

CO

SECTION

ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM

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PRECAUTIONS

< PRECAUTION >

PRECAUTION

PRECAUTIONS

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

INFOID:0000000010593738

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the "SRS AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT" of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision that would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see "SRS AIR BAG".
- Never use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

WARNING:

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- When working near the Air Bag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Air Bag System sensors with the ignition ON or engine running, never use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

Precautions for Removing Battery Terminal

INFOID:0000000010936318

- When removing the 12V battery terminal, turn OFF the ignition switch and wait at least 30 seconds.

NOTE:

ECU may be active for several tens of seconds after the ignition switch is turned OFF. If the battery terminal is removed before ECU stops, then a DTC detection error or ECU data corruption may occur.

- For vehicles with the 2-batteries, be sure to connect the main battery and the sub battery before turning ON the ignition switch.

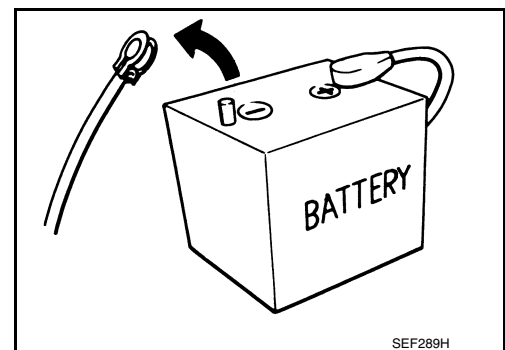
NOTE:

If the ignition switch is turned ON with any one of the terminals of main battery and sub battery disconnected, then DTC may be detected.

- After installing the 12V battery, always check "Self Diagnosis Result" of all ECUs and erase DTC.

NOTE:

The removal of 12V battery may cause a DTC detection error.



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PREPARATION

< PREPARATION >

PREPARATION

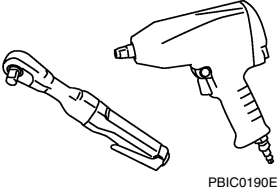
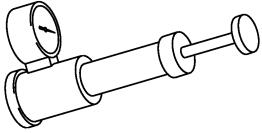
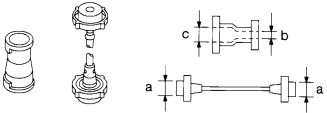
PREPARATION

Commercial Service Tools

INFOID:0000000010593739

A

CO

Tool name	Description
<p>Power tool</p>  <p>PBIC0190E</p>	<p>Loosening bolts and nuts</p>
<p>Radiator cap tester</p>  <p>PBIC1982E</p>	<p>Checking radiator and radiator cap</p>
<p>Radiator cap tester adapter</p>  <p>S-NT564</p>	<p>Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator cap and water outlet (front) filler neck</p> <p>a: 28 (1.10) dia. b: 31.4 (1.236) dia. c: 41.3 (1.626) dia. Unit: mm (in)</p>

C

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DESCRIPTION

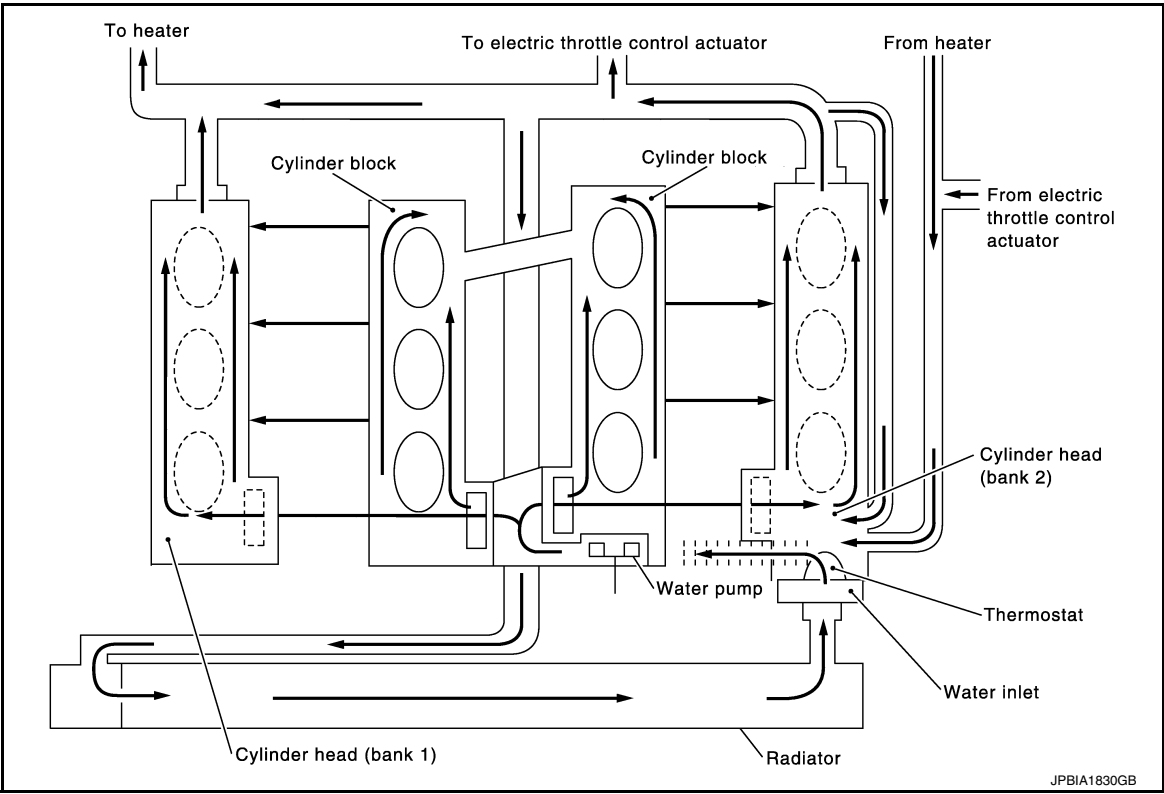
< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTION

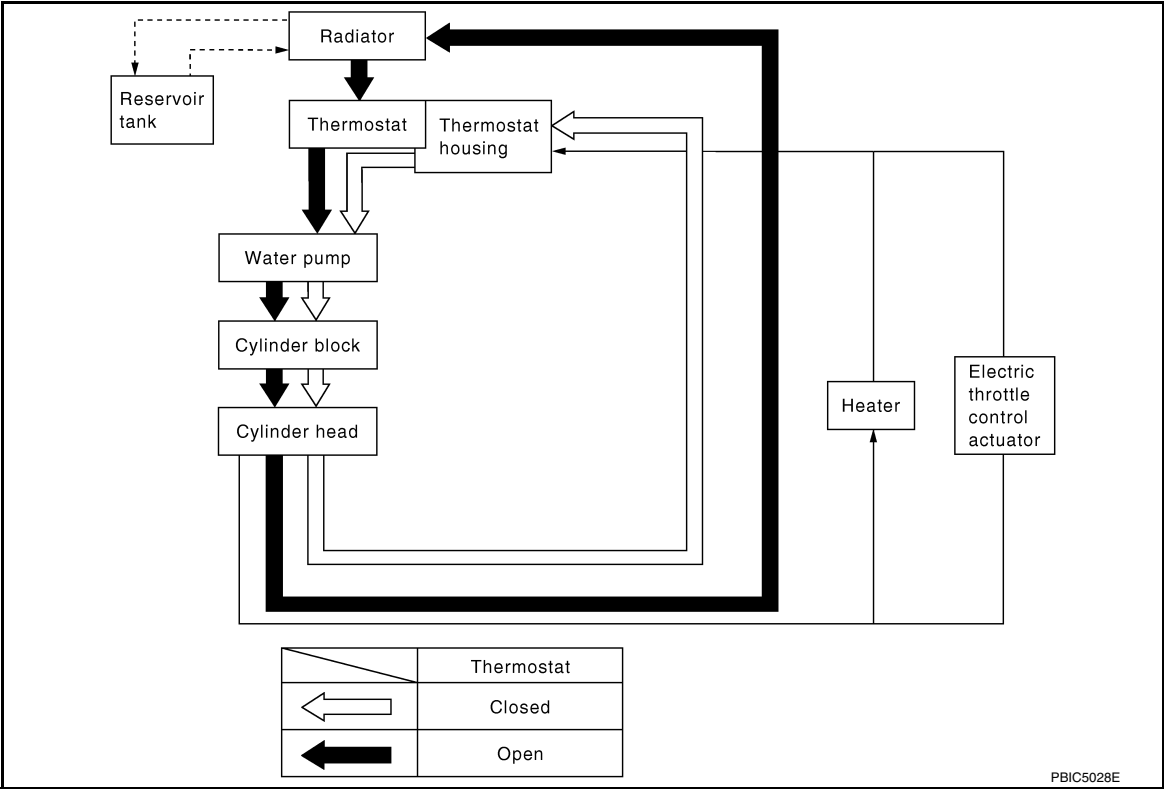
Engine Cooling System

INFOID:0000000010593740



Engine Cooling System Schematic

INFOID:0000000010593741



OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

< SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS >

SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS

OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

Troubleshooting Chart

INFOID:0000000010593742

Symptom		Check items	
Cooling system parts malfunction	Poor heat transfer	Water pump malfunction	Worn or loose drive belt
		Thermostat stuck closed	—
		Damaged fins	Dust contamination or paper clogging
			Physical damage
		Clogged radiator cooling tube	Excess foreign material (rust, dirt, sand, etc.)
	Reduced air flow	Cooling fan does not operate	Fan assembly
		High resistance to fan rotation	
		Damaged fan blades	
	Damaged radiator shroud	—	—
	Improper engine coolant mixture ratio	—	—
	Poor engine coolant quality	—	Engine coolant density
	Insufficient engine coolant	Cooling hose	Loose clamp
			Cracked hose
			Poor sealing
		Radiator cap	Loose
			Poor sealing
		Radiator	O-ring for damage, deterioration or improper fitting
			Cracked radiator tank
			Cracked radiator core
		Reservoir tank	Cracked reservoir tank
	Overflowing reservoir tank	Exhaust gas leakage into cooling system	Cylinder head deterioration
			Cylinder head gasket deterioration

OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS

< SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS >

	Symptom		Check items	
Except cooling system parts malfunction	—	Overload on engine	Abusive driving	High engine rpm under no load
				Driving in low gear for extended time
				Driving at extremely high speed
			Powertrain system malfunction	—
			Installed improper size wheels and tires	
			Dragging brakes	
			Improper ignition timing	
	Blocked or restricted air flow	Blocked bumper	—	—
		Blocked radiator grille	Installed car brassiere	
			Mud contamination or paper clogging	
		Blocked radiator	—	
		Blocked condenser	Blocked air flow	
		Installed large fog lamp		

ENGINE COOLANT

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

ENGINE COOLANT

Inspection

INFOID:0000000010593743

LEVEL

- Check if the reservoir tank engine coolant level is within the "MIN" to "MAX" when the engine is cool.

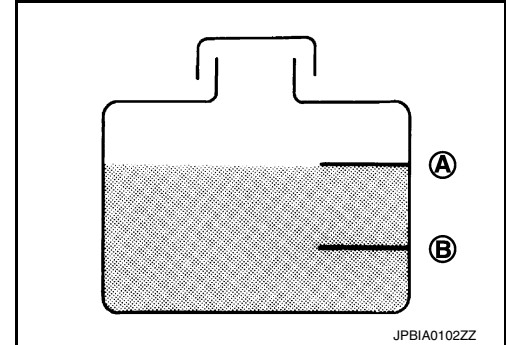
A : MAX

B : MIN

- Adjust the engine coolant level if necessary.
- Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.

CAUTION:

Refill Genuine NISSAN Long Life Antifreeze/Coolant (blue) or equivalent in its quality mixed with water (distilled or demineralized). Refer to [MA-10, "Fluids and Lubricants"](#).



LEAKAGE

- To check for leakage, apply pressure to the cooling system with the radiator cap tester and radiator cap tester adapter (commercial service tool) (A).

Testing pressure : Refer to [CO-26, "Radiator"](#).

WARNING:

Never remove radiator cap when engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from water outlet (front).

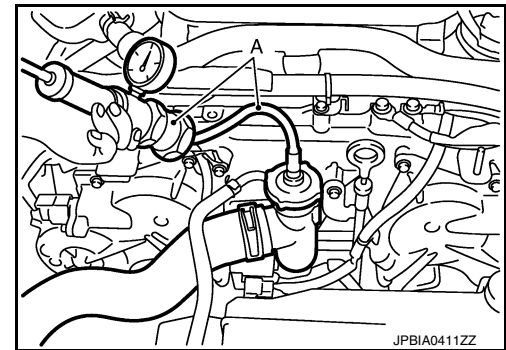
CAUTION:

Higher test pressure than specified may cause radiator damage.

NOTE:

In a case that engine coolant decreases, replenish radiator with engine coolant.

- If anything is found, repair or replace damaged parts.



Draining

INFOID:0000000010593744

WARNING:

- Never change engine coolant when the engine is hot to avoid being scalded.
- Wrap a thick cloth around radiator cap and carefully remove radiator cap. First, turn radiator cap a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Then turn radiator cap all the way.

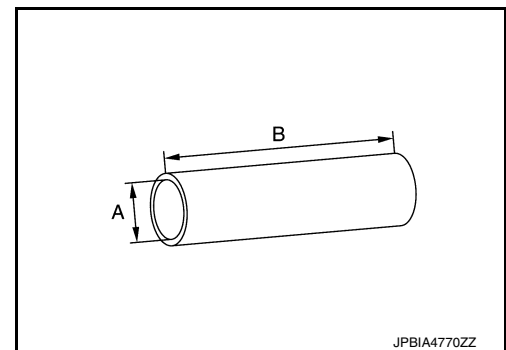
- Connect drain hose.

NOTE:

Use a general-purpose hose with the dimensions shown in the figure.

A : ϕ 15 - 16 mm (0.59 - 0.63 in)

B : 145 mm (5.71 in)

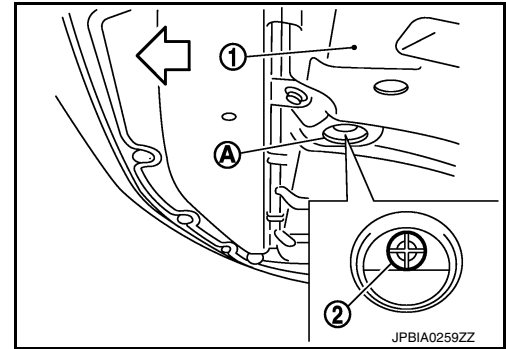


ENGINE COOLANT

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

2. Open radiator drain plug (2) at the bottom of radiator, and then remove radiator cap.

- 1 : Engine under cover
A : Radiator drain plug hole
⇐ : Vehicle front



When draining all of engine coolant in the system, open water drain plugs on cylinder block. Refer to [EM-122, "Exploded View"](#).

3. Remove reservoir tank if necessary, and drain engine coolant and clean reservoir tank before installing.
4. Check drained engine coolant for contaminants such as rust, corrosion or discoloration. If contaminated, flush the engine cooling system. Refer to [CO-9, "Flushing"](#).
5. Disconnect drain hose.

Refilling

INFOID:0000000010593745

CAUTION:

- Do not reuse O-rings.
- Do not put additive such as waterleak preventive, since it may cause cooling waterway clogging.
- When refilling use Genuine NISSAN Long Life Antifreeze/Coolant (blue) or equivalent in its quality mixed with water (distilled or demineralized). Refer to [MA-10, "Fluids and Lubricants"](#).

1. Remove engine cover. Refer to [EM-25, "Exploded View"](#).
2. Install reservoir tank if removed, and radiator drain plug.

CAUTION:

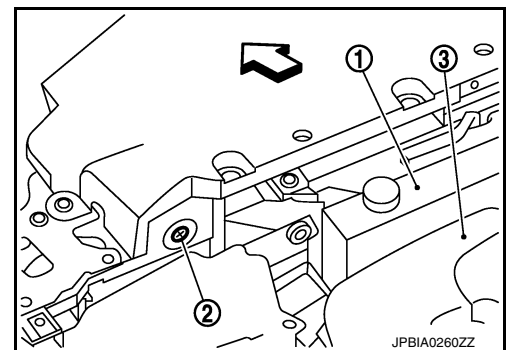
Be sure to clean drain plug and install with new O-ring.

Tightening torque : Refer to [CO-13, "Exploded View"](#).

If water drain plugs on cylinder block are removed, close and tighten them. Refer to [EM-123, "Disassembly and Assembly"](#).

3. Check that each hose clamp has been firmly tightened.
4. Remove air relief plug (2) on radiator left side.

- 1 : Reservoir tank
3 : Engine cover
⇐ : Vehicle front



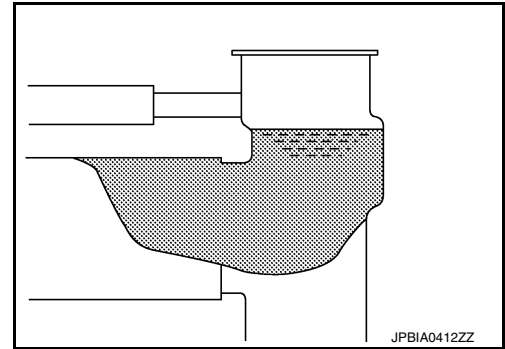
ENGINE COOLANT

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

5. Fill radiator, and reservoir tank if removed, to specified level.
- **Pour engine coolant through engine coolant filler neck slowly of less than 2 ℓ (2-1/8 US qt, 1-3/4 Imp qt) a minute to allow air in system to escape.**

Engine coolant capacity
(With reservoir tank at
"MAX" level)

: Refer to [CO-26, "Periodical Maintenance Specification"](#).

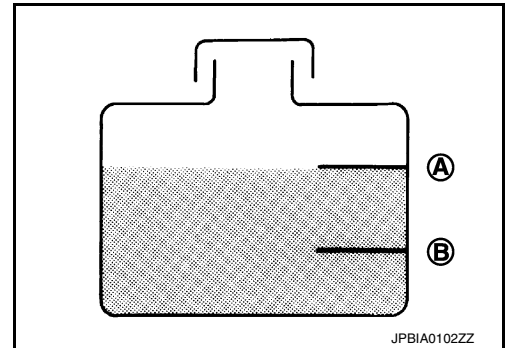


6. Refill reservoir tank to "MAX" level line with engine coolant.

A : MAX
B : MIN

Reservoir tank engine coolant capacity
(At "MAX" level)

: Refer to [CO-26, "Periodical Maintenance Specification"](#).



7. When engine coolant overflows air relief hole on radiator, install air relief plug with new O-ring.

Tightening torque : Refer to [CO-13, "Exploded View"](#).

8. Repeat step 5.
9. Install radiator cap.
10. Warm up engine until opening thermostat. Standard for warming-up time is approximately 10 minutes at 3,000 rpm.
- Check thermostat opening condition by touching radiator hose (lower) to see a flow of warm water.
- CAUTION:**
Watch water temperature gauge so as not to overheat engine.
11. Stop the engine and cool down to less than approximately 50°C (122°F).
- Cool down using fan to reduce the time.
 - If necessary, refill radiator up to filler neck with engine coolant.
12. Refill reservoir tank to "MAX" level line with engine coolant.
13. Repeat steps 9 through 12 two or more times with radiator cap installed until engine coolant level no longer drops.
14. Check cooling system for leakage with engine running.
15. Warm up the engine, and check for sound of engine coolant flow while running engine from idle up to 3,000 rpm with heater temperature controller set at several position between "COOL" and "WARM".
- Sound may be noticeable at heater unit.
16. Repeat step 15 three times.
17. If sound is heard, bleed air from cooling system by repeating step 5, and steps from 9 to 16 until engine coolant level no longer drops.
18. Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.

Flushing

INFOID:0000000010593746

1. Install reservoir tank if removed, and radiator drain plug.
- CAUTION:**
Be sure to clean drain plug and install with new O-ring.

Tightening torque : Refer to [CO-13, "Exploded View"](#).

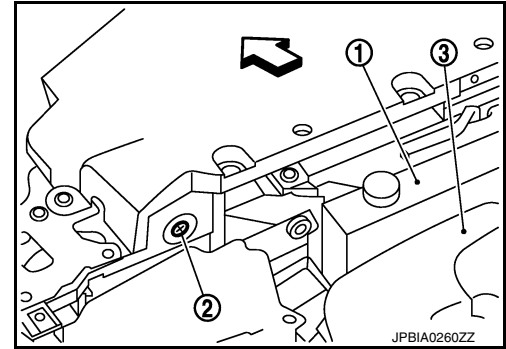
ENGINE COOLANT

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

If water drain plugs on cylinder block are removed, close and tighten them. Refer to [EM-123, "Dis-assembly and Assembly"](#).

2. Remove air relief plug (2) on radiator.

- 1 : Reservoir tank
- 3 : Engine cover
- ⇐ : Vehicle front



3. Fill radiator with water until water spills from the air relief hole, then close air relief plug. Fill radiator and reservoir tank with water and reinstall radiator cap.

Tightening torque : Refer to [CO-13, "Exploded View"](#).

4. Run the engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
5. Rev the engine two or three times under no-load.
6. Stop the engine and wait until it cools down.
7. Drain water from the system. Refer to [CO-7, "Draining"](#).
8. Repeat steps 1 through 7 until clear water begins to drain from radiator.
9. Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.

RADIATOR

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

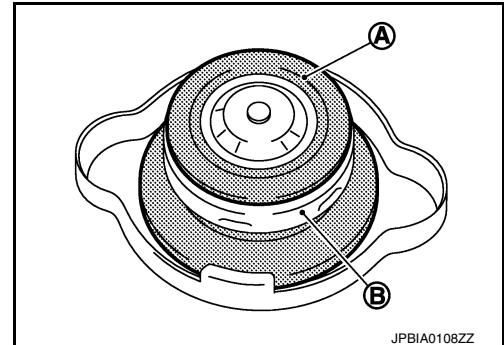
RADIATOR

RADIATOR CAP

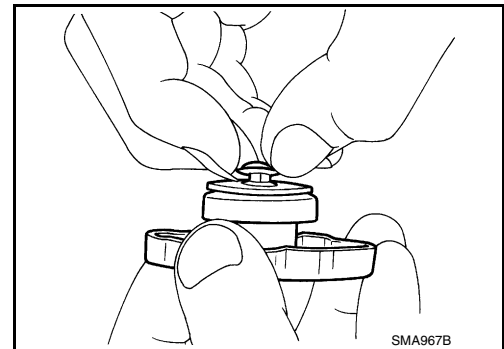
RADIATOR CAP : Inspection

INFOID:0000000010593747

- Check valve seat of radiator cap.
- Check if valve seat (A) is swollen to the extent that the edge of the metal plunger (B) cannot be seen when watching it vertically from the top.
- Check if valve seat has no soil and damage.

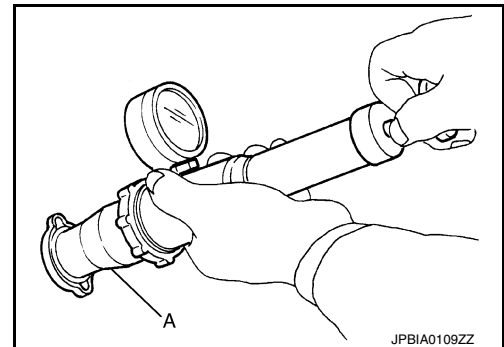


- Pull negative-pressure valve to open it, and check that it close completely when released.
- Check that there is no dirt or damage on the valve seat of radiator cap negative-pressure valve.
- Check that there are no unusualness in the opening and closing conditions of negative-pressure valve.



- Check radiator cap relief pressure.
- When connecting radiator cap to the radiator cap tester (commercial service tool) and the radiator cap tester adapter (commercial service tool) (A), apply engine coolant to the cap seal surface.

Standard and limit : Refer to [CO-26, "Radiator"](#).



- Replace radiator cap if there is an unusualness related to the above three.

CAUTION:

When installing radiator cap, thoroughly wipe out the water outlet (front) filler neck to remove any waxy residue or foreign material.

RADIATOR

RADIATOR : Inspection

INFOID:0000000010593748

Check radiator for mud or clogging. If necessary, clean radiator as follows:

- Be careful not to bend or damage radiator fins.
 - When radiator is cleaned without removal, remove all surrounding parts such as radiator cooling fan assembly and horns. Then tape harness and connectors to prevent water from entering.
1. Apply water by hose to the back side of the radiator core vertically downward.
 2. Apply water again to all radiator core surfaces once per minute.

RADIATOR

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

3. Stop washing if any stains no longer flow out from radiator.
4. Blow air into the back side of radiator core vertically downward.
 - Use compressed air lower than 490 kPa (5 kg/cm², 71 psi) and keep distance more than 30 cm (11.8 in).
5. Blow air again into all the radiator core surfaces once per minute until no water sprays out.

RADIATOR

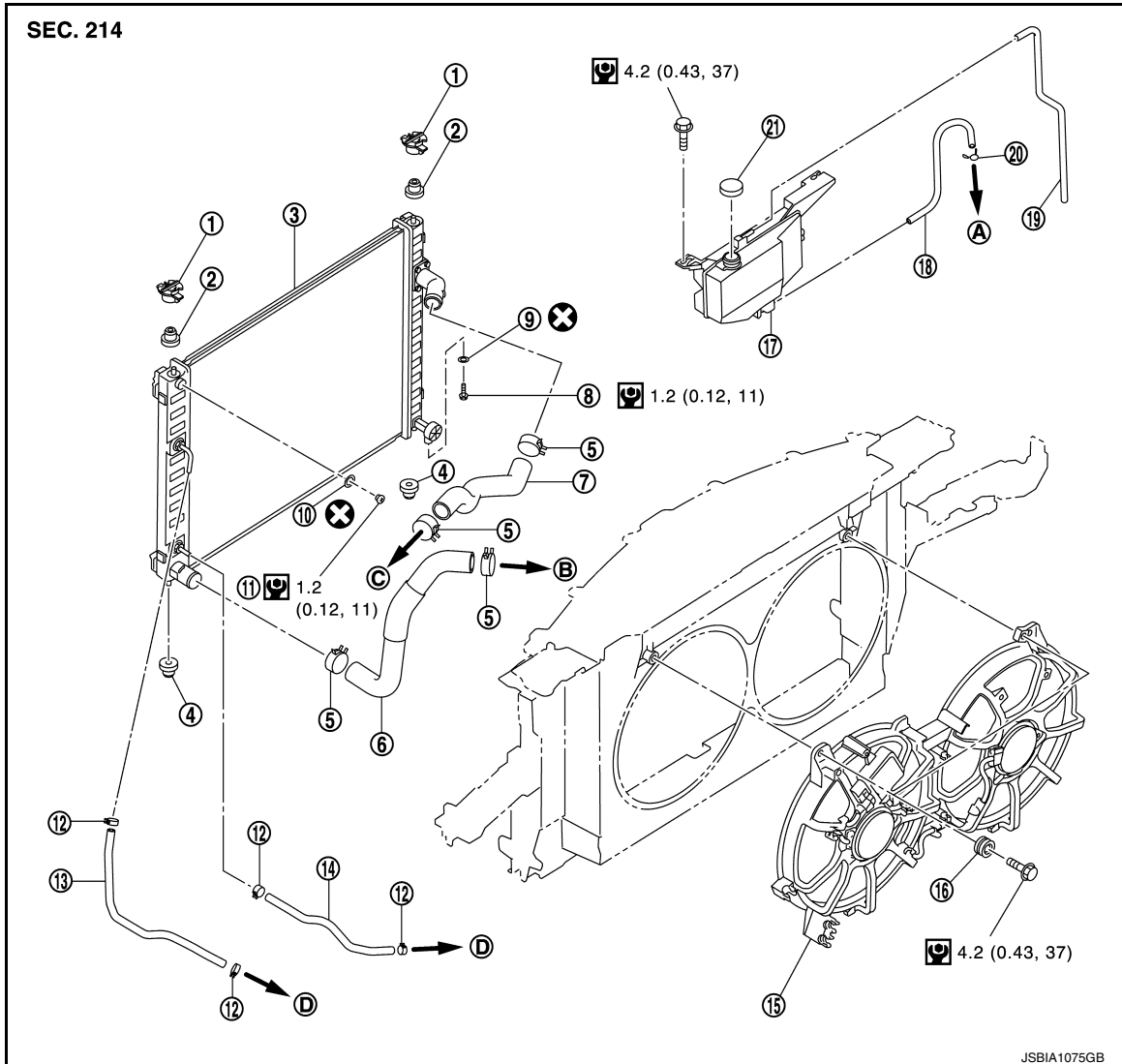
< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

RADIATOR

Exploded View

INFOID:0000000010593749



- | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Upper mount bracket | 2. Mounting rubber (upper) | 3. Radiator |
| 4. Mounting rubber (lower) | 5. Clamp | 6. Radiator hose (lower) |
| 7. Radiator hose (upper) | 8. Drain plug | 9. O-ring |
| 10. O-ring | 11. Air relief plug | 12. Clamp |
| 13. A/T fluid cooler hose | 14. A/T fluid cooler hose | 15. Cooling fan assembly |
| 16. Grommet | 17. Reservoir tank | 18. Reservoir tank hose |
| 19. Reservoir tank hose | 20. Clamp | 21. Reservoir tank cap |
| A. To water outlet (front) | B. To water inlet | C. To water outlet (front) |
| D. To A/T fluid cooler pipe | | |

Refer to [GI-4, "Components"](#) for symbols in the figure.

Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000010593750

REMOVAL

WARNING:

RADIATOR

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Never remove radiator cap when engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from water outlet (front). Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove radiator cap by turning it all the way.

NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, tubes/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.

1. Remove the following parts:
 - Engine under cover, using a power tool.
 - Engine cover: Refer to [EM-25, "Exploded View"](#).
 - Air cleaner case (RH and LH): Refer to [EM-27, "Exploded View"](#).
 - Reservoir tank: Refer to [CO-13, "Exploded View"](#).
 - Hood lock cover, hood lock stay assembly and horn: Refer to [DLK-231, "Exploded View"](#).
2. Remove condenser. Refer to [HA-48, "Exploded View"](#).
3. Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to [CO-7, "Draining"](#).

CAUTION:

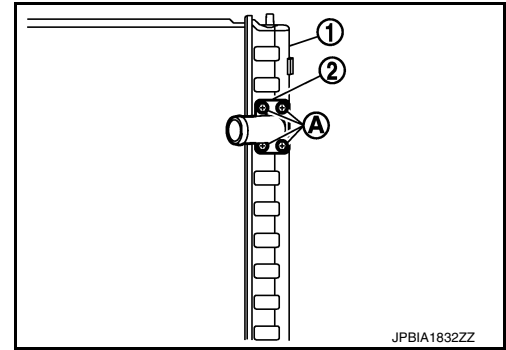
- Perform this step when the engine is cold.
- Never spill engine coolant on drive belt.

4. Disconnect A/T fluid cooler hoses from radiator.
5. Remove radiator hoses (upper and lower) and reservoir tank hose.

CAUTION:

- Never allow engine coolant to contact drive belt.
- Never loosen radiator water inlet pipe mounting screw (A). If loosened, replace radiator (1).

2 : Radiator water inlet pipe



6. Remove cooling fan assembly. Refer to [CO-17, "Exploded View"](#).

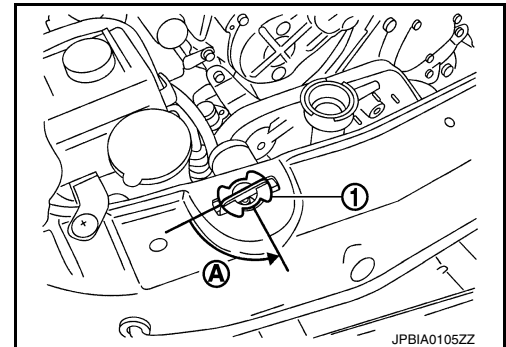
CAUTION:

Never damage or scratch radiator core when removing.

7. Rotate two radiator upper mount brackets 90 degrees in direction as shown in the figure, and remove them.

1 : Radiator upper mount bracket

A : Turn 90° counterclockwise



8. Remove radiator as follows:

CAUTION:

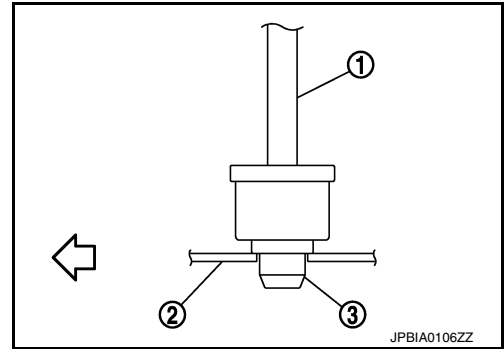
Never damage radiator core.

RADIATOR

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

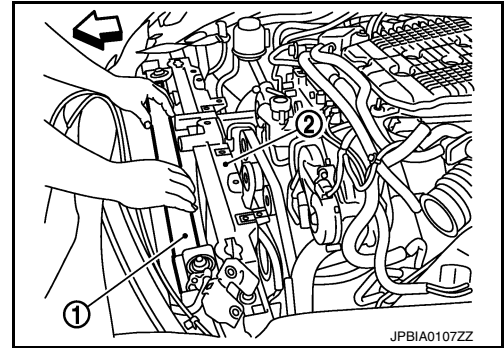
- a. Lift up and pull the radiator (1) forward, and then remove the mounting rubber (lower) (3) from the radiator core support (2).

← : Vehicle front



- b. Remove radiator (1) from front of radiator core support (2).

← : Vehicle front



INSTALLATION

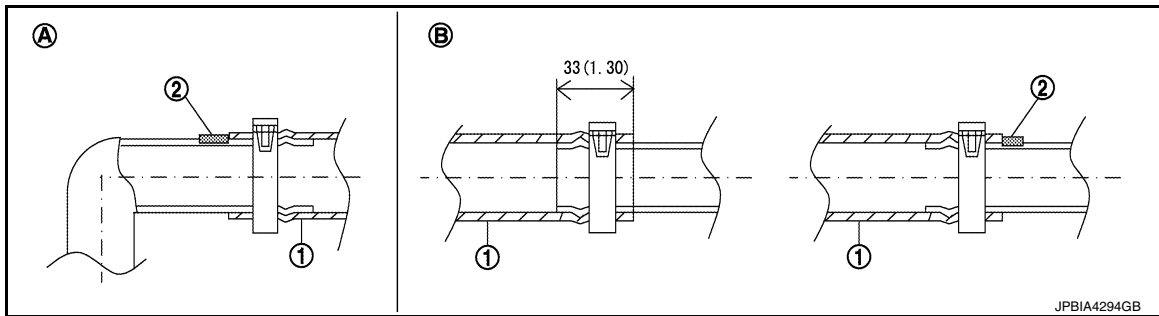
Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

- Do not reuse O-rings.
- Replace water hose clamp if it is removed.
- Use genuine mounting bolts for the cooling fan assembly and strictly observe the tightening torque. (Breakage prevention for radiator)

NOTE:

- Insert the radiator hose (1) all the way to the stopper (2) or by 33 mm (1.30 in) (hose without a stopper).



Unit mm (in)

A. Radiator side

B. Engine side

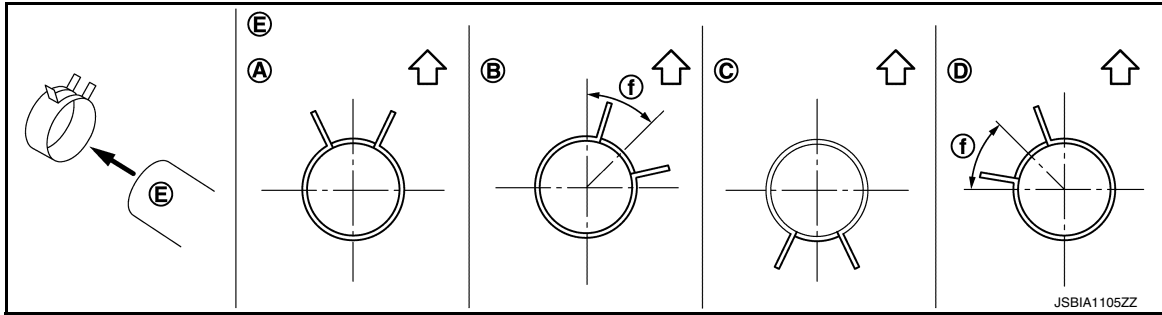
- For the orientation of the hose clamp pawl, refer to the figure.

Radiator hose	Hose end	Paint mark	Position of hose clamp*
Radiator hose (upper)	Radiator side	Upper	A
	Engine side	Upper	B
Radiator hose (lower)	Radiator side	Lower	C
	Engine side	Right side	D

*Refer to the illustrations for the specific position each hose clamp tab.

RADIATOR

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

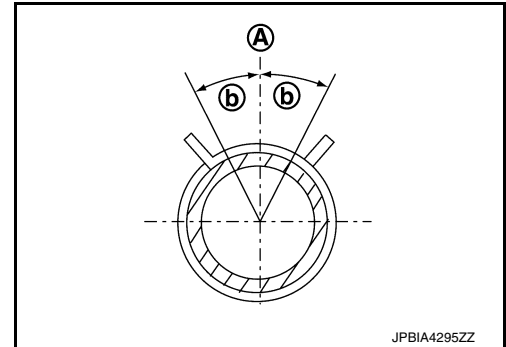


E. View E

f. 45°

↶ Vehicle upper

- The angle (b) created by the hose clamp pawl and the specified line (A) must be within $\pm 30^\circ$ as shown in the figure.

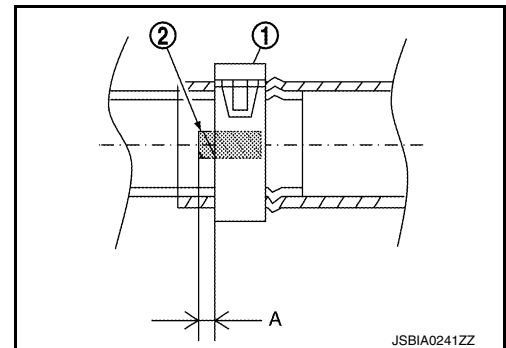


- To install hose clamps (1), check that the dimension (A) from the end of the paint mark (2) on the radiator hose to the hose clamp is within the reference value.

Dimension "A"

(-1) – (+1) mm

(-0.04) – (+0.04) in



Inspection

INFOID:0000000010593751

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for leakage of engine coolant using the radiator cap tester adapter (commercial service tool) and the radiator cap tester (commercial service tool). Refer to [CO-7. "Inspection"](#).
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check that there is no leakage of engine coolant and A/T fluid.

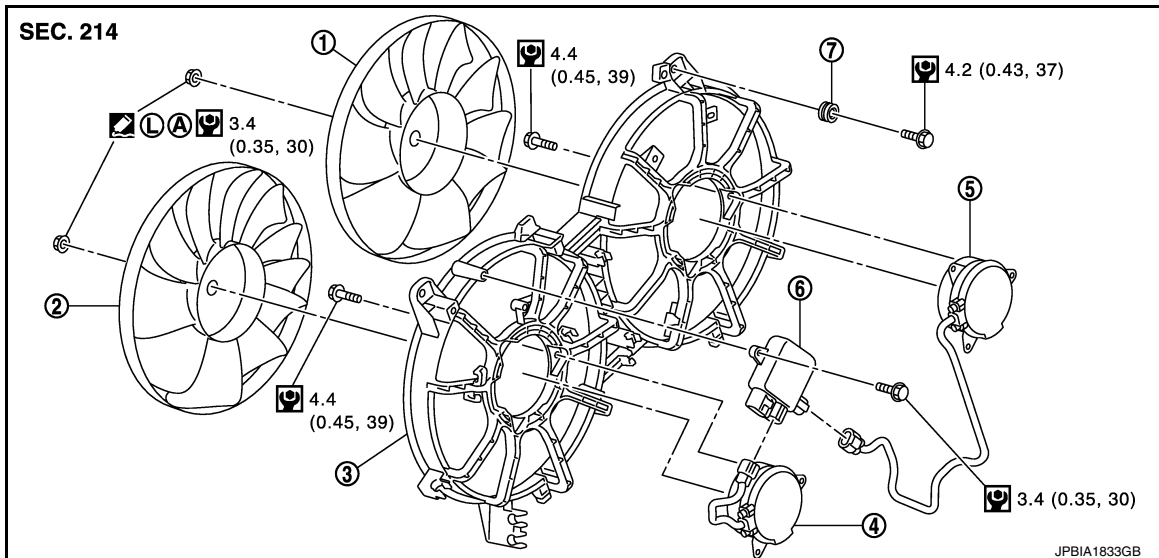
COOLING FAN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

COOLING FAN

Exploded View

INFOID:000000010593752



- | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Cooling fan (RH) | 2. Cooling fan (LH) | 3. Fan shroud |
| 4. Fan motor (LH) | 5. Fan motor (RH) | 6. Cooling fan control module |
| 7. Grommet | | |
| A. Apply on fan motor shaft | | |

: Apply high strength thread locking sealant or equivalent.

Refer to [GI-4, "Components"](#) for symbols not described on the above.

Removal and Installation

INFOID:000000010593753

REMOVAL

1. Remove engine under cover with power tool.
2. Drain engine coolant. Refer to [CO-7, "Draining"](#).
3. Remove reservoir tank. Refer to [CO-13, "Exploded View"](#).
4. Remove air cleaner case (LH and RH). Refer to [EM-27, "Exploded View"](#).
5. Remove mounting bolt from high pressure flexible hose bracket. Refer to [HA-41, "Exploded View"](#).
6. Remove radiator hose (upper). Refer to [CO-13, "Exploded View"](#).
7. Disconnect harness connector from cooling fan control module, and move harness to aside.
8. Remove cooling fan assembly.

CAUTION:

Never damage or scratch on radiator core.

INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

Only use genuine parts for cooling fan mounting bolt and observe the specified torque (to prevent radiator from being damaged).

Disassembly and Assembly

INFOID:000000010593754

DISASSEMBLY

1. Disconnect harness connector from cooling fan control module.
2. Remove cooling fan control module from cooling fan assembly.

CAUTION:

COOLING FAN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Handle carefully to avoid dropping and shocks.

3. Remove cooling fan mounting nuts, and then remove the cooling fan (RH and LH).
4. Remove fan motors (RH and LH).

ASSEMBLY

Note the following, and assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

CAUTION:

RH and LH cooling fans are different. Be careful not to misassemble them.

- Install each fan in the following position.

Right side : 9 blades

Left side : 11 blades

- Secure the harness tightly to the fan shroud to prevent the fan rotation area from being loose.

Inspection

INFOID:0000000010593755

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Check that fan motors operate normally.

NOTE:

Cooling fans are controlled by cooling fan control module. For details, refer to [EC-39. "Component Parts Location"](#).

INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Cooling Fan

Inspect cooling fan for crack or unusual bend.

- If anything is found, replace cooling fan.

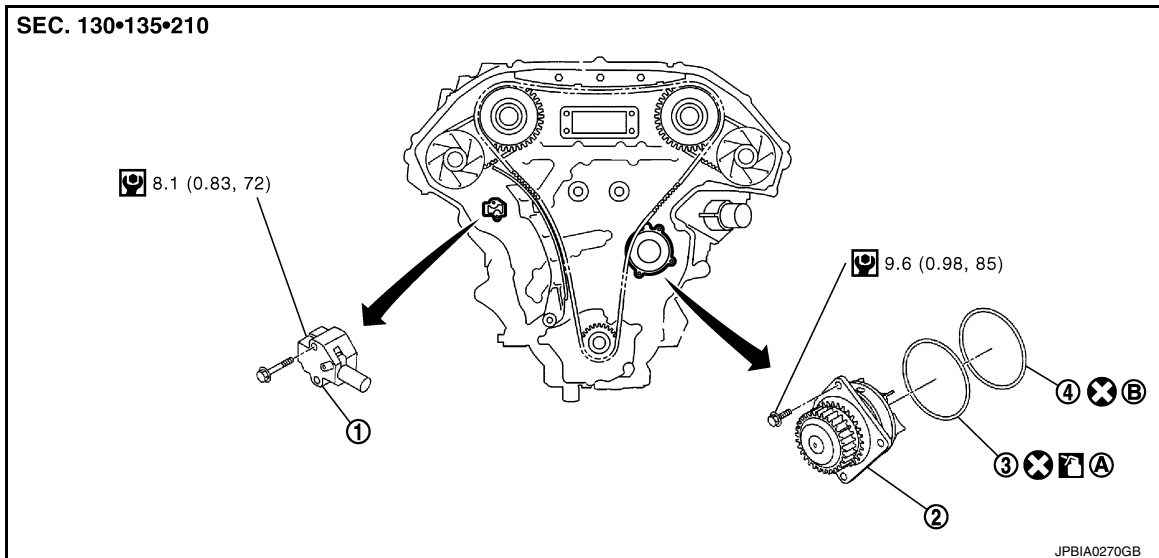
WATER PUMP

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

WATER PUMP

Exploded View

INFOID:0000000010593756



- | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------|
| 1. Timing chain tensioner (primary) | 2. Water pump | 3. O-ring |
| 4. O-ring | | |
| A. Identify with yellow paint mark | B. Identify with light blue paint mark | |
| | Apply engine coolant | |

Refer to [GI-4, "Components"](#) for symbols in the figure.

Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000010593757

CAUTION:

- When removing water pump assembly, be careful not to get engine coolant on drive belt.
- Water pump cannot be disassembled and should be replaced as a unit.
- After installing water pump, connect hose and clamp securely, then check for leakage using the radiator cap tester (commercial service tool) and the radiator cap tester adapter (commercial service tool).

REMOVAL

1. Remove engine cover. Refer to [EM-25, "Exploded View"](#).
2. Release the fuel pressure. Refer to [EC-627, "Inspection"](#).
3. Disconnect the battery cable from the negative terminal.
4. Remove air duct and air cleaner case assembly (RH and LH). Refer to [EM-27, "Exploded View"](#).
5. Remove reservoir tank. Refer to [CO-13, "Exploded View"](#).
6. Separate engine harness removing their brackets from front timing chain case.
7. Remove engine undercover, using a power tool.
8. Drain engine oil. Refer to [LU-9, "Draining"](#).
 - CAUTION:
 - Perform this step when the engine is cold.
 - Never spill engine oil on drive belt.
9. Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to [CO-7, "Draining"](#).
 - CAUTION:
 - Perform this step when the engine is cold.
 - Never spill engine coolant on drive belt.
10. Remove radiator hose (lower). Refer to [CO-13, "Exploded View"](#).
11. Remove cooling fan assembly. Refer to [CO-17, "Exploded View"](#).
12. Remove front timing chain case. Refer to [EM-51, "Exploded View"](#).

WATER PUMP

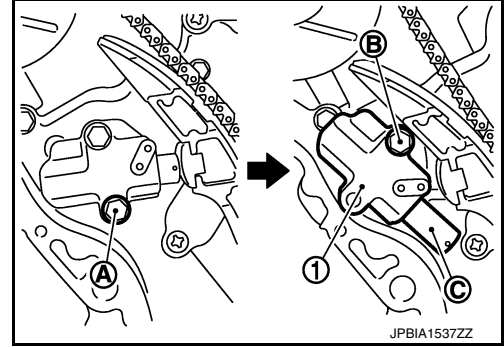
< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

13. Remove timing chain tensioner (primary) as follows:

- Remove lower mounting bolt (A).
- Loosen upper mounting bolt (B) slowly, and then turn chain tensioner (primary) (1) on the upper mounting bolt so that plunger (C) is fully expanded.

NOTE:

Even if plunger is fully expanded, it is not dropped from the body of timing chain tensioner (primary).



- Remove upper mounting bolt, and then remove timing chain tensioner (primary).

14. Remove water pump as follows:

- Remove three water pump mounting bolts. Secure a gap between water pump gear and timing chain, by turning crankshaft counterclockwise until timing chain looseness on water pump sprocket becomes maximum.

- Screw M8 bolts (A) [pitch: 1.25 mm (0.0492 in) length: approximately 50 mm (1.97 in)] into water pumps upper and lower mounting bolt holes until they reach timing chain case. Then, alternately tighten each bolt for a half turn, and pull out water pump (1).

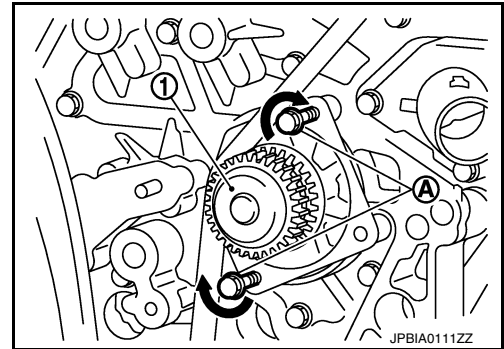
CAUTION:

- Pull straight out while preventing vane from contacting socket in installation area.
- Remove water pump without causing sprocket to contact timing chain.

- Remove M8 bolts and O-rings from water pump.

CAUTION:

Never disassemble water pump.



INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

Do not reuse o-rings.

- Install new O-rings to water pump.

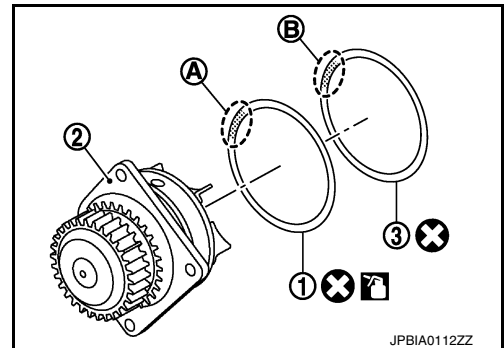
CAUTION:

Do not reuse o-rings.

- Apply engine oil to O-ring (1) and engine coolant to O-ring (3) as shown in the figure.

2 : Water pump

- Locate O-ring with yellow paint mark (A) to front side.
- Locate O-ring with light blue paint mark (B) to rear side.



- Install water pump.

CAUTION:

Never allow cylinder block to nip O-rings when installing water pump.

- Check timing chain and water pump sprocket are engaged.
- Insert water pump by tightening mounting bolts alternately and evenly.

- Install timing chain tensioner (primary) as follows:

- Turn crankshaft clockwise so that timing chain on the timing chain tensioner (primary) side is loose.

WATER PUMP

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- b. Pull plunger stopper tab (A) up (or turn lever downward) so as to remove plunger stopper tab from the ratchet of plunger (D).

NOTE:

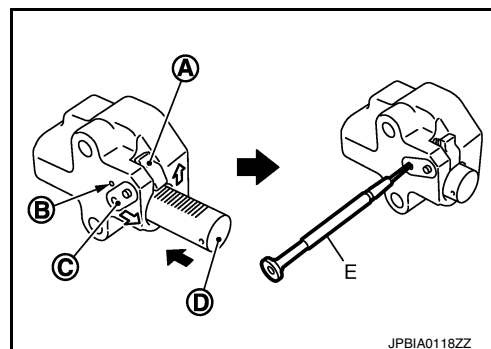
Plunger stopper tab and lever (C) are synchronized.

- c. Push plunger into the inside of tensioner body.
- d. Hold plunger in the fully compressed position by engaging plunger stopper tab with the tip of ratchet.
- e. To secure lever, insert stopper pin (E) through hole of lever into tensioner body hole (B).
- The lever parts and the tab are synchronized. Therefore, the plunger will be secured under this condition.

NOTE:

Figure shows the example of 1.2 mm (0.047 in) diameter thin screwdriver being used as the stopper pin.

- f. Install timing chain tensioner (primary).
- Remove dust and foreign material completely from backside of timing chain tensioner (primary) and from installation area of rear timing chain case.
- g. Remove stopper pin.
- h. Check again that timing chain and water pump sprocket are engaged.
4. Install in the reverse order of removal for remaining parts.
- **After starting engine, let idle for three minutes, then rev engine up to 3,000 rpm under no load to purge air from the high-pressure chamber of chain tensioner. Engine may produce a rattling noise. This indicates that air still remains in the chamber and is not a matter of concern.**

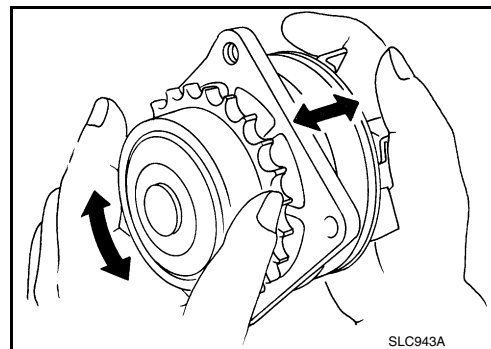


Inspection

INFOID:0000000010593758

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Check for badly rusted or corroded water pump body assembly.
- Check for rough operation due to excessive end play.
- If anything is found, replace water pump.



INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.
- Check for leakage of engine coolant using the radiator cap tester adapter (commercial service tool) and the radiator cap tester (commercial service tool). Refer to [CO-7, "Inspection"](#).
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check that there is no leakage of engine coolant.

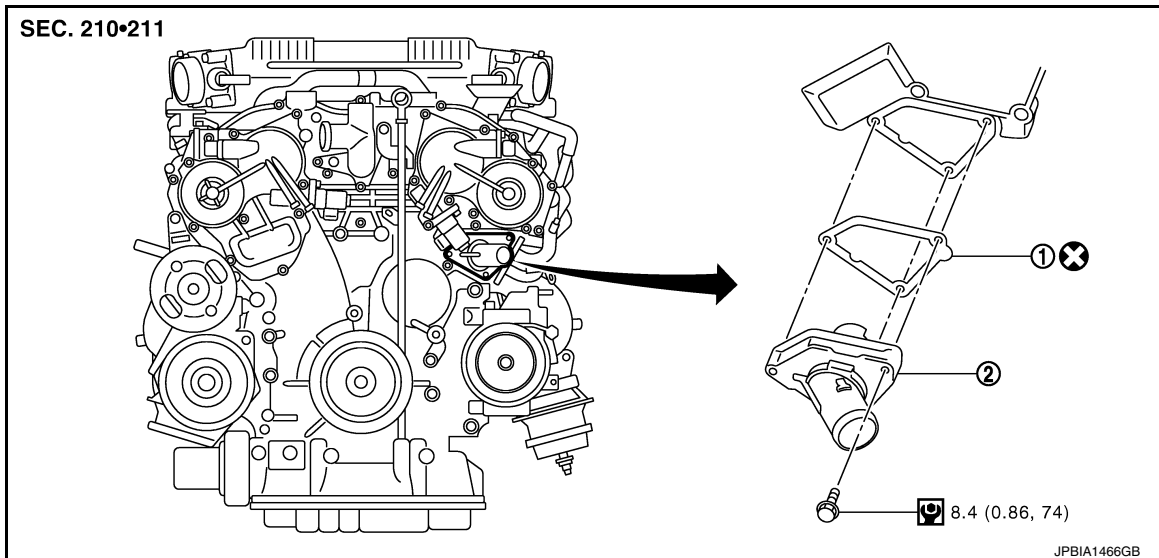
WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY

Exploded View

INFOID:0000000010593759



1. Gasket
2. Water inlet and thermostat assembly

Refer to [GI-4, "Components"](#) for symbols in the figure.

Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000010593760

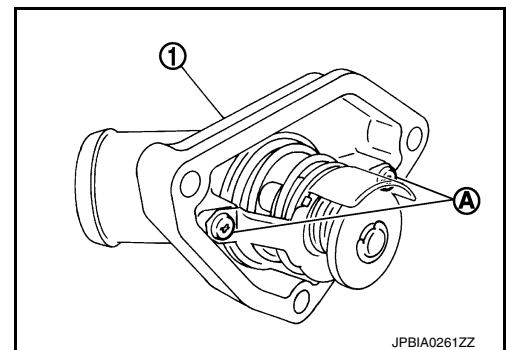
REMOVAL

1. Remove engine cover. Refer to [EM-25, "Exploded View"](#).
 2. Remove air duct and air cleaner case assembly (LH). Refer to [EM-27, "Exploded View"](#).
 3. Remove reservoir tank. Refer to [CO-13, "Exploded View"](#).
 4. Remove engine undercover, using a power tool.
 5. Drain engine coolant from radiator drain plug at the bottom of radiator. Refer to [CO-7, "Draining"](#).
- CAUTION:**
- Perform this step when the engine is cold.
 - Never spill engine coolant on drive belt.
6. Disconnect radiator hose (lower).
 7. Disconnect intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector (bank 2), and remove intake valve timing control solenoid valve.
 8. Remove water inlet and thermostat assembly (1).

A : Never loosen these screw.

CAUTION:

Never disassemble water inlet and thermostat assembly.
Replace them as a unit, if necessary.



INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

- Never spill engine coolant over engine room. Use rag to absorb engine coolant.

WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Inspection

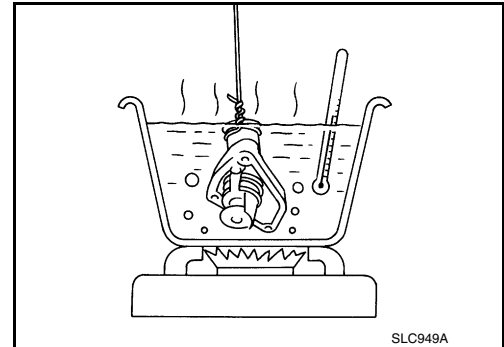
INFOID:0000000010593761

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

1. Check valve seating condition at ordinary room temperatures. It should seat tightly.
2. Check valve operation.

Thermostat (Standard) : Refer to [CO-26, "Thermostat"](#).

- If the malfunctioning condition, when valve seating at ordinary room temperature, or measured values are out of the standard, replace water inlet and thermostat assembly.



INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.
- Check for leakage of engine coolant using the radiator cap tester adapter (commercial service tool) and the radiator cap tester (commercial service tool). Refer to [CO-7, "Inspection"](#).
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check that there is no leakage of engine coolant.

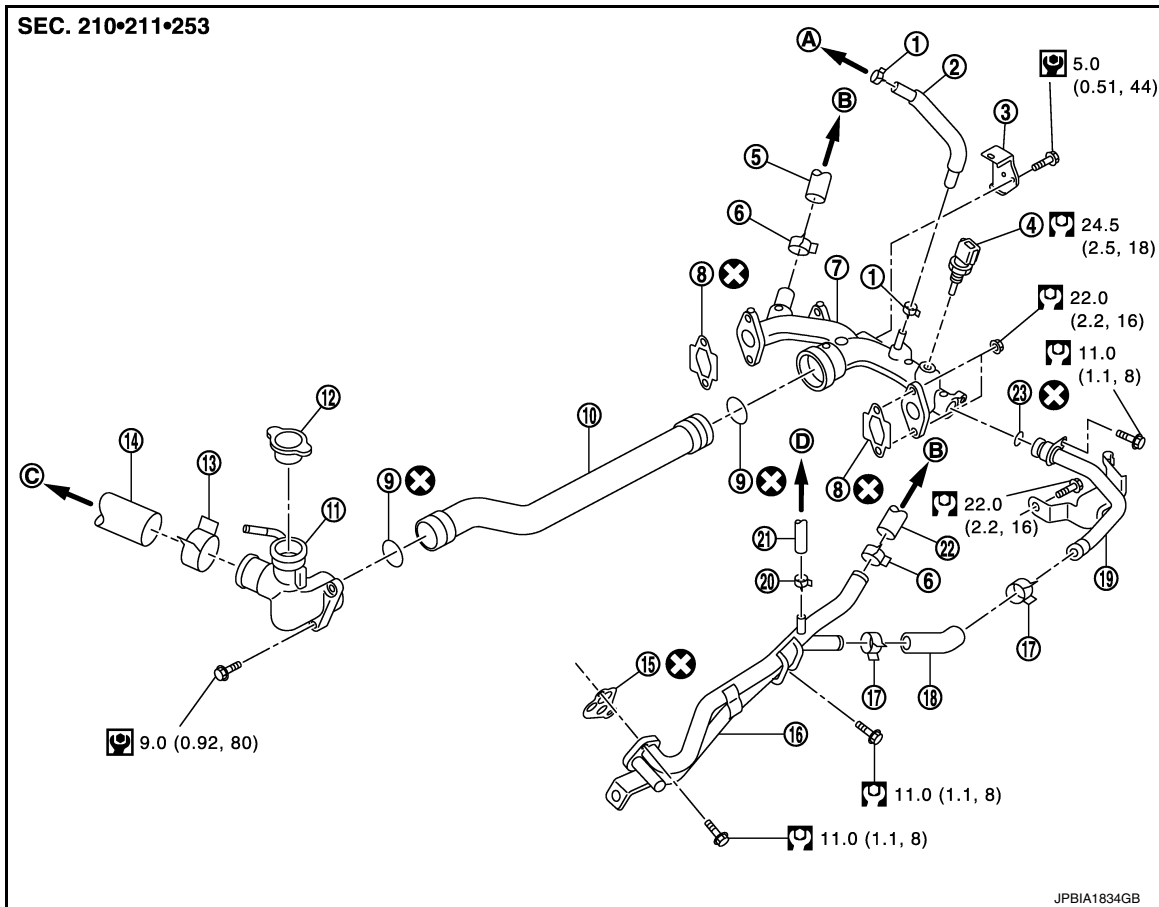
WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

Exploded View

INFOID:000000010593762



- | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Clamp | 2. Water hose | 3. Harness bracket |
| 4. Engine coolant temperature sensor | 5. Heater hose | 6. Clamp |
| 7. Water outlet (rear) | 8. Gasket | 9. O-ring |
| 10. Water outlet pipe | 11. Water outlet (front) | 12. Radiator cap |
| 13. Clamp | 14. Radiator hose (upper) | 15. Gasket |
| 16. Heater pipe | 17. Clamp | 18. Water hose |
| 19. Water bypass pipe | 20. Clamp | 21. Water hose |
| 22. Heater hose | 23. O-ring | |
| A. To EVAP piping | B. To heater core | C. To radiator |
| D. To electric throttle control actuator (bank 2) | | |

Refer to [GI-4, "Components"](#) for symbols in the figure.

Removal and Installation

INFOID:000000010593763

REMOVAL

1. Remove engine undercover, using a power tool.
2. Drain engine coolant. Refer to [CO-7, "Draining"](#).
CAUTION:
 - Perform this step when the engine is cold.
 - Never spill engine coolant on drive belt.
3. Remove engine cover. Refer to [EM-25, "Exploded View"](#).

WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

4. Remove air duct and air cleaner case assembly (RH and LH). Refer to [EM-27, "Exploded View"](#).
5. Remove intake manifold collector. Refer to [EM-29, "Exploded View"](#).
6. Remove intake manifold. Refer to [EM-32, "Exploded View"](#).
7. Remove reservoir tank. Refer to [CO-13, "Exploded View"](#).
8. Remove oil level gauge and guide. Refer to [EM-83, "2WD : Exploded View"](#) or [EM-86, "AWD : Exploded View"](#).
9. Remove radiator hose (upper) and heater hose.
10. Remove water outlet (front) and water outlet pipe.
11. Separate engine harness removing their bracket from water outlet (rear).
12. Remove engine coolant temperature sensor if necessary.
CAUTION:
Never damage engine coolant temperature sensor.
13. Remove heater pipe, water bypass pipe, and water outlet (rear).

INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

- Securely insert each hose, and install clamp at a position where it does not interfere with the pipe bulge.
- When inserting water outlet pipe and water bypass pipe into water outlet, apply neutral detergent to O-ring.

CAUTION:

Never allow water outlet (rear) to nip O-rings when installing water outlet pipe and water bypass pipe.

Inspection

INFOID:0000000010593764

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check that the reservoir tank cap is tightened.
- Check for leakage of engine coolant using the radiator cap tester adapter (commercial service tool) and the radiator cap tester (commercial service tool). Refer to [CO-7, "Inspection"](#).
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check that there is no leakage of engine coolant.

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Periodical Maintenance Specification

INFOID:0000000010593765

ENGINE COOLANT CAPACITY (APPROXIMATELY)

Unit: ℓ (US qt, Imp qt)

Engine coolant capacity [With reservoir tank ("MAX" level)]	8.6 (9-1/8, 7-5/8)
Reservoir tank engine coolant capacity (At "MAX" level)	0.8 (7/8, 3/4)

Radiator

INFOID:0000000010593766

Unit: kPa (kg/cm², psi)

Cap relief pressure	Standard	122.3 - 151.7 (1.2 - 1.5, 18 - 22)
	Limit	107 (1.1, 16)
Leakage testing pressure		157 (1.6, 23)

Thermostat

INFOID:0000000010593767

Thermostat	Standard
Valve opening temperature	82°C (180°F)
Maximum valve lift	9.0 mm/95°C (0.354 in/203°F)
Valve closing temperature	77°C (171°F)