# SECTION BODY REPAIR

# CONTENTS

VEHICLE INFORMATION 2
BODY EXTERIOR PAINT COLOR
PRECAUTION 3
PRECAUTIONS
SIONER"
Precaution in Repairing High Strength Steel4 Handling Precaution for Plastics

PREPARATION10	F
REPAIRING MATERIAL	G
BODY COMPONENT PARTS11 Body Component Parts11	
SERVICE INFORMATION17	П
BODY REPAIR17Body Mounting17Corrosion Protection17Body Sealing20Body Construction24Body Alignment24	l J
Replacement Operation	BRM

L

Μ

Ν

Ο

Ρ

А

В

С

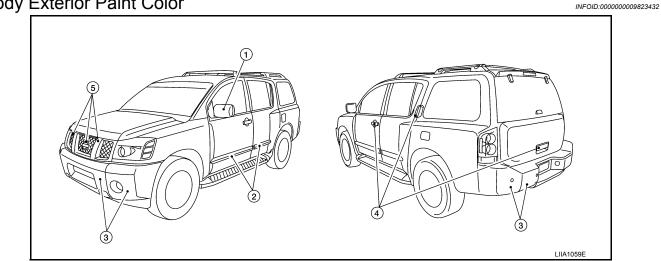
D

Е

## < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

# VEHICLE INFORMATION BODY EXTERIOR PAINT COLOR

# **Body Exterior Paint Color**



			Color code	RAQ	G10	KAD	K23	NAB	QAB	CAJ	CAE
			COIOI COUE	RAQ	GIU	KAD	N23	INAD	QAD	CAJ	CAE
	Component		Description	Blue	Black	Gray	Silver	Red	White	Brown	Brown
			Paint type	М	М	М	М	М	М	М	М
			Clear coat	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t
	Door	Base	Black	G10	G10	G10	G10	G10	G10	G10	G10
1	mirror	Housing	Chromium plate	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P
2	Side guard	Top (if equipped)	Chromium plate	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P
	molding	Bottom	Body color	RAQ	G10	KAD	K23	NAB	QAB	CAJ	CAE
3		d rear bumper ascias	Body color	RAQ	G10	KAD	K23	NAB	QAB	CAJ	CAE
	Outside	Front	Chromium plate	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P
4	door		Body color	RAQ	G10	KAD	K23	NAB	QAB	CAJ	CAE
	handles	Rear	Body color	RAQ	G10	KAD	K23	NAB	QAB	CAJ	CAE
		Back	Body color	RAQ	G10	KAD	K23	NAB	QAB	CAJ	CAE
	Front	SV	Body color	RAQ	G10	KAD	K23	NAB	QAB	CAJ	CAE
5	Front grille	SL / Platinum	Chromium plate	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P	Cr2P

M: Metallic; S-Solid; 2S: 2-Coat Solid, 2P: 2-Coat Pearl; 3P: 3-Coat Pearl; t: Primerless Diamond Coat Clear

# < PRECAUTION > PRECAUTION

# PRECAUTIONS

# Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SR and SB section of this Service Manual.

#### WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SR section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

#### PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

#### WARNING:

- When working near the Airbag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Airbag System sensors with the Ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the Ignition OFF, disconnect the J battery and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

# Precaution Necessary for Steering Wheel Rotation After Battery Disconnect

INFOID:000000009823434 BRM

#### NOTE:

- This Procedure is applied only to models with Intelligent Key system and NATS (NISSAN ANTI-THEFT SYS-TEM).
- Remove and install all control units after disconnecting both battery cables with the ignition knob in the "LOCK" position.
- Always use CONSULT to perform self-diagnosis as a part of each function inspection after finishing work. If DTC is detected, perform trouble diagnosis according to self-diagnostic results.

For models equipped with the Intelligent Key system and NATS, an electrically controlled steering lock mechanism is adopted on the key cylinder.

For this reason, if the battery is disconnected or if the battery is discharged, the steering wheel will lock and steering wheel rotation will become impossible.

If steering wheel rotation is required when battery power is interrupted, follow the procedure below before starting the repair operation.

#### OPERATION PROCEDURE

- Connect both battery cables.
   NOTE: Supply power using jumper cables if battery is discharged.
- 2. Use the Intelligent Key or mechanical key to turn the ignition switch to the "ACC" position. At this time, the steering lock will be released.
- 3. Disconnect both battery cables. The steering lock will remain released and the steering wheel can be rotated.
- 4. Perform the necessary repair operation.

0

Ρ

А

В

Ε

Н

< PRECAUTION >

- 5. When the repair work is completed, return the ignition switch to the "LOCK" position before connecting the battery cables. (At this time, the steering lock mechanism will engage.)
- 6. Perform a self-diagnosis check of all control units using CONSULT.

# Precaution in Repairing High Strength Steel

INFOID:000000009823435

High strength steel is used for body panels in order to reduce vehicle weight. Accordingly, precautions in repairing automotive bodies made of high strength steel are described below:

#### High strength steel (hss) used in nissan vehicles

Tensile strength	Nissan/Infiniti designation	Major applicable parts
373 N/mm <sup>2</sup> (38kg/mm <sup>2</sup> ,54klb/sq in)	SP130	<ul> <li>Front inner pillar upper</li> <li>Front pillar hinge brace</li> <li>Outer front pillar reinforcement</li> <li>Other reinforcements</li> </ul>
785-981 N/mm <sup>2</sup> (80-100kg/mm <sup>2</sup> 114-142klb/sq in)	SP150	<ul><li>Outer sill reinforcement</li><li>Main back pillar</li></ul>

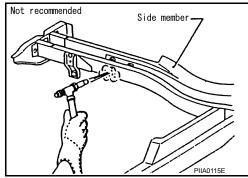
SP150 HSS is used only on parts that require much more strength.

Read the following precautions when repairing HSS:

- 1. Additional points to consider
  - The repair of reinforcements (such as side members) by heating is not recommended since it may weaken the component. When heating is unavoidable, do not heat HSS parts above 550°C (1,022°F).

Verify heating temperature with a thermometer.

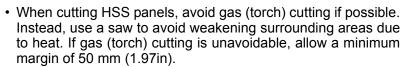
(Crayon-type and other similar type thermometer are appropriate.)

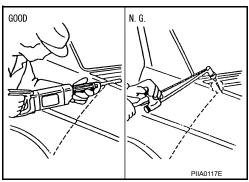


Traction direction: ----

PIIA0116E

• When straightening body panels, use caution in pulling any HSS panel. Because HSS is very strong, pulling may cause deformation in adjacent portions of the body. In this case, increase the number of measuring points, and carefully pull the HSS panel.





#### < PRECAUTION >

 When welding HSS panels, use spot welding whenever possi-GOOD ble in order to minimize weakening surrounding areas due to heat.

If spot welding is impossible, use M.I.G. welding. Do not use gas (torch) welding because it is inferior in welding strength.

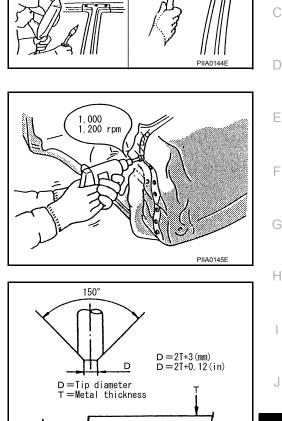
. The spot weld on HSS panels is harder than that of an ordinary steel panel.

Therefore, when cutting spot welds on a HSS panel, use a low speed high torgue drill (1,000 to 1,200 rpm) to increase drill bit durability and facilitate the operation.

 SP150 HSS panels with a tensile strength of 785 to 981 N/ mm<sup>2</sup> (80 to 100 kg/mm<sup>2</sup>, 114 to 142 klb/sg in), used as reinforcement in the door guard beams, is too strong to repair. When these HSS parts are damaged, the outer panels also sustain substantial damage; therefore, the assembly parts must be replaced.

- Precautions in spot welding HSS This work should be performed under standard working conditions. Always note the following when spot welding HSS:
  - The electrode tip diameter must be sized properly according to the metal thickness.

• The panel surfaces must fit flush to each other, leaving no gaps.



N.G

welding.

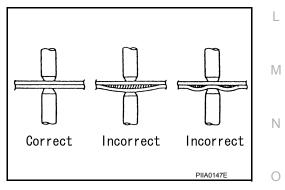
Never use acetylene gas

А

В

Ε

F



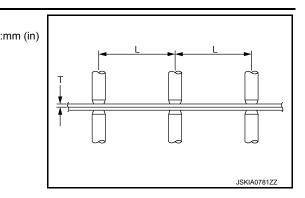
BRM

PIIA0146

#### < PRECAUTION >

• Follow the specifications for the proper welding pitch.

	Unit:
Thickness (T)	Minimum pitch (L)
0.6 (0.024)	10 (0.39) or over
0.8 (0.031)	12 (0.47) or over
1.0 (0.039)	18 (0.71) or over
1.2 (0.047)	20 (0.79) or over
1.6 (0.063)	27 (1.06) or over
1.8 (0.071)	31 (1.22) or over



Handling Precaution for Plastics

INFOID:000000009823436

# HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PLASTICS

Abbre- viation	Material name	Heatresisting temperature °C (°F)	Resistance to gasoline and solvents	Other cautions
PE	Polyethylene	60 (140)	Gasoline and most solvents are harmless if applied for a very short time (wipe up quickly).	Flammable
PVC	Polyvinyl Chloride	80 (176)	Same as above.	Poison gas is emitted when burned.
EPM/ EPDM	Ethylene Propylene (Diene) rub- ber	80 (176)	Same as above.	Flammable
TPO/ TPR	Thermoplastic Olefine/ Thermoplastic Rubber	80 (176)	Same as above.	Flammable
PP	Polypropylene	90 (194)	Same as above.	Flammable, avoid bat- tery acid.
UP	Polyester thermoset	90 (194)	Same as above.	Flammable
PS	Polystyrene	80 (176)	Avoid solvents.	Flammable
ABS	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene resin	80 (176)	Avoid gasoline and solvents.	
AES	Acrylonitrile Ethylene Styrene	80 (176)	Same as above.	
PMMA	Polymethyl Methacrylate	85 (185)	Same as above.	
AAS	Acrylonitrile Acrylic Styrene	85 (185)	Same as above.	
AS	Acrylonitrile Styrene	85 (185)	Same as above.	
EVA	Polyvinyl Ethyl Acetate	90 (194)	Same as above.	
ASA	Acrylonitrile Styrene Acrylate	100 (222)	Same as above.	Flammable
PPO/ PPE	Polyphenylene Oxide/ Polyphenylene Ether	110 (230)	Same as above.	
PC	Polycarbonate	120 (248)	Same as above.	
PAR	Polyacrylate	180 (356)	Same as above.	
L- LDPE	Lenear Low Density PE	45 (100)	Gasoline and most solvents are harmless.	Flammable
PUR	Polyurethane	90 (194)	Same as above.	
TPU	Thermoplastic Urethane	110 (230)	Same as above.	
PPC	Polypropylene Composite	115 (239)	Same as above.	Flammable
POM	Polyacetal	120 (248)	Same as above.	Avoid battery acid.
PBT+P C	Polybutylene Terephtha- late+Polycarbonate	120 (248)	Same as above.	Flammable

#### < PRECAUTION >

Abbre- viation	Material name	Heat resisting temperature °C (°F)	Resistance to gasoline and solvents	Other cautions	A
PA	Polyamide (Nylon)	140 (284)	Same as above.	Avoid immersing in wa- ter.	E
PBT	Polybutylene Terephthalate	140 (284)	Same as above.		
FRP	Fiber Reinforced Plastics	170 (338)	Same as above.	Avoid battery acid.	
PET	Polyethylene Terephthalate	180 (356)	Same as above.		(
PEI	Polyetherimide	200 (392)	Same as above.		

1. When repairing and painting a portion of the body adjacent to plastic parts, consider their characteristics (influence of heat and solvent) and remove them if necessary or take suitable measures to protect them.

2. Plastic parts should be repaired and painted using methods suiting the materials, characteristics.

Ε

F

G

J

В	R	Μ

L

Μ

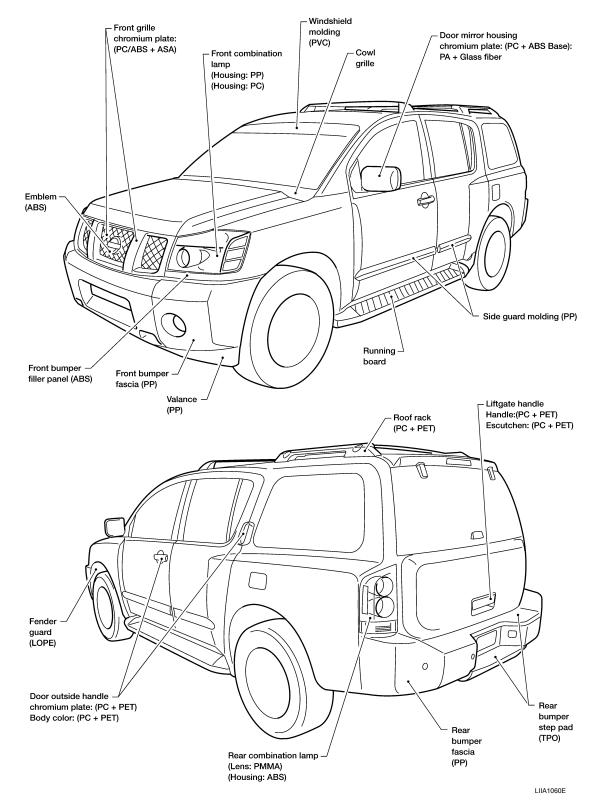
Ν

Ο

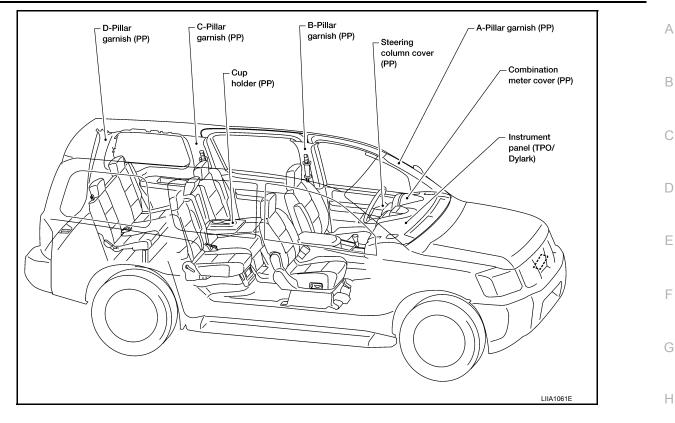
Ρ

#### < PRECAUTION >

### LOCATION OF PLASTIC PARTS



#### < PRECAUTION >



J

L

Μ

Ν

Ο

Ρ

### < PREPARATION >

# PREPARATION REPAIRING MATERIAL

# Foam Repair

INFOID:000000009823437

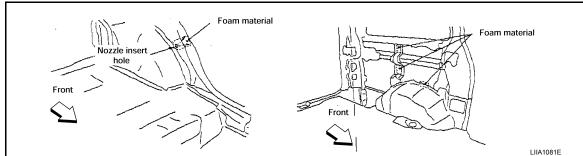
During factory body assembly, foam insulators are installed in certain body panels and locations around the vehicle. Use the following procedure(s) to replace any factory-installed foam insulators.

#### URETHANE FOAM APPLICATIONS

Use commercially available spray foam for sealant (foam material) repair of material used on vehicle. Read instructions on product for fill procedures.

#### FILL PROCEDURES

- 1. Fill procedures after installation of service part.
- Remove foam material remaining on vehicle side.
- Clean area in which foam was removed.
- Install service part.
- Insert nozzle into hole near fill area and fill foam material or fill in enough to close gap with the service part.



- 2. Fill procedures before installation of service part.
- Remove foam material remaining on vehicle side.
- Clean area in which foam was removed.
- Fill foam material on wheelhouse outer side.

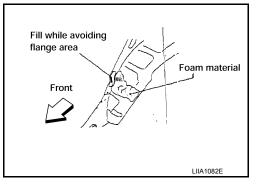
#### NOTE:

Fill in enough to close gap with service part while avoiding flange area.

Install service part.

#### NOTE:

Refer to label for information on working times.

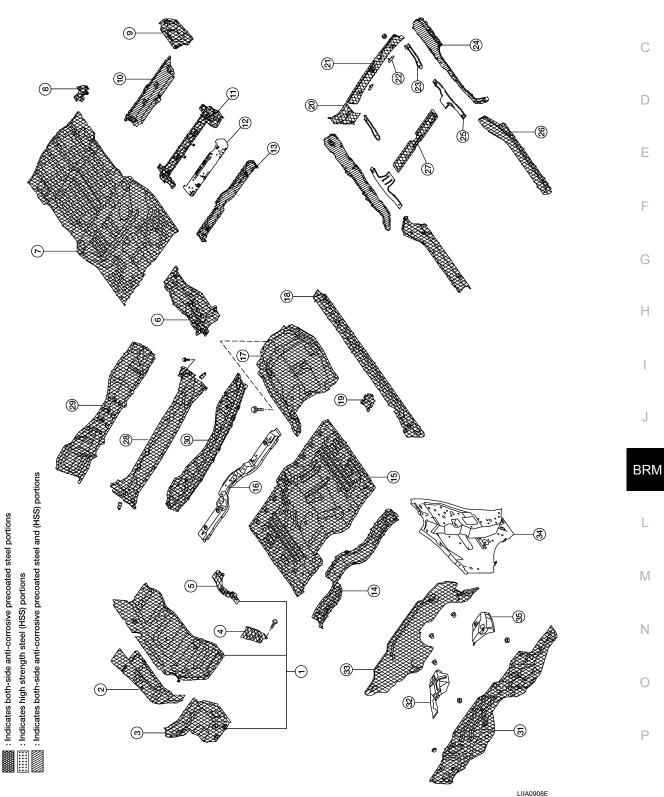


< PREPARATION >

# BODY COMPONENT PARTS

**Body Component Parts** 

UNDERBODY COMPONENT PARTS



- 1. Hoodledge assembly (RH, LH)
- 2. Hoodledge reinforcement (RH, LH)

А

В

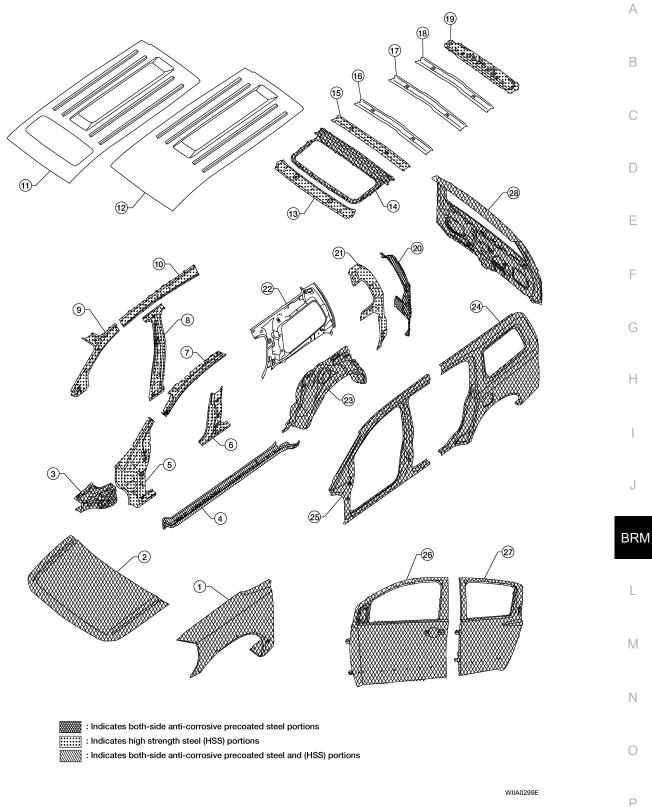
INFOID:000000009823438

#### < PREPARATION >

- 3. Body mounting bracket (RH, LH)
- 4. Hoodledge front brace (RH), Battery mounting bracket (LH)
- 5. Harness connector bracket
- 6. Rear floor reinforcement
- 7. Rear floor
- 8. Rear floor reinforcement
- 9. Rear floor side (RH, LH)
- 10. Crossmember
- 11. Second seat rear crossmember
- 12. Second seat front crossmember
- 13. Rear front seat crossmember
- 14. Second Body crossmember
- 15. Front floor
- 16. Front seat front crossmember
- 17. Front floor reinforcement
- 18. Outer sill (RH, LH)
- 19. Second crossmember extension
- 20. Rear crossmember end
- 21. Rear lower crossmember end
- 22. Rear crossmember end (RH, LH)
- 23. Rear side member rear reinforcement (RH, LH)
- 24. Rear side member (RH, LH)
- 25. Rear side member reinforcement (RH, LH)
- 26. Inner sill extension (RH, LH)
- 27. Rear crossmember
- 28. Upper dash top
- 29. Upper dash bottom
- 30. Cowl top
- 31. Lower dash
- 32. Lower dash insulator (RH)
- 33. Lower dash reinforcement
- 34. Side dash (RH, LH)
- 35. Lower dash insulator

< PREPARATION >

#### BODY COMPONENT PARTS



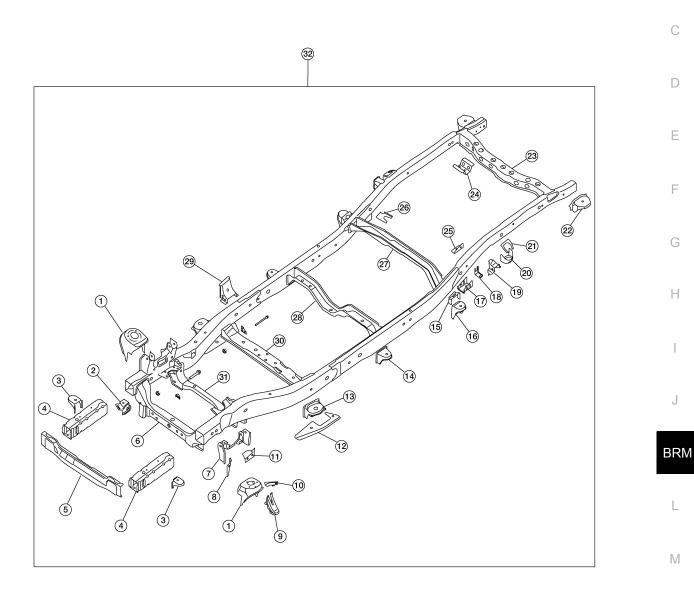
- 1. Front fender (RH, LH)
- 2. Hood assembly
- 3. Rear hoodledge reinforcement (RH, LH)
- 4. Outer sill reinforcement (RH, LH)

#### < PREPARATION >

- 5. Front pillar hinge brace (RH, LH)
- 6. Center pillar hinge brace
- 7. Outer front pillar reinforcement (RH, LH)
- 8. Center inner pillar (RH, LH)
- 9. Front inner pillar upper (RH, LH)
- 10. Inner roof side rail (RH, LH)
- 11. Roof with sunroof opening
- 12. Roof
- 13. Front roof rail
- 14. Sunroof reinforcement
- 15. Roof 1st bow
- 16. Roof 2nd bow
- 17. Roof 3rd bow
- 18. Roof 4th bow
- 19. Rear roof rail
- 20. Main back pillar (RH, LH)
- 21. Back pillar reinforcement (RH, LH)
- 22. Rear inner side panel (RH, LH)
- 23. Rear wheel housing (RH, LH)
- 24. Rear body side outer (RH, LH)
- 25. Front body side outer (RH, LH)
- 26. Front door assembly (RH, LH)
- 27. Rear door assembly (RH, LH)
- 28. Back door assembly

< PREPARATION >

FRAME COMPONENT PARTS



1. Front shock absorber bracket RH/LH

- 2. Front differential mounting bracket RH/LH
- 3. 1st cab mounting bracket RH/LH
- 4. Front side member extension assembly RH/LH
- 5. 1st crossmember assembly

Revision: August 2013

LIIA1594E

А

В

С

D

Е

F

G

Н

J

L

Μ

Ν

Ο

Ρ

#### < PREPARATION >

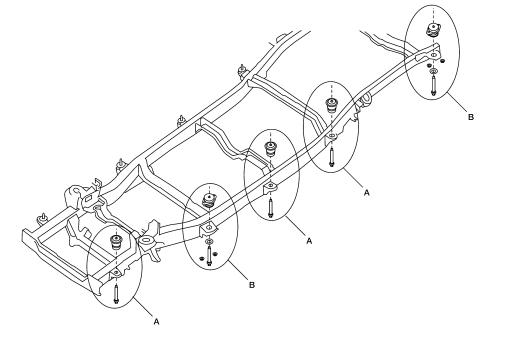
- 6. 2nd crossmember assembly
- 7. Front upper link mounting bracket RH/LH
- 8. Panhard rod bracket reinforcement
- 9. Bound bumper bracket RH/LH
- 10. Front brake hose bracket RH/LH
- 11. Panhard rod reinforcement
- 12. 4th crossmember gusset RH/LH
- 13. 2nd cab mounting bracket RH/LH
- 14. 3rd cab mounting bracket RH/LH
- 15. 4th cab mounting reinforcement RH/LH
- 16. 4th cab mounting bracket RH/LH
- 17. Rear suspension mounting bracket RH/LH
- 18. Rear brake hose bracket
- 19. Rear shock absorber bracket assembly RH/LH
- 20. Rear bound bumper bracket RH/LH
- 21. Rear bracket bumper reinforcement RH/LH
- 22. Cab mounting bracket assembly RH/LH
- 23. 9th crossmember assembly
- 24. Exhaust bracket assembly
- 25. Canister bracket, LH
- 26. 7th crossmember reinforcement
- 27. 7th crossmember assembly
- 28. 6th crossmember assembly
- 29. 4th crossmember gusset RH/LH
- 30. 4th crossmember assembly
- 31. 3rd crossmember assembly
- 32. Frame assembly

# SERVICE INFORMATION BODY REPAIR

# **Body Mounting**

When removing, be sure to replace bolts and nuts (sealant applied bolts or self-lock nuts are used for all mounting).

SEC. 930



BRM

Ρ

J

А

В

С

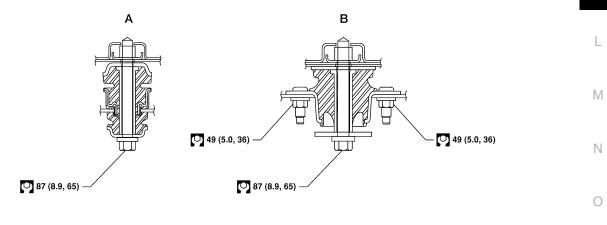
D

Ε

F

Н

INFOID:000000009823439



◯ N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

# Corrosion Protection

### DESCRIPTION

INFOID:000000009823440

LIIA1564E

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

To provide improved corrosion prevention, the following anti-corrosive measures have been implemented in NISSAN production plants. When repairing or replacing body panels, it is necessary to use the same anti-corrosive measures.

ANTI-CORROSIVE PRECOATED STEEL (GALVANNEALED STEEL) To improve repairability and corrosion resistance, a new type of anticorrosive precoated steel sheet has been adopted replacing conventional zinc-coated steel sheet.

Galvannealed steel is electroplated and heated to form Zinc-iron alloy, which provides excellent and long term corrosion resistance with cationic electrode position primer.

Zn rich ∳	//////////////////////////////////////
	Steel sheet(Fe)
↓ Zn rich	Zn-Fe Two-side precoated
	PIIA0093E

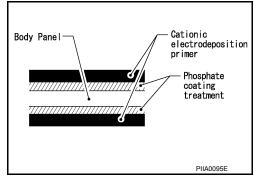
Nissan Genuine Service Parts are fabricated from galvannealed steel. Therefore, it is recommended that GENUINE NISSAN PARTS or equivalent be used for panel replacement to maintain the anti-corrosive performance built into the vehicle at the factory.

PHOSPHATE COATING TREATMENT AND CATIONIC ELECTRODEPOSITION PRIMER

A phosphate coating treatment and a cationic electrode position primer, which provide excellent corrosion protection, are employed on all body components.

#### **CAUTION:**

Confine paint removal during welding operations to an absolute minimum.



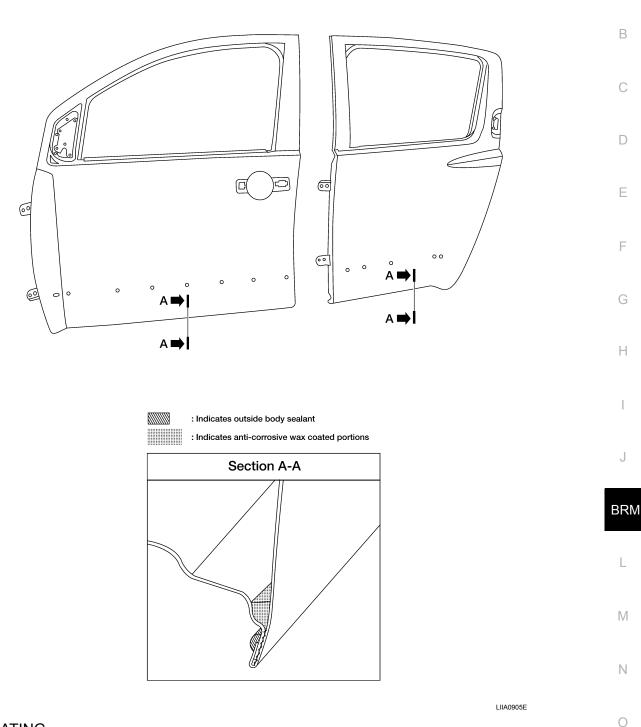
Nissan Genuine Service Parts are also treated in the same manner. Therefore, it is recommended that GENU-INE NISSAN PARTS or equivalent be used for panel replacement to maintain anti-corrosive performance built into the vehicle at the factory.

#### ANTI-CORROSIVE WAX

To improve corrosion resistance, anti-corrosive wax is applied inside the body sill and inside other closed sections. Accordingly, when replacing these parts, be sure to apply anti-corrosive wax to the appropriate areas of

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

the new parts. Select an excellent anti-corrosive wax which will penetrate after application and has a long shelf life.



UNDERCOATING

The underside of the floor and wheelhouse are undercoated to prevent rust, vibration, noise and stone chipping. Therefore, when such a panel is replaced or repaired, apply undercoating to that part. Use an undercoating which is rust preventive, soundproof, vibration-proof, shock-resistant, adhesive, and durable.

Precautions in undercoating

- 1. Do not apply undercoating to any place unless specified (such as the areas above the muffler and three way catalyst which are subjected to heat).
- 2. Do not undercoat the exhaust pipe or other parts which become hot.
- 3. Do not undercoat rotating parts.

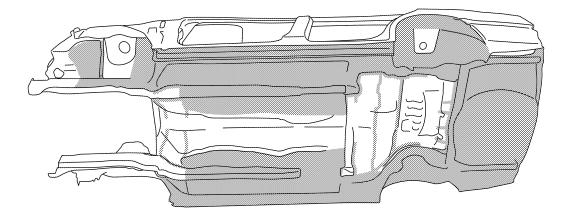
Ρ

А

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

#### 4. Apply bitumen wax after applying undercoating.

: Indicates undercoated portions.



LIIA0129E

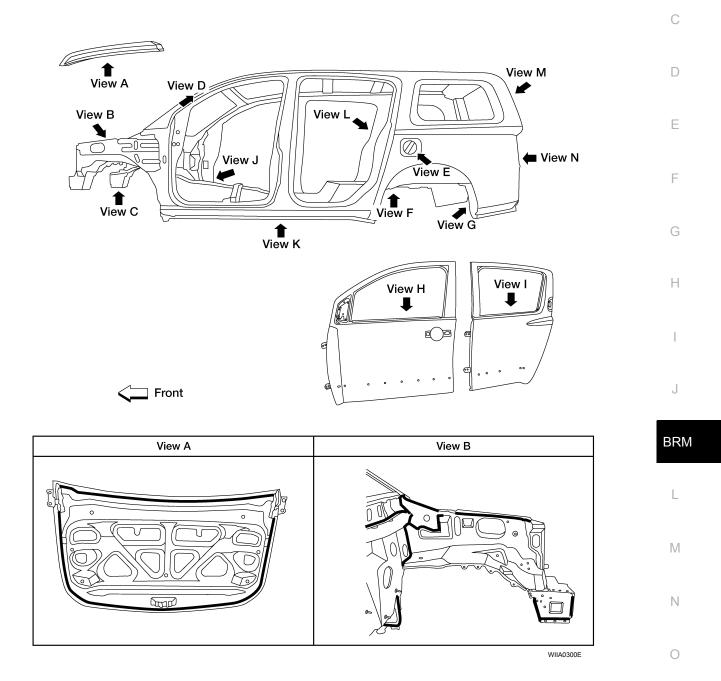
Body Sealing

DESCRIPTION

INFOID:000000009823441

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

The following figure shows the areas which are sealed at the factory. Sealant which has been applied to these areas should be smooth and free from cuts or gaps. Care should be taken not to apply an excess amount of sealant and not to allow other unaffected parts to come into contact with the sealant.

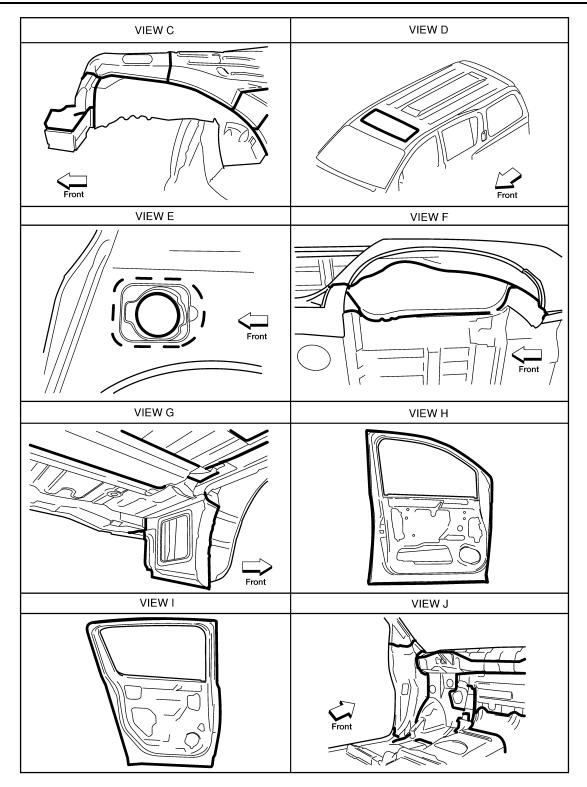


Ρ

А

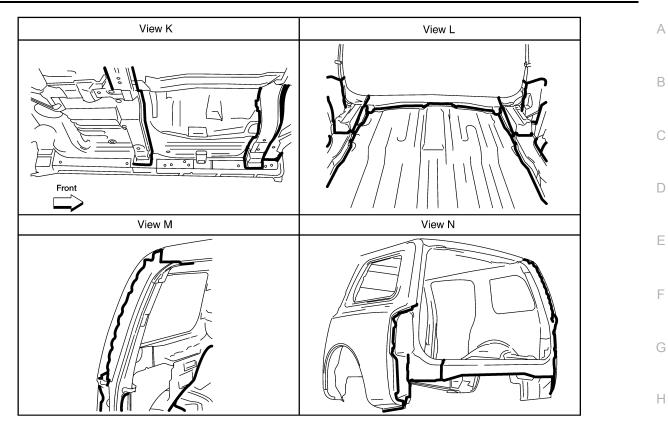
В

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >



WIIA0278E

# < SERVICE INFORMATION >



J

BRM



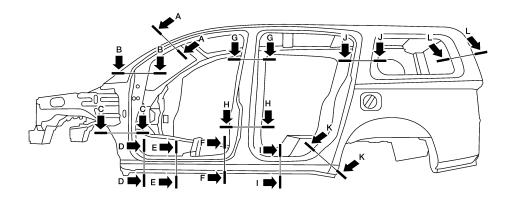
LIIA0912E

Ρ

## < SERVICE INFORMATION >

# **Body Construction**

# BODY CONSTRUCTION



Section A-A	Section B-B	Section C-C	Section D-D
Section E-E	Section F-F	Section G-G	Section H-H
Section I-I	Section J-J	Section K-K	Section L-L

LIIA1113E

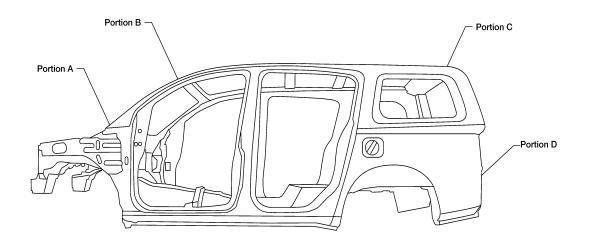
INFOID:000000009823443

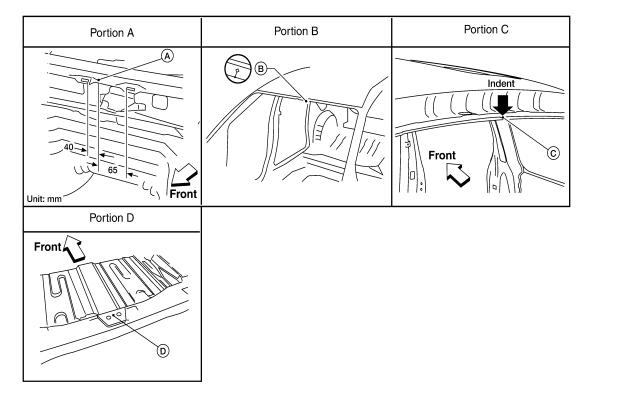
# BODY CENTER MARKS

**Body Alignment** 

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

A mark has been placed on each part of the body to indicate the vehicle center. When repairing parts damaged by an accident which might affect the vehicle frame (members, pillars, etc.), more accurate and effective repair will be possible by using these marks together with body alignment specifications.





LIIA1440E

А

В

С

D

Ε

F

Н

J

BRM

L

Μ

Ν

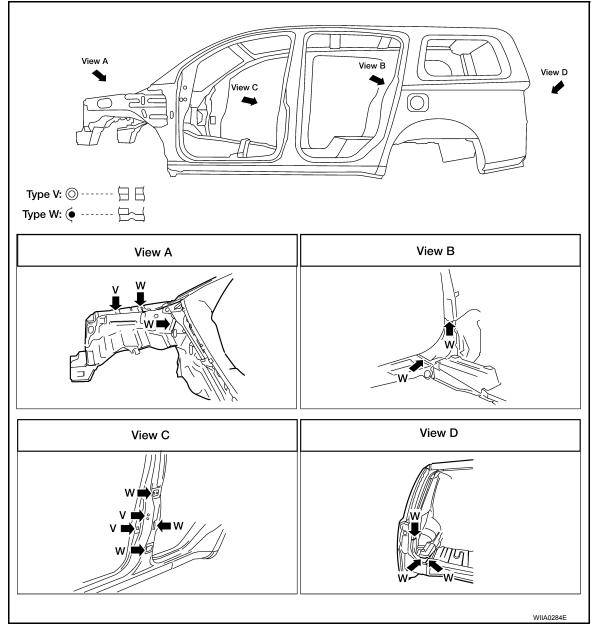
Ο

Ρ

# PANEL PARTS MATCHING MARKS

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

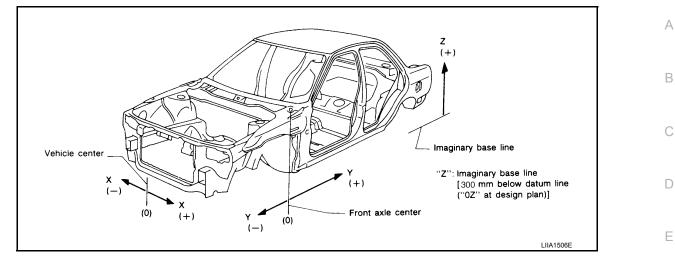
A mark has been placed on each body panel to indicate the parts matching positions. When repairing parts damaged by an accident which might affect the vehicle structure (members, pillars, etc.), more accurate and effective repair will be possible by using these marks together with body alignment specifications.



#### DESCRIPTION

- All dimensions indicated in the figures are actual.
- When using a tracking gauge, adjust both pointers to equal length. Then check the pointers and gauge itself to make sure there is no free play.
- When a measuring tape is used, check to be sure there is no elongation, twisting or bending.
- · Measurements should be taken at the center of the mounting holes.
- An asterisk (\*) following the value at the measuring point indicates that the measuring point on the other side is symmetrically the same value.
- The coordinates of the measurement points are the distances measured from the standard line of "X", "Y" and "Z".

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >



# **Engine Compartment**

J

F

G

Н

L

Μ

Ν

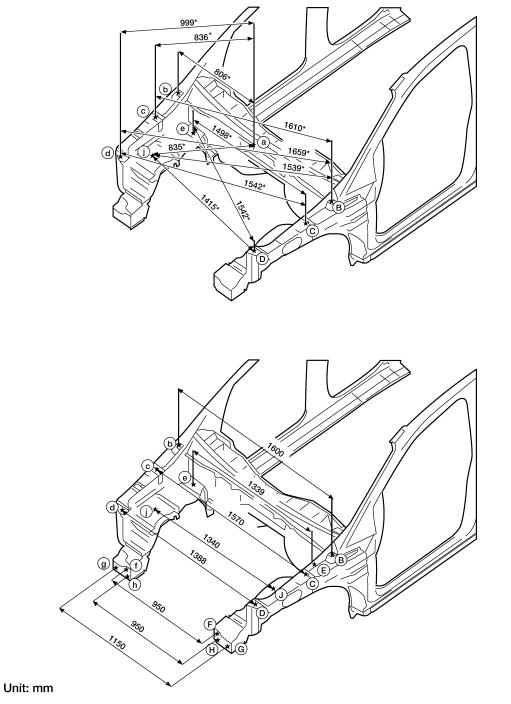
Ο

Ρ

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

#### MEASUREMENT

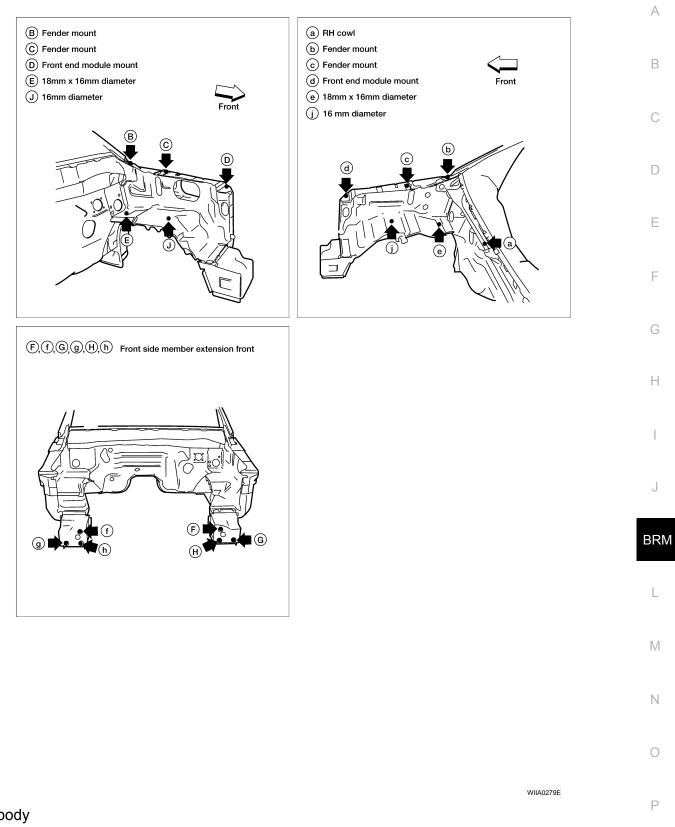
Figures marked with a (\*) indicate symmetrically identical dimensions on both right and left hand sides of the vehicle.



AWIIA1088GB

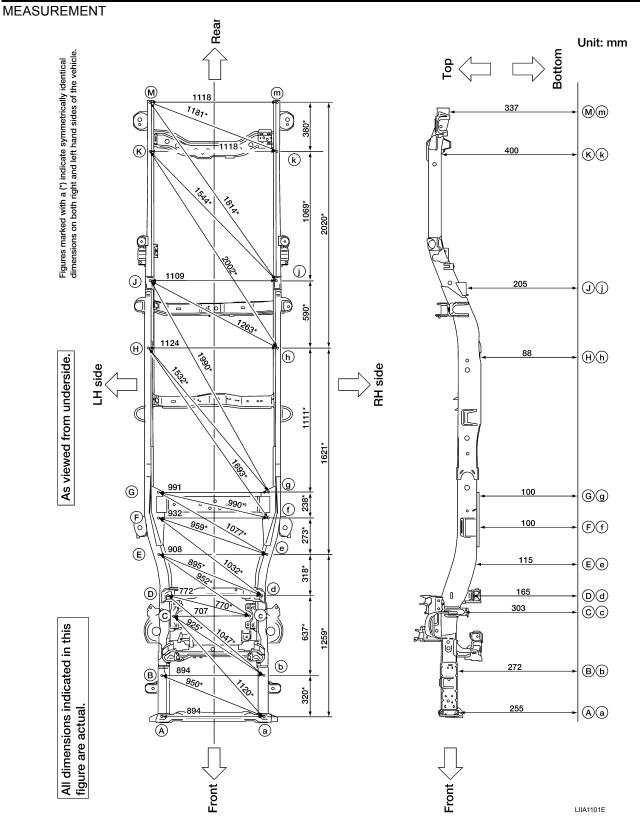
# < SERVICE INFORMATION >



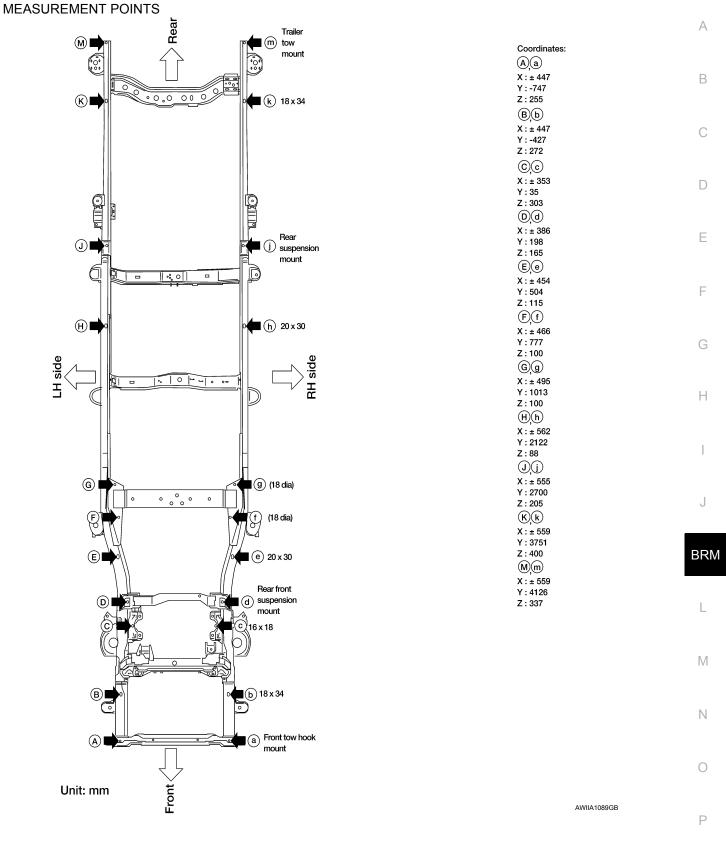


Underbody

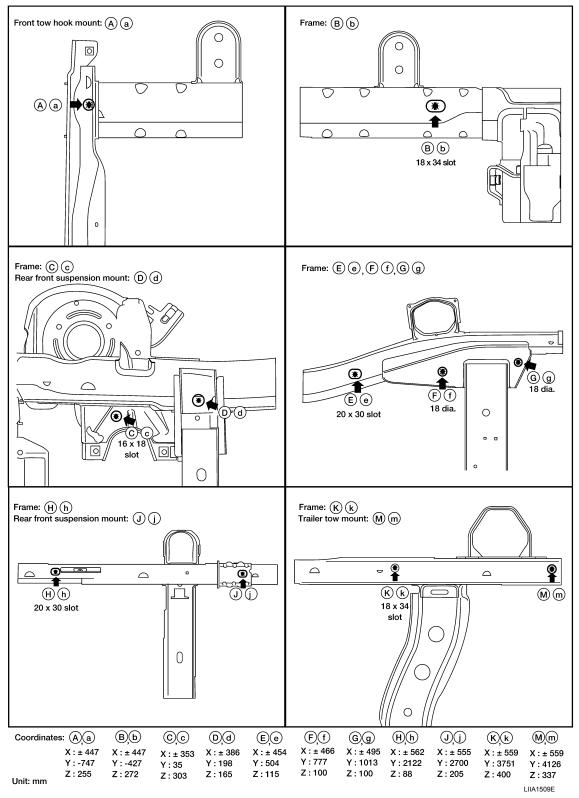
# < SERVICE INFORMATION >



# < SERVICE INFORMATION >



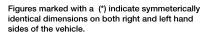
#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

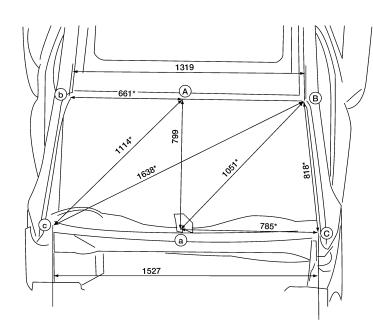


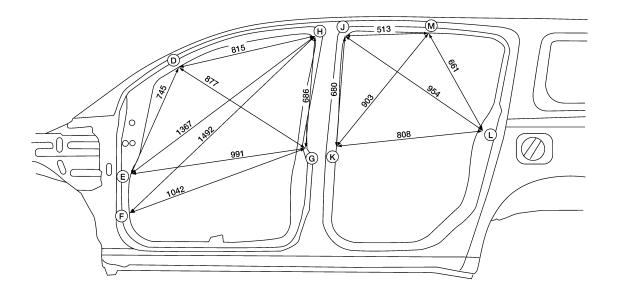
Passenger Compartment

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

MEASUREMENT







Unit: mm

LIIA1510E

Ο

А

В

С

D

Е

F

G

Н

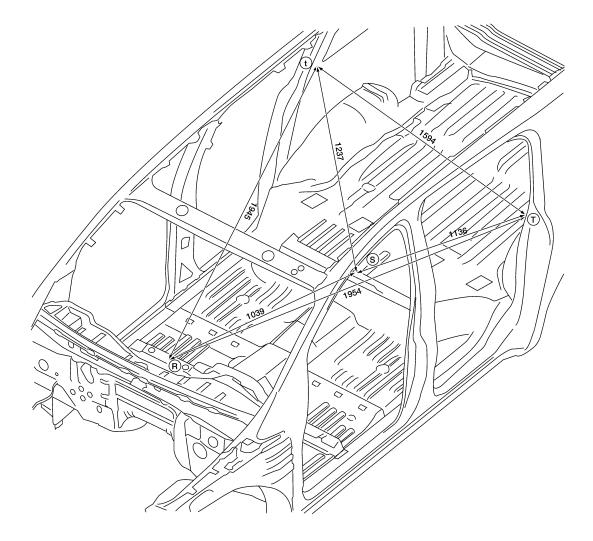
J

BRM

L

Μ

Ν

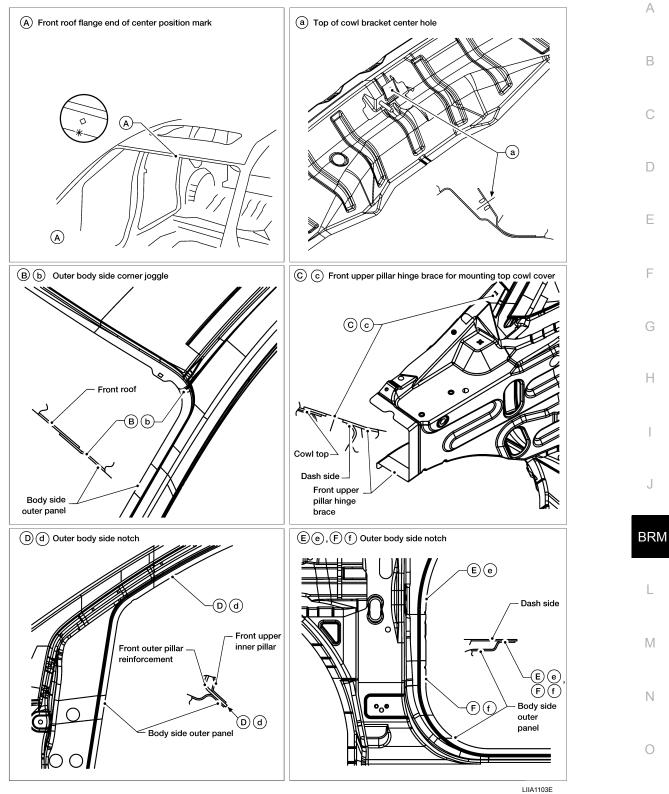


Unit : mm

LIIA1105E

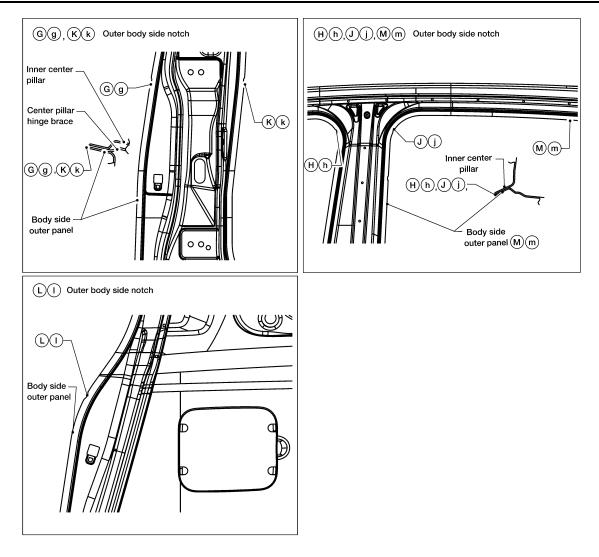
# < SERVICE INFORMATION >

#### MEASUREMENT POINTS



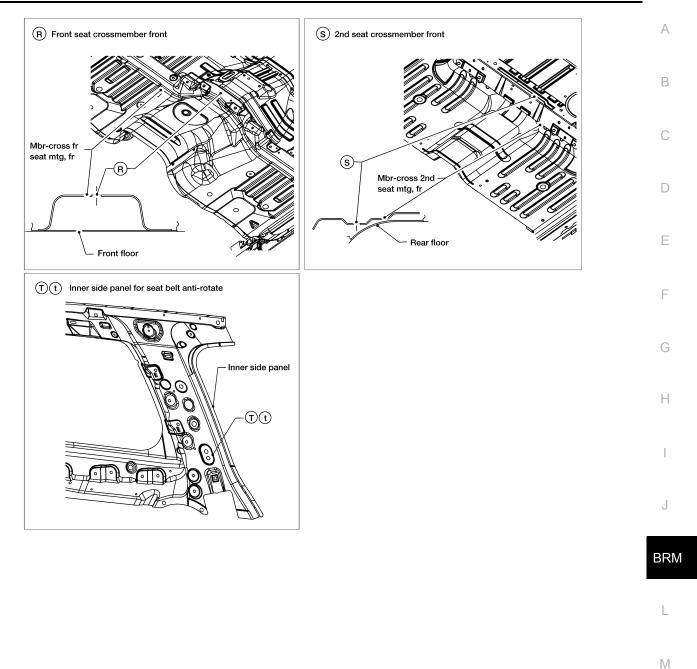
Ρ

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >



AWIIA1090GB

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >



Rear Body

LIIA1106E

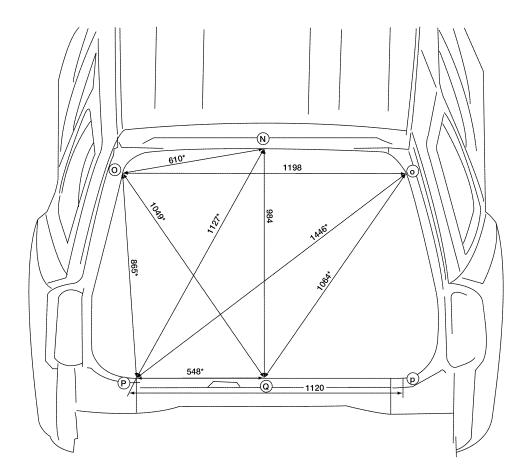
Ν

Ο

Ρ

### MEASUREMENT

Figures marked with a (\*) indicate symmeterically identical dimensions on both right and left hand sides of the vehicle.

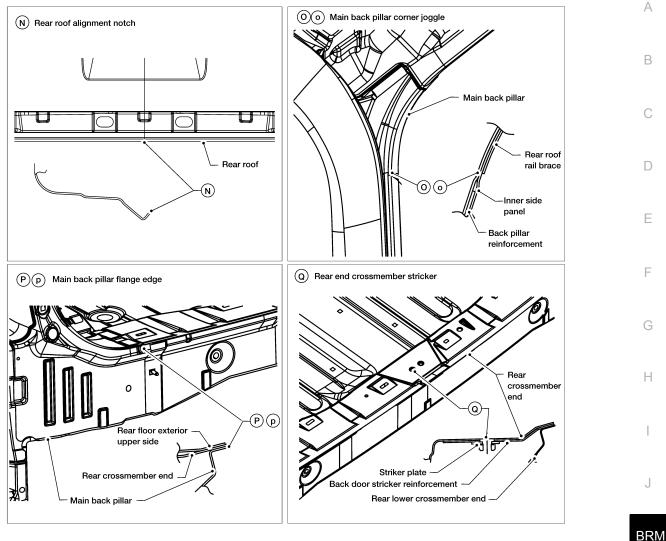


Unit: mm

LIIA1511E

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

#### MEASUREMENT POINTS



L

Μ

Ν

Ο

Ρ

## **Replacement Operation**

INFOID:000000009823444

LUA1107E

### DESCRIPTION

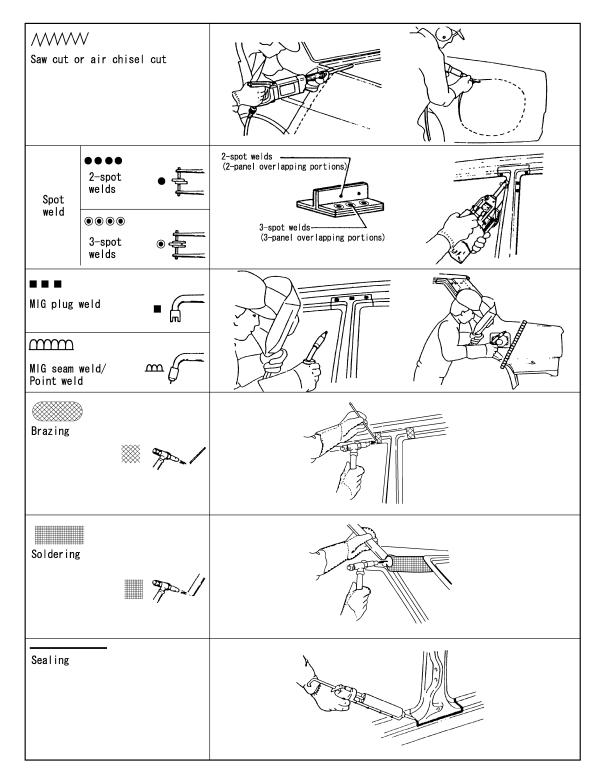
This section is prepared for technicians who have attained a high level of skill and experience in repairing collision-damaged vehicles and also use modern service tools and equipment. Persons unfamiliar with body repair techniques should not attempt to repair collision-damaged vehicles by using this section.

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

Technicians are also encouraged to read Body Repair Manual (Fundamentals) in order to ensure that the original functions and quality of the vehicle can be maintained. The Body Repair Manual (Fundamentals) contains additional information, including cautions and warnings, that are not including in this manual. Technicians should refer to both manuals to ensure proper repairs.

Please note that this information is prepared for worldwide usage, and as such, certain procedures may not apply in some regions or countries.

The symbols used in this section for cutting and welding / brazing operations are shown below.



PIIA0149E

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

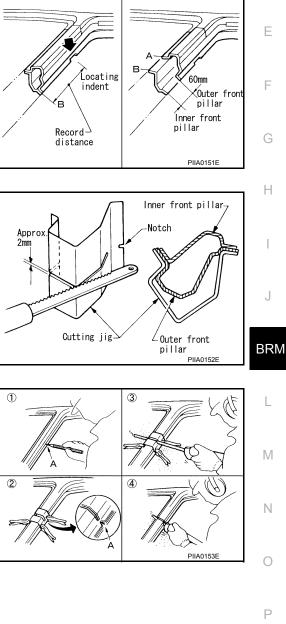
• Front pillar butt joint can be determined anywhere within shaded area as shown in the figure. The best location for the butt joint is at position A due to the construction of the vehicle. Refer to the front pillar section.

• Determine cutting position and record distance from the locating indent. Use this distance when cutting the service part. Cut outer front pillar over 60 mm above inner front pillar cut position.

• Prepare a cutting jig to make outer pillar easier to cut. Also, this will permit service part to be accurately cut at joint position.

- An example of cutting operation using a cutting jig is as follows.
- 1. Mark cutting lines.
  - A: Cut position of outer pillar
  - B: Cut position of inner pillar
- 2. Align cutting line with notch on jig. Clamp jig to pillar.
- 3. Cut outer pillar along groove of jig. (At position A)
- 4. Remove jig and cut remaining portions.
- 5. Cut inner pillar at position B in same manner.





В

А

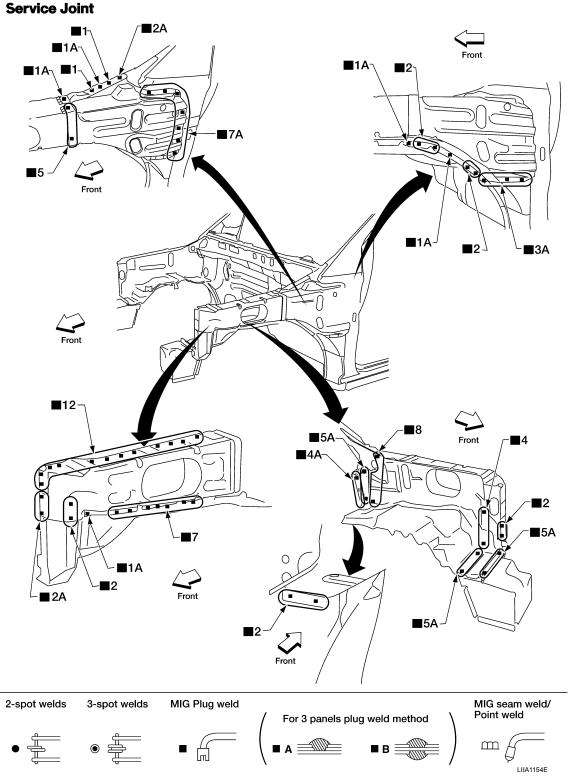
С

D

PIIA0150

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

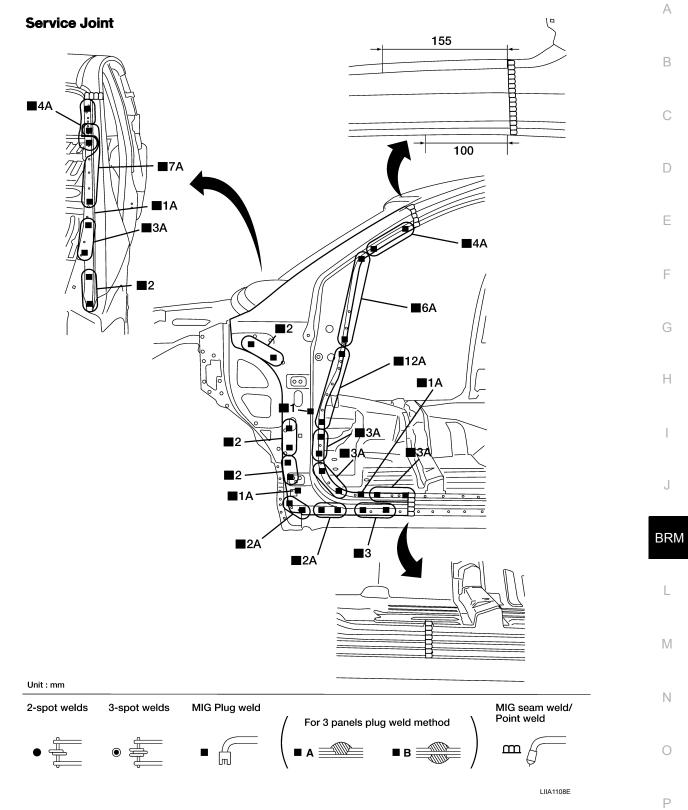
· Work after radiator core support has been removed.



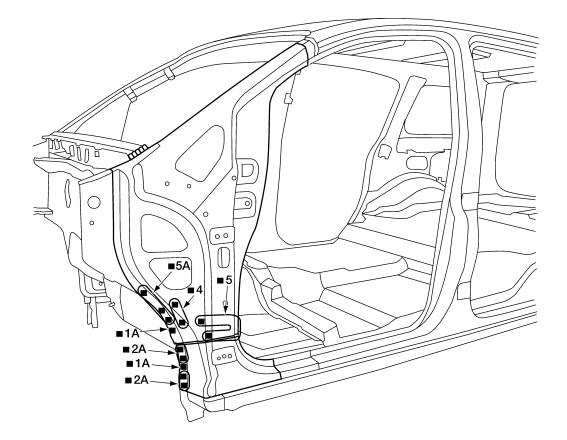
FRONT PILLAR

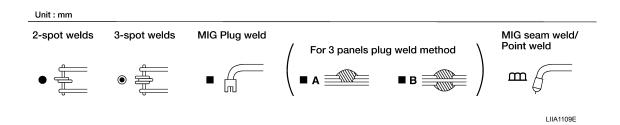
### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

• Work after rear hoodledge reinforcement has been removed.



### **Service Joint**

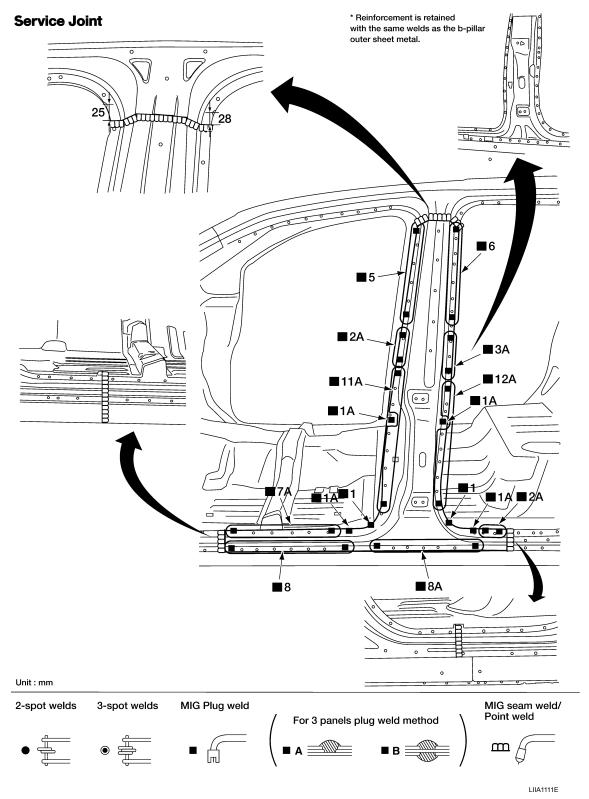




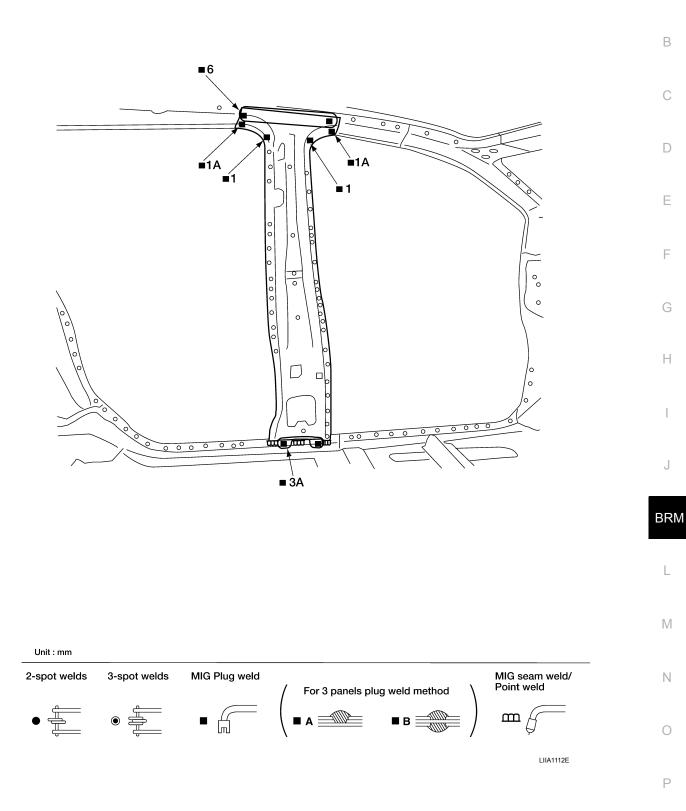
#### А **Service Joint** В **4** 0 ∎1 ■ 3A ■1A С ■1A 0 ∎4A D Ť( ∎1<u>¯</u> 0 ∎2A Χ Е ■7A 0 ■1A ■1A F ∎1A o $\odot$ 0 Ш G T 0 Н 0 J BRM L Μ Unit : mm 2-spot welds 3-spot welds MIG Plug weld MIG seam weld/ Ν Point weld For 3 panels plug weld method m या॥ारू या॥ारू ■ B 🗏 Ο LIIA1110E Ρ

# < SERVICE INFORMATION >

# CENTER PILLAR



#### **Service Joint**



А

В

С

D

Е

F

G

Н

1

J

L

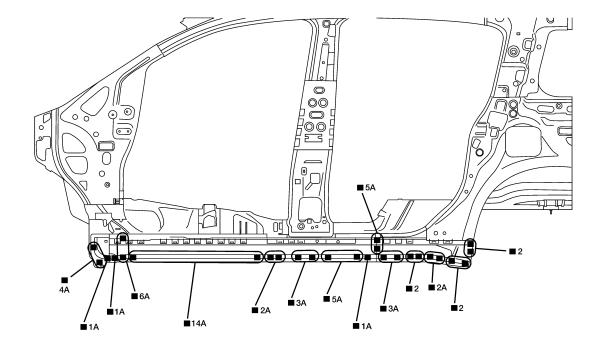
Μ

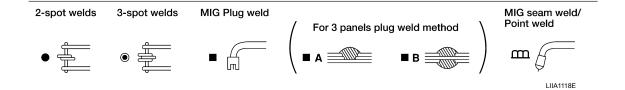
Ν

Ο

Ρ

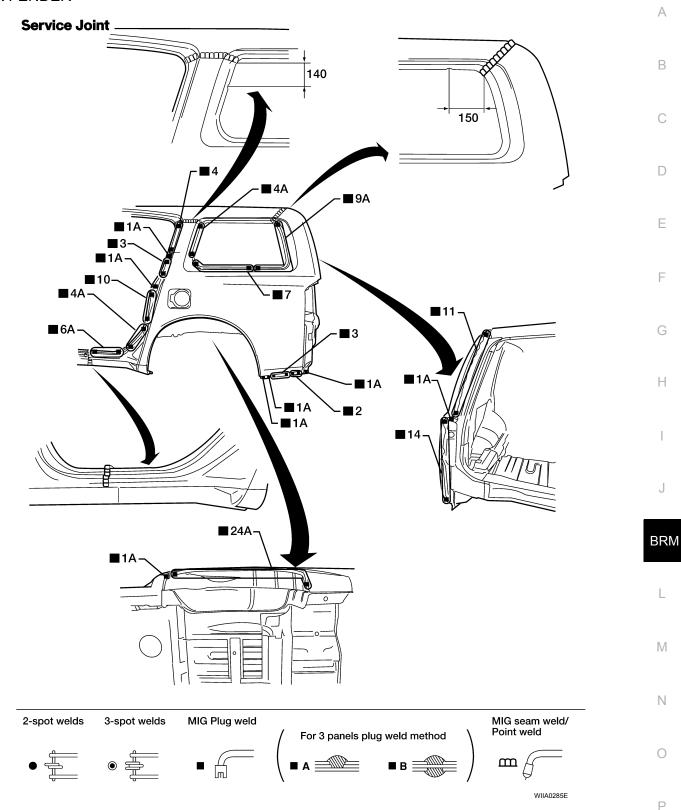
**Service Joint** 

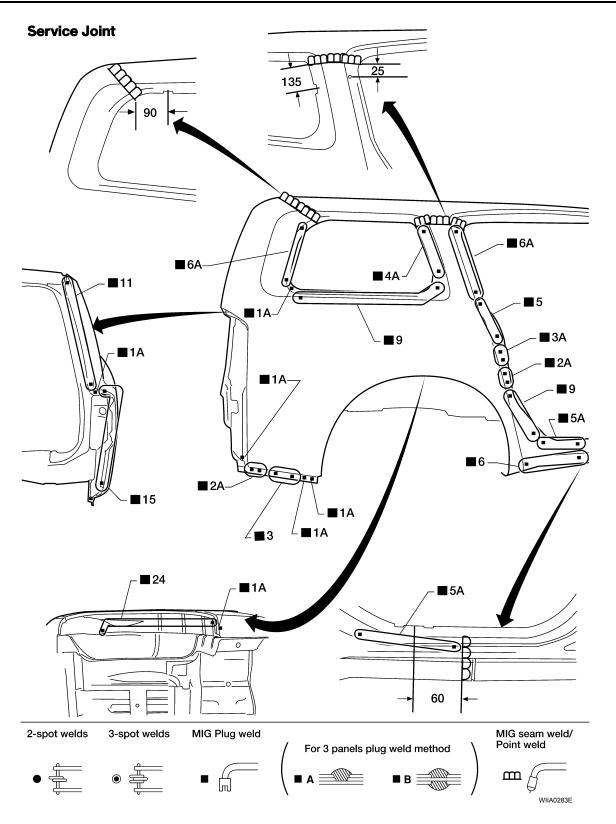




### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

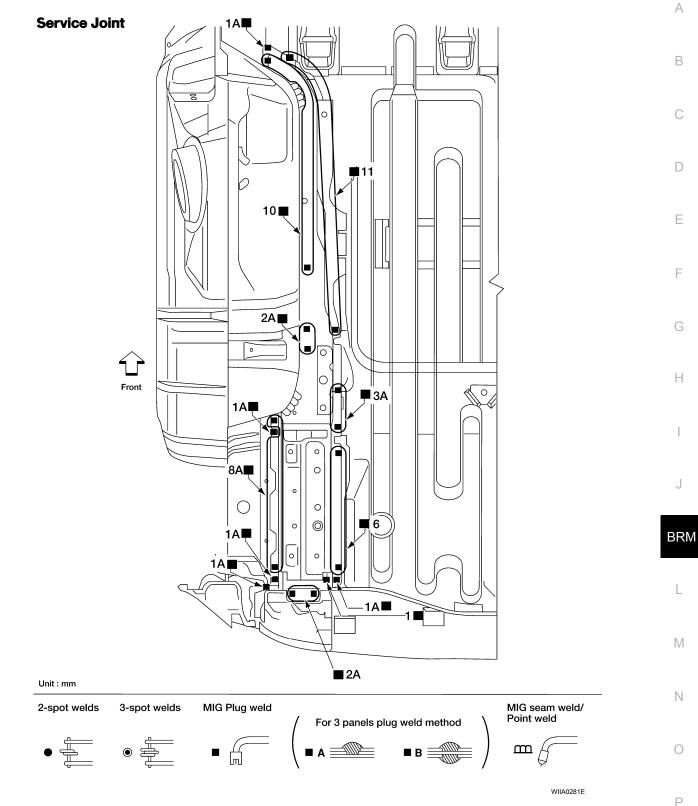
### REAR FENDER



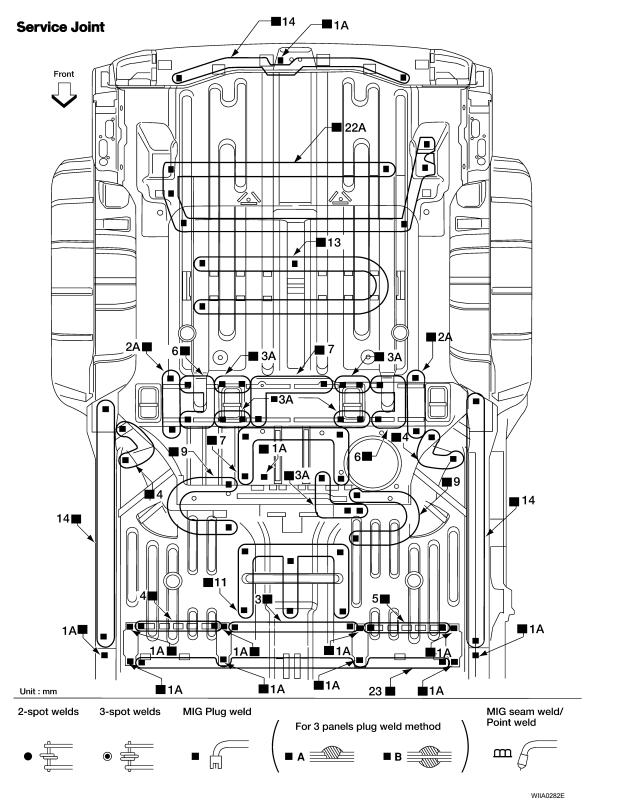


### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

### REAR SIDE MEMBER



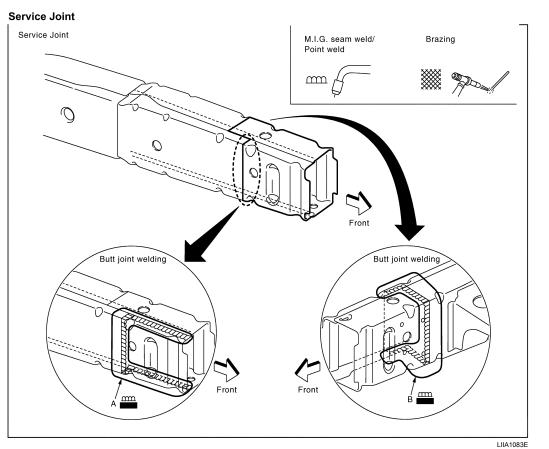
REAR FLOOR REAR



**CRUSH HORN** 

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

#### • Work after 1st crossmember has been removed.



#### Portions to be welded:

A. Inner side rail crush horn, inner side rail crush horn and outer side rail crush horn.

B. Outer side rail crush horn, outer side rail crush horn and inner side rail crush horn.

#### **Removal Notes**

А

В

С

D

Е

F

G

Н

J

BRM

L

Μ

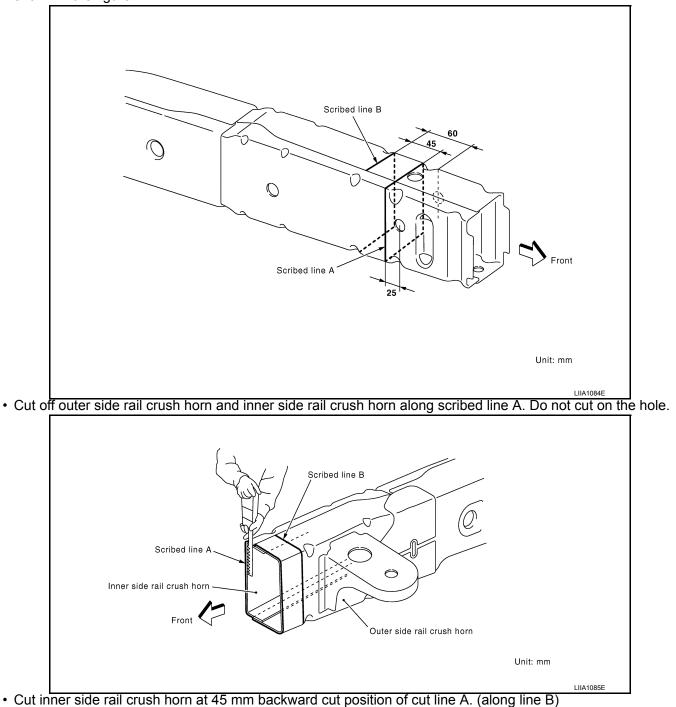
Ν

Ο

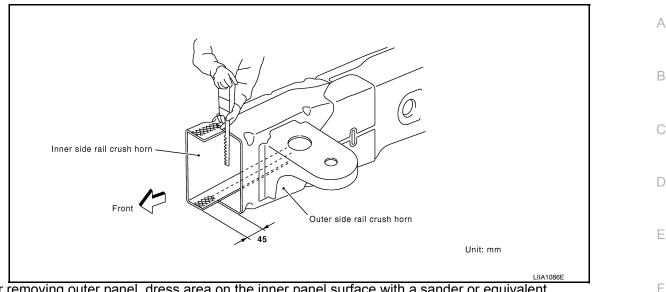
Ρ

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

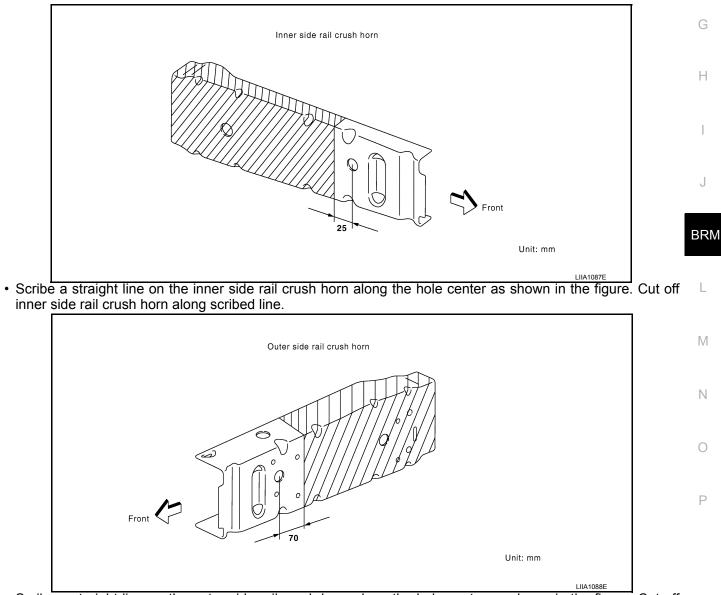
• Scribe a straight line on the outer side rail crush horn and inner side rail crush horn along the hole center as shown in the figure.



### < SERVICE INFORMATION >



After removing outer panel, dress area on the inner panel surface with a sander or equivalent.
Installation Notes



• Scribe a straight line on the outer side rail crush horn along the hole center as shown in the figure. Cut off outer side rail crush horn along scribed line.

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

• Weld part to be butt-welded and seam-welded corner to corner as shown in the figure.

