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Description

This volume explains "Removal, Disassembly, Installation, Inspection and Adjustment" and "Trouble Diagnoses".

Terms

The captions WARNING and CAUTION warn you of steps that must be followed to prevent personal injury and/or damage to some part of the vehicle.
 WARNING indicates the possibility of personal injury if instructions are not followed.
 CAUTION indicates the possibility of component damage if instructions are not followed.
 BOLD TYPED STATEMENTS except WARNING and CAUTION give you helpful information.
 Standard value: Tolerance at inspection and adjustment.
 Limit value: The maximum or minimum limit value that should not be exceeded at inspection and adjustment.

Units

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The UNITS given in this manual are primarily expressed as the SI UNIT (International System of Unit), and alternatively expressed in the metric system and in the yard/pound system.
 Also with regard to tightening torque of bolts and nuts, there are descriptions both about range and about the standard tightening torque.

"Example"

<u>Range</u>

Outer Socket Lock Nut : 59 - 78 N·m (6.0 - 8.0 kg-m, 43 - 58 ft-lb)

Standard

Drive Shaft Installation Bolt : 44.3 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)

Contents

- A QUICK REFERENCE INDEX, a black tab (e.g. Dis provided on the first page. You can quickly find the first page of each section by matching it to the section's black tab.
- THE CONTENTS are listed on the first page of each section.
- THE TITLE is indicated on the upper portion of each page and shows the part or system.
- THE PAGE NUMBER of each section consists of two or three letters which designate the particular section M and a number (e.g. "BR-5").
- THE SMALL ILLUSTRATIONS show the important steps such as inspection, use of special tools, knacks of work and hidden or tricky steps which are not shown in the previous large illustrations. Assembly, inspection and adjustment procedures for the complicated units such as the automatic transaxle or transmission, etc. are presented in a step-by-step format where necessary.

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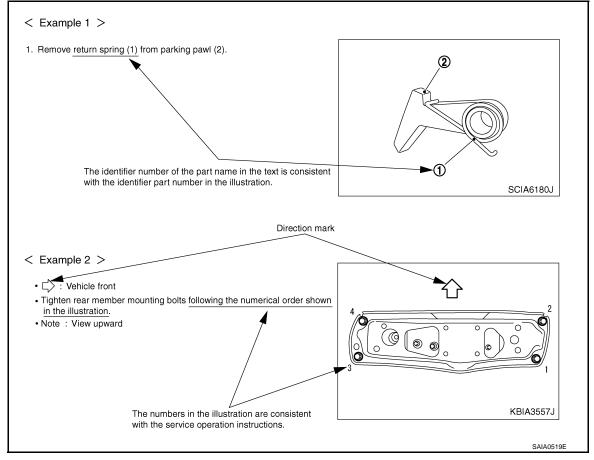
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Relation between Illustrations and Descriptions

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The following sample explains the relationship between the part description in an illustration, the part name in the text and the service procedures.



Components

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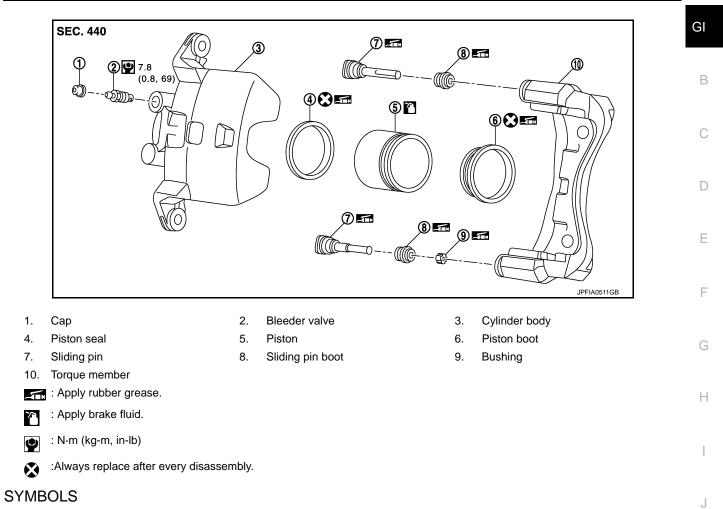
• THE LARGE ILLUSTRATIONS are exploded views (see the following) and contain tightening torques, lubrication points, section number of the **PARTS CATALOG** (e.g. SEC. 440) and other information necessary to perform repairs.

The illustrations should be used in reference to service matters only. When ordering parts, refer to the appropriate **PARTS CATALOG**.

Components shown in an illustration may be identified by a circled number. When this style of illustration is used, the text description of the components will follow the illustration.

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	-			-	_
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION		SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	
9	Tightening torque The tightening torque specifications	g-m, ft-lb)	٢	Always replace after every disassembly.	-
•	of bolts and nuts may be presented as either a range or a standard tightening torque.	g-m, in-lb)	• • •	Apply petroleum jelly.	_
1	Should be lubricated with grease. Unless otherwise indicated, use recommended multi-purpose grease.			Apply molybdenum added petroleum jelly.	L
1	Should be lubricated with oil.		ATF	Apply ATF.	_
	Sealing point		*	Select with proper thickness.	N
	Sealing point with locking sealant.		*	Adjustment is required.	-
•	Checking point				Ν
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HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

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HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Description

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NOTICE:

Trouble diagnoses indicate work procedures required to diagnose problems effectively. Observe the following instructions before diagnosing.

- Before performing trouble diagnoses, read the "Work Flow" in each section.
- After repairs, re-check that the problem has been completely eliminated.
- Refer to Component Parts and Harness Connector Location for the Systems described in each section for identification/location of components and harness connectors.
- When checking circuit continuity, ignition switch should be OFF.
- Refer to the Circuit Diagram for quick pinpoint check.
 If you need to check circuit continuity between harness connectors in more detail, such as when a sub-harness is used, refer to Wiring Diagram in each individual section and Harness Layout in PG section for identification of harness connectors.
- Before checking voltage at connectors, check battery voltage.
- After accomplishing the Diagnosis Procedures and Electrical Components Inspection, check that all harness connectors are reconnected as they were.

How to Follow Test Groups in Trouble Diagnosis

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		↓ ↓	1. Test Grou	ip Number and Tes	t Group Title
() 4.CHECK	ECT SENSOR G		CUIT FO	R OPEN AND	SHORT
2. Disconne		connector.	ensor harr	ess connector	and ECM harness
	ensor E Terminal Connecto 2 F102	or Terminal	ntinuity kisted		Connector Numbe
4. Also che	ck harness for s	hort to grou	nd and sh	ort to power.	
Is the inspe	ection result nor	<u>mal?</u>		tion	
YES>>GO TO) 5.				
NO>>Repair	open circuit or s	short to grou	nd or sho	rt to power in h	arness or conne
. Result			4. Action]	

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- 1. Test group number and test group title
- Test group number and test group title are shown in the upper portion of each test group.
- 2. Work and diagnosis procedure
 - Start to diagnose a problem using procedures indicated in enclosed test groups.
- 3. Questions and results
 - Questions and required results are indicated in test group.
- 4. Action
 - Next action for each test group is indicated based on result of each question.

HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

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Key to Symbols Signifying Measurements or Procedures INFOID:000000008275359

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	
E Ð	Check after disconnecting the connector to be measured.	(3)	Procedure with Generic Scan Tool. (GST, OBD-II scan tool)	-
Ð	Check after connecting the connector to be measured.	TOOLS	Procedure without CONSULT or GST	-
	Insert key into ignition switch.	A/C OFF	A/C switch is "OFF".	-
	Remove key from ignition switch.		A/C switch is "ON".	-
	Insert and remove key repeatedly.	9	REC switch is "ON".	-
	Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.	િલ	REC switch is "OFF".	-
(GG)	Turn ignition switch to "ACC" position.		Fan switch is "ON". (At any position except for "OFF" position)	-
	Turn ignition switch to "ON" position.		Fan switch is "OFF".	-
(Cst)	Turn ignition switch to "START" position.	FUSE	Apply fuse.	-
CEFF ACC	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ACC" position.			-
C IN	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "ON" position.	BAT	Apply positive voltage from battery with fuse directly to components.	
CACC OFF	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "OFF" position.			

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HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

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SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
CEFF ON	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON" position.	-	Drive vehicle.
ON OFF	Turn ignition switch from "ON" to "OFF" position.		
×	Do not start engine, or check with engine stopped.	BAT	Disconnect battery negative cable.
	Start engine, or check with engine running.		Depress brake pedal.
	Apply parking brake.		Release brake pedal.
	Release parking brake.		Depress accelerator pedal.
с	Check after engine is warmed up sufficiently.		Release accelerator pedal.
V ⊕⊖	Voltage should be measured with a voltmeter.		Pin terminal check for SMJ type ECM or TCM connectors. For details regarding the terminal
Ω • • ⊕ ⊕	Circuit resistance should be measured with an ohmmeter.		arrangement, refer to the "ELECTRICAL UNITS" electrical reference page at the end of the manual.
A ⊕ ⊖	Current should be measured with an ammeter.		
₩ ₽	Pulse signal should be checked with an oscilloscope.	÷	
	Procedure with CONSULT		
	Procedure without CONSULT		
	Place selector lever in "P" position.		
**************************************	Place selector lever in "N" position.		
	Jack up front portion.		
6 P	Jack up rear portion.		
A	Inspect under engine room.		
	Inspect under floor.		
~~~	Inspect rear under floor.		

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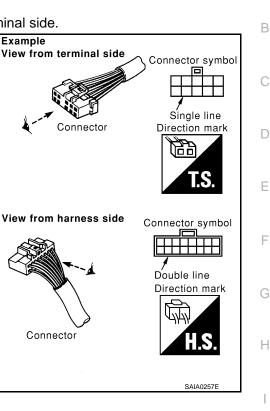
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# HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

# **Connector Symbols**

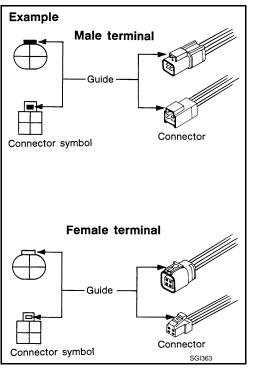
Most of connector symbols in wiring diagrams are shown from the terminal side.

- Connector symbols shown from the terminal side are enclosed by Example view from the direction mark.
- Connector symbols shown from the harness side are enclosed by a double line and followed by the direction mark.
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slide-locking type harness connector. For description and how to disconnect, refer to PG section, "Description", "HARNESS CONNECTOR".



Male and female terminals

Connector guides for male terminals are shown in black and female terminals in white in wiring diagrams.



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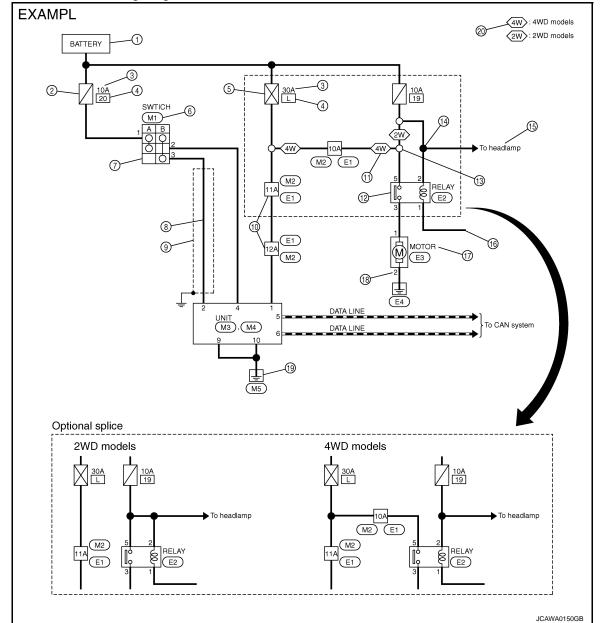
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# Sample/Wiring Diagram - Example-

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Each section includes wiring diagrams.



Number	Item	Description
1	Power supply	This means the power supply of fusible link or fuse.
2	Fuse	• "/" means the fuse.
3	Current rating of fusible link/fuse	This means the current rating of the fusible link or fuse.
4	Number of fusible link/ fuse	This means the number of fusible link or fuse location.
5	Fusible link	"X" means the fusible link.
6	Connector number	<ul> <li>Alphabetic characters show to which harness the connector is placed.</li> <li>Numeric characters show the identification number of connectors.</li> </ul>
7	Switch	• This shows that continuity exists between terminals 1 and 2 when the switch is in the A position. Continuity exists between terminals 1 and 3 when the switch is in the B position.
8	Circuit (Wiring)	This means the wiring.

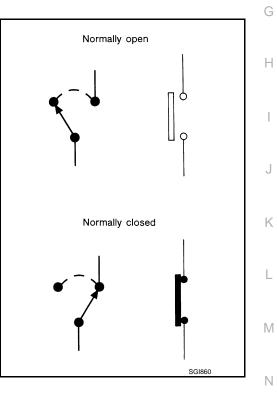
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Number	Item	Description	
9	Shielded line	The line enclosed by broken line circle shows shield wire.	— GI
10	Connectors	This means that a transmission line bypasses two connectors or more.	
11	Option abbreviation	This means the vehicle specifications which layouts the circuit between "O".	В
12	Relay	This shows an internal representation of the relay.	
13	Optional splice	The open circle shows that the splice is optional depending on vehicle application.	0
14	Splice	The shaded circle "     means the splice.	U
15	System branch	This shows that the circuit is branched to other systems.	
16	Page crossing	This circuit continues to an adjacent page.	D
17	Component name	This shows the name of a component.	
18	Terminal number	This means the terminal number of a connector.	
19	Ground (GND)	This shows the ground connection.	
20	Explation of option de- scription	This shows a description of the option abbreviation used on the page.	F

#### SWITCH POSITIONS

Switches are shown in wiring diagrams as if the vehicle is in the "normal" condition.

- A vehicle is in the "normal" condition when:
- ignition switch is "OFF"
- doors, hood and trunk lid/back door are closed
- pedals are not depressed
- parking brake is released



#### MULTIPLE SWITCH

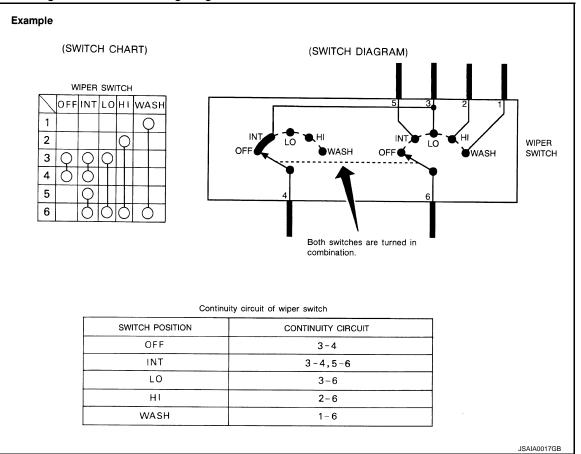
The continuity of multiple switch is described in two ways as shown below.

• The switch chart is used in schematic diagrams.

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#### • The switch diagram is used in wiring diagrams.



# **Connector Information**

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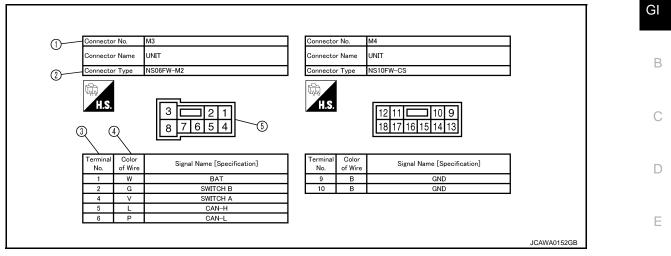
#### CONNECTOR LIST

Connector information and harness layout are described in "POWER SUPPLY, GROUND & CIRCUIT ELE-MENTS" Section.

Connector No.	Harness	Connector Information	Harness Layout
В	Body harness	PG-49, "B Body Harness"	PG-40, "Body Harness"
D	Door harness	PG-55, "D Door Harness"	PG-42, "Door Harness"
E	Engine room harness	PG-60, "E Engine Room Harness"	PG-36, "Engine Room Harness"
F	Engine control harness	PG-68, "F Engine Control Harness"	PG-38, "Engine Control Harness"
М	Main harness	PG-73, "M Main Harness"	PG-39, "Main Harness"
R	Room lamp harness	PG-87, "R Room Lamp Harness"	PG-47, "Room Lamp Harness"

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#### HOW TO USE CONNECTOR INFORMATION



lumber	Item	Description		
1	Connector number	<ul> <li>Alphabetic characters show to which harness the connector is placed.</li> <li>Numeric characters show the identification number of connectors.</li> </ul>		
2	Connector type	This means the connect	or number. Refer to PG-48, "How to Read Connector Type".	
3	Terminal number	This means the terminal	number of a connector.	
		This shows a code for th	e color of the wire.	
4	Wire color	B = Black $W = White$ $R = Red$ $G = Green$ $L = Blue$ $Y = Yellow$ $LG = Light Green$ $BG or BE = Beige$ $LA = Lavender$	BR = Brown OR or O = Orange P = Pink PU or V (Violet) = Purple GY or GR = Gray SB = Sky Blue CH = Dark Brown DG = Dark Green	
		When the wire color is s shown below: Example: L/W = Blue wi	triped, the base color is given first, followed by the stripe color as	
5	Connector	<ul> <li>This means the connector information.</li> <li>This unit-side is described by the connector symbols.</li> </ul>		

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# **ABBREVIATIONS**

# Abbreviation List

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#### The following **ABBREVIATIONS** are used:

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1	<u>،</u>	

ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           A/C         Air conditioner           A/C         Air conditioning           A/F sensor         Air fuel ratio sensor           A/T         Automatic transaxie/transmission           ABS         Amti-lock braking system           ACCS         Advance climate control system           ACC         Art cleaner           AP         Accelerator pedal           APP         Accelerator pedal position           ATF         Automatic transmission fluid           AV         Audio visual           AWD         All wheal drive           B            ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           BARO         Barometric pressure           BCI         Back-up collicion intervention           BCB         Back-up collicion intervention           BCB         Back position           BSW         Bind spot warning           C         C           C         C           C         C           C         C           ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           C         C           C         C           C         C <t< th=""><th>А</th><th></th></t<>	А	
A/C         Air conditioning           A/F sensor         Air fuel ratio sensor           A/T         Automatic transaxle/transmission           ABS         Anth-lock braking system           ACCS         Advance climate control system           ACL         Air cleaner           ACL         Air cleaner           AP         Accelerator pedal           APP         Accelerator pedal position           ATF         Automatic transmission fluid           AV         Audio visual           AWD         All wheel drive           B	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
A/F sensor         Air fuel ratio sensor           A/T         Automatic transacte/transmission           ABS         Anti-lock braking system           ACCS         Advance climate control system           ACL         Air cleaner           AP         Accelerator pedal           AP         Accelerator pedal position           ATF         Automatic transmission fluid           AV         Audio visual           AWD         All wheel drive           B         BaseeVIATION           BARO         Barometric pressure           BCI         Back-up collision intervention           BCM         Body control module           BLSD         Brake limited slip differential           BSP         Brake lended slip differential           BSV         Blind spot warning           C         C           ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           CKP         Crankshaft position           CL         Closed loop           CMP         Carankshaft position           CL         Closed lopolition           CL         Closed throttle position           CL         Closed throttle position           CL         Closed throttle position	A/C	Air conditioner
A/T     Automatic transakle/transmission       ABS     Anti-lock traking system       ACCS     Advance climate control system       ACL     Air cleaner       AP     Accelerator pedal       APP     Accelerator pedal position       ATF     Automatic transmission fluid       AV     Audio visual       AWD     AII viewel drive       B     B       ABREVIATION     DESCRIPTION       BARO     Barometric pressure       BCI     Back-up collision intervention       BCM     Body control module       BLSD     Brake limited slip differential       BPP     Brake pedal position       BSW     Blind spot warning       C     C       ABREVIATION     DESCRIPTION       CKP     Clarishaft position       CL     Closed loop       CL     Closed loop       CLPP     Clutch pedal position       CPP     Clutch pedal position       CVT     Continuously variable transake/transmission       D     Drive range first gear       D2     Drive range first gear       D2     Drive range fourth gear       D4     Drive range fourth gear       D5     Dominil drive support       DDS     Dominil drive support <td>A/C</td> <td>Air conditioning</td>	A/C	Air conditioning
ABS       Anti-lock braking system         ACCS       Advance climate control system         ACL       Air cleaner         AP       Accelerator pedal         APP       Accelerator pedal position         ATF       Automatic transmission fluid         AV       Audio visual         AWD       All wheel drive         B       B         B       B         B       B         BCI       Back-up collision intervention         BCA       Body control module         BLSD       Brake binded sign differential         BPP       Brake pedal position         BSW       Blind spot warning         C       C         ABBREVIATION       DESCRIPTION         C KP       Crankshaft position         C L       Closed loop         CL       Closed loop         CL       Closed throutle position         CVT       Continuously variable transaxle/transmission         D       DESCRIPTION         ABBREVIATION       DESCRIPTION         ABBREVIATION       DESCRIPTION         CL       Closed throutle position         CL       Closed thorottle position         CL<	A/F sensor	Air fuel ratio sensor
ACCS       Advance climate control system         ACL       Air cleaner         AP       Accelerator pedal         APP       Accelerator pedal position         ATF       Automatic transmission fluid         AV       Audio visual         AWD       All wheel drive         B	A/T	Automatic transaxle/transmission
ACL       Air cleaner         AP       Accelerator pedal position         AFP       Accelerator pedal position         ATF       Automatic transmission fluid         AV       Audio visual         AWD       All wheel drive         B	ABS	Anti-lock braking system
AP       Accelerator pedal         APP       Accelerator pedal position         ATF       Automatic transmission fluid         AV       Audio visual         AWD       All wheel drive         B       B         ABBREVIATION       DESCRIPTION         BARO       Barometric pressure         BCI       Back-up collision intervention         BCM       Body control module         BLSD       Brake limited slip differential         BPP       Brake podal position         BSW       Blind spot warning         C       C         ABBREVIATION       DESCRIPTION         CL       Closed loop         CLP       Closed loop         CLP       Closed loop         CVP       Clutch position         CVP       Clutch position         CVP       Clutch position         CVT       Continuously variable transaxle/transmission         D       D         ABBREVIATION       DESCRIPTION         ABBREVIATION       DESCRIPTION         CPP       Clutch position         CL       Closed throttle position         CPP       Clutch positin         CPP <td< td=""><td>ACCS</td><td>Advance climate control system</td></td<>	ACCS	Advance climate control system
APP     Accelerator pedal position       ATF     Automatic transmission fluid       AV     Audio visual       AWD     All wheel drive       B     B       ABBREVIATION     DESCRIPTION       BARO     Barometric pressure       BCI     Back-up collision intervention       BCM     Body control module       BLSD     Brake limited slip differential       BPP     Brake pedal position       BSW     Blind spot warning       C     C       C     C       C     C       CMP     Crankshaft position       CL     Closed loop       CMP     Crankshaft position       CL     Closed loop       CMP     Camshaft position       CPP     Clutch pedal position       CVT     Continuously variable transaxle/transmission       D     D       ABBREVIATION     DESCRIPTION       ABBREVIATION     DESCRIPTION       D     Drive range first gear       D2     Drive range first gear       D2     Drive range third gear       D4     Drive range third gear       D5     Downhill drive support       DD5     Downhill drive support       DCA     Distance control assist	ACL	Air cleaner
ATF     Automatic transmission fluid       AV     Audio visual       AWD     All wheel drive       B	AP	Accelerator pedal
AV     Audio visual       AWD     All wheel drive       B       ABBREVIATION     DESCRIPTION       BAC0     Barometric pressure       BC1     Back-up collision intervention       BCM     Body control module       BLSD     Brake limited slip differential       BPP     Brake pedal position       BSW     Blind spot warning       C     C       ABBREVIATION     DESCRIPTION       C     C       ABBREVIATION     DESCRIPTION       CL     Closed loop       CL     Closed loop       CVP     Clutch pedal position       CPP     Clutch pedal position       CVT     Continuously variable transaxle/transmission       D     D       ABBREVIATION     DESCRIPTION       D     Drive range first gear       D2     Drive range first gear       D3     Drive range forth gear       D4     Drive range fourth gear       D5     Downhill drive support       DD5     Downhill drive support       DFI     Direct fuel injection system       DLC     Data link connector	APP	Accelerator pedal position
AWD         All wheel drive           B         ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           BARO         Barometric pressure         BCI           BCI         Back-up collision intervention         BCI           BCM         Body control module         BCI           BLSD         Brake limited slip differential         BCI           BV         Bind spot warning         C           C         C         C           ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION         C           C         C         C           C         C         C           C         C         C           C         C         C           C         C         C           C         C         C           C         C         C           C         C         C           C         C         C           C         C         C           C         C         C           C         C         C           C         C         C           C         C         C           C         C         C           D         C	ATF	Automatic transmission fluid
B           ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           BARO         Barometric pressure           BCI         Back-up collision intervention           BCM         Body control module           BLSD         Brake limited slip differential           BPP         Brake pedal position           BSW         Blind spot warning           C         C           ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           CKP         Crankshaft position           CL         Closed loop           CMP         Camshaft position           CTP         Closed throttle position           CTP         Closed throttle position           CVT         Continuously variable transaxle/transmission           D         OVT           ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           D         Drive range first gear           D         Dirive range first gear           D2         Drive range second gear           D3         Drive range fourth gear           DCA         Distance control assist           DDS         Downhill drive support           DFI         Direct fuel injection system           DLC         Data link connector	AV	Audio visual
ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           BARO         Barometric pressure           BCI         Back-up collision intervention           BCM         Body control module           BLSD         Brake limited slip differential           BPP         Brake pedal position           BSW         Blind spot warning           C         C           ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           CKP         Crankshaft position           CL         Closed loop           CMP         Camshaft position           CPP         Clutch pedal position           CPP         Clutch pedal position           CVT         Continuously variable transaxle/transmission           D         D           D         Drive range first gear           D2         Drive range first gear           D3         Drive range third gear           D4         Drive range fourth gear           DCA         Distance control assist           DDS         Downhill drive support           DFI         Direct fuel injection system	AWD	All wheel drive
BARO         Barometric pressure           BCI         Back-up collision intervention           BCM         Body control module           BLSD         Brake limited slip differential           BPP         Brake pedal position           BSW         Blind spot warning           C         C           ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           CKP         Crankshaft position           CL         Closed loop           CHP         Carnshaft position           CL         Closed loop           CHP         Carnshaft position           CTP         Closed horp           CUtch pedal position         CVT           COTINUOUSILY variable transaxle/transmission         CVT           D         D           ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           D         Drive range first gear           D1         Drive range second gear           D2         Drive range second gear           D3         Drive range fourth gear           DCA         Distance control assist           DDS         Downhill drive support           DFI         Direct fuel injection system           DLC	В	
BCI       Back-up collision intervention         BCM       Body control module         BLSD       Brake limited slip differential         BPP       Brake pedal position         BSW       Blind spot warning         C       C         ABBREVIATION       DESCRIPTION         CL       Closed loop         CL       Closed loop         CHP       Carnshaft position         CPP       Clutch pedal position         CTP       Closed throttle position         CVT       Continuously variable transaxie/transmission         CVT       Continuously variable transaxie/transmission         D       D         ABBREVIATION       DESCRIPTION         ABBREVIATION       DESCRIPTION         D       Dirive range first gear         D1       Drive range first gear         D2       Drive range second gear         D3       Drive range fourth gear         D4       Drive range fourth gear         DCA       Distance control assist         DDS       Downhill drive support         DFI       Direct fuel injection system         DLC       Data link connector	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
BCM       Body control module         BLSD       Brake limited slip differential         BPP       Brake pedal position         BSW       Blind spot warning         C       C         ABBREVIATION       DESCRIPTION         CL       Closed loop         CMP       Camshaft position         CPP       Clutch pedal position         CTP       Closed throttle position         CTP       Closed throttle position         CVT       Continuously variable transaxle/transmission         D       DESCRIPTION         ABBREVIATION       DESCRIPTION         D1       Drive range first gear         D2       Drive range first gear         D3       Drive range fourth gear         D4       Drive range fourth gear         DCA       Distance control assist         DDS       Downhill drive support         DFI       Direct fuel injection system         DLC       Data link connector	BARO	Barometric pressure
BLSD       Brake limited slip differential         BPP       Brake pedal position         BSW       Blind spot warning         C       ABBREVIATION         CKP       Crankshaft position         CL       Closed loop         CMP       Camshaft position         CPP       Clutch pedal position         CTP       Closed throttle position         CVT       Continuously variable transaxle/transmission         D       Description         D1       Drive range first gear         D2       Drive range first gear         D3       Drive range fourth gear         D4       Drive range fourth gear         DCA       Distance control assist         DDS       Downhill drive support         DFI       Direct fuel injection system         DLC       Data link connector	BCI	Back-up collision intervention
BPP       Brake pedal position         BSW       Blind spot warning         C         ABBREVIATION       DESCRIPTION         CKP       Crankshaft position         CL       Closed loop         CMP       Camshaft position         CTP       Clutch pedal position         CTP       Closed throttle position         CVT       Continuously variable transaxle/transmission         D       Description         D       Description         D1       Drive range first gear         D2       Drive range second gear         D3       Drive range fourth gear         D4       Drive range fourth gear         DCA       Distance control assist         DDS       Downhill drive support         DFI       Direct fuel injection system         DLC       Data link connector	BCM	Body control module
BSW     Blind spot warning       C       ABBREVIATION     DESCRIPTION       CKP     Crankshaft position       CL     Closed loop       CMP     Camshaft position       CPP     Clutch pedal position       CTP     Closed throttle position       CVT     Continuously variable transaxle/transmission       D     Dive range first gear       D1     Drive range second gear       D3     Drive range fourth gear       DCA     Distance control assist       DDS     Downhill drive support       DFI     Direct fuel injection system       DLC     Data link connector	BLSD	Brake limited slip differential
C         DESCRIPTION           CKP         Crankshaft position           CL         Closed loop           CMP         Camshaft position           CPP         Clutch pedal position           CTP         Closed throttle position           CVT         Continuously variable transaxle/transmission           D         D           ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           D         D1           D1         Drive range first gear           D2         Drive range second gear           D3         Drive range fourth gear           D4         Drive range fourth gear           DCA         Distance control assist           DDS         Downhill drive support           DFI         Direct fuel injection system           DLC         Data link connector	BPP	Brake pedal position
ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           CKP         Crankshaft position           CL         Closed loop           CMP         Camshaft position           CPP         Clutch pedal position           CTP         Closed throttle position           CVT         Continuously variable transaxle/transmission           D         D           ABBREVIATION         DESCRIPTION           D         D1           D1         Drive range first gear           D2         Drive range second gear           D3         Drive range third gear           D4         Drive range fourth gear           DCA         Distance control assist           DDS         Downhill drive support           DFI         Direct fuel injection system           DLC         Data link connector	BSW	Blind spot warning
CKPCrankshaft positionCLClosed loopCMPCamshaft positionCPPClutch pedal positionCTPClosed throttle positionCVTContinuously variable transaxle/transmissionDDABBREVIATIONDESCRIPTIOND1Drive range first gearD2Drive range second gearD3Drive range third gearD4Drive range fourth gearDCADistance control assistDDSDownhill drive supportDFIDirect fuel injection systemDLCData link connector		
CLClosed loopCMPCamshaft positionCPPClutch pedal positionCTPClosed throttle positionCVTContinuously variable transaxle/transmissionDDABBREVIATIONDESCRIPTIOND1Drive range first gearD2Drive range first gearD3Drive range third gearD4Drive range fourth gearDCADistance control assistDDSDownhill drive supportDFIDirect fuel injection systemDLCData link connector	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
CMPCamshaft positionCPPClutch pedal positionCTPClosed throttle positionCVTContinuously variable transaxle/transmissionDABBREVIATIONDESCRIPTIOND1Drive range first gearD2Drive range second gearD3Drive range third gearD4Drive range fourth gearDCADistance control assistDDSDownhill drive supportDFIDirect fuel injection systemDLCData link connector	СКР	Crankshaft position
CPPClutch pedal positionCTPClosed throttle positionCVTContinuously variable transaxle/transmissionDABBREVIATIONDESCRIPTIOND1Drive range first gearD2Drive range second gearD3Drive range third gearD4Drive range fourth gearDCADistance control assistDDSDownhill drive supportDFIDirect fuel injection systemDLCData link connector	CL	Closed loop
CTPClosed throttle positionCVTContinuously variable transaxle/transmissionDABBREVIATIONDESCRIPTIOND1Drive range first gearD2Drive range second gearD3Drive range third gearD4Drive range fourth gearDCADistance control assistDDSDownhill drive supportDFIDirect fuel injection systemDLCData link connector	CMP	Camshaft position
CVTContinuously variable transaxle/transmissionDABBREVIATIONDESCRIPTIOND1Drive range first gearD2Drive range second gearD3Drive range third gearD4Drive range fourth gearDCADistance control assistDDSDownhill drive supportDFIDirect fuel injection systemDLCData link connector	CPP	Clutch pedal position
D     DESCRIPTION       D1     Drive range first gear       D2     Drive range second gear       D3     Drive range third gear       D4     Drive range fourth gear       DCA     Distance control assist       DDS     Downhill drive support       DFI     Direct fuel injection system       DLC     Data link connector	CTP	Closed throttle position
ABBREVIATIONDESCRIPTIOND1Drive range first gearD2Drive range second gearD3Drive range third gearD4Drive range fourth gearDCADistance control assistDDSDownhill drive supportDFIDirect fuel injection systemDLCData link connector	CVT	Continuously variable transaxle/transmission
D1Drive range first gearD2Drive range second gearD3Drive range third gearD4Drive range fourth gearDCADistance control assistDDSDownhill drive supportDFIDirect fuel injection systemDLCData link connector	D	
D2Drive range second gearD3Drive range third gearD4Drive range fourth gearDCADistance control assistDDSDownhill drive supportDF1Direct fuel injection systemDLCData link connector	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
D3       Drive range third gear         D4       Drive range fourth gear         DCA       Distance control assist         DDS       Downhill drive support         DFI       Direct fuel injection system         DLC       Data link connector	D1	Drive range first gear
D4     Drive range fourth gear       DCA     Distance control assist       DDS     Downhill drive support       DFI     Direct fuel injection system       DLC     Data link connector	D2	Drive range second gear
DCA     Distance control assist       DDS     Downhill drive support       DFI     Direct fuel injection system       DLC     Data link connector	D3	Drive range third gear
DDS     Downhill drive support       DFI     Direct fuel injection system       DLC     Data link connector	D4	Drive range fourth gear
DFI     Direct fuel injection system       DLC     Data link connector	DCA	Distance control assist
DLC Data link connector	DDS	Downhill drive support
	DFI	Direct fuel injection system
	DLC	Data link connector
DTC Diagnostic trouble code	DTC	Diagnostic trouble code

#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	0
E/T	Exhaust temperature	-
EBD	Electric brake force distribution	-
EC	Engine control	-
ECL	Engine coolant level	-
ECM	Engine control module	-
ECT	Engine coolant temperature	-
ECV	Electrical control valve	-
EEPROM	Electrically erasable programmable read only memory	-
EFT	Engine fuel temperature	-
EGR	Exhaust gas recirculation	-
EGRT	Exhaust gas recirculation temperature	-
EGT	Exhaust gas temperature	-
EOP	Engine oil pressure	-
EP	Exhaust pressure	-
EPR	Exhaust pressure regulator	-
EPS	Electronically controlled power steering	_
ESP	Electronic stability program system	-
EVAP canister	Evaporative emission canister	_
EVSE	Electric vehicle supply equipment	-
EXC	Exhaust control	-
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	_
FC	Fan control	_
FCW	Forward collision warning	_
FEB	Forward emergency braking	_
FIC	Fuel injector control	_
FP	Fuel pump	_
FR	Front	_
FRP	Fuel rail pressure	_
FRT	Fuel rail temperature	_
FTP	Fuel tank pressure	-
FTT	Fuel tank temperature	-
		-
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	-
GND	Ground	_
GPS	Global positioning system	-
GST	Generic scan tool	-
	DECODICTION	-
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	_
HBMC	Hydraulic body-motion control system	_
HDD	Hard disk drive	

Heated oxygen sensor

Heated oxidation catalyst

Hybrid power train control module

HO2S

HOC

HPCM

#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

<u> </u>	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION				
	I/M	Inspection and maintenance				
	IA	Intake air				
	IAC Idle air control					
	IAT	Intake air temperature				
	IBA	Intelligent brake assist				
	IC	Ignition control				
	ICC	Intelligent cruise control				
	ICM	Ignition control module				
	IPDM E/R	Intelligent power distribution module engine room				
	ISC	Idle speed control				
	ISS	Input shaft speed				
к						
ĸ	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION				
	KS	Knock sensor				
L						
-	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION				
	LBC	Li-ion battery controller				
	LCD	Liquid crystal display				
	LCU	Local control unit				
	LDP	Lane departure prevention				
	LDW	Lane departure warning				
	LED	Light emitting diode				
	LH	Left-hand				
	LIN	Local interconnect network				
М						
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION				
	M/T	Manual transaxle/transmission				
	MAF	Mass airflow				
	MAP	Manifold absolute pressure				
	MDU	Multi display unit				
	MI	Malfunction indicator				
	MIL	Malfunction indicator lamp				
Ν						
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION				
	NOX	Nitrogen oxides				
0						
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION				
	O2	Oxygen				
	O2S	Oxygen sensor				
	OBD	On board diagnostic				
	OC	Oxidation catalytic converter				
	OD	Overdrive				
	OL	Open loop				
	OSS	Output shaft speed				

# < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

Ρ		-		
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	GI
	P/S	Power steering		
	PBR	Potentio balance resistor		
	PCV	Positive crankcase ventilation		В
	PFCW	Predictive forward collision warning		
	PNP	Park/Neutral position		С
	PSP	Power steering pressure		
	PTC	Positive temperature coefficient		
	PTO	Power takeoff		D
	PWM	Pulse width modulation		
R				_
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	RAM	Random access memory		
	RAS	Rear active steer		F
	RH	Right-hand		
	ROM	Read only memory		
	RPM	Engine speed		G
	RR	Rear		
s				Н
_	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
	SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers, Inc.		
	SCK	Serial clock		
	SDS	Service Data and Specifications		
	SRT	System readiness test		
	SST	Special Service Tools		J
т				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	K
	тс	Turbocharger		
	ТСМ	Transmission control module		
	TCS	Traction control system		L
	TCU	Telematics communication unit		
	TP	Throttle position		M
	TPMS	Tire pressure monitoring system		
	TSS	Turbine shaft speed		
	TWC	Three way catalytic converter		Ν
U				
-	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	$\cap$
	USS	Uphill start support		0
V				
	ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	Ρ
	VCM	Vehicle control module		
	VDC	Vehicle dynamics control system		
	VIN	Vehicle identification number		
	VSS	Vehicle speed sensor		
		1		

# < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

1			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
WOT	Wide open throttle		
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
11	1st range first gear		
12	1st range second gear		
1GR	First gear		
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
21	2nd range first gear		
22	2nd range second gear		
2GR	Second gear		
2WD	2-wheel drive		
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
3GR	Third gear		
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
4GR	Fourth gear		
4WAS	Four wheel active steer		
4WD	Four wheel drive		
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
5GR	Fifth gear		
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
6GR	Sixth gear		
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
7GR	Seventh gear		

# **TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS**

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

# TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

# Description

This vehicle has both new standard based on ISO* and previous standard bolts/nuts. There are some differences between these two types of bolts/ nuts; shape of the head, grade of strength, hexagonal width across flats and the standard tightening torque.

- For guidance in discriminating, refer to GI-19, "Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)".
- The new standard machine screws and tapping screws have a head of ISO standard torx recess.
- If the tightening torque is not described in the description or figure, refer to <u>GI-19, "Tightening Torque Table</u> (<u>New Standard Included)"</u>.

*ISO: International Organization for Standardization

# Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)

#### **CAUTION:**

- The special parts are excluded.
- The bolts/nuts in these tables have a strength (discrimination) number/symbol assigned to the head or the like. As to the relation between the strength grade in these tables and the strength (discrimination) number/symbol, refer to "DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS".

#### PREVIOUS STANDARD

Grade	Bolt di- Hexagonal Tightening torque (Without lubricant)														
(Strength	Bolt size	ameter	width across flats	Pitch mm		Hexagon head bolt				Hexagon	flange bol	t	Н		
grade)	0120	mm	mm		N∙m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	N∙m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	-		
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	5.5	0.56	4	49	7	0.71	5	62			
	M8	8.0	12	1.25	13.5	1.4	10	_	17	1.7	13				
	IVIO	0.0	12	1.0	13.5	1.4	10	—	17	1.7	13	_	-		
4T	M10	10.0	14	1.5	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26	—	J		
41	IVI I U	10.0	14	1.25	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26	_			
	M12	12.0	17	1.75	45	4.6	33	—	55	5.6	41	—	-		
	IVI I Z	12.0	17	1.25	45	4.6	33	—	65	6.6	48	—	K		
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	80	8.2	59	—	100	10	74	—			
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	9	0.92	7	80	11	1.1	8	97			
	M8 8.0	8.0	12	1.25	22	2.2	16	—	28	2.9	21	—			
		0.0	0.0	0.0	12	1.0	22	2.2	16	_	28	2.9	21	—	
7T	M10 10.0	10.0	10.0	14	1.5	45	4.6	33	_	55	5.6	41	—	M	
71		10.0	14	1.25	45	4.6	33	_	55	5.6	41	—			
	M12 12.	M12	12.0	12.0	17	1.75	80	8.2	59	_	100	10	74		NI
		12.0	17	1.25	80	8.2	59		100	10	74		N		
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	130	13	96	—	170	17	125	—	-		
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	11	1.1	8	_	13.5	1.4	10	—	0		
	M8	8.0	12	1.25	28	2.9	21		35	3.6	26		-		
	WO	0.0	12	1.0	28	2.9	21	_	35	3.6	26	—			
9T	M10	10.0	14	1.5	55	5.6	41		80	8.2	59	—	Ρ		
51	WITO	10.0	10.0	14	1.25	55	5.6	41	_	80	8.2	59			
	M12	12.0	17	1.75	100	10	74	_	130	13	96				
	10112	12.0	17	1.25	100	10	74		130	13	96				
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	170	17	125		210	21	155		-		

**CAUTION:** 

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# TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### The parts with aluminum or the cast iron washer surface/thread surface are excluded.

#### NEW STANDARD BASED ON ISO

Grade		Bolt di-	Hexagonal					Tighteni	ng torque			
(Strength	Bolt size	ameter	width across flats	Pitch mm	Hexagon head bolt					Hexagon	flange bol	t
grade)	5120	mm	mm		N∙m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	N∙m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	5.5	0.56	4	49	7	0.71	5	62
	140		40	1.25	13.5	1.4	10	_	17	1.7	13	
	M8	8.0	13	1.0	13.5	1.4	10	_	17	1.7	13	
4.8	M40	10.0	10	1.5	28	2.9	21		35	3.6	26	_
(Without lubricant)	M10	10.0	16	1.25	28	2.9	21		35	3.6	26	_
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	45	4.6	33	_	55	5.6	41	_
	IVI I Z	12.0	10	1.25	45	4.6	33		65	6.6	48	_
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	80	8.2	59		100	10	74	_
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	4	0.41	3	35	5.5	0.56	4	49
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	11	1.1	8		13.5	1.4	10	—
	IVIO	8.0	15	1.0	11	1.1	8		13.5	1.4	10	
4.8 (With lu-	M10	10.0	16	1.5	22	2.2	16		28	2.9	21	—
bricant)	WITO	10.0	10	1.25	22	2.2	16	-	28	2.9	21	
	M40 40	12.0	18	1.75	35	3.6	26		45	4.6	33	
	M12	12.0		1.25	35	3.6	26		45	4.6	33	—
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	65	6.6	48	-	80	8.2	59	
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	8	0.82	6	71	10	1.0	7	89
	M8 8.0	3.0 13	1.25	21	2.1	15		25	2.6	18	_	
		0.0	15	1.0	21	2.1	15		25	2.6	18	_
8.8 (With lu-	M10	10.0	16	1.5	40	4.1	30	_	50	5.1	37	—
bricant)		10.0	10	1.25	40	4.1	30		50	5.1	37	_
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	70	7.1	52		85	8.7	63	_
		12.0	10	1.25	70	7.1	52		85	8.7	63	_
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	120	12	89	_	140	14	103	
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	10	1.0	7	89	12	1.2	9	106
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	27	2.8	20	_	32	3.3	24	_
	UIU	0.0	13	1.0	27	2.8	20		32	3.3	24	
10.9 (With lu- bricant)	M10	10.0	16	1.5	55	5.6	41		65	6.6	48	
	WITU	10.0	10	1.25	55	5.6	41		65	6.6	48	
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	95	9.7	70		110	11	81	
	10112	12.0	١ð	1.25	95	9.7	70		110	11	81	
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	160	16	118		180	18	133	

#### **CAUTION:**

1. Use tightening torque with lubricant for the new standard bolts/nuts in principle. Friction coefficient stabilizer is applied to the new standard bolts/nuts.

2. However, use tightening torque without lubricant for the following cases. Friction coefficient stabilizer is not applied to the following bolts/nuts.

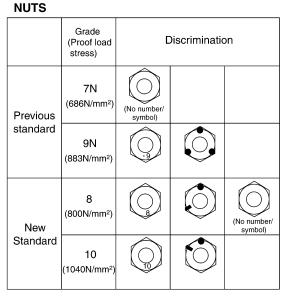
- Grade 4.8, M6 size bolt, Conical spring washer installed
- Paint removing nut (Size M6 and M8) for fixing with weld bolt

# TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

#### DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS

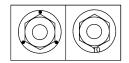
BOLTS			
	Grade (Strength)	Discrim	nination
	4T (392N/mm²)	4	(No number/ symbol)
Previous standard	7T (686N/mm²)	7	
	9 <b>T</b> (883N/mm²)	9	
	4.8 (420N/mm²)	4.8	(No number/ symbol)
New Standard	8.8 (800N/mm²)	8.8	
	10.9 (1040N/mm²)	10.9	



#### NOTICE:

• A number is assigned on the side of the nuts in some cases.

 A number or symbol is assigned on the upper surface of the flange for the nut with flange.



# MACHINE SCREWS AND TAPPING SCREWS

Shape of the head :

Cross recess for the previous standard Torx recess for the new standard

Screw size	Screw diameter	Torx size	NOT
M4	4.0	T20	Use
M5	5.0	T20	M5 s
M6	6.0	T30	

#### **OTICE:** se torx size T20 (united with M4 screw) for I5 screw although ISO standard specifies T25.

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# **RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS**

#### < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

# RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS

# **Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants**

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Refer to the following chart for help in selecting the appropriate chemical product or sealant.

	Product Description	Purpose	Nissan North America Part No. (USA)	Nissan Canada Part No. (Canada)	Aftermarket Cross- reference Part Nos.
1	Rear View Mirror Adhe- sive	Used to permanently re- mount rear view mirrors to windows.	999MP-AM000P	99998-50505	Permatex 81844
2	Anaerobic Liquid Gas- ket	For metal-to-metal flange sealing. Can fill a 0.38 mm (0.015 inch) gap and provide in- stant sealing for most pow- ertrain applications.	999MP-AM001P	99998-50503	Permatex 51813 and 51817
3	High Performance Thread Sealant	<ul> <li>Provides instant sealing on any threaded straight or parallel threaded fitting.</li> <li>(Thread sealant only, no locking ability.)</li> <li>Do not use on plastic.</li> </ul>	999MP-AM002P	999MP-AM002P	Permatex 56521
4	Silicone RTV	Gasket Maker	999MP-AM003P (Ultra Grey)	99998-50506 (Ultra Grey)	Permatex Ultra Grey 82194; Three Bond 1207,1215, 1216, 1217F, 1217G and 1217H Nissan RTV Part No. 999MP-A7007
		Gasket Maker for Maxima/ Quest 5-speed automatic transmission (RE5F22A)	-	_	Three Bond 1281B or exact equivalent in its quality
5	High Temperature, High Strength Thread Locking Sealant (Red)	Threadlocker	999MP-AM004P	999MP-AM004P	Permatex 27200; Three Bond 1360, 1360N, 1305 N&P, 1307N, 1335, 1335B, 1363B, 1377C, 1386B, D&E and 1388 Loctite 648
6	Medium Strength Thread Locking Seal- ant (Blue)	Threadlocker (service tool removable)	999MP-AM005P	999MP-AM005P	Permatex 24200, 24206, 24240, 24283 and 09178; Three Bond 1322, 1322N, 1324 D&N, 1333D, 1361C, 1364D, 1370C and 1374

# PRECAUTIONS

# < PRECAUTION > PRECAUTION PRECAUTIONS

#### Description

Observe the following precautions to ensure safe and proper servicing. These precautions are not described in each individual section.

# Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the "SRS AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT" of this Service Manual.

#### WARNING:

- Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.
- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision that would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see "SRS AIR BAG".
- Never use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

#### PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

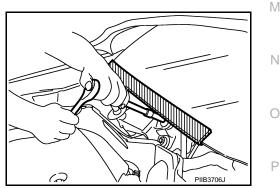
#### WARNING:

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- When working near the Air Bag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Air Bag System sensors with the ignition ON or engine running, never use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

Precaution for Procedure without Cowl Top Cover

When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc to prevent damage to windshield.



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• To prevent serious burns:

appropriate manner.

and possibly a fire.

shuts off automatically.

Avoid contact with hot metal parts.

prior to inspection or assembly.

# PRECAUTIONS

## **General Precautions**

< PRECAUTION >

 Do not operate the engine for an extended period of time without proper exhaust ventilation.

Keep the work area well ventilated and free of any inflammable materials. Special care should be taken when handling any inflammable or poisonous materials, such as gasoline, refrigerant gas, etc. When working in a pit or other enclosed area, be sure to properly ventilate the area before working with hazardous materials. Do not smoke while working on the vehicle.

• Before jacking up the vehicle, apply wheel chocks or other tire blocks to the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving. After jacking up the vehicle, support the vehicle weight with safety stands at the points designated for proper lifting before working on the vehicle.

These operations should be done on a level surface.

- When removing a heavy component such as the engine or transaxle/transmission, be careful not to lose your balance and drop them. Also, do not allow them to strike adjacent parts, especially the brake tubes and master cylinder.
- · Before starting repairs which do not require battery power: Turn off ignition switch. Disconnect the negative battery terminal.

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.

cotter pins, self-locking nuts, etc. with new ones.

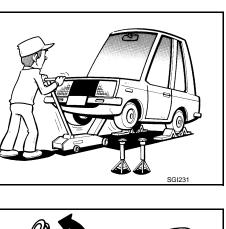
Static electricity may damage internal electronic components.

• Use approved bonding agent, sealants or their equivalents when required.

• Use only the fluids and lubricants specified in this manual.

• If the battery terminals are disconnected, recorded memory of radio and each control unit is erased.

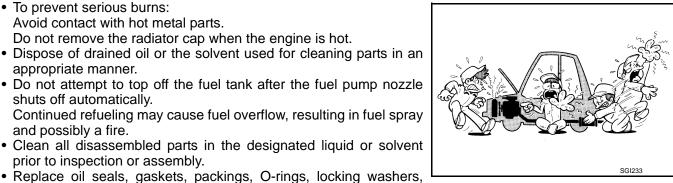
• Dispose of drained oil or the solvent used for cleaning parts in an • Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray · Clean all disassembled parts in the designated liquid or solvent

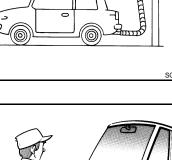


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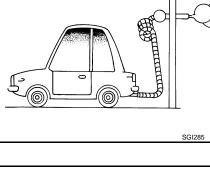
BATTERY

SEF289H











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• Replace inner and outer races of tapered roller bearings and needle bearings as a set. • Arrange the disassembled parts in accordance with their assembled locations and sequence. Do not touch the terminals of electrical components which use microcomputers (such as ECM).

After disconnecting vacuum or air hoses, attach a tag to indicate the proper connection.

# PRECAUTIONS

#### < PRECAUTION >

- Use hand tools, power tools (disassembly only) and recommended special tools where specified for safe and efficient service repairs.
- When repairing the fuel, oil, water, vacuum or exhaust systems, check all affected lines for leakage.

Take caution that keys, buckles or buttons do not scratch paint.

JPAIA0335ZZ Seat cover Protect fenders, upholstery and carpeting with appropriate covers. Fender cover SGI234

#### WARNING:

To prevent ECM from storing the diagnostic trouble codes, never carelessly disconnect the harness connectors which are related to the engine control system and TCM (transmission control module) system. The connectors should be disconnected only when working according to the WORK FLOW of **TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and TM sections.** 

#### Three Way Catalyst

Before servicing the vehicle:

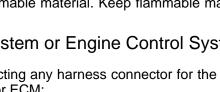
If a large amount of unburned fuel flows into the catalyst, the catalyst temperature will be excessively high. To prevent this, follow the instructions.

- Use unleaded gasoline only. Leaded gasoline will seriously damage the three way catalyst.
- When checking for ignition spark or measuring engine compression, make tests quickly and only when necessary.
- Do not run engine when the fuel tank level is low, otherwise the engine may misfire, causing damage to the catalyst.

Do not place the vehicle on flammable material. Keep flammable material off the exhaust pipe and the three way catalyst.

# Multiport Fuel Injection System or Engine Control System

- Before connecting or disconnecting any harness connector for the multiport fuel injection system or ECM: Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position. Disconnect negative battery terminal. Otherwise, there may be damage to ECM.
- · Before disconnecting pressurized fuel line from fuel pump to injectors, be sure to release fuel pressure.
- Be careful not to jar components such as ECM and mass air flow sensor.





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# proper time to change the oil and proper oil level.

Precaution for Turbocharger

< PRECAUTION >

• Avoid accelerating engine to a high rpm immediately after starting.

The turbocharger turbine revolves at extremely high speeds and becomes very hot. Therefore, it is essential to maintain a clean sup-

ply of oil flowing through the turbocharger and to follow all required

· Always use the recommended oil. Follow the instructions for

maintenance instructions and operating procedures.

• If engine had been operating at high rpm for an extended period of time, let it idle for a few minutes prior to shutting if off.

# Hoses

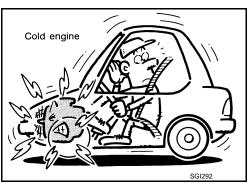
#### HOSE REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

• To prevent damage to rubber hose, do not pry off rubber hose with tapered tool or screwdriver.

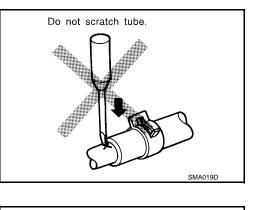
• To reinstall the rubber hose securely, check that hose insertion length and orientation is correct. (If tube is equipped with hose stopper, insert rubber hose into tube until it butts up against hose stopper.)

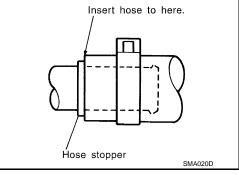


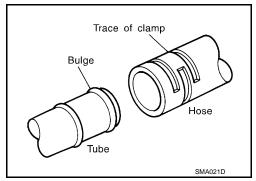
- If old rubber hose is re-used, install hose clamp in its original position (at the indentation where the old clamp was). If there is a trace of tube bulging left on the old rubber hose, align rubber hose at that position.
- Discard old clamps; replace with new ones.







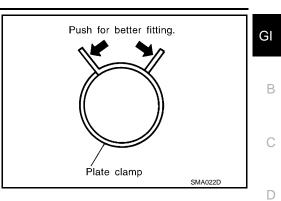




# PRECAUTIONS

#### < PRECAUTION >

• After installing plate clamps, apply force to them in the direction of the arrow, tightening rubber hose equally all around.



# **Engine Oils**

-	
Prolonged and repeated contact with used engine oil may cause skin cancer. Try to avoid direct skin contact with used oil.	E
If skin contact is made, wash thoroughly with soap or hand cleaner as soon as possible.	
<ul> <li>HEALTH PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS</li> <li>Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with oils, particularly used engine oils.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing, including impervious gloves where practicable.</li> <li>Do not put oily rags in pockets.</li> </ul>	F
<ul> <li>Avoid contaminating clothes, particularly underpants, with oil.</li> <li>Heavily soiled clothing and oil-impregnated footwear should not be worn. Overalls must be cleaned regularly.</li> </ul>	G
<ul> <li>First aid treatment should be obtained immediately for open cuts and wounds.</li> <li>Use barrier creams, applying them before each work period, to help the removal of oil from the skin.</li> <li>Wash with soap and water to ensure all oil is removed (skin cleansers and nail brushes will help). Preparations containing lanolin replace the natural skin oils which have been removed.</li> </ul>	Н
<ul> <li>Do not use gasoline, kerosene, diesel fuel, gas oil, thinners or solvents for cleaning skin.</li> <li>If skin disorders develop, obtain medical advice without delay.</li> <li>Where practical, degrease components prior to handling.</li> </ul>	I
• Where there is a risk of eye contact, eye protection should be worn, for example, chemical goggles or face shields; in addition an eye wash facility should be provided.	J
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS Dispose of used oil and used oil filters through authorized waste disposal contractors to licensed waste dis- posal sites, or to the waste oil reclamation trade. If in doubt, contact the local authority for advice on disposal facilities.	K
It is illegal to pour used oil on to the ground, down sewers or drains, or into water sources. The regulations concerning pollution vary between regions.	L
Air Conditioning	M
Use an approved refrigerant recovery unit any time the air conditioning system must be discharged. Refer to HA section "REFRIGERANT for specific instructions.	IVI
Fuel INFOID:00000008275382	Ν
NISSAN recommends the use of unleaded premium gasoline with an octane rating of at least 91 AKI (Anti-Knock Index) number (Research octane number 96).	0
If unleaded premium gasoline is not available, may use unleaded regular gasoline with an octane rating of at least 87 AKI number (Research octane number 91), can be used. In such case, engine performance may be decrease.	_
CAUTION:	Ρ
• Using a fuel other than that specified could adversely affect the emission control system, and may also affect warranty coverage.	
• Under no circumstances should a loaded gaseline to used because this will demage the three-way	

- Under no circumstances should a leaded gasoline be used, because this will damage the three-way catalyst.
- Do not use E-15 or E-85 fuel in the vehicle. The vehicle is not designed to run on E-15 or E-85 fuel. Using E-15 or E-85 fuel in a vehicle not specifically designed for E-15 or E-85 fuel can adversely

# PRECAUTIONS

< PRECAUTION >

affect the emission control devices and systems of the vehicle. Damage caused by such fuel is not covered by the NISSAN new vehicle limited warranty.

• U.S. government regulations require ethanol dispensing pumps to be identified by a small, square, orange and black label with the common abbreviation or the appropriate percentage for that region.

#### < PRECAUTION >

# LIFTING POINT

# **Commercial Service Tools**

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Tool name	Description	
Board on attachment		
	S-NT001	
		<u> </u>
Safety stand attachment		
	S-NT002	

- Every time the vehicle is lifted up, maintain the complete vehicle curb condition.
- Since the vehicle's center of gravity changes when removing main parts on the front side (engine, H transmission, suspension etc.), support a jack up point on the rear side garage jack with a mission jack or equivalent.
- Since the vehicle's center of gravity changes when removing main parts on the rear side (rear axle, suspension, etc.), support a jack up point on the front side garage jack with a mission jack or equivalent.
- Be careful not to smash or never do anything that would affect piping parts.

Garage Jack and Safety Stand and 2-Pole Lift

#### WARNING:

- Park the vehicle on a level surface when using the jack. Check to avoid damaging pipes, tubes, etc. under the vehicle.
- Never get under the vehicle while it is supported only by the jack. Always use safety stands when you have to get under the vehicle.
- Place wheel chocks at both front and back of the wheels on the ground.
- When lifting the vehicle, open the lift arms as wide as possible and ensure that the front and rear of the vehicle are well balanced.
- When setting the lift arm, never allow the arm to contact the brake tubes, brake cable, fuel lines and sill spoiler.

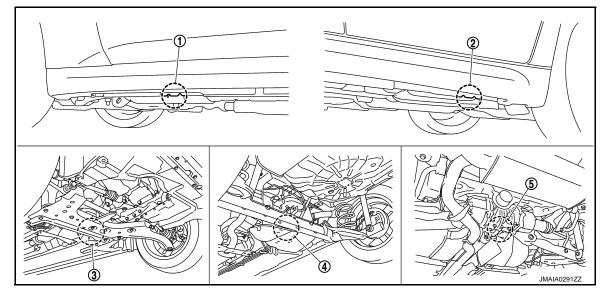
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# LIFTING POINT



Garage jack point (rear) (AWD)

- 1. Safety stand point and lift up point (front) 2.
- Safety stand point and lift up point 3. Garage jack point (front) (rear)
- 4. Garage jack point (rear) (2WD)

#### **CAUTION:**

There is canister just behind Garage jack point rear. Jack up carefully.

5.

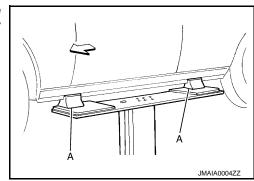
Board-On Lift

INFOID:000000008275385

#### **CAUTION:**

Check vehicle is empty when lifting.

- The board-on lift attachment (A) set at front end of vehicle should be set on the front of the sill under the front door opening.
- Position attachments at front and rear ends of board-on lift.



# **TOW TRUCK TOWING**

#### < PRECAUTION >

# TOW TRUCK TOWING

# Tow Truck Towing

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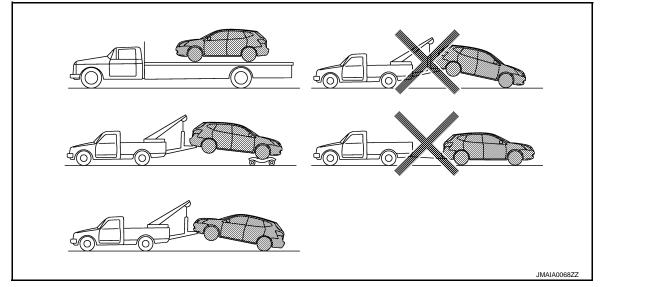
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#### **CAUTION:**

- All applicable state or Provincial (in Canada) laws and local laws regarding the towing operation must be obeyed.
- It is necessary to use proper towing equipment to avoid possible damage to the vehicle during towing operation. Towing is in accordance with Towing Procedure Manual at dealer.
- Always attach safety chains before towing.
- When towing, check that the transmission, steering system and powertrain are in good order. If any unit is damaged, dollies must be used.
- Never tow a CVT model from the rear (that is backward) with four wheels on the ground. This may cause serious and expensive damage to the transmission.

#### 2WD MODELS



NISSAN recommends that vehicle be towed with the driving (front) wheels off the ground or that a dolly be k used as illustrated.

#### CAUTION:

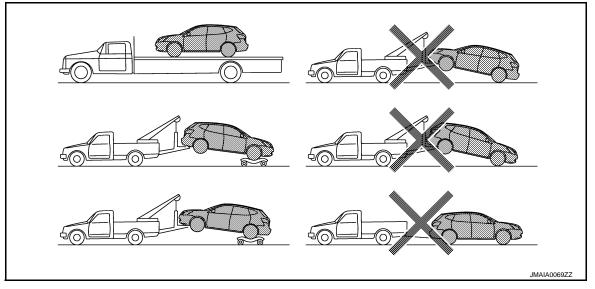
- Never tow CVT models with the front wheels on the ground or four wheels on the ground (forward or backward), as this may cause serious and expensive damage to the transmission.
   If it is necessary to tow the vehicle with the rear wheels raised, always use towing dollies under the front wheels.
- When towing CVT models with the front wheels on towing dollies:
- Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position, and secure the steering wheel in a straight ahead position with a rope or similar device. Never secure the steering wheel by turning the ignition switch to the LOCK position. This may damage the steering lock mechanism.
- Move the selector lever to the N (Neutral) position.
- When the battery of vehicle equipped with the Intelligent Key system is discharged, your vehicle should be towed with the front wheels on towing dollies or place the vehicle on a flat bed truck.
- When towing two wheel drive CVT model with the rear wheels on the ground (if you do not use towing dollies): Always release the parking brake.

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# TOW TRUCK TOWING

## < PRECAUTION >

#### AWD MODELS



NISSAN recommends that a dolly be used as illustrated when towing AWD models.

Never tow AWD models with any of the wheels on the ground as this may cause serious and expensive damage to the powertrain.

Vehicle Recovery (Freeing a Stuck Vehicle)

#### FRONT

Securely install the vehicle recovery hook stored with jacking tools. Check that the hook is properly secured in the stored place after use.

#### WARNING:

- Stand clear of a stuck vehicle.
- Never spin your tires at high speed. This could cause them to explode and result in serious injury. Parts of your vehicle could also overheat and be damaged.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Tow chains or cables must be attached only to the vehicle recovery hooks or main structural members of the vehicle. Otherwise, the vehicle body will be damaged.
- Never use the vehicle tie downs to free a vehicle stuck in sand, snow, mud, etc. Never tow the vehicle using the vehicle tie downs or recovery hooks.
- Always pull the cable straight out from the front of the vehicle. Never pull on the hook at an angle.
- Pulling devices should be routed so they never touch any part of the suspension, steering, brake or cooling systems.
- Pulling devices such as ropes or canvas straps are not recommended for use in vehicle towing or recovery.

#### REAR

Securely install the vehicle recovery hook stored with jacking tools.

• 2WD

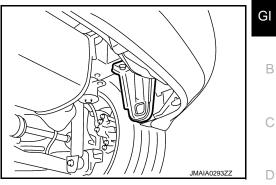


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vas straps are not recommended for tored with jacking tools.

# **TOW TRUCK TOWING**

- < PRECAUTION >
- AWD



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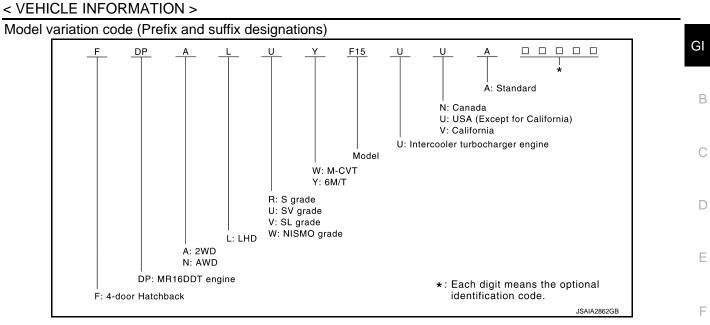
#### < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

# VEHICLE INFORMATION IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

# Model Variation

Destination	Body	Engine	Axle	Handle	Transmission	Grade	Model
USA (Except for California)	4-door Hatchback	MR16DDT	2WD	LHD	6MT	SV	FDPALUY-UUA
						SL	FDPALVY-UUA
						NISMO	FDPALWY-UUA
					M-CVT	S	FDPALRW-UUA
						SV	FDPALUW-UUA
						SL	FDPALVW-UUA
			AWD			S	FDPNLRW-UUA
						SV	FDPNLUW-UUA
						SL	FDPNLVW-UUA
						NISMO	FDPNLWW-UUA
California			2WD		6MT	SV	FDPALUY-UVA
						SL	FDPALVY-UVA
						NISMO	FDPALWY-UVA
					M-CVT	S	FDPALRW-UVA
						SV	FDPALUW-UVA
						SL	FDPALVW-UVA
			AWD			S	FDPNLRW-UVA
						SV	FDPNLUW-UVA
						SL	FDPNLVW-UVA
						NISMO	FDPNLWW-UVA
Canada			2WD		6MT	S	FDPALRY-UNA
						SV	FDPALUY-UNA
						NISMO	FDPALWY-UNA
					M-CVT	S	FDPALRW-UNA
						SV	FDPALUW-UNA
			AWD			S	FDPNLRW-UNA
						SV	FDPNLUW-UNA
						NISMO	FDPNLWW-UNA

# **IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION**

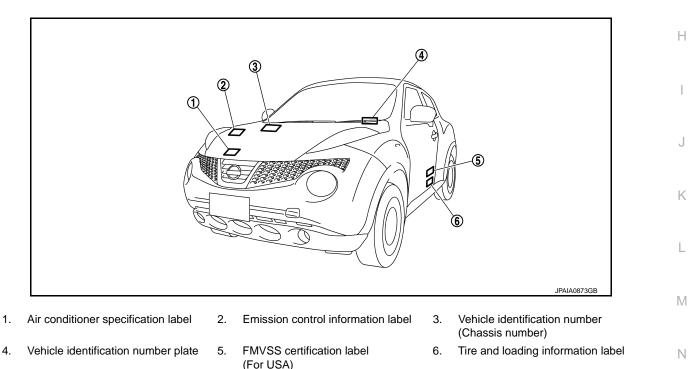


# Information About Identification or Model Code

INFOID:00000008275368



#### IDENTIFICATION NUMBER



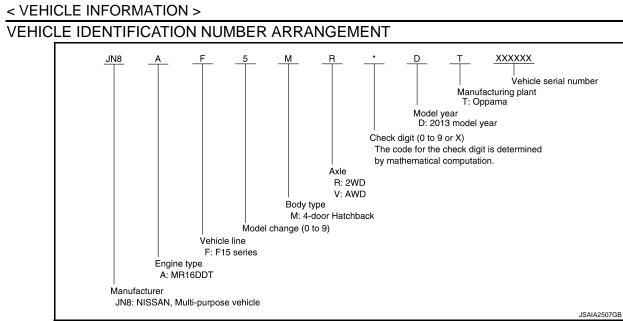
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CMVSS certification label

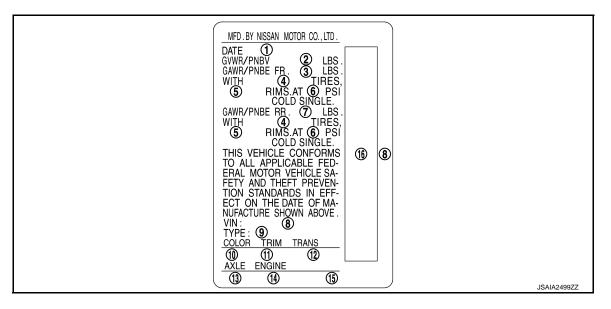
(For Canada)

# **IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION**



#### **CERTIFICATION LABEL**

#### FMVSS certification label



- 1. MFR Month / Year
- 4. Tire size
- 7. Gross axle weight rating (Rear)
- 10. Body color number
- 13. Axle type
- 16. VIN bar code

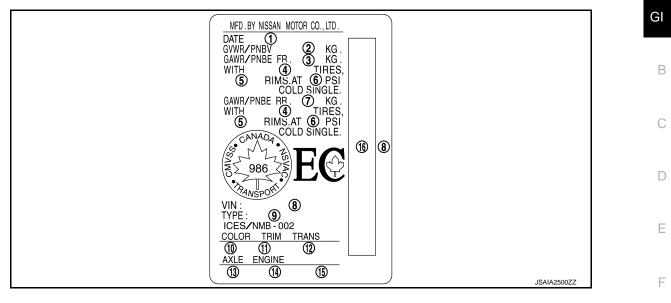
CMVSS certification label

- 2. Gross vehicle weight rating
- 5. Wheel size
- 8. Vehicle identification number
- 11. Trim color number
- 14. Engine type

- 3. Gross axle weight rating (Front)
- 6. Tire inflation pressure
- 9. Verification model code
- 12. Transmission type
- 15. Engine displacement

## **IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION**

### < VEHICLE INFORMATION >



- 1. MFR Month / Year
- 4. Tire size
- 7. Gross axle weight rating (Rear)
- 10. Body color number
- 13. Axle type

**CVT NUMBER** 

16. VIN bar code

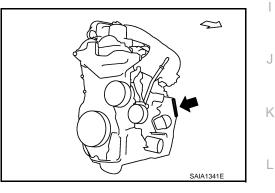
### ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

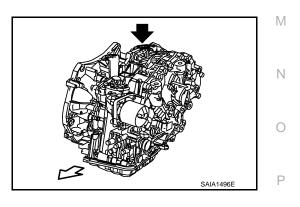
⟨□ : Vehicle front

- 2. Gross vehicle weight rating
- 5. Wheel size
- 8. Vehicle identification number
- 11. Trim color number
- 14. Engine type

- 3. Gross axle weight rating (Front)
- 6. Tire inflation pressure
- 9. Verification model code
- 12. Transmission type
- 15. Engine displacement

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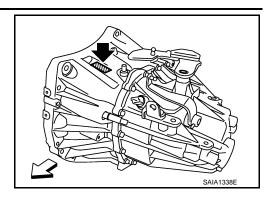




MANUAL TRANSAXLE NUMBER

## **IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION**

### < VEHICLE INFORMATION >



## Dimensions

INFOID:000000008275369

		Unit: mm (in)
	4,135 (162.8) ^{*1}	
Overall length	4,125 (162.4) ^{*2}	
	4,165 (164.0) ^{*3}	
	4,160 (163.8) ^{*4}	
Overall width	1,765 (69.5)	
	1,770 (69.7) ^{*5}	
Overall height	1,570 (61.8)	
Front tread	1,525 (60.0)	
Door trood	1,525 (60.0) ^{*6}	
Rear tread	1,505 (59.3) ^{*7}	
Wheelbase	2,530 (99.6)	

*1: With front license plate bracket

*2: Without front license plate bracket

*3: With front license plate bracket (NISMO models)

*4: Without front license plate bracket (NISMO models)

*5: NISMO models

*6: 2WD models

*7: AWD models

## Wheels & Tires

INFOID:000000008275370

		Tire		P215/55R17 93V
	17 inch	Road wheel	Size	17 × 7J
Conventional		(Aluminum)	Inset	47 mm (1.85 in)
Conventional		Tire		225/45R18 95Y
	18 inch	Road wheel	Size	18 × 7J
		(Aluminum)	Inset	47 mm (1.85 in)
Sporo	Tire			T135/80D16 101M ^{*1} T135/90D16 102M ^{*2}
Spare	Road whee	l	Size	16 × 4T
	(Steel)		Inset	30 mm (1.18 in)

*1: 2WD models

*2: AWD models

### < BASIC INSPECTION >

# **BASIC INSPECTION** SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

# Work Flow

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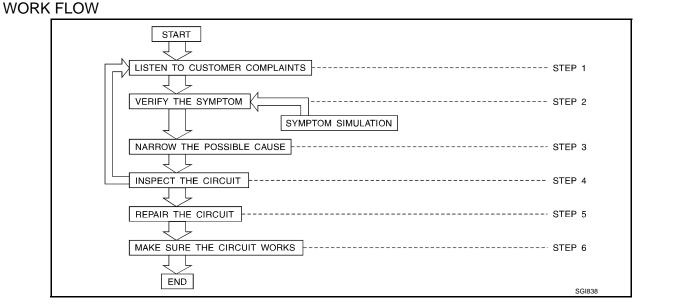
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STEP	DESCRIPTION									
	Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident occurred. The following are key pieces of information required to make a good analysis:									
STEP 1	WHAT         Vehicle Model, Engine, Transmission/Transaxle and the System (i.e. Radio).									
	WHEN	Date, Time of Day, Weather Conditions, Frequency.								
	WHERE	Road Conditions, Altitude and Traffic Situation.								
	HOW	System Symptoms, Operating Conditions (Other Components Interaction). Service History and if any After Market Accessories have been installed.								
STEP 2	Verify the pa	system, road test if necessary. arameter of the incident. m cannot be duplicated, refer to "Incident Simulation Tests".								
STEP 3	<ul> <li>Power Su</li> <li>System O</li> <li>Applicable</li> <li>Check for</li> </ul>	per diagnosis materials together including: pply Routing peration Descriptions e Service Manual Sections any Service Bulletins re to begin diagnosis based upon your knowledge of the system operation and the customer comments.								
STEP 4	Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage. Determine which circuits and components are involved and diagnose using the Power Supply Routing and Harness Lay- outs.									
STEP 5	Repair or re	place the incident circuit or component.								
	Operate the system in all modes. Verify the system works properly under all conditions. Check you have not inadvert- ently created a new incident during your diagnosis or repair steps.									

## Control Units and Electrical Parts

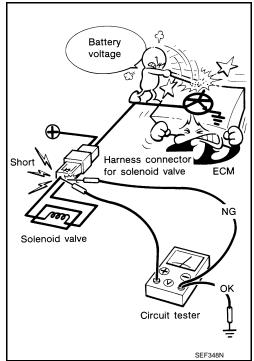
### PRECAUTIONS

- Never reverse polarity of battery terminals.
- Install only parts specified for a vehicle.
- Before replacing the control unit, check the input and output and functions of the component parts.
- Do not apply excessive force when disconnecting a connector.

### < BASIC INSPECTION >

- Do not apply excessive shock to the control unit by dropping or hitting it.
- Be careful to prevent condensation in the control unit due to rapid temperature changes and do not let water or rain get on it. If water is found in the control unit, dry it fully and then install it in the vehicle.
- Be careful not to let oil to get on the control unit connector.
- Avoid cleaning the control unit with volatile oil.
- Do not disassemble the control unit, and do not remove the upper and lower covers.
- When using a DMM, be careful not to let test probes get close to each other to prevent the power transistor in the control unit from damaging battery voltage because of short circuiting.
- When checking input and output signals of the control unit, use the specified check adapter.





## How to Check Terminal

INFOID:000000008275390

## CONNECTOR AND TERMINAL PIN KIT

- Use the connector and terminal pin kits listed below when replacing connectors or terminals.
- The connector and terminal pin kits contain some of the most commonly used NISSAN/INFINITI connectors and terminals. For detailed connector and terminal pin replacement procedures, refer to the latest NISSAN/ INFINITI CONNECTOR AND TERMINAL PIN SERVICE MANUAL.

### < BASIC INSPECTION >

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Desc	ription		GI
- (J38751-95NI) Connector and terminal pin kit (NISSAN)	J38751-95NI	J38751-95INF	J42992-98KIT	J42992-2000UPD	В
- (J38751-95INF) Connector and terminal pin kit (INFINITI)					С
- (J42992-98KIT) OBD and terminal repair					D
kit - (J42992-2000UPD)	Ge & e				E
OBD-II Connector Kit Up- date		WAIA0004E		WAIA0005E	_ F

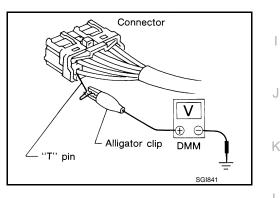
## HOW TO PROBE CONNECTORS

- Connector damage and an intermittent connection can result from improperly probing of the connector during circuit checks.
- The probe of a digital multimeter (DMM) may not correctly fit the connector cavity. To correctly probe the connector, follow the procedures below using a "T" pin. For the best contact grasp the "T" pin using an alligator clip.

#### Probing from Harness Side

Standard type (not waterproof type) connector should be probed from harness side with "T" pin.

- If the connector has a rear cover such as a ECM connector, remove the rear cover before probing the terminal.
- Do not probe waterproof connector from harness side. Damage to the seal between wire and connector may result.



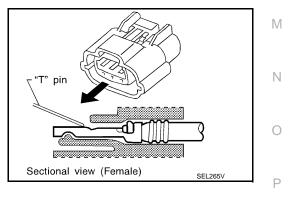
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Probing from Terminal Side

#### FEMALE TERMINAL

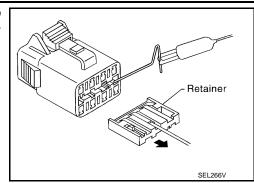
• There is a small notch above each female terminal. Probe each terminal with the "T" pin through the notch.

Do not insert any object other than the same type male terminal into female terminal.



#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

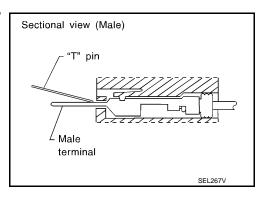
 Some connectors do not have a notch above each terminal. To probe each terminal, remove the connector retainer to make contact space for probing.



MALE TERMINAL

 Carefully probe the contact surface of each terminal using a "T" pin.

#### CAUTION: Never bend terminal.

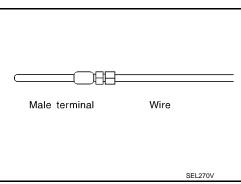


How to Check Enlarged Contact Spring of Terminal

- An enlarged contact spring of a terminal may create intermittent signals in the circuit.
- If the intermittent open circuit occurs, follow the procedure below to inspect for open wires and enlarged contact spring of female terminal.
- 1. Assemble a male terminal and approx. 10 cm (3.9 in) of wire. **NOTE:**

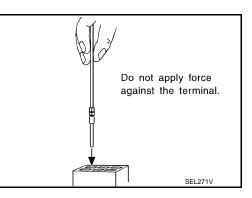
#### Use a male terminal which matches the female terminal.

2. Disconnect the suspected faulty connector and hold it terminal side up.



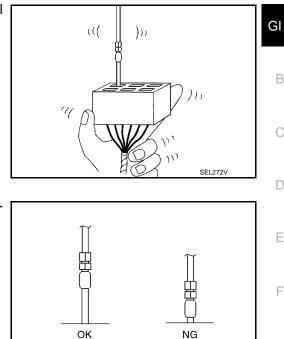
3. While holding the wire of the male terminal, try to insert the male terminal into the female terminal.

Never force the male terminal into the female terminal with your hands.



#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

4. While moving the connector, check whether the male terminal can be easily inserted or not.



 If the male terminal can be easily inserted into the female terminal, replace the female terminal.

Waterproof Connector Inspection

If water enters the connector, it can short interior circuits. This may lead to intermittent problems. Check the following items to maintain the original waterproof characteristics.

RUBBER SEAL INSPECTION

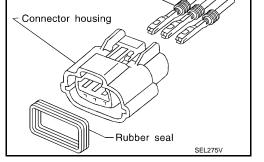
- Most waterproof connectors are provided with a rubber seal between the male and female connectors. If the seal is missing, the waterproof performance may not meet specifications.
- The rubber seal may come off when connectors are disconnected. Whenever connectors are reconnected, check the rubber seal is properly installed on either side of male or female connector.

#### WIRE SEAL INSPECTION

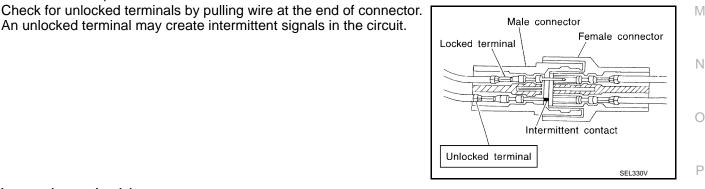
**Terminal Lock Inspection** 

• The wire seal must be installed on the wire insertion area of a waterproof connector. Be sure that the seal is installed properly.

An unlocked terminal may create intermittent signals in the circuit.



Wire seal



## Intermittent Incident

INFOID:000000008275391

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### DESCRIPTION

Sometimes the symptom is not present when the vehicle is brought in for service. If possible, re-create the conditions present at the time of the incident. Doing so may help avoid a No Trouble Found Diagnosis. The fol-

#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

lowing section illustrates ways to simulate the conditions/environment under which the owner experiences an electrical incident.

The section is broken into the six following topics:

- Vehicle vibration
- Heat sensitive
- Freezing
- Water intrusion
- Electrical load
- · Cold or hot start up

Get a thorough description of the incident from the customer. It is important for simulating the conditions of the problem.

#### VEHICLE VIBRATION

The problem may occur or become worse while driving on a rough road or when engine is vibrating (idle with A/C on). In such a case, you will want to check for a vibration related condition. Refer to the following illustration.

#### Connector & Harness

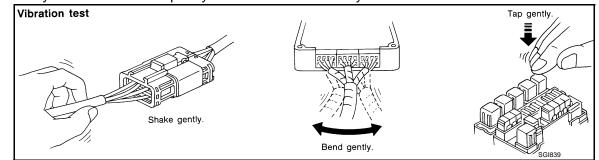
Determine which connectors and wiring harness would affect the electrical system you are inspecting. Gently shake each connector and harness while monitoring the system for the incident you are trying to duplicate. This test may indicate a loose or poor electrical connection.

#### Hint

Connectors can be exposed to moisture. It is possible to get a thin film of corrosion on the connector terminals. A visual inspection may not reveal this without disconnecting the connector. If the problem occurs intermittently, perhaps the problem is caused by corrosion. It is a good idea to disconnect, inspect and clean the terminals on related connectors in the system.

#### Sensor & Relay

Gently apply a slight vibration to sensors and relays in the system you are inspecting. This test may indicate a loose or poorly mounted sensor or relay.



#### **Engine Compartment**

There are several reasons a vehicle or engine vibration could cause an electrical complaint. Some of the things to check for are:

- Connectors not fully seated.
- Wiring harness not long enough and is being stressed due to engine vibrations or rocking.
- Wires laying across brackets or moving components.
- · Loose, dirty or corroded ground wires.
- Wires routed too close to hot components.

To inspect components under the hood, start by verifying the integrity of ground connections. (Refer to Ground Inspection described later.) First check that the system is properly grounded. Then check for loose connection by gently shaking the wiring or components as previously explained. Using the wiring diagrams inspect the wiring for continuity.

#### Behind the Instrument Panel

An improperly routed or improperly clamped harness can become pinched during accessory installation. Vehicle vibration can aggravate a harness which is routed along a bracket or near a screw.

Under Seating Areas

#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

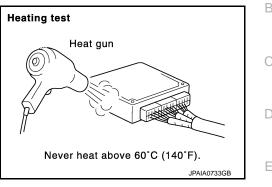
An unclamped or loose harness can cause wiring to be pinched by seat components (such as slide guides) during vehicle vibration. If the wiring runs under seating areas, inspect wire routing for possible damage or pinching.

#### HEAT SENSITIVE

- The customer's concern may occur during hot weather or after car has sat for a short time. In such cases you will want to check for a heat sensitive condition.
- To determine if an electrical component is heat sensitive, heat the component with a heat gun or equivalent. **CAUTION:**

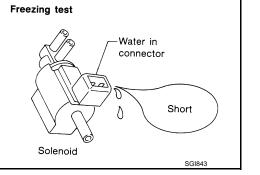
#### Never heat components above 60°C (140°F).

 If incident occurs while heating the unit, either replace or properly insulate the component.



#### FREEZING

- The customer may indicate the incident goes away after the car warms up (winter time). The cause could be related to water freezing somewhere in the wiring/electrical system.
- There are two methods to check for this. The first is to arrange for the owner to leave his car overnight. Check it will get cold enough to demonstrate his complaint. Leave the car parked outside overnight. In the morning, do a quick and thorough diagnosis of those electrical components which could be affected.
- The second method is to put the suspect component into a freezer long enough for any water to freeze. Reinstall the part into the car and check for the reoccurrence of the incident. If it occurs, repair or replace the component.



### WATER INTRUSION

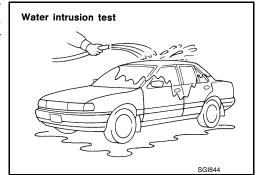
ELECTRICAL LOAD

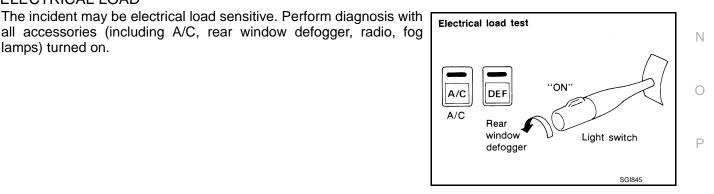
lamps) turned on.

The incident may occur only during high humidity or in rainy/snowy weather. In such cases the incident could be caused by water intrusion on an electrical part. This can be simulated by soaking the car or running it through a car wash.

#### CAUTION:

Never spray water directly on any electrical components.





## COLD OR HOT START UP

On some occasions an electrical incident may occur only when the car is started cold, or it may occur when the car is restarted hot shortly after being turned off. In these cases you may have to keep the car overnight to make a proper diagnosis.

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### < BASIC INSPECTION >

## Circuit Inspection

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#### DESCRIPTION

- In general, testing electrical circuits is an easy task if it is approached in a logical and organized method. Before beginning it is important to have all available information on the system to be tested. Also, get a thorough understanding of system operation. Then you will be able to use the appropriate equipment and follow the correct test procedure.
- You may have to simulate vehicle vibrations while testing electrical components. Gently shake the wiring harness or electrical component to do this.

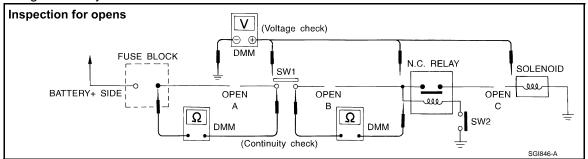
OPEN	A circuit is open when there is no continuity through a section of the circuit.					
	There are two types of shorts.					
SHORT	SHORT CIRCUIT	When a circuit contacts another circuit and causes the normal resistance to change.				
	SHORT TO GROUND	When a circuit contacts a ground source and grounds the circuit.				

#### NOTE:

Refer to <u>GI-40, "How to Check Terminal"</u> to probe or check terminal.

#### **TESTING FOR "OPENS" IN THE CIRCUIT**

Before you begin to diagnose and test the system, you should rough sketch a schematic of the system. This will help you to logically walk through the diagnosis process. Drawing the sketch will also reinforce your working knowledge of the system.



#### Continuity Check Method

The continuity check is used to find an open in the circuit. The digital multimeter (DMM) set on the resistance function will indicate an open circuit as over limit (no beep tone or no ohms symbol). Check to always start with the DMM at the highest resistance level.

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits, please refer to the previous schematic.

- Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- Start at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end. (At the fuse block in this example)
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the fuse block terminal on the load side.
- Connect the other probe to the fuse block (power) side of SW1. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point A)
- Connect the probes between SW1 and the relay. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point B)
- Connect the probes between the relay and the solenoid. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point C)

Any circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

#### Voltage Check Method

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits please refer to the previous schematic.

In any powered circuit, an open can be found by methodically checking the system for the presence of voltage. This is done by switching the DMM to the voltage function.

- Connect one probe of the DMM to a known good ground.
- Begin probing at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end.
- With SW1 open, probe at SW1 to check for voltage. voltage: open is further down the circuit than SW1.

## **GI-46**

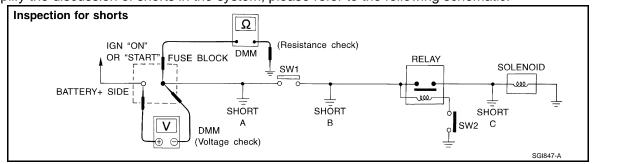
### < BASIC INSPECTION >

- no voltage: open is between fuse block and SW1 (point A).
- Close SW1 and probe at relay.
   voltage: open is further down the circuit than the relay.
   no voltage: open is between SW1 and relay (point B).
- Close the relay and probe at the solenoid.
   voltage: open is further down the circuit than the solenoid.
   no voltage: open is between relay and solenoid (point C).

Any powered circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

## TESTING FOR "SHORTS" IN THE CIRCUIT

To simplify the discussion of shorts in the system, please refer to the following schematic.



#### Resistance Check Method

- Disconnect the battery negative cable and remove the blown fuse.
- Disconnect all loads (SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the load side of the fuse terminal. Connect the other probe to a known good ground.
- With SW1 open, check for continuity. continuity: short is between fuse terminal and SW1 (point A). no continuity: short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- Close SW1 and disconnect the relay. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground. Then, check for continuity. continuity: short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).
   no continuity: short is further down the circuit than the relay.
- Close SW1 and jump the relay contacts with jumper wire. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground. Then, check for continuity. continuity: short is between relay and solenoid (point C). no continuity: check solenoid, retrace steps.

Voltage Check Method

- Remove the blown fuse and disconnect all loads (i.e. SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Turn the ignition switch to the ON or START position. Verify battery voltage at the battery + side of the fuse terminal (one lead on the battery + terminal side of the fuse block and one lead on a known good ground).
- With SW1 open and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage. voltage: short is between fuse block and SW1 (point A). no voltage: short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- With SW1 closed, relay and solenoid disconnected and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage.

voltage: short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).

no voltage: short is further down the circuit than the relay.

 With SW1 closed, relay contacts jumped with fused jumper wire check for voltage. voltage: short is down the circuit of the relay or between the relay and the disconnected solenoid (point C). no voltage: retrace steps and check power to fuse block.

### GROUND INSPECTION

- Ground connections are very important to the proper operation of electrical and electronic circuits. Ground connections are often exposed to moisture, dirt and other corrosive elements. The corrosion (rust) can become an unwanted resistance. This unwanted resistance can change the way a circuit works.
- Electronically controlled circuits are very sensitive to proper grounding. A loose or corroded ground can drastically affect an electronically controlled circuit. A poor or corroded ground can easily affect the circuit. Even when the ground connection looks clean, there can be a thin film of rust on the surface.

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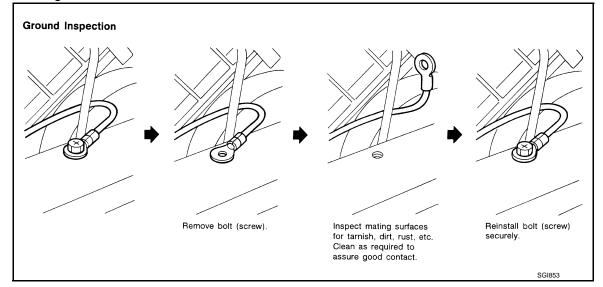
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< BASIC INSPECTION >

- When inspecting a ground connection follow these rules:
- Remove the ground bolt or screw.
- Inspect all mating surfaces for tarnish, dirt, rust, etc.
- Clean as required to assure good contact.
- Reinstall bolt or screw securely.
- Inspect for "add-on" accessories which may be interfering with the ground circuit.
- If several wires are crimped into one ground eyelet terminal, check for proper crimps. Check all of the wires are clean, securely fastened and providing a good ground path. If multiple wires are cased in one eyelet check no ground wires have excess wire insulation.
- For detailed ground distribution information, refer to "Ground Distribution" in PG section.



## VOLTAGE DROP TESTS

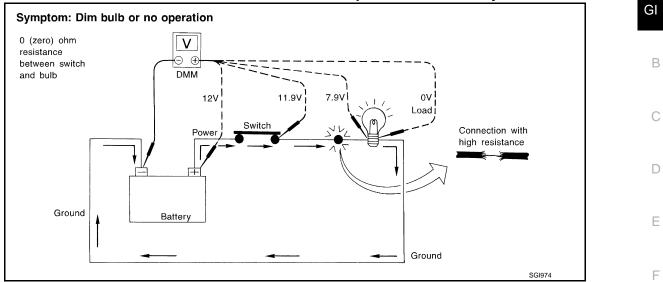
- Voltage drop tests are often used to find components or circuits which have excessive resistance. A voltage drop in a circuit is caused by a resistance when the circuit is in operation.
- Check the wire in the illustration. When measuring resistance with DMM, contact by a single strand of wire will give reading of 0 ohms. This would indicate a good circuit. When the circuit operates, this single strand of wire is not able to carry the current. The single strand will have a high resistance to the current. This will be picked up as a slight voltage drop.
- Unwanted resistance can be caused by many situations as follows:
- Undersized wiring (single strand example)
- Corrosion on switch contacts
- Loose wire connections or splices.
- If repairs are needed always use wire that is of the same or larger gauge.

Measuring Voltage Drop — Accumulated Method

- Connect the DMM across the connector or part of the circuit you want to check. The positive lead of the DMM should be closer to power and the negative lead closer to ground.
- Operate the circuit.
- The DMM will indicate how many volts are being used to "push" current through that part of the circuit.

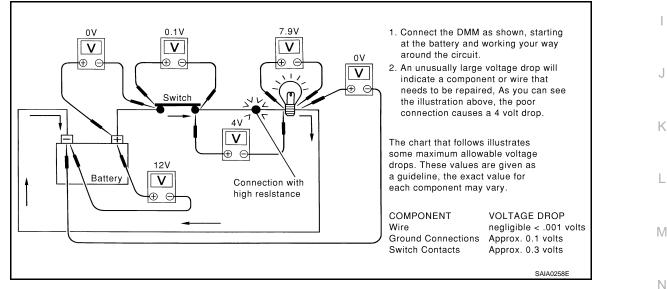
#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

#### Note in the illustration that there is an excessive 4.1 volt drop between the battery and the bulb.



Measuring Voltage Drop — Step-by-Step

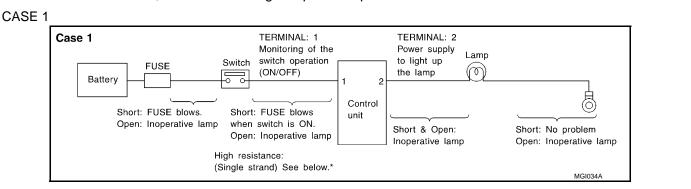
- The step-by-step method is most useful for isolating excessive drops in low voltage systems (such as those in "Computer Controlled Systems").
- Circuits in the "Computer Controlled System" operate on very low amperage.
- The (Computer Controlled) system operations can be adversely affected by any variation in resistance in the system. Such resistance variation may be caused by poor connection, improper installation, improper wire gauge or corrosion.
- The step by step voltage drop test can identify a component or wire with too much resistance.



## CONTROL UNIT CIRCUIT TEST

System Description

• When the switch is ON, the control unit lights up the lamp.



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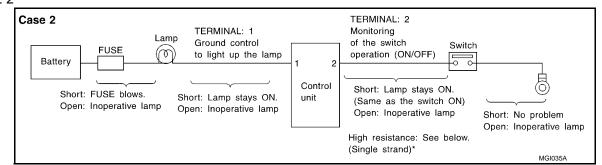
### < BASIC INSPECTION >

INPUT-	OUTPUT VC	LTAGE CHART					
Te	Terminal No. Descrip		tion			In case of high resistance such as single	
+	-	Signal name	Input/ Output	Condition	Value (Approx.)	strand (V) *	
1	1 Body ground Switch		Input	Switch ON	Battery voltage	Lower than battery voltage Approx. 8 (Ex- ample)	
				Switch OFF 0 V		Approx. 0	
2	Body	Lamp	Output	Switch ON	Battery voltage	Approx. 0 (Inoperative lamp)	
2 ground	Lamp	Culput	Switch OFF	0 V	Approx. 0		

• The voltage value is based on the body ground.

• *: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 1 does not detect battery voltage. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not supply power to light up the lamp.

#### CASE 2



#### INPUT-OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHART

Terminal No. Description		otion			In case of high resistance such as single		
+	-	Signal name	Input/ Output	Condition	Value (Approx.)	strand (V) *	
1	Body	Lomp	Output Switch ON		0 V	Battery voltage (Inoperative lamp)	
I	ground	Lamp	Output	Switch OFF	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	
2	Body	Switch	Innut	Switch ON	0 V	Higher than 0 Approx. 4 (Example)	
2	ground	Switch	Input	Switch OFF	5 V	Approx. 5	

· The voltage value is based on the body ground.

• *: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 2 does not detect approx. 0 V. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not control ground to light up the lamp.

### < BASIC INSPECTION >

# CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

## Description

• When CONSULT/GST is connected with a data link connector (A) equipped on the vehicle side, it will communicate with the control unit equipped in the vehicle and then enable various kinds of diagnostic tests.

#### 1 : Instrument lower cover LH

· Refer to "CONSULT Software Operation Manual" for more information.

# **CONSULT Function and System Application*1**

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### JPAIA087577 INFOID:00000008275394

## **FUNCTION**

Mode	Function
All DTC Reading	Display all DTCs or diagnostic items that all ECUs are recording and judging.
Work Support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately.
Self Diagnostic Results	Retrieve DTC from ECU and display diagnostic items.
Data Monitor	Monitor the input/output signal of the control unit in real time.
CAN Diagnosis	This mode displays a network diagnosis result about CAN by diagram.
CAN Diagnosis Support Monitor	It monitors the status of CAN communication.
Active Test	Send the drive signal from CONSULT to the actuator. The operation check can be performed.
ECU Identification	Display the ECU identification number (part number etc.) of the selected system.
Configuration	Function to READ/WRITE vehicle configuration.
SRT&P-DTC Confirmation	The state of System Readiness Test (SRT) items, the presence or absence of permanent DTC*, and driving conditions can be checked.
DTC work support	DTC reproduction procedure can be performed speedily and precisely.
Others	Other results or histories, etc. that are recorded in ECU are displayed.

(A)

*: Permanent DTC is not applied for regions where it is not mandated.

## SYSTEM APPLICATION^{*1}

													IVI
System	All DTC Reading	Work Support	Self Diagnostic Results	Data Monitor	CAN Diagnosis	CAN Diagnosis Support Monitor	Active Test	ECU Identification	Configuration	SRT&P-DTC Confirmation	DTC work support	Others	N O P
ENGINE	x	x	х	x	х	x	х	x	-	x*2	х	-	
TRANSMISSION	х	x	х	х	х	x	-	x	-	-	-	CALIB DATA	
AIR BAG	x	-	x	-	x	-	-	x	-	-	-	<ul> <li>TROUBLE DIAG RECORD</li> <li>SELF-DIAG RESULT [CAN]</li> <li>Cause of Warning Lamp</li> </ul>	

## **CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM**

#### < BASIC INSPECTION >

System	All DTC Reading	Work Support	Self Diagnostic Results	Data Monitor	CAN Diagnosis	CAN Diagnosis Support Monitor	Active Test	ECU Identification	Configuration	SRT&P-DTC Confirmation	DTC work support	Others
METER / M&A	х	-	х	х	х	х	-	-	-	-	-	Warning History
BCM	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	-	-
IPDM E/R	х	-	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	-	-	-
EPS	х	-	х	х	х	х	-	х	-	-	-	-
ALL MODE AWD / 4WD	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	-	-	-
MULTI DISPLAY	х	-	х	х	х	х	х	-	-	-	-	-
HVAC	-	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	-	-	-
ABS	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	-	-	-
OCCUPANT DETECTION	-	х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### x: Applicable

*1: If GST application is equipped, functions in accordance with SAE J1979 and ISO 15031-5 can be used.

*2: The item is indicated, but not used.

## CONSULT/GST Data Link Connector (DLC) Circuit

INFOID:000000008275395

## INSPECTION PROCEDURE

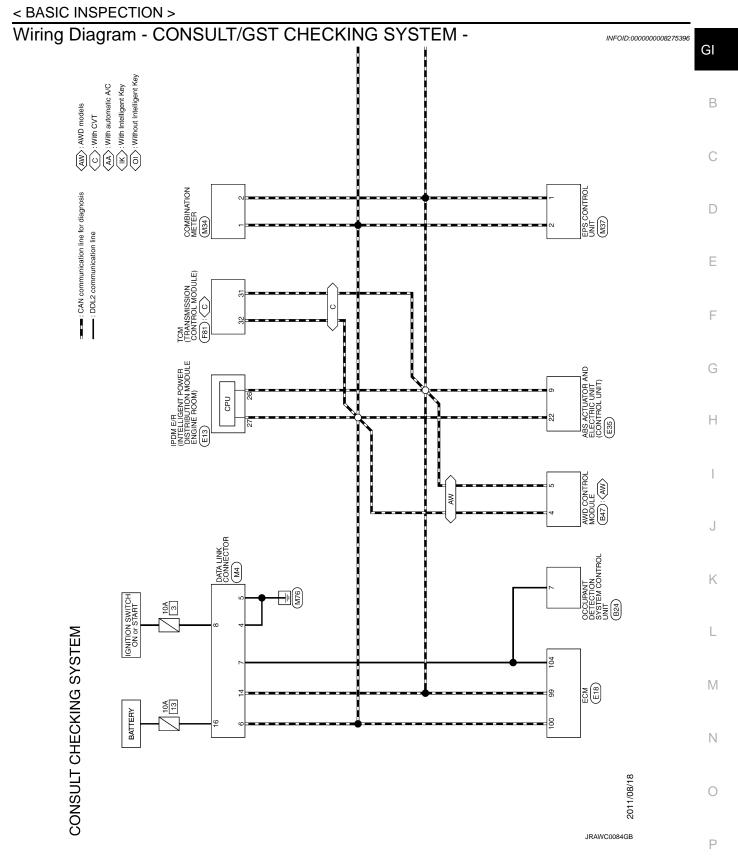
If the CONSULT/GST cannot diagnose the system properly, check the following items.

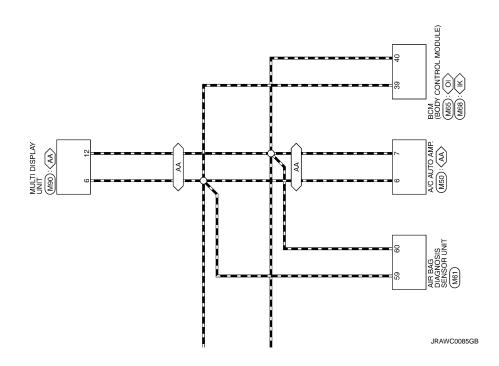
Symptom	Check item
CONSULT/GST cannot access any system.	• CONSULT/GST DLC power supply circuit (Terminal 8 and 16) and ground circuit (Terminal 4 and 5)
CONSULT cannot access indi- vidual system. (Other systems can be accessed.)	<ul> <li>Power supply and ground circuit for the control unit of the system (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.)</li> <li>Open or short circuit between the system and CONSULT DLC (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.)</li> <li>Open or short circuit CAN communication line. Refer to LAN-15, "Trouble Diagnosis Flow Chart".</li> </ul>

#### NOTE:

The DDL1 and DDL2 circuits from DLC pins 12, 13, 14 and 15 may be connected to more than one system. A short in a DDL circuit connected to a control unit in one system may affect CONSULT access to other systems. If the GST cannot operate properly, check the circuit based on the information of SAE J1962 and ISO 15031-3.

## CONSULT/GST CHECKING SYSTEM





## **INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT**

### < BASIC INSPECTION >

# **INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT** ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL : Required Procedure After Battery Disconnection

INFOID:000000008275397

SYSTEM	ITEM	REFERENCE
Automatic air conditioning sys- tem	Temperature setting trimmer	HAC-42, "Temperature Setting Trimmer"
	Foot position setting trimmer	HAC-43, "Foot Position Setting Trimmer"
	Inlet port memory function*	
	Inlet port memory function (FRE)	HAC-43, "Inlet Port Memory Function (FRE)"
	Inlet port memory function (REC)	HAC-42, "Inlet Port Memory Function (REC)"
	Gas sensor sensitivity adjustment function*	
	Auto intake switch interlocking movement change*	
	Clean switch interlocking movement change*	
Automatic drive positioner*	Automatic drive positioner system	
Power window control	Power window control system	PWC-20, "Description"
Sunroof system	Sunroof system	
Sunshade system	Sunshade system	
Rear view monitor	Rear view monitor predictive course line center po- sition adjustment	_
Around view monitor*	Predictive course line center position adjustment	
Automatic back door system*	Automatic back door system	_
Engine oil level read*	Engine oil level read	

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