

# ENGINE MECHANICAL

## SECTION **EM**

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### **Supplemental Restraint System “AIR BAG” and “SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER”**

The Supplemental Restraint System “Air Bag” and “Seat Belt Pre-tensioner” help to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bags (located in the center of the steering wheel and on the instrument panel on the passenger side), seat belt pre-tensioners, sensors, a diagnosis unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **BF section** of this Service Manual.

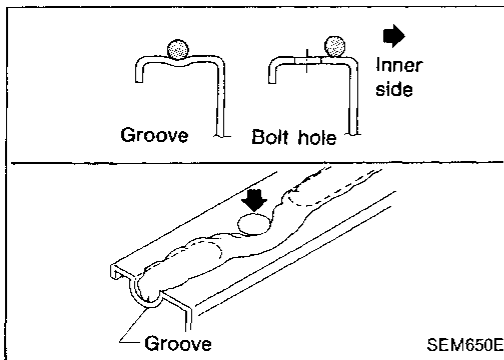
#### **WARNING:**

- **To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could lead to personal injury or death in the event of a severe frontal collision, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized INFINITI dealer.**
- **Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.**
- **All SRS air bag electrical wiring harnesses and connectors are covered with yellow outer insulation. Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS SYSTEM.**

### **Parts Requiring Angular Tightening**

- Some important engine parts are tightened using an angular-tightening method rather than a torque setting method.
- If these parts are tightened using a torque setting method, dispersal of the tightening force (axial bolt force) will be two or three times that of the dispersal produced by using the correct angular-tightening method.
- Although the torque setting values (described in this manual) are equivalent to those used when bolts and nuts are tightened with an angular-tightening method, they should be used for reference only.
- To assure the satisfactory maintenance of the engine, bolts and nuts must be tightened using an angular-tightening method.
- Before tightening the bolts and nuts, ensure that the thread and seating surfaces are clean and then coated with engine oil.
- The bolts and nuts which require the angular-tightening method are as follows:
  - (1) Cylinder head bolts
  - (2) Connecting rod cap nuts

## PRECAUTIONS



### Liquid Gasket Application Procedure

- a. Before applying liquid gasket, use a scraper to remove all traces of old liquid gasket from mating surfaces and grooves, and then completely clean any oil stains from these portions.
- b. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to mating surfaces. (Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.)
  - Be sure liquid gasket is 3.5 to 4.5 mm (0.138 to 0.177 in) wide (for oil pan).
  - Be sure liquid gasket is 2.0 to 3.0 mm (0.079 to 0.118 in) wide (in areas except oil pan).
- c. Apply liquid gasket to inner surface around hole perimeter area. (Assembly should be done within 5 minutes after coating.)
- d. Wait at least 30 minutes before refilling engine oil and engine coolant.

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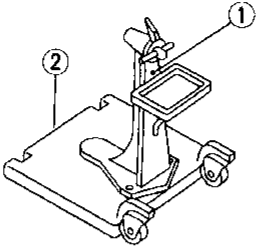
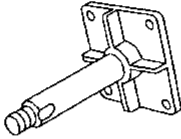
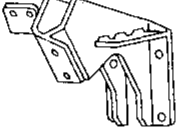
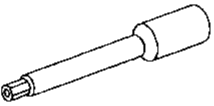
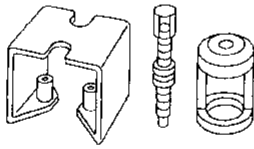
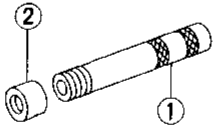
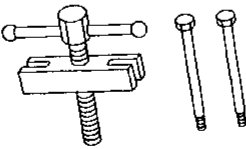
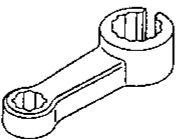
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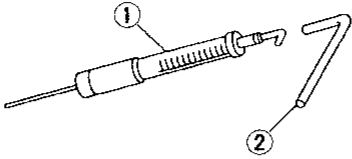
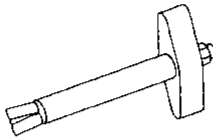
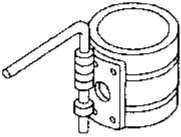
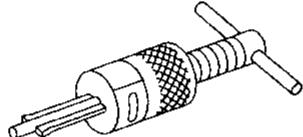
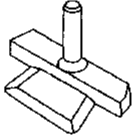
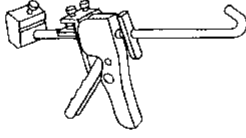
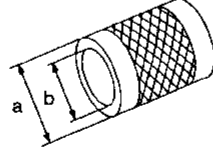
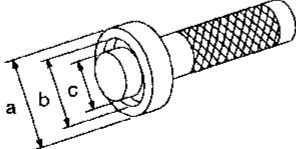
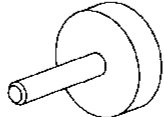
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# PREPARATION

## SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS

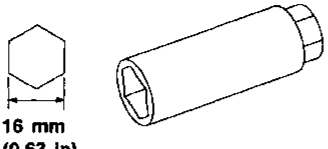
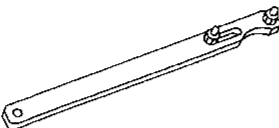
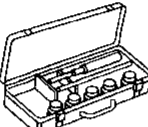
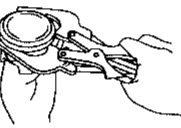
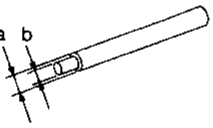
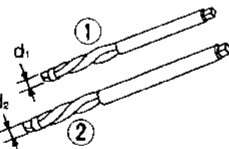
Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description	
ST0501S000 ( — ) Engine stand assembly ① ST05011000 ( — ) Engine stand ② ST05012000 ( — ) Base		Disassembling and assembling
KV10106500 ( — ) Engine stand shaft		NT028
KV10110001 ( — ) Engine sub-attachment		NT032
ST10120000 (J24239-01) Cylinder head bolt wrench		Loosening and tightening cylinder head bolt
KV10111300 ( — ) Valve spring compressor		Disassembling and assembling valve components
① KV10107501 ( — ) Valve oil seal drift ② KV10111400 ( — ) Attachment		Installing valve oil seal
ST27180001 (J25726-A) Steering wheel puller		Removing crankshaft pulley
KV10114400 (J-38365) Heated oxygen sensor wrench		Loosening or tightening heated oxygen sensor

# PREPARATION

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description	
① EG14860000 (J-38387) Push-pull gauge ② KV10112000 ( — ) Hook	 <p style="text-align: center;">NT039</p>	GI MA
(J36467) Valve oil seal remover	 <p style="text-align: center;">NT034</p>	<div style="background-color: black; color: white; padding: 2px; text-align: center; font-weight: bold;">EM</div> LC
EM03470000 (J8037) Piston ring compressor	 <p style="text-align: center;">NT044</p>	EF & EC FE
ST16610001 (J23907) Pilot bushing puller	 <p style="text-align: center;">NT045</p>	AT PD
KV10111100 (J37228) Seal cutter	 <p style="text-align: center;">NT046</p>	FA RA
WS39930000 ( — ) Tube presser	 <p style="text-align: center;">NT052</p>	BR ST
ST33200000 (J26082) Drift	 <p style="text-align: center;">NT091</p>	BF HA
KV38100300 (J22888) Drift	 <p style="text-align: center;">NT085</p>	EL IDX
ST15310000 (J25640-B) Drift	 <p style="text-align: center;">NT038</p>	

# PREPARATION

## COMMERCIAL SERVICE TOOLS

Tool name	Description
Spark plug wrench	 <p>16 mm (0.63 in)</p> <p>NT047</p> <p>Removing and installing spark plug</p>
Pulley holder	 <p>NT035</p> <p>Holding camshaft pulley while tightening or loosening camshaft bolt</p>
Valve seat cutter set	 <p>NT048</p> <p>Finishing valve seat dimensions</p>
Piston ring expander	 <p>NT030</p> <p>Removing and installing piston ring</p>
Valve guide drift	 <p>NT015</p> <p>Removing and installing valve guide</p> <p><b>Intake &amp; Exhaust:</b>  <b>a = 9.5 mm (0.374 in) dia.</b>  <b>b = 5.5 mm (0.217 in) dia.</b></p>
Valve guide reamer	 <p>NT016</p> <p>Reaming valve guide ① or hole for oversize valve guide ②</p> <p><b>d<sub>1</sub> = 6.0 mm (0.236 in) dia.</b>  <b>d<sub>2</sub> = 10.2 mm (0.402 in) dia.</b></p>

# OUTER COMPONENT PARTS

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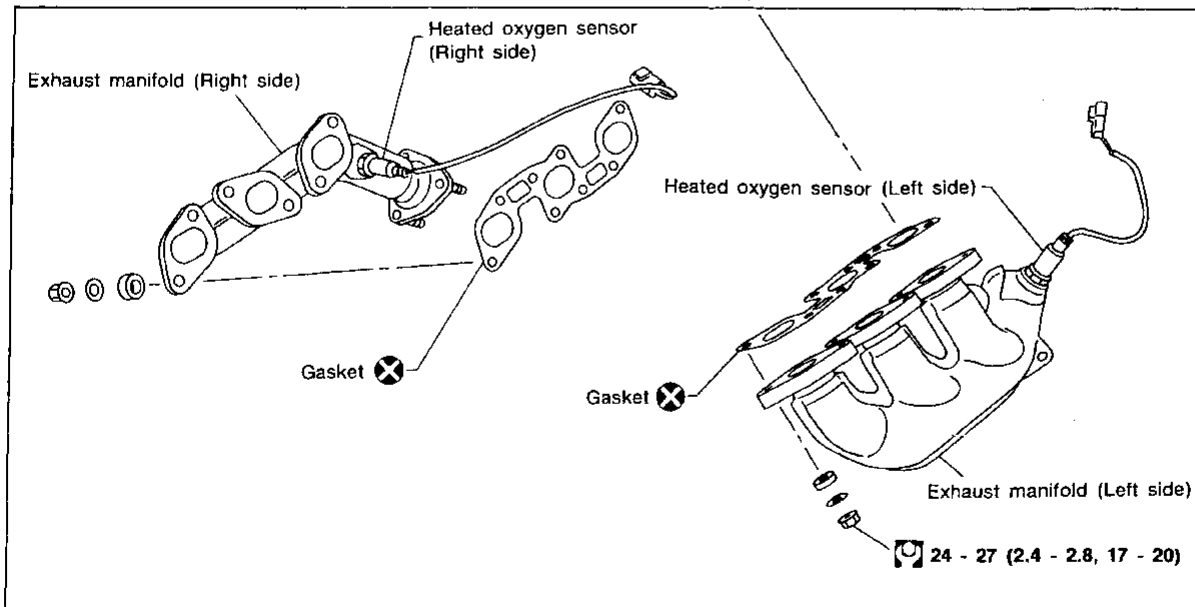
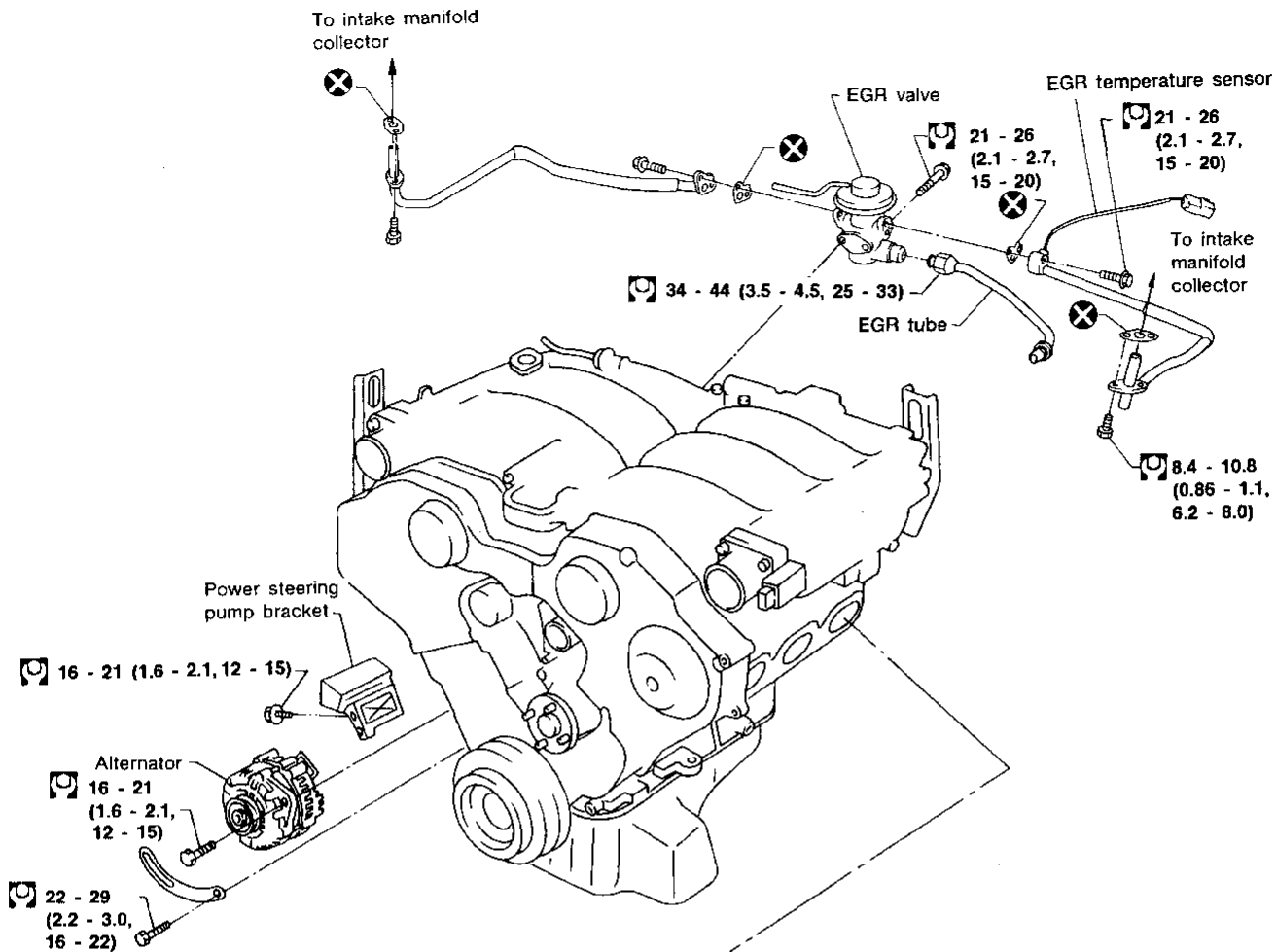
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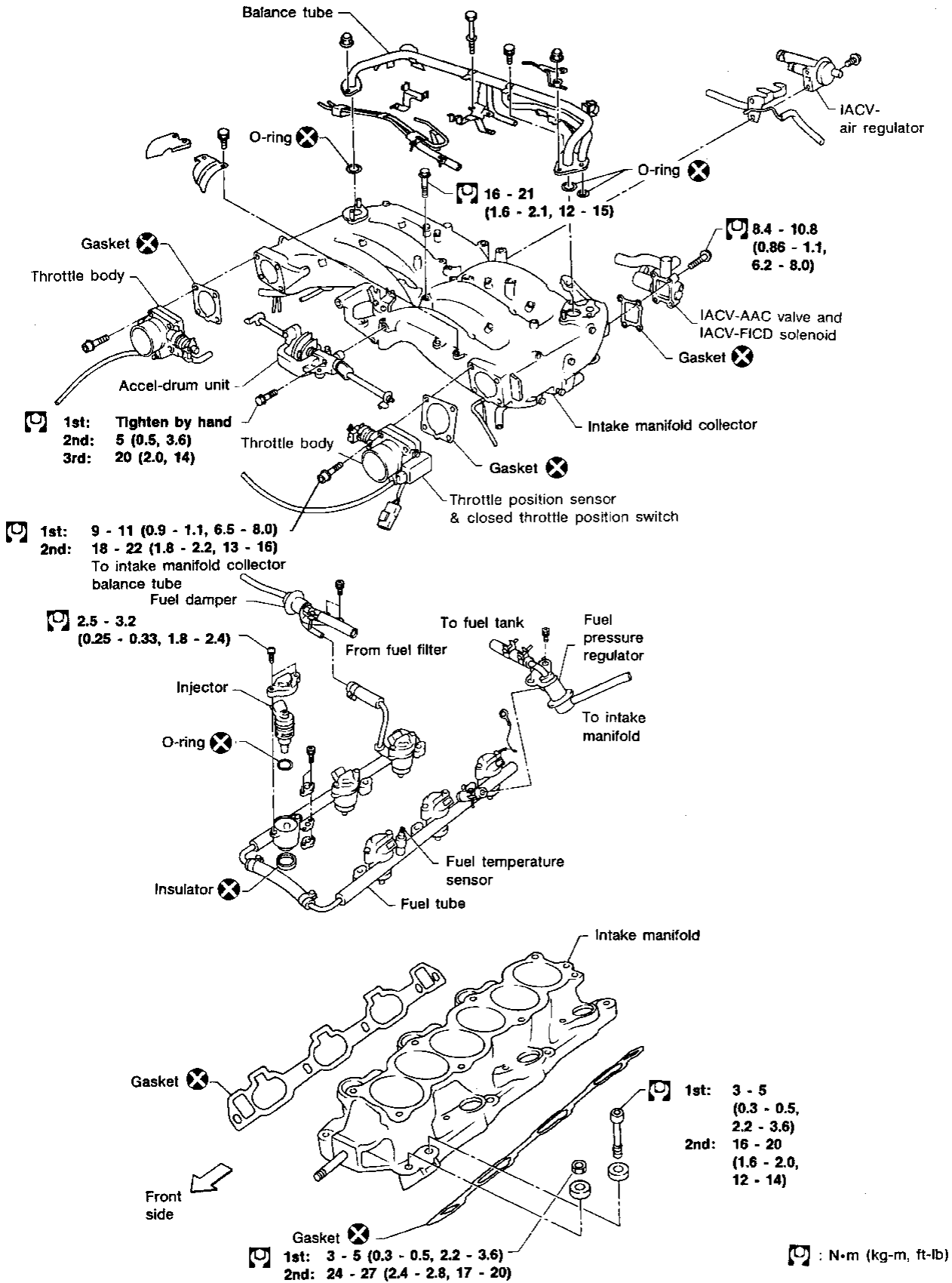
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: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

# OUTER COMPONENT PARTS





## Measurement of Compression Pressure

1. Warm up engine.
2. Turn ignition switch off.
3. Release fuel pressure.  
Refer to "Releasing Fuel Pressure" in EF & EC section.
4. Remove all spark plugs.
5. Disconnect camshaft position sensor harness connector.

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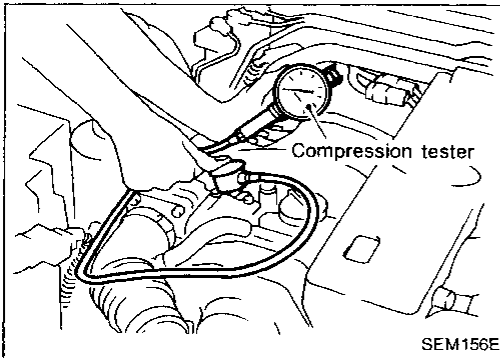
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6. Attach a compression tester to No. 1 cylinder.
7. Depress accelerator pedal fully to keep throttle valve wide open.
8. Crank engine and record highest gauge indication.
9. Repeat the measurement on each cylinder as shown.

**Always use a fully-charged battery to obtain specified engine speed.**

**Compression pressure:**

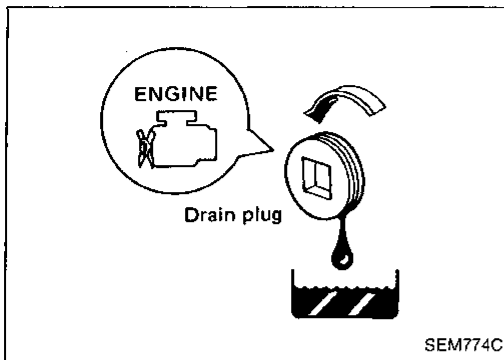
Unit: kPa (kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, psi)/300 rpm

Standard	1,285 (13.1, 186)
Minimum	981 (10.0, 142)
Differential limit between cylinders	98 (1.0, 14)

10. If cylinder compression in one or more cylinders is low, pour a small amount of engine oil into cylinders through the spark plug holes and retest compression.

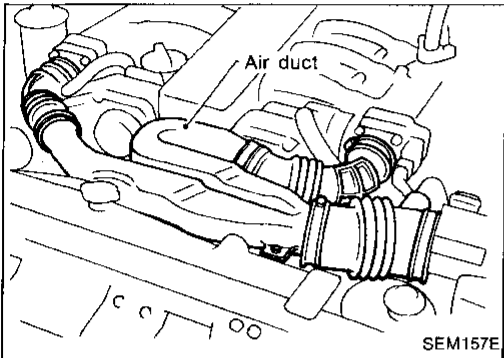
- **If adding oil helps compression, piston rings may be worn or damaged. If so, replace piston rings after checking piston.**
- **If pressure stays low, a valve may be sticking or seating improperly. Inspect and repair valves and valve seats. Refer to SDS (EM-53, 54). If valves or valve seats are damaged excessively, replace them.**
- **If compression in any two adjacent cylinders is low and if adding oil does not help compression, there may be leakage past gasket surface. If so, replace cylinder head gasket.**

# OIL PAN

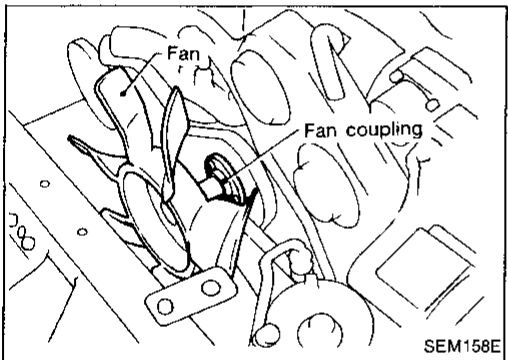


## Removal

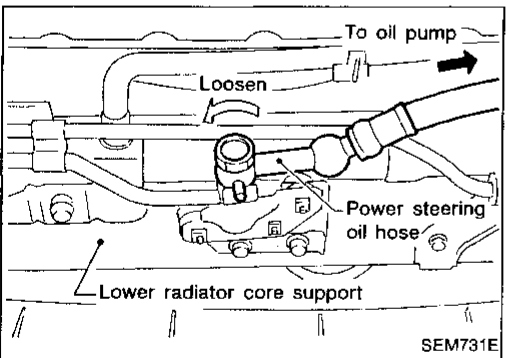
1. Drain engine oil.
2. Drain coolant from radiator drain cock.
3. Remove engine under cover.



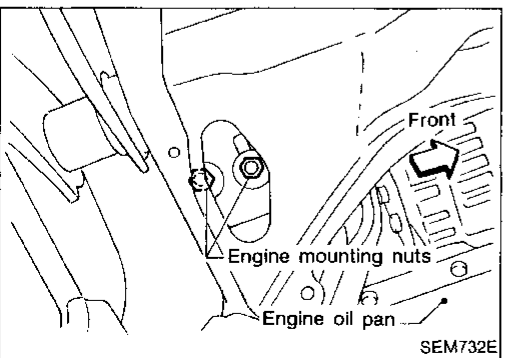
4. Remove air ducts.
5. Remove lower and upper radiator shrouds.



6. Remove fan coupling.



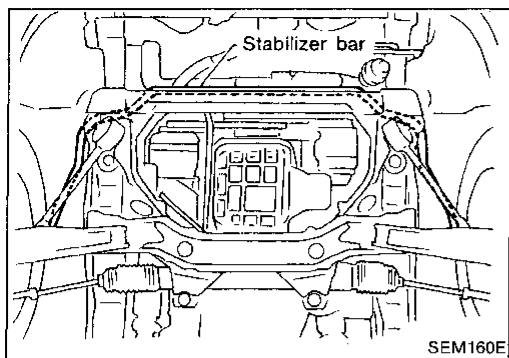
7. Disconnect power steering oil hoses.
8. Remove power steering oil pump.



9. Remove engine mounting insulator lower fixing nuts from both sides.

## OIL PAN

### Removal (Cont'd)



10. Remove stabilizer bar.
11. Hoist engine with engine slingers.
12. Remove oil pan bolts.

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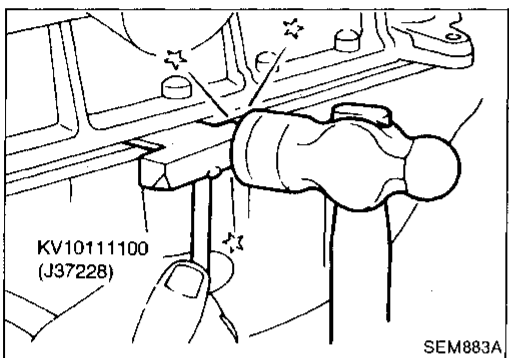
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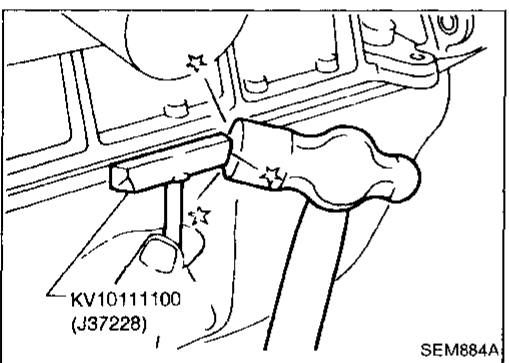
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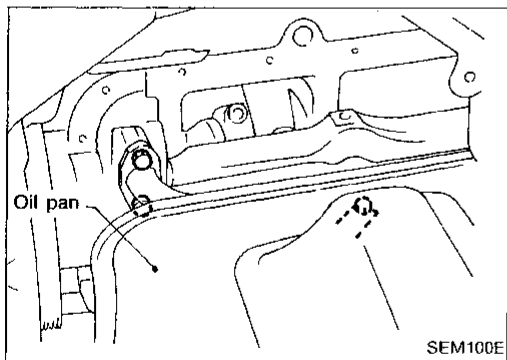
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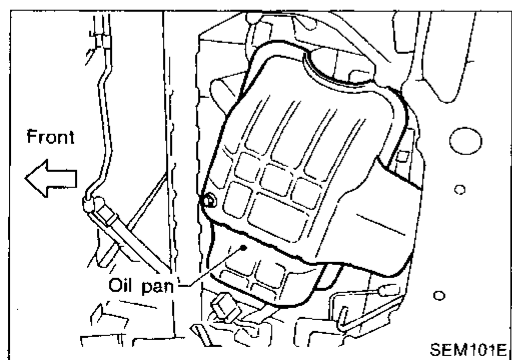
13. Remove oil pan.
  - (1) Insert Tool between cylinder block and oil pan.
    - Do not drive seal cutter into oil pump or rear oil seal retainer, as aluminum mating surfaces may be damaged.
    - Do not insert screwdriver, or oil pan flange may be deformed.
  - (2) Slide Tool by tapping its side with a hammer, and remove oil pan.



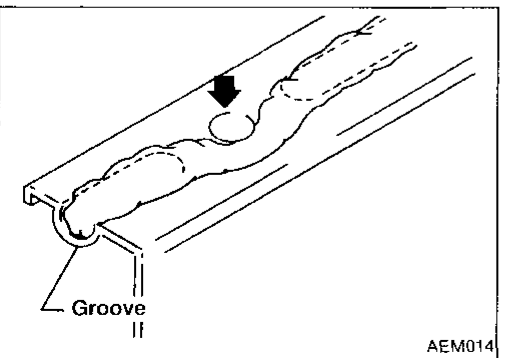
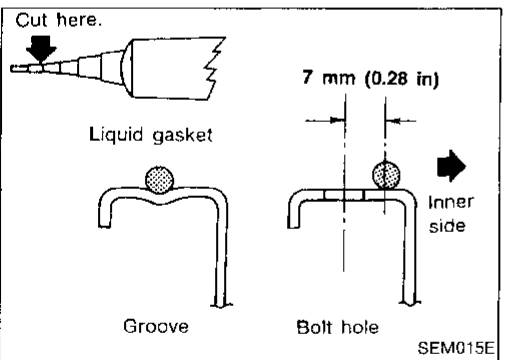
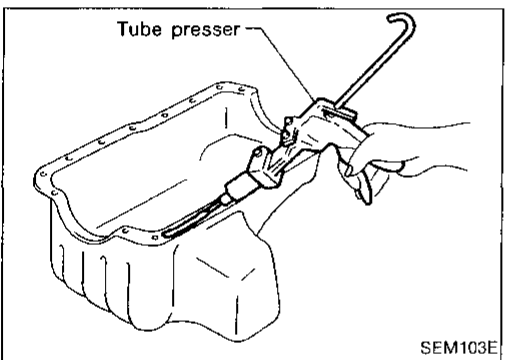
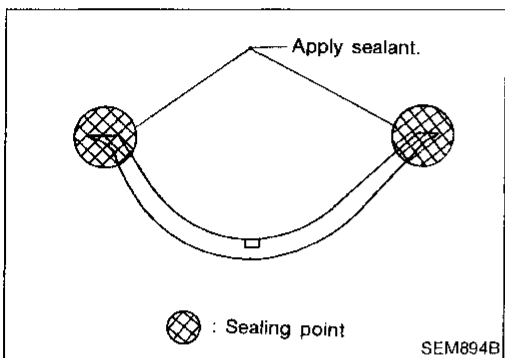
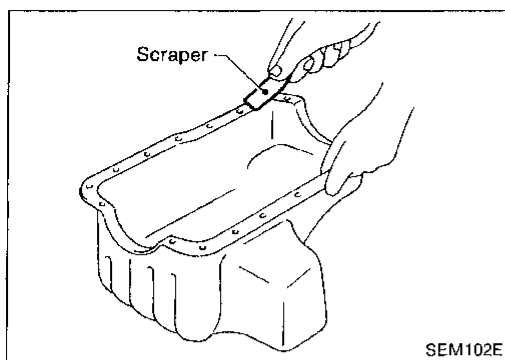
- (3) Remove oil strainer.



- (4) Take out oil pan.



# OIL PAN



## Installation

1. Before installing oil pan, remove all traces of liquid gasket from mating surface using a scraper.
  - Also remove traces of liquid gasket from cylinder block mating surface.

2. Apply sealant to oil pump gasket and rear oil seal retainer gasket.

3. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to oil pan mating surface.

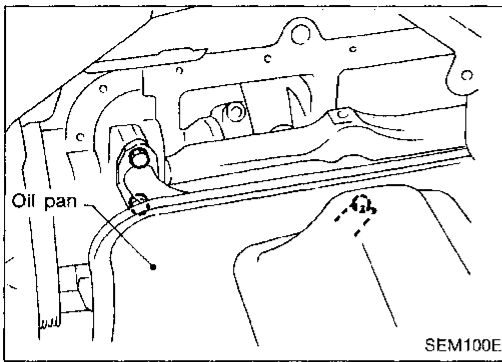
**Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.**

- Be sure liquid gasket is 3.5 to 4.5 mm (0.138 to 0.177 in) wide.

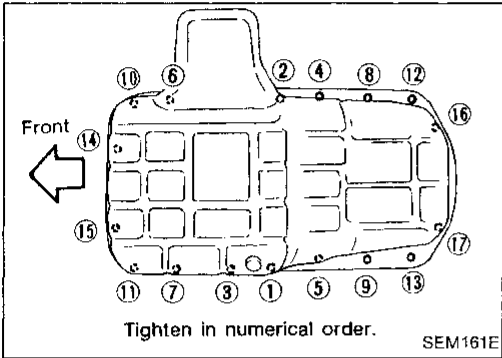
4. Apply liquid gasket to inner sealing surface as shown in figure.
  - Attaching should be done within 5 minutes after coating.

## OIL PAN

### Installation (Cont'd)



5. Put oil pan under the engine.
6. Install oil strainer.



7. Install oil pan.
  - Install bolts in the reverse order of removal.
  - Wait at least 30 minutes before refilling engine oil.

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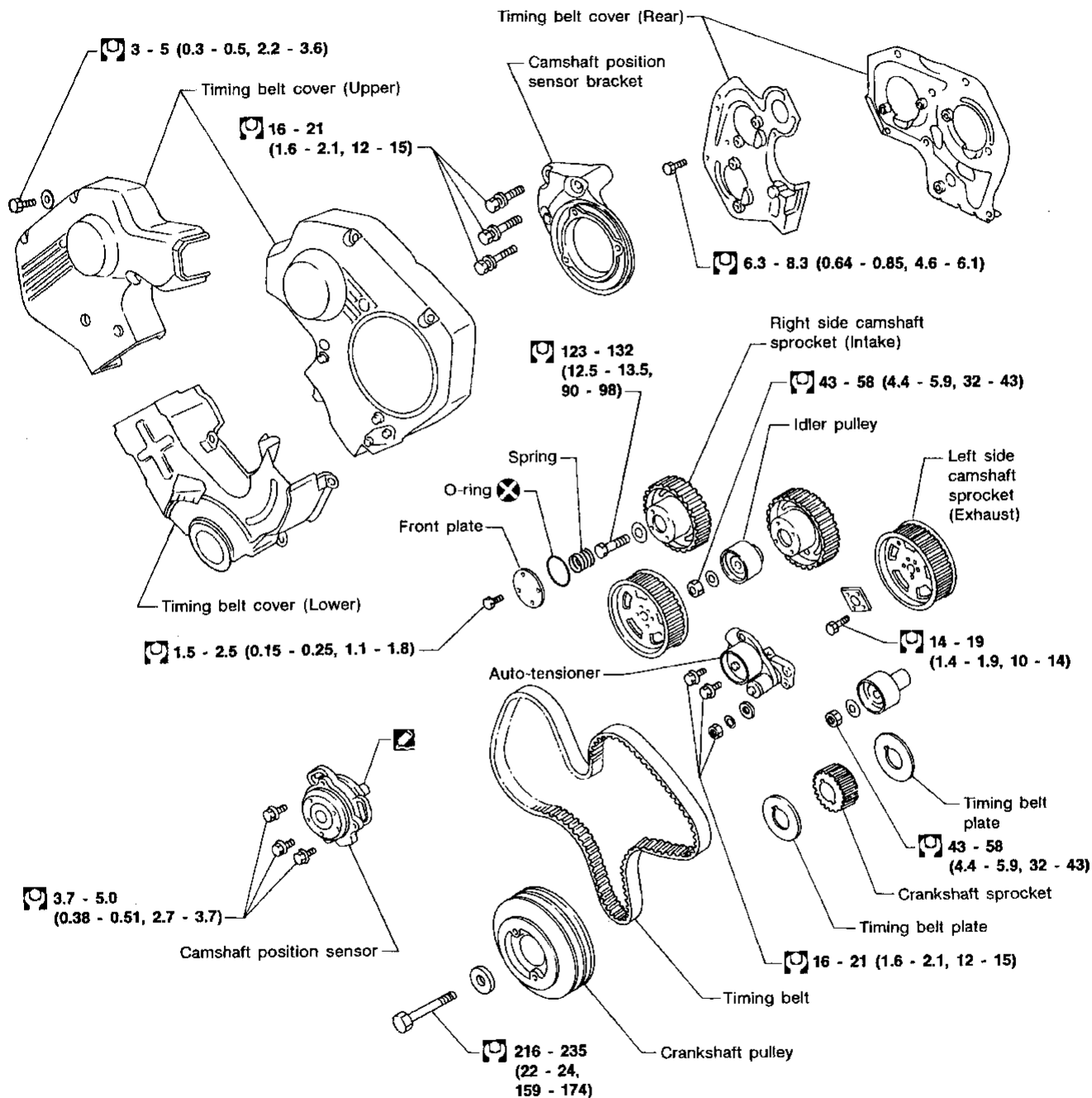
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# TIMING BELT

## CAUTION:

- Do not bend or twist timing belt.
- After removing timing belt, do not turn crankshaft and camshaft separately because valves will strike piston heads.
- Make sure that timing belt, camshaft sprocket, crankshaft sprocket, idler pulley and auto-tensioner are clean and free of oil and water.
- Timing belt installation should be carried out when engine is cold.



: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

# TIMING BELT

## Removal

1. Remove engine under cover.
2. Drain coolant from both cylinder block drain plugs, and radiator drain cock.

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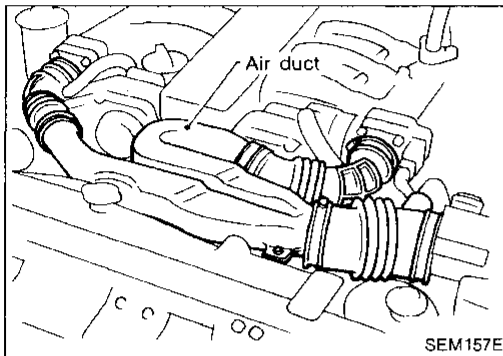
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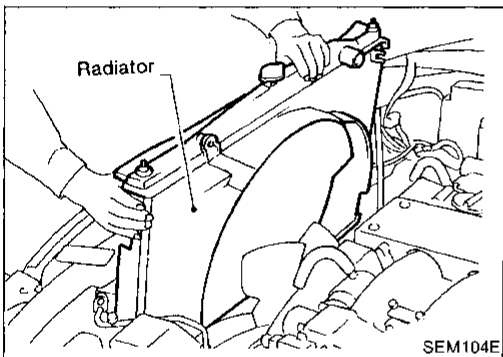
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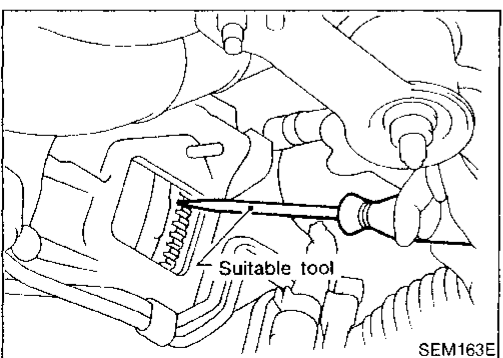
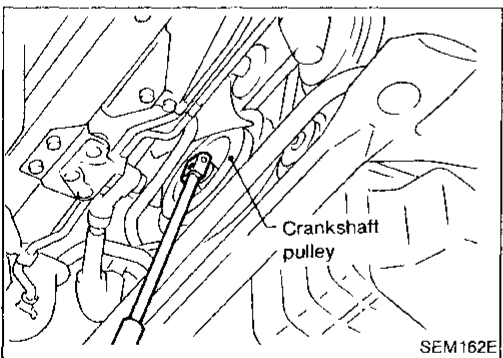
3. Remove air ducts.



4. Remove radiator.
5. Remove drive belts, cooling fan and coupling.

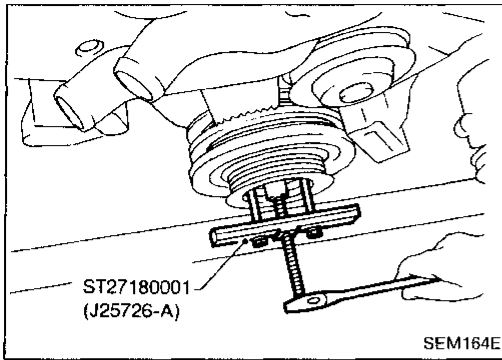


6. Remove crankshaft pulley bolt.  
(At this time, remove starter motor and set a suitable tool to ring gear so that crankshaft cannot rotate.)

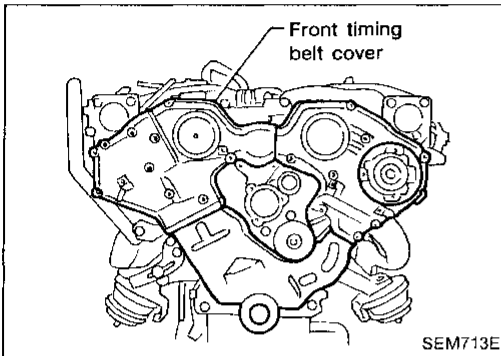


## TIMING BELT

### Removal (Cont'd)

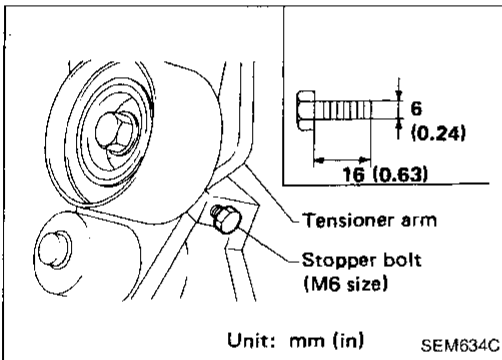


7. Remove crankshaft pulley using Tool.

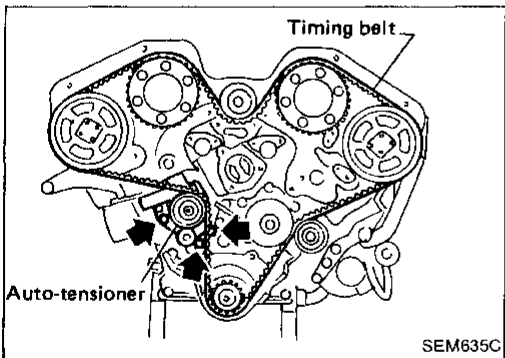


8. Remove water inlet and outlet.

9. Remove front timing belt covers.



10. Install a suitable stopper bolt (M6) into tensioner arm of auto-tensioner so that auto-tensioner pusher does not spread out.



11. Set No. 1 cylinder at TDC on its compression stroke.

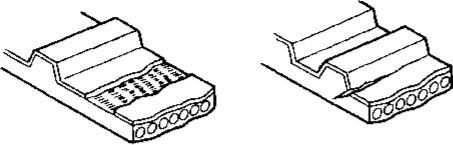
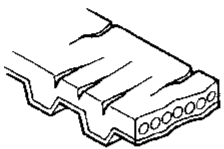
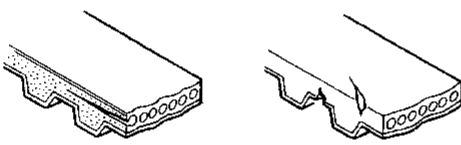
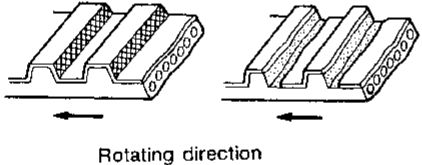
12. Remove auto-tensioner and timing belt.



# TIMING BELT

## Inspection

Visually check the condition of timing belt. Replace if any abnormality is found.

Item to check	Problem	Cause
Tooth is broken/tooth root is cracked.	 <p style="text-align: right;">SEM394A</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Camshaft jamming</li> <li>● Distributor jamming</li> <li>● Damaged camshaft/crankshaft oil seal</li> </ul>
Back surface is cracked/worn.	 <p style="text-align: right;">SEM395A</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Tensioner jamming</li> <li>● Overheated engine</li> <li>● Interference with belt cover</li> </ul>
Side surface is worn.	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Belt corners are worn and round.</li> <li>● Wicks are frayed and coming out.</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;">SEM396A</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Improper installation of belt</li> <li>● Malfunctioning crankshaft pulley plate/timing belt plate</li> </ul>
Teeth are worn.	 <p style="text-align: center;">Rotating direction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Canvas on tooth face is worn down.</li> <li>● Canvas on tooth is fluffy, rubber layer is worn down and faded white, or weft is worn down and invisible.</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: right;">SEM397A</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Poor belt cover sealing</li> <li>● Coolant leakage at water pump</li> <li>● Camshaft not functioning properly</li> <li>● Distributor not functioning properly</li> <li>● Excessive belt tension</li> </ul>
Oil/Coolant or water is stuck to belt.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Poor oil sealing</li> <li>● Coolant leakage at water pump</li> <li>● Poor belt cover sealing</li> </ul>

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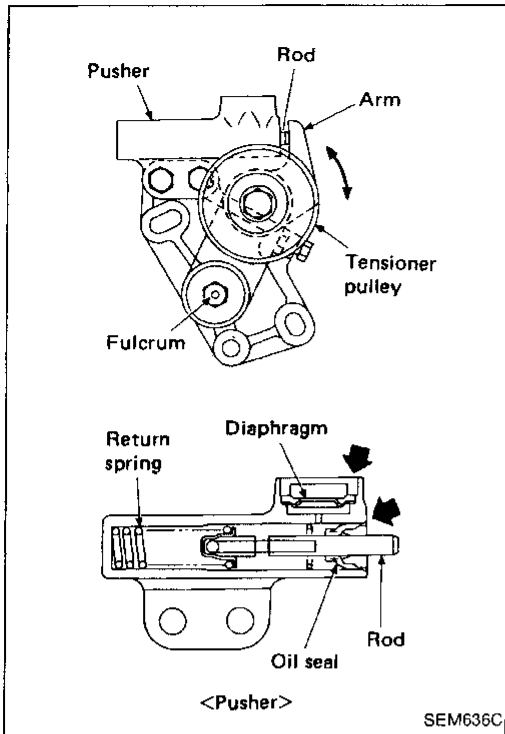
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# TIMING BELT

## Inspection (Cont'd)

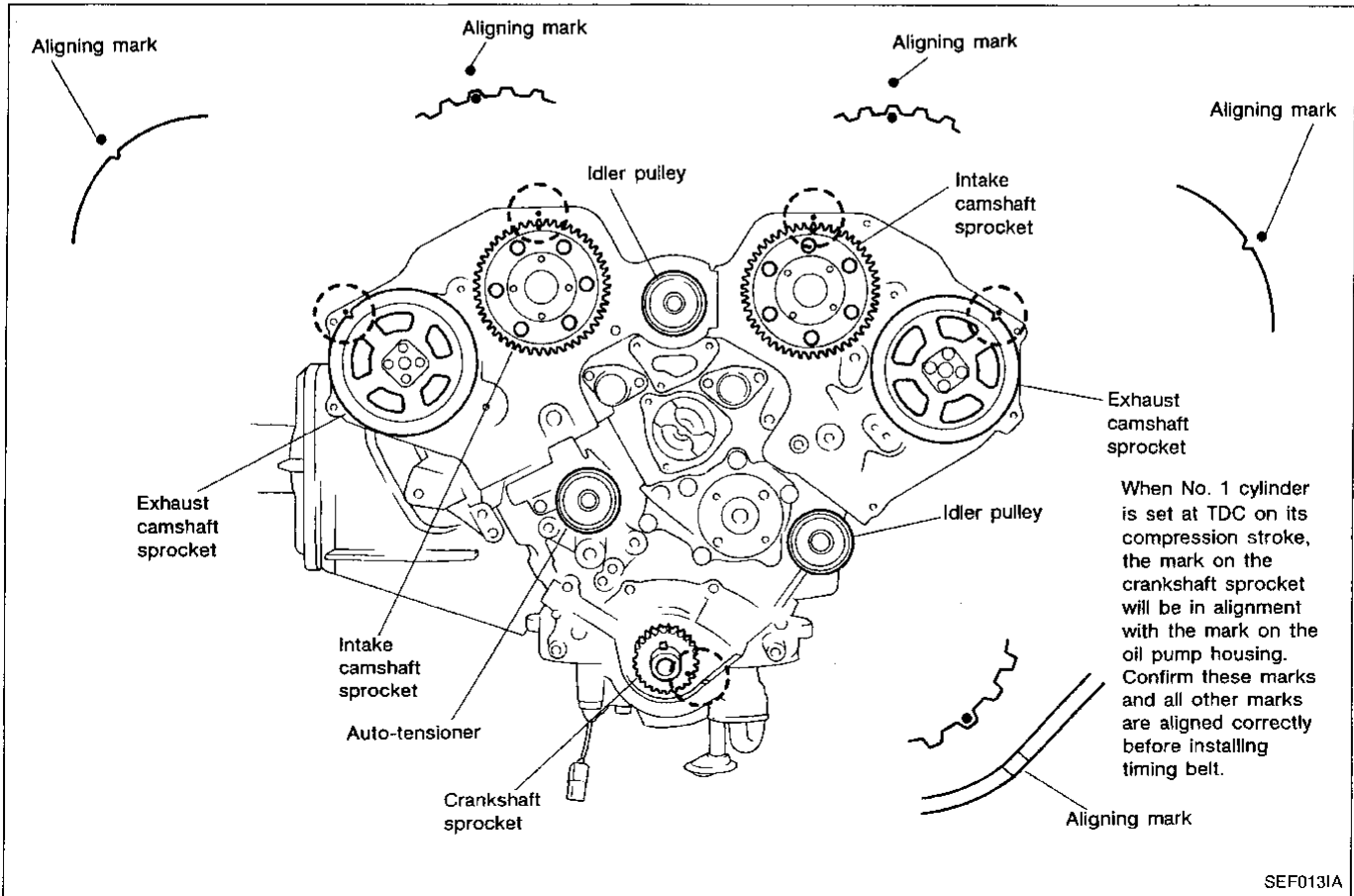
### AUTO-TENSIONER

Check for oil leaks from pusher rod and diaphragm.



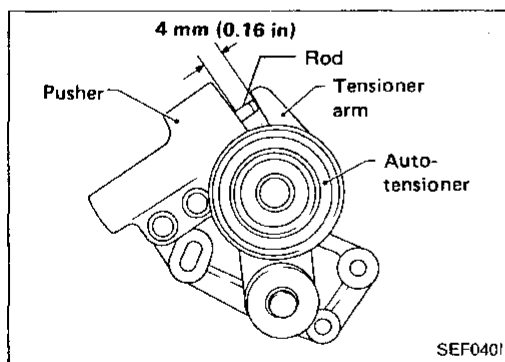
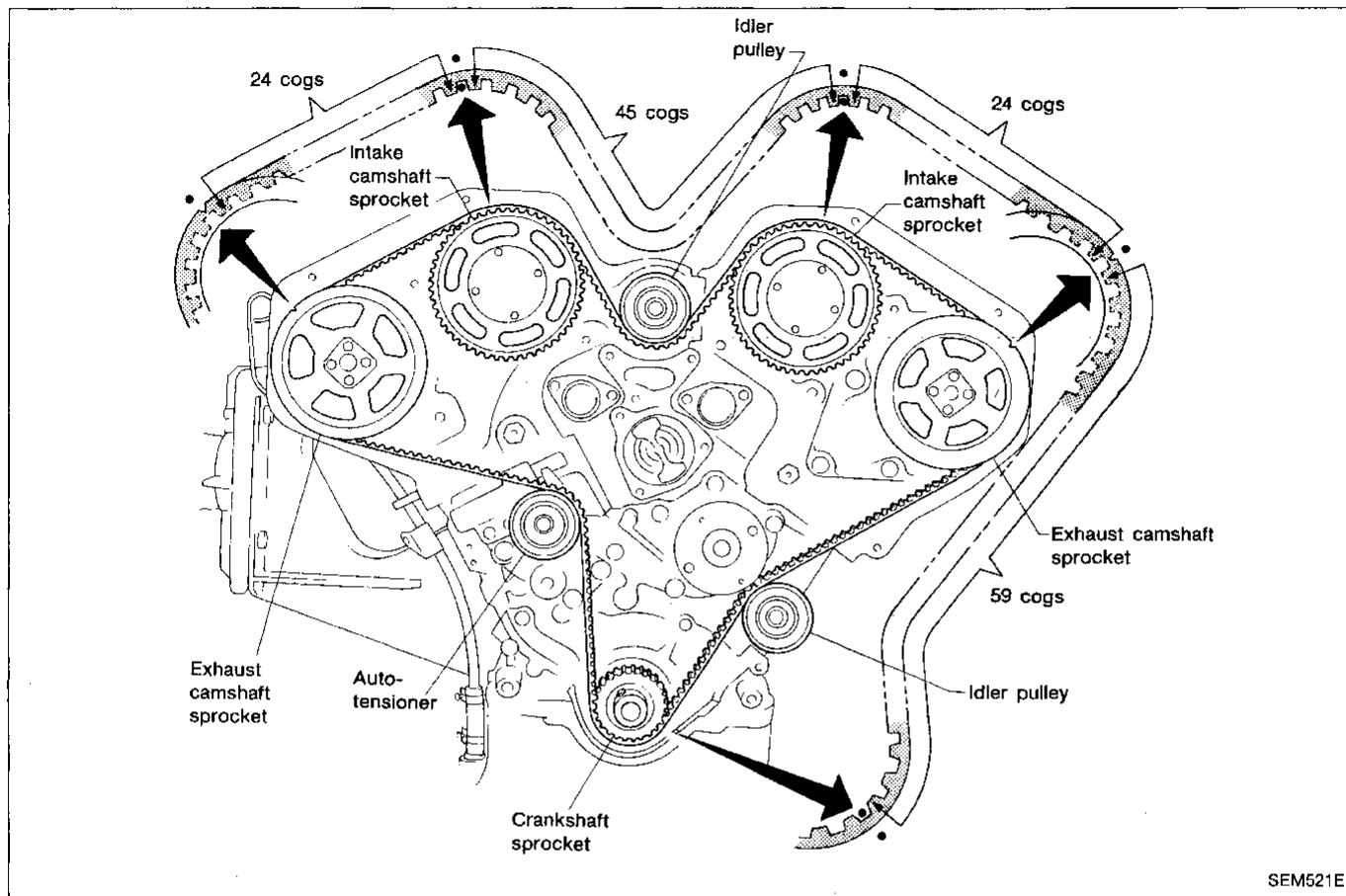
## Installation

1. Confirm that No. 1 cylinder is set at TDC on its compression stroke.
2. Align matching marks on camshaft and crankshaft sprockets with aligning marks on rear belt cover and oil pump housing.
3. Remove all spark plugs.



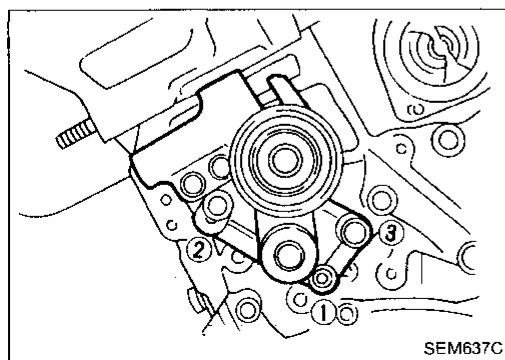
## TIMING BELT Installation (Cont'd)

4. Set timing belt.
  - a. **Ensure timing belt and sprockets are clean and free from oil or water. Do not bend or twist timing belt.**
  - b. **Align white lines on timing belt with matching mark on camshaft sprocket and crankshaft sprocket.**
  - c. **Point arrow on timing belt towards the front.**



5. Adjust tensioner arm to give 4 mm (0.16 in) clearance with pusher of auto-tensioner using a suitable vise, and then insert stopper bolt into tensioner arm in order that clearance does not change.

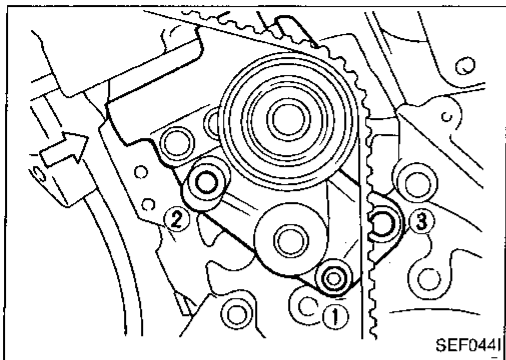
**When adjusting clearance, do not push tensioner arm with stopper bolt fitted because it will damage thread portion of stopper bolt.**



6. Install auto-tensioner and tighten nut (①) and bolts (②, ③) slightly by hand.

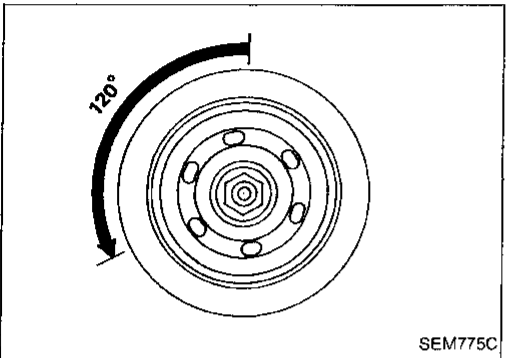
## TIMING BELT

### Installation (Cont'd)

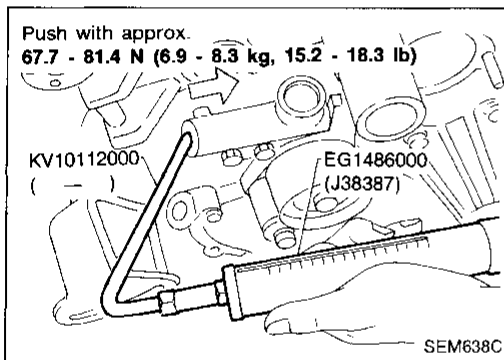


7. Push auto-tensioner slightly towards timing belt to prevent belt from slipping.  
Set tensioner slightly by pushing timing belt. Then, turn crankshaft 10 degrees clockwise and tighten nut (①) and bolts (②, ③) to 16 to 21 N·m (1.6 to 2.1 kg·m, 12 to 15 ft·lb).

**At this time, do not push auto-tensioner hard or belt will be adjusted too tightly.**

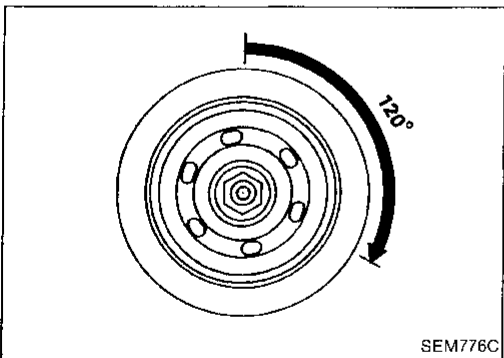


8. Turn crankshaft 120 degrees counterclockwise.
9. Loosen nut (①) and bolts (②, ③) 1/2 turn to set tensioner body as far back as it will go.
10. Turn crankshaft clockwise and set No. 1 cylinder at TDC on its compression stroke.

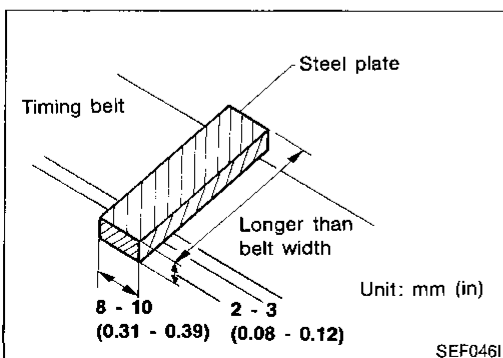


11. Push the end of pusher with approx. 58.8 N (6.0 kg, 13.2 lb) force using Tool (push-pull gauge) and tighten nut (①) and bolts (②, ③) to 16 to 21 N·m (1.6 to 2.1 kg·m, 12 to 15 ft·lb).

**If deflection of timing belt exceeds specification in procedure 15., change applied pushing force.**



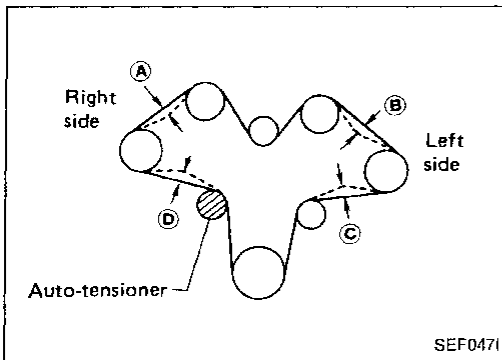
12. Turn crankshaft 120 degrees clockwise.
13. Turn crankshaft 120 degrees counterclockwise and set No. 1 cylinder at TDC on its compression stroke.



14. Prepare a suitable steel plate to measure belt deflection as shown.

## TIMING BELT

### Installation (Cont'd)



15.

- (1) Set plate and push it with 49 N (5 kg, 11 lb) force using Tool (push-pull gauge) at each position of timing belt mid-way between pulleys as shown.
- (2) Measure each deflection.

#### Deflection:

**6 - 7 mm (0.24 - 0.28 in) or the average of each portion**

$$\frac{A + B + C + D}{4}$$

**is 6 - 7 mm (0.24 - 0.28 in)**

If not within specification, repeat procedure from step 7 through step 15.

16. Confirm auto tensioner fixing nuts and bolts are tightened to 16 to 21 N·m (1.6 to 2.1 kg·m, 12 to 15 ft·lb).

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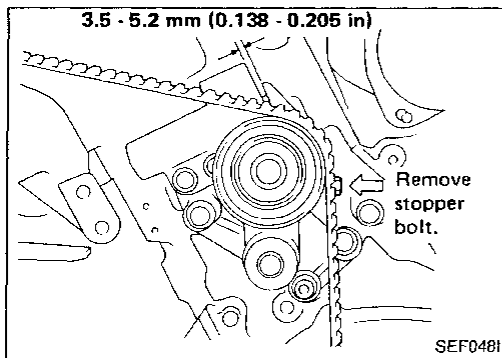
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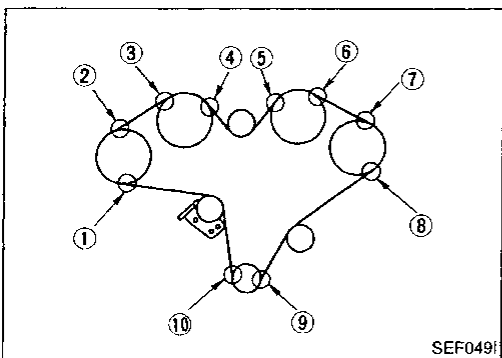
- Remove the auto-tensioner stopper bolt.
- After 5 minutes check the projection of the rod (clearance between tensioner arm and pusher) stays at 3.5 - 5.2 mm (0.138 - 0.205 in).

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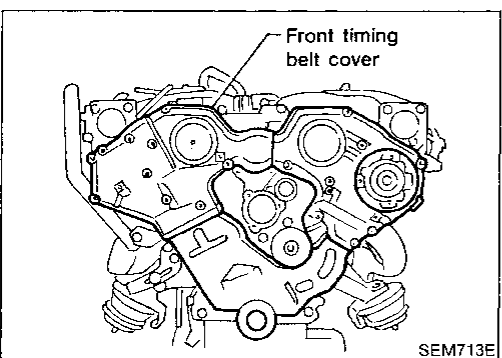
18. Check the proper installation (no slip or misplacement) of timing belt at each position as shown.

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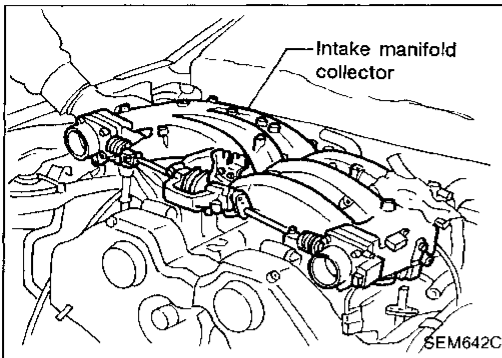
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19. Install timing belt covers.

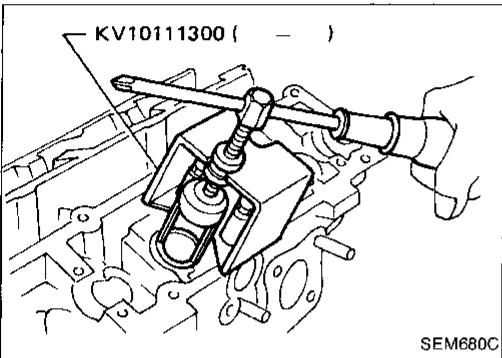
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# OIL SEAL REPLACEMENT

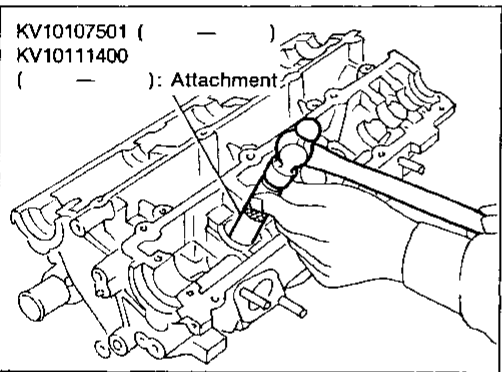


## VALVE OIL SEAL

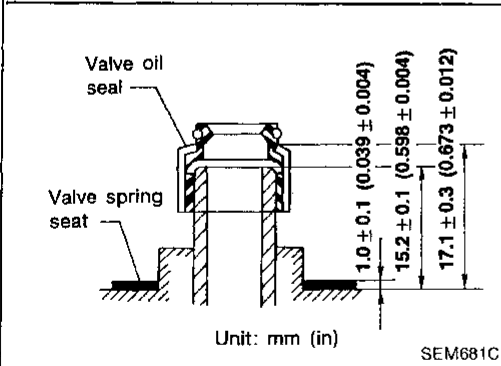
1. Remove intake manifold collector and valve cover.
2. Remove timing belt, camshaft sprocket and rear belt cover.
3. Remove camshaft brackets, camshaft and valve lifter.



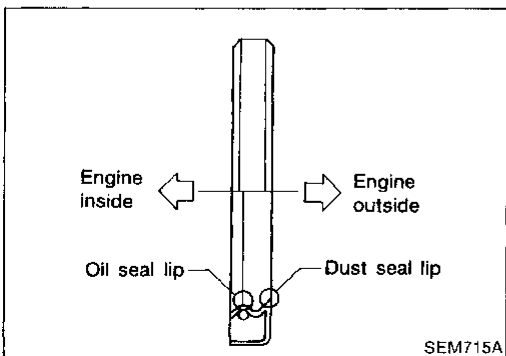
4. Remove valve spring using Tool or a suitable tool.
  - Piston concerned should be set at TDC to prevent valve from falling.
5. Pry out valve oil seal.



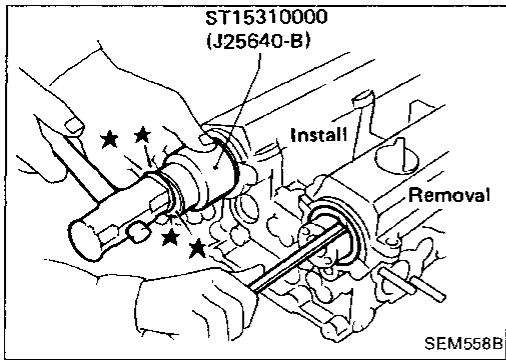
6. Apply engine oil to new valve oil seal and install it.
  - Before installing valve oil seal, install inner valve spring seat.



## OIL SEAL INSTALLATION DIRECTION



# OIL SEAL REPLACEMENT



## CAMSHAFT OIL SEAL

1. Remove timing belt and camshaft sprocket.
  2. Remove rear belt cover and camshaft oil seal.
- Be careful not to scratch camshaft.**
3. Apply engine oil to new camshaft oil seal and install it using Tool or a suitable tool.

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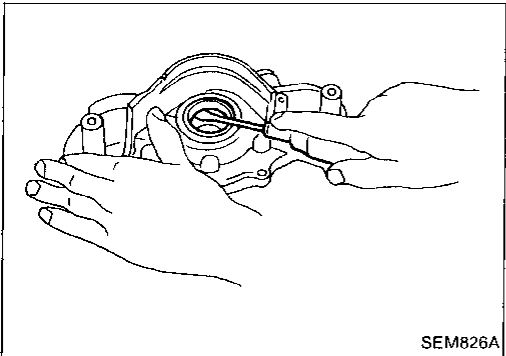
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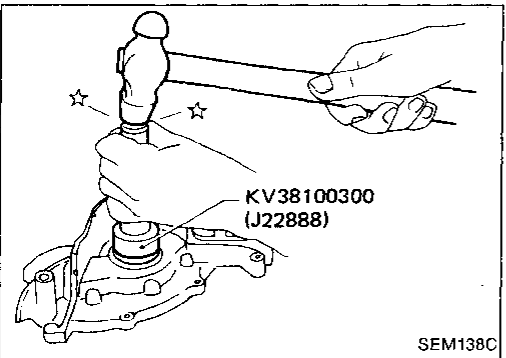
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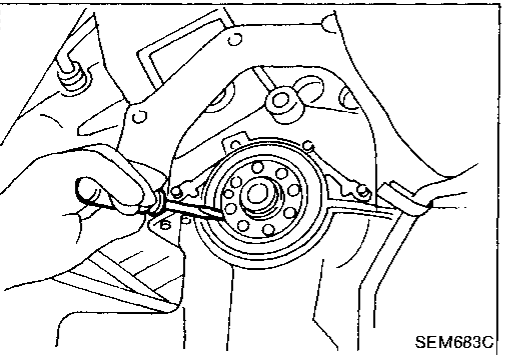


## FRONT OIL SEAL

1. Remove timing belt and crankshaft sprocket.
2. Remove oil pan and oil pump assembly.
3. Remove front oil seal from oil pump body.



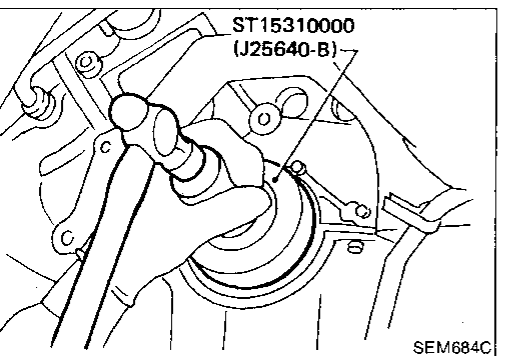
4. Apply engine oil to new oil seal and install it using Tool or a suitable tool.



## REAR OIL SEAL

1. Remove flywheel or drive plate.
2. Remove rear oil seal from retainer.

**Be careful not to scratch crankshaft.**



3. Apply engine oil to new oil seal and install it using Tool or a suitable tool.

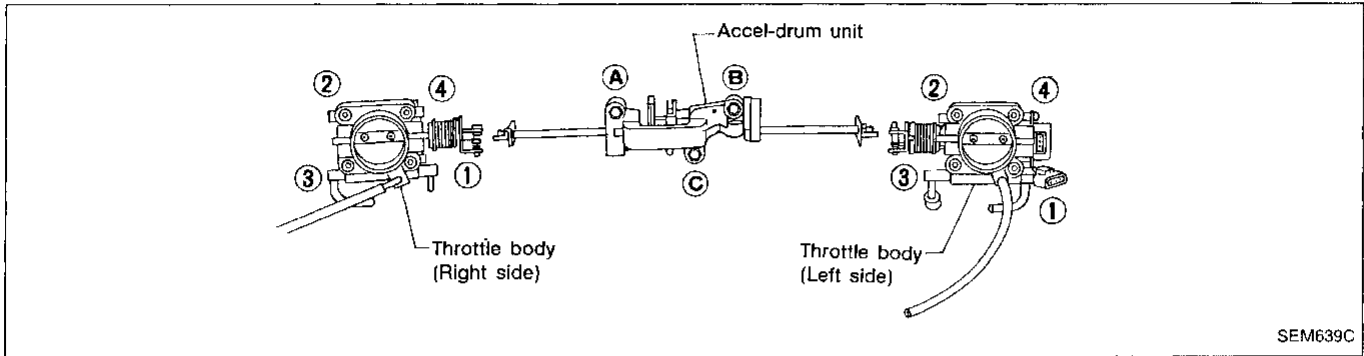
# THROTTLE BODIES

## Precaution

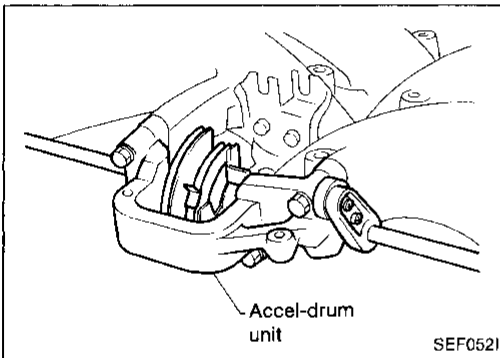
A letter, "U" or "L", is stamped on the throttle bodies. When changing a throttle body, replace it with a new one that has the same mark.

## Installation

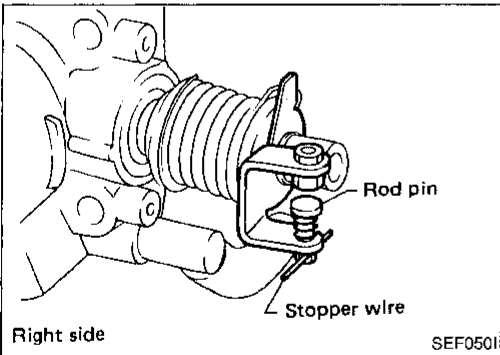
The intention of this installation and adjustment procedure is to assure accurate synchronization of the throttle body opening points.



1. Install accel-drum unit and throttle bodies (right side and left side).



- When tightening bolts, free accel-drum unit so that drum unit is left under its own weight. Do not apply external force to accel-drum unit.
- When replacing throttle bodies only, you need not perform procedures (3), (4) and (5).



- Before installing each throttle body, confirm that stopper wire is installed in hole of rod pin. If not, install suitable wire.

### Tightening order:

(1) ① → ② → ③ → ④:

9 - 11 N·m (0.9 - 1.1 kg-m, 6.5 - 8.0 ft-lb)

(2) ① → ② → ③ → ④:

18 - 22 N·m (1.8 - 2.2 kg-m, 13 - 16 ft-lb)

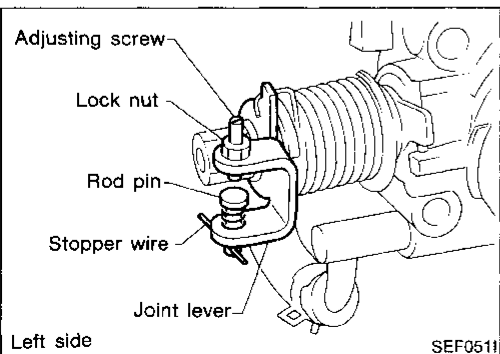
(3) A → B → C: Tighten by hand

(4) A → B → C:

5 N·m (0.5 kg-m, 3.6 ft-lb)

(5) A → B → C:

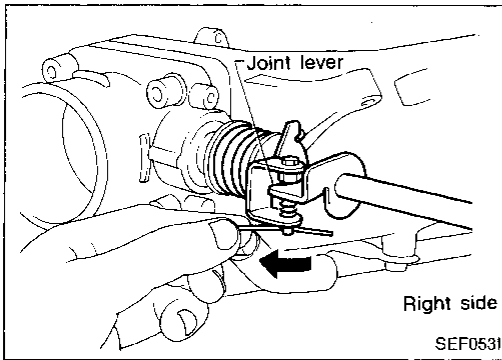
20 N·m (2.0 kg-m, 14 ft-lb)





## THROTTLE BODIES

### Installation (Cont'd)



2. Pull out stopper wire of right side throttle body in order to secure right side joint lever.

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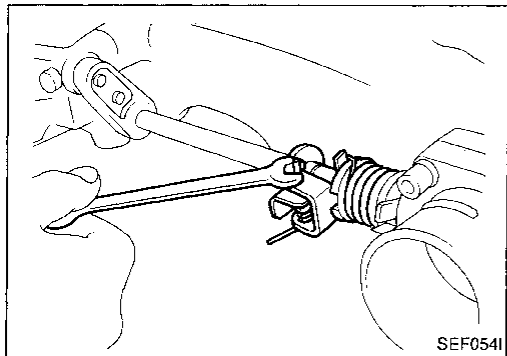
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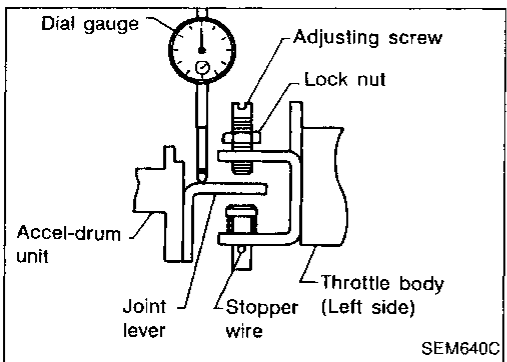
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3. Loosen left side throttle body lock nut and back-out adjusting screw until there is clearance between the screw and joint lever.



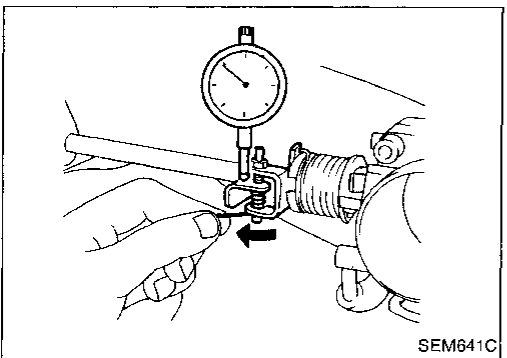
4. Set dial gauge on joint lever and set indicator to zero. Confirm that bottom end of adjusting screw is not in contact with joint lever of accelerator drum unit.

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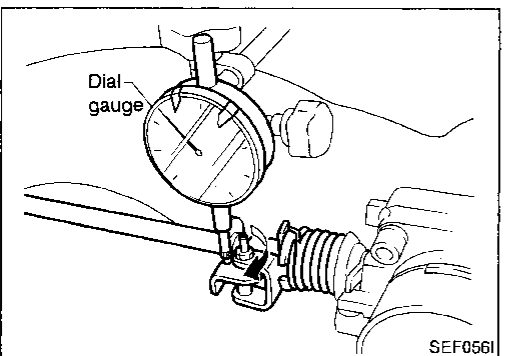
5. Pull out left side throttle body stopper wire from rod pin.

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6. Turn adjusting screw until dial gauge indicator is within the following range.

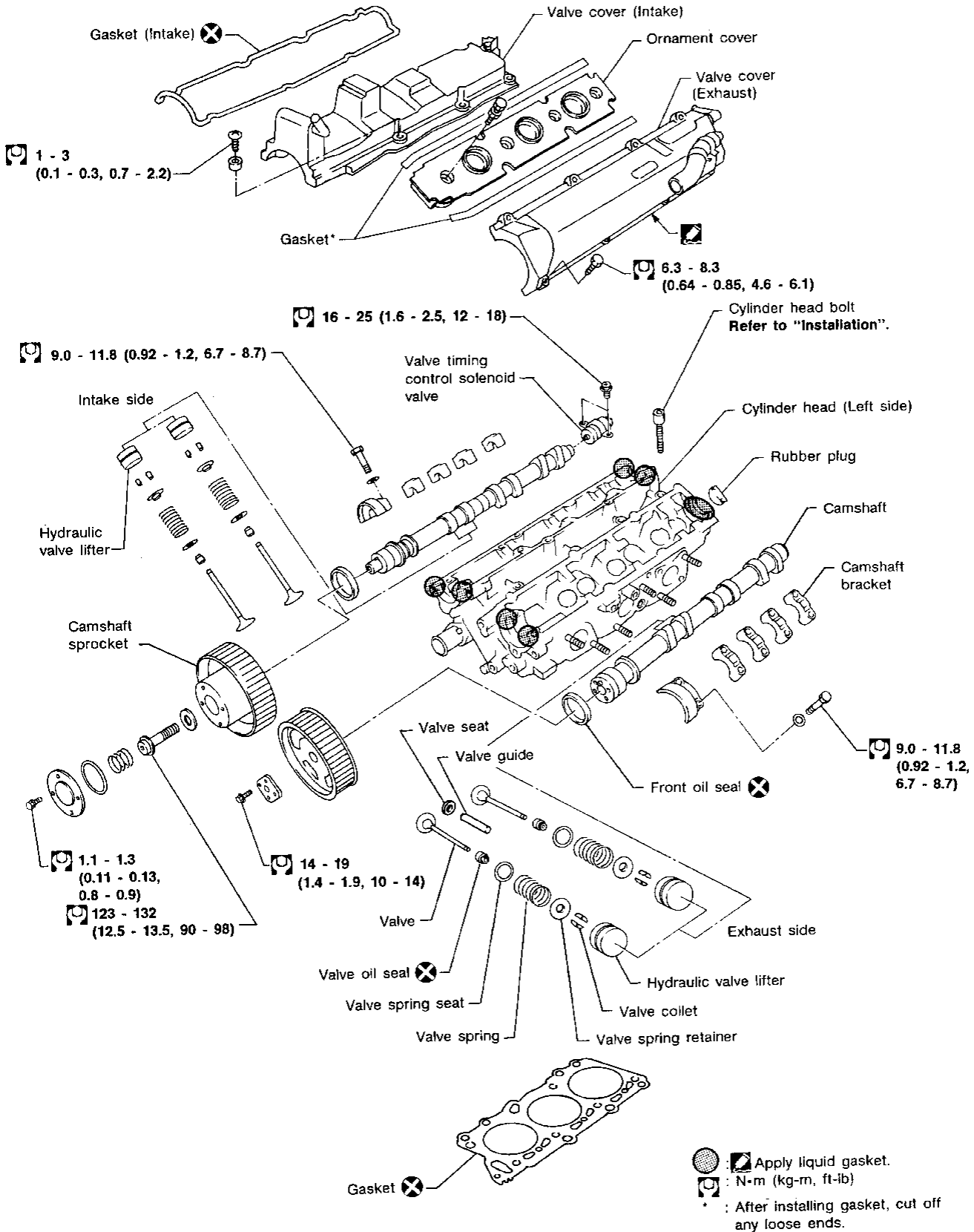
**Range: 0.07 - 0.13 mm (0.0028 - 0.0051 in)**

**Then tighten lock nut.**

7. Confirm that the dial gauge indicator is still within the above range.

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# CYLINDER HEAD



# CYLINDER HEAD

## CAUTION:

- When installing sliding parts such as camshaft, camshaft bracket and oil seal, be sure to apply new engine oil on their sliding surfaces.
- When tightening cylinder head bolts, intake camshaft sprocket bolts and camshaft bracket bolts, apply new engine oil to thread portions and seat surfaces of bolts.

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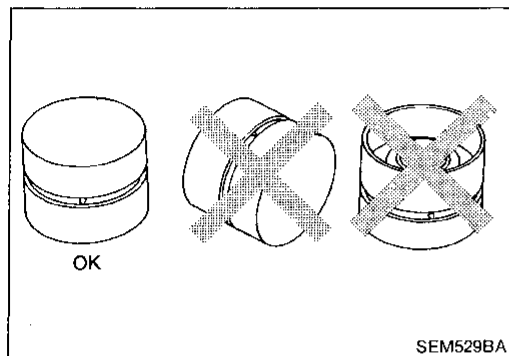
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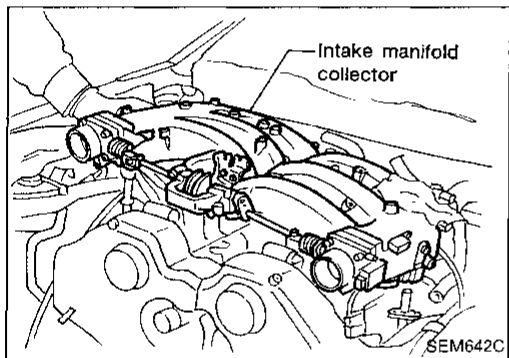
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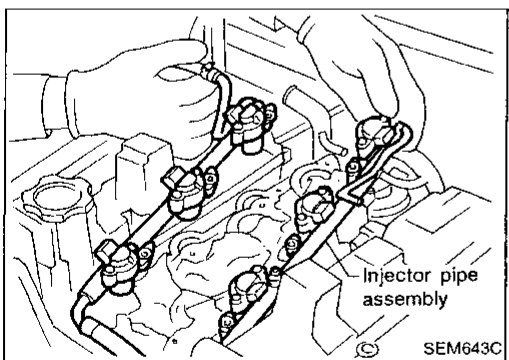


- Do not put hydraulic valve lifters upside down, otherwise air will enter valve lifter, causing it to make a noise.
- Do not disassemble hydraulic valve lifter.
- Attach tags to valve lifters so as not to mix them up.
- Valve lifters should be immersed in engine oil.

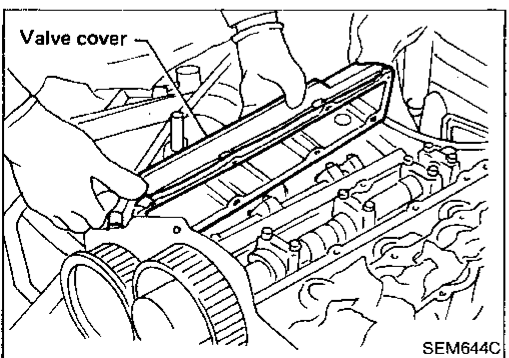


## Removal

1. Remove intake manifold collector.



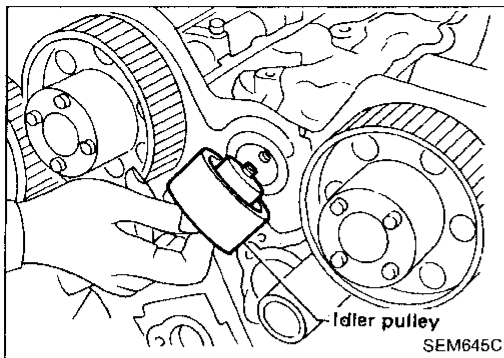
2. Remove injector pipe assembly.



3. Remove valve covers.

## CYLINDER HEAD

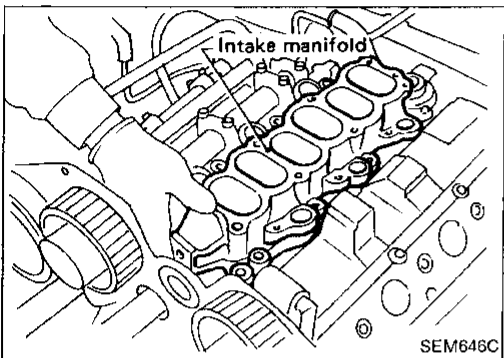
### Removal (Cont'd)



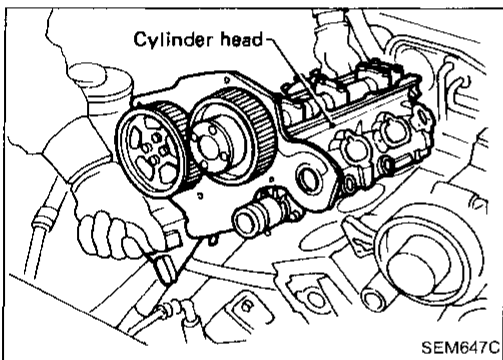
4. Remove timing belt.

**Refer to "Removal" of TIMING BELT (EM-15).**

5. Remove idler pulley and its stud bolt.



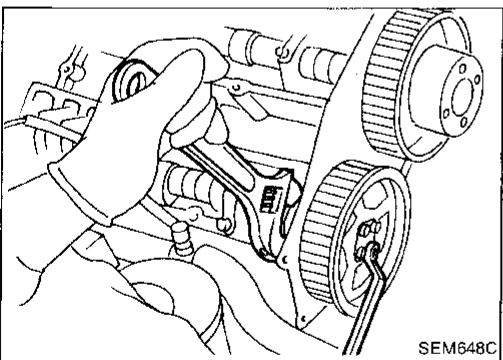
6. Remove intake manifold.



7. Disconnect front exhaust tube from exhaust manifold.

8. Remove cylinder head with exhaust manifold.

**Cylinder head bolts should be loosened in two or three steps.**

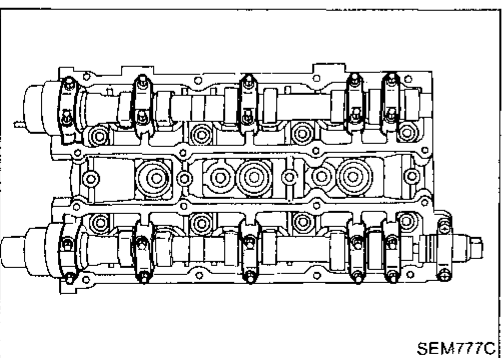


### Disassembly

1. Remove exhaust manifold from cylinder head.

2. Remove camshaft sprockets.

3. Remove timing belt rear cover.



4. Remove VTC solenoid valve.

5. Remove camshaft brackets.

**Bolts should be loosened in two or three steps.**

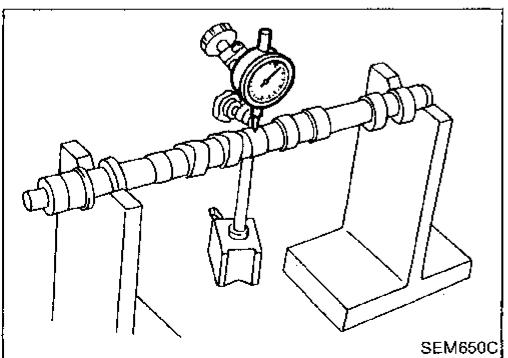
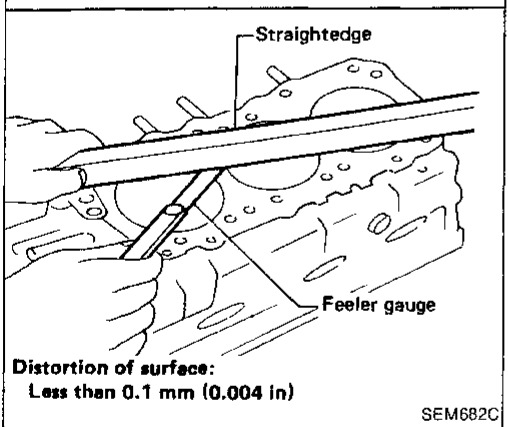
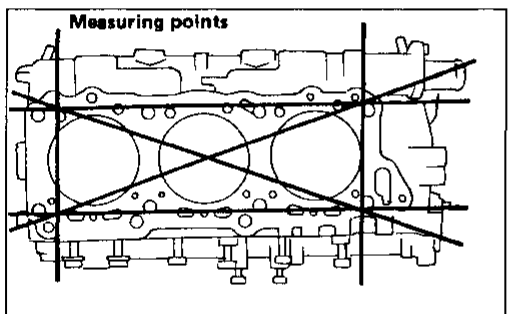
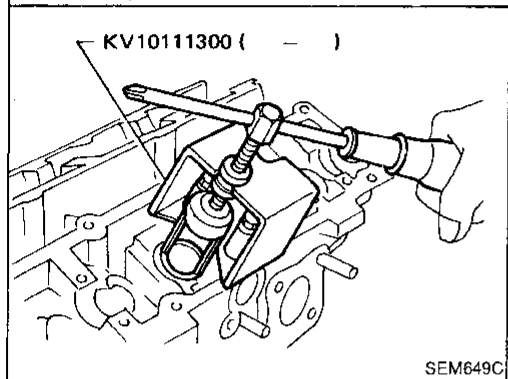
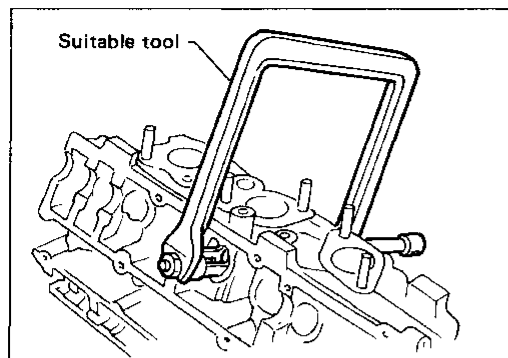
**Before removing camshaft, measure camshaft end play.**

6. Remove oil seals, camshafts and hydraulic valve lifters.

## CYLINDER HEAD

### Disassembly (Cont'd)

7. Remove valve springs with Tool or a suitable tool.
8. Pull out valve oil seals.



### Inspection

#### CYLINDER HEAD DISTORTION

Head surface flatness:

Less than 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

If beyond the specified limit, replace it or resurface it.

Resurfacing limit:

The resurfacing limit of cylinder head is determined by the cylinder block resurfacing in an engine.

Amount of cylinder head resurfacing is "A".

Amount of cylinder block resurfacing is "B".

The maximum limit is as follows:

$A + B = 0.2 \text{ mm (0.008 in)}$

After resurfacing cylinder head, check to make sure that camshaft rotates freely by hand. If resistance is felt, cylinder head must be replaced.

Nominal cylinder head height from camshaft center:

Refer to SDS (EM-53).

#### CAMSHAFT VISUAL CHECK

Check camshaft for scratches, seizure and wear.

#### CAMSHAFT RUNOUT

1. Measure camshaft runout at the center journal.

Runout (Total indicator reading):

Limit 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

2. If it exceeds the limit, replace camshaft.

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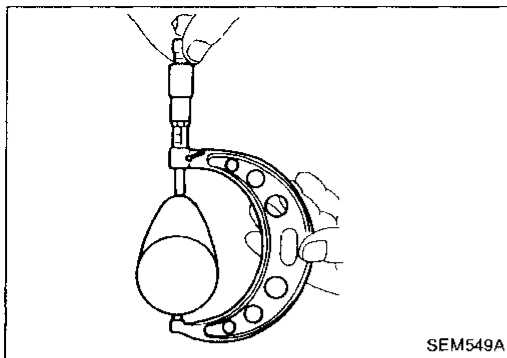
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## CYLINDER HEAD

### Inspection (Cont'd)

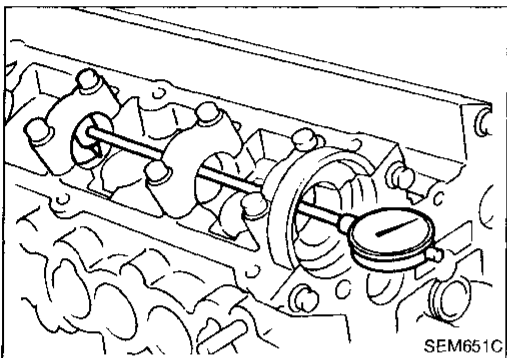
#### CAMSHAFT CAM HEIGHT

1. Measure camshaft cam height.  
**Standard cam height:**  
40.405 - 40.595 mm (1.5907 - 1.5982 in)  
**Cam wear limit:**  
0.15 mm (0.0059 in)
2. If wear is beyond the limit, replace camshaft.

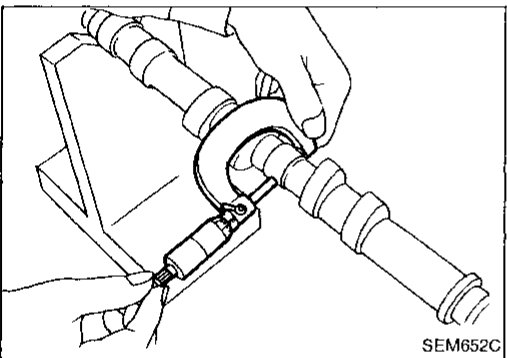


#### CAMSHAFT JOURNAL CLEARANCE

1. Install camshaft bracket and tighten bolts to the specified torque.
2. Measure inner diameter of camshaft bearing.  
**Standard inner diameter:**  
28.000 - 28.021 mm (1.1024 - 1.1032 in)

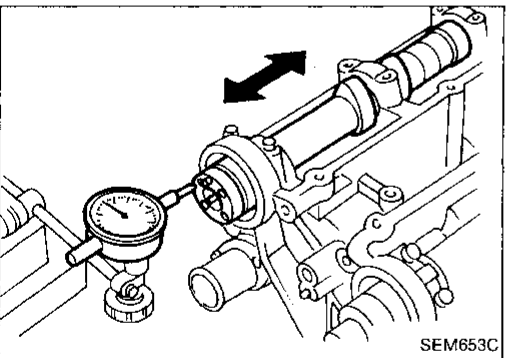


3. Measure outer diameter of camshaft journal.  
**Standard outer diameter:**  
27.935 - 27.955 mm (1.0998 - 1.1006 in)
4. If clearance exceeds the limit, replace camshaft and/or cylinder head.  
**Camshaft journal clearance limit:**  
0.15 mm (0.0059 in)



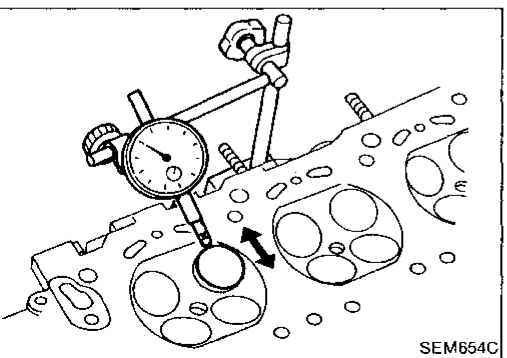
#### CAMSHAFT END PLAY

1. Install camshaft in cylinder head.
2. Measure camshaft end play.  
**Camshaft end play:**  
**Standard**  
0.03 - 0.08 mm (0.0012 - 0.0031 in)



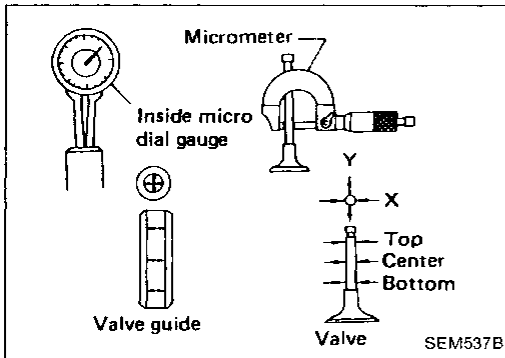
#### VALVE GUIDE CLEARANCE

1. Push valve stem out so that its end is even with valve guide height. Measure valve runout by moving valve.  
**Valve deflection limit (Dial gauge reading):**  
0.2 mm (0.008 in)



# CYLINDER HEAD

## Inspection (Cont'd)



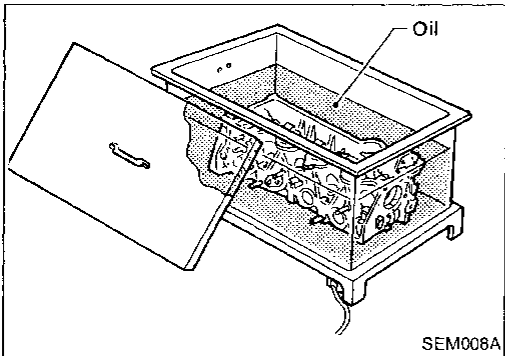
2. If it exceeds the limit, check valve to valve guide clearance.
  - a. Measure valve stem diameter and valve guide inner diameter.
  - b. Check that clearance is within specification.  
**Valve to valve guide clearance limit:**  
**0.10 mm (0.0039 in)**
  - c. If it exceeds the limit, replace valve or valve guide.

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## VALVE GUIDE REPLACEMENT



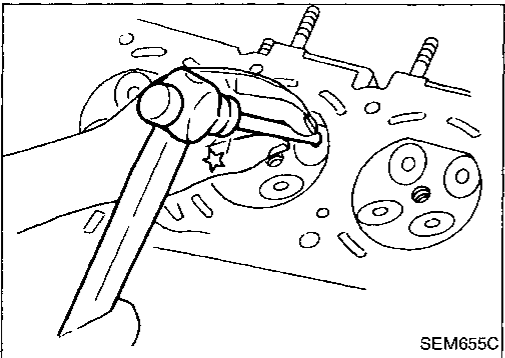
1. To remove valve guide, heat cylinder head to 150 to 160°C (302 to 320°F).

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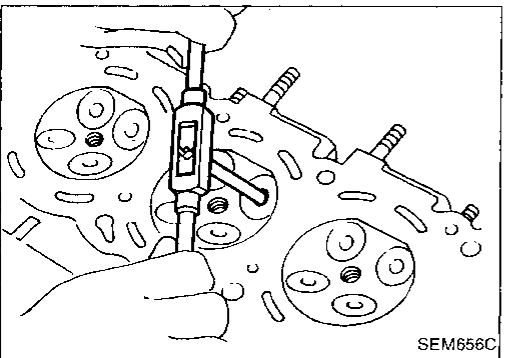
2. Drive out valve guide with a press [under a 20 kN (2 ton, 2.2 US ton, 2.0 Imp ton) pressure] or hammer and suitable tool.

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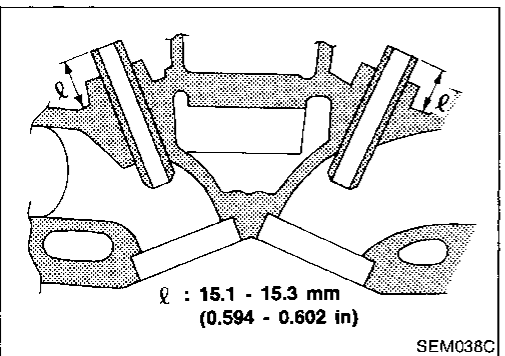
3. Ream cylinder head valve guide hole.  
**Valve guide hole diameter  
(for service parts):**  
**Intake and Exhaust**  
**10.175 - 10.196 mm (0.4006 - 0.4014 in)**

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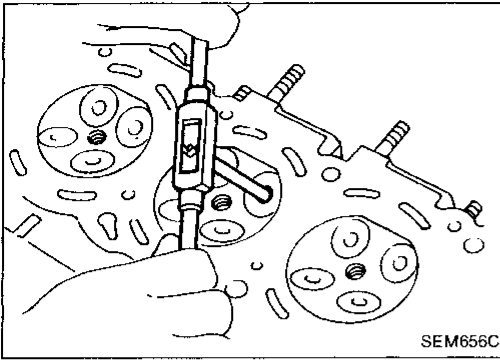


4. Heat cylinder head to 150 to 160°C (302 to 320°F) and press service valve guide onto cylinder head.  
**Projection "l":**  
**15.1 - 15.3 mm (0.594 - 0.602 in)**

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## CYLINDER HEAD

### Inspection (Cont'd)



5. Ream valve guide.

**Finished size:**

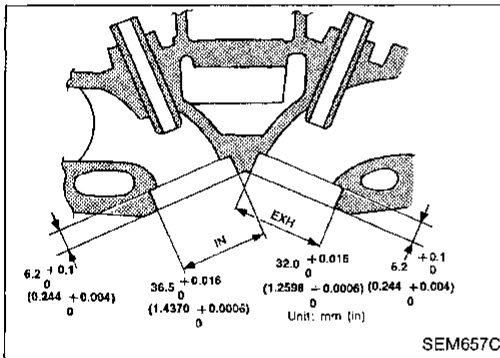
**Intake and Exhaust**

**6.000 - 6.018 mm (0.2362 - 0.2369 in)**

### VALVE SEATS

Check valve seats for evidence of pitting at valve contact surface, and reseat or replace if it is worn excessively.

- **Before repairing valve seats, check valve and valve guide for wear. If they have worn, replace them. Then correct valve seat.**
- **Cut with both hands to assure a uniform surface.**



### REPLACING VALVE SEAT FOR SERVICE PARTS

1. Bore out old seat until it collapses. The machine depth stop should be set so that boring cannot continue beyond the bottom face of the seat recess in cylinder head.
2. Ream cylinder head recess.

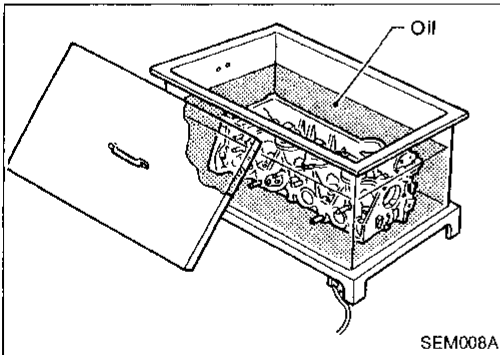
**Reaming bore for service valve seat**

**Oversize [0.5 mm (0.020 in)]:**

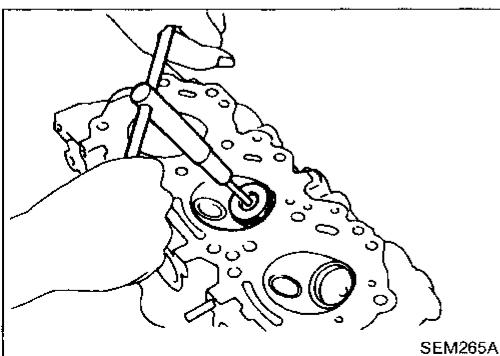
**Intake 36.500 - 36.516 mm (1.4370 - 1.4376 in)**

**Exhaust 32.000 - 32.016 mm (1.2598 - 1.2605 in)**

**Reaming should be done to the concentric circles to valve guide center so that valve seat will have the correct fit.**



3. Heat cylinder head to 150 to 160°C (302 to 320°F).
4. Press fit valve seat until it seats on the bottom.



5. Cut or grind valve seat using suitable tool at the specified dimensions as shown in SDS (EM-54).
6. After cutting, lap valve seat with abrasive compound.
7. Check valve seat contact condition.



# CYLINDER HEAD

## Inspection (Cont'd)

### VALVE DIMENSIONS

Check dimensions in each valve. For dimensions, refer to SDS (EM-53). When valve head has been worn down to 0.5 mm (0.020 in) in margin thickness, replace valve.

**Grinding allowance for valve stem tip is 0.2 mm (0.008 in) or less.**

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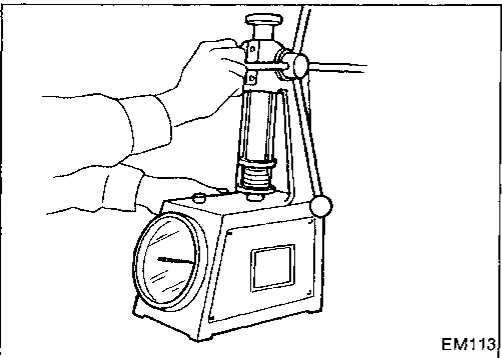
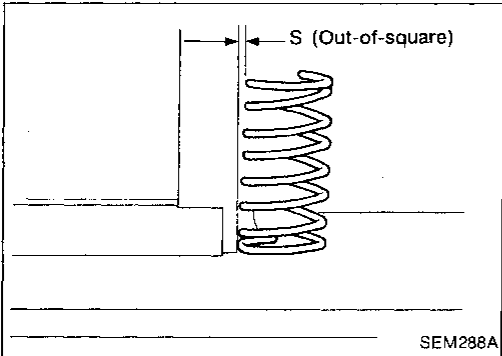
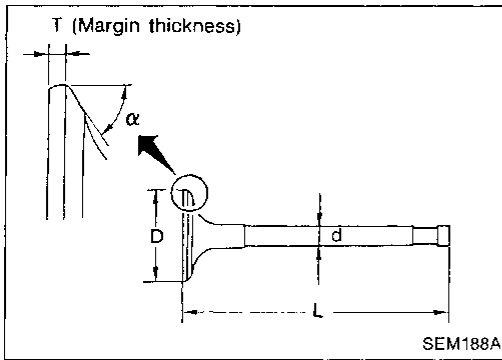
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### VALVE SPRING

#### Squareness

1. Measure "S" dimension.

#### Out-of-square:

**Less than 1.8 mm (0.071 in)**

2. If it exceeds the limit, replace spring.

#### Pressure

Check valve spring pressure.

**Pressure: N (kg, lb) at height mm (in)**

#### Standard

**536.4 (54.7, 120.6) at 26.5 (1.043)**

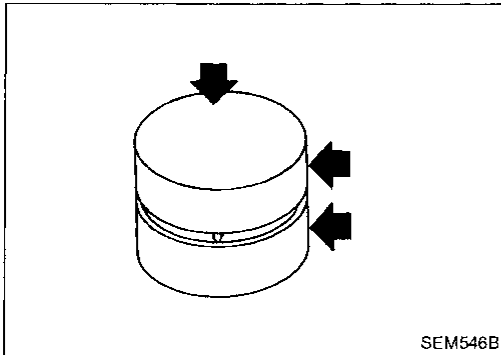
#### Limit

**More than 452.79 (46.17, 101.80) at 26.5 (1.043)**

**If it exceeds the limit, replace spring.**

### HYDRAULIC VALVE LIFTER

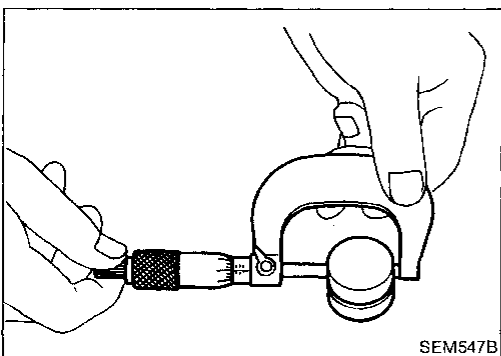
1. Check contact and sliding surfaces for wear or scratches.



2. Check diameter of valve lifter.

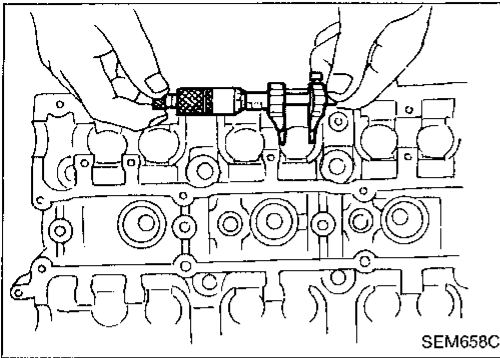
#### Outer diameter:

**30.955 - 30.965 mm (1.2187 - 1.2191 in)**



## CYLINDER HEAD

### Inspection (Cont'd)



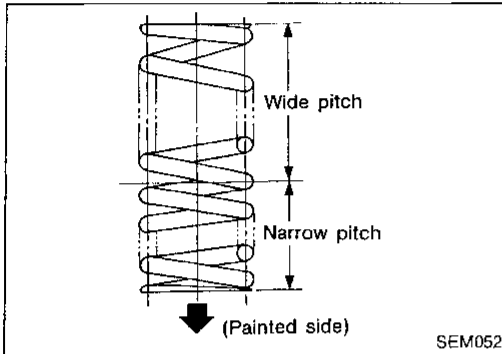
3. Check valve lifter guide inner diameter.

**Inner diameter:**

**31.000 - 31.020 mm (1.2205 - 1.2213 in)**

**Standard clearance between valve lifter and lifter guide:**

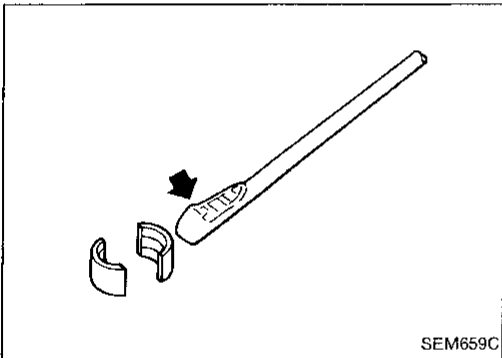
**0.035 - 0.065 mm (0.0014 - 0.0026 in)**



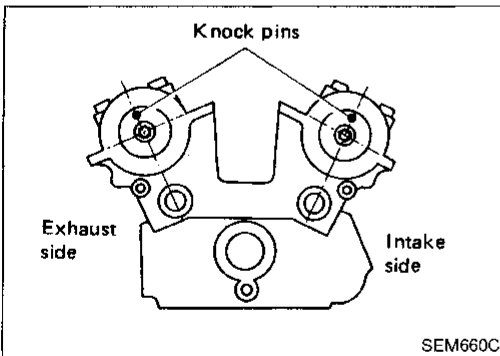
### Assembly

1. Install valve component parts.

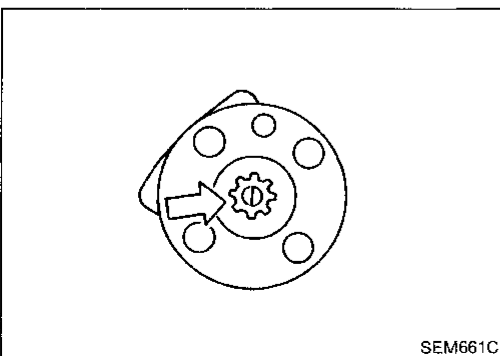
- **Always use new valve oil seal. Refer to OIL SEAL REPLACEMENT (EM-22).**
- **Install valve spring (uneven pitch type) with its narrow pitch side (painted side) toward cylinder head side.**



- To facilitate installation of collet, apply a small amount of grease to a piece of wire or a pencil and attach collet to wire or pencil, as shown.



2. Install camshafts as shown.

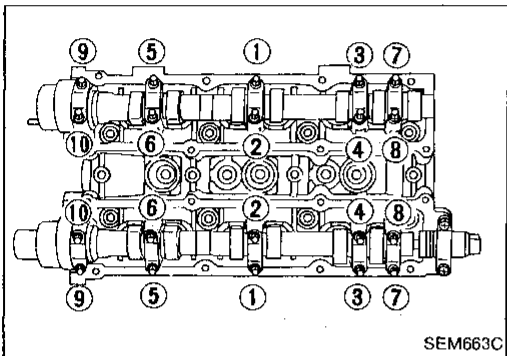
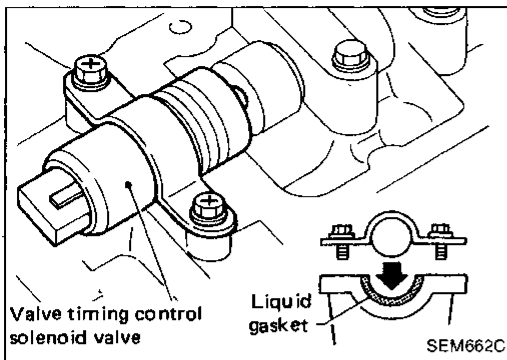


- Exhaust camshaft (left side) has spline for camshaft position sensor.

## CYLINDER HEAD

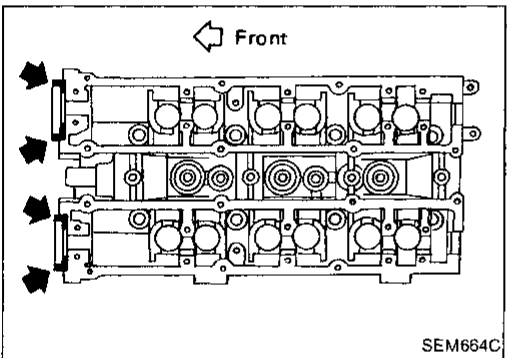
### Assembly (Cont'd)

- When installing valve timing control solenoid valves, apply liquid gasket to solenoid valve surfaces.



3. Install camshaft brackets.

**Tighten camshaft bracket bolts gradually in two or three stages.**



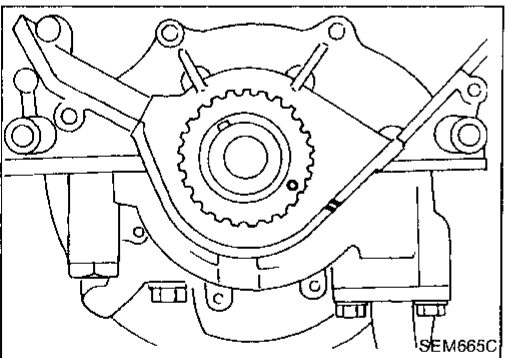
**When installing front side camshaft brackets, apply liquid gasket as shown.**

4. Apply engine oil to camshaft oil seal lip and install it in place.

**Always use new camshaft oil seal.**

5. Install rear timing belt cover.
6. Install camshaft sprockets.

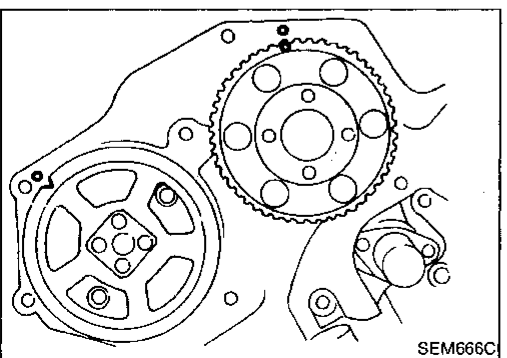
**When tightening bolts, fix camshaft to prevent it from rotating.**



### Installation

1. Set No. 1 piston at TDC on its compression stroke as follows:

- (1) Align crankshaft sprocket aligning mark with mark on oil pump body.



- (2) Align camshaft sprocket aligning mark with mark on timing belt rear cover.

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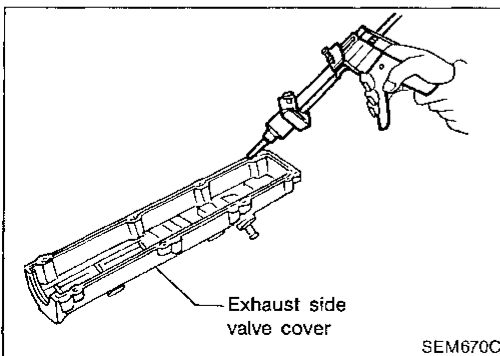
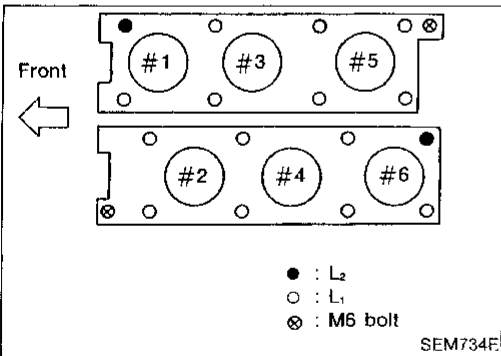
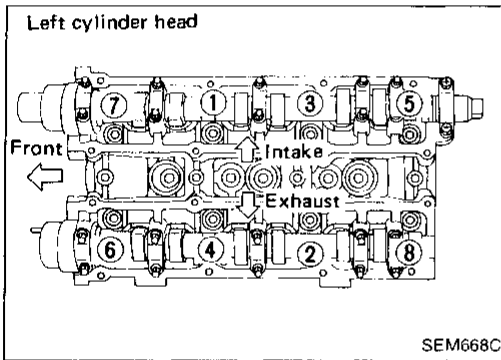
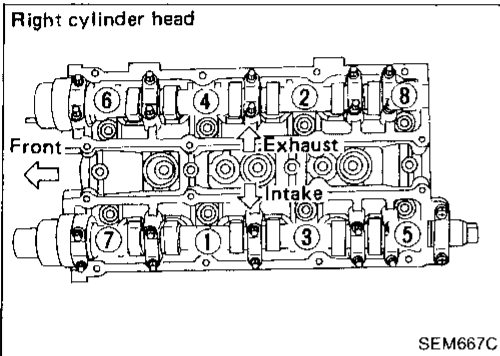
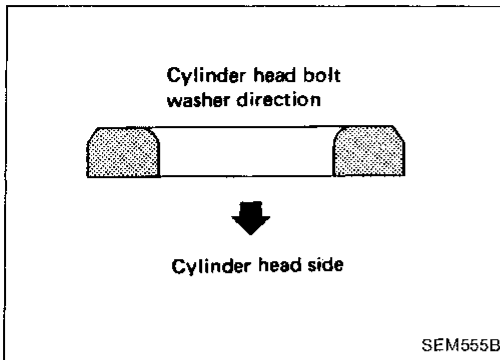
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## CYLINDER HEAD

### Installation (Cont'd)



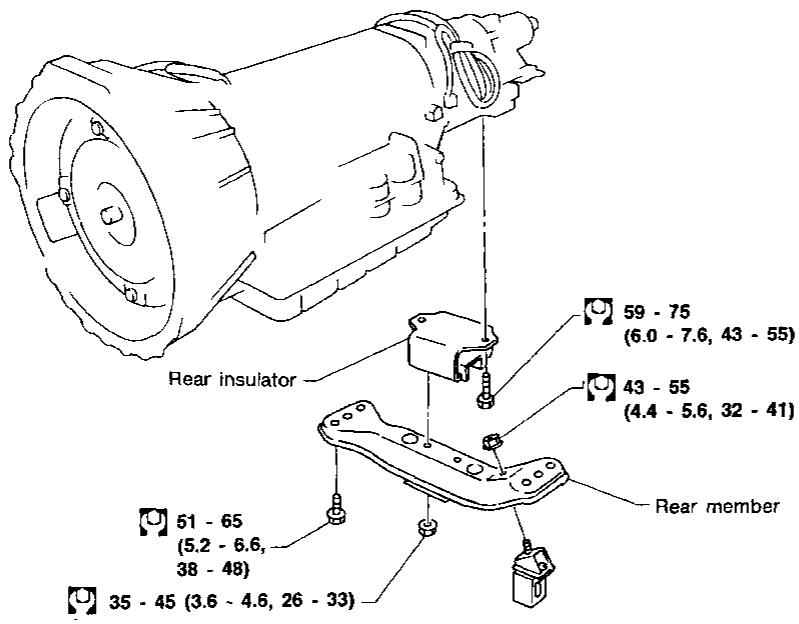
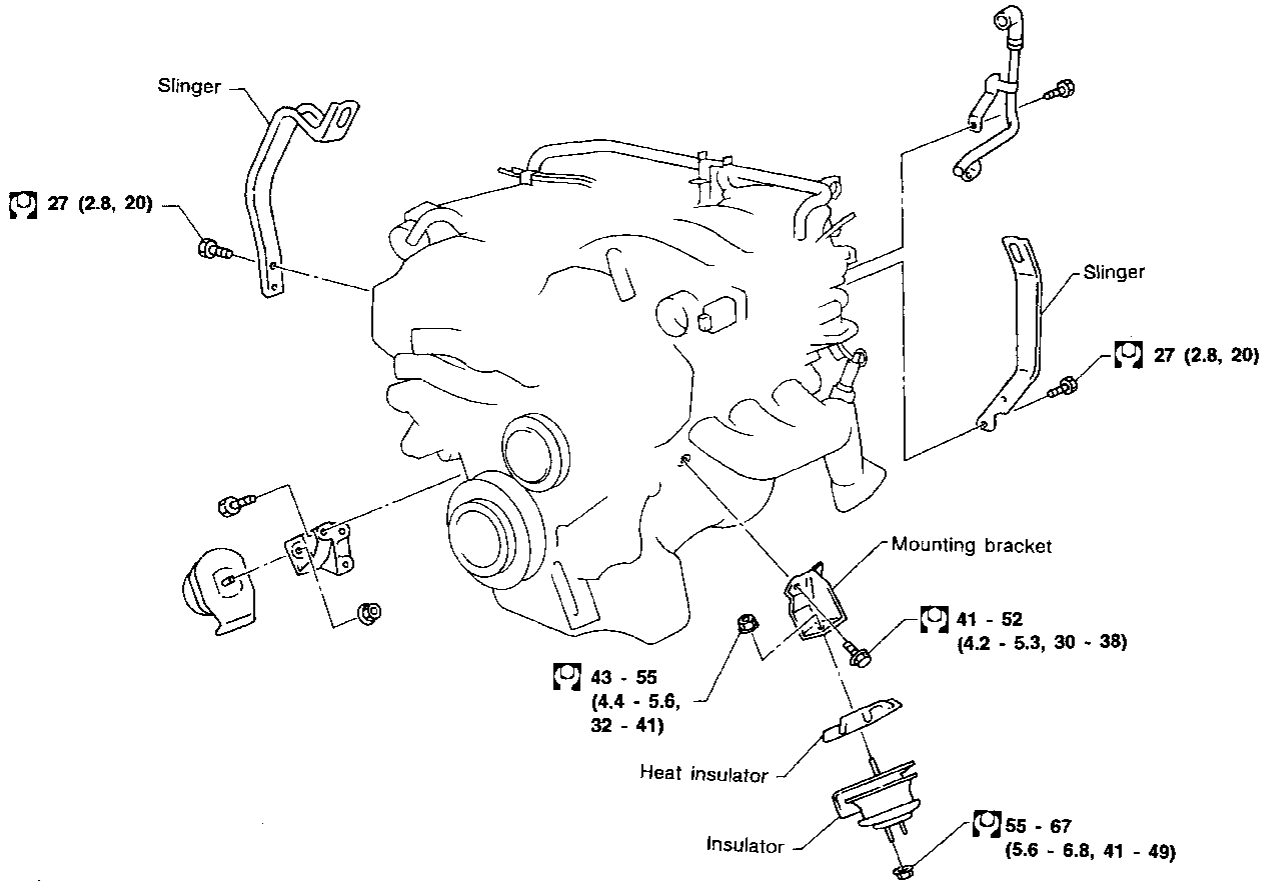
2. Install cylinder head with new gasket.
  - **Be sure to install washers between bolts and cylinder head.**
  - **Do not rotate crankshaft and camshaft separately, or valves will hit piston heads.**
3. Install cylinder head bolts.
  - **Install short bolts (L<sub>2</sub>) into the correct holes of cylinders #1 and #6 as shown in figure of step (6).**

4. Tighten cylinder head bolts in numerical order.
  - **Tightening procedure**
  - (1) Tighten all bolts to 39 N·m (4.0 kg-m, 29 ft-lb).
  - (2) Tighten all bolts to 123 N·m (12.5 kg-m, 90 ft-lb).
  - (3) Loosen all bolts completely.
  - (4) Tighten all bolts to 34 to 44 N·m (3.5 to 4.5 kg-m, 25 to 33 ft-lb).
  - (5) Tighten all bolts to 123 N·m (12.5 kg-m, 90 ft-lb) or if an angle wrench is available, tighten bolts 70 to 75 degrees (L<sub>1</sub>), 65 to 70 degrees (L<sub>2</sub>) clockwise.

- (6) Tighten bolts (⊗) as shown to 10 to 12 N·m (1.0 to 1.2 kg-m, 7 to 9 ft-lb).

5. Install valve covers. When installing exhaust side valve covers, apply liquid gasket as shown.
6. Install remaining parts.

# ENGINE REMOVAL



: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

- GI
- MA
- EM**
- LC
- EF & EC
- FE
- AT
- PD
- FA
- RA
- BR
- ST
- BF
- HA
- EL
- IDX

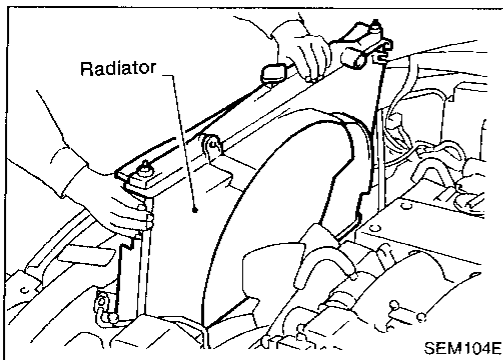
## ENGINE REMOVAL

### WARNING:

- a. Situate vehicle on a flat and solid surface.
- b. Place chocks at front and back of rear wheels.
- c. Do not remove engine until exhaust system has completely cooled off. Otherwise, you may burn yourself and/or fire may break out in fuel line.
- d. For safety during subsequent steps, the tension of wires should be slackened against the engine.
- e. Before disconnecting fuel hose, release fuel pressure from fuel line.  
Refer to "Releasing Fuel Pressure" in EF & EC section.
- f. Be sure to hoist engine and transmission in a safe manner.
- g. For engines not equipped with engine slingers, attach proper slingers and bolts described in PARTS CATALOG.

### CAUTION:

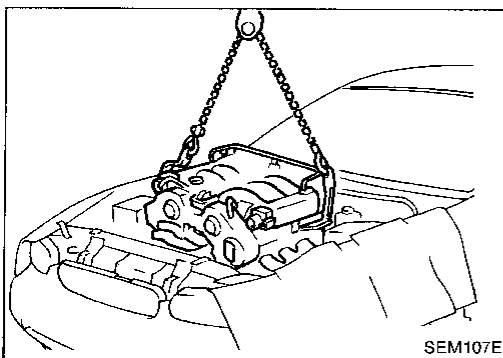
- When lifting engine, be careful not to strike adjacent parts, especially accelerator wire casing, brake lines, and brake master cylinder.
  - In hoisting the engine, always use engine slingers in a safe manner.
1. Remove engine under cover and hood.
  2. Drain coolant from both cylinder block drain plugs, and radiator drain cock.
  3. Drain engine oil from drain plug of oil pan.
  4. Remove vacuum hoses, fuel tubes, wires, harnesses and connectors and so on.
  5. Remove front exhaust tubes and propeller shaft.



6. Remove radiator.
7. Remove drive belts, cooling fan and coupling.
8. Remove P/S oil pump, alternator, A/C pump from engine, and starter motor.
9. Remove transmission from vehicle.

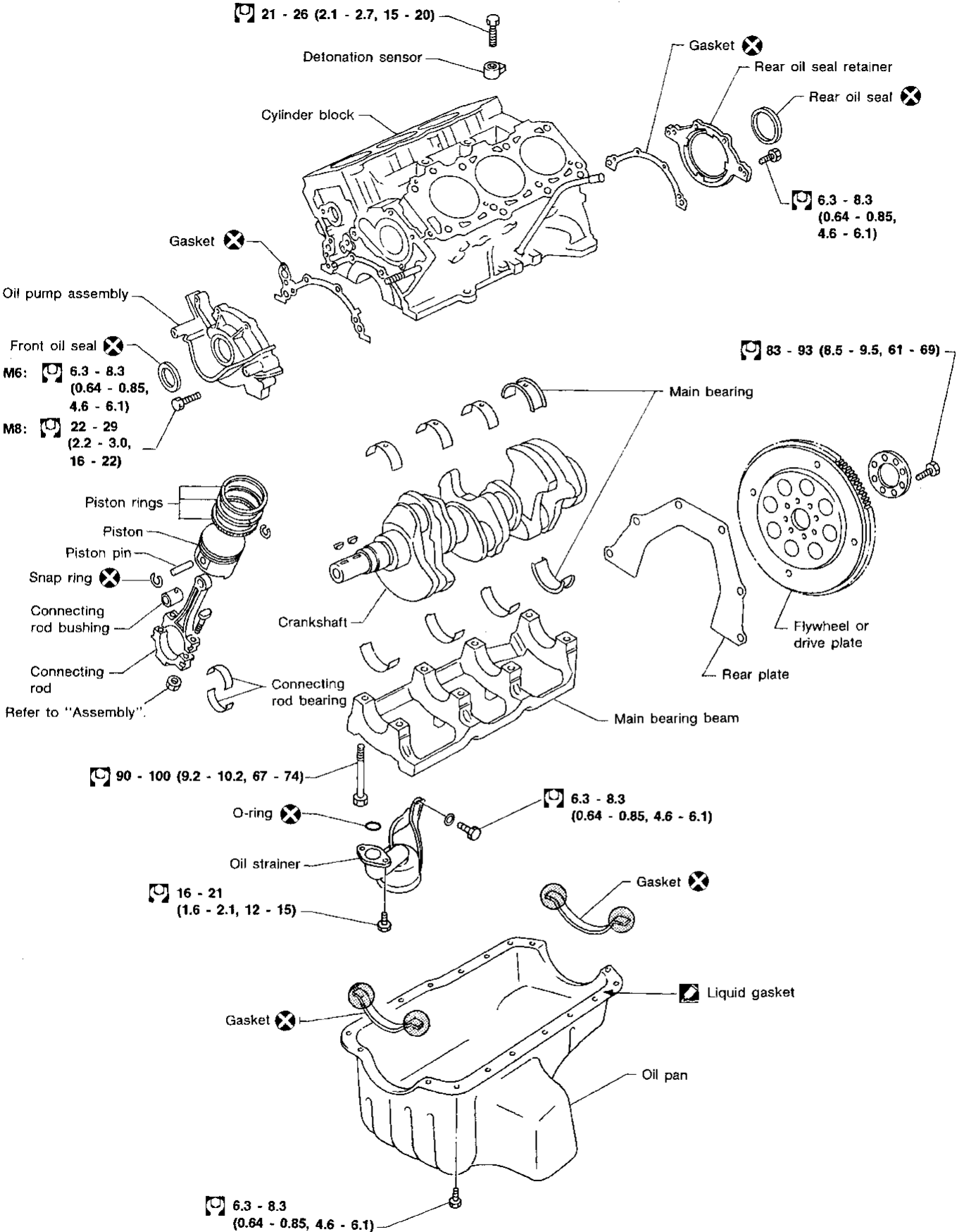
### Refer to AT section.

10. Hoist engine with engine slingers and remove engine mounting bolts from both sides.



11. Lift engine out of vehicle as shown

# CYLINDER BLOCK



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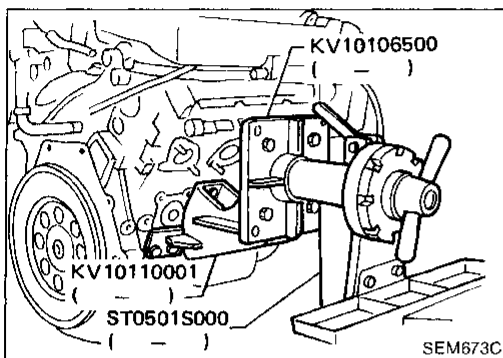
: Apply liquid gasket.  
 : N·m (kg·m, ft·lb)

SEM108E

# CYLINDER BLOCK

## CAUTION:

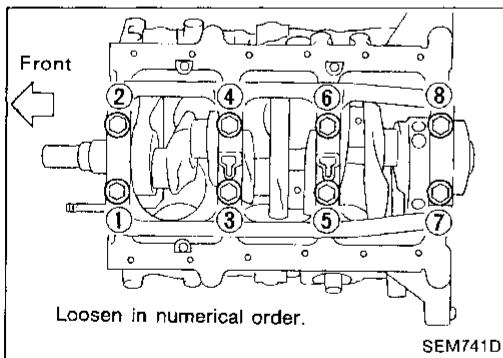
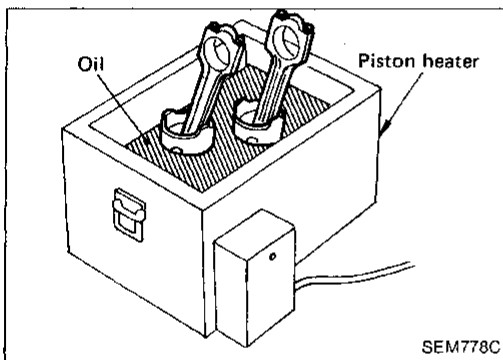
- When installing sliding parts such as bearings and pistons, be sure to apply engine oil on the sliding surfaces.
- Place removed parts such as bearings and bearing caps in their proper order and direction.
- When tightening connecting rod bolts and main bearing cap bolts, apply engine oil to thread portion of bolts and seating surface of nuts.



## Disassembly

### PISTON AND CRANKSHAFT

1. Place engine on a work stand.
2. Remove timing belt.
3. Drain coolant and remove water pump.
4. Drain oil.
5. Remove oil pan, oil pump and rear oil seal retainer.
6. Remove intake manifold collector, intake manifold and cylinder head.
7. Remove pistons.
  - When disassembling piston and connecting rod, remove snap ring first, then heat piston to 60 to 70°C (140 to 158°F) or use piston pin press stand at room temperature.

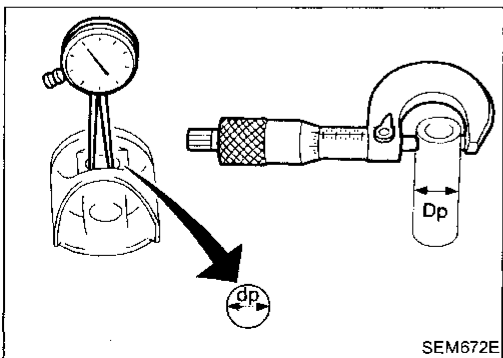


8. Remove bearing cap and crankshaft.
  - Before removing bearing cap, measure crankshaft end play.
  - Bolts should be loosened in two or three steps.

## Inspection

### PISTON AND PISTON PIN CLEARANCE

- Confirm the fitting of piston pin into piston pin hole by checking if it can be pressed in smoothly by finger pressure at room temperature.
1. Measure inner diameter of piston pin hole "dp".
    - Standard diameter "dp":**  
21.987 - 21.999 mm (0.8656 - 0.8661 in)





# CYLINDER BLOCK

## Inspection (Cont'd)

2. Measure outer diameter of piston pin "Dp".

**Standard diameter "Dp":**

**21.989 - 22.001 mm (0.8657 - 0.8662 in)**

3. Calculate piston pin clearance.

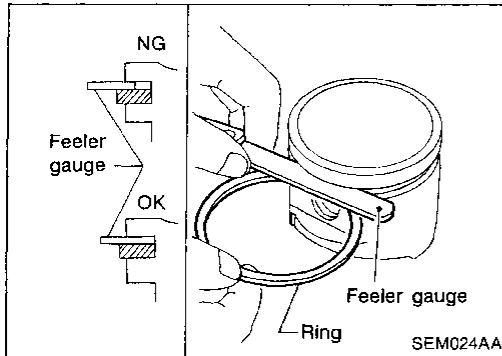
**dp - Dp = -0.004 to 0 mm (-0.0002 to 0 in)**

If it exceeds the above value, replace piston assembly with pin.

GI

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## PISTON RING SIDE CLEARANCE

**Side clearance:**

**Top ring**

**0.040 - 0.073 mm (0.0016 - 0.0029 in)**

**2nd ring**

**0.030 - 0.063 mm (0.0012 - 0.0025 in)**

**Max. limit of side clearance:**

**0.1 mm (0.004 in)**

**O-ring:**

**0.015 - 0.185 mm (0.0006 - 0.0073 in)**

If out of specification, replace piston and/or piston ring assembly.

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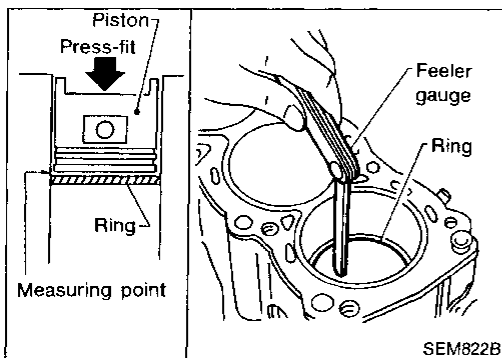
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## PISTON RING END GAP

**End gap:**

**Top ring**

**0.21 - 0.40 mm (0.0083 - 0.0157 in)**

**2nd ring**

**0.50 - 0.76 mm (0.0197 - 0.0299 in)**

**Oil ring**

**0.20 - 0.76 mm (0.0079 - 0.0299 in)**

**Max. limit of end gap:**

**1.0 mm (0.039 in)**

If out of specification, replace piston ring. If gap still exceeds the limit even with a new ring, rebore cylinder and use oversized piston and piston rings.

**Refer to SDS (EM-55).**

- When replacing the piston, check the cylinder block surface for scratches or seizure. If scratches or seizure is found, hone or replace the cylinder block.

## CYLINDER BLOCK

### Inspection (Cont'd)

#### CONNECTING ROD BEND AND TORSION

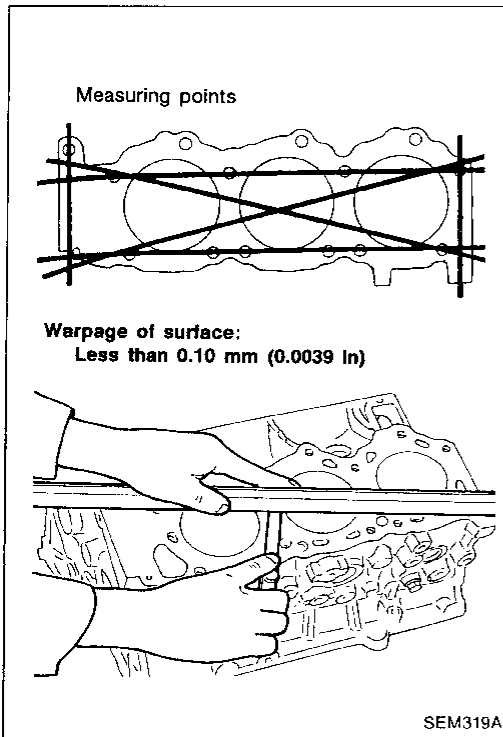
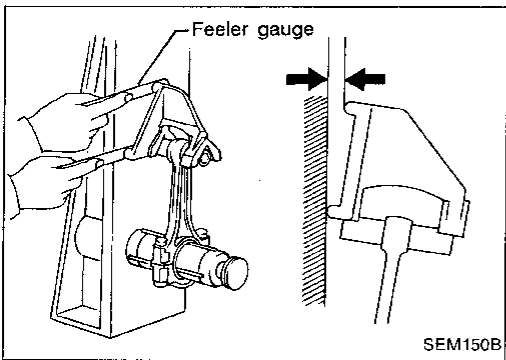
**Bend:**

Limit 0.15 mm (0.0059 in) per 100 mm (3.94 in) length

**Torsion:**

Limit 0.3 mm (0.012 in) per 100 mm (3.94 in) length

If it exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod assembly.



#### CYLINDER BLOCK DISTORTION AND WEAR

1. Clean upper face of cylinder block and measure the distortion.

**Limit:**

0.10 mm (0.0039 in)

2. If out of specification, resurface it. The resurfacing limit is determined by cylinder head resurfacing in engine.

Amount of cylinder head resurfacing is "A".

Amount of cylinder block resurfacing is "B".

The maximum limit is as follows:

$$A + B = 0.2 \text{ mm (0.008 in)}$$

3. If necessary, replace cylinder block.

#### PISTON-TO-BORE CLEARANCE

##### Method A (Using bore gauge and micrometer)

1. Using a bore gauge, measure cylinder bore for wear, out-of-round and taper.

**Standard inner diameter:**

87.000 - 87.030 mm (3.4252 - 3.4264 in)

**Wear limit:**

0.20 mm (0.0079 in)

If it exceeds the limit, rebore all cylinders. Replace cylinder block if necessary.

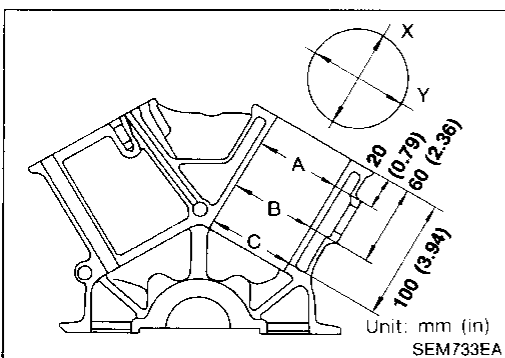
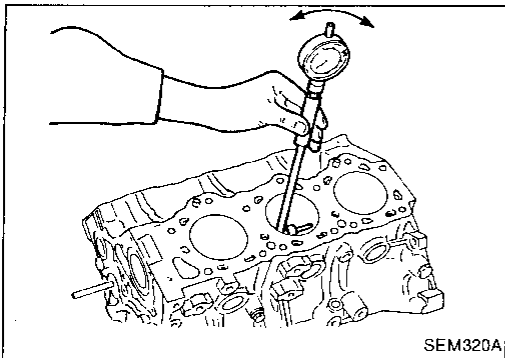
**Out-of-round (X - Y) Standard:**

0.015 mm (0.0006 in)

**Taper (A - B - C) Standard:**

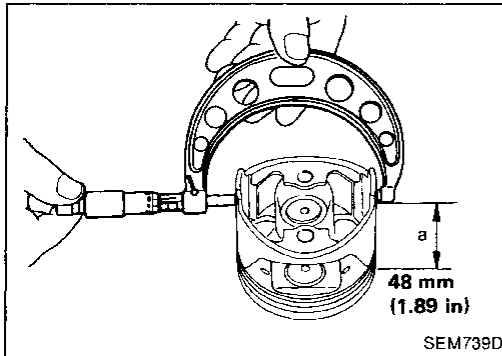
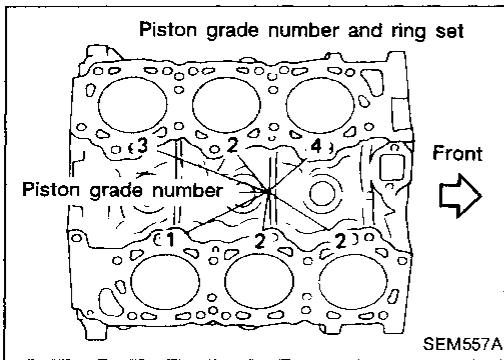
0.015 mm (0.0006 in)

2. Check for scratches and seizure. If seizure is found, hone it.



# CYLINDER BLOCK

## Inspection (Cont'd)



- If both cylinder block and piston are replaced with new ones, select piston of the same grade number punched on cylinder block upper surface.

3. Measure piston skirt diameter.  
**Piston diameter "A":**  
Refer to SDS (EM-55).  
**Measuring point "a" (Distance from the top):**  
48.0 mm (1.890 in)
4. Check that piston-to-bore clearance is within specification.  
**Piston-to-bore clearance:**  
0.015 - 0.035 mm (0.0006 - 0.0014 in)
5. Determine piston oversize according to amount of cylinder wear.

**Oversize pistons are available for service. Refer to SDS (EM-55).**

6. Cylinder bore size is determined by adding piston-to-bore clearance to piston diameter "A".

**Rebored size calculation:**

$$D = A + B - C$$

where,

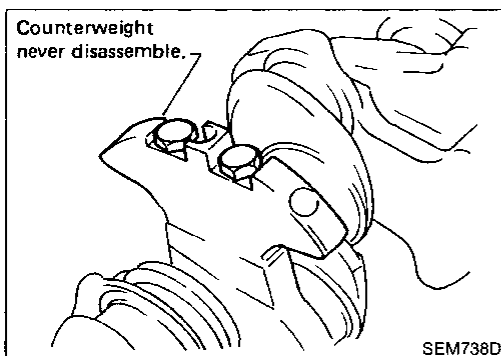
**D: Bored diameter**

**A: Piston diameter as measured**

**B: Piston-to-bore clearance**

**C: Honing allowance 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)**

7. Install main bearing caps, and tighten to the specified torque to prevent distortion of cylinder bores in final assembly.
8. Cut cylinder bores.
  - When any cylinder needs boring, all other cylinders must also be bored.
  - Do not cut too much out of cylinder bore at a time. Do not cut more than 0.05 mm (0.0020 in) in diameter at a time.
9. Hone cylinders to obtain specified piston-to-bore clearance.
10. Measure finished cylinder bore for out-of-round and taper.
  - Measurement should be done after cylinder bore cools down.



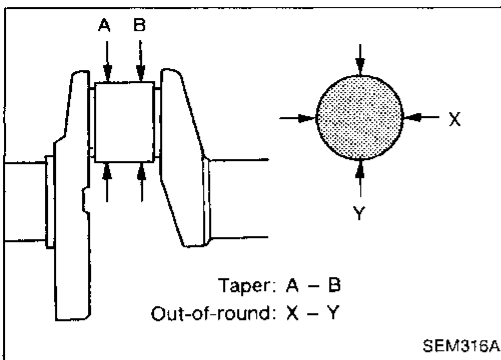
## CRANKSHAFT

### CAUTION:

**Never attempt to disassemble crankshaft counter weight.**

## CYLINDER BLOCK

### Inspection (Cont'd)



1. Check crankshaft main and pin journals for score, wear or cracks.
2. With a micrometer, measure journals for taper and out-of-round.

**Out-of-round (X - Y):**

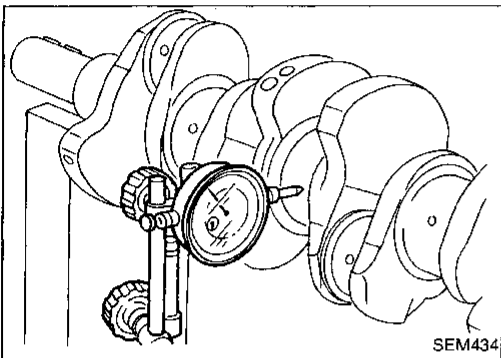
**Less than 0.005 mm (0.0002 in)**

**Taper (A - B):**

**Less than 0.005 mm (0.0002 in)**

**Limit:**

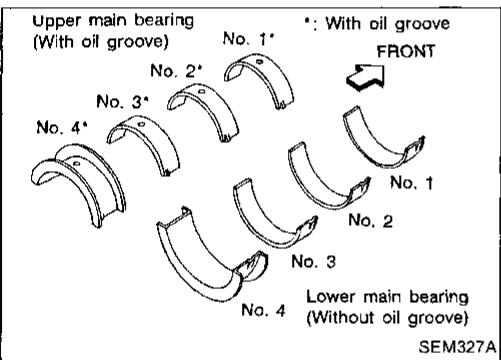
**0.02 mm (0.0008 in)**



3. Measure crankshaft runout.

**Runout (Total indicator reading):**

**Less than 0.10 mm (0.0039 in)**



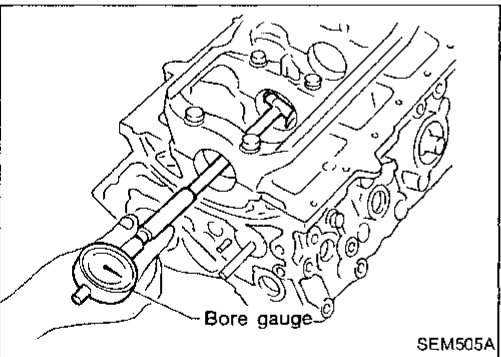
### BEARING CLEARANCE

- Either of the following two methods may be used; however, method "A" gives more reliable results and is preferable.

#### Method A (Using bore gauge & micrometer)

##### Main bearing

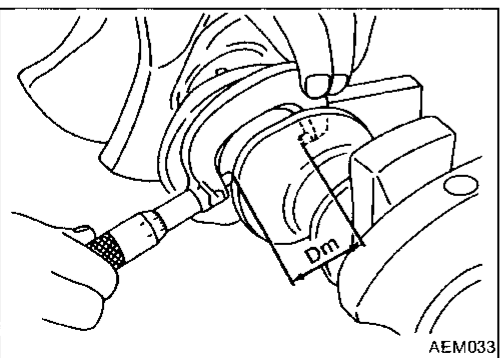
1. Set main bearings in their proper positions on cylinder block and main bearing cap.



2. Install main bearing cap to cylinder block.

**Tighten all bolts in correct order in two or three stages.**

3. Measure inner diameter "A" of each main bearing.



4. Measure outer diameter "Dm" of each crankshaft main journal.

5. Calculate main bearing clearance.

**Main bearing clearance (A - Dm):**

**Standard**

**0.028 - 0.055 mm (0.0011 - 0.0022 in)**

**Limit**

**0.090 mm (0.0035 in)**

6. If it exceeds the limit, replace bearing.

# CYLINDER BLOCK

## Inspection (Cont'd)

7. If clearance cannot be adjusted within the standard of any bearing, grind crankshaft journal and use undersized bearing.

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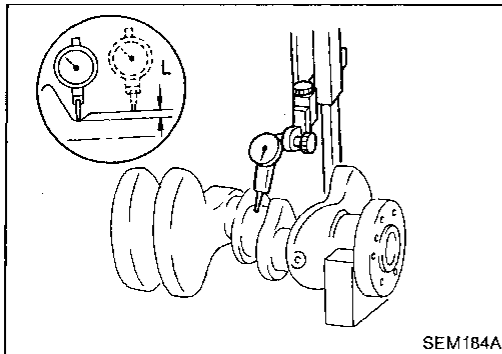
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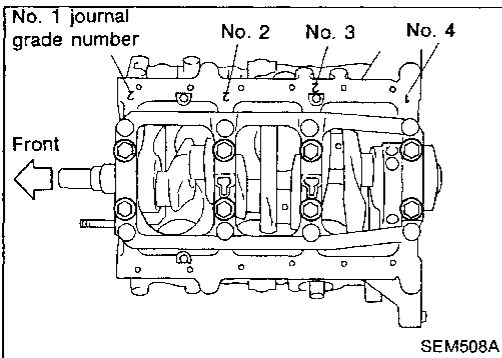
AT



- a. When grinding crankshaft journal, confirm that "L" dimension in fillet roll is more than the specified limit.

"L": 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

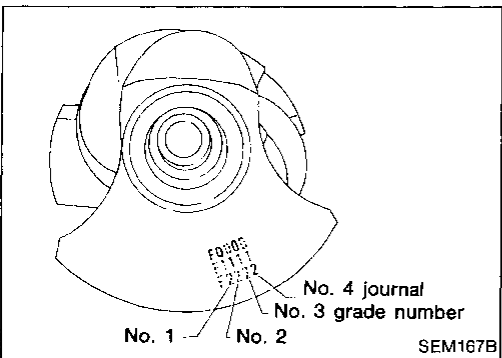
- b. Refer to SDS for grinding crankshaft and available service parts.



8. If crankshaft, cylinder block or main bearing is reused again, measure main bearing clearance.

If crankshaft, cylinder block and main bearings are replaced with new ones, it is necessary to select thickness of main bearings as follows:

- a. Grade number of each cylinder block main journal is punched on the respective cylinder block.



- b. Grade number of each crankshaft main journal is punched on the No. 1 counter weight of crankshaft.

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## CYLINDER BLOCK

### Inspection (Cont'd)

- c. Select main bearing with suitable thickness according to the following table.

#### Main bearing grade number:

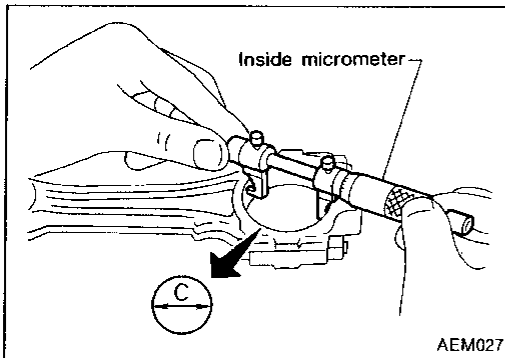
Main journal grade number	0	1	2
Crankshaft journal grade number			
0	0	1	2
1	1	2	3
2	2	3	4

For example:

Main journal grade number: 1

Crankshaft journal grade number: 2

Main bearing grade number = 1 + 2  
= 3

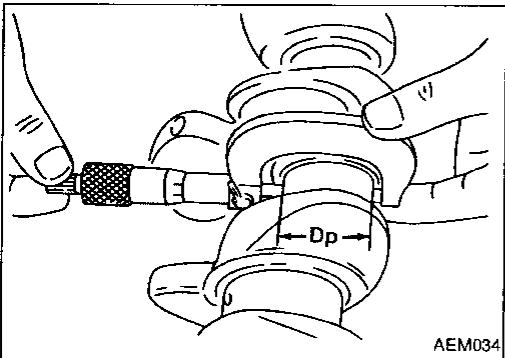


#### Connecting rod bearing (Big end)

1. Install connecting rod bearing to connecting rod and cap.
2. Install connecting rod cap to connecting rod.

#### Tighten bolts to the specified torque.

3. Measure inner diameter "C" of each bearing.



4. Measure outer diameter "Dp" of each crankshaft pin journal.
5. Calculate connecting rod bearing clearance.

#### Connecting rod bearing clearance (C - Dp):

##### Standard

0.028 - 0.048 mm (0.0011 - 0.0019 in)

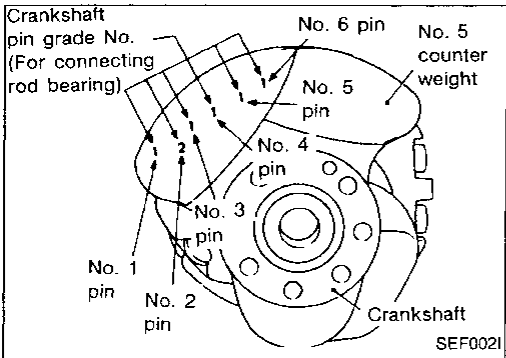
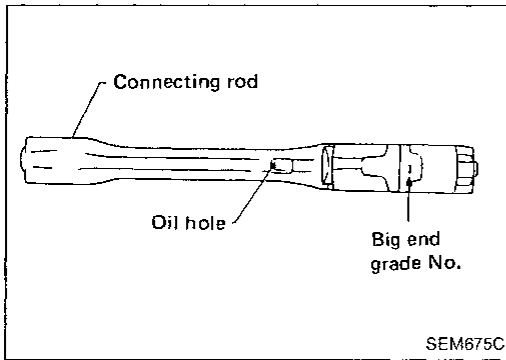
##### Limit

0.090 mm (0.0035 in)

6. If it exceeds the limit, replace bearing.
7. If clearance cannot be adjusted within the standard of any bearing, grind crankshaft journal and use undersized bearing. Refer to step 7 of "BEARING CLEARANCE — Main bearing" (EM-44).

# CYLINDER BLOCK

## Inspection (Cont'd)



8. If crankshaft, connecting rods or bearings are replaced with new ones, it is necessary to select thickness of connecting rod bearings as follows:
  - a. Grade number of each connecting rod big end is punched on the respective connecting rod.

- b. Grade number of each crankshaft pin journal is punched on the No. 5 counter weight of crankshaft.

- c. Select connecting rod bearing with suitable thickness according to the following table.

### Connecting rod bearing grade number:

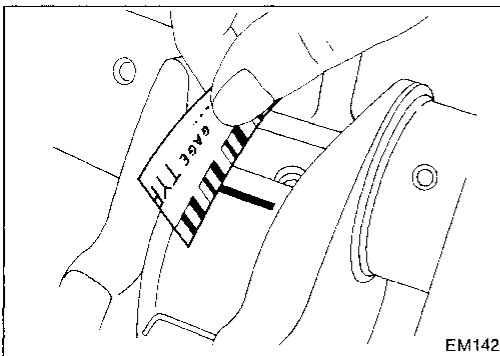
Connecting rod big end grade number		
	0	1 (I)
Crankshaft pin grade number		
0	0	1
1 (I)	1	2
2 (II)	2	3

For example:

Connecting rod big end grade number: 1

Crankshaft pin grade number: 2

Connecting rod bearing grade number = 1 + 2  
= 3



### Method B (Using "plastigage")

#### CAUTION:

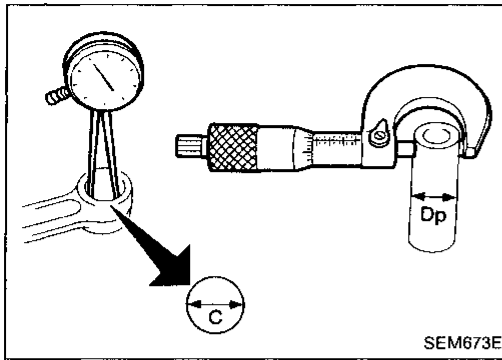
- Do not turn crankshaft or connecting rod while plastigage is being inserted.
- When bearing clearance exceeds the specified limit, ensure that the proper bearing has been installed. Then if excessive bearing clearance exists, use a thicker main bearing or undersized bearing so that the specified bearing clearance is obtained.

## CYLINDER BLOCK

### Inspection (Cont'd)

#### CONNECTING ROD BUSHING CLEARANCE (Small end)

1. Measure inner diameter "C" of bushing.



2. Measure outer diameter "Dp" of piston pin.
3. Calculate connecting rod bushing clearance.

$$C - Dp = 0.005 - 0.017 \text{ mm (0.0002 - 0.0007 in)}$$

**Limit: 0.023 mm (0.0009 in)**

If it exceeds the specified value, replace connecting rod bushing and/or piston set with pin.

#### REPLACEMENT OF CONNECTING ROD BUSHING (Small end)

1. Drive in small end bushing until it is flush with end surface of rod.

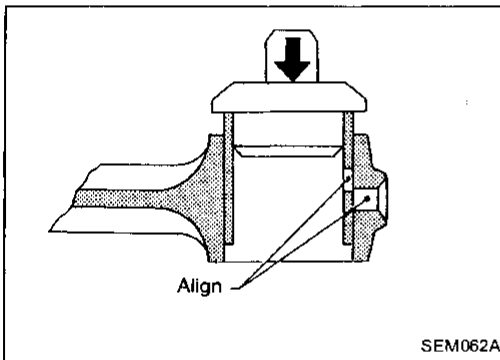
**Be sure to align the oil holes.**

2. After driving in small end bushing, ream the bushing.

**Small end bushing inside diameter:**

**Finished size**

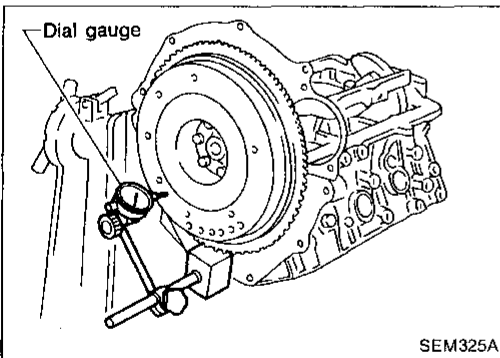
**22.000 - 22.012 mm (0.8661 - 0.8666 in)**



#### DRIVE PLATE RUNOUT

**Runout (Total indicator reading):**

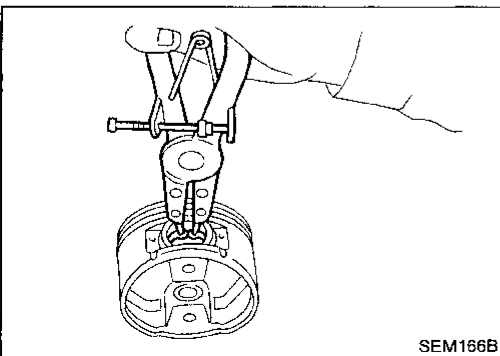
**Less than 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)**



### Assembly

#### PISTON

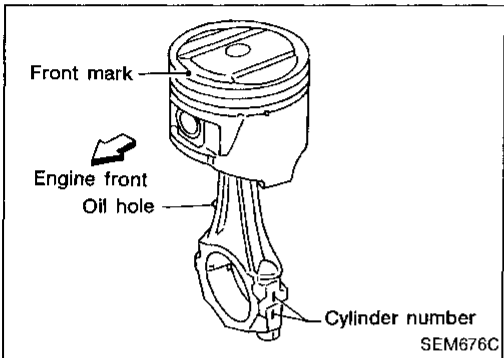
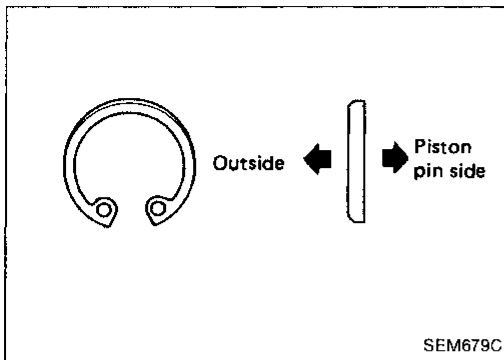
1. Install new snap ring on one side of piston pin hole.





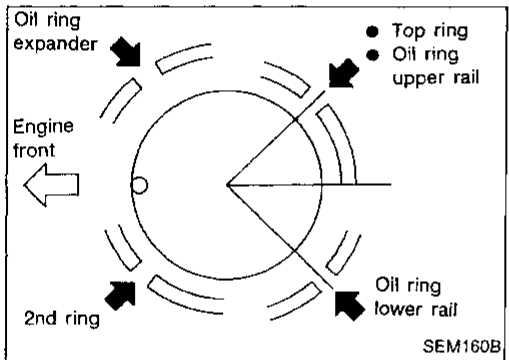
# CYLINDER BLOCK

## Assembly (Cont'd)

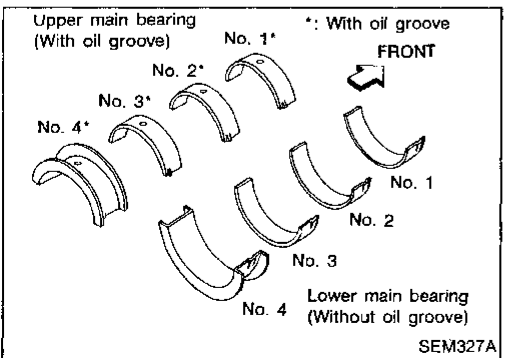
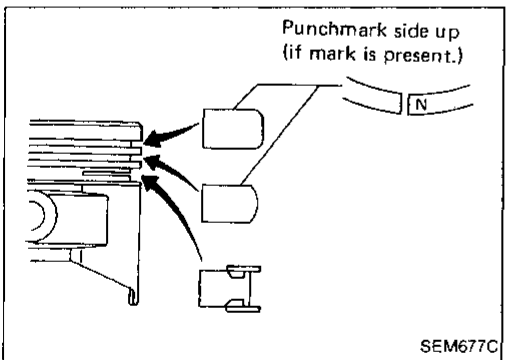


2. Heat piston to 60 to 70°C (140 to 158°F) and assemble piston, piston pin, connecting rod and new snap ring.

- **Align the direction of piston and connecting rod.**
- **Numbers stamped on connecting rod and cap correspond to each cylinder.**
- **After assembly, make sure connecting rod swings smoothly.**



3. Set piston rings as shown.



## CRANKSHAFT

1. Set main bearings in their proper positions on cylinder block and main bearing cap.

- **Confirm that correct main bearings are used. Refer to "Inspection" (EM-43).**

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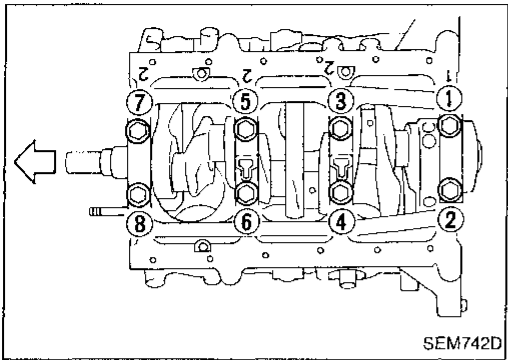
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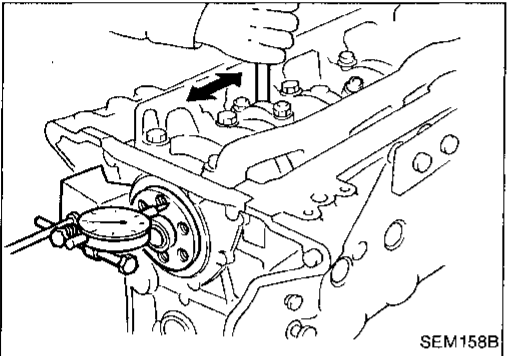
IDX

## CYLINDER BLOCK

### Assembly (Cont'd)



2. Install crankshaft and main bearing caps and tighten bolts to the specified torque.
  - Prior to tightening bearing cap bolts, place bearing cap in its proper position by shifting crankshaft in the axial direction.
  - Tighten bearing cap bolts gradually in two or three stages. Start with center bearing and move outward sequentially.
  - After securing bearing cap bolts, make sure crankshaft turns smoothly by hand.



3. Measure crankshaft end play.

#### Crankshaft end play:

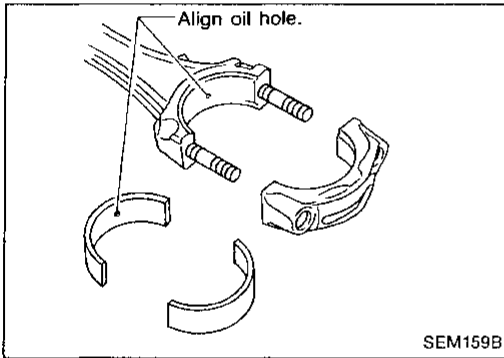
##### Standard

0.05 - 0.18 mm (0.0020 - 0.0071 in)

##### Limit

0.30 mm (0.0118 in)

If beyond the limit, replace bearing with a new one.

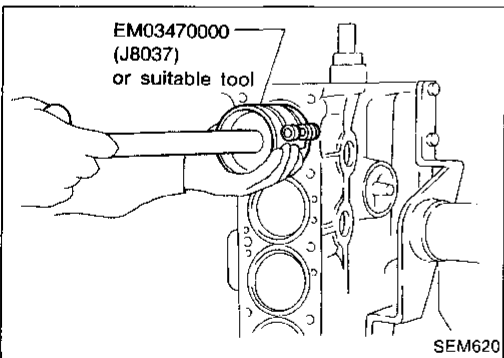


4. Install connecting rod bearings in connecting rods and connecting rod caps.

- Confirm that correct bearings are used.

Refer to "Inspection" (EM-46).

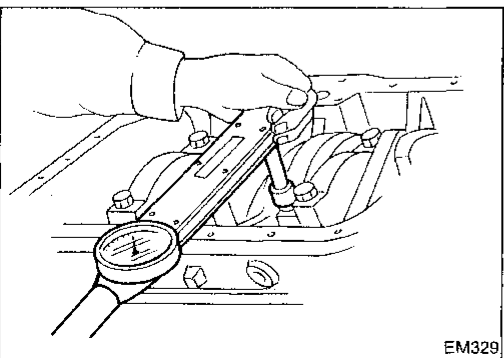
- Install bearings so that oil hole in connecting rod aligns with oil hole of bearing.



5. Install pistons with connecting rods.

- a. Install them into corresponding cylinders with Tool.

- Be careful not to scratch cylinder wall by connecting rod.
- Arrange so that front mark on piston head faces toward front of engine.



- b. Install connecting rod bearing caps.

Tighten connecting rod bearing cap nuts to the specified torque.

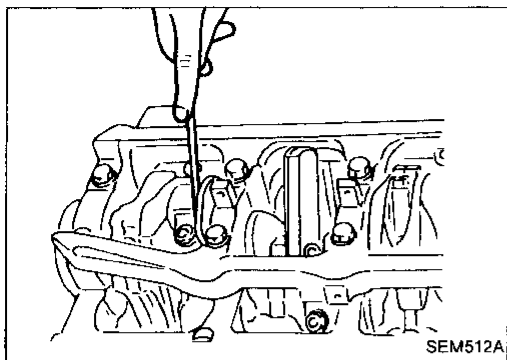
#### Connecting rod bearing nut

(1) Tighten to 14 to 16 N·m  
(1.4 to 1.6 kg-m, 10 to 12 ft-lb).

(2) Tighten to 59 to 65 N·m  
(6.0 to 6.6 kg-m, 43 to 48 ft-lb)  
or if you have an angle wrench, tighten bolts  
60 to 65 degrees clockwise.

## CYLINDER BLOCK

### Assembly (Cont'd)



6. Measure connecting rod side clearance.

**Connecting rod side clearance:**

**Standard**

0.20 - 0.35 mm (0.0079 - 0.0138 in)

**Limit**

0.40 mm (0.0157 in)

If beyond the limit, replace connecting rod and/or crankshaft.

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# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## General Specifications

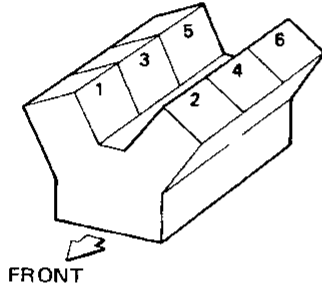
Cylinder arrangement	V-6	
Displacement	cm <sup>3</sup> (cu in)	2,960 (180.62)
Bore and stroke	mm (in)	87 × 83 (3.43 × 3.27)
Valve arrangement	DOHC	
Firing order	1-2-3-4-5-6	
Number of piston rings		
Compression	2	
Oil	1	
Number of main bearings	4	
Compression ratio	10.5	

## COMPRESSION PRESSURE

Unit: kPa (kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, psi)/300 rpm

Compression pressure	
Standard	1,285 (13.1, 186)
Minimum	981 (10.0, 142)
Differential limit between cylinders	98 (1.0, 14)

Cylinder number



SEM713A

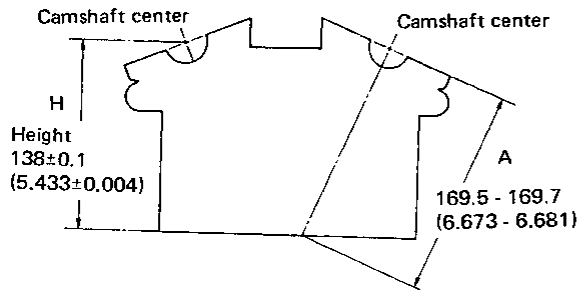
# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## Inspection and Adjustment

### CYLINDER HEAD

Unit: mm (in)

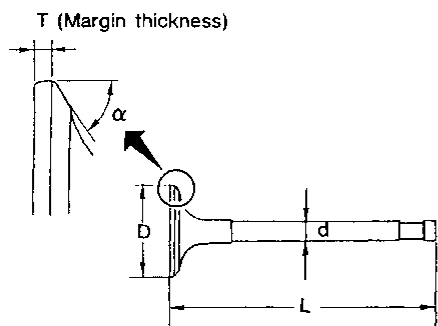
	Standard	Limit
Head surface distortion	Less than 0.05 (0.0020)	0.1 (0.004)



SEM889D

### VALVE

Unit: mm (in)



SEM188

Valve head diameter "D"	
Intake	34.0 - 34.2 (1.339 - 1.346)
Exhaust	29.5 - 29.7 (1.161 - 1.169)
Valve length "L"	
Intake	103.1 - 103.3 (4.059 - 4.067)
Exhaust	103.6 - 103.8 (4.079 - 4.087)
Valve stem diameter "d"	
Intake	5.965 - 5.980 (0.2348 - 0.2354)
Exhaust	5.945 - 5.960 (0.2341 - 0.2346)
Valve seat angle " $\alpha$ "	
Intake	
Exhaust	45°15' - 45°45'
Valve margin "T"	
Intake	1.15 - 1.45 (0.0453 - 0.0571)
Exhaust	1.35 - 1.65 (0.0531 - 0.0650)
Valve margin "T" limit	
	More than 0.5 (0.020)
Valve stem end surface grinding limit	
	Less than 0.2 (0.008)
Valve clearance	
Intake	0 (0)
Exhaust	0 (0)

### Valve spring

Free height	mm (in)	43.1 (1.697)
Pressure N (kg, lb) at height mm (in)	Standard	536.4 (54.7, 120.6) at 26.5 (1.043)
	Limit	452.79 (46.17, 101.80) at 26.5 (1.043)
Out-of-square	mm (in)	Less than 1.8 (0.071)

### Hydraulic valve lifter

Unit: mm (in)

Lifter outer diameter	30.955 - 30.965 (1.2187 - 1.2191)
Lifter guide inner diameter	31.000 - 31.020 (1.2205 - 1.2213)
Clearance between lifter and lifter guide	0.035 - 0.065 (0.0014 - 0.0026)

### Valve guide

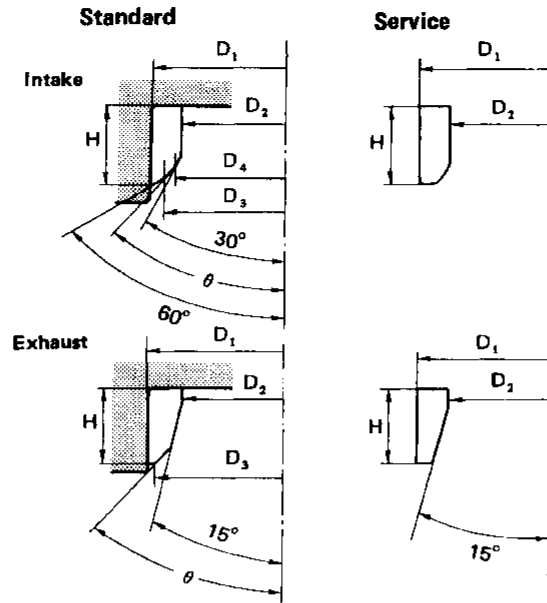
Unit: mm (in)

	Standard	Service
Valve guide		
Outer diameter	10.023 - 10.034 (0.3946 - 0.3950)	10.223 - 10.234 (0.4025 - 0.4029)
Valve guide		
Inner diameter (Finished size)	6.000 - 6.018 (0.2362 - 0.2369)	
Cylinder head valve guide hole diameter	9.975 - 9.996 (0.3927 - 0.3935)	10.175 - 10.196 (0.4006 - 0.4014)
Interference fit of valve guide	0.027 - 0.059 (0.0011 - 0.0023)	
	Standard	Max. tolerance
Stem to guide clearance	Intake	0.10 (0.0039)
	Exhaust	
Valve deflection limit	—	0.20 (0.0079)

# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

### VALVE SEAT



SEM529C

Unit: mm (in)

		Standard	Service*
Cylinder head seat recess diameter (D <sub>1</sub> )	In.	36.000 - 36.016 (1.4173 - 1.4179)	36.500 - 36.516 (1.4370 - 1.4376)
	Ex.	31.500 - 31.516 (1.2402 - 1.2408)	32.000 - 32.016 (1.2598 - 1.2605)
Valve seat interference fit	In.	0.081 - 0.113 (0.0032 - 0.0044)	
	Ex.	0.064 - 0.096 (0.0025 - 0.0038)	
Valve seat outer diameter (D <sub>1</sub> )	In.	36.097 - 36.113 (1.4211 - 1.4218)	36.597 - 36.613 (1.4408 - 1.4415)
	Ex.	31.580 - 31.596 (1.2433 - 1.2439)	32.080 - 32.096 (1.2630 - 1.2636)
Valve seat inner diameter (D <sub>2</sub> )	In.	29.85 - 30.15 (1.1752 - 1.1870)	
	Ex.	24.35 - 24.65 (0.9587 - 0.9705)	
Height (H)	In.	5.9 - 6.0 (0.232 - 0.236)	5.35 - 5.45 (0.2106 - 0.2146)
	Ex.	5.9 - 6.0 (0.232 - 0.236)	5.9 - 6.0 (0.232 - 0.236)
Face angle (θ)	In.	45°	
	Ex.	45°	
Face inner diameter (D <sub>4</sub> )	In.	31.5 (1.240)	*: Valve seat surface must be corrected to specified value.
Face diameter (D <sub>3</sub> )	In.	33.6 - 33.8 (1.323 - 1.331)	
	Ex.	28.9 - 29.1 (1.138 - 1.146)	

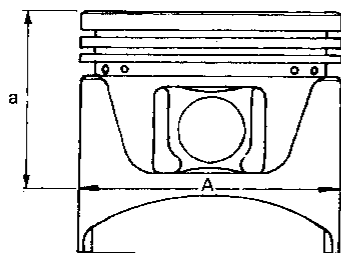
# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

### PISTON, PISTON RING AND PISTON PIN

#### Available piston

Unit: mm (in)



SEM740D

#### Piston skirt diameter "A"

##### Standard

Grade No. 1	86.975 - 86.985 (3.4242 - 3.4246)
Grade No. 2	86.985 - 86.995 (3.4246 - 3.4250)
Grade No. 3	86.995 - 87.005 (3.4250 - 3.4254)
0.25 (0.0098) oversize (Service)	87.225 - 87.275 (3.4340 - 3.4360)
0.50 (0.0197) oversize (Service)	87.475 - 87.525 (3.4439 - 3.4459)

"a" dimension 48.0 (1.890)

Piston pin hole diameter 21.987 - 21.999 (0.8656 - 0.8661)

Piston clearance to cylinder block 0.015 - 0.035 (0.0006 - 0.0014)

### Piston ring

Unit: mm (in)

	Standard	Limit
Side clearance		
Top	0.040 - 0.073 (0.0016 - 0.0029)	0.1 (0.004)
2nd	0.030 - 0.063 (0.0012 - 0.0025)	
Oil	0.015 - 0.185 (0.0006 - 0.0073)	0.2 (0.008)
End gap		
Top	0.21 - 0.40 (0.0083 - 0.0157)	1.0 (0.039)
2nd	0.50 - 0.76 (0.0197 - 0.0299)	
Oil (rail ring)	0.20 - 0.76 (0.0079 - 0.0299)	

### Piston pin

Unit: mm (in)

Piston pin outer diameter	21.989 - 22.001 (0.8657 - 0.8662)
Interference fit of piston pin to piston	0 - 0.004 (0 - 0.0002)
Piston pin to connecting rod bushing clearance	0.005 - 0.017 (0.0002 - 0.0007)

Values measured at ambient temperature of 20°C (68°F)

### CONNECTING ROD

Unit: mm (in)

Center distance	154.1 - 154.2 (6.067 - 6.071)
Bend [per 100 (3.94)]	
Limit	0.15 (0.0059)
Torsion [per 100 (3.94)]	
Limit	0.3 (0.012)
Piston pin bushing inner diameter*	22.000 - 22.012 (0.8661 - 0.8666)
Connecting rod big end inner diameter	53.000 - 53.013 (2.0866 - 2.0871)
Side clearance	
Standard	0.20 - 0.35 (0.0079 - 0.0138)
Limit	0.40 (0.0157)

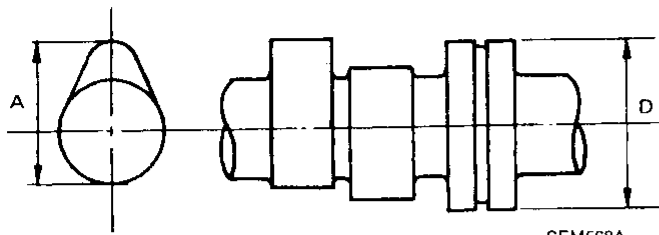
\*: After installing in connecting rod

# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

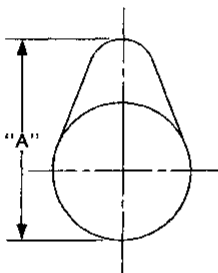
### CAMSHAFT AND CAMSHAFT BEARING

Unit: mm (in)



SEM568A

	Standard	Max. tolerance
Camshaft journal to bearing clearance	0.045 - 0.086 (0.0018 - 0.0034)	0.15 (0.0059)
Inner diameter of camshaft bearing	28.000 - 28.021 (1.1024 - 1.1032)	—
Outer diameter of camshaft journal	27.935 - 27.955 (1.0998 - 1.1006)	—
Camshaft runout [TIR*]	Less than 0.04 (0.0016)	0.1 (0.004)
Camshaft end play	0.03 - 0.08 (0.0012 - 0.0031)	—



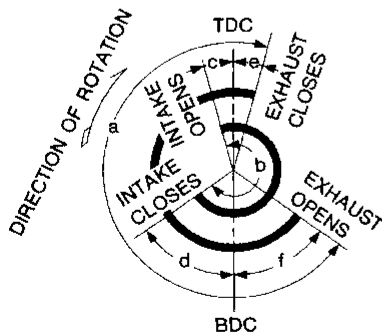
EM671

#### Cam height "A"

Intake	40.405 - 40.595 (1.5907 - 1.5982)
Exhaust	
Wear limit of cam height	0.15 (0.0059)

\*Total indicator reading

#### Valve timing

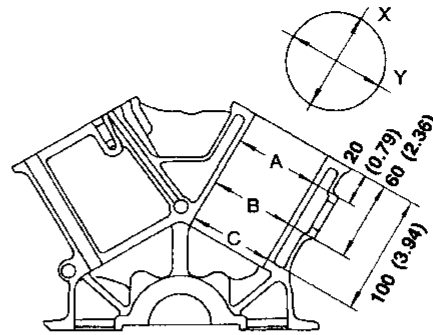


Unit : degree  
EM120

a	b	c	d	e	f
248	248	-1	69	9	59

### CYLINDER BLOCK

Unit: mm (in)



SEM733E

#### Surface flatness

Standard	Less than 0.03 (0.0012)
Limit	0.10 (0.0039)

#### Cylinder bore

Inner diameter	
Standard	
Grade No. 1	87.000 - 87.010 (3.4252 - 3.4256)
Grade No. 2	87.010 - 87.020 (3.4256 - 3.4260)
Grade No. 3	87.020 - 87.030 (3.4260 - 3.4264)
Wear limit	0.20 (0.0079)
Out-of-round (X - Y)	Less than 0.015 (0.0006)
Taper (A - B - C)	Less than 0.015 (0.0006)

#### Main journal inner diameter

Grade No. 0	66.645 - 66.654 (2.6238 - 2.6242)
Grade No. 1	66.654 - 66.663 (2.6242 - 2.6245)
Grade No. 2	66.663 - 66.672 (2.6245 - 2.6249)

#### Difference in inner diameter between cylinders

Standard	Less than 0.05 (0.0020)
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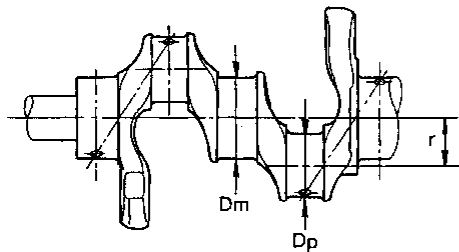
# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

### CRANKSHAFT

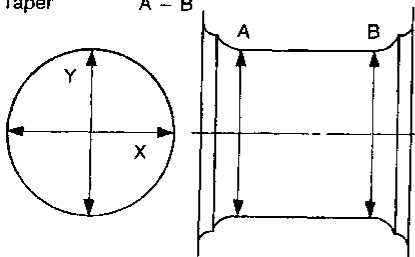
Unit: mm (in)

Main journal dia. "Dm"	
Grade No. 0	62.967 - 62.975 (2.4790 - 2.4793)
Grade No. 1	62.959 - 62.967 (2.4787 - 2.4790)
Grade No. 2	62.951 - 62.959 (2.4784 - 2.4787)
Pin journal dia. "Dp"	
Grade No. 0	49.968 - 49.974 (1.9672 - 1.9675)
Grade No. 1	49.962 - 49.968 (1.9670 - 1.9672)
Grade No. 2	49.955 - 49.962 (1.9667 - 1.9670)
Center distance "r"	
	41.47 - 41.53 (1.6327 - 1.6350)
Out-of-round (X - Y)	
Standard	Less than 0.005 (0.0002)
Limit	0.02 (0.0008)
Taper (A - B)	
Standard	Less than 0.005 (0.0002)
Limit	0.02 (0.0008)
Runout [TIR]	
Standard	Less than 0.10 (0.0039)
Free end play	
Standard	0.05 - 0.18 (0.0020 - 0.0071)
Limit	0.30 (0.0118)



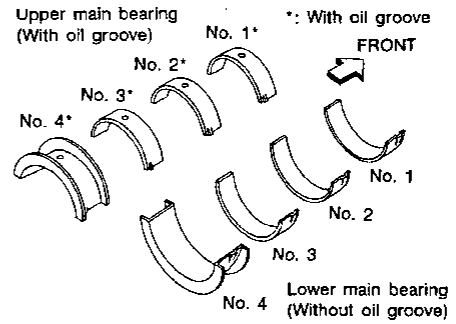
SEM645

Out-of-round X - Y  
Taper A - B



EM715

### AVAILABLE MAIN BEARING



SEM327A

#### No. 1 main bearing

Grade number	Thickness "T" mm (in)	Width "W" mm (in)	Identification color
0	1.817 - 1.821 (0.0715 - 0.0717)		Black
1	1.821 - 1.825 (0.0717 - 0.0719)		Brown
2	1.825 - 1.829 (0.0719 - 0.0720)	22.4 - 22.6 (0.882 - 0.890)	Green
3	1.829 - 1.833 (0.0720 - 0.0722)		Yellow
4	1.833 - 1.837 (0.0722 - 0.0723)		Blue

#### No. 2 and 3 main bearing

Grade number	Thickness "T" mm (in)	Width "W" mm (in)	Identification color
0	1.817 - 1.821 (0.0715 - 0.0717)		Black
1	1.821 - 1.825 (0.0717 - 0.0719)		Brown
2	1.825 - 1.829 (0.0719 - 0.0720)	18.9 - 19.1 (0.744 - 0.752)	Green
3	1.829 - 1.833 (0.0720 - 0.0722)		Yellow
4	1.833 - 1.837 (0.0722 - 0.0723)		Blue

# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

### No. 4 main bearing

Grade number	Thickness "T" mm (in)	Identification color
0	1.817 - 1.821 (0.0715 - 0.0717)	Black
1	1.821 - 1.825 (0.0717 - 0.0719)	Brown
2	1.825 - 1.829 (0.0719 - 0.0720)	Green
3	1.829 - 1.833 (0.0720 - 0.0722)	Yellow
4	1.833 - 1.837 (0.0722 - 0.0723)	Blue

### Undersize

Unit: mm (in)		
	Thickness	Main journal diameter "Dm"
0.25 (0.0098)	1.948 - 1.956 (0.0767 - 0.0770)	Grind so that bearing clearance is the specified value.

### AVAILABLE CONNECTING ROD BEARING

#### Connecting rod bearing

Grade number	Thickness "T" mm (in)	Identification color
0	1.496 - 1.499 (0.0589 - 0.0590)	No paint
1	1.499 - 1.502 (0.0590 - 0.0591)	Brown
2	1.502 - 1.505 (0.0591 - 0.0593)	Green
3	1.505 - 1.508 (0.0593 - 0.0594)	Yellow

### Undersize

Unit: mm (in)		
	Thickness	Crank pin journal diameter "Dp"
0.08 (0.0031)	1.540 - 1.548 (0.0606 - 0.0609)	Grind so that bearing clearance is the specified value.
0.12 (0.0047)	1.560 - 1.568 (0.0614 - 0.0617)	
0.25 (0.0098)	1.625 - 1.633 (0.0640 - 0.0643)	

### MISCELLANEOUS COMPONENTS

Unit: mm (in)	
Flywheel	
Runout [TIR]*	Less than 0.15 (0.0059)

\*Total indicator reading

### Bearing clearance

Unit: mm (in)	
Main bearing clearance	
Standard	0.028 - 0.055 (0.0011 - 0.0022)
Limit	0.090 (0.0035)
Connecting rod bearing clearance	
Standard	0.028 - 0.048 (0.0011 - 0.0019)
Limit	0.090 (0.0035)