SECTION CO CO ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM C

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CONTENTS

QR25DE	Removal and Installation21
PRECAUTION3	THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUS-ING23
PRECAUTIONS	Exploded View
PREPARATION5	Exploded View26 Removal and Installation26
PREPARATION 5 Special Service Tool 5 Commercial Service Tool 5	WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING28 Exploded View
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION7	SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS
COOLING SYSTEM 7 Cooling Circuit 7 Schematic 8 OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS 9 Troubleshooting Chart 9	SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)
PERIODIC MAINTENANCE11	PRECAUTION31
ENGINE COOLANT	PRECAUTIONS
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION16	Precaution for Liquid Gasket31
RADIATOR16Exploded View16Removal and Installation16	PREPARATION
Exploded View	Commercial Service Tool33 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION35
WATER PUMP21 Exploded View21	COOLING SYSTEM35 Cooling Circuit35

Schematic	WATER PUMP	50
OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS37	Exploded View	
Troubleshooting Chart	Removal and installation :	50
PERIODIC MAINTENANCE39	WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEM-	
ENGINE COOLANT39	Frank alad Vierra	
System Inspection	Pomoval and Installation	
Changing Engine Coolant	WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING	57
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION 44	Exploded View	
RADIATOR 44 Exploded View 44	SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS	
Removal and Installation44	(SDS)	59
ENGINE COOLING FAN47		
Exploded View47	, (SDS)	
Removal and Installation (Crankshaft driven type) 47 Removal and Installation (Motor driven type) 48		59

< PRECAUTION > [QR25DE]

PRECAUTION

PRECAUTIONS

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SR and SB section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal
 injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag
 Module, see the SR section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

WARNING:

- When working near the Airbag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Airbag System sensors with the Ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the Ignition OFF, disconnect the battery and wait at least three minutes before performing any service.

Precaution for Liquid Gasket

REMOVAL OF LIQUID GASKET

 After removing the bolts and nuts, separate the mating surface and remove the old liquid gasket using Tool.

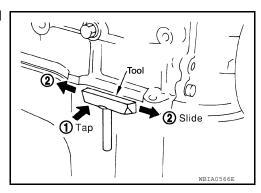
Tool number : KV10111100 (J-37228)

CAUTION:

Do not damage the mating surfaces.

- Tap the seal cutter to insert it (1).
- In areas where the Tool is difficult to use, lightly tap to slide it (2).

LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE



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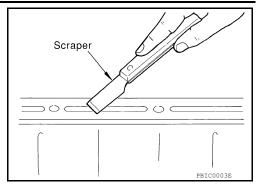
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PRECAUTIONS

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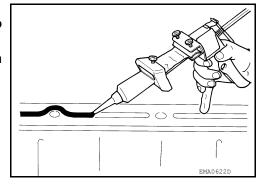
. Remove the old liquid gasket adhering to the gasket application surface and the mating surface using suitable tool.

- Remove the liquid gasket completely from the groove of the liquid gasket application surface, bolts, and bolt holes.
- Thoroughly clean the mating surfaces and remove adhering moisture, grease and foreign material.

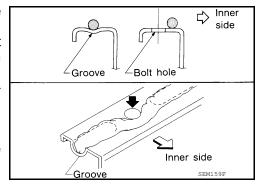


- 3. Attach the liquid gasket tube to the suitable tool.

 Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-21, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".
- 4. Apply the liquid gasket without breaks to the specified location with the specified dimensions.



- If there is a groove for the liquid gasket application, apply the liquid gasket to the groove.
- Normally apply the liquid gasket on the inside edge of the bolt holes. Also apply to the outside edge of the bolt holes when specified in the procedure.
- Within five minutes of liquid gasket application, install the mating component.
- If the liquid gasket protrudes, wipe it off immediately.
- · Do not retighten after the installation.
- Wait 30 minutes or more after installation before refilling the engine with oil or coolant.



CALITION

If there are more specific instructions in the procedures contained in this manual concerning liquid gasket application, observe them.

PREPARATION

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PREPARATION

PREPARATION

Special Service Tool

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Tool number (TechMate No.) Tool name		Description
KV10111100 (J-37228) Seal cutter	A	Removing chain tensioner cover and water pump cover
EG17650301	NT046	Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator cap and radiator filler neck
J-33984-A) Radiator cap tester adapter		and radiator filler neck a: 28 (1.10) dia. b: 31.4 (1.236) dia. c: 41.3 (1.626) dia. Unit: mm (in)
	S-NT564	
(V991J0070 J-45695) Coolant refill tool		Filling cooling system
	IMA053	
(V991J0010 J-23688) Engine coolant refractometer		Checking concentration of ethylene glycol in engine coolant
	WBIA0539E	

Commercial Service Tool

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PREPARATION

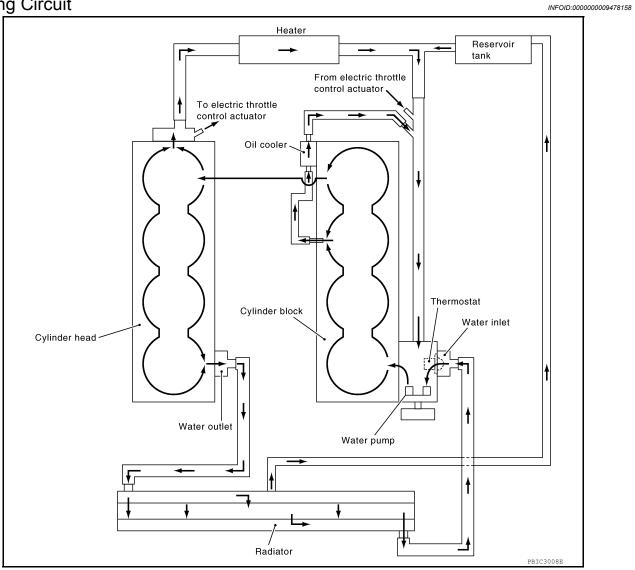
< PREPARATION > [QR25DE]

Tool name		Description
Power tool		Loosening nuts, screws and bolts
r ower tool		Loosening huts, screws and boils
Radiator cap tester	PIIB1407E	Checking radiator and radiator cap
Tradiator cap tester		Checking radiator and radiator cap
Coolant system tester adapter	PBIC1982E	Adapting radiator cap tester to reservoir filler
Coolant system tester adapter		neck
	WBIA0408E	
Coolant system tester adapter	METHOR	Adapting radiator cap tester to reservoir cap
oodan ojaan taata aaapta		Transparing restauration coup to the couper couper
	WBIA0409E	
Tube presser	- 12110.002	Pressing the tube of liquid gasket
•		1, 3, 3, 1
	De NU	
	S-NT052	

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

COOLING SYSTEM

Cooling Circuit



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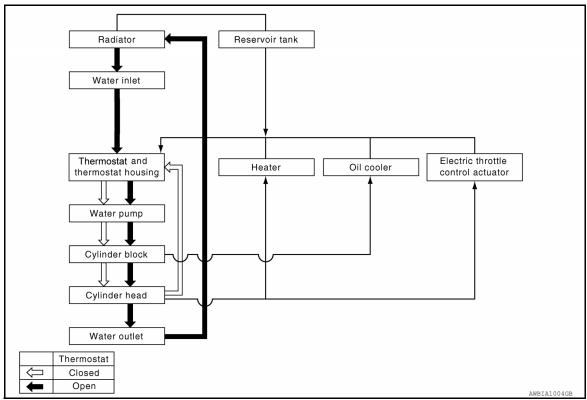
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OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

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OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

Troubleshooting Chart

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	Symptom		Check	k items
		Water pump malfunction	Worn or loose drive belt	
		Thermostat or water control valve stuck closed	Thermostat or water control valve	
	Poor heat transfer	Damaged fins	Dust contamination or pa- per clogging	<u> </u>
		_	Physical damage	
		Clogged radiator cooling tube	Excess foreign material (rust, dirt, sand, etc.)	
		Cooling fan does not operate		
	Reduced air flow	High resistance to fan rotation	Fan assembly	_
		Damaged fan blades		
	Damaged radiator shroud	_	Radiator shroud	_
Cooling sys- em parts	Improper engine coolant mixture ratio	_	Engine coolant viscosity	_
nalfunction	Poor engine coolant quality	_		
		Cooling hose	Loose clamp	
			Cooling nose	Cracked hose
			Water pump	Poor sealing
			Radiator or reservoir cap	Loose
		Engine coolant leaks		Poor sealing
	Insufficient engine coolant		e coolant	
			Radiator	Cracked radiator tank
				Cracked radiator core
			Reservoir tank	Cracked reservoir tank
			Euleust needle liete	Cylinder head deterioration
C		Overflowing reservoir tank	Exhaust gas leaks into cooling system	Cylinder head gasket deteri- oration

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OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

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	Sym	nptom	Chec	k items
				High engine rpm under no load
		Overload on engine	Abusive driving	Driving in low gear for extended time
				Driving at extremely high speed
	_		Powertrain system malfunction	
Except cooling system parts malfunction			Installed improper size wheels and tires	<u> </u>
			Dragging brakes	
			Improper ignition timing	
		Blocked bumper	Mud contamination or paper clogging	
			Installed car brassiere	
Blocked or res flow	Blocked or restricted air flow	Blocked radiator grille	Mud contamination or paper clogging	_
		Blocked radiator		
		Blocked condenser	Blocked air flow	
		Installed large fog lamp		

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PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

ENGINE COOLANT

System Inspection

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WARNING:

- Do not remove the radiator cap or reservoir tank cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator or reservoir.
- Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing down and turning it all the way.

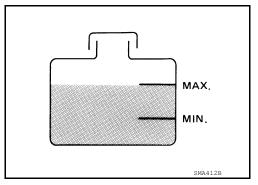
CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM HOSES

Check hoses for the following:

- Improper attachment
- Leaks
- Cracks
- Damage
- · Loose connections
- Chafing
- Deterioration

CHECKING RESERVOIR LEVEL

- Check if the engine coolant reservoir tank level is within MIN to MAX when the engine is cool.
- · Adjust engine coolant level as necessary.



CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKS

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap or reservoir cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure coolant escaping from the radiator or reservoir.

 To check for leakage, apply pressure to the cooling system at the reservoir filler neck using suitable tool and Tool.

Tool number : EG17650301 (J-33984-A)

Testing pressure : Refer to CO-30, "Standard

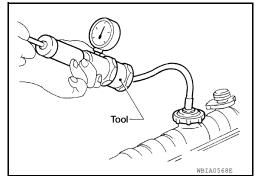
and Limit".

CAUTION:

Higher pressure than specified may cause radiator damage. NOTE:

In case that engine coolant decreases, replenish cooling system with engine coolant.

If any concerns are found, repair or replace damaged parts.



CHECKING RESERVOIR CAP

- Inspect the reservoir cap.
 - Replace the cap if the metal plunger cannot be seen around the edge of the black rubber gasket.
 - Replace the cap if deposits of waxy residue or other foreign material are on the black rubber gasket or the metal retainer.

NOTE:

Revision: May 2014 CO-11 2014 Frontier

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< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

Thoroughly wipe out the reservoir filler neck to remove any waxy residue or foreign material.

- 2. Pull the negative-pressure valve to open it and check that it closes completely when released.
 - Check that there is no dirt or damage on the valve seat of the reservoir cap negative-pressure valve.
 - Check that there are no abnormalities in the opening and closing conditions of the negative-pressure valve.



3. Check reservoir cap relief pressure using suitable tool and Tool.

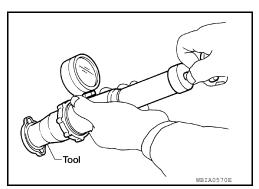
Tool number : EG17650301 (J-33984-A)

Standard: Refer to CO-30, "Standard

and Limit".

NOTE:

- Apply engine coolant to the cap seal surface.
- Replace the reservoir cap if there is any damage in the negative-pressure valve, or if the open-valve pressure is outside of the limit.



CHECKING RADIATOR CAP

Inspect the radiator cap.

NOTE:

Thoroughly wipe out the radiator filler neck to remove any waxy residue or foreign material.

 Replace the cap if deposits of waxy residue or other foreign material are on the black rubber gasket or the metal retainer.

CHECKING RADIATOR

Check radiator for mud or clogging. If necessary, clean radiator as follows.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to bend or damage the radiator fins.
- When radiator is cleaned without removal, remove all surrounding parts such as cooling fan shroud and horns. Then tape the harness and electrical connectors to prevent water from entering.
- Spray water to the back side of the radiator core using a side to side motion from the top down.
- 2. Stop spraying when debris no longer flows from radiator core.
- 3. Blow air into the back side of radiator core using a side to side motion from the top down.
 - Use compressed air lower than 490 kPa (5 kg/cm², 71 psi) and keep distance more than 30 cm (11.8 in).
- 4. Continue to blow air until no water sprays out.
- 5. Check for coolant leaks. Repair as necessary.

Changing Engine Coolant

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WARNING:

- To avoid being scalded, do not change the coolant when the engine is hot.
- Wrap a thick cloth around the cap to carefully remove the cap. First, turn the cap a quarter of a turn
 to release any built-up pressure, then push down and turn the cap all the way to remove it.
- Avoid direct skin contact with used coolant. If skin contact is made, wash thoroughly with soap or hand cleaner as soon as possible.
- · Keep coolant out of the reach of children and pets.

DRAINING ENGINE COOLANT

 Turn ignition switch ON and set temperature control lever all the way to HOT position or the highest temperature position. Wait 10 seconds and turn ignition switch OFF.

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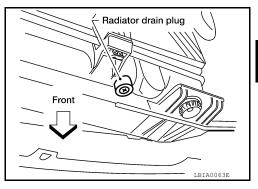
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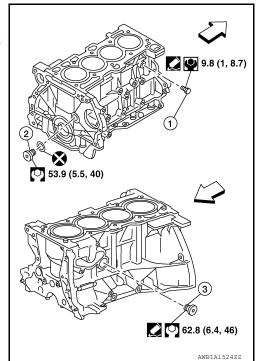
- 2. Remove the engine under cover. Refer to EXT-15, "Removal and Installation".
- Open the radiator drain plug at the bottom of the radiator, and remove the reservoir cap. This is the only step required when partially draining the cooling system (radiator only).
 CAUTION:
 - Do not allow the coolant to contact the drive belts.
 - · Perform this step when engine is cold.



- 4. Follow this step for heater core removal/replacement only. Disconnect the upper heater hose at the engine side and apply moderate air pressure [103.46 kPa (15 psi, 1.055 kg/cm²) maximum air pressure] into the hose for 30 seconds to blow the excess coolant out of the heater core.
- 5. When draining all of the coolant in the system for engine removal or repair, it is necessary to drain the cylinder block. Remove the cylinder block drain plugs (1), (2), (3) or block heater (if equipped), to drain the cylinder block as shown. CAUTION:

Do not reuse copper sealing washers. NOTE:

For Canada, the cylinder block drain plug (3) as shown, is not a cylinder block drain plug but a block heater.



- 6. Remove the reservoir tank to drain the engine coolant, then clean the reservoir tank before installing it.
- Check the drained coolant for contaminants such as rust, corrosion or discoloration.
 If the coolant is contaminated, flush the engine cooling system. Follow the "Flushing Cooling System" procedure.

REFILLING ENGINE COOLANT

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Revision: May 2014 CO-13 2014 Frontier

 Close the radiator drain plugs. Install the reservoir tank and cylinder block drain plugs (1), (2), (3) and block heater (if equipped).

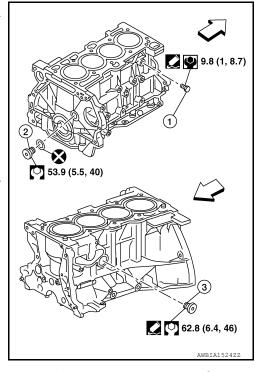
CAUTION:

Do not reuse copper sealing washers.

For Canada, the cylinder block drain plug (3) as shown, is not a cylinder block drain plug but a block heater.

- The radiator must be completely empty of coolant and water.
- Apply sealant to the threads of the cylinder block drain plugs.
- Use Genuine High Performance Thread Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-21, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".
- Tighten each plug to the specified torque.

Radiator drain plug : Refer to <u>CO-16</u>.



- 2. Set the vehicle heater controls to the full HOT and heater ON position. Turn the vehicle ignition ON with the engine OFF as necessary to activate the heater mode.
- 3. Remove the vented reservoir cap and replace it with a non-vented reservoir cap before filling the cooling system.
- Install the Tool by installing the radiator cap adapter onto the radiator neck opening. Then attach the gauge body assembly with the refill tube and the venturi assembly to the radiator cap adapter.

Tool number : KV991J0070 (J-45695)

Insert the refill hose into the coolant mixture container that is placed at floor level. Make sure the ball valve is in the closed position.

CAUTION:

Do not use any cooling system additives such as radiator sealer. Additives may clog the cooling system and cause damage to the engine, transmission and/or cooling system. NOTE:

Use recommended coolant or equivalent. Refer to MA-16, "FOR USA AND CANADA: Fluids and Lubricants" (United States and Canada).

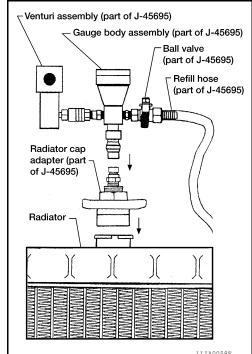
Cooling system capacity : Refer to <u>CO-30, "Standard and Limit"</u>.

6. Install an air hose to the venturi assembly, the air pressure must be within specification.

Compressed air : 549 - 824 kPa (5.6 - 8.4 kg/cm², supply pressure 80 - 119 psi)

CAUTION:

The compressed air supply must be equipped with an air dryer.



ENGINE COOLANT

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

[QR25DE]

The vacuum gauge will begin to rise and there will be an audible hissing noise. During this process open the ball valve on the refill hose slightly. Rising coolant will be visible in the refill hose. After the refill hose is full of coolant, close the ball valve. This will purge air trapped in the refill hose.

8. Continue to draw the vacuum until the gauge reaches 28 inches of vacuum. The gauge may not reach 28 inches in high altitude locations. Refer to the following table for expected vacuum readings.

> Altitude above sea level Vacuum gauge reading 0 - 100 m (328 ft) : 28 inches of vacuum 300 m (984 ft) : 27 inches of vacuum 500 m (1,641 ft) : 26 inches of vacuum 1.000 m (3.281 ft) : 24 - 25 inches of vacuum



9. When the vacuum gauge has reached the specified amount, disconnect the air hose and wait 20 seconds to see if the system loses vacuum. If the vacuum level drops, perform necessary repairs to the system and repeat steps 6 - 8 to bring the vacuum to the specified amount. Recheck for leaks.

10. Place the coolant container (with the refill hose inserted) at the same level as the top of the radiator. Then open the ball valve on the refill hose so the coolant will be drawn up to fill the cooling system. The cooling system is full when the vacuum gauge reads zero. **CAUTION:**

Do not allow the coolant container to get too low when filling, to avoid air from being drawn into the cooling system.

- 11. Remove the Tool from the radiator neck opening and install the radiator cap.
- 12. Remove the non-vented reservoir cap.
- 13. Fill the cooling system reservoir tank to the specified level. Run the engine to warm up the cooling system and top up the system as necessary before installing the vented reservoir cap.
- 14. Install the engine under cover. Refer to EXT-15, "Removal and Installation".

FLUSHING COOLING SYSTEM

- Drain the engine coolant from the engine cooling system. Refer to CO-12, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- 2. Fill the radiator and the reservoir tank (to the "MAX" line) with water. Reinstall the radiator cap and leave the vented reservoir cap off.
- 3. Run the engine until it reaches normal operating temperature.
- 4. Press the engine accelerator two or three times under no-load.
- 5. Stop the engine and wait until it cools down.
- 6. Drain the water from the engine cooling system. Refer to CO-12, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- Repeat steps 2 through 6 until clear water begins to drain from the radiator. 7.

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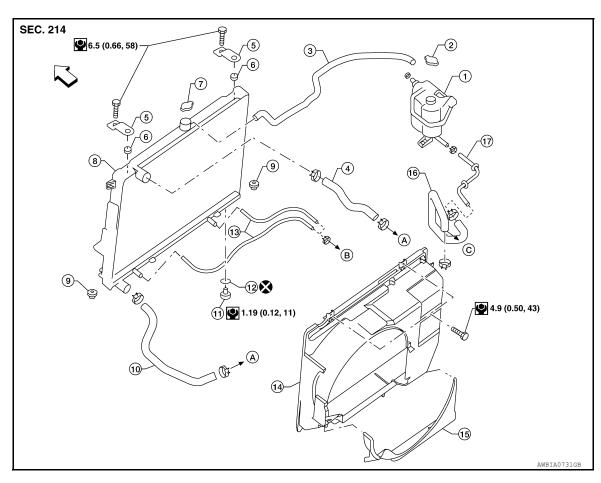
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REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

RADIATOR

Exploded View



- 1. Reservoir tank
- 4. Radiator hose (upper)
- 7. Radiator cap
- 10. Radiator hose (lower)
- 13. A/T fluid cooler hose (if equipped)
- 16. Heater bypass hose
- B. To A/T fluid cooler tube

- 2. Reservoir tank cap
- 5. Radiator bracket
- 8. Radiator
- Radiator drain plug
- 14. Upper shroud
- 17. Heater bypass tube
- C. To heater tube

- 3. Reservoir tank hose
- 6. Mounting rubber (upper)
- 9. Mounting rubber (lower)
- 12. O-ring
- 15. Lower shroud
- To water inlet
- <□ Front

Removal and Installation

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WARNING:

Do not remove radiator cap when engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way.

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

REMOVAL

- Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to <u>CO-12, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. CAUTION:
 - · Perform this step when engine is cold.

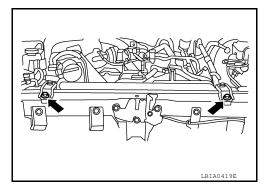
Revision: May 2014 CO-16 2014 Frontier

- · Do not spill engine coolant on drive belts.
- 2. Remove air duct and resonator assembly and air duct brackets. Refer to EM-25, "Exploded View".
- Remove reservoir tank hose.
- 4. Removal (upper and lower) radiator hoses.

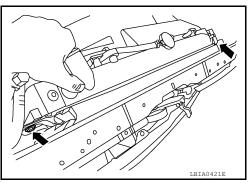
CAUTION:

Be careful not to allow engine coolant to contact drive belts.

- 5. Disconnect A/T fluid cooler hoses. (A/T models)
- Remove lower shroud.
- 7. Remove upper shroud.
- 8. Remove front grille. Refer to EXT-23, "Removal and Installation".
- 9. Remove the upper radiator bracket bolts.



10. Remove the two A/C condenser bolts.



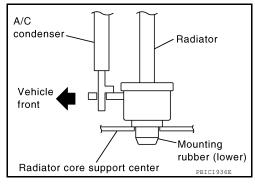
11. Remove radiator as follows:

CAUTION:

Do not damage or scratch A/C condenser and radiator core when removing.

 With lifting and pulling radiator in a rear direction, disassemble mounting rubber (lower) from radiator core support center.
 CAUTION:

Because A/C condenser is attached to the front-lower portion of radiator, moving it in the rear direction should be at a minimum.



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RADIATOR

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

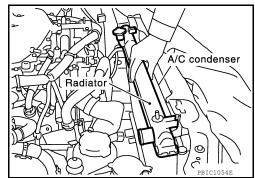
[QR25DE]

Lift A/C condenser up and remove radiator after disengaging the fitting at front-bottom surface.

CAUTION:

Lifting A/C condenser should be minimum to prevent a load to A/C piping.

c. After removing radiator, put A/C condenser on radiator core support center to prevent a load to A/C piping, and temporarily secure it with rope or by similar means.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

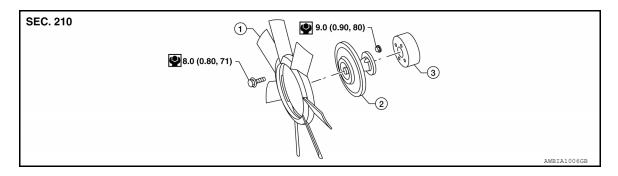
INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for engine coolant leaks. Refer to <u>CO-11, "System Inspection"</u>.
 Start and warm up engine. Visually check for engine coolant and A/T fluid leaks. Repair as necessary.

[QR25DE]

COOLING FAN

Exploded View



Fan coupling

Removal and Installation (Crankshaft driven type)

Water pump pulley

WARNING:

1. Cooling fan

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way.

NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

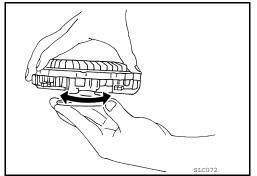
REMOVAL

- Partially drain engine coolant. Refer to <u>CO-12, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>.
- Remove air duct and resonator assembly and air duct mounting brackets. Refer to <u>EM-25</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>".
- 3. Remove upper radiator hose.
- 4. Disconnect reservoir tank hose from upper shroud and radiator.
- Remove the upper and lower shrouds. Refer to <u>CO-16, "Exploded View"</u>.
- 6. Remove drive belt. Refer to EM-14, "Removal and Installation".
- Remove cooling fan.
- 8. Remove fan coupling, if necessary.
- 9. Remove water pump pulley, if necessary.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Fan Coupling

- Inspect fan coupling for oil leakage and bimetal conditions.
- If there are any concerns, replace the fan coupling.



Cooling Fan

- Inspect cooling fan for cracks or warps.
- If there are any concerns, replace the cooling fan.

INSTALLATION

Revision: May 2014 CO-19 2014 Frontier

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COOLING FAN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

[QR25DE]

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

• Install cooling fan with its front mark "F" facing front of engine.

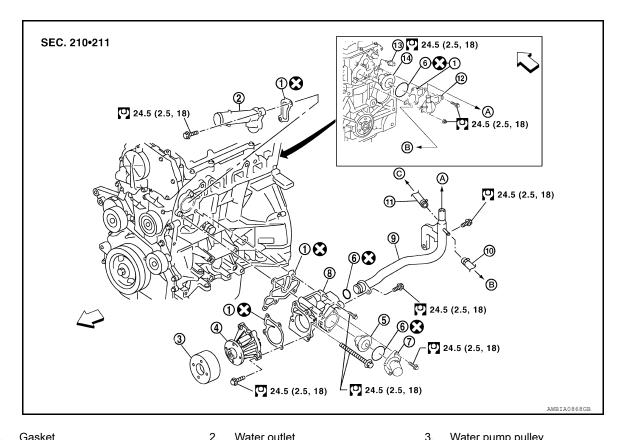
INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for engine coolant leaks. Refer to CO-11, "System Inspection".
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check for engine coolant leaks. Repair as necessary.

[QR25DE]

WATER PUMP

Exploded View INFOID:0000000009478167



- Gasket 1.
- 4 Water pump
- Water inlet 7.
- 10. Water hose
- 13. Engine coolant temperature sensor
- To electric throttle control actuator
- 2. Water outlet
- 5. Thermostat
- 8. Water pump and thermostat housing 9.
- Water hose 11.
- 14. Water control valve
- To oil cooler

- Water pump pulley
- 6 O-ring
- Heater pipe
- 12. Heater outlet
- To heater
- <□ Front

Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000009478168

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way. NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

REMOVAL

- Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to <u>CO-12, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. **CAUTION:**
 - Perform this step when the engine is cold.
 - · Do not spill engine coolant on drive belt.
- 2. Remove cooling fan and water pump pulley. Refer to CO-19, "Removal and Installation (Crankshaft driven type)".
- Remove water pump with power tool. **CAUTION:**
 - Do not reuse gasket.

CO-21 Revision: May 2014 2014 Frontier CO

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WATER PUMP

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

[QR25DE]

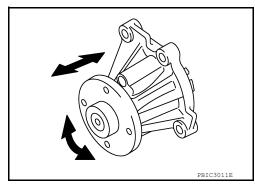
- Handle water pump vane so that it does not contact any other parts.
- Water pump cannot be disassembled and should be replaced as a unit.

NOTE:

• Engine coolant will leak from cylinder block, so have a receptacle ready below.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Visually check for significant dirt or rust on the water pump body and vane.
- Check that the vane shaft turns smoothly by hand and is not excessively loose.
- Replace the water pump assembly if the water pump does not perform properly.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for engine coolant leaks. Refer to CO-11, "System Inspection".
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check for engine coolant leaks. Repair as necessary.

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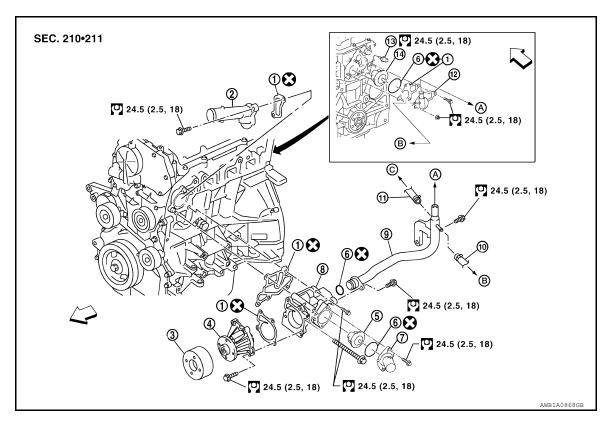
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THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING

Exploded View INFOID:0000000009478169



Gasket 1.

4 Water pump

Water inlet 7.

10. Water hose

13. Engine coolant temperature sensor

To electric throttle control actuator

2. Water outlet

5. Thermostat

Water pump and thermostat housing 9. 8.

Water hose 11.

Water control valve

To oil cooler

3. Water pump pulley

6 O-ring

Heater pipe

12. Heater outlet

To heater

<□ Front

Removal and Installation Thermostat

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way. NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

REMOVAL

- 1. Drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to CO-12, "Changing Engine Coolant". **CAUTION:**
 - · Perform this step when the engine is cold.
 - · Do not spill engine coolant on drive belt.
- Remove the air duct. Refer to <u>EM-25, "Exploded View"</u>.
- Disconnect radiator hose (lower) at water inlet side. Refer to CO-16, "Exploded View".
- 4. Remove water inlet, O-ring and thermostat.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse O-rings.

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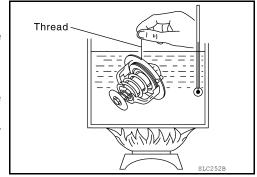
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Place a thread so that it is caught in the valve of the thermostat.
 Immerse fully in a container filled with water. Heat while stirring.
- The valve opening temperature is the temperature at which the valve opens and falls from the thread.
- Continue heating. Check the full-open lift amount.

NOTE:

The full-open lift amount standard temperature is the reference value.

• After checking the full-open lift amount, lower the water temperature and check the valve closing temperature.



Thermostat	Standard
Valve opening temperature	Refer to CO-30, "Standard and Limit"
Full-open lift amount	Refer to CO-30, "Standard and Limit"
Valve closing temperature	Refer to CO-30, "Standard and Limit"

If out of the specification range, replace the thermostat.

INSTALLATION

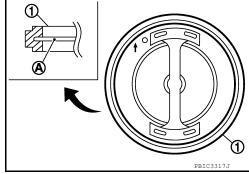
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Apply a mild soap to a new O-ring before inserting heater pipe end into water pump and thermostat housing.
 Then insert it immediately.

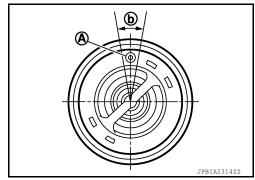
Thermostat

 Install thermostat by making O-ring (1) groove fit to thermostat flange (A) around the whole circumference.
 CAUTION:

Do not reuse O-ring.



• Install thermostat with jiggle valve (A) facing upward. The position may deviate within the range of 20° (b).



INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for engine coolant leaks. Refer to CO-11, "System Inspection".
- · Start and warm up the engine. Visually check for engine coolant leaks. Repair as necessary.

Removal and Installation Thermostat Housing

INFOID:0000000009478171

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way. NOTE:

THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

[QR25DE]

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove water pump. Refer to CO-21.
- Remove thermostat. Refer to <u>CO-23</u>, "Removal and Installation Thermostat".
- Remove the radiator hose (upper) from the radiator.
- Remove exhaust manifold cover. Refer to <u>EM-31, "Exploded View"</u>.
- 5. Remove oil level gauge and oil level gauge guide. Refer to EM-80, "Exploded View". CAUTION:

Plug the oil level gauge guide opening to prevent foreign materials from entering oil pan.

- 6. Remove A/C compressor without disconnecting the A/C hoses and position aside. Refer to <u>HA-25</u>. "Removal and Installation for Compressor".
- 7. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator, oil cooler and heater hose from heater pipe.
- 8. Remove bolt for heater pipe at water pump and thermostat housing.
- 9. Disconnect heater pipe from water pump and thermostat housing.
- 10. Remove water pump and thermostat housing.

CAUTION:

- Do not reuse O-ring.
- · Do not reuse gasket.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Apply a mild soap to O-ring before inserting heater pipe end into water pump and thermostat housing. Then
insert it immediately.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse O-ring.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for engine coolant leaks. Refer to <u>CO-11, "System Inspection"</u>.
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check for engine coolant leaks. Repair as necessary.

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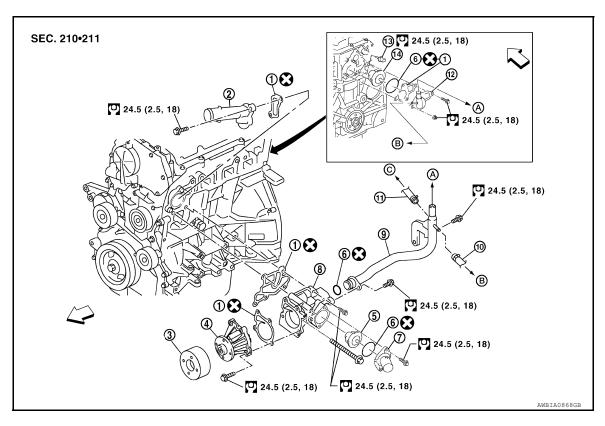
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WATER CONTROL VALVE

Exploded View



- 1. Gasket
- 4. Water pump
- 7. Water inlet
- 10. Water hose
- 13. Engine coolant temperature sensor
- B. To electric throttle control actuator
- 2. Water outlet
- 5. Thermostat
- 8. Water pump and thermostat housing 9.
- 11. Water hose
- 14. Water control valve
- C. To oil cooler

- 3. Water pump pulley
- 6. O-ring
- 9. Heater pipe
- 12. Heater outlet
- A. To heater
- ⟨□ Front

Removal and Installation

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WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way.

NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

REMOVAL

CAUTION:

Perform when the engine is cold.

- 1. Remove air ducts and resonator assembly.
- 2. Partially drain the engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to CO-12, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- 3. Remove radiator hose (upper) from the water outlet.
- Remove the heater outlet.
- 5. Remove the water control valve.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

WATER CONTROL VALVE

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

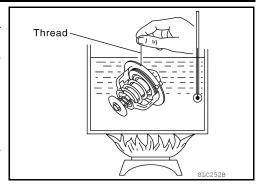
 Place a thread so that it is caught in the valve of the water control valve. Immerse fully in a container filled with water. Heat while stirring.

- The valve opening temperature is the temperature at which the valve opens and the falls from the thread.
- Continue heating. Check the full-open lift amount.

NOTE:

The full-open lift amount standard temperature is the reference value.

After checking the full-open lift amount, lower the water temperature and check the valve closing temperature.



Water Control Valve	Standard Value
Valve opening temperature	Refer to CO-30, "Standard and Limit"
Full-open lift amount	Refer to CO-30, "Standard and Limit"
Valve closing temperature	Refer to CO-30, "Standard and Limit"

If out of the specification range, replace the water control valve.

INSTALLATION

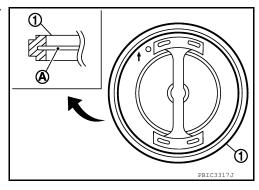
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Water Control Valve

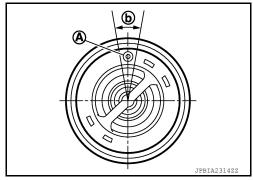
 Install water control valve by making O-ring (1) groove fit to water control valve flange (A) around the whole circumference.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse O-ring.



- Install water control valve with jiggle valve (A) facing upward. The position may deviate within the range of 20° (b).
- Install the engine coolant temperature sensor if removed.
 Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-21, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".



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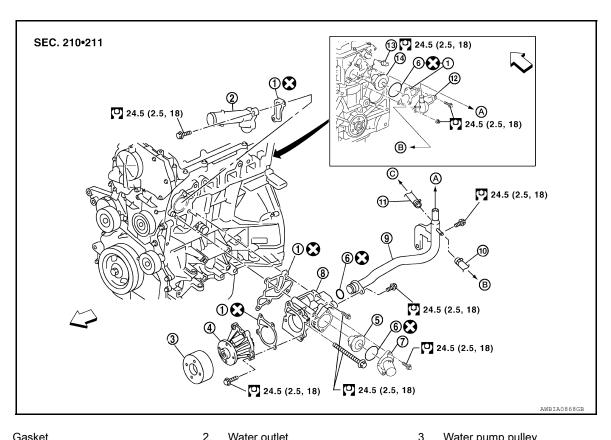
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WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

Exploded View INFOID:0000000009478174



- Gasket 1.
- Water pump
- Water inlet 7.
- 10. Water hose
- 13. Engine coolant temperature sensor
- To electric throttle control actuator
- 2. Water outlet
- 5. Thermostat
- Water pump and thermostat housing 9. 8.
- 11. Water hose
- 14. Water control valve
- To oil cooler

- Water pump pulley
- 6. O-ring
- Heater pipe
- 12. Heater outlet
- To heater
- <⇒ Front

Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000009478175

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way. NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

REMOVAL

- Drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to CO-12, "Changing Engine Coolant". **CAUTION:**
 - · Perform this step when engine is cold.
 - Do not spill engine coolant on drive belts.
- 2. Remove the air duct. Refer to EM-25, "Exploded View".
- Disconnect radiator hose (upper) at water outlet side. Refer to CO-16, "Exploded View".
- 4. Remove water outlet.
- 5. Remove throttle body coolant hose at heater pipe.
- Remove heater core coolant hose at heater pipe.

CO-28 Revision: May 2014 2014 Frontier

WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

[QR25DE] < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- 7. Remove oil cooler coolant hose at heater pipe.
- 8. Remove oil level gauge and oil level gauge guide.
- 9. Remove exhaust manifold heat shield.
- 10. Remove heater pipe and O-ring.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse O-ring.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse O-ring.

Securely insert each hose, and install clamp at a position where it does not interfere with the pipe bulge.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for engine coolant leaks. Refer to <u>CO-11, "System Inspection"</u>.
- Start and warm up engine. Visually check for engine coolant leaks. Repair as necessary.

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SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

[QR25DE]

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Standard and Limit

ENGINE COOLANT CAPACITY (APPROXIMATE)

Full-open lift amount

Valve closing temperature

		Unit: ℓ (US qt, Imp qt
Engine coolant capacity (With reservoir tank at "MAX" level)		9.4 (10, 8-1/4)
RADIATOR		
		Unit: kPa (kg/cm², psi
Reservoir cap relief pressure	Standard	98 - 118 (1.0 - 1.2, 14- 17)
Testing pressure		156 (1.6, 23)
THERMOSTAT		
Valve opening temperature		80.5 - 83.5°C (177 - 182°F)
Full-open lift amount		8 mm/ 95°C (0.315 in/ 203°F)
Valve closing temperature		77°C (171°F)
WATER CONTROL VALVI	_	

More than 8 mm/ 108°C (0.315 in/ 226°F) 90°C (194°F) or higher

IVQ40DE1 < PRECAUTION >

PRECAUTION

PRECAUTIONS

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRF-TFNSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SR and SB section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SR section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

WARNING:

- When working near the Airbag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Airbag System sensors with the Ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the Ignition OFF, disconnect the battery and wait at least three minutes before performing any service.

Precaution for Liquid Gasket

REMOVAL OF LIQUID GASKET

· After removing the bolts and nuts, separate the mating surface and remove the old liquid gasket using Tool.

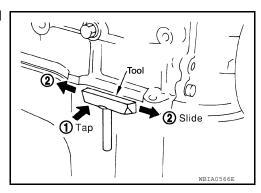
Tool number : KV10111100 (J-37228)

CAUTION:

Do not damage the mating surfaces.

- Tap the seal cutter to insert it (1).
- In areas where the Tool is difficult to use, lightly tap to slide it (2).

LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE



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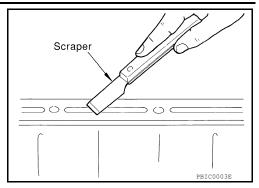
CO-31 Revision: May 2014 2014 Frontier

PRECAUTIONS

< PRECAUTION > [VQ40DE]

. Remove the old liquid gasket adhering to the gasket application surface and the mating surface using suitable tool.

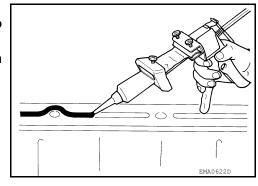
- Remove the liquid gasket completely from the groove of the liquid gasket application surface, bolts, and bolt holes.
- Thoroughly clean the mating surfaces and remove adhering moisture, grease and foreign material.



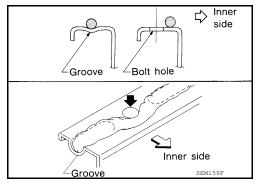
3. Attach the liquid gasket tube to the suitable tool.

Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-21, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".

4. Apply the liquid gasket without breaks to the specified location with the specified dimensions.



- If there is a groove for the liquid gasket application, apply the liquid gasket to the groove.
- Normally apply the liquid gasket on the inside edge of the bolt holes. Also apply to the outside edge of the bolt holes when specified in the procedure.
- Within five minutes of liquid gasket application, install the mating component.
- If the liquid gasket protrudes, wipe it off immediately.
- Do not retighten after the installation.
- Wait 30 minutes or more after installation before refilling the engine with oil or coolant.



CALITION

If there are more specific instructions in the procedures contained in this manual concerning liquid gasket application, observe them.

PREPARATION

< PREPARATION > [VQ40DE]

PREPARATION

PREPARATION

Special Service Tool

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Tool number (TechMate No.) Tool name		Description
KV10111100 (J-37228) Seal cutter	P	Removing chain tensioner cover and water pump cover
EG17650301	NT046	Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator cap
J-33984-A) Radiator cap tester adapter		and radiator filler neck a: 28 (1.10) dia. b: 31.4 (1.236) dia. c: 41.3 (1.626) dia. Unit: mm (in)
	S-NT564	
(V991J0070 J-45695) Coolant refill tool		Filling cooling system
	IMA053	
(V991J0010 J-23688) Engine coolant refractometer		Checking concentration of ethylene glycol in engine coolant
	WBIA0539E	

Commercial Service Tool

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Revision: May 2014 CO-33 2014 Frontier

PREPARATION

< PREPARATION > [VQ40DE]

	[VQ40DE
	Description
	Loosening nuts, screws and bolts
PIIB1407E	Charling radiator and radiator can
	Checking radiator and radiator cap
PBIC1982E	
	Adapting radiator cap tester to reservoir filler neck
WEIA0408E	
	Adapting radiator cap tester to reservoir cap
WBIA0409E	Pressing the tube of liquid gasket
S-NT052	
	PBIC1982E WBIA0408E WBIA0409E

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

COOLING SYSTEM

Cooling Circuit

INFOID:0000000009478181 To heater 1 From heater ${\sf From}$ electric throttle control actuator Т٥ electric throttle control 2) actuator 3 AWBIA1904ZZ

- 1. Cylinder block (RH)
- 4. Water pump
- 7. Thermostat

- 2. Oil cooler
- 5. Radiator
- 8. Cylinder head (LH)
- 3. Cylinder head (RH)
- 6. Water inlet
- 9. Cylinder block (LH)

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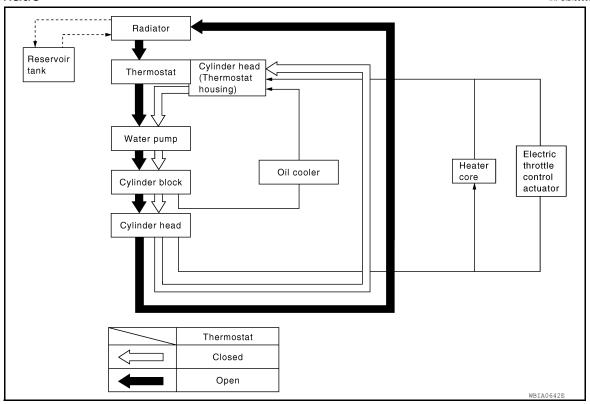
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OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

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OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

Troubleshooting Chart

INFOID:0000000009478183

	Symptom		Check items	
	Poor heat transfer	Water pump malfunction	Worn or loose drive belt	
		Thermostat stuck closed	Thermostat	
		Damaged fins	Dust contamination or pa- per clogging	_
			Physical damage	
		Clogged radiator cooling tube	Excess foreign material (rust, dirt, sand, etc.)	
	Reduced air flow	Cooling fan does not operate	Fan assembly	
		High resistance to fan rotation		_
		Damaged fan blades		
	Damaged radiator shroud	_	Radiator shroud	_
Cooling system parts malfunction	Improper engine coolant mixture ratio	_	Engine coolant viscosity	_
	Poor engine coolant quality	_		_
	Insufficient engine coolant	Engine coolant leaks	Cooling hose	Loose clamp
				Cracked hose
				Physical damage
			Water pump	Poor sealing
			Radiator or reservoir cap	Loose
				Poor sealing
				O-ring for damage, deterioration or improper fitting
			Radiator	Cracked radiator tank
				Cracked radiator core
			Reservoir tank	Cracked reservoir tank
		Overflowing reservoir tank	Exhaust gas leaks into cooling system	Cylinder head deterioration
				Cylinder head gasket deteri- oration

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OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

[VQ40DE]

	Symptom		Check items	
Except cooling system parts malfunction	_	Overload on engine	Abusive driving	High engine rpm under no load
				Driving in low gear for extended time
				Driving at extremely high speed
			Powertrain system malfunction	
			Installed improper size wheels and tires	<u> </u>
			Dragging brakes	
			Improper ignition timing	
	Blocked or restricted air flow	Blocked bumper	Mud contamination or paper clogging	
		Blocked radiator grille	Installed car brassiere	
			Mud contamination or paper clogging	_
		Blocked radiator	Blocked air flow	
		Blocked condenser		
		Installed large fog lamp		

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PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

ENGINE COOLANT

System Inspection

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WARNING:

- Do not remove the radiator/reservoir cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator or reservoir.
- Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing down and turning it all the way.

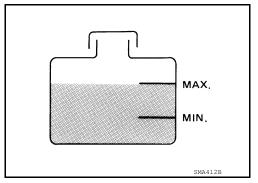
CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM HOSES

Check hoses for the following:

- Improper attachment
- Leaks
- Cracks
- Damage
- · Loose connections
- Chafing
- Deterioration

CHECKING RESERVOIR LEVEL

- Check if the engine coolant reservoir tank level is within MIN to MAX when the engine is cool.
- · Adjust engine coolant level as necessary.



CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKS

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator/reservoir cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure coolant escaping from the radiator or reservoir.

 To check for leakage, apply pressure to the cooling system at the reservoir filler neck using suitable tool and Tool.

Tool number : EG17650301 (J-33984-A)

Testing pressure : Refer to CO-59, "Standard

and Limit".

CAUTION:

Higher pressure than specified may cause radiator damage. NOTE:

In case that engine coolant decreases, replenish cooling system with engine coolant.

If any concerns are found, repair or replace damaged parts.

CHECKING RESERVOIR CAP

- 1. Inspect the reservoir cap.
 - Replace the cap if the metal plunger cannot be seen around the edge of the black rubber gasket.
 - Replace the cap if deposits of waxy residue or other foreign material are on the black rubber gasket or the metal retainer.

NOTE:

Revision: May 2014

Thoroughly wipe out the reservoir filler neck to remove any waxy residue or foreign material.

CO-39 2014 Frontier

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< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

- Pull the negative-pressure valve to open it and check that it closes completely when released.
 - Check that there is no dirt or damage on the valve seat of the reservoir cap negative-pressure valve.
 - Check that there are no abnormalities in the opening and closing conditions of the negative-pressure valve.



Check reservoir cap relief pressure using suitable tool and Tool.

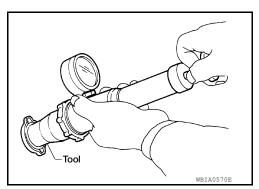
Tool number : EG17650301 (J-33984-A)

Standard: Refer to CO-59, "Standard

and Limit".

NOTE:

- · Apply engine coolant to the cap seal surface.
- Replace the reservoir cap if there is any damage in the negative-pressure valve, or if the open-valve pressure is outside of the limit.



CHECKING RADIATOR CAP

Inspect the radiator cap.

NOTE:

Thoroughly wipe out the radiator filler neck to remove any waxy residue or foreign material.

 Replace the cap if deposits of waxy residue or other foreign material are on the black rubber gasket or the metal retainer.

CHECKING RADIATOR

Check radiator for mud or clogging. If necessary, clean radiator as follows.

CAUTION:

- · Be careful not to bend or damage the radiator fins.
- When radiator is cleaned without removal, remove all surrounding parts such as cooling fan shroud and horns. Then tape the harness and electrical connectors to prevent water from entering.
- 1. Spray water to the back side of the radiator core using a side to side motion from the top down.
- 2. Stop spraying when debris no longer flows from radiator core.
- 3. Blow air into the back side of radiator core using a side to side motion from the top down.
 - Use compressed air lower than 490 kPa (5 kg/cm², 71 psi) and keep distance more than 30 cm (11.8 in).
- 4. Continue to blow air until no water sprays out.
- Check for coolant leaks. Repair as necessary.

Changing Engine Coolant

INFOID:0000000009478185

WARNING:

- To avoid being scalded, do not change the coolant when the engine is hot.
- Wrap a thick cloth around the cap to carefully remove the cap. First, turn the cap a quarter of a turn to release any built-up pressure, then push down and turn the cap all the way to remove it.
- Avoid direct skin contact with used coolant. If skin contact is made, wash thoroughly with soap or hand cleaner as soon as possible.
- Keep coolant out of the reach of children and pets.

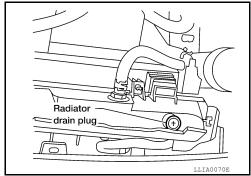
DRAINING ENGINE COOLANT

- Turn ignition switch ON and set temperature control lever all the way to HOT position or the highest temperature position. Wait 10 seconds and turn ignition switch OFF.
- Remove the engine under cover. Refer to EXT-15, "Removal and Installation".

ENGINE COOLANT

[VQ40DE] < PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

- Open the radiator drain plug at the bottom of the radiator, and remove the reservoir cap. This is the only step required when partially draining the cooling system (radiator only). **CAUTION:**
 - Do not allow the coolant to contact the drive belts.
 - · Perform this step when engine is cold.



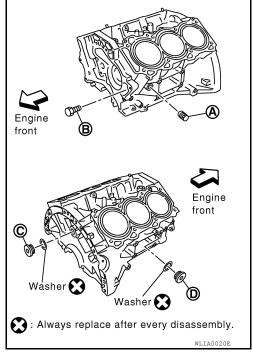
4. When draining all of the coolant in the system for engine removal or repair, it is necessary to drain the cylinder block. Remove the cylinder block drain plugs (A), (B), (C), (D) and block heater (if equipped), to drain the cylinder block as shown.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse copper sealing washers.

NOTE:

For Canada, the (D) cylinder block drain plug as shown, is not a cylinder block drain plug but a block heater.



- 5. Remove the reservoir tank to drain the engine coolant, then clean the reservoir tank before installing it.
- Check the drained coolant for contaminants such as rust, corrosion or discoloration. If the coolant is contaminated, flush the engine cooling system. Follow the "Flushing Cooling System" procedure.

REFILLING ENGINE COOLANT

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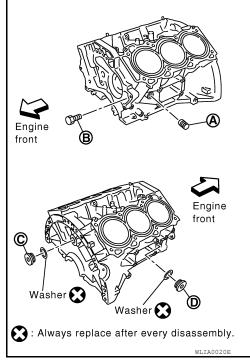
CO-41 Revision: May 2014 2014 Frontier Close the radiator drain plug. Install the reservoir tank, cylinder block drain plugs (A), (B), (C), (D) and block heater (if equipped).

CAUTION:

Do not reuse copper sealing washers.

- The radiator must be completely empty of coolant and water.
- Apply sealant to the threads of the cylinder block drain plugs (A), (B), (C), (D).
- Use Genuine High Performance Thread Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-21, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".
- Tighten each plug to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-220</u>, <u>"Disassembly and Assembly"</u>.

Radiator drain plug : Refer to <u>CO-44, "Explod-</u> ed View".



- 2. Set the vehicle heater controls to the full HOT and heater ON position. Turn the vehicle ignition ON with the engine OFF as necessary to activate the heater mode.
- Remove the vented reservoir cap and replace it with a non-vented reservoir cap before filling the cooling system.
- Install the Tool by installing the radiator cap adapter onto the radiator neck opening. Then attach the gauge body assembly with the refill tube and the venturi assembly to the radiator cap adapter.

Tool number : KV991J0070 (J-45695)

Insert the refill hose into the coolant mixture container that is placed at floor level. Make sure the ball valve is in the closed position.

CAUTION:

Do not use any cooling system additives such as radiator sealer. Additives may clog the cooling system and cause damage to the engine, transmission and/or cooling system. NOTE:

Use recommended coolant or equivalent. Refer to MA-16, "FOR USA AND CANADA: Fluids and Lubricants" (United States and Canada) or MA-18, "FOR MEXICO: Fluids and Lubricants" (Mexico).

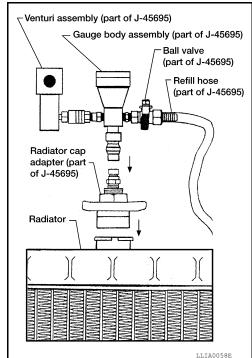
Cooling system capacity : <u>CO-59, "Standard and</u> with reservoir) : <u>Limit"</u>

6. Install an air hose to the venturi assembly, the air pressure must be within specification.

Compressed air : 549 - 824 kPa (5.6 - 8.4 kg/cm², supply pressure 80 - 119 psi)

CAUTION:

The compressed air supply must be equipped with an air dryer.



ENGINE COOLANT

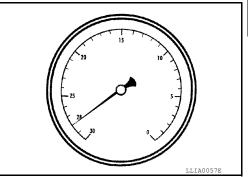
< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

[VQ40DE]

The vacuum gauge will begin to rise and there will be an audible hissing noise. During this process open the ball valve on the refill hose slightly. Rising coolant will be visible in the refill hose. After the refill hose is full of coolant, close the ball valve. This will purge air trapped in the refill hose.

8. Continue to draw the vacuum until the gauge reaches 28 inches of vacuum. The gauge may not reach 28 inches in high altitude locations. Refer to the following table for expected vacuum readings.

> Altitude above sea level Vacuum gauge reading 0 - 100 m (328 ft) : 28 inches of vacuum 300 m (984 ft) : 27 inches of vacuum 500 m (1,641 ft) : 26 inches of vacuum 1.000 m (3.281 ft) : 24 - 25 inches of vacuum



9. When the vacuum gauge has reached the specified amount, disconnect the air hose and wait 20 seconds to see if the system loses vacuum. If the vacuum level drops, perform necessary repairs to the system and repeat steps 6 - 8 to bring the vacuum to the specified amount. Recheck for leaks.

10. Place the coolant container (with the refill hose inserted) at the same level as the top of the radiator. Then open the ball valve on the refill hose so the coolant will be drawn up to fill the cooling system. The cooling system is full when the vacuum gauge reads zero. **CAUTION:**

Do not allow the coolant container to get too low when filling, to avoid air from being drawn into the cooling system.

- 11. Remove the Tool from the radiator neck opening and install the radiator cap.
- 12. Remove the non-vented reservoir cap.
- 13. Fill the cooling system reservoir tank to the specified level. Run the engine to warm up the cooling system and top up the system as necessary before installing the vented reservoir cap.
- 14. Install the engine under cover. Refer to EXT-15, "Removal and Installation".

FLUSHING COOLING SYSTEM

- Drain the water from the engine cooling system. Refer to CO-40, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- 2. Fill the radiator and the reservoir tank (to the "MAX" line), with water. Reinstall the radiator cap and leave the vented reservoir cap off.
- 3. Run the engine until it reaches normal operating temperature.
- 4. Press the engine accelerator two or three times under no-load.
- 5. Stop the engine and wait until it cools down.
- 6. Drain the water from the engine cooling system. Refer to CO-40, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- Repeat steps 2 through 6 until clear water begins to drain from the radiator. 7.

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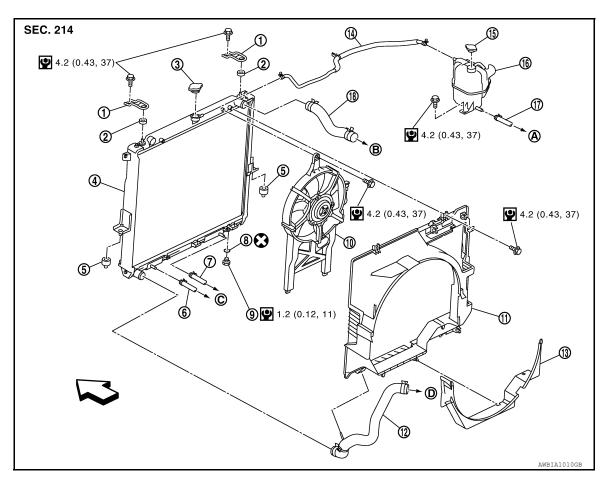
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REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

RADIATOR

Exploded View INFOID:0000000009478186



- Radiator bracket
- Radiator
- A/T fluid cooler hose (if equipped)
- 10. Cooling fan assembly (Motor driven
- 13. Radiator shroud (lower)
- 16. Reservoir tank
- To heater return tube
- To water inlet and thermostat assembly <

- 2. Mounting rubber (upper)
- 5. Mounting rubber (lower)
- O-ring
- Radiator shroud (upper)
- Reservoir tank hose
- Water hose
- To water pipe

- 3. Radiator cap
- A/T fluid cooler hose 6.
- 9. Drain plug
- 12. Radiator hose (lower)
- 15. Reservoir tank cap
- 18. Radiator hose (upper)
- To A/T cooler tube

Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000009478187

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way.

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

REMOVAL

Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to CO-39.

CO-44 Revision: May 2014 2014 Frontier

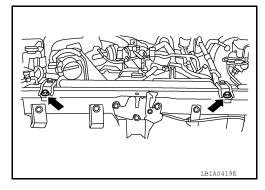
CAUTION:

- Perform this step when engine is cold.
- · Do not spill engine coolant on drive belts.
- Remove engine room cover. Refer to <u>EM-140</u>, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Remove air duct and resonator assembly and air cleaner case (upper). Refer to <u>EM-141, "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- 4. Remove reservoir tank hose from radiator.
- 5. Remove PCV hose.
- 6. Remove radiator hoses (upper and lower).

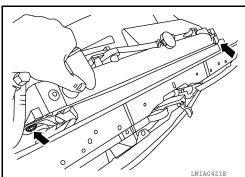
CAUTION:

Be careful not to allow engine coolant to contact drive belts.

- 7. Disconnect A/T fluid cooler hoses, if equipped.
- 8. Remove engine cooling fan (Motor driven type). Refer to <u>CO-48, "Removal and Installation (Motor driven type)"</u>.
- Remove front grille. Refer to <u>EXT-23</u>, "Removal and Installation".
- 10. Remove the upper radiator bracket bolts.



11. Remove the two A/C condenser bolts.



12. Remove radiator as follows:

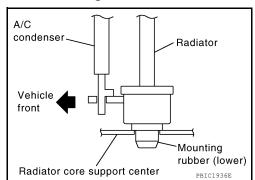
CAUTION:

Do not damage or scratch A/C condenser and radiator core when removing.

a. Lift and pull radiator rearward to disengage mounting rubber (lower) from radiator core support center.

CAUTION:

Because A/C condenser is attached to the front-lower portion of radiator, moving it in the rear direction should be at a minimum.



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RADIATOR

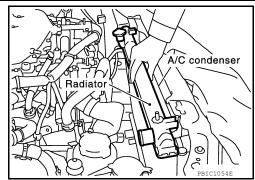
< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

[VQ40DE]

b. Lift A/C condenser up and remove radiator after disengaging the fitting at front-bottom surface.

CAUTION:

- Lifting A/C condenser should be minimum to prevent a load to A/C piping.
- c. After removing radiator, put A/C condenser on radiator core support center and temporarily fasten it with rope or wire to prevent overloading the A/C piping.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

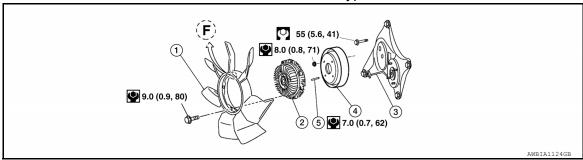
- Check for engine coolant leaks. Refer to CO-39, "System Inspection".
- Start and warm up engine. Visually check for engine coolant and A/T fluid leaks. Repair as necessary.
- Check and adjust engine coolant level and A/T fluid (if equipped). Refer to MA-16, "FOR USA AND CAN-ADA: Fluids and Lubricants" (United States and Canada) or MA-18, "FOR MEXICO: Fluids and Lubricants" (Mexico).

[VQ40DE]

ENGINE COOLING FAN

Exploded View INFOID:0000000009478188

Crankshaft Driven Type



Cooling fan

Cooling fan pulley

Fan coupling

Stud

3. Fan bracket

F. Front mark

Removal and Installation (Crankshaft driven type)

INFOID:0000000009478189

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way.

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

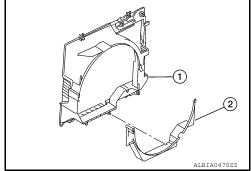
REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the engine cooling fan (Motor driven type). Refer to CO-48, "Removal and Installation (Motor driven type)".
- Remove reservoir tank hose from shroud.
- Removal radiator hose (upper) from radiator.

CAUTION:

Do not spill engine coolant on drive belts.

- 4. Release the radiator shroud (lower) (2) from the radiator shroud (upper) (1) and position aside.
 - Release the tabs, pull radiator shroud (lower) (2) rearwards and down.



- Remove the radiator shroud (upper) bolts and remove the radiator shroud (upper). Refer to CO-44. "Exploded View".
- Remove the drive belt. Refer to EM-129, "Removal and Installation".
- Remove the engine cooling fan.
- Remove the fan coupling, if necessary.
- 9. Remove the cooling fan pulley, if necessary.
- 10. Remove the drive belt auto-tensioner, if necessary.
- 11. Remove the fan bracket, if necessary.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

CO-47 Revision: May 2014 2014 Frontier CO

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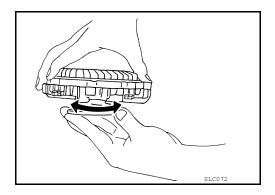
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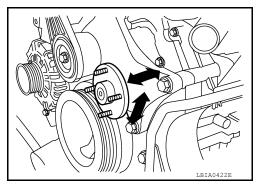
Fan Coupling

- · Inspect fan coupling for oil leakage and bimetal conditions.
- If there are any concerns replace the fan coupling.



Fan Bracket

- Check that the fan bracket shaft turns smoothly by hand and is not excessively loose.
- If there are any concerns replace the fan bracket assembly.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

• Install cooling fan with its front mark "F" facing front of engine. Refer to CO-47, "Exploded View".

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for engine coolant leaks. Refer to <u>CO-39</u>, "System Inspection".
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check for engine coolant leaks. Repair as necessary.

Removal and Installation (Motor driven type)

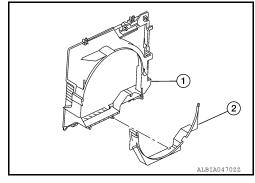
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NOTE

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

REMOVAL

- Partially drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to <u>CO-40, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>.
 - Perform this step when engine is cold.
 - · Do not spill engine coolant on drive belts.
- 2. Release the radiator shroud (lower) (2) from the radiator shroud (upper) (1) and position aside.
 - Release the tabs, pull radiator shroud (lower) (2) rearwards and down.



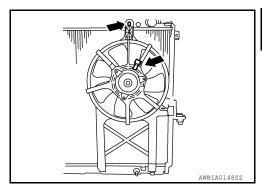
- 3. Remove engine room cover. Refer to <a>EM-140. "Removal and Installation".
- 4. Remove air duct and resonator assembly. Refer to EM-141, "Removal and Installation".
- 5. Remove upper radiator hose from radiator.

ENGINE COOLING FAN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

[VQ40DE]

- 6. Remove reservoir tank hose from radiator shroud (upper) and radiator.
- 7. Remove the radiator shroud (upper) bolts and remove the radiator shroud (upper). Refer to <u>CO-44</u>, <u>"Exploded View"</u>.
- 8. Disconnect harness connector from fan motor.
- 9. Remove the bolt and remove the fan grille and motor assembly.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Cooling fan is controlled by ECM. Refer to <u>EC-840. "Diagnosis Procedure"</u>.

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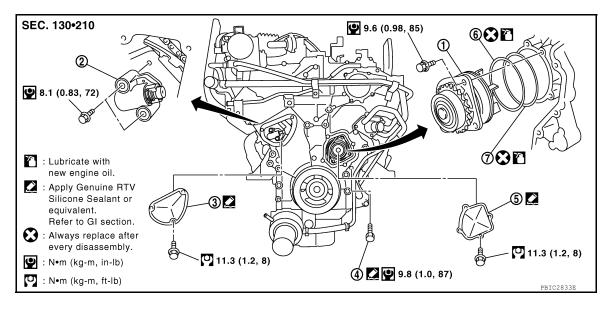
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WATER PUMP

Exploded View



- 1. Water pump
- 4. Water drain plug (front)
- 7. O-ring

- 2. Timing chain tensioner (primary)
- 5. Water pump cover
- 3. Chain tensioner cover
- 6. O-ring

Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000009478192

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way.

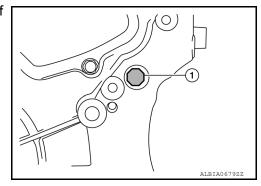
- When removing water pump assembly, be careful not to get engine coolant on timing chain and drive belt.
- Water pump cannot be disassembled and should be replaced as a unit.
- After installing water pump, connect hose and clamp securely, then check for leaks.

NOTE:

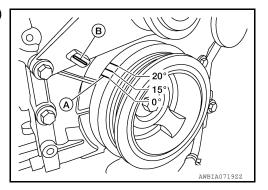
When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

REMOVAL

- Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to <u>CO-40, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. CAUTION:
 - Perform this step when engine is cold.
 - Do not spill engine coolant on timing chain and drive belt.
- 2. Remove water drain plug (front) (1) on the water pump side of the cylinder block.

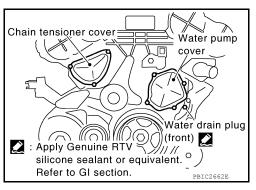


- Remove coolant reservoir hose from the radiator.
- 4. Remove engine cooling fan (Motor driven type). Refer to <u>CO-48, "Removal and Installation (Motor driven type)"</u>.
- 5. Remove engine cooling fan (Crankshaft driven type) and fan bracket. Refer to <u>CO-47, "Removal and Installation (Crankshaft driven type)"</u>.
- 6. Set No. 1 cylinder at TDC.
 - Rotate crankshaft pulley clockwise to align timing mark (A) (grooved line without color) with timing indicator (B).

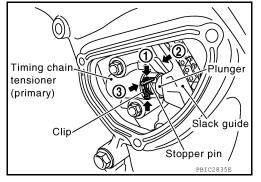


7. Remove chain tensioner cover and water pump cover from front timing chain case, using Tool.

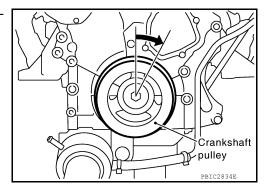
Tool number : KV10111100 (J-37228)



- 8. Remove timing chain tensioner (primary) as follows:
- a. Loosen clip of timing chain tensioner (primary), and release plunger stopper (1).
- b. Insert plunger into tensioner body by pressing slack guide (2).
- c. Keep slack guide pressed and hold plunger in by pushing stopper pin through the tensioner body hole and plunger groove (3).



d. Turn crankshaft pulley clockwise so that timing chain on the timing chain tensioner (primary) side is loose.



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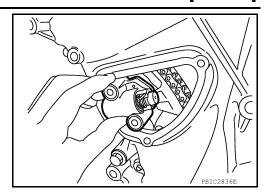
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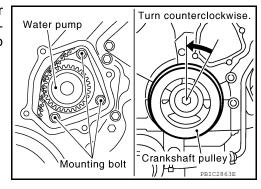
Water pump

Remove bolts and remove timing chain tensioner (primary).
 CAUTION:

Be careful not to drop bolts inside timing chain case.



- 9. Remove water pump as follows:
- a. Remove three water pump bolts. Secure a gap between water pump gear and timing chain, by turning crankshaft pulley counterclockwise until timing chain looseness on water pump sprocket becomes maximum.



M8 bolt

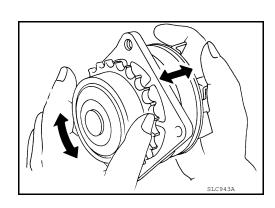
b. Screw M8 bolts [pitch: 1.25 mm (0.049 in) length: approx. 50 mm (1.97 in)] into water pump upper and lower bolt holes until they reach timing chain case. Then, alternately tighten each bolt for a half turn, and pull out water pump.

CAUTION:

- Place a suitable shop cloth below the water pump housing to prevent any engine coolant from dripping into the timing chain case.
- Pull water pump straight out while preventing vane from contacting socket in installation area.
- Remove water pump without causing sprocket to contact timing chain.
- c. Remove M8 bolts and O-rings from water pump. CAUTION:
 - · Do not disassemble water pump.
 - · Do not reuse O-rings.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- · Check for badly rusted or corroded water pump body assembly.
- Check for rough operation due to excessive end play.
- · Replace water pump, if necessary.



INSTALLATION

Install new O-rings to water pump.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse O-rings.

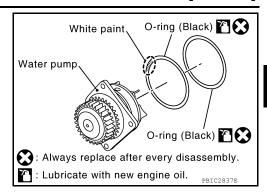
NOTE:

WATER PUMP

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

[VQ40DE]

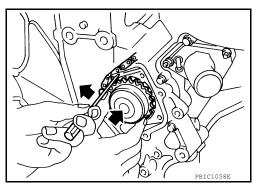
- · Apply engine oil to O-rings.
- Locate O-ring with white paint mark to engine front side.



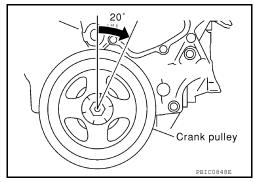
Hold timing chain to the side (←) and install water pump (←).
 CAUTION:

Do not allow timing chain case to pinch O-rings when installing water pump.

- Make sure that timing chain and water pump sprocket are engaged.
- Tighten water pump bolts alternately and evenly.



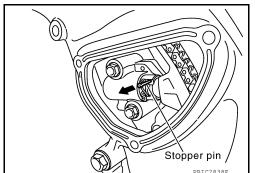
- Remove dust and foreign material completely from installation area of timing chain tensioner (primary) and rear timing chain case.
- 4. Turn crankshaft pulley approximately 20° clockwise so that timing chain on the timing chain tensioner (primary) side is loose.



5. Install timing chain tensioner (primary) with its stopper pin inserted. **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to drop bolts inside timing chain case.

- 6. Remove stopper pin.
 - Make sure again that timing chain and water pump sprocket are engaged.



7. Install chain tensioner cover and water pump cover.

Revision: May 2014 CO-53 2014 Frontier

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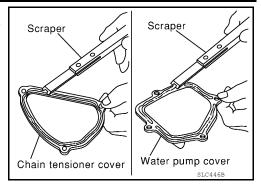
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a. Before installing, remove all traces of old liquid gasket from mating surface of water pump cover and chain tensioner cover using scraper. Also remove traces of old liquid gasket from the mating surface of front timing chain case.



Chain tensioner cover

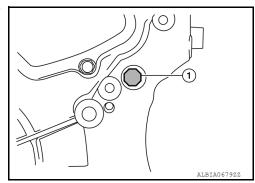
2.3 - 3.3 mm

Tube presser

Water pump cover

- Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket, to mating surface of chain tensioner and water pump cover, using suitable tool.
 Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-21, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".
 CAUTION:
 - Installation should be done within 5 minutes after applying liquid gasket.
 - Do not fill the engine with oil for at least 30 minutes after the components are installed to allow the sealant to cure.
- Tighten bolts to specified torque. Refer to <u>CO-50, "Exploded View"</u>.
- Install water drain plug (front) (1) on water pump side of cylinder block.
 - Apply liquid gasket to the thread of water drain plug (front).
 Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-21, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".

Water drain plug (front) : 9.8 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 87 in-lb)



: Apply Genuine RTV (0.091 - 0.130 in) dia.

silicone sealant or equivalent.

Refer to GI section.

- 9. Installation of the remaining components is in the reverse order of removal.
 - After installation refill engine coolant and check for leaks. Refer to <u>CO-40, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u> and <u>CO-39, "System Inspection"</u>.

CAUTION:

Do not spill coolant in the engine compartment. Use a shop cloth to absorb coolant.

 After starting engine, let idle for three minutes, then rev engine up to 3,000 rpm under no load to purge air from the high-pressure chamber of the chain tensioner. The engine may produce a rattling noise. This indicates that air still remains in the chamber and is not a matter of concern.

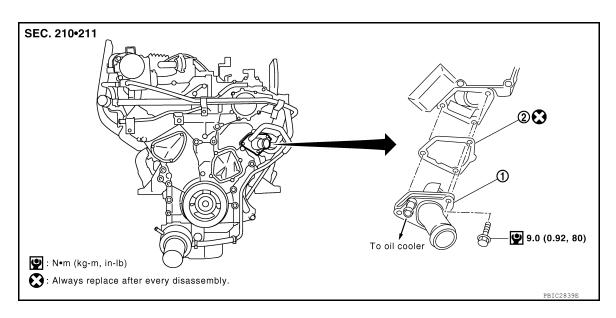
INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for engine coolant leaks. Refer to CO-39, "System Inspection".
- Start and warm up engine. Visually check for engine coolant leaks. Repair as necessary.

[VQ40DE]

WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY

Exploded View



1. Water inlet and thermostat assembly 2. Gasket

Removal and Installation

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WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way. NOTE:

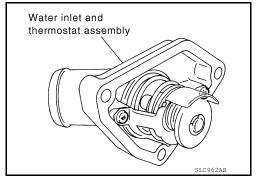
When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

REMOVAL

1. Remove engine cooling fan (Motor driven type). Refer to <u>CO-48, "Removal and Installation (Motor driven type)"</u>

CO-55

- Disconnect radiator hose (lower) and oil cooler hose from water inlet and thermostat assembly.
- Remove water inlet and thermostat assembly. CAUTION:
 - Do not disassemble water inlet and thermostat assembly.
 - · Replace water inlet and thermostat assembly as a unit.



INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Revision: May 2014

Check valve seating condition at room temperature. It should seat tightly.

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WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY

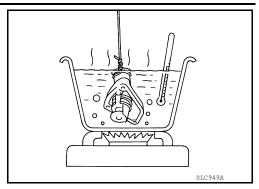
< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

[VQ40DE]

- Check valve operation.
 - Place a thread so that it is caught in the valve of the thermostat. Immerse fully in a container filled with water. Heat while stirring.
 - The valve opening temperature is the temperature at which the valve opens and falls from the thread.
 - Continue heating. Check the full-open lift amount.
 NOTE:

The full-open lift amount standard temperature is the reference value.

• After checking the full-open lift amount, lower the water temperature and check the valve closing temperature.



Thermostat	Standard	
Valve opening temperature	Refer to CO-59, "Standard and Limit"	
Full-open lift amount	Refer to CO-59, "Standard and Limit"	
Valve closing temperature	Refer to CO-59, "Standard and Limit"	

If out of the specification range, replace water inlet and thermostat assembly.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

Do not spill engine coolant in engine room. Use shop cloth to absorb engine coolant.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for engine coolant leaks. Refer to CO-39, "System Inspection".
- Start and warm up engine. Visually check for engine coolant leaks. Repair as necessary.

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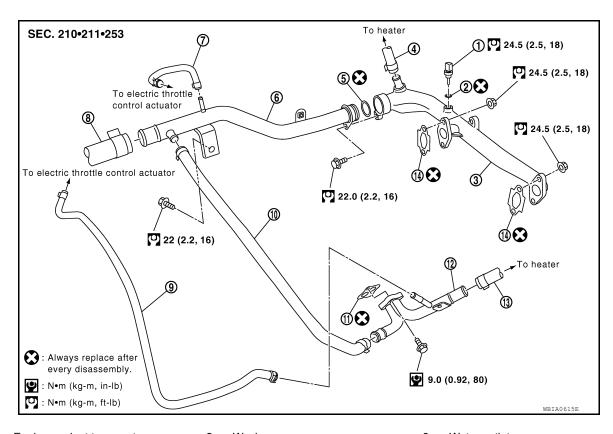
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WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

Exploded View



- 1. Engine coolant temperature sensor
- Heater hose
- 7. Water hose
- 10. Water hose
- 13. Heater hose

- 2. Washer
- 5. O-ring
- 8. Radiator hose (upper)
- 11. Gasket
- 14. Gasket

- 3. Water outlet
- 6. Water pipe
- 9. Water hose
- 12. Heater pipe

Removal and Installation

WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way. NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

REMOVAL

- Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to <u>CO-40, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>.
 - · Perform this step when engine is cold.
 - · Do not spill engine coolant on drive belts.
- 2. Remove the intake manifold collector. Refer to EM-142, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Remove engine coolant temperature sensor as necessary. **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to damage engine coolant temperature sensor.

4. Remove water outlet, heater pipe, water bypass hoses and water pipe.

INSTALLATION

WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

[VQ40DE]

Installation is in the reverse order of removal, paying attention to the following.

- Securely insert each hose, and install clamp at a position where it does not interfere with the pipe bulge.
- Before inserting water pipe into water outlet, apply mild soap to O-ring.
 CAUTION:

Do not reuse O-ring.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for engine coolant leaks. Refer to CO-39, "System Inspection".
- Start and warm up engine. Visually check for engine coolant leaks. Repair as necessary.

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

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[VQ40DE]

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Standard and Limit INFOID:0000000009478197

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ENGINE COOLANT CAPACITY (APPROXIMATE)

		Unit: ℓ (US qt, Imp qt)	
Engine coolant capacity (With reserv	oir tank at "MAX" level)	10.2 (10-3/4, 9)	
RADIATOR			
		Unit: kPa (kg/cm², psi)	
Reservoir cap relief pressure	Standard	98 - 118 (1.0 - 1.2, 14 - 17)	
Testing pressure		157 (1.6, 23)	
THERMOSTAT			
Valve opening temperature		80.5 - 83.5°C (177 - 182°F)	
Full-open lift amount		8.6 mm / 95°C (0.339 in / 203°F)	
Valve closing temperature		77°C (171°F)	

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