ENGINE LUBRICATION & COOLING SYSTEMS

SECTION LC

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CONTENTS

ENGINE LUBRICATION SYSTEM	
Precautions	
LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE	
Preparation	
SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS	
COMMERCIAL SERVICE TOOL	
Lubrication Circuit	
Oil Pressure Check	
Oil Pump	
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	
DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY	
OIL PUMP INSPECTION	
REGULATOR VALVE INSPECTION	
OIL FILTER	8
Oil Cooler	
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	8
INSPECTION	9
Service Data and Specifications (SDS)	9
OIL PRESSURE	
REGULATOR VALVE	9
OIL PUMP	
ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM	10
Precautions	10
LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE	10
Preparation	10
SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS	10
Cooling Circuit	1
System Check	12
CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM HOSES	12
CHECKING RADIATOR	13

CHECKING RADIATOR CAP	12
CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKS	13
Water Pump	13
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	13
REMOVAL	13
INSPECTION	15
INSTALLATION	15
Thermostat	17
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	17
INSPECTION	17
Water Control Valve	18
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	18
INSPECTION	19
Radiator	20
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	20
Cooling Fan (Crankshaft driven)	21
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	
INSPECTION	21
Refilling Engine Coolant	21
Radiator (Aluminum type)	
PREPARATION	
DISASSEMBLY	22
ASSEMBLY	23
INSPECTION	24
Overheating Cause Analysis	25
Service Data and Specifications (SDS)	
THERMOSTAT	
WATER CONTROL VALVE	
RADIATOR	

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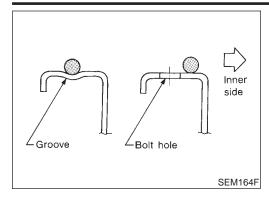
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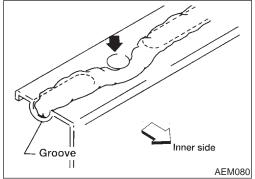
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Precautions

LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

. Use a scraper to remove all traces of old liquid gasket from mating surfaces and grooves. Also, completely clean any oil from these areas.

 Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to mating surfaces. (Use Genuine RTV silicone sealant Part No. 999MP-A7007 or equivalent.)

- For oil pan, be sure liquid gasket diameter is 4.0 to 5.0 mm (0.157 to 0.197 in).
- For areas except oil pan, be sure liquid gasket diameter is 2.0 to 3.0 mm (0.079 to 0.118 in).
- Apply liquid gasket around the inner side of bolt holes (unless otherwise specified).
- 4. Assembly should be done within 5 minutes after coating.
- 5. Wait at least 30 minutes before refilling engine oil and engine coolant.

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Preparation SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Description Tool name ST25051001 (J25695-1) Oil pressure gauge NT050 ST25052000 Adapting oil pressure gauge to upper oil pan PS1/8x28/in (J25695-2)PS1/4x19/in Hose NT559 WS39930000 Pressing the tube of liquid gasket Tube pressure NT052

ENGINE LUBRICATION SYSTEM

Preparation (Cont'd)

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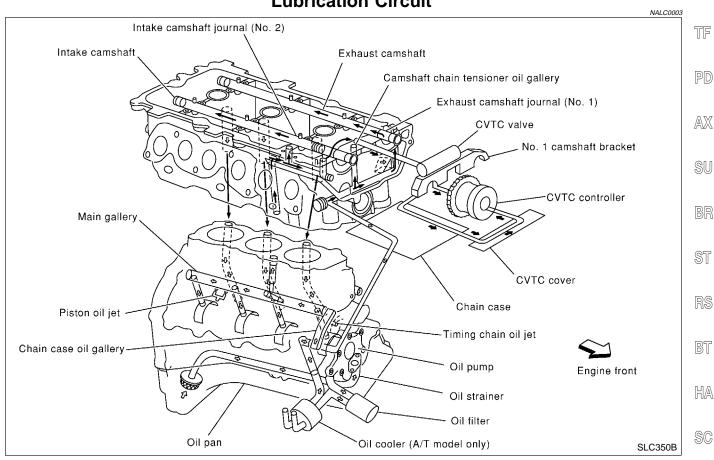
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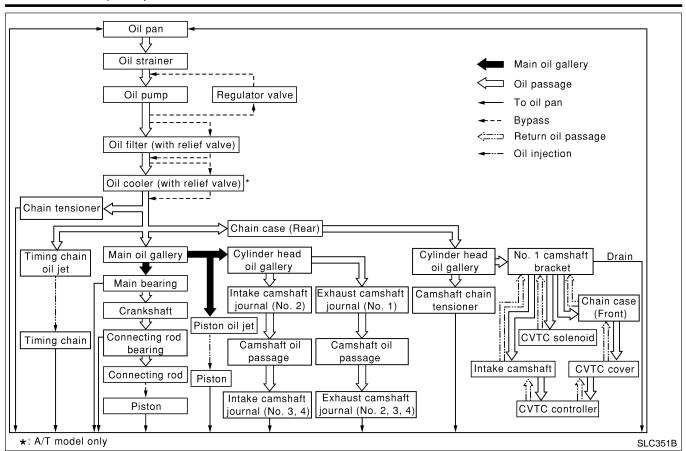
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	СОММ	ERCIAL SERVICE TOOL	, GI
Tool name	Description		
Deep socket		Removing and installing oil pressure switch Deep socket 26 mm, 3/8 drive	MA
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	NT818		. EC

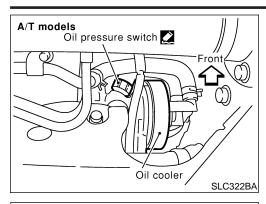
Lubrication Circuit

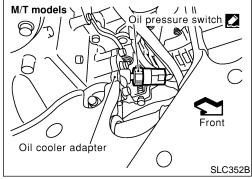


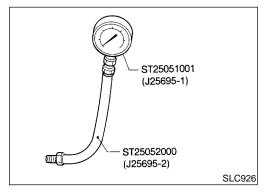
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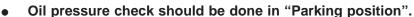




Oil Pressure Check

WARNING:

Be careful not to burn yourself, as the engine and oil may be hot.



1. Check oil level.

2. Disconnect oil pressure switch harness connector.

3. Remove oil pressure switch using a deep socket. (Commercial service tool)

4. Install pressure gauge.

5. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

6. Check oil pressure with engine running under no-load.

Engine speed rpm	Approximate discharge pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)
Idle speed	More than 98 (1.0, 14)
2,000	294 (3.0, 43)

If difference is extreme, check oil passage and oil pump for oil leaks.

- 7. After the inspections, install the oil pressure switch as follows.
- a. Remove the old sealant adhering to switch and engine.
- b. Apply Genuine RTV silicone sealant Part No. 999MP-A7007 or equivalent to the thread and tighten.

13 - 17 N·m (1.25 - 1.75 kg-m, 9 - 12 ft-lb)



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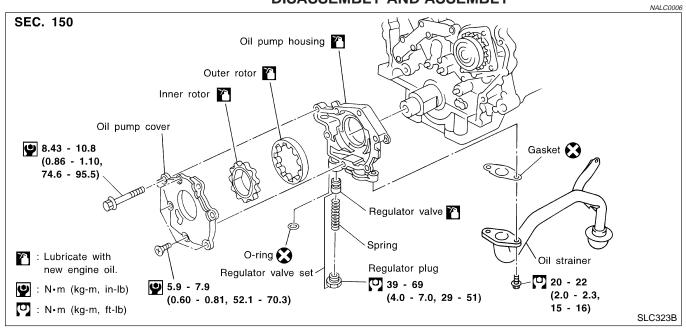
Oil Pump

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

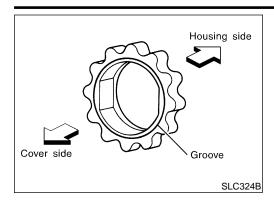
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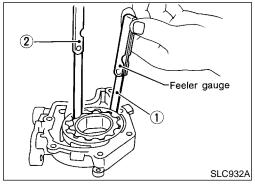
- 1. Remove timing chain. Refer to EM-23, "Removal".
- 2. Remove oil pump assembly.
- Inspect the oil pump after removing it.
- 3. Reinstall any parts removed in reverse order of removal.

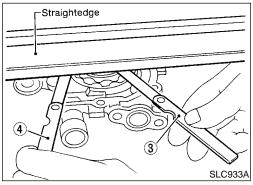
DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

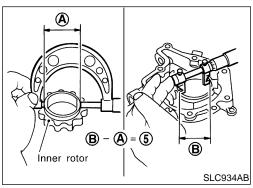


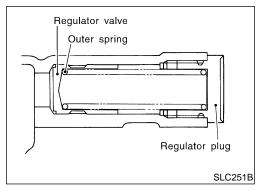
. When installing oil pump, apply engine oil to rotors.











OIL PUMP INSPECTION

 Install oil pump with the groove of the inner rotor facing the oil pump cover.

Using a feeler gauge, straightedge and micrometers, check the following clearances:

Unit		

Body to outer rotor radial clearance 1	0.114 - 0.200 (0.0045 - 0.0079)
Inner rotor to outer gear tip clearance 2	Below 0.18 (0.0071)
Body to inner rotor axial clearance 3	0.030 - 0.070 (0.0012 - 0.0028)
Body to outer rotor axial clearance 4	0.050 - 0.110 (0.0020 - 0.0043)
Inner rotor to brazed portion of housing clearance 5	0.045 - 0.091 (0.0018 - 0.0036)

- If the tip clearance (2) exceeds the limit, replace rotor set.
- If body to rotor clearances (1, 3, 4, 5) exceed the limit, replace oil pump body assembly.

REGULATOR VALVE INSPECTION

Visually inspect components for wear and damage.

 Check oil pressure regulator valve sliding surface and valve spring.

3. Coat regulator valve with engine oil. Check that it falls smoothly into the valve hole by its own weight.

If damaged, replace regulator valve set or oil pump body.

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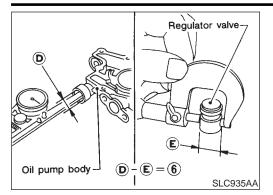
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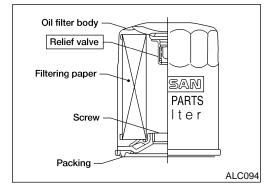


4. Check regulator valve to oil pump body clearance.

Clearance:

6: 0.040 - 0.097 mm (0.0016 - 0.0038 in)

If it exceeds the limit, replace oil pump body.

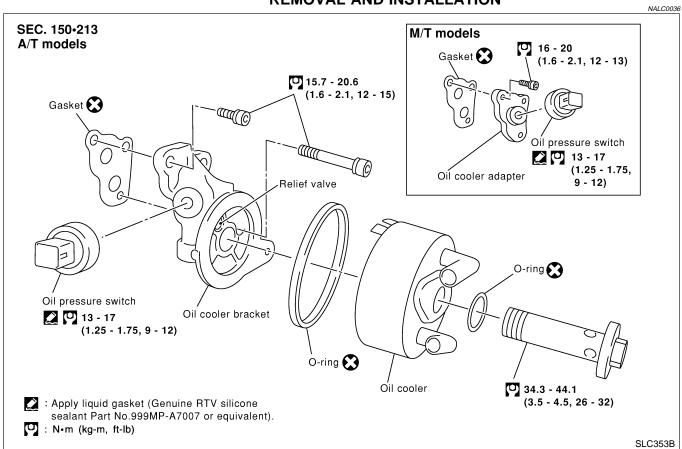


OIL FILTER

The oil filter is a small, full-flow cartridge type and is provided with a relief valve.

• Use Tool specified in MA-19 for changing oil filter.

Oil Cooler REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION



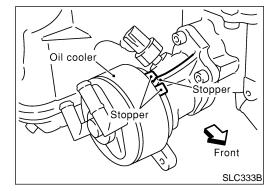
- Drain engine oil and coolant.
- Do not spill coolant on the drive belt.
- 2. Remove oil cooler.

Inspect the oil cooler after removing it.



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- 3. Installation is in reverse order of removal.
- When installing the oil cooler, align the oil cooler stopper with the stopper of the oil cooler bracket.

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INSPECTION

Oil Cooler

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- 1. Check oil cooler for cracks.
- 2. Check oil cooler for clogging by blowing through coolant inlet. If necessary, replace oil cooler assembly.

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Oil Pressure Relief Valve

C0037S02

Inspect oil pressure relief valve for movement, cracks and breaks by pushing the ball. If replacement is necessary, remove valve by prying it out with a suitable tool. Install a new valve in place by tapping it.



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Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

OIL PRESSURE

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Engine speed rpm	Approximate discharge pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)
Idle speed	More than 98 (1.0, 14)
2,000	294 (3.0, 43)



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REGULATOR VALVE

Unit: mm (in)

Regulator valve to oil pump cover clearance	0.040 - 0.097 (0.0016 - 0.0038)

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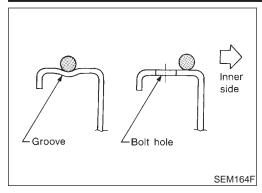
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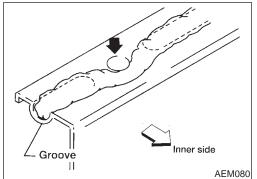
OIL PUMP

Unit: mm (in)

Body to outer rotor radial clearance	0.114 - 0.200 (0.0045 - 0.0079)
Inner rotor to outer rotor tip clearance	Below 0.18 (0.0071)
Body to inner rotor axial clearance	0.030 - 0.070 (0.0012 - 0.0028)
Body to outer rotor axial clearance	0.050 - 0.110 (0.0020 - 0.0043)
Inner rotor to brazed portion of housing clearance	0.045 - 0.091 (0.0018 - 0.0036)







Precautions

LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

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NALC0014

- 1. Use a scraper to remove all traces of old liquid gasket from mating surfaces and grooves. Also, completely clean any oil from these areas.
- Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to mating surfaces. (Use Genuine RTV silicone sealant Part No. 999MP-A7007 or equivalent.)
- For oil pan, be sure liquid gasket diameter is 4.0 to 5.0 mm (0.157 to 0.197 in).
- For areas except oil pan, be sure liquid gasket diameter is 2.0 to 3.0 mm (0.079 to 0.118 in).
- 3. Apply liquid gasket around the inner side of bolt holes (unless otherwise specified).
- 4. Assembly should be done within 5 minutes after coating.
- 5. Wait at least 30 minutes before refilling engine oil and engine coolant.

Preparation SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number Description (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name WS39930000 Pressing the tube of liquid gasket Tube pressure NT052 EG17650301 Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator filler neck (J33984-A) a: 28 (1.10) dia. b: 31.4 (1.236) dia. Radiator cap tester c: 41.3 (1.626) dia. adapter Unit: mm (in) NT564 KV99103510 Installing radiator upper and lower tanks Radiator plate pliers A NT224 KV99103520 Removing radiator upper and lower tanks Radiator plate pliers B NT225

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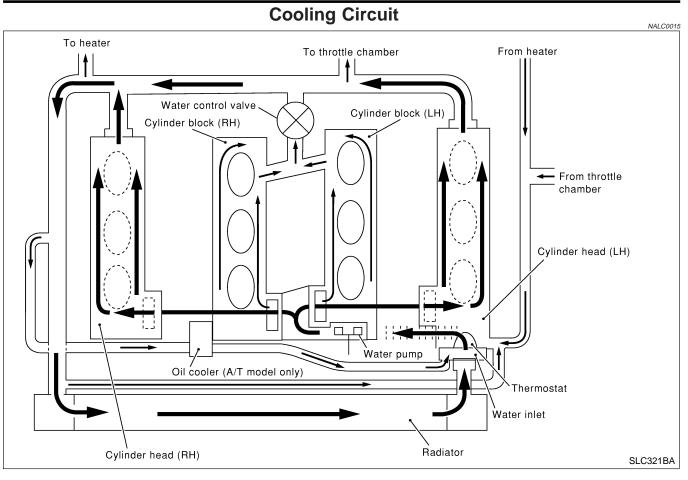
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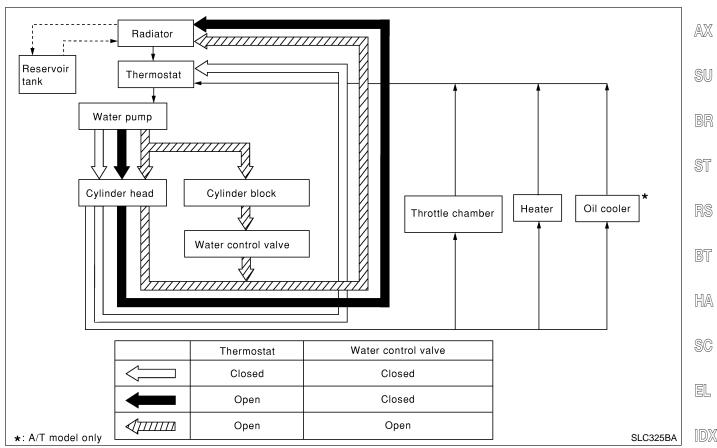
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System Check

WARNING:

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Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot; serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.

Wrap a thick cloth around the cap and carefully remove it by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape and then turn the cap all the way off.

CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM HOSES

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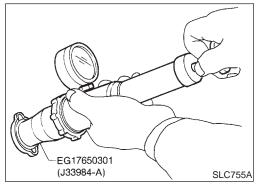
Check hoses for improper attachment, leaks, cracks, damage, loose connections, chafing and deterioration.

CHECKING RADIATOR

NALC0016S0

Check radiator for mud or clogging. If necessary, clean radiator as follows.

- Be careful not to bend or damage the radiator fins.
- When radiator is cleaned without removal, remove all surrounding parts such as cooling fan, radiator shroud and horns.
 Then tape the harness and connectors to prevent water from entering.
- 1. Apply water by hose to the back side of the radiator core vertically downward.
- Apply water again to all radiator core surfaces once per minute.
- Stop washing if any stains no longer flow out from the radiator.
- 4. Blow air into the back side of radiator core vertically downward.
- Use compressed air lower than 490 kPa (5 kg/cm², 71 psi) and keep distance more than 30 cm (11.8 in).
- Blow air again into all the radiator core surfaces once per minute until no water sprays out.



CHECKING RADIATOR CAP

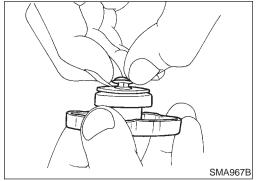
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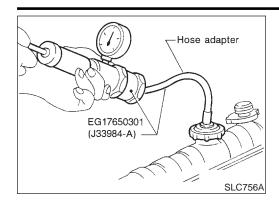
To check radiator cap, apply pressure to cap with a tester.

Radiator cap relief pressure:

Standard 78 - 98 kPa (0.8 - 1.0 kg/cm², 11 - 14 psi) Limit 59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm², 9 - 14 psi)

Pull the negative pressure valve to open it. Check that it closes completely when released.





CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKS

To check for leakage, apply pressure to the cooling system with a tester.

Testing pressure:

157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm², 23 psi)

CAUTION:

Higher than the specified pressure may cause radiator damage.

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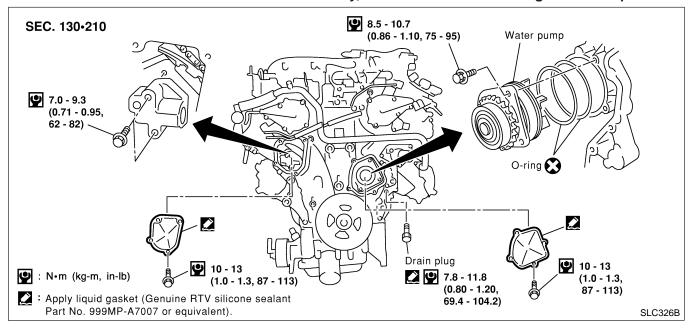
Water Pump

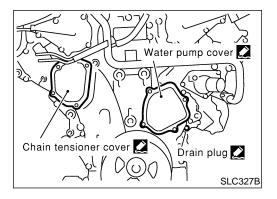
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

 When removing water pump assembly, be careful not to get coolant on drive belt.

- Water pump cannot be disassembled and should be replaced as a unit.
- After installing water pump, connect hose and clamp securely, then check for leaks using radiator cap tester.





REMOVAL

Remove undercover.

2. Remove suspension member stay.

3. Drain coolant from radiator.

4. Remove radiator shrouds.

5. Remove drive belts.

6. Remove cooling fan.

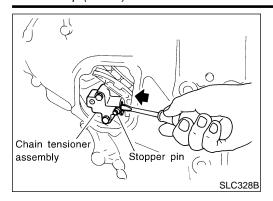
7. Remove water drain plug on water pump side of cylinder block.

8. Remove chain tensioner cover and water pump cover.

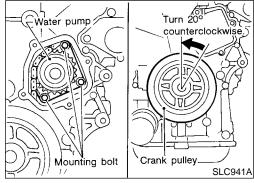
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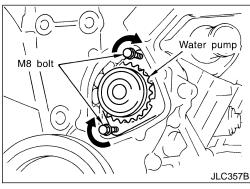
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9. Pushing timing chain tensioner sleeve, apply a stopper pin so it does not return. Then remove the chain tensioner assembly.



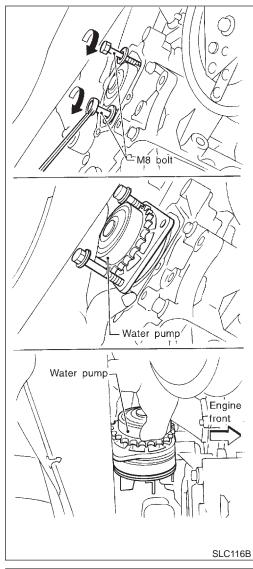
10. Remove the 3 water pump fixing bolts. Secure a gap between water pump gear and timing chain, by turning crankshaft pulley 20° backwards.



11. Put M8 bolts to two water pump fixing bolt holes.

ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM

Water Pump (Cont'd)



- 12. Tighten M8 bolts by turning half turn alternately until they reach timing chain rear case.
- In order to prevent damages to water pump or timing chain rear case, do not tighten one bolt continuously. Always turn each bolt half turn each time.
- 13. Lift up water pump and remove it.
- When lifting up water pump, do not allow water pump gear to hit timing chain.



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- 1. Check for badly rusted or corroded body assembly.
- 2. Check for rough operation due to excessive end play.

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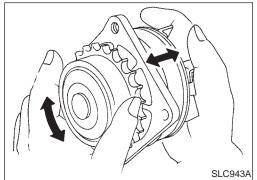
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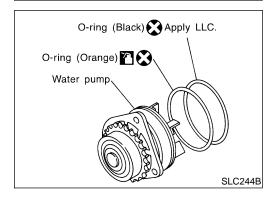
INSTALLATION

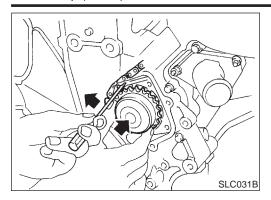
1. Apply engine oil and coolant to O-rings as shown in the figure.

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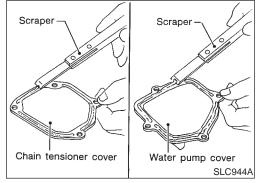
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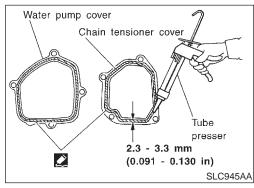


- 2. Install water pump.
- Do not allow cylinder block to nip O-rings when installing water pump.

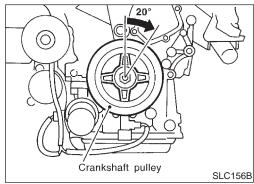


 Before installing, remove all traces of liquid gasket from mating surface of water pump cover and chain tensioner cover using a scraper.

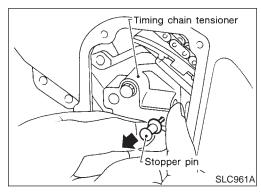
Also remove traces of liquid gasket from mating surface of front cover.



4. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket to mating surface of chain tensioner cover and water pump cover.



5. Return the crankshaft pulley to its original position by turning it 20° forward.



- 6. Install timing chain tensioner, then remove the stopper pin.
- When installing the timing chain tensioner, engine oil should be applied to the oil hole and tensioner.
- After starting engine, let idle for three minutes, then revengine up to 3,000 rpm under no load to purge air from the high-pressure chamber of the chain tensioners. The engine may produce a rattling noise. This indicates that air still remains in the chamber and is not a matter of concern.
- 7. Reinstall any parts removed in reverse order of removal.

Thermostat REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

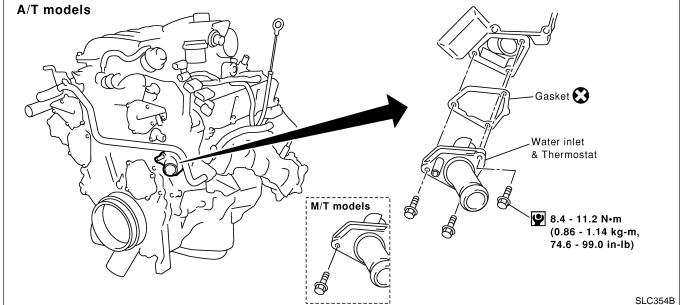
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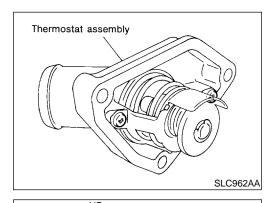




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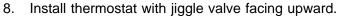
Jiggle

valve

SLC948A

- Remove undercover.
- 2. Remove suspension member stay.
- Drain coolant from radiator. 3.
- 4. Remove drive belts.
- Remove water drain plug on water pump side of cylinder block. 5.
- Disconnect lower radiator hose. 6.
- Remove water inlet and thermostat assembly. 7.
- Do not disassemble water inlet and thermostat. Replace them as a unit, if necessary.
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- After installation, run engine for a few minutes, and check for leaks.
 - Be careful not to spill coolant over engine compartment. Use a rag to absorb coolant.



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Reinstall any removed parts in reverse order of removal.



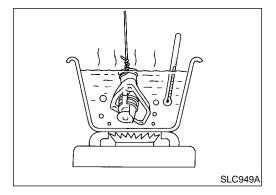




Check valve seating condition at ordinary room temperatures. It should seat tightly.

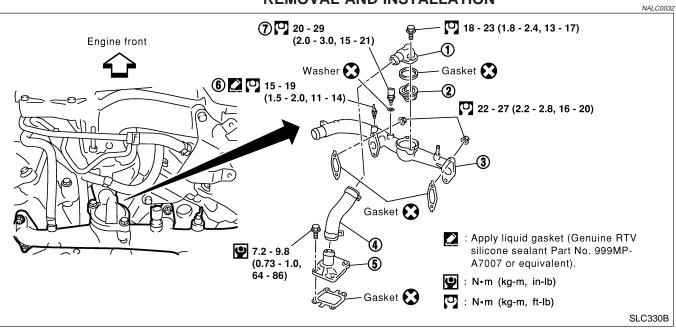
2. Check valve opening temperature and maximum valve lift.

	Standard
Valve opening temperature	76.5°C (170°F)
Valve lift	More than 8.6 mm/90°C (0.339 in/194°F)



3. Then check if valve closes at 5°C (9°F) below valve opening temperature.

Water Control Valve REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION



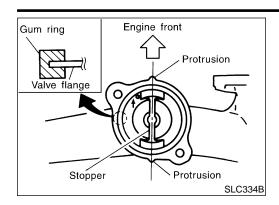
- 1. Water outlet housing
- 2. Water control valve
- 3. Water outlet

- 4. Water hose
- 5. Cylinder block water outlet
- 6. Thermal transmitter

- 7. Engine coolant temperature sensor
- Release fuel pressure. Refer to EC-39, "Fuel Pressure Release".
- 2. Remove undercover.
- 3. Remove suspension member stay.
- 4. Drain coolant from radiator.
- 5. Remove engine cover.
- 6. Remove air duct with air cleaner assembly.
- 7. Disconnect wires, hoses, harness and so on.
- 8. Remove upper intake manifold corrector.
- 9. Remove intake manifold corrector support bolts.
- 10. Remove lower intake manifold corrector.
- 11. Disconnect injector harness connectors.
- 12. Remove injector tube.
- 13. Remove intake manifold.
- 14. Remove water outlet housing and water control valve.

ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM

Water Control Valve (Cont'd)



Thread

- 15. Install water control valve and water outlet housing.
- Install gum ring to thermostat.
- Point the arrow on the upper surface of the valve to the front of the engine, and also be sure to install the protrusions and the valve stopper so that they are aligned in a straight line.
- 16. Reinstall any removed parts in reverse order of removal.
- When installing intake manifold, injector tube and intake manifold collectors, refer to EM-12, "TIGHTENING PROCE-DURES".
- After installation, run engine for a few minutes, and check for leaks.
- Be careful not to spill coolant over engine compartment. Use a rag to absorb coolant.



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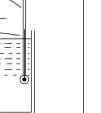
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SLC252B

INSPECTION

Check valve seating condition at ordinary room temperatures. It should seat tightly.

Check valve opening temperature and maximum valve lift.

	Standard
Valve opening temperature	95°C (203°F)
Valve lift	More than 8.0 mm/108°C (0.315 in/226°F)

Then check if valve closes at 5°C (9°F) below valve opening temperature.

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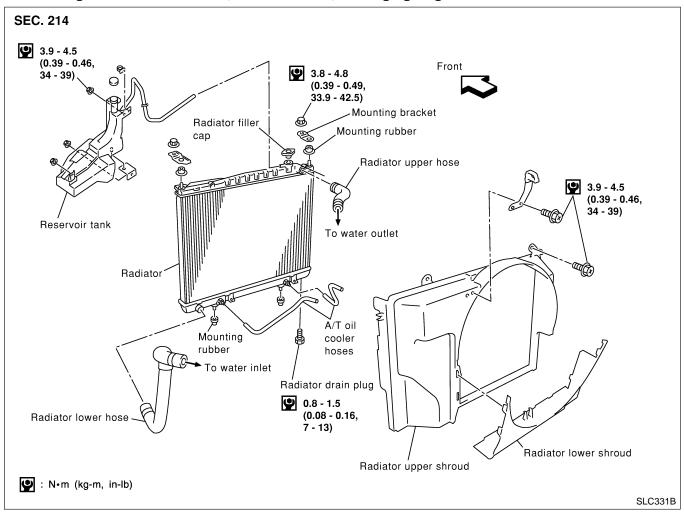
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Radiator

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

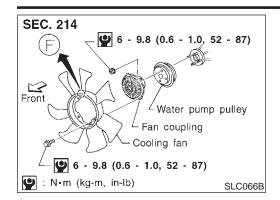
- 1. Remove undercover.
- 2. Remove suspension member stay.
- 3. Drain coolant from radiator.
- 4. Disconnect radiator upper and lower hoses.
- 5. Remove upper and lower radiator shroud.
- 6. Remove A/T oil cooler hoses. (A/T)
- 7. Disconnect reservoir tank hose.
- 8. Remove radiator mounting bracket.
- 9. Remove radiator.
- 10. After repairing or replacing radiator, install any part removed in reverse order of removal.

When filling radiator with coolant, refer to MA-15, "Changing Engine Coolant".



ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM

Cooling Fan (Crankshaft driven)



Cooling Fan (Crankshaft driven) REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Do not release the drive belt tension by removing the fan/water pump pulley.

MA

Fan coupling cannot be disassembled and should be replaced as a unit. If front mark F is present, install fan so that side marked F faces the front.

Install the drive belt only after the fan and fan coupling to water pump flange bolts/nuts have been properly torqued.

LC

Proper alignment of these components is essential. Improper alignment will cause them to wobble and may eventually cause the fan to separate from the water pump causing extensive damage.

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SLC151B

INSPECTION

Check fan coupling for rough operation, wobbling, oil leakage or bent bimetal.

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After assembly, verify the fan does not wobble or flap while the

WARNING:

engine is running.

When the engine is running, keep hands and clothing away from moving parts such as drive belts and fan.

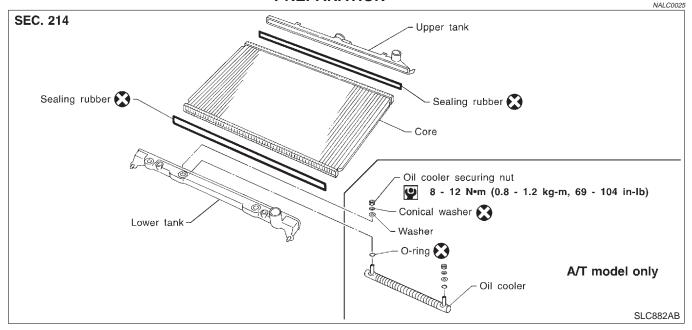
Refilling Engine Coolant

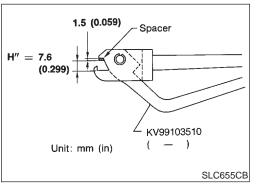
For details on refilling engine coolant, refer to MA-16, "REFILLING ENGINE COOLANT".

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Radiator (Aluminum type) PREPARATION

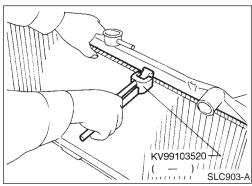




- Attach the spacer to the tip of the radiator plate pliers A. Spacer specification: 1.5 mm (0.059 in) thick x 18 mm (0.71 in) wide x 8.5 mm (0.335 in) long.
- 2. Make sure that when radiator plate pliers A are closed dimension H" is approx. 7.6 mm (0.299 in).

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3. Adjust dimension H" with the spacer, if necessary.

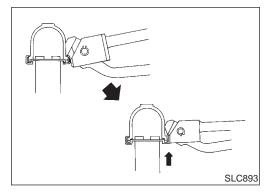


DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove tank with Tool.

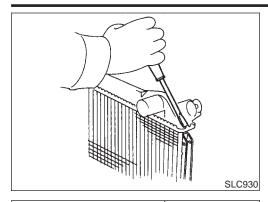
 Grip the crimped edge and bend it upwards so that Tool slips off.

Do not bend excessively.



ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM

Radiator (Aluminum type) (Cont'd)



 In areas where Tool cannot be used, use a screwdriver to bend the edge up.

Be careful not to damage tank.

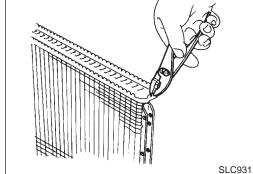


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2. Make sure the edge stands straight up.

3. Remove oil cooler from tank.



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ASSEMBLY

1. Install oil cooler.

Pay attention to direction of conical washer.

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3. Install sealing rubber.

Push it in with fingers.

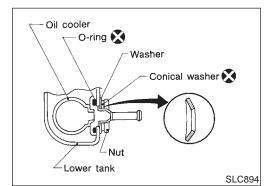
Be careful not to twist sealing rubber.

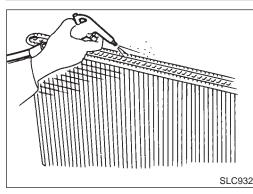
2. Clean contact portion of tank.

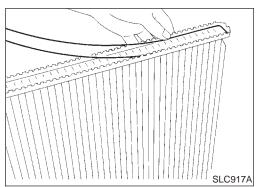
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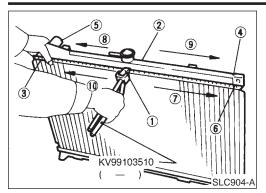
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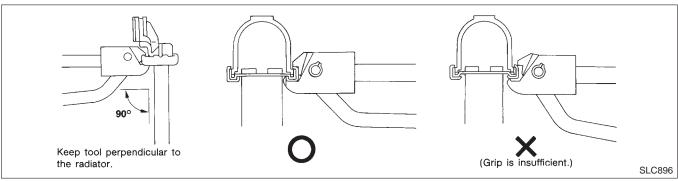


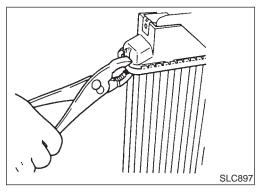




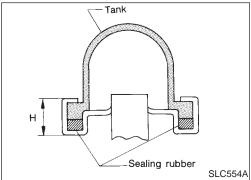


4. Caulk tank in specified sequence with Tool.





Use pliers in the locations where Tool cannot be used.



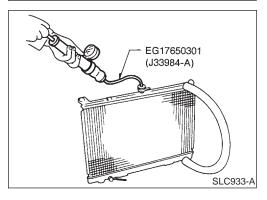
5. Make sure that the rim is completely crimped down.

Standard height "H":

8.0 - 8.4 mm (0.315 - 0.331 in)

6. Confirm that there is no leakage.

Refer to Inspection.



INSPECTION

Apply pressure with Tool.

Specified pressure value:

157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm², 23 psi)

WARNING:

To prevent the risk of the hose coming undone while under pressure, securely fasten it down with a hose clamp. Attach a hose to the oil cooler as well.

NALC0028

		Overheating (Cause Analysis	NALC0029	(
	Syr	nptom	Check	items	· _		
		Water pump malfunction	Worn or loose drive belt				
		Thermostat stuck closed	_		Г		
	Poor heat transfer	Damaged fins	Dust contamination or paper clogging	_			
			Mechanical damage				
		Clogged radiator cooling tube	Excess foreign material (rust, dirt, sand, etc.)				
		Cooling fan does not operate					
	Reduced air flow High resistance to fan rotation	_	_				
		Damaged fan blades					
	Damaged radiator shroud	_	_	_			
	Improper coolant mixture ratio	_	_	_			
ooling sys- em parts	Poor coolant quality	_	_	_			
nalfunction			Cooling boso	Loose clamp	_		
					Cooling hose	Cracked hose	
			Water pump	Poor sealing			
				Radiator cap	Padiator can	Loose	
		On alant lands	Nadiator Cap	Poor sealing			
	Insufficient coolant	Coolant leaks		O-ring for damage, deterioration or improper fitting			
			Radi	Radiator	Cracked radiator tank		
			Cracked radiator core				
			Reservoir tank	Cracked reservoir tank			
		Overflowing recomming to the	Exhaust gas leaks into	Cylinder head deterioration			
	Overflowing reservoir tank	cooling system	Cylinder head gasket deterioration				



BT

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	Symptom		Check items	
Except cooling system parts malfunction	_	Overload on engine	Abusive driving	High engine rpm under no load
				Driving in low gear for extended time
				Driving at extremely high speed
			Powertrain system malfunction	
			Installed improper size wheels and tires	_
			Dragging brakes	
			Improper ignition timing	
	Blocked or restricted air flow	Blocked bumper	_	
		Blocked radiator grille	Installed car brassiere	
			Mud contamination or paper clogging	_
		Blocked radiator	_	
		Blocked condenser	_	
		Installed large fog lamp		

Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

THERMOSTAT	
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NALC0030

Valve opening temperature Valve lift		76.5°C (170°F)	
WATER CONTROL VALVE		More than 8.6 mm/90°C (0.339 in/194°F)	
		NALC0035	
Valve opening temperature		95°C (203°F)	
Valve lift		More than 8.0 mm/108°C (0.315 in/226°F)	
RADIATOR		Unit: kPa (kg/cm², psi)	

Can relief pressure	Standard	78 - 98 (0.8 - 1.0, 11 - 14)	
Cap relief pressure	Limit	59 - 98 (0.6 - 1.0, 9 - 14)	
Leakage test pressure		157 (1.6, 23)	