) L/4

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<u>8</u>

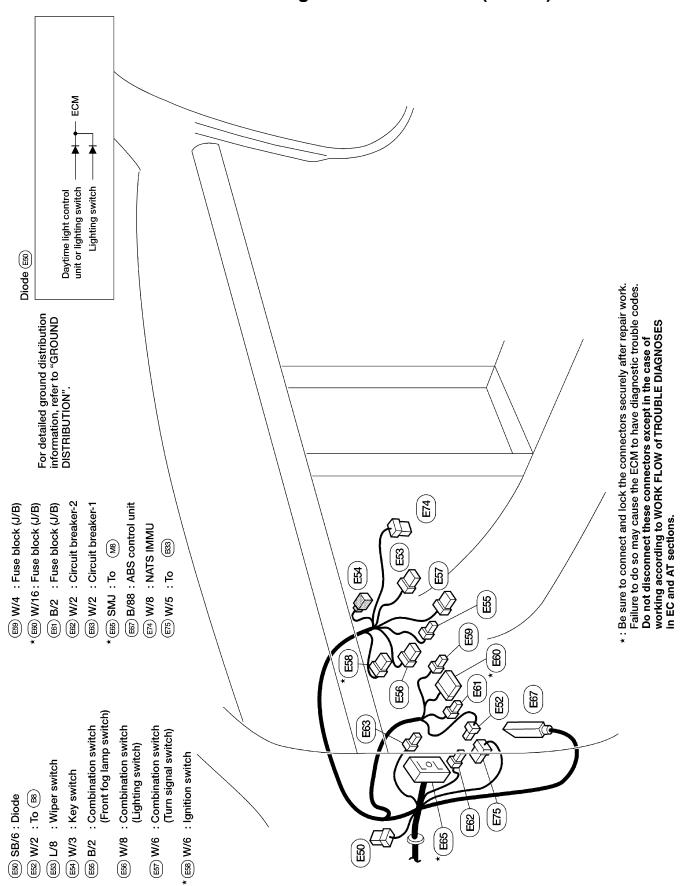
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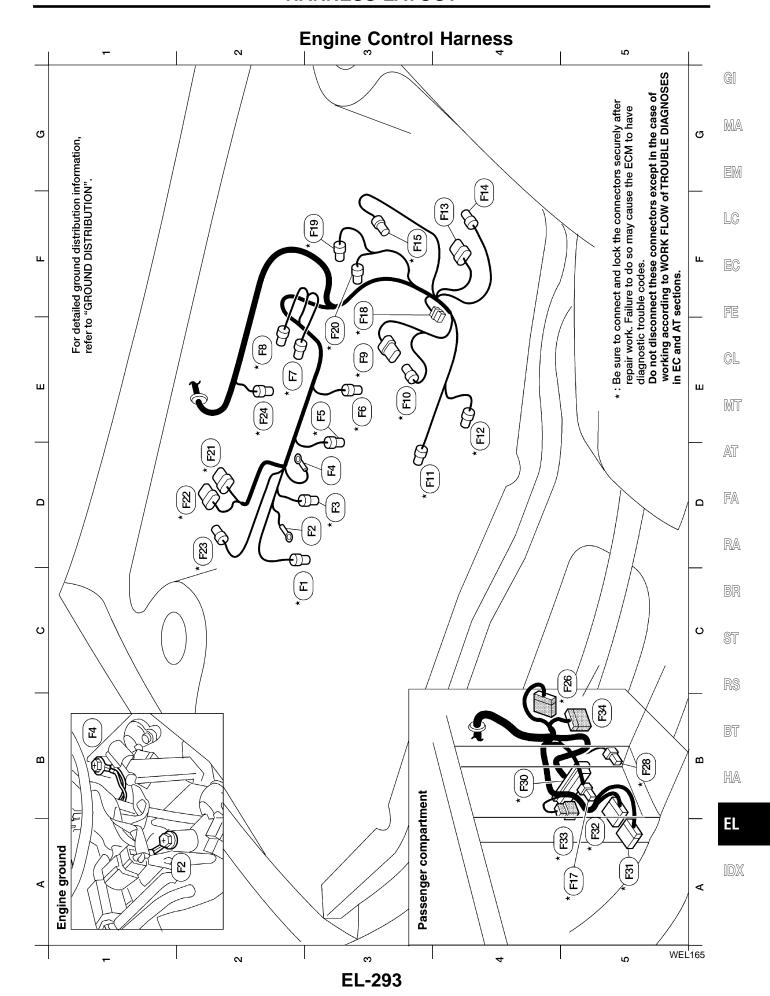
(E2) BR/6: Theft warning horn relay

: Front fog lamp relay

EZS L/4

Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)





Engine Control Harness (Cont'd)

: Resistor * (FI8) GY/2

: Engine ground

I

B 23

D3 * (FB) B/2

: Injector No. 1

C2 *(FI) B/2

: Engine ground : Injector No. 2

> 1 (\frac{\pi}{2})

23

: Injector No. 3 : Injector No. 4

E3 *(F5) B/2 E3 * (F6) B/2

*(F17) GY/3 : Absolute pressure sensor (if equipped)

: Throttle position sensor * (Fig) BR/3 £

: Throttle position switch

* (F20) GY/3 E3

D2

* (F21) B/8

. **To** (E210)

D2

: **To** (E200) * (F22) GY/6

* (F23) G/2

D2 E2

: EGRC-solenoid valve

: Rear heated oxygen sensor *(F24) GY/4

<u></u> 면 인 : * (F25) W/8

A5 55 B5 82

E3 * (F9) GY/6 : Distributor (camshaft position sensor)

E2 *(F8) GY/2 : EGR temperature sensor

volume control solenoid valve

: EVAP canister purge

E2 *(F) L/2

. To (M56) : To (M57) (F27) W/20 * (F26) W/18

: ECM relay ECM * (F30) W/88 * (F28) L/4

E4 * (Fi2) GY/2 : Crankshaft position sensor (OBD)

(Fi3) BR/8 : A/T solenoid valve (F14) GY/3: Revolution sensor

F4 7

D3 [★] (Fi1) GY/3 : Front heated oxygen sensor

E3 * (F10) GY/2 : Distributor

(F3) GY/24 : Transmission control module **B**4 **A**5

(F32) W/24 : Transmission control module

B5

F3 [★](Fi₅) BR/4 : Mass air flow sensor

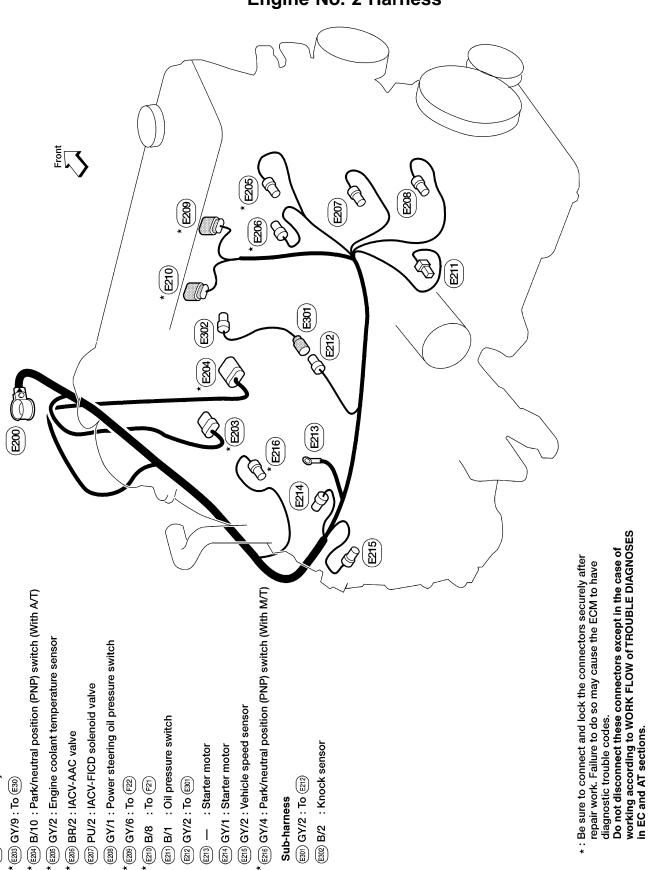
: **To** F33 W/10 B5

F34 W/24 : To (M79)

 Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the ECM to have diagnostic trouble codes.

Do not disconnect these connectors except in the case of working according to WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and AT sections.

Engine No. 2 Harness



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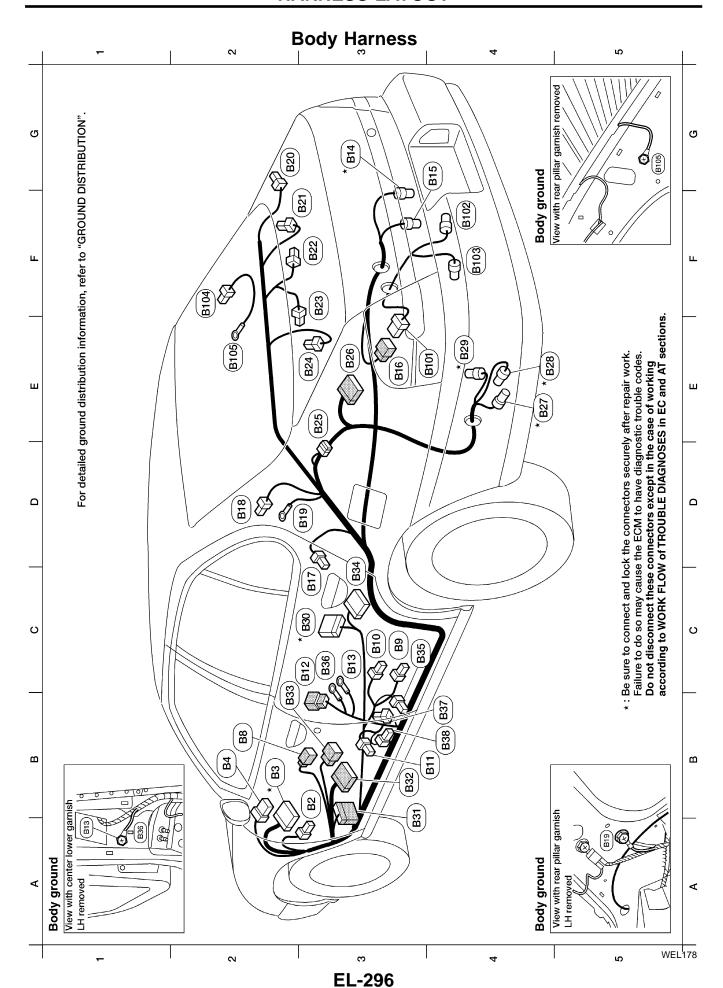
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(E213)

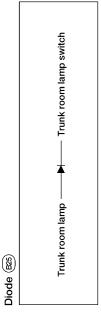


Body Harness (Cont'd)

: Rear window defogger (Ground) : Seat belt pretensioner LH : Rear wheel sensor RH : Rear wheel sensor LH : Satellite sensor LH : Body ground : **To** (B16) Sub-harness ESS GY/2 ®102 GY/2 **B103 BR/2** (B37) Y/2 9/М (ыв) B/1 B108 (H) B3 B3 8 **F**4 **F**4 \overline{F} E2 : EVAP control system pressure sensor : EVAP canister vent control valve : Vacuum cut valve bypass valve : Air bag diagnoses sensor unit : High-mounted stop lamp : Side air bag module LH : Rear speaker RH : Rear speaker LH : Trunk room lamp : Body ground : **To** (14 : To 📆 : To (M70) : To M71 : **To** (E75) BR/2 (B26) W/10 E5 * (B28) GY/3 C3 * (B30) W/10 (B31) W/10 (B22) W/16 (B34) Y/12 (B24) BR/2 (B23) W/2 B22) W/2 B25) W/2 B/2 E4 * B2 G/2 B33) W/4 (B36) Y/2 -E4 * (B27) (8) E3 B3 B3 83 \mathbf{B} 3 ප \aleph 83 : Rear window defogger relay : Power seat (Driver's side) : Seat belt buckle switch : Front door switch LH : Rear door switch RH : Rear door switch LH : Fuel tank gauge unit : Fuse block (J/B) : Fuse block (J/B) : Body ground : Body ground : Fuel pump : Condenser : To (E62) : **To** (D40) : **To** (Brod) B2 [★] (B3) W/12 (B20) BR/1 B4) BR/6 G3 * B14 GY/4 (BIS) GY/2 BR/1 B16 W/6 B W/2 (B10) W/3 (B12) W/8 (BZ) B/2 (B8) W/2 B/3 B/1 ı B13) (B) (B) (Fig.) ္ပ ဗ \aleph 9

B2

B4



Do not disconnect these connectors except in the case of working according to WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the ECM to have diagnostic trouble codes. in EC and AT sections.

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Tail Harness

For detailed ground distribution information, refer to "GROUND DISTRIBUTION".

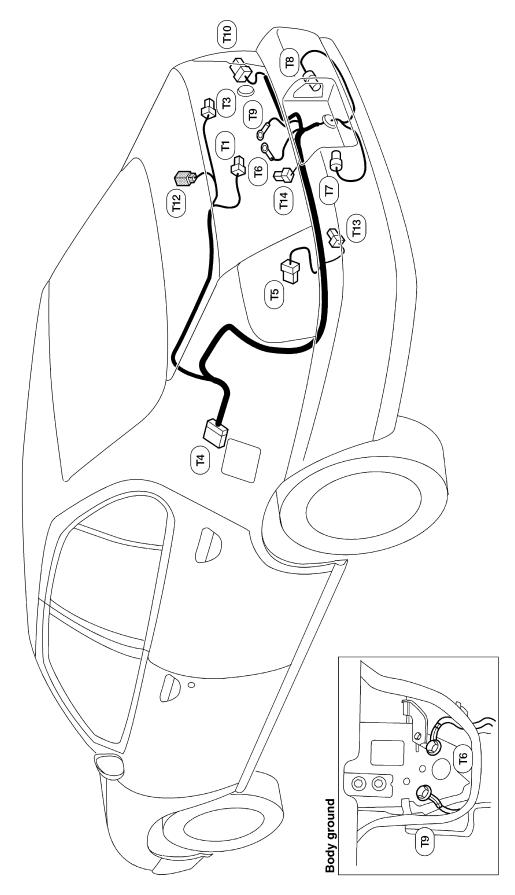
(15) W/6 : Rear combination lamp LH

π BR/2 : License plate lamp LH : Body ground

Т

(T2) BR/2: High-mounted stop lamp (with rear spoiler)
(T3) W/2: Trunk lid opener switch
(T4) W/2: Trunk lid opener actuator

(¹¹) — : Body ground
(¹¹) W/6 : Rear combination lamp RH ® BR/2 : License plate lamp RH (unlock switch) (3) W/2 : Trunk lid key cylinder switch) T) B/2 : Trunk room lamp switch (T4) W/10: To (B26)



Room Lamp

R2 B/2 : Vanity mirror illumination LH (R3) W/2 : Spot lamp R4 B/2 : Vanity mirror illumination RH R5 R6 R5 W/2 : Room lamp (Without sunroof) R6) W/2 : Room lamp (With sunroof) R7 W/6 : To M85 (R4) R3 R2 (R7)

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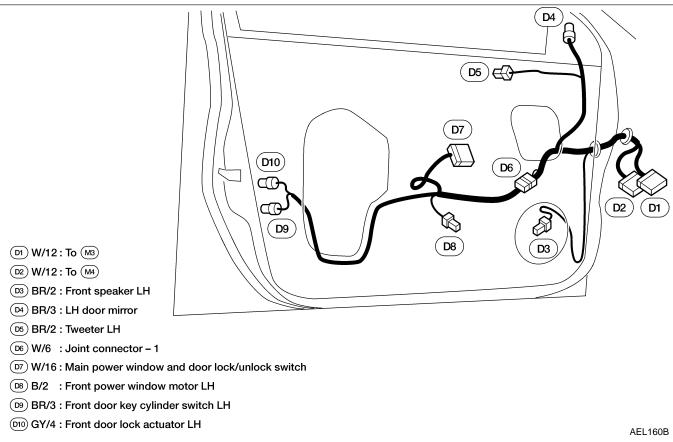
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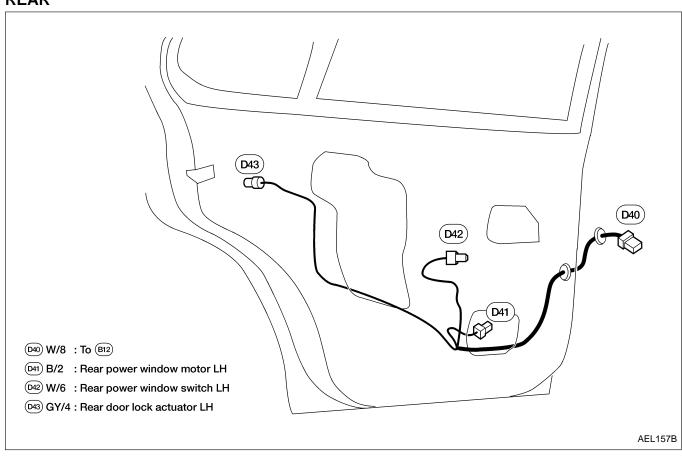
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Door Harness (LH side)

FRONT



REAR



Door Harness (RH side)

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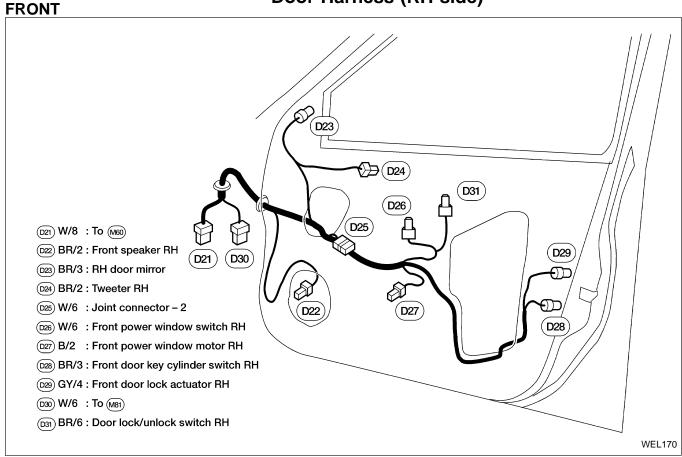
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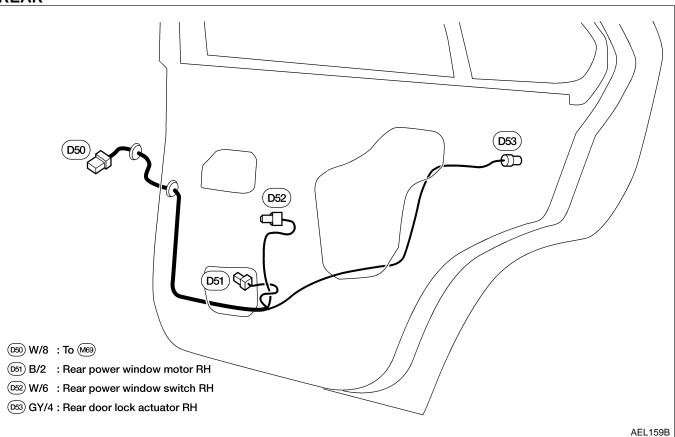
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REAR



BULB SPECIFICATIONS

Headlamp

	Wattage (12 volt)	Bulb No.
High/low	65/55	HB5 (9007)

Exterior Lamp

		Wattage (12 volt)	Bulb No.
Front combination lamp	Front turn signal	30	3457NAK
	Parking and corner-ing	27/8	4157K or 3157K
	Side marker	3.8	194
Front fog lamp	Front fog lamp		881L
Rear combination lamp	Turn signal	27	3156K
	Stop/Tail	27/8	3157K
	Back-up	18	921
License plate lamp		5	168
High mounted stop lamp		18	921

Room Lamp

	Wattage (12 volt)	Bulb No.
Room lamp	8	68
Map lamp	10	578
Trunk room lamp	3.4	158
Glove box lamp	1.1	658

WIRING DIAGRAM CODES (CELL CODES)

Use the chart below to find out what each wiring diagram code stands for.

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Code	Section	Wiring Diagram Name
1ST	AT	A/T 1st Gear Function
2ND	AT	A/T 2nd Gear Function
3RD	AT	A/T 3rd Gear Function
4TH	AT	A/T 4th Gear Function
A/C	НА	Air Conditioner
AAC/V	EC	IACV-AAC Valve
ABS	BR	Anti-Lock Brake System
AP/SEN	EC	Absolute Pressure Sensor (If equipped)
ASCD	EL	Automatic Speed Control Device (ASCD)
AT/C	EC	A/T Control
ATDIAG	EC	A/T Diagnosis Communication Line
AUDIO	EL	Audio
BA/FTS	АТ	A/T Fluid Temperature Sensor and A/T Control Unit Power Supply
BACK/L	EL	Back-up Lamp
BYPS/V	EC	Vacuum Cut Valve Bypass Valve
CHARGE	EL	Charging System
CHIME	EL	Warning Chime
CIGAR	EL	Cigarette Lighter
CKPS	EC	Crankshaft Position Sensor (OBD)
CMPS	EC	Camshaft Position Sensor
COOL/F	EC	Cooling Fan Control
CORNER	EL	Cornering Lamp
D/LOCK	EL	Power Door Lock
DEF	EL	Rear Window Defogger
DTRL	EL	Headlamp-With Daytime Light System
ECTS	EC	Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor
EGR/TS	EC	EGR Temperature Sensor
EGRC/V	EC	EGRC-Solenoid Valve
EGRC1	EC	EGR Function
ENGSS	AT	Engine Speed Signal
F/FOG	EL	Front Fog Lamp
F/PUMP	EC	Fuel Pump
FICD	EC	IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve
FRO2	EC	Front Heated Oxygen Sensor
FRO2/H	EC	Front Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater
FTS	AT	A/T Fluid Temperature Sensor
FTTS	EC	Fuel Tank Temperature Sensor
FUEL	EC	Fuel Injection System Function
H/LAMP	EL	Headlamp

		T
Code	Section	Wiring Diagram Name
HEATER	HA	Heater System
HORN	EL	Horn
IATS	EC	Intake Air Temperature Sensor
IGN/SG	EC	Ignition Signal
ILL	EL	Illumination
INJECT	EC	Injector
INT/L	EL	Spot, Trunk Room and Vanity Mirror Lamp
KS	EC	Knock Sensor
LOAD	EC	Load Signal
LPSV	AT	Line Pressure Solenoid Valve
MAFS	EC	Mass Air Flow Sensor
MAIN	AT	Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit
MAIN	EC	Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit
METER	EL	Meter and Gauges
MIL/DL	EC	MIL and Data Link Connectors
MIRROR	EL	Door Mirror
MULTI	EL	Multi-remote Control System
NONDTC	AT	Non-detective Items
OVRCSV	AT	Over Run Clutch Solenoid Valve
PGC/V	EC	EVAP Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve
PNP/SW	AT	Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch
PNP/SW	EC	Park/Neutral Position (PNP) Switch
POWER	EL	Power Supply Routing
PRE/SE	EC	EVAP Control System Pressure Sensor
PST/SW	EC	Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch
ROOM/L	EL	Interior Room Lamp
RRO2	EC	Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor
RRO2/H	EC	Rear Heated Oxygen Sensor Heater
S/SIG	EC	Start Signal
SEAT	EL	Power Seat
SHIFT	AT	A/T Shift Lock System
SROOF	EL	Sunroof
SRS	RS	Supplemental Restraint System
SSV/A	AT	Shift Solenoid Valve A
	AT	Shift Solenoid Valve B
SSV/B	^!	
SSV/B START	EL	Starting System

WIRING DIAGRAM CODES (CELL CODES)

Code	Section	Wiring Diagram Name
SW/V	EC	MAP/BARO Switch Solenoid Valve
TAIL/L	EL	Parking, License, and Tail Lamps
TCCSIG	AT	A/T TCC Signal (Lock Up)
TCV	AT	Torque Convertor Clutch Solenoid Valve
THEFT	EL	Theft Warning System
TLID	EL	Trunk Lid Opener
TP/SW	EC	Throttle Position Switch
TPS	AT	Throttle Position Sensor
TPS	EC	Throttle Position Sensor
TRNSMT	EL	Integrated HOMELINK ^(TM) Transmitter

Code	Section	Wiring Diagram Name
TURN	EL	Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps
VENT/V	EC	EVAP Canister Vent Control Valve
VSS	EC	Vehicle Speed Sensor
VSSA/T	AT	Vehicle Speed Sensor A/T (Revolution Sensor)
VSSMTR	AT	Vehicle Speed Sensor MTR
WARN	EL	Warning Lamps
WINDOW	EL	Power Window
WIPER	EL	Front Wiper and Washer