SECTION CO ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM o

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PRECAUTION PRECAUTIONS

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SR and SB section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SR section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

WARNING:

- When working near the Airbag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Airbag System sensors with the Ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the Ignition OFF, disconnect the battery and wait at least three minutes before performing any service.

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PREPARATION PREPARATION

Special Service Tool

INFOID:000000011145468

The actual shape of the tools may differ from those illustrated here.

Tool number (TechMate No.) Tool name	Description
KV991J0070 (J-45695-A) Coolant refill tool	Refilling engine cooling system

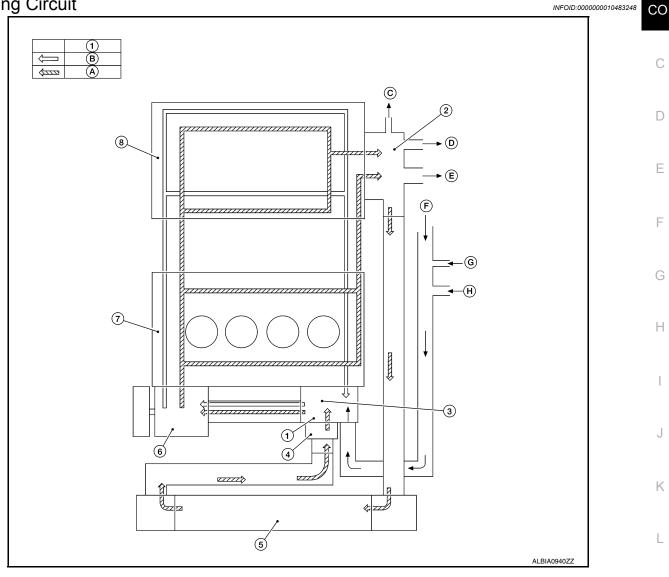
Commercial Service Tools

INFOID:000000011145469

Tool name		Description
Power tool		Loosening nuts, screws and bolts
	PIIB1407E	
Radiator cap tester		Checking radiator and radiator cap
	O C C O	
	PBIC1982E	
Radiator cap tester adapter		Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator cap and radiator pipe (upper) filler neck a: 28 (1.10) diameter b: 31.4 (1.236) diameter
		c: 41.3 (1.626) diameter Unit: mm (in)
	S-NT564	

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION > SYSTEM DESCRIPTION COOLING SYSTEM

Cooling Circuit



- 1. Thermostat
- 4. Water inlet
- 7. Cylinder block
- B. Closed
- E. To heater
- H. From oil cooler

- 2. Water outlet
- 5. Radiator
- 8. Cylinder head
- C. To electric throttle control actuator D.
- F. From heater

- 3. Cylinder block (Thermostat housing)
- 6. Water pump
- A. Open

D. To oil cooler

G. From electric throttle control actuator

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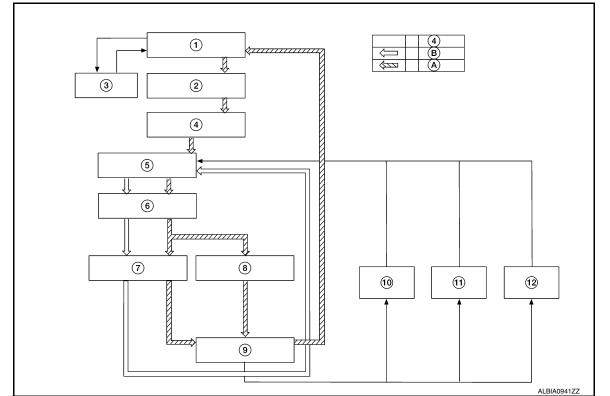
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COOLING SYSTEM

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

Schematic

[QR25DE]



- 1. Radiator
- 4. Thermostat
- 7. Cylinder head
- 10. Heater
- A. Open

- 2. Water inlet
- 5. Thermostat housing
- 8. Cylinder block
- 11. Oil cooler
- B. Closed

- 3. Reservoir tank
- 6. Water pump
- 9. Water outlet
- 12. Electric throttle control actuator

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

Troubleshooting Chart

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[QR25DE]

	Syr	nptom	Chec	k items
	Poor heat transfer	Water pump malfunction	Worn or loose drive belt	
		Thermostat stuck closed	Coolant circulation	
		Damaged fins	Dust contamination or rock clogging	_
			Mechanical damage	
		Clogged radiator cooling tube	Excess foreign material (rust, dirt, sand, etc.)	
		Cooling fan does not oper- ate		
	Reduced air flow	High resistance to fan rota- tion	Engine cooling fans	
		Damaged fan blades		
	Damaged radiator shroud	_	Radiator shroud	_
Cooling sys- tem parts malfunction	Improper coolant mixture ratio	_	Coolant viscosity	_
	Poor coolant quality	_	Periodic maintenance	—
		Coolant leaks	Cooling hose	Loose clamp
				Cracked hose
			Water pump	Poor sealing
			Radiator cap	Loose
				Poor sealing
	Insufficient coolant		Radiator	O-ring for damage, deterio- ration or improper fitting
				Cracked radiator tank
				Cracked radiator core
			Reservoir tank	Cracked reservoir tank
			Exhaust gas leaks into cool-	Cylinder head deterioration
	Overflowing reservoir tank		ing system	Cylinder head gasket deteri oration

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OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

[QR25DE]

	Syr	nptom	Check items	
Except cool- ing system parts mal-		Overload on engine	Abusive driving	High engine rpm under no load
				Driving in low gear for ex- tended time
				Driving at extremely high speed
			Powertrain system malfunc- tion	
			Installed improper size wheels and tires	
function			Dragging brakes	
			Improper ignition timing	-
	Blocked or restricted air flow	Blocked radiator grille	Installed car brassiere	
		Blocked bumper	Mud contamination or paper — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	1
		Blocked radiator		—
		Blocked condenser		
		Installed large fog lamp		

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE ENGINE COOLANT

System Inspection

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way.

CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM HOSES

- Check hoses for the following:
- Improper attachment
- Leaks
- Cracks
- Damage
- Loose connections
- Chafing
- Deterioration

CHECKING RESERVOIR LEVEL

- Check if the reservoir tank coolant level is within MIN to MAX when the engine is cool.
 - (A) : MAX
 - (B) : MIN
- Adjust coolant level (if necessary).

CAUTION:

Refill Genuine NISSAN Long Life Antifreeze/Coolant (blue) or equivalent in its quality mixed with water (distilled or demineralized). Refer to GI-21, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".

CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKS

To check for leakage, apply pressure to the cooling system using suitable tools (A/B).

Testing pressure : Refer to CO-27, "Radiator".

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way.

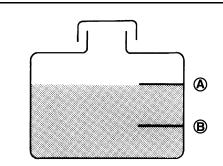
CAUTION:

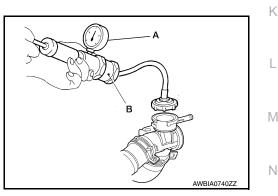
- Perform this step when the engine is cold.
- Do not spill engine coolant on drivebelt.
- Higher test pressure than specified may cause radiator damage. NOTE:
- If engine coolant decreases, replenish radiator with engine coolant. Refer to MA-12, "Fluids and Lubricants". P
- If anything is found, repair or replace damaged parts.

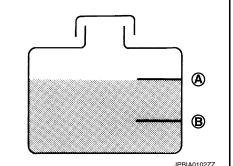
CHECKING RADIATOR CAP

- 1. Inspect the radiator cap.
 - Replace the cap if the metal plunger cannot be seen around the edge of the black rubber gasket.
 - Replace the cap if deposits of waxy residue or other foreign material are on the black rubber gasket or the metal retainer.









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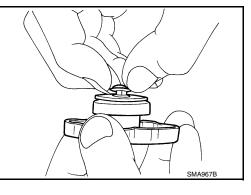
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< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

Thoroughly wipe out the radiator filler neck to remove any waxy residue or foreign material.

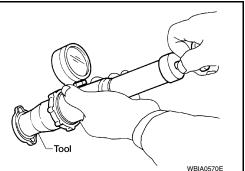
- 2. Pull the negative-pressure valve to open it and check that it closes completely when released.
 - Check that there is no dirt or damage on the valve seat of the radiator cap negative-pressure valve.
 - Check that there are no abnormalities in the opening and closing conditions of the negative-pressure valve.



3. Check radiator cap relief pressure using suitable tool.

Standard : Refer to CO-27, "Radiator".

- When connecting the radiator cap to the tester, apply water or coolant to the cap seal surface.
- Replace the radiator cap if there is an abnormality in the negative-pressure valve, or if the open-valve pressure is outside of the standard values.



CHECKING RADIATOR

Check radiator for mud or clogging. If necessary, clean radiator as follows. CAUTION:

- Be careful not to bend or damage the radiator fins.
- When radiator is cleaned on-vehicle, remove surrounding parts in order to access the radiator core. Tape the harness and harness connectors to prevent water from entering.
- 1. Spray water to the back side of the radiator core using a side to side motion from the top down.
- 2. Stop spraying when debris no longer flows from radiator core.
- 3. Blow air into the back side of radiator core using a side to side motion from the top down.
 - Use compressed air lower than 490 kPa (5 kg/cm², 71 psi) and keep distance more than 30 cm (11.8 in).
- 4. Continue to blow air until no water sprays out.
- 5. Check for coolant leaks. Repair as necessary.

Changing Engine Coolant

INFOID:0000000011145471

WARNING:

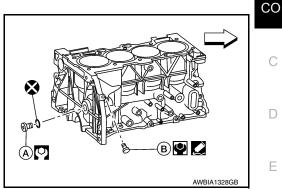
Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way.

DRAINING ENGINE COOLANT

- Open the radiator drain plug at the bottom of the radiator and remove the radiator filler cap. This is the only step required when partially draining the cooling system (radiator only). CAUTION:
 - Do not allow the coolant to contact the drive belt.
 - Perform this step when engine is cold.
- Follow this step for heater core removal/replacement only. Disconnect the upper heater hose at the engine side and apply moderate air pressure [103.46 kPa (1.035 bar, 1.055 kg/cm², 15 psi) maximum air pressure] into the hose for 30 seconds to blow the excess coolant out of the heater core.

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

- When draining all of the coolant in the system, remove the reservoir tank and drain the coolant, then clean the reservoir tank before installation.
 CAUTION:
 - Do not allow the coolant to contact the drive belt.
 - Perform this step when engine is cold.
- 4. When draining all of the coolant in the system for engine removal or repair, open the drain plugs (A and B) on the cylinder block.



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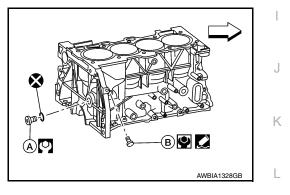
5. Check the drained coolant for contaminants such as rust, corrosion or discoloration. If the coolant is contaminated, flush the engine cooling system.

REFILLING ENGINE COOLANT

- 1. Install the radiator drain plug. Install the reservoir tank and cylinder block drain plug, if removed for a total system drain or for engine removal or repair.
 - The radiator must be completely empty of coolant and water.
 - Apply sealant to the threads of the cylinder block drain plug. Use Genuine High Performance Thread Sealant or equivalent. Refer to <u>GI-21, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants"</u>.
 CAUTION:

Do not reuse copper sealing washer.

Radiator drain plug	: Refer to <u>CO-14, "Exploded View"</u> .
Cylinder block drain plug (A)	: 53.9 Nm (5.5 kg-m, 40 ft-lb)
Cylinder block drain plug (B)	: 9.8 N·m (1.00 kg-m, 87 in-lb)
\Diamond	: Engine front



- 2. If disconnected, reattach the upper radiator hose at the engine side.
- 3. Set the vehicle heater controls to the full HOT and heater ON position. Turn the vehicle ignition ON with the engine OFF as necessary to activate the heater mode.

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< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

Install the Tool by installing the radiator cap adapter onto the 4 radiator neck opening. Then attach the gauge body assembly with the refill tube and the venturi assembly to the radiator cap adapter.

Tool number : KV991J0070 (J-45695)

- 5. Insert the refill hose into the coolant mixture container that is placed at floor level. Make sure the ball valve is in the closed position.
 - Use recommended coolant or equivalent. Refer to MA-12, "Fluids and Lubricants".

Engine coolant capacity : Refer to EM-112, "Standard and Limit". (with reservoir tank)

CAUTION:

Do not use any cooling system additives such as radiator sealer. Additives may clog the cooling system and cause damage to the engine, transmission and/or cooling system.

Install an air hose to the venturi assembly, the air pressure must 6. be within specification.

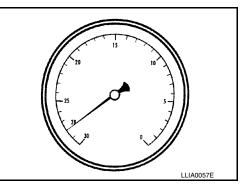
Compressed air	: 549 - 824 kPa (5.49 - 8.24 bar,
supply pressure	5.6 - 8.4 kg/cm ² , 80 - 119 psi)

CAUTION:

The compressed air supply must be equipped with an air dryer.

- 7. The vacuum gauge will begin to rise and there will be an audible hissing noise. During this process open the ball valve on the refill hose slightly. Coolant will be visible rising in the refill hose. Once the refill hose is full of coolant, close the ball valve. This will purge any air trapped in the refill hose.
- Continue to draw the vacuum until the gauge reaches 28 inches 8 of vacuum. The gauge may not reach 28 inches in high altitude locations, use the vacuum specifications based on the altitude above sea level.

Vacuum gauge reading
: 28 inches of vacuum
: 27 inches of vacuum
: 26 inches of vacuum
: 24 - 25 inches of vacuum

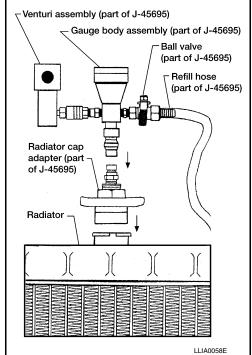


- 9. When the vacuum gauge has reached the specified amount, disconnect the air hose and wait 20 seconds to see if the system loses any vacuum. If the vacuum level drops, perform any necessary repairs to the system and repeat steps 6 - 8 to bring the vacuum to the specified amount. Recheck for any leaks.
- 10. Place the coolant container (with the refill hose inserted) at the same level as the top of the radiator. Then open the ball valve on the refill hose so the coolant will be drawn up to fill the cooling system. The cooling system is full when the vacuum gauge reads zero. CAUTION:

Do not allow the coolant container to get too low when filling, to avoid air from being drawn into the cooling system.

- 11. Remove the Tool from the radiator neck opening.
- 12. Fill the cooling system reservoir tank to the specified level and install the radiator cap. Run the engine to warm up the cooling system and top up the system as necessary.
- Install the front under cover. Refer to <u>EXT-28</u>, "Removal and Installation".

FLUSHING COOLING SYSTEM



< P	PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >	[QR25DE]	
1.	Fill the radiator from the filler neck above the radiator upper hose and reservoir tank with clear reinstall the radiator filler cap.	n water and	А
2.	Run the engine until it reaches normal operating temperature.		
3.	Rev the engine two or three times under no-load.		
4.	Stop the engine and wait until it cools down.		CO
5.	Drain the water from the system. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> .	-	
6.	Repeat steps 1 through 5 until clear water begins to drain from the radiator.		С
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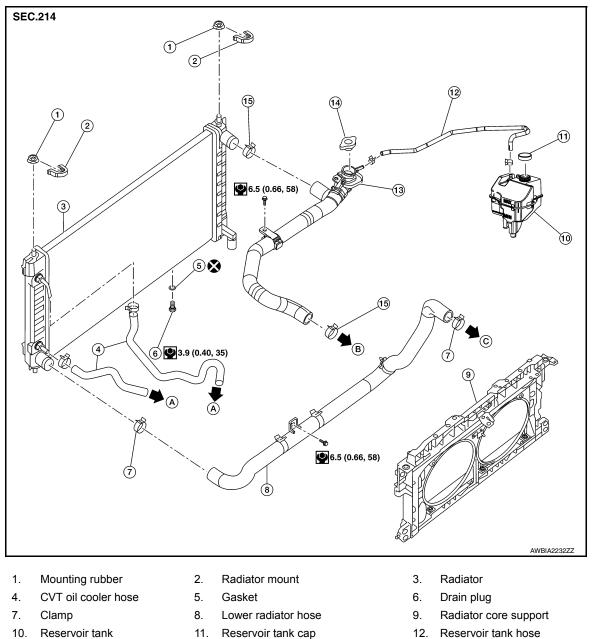
< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION > REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

RADIATOR

Exploded View

INFOID:0000000011145690

[QR25DE]



- 13. Upper radiator hose
- A. To CVT oil warmer
- A. TO CVT OII warmer
- WARNING: Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way.

15.

C.

Clamp

To water inlet

14. Radiator cap

To water outlet

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NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

~ 0	RADIATOR [QR25DE]	
	emoval and Installation	
1.0		А
RE	MOVAL	
1.	Remove radiator cap and drain coolant from radiator. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> . CAUTION: • Perform this step when the engine is cold.	СО
	• Do not spill coolant on the drive belt.	
2.	Remove front air duct. Refer to EM-29, "Removal and Installation".	С
3.	Disconnect coolant reservoir hose from the radiator.	
4.	Remove fender protector side covers (LH/RH). Refer to <u>EXT-26. "FENDER PROTECTOR : Exploded</u> <u>View"</u> .	D
5.	Disconnect radiator hose (upper) and radiator hose (lower) from the radiator.	
	CAUTION: Do not allow the coolant to contact the drive belt. NOTE:	E
	The radiator hose clamps on the radiator hose (upper) and on the radiator hose (lower), are not serviced separately. Radiator hose clamps are part of the radiator hose assembly and serviced as one unit with the radiator hose.	F
6.	Disconnect the CVT oil cooler hoses.	
7.	Remove the front bumper fascia. Refer to EXT-16, "Exploded View".	G
8.	Remove A/C condenser. Refer to <u>HA-36, "CONDENSER : Removal and Installation"</u> . CAUTION: Be careful not to damage condenser core.	
9.	Remove the radiator mounts (upper).	Н
-	Remove radiator.	
10.	CAUTION:	
	Do not damage or scratch the radiator core when removing.	I
INS	STALLATION	
• A	tallation is in the reverse order of removal. fter installation, refill coolant and check for leaks. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> and <u>CO-9,</u> <u>System Inspection"</u> .	J
D	AUTION: No not spill coolant in engine compartment. Use a shop cloth to absorb coolant. In the function of the	Κ
	nspection" (RE0F10H).	
	diator hose	L
-)TE:	
	Once hose clamp has been placed into position, place a small mount of glue (A) between the hose and the clamp.	M
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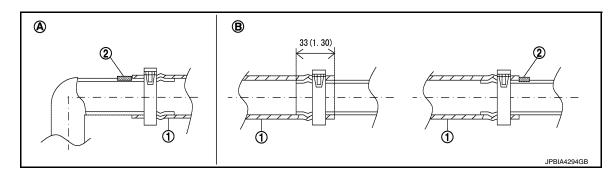
• Insert the radiator hose (1) all the way to the stopper (2) or by 33 mm (1.30 in) (hose without a stopper).

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RADIATOR

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >



Unit: mm (in)

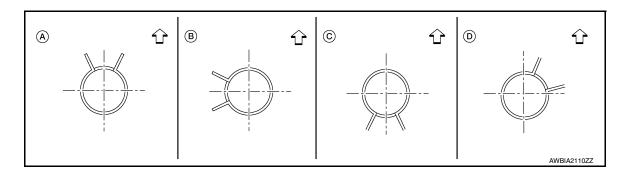
A. Radiator side

B. Engine side

• For the orientation of the hose clamp pawl, refer to the figure.

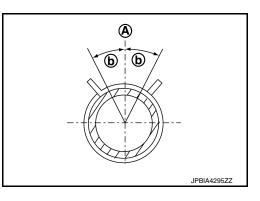
Radiator hose	Hose end	Paint mark	Position of hose clamp*
	Radiator side	Side	-
Radiator hose (upper)	Filler neck side	Upper	-
	Engine side	Upper	A
Radiator hose (lower)	Radiator side	Upper	-
	Engine side	Side	A
CVT fluid cooler hoses	Radiator side	Refer to <u>TM-206, "CVT</u> FLUID COOLER HOSE : Removal and Installation"	TM-411, "CVT FLUID COOL- ER HOSE : Removal and In- stallation"

*: Refer to the illustrations for the specific position each hose clamp tab.



 \triangleleft : Vehicle upper

- The angle (b) created by the hose clamp pawl and the specified line (A) must be within ± 30 as shown in the figure.

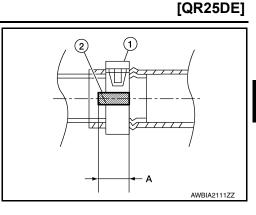


RADIATOR

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

• To install hose clamps (1), check that the dimension (A) from the end of the hose clamp on the radiator hose (2) to the hose clamp is within the reference value.

Dimension "A" : 17.5 mm (0.69 in)



Inspection

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.
- Check for leakage of engine coolant using suitable tools (A/B). Refer to CO-9, "System Inspection".

Testing pressure : Refer to CO-27, "Radiator".

CAUTION:

Higher pressure than specified may cause radiator damage.

· Start and warm up the engine. Visually check that there is no leakage of engine coolant and CVT fluid.

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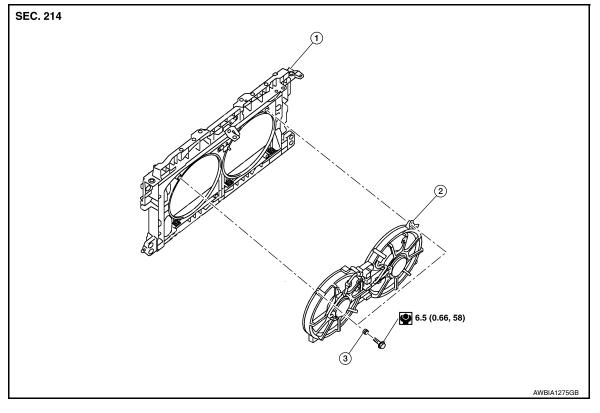
< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

COOLING FAN

Exploded View

INFOID:000000010483256

[QR25DE]



1. Radiator core support 2. Fan shroud and motor assembly 3. Grommet

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way.

NOTE:

- When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.
- Replace the radiator shroud and cooling fan assembly as a unit. Do not replace cooling fan motors or cooling fan blades separately.

Removal and Installation

INFOID:000000010483257

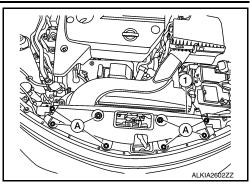
REMOVAL

- 1. Partially drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. CAUTION:
 - Perform when engine is cold.
 - Do not spill coolant on the drive belt.
- 2. Remove engine room cover. Refer to EM-28, "Removal and Installation".

COOLING FAN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

3. Remove the core support cover clips (A), then remove the core support cover (1).



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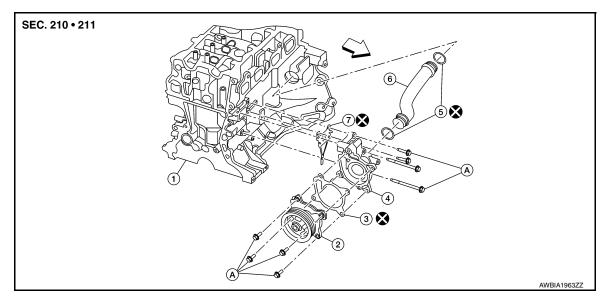
4. Remove front air duct. Refer to EM-145. "Removal and Installation".	D
5. Remove air cleaner and air duct assembly. Refer to EM-29, "Removal and Installation".	
Remove battery tray and battery tray bracket. Refer to <u>PG-80, "Removal and Installation"</u>.	Ε
7. Disconnect radiator hose (upper) from radiator.	
8. Disconnect the harness connectors from the fan motor.	F
9. Remove fan shroud and motor assembly.	1
 INSTALLATION Installation is in the reverse order of removal. After installation refill engine coolant and check for leaks. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> and <u>CO-9, "System Inspection"</u>. 	G
CAUTION: Do not spill coolant in engine compartment. Use a shop cloth to absorb coolant. • Cooling fans are controlled by ECM. Refer to <u>EC-75, "On Board Diagnosis Function"</u> .	Η
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< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION > WATER PUMP

Exploded View

INFOID:000000011146678

[QR25DE]



1. Cylinder block

- 2. Water pump
- 4. Water pump housing
- Water pump housing gasket 7.
- 5. O-ring
- Α. Refer to INSTALLATION
- Water pump gasket 3.
- 6 Water pipe

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way.

CAUTION:

- When removing water pump assembly, be careful not to get coolant on drive belt.
- Water pump cannot be disassembled and should be replaced as a unit.
- After installing water pump, connect hose and clamp securely, then check for leaks using radiator cap tester.

NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000011146679

REMOVAL

Drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>.

WARNING:

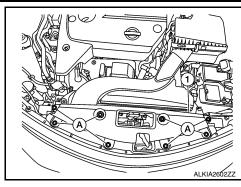
Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure coolant escaping from the radiator.

- **CAUTION:**
- Perform this step when the engine is cold.
- Do not spill engine coolant on the drive belt.

WATER PUMP

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

2. Remove the core support cover clips (A), then remove the core support cover (1).



[QR25DE]

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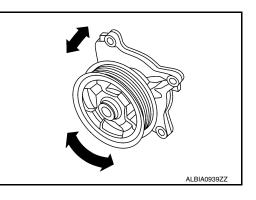
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- Remove fender protector side cover (RH). Refer to <u>EXT-26, "FENDER PROTECTOR : Exploded View"</u>.
- 4. Remove front air duct. Refer to EM-29, "Removal and Installation".
- 5. Remove generator. Refer to CHG-32, "QR25DE : Removal and Installation".
- 6. Remove water pump bolts.
- 7. Remove the water pump and gasket, as necessary. **CAUTION:**
 - Handle the water pump vane so that it does not contact any other parts.
 - Water pump cannot be disassembled and should be replaced as an assembly.
- 8. Remove water pipe, O-rings, water pump housing, and gasket.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

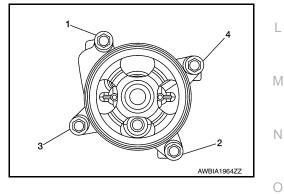
- Visually check that there is no significant dirt or rusting on the water pump body and vane.
- Check that there is no looseness in the vane shaft, and that it turns smoothly when rotated by hand.
- If the water pump does not perform properly, replace the water pump assembly.
- Do not reuse O-rings.



INSTALLATION

1. Tighten water pump bolts in sequence to specification.

25 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 18 ft-lb)

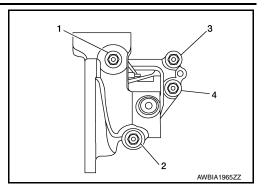


WATER PUMP

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

2. Tighten water pump housing bolts in sequence to specification.

22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)



[QR25DE]

Installation of remaining components is in the reverse order of removal.

• After installation, refill engine coolant and check for leaks. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> and <u>CO-9, "System Inspection"</u>.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

• After installation refill engine coolant and check for leaks. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> and <u>CO-9, "System Inspection"</u>.

CAUTION:

- Do not spill coolant in engine compartment. Use a shop cloth to absorb engine coolant.
- Do not reuse water pump gasket.

THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING

Exploded View

INFOID:000000010483260

[QR25DE]

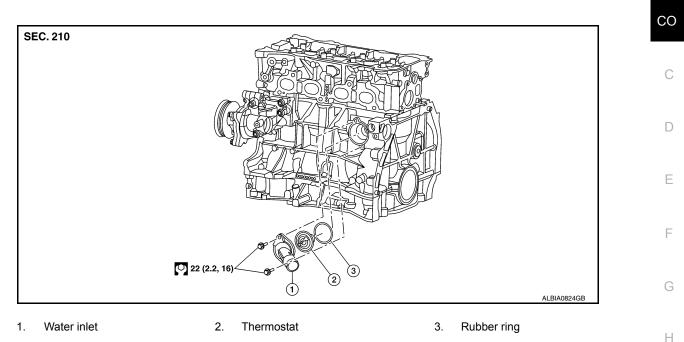
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INFOID:000000010483261



WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way.

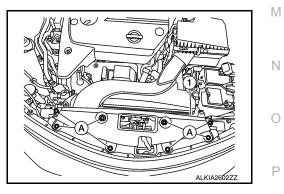
NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

- Drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. CAUTION:
 - Perform when the engine is cold.
 - Do not spill coolant on the drive belt.
- 2. Remove the core support cover clips (A), then remove the core support cover (1).



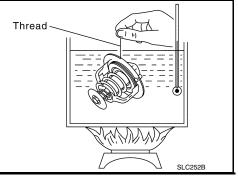
- 3. Remove the front air duct. Refer to EM-29, "Removal and Installation".
- 4. Remove front under cover. Refer to EXT-28. "Removal and Installation".
- 5. Remove radiator hose (lower) from the water inlet side.
- 6. Remove exhaust manifold heat shield.
- 7. Remove water inlet and thermostat.

THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Place a thread so that it is caught in the valves of the thermostat. Immerse fully in a container filled with water. Heat while stirring.
- The valve opening temperature is the temperature at which the valve opens and the thermostat falls from the thread.
- Continue heating. Check the full-open lift amount.
 NOTE: The full-open lift amount standard temperature for the thermostat is the reference value.
- After checking the full-open lift amount, lower the water temperature and check the valve closing temperature.



[QR25DE]

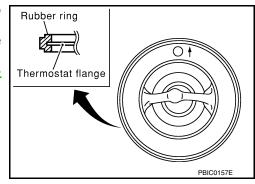
Thermostat	Standard Values
Valve opening temperature	Refer to <u>CO-27, "Thermostat"</u>
Full-open lift amount	Refer to <u>CO-27, "Thermostat"</u>
Valve closing temperature	Refer to <u>CO-27, "Thermostat"</u>

• If valve setting at measured values are out of standard range, replace thermostat.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

- Install the thermostat with the whole circumference of the flange fitting securely inside the rubber ring. CAUTION:
 - Do not reuse rubber ring.
 - Ensure thermostat rubber ring mounting surface is free from dents or flaws.
- Install the thermostat with the jiggle valve facing upwards. The position deviation may be within the range of $\pm 10^{\circ}$.
- After installation, refill coolant and check for leaks. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> and <u>CO-9, "System Inspection"</u>.



< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

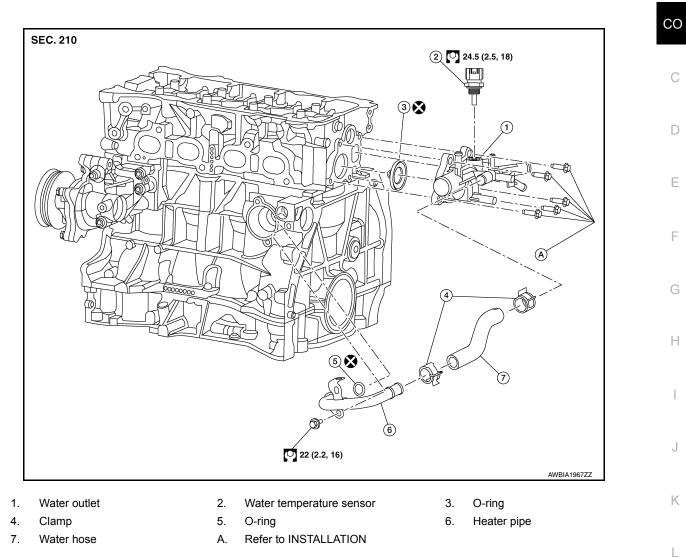
WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

Exploded View

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[QR25DE]

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WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way.

NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spill- $_{
m N}$ ing.

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

 Drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to <u>CO-10. "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. CAUTION: Perform when the engine cold. Ο

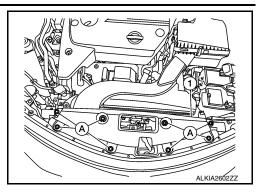
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INFOID:000000010483263

WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

2. Remove the core support cover clips (A), then remove the core support cover (1).



[QR25DE]

- 3. Remove air cleaner assembly and front air duct. Refer to <u>EM-29</u>, "Removal and Installation".
- 4. Remove the engine room cover. Refer to EM-28, "Removal and Installation".
- 5. Remove the upper radiator hose, heater pipe, electric throttle control actuator inlet hose, water hose, and water temperature sensor.
- 6. Remove the water outlet, O-ring and gasket. **CAUTION:**
 - Do not reuse O-ring.
 - Do not reuse gasket.
 - Do not reuse water outlet.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

• Install the engine coolant temperature sensor.

Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to <u>GI-21, "Recommended Chemical Products</u> and <u>Sealants"</u>.

• Install the heater pipe, first apply a mild soap to the O-ring and quickly insert the heater pipe into the housing.

CAUTION:

- Do not reuse O-ring.
- Do not reuse gasket.
- Do not reuse water outlet.
- After installation, refill coolant and check for leaks. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> and <u>CO-9,</u> <u>"System Inspection"</u>.

CAUTION:

Do not spill coolant in engine compartment. Use a shop cloth to absorb coolant.

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)	SPECIFICATIONS (SDS) [QR25D	E]
SERVICE DATA AND SPECI	FICATIONS (SDS)	^
SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIO	DNS (SDS)	A
Capacity	INFOID:0000000104	⁸³²⁶⁴ CO
	ℓ (US qt, Imj	o qt)
Coolant capacity (With reservoir tank at MAX level)	7.9 (8-3/8, 7)*	С
*Includes MAX-line quantity (0.75 L) of reservoir tank.		
Thermostat	INFOID:0000000104	⁸³²⁶⁵ D
Valve opening temperature	80.5 - 83.5°C (177 - 182°F)	
Full-open lift amount	More than 8 mm / 95°C (0.315 in / 203°F)	
Valve closing temperature	77°C (171°F) or higher	
Radiator		183266 F
	Unit: kPa (kg/cm ² ,	
		G

Cap relief pressure	Standard	$127 \pm 9.8 \; (1.30 \pm 0.10, 18.4 \pm 1.42)$
Testing pressure		156 (1.6, 23)

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< PRECAUTION > PRECAUTION PRECAUTIONS

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SR and SB section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SR section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

WARNING:

- When working near the Airbag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Airbag System sensors with the Ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the Ignition OFF, disconnect the battery and wait at least three minutes before performing any service.

PREPARATION

Revision: May 2014

PREPARATION PREPARATION

Special Service Tool

< PREPARATION >

The actual shape of the tools may differ from those illustrated here.

Tool number (TechMate No.) Tool name	Description	С
KV991J0070 (J-45695-A) Coolant refill tool	Refilling engine cooling system	D
		E

Commercial Service Tools

INFOID:0000000011147173

Tool name		Description
Power tool		Loosening nuts, screws and bolts
	PIIB1407E	
Radiator cap tester		Checking radiator and radiator cap
	D D D	
	PBIC1982E	
Radiator cap tester adapter		Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator cap and radiator pipe (upper) filler neck a: 28 (1.10) diameter b: 31.4 (1.236) diameter c: 41.3 (1.626) diameter Unit: mm (in)
	S-NT564	

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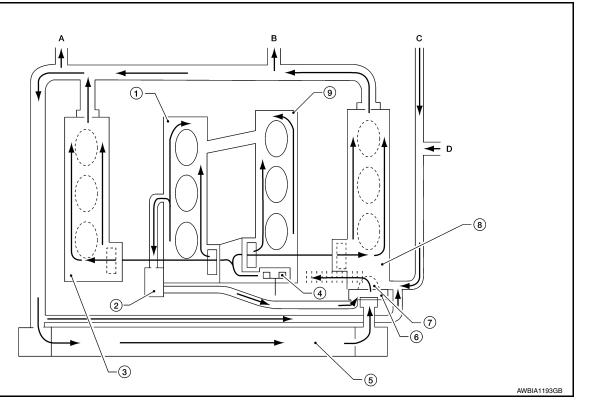
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< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION COOLING SYSTEM

Cooling Circuit



- 1. Cylinder block (RH)
- 4. Water pump
 - Thermostat
- 7. ThermostaA. To heater
- D. From electric throttle control actuator
- 2. Oil cooler
- 5. Radiator
- 8. Cylinder head (LH)
- B. To electric throttle control actuator
- 3. Cylinder head (RH)
- 6. Water inlet
- 9. Cylinder block (LH)
- C. From heater

INFOID:000000010483271

COOLING SYSTEM

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

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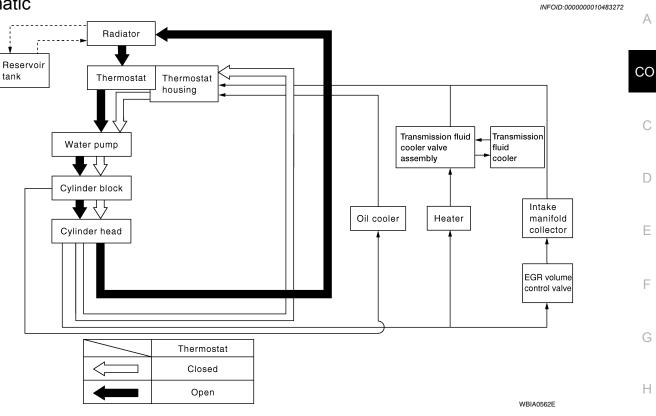
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Schematic



< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

Troubleshooting Chart

INFOID:000000010483273

	Syn	nptom	Checl	k items
		Water pump malfunction	Worn or loose drive belt	
	Poor heat transfer	Thermostat stuck closed	Coolant circulation	•
		Damaged fins	Dust contamination or pa- per clogging	
			Physical damage	
		Clogged radiator cooling tube	Excess foreign material (rust, dirt, sand, etc.)	
		Cooling fan does not oper- ate		
	Reduced air flow	High resistance to fan rota- tion	Fan assembly —	—
		Damaged fan blades		
	Damaged radiator shroud	-	Radiator shroud	_
Cooling sys- tem parts	Improper coolant mixture ratio	_	Coolant viscosity	_
malfunction	Poor coolant quality	—		_
		Coolant leaks	Cooling hose	Loose clamp
				Cracked hose
			Water pump	Poor sealing
			Radiator cap	Loose
	Insufficient coolant			Poor sealing
			Radiator	O-ring for damage, deterio- ration or improper fitting
				Cracked radiator tank
				Cracked radiator core
			Reservoir tank	Cracked reservoir tank
			Exhaust gas leaks into cool- ing system	Cylinder head deterioration
		Overflowing reservoir tank		Cylinder head gasket deteri- oration

OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

[VQ35DE]

	Syr	nptom	Chec	k items	•
		Overload on engine	Abusive driving	High engine rpm under no load	A
				Driving in low gear for ex- tended time	CO
				Driving at extremely high speed	-
			Powertrain system malfunc- tion		С
Except cool- ing system			Installed improper size wheels and tires		D
parts mal-			Dragging brakes		
function			Improper ignition timing		
	Blocked or restricted air flow	Blocked bumper	Blocked air flow		
		Blocked radiator grille	Installed car brassiere		
			Mud contamination or paper clogging		F
		Blocked radiator	Blocked air flow		
		Blocked condenser			G
		Installed large fog lamp			_

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PERIODIC MAINTENANCE ENGINE COOLANT

System Inspection

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[VQ35DE]

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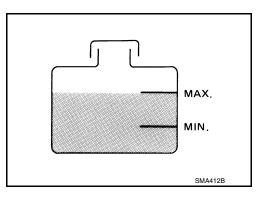
Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way.

CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM HOSES

- Check hoses for the following:
- Improper attachment
- Leaks
- Cracks
- Damage
- Loose connections
- Chafing
- Deterioration

CHECKING RESERVOIR LEVEL

- Check if the reservoir tank coolant level is within MIN to MAX range when the engine is cool.
- Adjust coolant level if it is too much or too little.



CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKS

To check for leaks, apply pressure to the cooling system using suitable tool (A/B).

Testing pressure : Refer to CO-52, "Radiator".

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure coolant escaping from the radiator.

CAUTION:

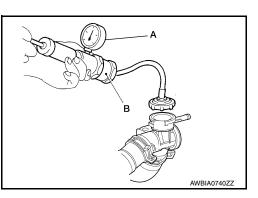
Higher pressure than specified may cause radiator damage.

CHECKING RADIATOR CAP

- 1. Inspect the radiator cap.
 - Replace the cap if the metal plunger cannot be seen around the edge of the black rubber gasket.
 - Replace the cap if deposits of waxy residue or other foreign material are on the black rubber gasket or the metal retainer.

NOTE:

Thoroughly wipe out the radiator filler neck to remove any waxy residue or foreign material.



< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

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INFOID:000000011147179

ENGINE COOLANT 2. Pull the negative-pressure valve to open it and check that it closes completely when released. · Check that there is no dirt or damage on the valve seat of the radiator cap negative-pressure valve. · Check that there are no abnormalities in the opening and closing conditions of the negative-pressure valve. Check radiator cap relief pressure using suitable tool. 3. Standard : Refer to CO-52, "Radiator". When connecting the radiator cap to the tester, apply water or coolant to the cap seal surface. · Replace the radiator cap if there is an abnormality in the negative-pressure valve, or if the open-valve pressure is outside of the standard values. B CHECKING RADIATOR Check radiator for mud or clogging. If necessary, clean radiator as follows. CAUTION: Be careful not to bend or damage the radiator fins. When radiator is cleaned on-vehicle, remove surrounding parts in order to access the radiator core. Tape the harness and electrical connectors to prevent water from entering. Spray water to the back side of the radiator core using a side to side motion from the top down. 1. 2. Stop spraying when debris no longer flows from radiator core. 3. Blow air into the back side of radiator core using a side to side motion from the top down. • Use compressed air lower than 490 kPa (5 kg/cm², 71 psi) and keep distance more than 30 cm (11.8 in). Continue to blow air until no water sprays out. 5. Check for coolant leaks. Repair as necessary.

Changing Engine Coolant

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure Μ engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way. Ν

DRAINING ENGINE COOLANT

- 1. Remove the front under cover. Refer to EXT-28, "Removal and Installation".
- 2. Open the radiator drain plug at the bottom of the radiator and remove the radiator filler cap. This is the \bigcirc only step required when partially draining the cooling system (radiator only). **CAUTION:**
 - Do not allow the coolant to contact the drive belts.
 - Perform this step when engine is cold.
- 3. Follow this step for heater core removal/replacement only. Disconnect the upper heater hose at the engine side and apply moderate air pressure [103.46 kPa (1.055 kg/cm², 15 psi) maximum air pressure] into the hose for 30 seconds to blow the excess coolant out of the heater core.
- When draining all of the coolant in the system, remove the reservoir tank and drain the coolant, then clean 4 the reservoir tank before installation. CAUTION:

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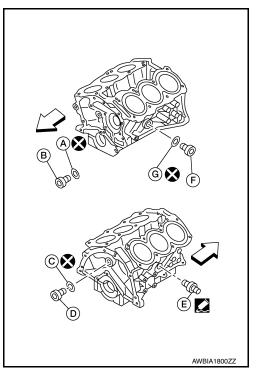
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< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

- Do not allow the coolant to contact the drive belts.
- Perform this step when engine is cold.
- 5. When draining all of the coolant in the system for engine removal or repair, open all of the drain plugs (A-F) on the cylinder block.
- 6. Check the drained coolant for contaminants such as rust, corrosion or discoloration.

If the coolant is contaminated, flush the engine cooling system.

: Front



REFILLING ENGINE COOLANT

- 1. Install the radiator drain plug. If the cooling system was drained completely, install the reservoir tank and the cylinder block drain plugs.
 - The radiator must be completely empty of coolant and water.
 - Apply sealant to the threads of the cylinder block drain plug. Use Genuine High Performance Thread Sealant or equivalent. Refer to <u>GI-21, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants"</u>.
 CAUTION:

Do not reuse copper sealing washers.

```
      Water drain plug (B)
      : 62.0 N·m (6.3 kg-m, 46 ft-lb)

      Water drain plug (D)
      : 78.0 N·m (8.0 kg-m, 58 ft-lb)

      Connector Bolt (E)
      : 27.0 N·m (2.8 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)

      Water drain plug (F)
      : 6.0 N·m (0.61 kg-m, 53 in-lb)
```

- 2. If disconnected, reattach the upper radiator hose at the engine side.
- 3. Set the vehicle heater controls to the full HOT and heater ON position. Turn the vehicle ignition ON with the engine OFF as necessary to activate the heater mode.

ENGINE COOLANT

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

 Install the Tool by installing the radiator cap adapter onto the radiator neck opening. Then attach the gauge body assembly with the refill tube and the venturi assembly to the radiator cap adapter.

Tool number : KV991J0070 (J-45695)

- 5. Insert the refill hose into the coolant mixture container that is placed at floor level. Make sure the ball valve is in the closed position.
 - Use recommended coolant or equivalent. Refer to <u>MA-12</u>, "Fluids and Lubricants".

Engine coolant capacity : Refer to <u>CO-52, "Capacity"</u>. (with reservoir tank)

CAUTION:

Do not use any cooling system additives such as radiator sealer. Additives may clog the cooling system and cause damage to the engine, transmission and/or cooling system.

6. Install an air hose to the venturi assembly, the air pressure must be within specification.

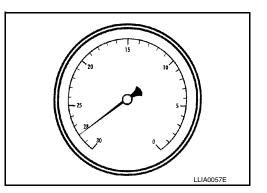
Compressed air : 549 - 824 kPa (5.6 - 8.4 kg/cm², supply pressure 80 - 119 psi)

CAUTION:

The compressed air supply must be equipped with an air dryer.

- 7. The vacuum gauge will begin to rise and there will be an audible hissing noise. During this process open the ball valve on the refill hose slightly. Coolant will be visible rising in the refill hose. Once the refill hose is full of coolant, close the ball valve. This will purge any air trapped in the refill hose.
- Continue to draw the vacuum until the gauge reaches 28 inches of vacuum. The gauge may not reach 28 inches in high altitude locations, use the vacuum specifications based on the altitude above sea level.

Altitude above sea level	Vacuum gauge reading
0 - 100 m (328 ft)	: 28 inches of vacuum
300 m (984 ft)	: 27 inches of vacuum
500 m (1,641 ft)	: 26 inches of vacuum
1,000 m (3,281 ft)	: 24 - 25 inches of vacuum

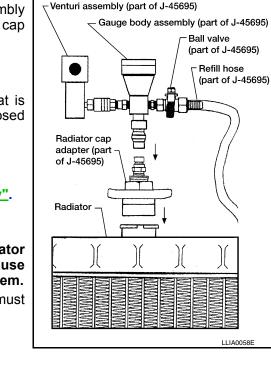


- 9. When the vacuum gauge has reached the specified amount, disconnect the air hose and wait 20 seconds to see if the system loses any vacuum. If the vacuum level drops, perform any necessary repairs to the system and repeat steps 6 8 to bring the vacuum to the specified amount. Recheck for any leaks.
- 10. Place the coolant container (with the refill hose inserted) at the same level as the top of the radiator. Then open the ball valve on the refill hose so the coolant will be drawn up to fill the cooling system. The cooling system is full when the vacuum gauge reads zero.
 CAUTION:

Do not allow the coolant container to get too low when filling, to avoid air from being drawn into the cooling system.

- 11. Remove the Tool from the radiator neck opening.
- 12. Fill the cooling system reservoir tank to the specified level and install the radiator cap. Run the engine to warm up the cooling system and top up the system as necessary.
- 13. Install the front under cover. Refer to EXT-28, "Removal and Installation".

FLUSHING COOLING SYSTEM



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ENGINE COOLANT

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

- 1. Fill the radiator from the filler neck above the radiator upper hose and reservoir tank with clean water and reinstall radiator filler cap.
- 2. Run the engine until it reaches normal operating temperature.
- 3. Rev the engine two or three times under no-load.
- 4. Stop the engine and wait until it cools down.
- 5. Drain the water from the system. Refer to <u>CO-35. "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 through 5 until clear water begins to drain from the radiator.

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION > REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION RADIATOR

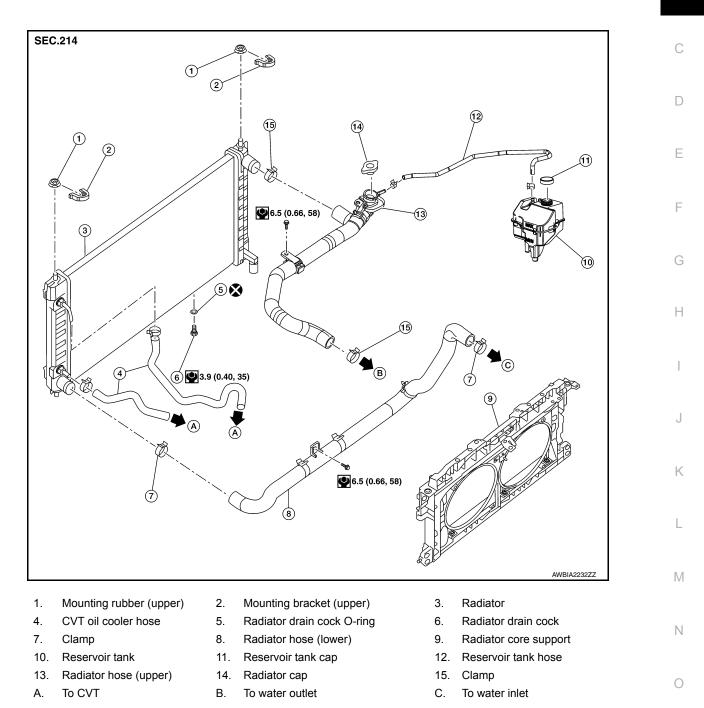
Exploded View

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INFOID:0000000010483276



WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way.

NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

RADIATOR

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

- Remove radiator cap and drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to <u>CO-35. "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. CAUTION:
 - Perform this step when the engine is cold.
 - Do not spill coolant on the drive belt.
- 2. Remove front air duct. Refer to EM-145, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Disconnect coolant reservoir hose from the radiator.
- 4. Remove fender protector side covers (LH/RH). Refer to <u>EXT-26</u>, "FENDER PROTECTOR : Exploded <u>View"</u>.
- 5. Disconnect radiator hose (upper) and radiator hose (lower) from the radiator. **CAUTION:**

Do not allow the coolant to contact the drive belt. NOTE:

The radiator hose clamps on the radiator hose (upper) and on the radiator hose (lower), are not serviced separately. Radiator hose clamps are part of the radiator hose assembly and serviced as one unit with the radiator hose.

- 6. Disconnect the CVT oil cooler hoses.
- 7. Remove the front bumper fascia. Refer to EXT-17, "Removal and Installation".
- 8. Remove A/C condenser. Refer to <u>HA-36, "CONDENSER : Removal and Installation"</u>. CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage condenser core.

- 9. Remove the radiator mounts (upper).
- 10. Remove radiator.

CAUTION:

Do not damage or scratch the radiator core when removing.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

 After installation, refill coolant and check for leaks. Refer to <u>CO-35, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> and <u>CO-34,</u> <u>"System Inspection"</u>.

CAUTION:

Do not spill coolant in engine compartment. Use a shop cloth to absorb coolant.

Inspection

INFOID:000000011214231

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.
- Check for leakage of engine coolant using suitable tools (A/B). Refer to <u>CO-34. "System Inspection"</u>.

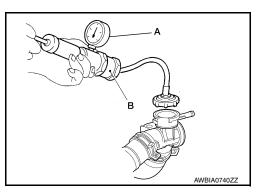
Testing pressure : Refer to <u>CO-52, "Radiator"</u>.

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure coolant from high pressure coolant escaping from the radiator. CAUTION:

Higher pressure than specified may cause radiator damage.

• Start and warm up the engine. Visually check that there is no leakage of engine coolant and CVT fluid.



< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

COOLING FAN

Exploded View

INFOID:000000010483279

[VQ35DE]

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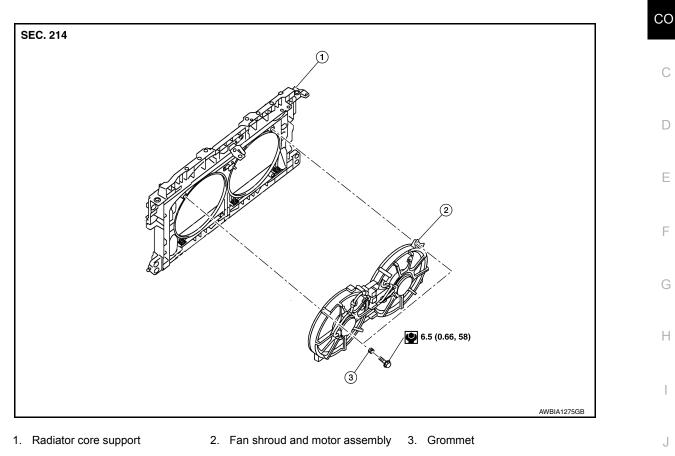
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INFOID:000000010483280



WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way.

NOTE:

- When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.
- Replace the radiator shroud and cooling fan assembly as a unit. Do not replace cooling fan motors or cooling fan blades separately.

Removal and Installation

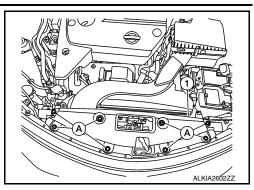
REMOVAL

- 1. Partially drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to <u>CO-35, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. CAUTION:
 - Perform when engine is cold.
 - Do not spill coolant on the drive belt.
- 2. Remove engine room cover. Refer to EM-28, "Removal and Installation".

COOLING FAN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

3. Remove the core support cover clips (A), then remove the core support cover (1).



[VQ35DE]

- 4. Remove air cleaner and air duct assembly. Refer to EM-145, "Removal and Installation".
- 5. Remove battery tray and battery tray bracket. Refer to PG-80, "Removal and Installation".
- 6. Disconnect radiator hose (upper) from radiator.
- 7. Disconnect the harness connectors from the fan motor.
- 8. Remove fan shroud and motor assembly.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

• After installation refill engine coolant and check for leaks. Refer to <u>CO-35, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> and <u>CO-34, "System Inspection"</u>.

CAUTION:

Do not spill coolant in engine compartment. Use a shop cloth to absorb coolant.

• Cooling fans are controlled by ECM. Refer to EC-603, "On Board Diagnosis Function".

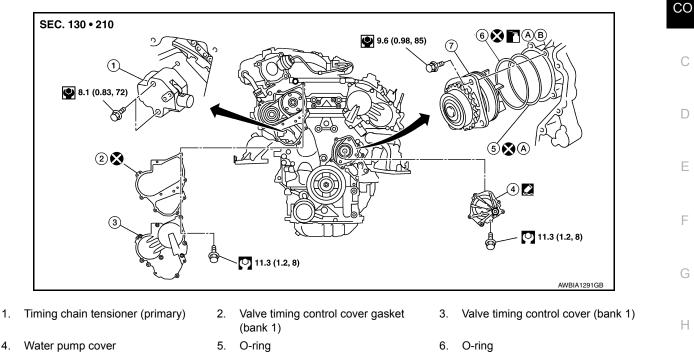
< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION > WATER PUMP

Exploded View

INFOID:000000010483281

[VQ35DE]

А



7. Water pump

- Α. Engine oil

INFOID:000000010483282

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Removal and Installation

WARNING:

4.

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way.

CAUTION:

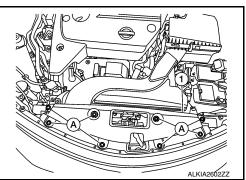
- · When removing water pump assembly, be careful not to get coolant on drive belt.
- Water pump cannot be disassembled and must be replaced as a unit.
- After installing the water pump, connect hose and clamp securely, then check for leaks. Repair as necessary.

NOTE:

Μ When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

REMOVAL

- Disconnect the negative battery terminal. Refer to PG-78, "Removal and Installation". 1.
- Remove the core support cover clips (A), then remove the core 2. support cover (1).



B. Identify with white mark

Remove front air duct. Refer to EM-145, "Removal and Installation". 3.

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

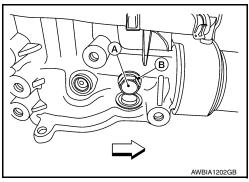
- 4. Remove cowl top extension. Refer to EXT-24, "Removal and Installation".
- 5. Remove front under cover. Refer to EXT-28, "Removal and Installation".
- Drain coolant from the radiator. Refer to <u>CO-35. "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. CAUTION:

Perform when the engine is cold.

- 7. Disconnect coolant reservoir hose and remove coolant reservoir tank. Refer to CO-39. "Exploded View".
- 8. Drain the power steering fluid reservoir. Refer to ST-30, "Draining and Refilling".
- 9. Remove the power steering oil pump. Refer to ST-38, "Removal and Installation".
- 10. Support engine and remove the RH engine insulator and bracket. Refer to EM-222, "Exploded View".
- 11. Set No. 1 cylinder at TDC on its compression stroke.Align pointer with TDC mark on crankshaft pulley.
- 12. Remove drive belt. Refer to EM-135, "Removal and Installation".
- 13. Remove the drive belt auto-tensioner assembly. Refer to <u>EM-137</u>, "<u>Removal and Installation of Drive Belt</u> <u>Auto-tensioner</u>".
- Remove water drain plug (A) and copper sealing washer (B) to drain coolant from engine.
 CAUTION:

Do not reuse copper sealing washers.

< ☐ : Front



- Disconnect valve timing control harness connectors and remove valve timing control cover (bank 1). Refer to <u>EM-173, "Valve Timing Control Cover (bank 1)"</u>.
- 16. Remove water pump cover. Refer to EM-175, "Exploded View".
- 17. Remove the timing chain tensioner (primary) as follows:
- a. Pull the lever (C) down to release the plunger stopper tab (B).
- b. Insert the stopper pin A into the tensioner body hole to hold the lever (C) and keep the plunger stopper tab (B) released.
 NOTE:

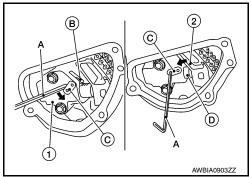
An allen wrench [(1.2 mm (0.047 in)] is used for a stopper pin A as an example.

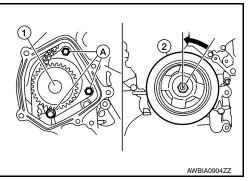
- c. Compress the plunger (D) into the tensioner body (1) by pressing the slack guide (2).
- d. Keep the slack guide (2) pressed and lock the plunger (D) in by pushing the stopper pin A through the lever (C) and into the chain tensioner body hole.

e. Remove timing chain tensioner bolts and then remove the timing chain tensioner. CAUTION:

Be careful not to drop timing chain tensioner bolts inside timing chain case.

Remove the three water pump bolts (A). Make a gap between water pump sprocket (1) and timing chain, by carefully turning crankshaft pulley (2) counterclockwise until timing chain loosens on water pump sprocket (1).





< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

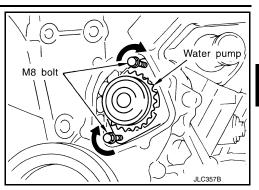
19. Remove water pump:

- a. Screw M8 bolts approximately 50 mm (1.97 in) into water pump upper and lower bolt holes until they reach the timing chain case [M8 bolt pitch 1.25 mm (0.49 in) length].
 CAUTION:
 - Place a suitable shop cloth below the water pump housing to prevent any coolant from dripping into the timing chain case.
 - Pull water pump straight out while preventing vane from contacting socket in installation area.
 - Remove water pump without causing sprocket to contact timing chain.
- b. Remove M8 bolts and O-rings from water pump. CAUTION:

Do not reuse O-rings.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Visually check for significant dirt or rust on the water pump body and vane.
- Check that the vane shaft turns smoothly by hand and is not excessively loose.
- Replace the water pump assembly if the water pump does not perform properly.



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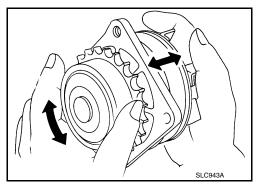
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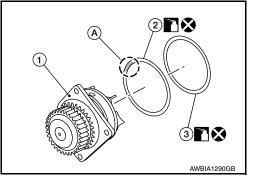
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SLC031B



INSTALLATION

- Install new O-rings on water pump (1).
 CAUTION: Do not reuse O-rings.
- a. Apply engine oil to the O-rings (2,3) as shown.
- b. Locate the O-ring (2) with white paint mark (A) to engine front side.



Hold timing chain to the side (
 and install the water pump
 (
 CAUTION:

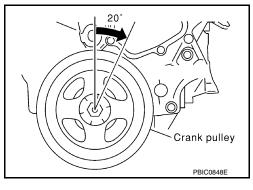
Do not allow the O-rings to be damaged by the cylinder block when installing the water pump.

- Check that timing chain and water pump sprocket are engaged.
- Tighten water pump bolts alternately and evenly to specification.
- 3. Remove dust and foreign material completely from installation area of timing chain tensioner and rear timing chain case.

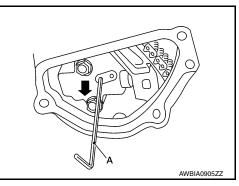
< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

[VQ35DE]

 Turn the crankshaft pulley approximately 20° clockwise so that the timing chain on the timing chain tensioner side is loose.



- 5. Apply engine oil to the oil feed hole and timing chain tensioner and install the timing chain tensioner.
- 6. Remove the stopper pin (A).



- 7. Install valve timing control cover (bank 1) and water pump cover.
- a. Before installing, remove all traces of liquid gasket from mating surface of water pump cover and IVT cover using a scraper.

Also remove traces of liquid gasket from the mating surface of the front cover.

b. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to mating surface of IVT cover and water pump cover. Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to <u>GI-21</u>, "Recommended Chemical Products and <u>Sealants</u>".

CAUTION:

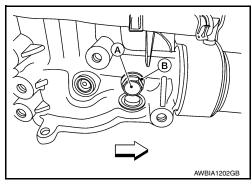
- Installation should be done within 5 minutes after applying liquid gasket.
- Do not fill the engine with oil for at least 30 minutes after the components are installed to allow the sealant to cure.
- 8. Install water drain plug (A) and copper sealing washer (B). CAUTION:

Do not reuse copper sealing washers.

<⊐ : Front

Water drain plug (A)

: Refer to <u>CO-35, "Changing</u> Engine Coolant".



- 9. Installation of remaining components is in the reverse order of removal.
 - After installation, refill coolant and check for leaks. Refer to <u>CO-35, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> and <u>CO-34, "System Inspection"</u>.

CAUTION: Do not spill coolant in engine compartment. Use a shop cloth to absorb coolant.

• After starting engine, let idle for three minutes, then rev engine up to 3,000 rpm no load to purge air from the high-pressure chamber of the chain tensioner. The engine may produce a rattling noise. This indicates that air still remains in the chamber and is not a matter of concern.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

• Before starting engine, check oil/fluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If less than required quantity, fill to the specified level. Refer to <u>MA-12</u>, "Fluids and Lubricants".

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Turn ignition switch ON (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.

NOTE:

If hydraulic pressure inside timing chain tensioner drops after removal and installation, slack in the guide may generate a pounding noise during and just after engine start. However, this is normal. Noise will stop after hydraulic pressure rises.

- Warm up engine thoroughly to make sure there is no leakage of fuel, exhaust gas, or any oils/fluids including
 engine oil and engine coolant.
- Bleed air from passages in lines and hoses, such as in cooling system.
- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill to specified level, if necessary.
- Summary of the inspection items:

Item		Before starting engine	Engine running	After engine stopped
Engine coolant		Level	Leaks	Level
Engine oil		Level	Leaks	Level
Transmission/ transaxle fluid	CVT Models	Leaks	Level/Leaks	Leaks
Other oils and fluids*		Level	Leaks	Level
Fuel		Leaks	Leaks	Leaks
Exhaust gas		_	Leaks	_

*Power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.

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[VQ35DE]

THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING

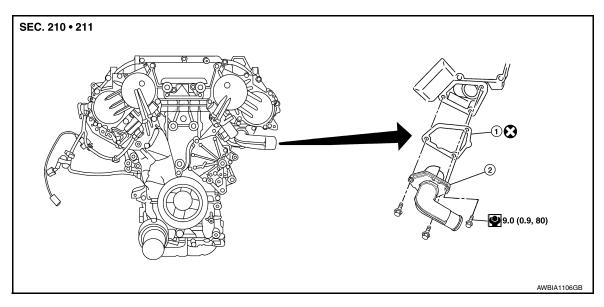
< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING

Exploded View

INFOID:000000010483283

[VQ35DE]



1. Gasket

2. Thermostat assembly

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way.

NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

Removal and Installation

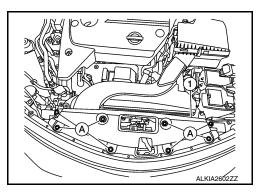
INFOID:000000010483284

REMOVAL

 Drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to <u>CO-35, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. CAUTION:

Perform when engine is cool.

2. Remove the core support cover clips (A), then remove the core support cover (1).



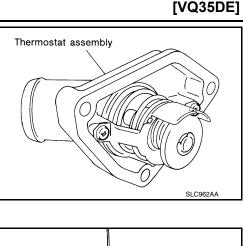
- 3. Remove front air duct. Refer to EM-145, "Removal and Installation".
- 4. Disconnect radiator hose (lower).
- 5. Remove coolant reservoir hose.
- Remove coolant reservoir tank. Refer to <u>CO-39</u>, "Exploded View".
- 7. Disconnect IVT control valve connector.

THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

8. Remove engine coolant inlet, thermostat assembly and gasket.

- Do not disassemble engine coolant inlet and thermostat. Replace them as a unit, if necessary.
- Do not reuse gasket.

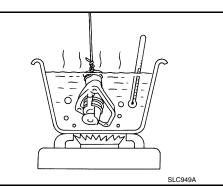


INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Place a thread so that it is caught in the valves of the thermostat. Immerse fully in a container filled with water. Heat while stirring.
- The valve opening temperature is the temperature at which the valve opens and the thermostat falls from the thread.
- Continue heating. Check the full-open lift amount. **NOTE:**

The full-open lift amount standard temperature for the thermostat is the reference value.

• After checking the full-open lift amount, lower the water temperature and check the valve closing temperature.



Thermostat	Standard Values
Valve opening temperature	Refer to CO-52, "Thermostat"
Full-open lift amount	Refer to CO-52, "Thermostat"
Valve closing temperature	Refer to CO-52, "Thermostat"

• If valve setting at measured values are out of standard range, replace thermostat.

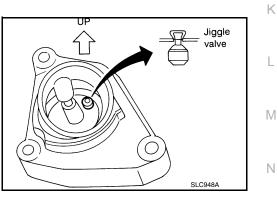
INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

- · Install thermostat with jiggle valve facing upward.
- After installation refill engine coolant and check for leaks. Refer to <u>CO-35, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> and <u>CO-34, "System Inspection"</u>.

CAUTION:

- Do not spill coolant in engine compartment. Use a shop cloth to absorb coolant.
- Do not reuse gasket.



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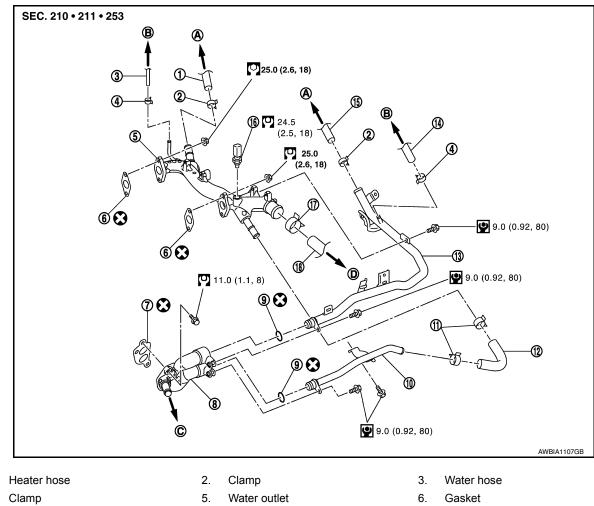
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< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

Exploded View

INFOID:000000010483285



7. Gasket

1.

4.

- 10. Water bypass pipe
- 13. Heater pipe
- 16. Engine coolant temperature sensor
- Α. To heater core
- D. To radiator

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing it down and turning it all the way.

To electric throttle control actuator

9.

C.

O-ring 12. Water hose

15. Heater hose

18. Radiator hose (upper)

To oil cooler

NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

Remove engine room cover. Refer to EM-28, "Removal and Installation". 1. **CAUTION:** Perform when the engine is cold.

8.

11.

B.

Water connector

Clamp

14. Water hose

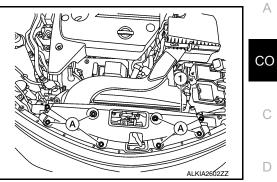
17. Clamp

INFOID-0000000010483286

WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- 2. Partially drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to CO-35, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- 3. Remove the core support cover clips (A), then remove the core support cover (1).



[VQ35DE]

4.	Remove ai	r duct a	ind air	cleaner	case assembly.	Refer to EM-145,	"Removal and Installation".	

5.	Remove fender protector side cover (RH). Refer to <u>EXT-26. "FENDER PROTECTOR : Exploded View"</u> .	E
6.	Disconnect hoses from electric throttle control actuator.	
7.	Remove radiator upper hose and heater hoses.	
8.	Remove connector(s) from heater pipe.	F
9.	Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor electrical connector on water outlet.	
10.	Remove water outlet, heater pipe, water connector, and water bypass pipe nuts and bolts.	G
11.	Remove engine coolant temperature sensor, if necessary.	G
INS	STALLATION	Н
	tallation is in the reverse order of removal.	
• W	ecurely insert each hose, and install a clamp at a position where it does not interfere with the pipe bulge. /hen inserting heater pipe and water bypass pipe into water connector, apply mild soap to new O-rings. AUTION:	I
D	o not reuse O-ring.	
	fter installation refill engine coolant and check for leaks. Refer to <u>CO-35, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> and <u>O-34, "System Inspection"</u> .	J
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SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

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SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS) SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Capacity

INFOID:000000010483287

 ℓ (US qt, Imp qt)

Coolant capacity (With reservoir tank at MAX level)	9.2 (9-3/4, 8-1/8)		
Thermostat	INFOID:000000010483286		
<u></u>	0000 (4000E)		
Valve opening temperature	82°C (180°F)		
Full-open lift amount	8.6 mm / 95°C (0.339 in / 203°F)		

Radiator

Valve closing temperature

Unit: kPa (kg/cm², psi)

INFOID:000000010483289

77°C (171°F)

Cap relief pressure	Standard	127 \pm 9.8 (1.30 \pm 0.10, 18.4 \pm 1.42)
Testing pressure		156 (1.6, 23)

[VQ35DE]