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Precautions for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

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The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Manual

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

Precautions for Working with HFC-134a (R-134a)

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WARNING:

- CFC-12 (R-12) refrigerant and HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant are not compatible. If the refrigerants are mixed compressor failure is likely to occur. Refer to MTC-5, "Contaminated Refrigerant"
 To determine the purity of HFC-134a (R-134a) in the vehicle and recovery tank, use Refrigerant Recovery/Recycling Recharging equipment and Refrigerant Identifier.
- Use only specified lubricant for the HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C system and HFC-134a (R-134a) components. If lubricant other than that specified is used, compressor failure is likely to occur.
- The specified HFC-134a (R-134a) lubricant rapidly absorbs moisture from the atmosphere. The following handling precautions must be observed:
- When removing refrigerant components from a vehicle, immediately cap (seal) the component to minimize the entry of moisture from the atmosphere.
- When installing refrigerant components to a vehicle, do not remove the caps (unseal) until just before connecting the components. Connect all refrigerant loop components as quickly as possible to minimize the entry of moisture into system.
- Only use the specified lubricant from a sealed container. Immediately reseal containers of lubricant. Without proper sealing, lubricant will become moisture saturated and should not be used.
- Avoid breathing A/C refrigerant and lubricant vapor or mist. Exposure may irritate eyes, nose and throat. Remove HFC-134a (R-134a) from the A/C system using certified service equipment meeting requirements of SAE J2210 [HFC-134a (R-134a) recovery equipment], or J2209 [HFC-134a (R-134a) recovery equipment]. If accidental system discharge occurs, ventilate work area before resuming service. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from refrigerant and lubricant manufacturers.
- Do not allow lubricant, NISSAN A/C System Lubricant Type S or equivalent, to come in contact with styrofoam parts. Damage may result.

Contaminated Refrigerant

EJS00611

If a refrigerant other than pure HFC-134a (R-134a) is identified in a vehicle, your options are:

- Explain to the customer that environmental regulations prohibit the release of contaminated refrigerant into the atmosphere.
- Explain that recovery of the contaminated refrigerant could damage your service equipment and refrigerant supply.
- Suggest the customer return the vehicle to the location of previous service where the contamination may have occurred.

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- If you choose to perform the repair, recover the refrigerant using only dedicated equipment and containers. Do not recover contaminated refrigerant into your existing service equipment. If your facility does not have dedicated recovery equipment, you may contact a local refrigerant product retailer for available service. This refrigerant must be disposed of in accordance with all federal and local regulations. In addition, replacement of all refrigerant system components on the vehicle is recommended.
- If the vehicle is within the warranty period, the air conditioner warranty is void. Please contact NISSAN Customer Affairs for further assistance.

General Refrigerant Precautions

EJS00612

WARNING:

- Do not release refrigerant into the air. Use approved recovery/recycling equipment to capture the refrigerant every time an air conditioning system is discharged.
- Always wear eye and hand protection (goggles and gloves) when working with any refrigerant or air conditioning system.
- Do not store or heat refrigerant containers above 52°C (125°F).
- Do not heat a refrigerant container with an open flame; if container warming is required, place the bottom of the container in a warm pail of water.
- Do not intentionally drop, puncture, or incinerate refrigerant containers.
- Keep refrigerant away from open flames: poisonous gas will be produced if refrigerant burns.
- Refrigerant will displace oxygen, therefore be certain to work in well ventilated areas to prevent suffocation.
- Do not pressure test or leak test HFC-134a (R-134a) service equipment and/or vehicle air conditioning systems with compressed air during repair. Some mixtures of air and HFC-134a (R-134a) have been shown to be combustible at elevated pressures. These mixtures, if ignited, may cause injury or property damage. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from refrigerant manufacturers.

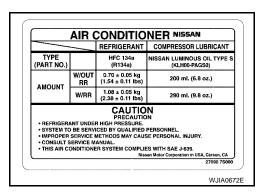
Precautions for Leak Detection Dye

EJS00613

- The A/C system contains a fluorescent leak detection dye used for locating refrigerant leaks. An ultraviolet (UV) lamp is required to illuminate the dye when inspecting for leaks.
- Always wear fluorescence enhancing UV safety goggles to protect your eyes and enhance the visibility of the fluorescent dye.
- The fluorescent dye leak detector is not a replacement for an electronic refrigerant leak detector. The fluorescent dye leak detector should be used in conjunction with an electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995).
- For your safety and the customer's satisfaction, read and follow all manufacturer's operating instructions and precautions prior to performing work.
- A compressor shaft seal should not be repaired because of dye seepage. The compressor shaft seal should only be repaired after confirming the leak with an electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995).
- Always remove any dye from the leak area after repairs are complete to avoid a misdiagnosis during a future service.
- Do not allow dye to come into contact with painted body panels or interior components. If dye is spilled, clean immediately with the approved dye cleaner. Fluorescent dye left on a surface for an extended period of time cannot be removed.
- Do not spray the fluorescent dye cleaning agent on hot surfaces (engine exhaust manifold, etc.).
- Do not use more than one refrigerant dye bottle (1/4 ounce / 7.4 cc) per A/C system.
- Leak detection dyes for HFC-134a (R-134a) and CFC-12 (R-12) A/C systems are different. Do not use HFC-134a (R-134a) leak detection dye in CFC-12 (R-12) A/C systems or CFC-12 (R-12) leak detection dye in HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C systems or A/C system damage may result.
- The fluorescent properties of the dye will remain for over three (3) years unless a compressor failure occurs.

A/C Identification Label

Vehicles with factory installed fluorescent dye have this identification label on the underside of hood.



Precautions for Refrigerant Connection

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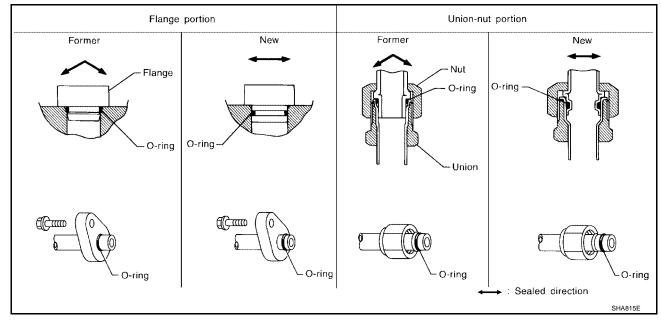
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A new type refrigerant connection has been introduced to all refrigerant lines except the following locations.

- Expansion valve to cooling unit
- Evaporator pipes to evaporator (inside cooling unit)
- Refrigerant pressure sensor

FEATURES OF NEW TYPE REFRIGERANT CONNECTION

- The O-ring has been relocated. It has also been provided with a groove for proper installation. This
 reduces the possibility of the O-ring being caught in, or damaged by, the mating part. The sealing direction
 of the O-ring is now set vertically in relation to the contacting surface of the mating part to improve sealing
 characteristics.
- The reaction force of the O-ring will not occur in the direction that causes the joint to pull out, thereby facilitating piping connections.



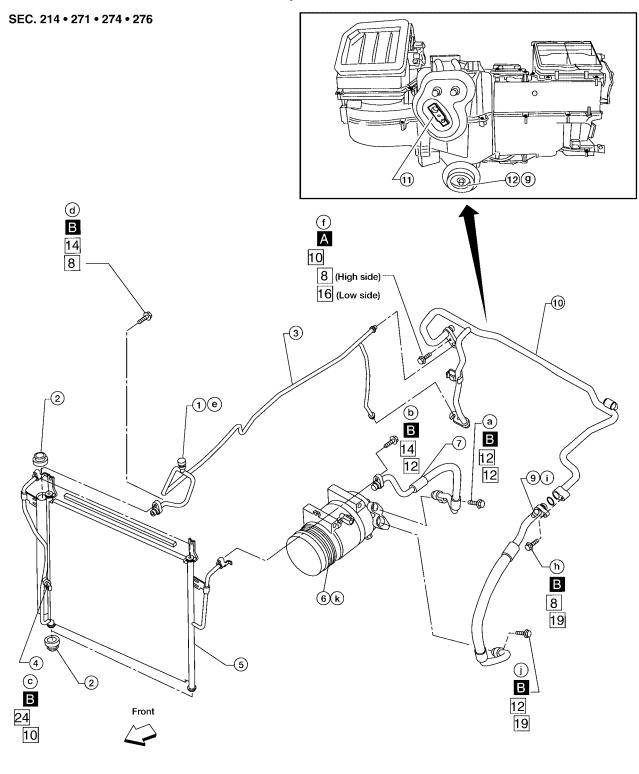
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O-RING AND REFRIGERANT CONNECTION

Front A/C Compressor and Condenser



: Refrigerant leak checking order (a-k)

: N·m (kg-m, in-lb)

: Tightening torque

A (0.35, 30)

: Wrench size

B <equation-block> : 9.3 (0.95 , 82)

: O-ring size

WJIA0954E

- 1. High-pressure service valve
- 4. Refrigerant pressure sensor
- 7. High-pressure flexible hose
- 10. Low-pressure pipe
- 2. Grommet
- Condenser 5.
- 8. Low-pressure flexible hose
- Expansion valve (front) 11.
- 3. High-pressure pipe
- 6. Compressor shaft seal
- 9. Low-pressure service valve

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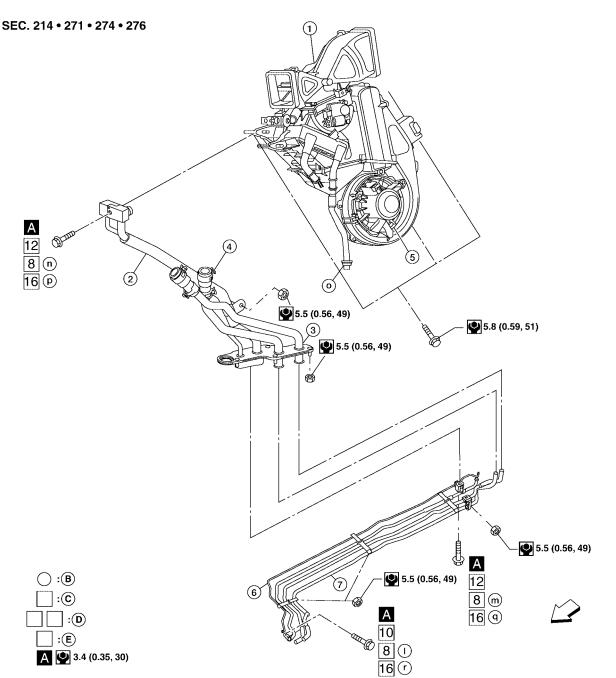
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12. Drain hose

Rear A/C



- Rear heater and cooling unit assembly
- Rear heater core hose
- Underfloor rear heater core pipes 7.
- Tightening torque C.
- Front

- Rear A/C pipes 2.
- 5. Rear blower motor
- A. Bolt torque specifications
- D. Wrench size

NOTE: The O-ring size 8 is the high-side and the O-ring size 16 is the low-side.

Rear A/C heater core pipes

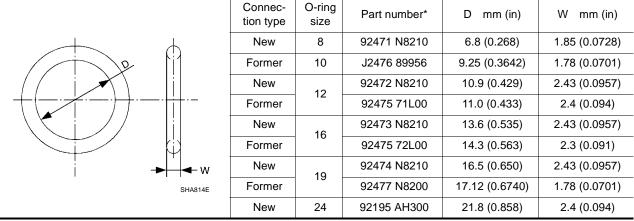
- 6. Underfloor rear A/C pipes
- В. Leak checking order (I - r)
- E. O-ring size

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CAUTION:

The new and former refrigerant connections use different O-ring configurations. Do not confuse O-rings since they are not interchangeable. If a wrong O-ring is installed, refrigerant will leak at or around the connection.

O-Ring Part Numbers and Specifications



^{*:} Always check with the Parts Department for the latest parts information.

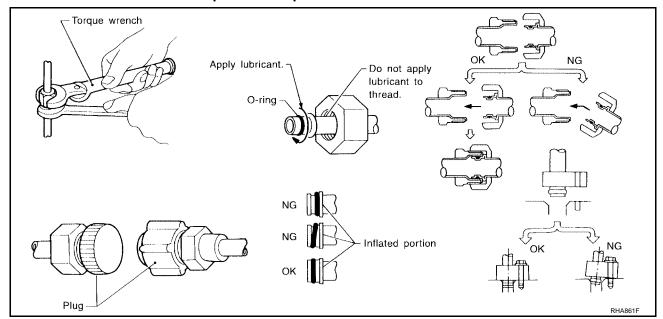
WARNING:

Make sure all refrigerant is discharged into the recycling equipment and the pressure in the system is less than atmospheric pressure. Then gradually loosen the discharge side hose fitting and remove it.

When replacing or cleaning refrigerant cycle components, observe the following.

- When the compressor is removed, store it in the same position as it is when mounted on the car. Failure to do so will cause lubricant to enter the low pressure chamber.
- When connecting tubes, always use a torque wrench and a back-up wrench.
- After disconnecting tubes, immediately plug all openings to prevent entry of dirt and moisture.
- When installing an air conditioner in the vehicle, connect the pipes as the final stage of the operation. Do not remove the seal caps of pipes and other components until just before required for connection.
- Allow components stored in cool areas to warm to working area temperature before removing seal caps. This prevents condensation from forming inside A/C components.
- Thoroughly remove moisture from the refrigeration system before charging the refrigerant.
- Always replace used O-rings.
- When connecting tube, apply lubricant to circle of the O-rings shown in illustration. Be careful not to apply lubricant to threaded portion.
 - Lubricant name: NISSAN A/C System Lubricant Type S or equivalent
- O-ring must be closely attached to dented portion of tube.
- When replacing the O-ring, be careful not to damage O-ring and tube.
- Connect tube until you hear it click, then tighten the nut or bolt by hand until snug. Make sure that the O-ring is installed to tube correctly.

After connecting line, conduct leak test and make sure that there is no leakage from connections.
 When the gas leaking point is found, disconnect that line and replace the O-ring. Then tighten connections of seal seat to the specified torque.



Precautions for Servicing Compressor

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- Plug all openings to prevent moisture and foreign matter from entering.
- When the compressor is removed, store it in the same position as it is when mounted on the car.
- When replacing or repairing compressor, follow "Maintenance of Lubricant Quantity in Compressor" exactly. Refer to MTC-22, "Maintenance of Lubricant Quantity in Compressor"
- Keep friction surfaces between clutch and pulley clean. If the surface is contaminated with lubricant, wipe it off by using a clean waste cloth moistened with thinner.
- After compressor service operation, turn the compressor shaft by hand more than 5 turns in both directions. This will equally distribute lubricant inside the compressor. After the compressor is installed, let the engine idle and operate the compressor for 1 hour.
- After replacing the compressor magnet clutch, apply voltage to the new one and check for normal operation. Refer to MTC-154, "Removal and Installation for Compressor Clutch"

Precautions for Service Equipment RECOVERY/RECYCLING EQUIPMENT

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Follow the manufacturer's instructions for machine operation and machine maintenance. Never introduce any refrigerant other than that specified into the machine.

ELECTRONIC LEAK DETECTOR

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for tester operation and tester maintenance.

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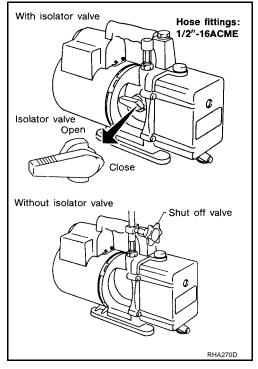
VACUUM PUMP

The lubricant contained inside the vacuum pump is not compatible with the specified lubricant for HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C systems. The vent side of the vacuum pump is exposed to atmospheric pressure so the vacuum pump lubricant may migrate out of the pump into the service hose. This is possible when the pump is switched off after evacuation (vacuuming) and hose is connected to it.

To prevent this migration, use a manual valve situated near the hose-to-pump connection, as follows.

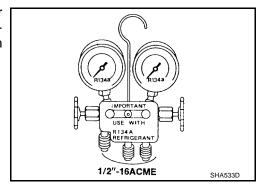
- Usually vacuum pumps have a manual isolator valve as part of the pump. Close this valve to isolate the service hose from the pump.
- For pumps without an isolator, use a hose equipped with a manual shut-off valve near the pump end. Close the valve to isolate the hose from the pump.
- If the hose has an automatic shut off valve, disconnect the hose from the pump: as long as the hose is connected, the valve is open and lubricating oil may migrate.

Some one-way valves open when vacuum is applied and close under a no vacuum condition. Such valves may restrict the pump's ability to pull a deep vacuum and are not recommended.



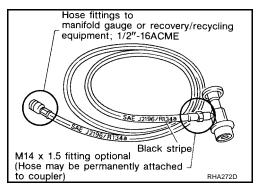
MANIFOLD GAUGE SET

Be certain that the gauge face indicates HFC-134a (R-134a or 134a). Make sure the gauge set has 1/2"-16 ACME threaded connections for service hoses. Confirm the set has been used only with refrigerant HFC-134a (R-134a) along with specified lubricant.



SERVICE HOSES

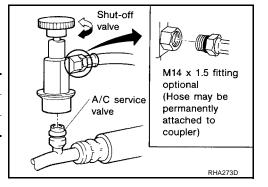
Be certain that the service hoses display the markings described (colored hose with black stripe). All hoses must include positive shutoff devices (either manual or automatic) near the end of the hoses opposite the manifold gauge.



SERVICE COUPLERS

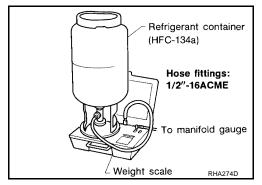
Never attempt to connect HFC-134a (R-134a) service couplers to a CFC-12 (R-12) A/C system. The HFC-134a (R-134a) couplers will not properly connect to the CFC-12 (R-12) system. If an improper connection is attempted, discharging and contamination may occur.

Shut-off valve rotation	A/C service valve
Clockwise	Open
Counterclockwise	Close



REFRIGERANT WEIGHT SCALE

Verify that no refrigerant other than HFC134a (R-134a) and specified lubricants have been used with the scale. If the scale controls refrigerant flow electronically, the hose fitting must be 1/2"-16 ACME.



CHARGING CYLINDER

Using a charging cylinder is not recommended. Refrigerant may be vented into air from cylinder's top valve when filling the cylinder with refrigerant. Also, the accuracy of the cylinder is generally less than that of an electronic scale or of quality recycle/recharge equipment.

Wiring Diagrams and Trouble Diagnosis

When you read wiring diagrams, refer to the following:

- GI-15, "How to Read Wiring Diagrams"
- PG-4, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING CIRCUIT"

When you perform trouble diagnosis, refer to the following:

- GI-11, "How to Follow Trouble Diagnoses"
- GI-27, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident"

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PREPARATION PFP:00002

Special Service Tools

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The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
— (J-38873-A) Pulley installer		Installing pulley
	LHA171	
KV99233130 (J-29884) Pulley puller		Removing pulley
	LHA172	

HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Tools and Equipment

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Never mix HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant and/or the specified lubricant with CFC-12 (R-12) refrigerant and/or the lubricant.

Separate and non-interchangeable service equipment must be used for handling each type of refrigerant/lubricant.

Refrigerant container fittings, service hose fittings and service equipment fittings (equipment which handles refrigerant and/or lubricant) are different between CFC-12 (R-12) and HFC-134a (R-134a). This is to avoid mixed use of the refrigerants/lubricant.

Adapters that convert one size fitting to another must never be used refrigerant/lubricant contamination will occur and compressor failure will result.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
HFC-134a (R-134a) (—) Refrigerant	S-NT196	Container color: Light blue Container marking: HFC-134a (R- 134a) Fitting size: Thread size Iarge container 1/2"-16 ACME
— NISSAN A/C System Lubricant Type S	S-NT197	Type: Poly alkylene glycol oil (PAG), type S Application: HFC-134a (R-134a) swash plate compressors (NISSAN only) Lubricity: 40 m ℓ (1.4 US fl oz, 1.4 Im fl oz)
 (ACR2005-NI) ARC5 A/C Service Center		Refrigerant Recovery and Recycling and Recharging

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.)		Description
Tool name		
		Power supply: DC 12V (battery terminal)
	AHA281A	
 (J-43926)	UV lamp	Power supply:
Refrigerant dye leak detection kit Kit includes: (J-42220) UV lamp and UV safety goggles (J-41459) Refrigerant dye injector	W/shield Refrigerant dye cleaner goggles Refrigerant dye	DC 12V (battery terminal)
(J-41447) qty. 24 HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant	Refrigerant dye identification label (24 labels)	
dye (J-43872) Refrigerant dye cleaner	NOTICE This Act or inflation on parameters in Automated Rad direction where the direction for the dire	
_		Power supply:
(J-42220) Fluorescent dye leak detector	_	DC 12V (battery terminal)
ridorescent dye leak detector		For checking refrigerant leak when flu- orescent dye is installed in A/C system. Includes: UV lamp and UV safety gog- gles
	SHA438F	Application: For HEC 134a (P.134a)
— (J-41447) HFC-134a (R-134a) Fluorescent leak detection dye (Box of 24, 1/4 ounce bottles)	Refrigerant dye (24 bottles)	Application: For HFC-134a (R-134a) PAG oil Container: 1/4 ounce (7.4cc) bottle (Includes self-adhesive dye identification labels for affixing to vehicle after charging system with dye.)
	SHA439F	Facilities 4/A annual of fluorescent
— (J-41459) HFC-134a (R-134a) Dye injector Use with J-41447, 1/4 ounce bottle		For injecting 1/4 ounce of fluorescent leak detection dye into A/C system.
	SHA440F	
 (J-43872) Refrigerant dye cleaner		For cleaning dye spills.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
— (J-39183-C) Manifold gauge set (with hoses and couplers)	RJIA0196E	Identification: • The gauge face indicates R-134a. Fitting size-Thread size • 1/2"-16 ACME
Service hoses: • High side hose (J-39500-72B) • Low side hose (J-39500-72R) • Utility hose (J-39500-72Y)	S-NT201	Hose color: Low side hose: Blue with black stripe High side hose: Red with black stripe Utility hose: Yellow with black stripe or green with black stripe Hose fitting to gauge: 1/2"-16 ACME
Service couplers High side coupler (J-39500-20A) Low side coupler (J-39500-24A)	S-NT202	 Hose fitting to service hose: M14 x 1.5 fitting is optional or permanently attached.
— (J-39699) Refrigerant weight scale	S-NT200	For measuring of refrigerant Fitting size-Thread size • 1/2"-16 ACME
(J-39649) Vacuum pump (Including the isolator valve)	S-NT203	Capacity: • Air displacement: 4 CFM • Micron rating: 20 microns • Oil capacity: 482 g (17 oz) Fitting size-Thread size • 1/2"-16 ACME

Tool name		Description
(J-41810-NI) Refrigerant identifier equipment (R- 134a)	RJIA0197E	For checking refrigerant purity and system contamination
Power tool	PBIC0190E	Loosening bolts and nuts
(J-44614) Clutch disc holding tool		Clutch disc holding tool
	WHA230	

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REFRIGERATION SYSTEM

PFP:KA990

Refrigerant Cycle REFRIGERANT FLOW

EJS0061C

The refrigerant flows in the standard pattern, that is, through the compressor, the condenser with liquid tank, through the front and rear evaporators, and back to the compressor. The refrigerant evaporation through the evaporator coils are controlled by front and rear externally equalized expansion valves, located inside the front and rear evaporator cases.

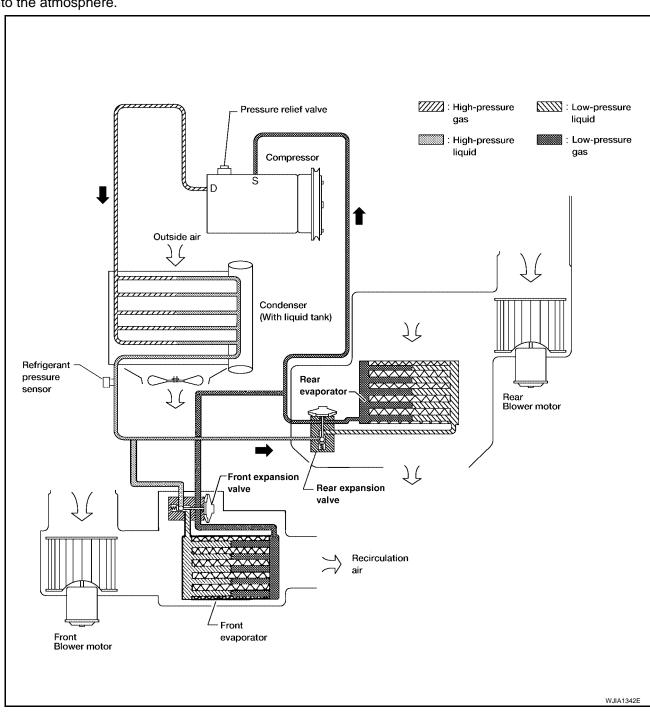
Refrigerant System Protection REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

EJS0061D

The refrigerant system is protected against excessively high or low pressures by the refrigerant pressure sensor, located on the condenser. If the system pressure rises above or falls below the specifications, the refrigerant pressure sensor detects the pressure inside the refrigerant line and sends a voltage signal to the ECM. The ECM de-energizes the A/C relay to disengage the magnetic compressor clutch when pressure on the high pressure side detected by refrigerant pressure sensor is over about 2,746 kPa (28 kg/cm², 398 psi), or below about 120 kPa (1.22 kg/cm², 17.4 psi).

PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE

The refrigerant system is also protected by a pressure relief valve, located in the rear head of the compressor. When the pressure of refrigerant in the system increases to an abnormal level [more than 2,990 kPa (30.5 kg/cm², 433.6 psi)], the release port on the pressure relief valve automatically opens and releases refrigerant into the atmosphere.



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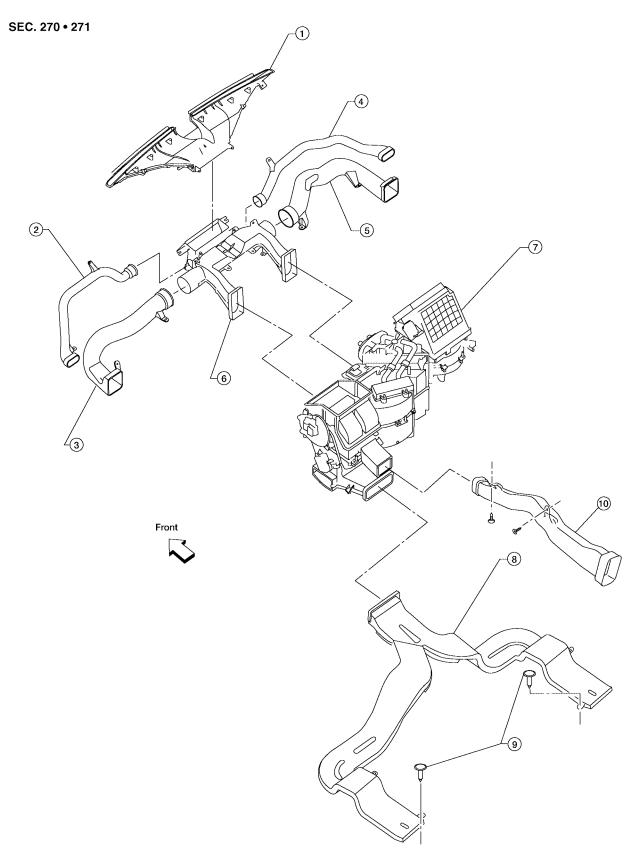
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Component Layout FRONT REFRIGERATION SYSTEM

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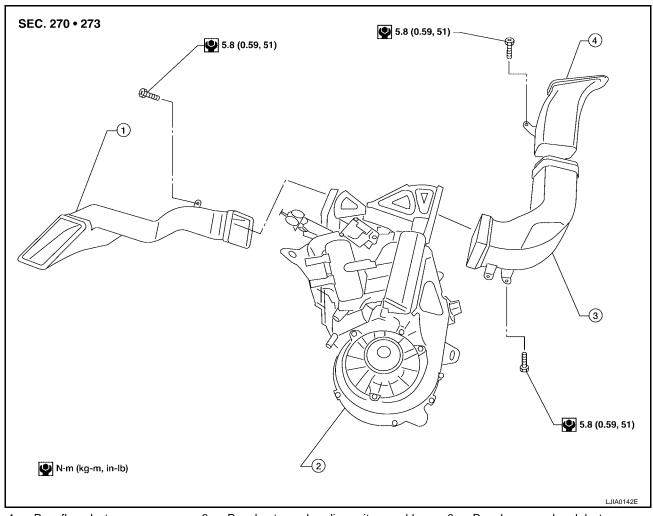
WJIA0956E

- 1. Defroster nozzle
- 4. RH side demister duct
- 7. Front heater and cooling unit assembly
- 10. Heat duct

- 2. LH side demister duct
- 5. RH ventilator duct
- 8. Floor duct

- 3. LH ventilator duct
- 6. Center ventilator duct
- 9. Clips

REAR REFRIGERATION SYSTEM



- 1. Rear floor duct
- 2. Rear heater and cooling unit assembly
- 4. Rear upper overhead duct

3. Rear lower overhead duct

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LUBRICANT

LUBRICANT PFP:KLG00

Maintenance of Lubricant Quantity in Compressor

EJS0061F

The lubricant in the compressor circulates through the system with the refrigerant. Add lubricant to compressor when replacing any component or after a large refrigerant leakage has occurred. It is important to maintain the specified amount.

If lubricant quantity is not maintained properly, the following malfunctions may result:

- Lack of lubricant: May lead to a seized compressor
- Excessive lubricant: Inadequate cooling (thermal exchange interference)

LUBRICANT

Name: NISSAN A/C System Lubricant Type S

CHECKING AND ADJUSTING

CAUTION

If excessive lubricant leakage is noted, do not perform the lubricant return operation.

Start the engine and set the following conditions:

test condition

Engine speed: Idling to 1,200 rpm

A/C switch: On

• Blower speed: Max. position

• Temp. control: Optional [Set so that intake air temperature is 25° to 30° C (77° to 86°F).]

Intake position: Recirculation ()

Perform lubricant return operation for about ten minutes

Adjust the lubricant quantity according to the following table.

Lubricant Adjusting Procedure for Components Replacement Except Compressor

After replacing any of the following major components, add the correct amount of lubricant to the system. **Amount of lubricant to be added**

	Lubricant to be added to system	
Part replaced	Amount of lubricant m ℓ (US fl oz, Imp fl oz)	Remarks
Front evaporator	75 (2.5, 2.6)	_
Rear evaporator	75 (2.5, 2.6)	_
Condenser	75 (2.5, 2.6)	_
Liquid tank	5 (0.2, 0.2)	Add if compressor is not replaced.
In case of refrigerant look	30 (1.0, 1.1)	Large leak
In case of refrigerant leak	_	Small leak *1

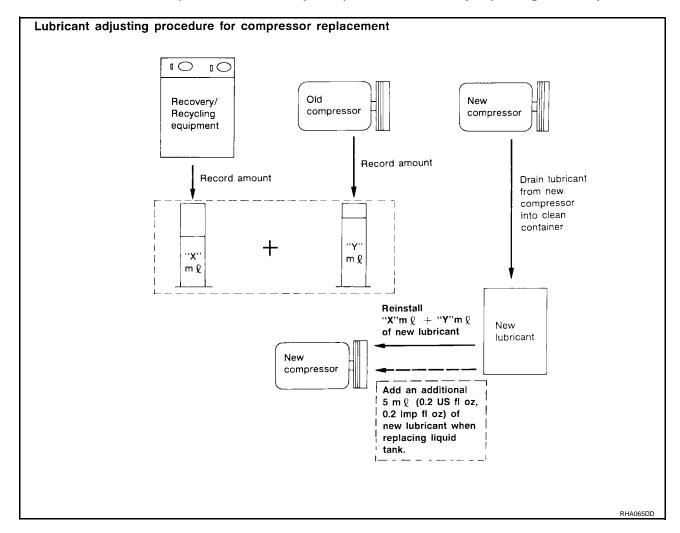
^{• *1:} If refrigerant leak is small, no addition of lubricant is needed.

Lubricant Adjustment Procedure for Compressor Replacement

- 1. Before connecting recovery/recycling equipment to vehicle, check recovery/recycling equipment gauges. No refrigerant pressure should be displayed. If NG, recover refrigerant from equipment lines.
- 2. Connect recovery/recycling equipment to vehicle. Confirm refrigerant purity in supply tank using recovery/recycling equipment and refrigerant identifier. If NG, refer to MTC-5, "Contaminated Refrigerant".
- 3. Confirm refrigerant purity in vehicle A/C system using recovery/recycling equipment and refrigerant identifier. If NG, refer to MTC-5, "Contaminated Refrigerant".
- 4. Discharge refrigerant into the refrigerant recovery/recycling equipment. Measure lubricant discharged into the recovery/recycling equipment.
- 5. Drain the lubricant from the "old" (removed) compressor into a graduated container and recover the amount of lubricant drained.
- 6. Drain the lubricant from the "new" compressor into a separate, clean container.
- Measure an amount of new lubricant installed equal to amount drained from "old" compressor. Add this lubricant to "new" compressor through the suction port opening.

LUBRICANT

- 8. Measure an amount of new lubricant equal to the amount recovered during discharging. Add this lubricant to "new" compressor through the suction port opening.
- 9. If the liquid tank also needs to be replaced, add an additional 5 m ℓ (0.2 US fl oz, 0.2 Imp fl oz) of lubricant at this time.
 - Do not add this 5 m ℓ (0.2 US fl oz, 0.2 lmp fl oz) of lubricant if only replacing the compressor.



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AIR CONDITIONER CONTROL

PFP:27500

Description

The front air control provides regulation of the vehicle's interior temperature. The system is based on the position of the front air controls temperature switch selected by the driver. This is done by utilizing a microcomputer, also referred to as the front air control, which receives input signals from the following two sensors:

- Intake sensor
- PBR (Position Balanced Resistor).

The front air control uses these signals (including the set position of the temperature switch) to control:

- Outlet air volume
- Air temperature
- Air distribution

The front air control also provides separate regulation of the vehicle's interior temperature for the rear passenger area. The system is based on the temperature and rear blower settings selected from rear control switches located on the front air control, or from the temperature and rear blower settings selected from rear control switches on the rear air control, when the front air control switches are set to the rear position.

The front air control is used to select:

- Outlet air volume
- Air temperature/distribution

Operation AIR MIX DOOR CONTROL

EJS0061H

The air mix door is controlled so that in-vehicle temperature changed based on the position of the temperature switch.

BLOWER SPEED CONTROL

Blower speed is controlled based on front and rear blower switch settings.

When blower switch is turned, the blower motor starts and increases air flow volume each time the blower switch is turned clockwise, and decreases air flow volume each time the blower switch is turned counterclockwise.

When engine coolant temperature is low, the blower motor operation is delayed to prevent cool air from flowing.

INTAKE DOORS CONTROL

The intake doors are controlled by the recirculation switch setting, and the mode (recirculation is not allowed in floor, floor/defrost or defrost modes) control dial setting.

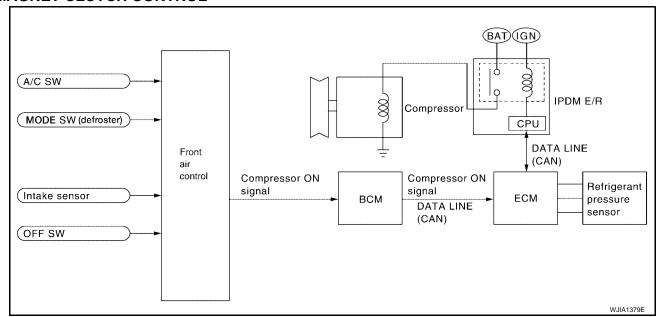
MODE DOOR CONTROL

The mode door is controlled by the position of the mode control dial.

DEFROSTER DOOR CONTROL

The defroster door is controlled by turning the defroster dial to front defroster.

MAGNET CLUTCH CONTROL



When A/C switch or DEF switch is pressed, front air control inputs compressor ON signal to BCM. BCM sends compressor ON signal to ECM, via CAN communication line.

ECM judges whether compressor can be turned ON, based on each sensor status (refrigerant pressure sensor signal, throttle angle sensor, etc.). If it judges compressor can be turned ON, it sends compressor ON signal to IPDM E/R, via CAN communication line.

Upon receipt of compressor ON signal from ECM, IPDM E/R turns air conditioner relay ON to operate compressor.

SELF-DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM

The self-diagnostic system is built into the front air control to quickly locate the cause of symptoms. Refer to MTC-118, "Self-diagnosis" .

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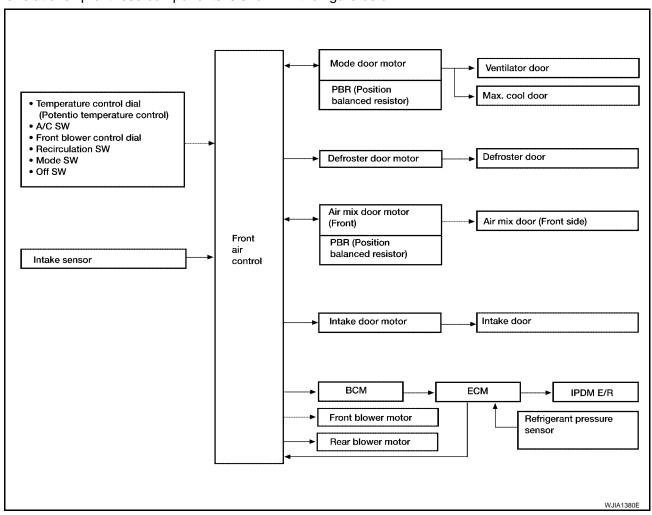
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Description of Control System

EJS0061

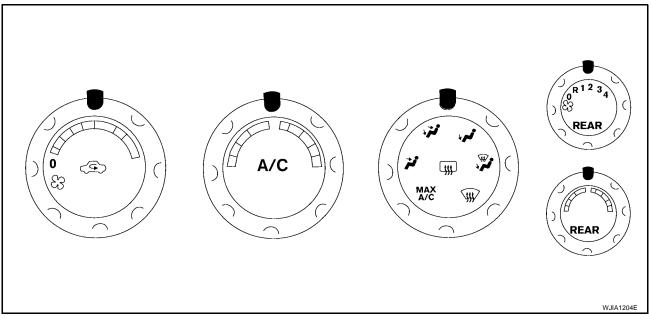
The control system consists of input sensors, switches, the front air control (microcomputer) and outputs. The relationship of these components is shown in the figure below:



Control Operation

EJS0061J

Front air control



TEMPERATURE CONTROL DIAL (TEMPERATURE CONTROL) (FRONT)

Increases or decreases the set temperature.

TEMPERATURE CONTROL DIAL (TEMPERATURE CONTROL) (REAR)

Increases or decreases the set temperature.

RECIRCULATION () SWITCH

- When REC switch is ON, REC switch indicator turns ON, and air inlet is set to REC.
- When REC switch is turned OFF, or when compressor is turned from ON to OFF, REC switch is automatically turned OFF. REC mode can be re-entered by pressing REC switch again.
- REC switch is not operated when DEF switch is turned ON, at the D/F position, or in floor mode.

REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH

When switch is ON, rear window is defogged.

OFF SWITCH (BLOWER SPEED SET TO 0)

The compressor and blower are OFF, the intake doors are set to the outside air position, and the air outlet doors are set to the foot position.

A/C SWITCH

The compressor is ON or OFF.

MODE CONTROL DIAL

Controls the air discharge outlets through control of the mode and defroster doors.

FRONT BLOWER CONTROL DIAL

Manually control the blower speed. Fourteen speeds are available for manual control.

REAR BLOWER CONTROL DIAL

When the rear blower switch (front) is in the REAR position, it allows the rear blower switch (rear) to control the rear blower motor speed. In any other position (1-4), the rear blower switch (front) controls the rear blower motor speed regardless of the rear blower switch (rear) position.

Rear Air Control REAR WJJA1042E

TEMPERATURE CONTROL DIAL (TEMPERATURE AND MODE CONTROL)

The temperature increases or decreases the set temperature. The mode also changes from foot at full hot setting, to foot/vent at mid-range (warm) setting, and then to vent at full cold setting.

REAR BLOWER CONTROL DIAL

When the rear blower switch (front) is in the OFF position, the rear blower motor cannot operate. When the rear blower switch (front) is in the REAR position, it allows the rear blower switch (rear) to control the rear blower motor speed. In any other position (1-4), the rear blower switch (front) controls the rear blower motor speed regardless of the rear blower switch (rear) position.

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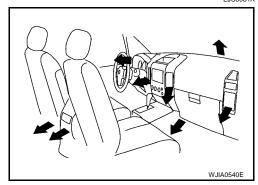
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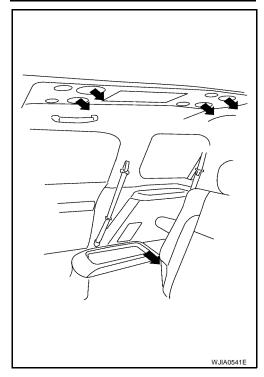
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Discharge Air Flow FRONT

EJS0061K



Discharge	air flow		
Mode door	Air	outlet/distribu	tion
position	Vent	Foot	Defroster
نه	100%	_	_
**	50%	50%	-
نمر	_	75%(100%)	25% (-)
(®)	_	60%	40%
W	-	_	100%
(): Manua	lly control		WJIA0528E



Discharge a	ir flow	
Mode door	Air outlet/d	istribution
position	Vent	Foot
***	100%	_
نټ	50%	50%
ند	-	100%
		WJIA1236E

REAR

System Description (Front) SWITCHES AND THEIR CONTROL FUNCTION

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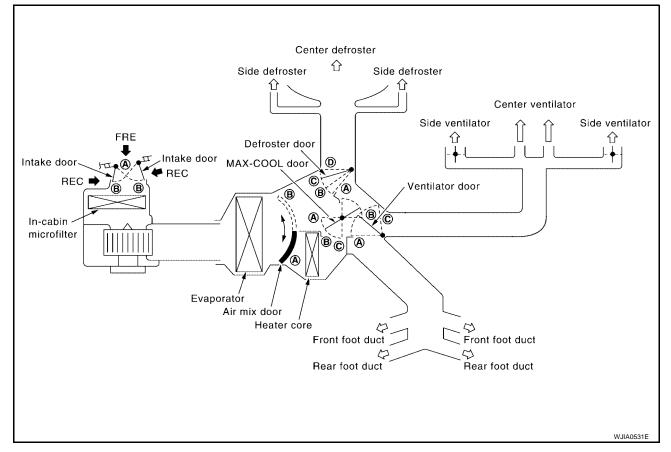
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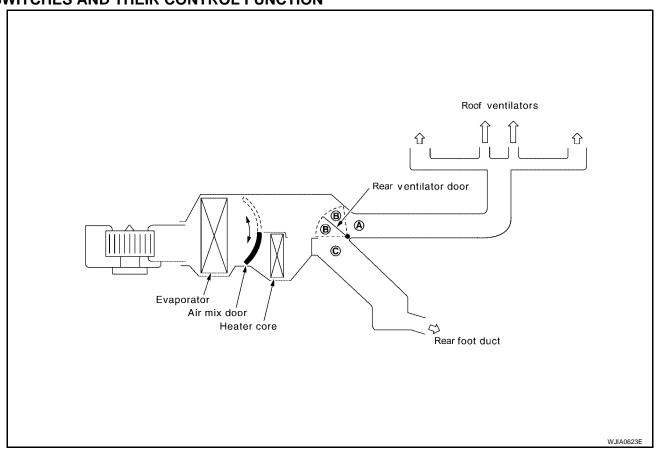
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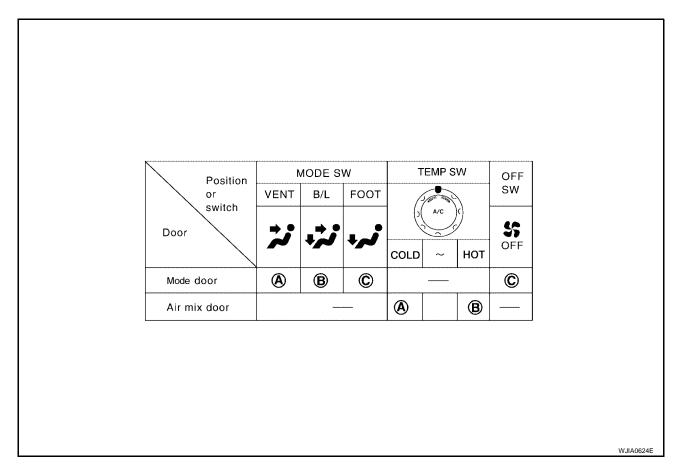
Position		MOD	E SW		DEF	SW	REC	SW	Tempe	erature	switch	OFF
or	VENT	B/L	FOOT	D/F	ON	OFF	ON	OFF		2	`\	SW
switch	→ .	. > 3		W •	FR	ONT	رح	₹ >	()	A/C	<u>)</u> ()	
		*,	•	+ /•		0	->•=	0	COLD	~	нот	
Ventilator door	A	B	0	©	©			non-				©
MAX-COOL door	A	B	B	B	©							B
Defroster door	(D)	D	O or ©	B	A							©
Intake door		_	_		B		A	B				B
Air mix door									(A)		₿	

WJIA1406E

System Description (Rear) SWITCHES AND THEIR CONTROL FUNCTION

EJS0061M





CAN Communication System Description

EJS0061N

Refer to LAN-5, "CAN COMMUNICATION" .

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS CONSULT-II Function (HVAC)

PFP:00004

EJS00610

CONSULT-II can display each diagnostic item using the diagnostic test modes shown following.

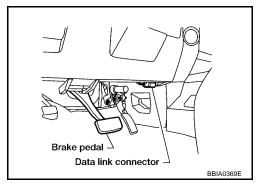
Diagnostic mode	Description
SELF-DIAG RESULTS	Displays front air control self-diagnosis results.
DATA MONITOR	Displays front air control input/output data in real time.
CAN DIAG SUPPORT MNTR	The result of transmit/receive diagnosis of CAN communication can be read.
ECU PART NUMBER	Front air control part number can be read.

CONSULT-II BASIC OPERATION

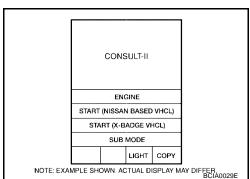
CAUTION:

If CONSULT-II is used with no connection of CONSULT-II CONVERTER, malfunctions might be detected in self-diagnosis depending on control unit which carries out CAN communication.

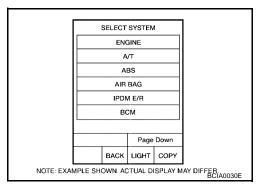
1. With the ignition switch OFF, connect CONSULT-II and CON-SULT-II CONVERTER to the data link connector, and turn the ignition switch ON.



2. Touch "START (NISSAN BASED VHCL)".



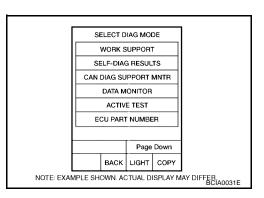
 Touch "HVAC" on "SELECT SYSTEM" screen. If "HVAC" is not indicated, go to GI-39, "CONSULT-II Data Link Connector (DLC) Circuit"



SELF-DIAGNOSIS

Operation Procedure

1. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" on "SELECT DIAG MODE" screen to view all set DTC's.



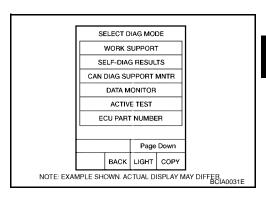
Display Item List

DTC	Description	Reference page
B2573	Battery voltage out of range	SC-4, "BATTERY"
B2581	Intake sensor circuit short	MTC-121, "Intake Sensor Circuit"
B2582	Intake sensor circuit open	MTC-121, IIItake Sensor Circuit
U1000	CAN bus fault	LAN-5, "CAN COMMUNICATION"
B2587	Stuck button	MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL"

DATA MONITOR

Operation Procedure

1. Touch "DATA MONITOR" on "SELECT DIAG MODE" screen.



2. Touch either "MAIN SIGNALS" or "SELECTION FROM MENU" on "DATA MONITOR" screen.

MAIN SIGNALS	Monitors all the items.
SELECTION FROM MENU	Selects and monitors the individual item selected.

- 3. When "SELECTION FROM MENU" is selected, touch items to be monitored. When "MAIN SIGNALS" is selected, all the items will be monitored.
- 4. Touch "START".
- Touch "RECORD" while monitoring, then the status of the monitored item can be recorded. To stop recording, touch "STOP".

Display Item List

Monitor item	Value	Contents
BATT VIA CAN	"V"	Displays battery voltage signal.
IGN VIA CAN	"ON/OFF"	Displays ignition switch signal.
EVAP TEMP SEN	"°C/°F"	Displays intake sensor signal.

MTC-33 2005 Armada Revision: July 2007

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Monitor item	Value	Contents
RR TEMPSET FR	"V"	Displays air mix door (front) set point signal.
RR TEMPSET RR	"V"	Displays air mix door (rear) set point signal.
MODE FDBCK	"V"	Displays mode door motor feedback signal.
DVR MIX FDBCK	"V"	Displays air mix door motor (front) feedback signal.
RR FDBCK	"V"	Displays air mix door motor (rear) feedback signal.
DEF FDBCK	"V"	Displays defroster door motor feedback signal.
RECIRC	"ON/OFF"	Displays recirculation switch signal.
A/C	"ON/OFF"	Displays A/C switch signal.
MODE	"ON/OFF"	Displays MODE switch signal.
RR DEFOG	"ON/OFF"	Displays rear defroster request signal.
MODE SELECT	" [PNL]" " [MIX]" " [FLR]" " [DEFR]" " [MAX]" " [DENT]"	Displays mode door motor position.

^{*:} DENT is displayed when MODE switch is between selections.

CONSULT-II Function (BCM)

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CONSULT-II can display each diagnostic item using the diagnostic test modes shown following.

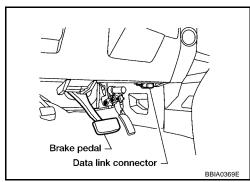
BCM diagnostic test item	Diagnostic mode	Description
	WORK SUPPORT	Supports inspections and adjustments. Commands are transmitted to the BCM for setting the status suitable for required operation, input/output signals are received from the BCM and received data is displayed.
	DATA MONITOR	Displays BCM input/output data in real time.
Inspection by part	ACTIVE TEST	Operation of electrical loads can be checked by sending drive signal to them.
, ,,	SELF-DIAG RESULTS	Displays BCM self-diagnosis results.
	CAN DIAG SUPPORT MNTR	The result of transmit/receive diagnosis of CAN communication can be read.
	ECU PART NUMBER	BCM part number can be read.
	CONFIGURATION	Performs BCM configuration read/write functions.

CONSULT-II BASIC OPERATION

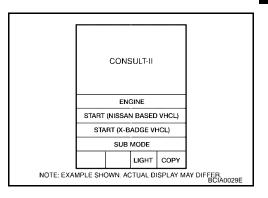
CAUTION:

If CONSULT-II is used with no connection of CONSULT-II CONVERTER, malfunctions might be detected in self-diagnosis depending on control unit which carries out CAN communication.

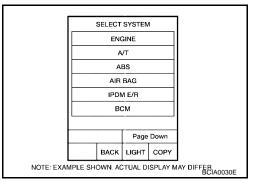
1. With the ignition switch OFF, connect CONSULT-II and CON-SULT-II CONVERTER to the data link connector, and turn the ignition switch ON.



Touch "START (NISSAN BASED VHCL)".



 Touch "BCM" on "SELECT SYSTEM" screen. If "BCM" is not indicated, go to GI-39, "CONSULT-II Data Link Connector (DLC) Circuit".



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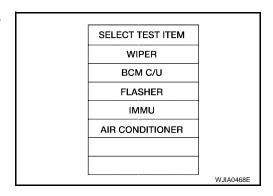
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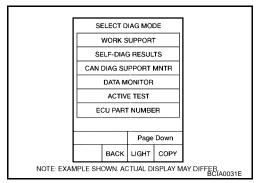
DATA MONITOR

Operation Procedure

1. Touch "AIR CONDITIONER" on "SELECT TEST ITEM" screen.



2. Touch "DATA MONITOR" on "SELECT DIAG MODE" screen.



 Touch either "ALL SIGNALS" or "SELECTION FROM MENU" on "DATA MONITOR" screen.

ALL SIGNALS	Monitors all the items.
SELECTION FROM MENU	Selects and monitors the individual item selected.

- When "SELECTION FROM MENU" is selected, touch items to be monitored. When "ALL SIGNALS" is selected, all the items will be monitored.
- 5. Touch "START".
- 6. Touch "RECORD" while monitoring, then the status of the monitored item can be recorded. To stop recording, touch "STOP".

	DATA M	ONITOR		
монто	OR			
FAN ON	I SIG	0	N	
COMP	ON SIG	О	N	
IGN ON	SW	О	N	
		REC	ORD	

Display Item List

Monitor item name "operation or unit"		Contents
IGN ON SW	"ON/OFF"	Displays "IGN Position (ON)/(OFF), ACC Position (OFF)" status as judged from ignition switch signal.
COMP ON SIG	"ON/OFF"	Displays "COMP (ON)/COMP (OFF)" status as judged from air conditioner switch signal.
FAN ON SIG	"ON/OFF"	Displays "FAN (ON)/FAN (OFF)" status as judged from blower motor switch signal.

How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair WORK FLOW

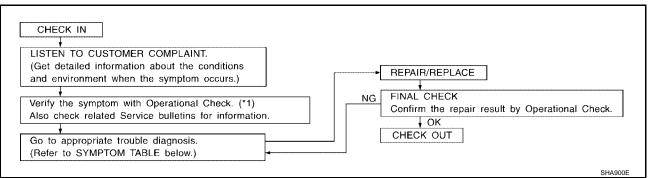
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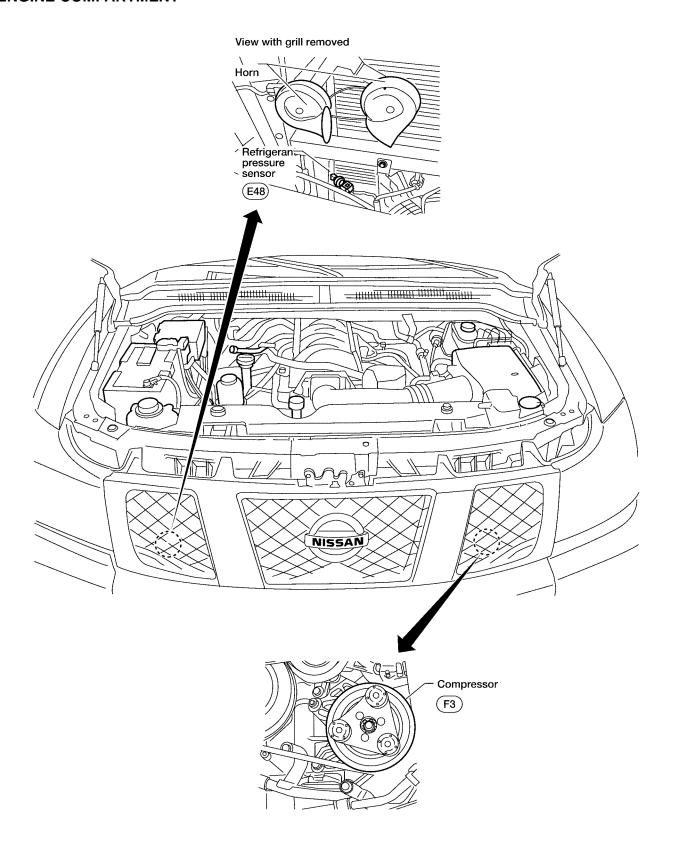
^{*1} MTC-53, "Operational Check (Front)" or MTC-55, "Operational Check (Rear)"

SYMPTOM TABLE

Symptom	Reference Page		
A/C system does not come on.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for A/C System.	MTC-56	
A/C system cannot be controlled.	Go to Self-diagnosis Function.	MTC-33	_
Air outlet does not change.	Co to Trouble Diagnosis Presedure for Mode Deer Motor	MTC-59	_
Mode door motor is malfunctioning.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Mode Door Motor.	<u>IWITC-59</u>	
Discharge air temperature does not change.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Air Mix Door Motor.	MTC-64	_
Air mix door motor is malfunctioning.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for All Mix Door Motor.	<u>IVI I C-64</u>	
Intake door does not change.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Intake Door Motor.	MTC-73	
Intake door motor is malfunctioning.	Go to Houble Diagnosis Procedure for make Door Motor.	<u>IWI C-73</u>	
Defroster door motor is malfunctioning.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Defroster Door Motor.	MTC-77	
Front blower motor operation is malfunctioning.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Front Blower Motor.	MTC-82	Λ
Rear blower motor operation is malfunctioning.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Rear Blower Motor.	MTC-89	
Rear discharge air temperature and/or air outlet does not change.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Rear Air Control circuit.	MTC-100	
Magnet clutch does not engage.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Magnet Clutch.	MTC-103	_
Insufficient cooling	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Insufficient Cooling.	MTC-109	
Insufficient heating	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Insufficient Heating.	MTC-116	_
Noise	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Noise.	MTC-117	_
Self-diagnosis cannot be performed.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Self-diagnosis.	MTC-33	

Component Parts and Harness Connector Location ENGINE COMPARTMENT

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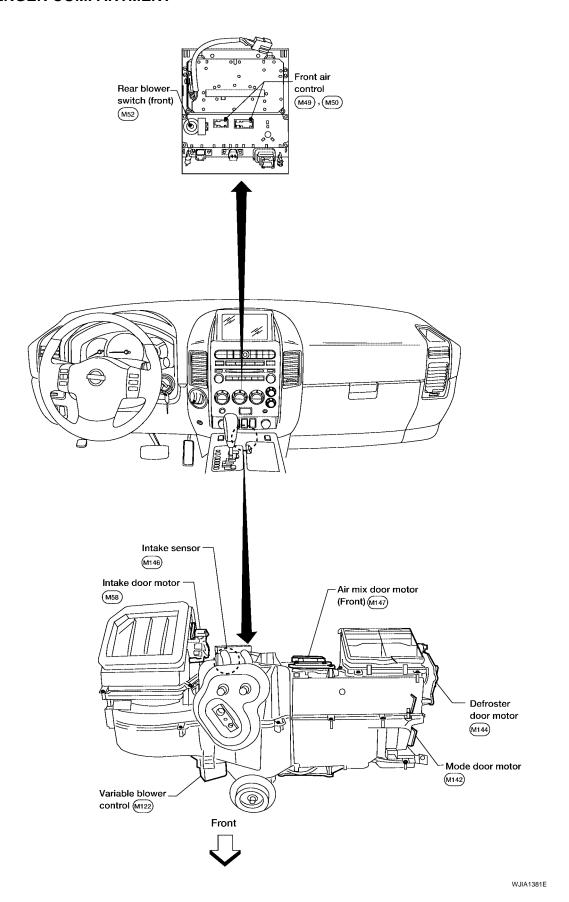
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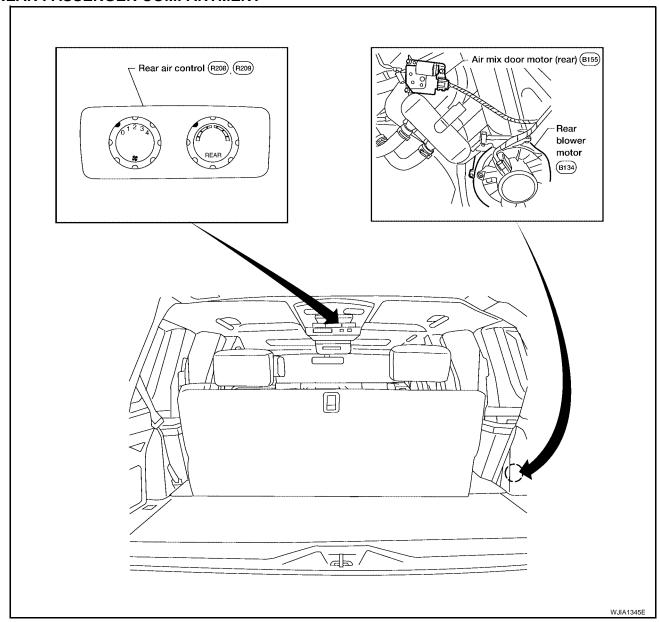
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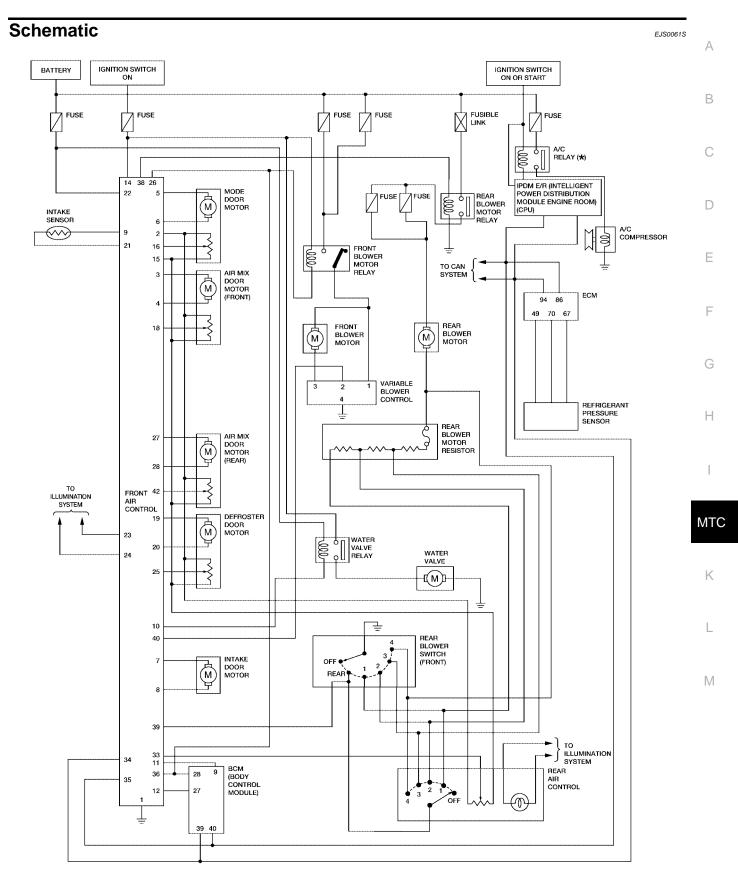
FRONT PASSENGER COMPARTMENT



Revision: July 2007 MTC-39 2005 Armada

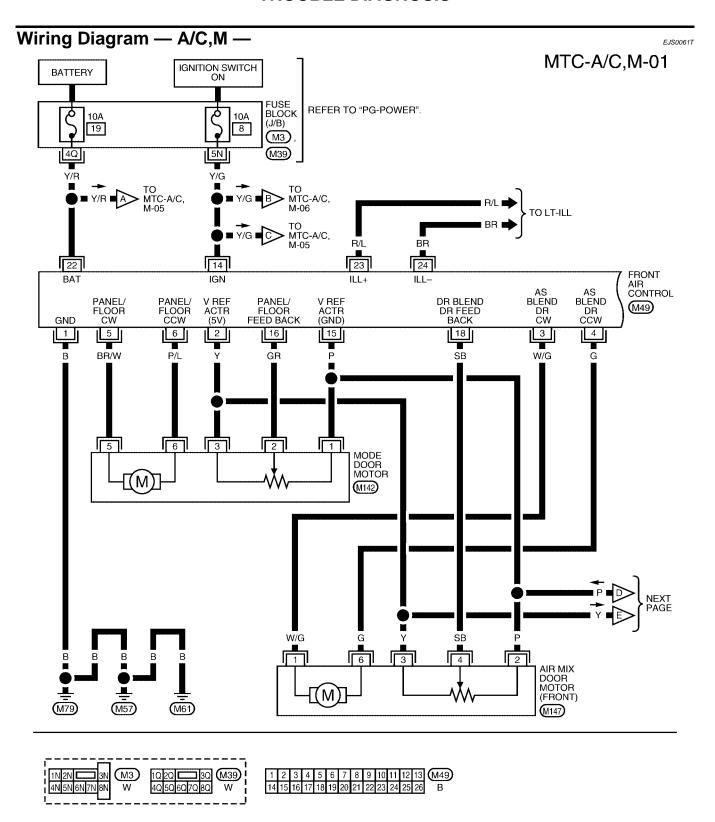
REAR PASSENGER COMPARTMENT





 $\bigstar: \texttt{THIS RELAY IS BUILT INTO THE IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM)}$

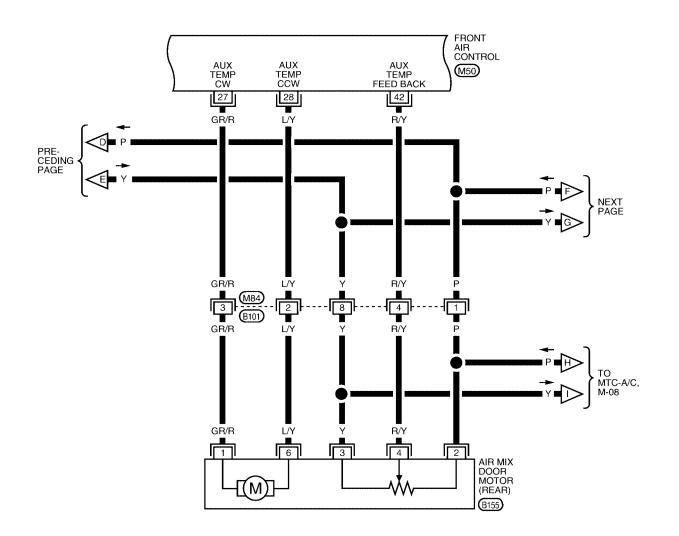
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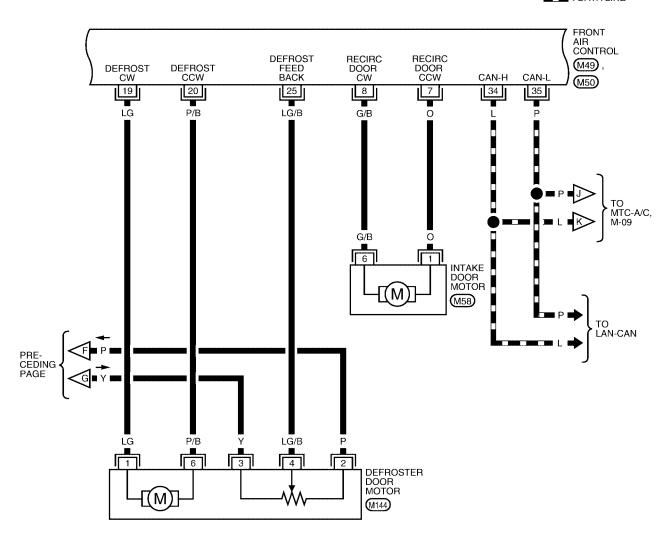
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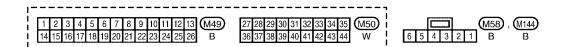
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	M50	1	2	3		4	5	6	7	(M84)	B155)
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	W	8	9	10	11 12	13	14	15	16	W	6 5 4 3 2 1 B	

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MTC-A/C,M-03

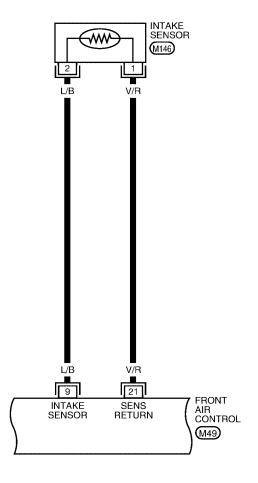
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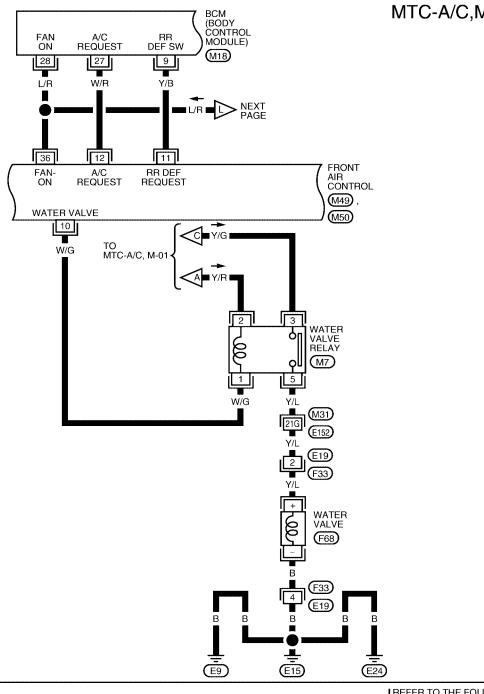
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	(M49)
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	В

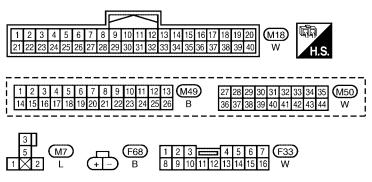


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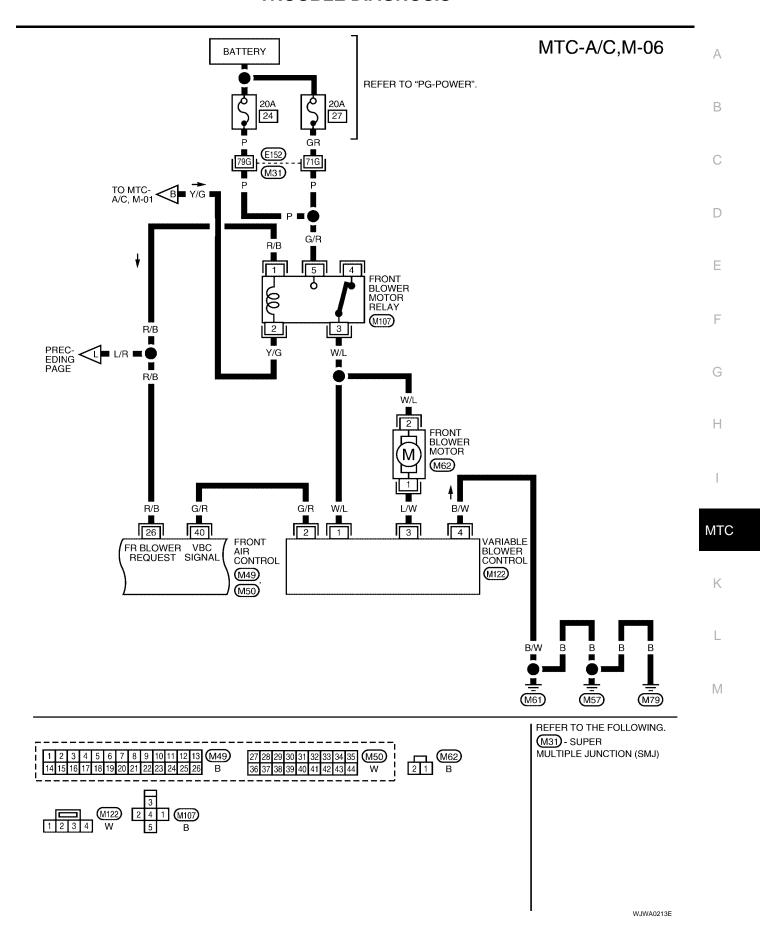
MTC-A/C,M-05

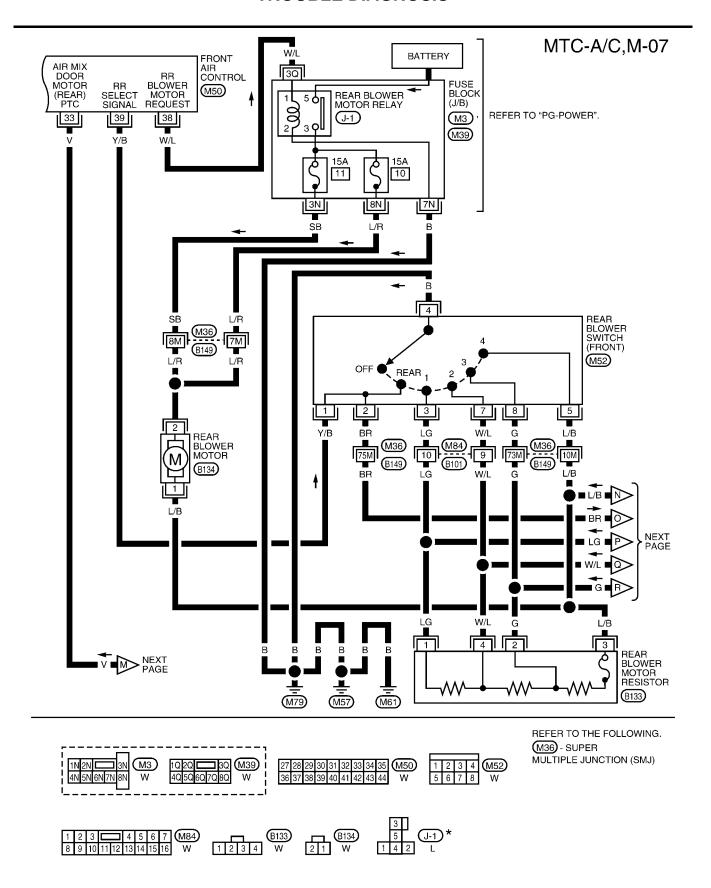




REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. M31 - SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ)

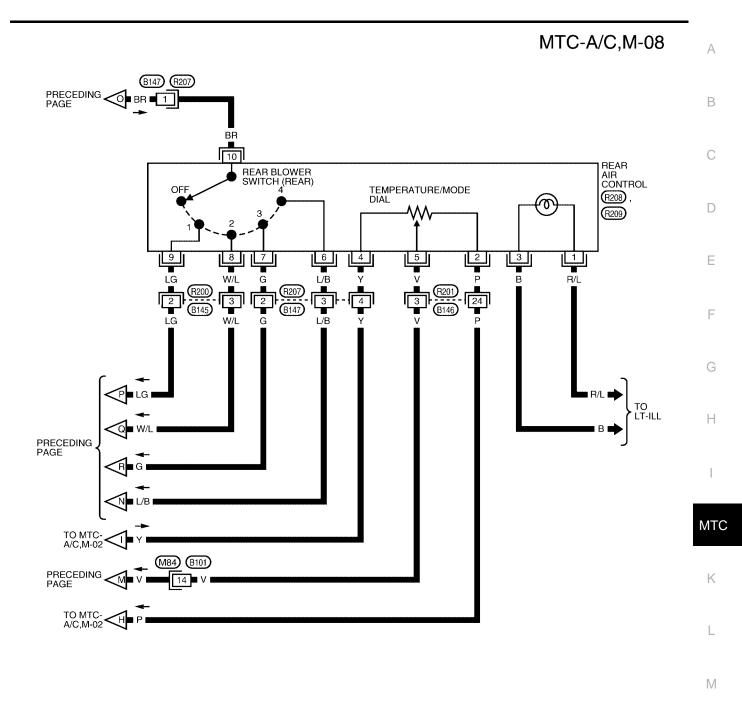
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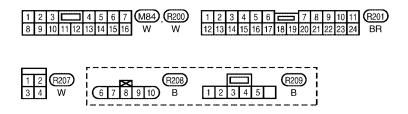




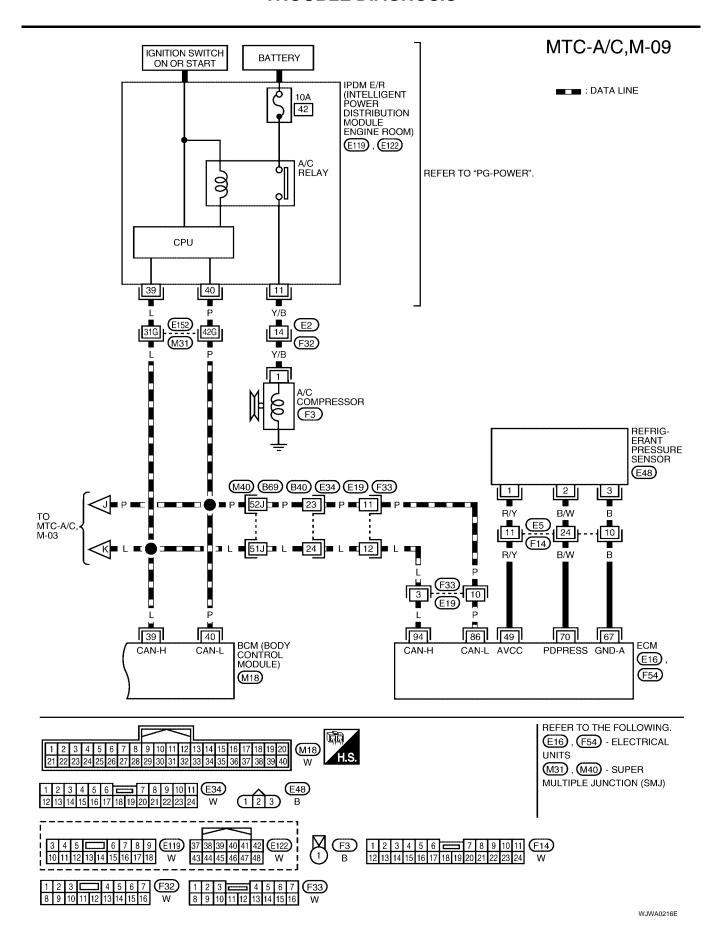
*: THIS CONNECTOR IS NOT SHOWN IN "HARNESS LAYOUT" OF PG SECTION.

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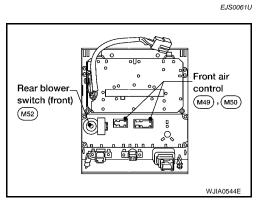


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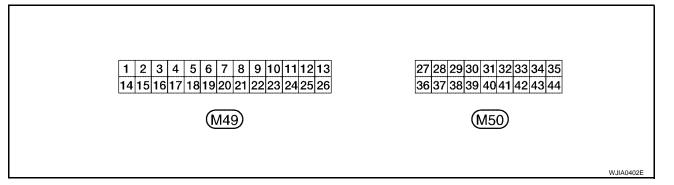


Front Air Control Terminals and Reference Value

Measure voltage between each terminal and ground by following Terminals and Reference Value for front air control.



PIN CONNECTOR TERMINAL LAYOUT



TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE FOR FRONT AIR CONTROL

Termi- nal No.	Wire color	Item	Ignition switch	Condition	Voltage (V) (Approx.)
1	В	Ground	-	-	0V
2	Υ	Sensor power	ON	-	5V
3	W/G	Air mix door motor (front) CW	ON	Clockwise rotation	Battery voltage
4	G	Air mix door motor (front) CCW	ON	Counterclockwise rotation	Battery voltage
5	BR/W	Mode door motor CW	ON	Clockwise rotation	Battery voltage
6	P/L	Mode door motor CCW	ON	Counterclockwise rotation	Battery voltage
7	0	Intake door motor CCW	ON	Counterclockwise rotation	Battery voltage
8	G/B	Intake door motor CW	ON	Clockwise rotation	Battery voltage
9	L/B	Intake sensor	ON	-	0 - 5V
10	W/G	Water valve	ON	Water valve open	0V
10	VV/G	water valve	ON	Water valve closed	5V
11	Y/B	Rear defroster request	ON	-	Battery voltage
12	W/R	Compressor ON signal	ON	A/C switch OFF	5V
12	VV/K	Compressor ON signal	ON	A/C switch ON	0V
14	Y/G	Power supply for IGN	ON	-	Battery voltage
15	Р	Sensor ground	ON	-	0V
16	GR	Mode door motor feedback	ON	-	0 - 5V
18	SB	Air mix door motor (front) feedback	ON	-	0 - 5V
19	LG	Defroster door motor CW	ON	Clockwise rotation	Battery voltage
20	P/B	Defroster door motor CCW	ON	Counterclockwise rotation	Battery voltage
21	V/R	Sensor return	ON	-	0 - 5V
22	Y/R	Power supply for BAT	-	-	Battery voltage
23	R/L	Illumination +	ON	Park lamps ON	Battery voltage

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Termi- nal No.	Wire color	ltem	Ignition switch	Condition	Voltage (V) (Approx.)
24	BR	Illumination -	-	Park lamps ON	(V) 15 10 5 0 200 ms
25	LG/B	Defroster door motor feedback	ON	-	0 - 5V
26	R/B	Front blower request	ON	Front blower motor OFF	Battery voltage
20	N/D	Front blower request	ON	Front blower motor ON	0V
27	GR/R	Air mix door motor (Rear) CW	ON	Clockwise rotation	Battery voltage
28	L/Y	Air mix door motor (Rear) CCW	ON	Counterclockwise rotation	Battery voltage
33	V	Air mix door (Rear) set point	ON	-	0 - 5V
34	L	CAN-H	ON	-	0 - 5V
35	Р	CAN-L	ON	-	0 - 5V
36	L/R	Fan ON signal	ON	Fan switch OFF	5V
	LIK	i ali Oliv Signal	ON	Fan switch ON	0V
38	W/L	Rear blower request	ON	Front blower motor OFF	Battery voltage
	V V / L	rear blower request	011	Front blower motor ON	0V
39	Y/B	Rear select signal	ON	-	0V - Battery voltage
40	G/R	Variable Blower Control output	ON	-	0 - 5V
42	R/Y	Air mix door motor (Rear) feedback	ON	-	0 - 5V

Operational Check (Front)

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The purpose of the operational check is to confirm that the system operates properly.

Conditions

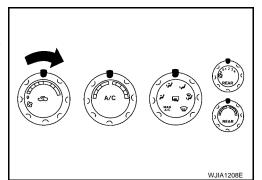
: Engine running and at normal operating temperature

CHECKING BLOWER

- Turn fan control switch clockwise. Blower should operate on low speed.
- 2. Turn the fan control switch again, and continue checking blower speed and fan symbol until all speeds are checked.
- 3. Leave blower on MAX speed.

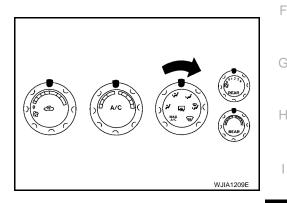
If NG, go to MTC-84, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR BLOWER MOTOR"

If OK, continue with next check.



CHECKING DISCHARGE AIR

1. Turn the mode switch to each mode position.



2. Confirm that discharge air comes out according to the air distribution table. Refer to MTC-28, "Discharge Air Flow".

Mode door position is checked in the next step.

If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for MTC-59, "Mode Door Motor Circuit" .

If OK, continue with next check.

NOTE:

Confirm that the compressor clutch is engaged (sound or visual inspection) and intake door position is at fresh when the DEF or D/F is selected.

Mode door	Air	outlet/distrib	ution
position	Vent	Foot	Defroster
نټ	100%		
***	50%	50%	
ند	_	(100%)	_
(P)		60%	40%
(F)	_	_	100%
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CHECKING RECIRCULATION

- Press recirculation () switch one time. Recirculation indicator should illuminate.
- 2. Press recirculation () switch one more time. Recirculation indicator should go off.
- Listen for intake door position change (blower sound should change slightly).

If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for $\underline{\text{MTC-73, "Intake Door }}$ $\underline{\text{Motor Circuit"}}$.

If OK, continue with next check.

NOTE:

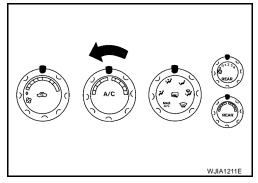
Confirm that the compressor clutch is engaged (sound or visual inspection) and intake door position is at fresh when the DEF, D/F or floor is selected.

CHECKING TEMPERATURE DECREASE

- 1. Rotate temperature control dial counterclockwise.
- 2. Check for cold air at appropriate discharge air outlets.

If NG, listen for sound of air mix door motor operation if OK, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for MTC-109, "Insufficient Cooling". If air mix door motor appears to be malfunctioning, go to MTC-66, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (FRONT)".

If OK, continue with next check.

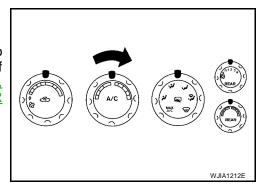


CHECKING TEMPERATURE INCREASE

- 1. Rotate temperature control dial clockwise.
- 2. Check for hot air at appropriate discharge air outlets.

If NG, listen for sound of air mix door motor operation. If OK, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for MTC-116, "Insufficient Heating" . If air mix door motor appears to be malfunctioning, go to MTC-66, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (FRONT)" .

If OK, continue with next check.



CHECK A/C SWITCH

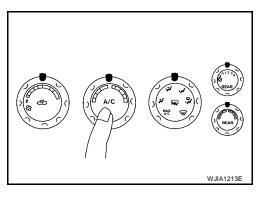
- 1. Press A/C switch with the fan switch ON.
- 2. A/C switch indicator will turn ON.

NOTE:

Confirm that the compressor clutch is engaged (sound or visual inspection).

If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for MTC-103, "Magnet Clutch Circuit" .

If OK, continue with next check.



Operational Check (Rear)

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The purpose of the operational check is to confirm that the system operates properly.

Conditions

: Engine running and at normal operating temperature

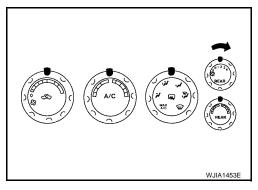
CHECKING BLOWER

1. Turn the rear blower control dial to switch position "1". Blower should operate on low speed.

- Turn the rear blower control dial clockwise to switch position "2", "3", and "4" until all speeds are checked.
- 3. Leave blower on MAX speed.

If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for $\underline{\text{MTC-89, "Rear Blower Motor Circuit"}}$.

If OK, continue the check.

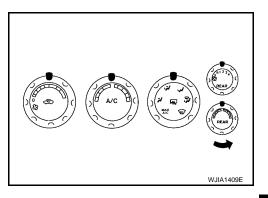


CHECKING TEMPERATURE DECREASE

- 1. Rotate temperature and mode dial fully counterclockwise.
- Check for cold air at appropriate discharge air outlets.

If NG, listen for sound of air mix door motor operation if OK, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for MTC-109, "Insufficient Cooling" . If air mix door motor appears to be malfunctioning, go to MTC-69, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (REAR)" .

If OK, continue the check.

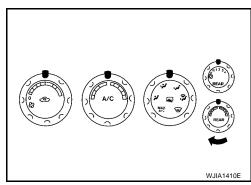


CHECKING TEMPERATURE INCREASE

- Rotate temperature and mode dial clockwise.
- 2. Check for hot air at appropriate discharge air outlets.

If NG, listen for sound of air mix door motor operation. If OK, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for MTC-116, "Insufficient Heating" . If air mix door motor appears to be malfunctioning, go to MTC-69, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (REAR)" .

If OK, continue the check.



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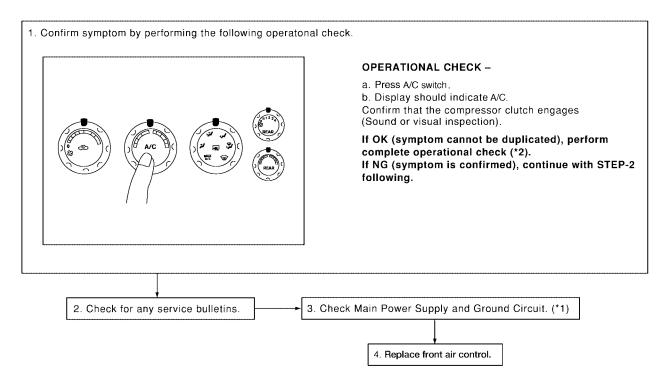
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Power Supply and Ground Circuit for Front Air Control

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SYMPTOM: A/C system does not come on.

INSPECTION FLOW



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Circuit for Front Air Control"

*1 MTC-56, "Power Supply and Ground *2 MTC-53, "Operational Check (Front)" or MTC-55, "Operational Check (Rear)"

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Front Air Control

The front air control has a built-in microcomputer which processes information sent from various sensors needed for air conditioner operation. The air mix door motors, mode door motor, intake door motor, defroster door motor, blower motor and compressor are then controlled.

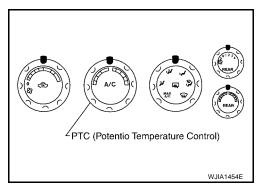
The front air control is unitized with control mechanisms. When the various switches and temperature dials are operated, data is input to the front air control.

Self-diagnostic functions are also built into the front air control to provide quick check of malfunctions in the air conditioner system.

Rear blower switch (front) M52 WJIA0544E

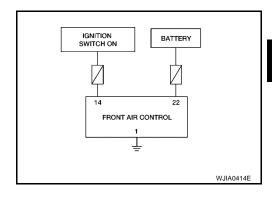
Potentio Temperature Control (PTC)

The PTC is built into the front air control. It can be set from cold to hot or any intermediate position by rotating the temperature dial.



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR A/C SYSTEM

SYMPTOM: A/C system does not come on.



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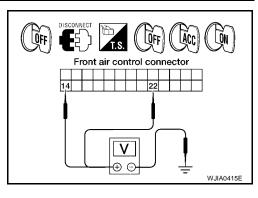
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1. CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUITS FOR FRONT AIR CONTROL

- Disconnect front air control connector.
- 2. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminals 14 (Y/G) and 22 (Y/R), and ground.

	Terminals		Ignition switch position			
(+)						
Front air control connector	Terminal No. (Wire color)	(-)	OFF	ACC	ON	
M49	14 (Y/G)	Ground	Approx. 0V	Approx. 0V	Battery voltage	
M49	22 (Y/R)	Ground	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	



OK or NG

OK

>> GO TO 2.

- NG >> Check 10A fuses [Nos. 8 and 19, located in the fuse block (J/B)]. Refer to <u>PG-75, "FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION BOX(J/B)"</u>.
 - If fuses are OK, check harness for open circuit. Repair or replace as necessary.
 - If fuses are NG, replace fuse and check harness for short circuit. Repair or replace as necessary.

2. CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR FRONT AIR CONTROL

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 1 (B) and ground.

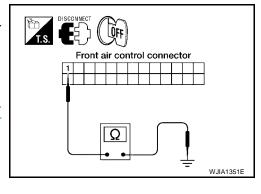
1 - Ground

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



Mode Door Motor Circuit

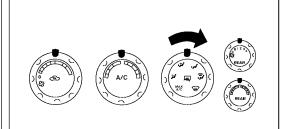
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SYMPTOM:

- Air outlet does not change.
- Mode door motor does not operate normally.

INSPECTION FLOW

1. Confirm symptom by performing the following operational check.



OPERATIONAL CHECK - Discharge air

a. Turn the mode dial four times and DEF position.

Discharge air flow

Mode door position	Air outlet/distribution						
Mode door position	Vent	Foot	Defroster				
***	100%						
**	60%	40%	-				
تمرا	_	100%	_				
	_	60%	40%				
(F)	-	-	100%				

b. Confirm that discharge air comes out according to the air distribution table at left.

Refer to "Discharge Air Flow" (*1).

NOTE:

• If OK (symptom cannot be duplicated), perform complete operational check (*2).

If NG (symptom is confirmed), continue with STEP-2 following.

· Confirm that the compressor clutch is engaged (visual inspection) and intake door position is at FRESH when DEF ttt or D/F is selected.

↓	_	
2. Check for any service bulletins.		
3. Check mode door mechanism.		
4. Perform self-diagnosis (*3).		
Are any self-diagnosis codes retrieved?	NO Check the PBR circuit (*5).	NG Repair PBR circuit or replace motor.
↓ YES	YES	
5. Refer to self-diagnosis code chart (*4).	If the symptom still exists, perform "S "Operational Check" (*2) and check fo "SymtomTable" (*6).] Does another symptom exist?	elf-diagnosis" (*3) and a complete or other codes and symptoms. [Refer to
	YES	↓ NO
	Go to Trouble Diagnosis for related code or symptom.	Replace front air control.

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- MTC-28, "Discharge Air Flow"
- MTC-53, "Operational Check (Front)"
- MTC-33, "SELF-DIAGNOSIS"

- MTC-33, "Display Item List"
- *5 MTC-60, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE FOR MODE DOOR MOTOR"
- *6 MTC-37, "SYMPTOM TABLE"

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SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Component Parts

Mode door control system components are:

- Front air control
- Mode door motor
- PBR (built into mode door motor)

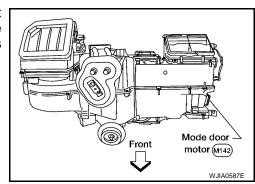
System Operation

The mode door position (vent, B/L, foot, and defrost) is set by the front air control by means of the mode door motor. When a mode door position is selected on the front air control, voltage is applied to one circuit of the mode door motor while ground is applied to the other circuit, causing the mode door motor to rotate. The direction of rotation is determined by which circuit has voltage applied to it, and which one has ground applied to it. The front air control monitors the mode door position by measuring the voltage signal on the PBR circuit.

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Mode Door Motor

The mode door motor is attached to the heater & cooling unit. It rotates so that air is discharged from the outlet as indicated by the front air control. Motor rotation is conveyed to a link which activates the mode door.

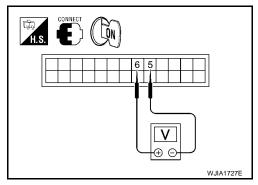


DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR MODE DOOR MOTOR

1. CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR POWER AND GROUND

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Turn the mode switch to the B/L (**) mode.
- 3. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 5 and terminal 6 while turning the mode switch to the floor () mode.

Connector	To	erminals	Condition	Voltage	
Connector	(+)	(-)	Condition	(Approx.)	
Front air control: M49	6	5	Turn mode switch	Battery voltage	



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK MODE DOOR MOTOR CIRCUITS FOR SHORT TO GROUND

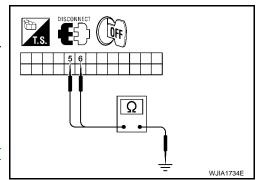
- Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 5, 6 and ground.

5 - Ground : Continuity should not exist. 6 - Ground : Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

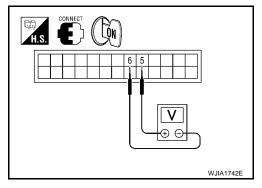
NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



3. CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR GROUND AND POWER

- 1. Turn the mode switch to the D/F (*) mode.
- 2. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 5 and terminal 6 while turning the mode switch to the vent (*) mode.

Connector	Te	erminals	Condition	Voltage	
Connector	(+)	(-)	Condition	(Approx.)	
Front air control: M49	5	6	Turn mode switch	Battery voltage	



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

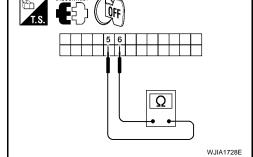
4. CHECK MODE DOOR MOTOR AND CIRCUITS FOR OPEN

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 5 and terminal 6.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



5. CHECK MODE DOOR MOTOR CIRCUITS FOR OPEN

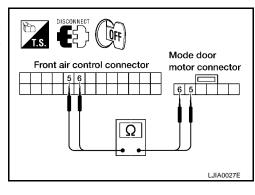
- Disconnect the mode door motor harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 5, 6 and the mode door motor harness connector terminal 5, 6.

5 - 5 : Continuity should exist. 6 - 6 : Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace mode door motor. Refer to MTC-139, "MODE DOOR MOTOR" .

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



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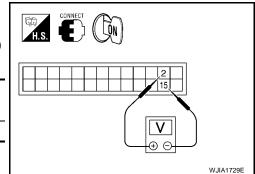
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6. CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR PBR POWER AND GROUND

- 1. Reconnect front air control harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 2 and terminal 15.

Connector	Teri	Voltage	
Connector	(+)	(-)	(Approx.)
Front air control: M49	2	15	5V



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

$7.\,$ check pbr reference voltage circuit for short to ground

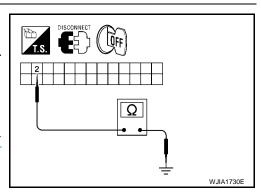
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 2 and ground.

Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



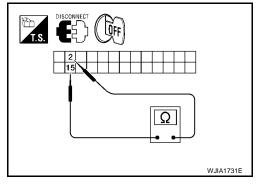
8. CHECK PBR REFERENCE VOLTAGE AND GROUND CIRCUITS

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 2 and terminal 15.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 9.



9. CHECK PBR REFERENCE VOLTAGE CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

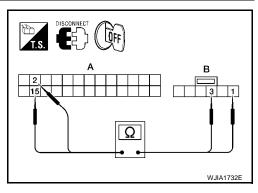
- 1. Disconnect the mode door motor harness connector.
- Check continuity between mode door motor harness connector M142 (B) terminal 3, 1 and front air control harness connector M49 (A) terminal 2, 15.

2 - 3 : Continuity should exist.15 - 1 : Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace mode door motor. Refer to $\underline{\text{MTC-139, "MODE}}$ $\underline{\text{DOOR MOTOR"}}$.

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



10. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK VOLTAGE

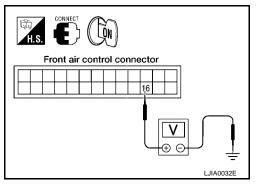
- 1. Reconnect the front air control harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 16 and ground while cycling mode switch through all modes.

Voltage

: Approx. 1V - 4.5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 11.



11. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GROUND

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 16 and ground.

Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.

DISCONNECT OFF

12. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

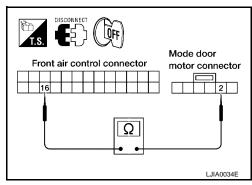
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect the mode door motor harness connector and front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between mode door motor harness connector M142 terminal 2 and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 16.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace mode door motor. Refer to MTC-139, "MODE <a href="MODE MOTOR" .

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



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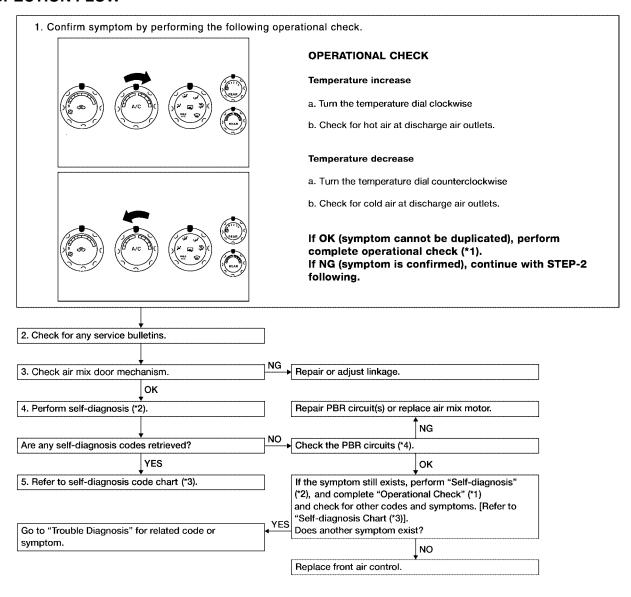
Air Mix Door Motor Circuit

EJS0061Z

SYMPTOM:

- Discharge air temperature does not change.
- Air mix door motor does not operate.

INSPECTION FLOW



WJIA1384E

- MTC-53, "Operational Check (Front)" or MTC-55, "Operational Check (Rear)"
- MTC-66, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-*4 DURE FOR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (FRONT)"
- *2 MTC-33, "SELF-DIAGNOSIS"
- *3 MTC-33, "Display Item List"

MTC-64 2005 Armada Revision: July 2007

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Component Parts

Air mix door control system components are:

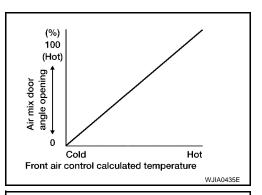
- Front air control
- Air mix door motors (Front and rear)
- PBR (built-into air mix motors)

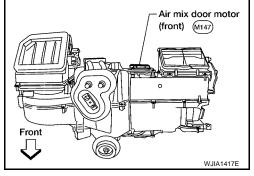
System Operation

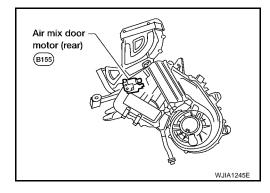
The front air control receives data from the temperature selected by the driver and rear passenger. The front air control then applies a voltage to one circuit of the appropriate air mix door motor, while ground is applied to the other circuit, causing the appropriate air mix door motor to rotate. The direction of rotation is determined by which circuit has voltage applied to it, and which one has ground applied to it. The front air control monitors the air mix door positions by measuring the voltage signal on the PBR circuits of each door.

Air Mix Door Control Specification COMPONENT DESCRIPTION Air Mix Door Motors

The front air mix door motor is attached to the front heater & cooling unit. The rear air mix door motor is attached to the rear heater & cooling unit. These motors rotate so that the air mix door is opened or closed to a position set by the front (or rear) air control. Motor rotation is then conveyed through a shaft and the air mix door position is then fed back to the front air control by the PBR built into the air mix door motors.







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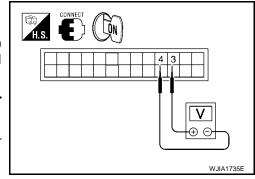
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DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (FRONT)

1. CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR POWER AND GROUND

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Rotate temperature control dial (front) to maximum heat.
- 3. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 3 and terminal 4 while rotating temperature control dial (front) to maximum cold.

Connector	Terminals		Condition	Voltage
	(+)	(-)	Condition	(Approx.)
Front air control: M49	3	4	Rotate temp con- trol dial	Battery voltage



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (FRONT) CIRCUITS FOR SHORT TO GROUND

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 3, 4 and ground.

3 - Ground : Continuity should not exist.4 - Ground : Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

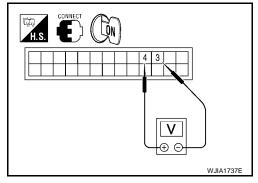
NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.

T.S. DISCONNECT OFF

3. CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR POWER AND GROUND

- 1. Rotate temperature control dial (front) to maximum heat.
- 2. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 3 and terminal 4 while rotating temperature control dial (front) to maximum cold.

Connector	Terminals		Condition	Voltage
	(+)	(-)	Condition	(Approx.)
Front air control: M49	4	3	Rotate temp con- trol dial	Battery voltage



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

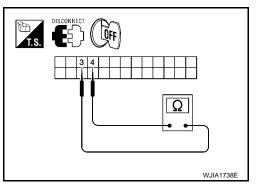
4. CHECK AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (FRONT) CIRCUITS FOR OPEN

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 3 and terminal 4.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



5. CHECK AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (FRONT) CIRCUITS FOR OPEN

- 1. Disconnect the air mix door motor (front) harness connector.
- 2. Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 (A) terminal 3, 4 and the air mix door motor (front) harness connector M147 (B) terminal 1, 6.

3 - 1

: Continuity should exist.

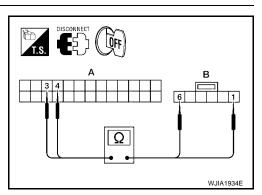
: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

4 - 6

OK >> Replace air mix door motor (front). Refer to MTC-140, "FRONT AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR"

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



6. CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR PBR POWER AND GROUND

- 1. Reconnect front air control harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 3. terminal 2 and terminal 15.

Connector	Terminals		Voltage	
Connector	(+)	(-)	(Approx.)	
Front air control: M49	2	15	5V	

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OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> GO TO 7.

$7.\,$ check PBR reference voltage circuit for short to ground

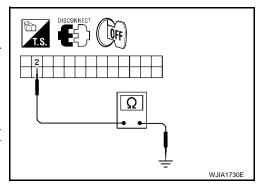
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 2 and ground.

Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL"

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



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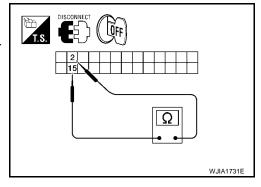
8. CHECK PBR REFERENCE VOLTAGE AND GROUND CIRCUITS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 2 and terminal 15.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 9.



9. CHECK PBR REFERENCE VOLTAGE CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

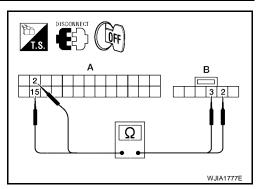
- 1. Disconnect the air mix door motor (front) harness connector.
- 2. Check continuity between air mix door motor (front) harness connector M147 (B) terminal 3, 2 and front air control harness connector M49 (A) terminal 2, 15.

2 - 3 : Continuity should exist. 15 - 2 : Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace air mix door motor (front). Refer to MTC-140, "FRONT AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR".

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



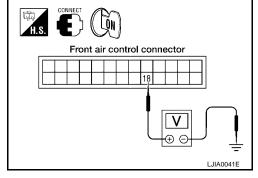
10. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK VOLTAGE

- Reconnect the front air control harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 18 and ground while rotating temperature control dial from maximum heat to maximum cold.

Voltage : Approx. .5V - 4.5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 11.



11. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GROUND

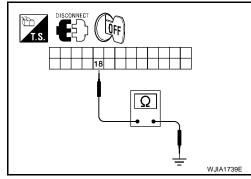
- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 18 and ground.

Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL".

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



12. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

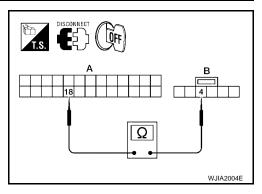
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the air mix door motor (front) (B) harness connector (A) harness connector.
- 3. Check continuity between air mix door motor (front) harness connector M147 (B) terminal 4 and front air control harness connector M49 (A) terminal 18.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace air mix door motor (front). Refer to MTC-140, "FRONT AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR"

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.

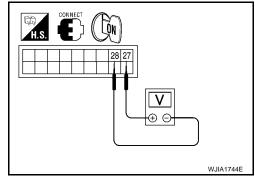


DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (REAR)

CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR POWER AND GROUND

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Rotate temperature control dial (rear) to maximum heat.
- Check voltage between front air control harness connector M50 terminal 27 and terminal 28 while rotating temperature control dial (rear) to maximum cold.

Connector	Terminals		Condition	Voltage
	(+)	(-)	Condition	(Approx.)
Front air control: M50	27	28	Rotate temp control dial	Battery voltage



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> GO TO 2.

$2.\,$ check air mix door motor (rear) circuits for short to ground

- Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M50 terminal 27, 28 and ground.

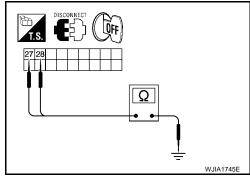
: Continuity should not exist. 27 - Ground

28 - Ground : Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL"

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



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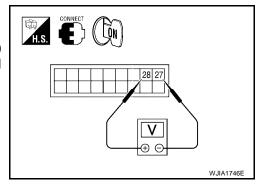
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3. CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR POWER AND GROUND

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Rotate temperature control dial (rear) to maximum cold.
- Check voltage between front air control harness connector M50 terminal 27 and terminal 28 while rotating temperature control dial (rear) to maximum heat.

Connector	Terminals		Condition	Voltage
	(+)	(-)	Condition	(Approx.)
Front air control: M50	28	27	Rotate temp control dial	Battery voltage



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

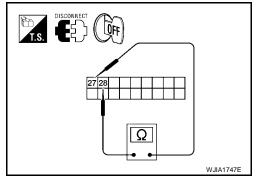
4. CHECK AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (REAR) CIRCUITS FOR OPEN

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- 3. Check continuity between front air control harness connector M50 terminal 27 and terminal 28.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



5. CHECK AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (REAR) CIRCUITS FOR OPEN

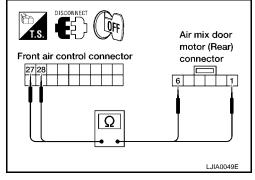
- Disconnect the air mix door motor (rear) harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M50 terminal 27, 28 and the air mix door motor (rear) harness connector B155 terminal 1, 6.

27 - 1 : Continuity should exist. 28 - 6 : Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace air mix door motor (rear). Refer to MTC-141, "REAR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR" .

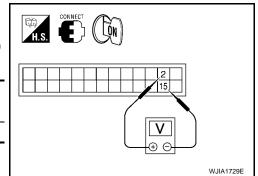
NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



6. CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR PBR POWER AND GROUND

- 1. Reconnect front air control harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 2 and terminal 15.

Connector	Terminals		Voltage
Connector	(+)	(-)	(Approx.)
Front air control: M49	2	15	5V



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 9.

7. CHECK PBR REFERENCE VOLTAGE CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GROUND

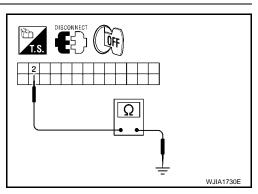
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- 3. Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 2 and ground.

Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



8. CHECK PBR REFERENCE VOLTAGE AND GROUND CIRCUITS

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 2 and terminal 15.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 9.

DISCONNECT OFF

9. CHECK PBR REFERENCE VOLTAGE CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

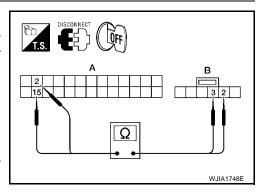
- 1. Disconnect the air mix door motor (rear) harness connector.
- Check continuity between air mix door motor (rear) harness connector B155 (B) terminal 3, 2 and front air control harness connector M49 (A) terminal 2, 15.

2 - 3 : Continuity should exist. 15 - 2 : Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace air mix door motor (rear). Refer to MTC-141, "REAR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR" .

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



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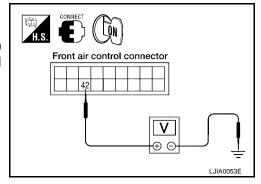
10. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK VOLTAGE

- Reconnect the front air control harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M50 terminal 42 and ground while rotating temperature control dial (rear) from maximum cold to maximum heat.

Voltage : Approx. 1V - 4.5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 11.



11. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GROUND

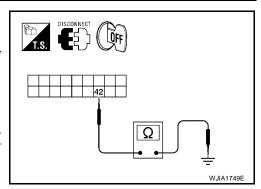
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M50 terminal 42 and ground.

Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



12. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

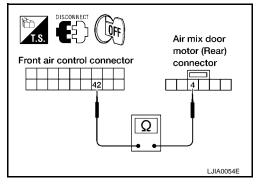
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the air mix door motor (rear) harness connector and front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between air mix door motor (rear) harness connector B155 terminal 4 and front air control harness connector M50 terminal 42.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace air mix door motor (rear). Refer to MTC-141, "REAR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR" .

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



Intake Door Motor Circuit

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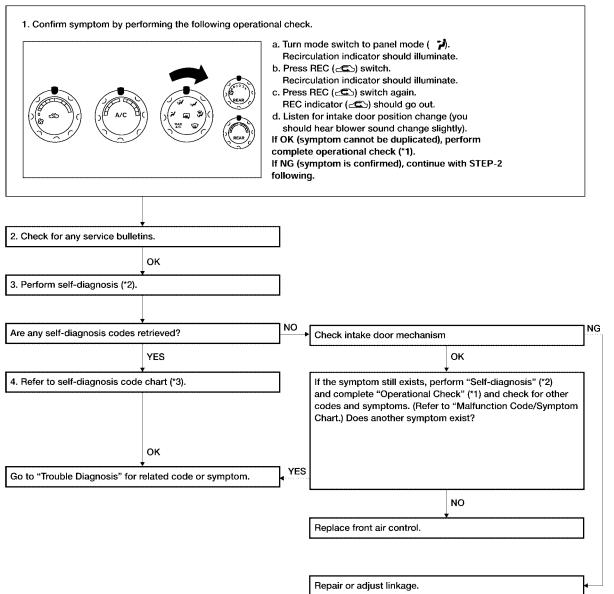
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SYMPTOM:

- Intake door does not change.
- Intake door motor does not operate normally.

INSPECTION FLOW



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Revision: July 2007 MTC-73 2005 Armada

MTC

^{*1} MTC-53, "Operational Check (Front)"

^{*2} MTC-33, "SELF-DIAGNOSIS"

^{*3} MTC-33, "Display Item List"

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Component Parts

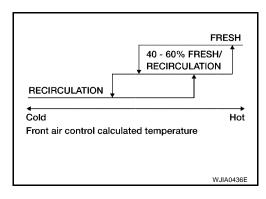
Intake door control system components are:

- Front air control
- Intake door motor

System Operation

The intake door control determines the intake door positions based on the position of the recirculation switch. When the recirculation switch is depressed the intake door motor rotates closing off the fresh air inlet and recirculating the cabin air. If the recirculation switch is depressed again, the intake door motor rotates in the opposite direction, again allowing fresh air into the cabin.

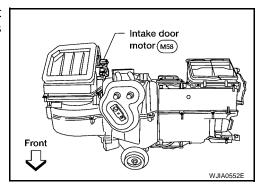
Intake Doors Control Specification



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Intake door motor

The intake door motor is attached to the intake unit. It rotates so that air is drawn from inlets set by the front air control. Motor rotation is conveyed to a lever which activates the intake door.



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR INTAKE DOOR MOTOR

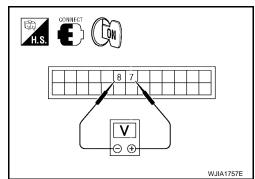
1. CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR POWER AND GROUND

- Turn ignition switch ON. 1.
- 2. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 7 and terminal 8 while placing the HVAC system into the front air control motor drive test.

NOTE:

To enter the front air control motor drive test, press and hold all three HVAC control buttons for three seconds until all the lights come on. Then press the REC () button.

Connector	Te	rminals	Condition	Voltage	
	(+)	(-)	Condition	(Approx.)	
Front air control: M49	7	8	Front air control motor drive test	Battery voltage	



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK INTAKE DOOR MOTOR CIRCUITS FOR SHORT TO GROUND

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.

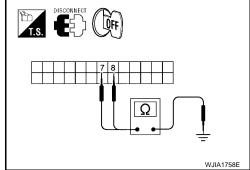
Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 7, 8 and ground.

7 - Ground : Continuity should not exist. 8 - Ground : Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL"

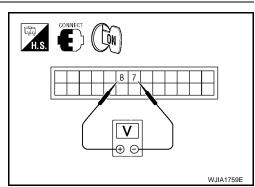
NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



3. CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR GROUND AND POWER

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 7 and terminal 8 while placing the HVAC system into front air control motor drive test.

Connector	Terminals		Condition	Voltage	
	(+)	(-)	Condition	(Approx.)	
Front air control: M49	8	7	Front air control motor drive test	Battery voltage	



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

MTC-75 2005 Armada Revision: July 2007

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4. CHECK INTAKE DOOR MOTOR AND CIRCUITS FOR OPEN

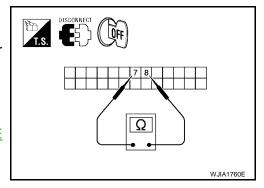
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- 3. Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 7 and terminal 8.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace intake door motor. Refer to MTC-138, "INTAKE DOOR MOTOR" .

NG >> GO TO 5.



5. CHECK INTAKE DOOR MOTOR CIRCUITS FOR OPEN

- Disconnect the intake door motor harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 7, 8 and the intake door motor harness connector M58 terminal 1, 6.

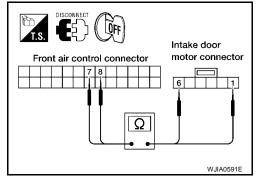
1 - 7 : Continuity should exist.

6 - 8 : Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace intake door motor. Refer to MTC-138, "INTAKE DOOR MOTOR" .

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS Defroster Door Motor Circuit EJS00621 SYMPTOM: Α Defroster door does not change. Defroster door motor does not operate normally. В **INSPECTION FLOW** 1. Confirm symptom by performing the following operational check. a. Rotate mode switch to the panel position. b. Rotate mode switch to the defroster position. D Defroster indicator should illuminate (on display). c. Listen for defroster door position change (you should hear blower sound change slightly.) If OK (symptom cannot be duplicated), perform Е complete operational check (*1). If NG (symptom is confirmed), continue with STEP-2 following. 2. Check for any service bulletins. ΟK 3. Perform self-diagnosis (*2). NG Are any self-diagnosis codes retrieved? Check intake door mechanism YES OK If the symptom still exists, perform "Self-diagnosis" (*2) Refer to self-diagnosis code chart (*3). and complete "Operational Check" (*1) and check for other codes and symptoms. (Refer to "Malfunction Code/Symptom Chart.) Does another symptom exist? ок YES Go to "Trouble Diagnosis" for related code or symptom.

WJIA1219E

MTC-53, "Operational Check (Front)"

MTC-33, "SELF-DIAGNOSIS"

*3 MTC-33, "Display Item List"

NO

Replace front air control.

Repair or adjust linkage.

MTC-77 2005 Armada Revision: July 2007

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SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Component Parts

Defroster door control system components are:

- Front air control
- Defroster door motor

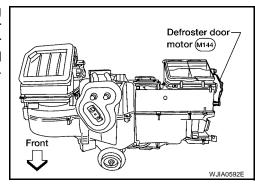
System Operation

The front air control determines defroster door position based on the position of the mode switch. When the mode switch is in the defroster position, the defroster door motor rotates directing air to the defroster ducts. When any mode other than defroster is selected, the defroster motor rotates in the opposite direction closing off air flow to the defroster ducts.

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Defroster door motor

The defroster door motor is attached to the front heater & cooling unit. The front air control sends a voltage to rotate the defroster door directing the air flow either to the defroster ducts, or to the floor ducts, depending on which way the voltage and ground are applied to the motor leads. Motor rotation is conveyed to a lever which activates the defroster door.

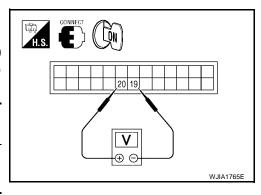


DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR DEFROSTER DOOR MOTOR

1. CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR POWER AND GROUND

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Press the defroster switch ().
- 3. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 20 and terminal 19 and press the defroster switch (\$\vec{\pi}\$) again.

Connector	To	erminals	Condition	Voltage (Approx.)
	(+)	(-)		
Front air control: M49	20	19	Press defroster switch	Battery voltage



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK DEFROSTER DOOR MOTOR CIRCUITS FOR SHORT TO GROUND

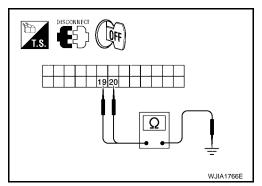
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 19, 20 and ground.

: Continuity should not exist. 19 - Ground 20 - Ground : Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

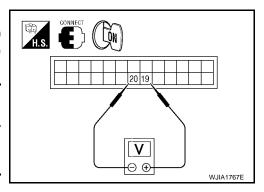
NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



3. CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR GROUND AND POWER

- 1. Press the defroster switch ().
- 2. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 19 and terminal 20 and press the defroster switch () again.

Connector	To	erminals	Condition	Voltage (Approx.)
	(+)	(-)		
Front air control: M49	19	20	Press defroster switch	Battery voltage



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

>> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" . NG

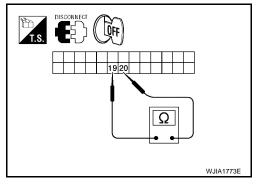
4. CHECK DEFROSTER DOOR MOTOR AND CIRCUITS FOR OPEN

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- 3. Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 19 and terminal 20.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG6

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



5. CHECK DEFROSTER DOOR MOTOR CIRCUITS FOR OPEN

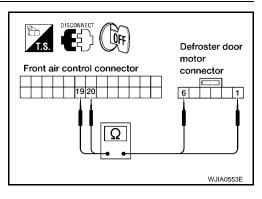
- 1. Disconnect the defroster door motor harness connector.
- 2. Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 19, 20 and the defroster door motor harness connector M144 terminal 1.6.

19 - 1 : Continuity should exist. 20 - 6 : Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace defroster door motor. Refer to MTC-137, "DEFROSTER DOOR MOTOR"

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



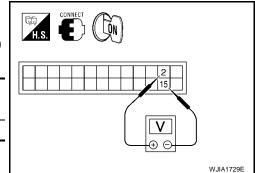
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6. CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR PBR POWER AND GROUND

- 1. Reconnect front air control harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 2 and terminal 15.

Connector	Teri	Voltage	
Connector	(+)	(-)	(Approx.)
Front air control: M49	2	15	5V



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

7. CHECK PBR REFERENCE VOLTAGE CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GROUND

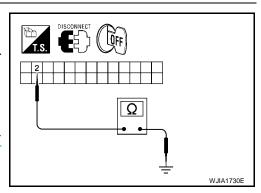
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 2 and ground.

Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



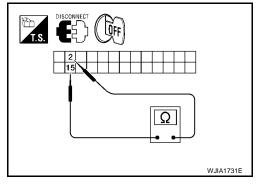
8. CHECK PBR REFERENCE VOLTAGE AND GROUND CIRCUITS

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 2 and terminal 15.

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 9.



9. CHECK PBR REFERENCE VOLTAGE CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

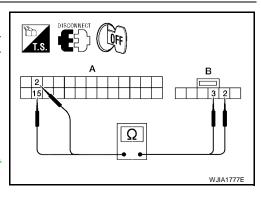
- 1. Disconnect the defroster door motor harness connector.
- Check continuity between defroster door motor harness connector M144 (B) terminal 3, 2 and front air control harness connector M49 (A) terminal 2, 15.

2 - 3 : Continuity should exist. 15 - 2 : Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace defroster door motor. Refer to <u>MTC-137,</u> <u>"DEFROSTER DOOR MOTOR"</u> .

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



10. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK VOLTAGE

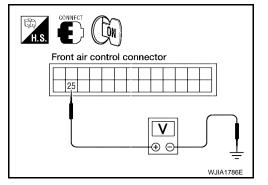
- 1. Reconnect the front air control harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 25 and ground while cycling defroster switch on and off.

Voltage

: Approx. 1V - 4.5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 11.



11. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT TO GROUND

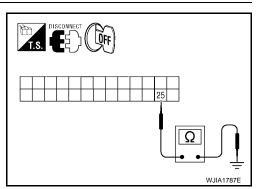
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 25 and ground.

Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to $\underline{\text{MTC-124, "FRONT}}$ $\underline{\text{AIR CONTROL"}}$.

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



12. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

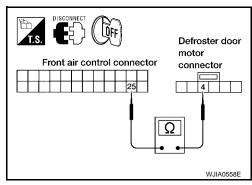
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect the defroster door motor harness connector and front air control harness connector.
- Check continuity between defroster door motor harness connector M144 terminal 4 and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 25

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace defroster door motor. Refer to <u>MTC-137</u>, "<u>DEFROSTER DOOR MOTOR"</u> .

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



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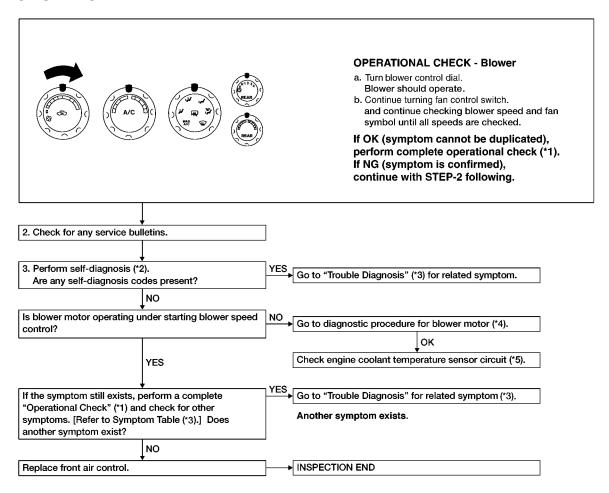
Front Blower Motor Circuit

EJS00622

SYMPTOM:

• Blower motor operation is malfunctioning.

INSPECTION FLOW



WJIA1450E

- *1 MTC-53, "Operational Check (Front)"
- *4 MTC-84, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE FOR BLOWER MOTOR"
- *2 MTC-33, "SELF-DIAGNOSIS"
- *5 <u>EC-205, "DTC P0125 ECT SEN-SOR"EC-192, "DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR"</u>

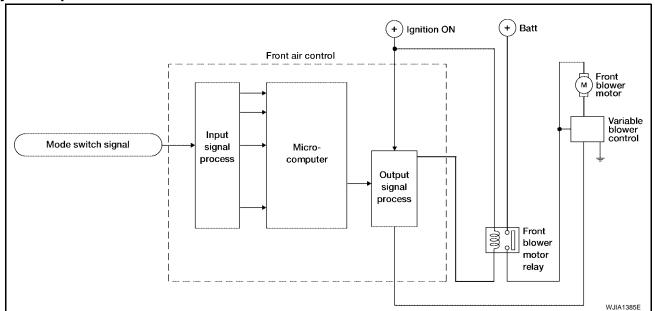
*3 MTC-37, "SYMPTOM TABLE"

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Component Parts

- Front air control
- Front blower switch
- Variable blower control
- Front blower motor
- Front blower motor relay

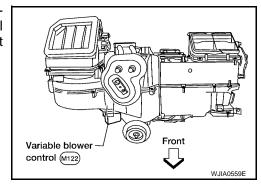
System Operation



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Variable Blower Control

The variable blower control is located on the cooling unit. The variable blower control receives a gate voltage from the front air control to steplessly maintain the blower motor voltage in the 0 to 5 volt range (approx.).



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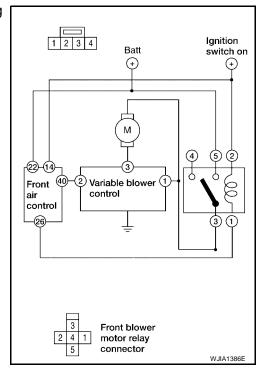
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DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR BLOWER MOTOR

SYMPTOM: Blower motor operation is malfunctioning under starting blower speed control.



1. CHECK FUSES

Check 20A fuses [No. 24 and 27 (Located in the fuse and fusible link box)]. For fuse layout. Refer to <u>PG-76, "FUSE AND FUSIBLE LINK BOX"</u>.

Fuses are good.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 10.

2. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

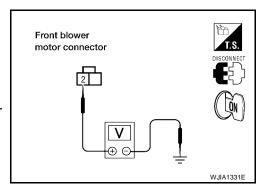
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front blower motor connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Press the mode switch to select any mode except off.
- Turn the front blower control dial to high.
- 6. Check voltage between front blower motor harness connector M62 terminal 2 (W/L) and ground.

2 - Ground

: Battery voltage.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 3.



3. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RELAY (SWITCH SIDE) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front blower motor relay.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between front blower motor relay harness connector M107 terminals 5 (GR) and ground.
 - 5 Ground

: Battery voltage.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.

4. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RELAY

Turn ignition switch OFF.

Refer to MTC-88, "Front Blower Motor Relay" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace front blower motor relay.

5. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RELAY (SWITCH SIDE) CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

Check continuity between front blower motor relay harness connector M107 terminal 3 (W/L) and front blower motor harness connector M62 terminal 2 (W/L).

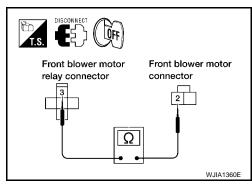
3 - 2

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



$oldsymbol{6}$. CHECK VARIABLE BLOWER CONTROL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

- Disconnect variable blower control harness connector. 1.
- 2. Check continuity between front blower motor relay harness connector M107 terminals 3 (W/L) and variable blower control harness connector M122 terminal 1 (W/L).

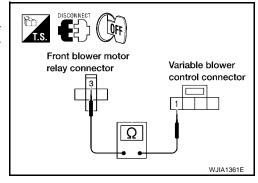
3 - 1

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



Front blower motor relay connector W.JIA1359E

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7. CHECK VARIABLE BLOWER CONTROL SIGNAL CIRCUIT

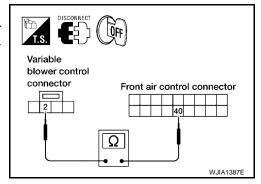
- Disconnect front air control connector.
- 2. Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 40 (G/R) and variable blower control harness connector M122 terminal 2 (G/R).

40 - 2 : Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



8. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RELAY (COIL SIDE) POWER SUPPLY

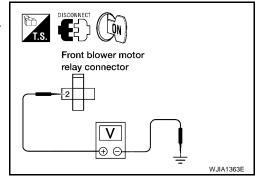
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between front blower motor relay harness connector M107 terminal 2 (Y/G) and ground.

2 - Ground : Battery voltage.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



9. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RELAY (COIL SIDE) GROUND CIRCUIT

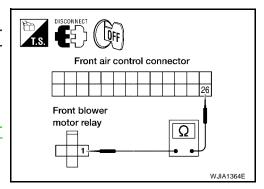
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Check continuity between front blower motor relay connector M107 terminal 1 (R/B) and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 26 (R/B).

1 - 26 : Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL".

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



10. REPLACE FUSES

- Replace fuses.
- 2. Activate the front blower motor.
- 3. Do fuses blow?

YES or NO

YES >> GO TO 11.

NO >> Inspection End.

11. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect front blower motor connector and variable blower control connector.
- 3. Check continuity between variable blower control harness connector M122 terminal 1 (W/L) and ground.
 - 1 Ground. : Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.

12. CHECK VARIABLE BLOWER CONTROL SIGNAL CIRCUIT

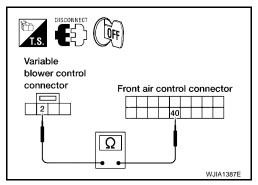
- 1. Disconnect front air control connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 40 (G/R) and variable blower control harness connector M122 terminal 2 (G/R).



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



13. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR

Refer to MTC-88, "Front Blower Motor" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Replace front blower motor. Refer to MTC-126, "FRONT BLOWER MOTOR" .

14. CHECK BLOWER MOTOR GROUND CIRCUIT

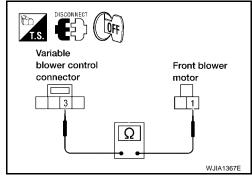
Check continuity between front blower motor harness connector M62 terminal 1 (L/W) and variable blower control harness connector M122 terminal 3 (L/W).

1 - 3 : Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



Variable blower control connector

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Revision: July 2007 MTC-87 2005 Armada

15. CHECK VARIABLE BLOWER CONTROL GROUND CIRCUIT

Check continuity between variable blower control harness connector M122 terminal 4 (B/W) and ground.

4 - ground

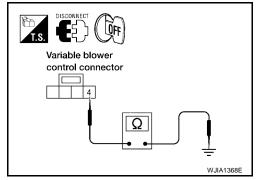
: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >>

>> Replace variable blower control. Refer to <u>ATC-167</u>, <u>"VARIABLE BLOWER CONTROL"</u>.

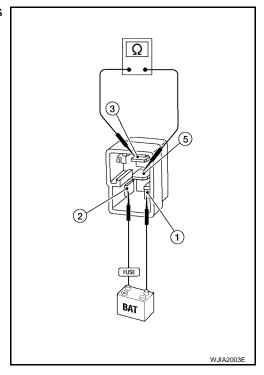
NG >> Repair harness or connector.



COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front Blower Motor Relay

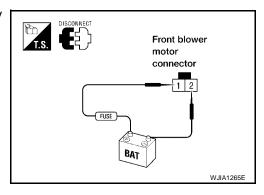
Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5 by supplying 12 volts and ground to coil side terminals 1 and 2 of relay.



Front Blower Motor

Confirm smooth rotation of the blower motor.

- Ensure that there are no foreign particles inside the blower unit.
- Apply 12 volts to terminal 1 and ground to terminal 2 and verify that the motor operates freely and quietly.



Rear Blower Motor Circuit

EJS00623

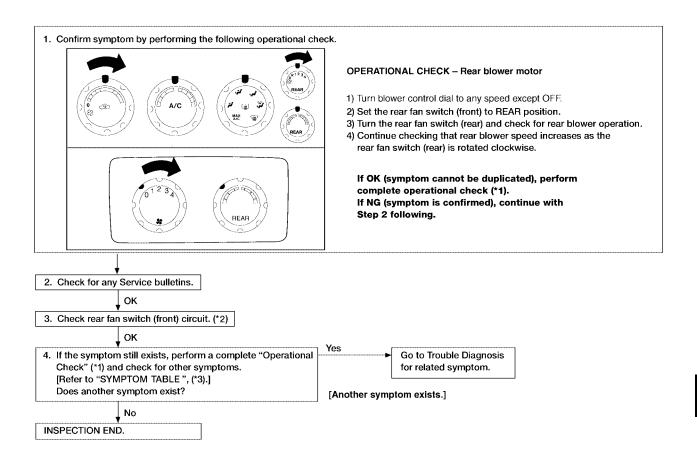
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SYMPTOM:

Blower motor operation is malfunctioning.

INSPECTION FLOW



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*3 MTC-37, "SYMPTOM TABLE"

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^{*1} MTC-55, "Operational Check (Rear)"

^{*2} MTC-98, "Rear Blower Switch (Front)"

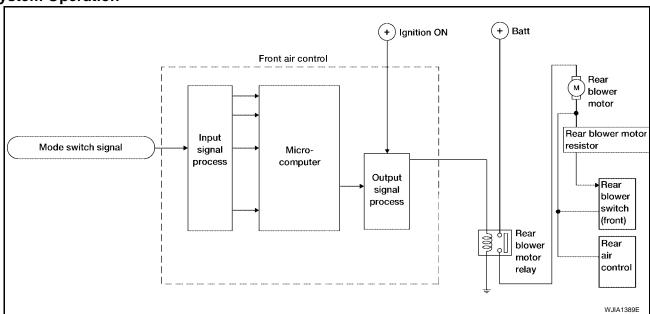
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Component Parts

Rear blower speed control system components are:

- Front air control
- Rear blower switch (front)
- Rear air control
- Rear blower motor resistor
- Rear blower motor
- Rear blower motor relay

System Operation



Rear Blower Control

When the rear blower control dial (front) is in the REAR position, it allows the rear blower switch (rear) to control the rear blower motor speed. In any other position (1-4), the rear blower switch (front) controls the rear blower motor speed regardless of the rear blower switch (rear) position.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR REAR BLOWER MOTOR

Rear Blower Switch (Rear) Circuit

SYMPTOM:

 Rear blower motor does not rotate when rear blower switch (front) is set to REAR position and the rear blower switch (rear) is set at 1-4 speed.

1. CHECK REAR BLOWER MOTOR OPERATION

Blower motor rotates normally when rear blower control dial (front) is set at 1 - 4 speed.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Refer to MTC-92, "Trouble Diagnosis Procedure For Rear Blower Motor (1 - 4 Speed)".

2. CHECK REAR BLOWER SWITCH (FRONT)

Refer to MTC-98, "Rear Blower Switch (Front)" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Replace rear blower switch (front). Refer to MTC-98, "Rear Blower Switch (Front)".

3. CHECK REAR AIR CONTROL

Refer to MTC-98, "Rear Blower Switch (Rear)" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace rear blower switch (rear). Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL".

4. CHECK CIRCUIT CONTINUITY

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear blower switch (front) connector and rear air control connector.
- 3. Check continuity between rear blower switch (front) harness connector M52 terminal 2 (BR) and rear blower switch (rear) harness connector R208 terminal 10 (BR).

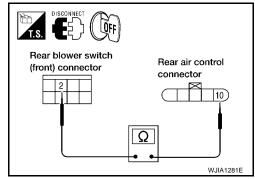
2 - 10

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Inspection End.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



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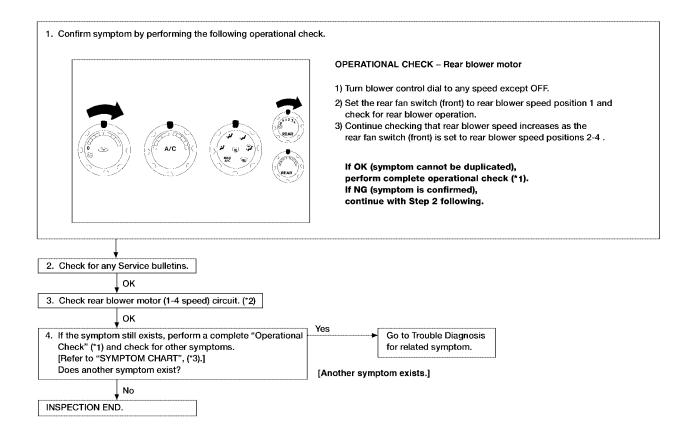
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Trouble Diagnosis Procedure For Rear Blower Motor (1 - 4 Speed) SYMPTOM:

Rear blower motor does not rotate when rear blower control dial (front) is set at 1 - 4 speed.

Inspection Flow



WJIA1390E

MTC-55, "Operational Check (Rear)"

^{*2} MTC-92, "Trouble Diagnosis Proce- *3 MTC-37, "SYMPTOM TABLE" dure For Rear Blower Motor (1 - 4 Speed)"

1. DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Blower motor rotates normally at each speed.

OK or NG

OK >> Inspection End.

NG >> 1. Does not rotate at any speed, GO TO 2.

- 2. Does not rotate at 1 3 speed, GO TO 13.
- 3. Does not rotate at 4 speed, GO TO 18.

2. CHECK FUSES

Check 15A fuses [Nos. 10 and 11, located in the fuse block (J/B)]. Refer to PG-75, "FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION BOX(J/B)".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 8.

3. CHECK REAR BLOWER MOTOR POWER SUPPLY

- Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.
- 2. Disconnect rear blower motor connector.
- 3. Select any rear blower speed except OFF.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between rear blower motor harness connector B134 terminal 2 (L/R) and ground.

2 - Ground

: Battery voltage.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK REAR BLOWER MOTOR RELAY

Turn ignition switch OFF.

Refer to MTC-98, "Rear Blower Motor Relay" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace rear blower motor relay.

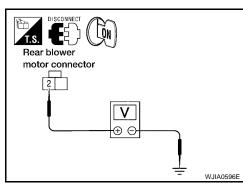
5. CHECK REAR BLOWER MOTOR POWER FROM RELAY TO REAR BLOWER MOTOR

- 1. Reconnect rear blower motor connector.
- 2. Disconnect rear blower motor relay J-1.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Set rear blower switch (front) to any position except OFF, REAR, or 4 - speed.
- 5. Momentarily (no more than 4 seconds), connect a jumper wire between rear blower motor relay connector J-1 (harness side) terminals 3 and 5.

Rear blower motor should rotate.

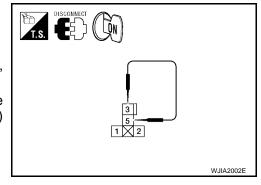
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 10.



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6. CHECK REAR BLOWER MOTOR RELAY (COIL SIDE) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuse block (J/B) connector.
- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Set rear blower switch (front) to any position except OFF, REAR, or 4 - speed.
- Check voltage between fuse block (J/B) harness connector M39 5. terminal 3Q (W/L) and ground.

3Q - Ground

: Battery voltage.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 20.

/. CHECK REAR BLOWER MOTOR RELAY (COIL SIDE) GROUND CIRCUIT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Check continuity between fuse block (J/B) harness connector M3 terminal 7N (B) and ground.

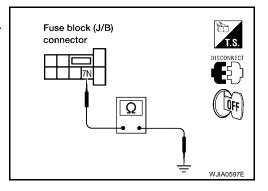
7N - Ground

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace fuse block (J/B). NG

>> Repair harness or connector.



8. REPLACE FUSE

Refer to PG-75, "FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION BOX(J/B)" .

Fuse should not open when rear blower motor is activated.

OK or NG

OK >> Inspection End.

NG >> GO TO 9.

9. CHECK REAR BLOWER MOTOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR SHORT

- Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.
- Disconnect battery cables and rear blower motor connector. 2.
- Check continuity between rear blower motor harness connector B134 terminal 2 (L/R) and ground.

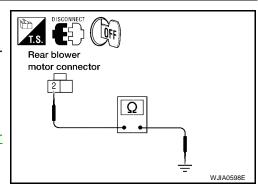
2 - Ground

: Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Check rear blower motor. Refer to MTC-99, "Rear Blower Motor" .

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



10. CHECK REAR BLOWER MOTOR RELAY (SWITCH SIDE) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuse block (J/B) and rear blower motor connectors.
- Check continuity between fuse block (J/B) harness connector M3 terminal 3N (SB) and 8N (L/R) and rear blower motor harness connector B134 terminal 2 (L/R).

3N, 8N - 2

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 20.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.

Rear blower motor connector Fuse block (J/B) connector W.JIA0599F

11. CHECK REAR BLOWER MOTOR

Refer to MTC-99, "Rear Blower Motor".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Replace rear blower motor. refer to MTC-127, "REAR BLOWER MOTOR"

12. CHECK REAR BLOWER SWITCH (FRONT)

Refer to MTC-98, "Rear Blower Switch (Front)" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15.

NG >> Replace rear blower switch (front). Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

13. CHECK REAR BLOWER MOTOR RESISTOR

Refer to MTC-99, "Rear Blower Motor Resistor".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Replace rear blower motor resistor. Refer to MTC-143, "REAR BLOWER MOTOR RESISTOR" .

14. CHECK REAR BLOWER SWITCH (FRONT) CIRCUIT

- Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.
- 2. Disconnect rear blower switch (front) M52.
- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Reconnect rear blower motor resistor harness connector B133.
- Check voltage between each rear blower switch (front) connector M52 terminals 3 (LG), 7 (W/L), and 8 (G), and ground.

Termi	- Voltage	
(+)		
3		
7	Ground	Approx. 12V
8		

Rear blower switch (front) connector 7 V LJIA0108E

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> GO TO 16.

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15. CHECK REAR BLOWER MOTOR GROUND CIRCUIT TO REAR BLOWER MOTOR RESISTOR

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect rear blower motor and rear blower motor resistor connectors.
- 3. Check continuity between rear blower motor connector B134 terminal 1 (L/B) and rear blower motor resistor harness connector B133 terminal 3 (L/B).

1 - 3 : Continuity should exist.

4. Check continuity between rear blower motor connector B134 terminal 1 (L/B) and ground.

1 - Ground : Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

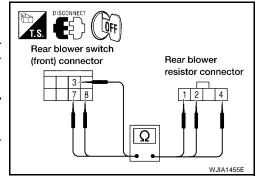
OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.

16. CHECK REAR BLOWER SWITCH (FRONT) CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear blower motor resistor connector.
- Check continuity between rear blower switch (front) connector M52 terminals 3 (LG), 7 (W/L), and 8 (G), and rear blower motor resistor connector B133 terminals 1 (LG), 4 (W/L), and 2 (G).

Termi	Continuity	
Rear blower switch (front)	Continuity	
3	1	
7 4		Should exist
8	2	



Rear blower

resistor connector

3

WJIA0600E

T.S. (5)

Rear blower

motor connector

OK or NG

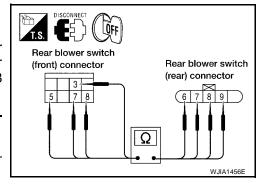
OK >> Inspection End.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.

17. CHECK REAR BLOWER SWITCH (FRONT) CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear blower switch (rear) connectors.
- Check continuity between rear blower switch (front) connector M52 terminals 3 (LG), 5 (L/B), 7 (W/L), and 8 (G), and rear blower switch (rear) connector R203 terminals 9 (LG), 6 (L/B), 8 (W/L), and 7 (G).

Termin	Continuity		
Rear blower switch (front)	Continuity		
3	9		
5	6	Should exist	
7	8	Silodia exist	
8	7		



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.

18. CHECK REAR BLOWER SWITCH (FRONT)

Refer to MTC-98, "Rear Blower Switch (Front)" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 19.

NG >> Replace rear blower switch (front). Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL".

19. CHECK REAR BLOWER SWITCH (REAR)

Refer to MTC-98, "Rear Blower Switch (Rear)" .

OK or NG

OK >> Inspection End.

NG >> Replace rear blower switch (rear). Refer to MTC-124, "REAR AIR CONTROL" .

20. CHECK CIRCUIT BETWEEN FRONT AIR CONTROL AND FUSE BLOCK (J/B) [REAR BLOWER MOTOR RELAY (COIL SIDE) POWER]

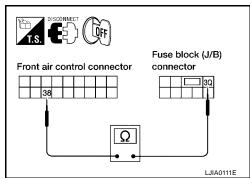
- Disconnect front air control and fuse block (J/B) connectors M39.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M50 terminal 38 (W/L) and fuse block (J/B) connector M39 terminal 3Q (W/L).

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL".

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



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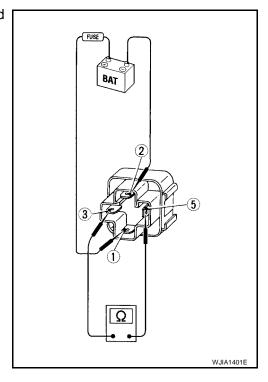
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COMPONENT INSPECTION

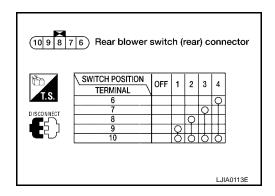
Rear Blower Motor Relay

Check circuit continuity between terminals by supplying 12 volts and ground to coil side terminals of relays.



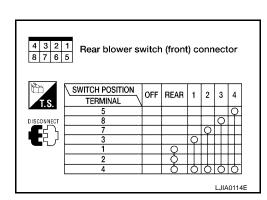
Rear Blower Switch (Rear)

Check continuity between terminals at each switch position.



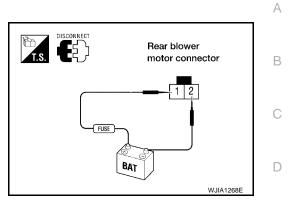
Rear Blower Switch (Front)

Check continuity between terminals at each switch position.



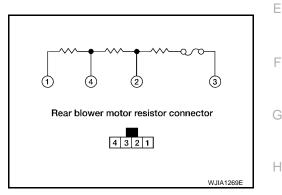
Rear Blower Motor

Check that there are no foreign particles inside the intake unit. Apply 12 volts to terminal 2 and ground to terminal 1 and ensure that the blower motor rotates freely and quietly.



Rear Blower Motor Resistor

Check continuity between terminals. There will be resistance, but there should not be an open or short between any two terminals.



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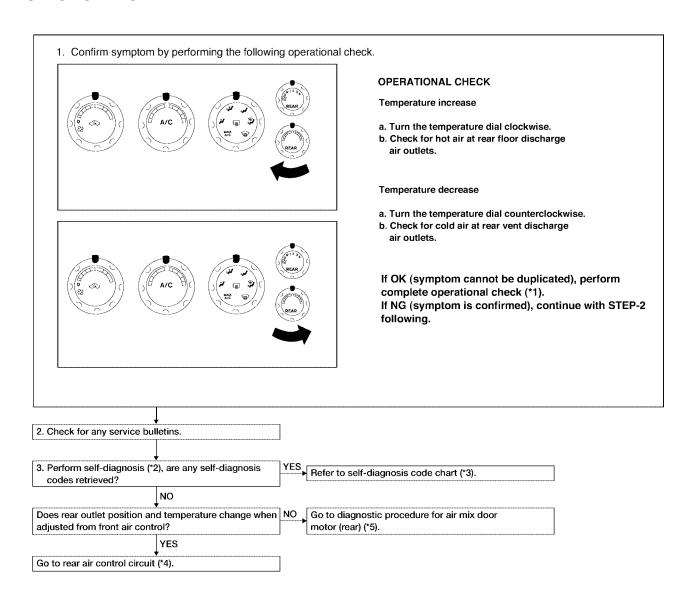
Rear Air Control Circuit

EJS00624

SYMPTOM:

Temperature cannot be adjusted from the rear air control.

INSPECTION FLOW



WJIA1226E

MTC-55, "Operational Check (Rear)" *2 MTC-33, "SELF-DIAGNOSIS"

*3 MTC-33, "Display Item List"

MTC-101, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-**DURE FOR REAR AIR CONTROL**" MTC-69, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-**DURE FOR AIR MIX DOOR** MOTOR (REAR)"

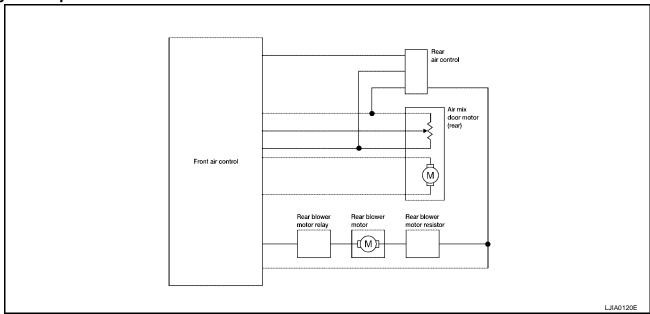
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Component Parts

Rear air control system components are:

- Front air control
- Rear air control
- Air mix door motor (rear)
- Rear blower motor relay
- Rear blower motor resistor
- Rear blower motor

System Operation



Rear Air Control

When the rear blower switch (front) (integral to the front air control) is in the REAR position the rear blower motor speeds and the rear temperature and mode are controlled by the rear blower switch (rear) and the rear temperature switch (rear) (both integral to the rear air control).

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR REAR AIR CONTROL

SYMPTOM:

- Blower motor operation is malfunctioning. Refer to MTC-89, "Rear Blower Motor Circuit".
- Temperature and mode operation is malfunctioning.

1. CHECK OPERATION FROM FRONT AIR CONTROL

Does rear temperature and mode operate normally from front air control?

YES or NO

YES >> GO TO 2.

NO >> Refer to MTC-69, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (REAR)".

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2. CHECK CIRCUIT BETWEEN REAR AIR CONTROL AND FRONT AIR CONTROL FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front air control and rear air control connectors.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M50 terminal 33 (V) and rear air control harness connector R209 terminal 5 (V).

33 - 5

Continuity should exist.

4. Check continuity between rear air control harness connector R209 terminal 5 (V) and ground.

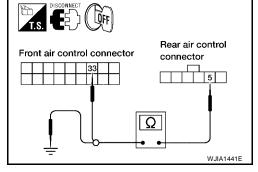
5 - Ground

Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



3. CHECK CIRCUIT BETWEEN REAR AIR CONTROL AND AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (REAR) FOR OPEN OR SHORT

- Disconnect air mix door motor (rear) connector.
- Check continuity between rear air control harness connector R209 terminal 2 (Y) and 4 (P) and air mix door motor (rear) harness connector B155 terminal 2 (P) and 3 (Y).

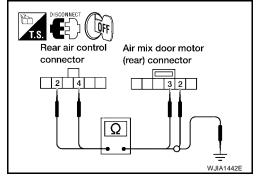
2 - 2

Continuity should exist.

4 - 3 Continuity should exist.

- 3. Check continuity between rear air control harness connector R209 terminals 2 (P) and 4 (Y) and ground.
 - 2, 4 Ground

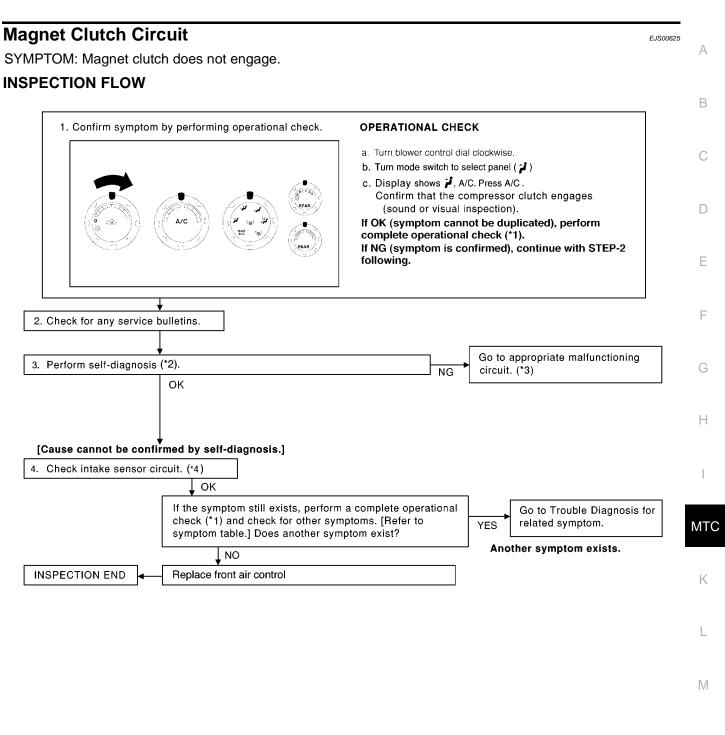
Continuity should not exist.



OK or NG

OK >> Replace rear air control. Refer to MTC-124, "REAR AIR CONTROL".

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



WJIA1391E

*4 MTC-121, "Intake Sensor Circuit"

Revision: July 2007 MTC-103 2005 Armada

^{*1} MTC-53, "Operational Check (Front)"

^{*2} MTC-33, "SELF-DIAGNOSIS"

^{*3} MTC-33, "Display Item List"

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The front air control controls compressor operation based on ambient and intake temperature and a signal from ECM.

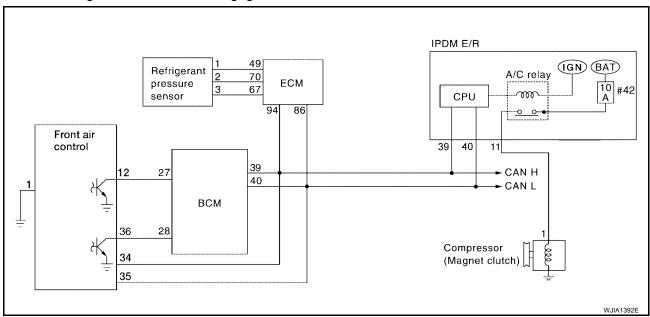
Low Temperature Protection Control

The front air control will turn the compressor ON or OFF as determined by a signal detected by the intake sensor.

When intake air temperature is higher than the preset value, the compressor turns ON. The compressor turns OFF when intake air temperature is lower than the preset value.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR MAGNET CLUTCH

SYMPTOM: Magnet clutch does not engage when A/C switch is ON.



1. CHECK INTAKE SENSOR CIRCUITS

Check intake sensors. Refer to MTC-33, "SELF-DIAGNOSIS" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Malfunctioning intake sensor. Refer to MTC-121, "Intake Sensor Circuit".

2. PERFORM AUTO ACTIVE TEST

Refer to PG-22, "Auto Active Test" .

Does magnet clutch operate?

YES or NO

YES >> ● 🗓

>> • ®WITH CONSULT-II GO TO 5.

• WITHOUT CONSULT-II GO TO 6.

NO >> Check 10A fuse (No. 42, located in IPDM E/R), and GO TO 3.

3. CHECK CIRCUIT CONTINUITY BETWEEN IPDM E/R AND COMPRESSOR

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R connector and A/C compressor (magnet clutch) connector.
- Check continuity between IPDM E/R harness connector E119 terminal 11 (Y/B) and A/C compressor harness connector F3 terminal 1 (Y/B).

11 - 1

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.

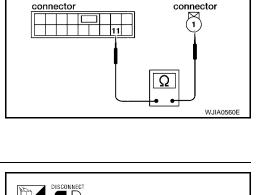
4. CHECK MAGNET CLUTCH CIRCUIT

Check for operation sound when applying battery voltage to terminal 1 of A/C compressor.

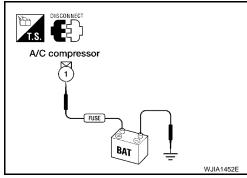
OK or NG

OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to <u>PG-28, "Removal and Installation of IPDM E/R"</u>.

NG >> Replace magnet clutch. Refer to MTC-154, "Removal and Installation for Compressor Clutch".



IPDM E/R



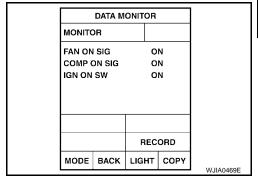
5. CHECK BCM INPUT (COMPRESSOR ON) SIGNAL

Check compressor ON/OFF signal. Refer to $\underline{\text{MTC-35, "CONSULT-II}}$ Function (BCM)" .

A/C SW ON : COMP ON SIG ON A/C SW OFF : COMP ON SIG OFF

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 6.



6. CHECK CIRCUIT CONTINUITY BETWEEN BCM AND FRONT AIR CONTROL

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect BCM connector and front air control connector.
- Check continuity between BCM harness connector M18 terminal 27 (W/R) and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 12 (W/R).

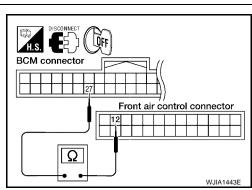
27 - 12

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



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Compressor

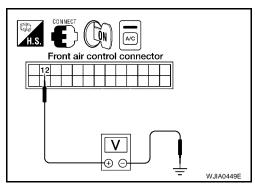
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7. CHECK VOLTAGE FOR FRONT AIR CONTROL (COMPRESSOR ON SIGNAL)

- 1. Reconnect BCM connector and front air control connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 12 (W/R) and ground.

Terminals					
(+)				Voltage	
Front air control con-nector	control con-		Condition		
M49	M40 12 (W/P)		A/C switch: ON	Approx. 0V	
10149	12 (W/R)	Ground	A/C switch: OFF	Approx. 5V	



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG-1 >> If the voltage is approx. 5V when A/C switch is ON, replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

NG-2 >> If the voltage is approx. 0V when A/C switch is OFF, replace BCM. Refer to <u>BCS-20, "Removal and Installation of BCM"</u>.

8. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

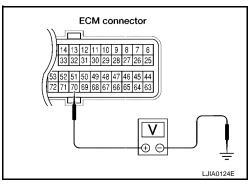
(E)WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Check voltage of refrigerant pressure sensor. Refer to MTC-35, "CONSULT-II Function (BCM)".

WITHOUT CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM harness connector F54 terminal 70 (B/W) and ground.

Terminals					
(+)			Condition	Voltage	
ECM con- nector	Terminal No. (Wire color)	(-)	Condition	J	
F54	70 (B/W)	Ground	A/C switch: ON	Approx. 0.36 - 3.88V	



OK or NG

OK >> • ®WITH CONSULT-II GO TO 9.

• WITHOUT CONSULT-II GO TO 10.

NG >> Refer to EC-622, "REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR".

9. CHECK BCM INPUT (FAN ON) SIGNAL

Check FAN ON/OFF signal. Refer to $\underline{\text{MTC-35, "CONSULT-II Function (BCM)"}}$.

FRONT BLOWER CONTROL : FAN ON SIG ON

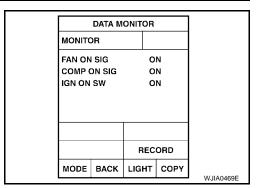
DIAL ON

FRONT BLOWER CONTROL : FAN ON SIG OFF

DIAL OFF

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 10.



10. CHECK CIRCUIT CONTINUITY BETWEEN BCM AND FRONT AIR CONTROL

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect BCM connector and front air control connector.
- Check continuity between BCM harness connector M18 terminal 28 (L/R) and front air control harness connector M50 terminal 36 (L/R).

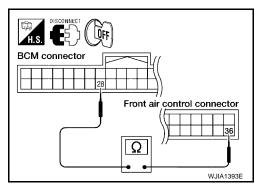
28 - 36

Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

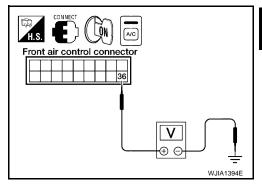
NG >> Repair harness or connector.



11. CHECK VOLTAGE FOR FRONT AIR CONTROL (FAN ON SIGNAL)

- 1. Reconnect BCM connector and front air control connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 36 (L/R) and ground.

	Terminals			
(+)			Condition	Voltage
Front air con- trol connector	Terminal No. (Wire color)	(-)		J
M50	36 (L/R)	Ground	A/C switch: ON Blower motor operates	Approx. 0V
_			A/C switch: OFF	Approx. 5V



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OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG-1 >> If the voltage is approx. 5V when blower motor is ON, replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, <u>"FRONT AIR CONTROL"</u>.

NG-2 >> If the voltage is approx. 0V when blower motor is OFF, replace BCM. Refer to <u>BCS-20, "Removal</u> and Installation of BCM".

12. CHECK CAN COMMUNICATION

Check CAN communication. Refer to <u>LAN-5</u>, "CAN COMMUNICATION" .

- BCM ECM
- ECM IPDM E/R
- ECM Front air control

OK or NG

OK >> Inspection End.

NG >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part(s).

Insufficient Cooling EJS00626 Α SYMPTOM: Insufficient cooling INSPECTION FLOW В 1. Confirm symptom by performing the following operational check. **OPERATIONAL CHECK - Temperature decrease** a. Turn temperature dial counterclockwise. b. Check for cold air at discharge air outlets. If OK (symptom cannot be duplicated), perform complete operational check (*1). If NG (symptom is confirmed), continue with STEP-2 2. Check for any service bulletins. Go to appropriate malfunctioning 3. Perform self-diagnosis. (*2) sensor circuit. (*3) OK NG Adjust or replace compressor belt. Check compressor belt tension. Refer to (*8), "Checking Drive Belts". **♦** OK Adjust or replace air mix door 5. Check air mix door operation. (*1) control linkage. 6. Check cooling fan motor operation. Refer to (*4), "System Description". ↓ OK 7. Before connecting recovery/recycling equipment to vehicle, check recovery/recycling equipment gauges. No refrigerant pressure should be displayed. If NG, recover refrigerant from equipment lines. **MTC** Confirm refrigerant purity in supply tank using recovery/recycling Refer to Contaminated refrigerant. and refrigerant identifier. (*5)OK Connect recovery/recycling equipment to vehicle. Confirm refrigerant purity in vehicl NG A/C system using recovery/recycling equipment and refrigerant identifier. OK Perform performance test diagnoses. 10. Check for evaporator coil freeze up. Refer to (*6). (Freeze up.) (Does not freeze up.) ↓ OK NG 11. Check refrigeration cycle pressure with manifold gauge connected. Refer to (*7). M **↓** OK NG Repair air leaks. 12. Check ducts for air leaks. **♦** OK INSPECTION END WJIA1457E MTC-53, "Operational Check MTC-33, "SELF-DIAGNOSIS" MTC-33, "Display Item List" (Front)" EC-437, "SYSTEM DESCRIPTION" *5 MTC-5, "Contaminated Refrigerant" *6 .MTC-110, "PERFORMANCE TEST **DIAGNOSES**"

Revision: July 2007 MTC-109 2005 Armada

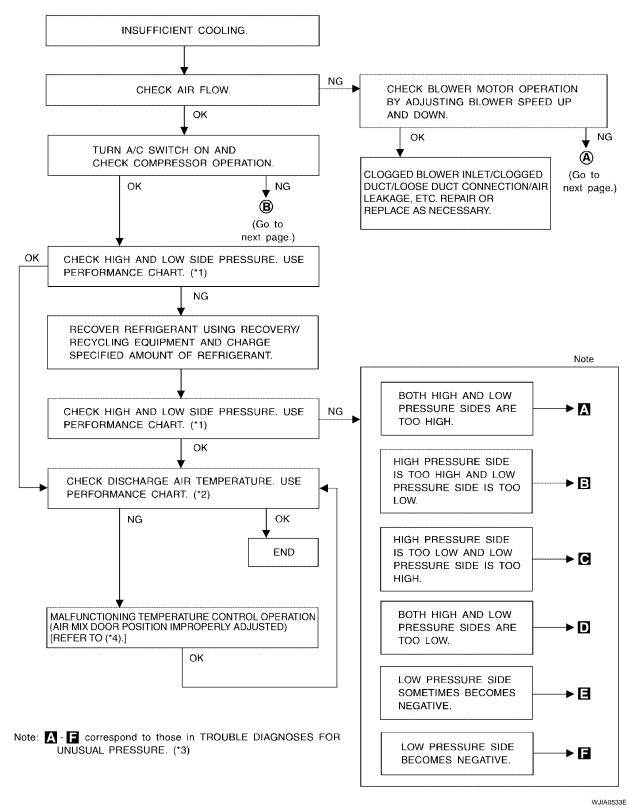
EM-12, "Checking Drive Belts"

*8

*7

MTC-112, "Test Reading"

PERFORMANCE TEST DIAGNOSES



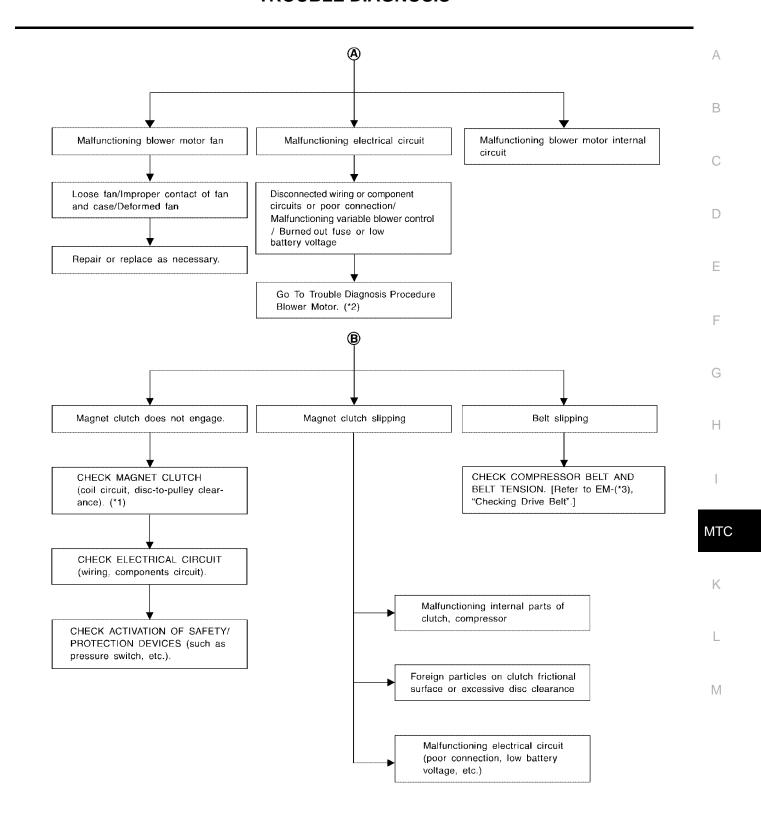
^{*1} MTC-112, "PERFORMANCE CHART"

Revision: July 2007 MTC-110 2005 Armada

^{*2} MTC-112, "PERFORMANCE CHART"

^{*3} MTC-113, "Trouble Diagnoses for Unusual Pressure"

^{*4} MTC-64, "Air Mix Door Motor Circuit"



WJIA1371E

MTC-111 Revision: July 2007 2005 Armada

for Compressor Clutch"

^{*1} MTC-154, "Removal and Installation *2 MTC-82, "Front Blower Motor Circuit"

^{*3} EM-12, "Checking Drive Belts"

PERFORMANCE CHART

Test Condition

Testing must be performed as follows:

Vehicle location	Indoors or in the shade (in a well-ventilated place)
Doors	Closed
Door window	Open
Hood	Open
TEMP.	Max. COLD
Mode switch	(Ventilation) set
Recirculation (REC) switch	(Recirculation) set
# Blower speed	Max. speed set
Engine speed	Idle speed
Operate the air conditioning system	for 10 minutes before taking measurements.

Test Reading

Recirculating-to-discharge Air Temperature Table

Inside air (Recirculating air) at blower assembly inlet		Discharge oir temporature at center ventileter
Relative humidity %	Air temperature °C (°F)	Discharge air temperature at center ventilator °C (°F)
	20 (68)	5.3 - 6.5 (42 - 44)
	25 (77)	9.7 - 11.5 (49 - 53)
50 - 60	30 (86)	13.8 - 16.3 (57 - 61)
	35 (95)	18.0 - 21.2 (64 - 70)
	40 (104)	22.2 - 25.7 (72 - 78)
	20 (68)	6.5 - 7.7 (44 - 46)
	25 (77)	11.5 - 13.3 (53 - 56)
60 - 70	30 (86)	16.3 - 18.8 (61 - 66)
	35 (95)	21.2 - 24.0 (70 - 75)
	40 (104)	25.7 - 29.2 (78 - 85)

Ambient Air Temperature-to-operating Pressure Table

Ambient air		High-pressure (Discharge side)	Low-pressure (Suction side)	
Relative humidity %	Air temperature °C (°F)	kPa (kg/cm ² , psi)	kPa (kg/cm ² , psi)	
	20 (68)	680 - 840 (6.94 - 8.57, 98.6 - 121.8)	160 - 198 (1.63 - 2.02, 23.2 - 28.7)	
	25 (77)	800 - 985 (8.16 - 10.05, 116.0 - 142.8)	198 - 245 (2.02 - 2.50, 28.7 - 35.5)	
50 - 70	30 (86)	940 - 1,150 (9.59 - 11.73, 136.3 - 166.8)	225 - 278 (2.30 - 2.84, 32.6 - 40.3)	
	35 (95)	1,160 - 1,410 (11.83 - 14.38, 168.2 - 204.5)	273 - 335 (2.78 - 3.42, 39.6 - 48.6)	
	40 (104)	1,325 - 1,620 (13.52 - 16.52, 192.1 - 234.9)	325 - 398 (3.32 - 4.06, 47.1 - 57.7)	

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR UNUSUAL PRESSURE

Whenever system's high and/or low side pressure is unusual, diagnose using a manifold gauge. The marker above the gauge scale in the following tables indicates the standard (usual) pressure range. Since the standard (usual) pressure, however, differs from vehicle to vehicle, refer to above table (Ambient air temperature-to-operating pressure table).

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Both High- and Low-pressure Sides are Too High

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
	Pressure is reduced soon after water is splashed on condenser.	Excessive refrigerant charge in refrigeration cycle	Reduce refrigerant until speci- fied pressure is obtained.
	Air suction by cooling fan is insufficient.	Insufficient condenser cooling performance ↓ 1. Condenser fins are clogged.	Clean condenser. Check and repair cooling fan
	insumcient.	Improper fan rotation of	if necessary.
		cooling fan	
Both high- and low-pressure sides are too high.	 Low-pressure pipe is not cold. When compressor is stopped high-pressure value quickly drops by approximately 196 kPa (2 kg/cm², 28 psi). It then decreases gradually thereafter. 	Poor heat exchange in condenser (After compressor operation stops, high-pressure decreases too slowly.) Air in refrigeration cycle	Evacuate and recharge system.
₩ ₩ AC359A	Engine tends to overheat.	Engine cooling systems mal- function.	Check and repair engine cooling system.
		Excessive liquid refrigerant on low-pressure side	
	 An area of the low-pres- sure pipe is colder than 	 Excessive refrigerant dis- charge flow 	
	areas near the evaporator outlet. • Plates are sometimes cov-	 Expansion valve is open a little compared with the specification. 	Replace expansion valve.
	ered with frost.	↓ Improper expansion valve adjustment	

High-pressure Side is Too High and Low-pressure Side is Too Low

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
High-pressure side is too high and low-pressure side is too low.	Upper side of condenser and high-pressure side are hot, however, liquid tank is not so hot.	High-pressure tube or parts located between compressor and condenser are clogged or crushed.	 Check and repair or replace malfunctioning parts. Check lubricant for contamination.

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action	
High-pressure side is too low and low-pressure side is too high.	High- and low-pressure sides become equal soon after compressor operation stops.	Compressor pressure operation is improper. Damaged inside compressor packings.	Replace compressor.	
AC356A	No temperature difference between high- and low-pressure sides.	Compressor pressure operation is improper. ↓ Damaged inside compressor packings.	Replace compressor.	
Both High- and Low-pres	sure Sides are Too Lov	v		
Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action	
J T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	 There is a big temperature difference between liquid tank outlet and inlet. Outlet temperature is extremely low. Liquid tank inlet and expansion valve are frosted. 	Liquid tank inside is slightly clogged.	 Replace liquid tank. Check lubricant for contamination. 	
	 Temperature of expansion valve inlet is extremely low as compared with areas near liquid tank. Expansion valve inlet may be frosted. Temperature difference occurs somewhere in high-pressure side. 	High-pressure pipe located between liquid tank and expansion valve is clogged.	 Check and repair malfunctioning parts. Check lubricant for contamination. 	
Both high- and low-pressure sides are too low.	Expansion valve and liquid tank are warm or only cool when touched.	Low refrigerant charge. ↓ Leaking fittings or components.	Check refrigerant system for leaks. Refer to MTC-165. "Checking for Refrigerant Leaks".	
(O) HI) AC353A	There is a big temperature difference between expansion valve inlet and outlet while the valve itself is frosted.	Expansion valve closes a little compared with the specification. 1. Improper expansion valve adjustment. 2. Malfunctioning expansion valve. 3. Outlet and inlet may be clogged.	 Remove foreign particles by using compressed air. Check lubricant for contamination. 	
	An area of the low-pressure pipe is colder than areas near the evaporator outlet.	Low-pressure pipe is clogged or crushed.	 Check and repair malfunctioning parts. Check lubricant for contamination. 	
	Air flow volume is too low.	Evaporator is frozen.	Check intake sensor circuit. Refer to MTC-121, "Intake Sensor Circuit" Repair evaporator fins. Replace evaporator. Refer to MTC-82, "Front Blower Motor Circuit"	

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
Low-pressure side sometimes becomes negative.	 Air conditioning system does not function and does not cyclically cool the compartment air. The system constantly functions for a certain period of time after compressor is stopped and restarted. 	Refrigerant does not discharge cyclically. Moisture is frozen at expansion valve outlet and inlet. Water is mixed with refrigerant.	 Drain water from refrigerant or replace refrigerant. Replace liquid tank.

Low-pressure Side Becomes Negative

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
Cauge indication Low-pressure side becomes negative.		High-pressure side is closed	Leave the system at rest until no frost is present. Start it again to check whether or not the malfunction is caused by water or foreign particles. If water is the cause, initially cooling is okay. Then the water freezes causing a blockage. Drain water from refrigerant or replace refrigerant.
			 If due to foreign particles, remove expansion valve and remove the particles with dry and compressed air (not shop air).
			If either of the above meth-
			ods cannot correct the mal- function, replace expansion valve.
			Replace liquid tank.
			Check lubricant for contamination.

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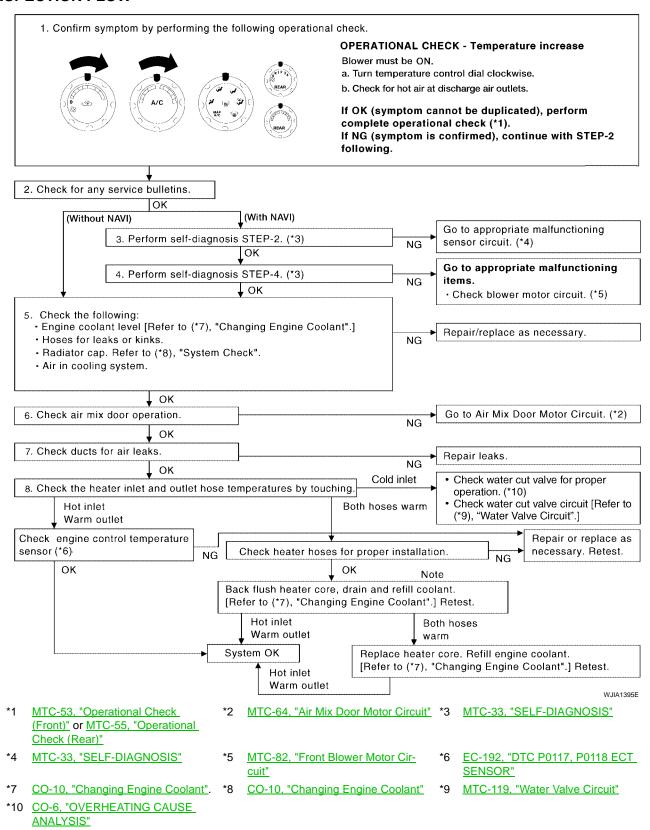
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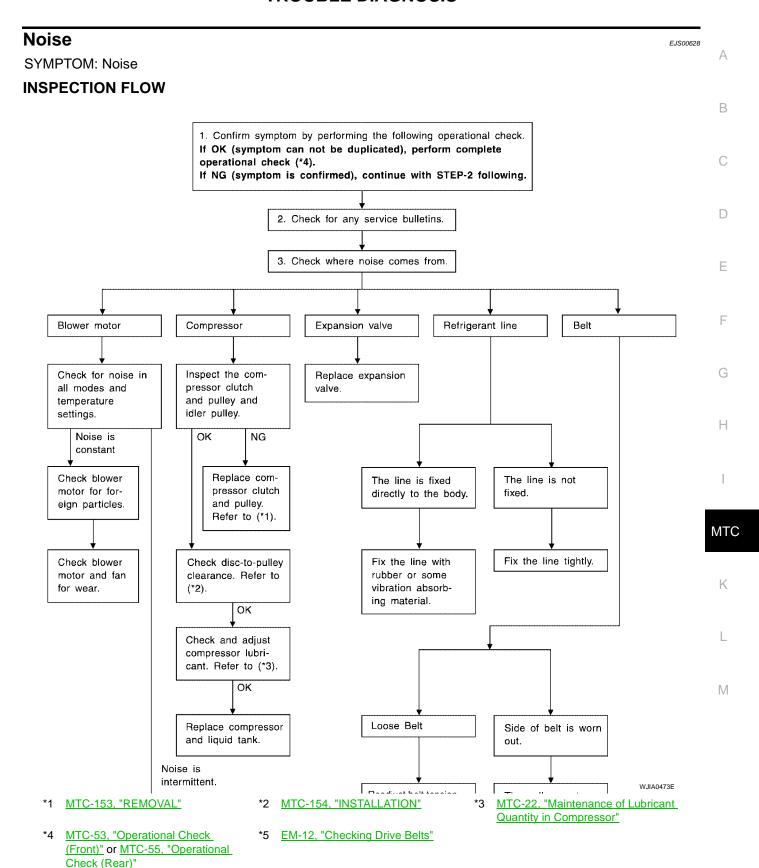
Insufficient Heating

EJS00627

SYMPTOM: Insufficient heating

INSPECTION FLOW

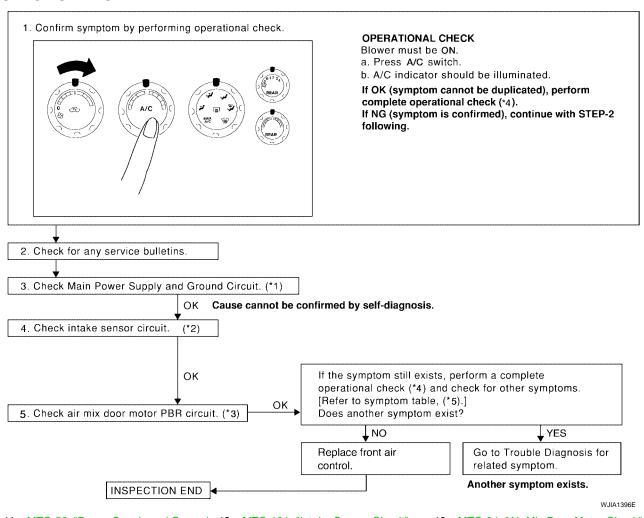




Self-diagnosis EJS00629

SYMPTOM: Self-diagnosis cannot be performed.

INSPECTION FLOW



*1 MTC-56, "Power Supply and Ground *2 MTC-121, "Intake Sensor Circuit" Circuit for Front Air Control"

*4 MTC-53, "Operational Check

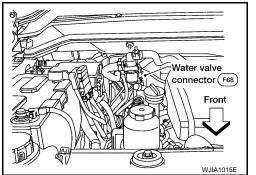
(Front)"

- *5 MTC-37, "SYMPTOM TABLE"
- *3 MTC-64, "Air Mix Door Motor Circuit"

Water Valve Circuit COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Water Valve

The water valve cuts the flow of engine coolant to the front and rear heater cores to allow for maximum cooling during A/C operation. It is controlled by the front air control through the water valve relay.

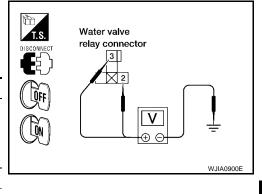


DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR WATER VALVE

1. CHECK WATER VALVE RELAY POWER INPUT CIRCUITS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect water valve relay connector M7.
- Check voltage between water valve relay harness connector terminals and ground.

Terminals			Ignition sw	itch position
(-	+)			
Water valve relay con- nector	Terminal No. (Wire color)	(-)	OFF	ON
M7	2 (Y/R)	Ground	Battery voltage	Battery voltage
1017	3 (Y/G)	Sibulia	0V	Battery voltage



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OK or NG

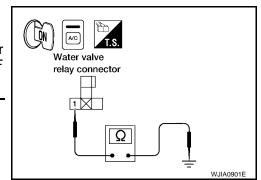
OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.

2. CHECK WATER VALVE CONTROL

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select MAX A/C with mode switch.
- Check continuity between water valve relay harness connector M7 terminal 1 (W/G) and ground, as MAX A/C is switched OFF and ON.

Terminals				
(+)			0 1111	
Water valve relay con-nector	Terminal No. (Wire color)	(-)	Condition	Continuity
M7	1 (W/G)	Ground	MAX A/C: ON	Yes
IVI7	1 (W/G)	Ground	MAX A/C: OFF	No



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.

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3. CHECK WATER VALVE CONTROL OUTPUT CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front air control connector M49.
- Check continuity between water valve relay harness connector M7 terminal 1 (W/G) and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 10 (W/G).
 - 1 10 : Continuity should exist.
- Check continuity between water valve relay harness connector M7 terminal 1 (W/G) and ground.
 - 1 Ground : Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL".

NG >> Repair harness or connector.

4. CHECK WATER VALVE RELAY

Check water valve relay. Refer to MTC-121, "Water Valve Relay" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace water valve relay.

5. CHECK WATER VALVE GROUND CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect water valve connector F68.
- 3. Check continuity between water valve harness connector F68 terminal (B) and ground.
 - (-) Ground : Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.

Water valve connector Water valve connector

6. CHECK WATER VALVE POWER CIRCUIT

Check continuity between water valve relay connector M7 terminal 5 (Y/L) and water valve connector F68 terminal + (Y/L)

5 - (+) : Continuity should exist.

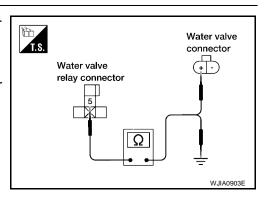
2. Check continuity between water valve relay harness connector M7 terminal 5 (Y/L) and ground.

5 - Ground : Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> Replace water valve.

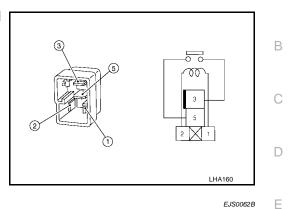
NG >> Repair harness or connector.



COMPONENT INSPECTION

Water Valve Relay

Check continuity between terminals by supplying 12 volts and ground to coil side terminals of relay.



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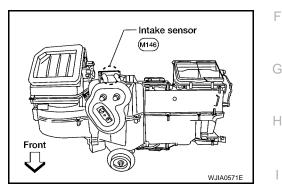
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Intake Sensor Circuit COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

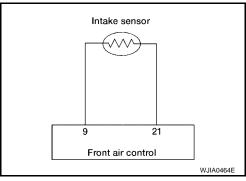
Intake Sensor

The intake sensor is located on the heater & cooling unit. It converts temperature of air after it passes through the evaporator into a resistance value which is then input to the front air control.



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR INTAKE SENSOR

SYMPTOM: Intake sensor circuit is open or shorted. (56, 57 or DTC B2581, B2582 is indicated on front air control as a result of conducting Self-diagnosis).



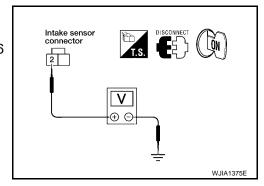
1. CHECK VOLTAGE BETWEEN INTAKE SENSOR AND GROUND

- Disconnect intake sensor connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between intake sensor harness connector M146 terminal 2 (L/B) and ground.

2 - Ground : Approx. 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 4.



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2. Check circuit continuity between intake sensor and front air control

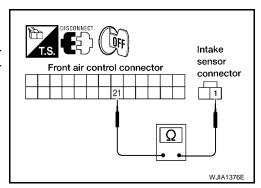
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front air control connector.
- Check continuity between intake sensor harness connector M146 terminal 1 (V/R) and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 21 (V/R).

1 - 21 : Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



3. CHECK INTAKE SENSOR

Refer to MTC-123, "Intake Sensor" .

OK or NG

OK >> 1. Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" .

2. Go to self-diagnosis MTC-33, "SELF-DIAGNOSIS" and perform self-diagnosis.

NG >> 1. Replace intake sensor. Refer to MTC-125, "INTAKE SENSOR" .

2. Go to self-diagnosis MTC-33, "SELF-DIAGNOSIS" and perform self-diagnosis.

4. CHECK CIRCUIT CONTINUITY BETWEEN INTAKE SENSOR AND FRONT AIR CONTROL

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front air control connector.
- Check continuity between intake sensor harness connector M146 terminal 2 (L/B) and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 9 (L/B).

2 - 9 : Continuity should exist.

 Check continuity between intake sensor harness connector M146 terminal 2 (L/B) and ground.

2 - Ground : Continuity should not exist.

Front air control connector Intake sensor connector O WJIA1377E

OK or NG

OK >> 1. Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-124, "FRONT AIR CONTROL".

2. Go to self-diagnosis MTC-33, "SELF-DIAGNOSIS" and perform self-diagnosis.

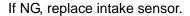
NG >> Repair harness or connector.

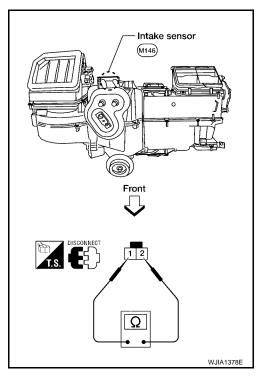
COMPONENT INSPECTION

Intake Sensor

After disconnecting intake sensor connector, measure resistance between terminals 1 and 2 at sensor harness side, using the table below.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
-15 (5)	209.0
-10 (14)	160.0
-5 (23)	123.0
0 (32)	95.8
5 (41)	74.9
10 (50)	58.9
15 (59)	46.7
20 (68)	37.3
25 (77)	30.0
30 (86)	24.2
35 (95)	19.7
40 (104)	16.1
45 (113)	13.2





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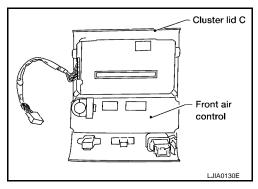
CONTROL UNIT

Removal and Installation FRONT AIR CONTROL

EJS0062C

Removal

- 1. Remove the five control knobs from the front air control unit.
- 2. Remove the cluster lid C. Refer to IP-11, "CLUSTER LID C" .
- 3. Remove the four screws securing the front air control unit to the cluster lid C.
- 4. Remove the front air control unit.



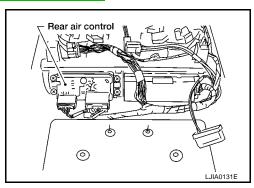
Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

REAR AIR CONTROL

Removal

- 1. Remove the overhead console from the headliner. Refer to EI-35, "HEADLINING" .
- 2. Remove the four screws and remove the rear air control.



Installation

INTAKE SENSOR

INTAKE SENSOR PFP:27723

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

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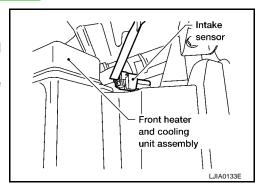
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- 1. Remove the instrument panel. Refer to <u>IP-10, "INSTRUMENT PANEL"</u>.
- 2. Disconnect the intake sensor electrical connector.

NOTE:

The intake sensor is located on the top of the front heater and cooling unit assembly next to the A/C evaporator cover.

3. Twist the intake sensor to remove the intake sensor from the front heater and cooling unit assembly.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

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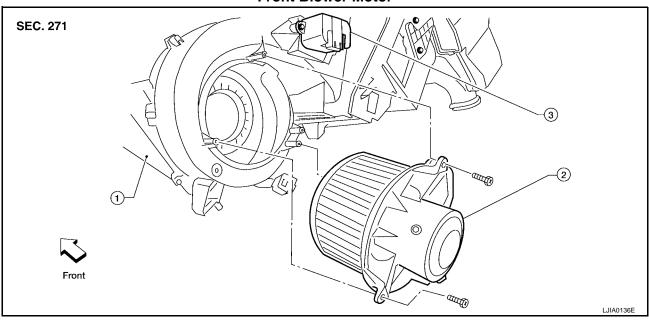
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BLOWER MOTOR PFP:27226

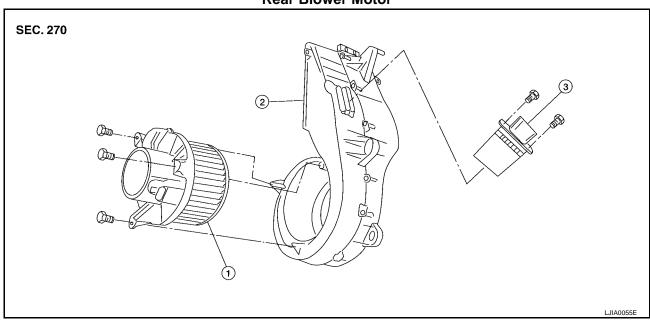
Components EJS0062E

Front Blower Motor



- Front heater and cooling unit assembly
- 2. Front blower motor
- Variable blower control

Rear Blower Motor



Rear blower motor

Rear blower motor case

Rear blower motor resistor

Removal and Installation FRONT BLOWER MOTOR

EJS0062F

Removal

- Remove the glove box assembly. Refer to IP-13, "LOWER INSTRUMENT PANEL RH AND GLOVE BOX"
- Disconnect the front blower motor electrical connector. 2.
- Remove the three screws and remove the front blower motor.

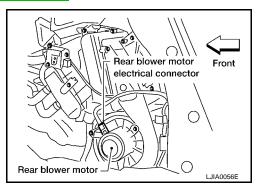
Installation

BLOWER MOTOR

REAR BLOWER MOTOR

Removal

- 1. Remove the rear RH interior trim panel. Refer to EI-32, "BODY SIDE TRIM" .
- 2. Disconnect the rear blower motor electrical connector.
- 3. Remove the three screws and remove the rear blower motor.



Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

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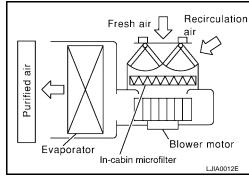
IN-CABIN MICROFILTER

PFP:27277

Removal and Installation FUNCTION

EJS0062G

The air inside the passenger compartment is filtered by the in-cabin microfilters when the heater or A/C controls are set on either the recirculation or fresh mode. The two in-cabin microfilters are located in the front heater and cooling unit assembly. The rear heater and cooling unit assembly only draws in air from the passenger compartment to recirculate into the passenger compartment, so the rear heater and cooling unit assembly is not equipped with in-cabin microfilters.

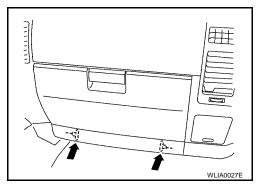


REPLACEMENT TIMING

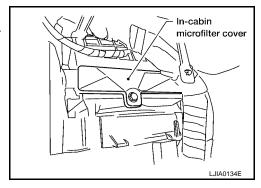
Replacement of the two in-cabin microfilters is recommended on a regular interval depending on the driving conditions. Refer to MA-7, "PERIODIC MAINTENANCE" . It may also be necessary to replace the two incabin microfilters as part of a component replacement if the in-cabin microfilters are damaged.

REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE

1. Remove the two lower glove box hinge pins to remove the glove box from the instrument panel and let it hang from the cord.



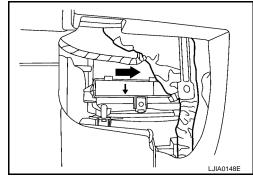
- 2. Remove the screw and remove the in-cabin microfilter cover.
- 3. Remove the in-cabin microfilters from the front heater and cooling unit assembly housing.



4. Insert the first new in-cabin microfilter into the front heater and cooling unit assembly housing and slide it over to the right. Insert the second new in-cabin microfilter into the front heater and cooling unit assembly housing.

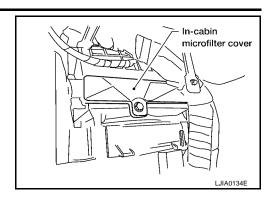
NOTF:

The in-cabin microfilters are marked with air flow arrows. The end of the microfilter with the arrow should face the rear of the vehicle. The arrows should point downward.

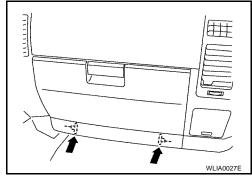


IN-CABIN MICROFILTER

5. Install the in-cabin microfilter cover.



6. Install the lower glove box in the instrument panel and secure it with the two hinge pins.



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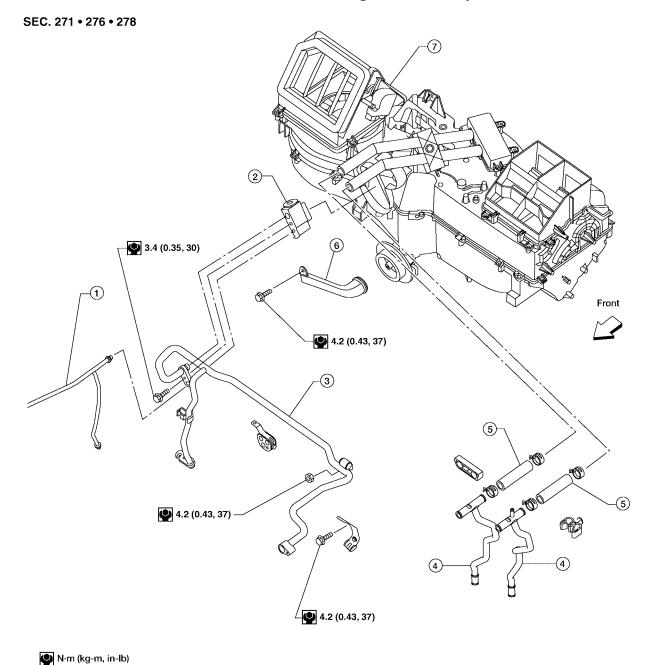
HEATER & COOLING UNIT ASSEMBLY

Components

PFP:27110

EJS0062H

Front Heater and Cooling Unit Assembly



. High-pressure A/C pipe

4. Front heater core pipe

7. Front heater and cooling unit assembly

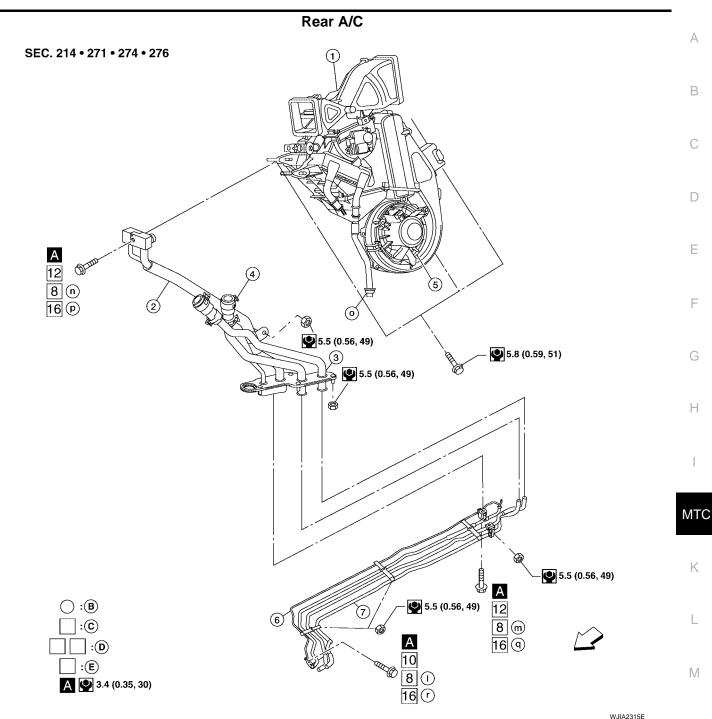
2. Front expansion valve

5. Front heater core hose

3. Low-pressure A/C pipe

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6. A/C drain hose



- 3. Rear A/C heater core pipes
 - 6. Underfloor rear A/C pipes
 - B. Leak checking order (I r)
 - E. O-ring size

- 1. Rear heater and cooling unit assembly
- 4. Rear heater core hose
- 7. Underfloor rear heater core pipes
- C. Tightening torque
- ← Front

NOTE: The O-ring size 8 is the high-side and the O-ring size 16 is the low-side.

A.

Removal and Installation FRONT HEATER AND COOLING UNIT ASSEMBLY Removal

1. Discharge the refrigerant from the A/C system. Refer to MTC-149, "Discharging Refrigerant" .

Rear A/C pipes

Wrench size

Rear blower motor

Bolt torque specifications

- 2. Drain the coolant from the engine cooling system. Refer to MA-13, "DRAINING ENGINE COOLANT".
- 3. Remove the cowl top extension. Refer to EI-19, "COWL TOP" .

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- 4. Remove the exhaust system. Refer to EX-3, "Removal and Installation".
- 5. Disconnect the front heater hoses from the front heater core.
- 6. Disconnect the high/low pressure pipes from the front expansion valve.
- 7. Move the two front seats to the rearmost position on the seat track.
- Remove the instrument panel and console panel. Refer to <u>IP-10, "INSTRUMENT PANEL"</u>.
- 9. Remove the steering column. Refer to PS-9, "STEERING COLUMN" .
- 10. Disconnect the instrument panel wire harness at the RH and LH in-line connector brackets, and the fuse block (J/B) electrical connectors. Refer to <u>PG-4</u>, "<u>POWER SUPPLY ROUTING CIRCUIT"</u>.
- 11. Disconnect the steering member from each side of the vehicle body.
- 12. Remove the front heater and cooling unit assembly with it attached to the steering member, from the vehicle.

CAUTION:

Use care not to damage the seats and interior trim panels when removing the front heater and cooling unit assembly with it attached to the steering member.

13. Remove the front heater and cooling unit assembly from the steering member.

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

- Replace the O-ring of the low-pressure pipe and high-pressure pipe with a new one, and apply compressor oil to it when installing it.
- After charging the refrigerant, check for leaks.

NOTE:

- Fill the engine cooling system with the specified coolant mixture. Refer to MA-14, "REFILLING ENGINE COOLANT".
- Recharge the A/C system. Refer to MTC-149, "Evacuating System and Charging Refrigerant".

REAR HEATER AND COOLING UNIT ASSEMBLY

Removal

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant from the A/C system. Refer to MTC-149, "Discharging Refrigerant".
- Drain the coolant from the engine cooling system. Refer to MA-13, "DRAINING ENGINE COOLANT".
- 3. Disconnect the rear heater core hoses from the rear heater core.
- 4. Disconnect the rear A/C pipes from the rear expansion valve.
- Remove the rear RH interior trim panel. Refer to <u>EI-32, "BODY SIDE TRIM"</u>.
- 6. Disconnect the following electrical connectors:
 - Rear blower motor
 - Rear blower motor resistor
 - Rear air mix door motor
- 7. Disconnect the ducts from the rear heater and cooling unit assembly.
- 8. Remove the rear heater and cooling unit assembly.

Rear heater core hoses

Rear air mix door motor

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

- Replace the O-ring of the low-pressure pipe and high-pressure pipe with a new one, and apply compressor oil to it when installing it.
- After charging the refrigerant, check for leaks.

NOTE:

- Fill the engine cooling system with the specified coolant mixture. Refer to MA-14, "REFILLING ENGINE COOLANT".
- Recharge the A/C system. Refer to MTC-149, "Evacuating System and Charging Refrigerant".

Removal and Installation for Rear Heater Core Pipes EJS0062J **REMOVAL** 1. Drain the coolant from the engine cooling system. Refer to CO-10, "DRAINING ENGINE COOLANT" 2. Remove the upper and lower luggage RH side finisher lower. Refer to EI-32, "BODY SIDE TRIM" 3. Disconnect the rear heater core pipes. **INSTALLATION** Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Refer to MTC-130, "Components" . NOTE: Fill the engine cooling system with the specified coolant mixture. Refer to CO-11, "REFILLING ENGINE

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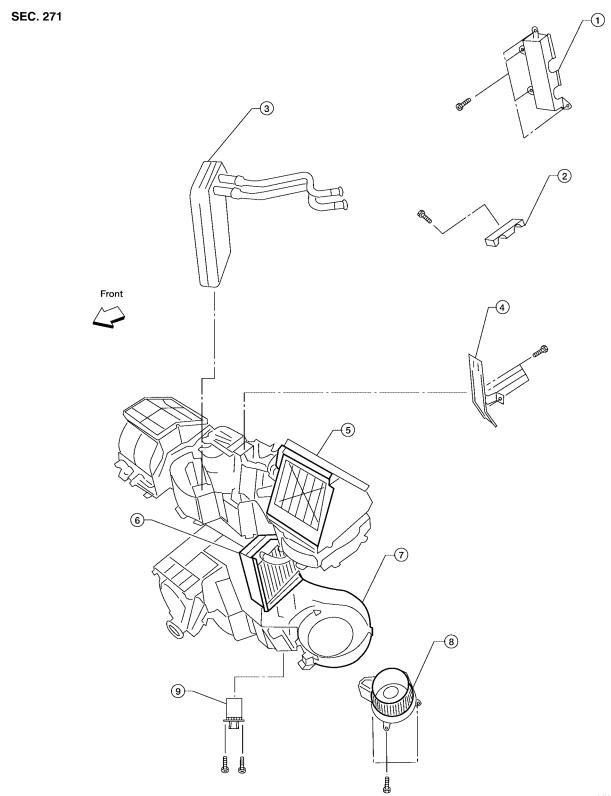
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HEATER CORE PFP:27140

Components

EJS0062K

Front Heater and Cooling Unit Assembly

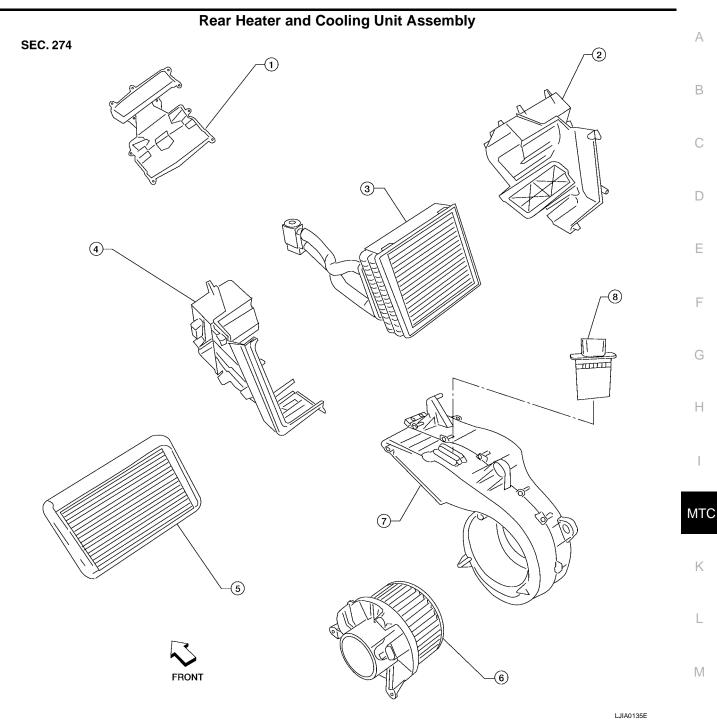


LJIA0138E

- 1. Heater core cover
- 4. Upper bracket
- 7. Lower heater and cooling unit case
- 2. Heater core pipe bracket
- 5. Upper heater and cooling unit case
- 8. Blower motor

- 3. Heater core
- A/C evaporator
- 9. Variable blower control

HEATER CORE



- 1. Front cover
- 4. Side cover
- 7. Blower motor case
- 2. Evaporator and heater core case
- 5. Heater core
- 8. Rear blower motor resistor
- 3. Evaporator
- Blower motor

Removal and Installation FRONT HEATER CORE

Removal

- 1. Remove the front heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to MTC-131, "FRONT HEATER AND COOL-ING UNIT ASSEMBLY".
- 2. Remove the four screws and remove the upper bracket.
- 3. Remove the four screws and remove the heater core cover.
- 4. Remove the heater core pipe bracket.

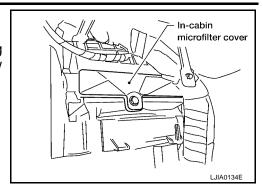
EJS0062L

HEATER CORE

5. Remove the heater core.

NOTE:

If the in-cabin microfilters are contaminated from coolant leaking from the heater core, replace the in-cabin microfilters with new ones before installing the new heater core.



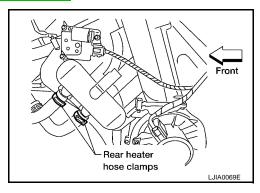
Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

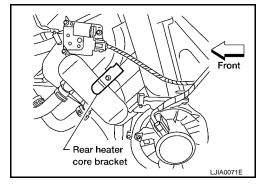
REAR HEATER CORE

Removal

- 1. Partially drain the engine cooling system. Refer to MA-13, "DRAINING ENGINE COOLANT" .
- 2. Remove the rear RH interior trim panel. Refer to EI-32, "BODY SIDE TRIM" .
- 3. Disconnect the rear heater hoses from the heater core.



- Remove the rear heater core bracket.
- 5. Remove the heater core.



Installation

DEFROSTER DOOR MOTOR

DEFROSTER DOOR MOTOR

PFP:27733

Removal and Installation

EJS0062M

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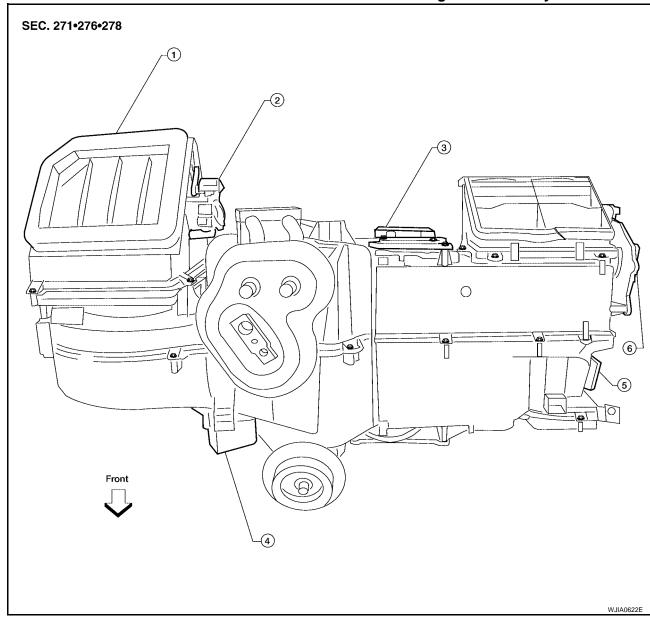
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Defroster Door Motor - Front Heater and Cooling Unit Assembly



- 1. Front heater and cooling unit assembly
- Intake door motor
- 3. Air mix door motor

- 4. Variable blower control
- 5. Mode door motor
- 6. Defroster door motor

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the BCM. Refer to BCS-20, "Removal and Installation of BCM" .
- 2. Disconnect the defroster door motor electrical connector.
- 3. Remove the three screws and remove the defroster door motor.

INSTALLATION

INTAKE DOOR MOTOR

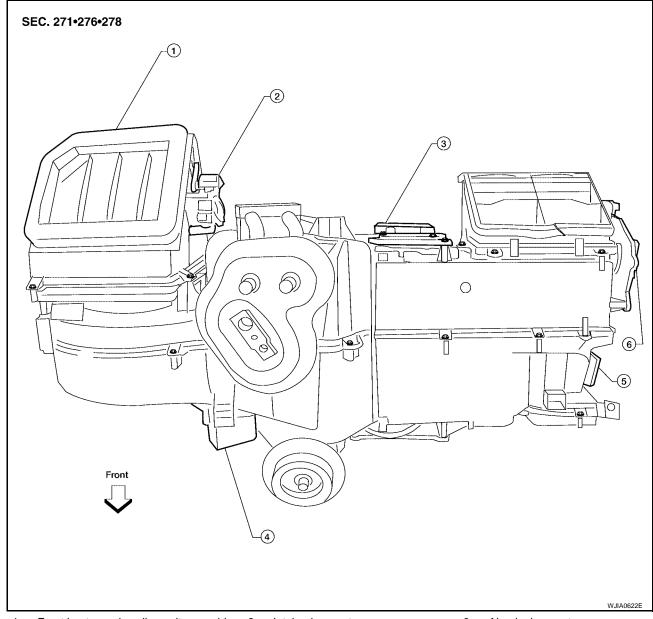
INTAKE DOOR MOTOR

PFP:27730

Removal and Installation

EJS0062N

Intake Door Motor - Front Heater and Cooling Unit Assembly



1. Front heater and cooling unit assembly

Variable blower control

- 2. Intake door motor
 - 5. Mode door motor
- 3. Air mix door motor
- 6. Defroster door motor

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the front heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to MTC-131, "FRONT HEATER AND COOLING UNIT ASSEMBLY" .
- 2. Remove the steering member from the front heater and cooling unit assembly.
- 3. Disconnect the intake door motor electrical connector.
- 4. Remove the three screws and remove the intake door motor.

INSTALLATION

MODE DOOR MOTOR

MODE DOOR MOTOR

PFP:27731

Removal and Installation

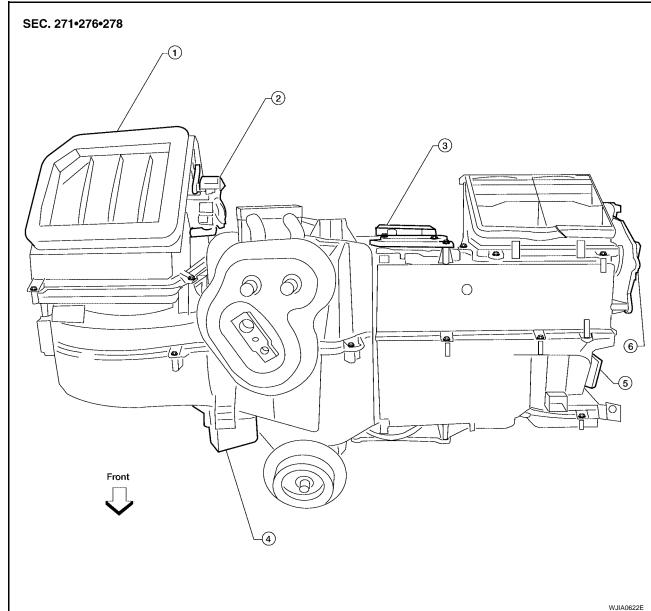
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Mode Door Motor - Front Heater and Cooling Unit Assembly



1. Front heater and cooling unit assembly

Variable blower control

- 2. Intake door motor
 - Mode door motor
- 3. Air mix door motor
- 6. Defroster door motor

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the center console lower cover LH. Refer to IP-15, "Center Console"
- 2. Disconnect the mode door motor electrical connector.
- 3. Remove the two screws and remove the mode door motor.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

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AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR

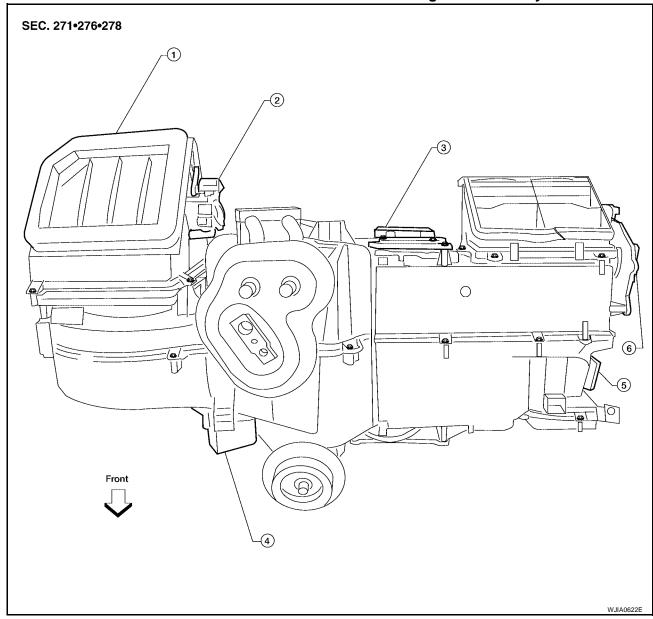
AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR

PFP:27732

Components

EJS0062P

Air Mix Door Motor - Front Heater and Cooling Unit Assembly



- 1. Front heater and cooling unit assembly
- Intake door motor
- Mode door motor
- 3. Air mix door motor
- 6. Defroster door motor

Removal and Installation FRONT AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR

Variable blower control

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Removal

- 1. Remove the front heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to MTC-131, "FRONT HEATER AND COOLING UNIT ASSEMBLY" .
- 2. Remove the steering member from the front heater and cooling unit assembly.
- 3. Disconnect the air mix door motor electrical connector.
- 4. Remove the three screws and remove the air mix door motor.

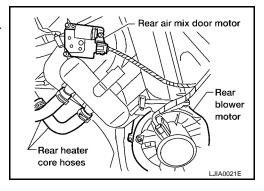
Installation

AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR

REAR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR

Removal

- 1. Remove the RH rear interior trim panel. Refer to EI-32, "BODY SIDE TRIM" .
- 2. Disconnect the rear air mix door motor electrical connector.
- 3. Remove the three screws and remove the rear air mix door motor.



Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

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VARIABLE BLOWER CONTROL

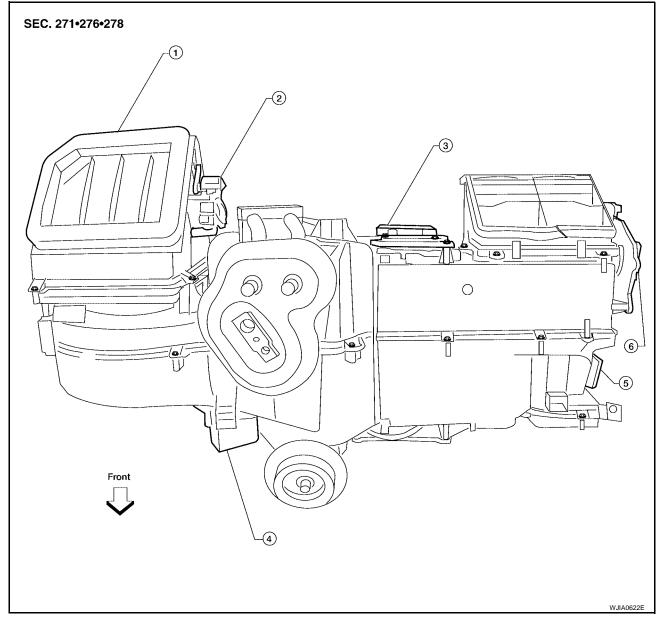
VARIABLE BLOWER CONTROL

PFP:27200

Removal and Installation

EJS0062R

Variable Blower Control - Front Heater and Cooling Unit Assembly



- 1. Front heater and cooling unit assembly
- 2. Intake door motor
- 3. Air mix door motor

- 4. Variable blower control
- Mode door motor
- 6. Defroster door motor

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the glove box assembly. Refer to IP-13, "LOWER INSTRUMENT PANEL RH AND GLOVE BOX"
- 2. Disconnect the variable blower control electrical connector.
- 3. Remove the two screws and remove the variable blower control.

INSTALLATION

REAR BLOWER MOTOR RESISTOR

REAR BLOWER MOTOR RESISTOR

PFP:27150

Removal and Installation

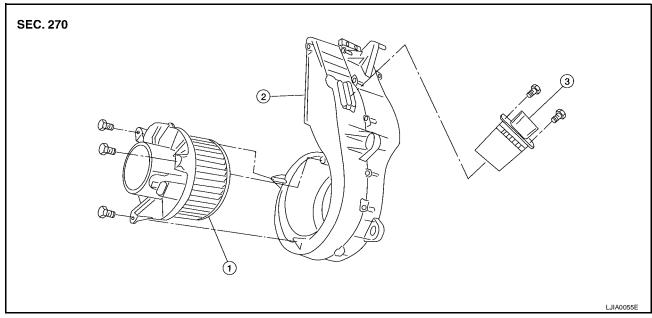
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Rear Blower Motor Resistor



1. Rear blower motor

2. Rear blower motor case

3. Rear blower motor resistor

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the rear RH interior trim panel. Refer to EI-32, "BODY SIDE TRIM" .
- 2. Disconnect the rear blower motor resistor electrical connector.
- 3. Remove the two screws and remove the rear blower motor resistor.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

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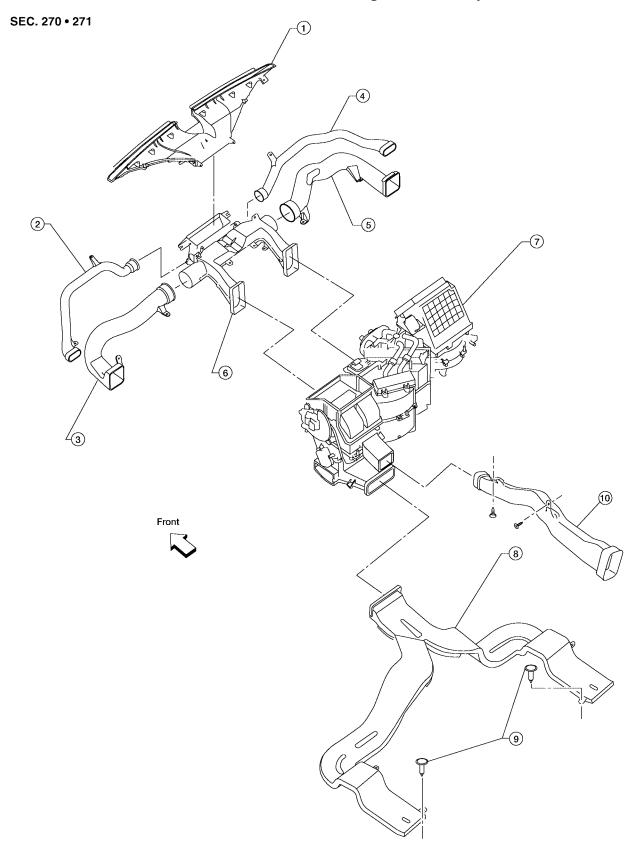
DUCTS AND GRILLES

PFP:27860

Components

EJS0062T

Ducts - Front Heater and Cooling Unit Assembly

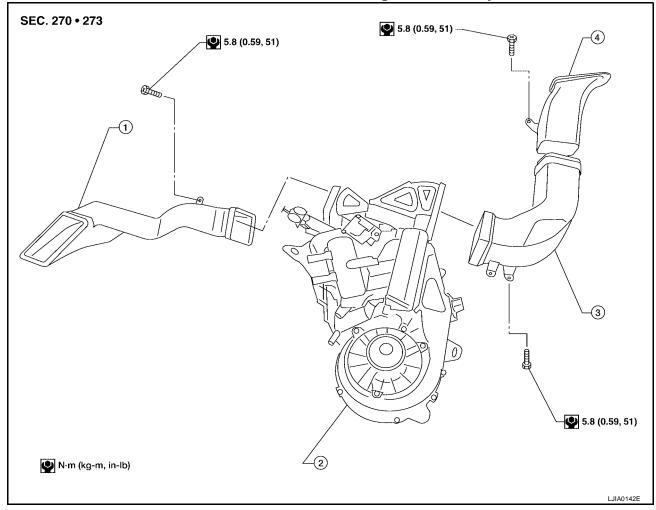


- 1. Defroster nozzle
- 4. RH side demister duct
- Front heater and cooling unit assembly 7.
- 10. Heat duct

- 2. LH side demister duct
- RH ventilator duct 5.
- Floor duct 8.

- 3. LH ventilator duct
- Center ventilator duct 6.
- Clips 9.

Ducts - Rear Heater and Cooling Unit Assembly



Rear floor duct 1.

Rear upper overhead duct

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- 2. Rear heater and cooling unit assembly

3. Rear lower overhead duct

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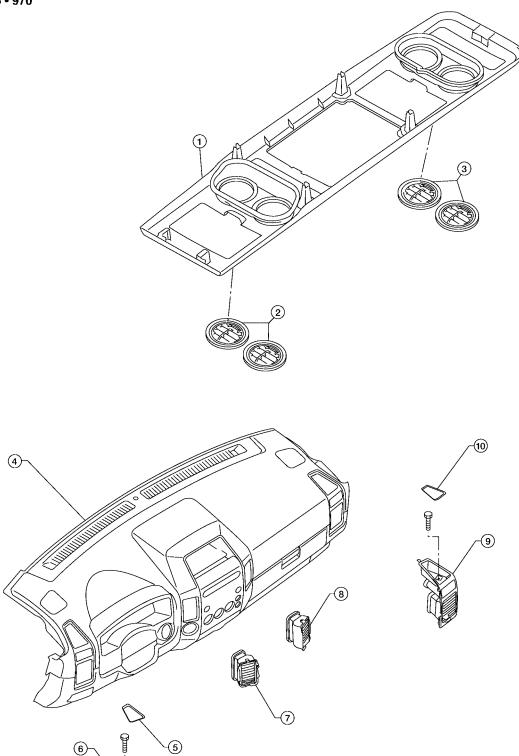
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MTC-145 Revision: July 2007 2005 Armada

Grilles

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- 1. Overhead console trim panel
- 4. Instrument panel
- 2. Overhead console front grilles (front)
- 5. Storage tray bottom cover (LH)
- 3. Overhead console rear grilles (rear)
- 6. LH side ventilator and demister grille

7. LH ventilator grille8. RH ventilator grille10. Storage tray bottom cover (RH)	RH side ventilator and demister grille
Removal and Installation CENTER CONSOLE HEAT DUCT AND REAR FINISH	HER ASSEMBLY GRILLE
Removal	
The center console must be removed and disassembled to grille. Refer to <u>IP-14, "CENTER CONSOLE"</u> .	remove the heat duct and rear finisher assembly
nstallation	
nstallation is in the reverse order of removal.	
DEFROSTER NOZZLE	
Removal	TOUR FAIT DANIEL II
 Remove the instrument panel trim. Refer to <u>IP-10, "INS"</u> 	IRUMENT PANEL" .
2. Remove the defroster nozzle.	
nstallation	
nstallation is in the reverse order of removal.	
RH AND LH SIDE DEMISTER DUCT	
Removal Remove the instrument panel trim. Refer to <u>IP-10, "INS"</u>	TRUMENT PANEL"
2. Remove the RH or LH side demister duct.	TROMENT FANCE
nstallation	
nstallation is in the reverse order of removal.	
RH AND LH VENTILATOR DUCT	
Removal	
 Remove the instrument panel trim. Refer to <u>IP-10, "INS"</u> Remove the RH or LH ventilator duct. 	TRUMENT PANEL" .
nstallation	
nstallation is in the reverse order of removal.	
CENTER VENTILATOR DUCT	
Removal	
 Remove the instrument panel trim. Refer to <u>IP-10, "INS"</u> 	TRUMENT PANEL" .
2. Remove the defroster nozzle.	
3. Remove the RH and LH side demister ducts.	
4. Remove the RH and LH ventilator ducts.	
5. Remove the center ventilator duct.	
nstallation	
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	
FLOOR DUCT	
Removal	III
 Remove the floor carpet. Refer to <u>EI-34, "FLOOR TRIM</u> 	<u> </u>

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

2. Remove the two clips and remove the floor duct.

REAR OVERHEAD DUCTS

Removal

- 1. Remove the rear RH interior trim panel. Refer to EI-32, "BODY SIDE TRIM" .
- 2. Remove the headliner. Refer to EI-35, "HEADLINING" .

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NOTE:

The rear headliner duct connected to the rear overhead duct is part of the headlining trim panel and is replaced as an assembly.

3. Remove the two bolts and remove the upper and lower rear overhead ducts.

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

REAR FLOOR DUCT

Removal

- 1. Remove the rear RH interior trim panel. Refer to <u>EI-32, "BODY SIDE TRIM"</u>.
- 2. Reposition the floor carpet out of the way.
- 3. Remove the two bolts and remove the rear floor duct.

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

GRILLES

Removal

- 1. Remove the interior trim panel as necessary. Refer to IP-10, "INSTRUMENT PANEL" or EI-35, "HEAD-LINING" .
- 2. Remove the grille from the interior trim panel.

NOTE:

To remove the overhead console front and rear grilles, turn the grille counter-clockwise to release the grille from the overhead console trim panel.

Installation

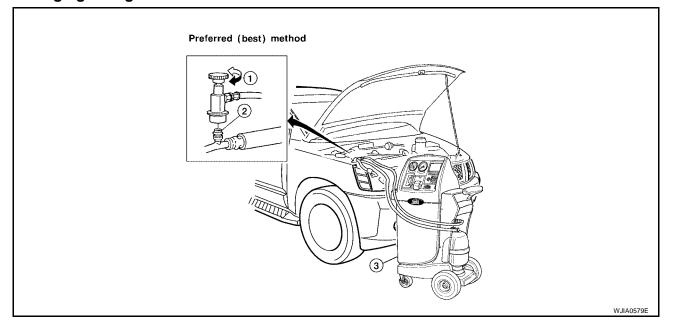
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

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HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure SETTING OF SERVICE TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

EJS0062V

Discharging Refrigerant

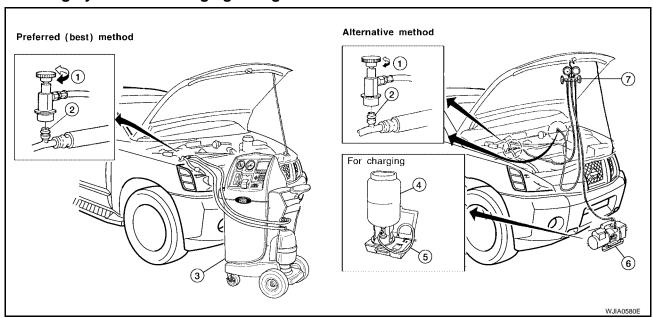


- Shut-off valve
- 2. A/C service valve
- 3. Recovery/recycling equipment

WARNING:

Avoid breathing A/C refrigerant and lubricant vapor or mist. Exposure may irritate eyes, nose and throat. Remove HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant from the A/C system using certified service equipment meeting requirements of SAE J2210 HFC-134a (R-134a) recycling equipment or SAE J2201 HFC-134a (R-134a) recovery equipment. If an accidental system discharge occurs, ventilate the work area before resuming service. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from the refrigerant and lubricant manufacturers.

Evacuating System and Charging Refrigerant



1. Shut-off valve

4.

- 2. A/C service valve
- 3. Recovery/recycling equipment

7. Manifold gauge set (J-39183)

Refrigerant container (HFC-134a)

- . Weight scale (J-39650)
- 6. Evacuating vacuum pump (J-39699)

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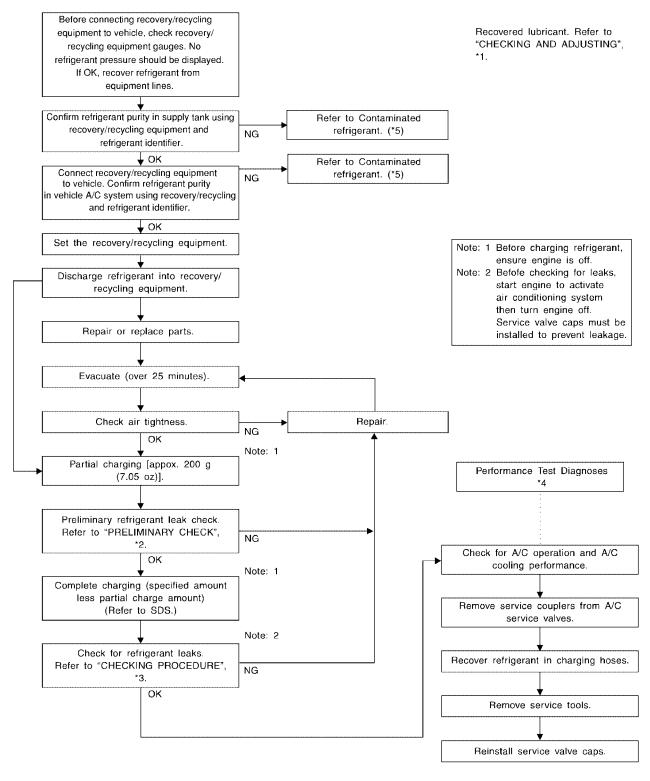
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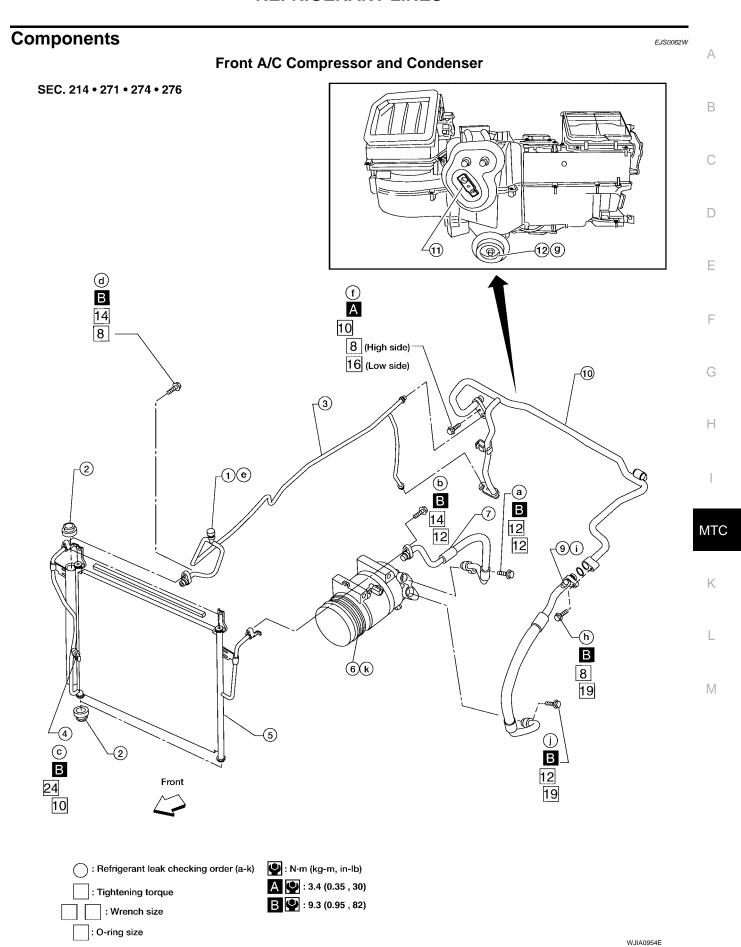
Revision: July 2007 MTC-149 2005 Armada

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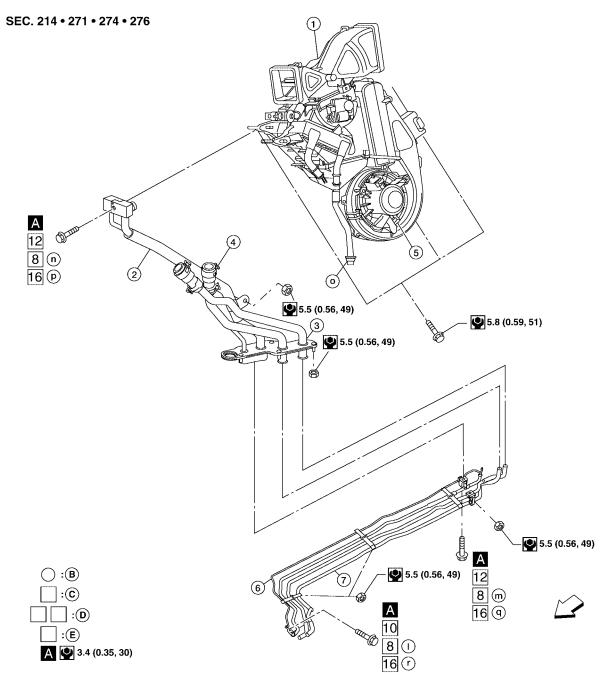
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- MTC-22, "CHECKING AND ADJUSTING"
- **DIAGNOSES**"
- *2 MTC-165, "Checking for Refrigerant *3 MTC-165, "Checking for Refrigerant Leaks"
- *4 MTC-110, "PERFORMANCE TEST *5 MTC-5, "Contaminated Refrigerant"
- Leaks"



- 1. High-pressure service valve
- 4. Refrigerant pressure sensor
- 7. High-pressure flexible hose
- 10. Low-pressure pipe
- 2. Grommet
- 5. Condenser
- 8. Low-pressure flexible hose
- 11. Expansion valve (front)
- 3. High-pressure pipe
- 6. Compressor shaft seal
- 9. Low-pressure service valve
- 12. Drain hose

Rear A/C



WJIA2315E

- 1. Rear heater and cooling unit assembly
- 4. Rear heater core hose
- 7. Underfloor rear heater core pipes
- C. Tightening torque
- \leftarrow Front

- 2. Rear A/C pipes
- 5. Rear blower motor
- A. Bolt torque specifications
- D. Wrench size

- 3. Rear A/C heater core pipes
- 6. Underfloor rear A/C pipes
- B. Leak checking order (I r)
- E. O-ring size

NOTE: The O-ring size 8 is the high-side and the O-ring size 16 is the low-side.

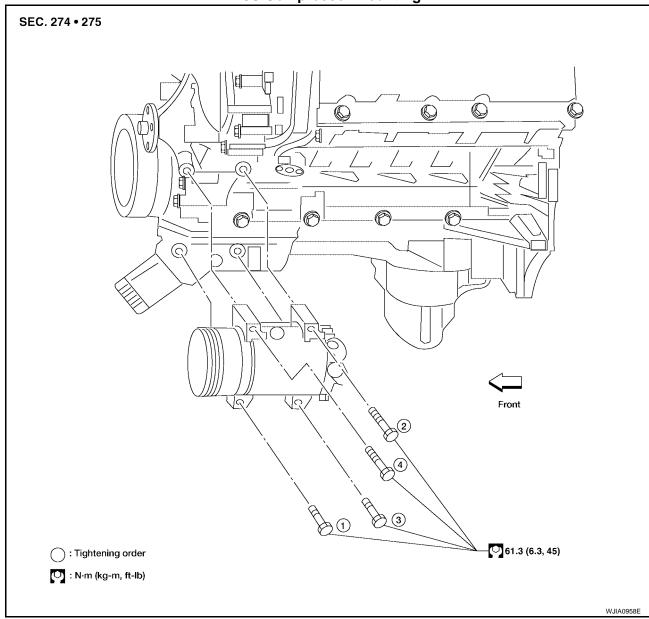
NOTE:

Refer to MTC-7, "Precautions for Refrigerant Connection" .

Revision: July 2007 MTC-152 2005 Armada

Removal and Installation for Compressor

A/C Compressor Mounting



REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-149, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure".
- 2. Remove the front right wheel and tire assembly. Refer to WT-7, "Rotation".
- 3. Remove the engine under cover and the splash shield using power tool.
- 4. Remove the engine air cleaner and air ducts. Refer to EM-14, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .
- 5. Remove the drive belt. Refer to EM-12, "DRIVE BELTS".
- 6. Disconnect the compressor electrical connector.
- 7. Disconnect the high-pressure flexible hose and low-pressure flexible hose from the compressor.

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

8. Remove the compressor bolts and nut using power tools.

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INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

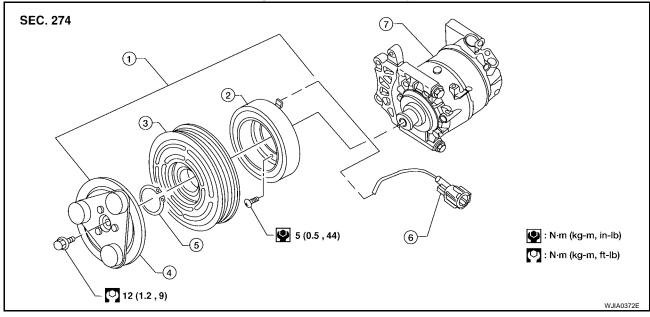
CAUTION:

- Replace the O-ring of the low-pressure flexible hose and high-pressure flexible hose with a new one, apply compressor oil to the O-rings before installation.
- After recharging the A/C system with refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation for Compressor Clutch

EJS0062Y

Magnet Clutch Assembly



- 1. Magnet clutch assembly
- Magnet coil
- 5. Snap ring

- 3. Pulley
- 6. Thermal protector (built in)

Compressor

Clutch disc

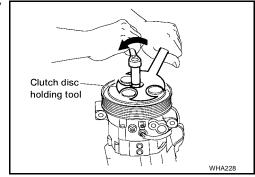
REMOVAL

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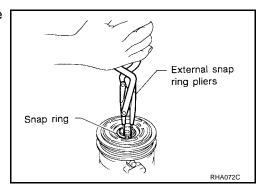
- Remove the compressor. Refer to <u>MTC-153, "Removal and Installation for Compressor"</u>
- Remove the center bolt while holding the clutch disc stationary using Tool as shown.

Tool number : J-44614

3. Remove the clutch disc.



4. Remove the snap ring using external snap ring pliers or suitable



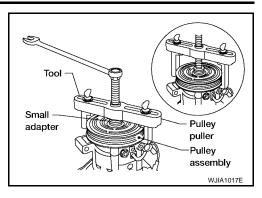
Remove the pulley using Tool with a small adapter. Position the small adapter on the end of the drive shaft and the center of the puller on the small adapter.

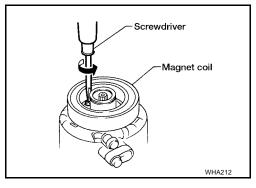
Tool number : KV99233130 (J-29884)

CAUTION:

To prevent deformation of the pulley groove, the puller claws should be hooked under the pulley groove and not into the pulley groove.

Remove the magnet coil harness clip using a screwdriver, remove the three magnet coil fixing screws and remove the magnet coil.

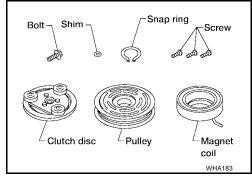




INSPECTION

Clutch Disc

If the contact surface shows signs of damage due to excessive heat, replace clutch disc and pulley.



Pulley

Check the appearance of the pulley assembly. If contact surface of pulley shows signs of excessive grooving, replace clutch disc and pulley. The contact surfaces of the pulley assembly should be cleaned with a suitable solvent before reinstallation.

Coil

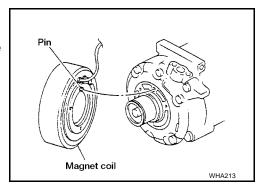
Check magnet coil for loose connections or any cracked insulation.

INSTALLATION

1. Install the magnet coil.

CAUTION:

Be sure to align the magnet coil pin with the hole in the compressor front head.



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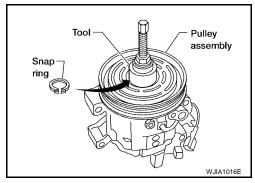
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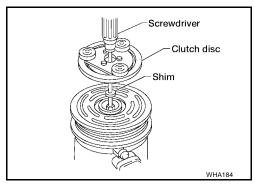
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- 2. Install the magnet coil harness clip using a screwdriver.
- 3. Install the pulley assembly using Tool and a wrench, then install the snap ring using snap ring pliers.

Tool number : — (J-38873-A)



4. Install the clutch disc on the compressor shaft, together with the original shim(s). Press the clutch disc down by hand.

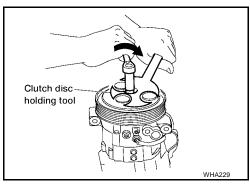


5. Install the clutch pulley bolt using Tool, to prevent the clutch disc from turning and tighten the bolt to specification.

Tool number : J-44614

CAUTION:

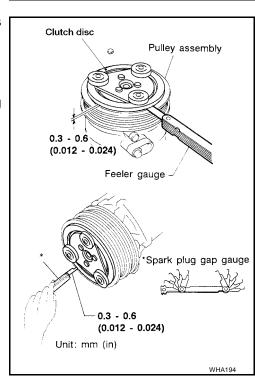
After tightening the clutch pulley bolt, check that the clutch pulley rotates smoothly.



Check the pulley clearance all the way around the clutch disc as shown.

Clutch disc-to-pulley clearance : 0.3 - 0.6 mm (0.012 - 0.024 in)

- 7. If the specified clearance is not obtained, replace the adjusting spacer to readjust.
- 8. Connect the compressor electrical connector.
- 9. Install the drive belt. Refer to EM-12, "DRIVE BELTS" .
- 10. Install the engine under cover and the splash shield.



BREAK-IN OPERATION

When replacing compressor clutch assembly, always conduct the break-in operation. This is done by engaging and disengaging the clutch about 30 times. Break-in operation raises the level of transmitted torque.

Removal and Installation for Low-pressure Flexible Hose REMOVAL

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1. Remove the engine room cover using power tools.

- 2. Remove the engine air cleaner and air ducts. Refer to EM-14, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT"
- 3. Remove the cowl top extension. Refer to EI-19, "COWL TOP".
- 4. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-149, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure" .

CAUTION

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

5. Remove the low-pressure flexible hose.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Refer to MTC-151, "Components".

CAUTION

- Replace the O-ring of the low-pressure flexible hose with a new one, then apply compressor oil to it when installing it.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation for High-pressure Flexible Hose REMOVAL

EJS00630

- 1. Remove the engine under cover.
- 2. Remove the engine air cleaner and air ducts. Refer to EM-14, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT".
- 3. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-149, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure".
- 4. Remove the high-pressure flexible hose.

CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Refer to MTC-151, "Components".

CAUTION:

- Replace the O-ring of the high-pressure flexible hose with a new one, then apply compressor oil to it when installing it.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation for High-pressure Pipe REMOVAL

EJS00631

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- 1. Remove the cowl top extension. Refer to EI-19, "COWL TOP" .
- Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- Reposition the IPDM E/R aside.
- 4. Remove the front right wheel and tire assembly. Refer to WT-7, "Rotation".
- Position aside the front floor insulator.
- 6. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-149, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure" .
- 7. Remove the low pressure pipe. Refer to MTC-158, "Removal and Installation for Low-pressure Pipe".
- Remove the high-pressure pipe.

CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Refer to MTC-151, "Components".

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Revision: July 2007 MTC-157 2005 Armada

CAUTION:

- Replace the O-ring of the high-pressure pipe with a new one, then apply compressor oil to it when installing it.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation for Low-pressure Pipe REMOVAL

EJS00632

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-149, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure".
- 2. Remove the cowl top and the cowl top extension. Refer to El-19, "COWL TOP".
- 3. Remove the low-pressure pipe.

CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipes with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Refer to MTC-151, "Components".

CAUTION:

- Replace the O-ring of the high/low-pressure pipe with a new one, then apply compressor oil to it when installing it.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.

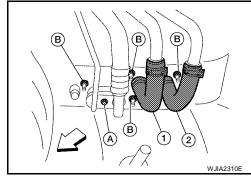
Removal and Installation for Rear High- and Low-pressure A/C and Heater Core Pipes REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-149, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure".
- Drain the coolant from the engine cooling system. Refer to CO-10, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- 3. Disconnect the underfloor rear heater hoses (1 and 2) from the rear heater pipes underneath the vehicle.
 - ←: Front
- 4. Remove the rear high- and low-pressure pipes bolt (A) to disconnect the rear high- and low-pressure pipes from the underfloor rear high- and low-pressure pipes underneath the vehicle.

CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipes with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

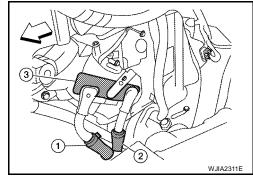
Remove the rear high- and low-pressure pipes nuts (B) underneath the vehicle.



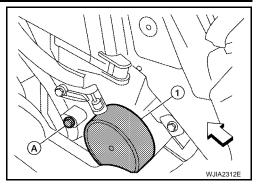
NOTE:

The remaining steps are performed inside the rear luggage area of the vehicle.

- 6. Remove the luggage side finisher lower RH. Refer to EI-37, "LUGGAGE FLOOR TRIM" .
- 7. Disconnect the rear heater core hoses (1 and 2) from the rear heater core (3).
 - ←: Front



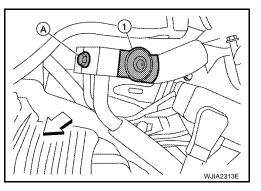
- Remove the rear high- and low-pressure pipes bracket bolt (A) to release the bracket.
 - Rear blower motor (1)
 - ←: Front



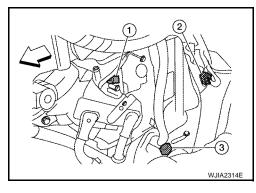
- Remove the rear high- and low-pressure pipes bolt (A) to disconnect the rear high- and low-pressure pipes from the rear expansion valve (1).
 - ←: Front

CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipes with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.



- 10. Disconnect the following electrical connectors:
 - Rear air mix door motor (1)
 - Rear blower motor resistor (2)
 - Rear blower motor (3)
 - ←: Front



- 11. Disconnect the ducts from the rear heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to MTC-144, "Components".
- 12. Remove the rear heater and cooling unit assembly.

CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipes with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

13. Remove the rear high- and low-pressure A/C pipes.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Refer to MTC-151, "Components".

CAUTION:

- Replace the O-ring of the high/low-pressure pipe with a new one, then apply compressor oil to it when installing it.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation for Underfloor Rear High- and Low-pressure A/C and **Heater Core Pipes** EJS00634 **REMOVAL**

- Drain the coolant from the engine cooling system. Refer to CO-10, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- 2. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
- 3. Disconnect the generator harness.
- Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-149, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure".

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- 5. Remove the front and rear bumper fascia. Refer to <u>EI-14, "FRONT BUMPER"</u> (front), <u>EI-16, "REAR BUMPER"</u> (rear).
- 6. Reposition the front fender protector out of the way. Refer to EI-22, "FENDER PROTECTOR".
- 7. Disconnect the chassis harness connector.
- 8. Remove the spare wheel and tire.
- 9. Remove the tailpipe and tailpipe hanger bracket. Refer to EX-3, "Removal and Installation".
- 10. Remove the seatbelt latch anchor. Refer to RSU-25, "Components".
- 11. Remove the front floor heat shield.
- 12. Disconnect each end of the underfloor rear high- and low-pressure A/C and heater core pipes. Refer to MTC-151, "Components".

CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipes with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

- 13. Set two suitable jacks at the RH body mount points to support the vehicle body when it is separated from the RH side of the frame.
- Remove the RH body mount bolts. Refer to <u>BL-154, "Body Mounting"</u>.
- 15. Use the vehicle hoist to lower the RH side of the frame from the RH side of the body [approximately 305 mm (12 in)] until there is sufficient clearance to remove the underfloor rear high- and low-pressure A/C and heater core pipes from between the body and the frame.
- 16. Remove the underfloor rear high- and low-pressure A/C and heater core pipes from the back of the vehicle.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Refer to MTC-151, "Components".

CAUTION:

- Replace the O-ring of the high/low-pressure pipe with a new one, then apply compressor oil to it
 when installing it.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.

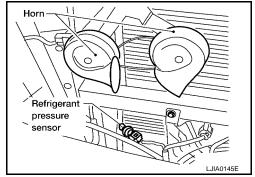
Removal and Installation for Refrigerant Pressure Sensor REMOVAL

EJS00635

- Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-149, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure"
- Disconnect the refrigerant pressure sensor electrical connector and remove the refrigerant pressure sensor from the condenser.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the condenser fins.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Refer to MTC-151, "Components".

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage the condenser fins.
- Apply compressor oil to the O-ring of the refrigerant pressure sensor when installing it.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation for Condenser REMOVAL

EJS00636

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-149, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure".
- 2. Remove the radiator. Refer to CO-12, "RADIATOR" .

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CAUTION:

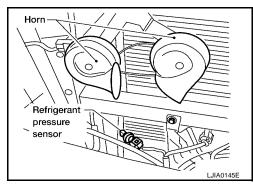
Be careful not to damage the core surface of the condenser and the radiator.

3. Disconnect the high-pressure flexible hose and the high-pressure pipe from the condenser.

CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

- 4. Disconnect the refrigerant pressure sensor connector.
 - Remove the refrigerant pressure sensor from the condenser as necessary.
- Lift the condenser out of the mounting grommets to remove the condenser.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Refer to MTC-151, "Components" .

CAUTION:

- Replace the O-rings of the high-pressure pipe and the high-pressure flexible hose with new ones, then apply compressor oil to them after installing them.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.
- Replace the grommets as necessary.

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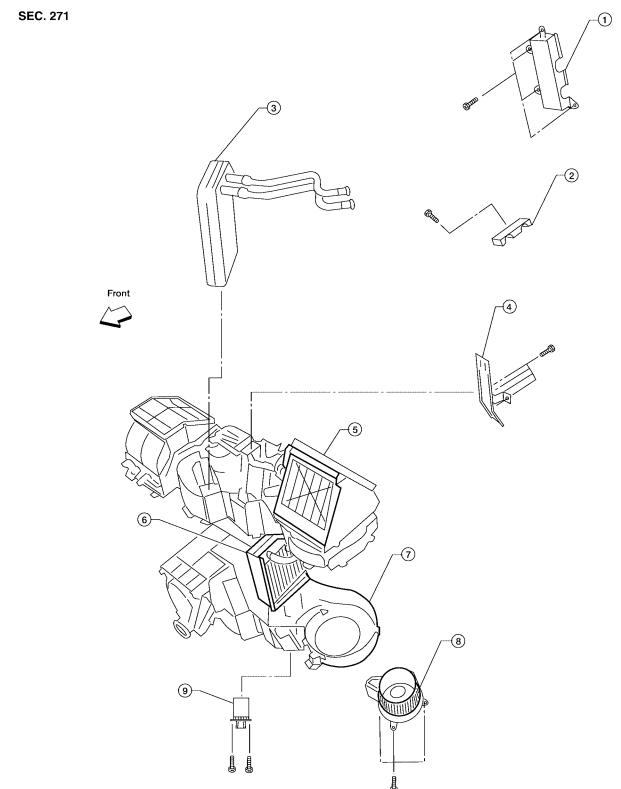
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Revision: July 2007 MTC-161 2005 Armada

Removal and Installation for Front Evaporator

EJS00637

Front Heater and Cooling Unit Assembly



LJIA0138E

- 1. Heater core cover
- Upper bracket
- 7. Lower heater and cooling unit case
- 2. Heater core pipe bracket
- 5. Upper heater and cooling unit case
- 8. Blower motor

- 3. Heater core
- 6. A/C evaporator
- 9. Variable blower control

REMOVAL

1. Remove the front heater core. Refer to MTC-135, "FRONT HEATER CORE" .

- 2. Remove the defroster mode door arm.
- 3. Separate the heater core and cooling unit case.
- 4. Remove the evaporator.

INSTALLATION

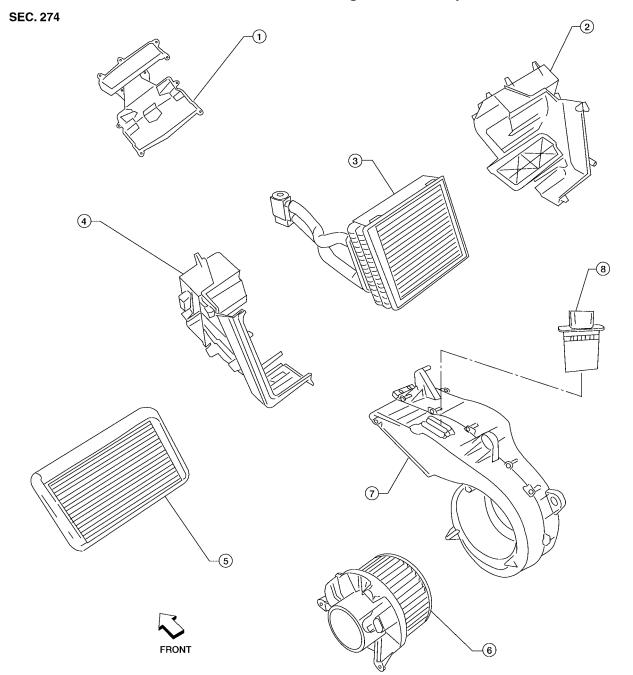
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

Replace the O-rings on the low-pressure flexible hose and the high-pressure pipe with new ones. Apply compressor oil to the O-rings before installing them.

Removal and Installation for Rear Evaporator

Rear Heater and Cooling Unit Assembly



LJIA0135E

1. Front cover

Side cover

Revision: July 2007

7. Blower motor case

2. Evaporator and heater core case

5. Heater core

8. Rear blower motor resistor

3. Evaporator

6. Rear blower motor

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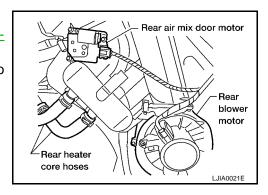
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REMOVAL

- Remove the rear heater and cooling unit assembly from the vehicle. Refer to <u>MTC-132</u>, "<u>REAR HEATER</u> AND COOLING UNIT ASSEMBLY".
- 2. Remove the rear blower motor.
- 3. Remove the rear blower speed resistor.
- 4. Remove the rear air mix door motor.
- Remove the rear duct and blend door assembly. Refer to MTC-147. "DEFROSTER NOZZLE".
- 6. Disassemble the rear heater and cooling unit assembly to remove the evaporator.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

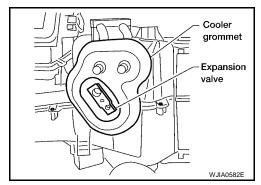
CAUTION:

- Replace the O-rings on the rear A/C pipes with new ones. Apply compressor oil to the O-rings before installing them.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation for Front Expansion Valve REMOVAL

EJS00639

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-149, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure" .
- 2. Remove the front heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to MTC-131, "FRONT HEATER AND COOL-ING UNIT ASSEMBLY" .
- 3. Remove the cooler grommet.
- 4. Remove the expansion valve.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Expansion valve bolts : 4 N·m (0.41 kg-m, 35 in-lb)

A/C refrigerant pipe to expansion valve bolt : Refer to MTC-151, "Components"

.

CAUTION:

- Replace the O-rings on the A/C refrigerant pipes with new ones, then apply compressor oil to them when installing them.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation for Rear Expansion Valve REMOVAL

EJS0063A

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-149, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure".
- Remove the rear RH interior side trim panel. Refer to EI-32, "BODY SIDE TRIM"
- Disconnect the A/C refrigerant pipes from the expansion valve.

Revision: July 2007 MTC-164 2005 Armada

CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the A/C refrigerant pipe ends with a suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air and contaminants.

4. Remove the expansion valve.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Expansion valve bolts : 4 N·m (0.41 kg-m, 35 in-lb)

A/C refrigerant pipe to expansion valve bolt : Refer to MTC-151, "Components"

CAUTION:

Replace the O-rings on the A/C refrigerant pipes with new ones, then apply compressor oil to them when installing them.

After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Checking for Refrigerant Leaks

Perform a visual inspection of all refrigeration parts, fittings, hoses and components for signs of A/C lubricant leakage, damage, and corrosion. Any A/C lubricant leakage may indicate an area of refrigerant leakage. Allow extra inspection time in these areas when using either an electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995) or fluo-

rescent dye leak detector (J-42220).

If any dye is observed using a fluorescent dye leak detector (J-42220), confirm the leak using a electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995). It is possible that the dye is from a prior leak that was repaired and not properly cleaned.

When searching for leaks, do not stop when one leak is found but continue to check for additional leaks at all system components and connections.

When searching for refrigerant leaks using an electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995), move the probe along the suspected leak area at 25 - 50 mm (1 - 2 in) per second and no further than 6 mm (1/4 in) from the component.

CAUTION:

Moving the electronic refrigerant leak detector probe slower and closer to the suspected leak area will improve the chances of finding a leak.

Checking System for Leaks Using the Fluorescent Dye Leak Detector

- Check the A/C system for leaks using the fluorescent dye leak detector and safety goggles (J-42220) in a low sunlight area (area without windows preferable). Illuminate all components, fittings and lines. The dye will appear as a bright green/yellow area at the point of leakage. Fluorescent dye observed at the evaporator drain opening indicates an evaporator core assembly leak (tubes, core or expansion valve).
- 2. If the suspected area is difficult to see, use an adjustable mirror or wipe the area with a clean shop rag or cloth, then inspect the shop rag or cloth with the fluorescent dye leak detector (J-42220) for dye residue.
- 3. After the leak is repaired, remove any residual dye using refrigerant dye cleaner (J-43872) to prevent future misdiagnosis.
- 4. Perform a system performance check and then verify the leak repair using a electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995).

NOTE:

- Other gases in the work area or substances on the A/C components, for example, anti-freeze, windshield washer fluid, solvents and lubricants, may falsely trigger the leak detector. Make sure the surfaces to be checked are clean.
- Clean with a dry cloth or blow off with shop air.
- Do not allow the sensor tip of the electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995) to contact with any substance. This can also cause false readings and may damage the detector.

Dye Injection EJS0063D

NOTE:

This procedure is only necessary when recharging the system or when the compressor has seized and must be replaced.

Check the A/C system static (at rest) pressure. Pressure must be at least 345 kPa (3.52 kg/cm², 50 psi).

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2. Pour one bottle 7.4 cc (1/4 ounce) of the HFC-134a (R-134a) fluorescent leak detection dye (J-41447) into the HFC-134a (R-134a) dye injector (J-41459).

CAUTION:

If repairing the A/C system or replacing a component, pour the HFC-134a (R-134a) fluorescent leak detection dye (J-41447) directly into the open system connection and proceed with the service procedures.

- 3. Connect the refrigerant dye injector (J-41459) to the low-pressure service valve.
- Start the engine and switch the A/C system ON.
- 5. When the A/C system is operating (compressor running), inject one bottle 7.4 cc (1/4 ounce) of HFC-134a (R-134a) fluorescent leak detection dye (J-41447) through the low-pressure service valve using HFC-134a (R-134a) dye injector (J-41459). Refer to the manufacturer's operating instructions.
- 6. With the engine still running, disconnect the HFC-134a (R-134a) dye injector (J-41459) from the low-pressure service valve.
- 7. Operate the A/C system for a minimum of 20 minutes to mix the HFC-134a (R-134a) fluorescent leak detection dye (J-41447) with the A/C system oil. Depending on the leak size, operating conditions and location of the leak, it may take from minutes to days for the HFC-134a (R-134a) fluorescent leak detection dye to penetrate an A/C system leak and become visible.

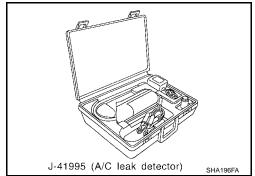
Electronic Refrigerant Leak Detector PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING LEAK DETECTOR

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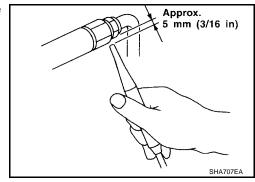
NOTE:

When performing a refrigerant leak check, use a electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995) or equivalent. Ensure that the electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995) is calibrated and set properly according to the manufacturer's operating instructions.

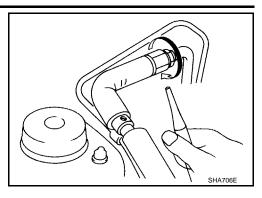
The electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995) is a delicate device. To use the leak detector properly, read the manufacturer's operating instructions and perform any specified maintenance.



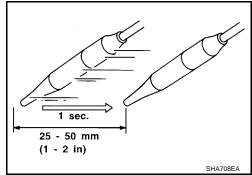
1. Position the probe approximately 5 mm (3/16 in) away from the point to be checked as shown.



When checking for leaks, circle each fitting completely with the probe as shown.



3. Move the probe along each component at a speed of approximately 25 - 50 mm (1 - 2 in)/second as shown.



CHECKING PROCEDURE

NOTE:

To prevent inaccurate or false readings, make sure there is no refrigerant vapor, shop chemicals, or cigarette smoke in the vicinity of the vehicle. Perform the leak test in a calm area (low air/wind movement) so that the leaking refrigerant is not dispersed.

Turn the engine OFF.

 Connect the manifold gauge set (J-39183-C) to the A/C service ports. Refer to MTC-149, "SETTING OF SERVICE TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT".

3. Check if the A/C refrigerant pressure is at least 345 kPa (3.52 kg/cm², 50 psi) above a temperature of 16°C (61°F). If less than specification, recover/evacuate and recharge the system with the specified amount of refrigerant. Refer to MTC-149, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure".

NOTE:

At temperatures below 16°C (61°F), leaks may not be detected since the system may not reach 345 kPa $(3.52 \text{ kg/cm}^2 \text{ , 50 psi})$ pressure.

- 4. Perform the leak test from the high-pressure side (front A/C compressor discharge "a" to evaporator inlet "f" or rear piping connection "I") to the low-pressure side (front A/C evaporator drain hose "g" to shaft seal "k" and rear A/C evaporator drain hose "o" to piping connection "r"). Refer to MTC-151, "Components". Clean the component to be checked and carefully move the electronic refrigerant leak detector probe completely around the following connections and components.
 - Check the compressor shaft seal
 - Check the high and low-pressure pipe and hose fittings, relief valve, and compressor shaft seal
 - Check the liquid tank
 - Check the refrigerant pressure sensor
 - Check all around the service valves. Check that the service valve caps are screwed tightly on the service valves (to prevent leaks).

NOTE:

After removing manifold gauge set (J-39183-C) from the service valves, wipe any residue from the service valves to prevent any false readings by the electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995).

Evaporator

With engine OFF, turn blower fan on "High" for at least 15 seconds to dissipate any refrigerant trace in the heater and cooling unit assembly. Wait a minimum of 10 minutes accumulation time (refer to the manufacturer's recommended procedure for actual wait time) before inserting the electronic refrigerant leak detector probe into the heater and cooling unit assembly drain hose.

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NOTE:

Keep the probe inserted for at least 10 seconds. Use caution not to contaminate the probe tip with water or dirt that may be in the drain hose.

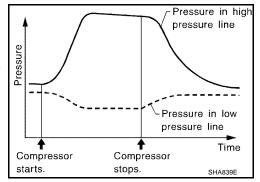
- 5. If a leak is detected, verify at least once by blowing compressed air into the area of the suspected leak, then repeat the leak check.
- Do not stop when one leak is found. Continue to check for additional leaks at all system components and connections.
- 7. If no leaks are found, perform steps 8 11.
- 8. Start the engine.
- Set the heater A/C controls as follows:

NOTE:

For the automatic system, turn OFF the automatic controls and set the heater A/C controls manually.

- a. A/C switch to ON
- b. Air flow to VENT mode
- c. Intake position to RECIRCULATION mode
- d. Temperature to MAX cold
- e. Blower speed to HIGH
- 10. Run the engine at 1,500 rpm for at least 2 minutes.
- 11. Turn the engine OFF and perform the leak check again following steps 4 through 6 above.

Refrigerant leaks should be checked immediately after turning the engine OFF. Begin with the leak detector at the compressor. The pressure on the high pressure side will gradually drop after the refrigerant circulation stops and pressure on the low pressure side will gradually rise, as shown in the graph. Some leaks are more easily detected when the pressure is high.



- 12. Before connecting the recovery/recycling recharging equipment to the vehicle, check the recovery/recycling recharging equipment gauges. No refrigerant pressure should be displayed. If pressure is displayed, recover the refrigerant from the equipment lines and then check the refrigerant purity.
- 13. Confirm refrigerant purity in supply tank using recovery/recycling recharging equipment and refrigerant identifier equipment (J-41810-NI).
- 14. Confirm the refrigerant purity in the vehicle's A/C system using recovery/recycling recharging equipment and refrigerant identifier equipment (J-41810-NI).
- 15. Discharge the A/C system using recovery/recycling recharging equipment. Repair the leaking fitting or component as necessary.
- 16. Evacuate and recharge the A/C system and perform the leak test to confirm that there are no refrigerant leaks.
- 17. Conduct the Operational Check to ensure system works properly. Refer to MTC-53, "Operational Check (Front)" (front) and MTC-55, "Operational Check (Rear)" (rear).

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS) PFP:00030 Α Service Data and Specifications (SDS) EJS0063F COMPRESSOR В Make ZEXEL VALEO CLIMATE CONTROL Model DKS-17D Type Swash plate Displacement $175.5 \text{ cm}^3 (10.7 \text{ in}^3) / \text{revolution}$ 30.5 mm (1.20 in) x 24.0 mm (0.94 in) Cylinder bore × stroke D Direction of rotation Clockwise (viewed from drive end) Drive belt Poly V **LUBRICANT** Е Make ZEXEL VALEO CLIMATE CONTROL Model DKS-17D Name NISSAN A/C System Lubricant Type S Capacity 290 m ℓ (9.8 US fl oz, 10.2 lmp fl oz) REFRIGERANT Туре HFC-134a (R-134a) Н

 1.08 ± 0.05 kg $(2.38 \pm 0.11$ lb)

ENGINE IDLING SPEED

Refer to EC-76, "Idle Speed and Ignition Timing Check" .

BELT TENSION

Capacity

Refer to EM-12, "Tension Adjustment" .

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SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)