

# **FRONT & REAR SUSPENSION**

SECTION SU

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REAR WHEEL ALIGNMENT (UNLADEN*)		
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# Precautions

#### PRECAUTIONS

- When installing rubber parts, final tightening must be carried out under unladen condition\* with tires on ground.
   \*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.
- After installing removed suspension parts, check wheel alignment and adjust if necessary.
- Use flare nut wrench when removing or installing brake tubes.
- Always torque brake lines when installing. **Preparation**

# SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description		
HT72520000 (J25730-B) Ball joint remover		PALP	Removing tie-rod outer end and lower ball joint
	NT146		

### **COMMERCIAL SERVICE TOOLS**

Tool name	Description	
Attachment Wheel align- ment	b a b	Measure wheel alignment a: Screw M24 x 1.5 pitch b: 35 mm (1.38 in) dia. c: 65 mm (2.56 in) dia. d: 56 mm (2.20 in) e: 12 mm (0.47 in)
	NT148	
1 Flare nut crowfoot 2 Torque wrench	a (1) NT360	Removing and installing each brake piping a: 10 mm (0.39 in)
Spring compressor	STREET TO	Removing and installing coil spring
	NT717	



Noise, Vibration and Harshness (NVH) Troubleshooting

# Noise, Vibration and Harshness (NVH) Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting IVH TROUBLESHOOTING CHART Jse the chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.										C															
se	th	e chart belo	ow t	o hel	o yo	u fir	nd th	ne c	aus	e of	the	syr	npto	om.	lf ne	eces	sary	y, re	pair	or re	place	these	e pa	rts.	R
Refe	ere	nce page	SU-4, 18	SU-10, 23		I	1	SU-9, 22	SU-6	SU-13	SU-6			I	1		I	AX-3	AX-3	I		1	BR-6	ST-5	
nd		le Cause JSPECTED	Improper installation, looseness	Shock absorber deformation, damage or deflection	Bushing or mounting deterioration	Parts interference	Spring fatigue	Suspension looseness	Incorrect wheel alignment	Stabilizer bar fatigue	Out-of-round	Imbalance	Incorrect air pressure	Uneven tire wear	Deformation or damage	Non-uniformity	Incorrect tire size	DRIVE SHAFT	AXLE	SUSPENSION	TIRES	ROAD WHEEL	BRAKES	STEERING	
		Noise	×	×	×	×	×	×										×	×		×	×	×	×	
		Shake	×	×	×	×		×										×	×		×	×	×	×	
	SUSPENSION	Vibration	×	×	×	×	×											×	×		×			×	4
	Ň	Shimmy	×	×	×	×			×										×		×	×	×	×	
	SUS	Judder	×	×	×														×		×	×	×	×	1
		Poor quality ride or han- dling	×	×	×	×	×		×	×									×		×	×			
		Noise	×								×	×	×	×	×	×		×	×	×		×	×	×	
		Shake	×								×	×	×	×	×		×	×	×	×		×	×	×	
a) in product		Vibration											×				×	×	×	×				×	
5	TIRES	Shimmy	×								×	×	×	×	×	×	×		×	×		×	×	×	
	١	Judder	×								×	×	×	×	×		×		×	×		×	×	×	
		Poor quality ride or han- dling	×								×	×	×	×	×		×		×	×		×			
		Noise	×								×	×			×			×	×	×	×		×	×	
	<u> </u>	Shake	×								×	×			×			×	×	×	×		×	×	
	ROAD WHEEL	Shimmy, Judder	×								×	×			×				×	×	×		×	×	1
	RŐ	Poor quality ride or han- dling	×								×	×			×				×	×	×				[

 $\times$ : Applicable

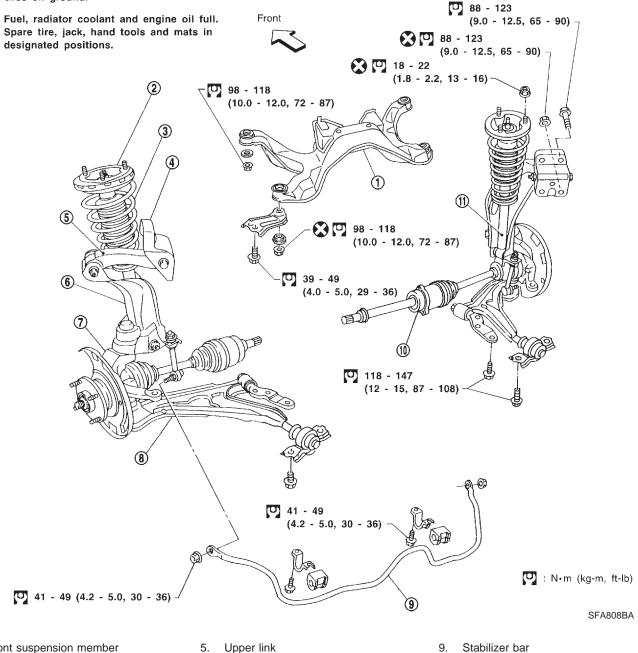
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### Components

NCSU0005

#### SEC. 391•400•401

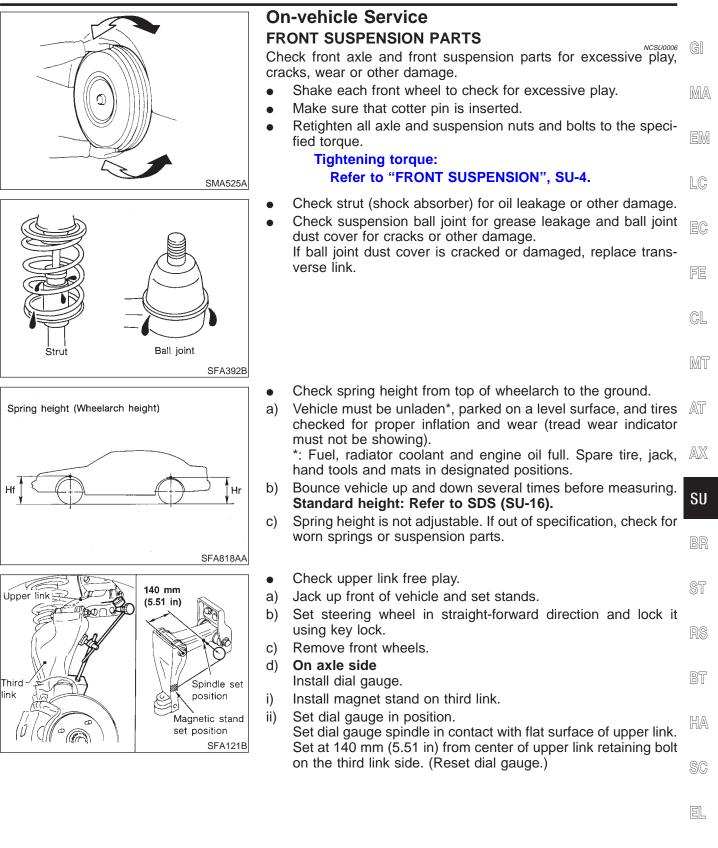
When installing rubber parts, final tightening must be carried out under unladen condition\* with tires on ground.



- 1. Front suspension member
- 2. Shock absorber mounting insulator
- 3. Coil spring
- 4. Upper link bracket

- 6. Third link
- Knuckle 7.
- 8. Transverse link

- 9. Stabilizer bar
- 10. Drive shaft
- 11. Shock absorber

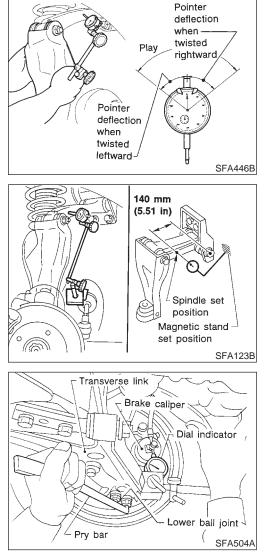


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#### On-vehicle Service (Cont'd)

# FRONT SUSPENSION





e) Hold flanges of third link with both hands. Twist third link fully to the right and read dial gauge indication. Similarly, twist third link to the left and read dial gauge indication.

Free play = (Gauge indication when third link is fully twisted to the right) + (Gauge indication when third link is fully twisted to the left)

#### Allowable free play range: 7.0 mm (0.276 in), max.

#### On body side

- a) Install dial gauge.
- i) Install magnet stand on front suspension mount member.
- Set dial gauge in position.
   Set dial gauge spindle in contact with flat surface of upper link.
   Set at 140 mm (5.51 in) from center of retaining bolt on bracket side. (Reset dial gauge.)
- b) Measure free play in the same manner as on axle side. Allowable free play range: 5.0 mm (0.197 in), max.
- c) If free play exceeds specifications, replace upper link assembly.
- Check suspension ball joint end play.
- a) Jack up front of vehicle and set the stands.
- b) Clamp dial indicator onto transverse link and place indicator tip on lower edge of brake caliper.
- c) Make sure front wheels are straight and brake pedal is depressed.
- d) Place a pry bar between transverse link and inner rim of road wheel.
- e) While raising and releasing pry bar, observe maximum dial indicator value.

#### Vertical end play:

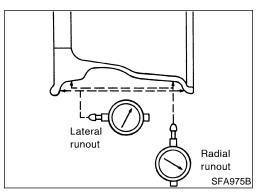
#### 0 mm (0 in)

If ball joint vertical end play exists, remove transverse link and recheck the ball joint. Refer to SU-14.

#### FRONT WHEEL ALIGNMENT

Before checking front wheel alignment, be sure to make a preliminary inspection (Unladen\*).

\*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.



#### **Preliminary Inspection**

#### Aluminum wheel

NCSU0007S01 NCSU0007S0101

- 1. Check tires for wear and improper inflation.
- 2. Check wheels for deformation, cracks and other damage. If deformed, remove wheel and check wheel runout.
- a. Remove tire from aluminum wheel and mount on a tire balance machine.
- b. Set dial indicator as shown in the illustration.

Wheel runout (Dial indicator value): Refer to SDS, SU-16.

3.

5.

6.

On-vehicle Service (Cont'd

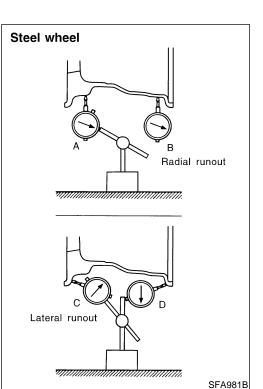
MA

LC

GL

MT

AT



	7.	Check vehicle posture (Unladen).
1	Ste	eel wheel
	1.	Check tires for wear and improper inflation.
	2.	Check wheels for deformation, cracks and other damage. If deformed, remove wheel and check wheel runout.
	a.	Remove tire from steel wheel and mount wheel on a tire bal- ance machine.
	b.	Set two dial indicators as shown in the illustration.
	c.	Set each dial indicator to 0.
	d.	Rotate wheel and check dial indicators at several points around the circumference of the wheel.
	e.	Calculate runout at each point as shown below. Radial runout = $(A + B)/2$ Lateral runout = $(C + D)/2$
	f.	Select maximum positive runout value and the maximum negative value.

Check front wheel bearings for looseness.

Check that front shock absorbers work properly.

4. Check front suspension for looseness.

Check steering linkage for looseness.

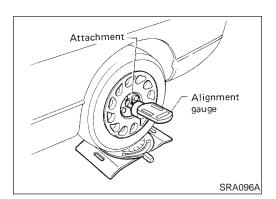
Add the two values to determine total runout. AX In case a positive or negative value is not available, use the maximum value (negative or positive) for total runout. SU If the total runout value exceeds the limit, replace steel wheel. Wheel runout: Refer to SDS, SU-16.

- 3. Check front wheel bearings for looseness.
- 4. Check front suspension for looseness.
- 5. Check steering linkage for looseness.
- 6. Check that front shock absorbers work properly.
- 7. Check vehicle posture (Unladen).

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#### Camber, Caster and Kingpin Inclination NCSU0007502 Camber, caster and kingpin inclination are preset at factory and cannot be adjusted.

EL 1. Measure camber, caster and kingpin inclination of both right and left wheels with a suitable alignment gauge.

#### Camber, caster and kingpin inclination: Refer to SDS, SU-15.

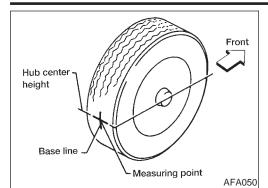
If camber, caster or kingpin inclination is not within 2. specification, inspect front suspension parts. Replace damaged or worn out parts.

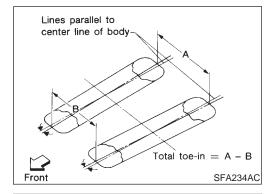
#### On-vehicle Service (Cont'd)

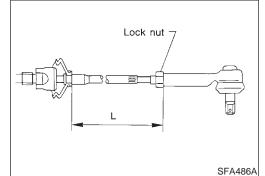
# FRONT SUSPENSION

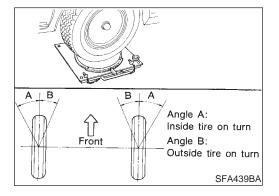


NCSU0007S03









#### Toe-in

Measure toe-in using the following procedure.

- Always perform the following procedure on a flat surface.
- Make sure that no person is in front of the vehicle before pushing it.
- 1. Bounce front of vehicle up and down to stabilize the posture.
- 2. Push the vehicle straight ahead about 5 m (16 ft).
- 3. Put a mark on base line of tread (rear side) of both tires at the same height as hub center. These are measuring points.
- 4. Measure distance "A" (rear side).
- 5. Push the vehicle slowly ahead to rotate the wheels 180 degrees (1/2 turn).

If the wheels have rotated more than 180 degrees (1/2 turn), try the above procedure again from the beginning. Never push vehicle backward.

6. Measure distance "B" (front side).

Total toe-in: Refer to SDS, SU-15.

- 7. Adjust toe-in by varying the length of steering tie-rods.
- a. Loosen lock nuts.
- b. Adjust toe-in by screwing tie-rods in and out.

Standard length "L": Refer to ST-31, "SDS".

c. Tighten lock nuts to specified torque.

Lock nut tightening torque: Refer to ST-15, "POWER STEERING GEAR AND LINK-AGE".

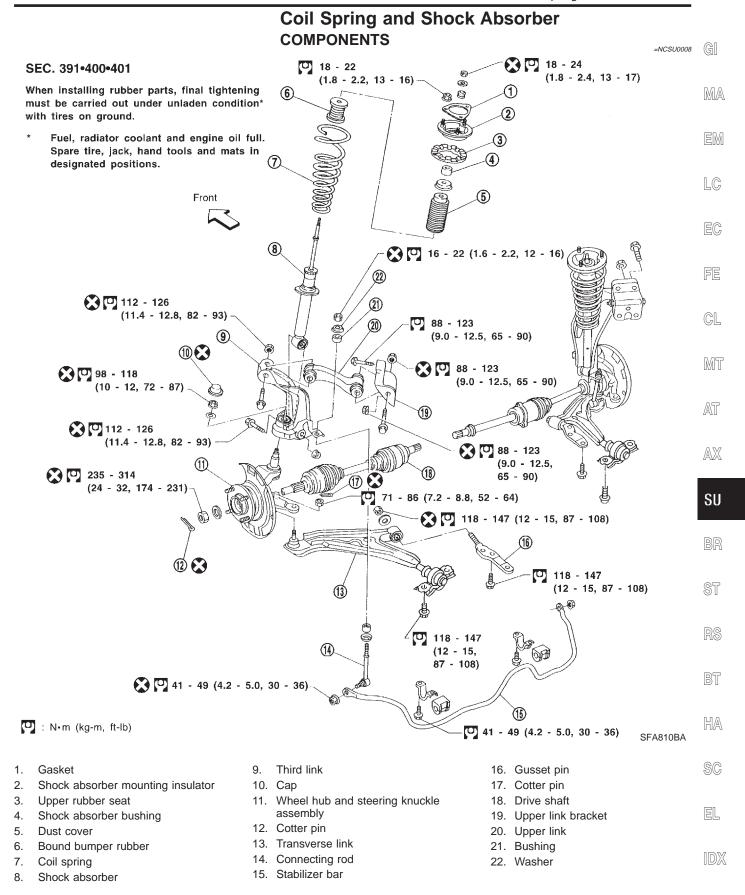
#### Front Wheel Turning Angle

- 1. Set wheels in straight-ahead position. Then move vehicle forward until front wheels rest on turning radius gauge properly.
- 2. Rotate steering wheel all the way right and left; measure turning angle.

Wheel turning angle (Full turn): Refer to SDS, SU-15.



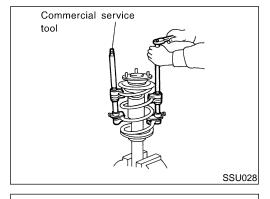
Coil Spring and Shock Absorber





#### REMOVAL

- Remove shock absorber fixing bolt and nut (to hoodledge).
- Do not remove piston rod lock nut on vehicle.



#### DISASSEMBLY

NCSU0010

 Set shock absorber on vise.
 Compress spring with Tool so that shock absorber mounting insulator can be turned by hand.

#### WARNING:

Make sure that the pawls of the two spring compressors are firmly hooked on the spring. The spring compressors must be tightened alternately so as not to tilt the spring.

- 3. While holding the piston rod as shown in the left figure, remove the piston rod lock nut.
- Be sure to loosen the piston rod lock nut after compressing the spring. If it is loosened before the spring is compressed, the piston valve nut inside the shock absorber may be loosened.

SSU029

#### INSPECTION Shock Absorber Assembly

NCSU0011

- Check for smooth operation through a full stroke, both compression and extension.
- Check for oil leakage on welded or gland packing portions.
- Check piston rod for cracks, deformation or other damage. Replace if necessary.

#### Mounting Insulator and Rubber Parts

 Check cemented rubber-to-metal portion for separation or cracks. Check rubber parts for deterioration.
 Replace if necessary.

#### **Coil Spring**

Check for cracks, deformation or other damage. Replace if necessary.

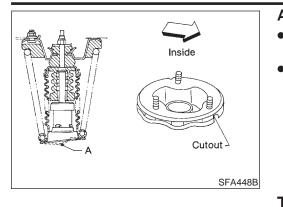


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#### ASSEMBLY

Install shock absorber so that arrow A faces rearward on LH and forward on RH sides. Install upper mounting insulator with its cutout facing the inside of the vehicle.

Coil Spring and Shock Absorber (Cont'd,

# Third Link and Upper Link REMOVAL

#### **CAUTION:**

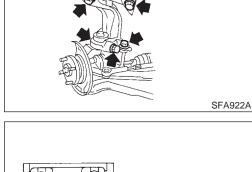
Kingpin bearing usually does not require maintenance. If any of the following symptoms are noted, replace kingpin bearing for assembly.  $\ensuremath{\mathbb{FE}}$ 

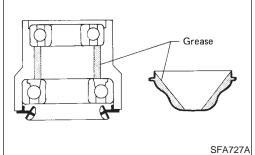
- Growling noise is emitted from kingpin bearing during operation.
- Kingpin bearing drags or turns roughly when steering knuckle is turned by hand.
- 1. Remove cap and kingpin nut.
- 2. Remove shock absorber fixing nut and upper link fixing bolts. AT
- 3. Remove stabilizer connecting rod.
- 4. Remove third link and upper link.

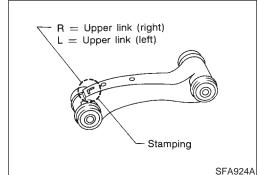
SU

AX

- BR

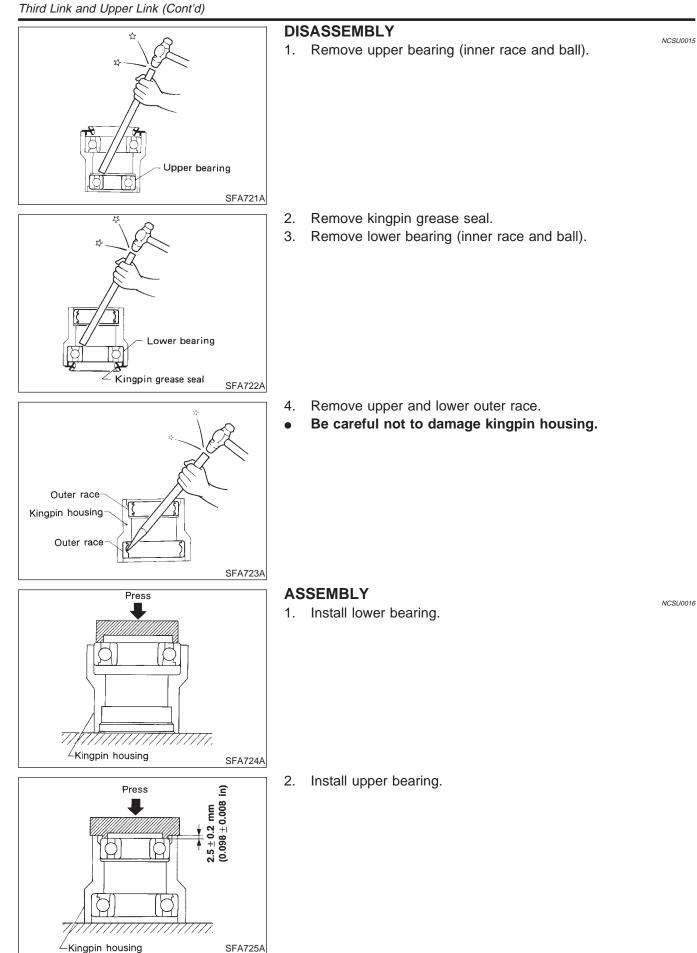




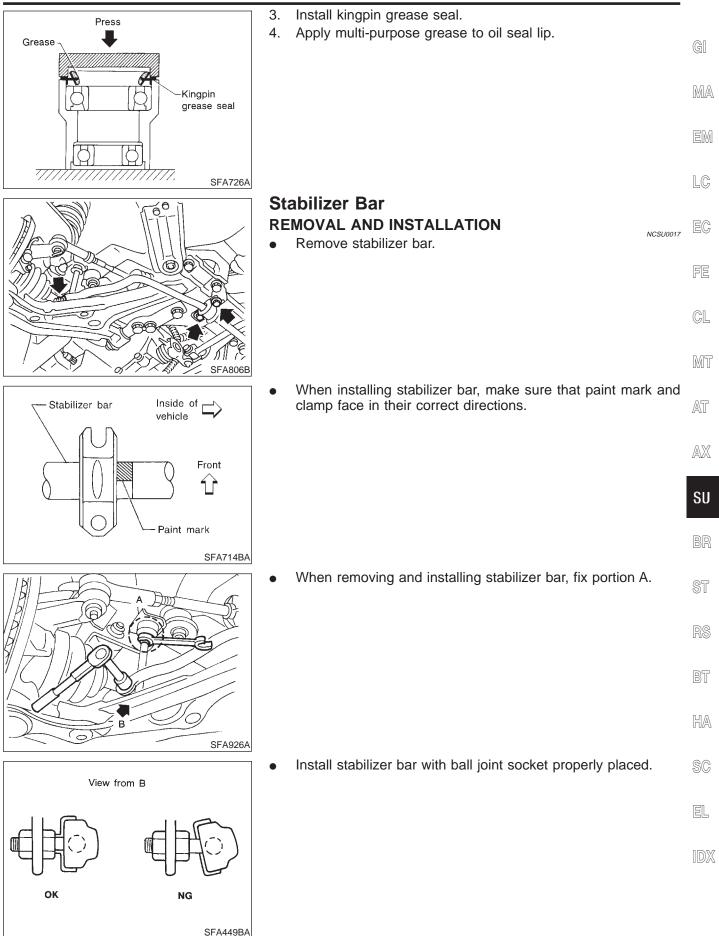


INSTALLATION Third Link • Pack kingpin housing and cap with multi-purpose grease before installing third link and cap. Grease capacity: Kingpin housing 4 g (0.14 oz) Cap 10 g (0.35 oz)	ST RS BT
	HA
<ul> <li>Upper Link</li> <li>Upper link has "L" or "R" stamped on it as shown.</li> <li>Upper link bushings cannot be disassembled.</li> </ul>	SC EL
<ul> <li>When installing upper link, make sure that parts are in their correct positions.</li> </ul>	idX



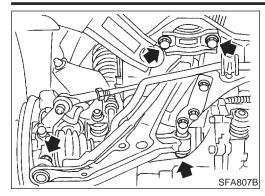


Third Link and Upper Link (Cont'd)



Transverse Link and Lower Ball Joint





# Transverse Link and Lower Ball Joint REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- Remove ball joint and transverse link assembly.
- During installation, final tightening must be carried out at curb weight with tires on ground.
- After installation, check wheel alignment. Refer to "FRONT WHEEL ALIGNMENT", "On-vehicle Service", SU-6.

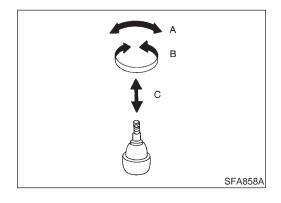
#### INSPECTION Transverse Link

NCSU0019

NCSU0020

NCSU0018

- Check transverse link for damage, cracks or deformation. Replace it if necessary.
- Check rubber bushing for damage, cracks and deformation. Replace transverse link if necessary.



#### Lower Ball Joint

- Check ball joint for excessive play. Replace transverse link assembly if any of the following exists:
- Ball stud is worn.
- Joint is hard to swing.
- Play in axial direction is excessive.
   Before checking, turn ball joint at least 10 revolutions so that ball joint is properly broken in.

#### Swinging force "A":

#### (measuring point: cotter pin hole of ball stud)

7.8 - 54.9 N (0.8 - 5.6 kg, 1.8 - 12.3 lb)

Turning torque "B":

0.49 - 3.43 N·m (5.0 - 35.0 kg-cm, 4.3 - 30.4 in-lb) Vertical end play "C":

- 0 mm (0 in)
- ck dust cover for da
- Check dust cover for damage. Replace it and cover clamp if necessary.

# Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

### **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS (FRONT)**

Suspension type	Independent multi-link with coil spring
Shock absorber type	Double-acting hydraulic
Stabilizer bar	Standard equipment



#### Service Data and Specifications (SDS) (Cont'd)

FRONT WHEEL	ALIGNMENT	(UNLADEN*1)
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Camber		Minimum	-0°45′ (-0.75°)	GI
Degree minute (Decimal	degree)	Nominal	0°00′ (0.00°)	GI
		Maximum	0°45′ (0.75°)	 
			· · · · ·	M <i>4</i>
		Left and right difference	45' (0.75°) or less	
Caster Degree minute (Decimal )	dearee)	Minimum	1°10′ (1.17°)	EN
		Nominal	1°55′ (1.92°)	
		Maximum	2°40′ (2.67°)	LC
		Left and right difference	45' (0.75°) or less	
Kingpin inclination		Minimum	13°45′ (13.75°)	EC
Degree minute (Decimal degree)		Nominal	14°30′ (14.50°)	
		Maximum	15°15′ (15.25°)	FE
Total toe-in		Minimum	0 (0)	
	Distance (A – B) mm (in)	Nominal	1 (0.04)	CL
		Maximum	2 (0.08)	
		Minimum	0′ (0.00°)	Mī
	Angle (left plus right) Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Nominal	6′ (0.10°)	
		Maximum	12′ (0.20°)	AT
Wheel turning angle		Minimum	31°00′ (31.00°)	
Full turn*2	Inside Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Nominal	34°00′ (34.00°)	AX
		Maximum	35°00′ (35.00°)	
	Outside Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Nominal	29°00′ (29.00°)	SU

\*1: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

BR \*2: On power steering models, wheel turning force (at circumference of steering wheel) of 98 to 147 N (10 to 15 kg, 22 to 33 lb) with engine idle.

#### LOWER BALL JOINT

Swinging force "A" (Measuring point: cotter pin hole of ball stud) N (kg, lb)	7.8 - 54.9 (0.8 - 5.6, 1.8 - 12.3)	_ _ RS
Turning torque "B" N·m (kg-cm, in-lb)	0.49 - 3.43 (5.0 - 35.0, 4.3 - 30.4)	_ 110
Vertical end play "C" mm (in)	0 (0)	BT

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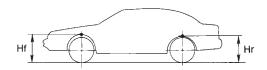
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# WHEELARCH HEIGHT (UNLADEN\*)

=NCSU0041

**₹X**17



SFA818A

Applied model	195/60 R15 tire	195/65 R15 tire
Front (Hf) mm (in)	666 (26.22)	671 (26.42)
Rear (Hr) mm (in)	653 (25.71)	658 (25.91)

\*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

#### WHEEL RUNOUT

	NCSU0023
Wheel type	Aluminum
Radial runout limit mm (in)	0.3 (0.012)
Lateral runout limit mm (in)	0.3 (0.012)

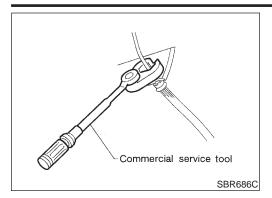


EC

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Precautions



# **Precautions**

PRECAUTIONS

•

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- When installing each rubber part, final tightening must be GI • carried out under unladen condition\* with tires on ground. \*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, MA hand tools and mats in designated positions.
  - Use flare nut wrench when removing or installing brake EM tubes.
- After installing removed suspension parts, check wheel alignment. LC
- Do not jack up at the trailing arm and lateral link. •
- Always torque brake lines when installing. •

Preparation COMMERCIAL SERVICE TOOLS			MT AT	
Tool name	Description			AX
Equivalent to GG94310000 1 Flare nut crowfoot 2 Torque wrench		Removing and installing brake piping a: 10 mm (0.39 in)		SU
	NT360			BR
Spring compressor	CONTRACTOR	Removing and installing coil spring		ST
	Str. Startin			RS
	NT717			BT

# Noise, Vibration and Harshness (NVH) Troubleshooting

Refer to "Noise, Vibration and Harshness (NVH) Troubleshooting", EL "FRONT SUSPENSION", SU-3.

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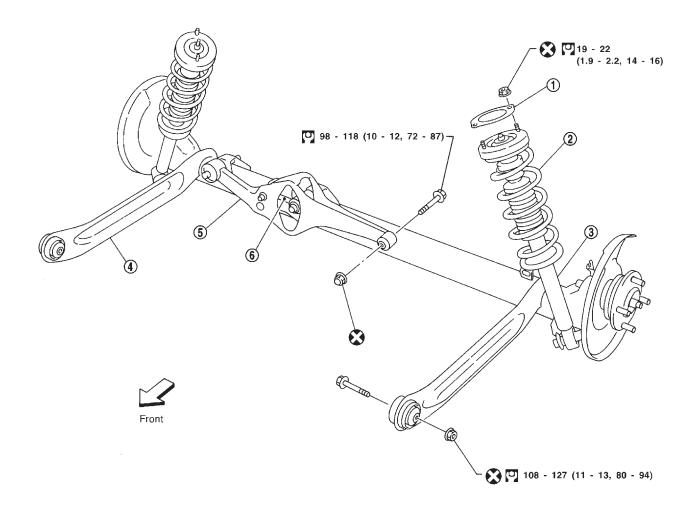
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NCSU0028

# Components

SEC. 431



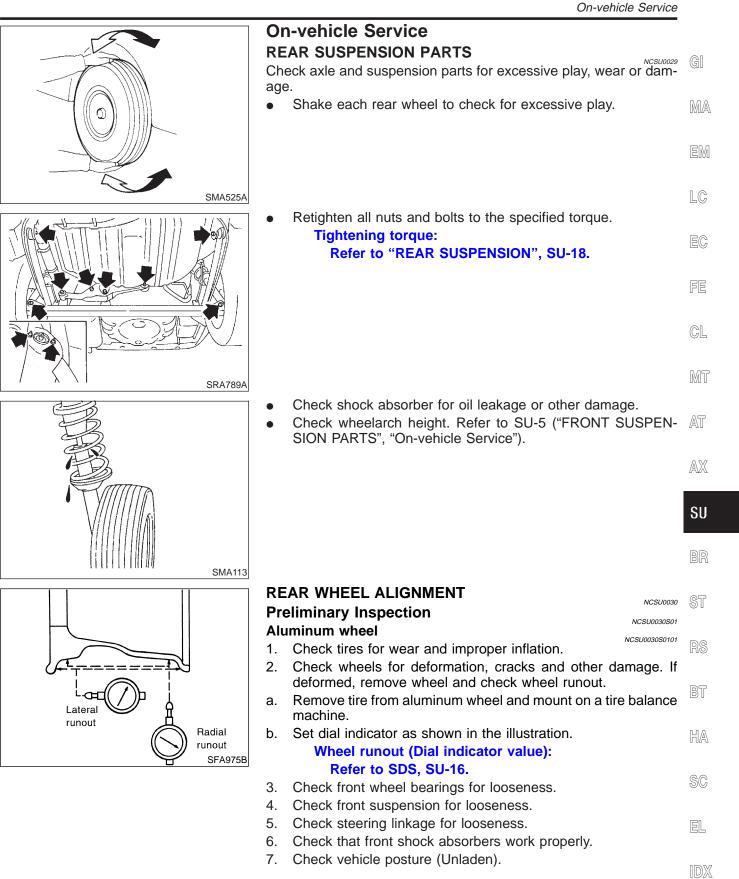
🕐 : N•m (kg-m, ft-lb)

SRA788AB

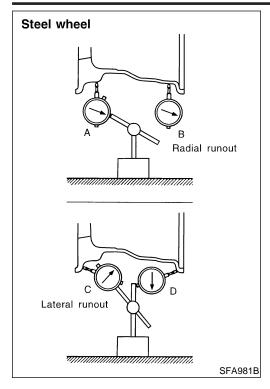
- 1. Gasket
- 2. Coil spring

- 3. Shock absorber
- 4. Torsion beam

- 5. Lateral link
- 6. Control rod



#### On-vehicle Service (Cont'd)



# **REAR SUSPENSION**



NCSU0030S0102

NCSU0030S02

#### Steel wheel

1.

- Check tires for wear and improper inflation.
- 2. Check wheels for deformation, cracks and other damage. If deformed, remove wheel and check wheel runout.
- a. Remove tire from steel wheel and mount wheel on a tire balance machine.
- b. Set two dial indicators as shown in the illustration.
- c. Set each dial indicator to 0.
- d. Rotate wheel and check dial indicators at several points around the circumference of the wheel.
- e. Calculate runout at each point as shown below. Radial runout = (A + B)/2 Lateral runout = (C + D)/2
- f. Select maximum positive runout value and the maximum negative value.

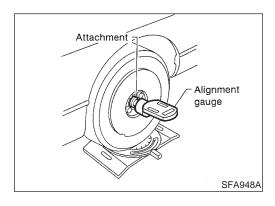
Add the two values to determine total runout.

In case a positive or negative value is not available, use the maximum value (negative or positive) for total runout.

If the total runout value exceeds the limit, replace steel wheel. Wheel runout:

#### Refer to SDS, SU-16.

- 3. Check front wheel bearings for looseness.
- 4. Check front suspension for looseness.
- 5. Check steering linkage for looseness.
- 6. Check that front shock absorbers work properly.
- 7. Check vehicle posture (Unladen).



#### Camber

Camber is preset at factory and cannot be adjusted. Camber:

#### Refer to SDS, SU-26.

 If the camber is not within specification, inspect and replace any damaged or worn rear suspension parts.

Hub center height

Front



	Un-venicie Service (Conta)
o center ght Base line	Toe-inNCSU0030503Toe-in is preset at factory and cannot be adjusted.Measure toe-in using following procedure. If out of specification, inspect and replace any damaged or worn rear suspension parts.WARNING:• Perform following procedure always on a flat surface.• Make sure that no person is in front of the vehicle before pushing it.
└ Measuring point	1. Bounce rear of vehicle up and down to stabilize the posture.
SFA614B	
Lines parallel to center line of body	<ol> <li>Put a mark on base line of the tread (rear side) of both tires at the same height of hub center. This mark is a measuring point.</li> <li>Measure distance "A" (rear side).</li> </ol>
A	<ol> <li>Push the vehicle slowly ahead to rotate the wheels 180 degrees (1/2 turn).</li> </ol>
	If the wheels have rotated more than 180 degrees (1/2 turn), try the above procedure again from the beginning. Never push vehicle backward.
Total toe-in = $A - B$	6. Measure distance "B" (front side).
	Total toe-in:

Refer to SDS, SU-26.

SFA234AC

AT

**EXIT** 

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

- AX
- SU
- BR
- ST

RS

BT

HA

SC

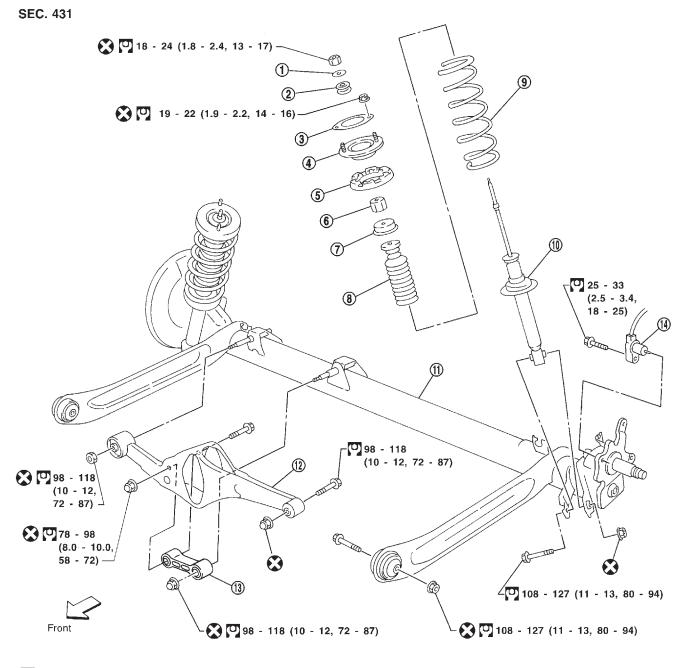
EL

IDX

# **Removal and Installation**



NCSU0031

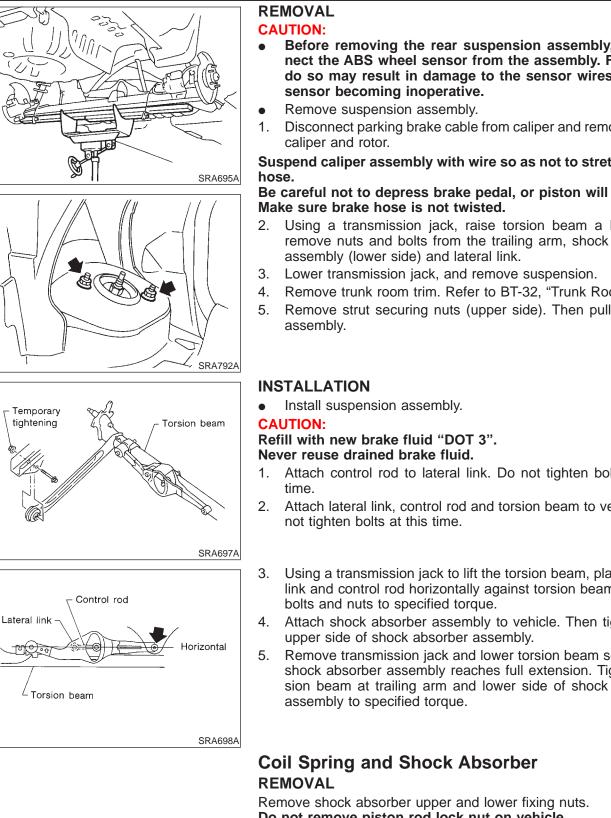


🕐 : N•m (kg-m, ft-lb)

- 1. Washer
- 2. Bushing
- 3. Shock absorber mounting seal
- 4. Shock absorber mounting bracket
- 5. Upper spring seat rubber
- 6. Bushing
- 7. Bound bumper cover
- Bound bumper cove
   Bound bumper
- 9. Coil spring
- 9. Coll spring
- 10. Shock absorber

SRA791AB

- 11. Torsion beam
- 12. Lateral link
- 13. Control rod
- 14. ABS sensor



NCSU0031S01

, discon- Failure to	GI
and the	MA
ove brake	EM
tch brake	LC
pop out.	20
little, and absorber	EC
	FE
om". I out strut	CL
	MT

NS	STALLATION	NCSU0031S02	
•	Install suspension assembly.	NC300031302	AT
CA	UTION:		
	ill with new brake fluid "DOT 3". /er reuse drained brake fluid.		AX
•	Attach control rod to lateral link. Do not tighten bolts time.	at this	รบ
2.	Attach lateral link, control rod and torsion beam to veh	icle. Do	00
	not tighten bolts at this time.		BR
8.	Using a transmission jack to lift the torsion beam, plac link and control rod horizontally against torsion beam. bolts and nuts to specified torque.		ST
	Attach shock absorber assembly to vehicle. Then tight upper side of shock absorber assembly.	nten the	RS
j.	Remove transmission jack and lower torsion beam so shock absorber assembly reaches full extension. Tigh sion beam at trailing arm and lower side of shock a assembly to specified torque.	nten tor-	BT

# **Coil Spring and Shock Absorber**

Remove shock absorber upper and lower fixing nuts. Do not remove piston rod lock nut on vehicle.

HA

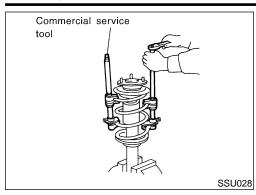
SC

EL

NCSU0032

#### Coil Spring and Shock Absorber (Cont'd)

NCSU0033



#### DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Set shock absorber in vise.
- 2. Compress spring with Tool so that the shock absorber upper spring seat can be turned by hand.

#### WARNING:

Make sure that the pawls of the two spring compressors are firmly hooked on the spring. The spring compressors must be tightened alternately so as not to tilt the spring.

- 3. While holding the piston rod as shown in the left figure, remove the piston rod lock nut.
- Be sure to loosen the piston rod lock nut after compressing the spring. If it is loosened before the spring is compressed, the piston valve nut inside the shock absorber may be loosened.

#### INSPECTION

SSU029

#### Shock Absorber Assembly

NCSU0034

NCSU0034S02

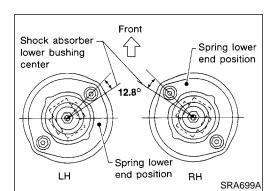
- Check for smooth operation through a full stroke, both compression and extension.
- Check for oil leakage on welded or gland packing portions.
- Check piston rod for cracks, deformation or other damage. Replace if necessary.

#### **Upper Rubber Seat and Bushing**

Check rubber parts for deterioration or cracks. Replace if necessary.

#### Coil Spring

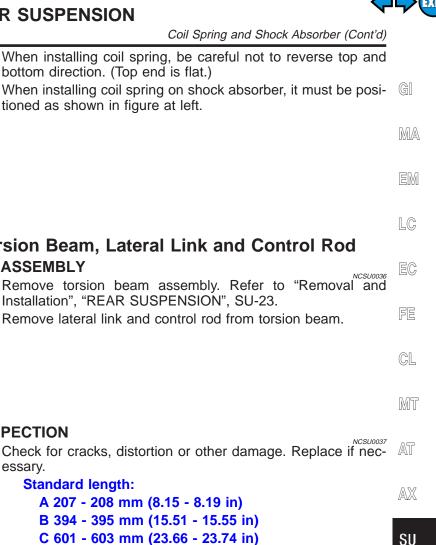
Check for cracks, deformation or other damage. Replace if necessary.



#### ASSEMBLY

• Locate upper spring seat as shown.

NCSU0035



HA

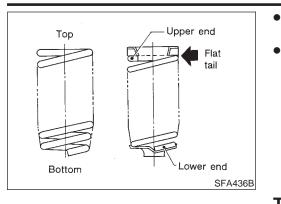
SC

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IDX

# **REAR SUSPENSION**

INSPECTION



ක

Temporary

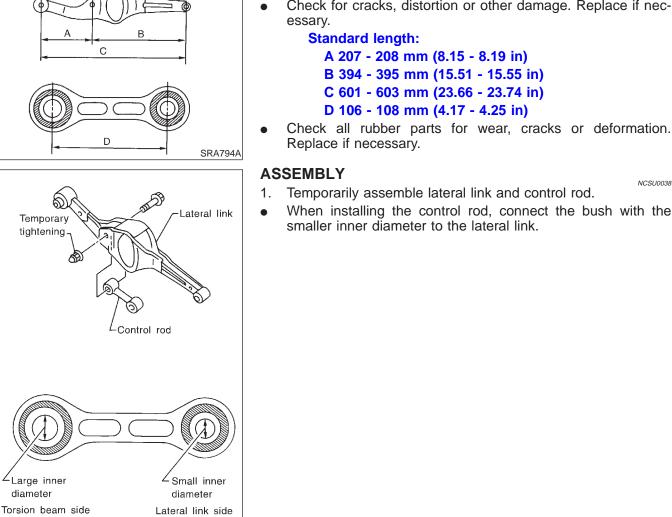
tightening

-Large inner diameter

- When installing coil spring, be careful not to reverse top and bottom direction. (Top end is flat.)
- When installing coil spring on shock absorber, it must be posi-tioned as shown in figure at left.

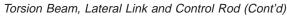
# Torsion Beam, Lateral Link and Control Rod DISASSEMBLY

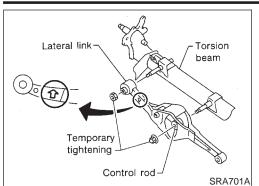
- Remove torsion beam assembly. Refer to "Removal and Installation", "REAR SUSPENSION", SU-23.
- Remove lateral link and control rod from torsion beam.



**SU-25** 

SRA793A





Secure tightening

Horizontal

SRA702A

- 2. Temporarily install lateral link and control rod on torsion beam.
- When installing, place lateral link with the arrow topside.

- 3. Place lateral link and control rod horizontally against torsion beam, and tighten to the specified torque.
- 4. Install torsion beam assembly. Refer to "Removal and Installation", "REAR SUSPENSION", SU-23.

NCSU0039

# Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

### **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS (REAR)**

Suspension type	Multi-link beam suspension	
Shock absorber type	Double-acting hydraulic	

#### **REAR WHEEL ALIGNMENT (UNLADEN\*)**

	ALIGNMENT (UNLADEN)		NCSU0040
Camber		Minimum	-2°03′ (-2.05°)
Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Nominal	-1°18′ (-1.30°)	
		Maximum	-0°33′ (-0.55°)
Total toe-in       Distance (A – B)         mm (in)       Magle (left plus right)         Degree minute (Decimal degree)	. ,	Minimum	0 (0)
	mm (in)	Nominal	4 (0.16)
		Maximum	8 (0.31)
		Minimum	0′ (0.00°)
	Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Nominal	24′ (0.40°)
		Maximum	48′ (0.80°)

\*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.