# **ELECTRICAL SYSTEM**

**SECTION** 

When you read wiring diagrams:

 Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".
When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, "HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".

• Check for any service bulletins before servicing the vehicle.

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#### WIRING DIAGRAM REFERENCE CHART

ECCS, IGNITION SYSTEM	EC	SECTION
ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM	BR	SECTION
SRS "AIR BAG"	RS	SECTION
HEATER AND AIR CONDITIONER	HA	SECTION
DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER	PD	SECTION
REAR SUSPENSION	RA	SECTION
FUEL SYSTEM	FE	SECTION

# Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER" used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The SRS system composition which is available to NISSAN MODEL Y61 is as follows (The composition varies according to the destination.):

Driver air bag module (located in the center of the steering wheel), front passenger air bag module (located on the instrument panel on passenger side), seat belt pre-tensioner, a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable.

Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** of this Service Manual. **WARNING:** 

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the RS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. Spiral cable and wiring harnesses covered with yellow insulation either just before the harness connectors or for the complete harness are related to the SRS.

## Description

#### HARNESS CONNECTOR

- All harness connectors have been modified to prevent accidental looseness or disconnection. The connector can be disconnected by pushing or lifting the locking section.
- •

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Do not pull the harness when disconnecting the connector.

[Example]



SEL769D

## Description

#### NORMAL OPEN, NORMAL CLOSED AND MIXED TYPE RELAYS

Relays can mainly be divided into three types: normal open, normal closed and mixed type relays.



SEL881H

### TYPE OF STANDARDIZED RELAYS



SEL882H

## STANDARDIZED RELAY

## Description (Cont'd)

Туре	Outer view	Circuit	Connector symbol and connection	Case colour
1Т				BLACK
2M				BROWN
1M B•1M				GRAY
1M				BLUE

The arrangement of terminal numbers on the actual relays may differ from those shown above.



**Schematic** 

TEL478A



## POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)

EL-POWER-02



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					b									E1
g	h	i		j		49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	

TEL480A

#### **POWER SUPPLY ROUTING**

Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)



53 54 55 56

49

g h

## **POWER SUPPLY ROUTING**



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Ľ	( <u>M2</u> )	), ( <u>м</u>	3),(	<u>M4</u> )		
	(M6)	), (E11	0, (	111		
1	1	2	3	4	5	
il	6	7	8	9	10	
i	11	12	13	14	15	
T	16	17	18	19	20	
Ц	21	22	23			
Т	24	25	26			
Т	27	28	29			
Ľ						• •

TEL483A

## **POWER SUPPLY ROUTING**



11 12 13 14 15

16 17

21 22 23 24 25 26

27 28 29

18

19 20

## Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)

EL-POWER-07



## POWER SUPPLY ROUTING







Refer to last page (Foldout page).										
M1, M2, M3, E111										
Įį.	E112	)				i				
Ľ	1	2	3	4	5					
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RC

MEL944F

#### Fuse

- a. If fuse is blown, be sure to eliminate cause of problem before installing new fuse.
- b. Use fuse of specified rating. Never use fuse of more than specified rating.
- c. Do not partially install fuse; always insert it into fuse holder properly.
- d. Remove fuse for "ELECTRICAL PARTS (BAT)" if vehicle is not used for a long period of time.

## **Fusible Link**

A melted fusible link can be detected either by visual inspection or by feeling with finger tip. If its condition is questionable, use circuit tester or test lamp.

CAUTION:

- If fusible link should melt, it is possible that critical circuit (power supply or large current carrying circuit) is shorted. In such a case, carefully check and eliminate cause of problem.
- Never wrap outside of fusible link with vinyl tape. Important: Never let fusible link touch any other wiring harness, vinyl or rubber parts.



## **Circuit Breaker Inspection**

For example, when current is 30A, the circuit is broken within 8 to 20 seconds.

## Engine Room Harness



	CON- NECTOR NUMBER	CONNECT TO
	(E10)	Diff lock solenoid (No. 4)
E25)	E20	Side turn signal lamp LH
	E24)	Front combination lamp LH
Body ground	E26	Headlamp aiming motor LH
•	E30	Headlamp LH (Without xenon headlamp system)
•	E31	Distributor (TB42S engine models)
•	E36	Cooling fan motor-1 (No. 2)
•	E36	Cooling fan motor-1 (No. 4)
•	(E57)	Wiper deicer
•	E58	Front wiper motor
•	E82	Daytime light control uint
•	E84)	Headlamp LH (With xenon headlamp system)
•	E118	Combination switch (Rear wiper switch)
	E120	Combination switch (Front wiper switch)
	E121	Condenser (TB42S engine models)

## GROUND DISTRIBUTION/LHD MODELS

## Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)



A To (E25)	CON- NECTOR NUMBER	CONNECT TO
E104 Main harness	M33	Combination meter (No. 19) (Without ABS)
	E4	Cornering lamp relay
	E5	Air conditioner relay
	<b>E</b> 6	Auto-choke relay (TB42S engine models)
Body ground	E7	Bulb check relay (Except for TB42S engine models)
•	E10	Diff lock solenoid (No. 3)
•	E19	Power antenna
•	E33	Headlamp wiper motor LH
•	E37	Cooling fan motor-2 (TB45E engine M/T models)
•	E38	Headlamp wiper motor RH
•	E41	Headlamp aiming motor RH
•	E45	Headlamp RH (Without xenon headlamp system)
•	E49	Front combination lamp RH
•	E52	Inhibitor relay (A/T models)
•	E55	Side turn signal lamp RH
•	E59	Glow relay-1 (TD engine models)
•	E63	Park/Neutral position relay (A/T models with ASCD)
•	E75	Fuel filter switch (Diesel engine models)
•	E76	Brake fluid level switch
•	E79	Front fog lamp RH
•	E80	Front fog lamp LH
•	E81	Headlamp RH (With xenon headlamp system)
•	E85	HID relay RH (With xenon headlamp system)
•	E86	HID relay LH (With xenon headlamp system)
•	E87	Glow relay-2 (TD engine models for cold areas)
•	E92	A/C cut relay (Except for ECCS engine models)
•	E94	Engine coolant temperature switch-1 (Except for ECCS engine models)
•	E96	IACV-FICD solenoid valve (TD engine models)
Ensine your auto beyond	E100	ISC-FI POT control solenoid valve (TB42S engine models)
E43 E181 Engine horness	E183	Winch relay
E69 E202 Engine narhess	E211	Neutral position switch (ECCS engine M/T models)
	(E212)	4WD switch
E70 E201 Engine harness	(E213)	Transfer neutral switch
E69 E202 Engine narness	E219	Engine coolant temperature sensor (TD engine models)

## GROUND DISTRIBUTION/LHD MODELS

## Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)







Body ground (RD engine models)



Body ground (With ABS)

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E66 E203 Engine harness E215 Alternator E53 Body ground (TB engine models)



Body ground (TD engine models)

## Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)

#### **RD ENGINE**

Engine



	CON-	
	NECTOR	CONNECT TO
	NUMBER	
•	<b>F8</b>	ECM (ECCS-D control module) (No. 106)
F16	<b>F8</b>	ECM (ECCS-D control module) (No. 112)
round		ECM (ECCS-D control module) (No. 118)
ground	<b>(F10</b>	Charge air cooler fan motor



## Main Harness



		CON- NECTOR NUMBER	CONNECT TO
	•	МЗ	Fuse block (J/B) (No. 3A)
	•	M7	Data link connector for CONSULT
Body ground	•	M11	Headlamp aiming switch
	•	M12	ASCD main switch (No. 4)
	•	(M12)	ASCD main switch (No. 6)
	•	M13	Heat up switch (No. 2) (RD engine models)
	•	M13	Heat up switch (No. 4) (RD engine models)
	•	M14)	Door mirror remote control switch
	•	M15	ASCD hold relay
	•	M17	ASCD control unit
	<b>•</b>	M39	Illumination control switch
	•	M66	Super lock control unit
	•	M89	Rear fog lamp relay
	•	(M107)	A/T check switch
	•	M108	Front fog lamp switch
	•	M111	Heated seat relay
	• 	M115	Check connector (TB42S engine models)
B To M30	B19 Body harness	B13	Rear cooler switch (No. 3) (With front auto A/C)
	M22 D1 Front door harness (Driver side)	D3	Door mirror defogger (Driver side)
	Front door harness (Driver side)	D5	Power window main switch
	M22 D1 Front door harness (Driver side)	<b>D6</b>	Key cylinder switch LH (With super lock)
	Front door harness (Driver side)	D7)	Front door lock actuator assembly LH (With super lock)
	Front door harness (Driver side)	<b>D</b> 8	Front door lock switch (Driver side) (Without multi-remote control system)
Main harness B19 Body harness	M22 D1 Front door harness (Driver side)		Front door lock actuator (Driver side) (With multi-remote control system)





В то (М19)	CON- NECTOR NUMBER	CONNECT TO
	(M32)	Combination meter (No. 5)
	(M33)	Combination meter (No. 13)
	(M33)	Combination meter (No. 20)
Body ground	(M37)	Combination flasher unit
•	(M38)	Mode door motor (With front auto A/C)
•	(M40)	Air mix door motor (With front auto A/C)
•	(M41)	Smart entrance control unit
•	(M44)	Stabilizer control unit
•	(M46)	Rear window defogger switch (No. 2)
•	(M46)	Rear window defogger switch (No. 4)
•	(M46)	Rear window defogger switch (No. 6)
•	(M47)	Headlamp wiper switch (No. 5)
•	(M47)	Headlamp wiper switch (No. 7)
•	(M48)	Sub fuel tank switch (No. 2)
•	M48	Sub fuel tank switch (No. 6)
•	(M49)	Hazard switch
•	(M67)	Diff lock switch
•	(M69)	Sub fuel tank control unit
	(M100)	Stabilizer switch

D To M98

	View with glo M98 Blower motor	ve box assembly removed		
Ø	To (M30)		CON- NECTOR NUMBER	CONNECT TO
	(M98)		<u>(M16</u> )	Glow control unit (TD engine models except for cold areas)
			M42	Cigarette lighter
	Body ground		M53	Rear heater front switch (No. 2)
			M53	Rear heater front switch (No. 9)
	•	M81 M82 Main harness	(M54)	Air bag diagnosis sensor unit
	•		M55	Multi-remote control unit
	•		M61)	Rear cooler front switch (Wagon models with front manual A/C)
	•		M68	Diff lock control unit
	•		M71)	Fan switch (With front manual A/C)
	•		M73	Fan switch illumination (With front manual A/C)
	•		M74)	Recirculation switch (With front manual A/C)
	•		M75	A/C auto amp. (With front auto A/C)
	_		M78	Fan control amp. (With front auto A/C)
(M95)	Main harness		(M91)	Power window relay
(B104)	Body No. 2 harness		(M106)	Glow control unit (TD engine models for cold areas)
	•	M84 D21 Front door harness (Passenger side)	(M109)	Rear cooler front switch (Wagon models with front auto A/C for the Middle East)
	•	M84 D21 Front door harness (Passenger side)	D23	Door mirror defogger (Passenger side)
		HB4 D21 Front door harness (Passenger side)	D26	Key cylinder switch RH (With super lock)
			D28	Front door lock actuator assembly RH (With super lock)
Ē	To <b>B112</b>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



## **Body Harness**



### Body No. 2 Harness

## Back Door and Rear Window Defogger Harness



# D123 Rear window defogger RH

(D124)

Body ground

## **Room Lamp Harness**



	CON- NECTOR NUMBER	CONNECT TO
	R2	Vanity mirror lamp RH
•	R4)	Map lamp
•	R6	Vanity mirror lamp LH
•	R5	Compass and thermo meter

```
Body ground
```

CEL734

## Engine Room Harness



Г		
	CON- NECTOR NUMBER	CONNECT TO
•	E4	Cornering lamp relay
E40 +	<b>E</b> 5	Air conditioner relay
	<b>E</b> 6	Auto-choke relay (TB42S engine models)
	<b>E</b> 7	Bulb check relay (Except for TB42S engine models)
Body	(E37)	Cooling fan motor-2 (TB45E engine M/T models)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(E38)	Headlamp wiper motor RH
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(E41)	Headlamp aiming motor RH
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(E45)	Headlamp RH
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(E49)	Front combination lamp RH
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(E52)	Inhibitor relay (A/T models)
•	(E55)	Side turn signal lamp RH
•	(E57)	Wiper deicer
	E58	Front wiper motor
	(E59)	Glow relay-1 (TD engine models)
	(E63)	Park/Neutral position relay (A/T models with ASCD)
	(E75)	Fuel filter switch (Diesel engine models)
•	E76	Brake fluid level switch
•	(E79)	Front fog lamp RH
•	(E92)	A/C cut relay (Except for ECCS engine models)
A To E25 +	(E96)	IACV-FICD solenoid valve (TD engine models)
- •	(E100)	ISC-FI POT control solenoid valve (TB42S engine models)
•	(E118)	Combination switch (Rear wiper switch)
	(E120)	Combination switch (Front wiper switch)
E69 E202 Engine harness	(E211)	Neutral position switch (ECCS engine M/T models)
	(E212)	4WD switch
	(E213)	Transfer neutral switch
E69 E202 Engine harness	(E219)	Engine coolant temperature sensor (TD engine models)

## Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)

A To(E40)		adlamp LH	
		CON- NECTOR NUMBER	CONNECT TO
	E104 M86 Main harness	(M33)	Combination meter (No. 19) (Without ABS)
	•	(E10)	Diff lock solenoid (No. 3)
	•	(E10)	Diff lock solenoid (No. 4)
Body ground	•	(E19)	Power antenna
	+	(E20)	Side turn signal lamp LH
	•	(E24)	Front combination lamp LH
	•	(E26)	Headlamp aiming motor LH
	•	(E30)	Headlamp LH
		(E31)	Distributor (TB42S engine models)
	•	(E33)	Headlamp wiper motor LH
	•	(E36)	Cooling fan motor-1 (No. 2)
	•	E36	Cooling fan motor-1 (No. 4)
	•	(E80)	Front fog lamp LH
	•	(E94)	Engine coolant temperature switch-1 (Except for ECCS engine models)
	<b>•</b>	(E121)	Condenser (TB42S engine models)
	Engine room sub harness	(E183)	Winch relay

## GROUND DISTRIBUTION/RHD MODELS

## Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)





Body ground (RD engine models)



Body ground (With ABS)





Body ground (TD engine models)

## Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)

#### **RD ENGINE**



	CON- NECTOR NUMBER	CONNECT TO
	<b>F8</b>	ECM (ECCS-D control module) (No. 106)
<b>F16</b>	 <b>F8</b>	ECM (ECCS-D control module) (No. 112)
	 <b>F8</b>	ECM (ECCS-D control module) (No. 118)
Engine ground	F10	Charge air cooler fan motor





## Main Harness

Front door harness (Driver side)

Front door harness (Driver side)

D1

D1

D1)

M22)

M22

(M22)

(M20) Main harness

(C) To (B23)

Body harness

(B19)

D7

(D8)

(D9)

(With super lock)

Front door lock switch (Driver side)

(Without multi-remote control system) Front door lock actuator (Driver side) (With multi-remote control system)

CEL803



B To (M98)	CON- NECTOR	CONNECT TO
	NUMBER	
	M37	Combination flasher unit
M30 •	M38	Mode door motor (With front auto A/C)
	(M39)	Illumination control switch
Body <sup>-</sup> ground	(M40)	Air mix door motor (With front auto A/C)
•	(M41)	Smart entrance control unit
•	M42	Cigarette lighter
•	M43	Seat belt timer (Without sub fuel tank for Australia)
•	(M44)	Stabilizer control unit
•	(M46)	Rear window defogger switch (No. 2)
•	(M46)	Rear window defogger switch (No. 4)
•	M46	Rear window defogger switch (No. 6)
•	M47	Headlamp wiper switch (No. 5)
•	(M47)	Headlamp wiper switch (No. 7)
•	M48	Sub fuel tank switch (No. 2)
•	M48	Sub fuel tank switch (No. 6)
•	(M49)	Hazard switch
•	M69	Sub fuel tank control unit
	(M100)	Stabilizer switch

D ™ M19

## **GROUND DISTRIBUTION/RHD MODELS**

## Main Harness (Cont'd)



(E) To (B112)


# **Body Harness**

B29 Body harness

(D101) Back door harness RH

# Body No. 2 Harness



Back door harness LH

#### 

(D81)

# Back Door and Rear Window Defogger Harness



(D124)

Body ground

# **Room Lamp Harness**



Body ground

CEL799

#### CAUTION:

If it becomes necessary to start the engine with a booster battery and jumper cables,

- a. Use a 12-volt booster battery.
- b. After connecting battery cables, ensure that they are tightly clamped to battery terminals for good contact.
- c. Never add distilled water through the hole used to check specific gravity.





Thermometer

Ø,

Hydrometer

MEL042F

# How to Handle Battery

#### METHODS OF PREVENTING OVER-DISCHARGE

The following precautions must be taken to prevent over-discharging a battery.

- The battery surface (particularly its top) should always be kept clean and dry.
- The terminal connections should be clean and tight.
- At every routine maintenance, check the electrolyte level. This also applies to batteries designated as "low maintenance" and "maintenance-free".
- When the vehicle is not going to be used over a long period of time, disconnect the negative battery terminal.

• Check the charge condition of the battery. Periodically check the specific gravity of the electrolyte. Keep a close check on charge condition to prevent over-discharge.

#### CHECKING ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

#### WARNING:

Do not allow battery fluid to come in contact with skin, eyes, fabrics, or painted surfaces. After touching a battery, do not touch or rub your eyes until you have thoroughly washed your hands. If acid contacts eyes, skin or clothing, immediately flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

# How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

- Remove the cell plug using a suitable tool.
- Add distilled water up to the MAX level.





#### SULPHATION

A battery will be completely discharged if it is left unattended for a long time and the specific gravity will become less than 1.100. This may result in sulphation on the cell plates.

To determine if a battery has been "sulphated", note its voltage and current when charging it. As shown in the figure, less current and higher voltage are observed in the initial stage of charging sulphated batteries.

A sulphated battery may sometimes be brought back into service by means of a long, slow charge, 12 hours or more, followed by a battery capacity test.

#### SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK

1. Read hydrometer and thermometer indications at eye level.



# How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

2. Convert into specific gravity at 20°C (68°F).

- Example:
- When electrolyte temperature is 35°C (95°F) and specific gravity of electrolyte is 1.230, converted specific gravity at 20°C (68°F) is 1.240.
- When electrolyte temperature is 0°C (32°F) and specific gravity of electrolyte is 1.210, converted specific gravity at 20°C (68°F) is 1.196.



#### BATTERY

**Battery Test and Charging Chart** 



\* "STANDARD CHARGE" is recommended if the vehicle is in storage after charging.

# BATTERY



# Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)

- Check battery type and determine the specified current using the following table.
- Fig. 1 DISCHARGING CURRENT

#### (Load Tester)

Туре	Current (A)
28B19R(L)	90
34B19R(L)	99
46B24R(L)	135
55B24R(L)	135
50D23R(L)	150
55D23R(L)	180
65D26R(L)	195
80D26R(L)	195
75D31R(L)	210
95D31R(L)	240
115D31R(L)	240
95E41R(L)	300
130E41R(L)	330



SEL008Z

#### BATTERY Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)



Fig. 2 INITIAL CHARGING CURRENT SETTING (Slow charge)

					I	ЗАТТ	ERY	TYF	ΡĒ				
CON- VERTED SPECIFIC GRAVITY	28B19R(L)	34B19R(L)	46B24R(L)	55B24R(L)	50D23R(L)	55D23R(L)	65D26R(L)	80D26R(L)	75D31R(L)	95D31R(L)	115D31R(L)	95E41R(L)	130E41R(L)
Below 1.100	4 (/	.0 \)	5 (/	.0 A)	7 (/	.0 \)	8. (/	.0 \)	9.0 (A)		10.0 (A)		14.0 (A)

 Check battery type and determine the specified current using the table shown above.

• After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary.



Fig. 3 ADDITIONAL CHARGE (Slow charge)

#### **CAUTION:**

- Set charging current to value specified in Fig. 2. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F).

# BATTERY



# Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)

Fig. 4 INITIAL CHARGING CURRENT SETTING

(Standard charge)

	BATTERY TYPE																		
CON- VERTED SPECIFIC GRAVITY	28B19R(L)	34B19R(L)	46B24R(L)	55B24R(L)	50D23R(L)	55D23R(L)	65D26R(L)	80D26R(L)	75D31R(L)	95D31R(L)	115D31R(L)	95E41R(L)	130E41R(L)						
1.100 - 1.130	4.0	(A)	5.0 (A)		6.0 (A)		7.0 (A)		8.0 (A)	9.0 (A)		13.0 (A)							
1.130 - 1.160	3.0	(A)	4.0 (A)		5.0 (A)		6.0	(A)	7.0 (A)	8	3.0 (A	)	11.0 (A)						
1.160 - 1.190	2.0	(A)	3.0 (A)		4.0 (A)		5.0	(A)	6.0 (A)	7	7.0 (A	)	9.0 (A)						
1.190 - 1.220	2.0	(A)	2.0	2.0 (A)		3.0 (A)		3.0 (A)		3.0 (A)		3.0 (A)		(A)	5.0 (A)	ţ	5.0 (A	)	7.0 (A)

Check battery type and determine the specified current using the table shown above.After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary.





Go to "CAPACITY TEST".

#### CAUTION:

- Do not use standard charge method on a battery whose specific gravity is less than 1.100.
- Set charging current to value specified in Fig. 4. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F).

# BATTERY

# Battery Test and Charging Chart (Cont'd)



	charge)													
ΒΑΤΊ	ERY TYPE	28B19R(L)	34B19R(L)	46B24R(L)	55B24R(L)	50D23R(L)	55D23R(L)	65D26R(L)	80D26R(L)	75D31R(L)	95D31R(L)	115D31R(L)	95E41R(L)	130E41R(L)
CUR	RENT [A]	10 (A) 15 (A)			)	20 (A)					30 (A)			
ΑνιτΥ	1.100 - 1.130	2.5 hours												
FIC GR	1.130 - 1.160	2.0 hours												
SPECI	1.160 - 1.190	1.5 hours												
ERTED	1.190 - 1.220	1.0 hours												
CONV	Above 1.220	0.75 hours (45 min.)												

Fig. 6 INITIAL CHARGING CURRENT SETTING AND CHARGING TIME (Quick

• Check battery type and determine the specified current using the table shown above.

• After starting charging, adjustment of charging current is not necessary.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Do not use quick charge method on a battery whose specific gravity is less than 1.100.
- Set initial charging current to value specified in Fig. 6. If charger is not capable of producing specified current value, set its charging current as close to that value as possible.
- Keep battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting charger, connect leads first, then turn on charger. Do not turn on charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- Be careful of a rise in battery temperature because a large current flow is required during quickcharge operation.

If battery temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery when its temperature is below 60°C (140°F).

• Do not exceed the charging time specified in Fig. 6, because charging battery over the charging time can cause deterioration of the battery.

# Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

Applied	RD	028
model	Standard	Cold areas for Europe
Туре	95D31L	115D31L
Capacity V-AH	12-80	12-80



# Wiring Diagram — START —

# **Trouble Diagnoses**

#### If any abnormality is found, immediately disconnect battery negative terminal.



# Construction





# **Removal and Installation**



#### Inspection

#### **MAGNETIC SWITCH CHECK**

- Before starting to check, disconnect battery ground cable.
- Disconnect "M" terminal of starter motor.
- 1. Continuity test (between "S" terminal and switch body).
- No continuity ... Replace.

# **STARTING SYSTEM**

# Inspection (Cont'd)

2. From battery 'M'' terminal Ohmmeter

SEL038H



No continuity ... Replace.





# **PINION/CLUTCH CHECK**

- Inspect pinion teeth. 1.
- Replace pinion if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check con-dition of ring gear teeth.)
- Inspect reduction gear teeth (If equipped). 2.
- Replace reduction gear if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of armature shaft gear teeth.)
- 3. Check to see if pinion locks in one direction and rotates smoothly in the opposite direction.
- If it locks or rotates in both directions, or unusual resistance is evident. ... Replace.

# **BRUSH CHECK**

#### Brush

Check wear of brush. Wear limit length:

Refer to SDS (EL-51).

Excessive wear ... Replace.





# Brush spring pressure

Check brush spring pressure with brush spring detached from brush.

#### Spring pressure (with new brush): Refer to SDS (EL-51).

Not within the specified values ... Replace.

# **Brush holder**

- 1. Perform insulation test between brush holder (positive side) and its base (negative side).
- Continuity exists. ... Replace. •
- 2. Check brush to see if it moves smoothly.
- If brush holder is bent, replace it; if sliding surface is dirty, clean. •

# STARTING SYSTEM



- 4. Check diameter of commutator. Commutator minimum diameter: Refer to SDS (EL-51).
- Refer to SDS (EL-51).
   Less than specified value ... Replace.

SEL020Z

Vernier caliper

Commutator

SEL021Z

# Inspection (Cont'd)



#### 5. Check depth of insulating mold from commutator surface.

 Less than 0.2 mm (0.008 in) ... Undercut to 0.5 to 0.8 mm (0.020 to 0.031 in)

# Assembly

Apply high-temperature grease to lubricate the bearing, gears and frictional surface when assembling the starter. Carefully observe the following instructions.





# PINION PROTRUSION LENGTH ADJUSTMENT

#### Clearance " $\ell$ "

With pinion driven out by magnetic switch, push pinion back to remove slack and measure clearance " $\ell$ " between the front edge of the pinion and the pinion stopper.

Clearance "*ℓ*": Refer to SDS (EL-51).

#### Movement "*l*"

Compare movement " $\ell$ " in height of pinion when it is pushed out with magnetic switch energized and when it is pulled out by hand until it touches stopper.

Movement ''ℓ": Refer to SDS (EL-51).

# STARTING SYSTEM

# Assembly (Cont'd)



• Not in the specified value ... Adjust by adjusting plate.

# Service Data and Specifications (SDS) STARTER

	S13-502			
Туре	HITACHI make			
	Reduction gear type			
Applied model	RD28			
System voltage V	12			
No-load				
Terminal voltage V	11			
Current A	Less than 125			
Revolution rpm	4,000			
Minimum diameter of commutator mm (in)	35.5 (1.398)			
Minimum length of brush mm (in)	11 (0.43)			
Brush spring tension N (kg, lb)	28.4 - 34.3 (2.9 - 3.5, 6.4 - 7.7)			
Clearance between bearing metal and armature shaft mm (in)	_			
Clearance " $\ell$ " between pinion front edge and pinion stopper mm (in)	_			
Movement " $\ell$ " in height of pinion assembly mm (in)	0.3 - 2.0 (0.012 - 0.079)			



EL-52

# **Trouble Diagnoses**

Before conducting an alternator test, make sure that the battery is fully charged. A 30-volt voltmeter and suitable test probes are necessary for the test. The alternator can be checked easily by referring to the Inspection Table.

- Before starting, inspect the fusible link.
- Use fully charged battery.

#### WITH IC REGULATOR



Warning lamp: "CHARGE" warning lamp in combination meter

Note:

- If the inspection result is OK even though the charging system is malfunctioning, check the B terminal connection. (Check the tightening torque.)
- When field circuit is open, check condition of rotor coil, rotor slip ring and brush. If necessary, replace faulty parts with new ones.

#### MALFUNCTION INDICATOR

The IC regulator warning function activates to illuminate "CHARGE" warning lamp, if any of the following symptoms occur while alternator is operating:

- Excessive voltage is produced.
- No voltage is produced.

# Construction





# **Removal and Installation**

CAUTION:

- Start service operation after removing the negative terminal from the battery.
- Also remove the undercover, if equipped, before servicing.



# Disassembly

**REAR COVER** 

CAUTION:

Rear cover may be hard to remove because a ring is used to lock outer race of rear bearing. To facilitate removal of rear cover, heat just bearing box section with a 200W soldering iron.

Do not use a heat gun, as it can damage diode assembly.

# **CHARGING SYSTEM**

# **Disassembly (Cont'd)**

#### **REAR BEARING**

#### CAUTION:

- Do not reuse rear bearing after removal. Replace with a new one.
- Do not lubricate rear bearing outer race.



# Inspection

#### **ROTOR CHECK**

- 1. Resistance test
  - Resistance: Refer to SDS (EL-56).
- Not within the specified values ... Replace rotor.
- 2. Insulator test
- Continuity exists ... Replace rotor.
- 3. Check slip ring for wear. Slip ring minimum outer diameter: Refer to SDS (EL-56).
- Not within the specified values ... Replace rotor. **BRUSH CHECK**
- 1. Check smooth movement of brush.
- Not smooth ... Check brush holder and clean.
- 2. Check brush for wear.
- Replace brush if it is worn down to the limit line.



# Ohmmeter Charles View of the second second

# STATOR CHECK

1. Continuity test

SEL631DA

• No continuity ... Replace stator.

2. Ground test

Continuity exists ... Replace stator.

EL-55



# Assembly

#### **RING FITTING IN REAR BEARING**

• Fix ring into groove in rear bearing so that it is as close to the adjacent area as possible.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse rear bearing after removal.

#### **REAR COVER INSTALLATION**

- 1. Fit brush assembly, diode assembly, regulator assembly and stator.
- 2. Push brushes up with fingers and install them to rotor. **Take care not to damage slip ring sliding surface.**



# Service Data and Specifications (SDS) ALTERNATOR

-	A3TA4399
Туре	MITSUBISHI
Applied model	RD28
Nominal rating V-A	12-100
Ground polarity	Negative
Minimum revolution under no-load (When 13.5V is applied) rpm	Less than 1,300
Hot output current (When 13.5V is applied) A/rpm	More than 35/1,300 More than 72/2,500
Regulated output voltage	/ 14.1 - 14.7
Minimum length of brush mm (in	5 (0.20)
Brush spring pressure N (g, oz	4.6 - 5.8 (470 - 590, 16.58 - 20.81)
Slip ring minimum outer diameter mm (in	22.1 (0.870)
Rotor (Field coil) resistance	2 2.1 - 2.5

Check

#### RHD MODELS AND LHD MODELS



CEL781



#### Replacement

For removal and installation of spiral cable, refer to RS section ["Installation — Air Bag Module and Spiral Cable", "SUPPLE-MENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS)"].

- Each switch can be replaced without removing combination switch base.
- To remove combination switch base, remove base attaching screw.

• Before installing the steering wheel, align the steering wheel guide pins with the screws which secure the combination switch as shown in the left figure.



Check

WITH ASCD





CEL782

# **STEERING SWITCH**

# Check (Cont'd)

#### WITHOUT ASCD







# Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order
LH headlamps do not operate.	<ol> <li>Bulb</li> <li>Grounds (E25) and (E40)</li> <li>15A fuse</li> <li>Lighting switch</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check bulb.</li> <li>Check grounds (E35) and (E40).</li> <li>Check 15A fuse (No. 51), located in fuse and fusible link box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (8) of lighting switch.</li> <li>Check lighting switch.</li> </ol>
RH headlamps do not operate.	<ol> <li>Bulb</li> <li>Grounds (E25) and (E40)</li> <li>15A fuse</li> <li>Lighting switch</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check bulb.</li> <li>Check grounds (E35) and (E40).</li> <li>Check 15A fuse (No. 52], located in fuse and fusible link box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (5) of lighting switch.</li> <li>Check lighting switch.</li> </ol>
LH high beams do not operate, but LH low beam operates.	<ol> <li>Bulbs</li> <li>Open in LH high beams circuit</li> <li>Lighting switch</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check bulbs.</li> <li>Check R/L wire between lighting switch and LH head- lamps for an open circuit.</li> <li>Check lighting switch.</li> </ol>
LH low beam does not operate, but LH high beam operates.	<ol> <li>Bulb</li> <li>Open in LH low beam circuit</li> <li>Lighting switch</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check bulb.</li> <li>Check R/G wire between lighting switch and LH head- lamp for an open circuit.</li> <li>Check lighting switch.</li> </ol>
RH high beams do not operate, but RH low beam operates.	<ol> <li>Bulbs</li> <li>Open in RH high beams circuit</li> <li>Lighting switch</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check bulbs.</li> <li>Check R/Y wire between lighting switch and RH head- lamps for an open circuit.</li> <li>Check lighting switch.</li> </ol>
RH low beam does not operate, but RH high beam operates.	<ol> <li>Bulb</li> <li>Open in RH low beam circuit</li> <li>Lighting switch</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check bulb.</li> <li>Check R/B wire between lighting switch and RH head- lamp for an open circuit.</li> <li>Check lighting switch.</li> </ol>
High beam indicator does not work.	<ol> <li>Bulb</li> <li>Grounds (M30) and (M98)</li> <li>Open in high beam circuit</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check bulb in combination meter.</li> <li>Check grounds (M30) and (M98).</li> <li>Check R/L wire between lighting switch and combination meter for an open circuit.</li> </ol>



# **Bulb Replacement**

The headlamp is a semi-sealed beam type which uses a replaceable halogen bulb. The bulb can be replaced from the engine compartment side without removing the headlamp body.

- Grasp only the plastic base when handling the bulb. Never touch the glass envelope.
- 1. Disconnect the battery cable.
- 2. Turn the bulb retaining ring counterclockwise until it is free from the headlamp reflector, and then remove it.
- 3. Disconnect the harness connector from the back side of the bulb.
- 4. Remove the headlamp bulb carefully. Do not shake or rotate the bulb when removing it.
- 5. Install in the reverse order of removal.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not leave headlamp reflector without bulb for a long period of time. Dust, moisture, smoke, etc. entering headlamp body may affect the performance of the headlamp. Remove headlamp bulb from the headlamp reflector just before a replacement bulb is installed.

# **Aiming Adjustment**

When performing headlamp aiming adjustment, use an aiming machine, aiming wall screen or headlamp tester. Aimers should be in good repair, calibrated and operated in accordance with respective operation manuals.

If any aimer is not available, aiming adjustment can be done as follows:

For details, refer to the regulations in your own country.

- a. Keep all tires inflated to correct pressures.
- b. Place vehicle and tester on one and same flat surface.
- c. See that there is no-load in vehicle (coolant, engine oil filled up to correct level and full fuel tank) other than the driver (or equivalent weight placed in driver's position).



#### CAUTION:

Be sure aiming switch is set to "0" when performing aiming adjustment on vehicles equipped with headlamp aiming control.

# HEADLAMP — Conventional Type –



= ACCEPTABLE RANGE

SEL254I

С

# Aiming Adjustment (Cont'd)

### LOW BEAM

- 1. Turn headlamp low beam on.
- 2. Use adjusting screws to perform aiming adjustment.
- First tighten the adjusting screw all the way and then make adjustment by loosening the screw.
- Adjust headlamps so that main axis of light is parallel to center line of body and is aligned with point P shown in illustration.
- Figure to the left shows headlamp aiming pattern for driving on right side of road; for driving on left side of road, aiming pattern is reversed.
- Dotted lines in illustration show center of headlamp.
- "H": Horizontal center line of headlamps
  - Distance between each headlamp center
- "W<sub>L</sub>": "L": 5,000 mm (196.85 in)
- "C": 63 mm (2.48 in)

# **System Description**

#### OPERATION

Headlamp system on vehicles for North Europe contains a daytime light system. The unit operates to illuminate headlamps low beam, parking, tail, license lamps and illuminations automatically in the following conditions.

• The engine is running with lighting switch in OFF position.

When the any of following conditions exists, the daytime light operation will be canceled.

- Ignition switch is in any position other than ON
- Engine is stopped
- Lighting switch is turned to 1st or 2nd position.

If the daytime light system is canceled, lighting switch operations are the same as for conventional light system.

#### DAYTIME LIGHT IS OPERATING





With engine running, power is supplied

- from alternator terminal L
- through daytime light control unit terminal (8)
- to base of transistor-2 in the daytime light control unit.

The transistor-2 supplies ground path to all relays. Then the relays energize to illuminate lamps.

# System Description (Cont'd)

#### DAYTIME LIGHT IS CALCELED (Lighting switch in 1st or 2nd position or ignition switch in START position)



• Ignition switch is in START position

• Lighting switch is in 1st or 2nd position.

When one of the above conditions exists, power is supplied

- to base of the transistor-1 in daytime light control unit
- through daytime light control unit terminal 1 or 6.

And then, power supply path to the base transistor-2 is interrupted to cancel daytime light operation.



Wiring Diagram — DTRL —


# **Trouble Diagnoses**

### DAYTIME LIGHT CONTROL UNIT INSPECTION TABLE

Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated condition		Voltage (V) (Approximate values)
1	Power source for illumi- nation & tail lamp	_	—		12
2	Power source for head- lamp LH	_	_		12
3	Power source for head- lamp RH	_	—		12
4	Headlamp RH	Ο	ON (daytime light operating*)		12
			OFF		0
5	Headlamp LH	0	ON (daytime light operating*)		12
			OFF		0
6	Start signal	I	Ignition switch	START	12
				ON, ACC or OFF	0
7	Power source	_	Ignition switch	ON or START	12
				ACC or OFF	0
8	Alternator "L" terminal	I	Engine	Running	12
				Stopped	0
9	Ground	_			—
10	Illumination & tail lamp	0	ON (daytime light operating*)		12
			OFF		0
11	Lighting switch	I	1ST-2ND position		12
			OFF		0

\*: Daytime light operating: Lighting switch in "OFF" position with engine running.

# **Bulb Replacement**

Refer to "HEADLAMP" (EL-63).

# **Aiming Adjustment**

Refer to "HEADLAMP" (EL-63).







# System Description

## **CIRCUIT OPERATION**

# [Example]

### Aiming switch "0"

• When the aiming switch is set to "0", the motor will not start. This is because the power terminals are positioned at the nonconductive section of the sensor's rotary unit.

### Aiming switch "0" $\rightarrow$ "1"

- When the aiming switch is moved from "0" to "1", the sensor's conductive section activates the relay. Power is supplied through the relay to the motor. The headlamps will then move in the "DOWN" direction.
- The motor continues to rotate while the rotary unit of the sensor moves from point A to point B.
- The power terminals will then be positioned at the nonconductive section, disconnecting the power to the motor. The motor will then stop.

## Aiming switch "1" $\rightarrow$ "0"

- When the aiming switch is moved from "1" to "0", the sensor's conductive section activates the relay. Power is supplied through the relay to the motor. The motor will rotate to move the headlamps in the "UP" direction.
- When the rotary unit of the sensor moves from point B to point A, the motor will stop.





EL-H/AIM-02



Wiring Diagram — TAIL/L —/Type A

LHD MODELS





EL-TAIL/L-02



# Wiring Diagram — TAIL/L —/Type B

#### **RHD MODELS**















TEL640A



TEL641A

Wiring Diagram — TURN —/Type A

#### LHD MODELS





YEL790A

# Wiring Diagram — TURN —/Type B

#### **RHD MODELS**





# **Trouble Diagnoses**

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order	
Turn signal and hazard warning lamps do not operate.	<ol> <li>Hazard switch</li> <li>Combination flasher unit</li> <li>Open in combination flasher unit circuit</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check hazard switch.</li> <li>Refer to combination flasher unit check.</li> <li>Check wiring to combination flasher unit for open circuit.</li> </ol>	
Turn signal lamps do not operate but hazard warning lamps operate.	1. 7.5A fuse	<ol> <li>Check 7.5A fuse [No. 11], located in fuse block (J/B)]. Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal ② of hazard switch.</li> </ol>	
	2. Hazard switch	2. Check hazard switch.	
	3. Turn signal switch	3. Check turn signal switch.	
	4. Open in turn signal switch circuit	<ol> <li>Check names between combination hasher unit and turn signal switch for open circuit.</li> </ol>	
Hazard warning lamps do not oper- ate but turn signal lamps operate.	1. 15A fuse	<ol> <li>Check 10A fuse (No. 48), located in fuse and fusible link box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (3) of hazard switch.</li> </ol>	
	2. Hazard switch	2. Check hazard switch.	
	3. Open in hazard switch circuit	<ol> <li>Check harness between combination flasher unit and hazard switch for open circuit.</li> </ol>	
Front turn signal lamp LH or RH does not operate.	<ol> <li>Bulb</li> <li>Grounds E25 and E40</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check bulb.</li> <li>Check grounds (E25) and (E40).</li> </ol>	
Rear turn signal lamp LH or RH does not operate.	<ol> <li>Bulb</li> <li>Grounds (B23) and (D83) or (B112) and (D106)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check bulb.</li> <li>Check grounds (B23) and (D83) or (B112) and (D106).</li> </ol>	
LH and RH turn indicators do not operate.	1. Ground	1. Check grounds (M30) and (M98).	
LH or RH turn indicator does not operate.	1. Bulb	1. Check bulb in combination meter.	



# **Electrical Components Inspection**

## COMBINATION FLASHER UNIT CHECK

- Before checking, ensure that bulbs meet specifications.
- Connect a battery and test lamp to the combination flasher unit, as shown. Combination flasher unit is properly functioning if it blinks when power is supplied to the circuit.



Schematic

TEL417A



TEL418A











# **System Description**

Front interior room lamp timer is controlled by smart entrance control unit while interior room lamp switch is in the "DOOR" position.

Smart entrance control unit does not control rear interior room lamp.

### TIMER OPERATION

Interior room lamp timer keeps interior room lamp illuminated for about 15 seconds when:

- driver's door is unlocked while key is out of ignition key cylinder,
- key is withdrawn from ignition key cylinder while driver's door is closed, and
- driver's door is opened and then closed while ignition switch is not in the "ON" position.

The timer is cancelled, and interior room lamp turns off when:

- driver's door is locked, or
- ignition switch is turned "ON".

#### **ON-OFF CONTROL**

When the front driver side door, front passenger side door, rear LH door, rear RH door or back door is opened, interior room lamp turns on.

When driver side door is opened and then closed while ignition switch is not in the ON position, interior room lamp timer operates. (Timer does not operate when doors other than the driver side door is opened and closed.)



Schematic

TEL611A



# Wiring Diagram — ROOM/L —/LHD Models

TEL607A







# Wiring Diagram — ROOM/L —/RHD Models

TEL646A







**EL-101** 

# **System Description**

#### UNIFIED CONTROL METER

- Speedometer, odo/trip meter, tachometer, fuel gauge and water temperature gauge are controlled totally by control unit combined with speedometer.
- Digital meter is adopted for odo/trip meter.\*
   \*The record of the odo meter is kept even if the battery cable is disconnected. The record of the trip meter is erased when the battery cable is disconnected.
- Odo/trip meter segment can be checked in diagnosis mode.
- Meter/gauge can be checked in diagnosis mode.

Note: Sub fuel gauge is not controlled by the control unit.

### HOW TO CHANGE THE DISPLAY FOR ODO/TRIP METER



Note: Turn ignition switch to the "ON" position to operate odo/trip meter.



### **Combination Meter**

CEL785




TEL427A



# EL-106

#### **METER AND GAUGES** Wiring Diagram — METER —/RHD Models (Cont'd) **EL-METER-04** WATER TEMP. GAUGE FUEL GAUGE Preceding page Ы 99 COMBINATION METER FPC CONNECTOR SUB FUEL GAUGE φġ 99 UNIFIED METER CONTROL UNIT (M32) , (M35) (With speedometer and odo/trip meter) δ Q FPC CONNECTOR ē ē SF 47 5 46 Y/R G/Y G TE: TB45E engine models XT : Except for TB45E engine models M96 (M96) 14 (B102) (B102) SF: With sub fuel tank G/Y G (B123) (B125) 4 G/Y (C1)C2 Y/R 58K (M21) 1 Y/R (E127) SUB FUEL TANK GAUGE UNIT TXX Y/R FUEL TANK GAUGE UNIT Z M52 C8: SF (F7) (C11) Y/R (E70) 3 10 Y/R 2 (E201) B (C2)(C1)(B125) 6 (B123) T В ÔKŒ Y/F B **1** B 1 THERMAL TRANSMITTER (B116) (D81) В B B B B B E218 : XT (F19): (TE) (M30) (B112) (M98) (D83) Refer to last page (Foldout page). (M21), (E127) $\square$ 12345678910 M32 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 M35 W W 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 4 5 1 (E218) , (F19) B B 12 3 (E201) GY (M52) W 678 123 C8 GV 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 W (135) C11 246 GY 1 2 3 4 5 6 W

# Meter/Gauge Operation and Odo/Trip Meter Segment Check in Diagnosis Mode **DIAGNOSIS FUNCTION**

- Odo/trip meter segment can be checked in diagnosis mode.
- Meters/gauges (except for sub fuel gauge) can be checked in diagnosis mode.

#### HOW TO ALTERNATE DIAGNOSIS MODE

- 1. Turn ignition switch to ON and change odo/trip meter to "TRIP A" or "TRIP B".
- Turn ignition switch to OFF. 2.
- Turn ignition switch to ON when pushing odo/trip meter switch.
   Confirm that trip meter indicates "000.0".
- 5. Push odo/trip meter switch more than three times within 5 seconds.



6. All odo/trip meter segments should be turned on.

NOTE: If some segments are not turned on, speedometer (unified meter control unit) with odo/trip meter should be replaced.

At this point, the unified control meter is turned to diagnosis mode.

- 7. Push odo/trip meter switch. Indication of each meter/gauge should be as shown left during pushing odo/trip meter switch if it is no malfunctioning.
- NOTE: It takes about 1 minute for indication of fuel gauge to become stable.

SEL111V

# Flexible Print Circuit (FPC)

Tachometer, fuel gauge and water temperature gauge are connected with unified meter control unit (speedometer) by Flexible Print Circuit (FPC) connector. When replace or remove and install unified control unit (speedometer), disconnect and connect FPC connector according to the following steps.



#### DISCONNECT

- 1. Open connector cover.
- 2. Release connector lock by holding both ends of it and pulling it up.
- 3. Disconnect FPC by pulling it up.

# Check land terminal

# CONNECT

- 1. Insert FPC into connector and lock connector pushing FPC downward.
- 2. Check secure connection of FPC.
- 3. Check continuity of check land terminal for secure connection of FPC.

#### Resistance: $\mathbf{0}\Omega$

4. Close connector cover.



# **Trouble Diagnoses**

# Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

#### SYMPTOM CHART

#### Symptom chart 1 (Malfunction is indicated in Diagnosis mode)

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Speedometer and/or odo/trip meter indicate(s) malfunction in Diagnosis mode.	<ul> <li>Speedometer (Unified meter control unit)</li> </ul>	• Replace speedometer (unified meter control unit).
Multiple meter/gauge indicate malfunction in Diagnosis mode.		
One of tachometer/fuel gauge/ water temp. gauge indicates malfunction in Diagnosis mode.	<ul> <li>Meter/Gauge</li> <li>Speedometer (Unified meter control unit)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Check resistance of meter/gauge indicating malfunction. If the resistance is NG, replace the meter/gauge. Refer to "METER/GAUGE RESISTANCE CHECK", EL-114.</li> <li>If the resistance is OK, replace speedometer (unified meter control unit).</li> </ol>

#### Symptom chart 2 (No malfunction is indicated in Diagnosis mode)

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Speedometer and odo/trip meter are malfunctioning.	<ol> <li>Sensor         <ul> <li>Speedometer, Odo/Trip meter</li> </ul> </li> <li>FPC connector</li> <li>Speedometer (Unified meter control unit)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check vehicle speed sensor. INSPECTION/VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR (Refer to EL-112.)</li> <li>Check FPC connector. Refer to "Flexible Print Circuit (FPC)", EL-109.</li> <li>Replace speedometer (unified meter control unit).</li> </ol>
Multiple meter/gauge are mal- functioning. (except speedometer, odo/trip meter)	<ol> <li>FPC connector</li> <li>Speedometer (Unified meter control unit)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check FPC connector. Refer to "Flexible Print Circuit (FPC)", EL-109.</li> <li>Replace speedometer (unified meter control unit).</li> </ol>
One of tachometer/fuel gauge/ water temp. gauge is malfunc- tioning.	<ol> <li>Sensor/Engine revolution signal         <ul> <li>Tachometer</li> <li>Fuel gauge</li> <li>Water temp. gauge</li> </ul> </li> <li>FPC connector</li> <li>Speedometer (Unified meter control unit)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check the sensor for malfunctioning meter/gauge. INSPECTION/ENGINE REVOLUTION SIGNAL (Refer to EL-113.) INSPECTION/FUEL TANK GAUGE (Refer to EL-113.) INSPECTION/THERMAL TRANSMITTER (Refer to EL-114.)</li> <li>Check FPC connector. Refer to "Flexible Print Circuit (FPC)", EL-109.</li> <li>Replace speedometer (unified meter control unit).</li> </ol>

#### Before starting trouble diagnoses above, perform PRELIMINARY CHECK, EL-110.





Terminals		Ignition switch position		
$\oplus$	$\ominus$	OFF	ACC	ON
33	Ground	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	Battery voltage
9	Ground	0V	0V	Battery voltage

**POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK** 

If NG, check the following.

- 7.5A fuse [No. 24], located in fuse block (J/B)] 10A fuse [No. 28], located in fuse block (J/B)]
- Harness for open or short between fuse and combination meter









# **Electrical Components Inspection**

#### **METER/GAUGE RESISTANCE CHECK**

- 1. Disconnect FPC connector. Refer to "Flexible Print Circuit (FPC)" (EL-109).
- 2. Check resistance between installation screws of meter/gauge.

Screws			Posistanao
Tachometer	Fuel/Temp. gauge	Sub fuel gauge	Ω
A - C	A - C	—	Approx. 104 (±5)
B - D	B - C	—	Approx. 134 (±5)
—	—	A - C	Approx. 174 (±5)
—	_	B - C	Approx. 100 (±5)





# Electrical Components Inspection (Cont'd) FUEL TANK GAUGE UNIT CHECK

• For removal, refer to FE section.

Check the resistance between terminals 1 and 2.

Ohm	meter	Float position		Resistance value	
(+)	(-)	mm (in)		(Ω)	
		*1	Full	60 (2.36)	Approx. 4 - 6
1	2	*2	1/2	179 (7.05)	32 - 33
		*3	Empty	270 (10.63)	80 - 83

\*1 and \*3: When float rod is in contact \*with stopper.





# THERMAL TRANSMITTER CHECK

\_\_\_\_

Check the resistance between the terminals of thermal transmitter and body ground.

Water temperature	Resistance (Ω)
60°C (140°F)	Approx. 170 - 210
100°C (212°F)	Approx. 47 - 53

#### VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CHECK

- 1. Remove vehicle speed sensor from transmission.
- 2. Turn vehicle speed sensor pinion quickly and measure voltage between terminals (2) and (1) .

# System Description



This unit displays the following items:

- Earth magnetism and heading direction of vehicle.
- Outside air temperature.
- Caution for frozen road surfaces.

#### **OUTSIDE TEMPERATURE DISPLAY**

Push the switch when the ignition key is in the "ACC" or "ON" position. The outside temperature will be displayed in "°F".

- Selecting the indication range Push the switch to change from "°F" to "°C".
- When the outside temperature drops below freezing point, ICE is displayed on the unit.
- When the outside temperature is between 55°C (130°F) and 70°C (158°F), the display shows 55°C (130°F).
- When the outside temperature is lower than -30°C (-20°F) or higher than 70°C (158°F), the display shows only "---" though it is operating. This is not a problem.
- The indicated temperature on the thermometer is not readily affected by engine heat. It changes only when one of the following conditions is present.
- The temperature detected by the ambient air temperature sensor is lower than the indicated temperature a) on the thermometer.
- The difference in temperature detected during a period of 40 seconds is less than 1°C (1.8°F) when vehicle b) speed has been greater than 24 km/h (15 MPH) for more than 100 seconds. (This is to prevent the indicated temperature from being affected by engine heat or cooling fan operation during low-speed driving.)
- c) The ignition key has been turned to the "OFF" position for more than 4 hours. (The engine is cold.)

#### DIRECTION DISPLAY

Push the switch when the ignition key is in the "ACC" or "ON" position. The direction will be displayed.



Wiring Diagram — COMPAS —

TEL428A

# **Trouble Diagnoses**

#### PRELIMINARY CHECK FOR THERMOMETER





#### INSPECTION/COMPASS AND THERMOMETER

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
No display at all	<ol> <li>7.5A fuse</li> <li>Ground circuit</li> <li>Compass and thermometer</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check 7.5A fuse [No. 9], located in fuse block (J/B)]. Turn the ignition switch ON and verify that battery positive voltage is at terminal 2 of compass and thermometer.</li> <li>Check ground circuit for compass and thermometer.</li> <li>Replace compass and thermometer.</li> </ol>
Forward direction indication slips off the mark or incorrect.	<ol> <li>In manual correction mode (Bar and display vanish.)</li> <li>Zone variation change is not done.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Drive the vehicle and turn at an angle of 90°.</li> <li>Perform the zone variation change.</li> </ol>
Compass reading remains unchanged.	<ol> <li>Vehicle speed sensor is not entered.</li> <li>Compass and thermometer</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check harness for open or short between combination meter terminal (2) and compass and thermometer terminal (3).</li> <li>Replace compass and thermometer.</li> </ol>
Displays wrong temperature when ambient temperature is between -30°C (-20°F) and 55°C (130°F). (See NOTE)	<ol> <li>Check operation</li> <li>Ambient air temperature sensor circuit</li> <li>Vehicle speed sensor is not entered.</li> <li>Ambient air temperature sensor</li> <li>Compass and thermometer</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Perform preliminary check shown below.</li> <li>Check harness for open or short between ambient air temperature sensor and compass and thermometer.</li> <li>Check harness for open or short between combination meter terminal (2) and compass and thermometer terminal (3).</li> <li>Replace ambient air temperature sensor.</li> <li>Replace compass and thermometer.</li> </ol>

#### NOTE:

- When the outside temperature is between 55°C (130°F) and 70°C (158°F), the display shows 55°C (130°F). When the outside temperature is lower than -30°C (-20°F) or higher than 70°C (158°F), the display shows only "---".
- The indicated temperature on the thermometer is not readily affected by engine heat. It changes only when one of the following conditions (shown on next page) is present.

# Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

- a) The temperature detected by the ambient air temperature sensor is lower than the indicated temperature on the thermometer.
- b) The difference in temperature detected during a period of 40 seconds is less than 1°C (1.8°F) when vehicle speed has been greater than 24 km/h (15 MPH) for more than 100 seconds.
   (This is to prevent the indicated temperature from being affected by engine heat or cooling fan operation during low-speed driving.)
- c) The ignition key has been turned to the "OFF" position for more than 4 hours. (The engine is cold.)

# **Calibration Procedure For Compass**

The difference between magnetic North and geographical North can sometimes be great enough to cause false compass readings. In order for the compass to operate accurately in a particular zone, it must be calibrated using the following procedure.

- 1. Determine your location on the worldwide magnetic variation map on next page. Record your zone number.
- 2. Turn the ignition switch to ACC or ON position.
- 3. Push the "Mode" switch continuously for five seconds until the current zone entry number is displayed.
- 4. Press the "Mode" switch repeatedly until the desired zone number is displayed.

Once the desired zone number is displayed, stop pressing the "Mode" switch and the display will show compass direction after a few seconds.



# CORRECTION FUNCTIONS OF COMPASS

The direction display is equipped with automatic correction function. If the direction is not shown correctly, carry out initial correction.

#### INITIAL CORRECTION PROCEDURE FOR COMPASS

- 1. Pushing the "Mode" switch for about 10 seconds will enter the initial correction mode. The direction bar starts blinking.
- 2. Turn the vehicle slowly in an open, safe place. The initial correction is completed in one or two turns.

NOTE:

In places where the terrestrial magnetism is extremely disturbed, the initial correction may start automatically.



Calibration Procedure For Compass (Cont'd)

#### **Schematic**



- UL) : Diesel engine models
- (DX) :Diesel engine models except for Australia
- WG :Wagon models

OD :Without overdrive control switch



TEL698A

















TEL703A







EL-WARN-07





EL-130

# Wiring Diagram — WARN — (Cont'd)



## Wiring Diagram — WARN — (Cont'd)

LHD MODELS

# EL-WARN-10



## Wiring Diagram — WARN — (Cont'd)

#### **RHD MODELS**

# EL-WARN-11







#### FUEL WARNING LAMP SENSOR CHECK

• It will take a short time for the bulb to light.

NOTE: Inspection for sub fuel warning lamp sensor is the same as for fuel warning lamp sensor.







# **OIL PRESSURE SWITCH CHECK**

	Oil pressure kPa (bar, kg/cm², psi)	Continuity
Engine start	More than 10 - 20 (0.10 - 0.20, 0.1 - 0.2, 1 - 3)	NO
Engine stop	Less than 10 - 20 (0.10 - 0.20, 0.1 - 0.2, 1 - 3)	YES

Check the continuity between the terminals of oil pressure switch and body ground.

#### **DIODE CHECK**

- Check continuity using an ohmmeter.
- Diode is functioning properly if test results are as shown in the figure at left.
- NOTE: Specification may vary depending on the type of tester. Before performing this inspection, be sure to refer to the instruction manual for the tester to be used.
- Diodes for warning lamps are built into the combination meter printed circuit.

EL-134

# **System Description**

The warning chime is combined with the smart entrance control unit. Both the ignition key and light warning chime will not sound, when ignition switch in the ON or START position. (When power supply exists at smart entrance control unit terminal (12).)

# **IGNITION KEY WARNING CHIME**

With the key in the ignition key cylinder, the ignition switch in the OFF or ACC position, and the driver's door open, the warning chime will sound. A battery positive voltage is supplied

- from key switch terminal ①
- to smart entrance control unit terminal ①.
- Ground is supplied
- through driver side door switch
- to smart entrance control unit terminal ⑦.

## LIGHT WARNING CHIME

With ignition switch in the OFF or ACC position, driver's door open, and lighting switch in 1ST or 2ND position, warning chime will sound. A battery positive voltage is supplied

- from lighting switch terminal 1 or daytime light control unit
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (1).
- Ground is supplied
- through driver side door switch
- to smart entrance control unit terminal ⑦.



# Wiring Diagram — CHIME —/LHD Models

TEL441A



Wiring Diagram — CHIME —/RHD Models

# **Trouble Diagnoses**

#### SYMPTOM CHART

REFERENCE PAGE	EL-138	EL-139	EL-139
SYMPTOM	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 (Lighting switch input signal check)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 (Key switch input signal check)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3
Light warning chime does not activate.	Х		Х
Ignition key warning chime does not activate.		X	X
All warning chimes do not activate.			Х



#### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1

(Lighting switch input signal check)

А NG CHECK LIGHTING SWITCH INPUT SIG-Check the following. • 7.5A fuse (No. 42, NAL. Check voltage between control unit termilocated in the fuse and nal and ground. fusible link box) for LHD models Condition of lighting Voltage [V] • Harness for open or switch short between control 1ST or 2ND Approx. 12 unit and lighting switch/ OFF 0 daytime light control unit OK Go to DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3.

# WARNING CHIME



EL-139





# Electrical Components Inspection KEY SWITCH (insert)

Check continuity between terminals when key is inserted in ignition key cylinder and key is removed from ignition key cylinder.

Terminal No.	Condition	Continuity
	Key is inserted.	Yes
	Key is removed.	No

#### DRIVER SIDE DOOR SWITCH

Check continuity between terminals when door switch is pushed and released.

Terminal No.	Condition	Continuity
	Door switch is pushed.	No
() - (3)	Door switch is released.	Yes
### System Description

### WIPER OPERATION

The wiper switch is controlled by a lever built into the combination switch. There are three wiper switch positions:

- LO speed
- HI speed

INT (Intermittent)

- With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied
- through 20A fuse [No. 3], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to wiper motor terminal (4).

#### Low and high speed wiper operation

Ground is supplied to wiper switch terminal (1) through body grounds. When the wiper switch is placed in the LO position, ground is supplied

- through terminal (1) of the wiper switch
- to wiper motor terminal (2).

With power and ground supplied, the wiper motor operates at low speed. When the wiper switch is placed in the HI position, ground is supplied

- through terminal (16) of the wiper switch to wiper motor terminal (3).

With power and ground supplied, the wiper motor operates at high speed.

#### Auto stop operation

With wiper switch turned OFF, wiper motor will continue to operate until wiper arms reach windshield base. When wiper arms are not located at base of windshield with wiper switch OFF, ground is provided

- from terminal (1) of the wiper switch
- to wiper motor terminal (2), in order to continue wiper motor operation at low speed.
- through wiper amplifier (OUTPUT) combined with wiper switch and (with intermittent wiper)
- through terminal (13) of wiper switch •
- to wiper motor terminal (5) •
- through terminal (6) of the wiper motor, and
- through body grounds.

When wiper arms reach base of windshield, wiper motor terminals (4) and (5) are connected instead of terminals (5) and (6). Wiper motor will then stop wiper arms at the PARK position.

#### Intermittent operation

The wiper motor operates the wiper arms one time at low speed at a set interval of approximately 3 to 13 seconds. This feature is controlled by the wiper amplifier (INT SW) combined with wiper switch.

When the wiper switch is placed in the INT position, ground is supplied to wiper amplifier.

The desired interval time is input to wiper amplifier (INT VR) from wiper volume switch combined with wiper switch.

Then intermittent ground is supplied

- to wiper motor terminal (2)
- from terminal (14) of wiper switch
- through wiper amplifier (OUTPUT).

The wiper motor operates at low speed at the desired interval.

#### WASHER OPERATION

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

- through 20A fuse [No. 3], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to washer motor terminal (2).

When the lever is pulled to the WASH position, ground is supplied through wiper switch

- to washer motor terminal (1), and
- to wiper amplifier (WASH SW) combined with wiper switch.

With power and ground supplied, the washer motor operates.

When the lever is pulled to the WASH position for one second or more, the wiper motor operates at low speed for approximately 3 seconds to clean windshield. This feature is controlled by the wiper amplifier in the same manner as the intermittent operation.



**EL-142** 



### **Removal and Installation**

### WIPER ARMS

- 1. Prior to wiper arm installation, turn on wiper switch to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF" (Auto Stop).
- Lift the blade up and then set it down onto glass surface to set the blade center to clearance "L<sub>1</sub>" & "L<sub>2</sub>" immediately before tightening nut.
- 3. Eject washer fluid. Turn on wiper switch to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF".
- Ensure that wiper blades stop within clearance "L<sub>1</sub>" & "L<sub>2</sub>".
   Clearance "L<sub>1</sub>": 25 mm (0.98 in) Clearance "L<sub>2</sub>": 23 mm (0.91 in)
- Tighten wiper arm nuts to specified torque.
   Front wiper: 21 26 N·m (2.1 2.7 kg-m, 15 20 ft-lb)



 Before reinstalling wiper arm, clean up the pivot area as illustrated. This will reduce possibility of wiper arm looseness.

WIPER LINKAGE



### FRONT WIPER AND WASHER

### Removal and Installation (Cont'd)

### Removal

- 1. Remove 4 bolts that secure wiper motor.
- 2. Detach wiper motor from wiper linkage at ball joint.
- 3. Remove wiper linkage.

Be careful not to break ball joint rubber boot.

#### Installation

- Grease ball joint portion before installation.
- 1. Installation is the reverse order of removal.

### Washer Nozzle Adjustment

• Adjust washer nozzle with suitable tool as shown in the figure at left.

Adjustable range: ±10°







			Unit: mm (in)
*1	180 (7.09)	*5	70 (2.76)
*2	170 (6.69)	*6	40 (1.57)
*3	290 (11.42)	*7	370 (14.57)
*4	200 (7.87)	*8	470 (18.50)

\*: The diameters of these circles are less than 100 mm (3.94 in).

### Washer Tube Layout

### **System Description**

### WIPER OPERATION

The rear wiper switch is controlled by a ring built into the combination switch. There are two wiper switch positions:

- ON (LO speed)
- INT (Intermittent)

With the ignition switch in the ON position, power is supplied

- through 10A fuse (No. 18, located in the fuse block)
- to rear wiper motor terminal ④, and
- to rear wiper amplifier terminal (5).

#### Low speed wiper operation

Ground is supplied to rear wiper switch terminal *(*) through body grounds.

When the rear wiper is placed in the ON position, ground is supplied

- through rear wiper switch terminal 22
- to rear wiper relay terminal (6).
- Then ground is supplied
- to rear wiper motor terminal ①

• through rear wiper amplifier terminals (2) and (3).

With power and ground supplied, the wiper motor operates.

#### Auto stop operation

With the rear wiper switch turned OFF, rear wiper motor will continue to operate until wiper arm reaches rear window base.

When wiper arm is not located at base of rear window with rear wiper switch OFF, ground is supplied

- to rear wiper motor terminal ①
- through rear wiper amplifier terminals (2), (7) and
- through rear wiper motor terminal ③, in order to continue rear wiper motor operation at low speed. Ground is also supplied
- to rear wiper motor terminal 2
- through body grounds.

When wiper arm reaches base of rear window, rear wiper motor terminals ③ and ④ are connected instead of terminals ② and ③ . Rear wiper motor will then stop wiper arm at the PARK position.

#### Intermittent operation

The rear wiper motor operates the wiper arm one time at low speed at an interval of approximately 7 seconds.

When the rear wiper switch is placed in the INT position, ground is supplied

• to rear wiper amplifier terminal ①

• through rear wiper switch terminal 21.

Then the rear wiper motor operates intermittently in the same manner as the low speed wiper operation.

### WASHER OPERATION

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

- through 10A fuse (No. 18, located in the fuse block)
- to rear washer motor terminal 2.

When the ring is turned WASH position, ground is supplied

- to rear washer motor terminal ①, and
- to rear wiper amplifier terminal ④
- through terminal 23 of rear wiper switch.

With power and ground is supplied, the rear washer motor operates.

The rear wiper motor operates when the ring is turned to WASH position for one second or more and for approximately 3 seconds after the ring is released. This feature is controlled by the rear wiper amplifier in the same manner as the low speed wiper operation.



**EL-146** 





**EL-148** 

TEL655A



## Trouble Diagnoses

# REAR WIPER AMP. INSPECTION TABLE (Data are reference values.)

Terminal No.	ltem	Condition		Voltage (Approximate value)	
4		A	Rear wiper switch	INT	Less than 1V
I	Intermittent switch	(Lon)		OFF, ON or WASH	Approx. 10V
2	Wiper motor		Poor wipor switch	ON	Less than 1V
Z	(Ground)	(Lon)	Real wiper switch	OFF	Approx. 12V
3	Ground				—
Λ	4 Washer switch	Door wipor owitch	WASH	Less than 1V	
4		(Lon)	Real wiper switch	OFF	Approx. 12V
5	Power supply	Con	_		Approx. 12V
6	Wiper op owitch			ON or WASH	Less than 1V
0	wiper on switch	(Lon)	Rear wiper switch		Approx. 12V
7		Rear wiper switch should be placed in "WASH" or "INT" to inspect the value for wiper movement.	Wiper is moving	Less than 1V	
vviper amp. output				Wiper stop	Approx. 12V

H.S.	Rear wiper amp. connector	
		SEL428V



### **Removal and Installation**

### WIPER ARM

- 1. Prior to wiper arm installation, turn on wiper switch to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF" (Auto Stop).
- 2. Lift the blade up and then set it down onto glass surface. Set the blade center to clearance "E" immediately before tightening nut.
- 3. Eject washer fluid. Turn on wiper switch to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF".
- Ensure that wiper blades stop within clearance "E". Clearance "E": 20 mm (0.79 in)
- Tighten windshield wiper arm nuts to specified torque.
   13 18 N·m (1.3 1.8 kg-m, 9 13 ft-lb)



 Before reinstalling wiper arm, clean up the pivot area as illustrated. This will reduce possibility of wiper arm looseness.



 Adjust washer nozzle with suitable tool as shown in the figure at left.
 Adjustable range: ±10° (In any direction)





 Unit: mm (in)

 \*1
 30 (1.18)
 \*3
 40 (1.57)

 \*2
 30 (1.18)
 \*4
 20 (0.79)

### Washer Tube Layout





### **Check Valve**

• A check valve is provided in the washer fluid line. Be careful not to connect check valve to washer tube in the wrong direction.



### Wiring Diagram — HLC —



### **Electrical Components Inspection**

### HEADLAMP WIPER MOTOR CHECK

When wiper motor is locked, a protective circuit built into wiper motor activates to stop wiper motor. If wiper motor will not restart even after cause of problems has been eliminated, turn ignition switch OFF and leave it off for approx. 1 to 3 minutes.

- 1. Turn headlamp wiper switch OFF.
- 2. Connect ohmmeter and check continuity.

Headlamp	Ohmmeter probe		Continuity
wiper motor	(+)	(-)	Continuity
Stop position	1	4	Yes
	1	2	Yes
	1	3	Yes
	3	(5)	No

### **Removal and Installation**

### WIPER ARM

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Tighten nut to secure wiper arm with wiper blade held below lower stopper.

After installing wiper arm, position wiper blade on stopper upper surface.

Tighten headlamp wiper arm nut to the specified torque.

 **(0.23 - 0.31 kg-m, 20.0 - 26.9 in-lb)**

### Washer Tube Layout



### Check Valve

• A check valve is provided in the washer fluid line. Be careful not to connect check valve to washer tube in the wrong direction.



TEL446A





TEL448A

### **System Description**

The rear window defogger system is controlled by the smart entrance control unit. The rear window defogger operates only for approximately 15 minutes.

Power is supplied at all times

- to rear window defogger relay terminal (3)
- through 15A fuse (No. 43), located in the fuse and fusible link box) and
- to rear window defogger relay terminal (6)
- through 20A fuse (No. 44, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- to the rear window defogger relay terminal ① and
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (12)
- through 7.5A fuse [No. 8, located in the fuse block (J/B)].

Ground is supplied to terminal ② of the rear window defogger switch through body grounds.

When the rear window defogger switch is turned ON, ground is supplied

- through terminal ① of the rear window defogger switch
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (8).

Terminal (9) of the smart entrance control unit then supplies ground to the rear window defogger relay terminal (2).

With power and ground supplied, the rear window defogger relay is energized. Power is supplied

- through terminals (5) and (7) of the rear window defogger relay
- to the rear window defogger.

The rear window defogger has an independent ground.

With power and ground supplied, the rear window defogger filaments heat and defog the rear window. When the system is activated, the rear window defogger indicator illuminates in the rear window defogger switch.

Power is supplied

- to terminal ③ of the rear window defogger switch
- from terminal (5) of the rear window defogger relay.

Terminal ④ of the rear window defogger switch is grounded through body grounds.



### Wiring Diagram — DEF —/LHD Models

TEL449A



EL-DEF-02





### Wiring Diagram — DEF —/RHD Models

TEL657A



EL-DEF-04





EL-163



Rear window defogger switch connector (M46)

Ω

[+]



Check continuity between terminals ③ and ⑤, ⑥ and ⑦.

Condition	Continuity
12V direct current supply between terminals ① and ②	Yes
No current supply	No

### **REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH**

Check continuity between terminals when rear window defogger switch is pushed and released.

Terminals	Condition	Continuity
	Rear window defogger switch is pushed	Yes
0-0	Rear window defogger switch is released	No

### **Filament Check**

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SEI 430TC

[-1]

1. Attach probe circuit tester (in volt range) to middle portion of each filament.

• When measuring voltage, wrap tin foil around the top of the negative probe. Then press the foil against the wire with your finger.

- 2. To locate burned out point, move probe to left and right along filament. Test needle will swing abruptly when probe passes the point.
- If a filament is burned out, circuit tester registers 0 or 12 volts.



SEL266

### Filament Repair REPAIR EQUIPMENT

- 1. Conductive silver composition (Dupont No. 4817 or equivalent)
- 2. Ruler 30 cm (11.8 in) long
- 3. Drawing pen
- 4. Heat gun
- 5. Alcohol
- 6. Cloth

## Heat wire Break - Break - Break - Ruler - Ruler - Drawing pen Unit: mm (in) BE540





### **REPAIRING PROCEDURE**

- 1. Wipe broken heat wire and its surrounding area clean with a cloth dampened in alcohol.
- 2. Apply a small amount of conductive silver composition to tip of drawing pen.

#### Shake silver composition container before use.

- Place ruler on glass along broken line. Deposit conductive silver composition on break with drawing pen. Slightly overlap existing heat wire on both sides [preferably 5 mm (0.20 in)] of the break.
- 4. After repair has been completed, check repaired wire for continuity. This check should be conducted 10 minutes after silver composition is deposited.
- Do not touch repaired area while test is being conducted.

5. Apply a constant stream of hot air directly to the repaired area for approximately 20 minutes with a heat gun. A minimum distance of 3 cm (1.2 in) should be kept between repaired area and hot air outlet. If a heat gun is not available, let the repaired area dry for 24 hours.

### **System Description**



- A heat line has been added to the lower portion of the wind-shield.
- During cold weather, water can freeze between the wiper blades and windshield. Turning the wiper deicer switch ON melts the ice between the blades and windshield.
- During snowfall, packed snow can accumulate around the windshield lower surface and surrounding areas. Turning the wiper deicer switch ON melts the snow to allow the wiper blades to more easily remove it.
- The wiper deicer operates only for approximately 15 minutes while ignition switch is in ON position. The timer is combined with wiper deicer switch.



### Wiring Diagram — DEICER —

Wiring Diagram — AUDIO —/LHD Models



TEL659A



Wiring Diagram — AUDIO —/RHD Models





### AUDIO

### Trouble Diagnoses

#### RADIO

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Radio inoperative (no digital display and no sound from speakers). See NOTE.	<ol> <li>1. 10A fuse</li> <li>2. Poor radio case ground</li> <li>3. Radio</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check 10A fuse [No. 10], located in fuse block (J/B)]. Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (1) of radio.</li> <li>Check radio case ground.</li> <li>Remove radio for repair.</li> </ol>
Radio controls are operational, but no sound is heard from any speaker.	<ol> <li>Radio output</li> <li>Radio</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check radio output voltages.</li> <li>Remove radio for repair.</li> </ol>
Radio presets are lost when ignition switch is turned OFF.	<ol> <li>1. 10A fuse</li> <li>2. Radio</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check 10A fuse (No. <u>56</u>), located in fuse and fusible link box) and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal <ul> <li>of radio.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Remove radio for repair.</li> </ol>
Individual speaker is noisy or inoperative.	<ol> <li>Speaker</li> <li>Radio output</li> <li>Speaker circuit</li> <li>Radio</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check speaker.</li> <li>Check radio output voltages.</li> <li>Check wires for open or short between radio and speaker.</li> <li>Remove radio for repair.</li> </ol>
Radio stations are weak or noisy.	<ol> <li>Antenna</li> <li>Poor radio ground</li> <li>Radio</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check antenna.</li> <li>Check radio ground.</li> <li>Remove radio for repair.</li> </ol>
FM stations are weak or noisy but AM stations are OK. (with window antenna)	<ol> <li>Window antenna</li> <li>Radio</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check window antenna.</li> <li>Remove radio for repair.</li> </ol>
Radio generates noise in AM and FM modes with engine running.	<ol> <li>Poor radio ground</li> <li>Loose or missing ground bonding straps</li> <li>Ignition condenser or rear window defogger noise suppressor condenser</li> <li>Alternator</li> <li>Ignition coil or secondary wiring</li> <li>Radio</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check radio ground.</li> <li>Check ground bonding straps.</li> <li>Replace ignition condenser or rear window defogger noise suppressor condenser.</li> <li>Check alternator.</li> <li>Check ignition coil and secondary wiring.</li> <li>Remove radio for repair.</li> </ol>
Radio generates noise in AM and FM modes with accesso- ries on (switch pops and motor noise).	<ol> <li>Poor radio ground</li> <li>Antenna</li> <li>Accessory ground</li> <li>Faulty accessory</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check radio ground.</li> <li>Check antenna.</li> <li>Check accessory ground.</li> <li>Replace accessory.</li> </ol>

#### NOTE:

If the radio has anti-theft function, check the anti-theft function of the radio before circuit inspection. (Radios which have anti-theft function are equipped with a code indicator. For details, refer to EL-173.)

#### **Speaker inspection**

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness connector.
- 2. Measure the resistance between speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- The resistance should be 2  $4\Omega$ .
- 3. Using jumper wires, momentarily connect a 9V battery between speaker terminals (1) and (2).
- A momentary hum or pop should be heard.

#### Antenna inspection

Using a jumper wire, clip an auxiliary ground between antenna and body.

- If reception improves, check antenna ground (at body surface).
- If reception does not improve, check main feeder cable for short circuit or open circuit.

#### **Radio inspection**

All voltage inspections are made with:

- Ignition switch ON or ACC
- Radio ON
- Radio connected (If removed for inspection, supply a ground to the case using a jumper wire.)

### CATS (Code) System/RHD

#### NOTE:

- This system is used for code indicator-equipped radios on all models except the Europe LHD model.
- The Europe LHD model has a NATS-linked anti-theft function that renders the code system inoperable.

### DESCRIPTION

By using a personal 4-digit code known only to the vehicle owner, the possibility of the audio unit being stolen is effectively reduced, because without the code the unit can not be activated. When in normal use, the unit is unlocked and accessible in the usual way.

If however, someone attempts to remove the unit or the battery cable is disconnected, the anti-theft system activates and the unit "locks". The only way it can be unlocked is by entering a personal code number known only by the owner.

#### UNLOCKING THE UNIT (How to enter a personal code number)

- If the battery supply to the vehicle is interrupted by accident for some reason, the unit will lock. To unlock the unit, proceed as follows:
- 1. Press the power/volume control knob to turn the unit on.
- 2. "CODE IN" is displayed.
- 3. Input your personal code by pressing the preset buttons (1 to 4).
- 4. Press the 🔨 button.
- 5. If the entered code number is correct, the radio turns on.

#### When the code is incorrect

- 1. If the entered code is incorrect, the unit becomes inoperable for 10 seconds for the first three attempts, then the code input mode is automatically set ("CODE IN" is displayed).
- 2. If the code is incorrect the fourth time, the unit becomes inoperable for 60 minutes and "\_\_\_\_ " is displayed. After 60 minutes, the code input mode is automatically set ("CODE IN" is displayed).

#### NOTE:

#### If the above is repeated 17 times, the unit will lock and "LOCKED" is displayed.

- 3. After "LOCKED" is displayed, radio can be returned to the code input mode only within three attempts as follows. (Only three attempts are allowed to unlock the unit.)
- a. Press the power/volume control knob while pushing both the MOD and TA switches.
- b. The unit then returns to the code input mode.

#### CAUTION:

#### If the third attempt is unsuccessful, the unit will lock permanently.

### NATS Audio Link/LHD

#### DESCRIPTION

The link with the NATS IMMU implies that the radio can basically only be operated if connected to the matching NATS IMMU to which the radio was initially fitted on the production line.

Since radio operation is impossible after the link with the NATS is disrupted theft of the radio unit is basically useless since special equipment is required to reset the radio.

#### Initialisation process for radios that are linked to the NATS IMMU

New radios will be delivered to the factories in the "NEW" state, i.e. ready to be linked with the vehicle's NATS. When the radio in "NEW" state is first switched on at the factory, it will start up communication with the vehicle's immobiliser control unit (IMMU) and send a code (the "Radio Code") to the IMMU. The IMMU will then store this code, which is unique to each radio, in its (permanent) memory.

Upon receipt of the code by the IMMU, the NATS will confirm correct receipt of the radio code to the radio. Hereafter, the radio will operate as normal.

During the initialisation process, "NEW" is displayed on the radio display. Normally though, communication between Radio and IMMU takes such a short time (300 ms) that the radio seems to switch on directly without showing "NEW" on its display.

#### **Normal operation**

Each time the radio is switched on afterwards, the radio code will be verified between the radio unit and the NATS before the radio becomes operational. During the code verification process, "WAIT" is shown on the radio display. Again, the communication takes such a short time (300 ms) that the radio seems to switch on directly without showing "WAIT" on its display.

#### When the radio is locked

In case of a radio being linked with the vehicle's NATS (immobiliser system), disconnection of the link between the radio and the IMMU will cause the radio to switch into the lock ("SECURE") mode in which the radio unit is fully inoperative. Hence, repair of the radio is basically impossible, unless the radio is reset to the "NEW" state for which special decoding equipment is required.

Both Blaupunkt and Clarion have provided their authorized service representatives with so called "decoder boxes" which can bring the radio unit back to the "NEW" state, enabling the radio to be switched on after which repair can be carried out. Subsequently, when the repaired radio is delivered to the final user again, it will be in the "NEW" state as to enable re-linking the radio to the vehicle's immobiliser system. As a result of the above, repair of the radio can only be done by an authorized Blaupunkt or Clarion representative.

#### Radio manufacturer of Nissan Y61 models for Europe is "Clarion".

#### SERVICE PROCEDURE

Item	Service procedure	Description
Battery disconnection	No additional action required.	
Radio needs repair	Repair needs to be done by authorized represen- tative of radio manufacturer since radio cannot be operated unless it is reset to NEW state, using special decoding equipment.	_
Replacement of radio by new part	No additional action required.	Radio is delivered in NEW state.
Transferring radio to another vehicle/replacement of radio by an "old" part	Radio needs to be reset to NEW state by autho- rized representative of radio manufacturer.	_
Replacement of IMMU by new part	No additional action required.	The new IMMU will be recognized by the radio since a 'blank' code is stored in the memory of the IMMU. In case the radio recognizes this 'blank' code, it will request for input of the correct CATS code after which the radio will switch back to the initialisation process.

### AUDIO NATS Audio Link/LHD (Cont'd)

Item	Service procedure	Description
Replacement of IMMU by old part	Radio needs to be reset to NEW state by autho- rized representative of radio manufacturer.	If a radio code has already been stored in memory of the IMMU, the radio cannot be linked to it. After switching on the radio, it will display "SECURE" after 1 minute.
No communication from IMMU to radio	<ol> <li>If NATS is malfunctioning, check NATS system.</li> <li>After NATS is repaired, reset radio to NEW state by authorized representative of radio manufacture.</li> </ol>	After switching on the radio, the radio will display "SECURE" after 1 minute. Further use of radios impossible until communication is established again, or after radio is reset by authorized repre- sentative of (radio) manufacturer.

NOTE: Authorized radio manufacturer representatives in Europe are listed in the technical bulletin TB-EL 96-001 issued by Nissan Europe N.V.



### Wiring Diagram — CD/CHG —/LHD Wagon


# Wiring Diagram — CD/CHG —/LHD Hardtop



# Wiring Diagram — CD/CHG —/RHD Wagon



# Wiring Diagram — CD/CHG —/RHD Hardtop

# Trouble Diagnoses

#### CD AUTOCHANGER

Symptom		Possible causes	Repair order
No play of the CD after CD play button is pushed.			
	There is no error code shown on the radio.	<ol> <li>Radio         <ul> <li>(The radio is not working.)</li> <li>Harness connection                 (Magazine does not eject.)</li> <li>Changer</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Remove the radio for repair.</li> <li>Check harness connection.</li> <li>Remove the changer for repair.</li> </ol>
	Error code [ERR] is shown on the radio.	<ol> <li>Discs</li> <li>Magazine does not eject or a disc remains in CD player.</li> <li>Changer</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Inspect discs. (Refer to testing magazines and discs.)</li> <li>Reset the changer. (Disconnect harness connector at the changer and reconnect after 30 sec.)</li> <li>Remove the changer for repair.</li> </ol>
CD skipping.		<ol> <li>Rough road driving</li> <li>Discs</li> <li>Bracket</li> <li>Changer</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>System is not malfunctioning.</li> <li>Inspect discs. (Refer to testing magazines and discs.)</li> <li>Check and repair bracket and installation of changer.</li> <li>Remove the changer for repair.</li> </ol>
Error code [NO DISC] is shown on the radio after CD play button is pressed.		<ol> <li>Magazine setting</li> <li>Magazine</li> <li>Changer</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Confirm the magazine is pushed completely.</li> <li>Inspect magazine. (Refer to testing magazines and discs.)</li> <li>Remove the changer for repair.</li> </ol>

#### Testing magazines and discs

- 1. Confirm discs are installed correctly into the magazine (not upside down).
- 2. Visually inspect/compare the customer's discs with each other and other discs. Identify any of the following conditions:
  - Discs with a large outside diameter. [Normal size is 120 mm (4.72 in).]
  - Discs with rough or lipped edges.
  - Discs with excessive thickness [Normal size is 1.2 mm (0.047 in).]
  - Discs with scratches, abrasions, or pits on the surface.
  - Discs with grease/oil, fingerprints, foreign material.
  - Discs are warped due to excessive heat exposure.
- 3. Slide/place the discs in and out of the various magazine positions.

Identify any discs and/or positions that require additional force for placement/ejection. If interference (sticking, excessive tensions) is found, replace the magazine or the discs.

Note:

• Discs which are marginally out of specification (ex. dirty, scratched and so on) may play correctly on a home stereo.

However, when used in the automotive environment skipping may occur due to the added vehicle movement and/or vibration due to road conditions. Autochangers should not be replaced when discs are at fault.

• Use a soft damp cloth to wipe the discs starting from the center outward in radial direction. Never use chemical cleaning solutions to clean the discs.



# Wiring Diagram — P/ANT —/LHD Models



### Wiring Diagram — P/ANT —/RHD Models

# **Trouble Diagnoses**

#### **POWER ANTENNA**

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Power antenna does not oper- ate.	1. 10A fuse	<ol> <li>Check 10A fuse (No. 56), located in fuse and fusible link box). Verify that battery positive voltage is present at termi- nal ①: LHD, ②: RHD of power antenna.</li> </ol>
	2. Radio signal	<ol> <li>Turn ignition switch and radio ON. Verify that battery positive voltage is present at terminal ③: LHD, ①: RHD of power antenna</li> </ol>
	3. Grounds (E25) and (E40)	3. Check grounds (E25) and (E40).

# Location of Antenna







# Antenna Rod Replacement

#### REMOVAL

1. Remove antenna nut and antenna base.

2. Withdraw antenna rod while raising it by operating antenna motor.

EL-183

# **AUDIO ANTENNA**



# Antenna Rod Replacement (Cont'd)

# INSTALLATION

- 1. Lower antenna rod by operating antenna motor.
- 2. Insert gear section of antenna rope into place with it facing toward antenna motor.
- 3. As soon as antenna rope is wound on antenna motor, stop antenna motor. Insert antenna rod lower end into antenna motor pipe.
- 4. Retract antenna rod completely by operating antenna motor.
- 5. Install antenna nut and base.





### ELEMENT CHECK

1. Attach probe circuit tester (in ohm range) to antenna terminal on each side.





# Window Antenna Repair (Cont'd)



3. To locate broken point, move probe along element. Tester needle will swing abruptly when probe passes the point.

### **ELEMENT REPAIR**

Refer to "Filament Repair", "REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER" (EL-165).



Wiring Diagram — SROOF —

TEL458A





\*: This connector is not shown in "HARNESS LAYOUT", EL section.







# Wiring Diagram — SEAT —/LHD Models

TEL461A





# Wiring Diagram — SEAT —/RHD Models









# **System Description**

With ignition switch in ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 8, located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to power window relay terminal ①.

The power window relay is energized and power is supplied

- through power window relay terminal (5)
- to power window main switch terminal ①,
- to power window sub switch terminal (5).

#### MANUAL OPERATION

#### NOTE:

Numbers in parentheses are terminal numbers, when power window switch is pressed in the UP and DOWN positions respectively.

#### Driver side

When the driver side switch in the power window main switch is pressed in the up position, power is supplied

- to driver side power window regulator terminal ((2), (1))
- through power window main switch terminal ((9), (8)).

Ground is supplied

• to driver side power window regulator terminal (1), (2))

• through power window main switch terminal ((8), (9)).

Then, the motor raises or lowers the window until the switch is released.

#### Passenger side

MAIN SWITCH OPERATION

Power is supplied

- through power window main switch (⑤, ⑥)
- to front power window sub-switch (③, ④).

The subsequent operation is the same as the sub-switch operation.

SUB-SWITCH OPERATION

Power is supplied

- through front power window sub-switch (①, ②)
- to passenger side power window regulator ((2), (1)).
- Ground is supplied
- to passenger side power window regulator (1), (2))
- through front power window sub-switch ((2), (1))
- to front power window sub-switch (④, ③)
- through power window main switch (6), (5).

Then, the motor raises or lowers the window until the switch is released.

#### Rear door

Rear door windows will raise and lower in the same manner as passenger side door window.

#### AUTO OPERATION

The power window AUTO feature enables the driver to open or close the driver's window without holding the window switch in the respective position.

When the AUTO switch in the main switch is pressed and released, the driver's window will travel to the fully open or closed position.

#### POWER WINDOW LOCK

The power window lock is designed to lock operation of all windows except for driver's door window. When the lock switch is pressed to lock position, ground of the sub-switches in the power window main switch is disconnected. This prevents the power window motors from operating. **Schematic** 



TEL468A



# Wiring Diagram — WINDOW — (Cont'd)



TEL673A



#### **POWER WINDOW**

### Wiring Diagram — WINDOW — (Cont'd)

LHD MODELS

**EL-WINDOW-04** 



TEL675A

## Wiring Diagram — WINDOW — (Cont'd)

#### **RHD MODELS**

# **EL-WINDOW-05**



# Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order	
None of the power windows can be operated using any switch.	<ol> <li>7.5A fuse, 40A fusible link and (M92) circuit breaker</li> <li>Grounds (M30) and (M19) or (M98)</li> <li>Power window relay</li> <li>Open/short in power window main switch circuit</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check 7.5A fuse [No. 8], located in fuse block (J/B)], 40A fusible link (letter e), located in fuse and fusible link box) and (M92) circuit breaker. Turn ignition switch "ON" and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (1) of power window main switch and terminal (5) of sub-switch.</li> <li>Check grounds (M30) and (M19) or (M98).</li> <li>Check power window relay.</li> <li>Check W wire between power window relay and power window main switch for open/short circuit.</li> </ol>	
Driver side power window cannot be operated but other windows can be operated.	<ol> <li>Driver side power window regula- tor circuit</li> <li>Driver side power window regula- tor</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check harness between power window main switch and power window regulator for open or short circuit.</li> <li>Check driver side power window regulator.</li> </ol>	
Passenger power window cannot be operated.	<ol> <li>Power window sub-switches</li> <li>Passenger side power window regulators</li> <li>Power window main switch</li> <li>Power window circuit</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check power window sub-switch.</li> <li>Check passenger side power window regulator.</li> <li>Check power window main switch.</li> <li>Check harnesses between power window main switch and power window sub-switch for open/short circuit.</li> <li>Check harnesses between power window sub-switch and power window regulator for open/short circuit.</li> </ol>	
Passenger power window cannot be operated using power window main switch but can be operated by power window sub-switch.	1. Power window main switch	1. Check power window main switch.	
Driver side power window auto func- tion cannot be operated using power window main switch.	1. Power window main switch	1. Check power window main switch.	

# **System Description**

Power is supplied at all times

- through 40A fusible link (Letter e, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to circuit breaker terminal ①
- through circuit breaker terminal ②
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (1).

Ground is supplied to smart entrance control unit terminal (1) through body grounds.

#### INPUT

When the door lock & unlock switch (power window main switch) is in LOCKED position, ground signal is supplied

• to smart entrance control unit terminal ④

• through door lock & unlock switch terminal ().

When the door lock & unlock switch (power window main switch) is in UNLOCKED position, ground signal is supplied

- to smart entrance control unit terminal (5)
- through door lock & unlock switch terminal  $\overline{\mathcal{O}}$ .

Driver side door key cylinder and driver side lock knob are connected to driver side door lock switch with a rod. When driver side door lock switch is in UNLOCKED position, ground signal is supplied

- to smart entrance control unit terminal (2)
- through driver side door lock switch terminal ① (without multi-remote control system) or
- through driver side door lock actuator terminal 2 (with multi-remote control system).

When driver side door lock switch is in LOCKED position, ground signal is interrupted.

Door lock operates according to the conditions of the door lock & unlock switch (power window main switch) and driver side door lock switch.

#### OUTPUT

#### Unlock

Ground is supplied

- to passenger side door lock actuator, rear door lock actuator LH and RH terminal (3)
- through smart entrance control unit terminal (15).

Power is supplied

- to passenger side door lock actuator, rear door lock actuator LH and RH terminal (1)
- through smart entrance control unit terminal (6).

Then, the doors are unlocked.

#### Lock

Ground is supplied

- to passenger side door lock actuator, rear door lock actuator LH and RH terminal ①
- through smart entrance control unit terminal (6).

Power is supplied

• to passenger side door lock actuator, rear door lock actuator LH and RH terminal ③

through smart entrance control unit terminal (15).

Then, the doors are locked.





# **Trouble Diagnosis**

#### SYMPTOM CHART

REFERENCE PAGE	EL-207	EL-208	EL-209	EL-210
SYMPTOM	MAIN POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 (Door lock/unlock switch check)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 (Door lock actuator check)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3 (Driver side door lock switch check)
None of the doors lock/unlock when operat- ing any switch.	Х		Х	
One or more doors are not locked and/or unlocked.			X	
Door lock/unlock switch does not operate.		Х		
Door knob lock switch/key cylinder on driv- er's door does not operate.				Х
Driver side door does not lock/unlock when operating remote controller. (With multi-re- mote control system)			Х	





# POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK

### Power supply circuit check

Terminal		Ignition switch			
$\oplus$	Θ	OFF	ACC	ON	
Ð	Ground	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	

#### Ground circuit check

Terminals	Continuity
(1) - Ground	Yes

# POWER DOOR LOCK



### **POWER DOOR LOCK**



# POWER DOOR LOCK









SEL548V

# System Description

#### OUTLINE

Power door lock system with super lock and key reminder is controlled by super lock control unit. Super lock has a higher anti-theft performance than conventional power door lock systems. When super lock is in released condition, lock knob operation locks or unlocks door.

When super lock is in set condition, lock knob operation cannot lock nor unlock door.

NOTE: Super lock function is not applied to back door. (Power door lock only)



#### OPERATION

#### Power door lock/unlock and super lock set/release operation by door key cylinder

- With the key inserted into front door key cylinder, turning it to LOCK will lock all doors and set super lock while all doors are closed or one or more door is open. (Super lock will not be set while key is inserted in the ignition key cylinder.)
- With the key inserted into front door key cylinder, turning it to UNLOCK will unlock all doors and release super lock.

#### Power door lock/unlock and super lock set/release operation by multi-remote controller

- Pressing multi-remote controller LOCK button will lock all doors and set super lock while all doors are closed and key is not inserted in the ignition key cylinder.
- Pressing multi-remote controller UNLOCK button will unlock all doors and release super lock with key not
  inserted in the ignition key cylinder.

#### Power door lock and super lock release operation (by NATS IMMU signal)

• When the super lock is set, turning ignition key switch to ON will release super lock and unlock all doors.
### System Description (Cont'd)

### Power door lock/unlock operation by lock knob

- With lock knob on driver or passenger door setting to LOCK while all doors are closed will lock all doors. When one or more door is opened, with lock knob on passenger door setting to LOCK will lock passenger door only. (Power door lock system will not operate.)
- With lock knob on driver or passenger door setting to UNLOCK while all doors are closed will unlock all doors.

#### Lock knob operation cannot control super lock.

#### Key reminder system

• If the ignition key is in the ignition key cylinder and any door is open, setting lock/unlock switch or lock knob on driver or passenger door to "LOCK" locks the door once but then immediately unlocks all doors.

### System initialisation

- System initialisation is required when battery cables are reconnected. Conduct one of the followings to release super lock once;
  - insert the key into ignition key cylinder and turn it to ON.
  - LOCK/UNLOCK operation using door key cylinder.



### Schematic

TEL677A



### Wiring Diagram — S/LOCK —/LHD Models

TEL678A



TEL679A

### POWER DOOR LOCK — Super Lock — Wiring Diagram — S/LOCK —/LHD Models (Cont'd) EL-S/LOCK-03

WG : Wagon models



### POWER DOOR LOCK — Super Lock — Wiring Diagram — S/LOCK —/LHD Models (Cont'd) EL-S/LOCK-04







### Wiring Diagram — S/LOCK —/RHD Models

TEL682A



TEL683A

### POWER DOOR LOCK — Super Lock — Wiring Diagram — S/LOCK —/RHD Models (Cont'd) EL-S/LOCK-07

WG: Wagon models



### POWER DOOR LOCK — Super Lock — Wiring Diagram — S/LOCK —/RHD Models (Cont'd)

EL-S/LOCK-08

WG : Wagon models



Trouble Diagnoses



#### After performing preliminary check, go to symptom chart on the next page.

★ When one or more doors are opened, with lock knob on passenger door setting to LOCK, will lock passenger door only. (Power door lock system will not operate.)

**EL-223** 

### Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

Before starting trouble diagnoses below, perform preliminary check, EL-223.

Symptom numbers in the symptom chart correspond with those of Preliminary check. **SYMPTOM CHART** 

REF	ERENCE PAGE	EL-225	EL-226	EL-227	EL-228	EL-229	EL-230	EL-231	EL-232	EL-232	EL-233
SYM	IPTOM	Power supply and ground circuit check	Procedure 1 (Door unlock sensor check)	Procedure 2 (Door key cylinder switch check)	Procedure 3 (Door lock actuator check)	Procedure 4 (Super lock actuator check)	Procedure 5 (Door switch check)	Procedure 6 (NATS release signal check)	Procedure 7 (Key switch check)	Procedure 8 (Ignition switch "ON" circuit check)	Procedure 9 (Remote controller signal check)
1	Power door lock does not operate using any switch.	Х	х		х						
2	Power door lock does not operate with any switch of driver side.		х								
3	Power door lock does not operate with any switch of passenger side.		х				х				
4	Specific door lock actuator does not operate.				Х						
5	Super lock cannot be set by both door key cylinders.	Х		Х		Х			Х	Х	
6	Super lock cannot be set by one of door key cylinders.			Х							
7	*Super lock cannot be released by one or both door key cylinders.		Х								
8	*Super lock cannot be released by ignition key switch. (Signal from NATS IMMU)							х			
9	Specific super lock actuator does not operate.					х					
10	*Key reminder system does not operate.						Х		Х		
11	Super lock cannot be set/released by using multi-remote controller.										Х

X: Applicable

\*: Make sure the power door lock system operates properly.





### Main power supply circuit check

Terminals		Ignition switch position			
$\oplus$	$\ominus$	OFF	ACC	ON	
(1)	Ground	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	

### Ground circuit check

Terminals	Continuity
16 - Ground	Yes



















#### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 8 (Ignition switch "ON" circuit check)

Terminals		Ignition switch position				
$\oplus$	Θ	OFF	ACC	ON		
6	Ground	0V	0V	Battery voltage		

If NG, check the following.

• 10A fuse [No. 25, located in the fuse block (J/B)]

Harness for open or short



### Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 9 (Remote controller signal check)

### CHECK REMOTE CONTROLLER INPUT SIGNAL.

- 1. Withdraw key from ignition key cylinder.
- 2. Check voltage between control unit terminal ② or ③ and ground.
- NOTE: The multi-remote control system does not activate with key inserted in ignition key cylinder or if one of the doors is opened.

	Te ⊕	erminals	Condition of remote controller button	Voltage [V]			
② Ground		Cround	LOCK button is pressed	0 (Approx. 0.5 seconds)			
		Ground	LOCK button is released	5			
			UNLOCK button is pressed	0 (Approx. 0.5 seconds)			
	3	Giouna	UNLOCK button is released	5			
	Refer to Wiring Diagram in EL-216.						
	NG						
	Check harness for open or short between super lock control unit and multi-remote						

control unit.

Replace super lock control unit.

OK

### **System Description**

### FUNCTION

Multi-remote control system has the following function.

- Door lock (and set super lock)
- Door unlock (and release super lock)
- Hazard reminder

#### LOCK OPERATION

To lock door by multi-remote controller, the following two signals must be received.

- Key switch OFF (when ignition key is not in ignition key cylinder.)
- All door switches CLOSED

When the LOCK signal is input to multi-remote control unit (the antenna of the system is combined with multi-remote control unit), ground is supplied

- through multi-remote control unit terminal ①
- to super lock control unit terminal (2).

Then super lock control unit operates to lock doors and set super lock.

#### UNLOCK OPERATION

To unlock door by multi-remote controller, the following signal must be received.

• Key switch OFF (when ignition key is not in ignition key cylinder)

When the UNLOCK signal is input to multi-remote control unit (the antenna of the system is combined with multi-remote control unit), ground is supplied

- through multi-remote control unit terminal ①
- to super lock control unit terminal (3).

Then super lock control unit operates to unlock doors and release super lock.

#### HAZARD REMINDER

When the doors are locked or unlocked by multi-remote controller, ground is supplied

- to terminal ① of multi-remote control relay-1 and 2
- through multi-remote control unit terminal 12.

Then the relays are energized and hazard warning lamp flashes as follows

- Lock operation: Flash once
- Unlock operation: Flash twice

### MULTI-REMOTE CONTROLLER ID CODE ENTRY

A maximum of four remote controllers can be entered. Any attempt to enter a remote controller will erase all ID codes previously entered. Therefore, be sure to receive all remote controllers from the vehicle owner when any ID code entry is performed.

To enter ID code entry, the following signals must be input to the multi-remote control unit.

- Driver side LOCKED signal (from driver side door unlock sensor)
- Door switch CLOSED signal
- Key switch signal (INSERTED/WITHDRAWN)
- Accessory power supply
- Signal from remote controller

For detailed procedure, refer to "ID Code Entry Procedure" in EL-239.



Wiring Diagram — MULTI —/LHD Models

TEL688A

### MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM

### Wiring Diagram — MULTI —/LHD Models (Cont'd) EL-MULTI-06



TEL689A

### **Trouble Diagnoses**

### SYMPTOM CHART

Sym	otom		Possible cause		Diagnoses/service order
No doors can be locked or unlocked by remote control operation.	Hazard reminder also does not oper- ate either.	1. 2. 3.	Remote controller battery Key switch (insert) Door switch	1. 2. 3.	Check remote controller battery. Refer to EL-238. Check key switch (insert) signal at terminal ⑦ of multi-remote control unit. Check door switch signal at terminals ① and ② of multi-remote control unit.
		4. 5. 6.	Power supply circuit for multi- remote control unit Ground circuit for multi-remote control unit Remote controller	4. 5. 6.	Make sure battery voltage is present at terminal ③ of multi-remote control unit. Check continuity between terminal ⑤ of multi-re- mote control unit and ground. Replace remote controller. Refer to EL-239.
	Hazard reminder operates properly.	1. 2.	Super lock system Lock/unlock signal to super lock control unit	1. 2.	Check that power door lock operates properly. If NG, check super lock, EL-211. Check lock/unlock signal to super lock control unit at terminals (1) and (1) of multi-remote control unit. (See NOTE.)
Hazard reminder does	s not operate properly.	1. 2.	10A fuse Multi-remote control relay-1 and 2	1. 2.	Check 10A fuse (No. 48), located in the fuse and fusible link box). Check multi-remote control relay-1 and 2.
		3.	Hazard reminder circuit	3.	and multi-remote control unit terminal ().
The new ID of remote cannot be entered.	e controller	1. 2.	Remote controller battery Key switch (insert)	1. 2.	Check remote controller battery. Refer to EL-238. Check key switch (insert) signal at terminal ⑦ of multi-remote control unit.
		3.	Door switch	3.	Check door switch signal at terminals ① and ② of multi-remote control unit.
		4.	Driver's door unlock sensor	4.	Check driver's door unlock sensor signal at termi- nal (6) of multi-remote control unit.
		5.	Accessory power supply circuit for multi-remote control unit	5.	Make sure battery voltage is present at terminal (a) of multi-remote control unit while ignition switch is in ACC position.
		6.	Remote controller	6.	Replace remote controller. Refer to EL-239.

Refer to "MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL UNIT INSPECTION TABLE" on next page to check the control unit signals.

- NŎTE:
- The unlock operation of multi-remote control system does not activate with key inserted in the ignition key cylinder.
- The lock operation of multi-remote controller does not activate with the key inserted ignition key cylinder or if one of the door is opened.

### MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM

## Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

### MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL UNIT INSPECTION TABLE

Terminal No.	Connections	Condition		Voltage (V) (approximate values)
		Driver side deer	Opened	0
		Closed	12	
2	Deer switch (all deers)	One of doors is opened		0
2		All doors are closed		12
3	Power source (BAT)	_		12
5	Ground	-		—
6	Driver side door unlock sensor		Locked	5
0			Unlocked	0
7	Kay awitch (incart)	Key is in ignition key cylinder	12	
· ·		Key is not in ignition key cylinder	0	
0	Accessory power supply	Ignition switch	OFF	0
0			ACC or ON	12
Lock signal (to super lock control (A)		Remote controller LOCK button is pushed (All doors are closed and key is not in ignition key cylinder.)		0
	unit)	Other than above condition	5	
11 Unlock signal (to super lock control		Remote controller UNLOCK button is (Key is not in ignition key cylinder.)	0	
		Other than above condition	5	
12	Multi-remote control relay-1, 2	Remote controller LOCK/UNLOCK b (All doors are closed and key is not it	0	
		Other than above condition	12	





### REMOTE CONTROLLER BATTERY CHECK

Remove battery and measure voltage across battery positive and negative terminals,  $\oplus$  and  $\bigcirc.$ 

Measurin	Standard value		
$\oplus$	$\ominus$	Standard value	
Battery positive terminal ⊕	Battery negative terminal	2.5 - 3.0V	

#### Note:

Remote controller does not function if battery is not set correctly.

### **ID Code Entry Procedure**

#### Note:

A maximum of four remote controllers can be entered. Any attempt to enter a remote controller will erase all ID codes previously entered. Therefore, be sure to receive all remote controllers from the vehicle owner when any ID code entry is performed.

Enter the identity (ID) code manually when:

- remote controller or control unit is replaced.
- an additional remote controller is activated.

To enter the ID code, follow the procedures below.

#### PROCEDURE

Close all doors and lock driver side door.		
Insert and remove the key from the ignitic	on more than six times within 10 seconds.	
Turn ignition key switch to "ACC" position flash twice.	n. (The hazard warning lamps will then	
Push any button on the new remote contr then flash twice.) At this time, the new ID code is entered pletely erased.	oller once. (The hazard warning lamps will d and all previous ID memory is com-	4
,▼		
Do you want to enter any additional remo A maximum four ID codes may be enter ignored.	te controller ID codes? ered. Any attempt to enter more will be	
No	Yes	
	•	
	ADDITIONAL ID CODE ENTRY Release the door lock, then lock again with driver side knob lock switch.	
<b>v</b>		
Open driver side door or turn the ignition	key switch to "OFF" position.	
END. After entering the identity (ID) code, ch trol system.	neck the operation of multi-remote con-	

NOTE:

- If you need to activate more than two additional new remote controllers, repeat the procedure "Additional ID code entry" for each new remote controller.
- If the same ID code that exists in the memory is input, the entry will be ignored.
- Entry of maximum four ID codes is allowed and any attempt to enter more will be ignored.
- Any ID codes cannot be entered after termination of the "setting mode".

### System Description

NATS has the following immobiliser functions:

- Since only NATS ignition keys, whose ID nos. have been registered into the ECM and IMMU of NATS, allow the engine to run, operation of a stolen vehicle without a NATS registered key is prevented by NATS. That is to say, NATS will immobilize the engine if someone tries to start it without the registered key of NATS.
- Both of the originally supplied ignition key IDs have been NATS registered. If requested by the vehicle owner, a maximum of four key IDs can be registered into the NATS components.
- The NATS security indicator (NATS security ind.) blinks when the ignition switch is in "OFF" or "ACC" position. Therefore, NATS warns outsiders that the vehicle is equipped with the anti-theft system.
- When NATS detects trouble, the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) blinks.
- NATS trouble diagnoses, system initialisation and additional registration of other NATS ignition key IDs must be carried out using CONSULT hardware and CONSULT NATS software.
   When NATS initialisation has been completed, the ID of the inserted ignition key is automatically NATS registered. Then, if necessary, additional registration of other NATS ignition key IDs can be carried out. Regarding the procedures of NATS initialisation and NATS ignition key ID registration, refer to CONSULT operation manual, NATS.
- When servicing a malfunction of the NATS (indicated by flashing of Malfunction Indicator Lamp) or registering another NATS ignition key ID no., it may be necessary to re-register original key identification. Therefore, be sure to receive all keys from vehicle owner.

### System Composition

The immobiliser function of the NATS consists of the following:

- NATS ignition key
- NATS immobiliser control unit (NATS IMMU) located in the ignition key cylinder
- Engine control module (ECM)
- NATS security indicator
- Malfunction indicator lamp (MIL)





### Wiring Diagram — NATS —

TEL691A



### NATS (Nissan Anti-Theft System)/LHD MODELS

### CONSULT (Cont'd)

### CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE FUNCTION

CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE	Description
C/U INITIALIZATION	When replacing any of the following three components, C/U initialization is necessary. [NATS ignition key/IMMU/ECM]
SELF-FUNCTION CHECK	ECM checks its own NATS communication interface by itself.
SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS	Detected items (screen terms) are as shown in the chart below.

#### NOTE:

When any initialisation is performed, all ID previously registered will be erased. So all NATS ignition keys must be registered again.

The engine cannot be started with an unregistered key. In this case, the system may show "DIFFER-ENCE OF KEY" or "LOCK MODE" as a self-diagnostic result on the CONSULT screen.

### HOW TO READ SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS



#### NOTE:

- If trip number is more than 1, MIL does not blink.
- Time data is not indicated for TB45E engine models.

### SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS ITEM CHART

Detected items (Screen terms)	Description	Reference page
IMMU	ECM received the signal from IMMU that IMMU is malfunctioning.	EL-246
ECM	ECM is malfunctioning.	EL-246
CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU	Communication impossible between ECM and IMMU.	EL-247
DIFFERENCE OF KEY	IMMU can receive the key ID signal but the result of ID verification between key ID and IMMU is NG.	EL-249
CHAIN OF IMMU-KEY	IMMU cannot receive the key ID signal.	EL-250
ID DISCORD, IMM-ECM	The result of ID verification between IMMU and ECM is NG. System initialisation is required.	EL-250
MINGLE NOISE	Noise (interference) mingled into NATS communication lines during com- municating.	EL-251
DON'T ERASE BEFORE CHECK- ING ENG DIAG	Engine trouble data and NATS trouble data have been detected in ECM.	EL-244
LOCK MODE	When an unregistered ignition key is used, or if the starting operation is carried out two or more times consecutively with the ignition key, IMMU or ECM malfunctioning, NATS will shift the mode to one which prevents the engine from being started.	EL-252

### Trouble Diagnoses

CHECK IN	*Lighting-up mode of MIL (Malfunction Indicator Lamp)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	For dual malfunctions of NATS and an engine-related part:
Listen to customer complaints or request. (Get symptoms)	Stays ON For single malfunction of an engine-related part: Stays ON
	RVICE REQUEST (Additional key ID registration)
Verify the MIL*.	
	(Refer to CONSULT operation
V	manual NATS V2.0.)
DIAG RESULTS" with CONSULT.	l
*	*
Self-diagnostic results referring to NATS, but no information about engine self-diagnostic results is displayed on CONSULT	Self-diagnostic results referring to NATS and "DON'T ERASE BEFORE CHECKING ENG DIAG" are displayed on CONSULT
	(This means that engine trouble data has been detected in
Turn ignition switch "OFF"	EGM.)
	Ļ
Repair NATS.	Turn ignition switch "OFF".
(If necessary, carry out "SELF-FUNCTION CHECK" or "C/U INI- TIALISATION" with CONSULT)	
Turn ignition switch "ON"	
	(If necessary, carry out "SELF-FUNCTION CHECK" or "C/U INI-
	TIALISATION" with CONSULT.)
¥	¥
Trase the NATS "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" by using CONSULT. (Touch "ERASE".)	CONSULT.
	•
	Start the engine.
+	
Start the engine.	Check the NATS "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" by using CONSULT.
	ОК
V OK	•
CHECK OUT	Check the engine "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" with CONSULT by
	using the CONSULT generic program card. (Engine diagnostic software included)
$\downarrow$	
Perform running test with CONSULT in engine "SELF-DIAG	Repair ECCS. (Refer to EC section.)
RESULTS" mode.	
+	<b>★</b>
Verify "NO FAILURE" displayed on the CONSULT screen.	Turn ignition switch "ON".
ОК	
	Frase the engine "SELE-DIAG RESULTS" by using CONSULT
	(Touch "ERASE".)
	↓ ↓
	[

# NATS (Nissan Anti-Theft System)/LHD MODELS Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

### SYMPTOM CHART

SYMPTOM	Displayed "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" on CONSULT screen.	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (Reference page)	SYSTEM (Malfunctioning part or mode)
<ul><li>MIL blinking</li><li>Engine will start</li></ul>	IMMU	PROCEDURE 1 (EL-246)	IMMU
	ECM	PROCEDURE 2 (EL-246)	ECM
<ul> <li>MIL blinking</li> <li>Engine does not start</li> </ul>	CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU	PROCEDURE 3 (EL-247)	Open circuit in battery voltage line of IMMU circuit
			Open circuit in ignition line of IMMU circuit
			Open circuit in ground line of IMMU circuit
			Open or short circuit in communica- tion line between IMMU and ECM
			ECM
			IMMU
	DIFFERENCE OF KEY	PROCEDURE 4 (EL-249)	Unregistered key
			IMMU
	CHAIN OF IMMU-KEY	PROCEDURE 5 (EL-250)	Malfunction of key ID chip
			IMMU
	ID DISCORD, IMM-ECM	PROCEDURE 6 (EL-250)	System initialisation has not yet been completed.
			ECM
			IMMU
	MINGLE NOISE	PROCEDURE 7 (EL-251)	Noise interference in communica- tion line
	LOCK MODE	PROCEDURE 8 (EL-252)	LOCK MODE
MIL staying ON	DON'T ERASE BEFORE CHECK- ING ENG DIAG	WORK FLOW (EL-244)	Engine trouble data and NATS trouble data have been detected in ECM.
<ul><li>Security indicator does not oper- ate properly.</li><li>Engine starts properly.</li></ul>	_	PROCEDURE 9 (EL-253)	Security indicator circuit
			Security indicator
			Continuation of initialisation mode

\*Lighting-up mode of MIL (Malfunction Indicator Lamp) For single malfunction of NATS: Blinking For dual malfunctions of NATS and an engine-related part: Stays ON For single malfunction of an engine-related part: Stays ON





### NATS (Nissan Anti-Theft System)/LHD MODELS



NATS (Nissan Anti-Theft System)/LHD MODELS



**EL-248**
Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)







EL-250

A SELF-DIAG RESULTS FAILURE DETECTED TIME MINGLE NOISE 0	Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 7 Self-diagnostic results: "MINGLE NOISE" displayed on CONSULT screen	
	Confirm SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS "MINGLE NOISE" displayed on CONSULT screen.	_
ERASE PRINT SEL384U	Turn off or remove any possible noise sources.	
B SELF-DIAG RESULTS C FAILURE DETECTED TIME MINGLE NOISE 0	Touch "ERASE" on CONSULT SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS screen.	
	Can the engine start?	No







# How to Replace NATS IMMU

 If NATS IMMU is not installed correctly, NATS system will not operate properly and SELF-DIAG RESULTS on CON-SULT screen will show "LOCK MODE" or "CHAIN OF IMMU-KEY".





SEL549V

#### System Description

NATS has the following immobiliser functions:

- Since only NATS ignition keys, whose ID nos. have been registered into the ECM and IMMU of NATS, allow the engine to run, operation of a stolen vehicle without a NATS registered key is prevented by NATS. That is to say, NATS will immobilize the engine if someone tries to start it without the registered key of NATS.
- Both of the originally supplied ignition key IDs have been NATS registered. If requested by the vehicle owner, a maximum of four key IDs can be registered into the NATS components.
- The NATS security indicator (NATS security ind.) blinks when the ignition switch is in "OFF" or "ACC" position. Therefore, NATS warns outsiders that the vehicle is equipped with the anti-theft system.
- When NATS detects trouble, the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) blinks.
- NATS trouble diagnoses, system initialisation and additional registration of other NATS ignition key IDs must be carried out using CONSULT hardware and CONSULT NATS software.
   When NATS initialisation has been completed, the ID of the inserted ignition key is automatically NATS registered. Then, if necessary, additional registration of other NATS ignition key IDs can be carried out. Regarding the procedures of NATS initialisation and NATS ignition key ID registration, refer to CONSULT operation manual, NATS.
- When servicing a malfunction of the NATS (indicated by flashing of Malfunction Indicator Lamp) or registering another NATS ignition key ID no., it may be necessary to re-register original key identification. Therefore, be sure to receive all keys from vehicle owner.

#### System Composition

The immobiliser function of the NATS consists of the following:

- NATS ignition key
- NATS antenna amp. located in the ignition key cylinder
- NATS immobiliser control unit (NATS IMMU)
- Engine control module (ECM)
- NATS security indicator
- Malfunction indicator lamp (MIL)





#### Wiring Diagram — NATS —

TEL693A



#### CONSULT (Cont'd)

#### CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE FUNCTION

CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE	Description
C/U INITIALIZATION	When replacing any of the following three components, C/U initialization is necessary. [NATS ignition key/IMMU/ECM]
SELF-FUNCTION CHECK	ECM checks its own NATS communication interface by itself.
SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS	Detected items (screen terms) are as shown in the chart below.

#### NOTE:

When any initialisation is performed, all ID previously registered will be erased. So all NATS ignition keys must be registered again.

The engine cannot be started with an unregistered key. In this case, the system may show "DIFFER-ENCE OF KEY" or "LOCK MODE" as a self-diagnostic result on the CONSULT screen.

#### HOW TO READ SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS



\* If trip number is more than 1, MIL does not blink.

#### SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS ITEM CHART

Detected items (Screen terms)	Description	Reference page
IMMU	ECM received the signal from IMMU that IMMU is malfunctioning.	EL-261
ECM	ECM is malfunctioning.	EL-261
CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU	Communication impossible between ECM and IMMU.	EL-262
DIFFERENCE OF KEY	IMMU can receive the key ID signal but the result of ID verification between key ID and IMMU is NG.	EL-264
CHAIN OF IMMU-KEY	IMMU cannot receive the key ID signal.	EL-265
ID DISCORD, IMM-ECM	The result of ID verification between IMMU and ECM is NG. System initialisation is required.	EL-266
MINGLE NOISE	Noise (interference) mingled into NATS communication lines during com- municating.	EL-267
DON'T ERASE BEFORE CHECK- ING ENG DIAG	Engine trouble data and NATS trouble data have been detected in ECM.	EL-259
LOCK MODE	When an unregistered ignition key is used, or if the starting operation is carried out two or more times consecutively with the ignition key, IMMU or ECM malfunctioning, NATS will shift the mode to one which prevents the engine from being started.	EL-268

Trouble Diagnoses

CHECK IN	For single malfunction of NATS' Blinking
*	For dual malfunctions of NATS and an engine-related part:
Listen to customer complaints or request. (Get symptoms)	For single malfunction of an engine-related part: Stays ON
TROUBLE KEY S	⊐ SERVICE REQUEST (Additional key ID registration)
Verify the MIL*.	INITIALISATION
4	(Refer to CONSULT operation
Using the CONSULT program card for NATS check the "SELF- DIAG RESULTS" with CONSULT.	
	_
•	•
Self-diagnostic results referring to NATS, but no information about engine self-diagnostic results is displayed on CONSULT.	Self-diagnostic results referring to NATS and "DON'T ERASE BEFORE CHECKING ENG DIAG" are displayed on CONSULT. (This means that engine trouble data has been detected in ECM.)
Turn ignition switch "OFF".	
	Turn ignition switch "OFF".
(If necessary, carry out "SELF-FUNCTION CHECK" or "C/U INI- TIALISATION" with CONSULT.)	
	<b>V</b>
Turn ignition switch "ON".	Repair NATS. (If necessary, carry out "SELF-FUNCTION CHECK" or "C/U INI TIALISATION" with CONSULT.)
Erase the NATS "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" by using CONSULT. (Touch "ERASE".)	Do not erase the NATS "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" by using CONSULT.
	Start the engine.
	<b>↓</b>
Start the engine.	Check the NATS "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" by using CONSULT.
	ОК
Verify no blinking of MIL*.	Turn ignition switch "OFF".
ОК	
CHECK OUT	Check the engine "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" with CONSULT by using the CONSULT generic program card. (Engine diagnostic software included)
4	↓
Perform running test with CONSULT in engine "SELF-DIAG	Repair ECCS. (Refer to EC section.)
▼	
Verify "NO FAILURE" displayed on the CONSULT screen.	Turn ignition switch "ON".
▼ OK	-
CHECK OUT	Erase the engine "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" by using CONSULT. (Touch "ERASE".)

# NATS (Nissan Anti-Theft System)/RHD MODELS Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

#### SYMPTOM CHART

SYMPTOM	Displayed "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" on CONSULT screen.	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (Reference page)	SYSTEM (Malfunctioning part or mode)
MIL blinking	ІММU	PROCEDURE 1 (EL-261)	IMMU
• Engine can start.	ECM	PROCEDURE 2 (EL-261)	ECM
			Open circuit in battery voltage line of IMMU circuit
			Open circuit in ignition line of IMMU circuit
			Open circuit in ground line of IMMU circuit
	CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU	PROCEDURE 3 (EL-262)	Open or short circuit in communication line between IMMU and ECM
			Open circuit in power source line of ANT/AMP cir- cuit
			ECM
			IMMU
		PROCEDURE 4	Unregistered key
<ul> <li>MIL blinking</li> </ul>		(EL-264)	IMMU
Engine hard to start			Open or short circuit in communication line between ANT/AMP and IMMU
			Open circuit in power source line of ANT/AMP cir- cuit
	CHAIN OF IMMU-KEY	(EL-265)	Open circuit in ground line of ANT/AMP circuit
			Malfunction of key ID chip
			IMMU
			Antenna amp.
		PROCEDURE 6	System initialisation has not yet been completed.
		(EL-266)	ECM
	MINGLE NOISE	PROCEDURE 7 (EL-267)	Noise interference in communication line
<ul> <li>MIL blinking</li> <li>Engine hard to start</li> <li>NATS security indicator does not blink for 1 minute after ignition switch is turned to "OFF".</li> </ul>	LOCK MODE	PROCEDURE 9 (EL-268)	LOCK MODE
MIL staying ON	DON'T ERASE BEFORE CHECKING ENG DIAG	WORK FLOW (EL-259)	Engine trouble data and NATS trouble data have been detected in ECM
			NATS security ind.
NATS security ind. does not light up		PROCEDURE 8	Open circuit between Fuse and NATS IMMU
<ul><li>Engine can start.</li></ul>	_	(EL-267)	Continuation of initialisation mode
			NATS IMMU

\*Lighting-up mode of MIL (Malfunction Indicator Lamp) For single malfunction of NATS: Blinking For dual malfunctions of NATS and an engine-related part: Stays ON For single malfunction of an engine-related part: Stays ON







**EL-262** 

NATS (Nissan Anti-Theft System)/RHD MODELS



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)













#### **Engine Compartment**



#### Passenger Compartment — LHD Models



#### LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS

# Passenger Compartment — LHD Models (Cont'd)



EL-271

#### Passenger Compartment — RHD Models



### LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS

# Passenger Compartment — RHD Models (Cont'd)



NOTE

### How to Read Harness Layout

#### Example:



The following Harness Layouts use a map style grid to help locate connectors on the drawings:

- Main Harness
- Engine Room Harness (Engine Compartment)

#### To use the grid reference

- 1) Find the desired connector number on the connector list.
- 2) Find the grid reference.
- 3) On the drawing, find the crossing of the grid reference letter column and number row.
- 4) Find the connector number in the crossing zone.
- 5) Follow the line (if used) to the connector.

#### CONNECTOR SYMBOL

Main symbols of connector (in Harness Layout) are indicated in the below.

Connector tuno	Water p	roof type	Standard type							
	Male	Female	Male	Female						
<ul> <li>Cavity: Less than 4</li> <li>Relay connector</li> </ul>	Ø		Ø							
• Cavity: From 5 to 8	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$						
Cavity: More than 9	_	_	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$						
• Ground terminal etc.	_	_	Ø	2						

#### **Outline/LHD Models**



EL-276

#### **Outline/RHD Models**



EL-277

#### Main Harness/LHD Models



CEL754

																													-		-	(-			-	/		
Headlamp wiper switch	Bud tuer tark switch Hazard switch	To F5	To F6	To F7	Rear heater front switch (Wagon models for Europe)	Air bag diagnosis sensor unit	Multi-remote control unit	Sunload sensor (With front auto A/C)	Air bag module (Passenger side) (With dual air bag system)	Intake sensor (With front auto A/C)	Thermo control amp.	Rear cooler front switch (Wagon models with front manual A/C)	Radio and cassette player	Radio or radio and cassette player	Radio and cassette player (With CD auto changer)	CD player	Super lock control unit	Diff lock switch	Diff lock control unit	Sub fuel tank control unit	A/C auto amp. (With front auto A/C)	Fan switch )	Fan switch illumination { (With front manual A/C)	Recirculation switch	A/C auto amp. } (With front auto A/C)	Intake door motor	Intake door motor (With front manual A/C)	Fan control amp. (With front auto A/C)	Joint connector-1	Joint connector-2	To (M82)	To (M81)	To 021	Diode (With front manual A/C)	To (E104)	To (E105)	To Eto	Hear tog lamp relay
M47 BR/8	M49 DN/8	M50 W/6	(M51) W/16	(M52) W/24	M53 W/8	M54) Y/22 ::	(M55) W/12	M56 B/2	M57 Y/2	M58 W/2	M59 W/3	M61 W/8	(M62) W/6	(M63) W/10	M64 W/12 :	M65 W/4	(M66) W/18	(M67) BR/8	(M68) B/12	(M69) BR/16	(M70) B/16		M73 W/3	M74 W/8	M75 B/20	M76 W/4 ::	M77 W/4 ::	M78 W/4 ::	(M79) W/22	(M80) B/12	(M81) W/16	(M82) W/16	M84 W/18	(M85) W/2	(M86) BR/16	(M87) W/16	M88 W/24	(M89) VV/4
50		5	ü	ő	Ш	ЕЗ	Ē	Ŧ	9	F2	63	Ш	ЕZ	Ш	D	Ш	A4	D4	F3	Е4	F4	D1	F4	F3	D4	Ē	Ē	Ē	B1	B1	Ē	Ш	<u>9</u>	F2	63	G2	G3	5
: Fuse block (J/B)	. ruse block (J/B) . Fuse block (J/B)	: Data link connector for CONSULT	: ECCS relay (TB45E engine models)	: ECCS relay (RD engine models)	: Headlamp aiming switch	: ASCD main switch	: Heat up switch (RD engine models)	: Door mirror remote control switch	: ASCD hold relay	: Glow control unit (TD engine models except for cold areas)	: ASCD control unit	: Body ground	: To B19	: To E127		: Tweeter RH	: To R1	: Spiral cable (With air bag)	: NATS IMMU (With NATS)	: Body ground	: Security indicator (With NATS)	: Combination meter	: Combination meter	: Combination meter	: Combination meter	: ASCD clutch switch (M/T models with ASCD)	: Combination flasher unit	: Mode door motor (With front auto A/C)	: Illumination control switch	: Air mix door motor (With front auto A/C)	: Smart entrance control unit	: Cigarette lighter	: Stabilizer control unit	: In-vehicle sensor (With front auto A/C)	: Rear window detogger switch			
W/8	GY/16	GY/8	B/2	W/12	GY/14	L/4	BR/6	W/8	W/6	W/6	GY/12	L/4	W/12	B/20	I	CMS	CMS	CMS	W/3	W/10	۲/۲	W/8		W/2	W/10	BR/16	W/16	W/10	L/2	B/3	W/3	W/3	W/3	W/18	B/2	W/12	W/2	W/6
(FE)	A)	M4	M5	(M6	(M7	(M8	6W	(FP)	M12	M13	M14	M15	M16	(TH)	M19	M20	M21	(M22)	M23	M24	M28	M29	M30	M31	M32	M33	M34	M35	M36	M37	M38	M39	M40	M41	M42	M44	M45	M46)
B3 (	B4	B4	B4 (	B3 (	C4	C3	C3	B3 (	B2 (	B2 (	B2 (	A4 (	F4 (	A4 (	A5 (	A3 (	A3 (	A2 (	G1	G1	C3	с С	0 0	<u> </u>	B2 (	5	<u>5</u>	<u> </u>	B2 (	D3 (	D3 (	5 5	D4 (	D3 (	E4 (	E4 (	D3	D2 (

# HARNESS LAYOUT

#### Main Harness/LHD Models (Cont'd)

CEL755

# HARNESS LAYOUT

# Main Harness/LHD Models (Cont'd)



NOTE

#### Main Harness/RHD Models



CEL819

147) BR/8 : Headlamp wiper switch	148) BR/6 : Sub fuel tank switch	149) W/8 : Hazard switch	M60) W/6 :: To F5	M61) W/16 : To F6	162) W/24 : To (F7)	W/B : Hear heater front switch (Wagon models for Europe)	454) Y122 : Air bag diagnosis sensor unit	455) W/12 : Multi-remote control unit	M56) B/2 : Sunload sensor (With front auto A/C)	1657) Y/2 : Air bag module (Passenger side) (With dual air bag system)	MS : Intake sensor (With front auto A/C)	159) W/3 : Thermo control amp.	160) L/6 : Power antenna switch	161) W/8 : Rear cooler front switch (Wagon models with front manual A/C)	162) W/6 : Radio and cassette player	M63) W/10 : Radio or radio and cassette player	Mod W/12 : Radio and cassette player (With CD auto changer)	M65) W/4 : CD player	Mob W/18 : Super lock control unit	167) BR/8 : Diff lock switch	AGB) B/12 : Diff lock control unit	169) BR/16 : Sub fuel tank control unit	A70 B/16 : A/C auto amp. (With front auto A/C)	171) W/6 : Fan switch	473) W/3 : Fan switch illumination { (With front manual A/C)	174) W/8 : Recirculation switch	175) B/20 : A/C auto amp. ) (With front auto A/C)	$\overline{\mathbf{M5}}$ W/4 : Intake door motor $\int (\mathbf{W}) (\mathbf{M}) (\mathbf{M}$	W/4 : Intake door motor (With front manual A/C)	M/4 : Fan control amp. (With front auto A/C)	W/22 : Joint connector-1	160) B/12 : Joint connector-2	<b>AB1</b> W/16 : To (MB2)	AB2) W/16 : To (MB1)	183) W/3 : Tweeter LH	<b>484</b> ) W/18 : To D21	ABD W/2 : Diode (With front manual A/C)	ABB BR/16 : To E104	187) W/16 : To (E105)	188) W/24 : To (E106)	189) W/4 : Rear fog lamp relay		
E1	D1 M4		D2 M5	E4		<u>الع</u>	C4	B2 M5	B1	A1 M5	B2 M5	B2 M5	C1	C1	D1	C1	C2 M6	D1	G4 M6	C4 M6	B3 M6	C4	C3 M7	D1	C3 C3	B2 M7	EM FO	B1	B1	A1	B1 M7	B1 M8	C1	B1	A1 M8:	A2 MB	A1 (M8	A3 (M8	A2 (M8	B3 (M8:	A1 M8		
: Fuse block (J/B)	: Fuse block (J/B)	Euse block (J/B)	: Fuse block (J/B)	: Fuse block (J/B)	: Fuse block (J/B)	: Data link connector for CONSULI	: ECCS relay (TB45E engine models)	: ECCS relay (RD engine models)	: Headlamp aiming switch	: ASCD main switch	: Heat up switch (RD engine models)	: Door mirror remote control switch	: ASCD hold relay	: Glow control unit	: ASCD control unit	: Body ground	: To B19	: To E127	: To Di	: Tweeter RH	: To Rt	: Accelerator position sensor	: Accelerator position switch	: Accelerator switch (F/C)	: Spiral cable (With air bag)	: NATS IMMU (For Australia)	: Body ground	: Security indicator (With NATS)	: Combination meter	: Combination meter	: Combination meter	: Combination meter	: ASCD clutch switch (M/T models with ASCD)	: Combination flasher unit	: Mode door motor (With front auto A/C)	: Illumination control switch	: Air mix door motor (With front auto A/C)	: Smart entrance control unit	: Cigarette lighter	: Seat belt timer (Without sub fuel tank for Australia)	: Stabilizer control unit	: In-vehicle sensor (With front auto A/C)	: Rear window defogger switch
M1 W/8	M2 BR/16	M3 GY/16	M4) GY/8	M5 B/2	M6 W/12		M8 L/4	M9 BR/6	M11 W/8	M12 W/6	M13 W/6	M14 GY/12	M15 L/4	M16 W/12	M17 B/20	(M19)	LMS (02M)	LMS (MJ	LMS SMJ	M23 W/3	M24 W/10	(M25) BR/3	M26 GY/3	M27 W/3	M28 Y/7	M29 W/8	 	M31 W/2	M32 W/10	(M33) BR/16	M34 W/16	M35 W/10	M36) L/2	M37 B/3	M38 W/3	M39 W/3	M40 W/3	M41 W/18	(M42) B/2	M43 W/8	M44 W/12	M45 W/2	M46 W/6
F4	Е4	Е 4	F4	4	ш і 4	Ц 4	Ē	Ē	D4	G2	G2	Ē	G4	G4	G4	A2	G3	G3	G2	G 1	G2	G3	F5	G3	ЕЗ	ЕZ	ШS	ш	ш	Ш	E2	Ē	D3	ЕЗ	D3	БZ	D4	04	C4	C4	C4	D4	5

# HARNESS LAYOUT

# Main Harness/RHD Models (Cont'd)

#### HARNESS LAYOUT

#### Main Harness/RHD Models (Cont'd)




NOTE

**Engine Room Harness/LHD Models** 



**EL-286** 

																																r cold areas)					() A/C)	ne models)		(TD engine models	
: Front combination lamp RH	: Horn high	Inhibitor relav	· Inhibitor relav	· Body around (TD engine models)	· Side turn signal lamo RH	· Winer deirer	· Front winds motor		. Grow relay-1	. Grow relay-1	· Clow letay-1	. FIUTH WHEEL SERSUL LT (VVILLI ADS)	T vacuum warning switch			· To E223 { (TD engine models)				Kevolution sensor	: A/I solenoid valve (A/T models)	: Inhibitor switch		: Fuel filter switch	: Brake fluid level switch	: Front wheel sensor RH (With ABS)	: Dropping resistor (A/T models)	: Front tog lamp RH	: Front tog lamp LH	: Daytime light control unit	: Daytime light control unit	. Grow relay-2 (TD engine models fo	Grow relay-2		. Door window defeator volow		: A/C cut relay (TD engine models with	: Charge air cooler tan relay (RD engir	: Engine coolant temperature switch-1)	: IACV-FICD solenoid valve	: IACV-FICD solenoid valve
) GY/4	) B/1	G//2	G//2		B/2	1 C/B			2/0	1/1/1				2/9 -						) GY/3	) BH/8	) GY/8	בואם (	) BH/2	) GY/2	) GY/2	) GY/2	) BR/2	) BR/2	) GY/8	) GY/6	2/5	1/1/	- ///	2/10 (	מ/עם גיים	) B/5	) L/4	) GY/2	) B/1	) B/1
A3 (E49	D4 E50	B2 E51																								D2	F2 (E78	C4		A3 (E82							B][	B1 E93	C4 (E94	D2 (E95	D2 (E96
: Fuse and fusible link box	: Transfer neutral relay	: Cornering lamp relay	: Air conditioner relay	: Bulb check relay	: Cooling fan relay-1	: Horn relay	: Diff lock solenoid	: Wiper deicer relay	: Battery (+)	: EGRC-solenoid valve A	: EGRC-solenoid valve B { (RD engine models)	: Throttle control solenoid valve	: ABS actuator and electric unit	: Power antenna	: Side turn signal lamp LH	: Body ground (RD engine models)	: Body ground (With ABS)	: Front combination lamp LH	: Body ground	: Headlamp aiming motor LH	: To (A1) ]	: To A2 (RD engine models)	: To (A3)	: Headlam LH	: Headlamp wiper motor LH	: Ambient air temperature sensor (With compass and thermometer)	: Ambient sensor (With auto A/C)	: Cooling fan motor-1	: Headlamp wiper motor RH	: Dual-pressure switch	: Body ground	: Headlamp aiming motor RH	: Engine coolant temperature switch-2 (TD engine models with A/C)	: To E181) (With electrical winch)	: Horn low	: Headlamp RH	: Front washer motor	: Rear washer motor	- Hoodlama washar matar		
	) B/5	) L/4	) BR/6	) L/4	) L/4	) W/3	) GY/4	) L/4		) BR/2	) G/2	) B/2	(MS (	) GY/3	) B/2			) GY/4		) GY/6	) B/2	) GY/3		) B/3	) B/4	) B/2	) B/2	) GY/4	) B/6	) B/2		) GY/6	) GY/2	) GY/2	) B/1	) B/3	) GY/2	) BR/2			
لک ت	A1 (E3)	A1 (E4	B1 ES	B1 B1	A1 E8	A1	G2 E10	B1 E12	C2 E13	E2 E15	F3 E16	E3 E17	D2 (E18	D3 E19	G3 (E20	G3 E21	C1 (E22	E4 (E24	F3 (E25	D4 (E26	E3 (E27	F3 E28	E3 (E29	E4 (E30	D4 (E33	C3 E34	D3 E35	D3 E36	B4 (E38	A2 (E39	A2 (E40	A4 (E41	D4 (E42	B4 (E43	B4 (E44	A3 (E45	B2 (E46	A2 (E47			

# Engine Room Harness/LHD Models (Cont'd)

#### PASSENGER COMPARTMENT



#### Engine Room Harness/LHD Models (Cont'd)



Engine Room Harness/RHD Models



# Engine Room Harness/RHD Models (Cont'd)

	: Fuse and fusible link box	C4 (E49) GY/4	: Front combination lamp RH	
A1 E3 B/5	: Transfer neutral relay	F4 (E50) B/1	. Horn high	
A1 E4 L/4	: Cornering lamp relay	C4 (E51) GV/2	· Inhihitor relav )	
B1 (E5) BR/6	: Air conditioner relay		· Inhibitor rolay { (A/T models)	
B1 (E7) L/4	: Bulb check relay		. Body ground	
A1 (E8) L/4	: Cooling fan relay-1	B3 FEF B/9	. Side tirr signal lamo RH	
A1 (E9) W/3	: Horn relay		. Winer deiner	
E2 E10 GY/4	: Diff lock solenoid		. Front winer motor	
B1 (E12) L/4	: Wiper deicer relay	B2 FEB G/2	. Grow related	
C3 E13 -	: Battery (+)		. Grow relay-1	
E3 (E15) BR/2	: EGRC-solenoid valve A	B2 E61 M/1	. Grow relav-1	
D3 E16 G/2	: EGRC-solenoid valve B { (RD engine models)		: Growt wheel sensor   H /With ABS)	
E3 (E17) B/2	: Throttle control solenoid valve ]		. Vacuum warning switch (Evcent for Australia)	
E2 E18 SMJ	: ABS actuator and electric unit		· To From	
E3 (E19) GY/4	: Power antenna			
E3 (E20) B/2	: Side turn signal lamp LH			
E1 (E21) -	: Body ground		. TO E223 { (TD engine models)	
F2 E22 -	: Body ground (With ABS)			
G3 (E24) GY/4	: Front combination lamp LH	B3 (E69) B/8	- 10 E202	
G2 E25 -	: Body ground		10 (E201)	
G4 (E26) GY/6	: Headlamp aiming motor LH		: Revolution sensor	
G2 (E27) B/2	: To (A1) )	DZ (E72) BH/8	: A/I solenoid valve { (A/T models)	
F2 (E28) GY/3	: To A2 (RD engine models)	D3 (E73) GY/8	: Inhibitor switch	
G2 (E29) —	: To A3	D3 (E74) GY/2	: Inhibitor switch	
G3 (E30) B/3	: Headlamp LH	E3 (E75) BR/2	: Fuel filter switch	
G3 (E33) B/4	: Headlamp wiper motor LH	C2 (E76) GY/2	: Brake fluid level switch	
F3 E34 B/2	: Ambient air temperature sensor (With compass and thermometer)	B3 (E77) GY/2	: Front wheel sensor RH (With ABS)	
F4 E35 B/2	: Ambient sensor (With auto A/C)	C2 (E78) GY/2	: Dropping resistor (A/I models)	
F4 (E36) GY/4	: Cooling fan motor-1	E4 (E79) BH/2	Front tog lamp KH	
F4 E38 B/6	: Headlamp wiper motor RH		rront log lamp LM	
E3 (E3) B/2	: Dual-pressure switch		. Hear window delogger relay	
C4 E40 -	: Body ground		Characteristic for the second models with A/U)	
D4 E41 GY/6	: Headlamp aiming motor RH		: Charge air cooler tan relay (HU engine models)	
F3 E42 GY/2	: Engine coolant temperature switch-2 (TD engine models with A/C)	E4 (E94) GY/2	: Engine coolant temperature switch-1	
E4 E43 GY/2	: To (E181) (With electrical wintch)	C1 (E95) B/1	: IACV-FICD solenoid valve	oneis
D5 E44 B/1	: Horn low	C2 (E96) B/1	: IACV-FICD solenoid valve	
D4 E45 B/3	: Headlamp RH			
E4 E46 GY/2	: Front washer motor			
D5 E47 BR/2	: Rear washer motor			
C4 (E48) GY/2	: Headlamp washer motor			

# Engine Room Harness/RHD Models (Cont'd) **PASSENGER COMPARTMENT** E122 ы. Ш12. E108 E111 E112) E110 E115 E116) Ш Ц Ц E114 E113) E109 E118) E119 E120) , SMJ To fuse block (J/B) E103 E121 E118 E114 E120) E113) E102 E101 E100 E104 Щ Ю E116) E115 E125), For Europe

#### Engine Room Harness/RHD Models (Cont'd)



**Engine Harness** 







EL-295

## **Body Harness/LHD Models**

#### WAGON



EL-296



## Body Harness/LHD Models (Cont'd)

# Body Harness/LHD Models (Cont'd)

#### HARDTOP



# Body Harness/LHD Models (Cont'd)



# Body Harness/RHD Models

# B20 B16 B18) Bg\_-Bg B22 B12 B10 B11 X B24 B25 BS (m B4 B23 B2 B26 N) BG B14 B28 B27) B29 B13 ð B8 B7



CEL834

EL-300

### WAGON











# Body Harness/RHD Models (Cont'd)

#### HARDTOP



## Body Harness/RHD Models (Cont'd)



Body No. 2 Harness/LHD Models

#### WAGON



## Body No. 2 Harness/LHD Models (Cont'd)

HARDTOP



Body No. 2 Harness/RHD Models



EL-306

## Body No. 2 Harness/RHD Models (Cont'd)

#### HARDTOP



## **Chassis Harness**





# **Room Lamp Harness**



#### LHD MODELS

## Front Door Harness (Driver side)



#### LHD MODELS

#### Front Door Harness (Passenger side)



#### **Rear Door Harness**





# Back Door Harness and Rear Window Defogger Harness

CEL772

View with back door RH finisher removed

View with back door LH finisher removed

# Headlamp

	Wattage (12 volt)
High/low (without xenon headlamp)	60/55 (H4)

# Exterior Lamp

		Wattage (12 volt)
Front combination lamp	Front turn signal	21
	Parking	5
Side turn signal lamp		5
	Turn signal	21
Poor combination lamp	Stop/Tail	21/5
Real combination lamp	Back-up	21
	Fog	21
Rear bumper combina-	Turn signal	21
tion lamp	Stop/Tail	21/5
License plate lamp	5	
High-mounted stop lamp	21	

# Interior Lamp

	Wattage (12 volt)
Interior room lamp	10
Map lamp	10
Vanity mirror lamp	3

Wiring Diagram NameCodeSectionWiringAuto Air ConditionerGLOWECQuick Glow SyAir Conditioner Cut ControlGOVNRECElectric GovernManual Air ConditionerH/AIMELHeadlamp AimA/TH/LAMPELHeadlampIACV-AAC ValveHEATUPECHeat up SwitchAnti-lock Brake SystemHLCELHeadlamp CleatAccelerator Switch (FC)HORNELHornAccelerator Position SwitchHSEATELHeated SeatAdjustment ResistorIATSECIntake Air TemAccelerator Position SensorIC/FANECCharge Air CodAutomatic Speed Control DeviceIGNECIgnition Signal

Use the chart below to find out what each wiring diagram code stands for.

Code	Section	Wiring Diagram Name
A/C,A	HA	Auto Air Conditioner
A/C CUT	EC	Air Conditioner Cut Control
A/C,M	HA	Manual Air Conditioner
A/T	AT	A/T
AAC/V	EC	IACV-AAC Valve
ABS	BR	Anti-lock Brake System
ACC/SW	EC	Accelerator Switch (FC)
ACL/SW	EC	Accelerator Position Switch
ADJRES	EC	Adjustment Resistor
APS	EC	Accelerator Position Sensor
ASCD	EL	Automatic Speed Control Device
AT/C	EC	A/T Control
AUDIO	EL	Audio
BACK/L	EL	Back-up Lamp
BCDD	EC	BCDD System
CD/CHG	EL	CD Auto Changer
CHARGE	EL	Charging System
CHIME	EL	Warning Chime
CHOKE	EC	Automatic Choke
CIGAR	EL	Cigarette Lighter
CKPS	EC	Crankshaft Position Sensor (OBD)
CLOCK	EL	Clock
CMPS	EC	Camshaft Position Sensor
COMPAS	EL	Compass and Thermometer
COOL/B	HA	Cool Box
COOL/F	EC	Cooling Fan Control
CORNER	EL	Cornering Lamp
CSPS	EC	Control Sleeve Position Sensor
D/LOCK	EL	Power Door Lock
DEICER	EL	Wiper Deicer
DEF	EL	Rear Window Defogger
DIFF/L	PD	Differential Lock Control System
DTRL	EL	Headlamp — With Daytime Light System
ECTS	EC	Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor
EGRC/V	EC	EGRC-Solenoid Valve
F/FOG	EL	Front Fog Lamp
F/PUMP	EC	Fuel Pump
FCUT	EC	Fuel Cut Solenoid Valve
FICD	EC	IACV-FICD Solenoid Valve
FTS	EC	Fuel Temperature Sensor

Code	Section	Wiring Diagram Name
GLOW	EC	Quick Glow System
GOVNR	EC	Electric Governor
H/AIM	EL	Headlamp Aiming Control System
H/LAMP	EL	Headlamp
HEATUP	EC	Heat up Switch
HLC	EL	Headlamp Cleaner
HORN	EL	Horn
HSEAT	EL	Heated Seat
IATS	EC	Intake Air Temperature Sensor
IC/FAN	EC	Charge Air Cooler Fan
IGN	EC	Ignition System
IGN/SG	EC	Ignition Signal
ILL	EL	Illumination
INJECT	EC	Injector
INT/L	EL	Spot, Vanity Mirror Lamps
KS	EC	Knock Sensor
MAFS	EC	Mass Air Flow Sensor
MAIN	EC	Main Power Supply and Ground Cir- cuit
METER	EL	Speedometer, Tachometer, Temp., Oil and Fuel Gauges
MIL/DL	EC	Mil and Data Link Connectors
MIRROR	EL	Door Mirror
MULTI	EL	Multi-remote Control System
NATS	EL	Nissan Anti-Theft System
NLS	EC	Needle Lift Sensor
P/ANT	EL	Power Antenna
PLA	EC	Partial Load Advance Control
PNP/SW	EC	Park/Neutral Position Switch
POWER	EL	Power Supply Routing
PST/SW	EC	Power Steering Oil Pressure Switch
R/COOL	HA	Rear Cooler System
R/FOG	EL	Rear Fog Lamp
R/HEAT	HA	Rear Heater System
ROOM/L	EL	Interior Room Lamp
S/LOCK	EL	Power Door Lock — Super Lock
S/SIG	EC	Start Signal
S/TANK	FE	Sub Fuel Tank Control System
SEAT	EL	Power Seat
SROOF	EL	Sunroof
SRS	RS	Supplemental Restraint System

Code	Section	Wiring Diagram Name
STAB	RA	Rear Stabilizer Release Device Con- trol System
START	EL	Starting System
STOP/L	EL	Stop Lamp
TAIL/L	EL	Parking, License, Tail and Stop Lamps
TCV	EC	Injection Timing Control Valve
TPS	EC	Throttle Position Sensor
TURN	EL	Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps
VSS	EC	Vehicle Speed Sensor
WARN	EL	Warning Lamps
WINCH	SE	Electrical Winch
WINDOW	EL	Power Window
WIP/R	EL	Rear Wiper and Washer
WIPER	EL	Front Wiper and Washer



#### LHD MODELS

Installation

To install SMJ, tighten bolts until orange "fulltight" mark appears and then retighten to specified torque as required. ·m

(0.3 - 0.5 kg-m, 26 - 43 in-lb) **CAUTION:** 

Do not overtighten bolts, otherwise, they may be damaged.



#### Installation

To install SMJ, tighten bolts until orange "fulltight" mark appears and then retighten to specified torque as required.

🕑 : 3 - 5 N·m

(0.3 - 0.5 kg-m, 26 - 43 in-lb)

**CAUTION:** 

Do not overtighten bolts, otherwise, they may be damaged.

#### **Terminal Arrangement**





## **Terminal Arrangement**

## **Terminal Arrangement**


## **Terminal Arrangement**



## **Terminal Arrangement**

(Black)



1 1 1 (Gray)

CEL778