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#### NOTE:

• If DTC U1000 or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-151, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.

• If DTC U1010 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to <u>EC-154, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION"</u>.

DT	-C*1		
CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM*3	(CONSULT-II screen terms)	Reference page
U1000	1000*4	CAN COMM CIRCUIT	<u>EC-151</u>
U1001	1001*4	CAN COMM CIRCUIT	EC-151
U1010	1010	CONTROL UNIT(CAN)	<u>EC-154</u>
P0000	0000	NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	_
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P0032	0032	A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	<u>EC-156</u>
P0037	0037	HO2S2 HTR (B1)	EC-163
P0038	0038	HO2S2 HTR (B1)	EC-163
P0051	0051	A/F SEN1 HTR (B2)	EC-156
P0052	0052	A/F SEN1 HTR (B2)	<u>EC-156</u>
P0057	0057	HO2S2 HTR (B2)	<u>EC-163</u>
P0058	0058	HO2S2 HTR (B2)	EC-163
P0101	0101	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	EC-171
P0102	0102	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	<u>EC-180</u>
P0103	0103	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	EC-180
P0112	0112	IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	EC-188
P0113	0113	IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	<u>EC-188</u>
P0117	0117	ECT SEN/CIRC	EC-192
P0118	0118	ECT SEN/CIRC	EC-192
P0122	0122	TP SEN 2/CIRC	<u>EC-198</u>
P0123	0123	TP SEN 2/CIRC	EC-198
P0125	0125	ECT SENSOR	EC-205
P0127	0127	IAT SENSOR	EC-208
P0128	0128	THERMSTAT FNCTN	EC-211
P0130	0130	A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	EC-213
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P0132	0132	A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	EC-232
P0133	0133	A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	EC-241
P0137	0137	HO2S2 (B2)	EC-253
P0138	0138	HO2S2 (B1)	EC-264
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P0150	0150	A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	EC-213
P0151	0151	A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	<u>EC-223</u>
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	EC-264	HO2S2 (B2)	0158	P0158
	EC-277	HO2S2 (B2)	0159	P0159
	EC-288	FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1	0171	P0171
	EC-299	FUEL SYS-RICH-B1	0172	P0172
	EC-288	FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2	0174	P0174
	EC-299	FUEL SYS-RICH-B2	0175	P0175
	EC-309	FTT SENSOR	0181	P0181
	EC-315	FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	0182	P0182
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	EC-381	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	0444	P0444
	<u>EC-381</u>	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	0445	P0445
	EC-388	VENT CONTROL VALVE	0447	P0447
	<u>EC-395</u>	VENT CONTROL VALVE	0448	P0448
	EC-402	EVAP SYS PRES SEN	0451	P0451
	EC-405	EVAP SYS PRES SEN	0452	P0451
	EC-411	EVAP SYS PRES SEN	0452	P0452
	EC-419	EVAP GROSS LEAK	0455	P0455
	EC-419 EC-427	EVAP VERY SML LEAK	0455	P0456

	ГС* <sup>1</sup>		
CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	ltems (CONSULT-II screen terms)	Reference page
P0460	0460	FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH	EC-436
P0461	0461	FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	EC-438
P0462	0462	FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	EC-440
P0463	0463	FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	EC-440
P0500	0500	VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC*5	EC-442
P0506	0506	ISC SYSTEM	EC-444
P0507	0507	ISC SYSTEM	<u>EC-446</u>
P0550	0550	PW ST P SEN/CIRC	EC-448
P0603	0603	ECM BACK UP/CIRCUIT	EC-453
P0605	0605	ECM	EC-457
P0643	0643	SENSOR POWER/CIRC	EC-460
P0700	0700	ТСМ	<u>AT-104</u>
P0705	0705	PNP SW/CIRC	<u>AT-105</u>
P0710	0710	ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	<u>AT-127</u>
P0717	0717	TURBINE REV S/CIRC	AT-109
P0720	0720	VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*5	<u>AT-111</u>
P0740	0740	TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	<u>AT-118</u>
P0744	0744	A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	<u>AT-120</u>
P0745	0745	L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	AT-122
P0850	0850	P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	EC-465
P1148	1148	CLOSED LOOP-B1	EC-470
P1168	1168	CLOSED LOOP-B2	EC-470
P1211	1211	TCS C/U FUNCTN	EC-471
P1212	1212	TCS/CIRC	<u>EC-472</u>
P1217	1217	ENG OVER TEMP	<u>EC-473</u>
P1225	1225	CTP LEARNING	EC-483
P1226	1226	CTP LEARNING	<u>EC-485</u>
P1564	1564	ASCD SW	EC-487 (Models with ICC) EC-494 (Models with ASCD)
P1568	1568	ACC COMMAND VALUE*7	<u>EC-501</u>
P1572	1572	ASCD BRAKE SW	EC-502 (Models with ICC) EC-511 (Models with ASCD)
P1574	1574	ASCD VHL SPD SEN*6	EC-519 (Models with ICC) EC-521 (Models with ASCD)
P1610 - P1615	1610 - 1615	NATS MALFUNCTION	<u>BL-137</u>
P1730	1730	A/T INTERLOCK	<u>AT-134</u>
P1752	1752	I/C SOLENOID/CIRC	<u>AT-139</u>
P1754	1754	I/C SOLENOID FNCTN	<u>AT-141</u>
P1757	1757	FR/B SOLENOID/CIRC	<u>AT-143</u>
P1759	1759	FR/B SOLENOID FNCT	<u>AT-145</u>
P1762	1762	D/C SOLENOID/CIRC	<u>AT-147</u>
P1764	1764	D/C SOLENOID FNCTN	<u>AT-149</u>
P1767	1767	HLR/C SOL/CIRC	<u>AT-151</u>

DTC* <sup>1</sup>		Itomo		
CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	(CONSULT-II screen terms)	Reference page	,
P1769	1769	HLR/C SOL FNCTN	<u>AT-153</u>	E
P1772	1772	LC/B SOLENOID/CIRC	<u>AT-155</u>	
P1774	1774	LC/B SOLENOID FNCT	<u>AT-157</u>	
P1805	1805	BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT	EC-523	
P2100	2100	ETC MOT PWR	EC-528	
P2101	2101	ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	EC-534	
P2103	2103	ETC MOT PWR	EC-528	
P2118	2118	ETC MOT	EC-540	
P2119	2119	ETC ACTR	<u>EC-545</u>	
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P2127	2127	APP SEN 2/CIRC	EC-553	
P2128	2128	APP SEN 2/CIRC	EC-553	
P2135	2135	TP SENSOR	EC-560	(
P2138	2138	APP SENSOR	<u>EC-567</u>	
P2A00	2A00	A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	<u>EC-575</u>	
P2A03	2A03	A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	<u>EC-575</u>	

<sup>\*1: 1</sup>st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

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<sup>\*2:</sup> This number is prescribed by SAE J2012.

<sup>\*3:</sup> In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), this number is controlled by NISSAN.

<sup>\*4:</sup> The troubleshooting for this DTC needs CONSULT-II.

<sup>\*5:</sup> When the fail-safe operations for both self-diagnoses occur, the MIL illuminates.

<sup>\*6: 2</sup>WD models

<sup>\*7:</sup> Models with ICC

## **Alphabetical Index**

UBS00KYZ

#### NOTE:

- If DTC U1000 or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-151, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".
- If DTC U1010 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to <u>EC-154</u>, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION".

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ltomo	DTC*1			А
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CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0302	EC-327	С
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CYL 5 MISFIRE	P0305	0305	EC-327	
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ECM BACK UP/CIRCUIT	P0603	0603	EC-453	G
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ECT SEN/CIRC	P0118	0118	EC-192	
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ETC ACTR	P2119	2119	EC-545	
ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	P2101	2101	EC-534	
ETC MOT	P2118	2118	EC-540	<del></del>
ETC MOT PWR	P2103	2103	EC-528	J
ETC MOT PWR	P2100	2100	EC-528	<del></del>
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EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0453	0453	EC-411	M
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FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	P0461	0461	EC-438	<del></del>
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	DT	C*1	
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		-C*1		
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TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0223	0223	EC-320	
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VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC*5	P0500	0500	EC-442	(
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VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0448	0448	<u>EC-395</u>	-

<sup>\*1: 1</sup>st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

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<sup>\*2:</sup> This number is prescribed by SAE J2012.

<sup>\*3:</sup> In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), this number is controlled by NISSAN.

<sup>\*4:</sup> The troubleshooting for this DTC needs CONSULT-II.

<sup>\*5:</sup> When the fail-safe operations for both self-diagnoses occur, the MIL illuminates.

<sup>\*6: 2</sup>WD models

<sup>\*7:</sup> Models with ICC

PRECAUTIONS PFP:00001

# Precautions for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

UBS00KZ0

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Man-

#### **WARNING:**

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

## On Board Diagnostic (OBD) System of Engine and A/T

UBS00KZ1

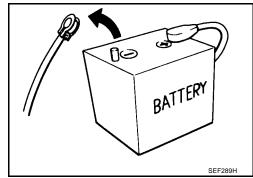
The ECM has an on board diagnostic system. It will light up the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) to warn the driver of a malfunction causing emission deterioration.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Be sure to turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the negative battery cable before any repair or inspection work. The open/short circuit of related switches, sensors, solenoid valves, etc. will cause the MIL to light up.
- Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after work. A loose (unlocked) connector will
  cause the MIL to light up due to the open circuit. (Be sure the connector is free from water, grease,
  dirt, bent terminals, etc.)
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slidelocking type harness connector. For description and how to disconnect, refer to <u>PG-68</u>, "<u>HAR-NESS CONNECTOR</u>".
- Be sure to route and secure the harnesses properly after work. The interference of the harness with a bracket, etc. may cause the MIL to light up due to the short circuit.
- Be sure to connect rubber tubes properly after work. A misconnected or disconnected rubber tube
  may cause the MIL to light up due to the malfunction of the EVAP system or fuel injection system,
  etc.
- Be sure to erase the unnecessary malfunction information (repairs completed) from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module) before returning the vehicle to the customer.

Precaution

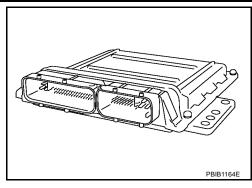
- Always use a 12 volt battery as power source.
- Do not attempt to disconnect battery cables while engine is running.
- Before connecting or disconnecting the ECM harness connector, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect negative battery cable. Failure to do so may damage the ECM because battery voltage is applied to ECM even if ignition switch is turned OFF.
- Before removing parts, turn ignition switch OFF and then disconnect negative battery cable.



- Do not disassemble ECM.
- If a battery cable is disconnected, the memory will return to the ECM value.

The ECM will now start to self-control at its initial value. Engine operation can vary slightly when the terminal is disconnected. However, this is not an indication of a malfunction. Do not replace parts because of a slight variation.

- If the battery is disconnected, the following emissionrelated diagnostic information will be lost within 24 hours.
- Diagnostic trouble codes
- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- Test values
- When connecting ECM harness connector, fasten it securely with a lever as far as it will go as shown in the figure.



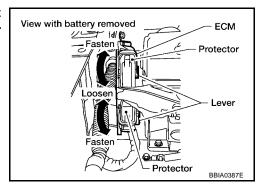
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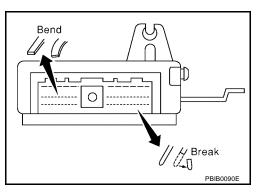
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 When connecting or disconnecting pin connectors into or from ECM, take care not to damage pin terminals (bend or break).

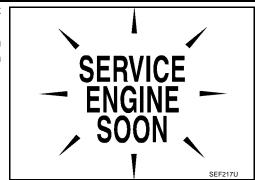
Make sure that there are not any bends or breaks on ECM pin terminal, when connecting pin connectors.

- Securely connect ECM harness connectors.
  - A poor connection can cause an extremely high (surge) voltage to develop in coil and condenser, thus resulting in damage to ICs.
- Keep engine control system harness at least 10 cm (4 in) away from adjacent harness, to prevent engine control system malfunctions due to receiving external noise, degraded operation of ICs, etc.
- Keep engine control system parts and harness dry.
- Before replacing ECM, perform ECM Terminals and Reference Value inspection and make sure ECM functions properly. Refer to <u>EC-105</u>, "<u>ECM Terminals and Reference Value</u>"
- Handle mass air flow sensor carefully to avoid damage.
- Do not disassemble mass air flow sensor.
- Do not clean mass air flow sensor with any type of detergent.
- Do not disassemble electric throttle control actuator.
- Even a slight leak in the air intake system can cause serious incidents.
- Do not shock or jar the camshaft position sensor (PHASE), crankshaft position sensor (POS).

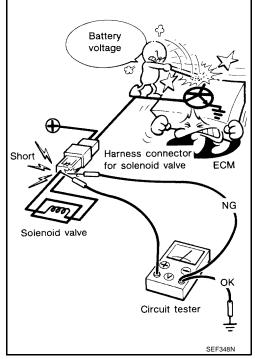


After performing each TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS, perform DTC Confirmation Procedure or Overall Function Check.

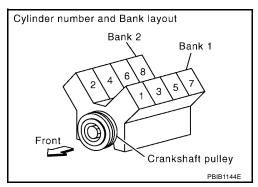
The DTC should not be displayed in the DTC Confirmation Procedure if the repair is completed. The Overall Function Check should be a good result if the repair is completed.



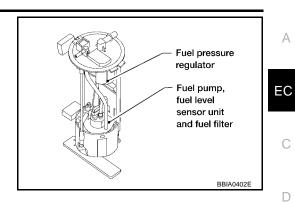
- When measuring ECM signals with a circuit tester, never allow the two tester probes to contact.
   Accidental contact of probes will cause a short circuit and damage the ECM power transistor.
- Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/ output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.



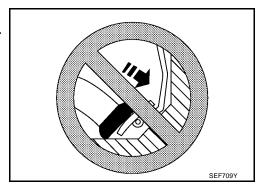
B1 indicates the bank 1, B2 indicates the bank 2 as shown in the figure.



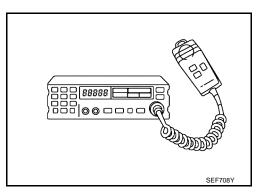
- Do not operate fuel pump when there is no fuel in lines.
- Tighten fuel hose clamps to the specified torque.



- Do not depress accelerator pedal when starting.
- Immediately after starting, do not rev up engine unnecessarily.
- Do not rev up engine just prior to shutdown.



- When installing C.B. ham radio or a mobile phone, be sure to observe the following as it may adversely affect electronic control systems depending on installation location.
- Keep the antenna as far as possible from the electronic control units.
- Keep the antenna feeder line more than 20 cm (8 in) away from the harness of electronic controls.
   Do not let them run parallel for a long distance.
- Adjust the antenna and feeder line so that the standingwave radio can be kept smaller.
- Be sure to ground the radio to vehicle body.



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## **PREPARATION**

## PREPARATION PFP:00002

## **Special Service Tools**

UBS00KZ4

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description	
EG17650301 (J-33984-A) Radiator cap tester adapter	c + + b  a + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator cap and radiator filler neck a: 28 (1.10) dia. b: 31.4 (1.236) dia. c: 41.3 (1.626) dia. Unit: mm (in)
KV10117100 (J-36471-A) Heated oxygen sensor wrench	S-NT379	Loosening or tightening heated oxygen sensors with 22 mm (0.87 in) hexagon nut
KV10114400 (J-38365) Heated oxygen sensor wrench	S-NTG36	Loosening or tightening heated oxygen sensors a: 22 mm (0.87 in)
J-44626) Air fuel ratio (A/F) sen- sor wrench	LEM054	Loosening or tightening air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1
(J-44321) Fuel pressure gauge kit	LEC642	Checking fuel pressure
(J-44321-6) Fuel pressure adapter	LBIA0376E	Connecting fuel pressure gauge to quick connector type fuel lines.
(J-45488) Quick connector re- lease	PBIC0198E	Remove fuel tube quick connectors in engine room.

## **PREPARATION**

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description		А
KV109E0010 (J-46209) Break-out box		Measuring the ECM signals with a circuit tester	<b>EC</b>
IO (400E0000	S-NT825	M : 11 FOM : 1 31 : 31 : 31	_
KV109E0080 (J-45819) Y-cable adapter		Measuring the ECM signals with a circuit tester	D
	S-NT826		Е
(J-23688) Engine coolant refractometer		Checking concentration of ethylene glycol in engine coolant	- F
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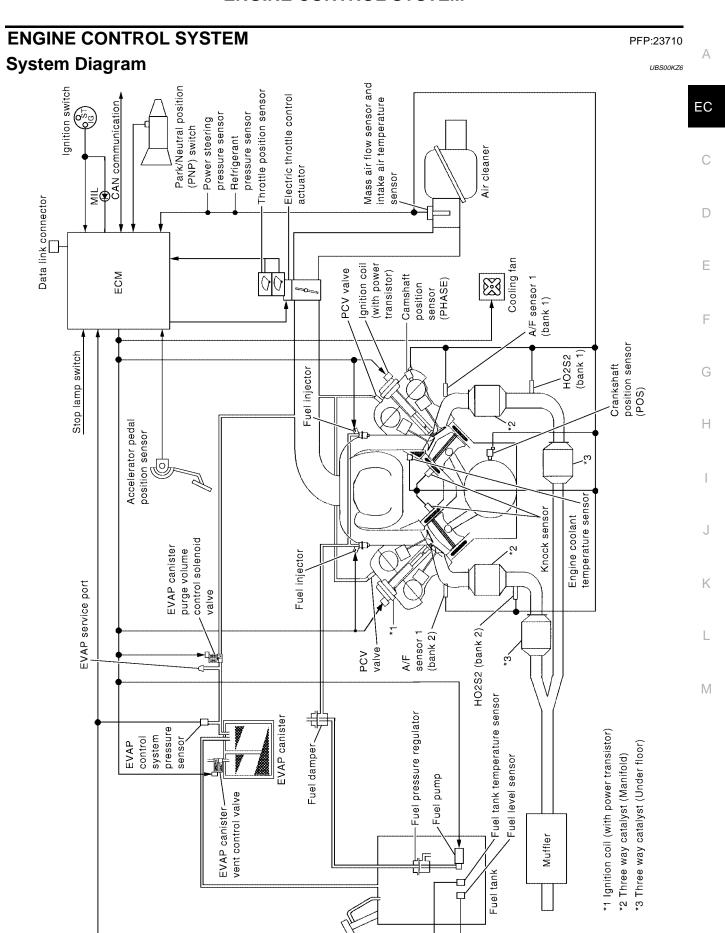
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## **PREPARATION**

Commercial Sei	rvice Tools	UBS00K.
Tool name (Kent-Moore No.)	Description	
Leak detector i.e.: (J-41416)	S-NT703	Locating the EVAP leak
EVAP service port adapter i.e.: (J-41413-OBD)	S-NT704	Applying positive pressure through EVAP service port
Fuel filler cap adapter i.e.: (MLR-8382)		Checking fuel tank vacuum relief valve opening pressure
Socket wrench	S-NT815  19 mm (0.75 in)  More than 32 mm (1.26 in) S-NT705	Removing and installing engine coolant temperature sensor
Oxygen sensor thread cleaner i.e.: (J-43897-18) (J-43897-12)	Mating surface shave cylinder	Reconditioning the exhaust system threads before installing a new oxygen sensor. Use with antiseize lubricant shown below. a: 18 mm diameter with pitch 1.5 mm for Zirconia Oxygen Sensor b: 12 mm diameter with pitch 1.25 mm for Titania Oxygen Sensor
Anti-seize lubricant i.e.: (Permatex <sup>TM</sup> 133AR or equivalent meeting MIL specifica- tion MIL-A-907)	S-NT779	Lubricating oxygen sensor thread cleaning tool when reconditioning exhaust system threads.



PBIB2051E

## Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

UBS00KZ7

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed*3			
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Piston position			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature			
Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas			
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position			
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position			
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position	Fuel injection & mixture ratio	Fuel injector	
Knock sensor	Engine knocking condition	control		
Battery	Battery voltage*3			
Power steering pressure sensor	Power steering operation			
Heated oxygen sensor 2	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas*1			
ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)	VDC/TCS operation command*2			
Air conditioner switch	Air conditioner operation*2			
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed* <sup>2</sup>			

<sup>\*1:</sup> This sensor is not used to control the engine system. This is used only for the on board diagnosis.

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The amount of fuel injected from the fuel injector is determined by the ECM. The ECM controls the length of time the valve remains open (injection pulse duration). The amount of fuel injected is a program value in the ECM memory. The program value is preset by engine operating conditions. These conditions are determined by input signals (for engine speed and intake air) from both the crankshaft position sensor and the mass air flow sensor.

#### VARIOUS FUEL INJECTION INCREASE/DECREASE COMPENSATION

In addition, the amount of fuel injected is compensated to improve engine performance under various operating conditions as listed below.

#### <Fuel increase>

- During warm-up
- When starting the engine
- During acceleration
- Hot-engine operation
- When selector lever is changed from N to D
- High-load, high-speed operation

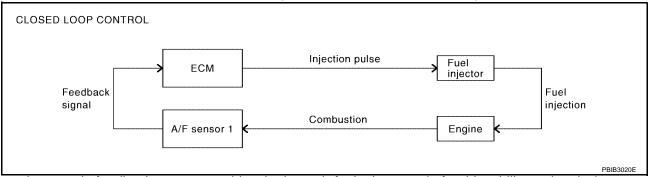
#### <Fuel decrease>

- During deceleration
- During high engine speed operation

<sup>\*2:</sup> This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

<sup>\*3:</sup> ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

### MIXTURE RATIO FEEDBACK CONTROL (CLOSED LOOP CONTROL)



The mixture ratio feedback system provides the best air-fuel mixture ratio for driveability and emission control. The three way catalyst (manifold) can then better reduce CO, HC and NOx emissions. This system uses air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 in the exhaust manifold to monitor whether the engine operation is rich or lean. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse width according to the sensor voltage signal. For more information about air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1, refer to EC-213, "DTC P0130, P0150 A/F SENSOR 1". This maintains the mixture ratio within the range of stoichiometric (ideal air-fuel mixture).

This stage is referred to as the closed loop control condition.

Heated oxygen sensor 2 is located downstream of the three way catalyst (manifold). Even if the switching characteristics of air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 shift, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from heated oxygen sensor 2.

## **Open Loop Control**

The open loop system condition refers to when the ECM detects any of the following conditions. Feedback control stops in order to maintain stabilized fuel combustion.

- Deceleration and acceleration
- High-load, high-speed operation
- Malfunction of A/F sensor 1 or its circuit
- Insufficient activation of A/F sensor 1 at low engine coolant temperature
- High engine coolant temperature
- During warm-up
- After shifting from N to D
- When starting the engine

### MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING CONTROL

The mixture ratio feedback control system monitors the mixture ratio signal transmitted from A/F sensor 1. This feedback signal is then sent to the ECM. The ECM controls the basic mixture ratio as close to the theoretical mixture ratio as possible. However, the basic mixture ratio is not necessarily controlled as originally designed. Both manufacturing differences (i.e., mass air flow sensor hot wire) and characteristic changes during operation (i.e., injector clogging) directly affect mixture ratio.

Accordingly, the difference between the basic and theoretical mixture ratios is monitored in this system. This is then computed in terms of "injection pulse duration" to automatically compensate for the difference between the two ratios.

"Fuel trim" refers to the feedback compensation value compared against the basic injection duration. Fuel trim includes short term fuel trim and long term fuel trim.

"Short term fuel trim" is the short-term fuel compensation used to maintain the mixture ratio at its theoretical value. The signal from A/F sensor 1 indicates whether the mixture ratio is RICH or LEAN compared to the theoretical value. The signal then triggers a reduction in fuel volume if the mixture ratio is rich, and an increase in fuel volume if it is lean.

"Long term fuel trim" is overall fuel compensation carried out long-term to compensate for continual deviation of the short term fuel trim from the central value. Such deviation will occur due to individual engine differences, wear over time and changes in the usage environment.

Revision: November 2009 EC-25 2006 QX56

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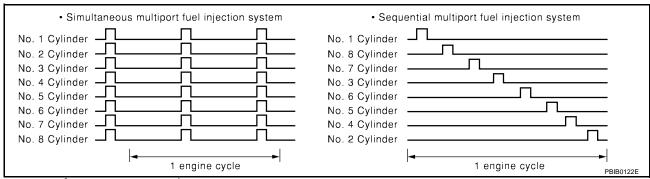
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#### **FUEL INJECTION TIMING**



Two types of systems are used.

## **Sequential Multiport Fuel Injection System**

Fuel is injected into each cylinder during each engine cycle according to the firing order. This system is used when the engine is running.

#### **Simultaneous Multiport Fuel Injection System**

Fuel is injected simultaneously into all eight cylinders twice each engine cycle. In other words, pulse signals of the same width are simultaneously transmitted from the ECM.

The eight fuel injectors will then receive the signals two times for each engine cycle.

This system is used when the engine is being started and/or if the fail-safe system (CPU) is operating.

#### **FUEL SHUT-OFF**

Fuel to each cylinder is cut off during deceleration, operation of the engine at excessively high speeds or operation of the vehicle at excessively high speed.

## Electronic Ignition (EI) System INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

UBS00KZ8

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed*2			
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Piston position			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		Power transistor	
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position	Ignition timing		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position	control		
Knock sensor	Engine knocking			
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position	ear position		
Battery	Battery voltage*2			
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed*1			

<sup>\*1:</sup> This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Firing order: 1 - 8 - 7 - 3 - 6 - 5 - 4 -2

The ignition timing is controlled by the ECM to maintain the best air-fuel ratio for every running condition of the engine. The ignition timing data is stored in the ECM.

The ECM receives information such as the injection pulse width and camshaft position sensor signal. Computing this information, ignition signals are transmitted to the power transistor.

During the following conditions, the ignition timing is revised by the ECM according to the other data stored in the ECM.

- At starting
- During warm-up
- At idle
- At low battery voltage

<sup>\*2:</sup> ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

#### During acceleration

The knock sensor retard system is designed only for emergencies. The basic ignition timing is programmed within the anti-knocking zone, if recommended fuel is used under dry conditions. The retard system does not operate under normal driving conditions. If engine knocking occurs, the knock sensor monitors the condition. The signal is transmitted to the ECM. The ECM retards the ignition timing to eliminate the knocking condition.

## Fuel Cut Control (at No Load and High Engine Speed) INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

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Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Neutral position		Fuel injector
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	Fuel cut con-	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed	trol	
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed*		

<sup>\*:</sup> This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

If the engine speed is above 1,800 rpm under no load (for example, the shift position is neutral and engine speed over is 1,800 rpm) fuel will be cut off after some time. The exact time when the fuel is cut off varies based on engine speed.

Fuel cut will be operated until the engine speed reaches 1,500 rpm, then fuel cut will be cancelled.

#### NOTE:

This function is different from deceleration control listed under EC-24, "Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System".

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## AIR CONDITIONING CUT CONTROL

## AIR CONDITIONING CUT CONTROL

PFP:23710

UBS00KZA

## **Input/Output Signal Chart**

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Air conditioner switch	Air conditioner ON signal*1		Air conditioner relay
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*2		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	Air conditioner	
Battery	Battery voltage*2	cut control	
Refrigerant pressure sensor	Refrigerant pressure		
Power steering pressure sensor	Power steering operation		
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed*1		

<sup>\*1:</sup> This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

## **System Description**

UBS00KZB

This system improves engine operation when the air conditioner is used. Under the following conditions, the air conditioner is turned OFF.

- When the accelerator pedal is fully depressed.
- When cranking the engine.
- At high engine speeds.
- When the engine coolant temperature becomes excessively high.
- When operating power steering during low engine speed or low vehicle speed.
- When engine speed is excessively low.
- When refrigerant pressure is excessively low or high.

<sup>\*2:</sup> ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

## **AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)**

## **AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)**

PFP:18930

System Description INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

UBS00KZC

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Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
ASCD brake switch	Brake pedal operation	ASCD vehicle speed control	Electric throttle control actuator	
Stop lamp switch	Brake pedal operation			
ASCD steering switch	ASCD steering switch operation			
Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position			
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed*			
TCM	Powertrain revolution*			

<sup>\*:</sup> This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line

#### **BASIC ASCD SYSTEM**

Refer to Owner's Manual for ASCD operating instructions.

Automatic Speed Control Device (ASCD) allows a driver to keep vehicle at predetermined constant speed without depressing accelerator pedal. Driver can set vehicle speed in advance between approximately 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH).

ECM controls throttle angle of electric throttle control actuator to regulate engine speed.

Operation status of ASCD is indicated by CRUISE indicator and SET indicator in combination meter. If any malfunction occurs in ASCD system, it automatically deactivates control.

#### NOTE:

Always drive vehicle in safe manner according to traffic conditions and obey all traffic laws.

#### SET OPERATION

Press MAIN switch. (The CRUISE indicator in combination meter illuminates.)

When vehicle speed reaches a desired speed between approximately 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH), press SET/COAST switch. (Then SET indicator in combination meter illuminates.)

#### ACCELERATE OPERATION

If the RESUME/ACCELERATE switch is pressed during cruise control driving, increase the vehicle speed until the switch is released or vehicle speed reaches maximum speed controlled by the system. And then ASCD will keep the new set speed.

#### CANCEL OPERATION

When any of following conditions exist, cruise operation will be canceled.

- CANCEL switch is pressed
- More than 2 switches at ASCD steering switch are pressed at the same time (Set speed will be cleared)
- Brake pedal is depressed
- Selector lever is changed to N, P, R position
- Vehicle speed decreased to 13 km/h (8 MPH) lower than the set speed
- VDC system is operated

When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, the ECM will cancel the cruise operation and inform the driver by blinking indicator lamp.

- Engine coolant temperature is slightly higher than the normal operating temperature, CRUISE lamp may blink slowly.
  - When the engine coolant temperature decreases to the normal operating temperature, CRUISE lamp will stop blinking and the cruise operation will be able to work by pressing SET/COAST switch or RESUME/ACCELERATE switch.
- Malfunction for some self-diagnoses regarding ASCD control: SET lamp will blink quickly.

If MAIN switch is turned to OFF during ASCD is activated, all of ASCD operations will be canceled and vehicle speed memory will be erased.

## **AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)**

#### **COAST OPERATION**

When the SET/COAST switch is pressed during cruise control driving, decrease vehicle set speed until the switch is released. And then ASCD will keep the new set speed.

#### **RESUME OPERATION**

When the RESUME/ACCELERATE switch is pressed after cancel operation other than pressing MAIN switch is performed, vehicle speed will return to last set speed. To resume vehicle set speed, vehicle condition must meet following conditions.

- Brake pedal is released
- A/T selector lever is in other than P and N positions
- Vehicle speed is greater than 40 km/h (25 MPH) and less than 144 km/h (89 MPH)

## Component Description ASCD STEERING SWITCH

UBS00KZD

Refer to EC-494.

#### **ASCD BRAKE SWITCH**

Refer to EC-511, and EC-586.

#### STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to <u>EC-511</u>, <u>EC-523</u> and <u>EC-586</u>.

#### **ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR**

Refer to <u>EC-528</u>, <u>EC-534</u>, <u>EC-540</u> and <u>EC-545</u>.

#### **ASCD INDICATOR**

Refer to EC-593.

## **CAN COMMUNICATION**

## **CAN COMMUNICATION**

PFP:23710

**System Description** 

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CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only. Refer to <a href="LAN-26">LAN-26</a>, "CAN COMMUNICATION"</a>, about CAN communication for detail.

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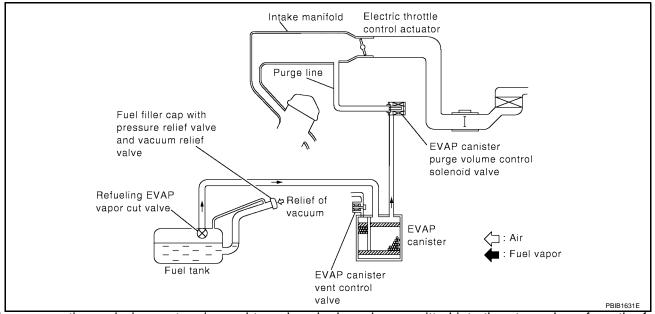
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## **EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM**

PFP:14950

UBS00KZF

## Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



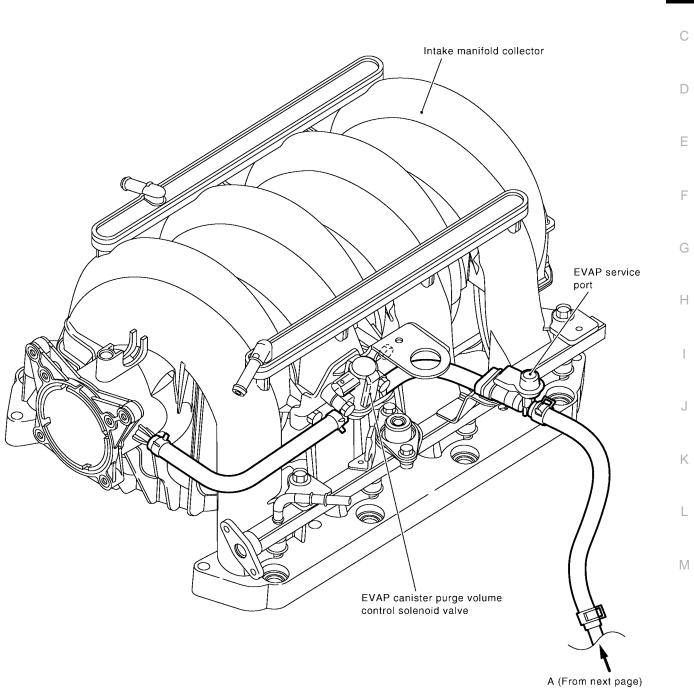
The evaporative emission system is used to reduce hydrocarbons emitted into the atmosphere from the fuel system. This reduction of hydrocarbons is accomplished by activated charcoals in the EVAP canister.

The fuel vapor in the sealed fuel tank is led into the EVAP canister which contains activated carbon and the vapor is stored there when the engine is not operating or when refueling to the fuel tank.

The vapor in the EVAP canister is purged by the air through the purge line to the intake manifold when the engine is operating. EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is controlled by ECM. When the engine operates, the flow rate of vapor controlled by EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is proportionally regulated as the air flow increases.

EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve also shuts off the vapor purge line during decelerating and idling.

## **EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING**

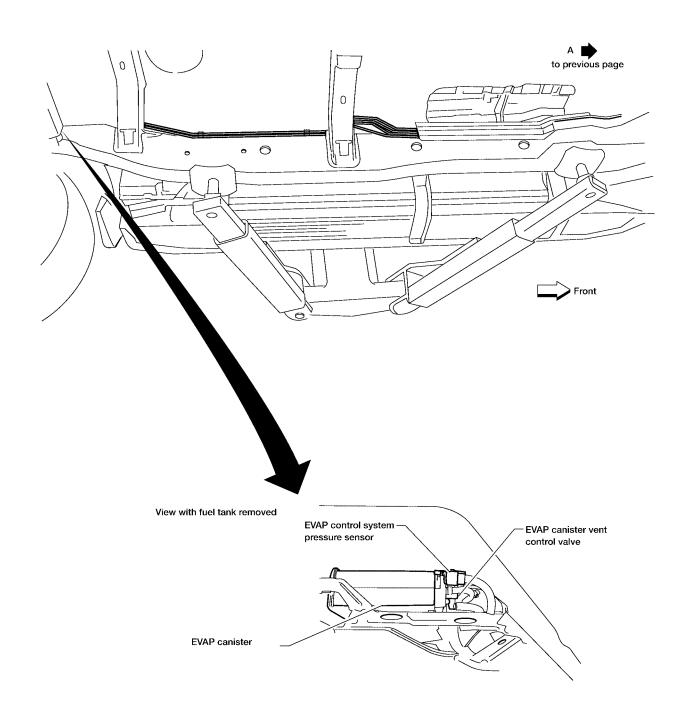


Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hoses or purge hoses.

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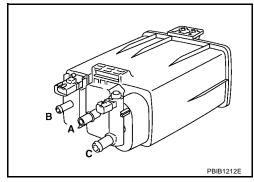


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## Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER

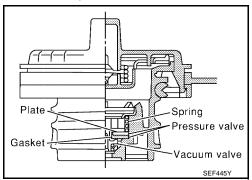
Check EVAP canister as follows:

- 1. Block port B.
- 2. Blow air into port A and check that it flows freely out of port C.
- 3. Release blocked port B.
- 4. Apply vacuum pressure to port  ${\bf B}$  and check that vacuum pressure exists at the ports  ${\bf A}$  and  ${\bf C}$  .
- 5. Block port A and B.
- 6. Apply pressure to port **C** and check that there is no leakage.



## FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)

1. Wipe clean valve housing.



2. Check valve opening pressure and vacuum.

Pressure: 15.3 - 20.0 kPa (0.156 - 0.204 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 2.22

- 2.90 psi)

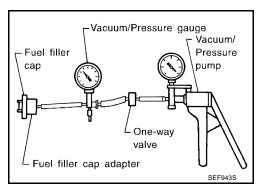
Vacuum:  $-6.0 \text{ to } -3.3 \text{ kPa} (-0.061 \text{ to } -0.034 \text{ kg/cm}^2,$ 

-0.87 to -0.48 psi)

3. If out of specification, replace fuel filler cap as an assembly.

#### CAUTION:

Use only a genuine fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.



#### **EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE**

Refer to EC-373 and EC-381.

#### **FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR**

Refer to EC-309 and EC-315.

#### **EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE**

Refer to EC-388 and EC-395.

#### **EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR**

Refer to EC-402, EC-405 and EC-411.

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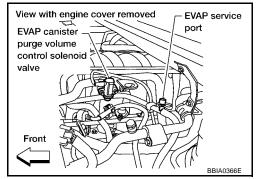
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#### **EVAP SERVICE PORT**

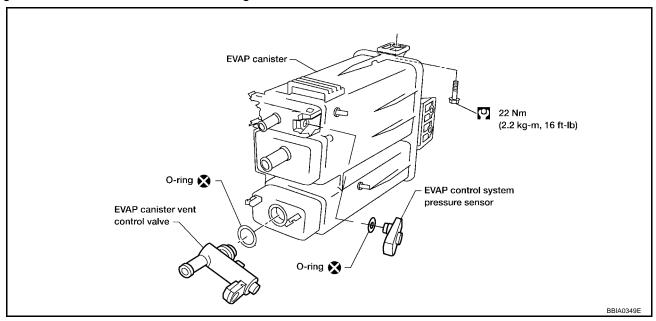
Positive pressure is delivered to the EVAP system through the EVAP service port. If fuel vapor leakage in the EVAP system occurs, use a leak detector to locate the leak.



## Removal and Installation EVAP CANISTER

UBS00KZH

Tighten EVAP canister as shown in the figure.

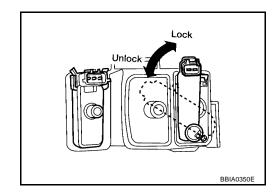


: N--m (kg-m, in-lb)

#### **EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE**

- 1. Turn EVAP canister vent control valve counterclockwise.
- 2. Remove the EVAP canister vent control valve.

Always replace O-ring with a new one.



## **EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM**

## **How to Detect Fuel Vapor Leakage**

#### UBS00KZI

#### **CAUTION:**

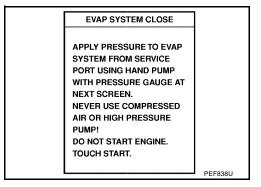
- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

#### NOTE:

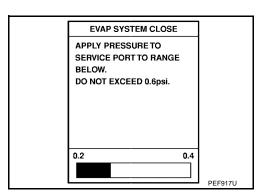
- Do not start engine.
- Improper installation of EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause a leak.

#### (III) WITH CONSULT-II

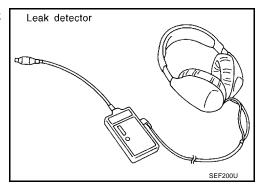
- 1. Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.
- 2. Also attach the pressure pump and hose to the EVAP service port adapter.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Select the "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT MODE" with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Touch "START". A bar graph (Pressure indicating display) will appear on the screen.



- 6. Apply positive pressure to the EVAP system until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.
- 7. Remove EVAP service port adapter and hose with pressure pump.



8. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to <a href="EC-33">EC-33</a>, "EVAPO-RATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".



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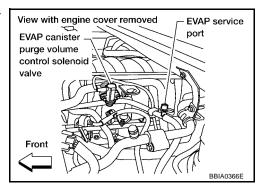
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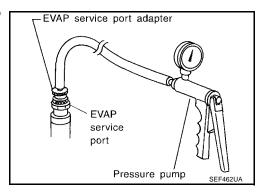
#### **EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM**

## **WITHOUT CONSULT-II**

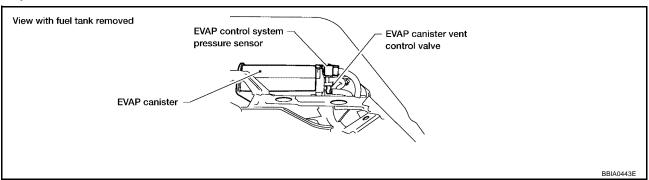
Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.



2. Also attach the pressure pump with pressure gauge to the EVAP service port adapter.



Apply battery voltage between the terminals of EVAP canister vent control valve to make a closed EVAP system.



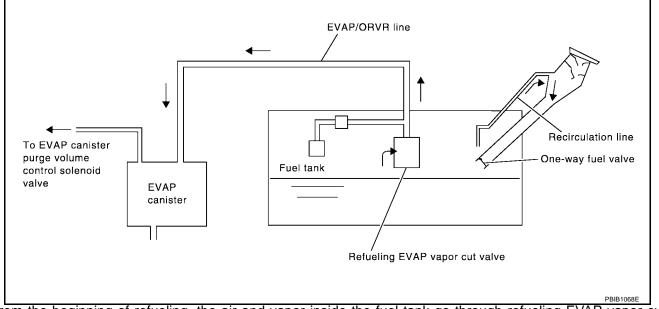
- 4. To locate the leak, deliver positive pressure to the EVAP system until pressure gauge points reach 1.38 to  $2.76 \text{ kPa} (0.014 \text{ to } 0.028 \text{ kg/cm}^2 \text{ , } 0.2 \text{ to } 0.4 \text{ psi}).$
- 5. Remove EVAP service port adapter and hose with pressure pump.
- 6. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

## ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)

PFP:00032

**System Description** 

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From the beginning of refueling, the air and vapor inside the fuel tank go through refueling EVAP vapor cut valve and EVAP/ORVR line to the EVAP canister. The vapor is absorbed by the EVAP canister and the air is released to the atmosphere.

When the refueling has reached the full level of the fuel tank, the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve is closed and refueling is stopped because of auto shut-off. The vapor which was absorbed by the EVAP canister is purged during driving.

#### **WARNING:**

When conducting inspections below, be sure to observe the following:

- Put a "CAUTION: INFLAMMABLE" sign in workshop.
- Do not smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from work area.
- Be sure to furnish the workshop with a CO<sub>2</sub> fire extinguisher.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Before removing fuel line parts, carry out the following procedures:
- Put drained fuel in an explosion-proof container and put lid on securely.
- Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to <u>EC-80, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE"</u>.
- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Always replace O-ring when the fuel gauge retainer is removed.
- Do not kink or twist hose and tube when they are installed.
- Do not tighten hose and clamps excessively to avoid damaging hoses.
- After installation, run engine and check for fuel leaks at connection.
- Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically.
   Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray and possibly a fire.

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## Diagnostic Procedure SYMPTOM: FUEL ODOR FROM EVAP CANISTER IS STRONG.

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## 1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Weigh the EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.5 kg (5.5 lb).

OK or NG

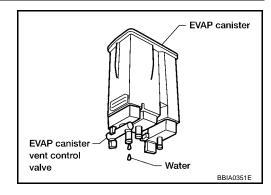
OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

## 2. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 3. No >> GO TO 5.



## 3. REPLACE EVAP CANISTER

Replace EVAP canister with a new one.

>> GO TO 4.

## 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection.

>> Repair or replace EVAP hose.

## 5. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-43, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

#### SYMPTOM: CANNOT REFUEL/FUEL ODOR FROM THE FUEL FILLER OPENING IS STRONG WHILE REFUELING.

## 1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

- Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor 1. attached.
- 2. Weigh the EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.5 kg (5.5 lb).

#### OK or NG

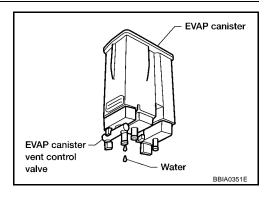
OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

## $2.\,$ check if evap canister saturated with water

Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

#### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 3. Nο >> GO TO 5.



## 3. REPLACE EVAP CANISTER

Replace EVAP canister with a new one.

>> GO TO 4.

## 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection.

>> Repair or replace EVAP hose.

## 5. CHECK VENT HOSES AND VENT TUBES

Check hoses and tubes between EVAP canister and refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

## 6. CHECK FILLER NECK TUBE

Check recirculation line for clogging, dents and cracks.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

Revision: November 2009

NG >> Replace filler neck tube.

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## 7. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-43, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

## 8. CHECK FUEL FILLER TUBE

Check filler neck tube and hose connected to the fuel tank for clogging, dents and cracks.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace fuel filler tube.

## 9. CHECK ONE-WAY FUEL VALVE-I

Check one-way valve for clogging.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Repair or replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank.

## 10. CHECK ONE-WAY FUEL VALVE-II

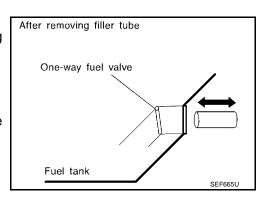
- 1. Make sure that fuel is drained from the tank.
- 2. Remove fuel filler tube and hose.
- Check one-way fuel valve for operation as follows.
   When a stick is inserted, the valve should open, when removing stick it should close.

Do not drop any material into the tank.

#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Replace fuel filler tube or replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank.



# Component Inspection REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

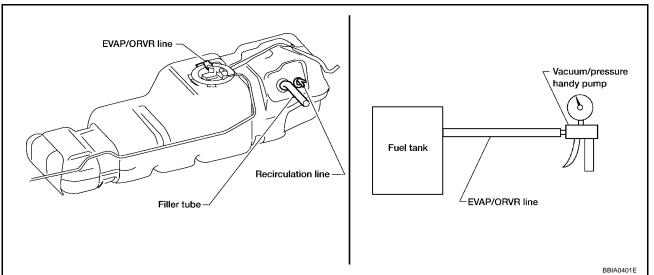
UBS00KZL

## (P) With CONSULT-II

- Remove fuel tank. Refer to <u>FL-10, "FUEL TANK"</u>.
- Drain fuel from the tank as follows:
- Remove fuel feed hose located on the fuel gauge retainer.
- b. Connect a spare fuel hose, one side to fuel gauge retainer where the hose was removed and the other side to a fuel container.
- c. Drain fuel using "FUEL PUMP RELAY" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as follows.
   Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve (from the end of EVAP/ORVR line hose), and check that the air flows freely into the tank.
- Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as follows.
- a. Connect vacuum pump to hose end.
- b. Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit.

#### Always replace O-ring with new one.

- c. Put fuel tank upside down.
- d. Apply vacuum pressure to hose end [–13.3 kPa (–100 mmHg, –3.94 inHg)] with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable.



#### **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Remove fuel tank. Refer to FL-10, "FUEL TANK".
- Drain fuel from the tank as follows:
- Remove fuel gauge retainer.
- b. Drain fuel from the tank using a handy pump into a fuel container.
- Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as follows.
   Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve (from the end of EVAP/ORVR line hose), and check that the air flows freely into the tank.
- 4. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as follows.
- Connect vacuum pump to hose end.
- Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit.

Always replace O-ring with new one.

c. Put fuel tank upside down.

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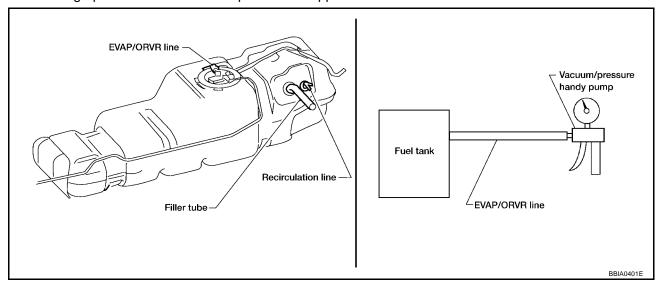
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d. Apply vacuum pressure to hose end [-13.3 kPa (-100 mmHg, -3.94 inHg)] with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable.



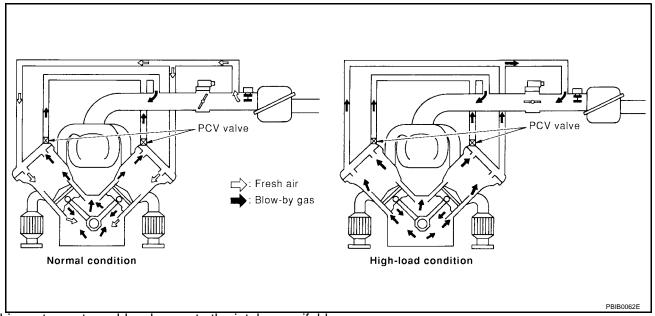
#### POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION

## POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION

PFP:11810

UBS00KZM

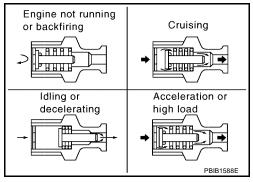
Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system returns blow-by gas to the intake manifold.

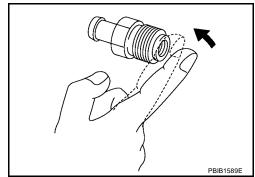
The positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve is provided to conduct crankcase blow-by gas to the intake manifold. During partial throttle operation of the engine, the intake manifold sucks the blow-by gas through the PCV valve. Normally, the capacity of the valve is sufficient to handle any blow-by and a small amount of ventilating air. The ventilating air is then drawn from the air inlet tubes into the crankcase. In this process the air passes through the hose connecting air inlet tubes to rocker cover. Under full-throttle condition, the manifold vacuum is insufficient to draw the blow-by flow through the valve. The flow goes through the hose connection in the reverse direction.

On vehicles with an excessively high blow-by, the valve does not meet the requirement. This is because some of the flow will go through the hose connection to the air inlet tubes under all conditions.



# Component Inspection PCV (POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION) VALVE

With engine running at idle, remove PCV valve from rocker cover. A properly working valve makes a hissing noise as air passes through it. A strong vacuum should be felt immediately when a finger is placed over valve inlet.



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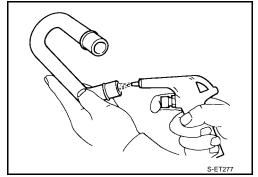
M

UBS00KZN

## **POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION**

#### **PCV VALVE VENTILATION HOSE**

- 1. Check hoses and hose connections for leaks.
- 2. Disconnect all hoses and clean with compressed air. If any hose cannot be freed of obstructions, replace.



## **IVIS (INFINITI VEHICLE IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM-NATS)**

## IVIS (INFINITI VEHICLE IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM-NATS)

PFP:28591

UBS00L1L

**Description** 

If the security indicator lights up with the ignition switch in the ON position or "NATS MALFUNCTION" is displayed on "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" screen, perform self-diagnostic results mode with CONSULT-II using NATS program card. Refer to <u>BL-137</u>, "IVIS (INFINITI VEHICLE IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM-NATS)".

- Confirm no self-diagnostic results of IVIS (NATS) is displayed before touching "ERASE" in "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
- When replacing ECM, initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs must be carried out with CONSULT-II using NATS program card.

Therefore, be sure to receive all keys from vehicle owner. Regarding the procedures of IVIS (NATS)
initialization and all IVIS (NATS) ignition key ID registration, refer to CONSULT-II operation manual,
IVIS/NVIS.

SELF DIAG RESU	LTS	
DTC RESULTS	TIME	]
NATS MALFUNCTION [P1610]	0	
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## ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

PFP:00028

UBS00KZP

Introduction

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system, which detects malfunctions related to engine sensors or actuators. The ECM also records various emission-related diagnostic information including:

Emission-related diagnostic information	Diagnostic service
Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)	Service \$03 of SAE J1979
Freeze Frame data	Service \$02 of SAE J1979
System Readiness Test (SRT) code	Service \$01 of SAE J1979
1st Trip Diagnostic Trouble Code (1st Trip DTC)	Service \$07 of SAE J1979
1st Trip Freeze Frame data	
Test values and Test limits	Service \$06 of SAE J1979
Calibration ID	Service \$09 of SAE J1979

The above information can be checked using procedures listed in the table below.

×: Applicable —: Not applicable

	DTC	1st trip DTC	Freeze Frame data	1st trip Freeze Frame data	SRT code	SRT status	Test value
CONSULT-II	×	×	×	×	×	×	_
GST	×	×	×	_	×	×	×
ECM	×	×*	_	_	_	×	_

<sup>\*:</sup> When DTC and 1st trip DTC simultaneously appear on the display, they cannot be clearly distinguished from each other.

The malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) on the instrument panel lights up when the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips (Two trip detection logic), or when the ECM enters fail-safe mode. (Refer to EC-91, "Fail-safe Chart".)

## **Two Trip Detection Logic**

UBS00KZQ

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up at this stage. <1st trip>

If the same malfunction is detected again during the next drive, the DTC and Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL lights up. The MIL lights up at the same time when the DTC is stored. <2nd trip> The "trip" in the "Two Trip Detection Logic" means a driving mode in which self-diagnosis is performed during vehicle operation. Specific on board diagnostic items will cause the ECM to light up or blink the MIL, and store DTC and Freeze Frame data, even in the 1st trip, as shown below.

 $\times$ : Applicable —: Not applicable

		М	IL		D.	TC	1st trip DTC	
Items	1st	trip	2nd	2nd trip		2nd trip	1st trip	2nd trip
	Blinking	Lighting up	Blinking	Lighting up	1st trip displaying	displaying	displaying	display- ing
Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0308 is being detected	×	_	_	_	_	_	×	_
Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0308 is being detected	_	_	×	_	_	×	_	_
One trip detection diagnoses (Refer to <u>EC-49</u> , " <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFOR-MATION ITEMS"</u> .)	_	×	_	_	×	_	_	_
Except above	_	_	_	×	_	×	×	_

When there is an open circuit on MIL circuit, the ECM cannot warn the driver by lighting up MIL when there is malfunction on engine control system.

Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open by means of operating fail-safe function.

The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL circuit are detected and demands the driver to repair the malfunction.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

Engine speed will not rise more than 2,500 rpm due to the fuel cut

# **Emission-related Diagnostic Information EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS**

UBS00KZR

×: Applicable —: Not applicable

Items	DT	C* <sup>1</sup>	0.5.7	Test value/			Refer-
(CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM <sup>⋆3</sup>	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	Trip	MIL	ence page
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1000	1000* <sup>5</sup>	_	_	1	×	EC-151
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1001	1001* <sup>5</sup>	_	_	2	_	EC-151
CONTROL UNIT(CAN)	U1010	1010	_	_	1	×	EC-154
NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	P0000	0000	_	_	_	Flashing* <sup>7</sup>	<u>EC-64</u>
A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	P0031	0031	_	×	2	×	EC-156
A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	P0032	0032	_	×	2	×	EC-156
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0037	0037	_	×	2	×	EC-163
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0038	0038	_	×	2	×	EC-163
A/F SEN1 HTR (B2)	P0051	0051	_	×	2	×	EC-156
A/F SEN1 HTR (B2)	P0052	0052	_	×	2	×	EC-156
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0057	0057	_	×	2	×	EC-163
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0058	0058	_	×	2	×	EC-163
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0101	0101	_	_	2	×	EC-171
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0102	0102	_	_	1	×	EC-180
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0103	0103	_	_	1	×	EC-180
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0112	0112	_	_	2	×	EC-188
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0113	0113	_	_	2	×	EC-188
ECT SEN/CIRC	P0117	0117	_	_	1	×	EC-192
ECT SEN/CIRC	P0118	0118	_	_	1	×	EC-192
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0122	0122	_	_	1	×	EC-198
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0123	0123	_	_	1	×	EC-198
ECT SENSOR	P0125	0125	_	_	2	×	EC-205
IAT SENSOR	P0127	0127	_	_	2	×	EC-208
THERMSTAT FNCTN	P0128	0128	_	_	2	×	EC-211
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P0130	0130	_	×	2	×	EC-213
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P0131	0131	_	×	2	×	EC-223
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P0132	0132	_	×	2	×	EC-232
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P0133	0133	×	×	2	×	EC-241
HO2S2 (B1)	P0137	0137	×	×	2	×	EC-253
HO2S2 (B1)	P0138	0138	×	×	2	×	EC-264
HO2S2 (B1)	P0139	0139	×	×	2	×	EC-277
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P0150	0150	_	×	2	×	EC-213
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P0151	0151	_	×	2	×	EC-223

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	DTO	C*1		Test value/		MIL	5 (
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	Trip		Refer- ence page
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P0152	0152	_	×	2	×	EC-232
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P0153	0153	×	×	2	×	EC-241
HO2S2 (B2)	P0157	0157	×	×	2	×	EC-253
HO2S2 (B2)	P0158	0158	×	×	2	×	EC-264
HO2S2 (B2)	P0159	0159	×	×	2	×	EC-277
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1	P0171	0171	_	_	2	×	EC-288
FUEL SYS-RICH-B1	P0172	0172	_	_	2	×	EC-299
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2	P0174	0174	_	_	2	×	EC-288
FUEL SYS-RICH-B2	P0175	0175	_	_	2	×	EC-299
FTT SENSOR	P0181	0181	_	_	2	×	EC-309
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0182	0182	_	_	2	×	EC-315
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0183	0183	_	_	2	×	EC-315
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0222	0222	_	_	1	×	EC-320
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0223	0223	_	_	1	×	EC-320
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0300	_	_	2	×	EC-327
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0301	_	_	2	×	EC-327
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0302	_	_	2	×	EC-327
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0303	_	_	2	×	EC-327
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0304	_	_	2	×	EC-327
CYL 5 MISFIRE	P0305	0305	_	_	2	×	EC-327
CYL 6 MISFIRE	P0306	0306	_	_	2	×	EC-327
CYL 7 MISFIRE	P0307	0307	_	_	2	×	EC-327
CYL 8 MISFIRE	P0308	0308	_	_	2	×	EC-327
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0327	0327	_	_	2	_	EC-335
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0328	0328	_	_	2	_	EC-335
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2	P0332	0332	_	_	2	_	EC-335
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2	P0333	0333	_	_	2	_	EC-335
CKP SEN/CIRCUIT	P0335	0335	_	_	2	×	EC-340
CMP SEN/CIRC-B1	P0340	0340	_	_	2	×	EC-347
TW CATALYST SYS-B1	P0420	0420	×	×	2	×	EC-354
TW CATALYST SYS-B2	P0430	0430	×	×	2	×	EC-354
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P0441	0441	×	×	2	×	EC-360
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0442	0442	×	×	2	×	EC-365
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0443	0443	_	_	2	×	EC-373
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0444	0444	_	_	2	×	EC-381
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0445	0445	_	_	2	×	EC-381
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0447	0447	_	_	2	×	EC-388
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0448	0448	_	_	2	×	EC-395
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0451	0451	_	_	2	×	EC-402
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0452	0452	_	_	2	×	EC-405
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0453	0453	_	_	2	×	EC-411
EVAP GROSS LEAK	P0455	0455	_	_	2	×	EC-419

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Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM*3	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	Trip	MIL	Refer- ence page	A
EVAP VERY SML LEAK	P0456	0456	×* <sup>4</sup>	×	2	×	EC-427	EC
FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH	P0460	0460	_	_	2	×	EC-436	
FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	P0461	0461	_	_	2	×	EC-438	
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P0462	0462	_	_	2	×	EC-440	С
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P0463	0463	_	_	2	×	EC-440	
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC*6	P0500	0500	_	_	2	×	EC-442	D
ISC SYSTEM	P0506	0506	_	_	2	×	EC-444	
ISC SYSTEM	P0507	0507	_	_	2	×	EC-446	_
PW ST P SEN/CIRC	P0550	0550	_	_	2	_	EC-448	Е
ECM BACK UP/CIRC	P0603	0603	_	_	2	×	EC-453	
ECM	P0605	0605	_	_	1 or 2	× or —	EC-457	F
SENSOR POWER/CIRC	P0643	0643	_	_	1	×	EC-460	
TCM	P0700	0700	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-104</u>	
PNP SW/CIRC	P0705	0705	_	_	2	×	<u>AT-105</u>	G
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0710	0710	_	_	2	×	<u>AT-127</u>	
TURBINE REV S/CIRC	P0717	0717	_	_	2	×	<u>AT-109</u>	Н
VHCL SPD SEN/CIR AT*6	P0720	0720	_	_	2	×	AT-118	
TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	P0740	0740	_	_	2	×	<u>AT-118</u>	
A/T TCC S/U FNCTN	P0744	0744	_	_	2	×	<u>AT-120</u>	
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	P0745	0745	_	_	2	×	AT-122	
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P0850	0850	_	_	2	×	EC-465	J
CLOSED LOOP-B1	P1148	1148	_	_	1	×	EC-470	
CLOSED LOOP-B2	P1168	1168	_	_	1	×	EC-470	
TCS C/U FUNCTN	P1211	1211	_	_	2	_	EC-471	K
TCS/CIRC	P1212	1212	_	_	2	_	EC-472	_
ENG OVER TEMP	P1217	1217	_	_	1	×	EC-473	L
CTP LEARNING	P1225	1225	_	_	2	_	EC-483	
CTP LEARNING	P1226	1226	_	_	2	_	EC-485	_
ASCD SW	P1564	1564	_	_	1	_	EC-487 (Models with ICC) EC-494 (Models with ASCD)	M
ACC COMMAND VALUE*9	P1568	1568	_	_	1	_	EC-501	
ASCD BRAKE SW	P1572	1572	_	_	1	_	EC-502 (Models with ICC) EC-511 (Models with ASCD)	

	DT	C* <sup>1</sup>		Test value/			
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	Trip	MIL	Refer- ence page
ASCD VHL SPD SEN*8	P1574	1574		_	1	_	EC-519 (Models with ICC) EC-521 (Models with ASCD)
NATS MALFUNCTION	P1610 - P1615	1610 - 1615	_	_	2	_	<u>BL-137</u>
A/T INTERLOCK	P1730	1730	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-134</u>
I/C SOLENOID/CIRC	P1752	1752		_	1	×	<u>AT-139</u>
I/C SOLENOID FNCTN	P1754	1754	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-141</u>
FR/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1757	1757	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-143</u>
FR/B SOLENOID FNCT	P1759	1759	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-145</u>
D/C SOLENOID/CIRC	P1762	1762	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-147</u>
D/C SOLENOID FNCTN	P1764	1764	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-149</u>
HLR/C SOL/CIRC	P1767	1767	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-151</u>
HLR/C SOL FNCTN	P1769	1769	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-153</u>
LC/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1772	1772	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-155</u>
LC/B SOLENOID FNCT	P1774	1774	_	_	1	×	<u>AT-157</u>
BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT	P1805	1805		_	2	_	EC-523
ETC MOT PWR	P2100	2100		_	1	×	EC-528
ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	P2101	2101		_	1	×	EC-534
ETC MOT PWR	P2103	2103		_	1	×	EC-528
ETC MOT	P2118	2118		_	1	×	EC-540
ETC ACTR	P2119	2119		_	1	×	EC-545
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2122	2122		_	1	×	EC-547
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2123	2123	_	_	1	×	EC-547
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2127	2127	_	_	1	×	EC-553
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2128	2128		_	1	×	EC-553
TP SENSOR	P2135	2135	_	_	1	×	EC-560
APP SENSOR	P2138	2138	_	_	1	×	EC-567
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P2A00	2A00	_	×	2	×	EC-575
A/F SENSOR1 (B2)	P2A03	2A03		×	2	×	EC-575

<sup>\*1: 1</sup>st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

#### **DTC AND 1ST TRIP DTC**

The 1st trip DTC (whose number is the same as the DTC number) is displayed for the latest self-diagnostic result obtained. If the ECM memory was cleared previously, and the 1st trip DTC did not reoccur, the 1st trip DTC will not be displayed.

<sup>\*2:</sup> This number is prescribed by SAE J2012.

<sup>\*3:</sup> In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), this number is controlled by NISSAN.

<sup>\*4:</sup> SRT code will not be set if the self-diagnostic result is NG.

<sup>\*5:</sup> The troubleshooting for this DTC needs CONSULT-II.

<sup>\*6:</sup> When the fail-safe operations for both self-diagnoses occur at the same time, the MIL illuminates.

<sup>\*7:</sup> When the ECM is in the mode of displaying SRT status, MIL may flash. For the details, refer to EC-57, "How to Display SRT Status" .

<sup>\*8: 2</sup>WD models

<sup>\*9:</sup> Models with ICC

If a malfunction is detected during the 1st trip, the 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up (two trip detection logic). If the same malfunction is not detected in the 2nd trip (meeting the required driving pattern), the 1st trip DTC is cleared from the ECM memory. If the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, both the 1st trip DTC and DTC are stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up. In other words, the DTC is stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up when the same malfunction occurs in two consecutive trips. If a 1st trip DTC is stored and a non-diagnostic operation is performed between the 1st and 2nd trips, only the 1st trip DTC will continue to be stored. For malfunctions that blink or light up the MIL during the 1st trip, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are stored in the ECM memory.

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Procedures for clearing the DTC and the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory are described in <u>EC-61, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.

For malfunctions in which 1st trip DTCs are displayed, refer to <a href="EC-49">EC-49</a>, "EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC <a href="INFORMATION ITEMS"</a>. These items are required by legal regulations to continuously monitor the system/component. In addition, the items monitored non-continuously are also displayed on CONSULT-II.

1st trip DTC is specified in Service \$07 of SAE J1979. 1st trip DTC detection occurs without lighting up the MIL and therefore does not warn the driver of a malfunction. However, 1st trip DTC detection will not prevent the vehicle from being tested, for example during Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests.

When a 1st trip DTC is detected, check, print out or write down and erase (1st trip) DTC and Freeze Frame data as specified in Work Flow procedure Step 2, refer to <a href="EC-84">EC-84</a>, "WORK FLOW"</a>. Then perform DTC Confirmation Procedure or Overall Function Check to try to duplicate the malfunction. If the malfunction is duplicated, the item requires repair.

### How to Read DTC and 1st Trip DTC

DTC and 1st trip DTC can be read by the following methods.

(P) With CONSULT-II

With GST

CONSULT-II or GST (Generic Scan Tool) Examples: P0340, P0850, P1148, etc.

These DTCs are prescribed by SAE J2012.

(CONSULT-II also displays the malfunctioning component or system.)

No Tools

The number of blinks of the MIL in the Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-Diagnostic Results) indicates the DTC. Example: 0340, 0850, 1148, etc.

These DTCs are controlled by NISSAN.

- 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.
- Output of a DTC indicates a malfunction. However, GST or the Diagnostic Test Mode II do not indicate whether the malfunction is still occurring or has occurred in the past and has returned to normal. CONSULT-II can identify malfunction status as shown below. Therefore, using CONSULT-II (if available) is recommended.

A sample of CONSULT-II display for DTC and 1st trip DTC is shown below. DTC or 1st trip DTC of a malfunction is displayed in SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS mode of CONSULT-II. Time data indicates how many times the vehicle was driven after the last detection of a DTC.

If the DTC is being detected currently, the time data will be [0].

If a 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM, the time data will be [1t].

	SELF DIAG RESU	ILTS		SELF DIAG RESU	ILTS
	DTC RESULTS	TIME		DTC RESULTS	TIME
DTC	CKP SEN/CIRCUIT [P0335]	0	1st trip	CKP SEN/CIRCUIT [P0335]	1t
display			DTC display		

#### FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA

The ECM records the driving conditions such as fuel system status, calculated load value, engine coolant temperature, short term fuel trim, long term fuel trim, engine speed, vehicle speed, absolute throttle position, base fuel schedule and intake air temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected.

Data which are stored in the ECM memory, along with the 1st trip DTC, are called 1st trip freeze frame data. The data, stored together with the DTC data, are called freeze frame data and displayed on CONSULT-II or

GST. The 1st trip freeze frame data can only be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, not on the GST. For details, see <u>EC-118</u>, "Freeze Frame Data and 1st Trip Freeze Frame Data".

Only one set of freeze frame data (either 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data) can be stored in the ECM. 1st trip freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory along with the 1st trip DTC. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data and it is updated each time a different 1st trip DTC is detected. However, once freeze frame data (2nd trip detection/MIL on) is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze frame data is no longer stored. Remember, only one set of freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM. The ECM has the following priorities to update the data.

Priority	Items						
1	Freeze frame data	Misfire — DTC: P0300 - P0308 Fuel Injection System Function — DTC: P0171, P0172, P0174, P0175					
2		Except the above items (Includes A/T related items)					
3	1st trip freeze frame data						

For example, the EGR malfunction (Priority: 2) was detected and the freeze frame data was stored in the 2nd trip. After that when the misfire (Priority: 1) is detected in another trip, the freeze frame data will be updated from the EGR malfunction to the misfire. The 1st trip freeze frame data is updated each time a different malfunction is detected. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data. However, once freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze data is no longer stored (because only one freeze frame data or 1st trip freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM). If freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory and freeze frame data with the same priority occurs later, the first (original) freeze frame data remains unchanged in the ECM memory.

Both 1st trip freeze frame data and freeze frame data (along with the DTCs) are cleared when the ECM memory is erased. Procedures for clearing the ECM memory are described in <a href="EC-61">EC-61</a>, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION".

## SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE

System Readiness Test (SRT) code is specified in Service \$01 of SAE J1979.

As part of an enhanced emissions test for Inspection & Maintenance (I/M), certain states require the status of SRT be used to indicate whether the ECM has completed self-diagnosis of major emission systems and components. Completion must be verified in order for the emissions inspection to proceed.

If a vehicle is rejected for a State emissions inspection due to one or more SRT items indicating "INCMP", use the information in this Service Manual to set the SRT to "CMPLT".

In most cases the ECM will automatically complete its self-diagnosis cycle during normal usage, and the SRT status will indicate "CMPLT" for each application system. Once set as "CMPLT", the SRT status remains "CMPLT" until the self-diagnosis memory is erased.

Occasionally, certain portions of the self-diagnostic test may not be completed as a result of the customer's normal driving pattern; the SRT will indicate "INCMP" for these items.

#### NOTE:

The SRT will also indicate "INCMP" if the self-diagnosis memory is erased for any reason or if the ECM memory power supply is interrupted for several hours.

If, during the state emissions inspection, the SRT indicates "CMPLT" for all test items, the inspector will continue with the emissions test. However, if the SRT indicates "INCMP" for one or more of the SRT items the vehicle is returned to the customer untested.

#### NOTE

If MIL is ON during the state emissions inspection, the vehicle is also returned to the customer untested even though the SRT indicates "CMPLT" for all test items. Therefore, it is important to check SRT ("CMPLT") and DTC (No DTCs) before the inspection.

#### **SRT Item**

The table below shows required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to "CMPLT".

SRT item (CONSULT-II indication)	Performance Priority*	Required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to "CMPLT"	Corresponding DTC No.
CATALYST	2	Three way catalyst function	P0420, P0430
EVAP SYSTEM	2	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	P0441
	1	EVAP control system	P0442
	2	EVAP control system	P0456

SRT item (CONSULT-II indication)	Performance Priority*	Required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to "CMPLT"	Corresponding DTC No.
HO2S	2	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	P0133, P0153
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	P0137, P0157
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	P0138, P0158
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	P0139, P0159

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#### **SRT Set Timing**

SRT is set as "CMPLT" after self-diagnosis has been performed one or more times. Completion of SRT is done regardless of whether the result is OK or NG. The set timing is different between OK and NG results and is shown in the table below.

Self-diagnosis result		Example					
		Diognosis	Ignition cycle				
		Diagnosis	$\leftarrow$ ON $\rightarrow$ O	$OFF  \leftarrow ON \rightarrow$	$OFF  \leftarrow ON \rightarrow$	$OFF  \leftarrow ON \rightarrow$	
All OK	Case 1	P0400	OK (1)	— (1)	OK (2)	— (2)	
		P0402	OK (1)	— (1)	— (1)	OK (2)	
		P1402	OK (1)	OK (2)	— (2)	— (2)	
		SRT of EGR	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"	
	Case 2	P0400	OK (1)	—(1)	— (1)	—(1)	
		P0402	— (0)	— (0)	OK (1)	—(1)	
		P1402	OK (1)	OK (2)	— (2)	— (2)	
		SRT of EGR	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"	
NG exists	Case 3	P0400	OK	ОК	_	_	
		P0402	_	_	_	_	
		P1402	NG	_	NG	NG (Consecutive NG)	
		(1st trip) DTC	1st trip DTC	_	1st trip DTC	DTC (= MIL ON)	
		SRT of EGR	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"CMPLT"	

OK: Self-diagnosis is carried out and the result is OK.

NG: Self-diagnosis is carried out and the result is NG.

When all SRT related self-diagnoses showed OK results in a single cycle (Ignition OFF-ON-OFF), the SRT will indicate "CMPLT".  $\rightarrow$  Case 1 above

When all SRT related self-diagnoses showed OK results through several different cycles, the SRT will indicate "CMPLT" at the time the respective self-diagnoses have at least one OK result. → Case 2 above

If one or more SRT related self-diagnoses showed NG results in 2 consecutive cycles, the SRT will also indicate "CMPLT".  $\rightarrow$  Case 3 above

The table above shows that the minimum number of cycles for setting SRT as "INCMP" is one (1) for each self-diagnosis (Case 1 & 2) or two (2) for one of self-diagnoses (Case 3). However, in preparation for the state emissions inspection, it is unnecessary for each self-diagnosis to be executed twice (Case 3) for the following reasons:

- The SRT will indicate "CMPLT" at the time the respective self-diagnoses have one (1) OK result.
- The emissions inspection requires "CMPLT" of the SRT only with OK self-diagnosis results.
- When, during SRT driving pattern, 1st trip DTC (NG) is detected prior to "CMPLT" of SRT, the self-diagnosis memory must be erased from ECM after repair.
- If the 1st trip DTC is erased, all the SRT will indicate "INCMP".

<sup>\*:</sup> If completion of several SRTs is required, perform driving patterns (DTC confirmation procedure), one by one based on the priority for models with CONSULT-II.

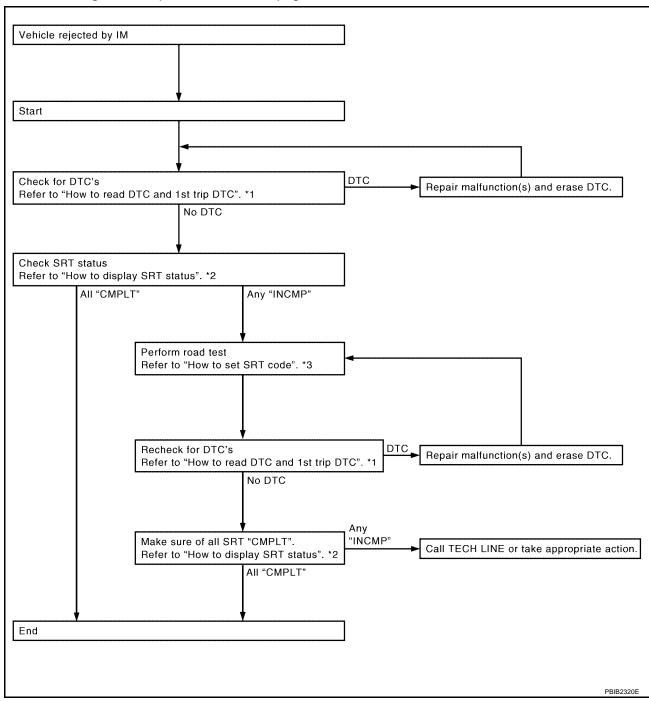
<sup>-:</sup> Self-diagnosis is not carried out.

#### NOTE:

SRT can be set as "CMPLT" together with the DTC(s). Therefore, DTC check must always be carried out prior to the state emission inspection even though the SRT indicates "CMPLT".

#### **SRT Service Procedure**

If a vehicle has failed the state emissions inspection due to one or more SRT items indicating "INCMP", review the flowchart diagnostic sequence on the next page.



### **How to Display SRT Status**

#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

Selecting "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT-II.

For items whose SRT codes are set, a "CMPLT" is displayed on the CONSULT-II screen; for items whose SRT codes are not set, "INCMP" is displayed.

A sample of CONSULT-II display for SRT code is shown in the figure

"INCMP" means the self-diagnosis is incomplete and SRT is not set. "CMPLT" means the self-diagnosis is complete and SRT is set.

#### NOTE

Though displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, "HO2S HTR" is not SRT item.

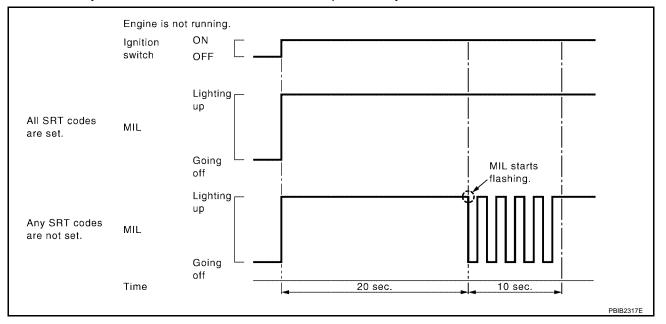
#### **WITH GST**

Selecting Service \$01 with GST (Generic Scan Tool)

#### NO TOOLS

A SRT code itself can not be displayed while only SRT status can be.

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait 20 seconds.
- 2. SRT status is indicated as shown below.
  - When all SRT codes are set, MIL lights up continuously.
  - When any SRT codes are not set, MIL will flash periodically for 10 seconds.



#### **How to Set SRT Code**

To set all SRT codes, self-diagnosis for the items indicated above must be performed one or more times. Each diagnosis may require a long period of actual driving under various conditions.

#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

Perform corresponding DTC Confirmation Procedure one by one based on Performance Priority in the table on <u>EC-54</u>, "SRT Item".

#### **N** WITHOUT CONSULT-II

The most efficient driving pattern in which SRT codes can be properly set is explained on the next page. The driving pattern should be performed one or more times to set all SRT codes.

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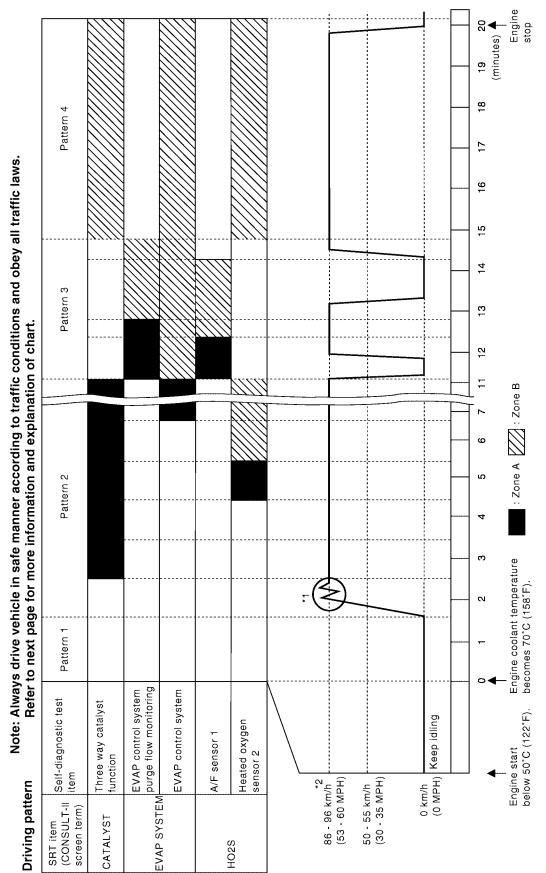
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## **Driving Pattern**



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The time required for each diagnosis varies with road surface conditions, weather, altitude, individual driving habits, etc.

Zone A refers to the range where the time, required for the diagnosis under normal conditions\*, is the shortest.

Zone B refers to the range where the diagnosis can still be performed if the diagnosis is not completed within zone A.

\*: Normal conditions refer to the following:

- Sea level
- Flat road
- Ambient air temperature: 20 30°C (68 86°F)

Diagnosis is performed as quickly as possible under normal conditions.
 Under different conditions [For example: ambient air temperature other than 20 - 30°C (68 - 86°F)], diagnosis may also be performed.

#### Pattern 1:

- The engine is started at the engine coolant temperature of −10 to 35°C (14 to 95°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 73 and ground is 3.0 - 4.3V).
- The engine must be operated at idle speed until the engine coolant temperature is greater than 70°C (158°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 73 and ground is lower than 1.4V).
- The engine is started at the fuel tank temperature of warmer than 0°C (32°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 107 and ground is less than 4.1V).

#### Pattern 2:

When steady-state driving is performed again even after it is interrupted, each diagnosis can be conducted. In this case, the time required for diagnosis may be extended.

#### Pattern 3:

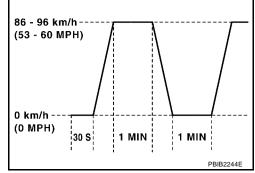
- Operate vehicle following the driving pattern shown in the figure.
- Release the accelerator pedal during decelerating vehicle speed from 90 km/h (56 MPH) to 0 km/h (0 MPH).

#### Pattern 4:

- The accelerator pedal must be held very steady during steadystate driving.
- If the accelerator pedal is moved, the test must be conducted all over again.

\*1: Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH), then release the accelerator pedal and keep it released for more than 10 seconds. Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH) again.

\*2: Checking the vehicle speed with GST is advised.



#### **Suggested Transmission Gear Position**

Set the selector lever in the D position with the overdrive switch turned ON.

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#### TEST VALUE AND TEST LIMIT (GST ONLY — NOT APPLICABLE TO CONSULT-II)

The following is the information specified in Service \$06 of SAE J1979.

The test value is a parameter used to determine whether a system/circuit diagnostic test is OK or NG while being monitored by the ECM during self-diagnosis. The test limit is a reference value which is specified as the maximum or minimum value and is compared with the test value being monitored.

These data (test value and test limit) are specified by Test ID (TID) and Component ID (CID) and can be displayed on the GST screen.

ltom	Solf diagnostic test item	DTC	Test value (GST display)		Test limit	Conversion
Item	Self-diagnostic test item		TID	CID	IEST IIIIII	Conversion
CATALYST	Three way catalyst function (Bank 1)	P0420	01H	01H	Max.	1/128
	Three way catalyst function (Bank 1)	P0420	02H	81H	Min.	1
CATALIST	Three way catalyst function (Bank 2)	P0430	03H	02H	Max.	1/128
	Three way catalyst function (Bank 2)	P0430	04H	82H	Min.	1
	EVAP control system (Small leak)	P0442	05H	03H	Max.	1/128 mm <sup>2</sup>
EVAP SYSTEM	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	P0441	06H	83H	Min.	20 mV
0.0.1	EVAP control system (Very small leak)	P0456	07H	03H	Max.	1/128 mm <sup>2</sup>
		P0131	41H	8EH	Min.	5mV
		P0132	42H	0EH	Max.	5mV
		P2A00	43H	0EH	Max.	0.002
	Air fuel ratio (A/E) consor 1 (Pank 1)	P2A00	44H	8EH	Min.	0.002
	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (Bank 1)	P0133	45H	8EH	Min.	0.002
		P0130	46H	0EH	Max.	5mV
		P0130	47H	8EH	Min.	5mV
		P0133	48H	8EH	Min.	0.002
	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (Bank 2)	P0151	4CH	8FH	Min.	5mV
		P0152	4DH	0FH	Max.	5mV
		P2A03	4EH	0FH	Max.	0.002
HO2S		P2A03	4FH	8FH	Min.	0.002
11023		P0153	50H	8FH	Min.	0.002
		P0150	51H	0FH	Max.	5mV
		P0150	52H	8FH	Min.	5mV
		P0153	53H	8FH	Min.	0.002
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	P0139	19H	86H	Min.	10mV/500 ms
		P0137	1AH	86H	Min.	10 mV
		P0138	1BH	06H	Max.	10 mV
		P0138	1CH	06H	Max.	10mV
		P0159	21H	87H	Min.	10 mV/500 ms
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	P0157	22H	87H	Min.	10 mV
	Troated oxygen sensor 2 (Dank 2)	P0158	23H	07H	Max.	10 mV
		P0158	24H	07H	Max.	10mV

Item	Self-diagnostic test item	DTC -	Test value (GST display)		Test limit	Conversion
	Self-diagnostic test item		TID	CID	rest iiriit	Conversion
	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	P0032	57H	10H	Max.	5 mV
		P0031	58H	90H	Min.	5 mV
HO2S HEATER	A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	P0052	59H	11H	Max.	5 mV
		P0051	5AH	91H	Min.	5 mV
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 1)	P0038	2DH	0AH	Max.	20 mV
		P0037	2EH	8AH	Min.	20 mV
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 2)	P0058	2FH	0BH	Max.	20 mV
	Tieated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 2)	P0057	30H	8BH	Min.	20 mV

# HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION How to Erase DTC

#### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

The emission related diagnostic information in the ECM can be erased by selecting "ERASE" in the "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.

If DTCs are displayed for both ECM and TCM (Transmission control module), they need to be erased individually from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module).

#### NOTE

#### If the DTC is not for A/T related items (see EC-8, "INDEX FOR DTC"), skip steps 2 through 4.

- 1. If the ignition switch stays ON after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch OFF once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it ON (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Turn CONSULT-II ON and touch "A/T".
- 3. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- 4. Touch "ERASE". [The DTC in the TCM (Transmission control module) will be erased.] Then touch "BACK" twice.
- 5. Touch "ENGINE".
- 6. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- 7. Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the ECM will be erased.)

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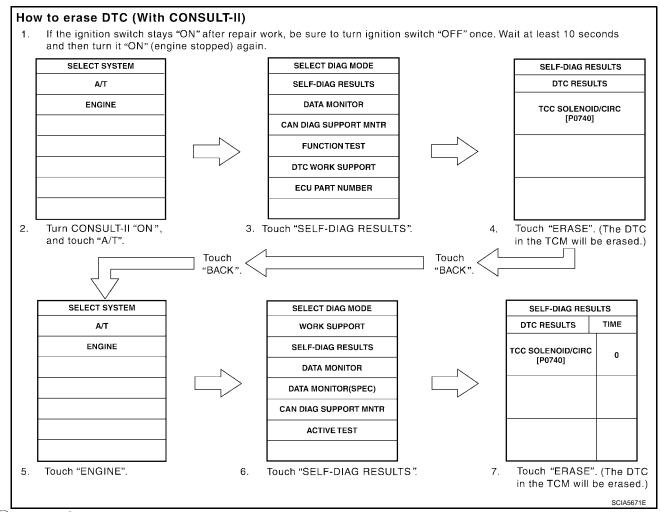
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**WITH GST** 

The emission related diagnostic information in the ECM can be erased by selecting Service \$04 with GST.

#### NOTE:

#### If the DTC is not for A/T related items (see EC-8, "INDEX FOR DTC"), skip step 2.

- 1. If the ignition switch stays ON after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch OFF once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it ON (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Perform AT-38, "OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". (The DTC in TCM will be erased)
- 3. Select Service \$04 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).

#### No Tools

#### NOTE

#### If the DTC is not for AT related items (see EC-8, "INDEX FOR DTC"), skip step 2.

- 1. If the ignition switch stays ON after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch OFF once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it ON (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Perform AT-38, "OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)". (The DTC in the TCM will be erased.)
- 3. Change the diagnostic test mode from Mode II to Mode I by depressing the accelerator pedal. Refer to EC-64, "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE".
- If the battery is disconnected, the emission-related diagnostic information will be lost within 24 hours.
- The following data are cleared when the ECM memory is erased.
- Diagnostic trouble codes
- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes

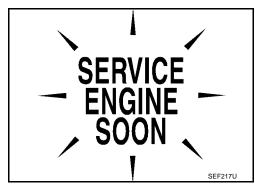
Test values

Actual work procedures are explained using a DTC as an example. Be careful so that not only the DTC, but all of the data listed above, are cleared from the ECM memory during work procedures.

# Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) DESCRIPTION

The MIL is located on the instrument panel.

- The MIL will light up when the ignition switch is turned ON without the engine running. This is a bulb check.
   If the MIL does not light up, refer to DI-31, "WARNING LAMPS", or see EC-635, "MIL AND DATA LINK CONNECTOR".
- When the engine is started, the MIL should go off.
   If the MIL remains on, the on board diagnostic system has detected an engine system malfunction.



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#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM FUNCTION

The on board diagnostic system has the following three functions.

Diagnostic Test Mode	KEY and ENG. Status	Function	Explanation of Function
Mode I	Ignition switch in ON position  Engine stopped	BULB CHECK	This function checks the MIL bulb for damage (blown, open circuit, etc.).  If the MIL does not come on, check MIL circuit.
	Engine running	MALFUNCTION WARNING	This is a usual driving condition. When a malfunction is detected twice in two consecutive driving cycles (two trip detection logic), the MIL will light up to inform the driver that a malfunction has been detected.  The following malfunctions will light up or blink the MIL in the 1st trip.  • Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage)  • One trip detection diagnoses
Mode II	Ignition switch in ON position  Engine stopped	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS	This function allows DTCs and 1st trip DTCs to be read.

When there is an open circuit on MIL circuit, the ECM cannot warn the driver by lighting up MIL when there is malfunction on engine control system.

Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open by means of operating fail-safe function.

The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL circuit are detected and demands the driver to repair the malfunction.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,500 rpm due to the fuel cut
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#### **MIL Flashing Without DTC**

When any SRT codes are not set, MIL may flash without DTC. For the details, refer to <u>EC-57</u>, "How to <u>Display</u> SRT Status" .

#### **HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE**

#### NOTE:

- It is better to count the time accurately with a clock.
- It is impossible to switch the diagnostic mode when an accelerator pedal position sensor circuit has a malfunction.
- Always ECM returns to Diagnostic Test Mode I after ignition switch is turned OFF.

#### How to Set Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)

- 1. Confirm that accelerator pedal is fully released, turn ignition switch ON and wait 3 seconds.
- 2. Repeat the following procedure quickly five times within 5 seconds.
- a. Fully depress the accelerator pedal.
- b. Fully release the accelerator pedal.
- 3. Wait 7 seconds, fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it for approx. 10 seconds until the MIL starts blinking.

#### NOTE:

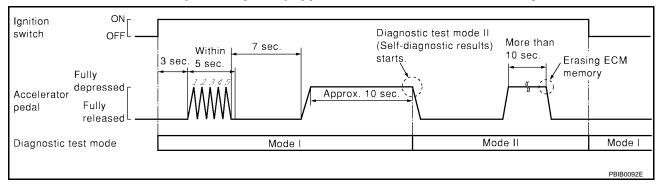
Do not release the accelerator pedal for 10 seconds if MIL may start blinking on the halfway of this 10 seconds. This blinking is displaying SRT status and is continued for another 10 seconds. For the details, refer to <a href="EC-57">EC-57</a>, "How to <a href="Display SRT Status"</a>.

4. Fully release the accelerator pedal.

ECM has entered to Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results).

#### NOTE:

Wait until the same DTC (or 1st trip DTC) appears to confirm all DTCs certainly.



#### How to Erase Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)

- Set ECM in Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). Refer to <u>EC-64</u>, "How to <u>Set Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)"</u>.
- Fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it for more than 10 seconds.The emission-related diagnostic information has been erased from the backup memory in the ECM.
- 3. Fully release the accelerator pedal, and confirm the DTC 0000 is displayed.

#### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I — BULB CHECK

In this mode, the MIL on the instrument panel should stay ON. If it remains OFF, check the bulb. Refer to <u>DI-31, "WARNING LAMPS"</u> or see <u>EC-635, "MIL AND DATA LINK CONNECTOR"</u>.

#### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I — MALFUNCTION WARNING

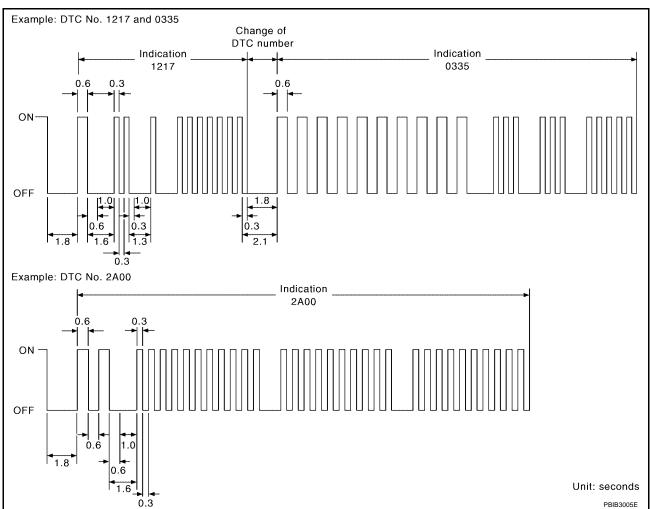
MIL	Condition		
ON	When the malfunction is detected.		
OFF	No malfunction.		

This DTC number is clarified in Diagnostic Test Mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II — SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS

In this mode, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are indicated by the number of blinks of the MIL as shown below.

The DTC and 1st trip DTC are displayed at the same time. If the MIL does not illuminate in diagnostic test mode I (Malfunction warning), all displayed items are 1st trip DTCs. If only one code is displayed when the MIL illuminates in diagnostic test mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS), it is a DTC; if two or more codes are displayed, they may be either DTCs or 1st trip DTCs. DTC No. is same as that of 1st trip DTC. These unidentified codes can be identified by using the CONSULT-II or GST. A DTC will be used as an example for how to read a code.



A particular trouble code can be identified by the number of four-digit numeral flashes. The "zero" is indicated by the number of ten flashes. The "A" is indicated by the number of eleven flash. The length of time the 1,000th-digit numeral flashes on and off is 1.2 seconds consisting of an ON (0.6-second) - OFF (0.6-second)

The 100th-digit numeral and lower digit numerals consist of a 0.3-second ON and 0.3-second OFF cycle.

A change from one digit numeral to another occurs at an interval of 1.0-second OFF. In other words, the later numeral appears on the display 1.3 seconds after the former numeral has disappeared.

A change from one trouble code to another occurs at an interval of 1.8-second OFF.

In this way, all the detected malfunctions are classified by their DTC numbers. The DTC 0000 refers to no malfunction. (See EC-8, "INDEX FOR DTC")

#### How to Erase Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)

The DTC can be erased from the back up memory in the ECM by depressing accelerator pedal. Refer to EC-64, "How to Erase Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)".

- If the battery is disconnected, the DTC will be lost from the backup memory within 24 hours.
- Be careful not to erase the stored memory before starting trouble diagnoses.

### OBD System Operation Chart RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, 1ST TRIP DTC, DTC, AND DETECTABLE ITEMS

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory.

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- When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL will come on. For details, refer to EC-48, "Two Trip Detection Logic".
- The MIL will go off after the vehicle is driven 3 times (driving pattern B) with no malfunction. The drive is counted only when the recorded driving pattern is met (as stored in the ECM). If another malfunction occurs while counting, the counter will reset.
- The DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 40 times (driving pattern A) without the same malfunction recurring (except for Misfire and Fuel Injection System). For Misfire and Fuel Injection System, the DTC and freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 80 times (driving pattern C) without the same malfunction recurring. The "TIME" in "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS" mode of CONSULT-II will count the number of times the vehicle is driven.
- The 1st trip DTC is not displayed when the self-diagnosis results in OK for the 2nd trip.

#### **SUMMARY CHART**

Items	Fuel Injection System	Misfire	Other
MIL (goes off)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)
DTC, Freeze Frame Data (no display)	80 (pattern C)	80 (pattern C)	40 (pattern A)
1st Trip DTC (clear)	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern B)
1st Trip Freeze Frame Data (clear)	*1, *2	*1, *2	1 (pattern B)

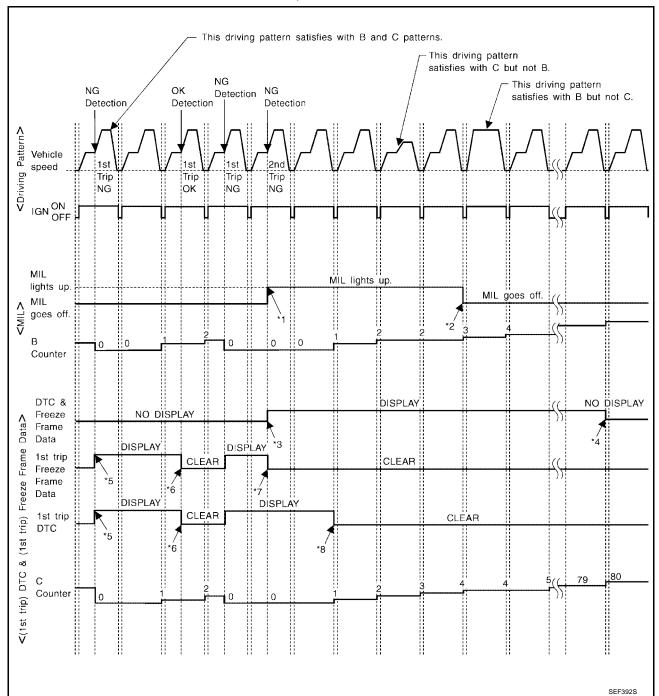
For details about patterns B and C under "Fuel Injection System" and "Misfire", see <u>EC-68</u>, "<u>EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>"</u>, "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"".

For details about patterns A and B under Other, see <u>EC-70</u>, "EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS EXCEPT FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"".

<sup>\*1:</sup> Clear timing is at the moment OK is detected.

<sup>\*2:</sup> Clear timing is when the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip.

# RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE" <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>, "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



- \*1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- \*4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 80 times (pattern C) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- \*7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.

- \*2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- \*5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- \*8: 1st trip DTC will be cleared when vehicle is driven once (pattern C) without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.
- \*3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.

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\*6: The 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared at the moment OK is detected.

# EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

#### <Driving Pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunction.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3. (\*2 in "OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART")

#### <Driving Pattern C>

Driving pattern C means the vehicle operation as follows:

The following conditions should be satisfied at the same time:

Engine speed: (Engine speed in the freeze frame data) ±375 rpm

Calculated load value: (Calculated load value in the freeze frame data) x (1±0.1) [%]

Engine coolant temperature (T) condition:

- When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70°C (158°F), T should be lower than 70°C (158°F).
- When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F), T should be higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F).

#### Example:

If the stored freeze frame data is as follows:

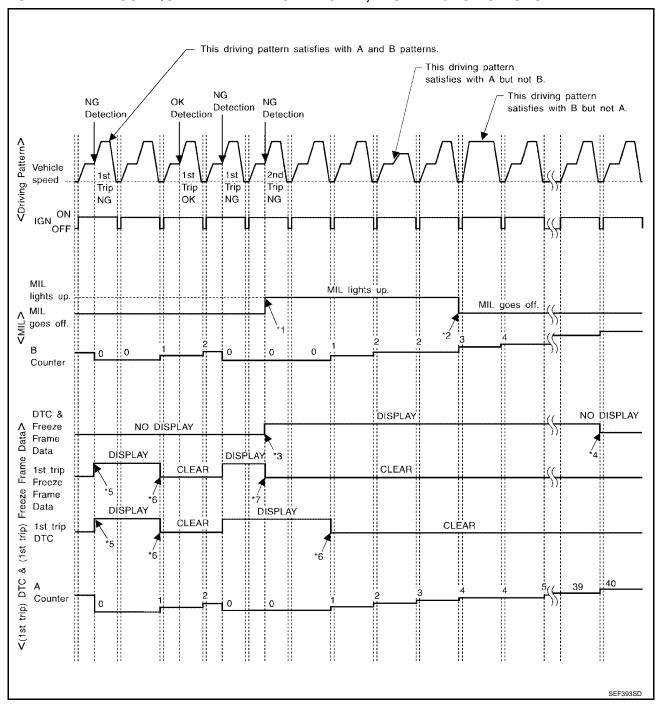
Engine speed: 850 rpm, Calculated load value: 30%, Engine coolant temperature: 80°C (176°F)

To be satisfied with driving pattern C, the vehicle should run under the following conditions:

Engine speed: 475 - 1,225 rpm, Calculated load value: 27 - 33%, Engine coolant temperature: more than 70°C (158°F)

- The C counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of vehicle conditions above.
- The C counter will be counted up when vehicle conditions above is satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after C counter reaches 80.
- The 1st trip DTC will be cleared when C counter is counted once without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

# RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS <u>EXCEPT</u> FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



- \*1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
- \*4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 40 times (pattern A) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- \*7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.

- \*2: MIL will go off after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
- \*5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- \*3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- \*6: 1st trip DTC will be cleared after vehicle is driven once (pattern B) without the same malfunction.

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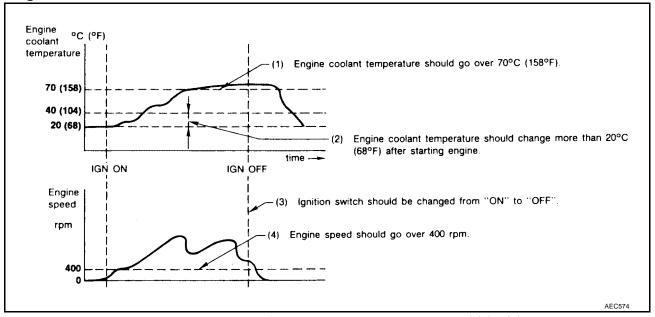
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# EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS <u>EXCEPT</u> FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

### <Driving Pattern A>



- The A counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1) (4).
- The A counter will be counted up when (1) (4) are satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after the A counter reaches 40.

#### <Driving Pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.

- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunctions.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3 (\*2 in OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART).

## **BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE**

## **BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE**

#### PFP:00018

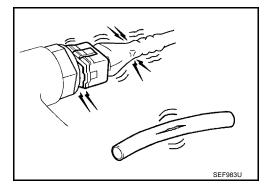
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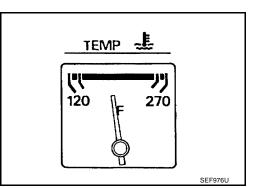
## **Basic Inspection**

## 1. INSPECTION START

1. Check service records for any recent repairs that may indicate a related malfunction, or a current need for scheduled maintenance.

- 2. Open engine hood and check the following:
- Harness connectors for improper connections
- Wiring harness for improper connections, pinches and cut
- Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks and improper connections
- Hoses and ducts for leaks
- Air cleaner clogging
- Gasket
- 3. Confirm that electrical or mechanical loads are not applied.
- Headlamp switch is OFF.
- Air conditioner switch is OFF.
- Rear window defogger switch is OFF.
- Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.
- Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points the middle of gauge. Ensure engine stays below 1,000 rpm.

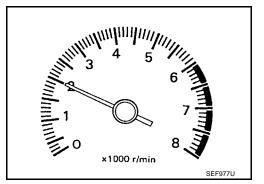




- 5. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
- 6. Make sure that no DTC is displayed with CONSULT-II or GST.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



## 2. REPAIR OR REPLACE

Repair or replace components as necessary according to corresponding Diagnostic Procedure.

>> GO TO 3.

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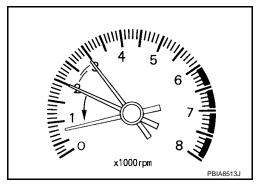
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## **BASIC SERVICE PROCEDURE**

## 3. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED

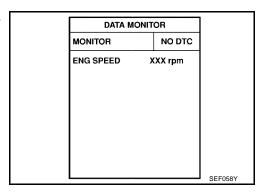
#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
- 2. Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.



 Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. Refer to EC-76, "IDLE SPEED".

 $650 \pm 50$  rpm (in P or N position)



#### **W** Without CONSULT-II

- Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no load.
- 2. Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no load, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.
- 3. Check idle speed. Refer to <u>EC-76</u>, "IDLE SPEED".

 $650 \pm 50$  rpm (in P or N position)

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 4.

## 4. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".

>> GO TO 5.

## 5. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .

>> GO TO 6.

### 6. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING Refer to EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning". Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully? EC Yes or No Yes >> GO TO 7. No >> 1. Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning. 2. GO TO 4. 7. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN (P) With CONSULT-II 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature. 2. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. Е Refer to EC-76, "IDLE SPEED". $650 \pm 50$ rpm (in P or N position) **⋈** Without CONSULT-II Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature. 2. Check idle speed. Refer to EC-76, "IDLE SPEED". $650 \pm 50$ rpm (in P or N position) OK or NG OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 8. 8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Check the following. Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to EC-347, "DTC P0340 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)". Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to EC-340, "DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)" OK or NG OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> 1. Repair or replace. 2. GO TO 4. M 9. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

- 1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is a rare case.)
- Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-139, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.

>> GO TO 4.

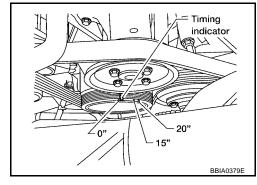
## 10. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

- 1. Run engine at idle.
- 2. Check ignition timing with a timing light. Refer to <u>EC-76</u>, "IGNITION TIMING".

 $15 \pm 5^{\circ}$  BTDC (in P or N position)

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 19. NG >> GO TO 11.



## 11. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".

>> GO TO 12.

## 12. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".

>> GO TO 13.

## 13. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Refer to EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

#### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 14.

No >> 1. Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning.

2. GO TO 4.

## 14. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. Refer to <u>EC-76</u>, "IDLE SPEED".

 $650 \pm 50$  rpm (in P or N position)

#### Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check idle speed.

Refer to EC-76, "IDLE SPEED".

#### $650 \pm 50$ rpm (in P or N position)

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 17.

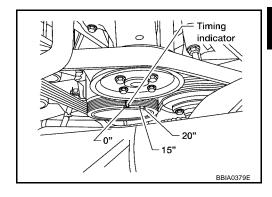
## 15. CHECK IGNITION TIMING AGAIN

- 1. Run engine at idle.
- 2. Check ignition timing with a timing light. Refer to EC-76, "IGNITION TIMING".

 $15 \pm 5^{\circ}$  BTDC (in P or N position)

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 19. NG >> GO TO 16.



## 16. CHECK TIMING CHAIN INSTALLATION

Check timing chain installation. Refer to EM-37, "TIMING CHAIN".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

>> 1. Repair the timing chain installation. NG

2. GO TO 4.

## 17. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to EC-347, "DTC P0340 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)".
- Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to EC-340, "DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)"

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> 1. Repair or replace.

2. GO TO 4.

## 18. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

- Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is a rare case.)
- 2. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to BL-139, "ECM Re-communicating Function".

>> GO TO 4.

## 19. INSPECTION END

Did you replace ECM, referring this Basic Inspection procedure?

#### Yes or No

Yes >> 1. Perform EC-77, "VIN Registration".

2. INSPECTION END

>> INSPECTION END No

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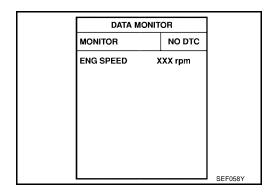
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## **Idle Speed and Ignition Timing Check IDLE SPEED**

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#### (P) With CONSULT-II

Check idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.



#### **With GST**

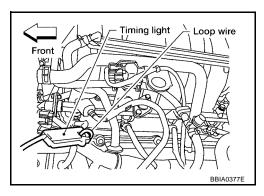
Check idle speed with GST.

#### **IGNITION TIMING**

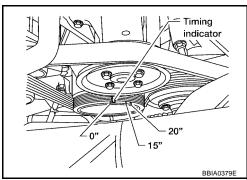
Any of following two methods may be used.

#### **Method A**

1. Attach timing light to loop wire as shown.

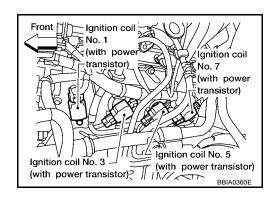


Check ignition timing.

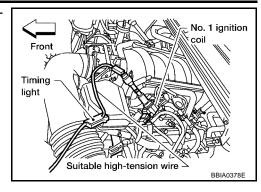


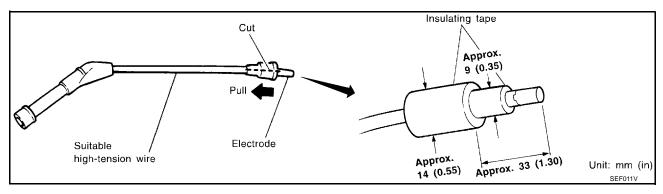
#### **Method B**

1. Remove ignition coil No.1.

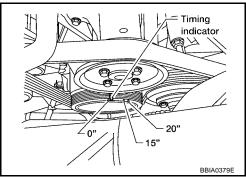


Connect ignition coil No.1 and spark plug with suitable high-tension wire as shown, and attach timing light clamp to this wire.





Check ignition timing.



## VIN Registration DESCRIPTION

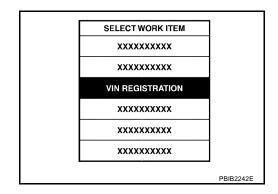
VIN Registration is an operation to registering VIN in ECM. It must be performed each time ECM is replaced. **NOTE:** 

Accurate VIN which is registered in ECM may be required for Inspection & Maintenance (I/M).

#### **OPERATION PROCEDURE**

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Check the VIN of the vehicle and note it. Refer to GI-47, "IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION".
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON and engine stopped.
- 3. Select "VIN REGISTRATION" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode.
- Follow the instruction of CONSULT-II display.



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## Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning DESCRIPTION

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Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning is an operation to learn the fully released position of the accelerator pedal by monitoring the accelerator pedal position sensor output signal. It must be performed each time harness connector of accelerator pedal position sensor or ECM is disconnected.

#### **OPERATION PROCEDURE**

- 1. Make sure that accelerator pedal is fully released.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

## Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning DESCRIPTION

UBS00KZZ

Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning is an operation to learn the fully closed position of the throttle valve by monitoring the throttle position sensor output signal. It must be performed each time harness connector of electric throttle control actuator or ECM is disconnected.

#### **OPERATION PROCEDURE**

- Make sure that accelerator pedal is fully released.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Turn ignition switch OFF wait at least 10 seconds.
   Make sure that throttle valve moves during above 10 seconds by confirming the operating sound.

## Idle Air Volume Learning DESCRIPTION

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Idle Air Volume Learning is an operation to learn the idle air volume that keeps each engine within the specific range. It must be performed under any of the following conditions:

- Each time electric throttle control actuator or ECM is replaced.
- Idle speed or ignition timing is out of specification.

#### **PREPARATION**

Before performing Idle Air Volume Learning, make sure that all of the following conditions are satisfied. Learning will be cancelled if any of the following conditions are missed for even a moment.

- Battery voltage: More than 12.9V (At idle)
- Engine coolant temperature: 70 100°C (158 212°F)
- Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch: ON
- Electric load switch: OFF

(Air conditioner, headlamp, rear window defogger)

On vehicles equipped with daytime light systems, if the parking brake is applied before the engine is start the headlamp will not be illuminated.

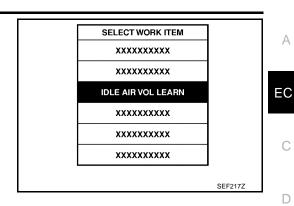
- Steering wheel: Neutral (Straight-ahead position)
- Vehicle speed: Stopped
- Transmission: Warmed-up
- With CONSULT-II: Drive vehicle until "ATF TEMP SE 1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode of "A/T" system indicates less than 0.9V.
- Without CONSULT-II: Drive vehicle for 10 minutes.

#### **OPERATION PROCEDURE**

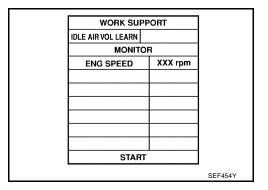
#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4. Check that all items listed under the topic PREPARATION (previously mentioned) are in good order.

Select "IDLE AIR VOL LEARN" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode.



Touch "START" and wait 20 seconds.



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- 7. Make sure that "CMPLT" is displayed on CONSULT-II screen. If [ "CMPLT" is not displayed. Idle Air Volume Learning will not be carried out successfully. In this case, find the cause of the incident by referring to the DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE below.
- Rev up the engine two or three times and make sure that idle speed and ignition timing are within the specifications.

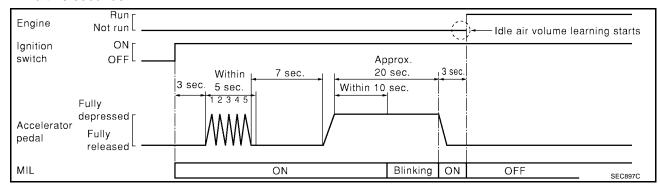
ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Idle speed	$650 \pm 50$ rpm (in P or N position)
Ignition timing	15 ± 5° BTDC (in P or N position)

WORK SUP							
IDLE AIR VOL LEARN	IDLE AIR VOL LEARN CMPLT						
MONITO	)R						
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm						
,							
START							
		MBIB0238					

#### **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

- It is better to count the time accurately with a clock.
- It is impossible to switch the diagnostic mode when an accelerator pedal position sensor circuit has a malfunction.
- Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning". 2.
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4. Check that all items listed under the topic PREPARATION (previously mentioned) are in good order.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Confirm that accelerator pedal is fully released, turn ignition switch ON and wait 3 seconds.
- Repeat the following procedure quickly five times within 5 seconds.
- a. Fully depress the accelerator pedal.
- b. Fully release the accelerator pedal.
- 8. Wait 7 seconds, fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it for approx. 20 seconds until the MIL stops blinking and turned ON.
- 9. Fully release the accelerator pedal within 3 seconds after the MIL turned ON.
- 10. Start engine and let it idle.

#### 11. Wait 20 seconds.



12. Rev up the engine two or three times and make sure that idle speed and ignition timing are within the specifications.

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Idle speed	$650 \pm 50$ rpm (in P or N position)
Ignition timing	15 ± 5° BTDC (in P or N position)

13. If idle speed and ignition timing are not within the specification, Idle Air Volume Learning will not be carried out successfully. In this case, find the cause of the incident by referring to the DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE below.

#### **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE**

If idle air volume learning cannot be performed successfully, proceed as follows:

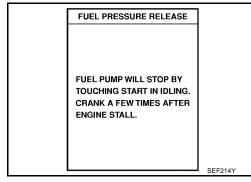
- 1. Check that throttle valve is fully closed.
- 2. Check PCV valve operation.
- 3. Check that downstream of throttle valve is free from air leakage.
- 4. When the above three items check out OK, engine component parts and their installation condition are questionable. Check and eliminate the cause of the incident.
  It is useful to perform <u>EC-134</u>, "<u>TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS SPECIFICATION VALUE</u>".
- 5. If any of the following conditions occur after the engine has started, eliminate the cause of the incident and perform Idle Air Volume Learning all over again:
  - Engine stalls.
  - Erroneous idle.

## Fuel Pressure Check FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE

UBS00L01

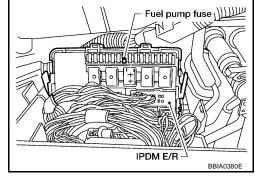
#### ( With CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Perform "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine.
- 4. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- Turn ignition switch OFF.



## **⊗** Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Remove fuel pump fuse located in IPDM E/R.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 4. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 5. Reinstall fuel pump fuse after servicing fuel system.



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#### **FUEL PRESSURE CHECK**

#### **CAUTION:**

- Before disconnecting fuel line, release fuel pressure from fuel line to eliminate danger.
- Be careful not to scratch or get the fuel hose connection area dirty when servicing, so that the quick connector o-ring maintains sealability.
- Use Fuel Pressure Gauge Kit J-44321 and Fuel Pressure Adapter J-44321-6 to check fuel pressure.
- Do not perform fuel pressure check with electrical system operating (i.e. lights, rear defog, A/C, etc.). Fuel pressure gauge may indicate false readings due to varying engine loads and changes in manifold vacuum.

#### NOTE:

Prepare pans or saucers under the disconnected fuel line because the fuel may spill out. The fuel pressure cannot be completely released because JA60 models do not have fuel return system.

- 1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-80, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".
- 2. Remove engine cover.
- Remove fuel hose using Quick Connector Release J-45488. Refer to <u>EM-17</u>, "INTAKE MANIFOLD"
  - Do not twist or kink fuel hose because it is plastic hose.
  - Do not remove fuel hose from quick connector.
  - Keep fuel hose connections clean.
- 4. Install Fuel Pressure Adapter J-44321-6 and Fuel Pressure Gauge (from kit J-44321) as shown in figure.
  - Do not distort or bend fuel rail tube when installing fuel pressure gauge adapter.
  - When reconnecting fuel hose, check the original fuel hose for damage and abnormality.
- Turn ignition switch ON (reactivate fuel pump), and check for fuel leakage.
- 6. Start engine and check for fuel leakage.
- 7. Read the indication of fuel pressure gauge.
  - During fuel pressure check, check for fuel leakage from fuel connection every 3 minutes.

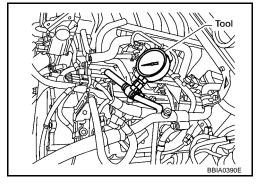
## At idling: Approximately 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 51 psi)

- 8. If result is unsatisfactory, go to next step.
- 9. Check the following.
  - Fuel hoses and fuel tubes for clogging
  - Fuel filter for clogging
  - Fuel pump
  - Fuel pressure regulator for clogging

If OK, replace fuel pressure regulator.

If NG, repair or replace.

10. Before disconnecting Fuel Pressure Gauge and Fuel Pressure Adapter J-44321-6, release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to <a href="EC-80">EC-80</a>, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".



### **TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS**

PFP:00004

UBS00L02

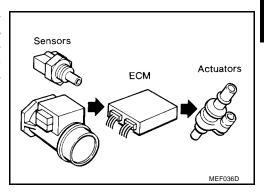
EC

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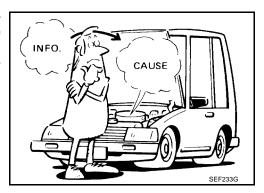
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## Trouble Diagnosis Introduction INTRODUCTION

The engine has an ECM to control major systems such as fuel control, ignition control, idle air control system, etc. The ECM accepts input signals from sensors and instantly drives actuators. It is essential that both input and output signals are proper and stable. At the same time, it is important that there are no malfunctions such as vacuum leaks, fouled spark plugs, or other malfunctions with the engine.



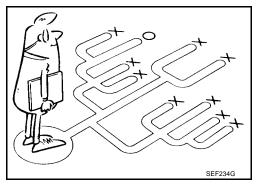
It is much more difficult to diagnose an incident that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent incidents are caused by poor electric connections or improper wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspected circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.



A visual check only may not find the cause of the incidents. A road test with CONSULT-II (or GST) or a circuit tester connected should be performed. Follow the Work Flow on  $\underline{\text{EC-84, "WORK FLOW"}}$ .

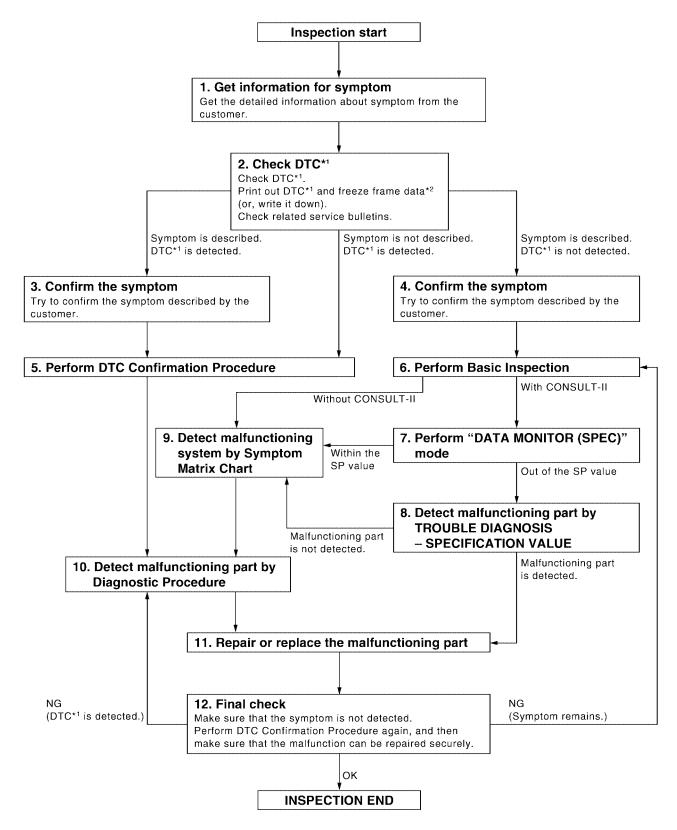
Before undertaking actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a driveability complaint. The customer can supply good information about such incidents, especially intermittent ones. Find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur. A Diagnostic Worksheet like the example on <a href="EC-88">EC-88</a>, "Worksheet Sample" should be used.

Start your diagnosis by looking for conventional malfunctions first. This will help troubleshoot driveability malfunctions on an electronically controlled engine vehicle.



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# WORK FLOW Overall Sequence



<sup>\*1:</sup> Include 1st trip DTC.

PBIB2267E

<sup>\*2:</sup> Include 1st trip freeze frame data.

#### **Detailed Flow**

### 1. GET INFORMATION FOR SYMPTOM

Get the detailed information from the customer about the symptom (the condition and the environment when the incident/malfunction occurred) using the  $\underline{\text{EC-88}}$ , "Worksheet Sample".

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>> GO TO 2.

#### 2. CHECK DTC\*1

1. Check DTC\*1.

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Perform the following procedure if DTC\*<sup>1</sup> is displayed.

Record DTC\*<sup>1</sup> and freeze frame data\*<sup>2</sup>. (Print them out with CONSULT-II or GST.)

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Erase DTC\*<sup>1</sup>. (Refer to <u>EC-61, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.)

Study the relationship between the cause detected by DTC\*<sup>1</sup> and the symptom described by the customer. (Symptom Matrix Chart is useful. Refer to <u>EC-92, "Symptom Matrix Chart"</u>.)

3. Check related service bulletins for information.

Is any symptom described and any DTC detected?

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Symptom is described,  $DTC^{*1}$  is displayed>>GO TO 3.

Symptom is described, DTC\*1 is not displayed>>GO TO 4.

Symptom is not described, DTC\*1 is displayed>>GO TO 5.

•

#### $3.\,$ confirm the symptom

Try to confirm the symptom described by the customer (except MIL ON).

DIAGNOSIS WORK SHEET is useful to verify the incident.

Connect CONSULT-II to the vehicle in "DATÁ MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode and check real time diagnosis results.

Verify relation between the symptom and the condition when the symptom is detected.

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>> GO TO 5.

4. CONFIRM THE SYMPTOM

Try to confirm the symptom described by the customer.

DIAGNOSIS WORK SHEET is useful to verify the incident.

Connect CONSULT-II to the vehicle in "DATÁ MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode and check real time diagnosis results.

Verify relation between the symptom and the condition when the symptom is detected.

>> GO TO 6.

## 5. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure for the displayed DTC\*, and then make sure that DTC\*<sup>1</sup> is detected again.

At this time, always connect CONSULT-II to the vehicle, and check diagnostic results in real time on "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)".

If two or more DTCs\*<sup>1</sup> are detected, refer to <u>EC-89</u>, "<u>DTC Inspection Priority Chart"</u> and determine trouble diagnosis order.

#### NOTE:

- Freeze frame data\*<sup>2</sup> is useful if the DTC\*<sup>1</sup> is not detected.
- Perform Overall Function Check if DTC Confirmation Procedure is not included on Service Manual. This simplified check procedure is an effective alternative though DTC\*<sup>1</sup> cannot be detected during this check. If the result of Overall Function Check is NG, it is the same as the detection of DTC\*<sup>1</sup> by DTC Confirmation Procedure.

#### Is DTC\*<sup>1</sup> detected?

Yes >> GO TO 10.

No >> Check according to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

### 6. PERFORM BASIC INSPECTION

Perform EC-71, "Basic Inspection".

With CONSULT-II>>GO TO 7. Without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 9.

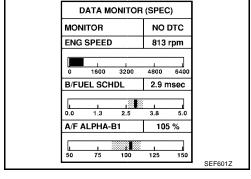
## 7. PERFORM DATA MONITOR (SPEC) MODE

#### (II) With CONSULT-II

Make sure that "MAS A/F SE-B1", "B/FUEL SCHDL", and "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" are within the SP value using CON-SULT-II "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode. Refer to <u>EC-134</u>, "TROU-BLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE".

#### Are they within the SP value?

Yes >> GO TO 9. No >> GO TO 8.



## 8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART BY TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE

Detect malfunctioning part according to <a>EC-135</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</a>.

#### Is malfunctioning part detected?

Yes >> GO TO 11.

No >> GO TO 9.

### 9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING SYSTEM BY SYMPTOM MATRIX CHART

Detect malfunctioning system according to <u>EC-92</u>, "Symptom Matrix Chart" based on the confirmed symptom in step 4, and determine the trouble diagnosis order based on possible causes and symptom.

>> GO TO 10.

## 10. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART BY DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Inspect according to Diagnostic Procedure of the system.

#### NOTE:

No

The Diagnostic Procedure in EC section described based on open circuit inspection. A short circuit inspection is also required for the circuit check in the Diagnostic Procedure. For details, refer to Circuit Inspection in GI-28, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident" .

Is malfunctioning part detected?

Yes >> GO TO 11.

> >> Monitor input data from related sensors or check voltage of related ECM terminals using CON-SULT-II. Refer to EC-105, "ECM Terminals and Reference Value", EC-129, "CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor".

## 11. REPAIR OR REPLACE THE MALFUNCTIONING PART

- Repair or replace the malfunctioning part. 1.
- 2. Reconnect parts or connectors disconnected during Diagnostic Procedure again after repair and replacement.
- Check DTC. If DTC is displayed, erase it, refer to EC-61, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAG-**NOSTIC INFORMATION**".

>> GO TO 12.

### 12. FINAL CHECK

When DTC was detected in step 2, perform DTC Confirmation Procedure or Overall Function Check again, and then make sure that the malfunction have been repaired securely.

When symptom was described from the customer, refer to confirmed symptom in step 3 or 4, and make sure that the symptom is not detected.

#### OK or NG

OK

NG (DTC\*1 is detected)>>GO TO 10.

NG (Symptom remains)>>GO TO 6.

- >> 1. Before returning the vehicle to the customer, make sure to erase unnecessary DTC\*1 in ECM and TCM (Transmission Control Module). (Refer to EC-61, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION" and AT-38, "OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)".)
  - 2. If the completion of SRT is needed, drive vehicle under the specific driving pattern. Refer to EC-58, "Driving Pattern".

#### 3. INSPECTION END

- \*1: Include 1st trip DTC.
- \*2: Include 1st trip freeze frame data.

#### DIAGNOSTIC WORKSHEET

#### **Description**

There are many operating conditions that lead to the malfunction of engine components. A good grasp of such conditions can make troubleshooting faster and more accurate.

In general, each customer feels differently about a incident. It is important to fully understand the symptoms or conditions for a customer complaint.

Utilize a diagnostic worksheet like the one on the next page in order to organize all the information for troubleshooting.

Some conditions may cause the MIL to come on steady or blink and DTC to be detected. Examples:

- Vehicle ran out of fuel, which caused the engine to misfire.
- Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on, allowing fuel to evaporate into the atmosphere.

#### **KEY POINTS**

WHAT ..... Vehicle & engine model WHEN ..... Date, Frequencies WHERE ..... Road conditions **HOW** ..... Operating conditions, Weather conditions, Symptoms

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## **Worksheet Sample**

Customer nar	ne MR/MS	Model & Year	VIN								
Engine #		Trans.	Mileage								
Incident Date		Manuf. Date	In Service Date								
Fuel and fuel	filler cap	<ul><li>☐ Vehicle ran out of fuel causing misfire</li><li>☐ Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly</li></ul>	y screwed on.								
	☐ Startability	☐ Impossible to start ☐ No combus ☐ Partial combustion affected by th ☐ Partial combustion NOT affected ☐ Possible but hard to start ☐ Other	nrottle position d by throttle position								
Symptoms	☐ Idling	☐ No fast idle ☐ Unstable ☐ H☐ Others [	High idle								
	Driveability	☐ Stumble ☐ Surge ☐ Knock☐ Intake backfire ☐ Exhaust backfi☐ Others [	☐ Lack of power re ]								
	Engine stall	☐ At the time of start ☐ While idling ☐ While accelerating ☐ While dece	elerating								
Incident occur	rrence	☐ Just after delivery ☐ Recently ☐ In the morning ☐ At night [	☐ In the daytime								
Frequency		☐ All the time ☐ Under certain conditions ☐ Sometimes									
Weather cond	litions	☐ Not affected									
	Weather	☐ Fine ☐ Raining ☐ Snowing	Others [ ]								
	Temperature	☐ Hot ☐ Warm ☐ Cool ☐	Cold Humid *F								
Weather		☐ Cold ☐ During warm-up ☐ /	After warm-up								
Engine condit	ions	Engine speed0 2,000	4,000 6,000 8,000 rpm								
Road condition	ns	☐ In town ☐ In suburbs ☐ Hig	hway								
Driving conditions		<ul><li>☐ While accelerating</li><li>☐ While cruis</li><li>☐ While decelerating</li><li>☐ While turni</li></ul> Vehicle speed	ng (RH/LH)								
Malfunction in	udicator lamp	0 10 20 ☐ Turned on ☐ Not turned on	30 40 50 60 MPH								
IVIAHUHCHOH II	ισισαιοι ιαπρ	I rumed on									

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## **DTC Inspection Priority Chart**

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If some DTCs are displayed at the same time, perform inspections one by one based on the following priority chart.

#### NOTE:

- If DTC U1000 and/or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-151, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.
- If DTC U1010 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to <u>EC-154</u>, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION"

Priority	Detected items (DTC)	
1	U1000 U1001 CAN communication line	
	U1010 CAN communication	
	• P0101 P0102 P0103 Mass air flow sensor	
	P0112 P0113 P0127 Intake air temperature sensor	E
	P0117 P0118 P0125 Engine coolant temperature sensor	
	• P0122 P0123 P0222 P0223 P1225 P1226 P2135 Throttle position sensor	
	P0128 Thermostat function	F
	P0181 P0182 P0183 Fuel tank temperature sensor	
	• P0327 P0328 P0332 P0333 Knock sensor	
	P0335 Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	
	P0340 Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	
	• P0460 P0461 P0462 P0463 Fuel level sensor	
	P0500 Vehicle speed sensor	H
	● P0605 ECM	
	P0643 Sensor power supply	
	P0705 Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch	I
	P0850 Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch	
	• P1610 - P1615 NATS	
	P2122 P2123 P2127 P2128 P2138 Accelerator pedal position sensor	

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Priority	Detected items (DTC)
2	● P0031 P0032 P0051 P0052 Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater
	<ul> <li>P0037 P0038 P0057 P0058 Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater</li> </ul>
	• P0130 P0131 P0132 P0133 P0150 P0151 P0152 P0153 P2A00 P2A03 Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1
	• P0137 P0138 P0139 P0157 P0158 P0159 Heated oxygen sensor 2
	P0441 EVAP control system purge flow monitoring
	P0443 P0444 P0445 EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve
	P0447 P0448 EVAP canister vent control valve
	P0451 P0452 P0453 EVAP control system pressure sensor
	P0550 Power steering pressure sensor
	P0603 ECM power supply
	<ul> <li>P0700 P0710 P0717 P0720 P0740 P0744 P0745 P1730 P1752 P1754 P1757 P1759 P1762 P1764 P1767 P1769 P1772 P1774 A/T related sensors and solenoid valves</li> </ul>
	P1217 Engine over temperature (OVERHEAT)
	P1805 Brake switch
	P2100 P2103 P2118 Electric throttle control actuator
	P2101 Electric throttle control function
3	P0171 P0172 P0174 P0175 Fuel injection system function
	• P0300 - P0308 Misfire
	P0420 P0430 Three way catalyst function
	• P0442 P0455 P0456 EVAP control system
	P0506 P0507 Idle speed control system
	P1148 P1168 Closed loop control
	P1211 TCS control unit
	P1212 TCS communication line
	P1564 ICC/ASCD steering switch
	P1568 ICC command value
	P1572 ICC/ASCD brake switch
	P1574 ICC/ASCD vehicle speed sensor
	P2119 Electric throttle control actuator

Fail-safe Chart

When the DTC listed below is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

DTC No.	Detected items	Engine opera	ting condition in fail-safe mode										
P0102 P0103	Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than	n 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.										
P0117 P0118	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit	ignition switch ON or START.	determined by ECM based on the time after turning olant temperature decided by ECM.										
		Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)										
		Just as ignition switch is turned ON or START	40°C (104°F)										
		More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or START	80°C (176°F)										
		Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)										
P0122 Throttle position sensor P0123 P0222		When the fail-safe system for engine coolant temperature sensor is activated, the cooling fan operates while engine is running.											
P0123	Throttle position sensor	the ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.  The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal prodition.  The acceleration will be poor.											
P0643	Sensor power supply		M stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a ed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.										
P2100 P2103	Throttle control motor relay	ECM stops the electric throttle contributed opening (approx. 5 degrees) b	rol actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a by the return spring.										
P2101	Electric throttle control function	ECM stops the electric throttle contributed opening (approx. 5 degrees) b	rol actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a by the return spring.										
P2118	Throttle control motor	ECM stops the electric throttle contributed opening (approx. 5 degrees) b	rol actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a by the return spring.										
P2119	Electric throttle control actuator	malfunction:)	tor does not function properly due to the return spring stuator by regulating the throttle opening around the not rise more than 2,000 rpm.										
			in fail-safe mode is not in specified range:) ntrol actuator by regulating the throttle opening to 20										
		(When ECM detects the throttle valve is stuck open:) While the vehicle is driving, it slows down gradually by fuel cut. After the vehicle stops, the engine stalls. The engine can restart in N or P position, and engine speed will not exceed 1,000 rpm or more.											
P2122 P2123 P2127 P2128 P2138	Accelerator pedal position sensor	order for the idle position to be within	le control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in in +10 degrees. eed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal										

• When there is an open circuit on MIL circuit, the ECM cannot warn the driver by lighting up MIL when there is malfunction on engine control system.

Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open by means of operating fail-safe function.

The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL circuit are detected and demands the driver to repair the malfunction.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,500 rpm due to the fuel cut
	FO 04

Revision: November 2009 EC-91 2006 QX56

## Symptom Matrix Chart SYSTEM — BASIC ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

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							S١	/MPT	ОМ						
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Refer- ence page
	y symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	НА	
Fuel	Fuel pump circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			3		2	EC-604
	Fuel pressure regulator system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-82
	Injector circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-598
	Evaporative emission system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			EC-32
Air	Positive crankcase ventilation system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	1		EC-45
	Incorrect idle speed adjustment						1	1	1	1		1			EC-71
	Electric throttle control actuator	1	1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2		2		2	EC-528, EC-534, EC-540, EC-545
Ignition	Incorrect ignition timing adjustment	3	3	1	1	1		1	1			1			EC-71
	Ignition circuit	1	1	2	2	2		2	2			2			EC-618
Main po	wer supply and ground circuit	2	2	3	3	3		3	3		2	3			EC-145
Mass ai	r flow sensor circuit	1			2										EC-171, EC-180
	coolant temperature sensor circuit	'	1	2	3	2	3	2	2	3		2			EC-192, EC-205 EC-213, EC-223, EC-232,
Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 circuit  Throttle position sensor circuit				2		2	2	2	2	2					EC-241, EC-575 EC-198, EC-320, EC-483, EC-485, EC-560
Accelera	ator pedal position sensor circuit			3	2	1	_								EC-453, EC-547, EC-553, EC-567
Knock s	ensor circuit			2								3			EC-335
Cranksh	naft position sensor (POS) circuit	2	2												EC-340
Camsha	aft position sensor (PHASE) circuit	3	2												EC-347

						S\	MPT	ОМ							۸
	(EXCP. HA)		SPOT		ACCELERATION					ATURE HIGH	NO	z	(GE)		EC
	START/RESTART (E)			SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	/POOR ACCE	DLE	MING	z	IN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE	CONSUMPTION	CONSUMPTION	(UNDER CHARGE)	Refer- ence page	С
		VE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT	K KNOCK/D	OF POWER/POOR	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	//NO RETURN TO	HEATS/WAT	EXCESSIVE FUEL	EXCESSIVE OIL C	DEAD		D
	HARD/NO	ENGINE			LACK				SLOW/NO				BATTERY		Е
Warranty symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA		F
Vehicle speed signal circuit		2	3		3						3			EC-442	Г
Power steering pressure sensor circuit		2					3	3						EC-448	
ECM	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			EC-453, EC-457	G
Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch circuit			3		3		3	3			3			EC-465	
Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit		2				3			3		4			EC-630	Н
Electrical load signal circuit							3							EC-596	
Air conditioner circuit	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3		2	ATC-34	
ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)			4											EC-471, EC-472 or BRC-11	I

<sup>1 - 6:</sup> The numbers refer to the order of inspection. (continued on next page)

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### SYSTEM — ENGINE MECHANICAL & OTHER

							S١	/MPT	OM						
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page
Warranty s	ymptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	НА	
Fuel	Fuel tank	5													<u>FL-10</u>
	Fuel piping	,		5	5	5		5	5			5			<u>FL-4</u>
	Vapor lock		5												_
	Valve deposit														_
	Poor fuel (Heavy weight gaso- line, Low octane)	5		5	5	5		5	5			5			
Air	Air duct														<u>EM-15</u>
	Air cleaner		5											<u>EM-15</u>	
	Air leakage from air duct (Mass air flow sensor — electric throttle control actuator)	5		5		5		5	5			5			<u>EM-15</u>
	Electric throttle control actuator				5		5			5					<u>EM-17</u>
	Air leakage from intake manifold/ Collector/Gasket														<u>EM-17</u>
Cranking	Battery	1	1	1		1		1	1					1	<u>SC-4</u>
	Generator circuit	'	'			'		'	'					'	<u>SC-17</u>
	Starter circuit	3										1			<u>SC-10</u>
Cranking	Signal plate	6													<u>EM-37</u>
	Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch	4													<u>AT-105</u>
Engine	Cylinder head	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			EM-63
	Cylinder head gasket	Ů	Ů	·					Ů		4	Ū	3		<u> </u>
	Cylinder block														
	Piston												4		
	Piston ring	6	6	6	6	6		6	6			6			EM-78
	Connecting rod														<u></u>
	Bearing	<u> </u>													
	Crankshaft														
Valve	Timing chain														<u>EM-37</u>
mecha- nism	Camshaft	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			<u>EM-46</u>
	Intake valve												3		EM-63
	Exhaust valve														

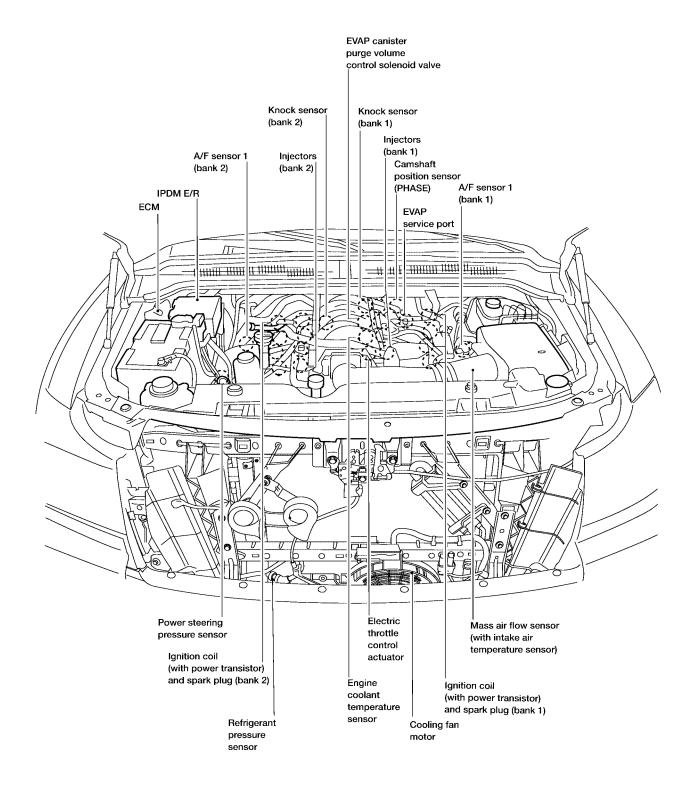
							S'	/MPT	OM							۸
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page	A C D
Warranty	symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	НА		
Exhaust	Exhaust manifold/Tube/Muffler/ Gasket Three way catalyst	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			<u>EM-21</u> , <u>EX-</u> <u>3</u>	F
Lubrica- tion	Oil pan/Oil strainer/Oil pump/Oil filter/Oil gallery/Oil cooler  Oil level (Low)/Filthy oil	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			EM-24, LU- 13, LU-10, LU-11	G H
Cooling	Radiator/Hose/Radiator filler cap Thermostat Water pump Water gallery Cooling fan Coolant level (Low)/Contaminated coolant	5	5	5	5	5		5	5	5 5	4	5			CO-14 CO-21 CO-19 CO-8 CO-17	J
IVIS (INFII	NITI Vehicle Immobilizer System —	1	1												BL-137	K

<sup>1 - 6:</sup> The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

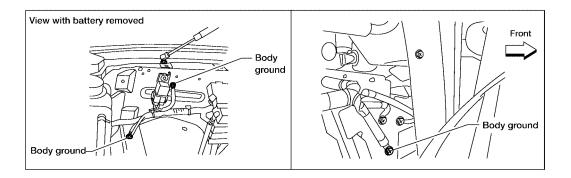
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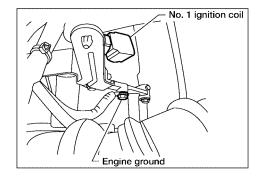
## **Engine Control Component Parts Location**

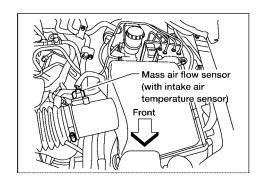
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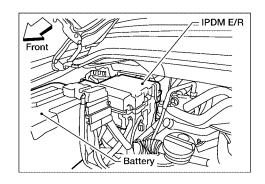


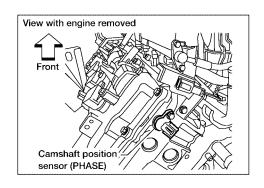
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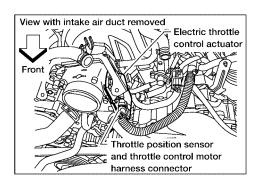


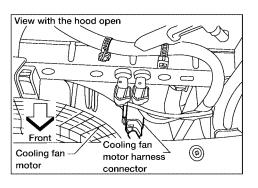












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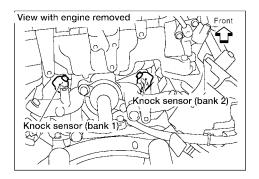
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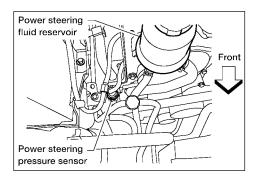
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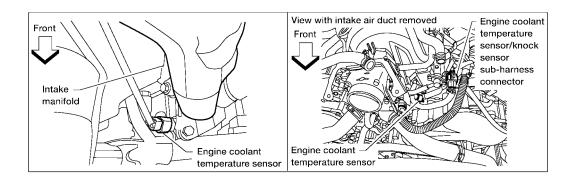
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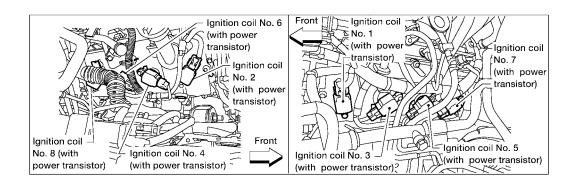
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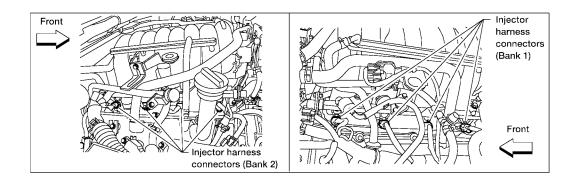
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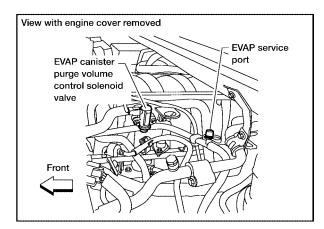


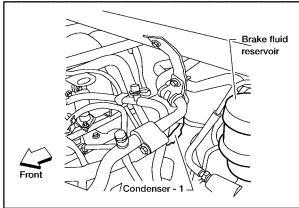


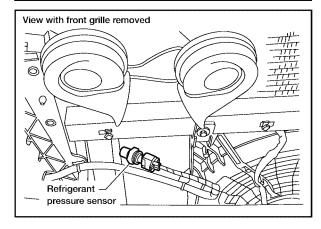


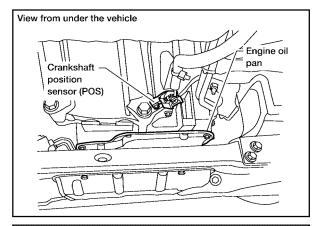


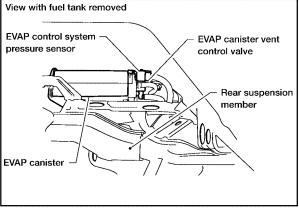
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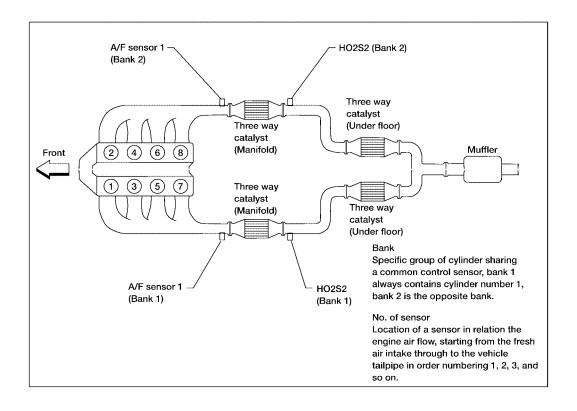
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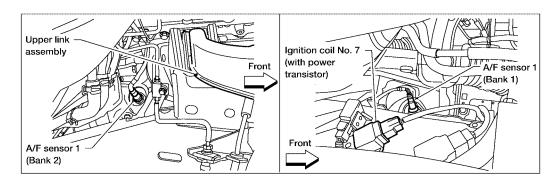
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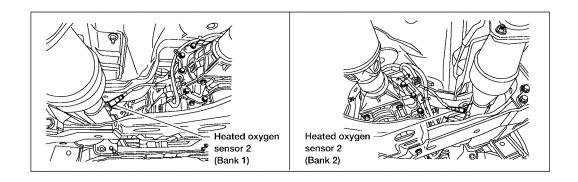
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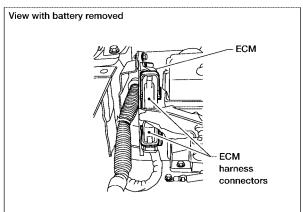
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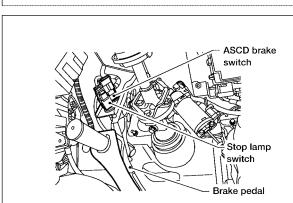


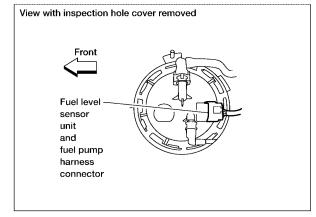


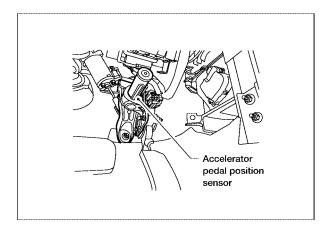


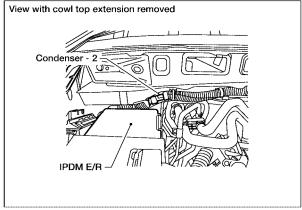
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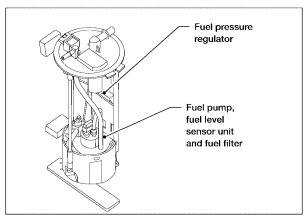


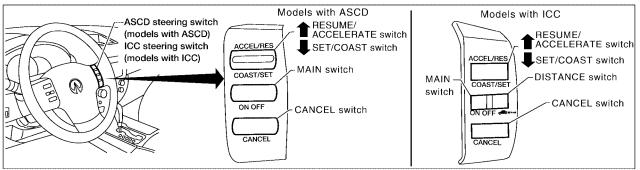












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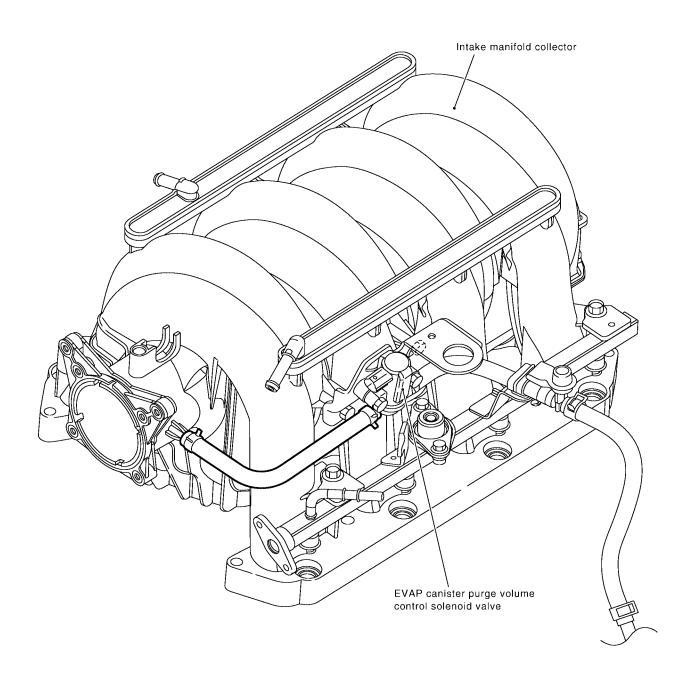
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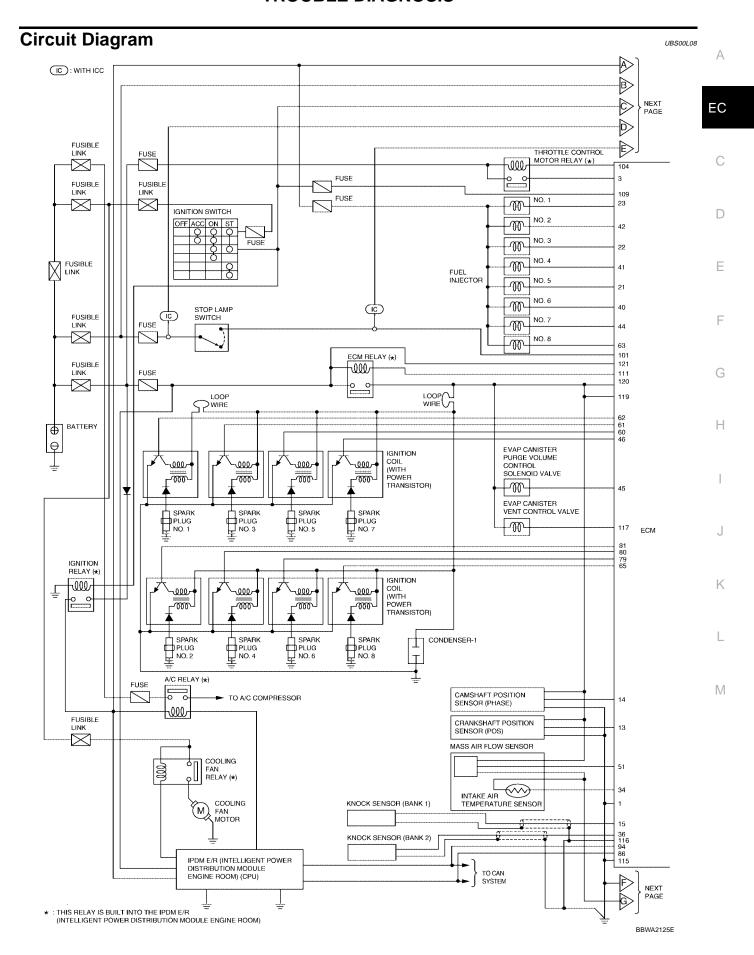


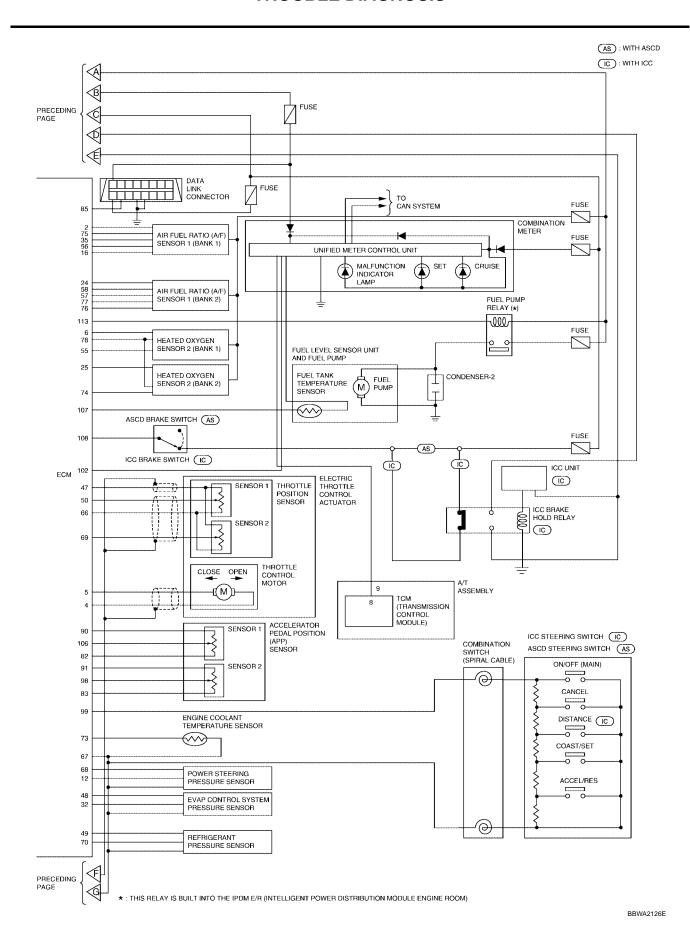
#### NOTE:

Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hoses or purge hoses.

PBIB2052E

Refer to EC-23, "System Diagram" for Vacuum Control System.





## **ECM Harness Connector Terminal Layout**

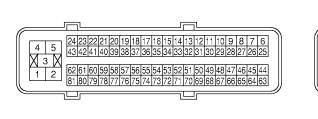
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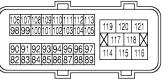
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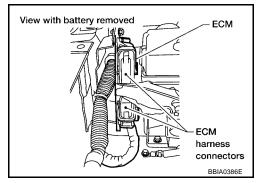


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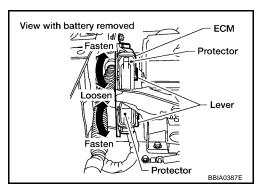
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## **ECM Terminals and Reference Value PREPARATION**

- ECM is located in the engine room passenger side behind battery.
- 2. Remove ECM harness connector.



- 3. When disconnecting ECM harness connector, loosen it with levers as far as they will go as shown in the figure.
- 4. Connect a break-out box (SST) and Y-cable adapter (SST) between the ECM and ECM harness connector.
  - Use extreme care not to touch 2 pins at one time.
  - Data is for comparison and may not be exact.



#### **ECM INSPECTION TABLE**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECMs transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
1	В	ECM ground	[Engine is running]  ● Idle speed	Body ground
2	O/B	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 1)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 5V★  20.0V/Div 10 ms/Div T  PBIB1584E

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
3	L	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
4	L/W	Throttle control motor (Close)	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine: Stopped</li> <li>Selector lever: D</li> <li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li> </ul>	0 - 14V★
5	L/B	Throttle control motor (Open)	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine: Stopped</li> <li>Selector lever: D</li> <li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li> </ul>	0 - 14V★    S V/Div 1 ms/Div T   PBIB1105E
6	GR	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine: Stopped</li> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm</li> </ul>	0 - 1.0V  BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
12	R	Power steering pressure sensor	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Steering wheel: Being turned</li> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Steering wheel: Not being turned</li> </ul>	0.5 - 4.5V 0.4 - 0.8V
13	0	Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed  NOTE:  The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle	Approximately 10V★    SoviDiv 1 ms/Div   The Div   The
			[Engine is running]  ● Engine speed: 2,000 rpm	Approximately 10V★  → 5.0V/Div 1 ms/Div T  PBIB1042E

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	А
14	Y	Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed  NOTE:  The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle	1.0 - 4.0 V★  >>> 5.0 V/Div 20 ms/Div T  PBIB1039E	EC C
			[Engine is running]  ● Engine speed: 2,000 rpm	1.0 - 4.0 V★  >>> 5.0 V/Div 20 ms/Div  PBIB1040E	D E
15	W	Knock sensor (bank 1)	[Engine is running]  • Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V	G
16	BR/R			Approximately 3.1V	G
35	BR/G		[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.6V	
56	LG/B	A/F sensor 1 (bank 1)	Warm-up condition	Approximately 2.3V	Н
75	P/B		• Idle speed	Approximately 2.3V	-
21 22 23 44	O/L BR GR/W O	Fuel injector No. 5 Fuel injector No. 3 Fuel injector No. 1 Fuel injector No. 7	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed  NOTE:  The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle	BATTERY VOLTAGE  (11 - 14V)*  INDICATE: SEC984C	J K
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed: 2,000 rpm</li></ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE  (11 - 14V)★	L
24	BR/W	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 2)	[Engine is running]  ■ Warm-up condition  ■ Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  → 10.0V/DIV 10 ms/Div T  PBIB1584E	

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
25	O/G	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - 1.0V
			[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped [Engine is running]  • Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
32	L	EVAP control system pressure sensor	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V
34	R/B	Intake air temperature sensor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with intake air temperature.
36	W	Knock sensor (bank 2)	[Engine is running]  ● Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V
40 41 42 63	Y/G P L G	Fuel injector No. 6 Fuel injector No. 4 Fuel injector No. 2 Fuel injector No. 8	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE  (11 - 14V)★  100 V/Div 50 ms/Div  SEC984C
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed: 2,000 rpm</li></ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE  (11 - 14V)★
45	LY	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>Accelerator pedal: Not depressed even slightly, after engine starting</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE  (11 - 14V)  SEC990C  BATTERY VOLTAGE
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>● Engine speed: About 2,000 rpm (More than 100 seconds after starting engine)</li></ul>	(11 - 14V)★  10.0 V/Div 50 ms/Div 7  SEC991C

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TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	А		
47	Υ	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	EC		
48	SB	Sensor power supply (EVAP control system pres- sure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	С		
49	R/Y	Sensor power supply (Refrigerant pressure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	_		
50	В	Throttle position sensor 1	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine: Stopped</li> <li>Selector lever: D</li> <li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li> </ul>	More than 0.36V	D		
30	J	Throwing postulon derilect	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine: Stopped</li> <li>Selector lever: D</li> <li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li> </ul>	Less than 4.75V	F		
51	W	Mass air flow sensor	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	1.0 - 1.3V	G		
			<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Engine speed: 2,500 rpm</li> </ul>	1.7 - 2.1V	Н		
55	R	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V	J K		
57	L/P			Approximately 2.6V	_		
58	GR/G		[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.3V	_		
76	G/L	A/F sensor 1 (bank 2)	Warm-up condition	Approximately 3.1V	_ L		
77	BR/B		Idle speed	Approximately 2.3V	_		
46 60	L/R GR/R O/W Y/R	Ignition signal No. 7 Ignition signal No. 5 Ignition signal No. 3 Ignition signal No. 1		• Warm-up co • Idle speed  NOTE:  The pulse cycle at idle	NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm	0 - 0.3V★    1	M
60 61 62			[Engine is running]  ■ Warm-up condition  ■ Engine speed: 2,500 rpm	0.1 - 0.6V★			

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TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
66	R	Sensor ground (Throttle position sensor)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
67	В	Sensor ground	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
68	W/L	Sensor power supply (PSP sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
69	W	Throttle position sensor 2	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine: Stopped</li> <li>Selector lever: D</li> <li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li> </ul>	Less than 4.75V
09	VV	THIOthe position sensor 2	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine: Stopped</li> <li>Selector lever: D</li> <li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li> </ul>	More than 0.36V
70	B/W	Refrigerant pressure sensor	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Both A/C switch and blower switch: ON (Compressor operates.)</li> </ul>	1.0 - 4.0V
73	Y/B	Engine coolant temperature sensor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with engine coolant temperature.
74	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
65 79	G/R V/W	Ignition signal No. 8 Ignition signal No. 6 Ignition signal No. 4 Ignition signal No. 2	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle</li> </ul>	0 - 0.3V★
80 81	W/R W/G		<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed: 2,500 rpm</li></ul>	0.1 - 0.6V★

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	А
82	B/R	Sensor ground (APP sensor 1)	[Engine is running]  ■ Warm-up condition  ■ Idle speed	Approximately 0V	EC
83	G/W	Sensor ground (APP sensor 2)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	С
85	G/W	Data link connector	[Ignition switch: ON]  • CONSULT-II or GST: Disconnected	Approximately 5V - Battery voltage (11 - 14V)	D
86	Р	CAN communication line	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.1 - 2.3V Output voltage varies with the communication status	E
90	L	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 1)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	
91	W/R	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	F
94	L	CAN communication line	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 2.6 - 3.2V Output voltage varies with the communication status.	G
98	G/R	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped  • Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.25 - 0.50V	Н
			<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li></ul>	2.0 - 2.5V	I
			[Ignition switch: ON]  • ICC steering switch: OFF	Approximately 4.3V	J
			[Ignition switch: ON]  • MAIN switch: Pressed	Approximately 0V	K
99	G/Y	ASCD steering switch	[Ignition switch: ON]  • CANCEL switch: Pressed	Approximately 1.3V	
99	G/Y	(Models with ICC system)	[Ignition switch: ON]  ● RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed	Approximately 3.7V	L
		[Ignition switch: ON]  • SET/COAST switch: Pressed  [Ignition switch: ON]  • DISTANCE switch: Pressed		Approximately 3V	M
			Approximately 2.2V	-	
			[Ignition switch: ON]  • ASCD steering switch: OFF	Approximately 4V	-
			[Ignition switch: ON]  • MAIN switch: Pressed	Approximately 0V	-
99	G/Y	ASCD steering switch (Models with ASCD system)	[Ignition switch: ON]  • CANCEL switch: Pressed	Approximately 1V	-
			[Ignition switch: ON] • RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed	Approximately 3V	-
			[Ignition switch: ON] • SET/COAST switch: Pressed	Approximately 2V	

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			[Ignition switch: OFF]  • Brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V
101	R/W	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE
			Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	(11 - 14V)
-			[Ignition switch: ON]	
400	OD/D	DNDit-l-	Selector lever: P or N	Approximately 0V
102	GR/R	PNP switch	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE
			Except the above gear position	(11 - 14V)
104	0	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Ignition switch: ON]	0 - 1.0V
			[Ignition switch: ON]	
			Engine: Stopped	0.5 - 1.0V
106	BR/W	Accelerator pedal position sensor 1	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	
		sensor i	[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped	4.2 - 4.8V
			Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	4.2 - 4.0 V
107	V/R	Fuel tank temperature sensor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel tank temperature.
		ICC brake switch (Models with ICC system) ASCD brake switch (Models with ASCD system)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 0V
108	BR/W		Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Approximately 01
			[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE
			Brake pedal: Fully released	(11 - 14V)
109	L/W	Ignition switch	[Ignition switch: OFF]	0V
109	L/VV	ignition switch	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF]	0 - 1.5V
111	W/B	ECM relay	<ul> <li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	0 - 1.50
		(Self shut-off)	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE
			More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	(11 - 14V)
			[Ignition switch: ON]	
			<ul> <li>For 1 second after turning ignition switch ON</li> </ul>	0 - 1.5V
113	GR	Fuel pump relay	[Engine is running]	
			<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>More than 1 second after turning ignition switch ON</li></ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
115	В	ECM ground	[Engine is running]	Body ground
116	B/W	-	• Idle speed	
117	L/Y	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	BR BR	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
121	W	Power supply for ECM (Back-up)	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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# CONSULT-II Function (ENGINE) FUNCTION

UBS00L0B

Diagnostic test mode	Function
Work support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately by following the indications on the CONSULT-II unit.
Self-diagnostic results	Self-diagnostic results such as 1st trip DTC, DTCs and 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data can be read and erased quickly.*
Data monitor	Input/Output data in the ECM can be read.
Data monitor (SPEC)	Input/Output of the specification for Basic fuel schedule, AFM, A/F feedback control value and the other data monitor items can be read.
CAN diagnostic support monitor	The results of transmit/receive diagnosis of CAN communication can be read.
Active test	Diagnostic Test Mode in which CONSULT-II drives some actuators apart from the ECMs and also shifts some parameters in a specified range.
DTC & SRT confirmation	The status of system monitoring tests and the self-diagnosis status/result can be confirmed.
Function test	This mode is used to inform customers when their vehicle condition requires periodic maintenance.
ECM part number	ECM part number can be read.

<sup>\*:</sup> The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

- Diagnostic trouble codes
- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- Test values

# **ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS/CONTROL SYSTEMS APPLICATION**

			DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE								A
		WORK		AGNOSTIC SULTS	DATA	DATA DATA		DTC 8		-	
	Item		WORK SUP- PORT	DTC*1	FREEZE FRAME DATA*2	MONI- TOR	MONI- TOR (SPEC)	ACTIVE TEST	SRT STATUS	DTC WORK SUP- PORT	EC C
		Crankshaft position sensor (POS)		×	×	×	×				_
		Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)		×	×	×	×				
		Mass air flow sensor		×		×	×				- D
		Engine coolant temperature sensor		×	×	×	×	×			_
		Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1		×		×	×		×	×	E
		Heated oxygen sensor 2		×		×	×		×	×	_
		Wheel sensor		×	×	×	×				_
		Accelerator pedal position sensor		×		×	×				F
တ		Throttle position sensor		×	×	×	×				=
٩RT		Fuel tank temperature sensor		×		×	×	×			G
ENT P		EVAP control system pressure sensor		×		×	×				
S		Intake air temperature sensor		×	×	×	×				Н
Ā	<b>=</b>	Knock sensor		×							_
Š	INPUT	Refrigerant pressure sensor				×	×				_
ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS	_	Closed throttle position switch (accelerator pedal position sensor signal)				×	×				
빌		Air conditioner switch				×	×				J
5		Park/neutral position (PNP) switch		×		×	×				_
ш		Stop lamp switch		×		×	×				- 1/
		Power steering pressure sensor		×		×	×				- K
		Battery voltage				×	×				_
		Load signal				×	×				L
		Fuel level sensor		×		×	×				_
		ICC steering switch		×		×	×				_
		ASCD steering switch		×		×	×				M
		ICC brake switch		×		×	×				=
		ASCD brake switch		×		×	×				=

		DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE							
Item		F		AGNOSTIC SULTS	DATA	DATA		DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION	
		WORK SUP- PORT	DTC*1	FREEZE FRAME DATA*2	MONI- TOR	MONI- TOR (SPEC)	ACTIVE TEST	SRT STATUS	DTC WORK SUP- PORT
	Fuel injector				×	×	×		
PAKIS	Power transistor (Ignition timing)				×	×	×		
	Throttle control motor relay		×		×	×			
= =	Throttle control motor		×						
OUTPUT	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve		×		×	×	×		×
OL COM	Air conditioner relay				×	×			
9 8	Fuel pump relay	×			×	×	×		
	Cooling fan relay		×		×	×	×		
ENGINE CO	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater		×		×	×		×	
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater		×		×	×		×	
	EVAP canister vent control valve	×	×		×	×	×		
	Calculated load value			×	×	×			

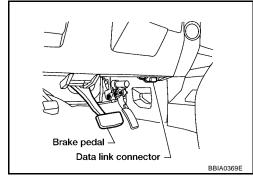
X: Applicable

#### **INSPECTION PROCEDURE**

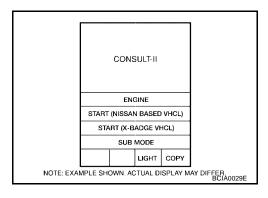
#### **CAUTION:**

If CONSULT-II is used with no connection of CONSULT-II CONVERTER, malfunctions might be detected in self-diagnosis depending on control unit which carry out CAN communication.

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Connect CONSULT-II and CONSULT-II CONVERTER to data link connector, which is located under LH dash panel near the hood opener handle.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.



4. Touch "START (NISSAN BASED VHCL)".

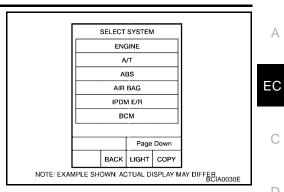


<sup>\*1:</sup> This item includes 1st trip DTCs.

<sup>\*2:</sup> This mode includes 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data. The items appear on CONSULT-II screen in freeze frame data mode only if a 1st trip DTC or DTC is detected. For details, refer to <a href="EC-118">EC-118</a>. "Freeze Frame Data and 1st Trip Freeze Frame Data".

Touch "ENGINE".

If "ENGINE" is not indicated, go to GI-40, "CONSULT-II Data Link Connector (DLC) Circuit".



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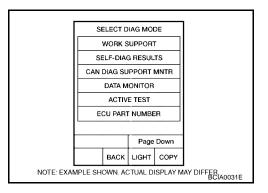
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6. Perform each diagnostic test mode according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the CONSULT-II Operation Manual.



# **WORK SUPPORT MODE**

**Work Item** 

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE
FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE	FUEL PUMP WILL STOP BY TOUCHING "START" DUR- ING IDLING. CRANK A FEW TIMES AFTER ENGINE STALLS.	When releasing fuel pressure from fuel line
IDLE AIR VOL LEARN	THE IDLE AIR VOLUME THAT KEEPS THE ENGINE WITHIN THE SPECIFIED RANGE IS MEMORIZED IN ECM.	When learning the idle air volume
SELF-LEARNING CONT	THE COEFFICIENT OF SELF-LEARNING CONTROL MIXTURE RATIO RETURNS TO THE ORIGINAL COEF- FICIENT.	When clearing the coefficient of self-learning control value
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE	CLOSE THE EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE IN ORDER TO MAKE EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS.	When detecting EVAP vapor leak point of EVAP system
	• IGN SW ON	
	ENGINE NOT RUNNING	
	• AMBIENT TEMPERATURE IS ABOVE 0°C (32°F).	
	NO VACUUM AND NO HIGH PRESSURE IN EVAP SYSTEM	
	<ul> <li>FUEL TANK TEMP. IS MORE THAN 0°C (32°F).</li> </ul>	
	WITHIN 10 MINUTES AFTER STARTING "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE"	
	<ul> <li>WHEN TRYING TO EXECUTE "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" UNDER THE CONDITION EXCEPT ABOVE, CONSULT- II WILL DISCONTINUE IT AND DISPLAY APPROPRI- ATE INSTRUCTION.</li> </ul>	
	NOTE: WHEN STARTING ENGINE, CONSULT-II MAY DISPLAY "BATTERY VOLTAGE IS LOW. CHARGE BATTERY", EVEN IN USING CHARGED BATTERY.	
VIN REGISTRATION	IN THIS MODE, VIN IS REGISTERED IN ECM	When registering VIN in ECM

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE
TARGET IDLE RPM ADJ*	IDLE CONDITION	When setting target idle speed
TARGET IGN TIM ADJ*	IDLE CONDITION	When adjusting target ignition timing

<sup>\*:</sup> This function is not necessary in the usual service procedure.

#### **SELF-DIAG RESULTS MODE**

#### **Self Diagnostic Item**

Regarding items of DTC and 1st trip DTC, refer to  $\underline{\text{EC-49}}$ , "EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS".

# Freeze Frame Data and 1st Trip Freeze Frame Data

Freeze frame data item*	Description
DIAG TROUBLE CODE [PXXXX]	The engine control component part/control system has a trouble code, it is displayed as PXXXX. (Refer to EC-8, "INDEX FOR DTC" .)
FUEL SYS-B1	"Fuel injection system status" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
FUEL SYS-B2	One mode in the following is displayed.     Mode2: Open loop due to detected system malfunction     Mode3: Open loop due to driving conditions (power enrichment, deceleration enleanment)     Mode4: Closed loop - using oxygen sensor(s) as feedback for fuel control     Mode5: Open loop - has not yet satisfied condition to go to closed loop
CAL/LD VALUE [%]	The calculated load value at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
COOLANT TEMP [°C] or [°F]	The engine coolant temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
L-FUEL TRM-B1 [%]	"Long-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
L-FUEL TRM-B2 [%]	The long-term fuel trim indicates much more gradual feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule than short-term fuel trim.
S-FUEL TRM-B1 [%]	"Short-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
S-FUEL TRM-B2 [%]	The short-term fuel trim indicates dynamic or instantaneous feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule.
ENGINE SPEED [rpm]	The engine speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
VEHICL SPEED [km/h] or [mph]	The vehicle speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
ABSOL TH-P/S [%]	The throttle valve opening at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]	The base fuel schedule at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	The intake air temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.

<sup>\*:</sup> The item is the same as that of 1st trip freeze frame data.

# DATA MONITOR MODE Monitored Item

×: Applicable

				×: Applicable	
Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIGNALS	MAIN SIGNALS	Description	Remarks	EC
ENG SPEED [rpm]	×	×	Indicates the engine speed computed from the signal of the crankshaft position sensor (POS) and camshaft position sensor (PHASE).	<ul> <li>Accuracy becomes poor if engine speed drops below the idle rpm.</li> <li>If the signal is interrupted while the engine is running, an abnormal value may be indicated.</li> </ul>	С
MAS A/F SE-B1 [V]	×	×	The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor is displayed.	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.	D
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]		×	Base fuel schedule indicates the fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board correction.		Е
A/F ALPHA-B1 [%]		×	The mean value of the air-fuel ratio feed-	When the engine is stopped, a certain	F
A/F ALPHA-B2 [%]		×	back correction factor per cycle is indi- cated.	<ul><li>value is indicated.</li><li>This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control.</li></ul>	G
COOLAN TEMP/S [°C] or [°F]	×	×	The engine coolant temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the engine coolant temperature sensor) is displayed.	When the engine coolant temperature sensor is open or short-circuited, ECM enters fail-safe mode. The engine coolant temperature determined by the ECM is displayed.	Н
A/F SEN1 (B1) [V]	×	×	The A/F signal computed from the input		
A/F SEN1 (B2) [V]	×		signal of the A/F sensor 1 is displayed.		
HO2S2 (B1) [V]	×		The signal voltage of the heated oxygen		
HO2S2 (B2) [V]	×		sensor 2 is displayed.		J
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) [RICH/LEAN]	×		Display of heated oxygen sensor 2 signal:    Display of heated oxygen sensor 2 signal:   Display of heated oxygen sensor 2 signal   Display oxygen sensor 2 signal   Display oxygen sensor 3 signal   Display ox		
HO2S2 MNTR (B2) [RICH/LEAN]	×		RICH: means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively small.  LEAN: means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively large.	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.	K L
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]	×	×	The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed signal sent from combina- tion meter is displayed.		M
BATTERY VOLT [V]	×	×	The power supply voltage of ECM is displayed.		
ACCEL SEN 1 [V]	×	×	The accelerator pedal position sensor	ACCEL SEN 2 signal is converted by	
ACCEL SEN 2 [V]	×		signal voltage is displayed.	ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.	
THRTL SEN 1 [V]	×	×	The throttle position sensor signal volt-	THRTL SEN 2 signal is converted by	
THRTL SEN 2 [V]	×		age is displayed.	ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.	
FUEL T/TMP SE [°C] or [°F]	×		The fuel temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the fuel tank temperature sensor) is displayed.		
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	×	×	The intake air temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the intake air temperature sensor) is indicated.		
EVAP SYS PRES [V]	×		The signal voltage of EVAP control system pressure sensor is displayed.		

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT	MAIN SIGNALS	Description	Remarks
FUEL LEVEL SE [V]	SIGNALS		The signal voltage of the fuel level sensor is displayed.	
START SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×	<ul> <li>Indicates start signal status [ON/OFF] computed by the ECM according to the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.</li> </ul>	After starting the engine, [OFF] is displayed regardless of the starter signal.
CLSD THL POS [ON/OFF]	×	×	<ul> <li>Indicates idle position [ON/OFF] computed by ECM according to the accelerator pedal position sensor signal.</li> </ul>	
AIR COND SIG [ON/OFF]	×	×	<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air conditioner switch as determined by the air conditioner signal.</li> </ul>	
P/N POSI SW [ON/OFF]	×	×	<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the park/neutral position (PNP) switch sig- nal.</li> </ul>	
PW/ST SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×	<ul> <li>[ON/OFF] condition of the power steer- ing system (determined by the signal voltage of the power steering pressure sensor signal) is indicated.</li> </ul>	
LOAD SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×	<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the electrical load signal.</li> <li>ON: Rear window defogger switch is ON and/or lighting switch is in 2nd position.</li> <li>OFF: Both rear window defogger switch and lighting switch are OFF.</li> </ul>	
IGNITION SW [ON/OFF]	×		<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ignition switch signal.</li> </ul>	
HEATER FAN SW [ON/OFF]	×		<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from heater fan switch signal.</li> </ul>	
BRAKE SW [ON/OFF]	×		<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the stop lamp switch signal.</li> </ul>	
INJ PULSE-B1 [msec]		×	Indicates the actual fuel injection pulse width compensated by ECM according	When the engine is stopped, a certain
INJ PULSE-B2 [msec]			to the input signals.	computed value is indicated.
IGN TIMING [BTDC]		×	<ul> <li>Indicates the ignition timing computed by ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>	When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.
CAL/LD VALUE [%]			<ul> <li>"Calculated load value" indicates the value of the current air flow divided by peak air flow.</li> </ul>	
MASS AIRFLOW [g·m/s]			<ul> <li>Indicates the mass air flow computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor.</li> </ul>	
PURG VOL C/V [%]			<ul> <li>Indicates the EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve control value computed by the ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>The opening becomes larger as the value increases.</li> </ul>	
AIR COND RLY [ON/OFF]		×	<ul> <li>The air conditioner relay control condition (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated.</li> </ul>	
FUEL PUMP RLY [ON/OFF]		×	<ul> <li>Indicates the fuel pump relay control condition determined by ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>	

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIGNALS	MAIN SIGNALS	Description	Remarks	А
VENT CONT/V [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>The control condition of the EVAP canister vent control valve (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated.</li> <li>ON: Closed</li> <li>OFF: Open</li> </ul>		EC
THRTL RELAY [ON/OFF]		×	Indicates the throttle control motor relay control condition determined by the ECM according to the input signals.		D
COOLING FAN [HI/OFF]		×	The control condition of the cooling fan (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. HI: High speed operation OFF: Stop		Е
HO2S2 HTR (B1) [ON/OFF]			Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of heated oxygen sensor 2 heater determined by		F
HO2S2 HTR (B2) [ON/OFF]			ECM according to the input signals.		
I/P PULLY SPD [rpm]			<ul> <li>Indicates the engine speed computed from the turbine revolution sensor sig- nal.</li> </ul>		G
VEHICLE SPEED [km/h] or [MPH]			Indicates the vehicle speed computed from the revolution sensor signal.		Н
IDL A/V LEARN [YET/CMPLT]			Display the condition of idle air volume learning     YET: Idle Air Volume Learning has not been performed yet.     CMPLT: Idle Air Volume Learning has already been performed successfully.		I
TRVL AFTER MIL [km] or [mile]			Distance traveled while MIL is activated.		
A/F S1 HTR (B1) [%]			<ul> <li>A/F sensor 1 heater control value computed by ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>		K
A/F S1 HTR (B2) [%]			<ul> <li>The current flow to the heater becomes larger as the value increases.</li> </ul>		L
AC PRESS SEN [V]			The signal voltage from the refrigerant pressure sensor is displayed.		B. /
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]			The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed signal sent from combination meter is displayed.		M
SET VHCL SPD*1 [km/h] or [mph]			The preset vehicle speed is displayed.		
MAIN SW [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from MAIN switch signal.</li> </ul>		
CANCEL SW [ON/OFF]			Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from CAN- CEL switch signal.		
RESUME/ACC SW [ON/OFF]			Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from RESUME/ACCELERATE switch signal.		
SET SW [ON/OFF]			Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from SET/ COAST switch signal.		
BRAKE SW1 [ON/OFF]			Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ASCD brake switch signal.		

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIGNALS	MAIN SIGNALS	Description	Remarks
BRAKE SW2 [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of stop lamp switch signal.</li> </ul>	
DIST SW* <sup>2</sup> [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from DIS- TANCE switch signal.</li> </ul>	
VHCL SPD CUT [NON/CUT]			<ul> <li>Indicates the vehicle cruise condition.</li> <li>NON: Vehicle speed is maintained at the ASCD set speed.</li> <li>CUT: Vehicle speed increased to excessively high compared with the ASCD set speed, and ASCD operation is cut off.</li> </ul>	
LO SPEED CUT* <sup>1</sup> [NON/CUT]			<ul> <li>Indicates the vehicle cruise condition.</li> <li>NON: Vehicle speed is maintained at the ASCD set speed.</li> <li>CUT: Vehicle speed decreased to excessively low compared with the ASCD set speed, and ASCD operation is cut off.</li> </ul>	
AT OD MONITOR*1 [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of A/T O/D according to the input signal from the TCM.</li> </ul>	
AT OD CANCEL*1 [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of A/T O/D cancel signal sent from the TCM.</li> </ul>	
CRUISE LAMP [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of CRUISE lamp determined by the ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>	
SET LAMP* <sup>1</sup> [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of SET lamp determined by the ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>	
Voltage [V]				
Frequency [msec], [Hz] or [%]				<ul> <li>Only # is displayed if item is unable to be measured.</li> </ul>
DUTY-HI			<ul> <li>Voltage, frequency, duty cycle or pulse width measured by the probe.</li> </ul>	• Figures with #s are temporary ones.
DUTY-LOW			widin measured by the probe.	They are the same figures as an actual piece of data which was just previously
PLS WIDTH-HI				measured.
PLS WIDTH-LOW				

<sup>\*1:</sup> Models with ASCD

#### NOTE:

Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

# DATA MONITOR (SPEC) MODE

### **Monitored Item**

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIGNALS	MAIN SIGNALS	Description	Remarks
ENG SPEED [rpm]	×	×	<ul> <li>Indicates the engine speed computed from the signal of the crankshaft position sensor (POS) and camshaft position sensor (PHASE).</li> </ul>	
MAS A/F SE-B1 [V]	×	×	The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor specification is displayed.	When engine is running specification range is indicated.

<sup>\*2:</sup> Models with ICC

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIGNALS	MAIN SIGNALS	Description	Remarks
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]		×	<ul> <li>Base fuel schedule indicates the fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board cor- rection.</li> </ul>	When engine is running specification range is indicated.
A/F ALPHA-B1 [%] A/F ALPHA-B2 [%]		×	The mean value of the air-fuel ratio feed- back correction factor per cycle is indi- cated.	<ul> <li>When engine is running specification range is indicated.</li> <li>This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control.</li> </ul>

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#### NOTE:

Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

#### **ACTIVE TEST MODE**

#### **Test Item**

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
FUEL INJEC- TION	<ul> <li>Engine: Return to the original trouble condition</li> <li>Change the amount of fuel injection using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	<ul> <li>Harness and connectors</li> <li>Fuel injector</li> <li>Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1</li> </ul>
IGNITION TIM- ING	<ul> <li>Engine: Return to the original trouble condition</li> <li>Timing light: Set</li> <li>Retard the ignition timing using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Perform Idle Air Volume Learning.
POWER BAL- ANCE	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up, idle the engine.</li> <li>A/C switch: OFF</li> <li>Selector lever: P or N</li> <li>Cut off each injector signal one at a time using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	Engine runs rough or dies.	<ul> <li>Harness and connectors</li> <li>Compression</li> <li>Fuel injector</li> <li>Power transistor</li> <li>Spark plug</li> <li>Ignition coil</li> </ul>
COOLING FAN*	Ignition switch: ON     Turn the cooling fan HI and OFF using CONSULT-II.	Cooling fan moves and stops.	<ul><li>Harness and connectors</li><li>Cooling fan motor</li><li>IPDM E/R</li></ul>
ENG COOLANT TEMP	<ul> <li>Engine: Return to the original trouble condition</li> <li>Change the engine coolant temperature using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	<ul><li>Harness and connectors</li><li>Engine coolant temperature sensor</li><li>Fuel injector</li></ul>
FUEL PUMP RELAY	Ignition switch: ON     (Engine stopped)     Turn the fuel pump relay ON and OFF using CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound.	Fuel pump relay makes the operating sound.	Harness and connectors     Fuel pump relay
PURG VOL CONT/V	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up, run engine at 1,500 rpm.</li> <li>Change the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve opening percent using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	Engine speed changes according to the opening percent.	<ul><li>Harness and connectors</li><li>Solenoid valve</li></ul>

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)	
FUEL/T TEMP SEN	Change the fuel tank temperature	using CONSULT-II.	Τ-ΙΙ.	
VENT CON- TROL/V	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> <li>Turn solenoid valve ON and OFF with the CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound.</li> </ul>	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	Harness and connectors     Solenoid valve	

<sup>\*:</sup> Leaving cooling fan OFF with CONSULT-II while engine is running may cause the engine to overheat.

# DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION MODE SRT STATUS Mode

For details, refer to EC-54, "SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE".

#### **SRT WORK SUPPORT Mode**

This mode enables a technician to drive a vehicle to set the SRT while monitoring the SRT status.

#### **DTC WORK SUPPORT Mode**

Test mode	Test item	Corresponding DTC No.	Reference page
	PURG FLOW P0441	P0441	EC-360
	EVP SML LEAK P0442/P1442*	P0442	EC-365
EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM	EVP SIVIL LEAR PU442/P1442	P0455	EC-419
0.012.W	EVP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456*	P0456	EC-427
	PURG VOL CN/V P1444	P0443	EC-373
	A/F SEN1 (B1) P1276	P0130	EC-213
A/F SEN1	A/F SEN1 (B1) P1278/P1279	P0133	EC-241
A/F SENT	A/F SEN1 (B2) P1286	P0150	EC-213
	A/F SEN1 (B2) P1288/P1289	P0153	EC-241
	HO2S2 (B1) P0139	P0139	EC-277
	HO2S2 (B1) P1146	P0138	EC-264
110000	HO2S2 (B1) P1147	P0137	EC-253
HO2S2	HO2S2 (B2) P0159	P0159	EC-277
	HO2S2 (B2) P1166	P0158	EC-264
	HO2S2 (B2) P1167	P0157	EC-253

<sup>\*:</sup> DTC P1442 and P1456 does not apply to JA60 models but appears in DTC Work Support Mode screens.

# REAL TIME DIAGNOSIS IN DATA MONITOR MODE (RECORDING VEHICLE DATA) Description

CONSULT-II has two kinds of triggers and they can be selected by touching "SETTING" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

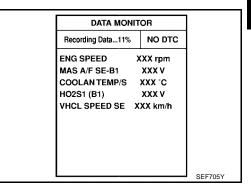
- "AUTO TRIG" (Automatic trigger):
  - The malfunction will be identified on the CONSULT-II screen in real time.

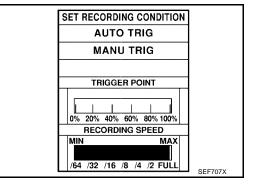
In other words, DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will be displayed if the malfunction is detected by ECM.

At the moment a malfunction is detected by ECM, "MONI-TOR" in "DATA MONITOR" screen is changed to "Recording Data ... xx%" as shown in the figure, and the data after the malfunction detection is recorded. Then when the percentage reached 100%, "REAL-TIME DIAG" screen is displayed. If "STOP" is touched on the screen during "Recording Data ... xx%", "REAL-TIME DIAG" screen is also displayed.

The recording time after the malfunction detection and the recording speed can be changed by "TRIGGER POINT" and "Recording Speed". Refer to CONSULT-II Operation Manual.

- 2. "MANU TRIG" (Manual trigger):
  - DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will not be displayed automatically on CONSULT-II screen even though a malfunction is detected by ECM.
    - DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously even though a malfunction is detected.





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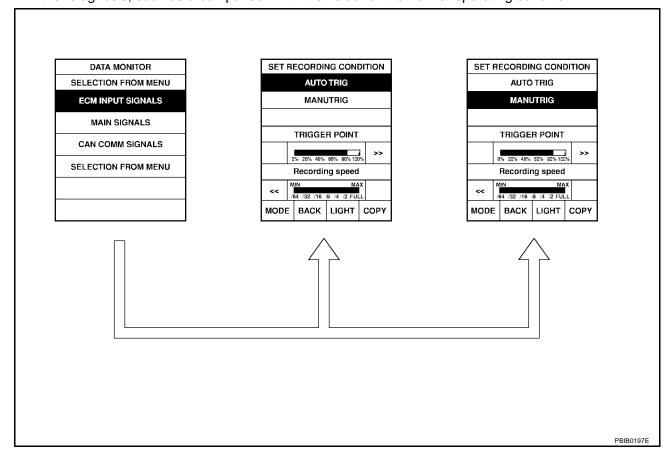
#### Operation

#### 1. "AUTO TRIG"

- While trying to detect the DTC/1st trip DTC by performing the DTC Confirmation Procedure, be sure to select to "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. You can confirm the malfunction at the moment it is detected.
- While narrowing down the possible causes, CONSULT-II should be set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode, especially in case the incident is intermittent.
   When you are inspecting the circuit by gently shaking (or twisting) the suspicious connectors, components and harness in the DTC Confirmation Procedure, the moment a malfunction is found the DTC/1st trip DTC will be displayed. (Refer to "INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS" in GI-28, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident".)

#### 2. "MANU TRIG"

• If the malfunction is displayed as soon as "DATA MONITOR" is selected, reset CONSULT-II to "MANU TRIG". By selecting "MANU TRIG" you can monitor and store the data. The data can be utilized for further diagnosis, such as a comparison with the value for the normal operating condition.



# **Generic Scan Tool (GST) Function DESCRIPTION**

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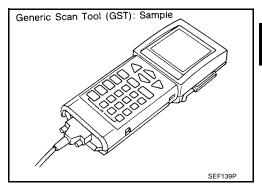
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Generic Scan Tool (OBDII scan tool) complying with SAE J1978 has 8 different functions explained below.

ISO9141 is used as the protocol.

The name GST or Generic Scan Tool is used in this service manual.

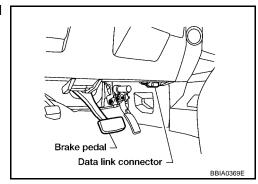


# **FUNCTION**

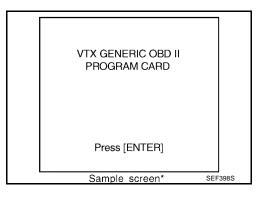
Dia	gnostic test mode	Function
Service \$01	READINESS TESTS	This diagnostic service gains access to current emission-related data values, including analog inputs and outputs, digital inputs and outputs, and system status information.
Service \$02	(FREEZE DATA)	This diagnostic service gains access to emission-related data value which were stored by ECM during the freeze frame. For details, refer to EC-53, "FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA".
Service \$03	DTCs	This diagnostic service gains access to emission-related power train trouble codes which were stored by ECM.
		This diagnostic service can clear all emission-related diagnostic information. This includes:
		Clear number of diagnostic trouble codes (Service \$01)
Service \$04	CLEAR DIAG INFO	Clear diagnostic trouble codes (Service \$03)
Service \$04 CLEAR DIAG INFO	CLLAR DIAG INFO	Clear trouble code for freeze frame data (Service \$01)
		Clear freeze frame data (Service \$02)
	Reset status of system monitoring test (Service \$01)	
	Clear on board monitoring test results (Service \$06 and \$07)	
Service \$06	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This diagnostic service accesses the results of on board diagnostic monitoring tests of specific components/systems that are not continuously monitored.
Service \$07	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This diagnostic service enables the off board test drive to obtain test results for emission related powertrain components/systems that are continuously monitored during normal driving conditions.
		This diagnostic service can close EVAP system in ignition switch ON position (Engine stopped). When this diagnostic service is performed, the EVAP canister vent control valve can be closed.  In the following conditions, this diagnostic service cannot function.
		Low ambient temperature
Service \$08	_	Low battery voltage
		Engine running
		Ignition switch OFF
		Low fuel temperature
		Too much pressure is applied to EVAP system
Service \$09	(CALIBRATION ID)	This diagnostic service enables the off-board test device to request specific vehicle information such as Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) and Calibration IDs.

#### **INSPECTION PROCEDURE**

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Connect GST to data link connector, which is located under LH dash panel near the hood opener handle.



- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Enter the program according to instruction on the screen or in the operation manual.
  - (\*: Regarding GST screens in this section, sample screens are shown.)



5. Perform each diagnostic service according to each service procedure.

For further information, see the GST Operation Manual of the tool maker.

#### **OBD II FUNCTIONS**

F0: DATA LIST

F1: FREEZE DATA

F2: DTCs

F3: SNAPSHOT

F4: CLEAR DIAG INFO

F5: O2 TEST RESULTS

#### **F6: READINESS TESTS**

F7: ON BOARD TESTS

F8: EXPAND DIAG PROT

F9: UNIT CONVERSION

Sample screen\* SEF416S

# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor**

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Specification data are reference values.

Specification data are output/input values which are detected or supplied by the ECM at the connector.

\* Specification data may not be directly related to their components signals/values/operations.

i.e. Adjust ignition timing with a timing light before monitoring IGN TIMING, because the monitor may show the specification data in spite of the ignition timing not being adjusted to the specification data. This IGN TIMING monitors the data calculated by the ECM according to the signals input from the camshaft position sensor and other ignition timing related sensors.

MONITOR ITEM	COI	NDITION	SPECIFICATION
ENG SPEED	Run engine and compare CONSUtion.	JLT-II value with the tachometer indica-	Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication.
MAS A/F SE-B1	See EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOS		
B/FUEL SCHDL	See EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOS	SIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE" .	
A/F ALPHA-B1 A/F ALPHA-B2	See EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOS	SIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE".	
COOLAN TEMP/S	Engine: After warming up		More than 70°C (158°F)
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5 V
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	tions are met.  - Engine: After warming up	o rpm quickly after the following condi- en 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	<ul> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 tions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	LEAN ←→ RICH	
VHCL SPEED SE	Turn drive wheels and compare C indication.	CONSULT-II value with the speedometer	Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication
BATTERY VOLT	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopp)	ed)	11 - 14V
ACCEL SEN 4	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
ACCEL SEN 1	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	4.2 - 4.8V
ACCEL SEN 2*	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
ACCEL SEN 2	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	4.2 - 4.8V
THRTL SEN 1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
THRTL SEN 2*	(Engine stopped)  ● Selector lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON		Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V
START SIGNAL	• Ignition switch: $ON \rightarrow START \rightarrow 0$	ON	$OFF \to ON \to OFF$
CLSD THL POS	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
OLOD THE FOO	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
	Engine: After warming up, idle	Air conditioner switch: OFF	OFF
AIR COND SIG	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor operates.)	ON
P/N POSI SW	■ Ignition switch: ON	Selector lever: P or N	ON
I /N FOOI SW	Ignition switch: ON	Selector lever: Except above	OFF
PW/ST SIGNAL	Engine: After warming up, idle	Steering wheel: Not being turned (Forward direction)	OFF
	the engine	Steering wheel: Being turned	ON

MONITOR ITEM	CON	NDITION	SPECIFICATION
LOAD SIGNAL	• Ignition switch: ON	Rear window defogger switch is ON and/or lighting switch is in 2nd.	ON
LOAD SIGNAL	• Ignition switch. ON	Rear window defogger switch is OFF and lighting switch is OFF.	OFF
IGNITION SW	• Ignition switch: $ON \rightarrow OFF \rightarrow ON$		$ON \to OFF \to ON$
HEATER FAN SW	Engine: After warming up, idle	Heater fan control switch: ON	ON
HEATER FAIN SW	the engine	Heater fan control switch: OFF	OFF
BRAKE SW	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
BRARL SW	• Igrittori switch. ON	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	2.0 - 2.8 msec
INJ PULSE-B1 INJ PULSE-B2	<ul><li>Selector lever: P or N</li><li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li><li>No load</li></ul>	2,000 rpm	1.9 - 2.9 msec
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	10° - 20° BTDC
IGN TIMING	<ul><li>Selector lever: P or N</li><li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li><li>No load</li></ul>	2,000 rpm	25° - 45° BTDC
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	14% - 33%
CAL/LD VALUE	<ul><li>Selector lever: P or N</li><li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li><li>No load</li></ul>	2,500 rpm	12% - 25%
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	3.0 - 9.0 g⋅m/s
MASS AIRFLOW	<ul><li>Selector lever: P or N</li><li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li><li>No load</li></ul>	2,500 rpm	9.0 - 28.0 g·m/s
PURG VOL C/V	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Selector lever: P or N</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> </ul>	Idle (Accelerator pedal: Not depressed even slightly, after engine starting.)	0%
	No load	2,000 rpm	_
	Engine: After warming up, idle	Air conditioner switch: OFF	OFF
AIR COND RLY	the engine	Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor: Operates)	ON
FUEL PUMP RLY	<ul><li>For 1 second after turning ignition</li><li>Engine running or cranking</li></ul>	switch ON	ON
	Except above conditions		OFF
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON		OFF
THRTL RELAY	Ignition switch: ON		ON
COOLING FAN	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Engine coolant temperature: 99°C (210°F) or less	OFF
0002.11017.111	Air conditioner switch: OFF	Engine coolant temperature: 100°C (212°F) or more	н
HO2S2 HTR (B1) HO2S2 HTR (B2)	<ul> <li>Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>		ON
	• Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm		OFF
I/P PULLY SPD	Vehicle speed: More than 20 km/h	n (12 MPH)	Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication

MONITOR ITEM	CON	NDITION	SPECIFICATION	Δ.
VEHICLE SPEED	Turn drive wheels and compare C indication.	ONSULT-II value with the speedometer	Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication	Α
TRVL AFTER MIL	Ignition switch: ON	Vehicle has traveled after MIL has turned ON.	0 - 65,535 km (0 - 40,723 mile)	EC
A/F S1 HTR (B1) A/F S1 HTR (B2)	Engine: After warming up, idle the	engine	0 - 100%	
AC PRESS SEN	<ul><li>Engine: Idle</li><li>Both A/C switch and blower fan sw</li></ul>	witch: ON (Compressor operates.)	1.0 - 4.0V	С
VHCL SPEED SE	Turn drive wheels and compare C indication.	ONSULT-II value with the speedometer	Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication	D
SET VHCL SPD	Engine: Running	ASCD: Operating.	The preset vehicle speed is displayed.	_
MAIN SW	- Ignition quitable ON	MAIN switch: Pressed	ON	Е
IVIAIN SVV	Ignition switch: ON	MAIN switch: Released	OFF	
CANCEL SW	Ignition switch: ON	CANCEL switch: Pressed	ON	F
CANCEL SW	• Ignition switch. ON	CANCEL switch: Released	OFF	
RESUME/ACC SW	a lonition quitoh: ON	RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed	ON	G
RESUME/ACC SW	Ignition switch: ON	RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Released	OFF	
SET SW	- Innition quitable ON	SET/COAST switch: Pressed	ON	Н
361 300	Ignition switch: ON	SET/COAST switch: Released	OFF	
DIST SW	Ignition switch: ON	DISTANCE switch: Pressed	ON	
DIST SW	• Igrittion switch. ON	DISTANCE switch: Released	OFF	- 1
BRAKE SW1	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	ON	
DRAKE SWI	• Igrittion switch. ON	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF	J
BRAKE SW2	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF	
BRARL SWZ	• Igrittion switch. ON	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON	17
CRUISE LAMP	Ignition switch: ON	MAIN switch: Pressed at the 1st time  → at the 2nd time	$ON \to OFF$	K
	MAIN switch: ON	ASCD: Operating	ON	1
SET LAMP	<ul> <li>Vehicle speed: Between 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH)</li> </ul>	ASCD: Not operating	OFF	_

<sup>\*:</sup> Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal and throttle position sensor 2 signal are converted by ECM internally. Thus, they differ from ECM terminals voltage signal.

### Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode

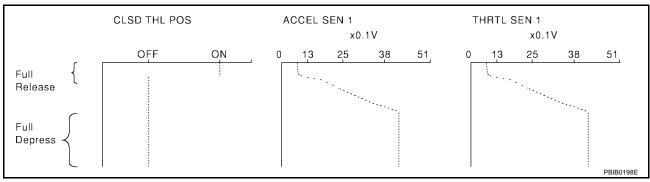
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The following are the major sensor reference graphs in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

#### **CLSD THL POS, ACCEL SEN 1, THRTL SEN 1**

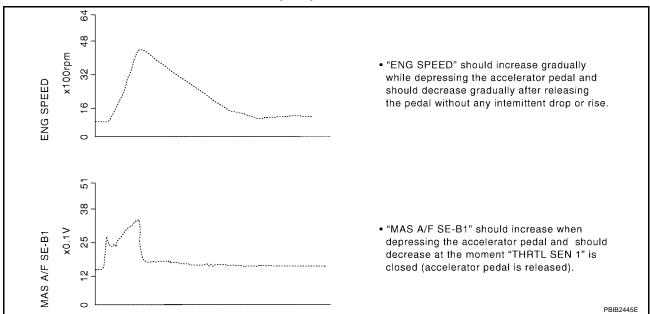
Below is the data for "CLSD THL POS", "ACCEL SEN 1" and "THRTL SEN 1" when depressing the accelerator pedal with the ignition switch ON and with selector lever in D position.

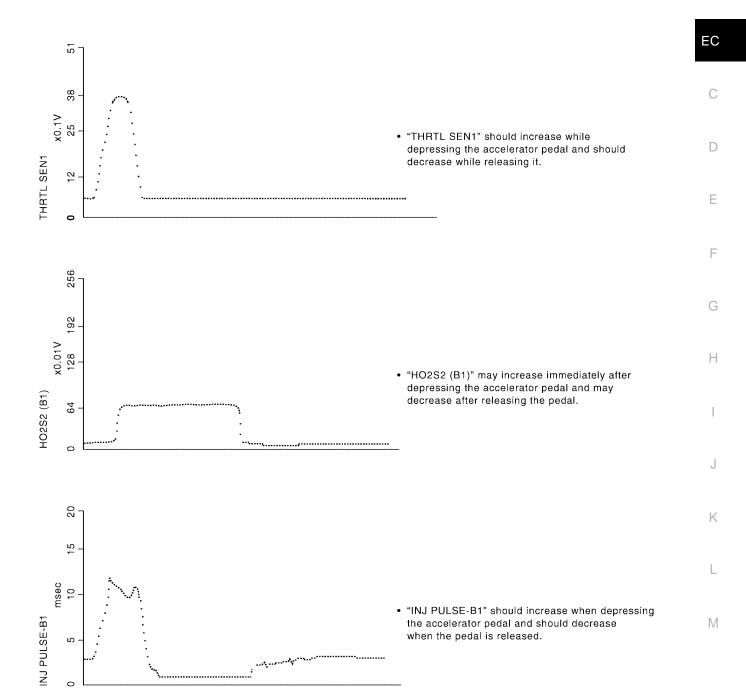
The signal of "ACCEL SEN 1" and "THRTL SEN 1" should rise gradually without any intermittent drop or rise after "CLSD THL POS" is changed from ON to OFF.



### ENG SPEED, MAS A/F SE-B1, THRTL SEN 1, HO2S2 (B1), INJ PULSE-B1

Below is the data for "ENG SPEED", "MAS A/F SE-B1", "THRTL SEN 1", "HO2S2 (B1)" and "INJ PULSE-B1" when revving engine quickly up to 4,800 rpm under no load after warming up engine sufficiently. Each value is for reference, the exact value may vary.





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### **TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE**

PFP:00031

Description

The specification (SP) value indicates the tolerance of the value that is displayed in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode of CONSULT-II during normal operation of the Engine Control System. When the value in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode is within the SP value, the Engine Control System is confirmed OK. When the value in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode is NOT within the SP value, the Engine Control System may have one or more malfunctions.

The SP value is used to detect malfunctions that may affect the Engine Control System, but will not light the MIL.

The SP value will be displayed for the following three items:

- B/FUEL SCHDL (The fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM prior to any learned on board correction)
- A/F ALPHA-B1/B2 (The mean value of air-fuel ratio feedback correction factor per cycle)
- MAS A/F SE-B1 (The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor)

# **Testing Condition**

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- Vehicle driven distance: More than 5,000 km (3,107 miles)
- Barometric pressure: 98.3 104.3 kPa (1.003 1.064 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 14.25 15.12 psi)
- Atmospheric temperature: 20 30°C (68 86°F)
- Engine coolant temperature: 75 95°C (167 203°F)
- Engine speed: Idle
- Transmission: Warmed-up
- After the engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature, drive vehicle until "ATF TEMP SE 1" (A/T fluid temperature sensor signal) indicates more than 60°C (140°F).
- Electrical load: Not applied
- Rear window defogger switch, air conditioner switch, lighting switch are OFF. Steering wheel is straight ahead.

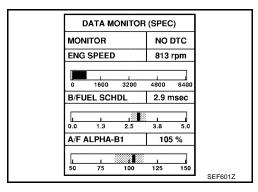
# **Inspection Procedure**

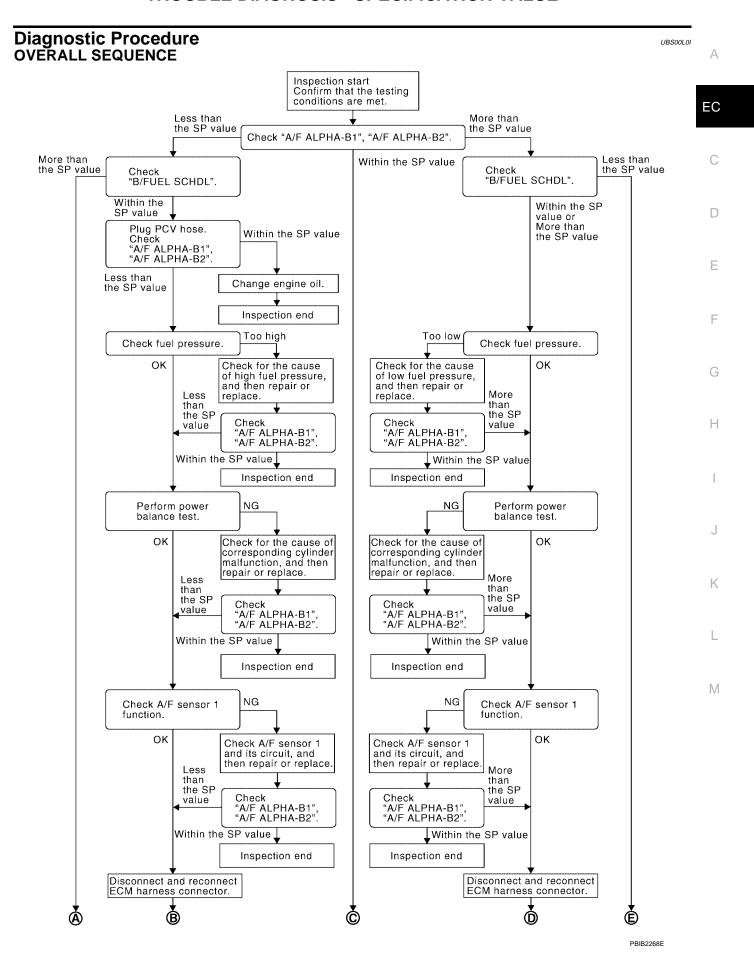
UBS00L0H

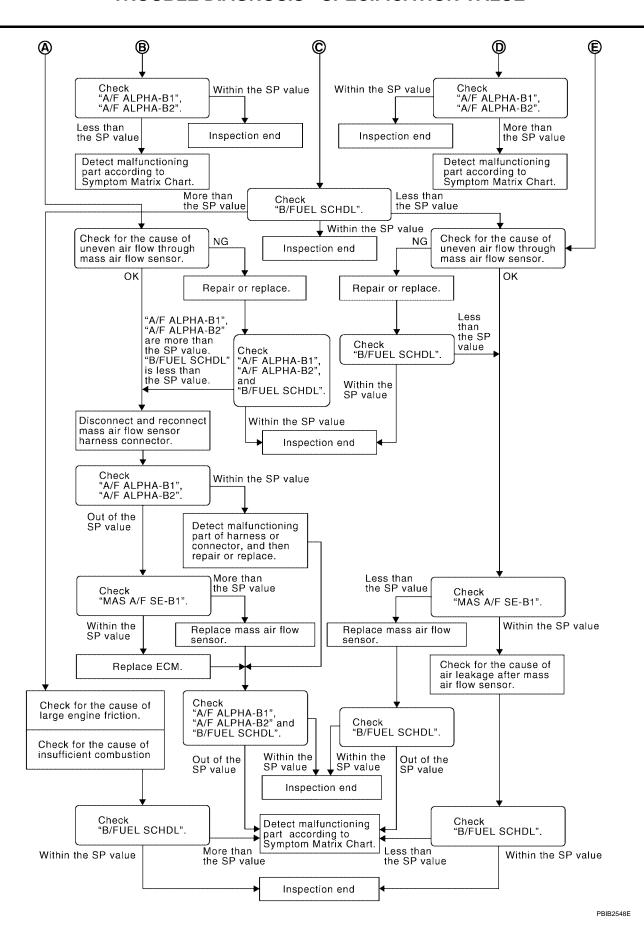
#### NOTE:

Perform "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode in maximum scale display.

- Perform <u>EC-71, "Basic Inspection"</u>.
- 2. Confirm that the testing conditions indicated above are met.
- Select "B/FUEL SCHDL", "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" and "MAS A/F SE-B1" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Make sure that monitor items are within the SP value.
- 5. If NG, go to EC-135, "Diagnostic Procedure".







#### **DETAILED PROCEDURE**

# 1. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Confirm that the testing conditions are met. Refer to <a>EC-134</a>, "Testing Condition"</a>.
- 3. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value.

#### NOTE:

Check "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" for approximately 1 minute because they may fluctuate. It is NG if the indication is out of the SP value even a little.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG (Less than the SP value)>>GO TO 2.

NG (More than the SP value)>>GO TO 3.

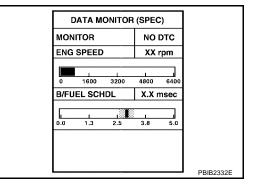
# 2. CHECK "B/FUEL SCHDL"

Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the indication is within the SP value.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG (More than the SP value)>>GO TO 19.



DATA MONITOR (SPEC)

3200

NO DTC

XXX rpm

XX %

MONITOR

**ENG SPEED** 

A/F ALPHA-B1

# 3. CHECK "B/FUEL SCHDL"

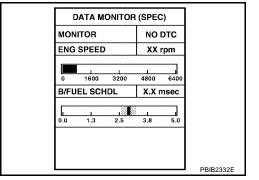
Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the indication is within the SP value.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG (More than the SP value)>>GO TO 6.

NG (Less than the SP value)>>GO TO 25.



# 4. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Disconnect PCV hose, and then plug it.
- Start engine.
- 4. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 6.

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# 5. CHANGE ENGINE OIL

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Change engine oil.

#### NOTE:

This symptom may occur when a large amount of gasoline is mixed with engine oil because of driving conditions (such as when engine oil temperature does not rise enough since a journey distance is too short during winter). The symptom will not be detected after changing engine oil or changing driving condition.

#### >> INSPECTION END

### 6. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

Check fuel pressure. (Refer to EC-82, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK" .)

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG (Fuel pressure is too high)>>Replace fuel pressure regulator, refer to <u>EC-82, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"</u>. GO TO 8.

NG (Fuel pressure is too low)>>GO TO 7.

# 7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

- Check the following.
- Clogged and bent fuel hose and fuel tube
- Clogged fuel filter
- Fuel pump and its circuit (Refer to <u>EC-604, "FUEL PUMP"</u>.)
- If NG, repair or replace the malfunctioning part. (Refer to <u>EC-82, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"</u>.)
  If OK, replace fuel pressure regulator.

>> GO TO 8.

# 8. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value.

#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 9.

# 9. PERFORM POWER BALANCE TEST

- 1. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 2. Make sure that the each cylinder produces a momentary engine speed drop.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> GO TO 10.

ACTIVE TES		
POWER BALANCE		
MONITOR	}	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxxv	
		PBIB0133E

# 10. detect malfunctioning part Check the following. Ignition coil and its circuit (Refer to EC-618, "IGNITION SIGNAL".) EC Fuel injector and its circuit (Refer to EC-598, "FUEL INJECTOR".) Intake air leakage Low compression pressure (Refer to EM-63, "CHECKING COMPRESSION PRESSURE" .) If NG, repair or replace the malfunctioning part. If OK, replace fuel injector. (It may be caused by leakage from fuel injector or clogging.) D >> GO TO 11. 11. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" Start engine. 2. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value. OK or NG >> INSPECTION END OK NG >> GO TO 12. 12. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 FUNCTION Н Perform all DTC Confirmation Procedure related with A/F sensor 1. For DTC P0130, P0150, refer to EC-213, "DTC Confirmation Procedure". For DTC P0131, P0151, refer to EC-223, "DTC Confirmation Procedure". For DTC P0132, P0132, refer to EC-232, "DTC Confirmation Procedure". For DTC P0133, P0153, refer to EC-242, "DTC Confirmation Procedure". For DTC P2A00, P2A03, refer to EC-575, "DTC Confirmation Procedure". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 13. 13. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT Perform Diagnostic Procedure according to corresponding DTC. >> GO TO 14. M 14. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" Start engine. 2. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the

Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value.

#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 15.

# 15. DISCONNECT AND RECONNECT ECM HARNESS CONNECTOR

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check pin terminal and connector for damage, and then reconnect it.

>> GO TO 16.

# 16. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"

- Start engine.
- 2. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value.

#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Detect malfunctioning part according to <a href="EC-92">EC-92</a>, "Symptom Matrix Chart"</a>.

# 17. CHECK "B/FUEL SCHDL"

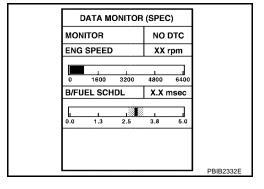
Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the indication is within the SP value.

#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG (More than the SP value)>>GO TO 18.

NG (Less than the SP value)>>GO TO 25.



# 18. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

- 1. Check for the cause of large engine friction. Refer to the following.
- Engine oil level is too high
- Engine oil viscosity
- Belt tension of power steering, alternator, A/C compressor, etc. is excessive
- Noise from engine
- Noise from transmission, etc.
- Check for the cause of insufficient combustion. Refer to the following.
- Valve clearance malfunction
- Intake valve timing control function malfunction
- Camshaft sprocket installation malfunction, etc.
  - >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part, and then GO TO 30.

# 19. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check for the cause of uneven air flow through mass air flow sensor. Refer to the following.

- Crushed air ducts
- Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element
- Uneven dirt of air cleaner element
- Improper specification of intake air system

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 21.

NG >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part, and then GO TO 20.

# $20.\,$ check "a/f alpha-b1", "a/f alpha-b2", and "b/fuel schdl"

Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2", and "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value.

#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG ("B/FUEL SCHDL" is more, "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" are less than the SP value)>>GO TO 21.

# 21. disconnect and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector

- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Check pin terminal and connector for damage and then reconnect it again.

>> GO TO 22.

# 22. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value.

#### OK or NG

OK >> 1. Detect malfunctioning part of mass air flow sensor circuit and repair it. Refer to <a href="EC-180">EC-180</a>, "DTC <a href="P0102">P0102</a>, P0103 MAF SENSOR"</a>.

2. GO TO 29.

NG >> GO TO 23.

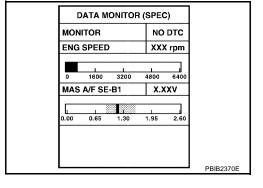
# 23. CHECK "MAS A/F SE-B1"

Select "MAS A/F SE-B1" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the indication is within the SP value.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 24.

NG (More than the SP value)>>Replace mass air flow sensor, and then GO TO 29.



# 24. REPLACE ECM

- 1. Replace ECM.
- 2. Perform initialization of IVIS(NATS) system and registration of all IVIS(NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to BL-139, "ECM Re-communicating Function".
- 3. Perform EC-77, "VIN Registration".
- 4. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 5. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 6. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

>> GO TO 29.

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# 25. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check for the cause of uneven air flow through mass air flow sensor. Refer to the following.

- Crushed air ducts
- Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element
- Uneven dirt of air cleaner element
- Improper specification of intake air system

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 27.

NG >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part, and then GO TO 26.

# 26. CHECK "B/FUEL SCHDL"

Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the indication is within the SP value.

#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG (Less than the SP value)>>GO TO 27.

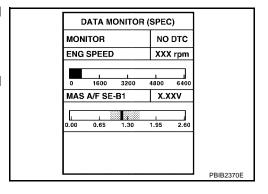
#### 27. CHECK "MAS A/F SE-B1"

Select "MAS A/F SE-B1" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the indication is within the SP value.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 28.

NG (Less than the SP value)>>Replace mass air flow sensor, and then GO TO 30.



# 28. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check for the cause of air leak after the mass air flow sensor. Refer to the following.

- Disconnection, looseness, and cracks in air duct
- Looseness of oil filler cap
- Disconnection of oil level gauge
- Open stuck, breakage, hose disconnection, or cracks of PCV valve
- Disconnection or cracks of EVAP purge hose, open stuck of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve
- Malfunctioning seal of rocker cover gasket
- Disconnection, looseness, or cracks of hoses, such as vacuum hose, connecting to intake air system parts
- Malfunctioning seal of intake air system, etc.

>> GO TO 30.

# 29. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2", AND "B/FUEL SCHDL"

Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2", and "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and make sure that the each indication is within the SP value.

#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Detect malfunctioning part according to EC-92, "Symptom Matrix Chart".

Revision: November 2009 **EC-142** 2006 QX56

# 30. check "b/fuel schdl"

Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode, and then make sure that the indication is within the SP value.

#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Detect malfunctioning part according to <a href="EC-92">EC-92</a>, "Symptom Matrix Chart"</a>.

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#### TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

#### TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

PFP:00006

# **Description**

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Intermittent incidents may occur. In many cases, the malfunction resolves itself (the part or circuit function returns to normal without intervention). It is important to realize that the symptoms described in the customer's complaint often do not recur on (1st trip) DTC visits. Realize also that the most frequent cause of intermittent incidents occurrences is poor electrical connections. Because of this, the conditions under which the incident occurred may not be clear. Therefore, circuit checks made as part of the standard diagnostic procedure may not indicate the specific malfunctioning area.

#### **Common Intermittent Incidents Report Situations**

STEP in Work Flow	Situation
2	The CONSULT-II is used. The SELF-DIAG RESULTS screen shows time data other than [0] or [1t].
3 or 4	The symptom described by the customer does not recur.
5	(1st trip) DTC does not appear during the DTC Confirmation Procedure.
10	The Diagnostic Procedure for PXXXX does not indicate the malfunctioning area.

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

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# 1. INSPECTION START

Erase (1st trip) DTCs. Refer to  $\underline{\text{EC-61}}$ , "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION".

>> GO TO 2.

# 2. CHECK GROUND TERMINALS

Check ground terminals for corroding or loose connection.

Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

# 3. SEARCH FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

Perform <u>GI-28, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident"</u>, "INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace.

# 4. CHECK CONNECTOR TERMINALS

Refer to GI-25, "How to Check Terminal", "HOW TO PROBE CONNECTORS", "How to Check Enlarged Contact Spring of Terminal".

#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Repair or replace connector.

#### POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT PFP:24110 Α **Wiring Diagram** UBS00H0F EC-MAIN-01 EC : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START **BATTERY** : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC C IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER 10A 20A 53 59 DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM) REFER TO "PG-POWER". D ECM RELAY (E119) Е 7 3 W/B BR W/L W/L TO EC-IGNSYS L/W W/B BR BR Н 111 119 109 120 **IGNSW** SSOFF VΒ VΒ E16, F54 GND GND **GND** 116 B/W В K M B/W В į Ţ (E9) (E15) (E24) 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 119 120 121 5 3 **E**16 В 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 E119 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 W 1 2 3 **1** 4 5 6 7 **F**32 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

BBWA2088E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
1	В	ECM ground	[Engine is running]  ● Idle speed	Body ground
			[Ignition switch: OFF]	0V
109	L/W	Ignition switch	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
		ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF]	0 - 1.5V
111	W/B		For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.50
			[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE
			More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	(11 - 14V)
115	В	ECM ground	[Engine is running]	Body ground
116	B/W	20m ground	Idle speed	200, ground
119 120	BR BR	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. INSPECTION START

UBS00H0G

Start engine.

Is engine running?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 8. No >> GO TO 2.

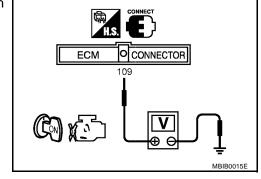
# 2. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and then ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 109 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

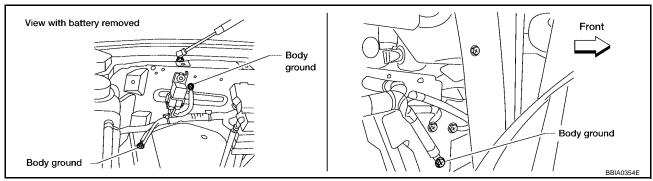
Check the following.

- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ECM and fuse

>> Repair harness or connectors.

## 4. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

## 5. CHECK ECM GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 1, 115, 116 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> GO TO 6.

## 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F32, E2
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ground
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 7. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

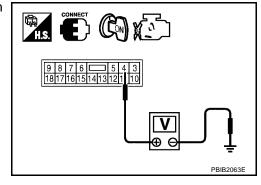
- Reconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between IPDM E/R terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

## **Voltage: Battery voltage**

#### OK or NG

OK >> Go to EC-618, "IGNITION SIGNAL".

NG >> GO TO 8.



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## 8. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON and then OFF.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 119, 120 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: After turning ignition switch OFF, battery voltage will exist for a few seconds, then

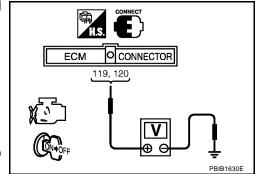
drop approximately 0V.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG (Battery voltage does not exist.)>>GO TO 9.

NG (Battery voltage exists for more than a few seconds.)>>GO TO



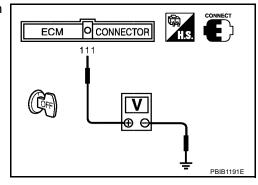
## 9. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-IV

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 111 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 11.



# 10. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-V

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E119.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 119, 120 and IPDM E/R terminal 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 11. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-VI

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E119.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 111 and IPDM E/R terminal 7. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 12. CHECK 20A FUSE

- Disconnect 20A fuse from IPDM E/R.
- 2. Check 20A fuse.

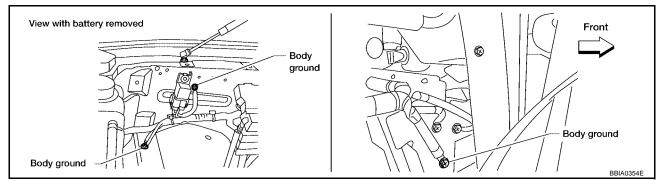
## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> Replace 20A fuse.

# 13. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Loosen and retighten ground three screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 14. CHECK ECM GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 1, 115, 116 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

>> GO TO 15. NG

# 15. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F32, E2
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ground
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 16. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

#### Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### OK or NG

OK >> Replace IPDM E/R.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors. EC

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## **Ground Inspection**

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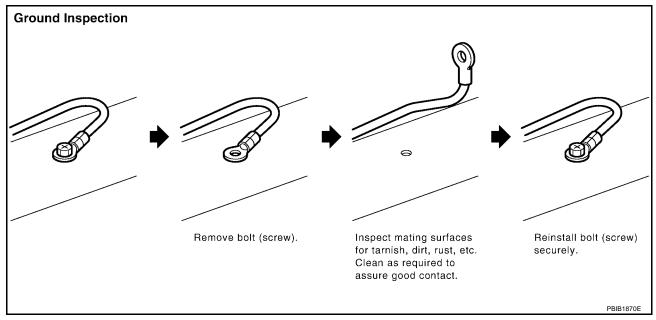
Ground connections are very important to the proper operation of electrical and electronic circuits. Ground connections are often exposed to moisture, dirt and other corrosive elements. The corrosion (rust) can become an unwanted resistance. This unwanted resistance can change the way a circuit works.

Electronically controlled circuits are very sensitive to proper grounding. A loose or corroded ground can drastically affect an electronically controlled circuit. A poor or corroded ground can easily affect the circuit. Even when the ground connection looks clean, there can be a thin film of rust on the surface.

When inspecting a ground connection follow these rules:

- Remove the ground bolt or screw.
- Inspect all mating surfaces for tarnish, dirt, rust, etc.
- Clean as required to assure good contact.
- Reinstall bolt or screw securely.
- Inspect for "add-on" accessories which may be interfering with the ground circuit.
- If several wires are crimped into one ground eyelet terminal, check for proper crimps. Make sure all of the
  wires are clean, securely fastened and providing a good ground path. If multiple wires are cased in one
  eyelet make sure no ground wires have excess wire insulation.

For detailed ground distribution information, refer to PG-31, "Ground Distribution".



## DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

## DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

PFP:23710

**Description** 

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CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only.

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H0J

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
U1000* <sup>1</sup> 1000* <sup>1</sup>	- CAN communication line	ECM cannot communicate to other control units.	Harness or connectors     (CAN communication line is open or
U1001* <sup>2</sup> 1001* <sup>2</sup>		<ul> <li>ECM cannot communicate for more than the specified time.</li> </ul>	shorted)

<sup>\*1:</sup> This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H0K

- Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 3 seconds.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. 2.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-153, "Diagnostic Procedure".

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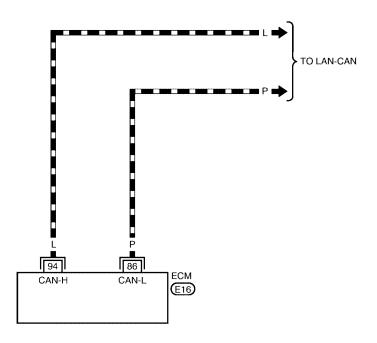
<sup>\*2:</sup> The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

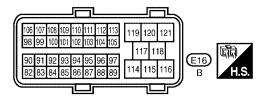
# DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

Wiring Diagram

EC-CAN-01

: DATA LINE





BBWA1671E

## DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00H0M

Go to  $\underline{\mathsf{LAN-3}}, \, "\mathsf{Precautions} \, \, \mathsf{When} \, \, \mathsf{Using} \, \, \mathsf{CONSULT-II"} \, .$ 

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## DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION

## **DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION**

PFP:23710

## **Description**

UBS00N8U

CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only.

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00N8V

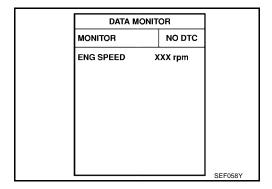
This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
U1010 1010	CAN communication bus	Initializing CAN communication bus is mal- functioning.	• ECM

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00N8W

- (P) WITH CONSULT-II
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. If DTC is detected, go to EC-155, "Diagnostic Procedure".



## **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

## **DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION**

<ul> <li>With CONSULT-II</li> <li>1. Turn ignition switch ON.</li> <li>2. Select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.</li> <li>3. Touch "ERASE".</li> <li>4. Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.         See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".</li> <li>5. Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?</li> <li>With GST</li> <li>1. Turn ignition switch ON.</li> <li>2. Select Service \$04 with GST.</li> <li>3. Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.         See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".</li> <li>4. Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?</li> <li>Yes or No</li> <li>Yes or No</li> <li>Yes → GO TO 2.</li> <li>No → INSPECTION END</li> <li>2. REPLACE ECM</li> <li>1. Replace ECM.</li> </ul>	C D
<ol> <li>Select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.</li> <li>Touch "ERASE".</li> <li>Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.         See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".</li> <li>Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?</li> <li>With GST</li> <li>Turn ignition switch ON.</li> <li>Select Service \$04 with GST.</li> <li>Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.         See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".</li> <li>Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?</li> <li>Yes or No</li> <li>Yes OT TO 2.</li> <li>No &gt;&gt; INSPECTION END</li> <li>REPLACE ECM</li> </ol>	C
<ol> <li>Touch "ERASE".</li> <li>Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.         See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".</li> <li>Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?</li> <li>With GST</li> <li>Turn ignition switch ON.</li> <li>Select Service \$04 with GST.</li> <li>Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.         See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".</li> <li>Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?</li> <li>Yes or No</li> <li>Yes OT O 2.</li> <li>No &gt;&gt; INSPECTION END</li> <li>REPLACE ECM</li> </ol>	D
<ul> <li>4. Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure. See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".</li> <li>5. Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?</li> <li>With GST</li> <li>1. Turn ignition switch ON.</li> <li>2. Select Service \$04 with GST.</li> <li>3. Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure. See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".</li> <li>4. Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?</li> <li>Yes or No Yes &gt;&gt; GO TO 2. No &gt;&gt; INSPECTION END</li> <li>2. REPLACE ECM</li> </ul>	D
See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".  Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?  With GST  Turn ignition switch ON.  Select Service \$04 with GST.  Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure. See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".  Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?  Yes or No  Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> INSPECTION END  REPLACE ECM	D
<ul> <li>With GST</li> <li>1. Turn ignition switch ON.</li> <li>2. Select Service \$04 with GST.</li> <li>3. Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.     See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".</li> <li>4. Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?     Yes or No     Yes &gt;&gt; GO TO 2.     No &gt;&gt; INSPECTION END</li> <li>2. REPLACE ECM</li> </ul>	
<ol> <li>Turn ignition switch ON.</li> <li>Select Service \$04 with GST.</li> <li>Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.         See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".</li> <li>Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?         Yes or No         Yes &gt;&gt; GO TO 2.         No &gt;&gt; INSPECTION END</li> <li>REPLACE ECM</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Select Service \$04 with GST.</li> <li>Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.         See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".</li> <li>Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?         Yes or No         Yes &gt;&gt; GO TO 2.         No &gt;&gt; INSPECTION END     </li> <li>REPLACE ECM</li> </ol>	Е
<ol> <li>Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.         See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".</li> <li>Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?         Yes or No         Yes &gt;&gt; GO TO 2.         No &gt;&gt; INSPECTION END         </li> <li>REPLACE ECM</li> </ol>	Е
See EC-154, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".  4. Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?  Yes or No Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> INSPECTION END  2. REPLACE ECM	
4. Is the DTC U1010 displayed again?  Yes or No  Yes >> GO TO 2.  No >> INSPECTION END  2. REPLACE ECM	
Yes or No Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> INSPECTION END  2. REPLACE ECM	F
Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> INSPECTION END  2. REPLACE ECM	
2. REPLACE ECM	
	G
1. Replace ECM.	
· ·	Н
2. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to	
BL-139, "ECM Re-communicating Function" .	
<ol> <li>Perform <u>EC-77, "VIN Registration"</u>.</li> <li>Perform <u>EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"</u>.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Perform <u>EC-78</u>, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".</li> </ol>	
6. Perform <u>EC-78</u> , "Idle Air Volume Learning".	J
o. I dilomi <u>co 70, idio 711 Voldino codiming</u> .	
>> INSPECTION END	k

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Revision: November 2009 **EC-155** 2006 QX56

PFP:22693

## Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS00H71

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater	
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air	neater control		

The ECM performs ON/OFF duty control of the A/F sensor 1 heater corresponding to the engine operating condition to keep the temperature of A/F sensor 1 element at the specified range.

## **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00H72

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
A/F S1 HTR (B1) A/F S1 HTR (B2)	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	0 - 100%

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H73

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name DTC detecting condition		Possible cause
P0031 0031 (Bank 1)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor	The current amperage in the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater circuit is out of the normal range.	Harness or connectors     (The A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is
P0051 0051 (Bank 2)	low	(An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater.)	open or shorted.)  • A/F sensor 1 heater
P0032 0032 (Bank 1)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor	The current amperage in the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater circuit is out of the normal range.	Harness or connectors     (The A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is)
P0052 0052 (Bank 2)	high	An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM nrough the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater.)	shorted.)  • A/F sensor 1 heater

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H74

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10.5V and 16V at idle.

## (II) WITH CONSULT-II

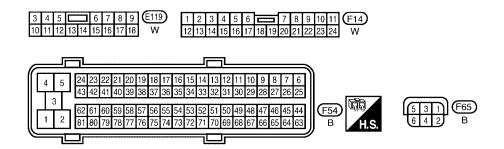
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <a href="EC-160">EC-160</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</a>

DATA MONITOR		
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
		SEF058Y

#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

#### DTC P0031, P0032, P0051, P0052 A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER Wiring Diagram BANK 1 UBS00H75 Α EC-AF1HB1-01 IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC EC = : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM) REFER TO "PG-POWER". 54 C 8 (E119) R/B D 20 R/B Е R/B 3 AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 (BANK 1) Н (F65) 6 4 5 $\lfloor 2 \rfloor$ O/B P/B BR/G BR/R LG/B O/B P/B BR/G BR/R LG/B 16 56 75 35 2 **ECM** AF-UN1 A/F-IP1 AF-H1 (F54) M



BBWA2113E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

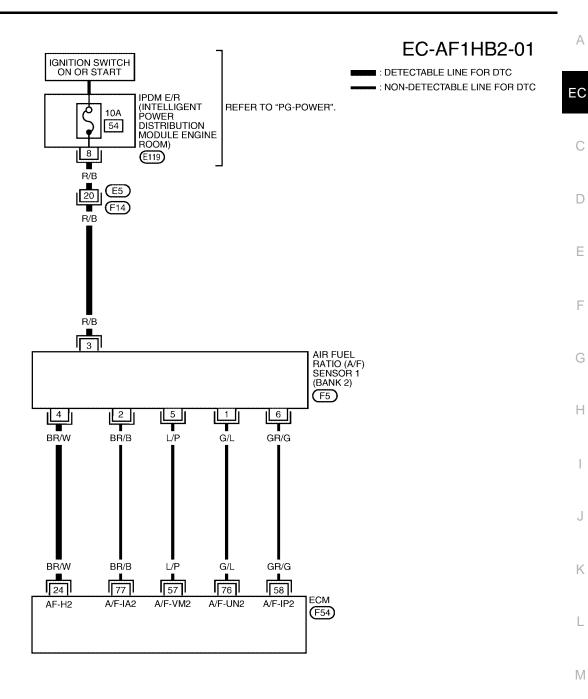
#### **CAUTION:**

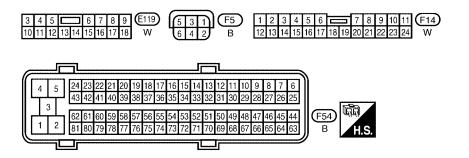
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	O/B	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 1)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  → 10.0V/Div 10 ms/Div T  PBIB1584E
16	BR/R			Approximately 3.1V
35	BR/G	A/F sensor 1 (bank 1)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 2.6V
56	LG/B			Approximately 2.3V
75	P/B		2 3	Approximately 2.3V

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

## **BANK 2**





BBWA2114E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	BR/W	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 2)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  → 10.0V/Div 10 ms/Div T  PBIB1584E
57	L/P			Approximately 2.6V
58	GR/G	A/F sensor 1 (bank 2)	[Engine is running]  ■ Warm-up condition  ■ Idle speed	Approximately 2.3V
76	G/L			Approximately 3.1V
77	BR/B			Approximately 2.3V

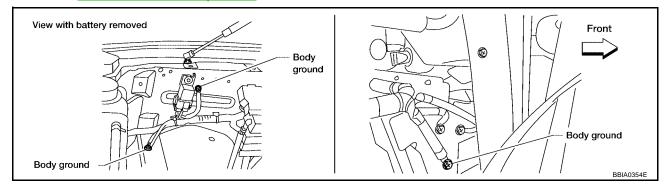
<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00H76

## 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "<u>Ground Inspection</u>".



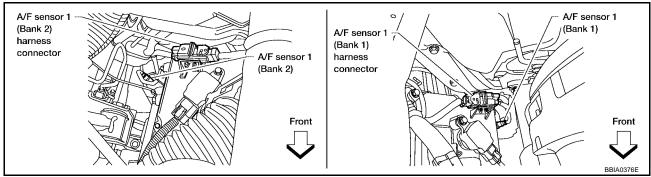
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 harness connector.

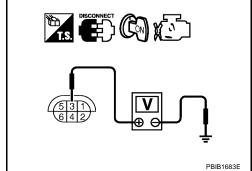


- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

## Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

>> GO TO 4. OK NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- IPDM E/R harness connector E119
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse
  - >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

## 4. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 2 (bank 1) or 24 (bank 2) and A/F sensor 1 terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

## Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 5. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to EC-162, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> GO TO 7.

**EC-161** Revision: November 2009 2006 QX56

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## 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair or replace.

## 7. REPLACE AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Replace air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor, clean exhaust system threads (using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12) and approved anti-seize lubricant.

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 HEATER

Check resistance between terminals 3 and 4.

Resistance: 2.3 - 4.3 $\Omega$  at 25°C (77°F)

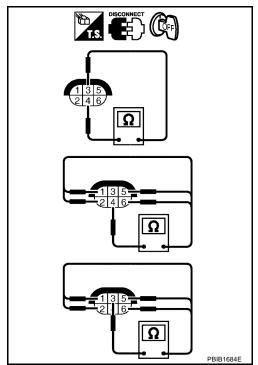
Check continuity between terminals 3 and 1, 2, 5, 6, terminals 4 and 1, 2, 5, 6.

Continuity should not exist.

If NG, replace the A/F sensor 1.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any A/F sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new A/F sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Heated Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



# Removal and Installation AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Refer to EM-21, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST".

UBS00H78

UBS00H77

## DTC P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058 HO2S2 HEATER

PFP:226A0

**Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION** 

UBS00H0N

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Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed	Heated oxygen sensor 2		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	heater control	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater	
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			

The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater corresponding to the engine speed, amount of intake air and engine coolant temperature.

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#### **OPERATION**

Engine speed rpm	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater	
Above 3,600	OFF	
Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.		
Engine: After warming up	ON	
<ul> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	ON	

## **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00ODP

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
	Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	OFF	
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.		
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	- Engine: After warming up	ON	
	<ul> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	O.V	

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H0P

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	K
P0037 0037 (Bank 1) P0057 0057 (Bank 2)	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater control circuit low	The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range.  (An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.)	Harness or connectors     (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is open or shorted.)     Heater oxygen sensor 2 heater	L
P0038 0038 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2	The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range.  (An excessively high voltage signal is sent to	(The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater	N
P0058 0058 (Bank 2)	heater control circuit high	ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.)	circuit is shorted.)  • Heater oxygen sensor 2 heater	

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H0Q

#### NOTE:

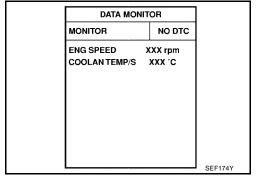
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10.5V and 16V at idle.

## (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start the engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 rpm and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <a href="EC-168">EC-168</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</a>



## **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

# Wiring Diagram BANK 1

UBS00H0R

## EC-O2H2B1-01

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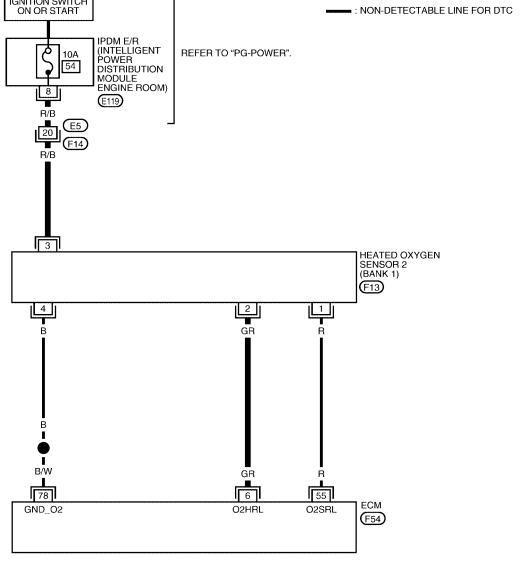
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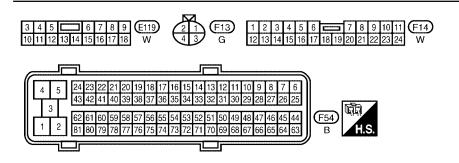
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

## **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

_		_		_
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
6	6 GR	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - 1.0V
			[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped [Engine is running]  • Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
55	R	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 0V

## **BANK 2**

## EC-O2H2B2-01

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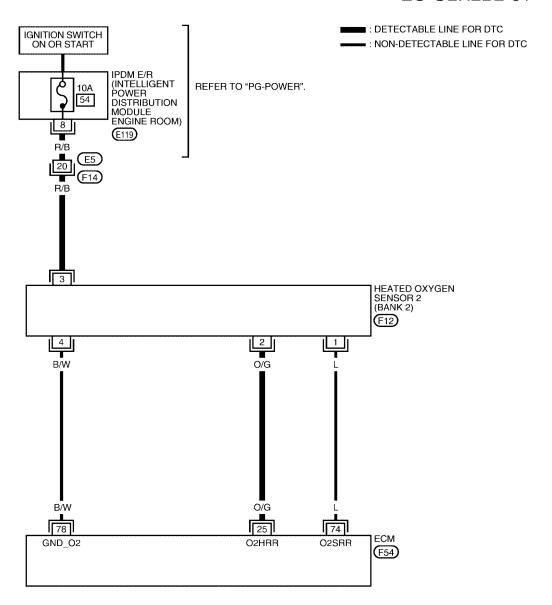
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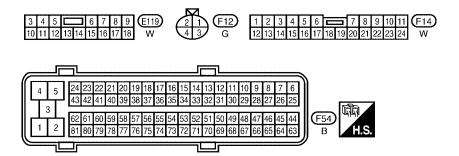
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

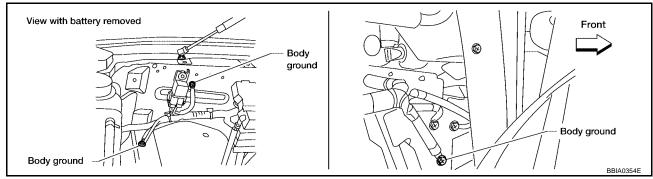
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
25	O/G	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - 1.0V
			<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>● Engine: Stopped</li> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>● Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm.</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
74	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	<ul> <li>Engine is running]</li> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 0V

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

UBS00H0S

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "<u>Ground Inspection</u>".



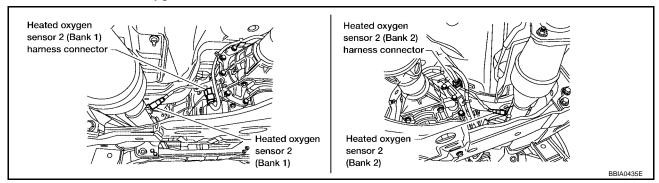
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK HO2S2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.

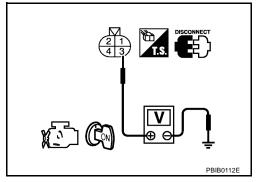


- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between HO2S2 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

## **Voltage: Battery voltage**

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- IPDM E/R connector E119
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between heated oxygen sensor 2 and fuse
  - >> Repair harness or connectors.

## 4. CHECK HO2S2 OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P0037, P0038	6	2	1
P0057, P0058	25	2	2

## Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. EC

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## 5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER

Refer to EC-170, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

## 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER

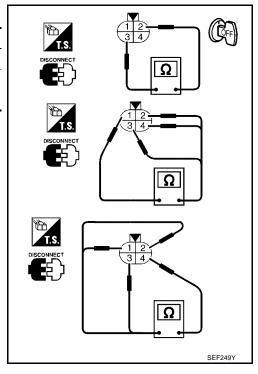
Check resistance between HO2S2 terminals as follows.

Terminal No.	Resistance
2 and 3	5.0 - 7.0 Ω at 25°C (77°F)
1 and 2, 3, 4	∞ Ω
4 and 1, 2, 3	(Continuity should not exist)

2. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



# Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EM-21, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

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UBS00H0T

## **DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR**

PFP:22680

## **Component Description**

UBS00H0V

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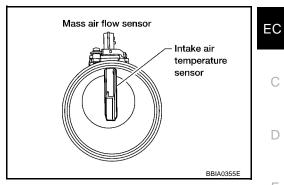
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The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. The mass air flow sensor controls the temperature of the hot wire to a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot wire is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss.

Therefore, the electric current supplied to the hot wire is changed to maintain the temperature of the hot wire as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.



## **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00H0W

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
MAS A/F SE-B1	See EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE".		
CAL/LD VALUE	Engine: After warming up	Idle	14% - 33%
	<ul><li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li><li>Selector lever: P or N</li><li>No load</li></ul>	2,500 rpm	12% - 25%
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	3.0 - 9.0 g·m/s
MASS AIRFLOW	<ul><li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li><li>Selector lever: P or N</li><li>No load</li></ul>	2,500 rpm	9.0 - 28.0 g·m/s

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

LIBSOOHOX

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name		DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	•'
				Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)	ŀ
		A)	A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM	Mass air flow sensor	
	,	under light load driving condition.	EVAP control system pressure sensor	l	
				Intake air temperature sensor	
P0101 0101	P0101 Mass air flow sensor circuit 0101 range/performance			Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)	1
		B) A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.	Intake air leaks		
			B)   = ===============================	Mass air flow sensor	
				EVAP control system pressure sensor	
				Intake air temperature sensor	

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBSOOHOY

## Perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A first.

If the DTC cannot be confirmed, perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

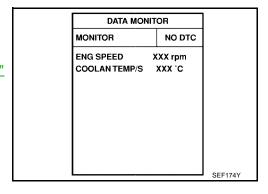
#### PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

#### NOTE:

If engine will not start or stops soon, wait at least 10 seconds with engine stopped (Ignition switch ON) instead of running engine at idle speed.

## (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <a href="EC-175">EC-175</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</a>



## **With GST**

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

#### PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

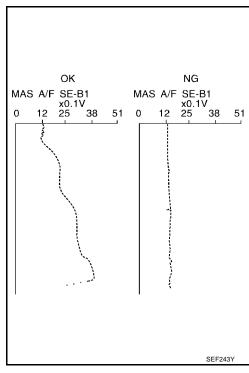
#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

  If engine cannot be started, go to EC-175, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Check the voltage of "MAS A/F SE-B1" with "DATA MONITOR".
- 5. Increases engine speed to about 4,000 rpm.
- Monitor the linear voltage rise in response to engine speed increases.
  - If NG, go to <u>EC-175, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If OK, go to following step.



Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	More than 2,000 rpm
THRTL SEN 1	More than 3V
THRTL SEN 2	More than 3V
Selector lever	Suitable position
Driving location	Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

8. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <a href="EC-175"><u>EC-175</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u></a>

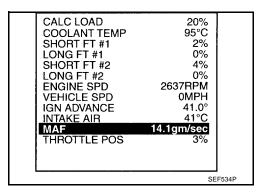
DATA MONITOR	3	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
VHCL SPEED SE XXX	xx v	
	РВ	IB0199E

# Overall Function Check PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the mass air flow sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

## **With GST**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select Service \$01 with GST.
- 3. Check the mass air flow sensor signal with Service \$01.
- 4. Check for linear mass air flow sensor signal value rise in response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- 5. If NG, go to EC-175, "Diagnostic Procedure".



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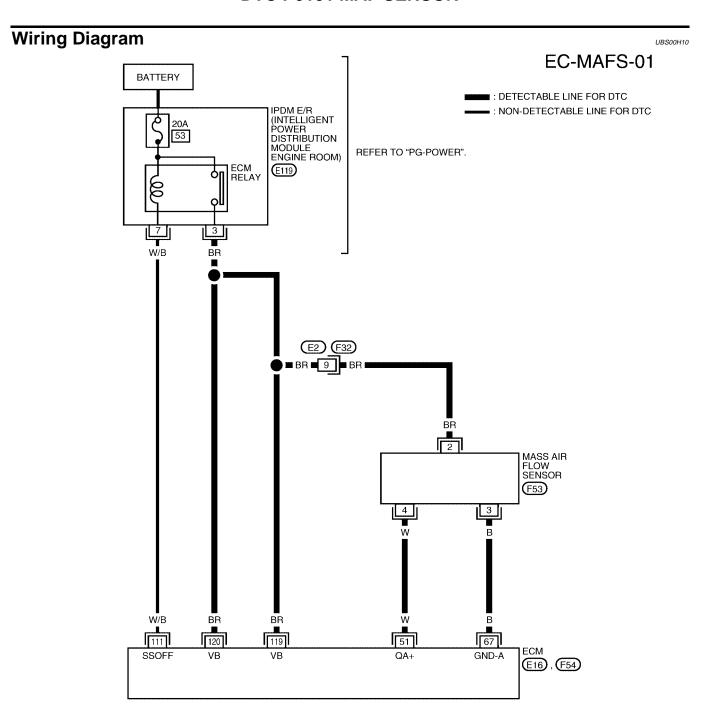
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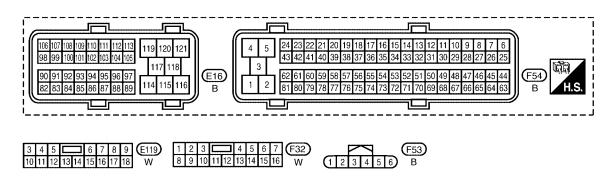
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
			[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	1.0 - 1.3V	_ C
51	W	Mass air flow sensor	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed: 2,500 rpm.</li></ul>	1.7 - 2.1V	D
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running]  ■ Warm-up condition  ■ Idle speed	Approximately 0V	_ E
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF]  • For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V	– F G
	(Con shat on)	(Sell Silut-Oil)	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	Н
119 120	BR BR	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. INSPECTION START

Which malfunction (A or B) is duplicated?

#### A or B

Α >> GO TO 3.

В >> GO TO 2.

# 2. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check the following for connection.

- Air duct
- Vacuum hoses
- Intake air passage between air duct to intake manifold

## OK or NG

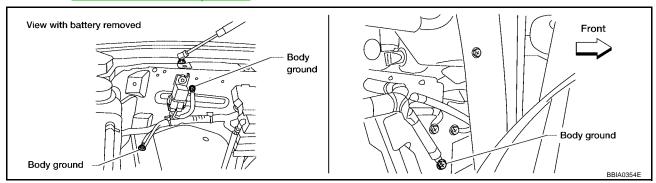
OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Reconnect the parts. UBS00H11

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# 3. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



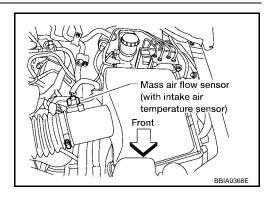
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

## 4. CHECK MAF SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect mass air flow (MAF) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

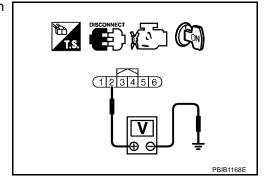


3. Check voltage between MAF sensor terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



## 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and mass air flow sensor
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM
  - >> Repair harness or connectors.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
<ol> <li>Disconnect ECM harness connector.</li> <li>Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	E
Continuity should exist.	
4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	,
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 7.  NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	
7. CHECK MAF SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	
Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 4 and ECM terminal 51.	
Refer to Wiring Diagram.	
Continuity should exist.	
<ol><li>Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.</li></ol> OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 8.	
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	
8. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR	'
Refer to EC-191, "Component Inspection".	
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 9.  NG >> Replace intake air temperature sensor.	
9. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR	
Refer to EC-404, "Component Inspection".  OK or NG	
OK	
NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.	
10. check mass air flow sensor	
Refer to EC-178, "Component Inspection".	
OK or NG	
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor.	

Refer to  $\underline{\sf EC\text{-}144}$  , "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

## >> INSPECTION END

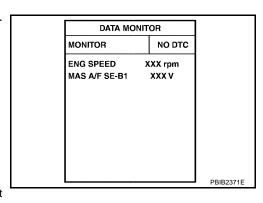
# Component Inspection MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

#### UBS00H12

## (P) With CONSULT-II

- Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Connect CONSULT-II and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.
- Select "MAS A/F SE-B1" and check indication under the following conditions.

Condition	MAS A/F SE-B1 (V)
Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 0.4
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.0 - 1.3
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.7 - 2.1
Idle to about 4,000 rpm	1.0 - 1.3 to Approx. 2.4*



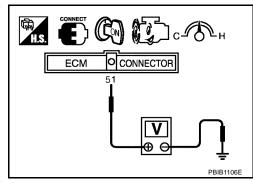
<sup>\*:</sup> Check for linear voltage rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.

- 5. If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.
- a. Check for the cause of uneven air flow through mass air flow sensor. Refer to following.
  - Crushed air ducts
  - Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element
  - Uneven dirt of air cleaner element
  - Improper specification of intake air system parts
- b. If NG, repair or replace malfunctioning part and perform step 2 to 4 again. If OK, go to next step.
- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 7. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
- 8. Perform step 2 to 4 again.
- 9. If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.

## **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check voltage between ECM terminal 51 (Mass air flow sensor signal) and ground.

Condition	MAS A/F SE-B1 (V)
Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 0.4
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.0 - 1.3
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.7 - 2.1
Idle to about 4,000 rpm	1.0 - 1.3 to Approx. 2.4*



- \*: Check for linear voltage rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.
- 4. If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.
- a. Check for the cause of uneven air flow through mass air flow sensor. Refer to following.
  - Crushed air ducts
  - Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element
  - Uneven dirt of air cleaner element
  - Improper specification of intake air system parts

- b. If NG, repair or replace malfunctioning part and perform step 2 to 3 again. If OK, go to next step.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 6. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
- 7. Perform step 2 and 3 again.
- 8. If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.

# Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EM-15, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .

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## DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

## DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

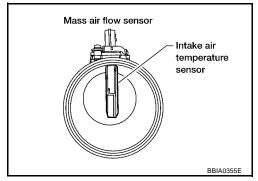
PFP:22680

UBS00H14

## **Component Description**

The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. The mass air flow sensor controls the temperature of the hot wire to a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot wire is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss.

Therefore, the electric current supplied to the hot wire is changed to maintain the temperature of the hot wire as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.



## **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00H15

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
MAS A/F SE-B1	See EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE".		
CAL/LD VALUE	Engine: After warming up	Idle	14% - 33%
	<ul><li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li><li>Selector lever: P or N</li><li>No load</li></ul>	2,500 rpm	12% - 25%
MASS AIRFLOW	Engine: After warming up	Idle	3.0 - 9.0 g·m/s
	<ul><li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li><li>Selector lever: P or N</li><li>No load</li></ul>	2,500 rpm	9.0 - 28.0 g·m/s

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H16

## These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0102 0102	Mass air flow sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Intake air leaks</li> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>
P0103 0103	Mass air flow sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)     Mass air flow sensor

#### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode
Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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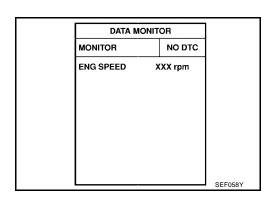
#### NOTE

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0102

### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-183, "Diagnostic Procedure".



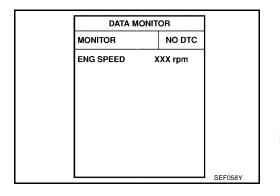
## **With GST**

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

#### PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0103

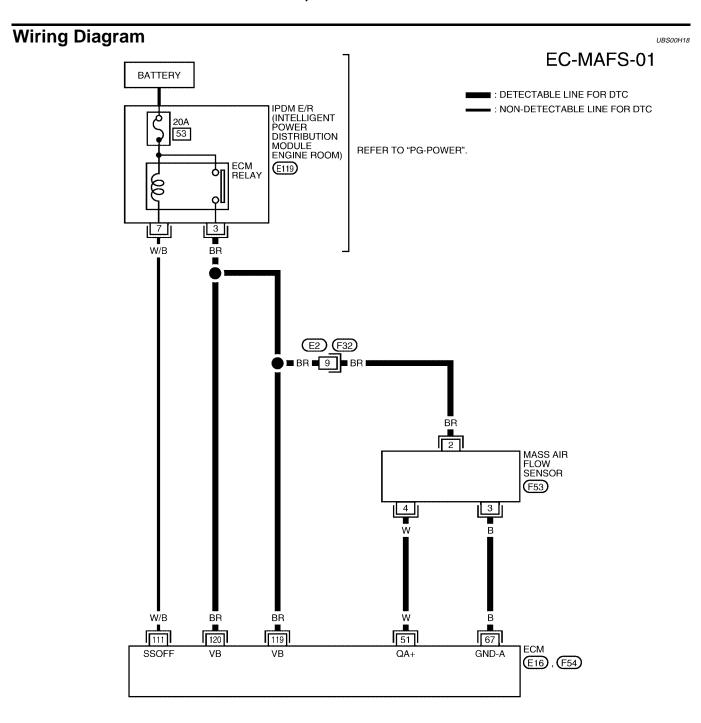
#### (P) With CONSULT-II

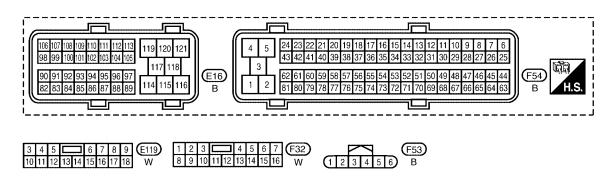
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- If DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-183</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".
   If DTC is not detected, go to next step.
- 5. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 6. If DTC is detected, go to EC-183, "Diagnostic Procedure".



#### **With GST**

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
			[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	1.0 - 1.3V	_ C
51	W	Mass air flow sensor	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed: 2,500 rpm.</li></ul>	1.7 - 2.1V	D
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running]  ■ Warm-up condition  ■ Idle speed	Approximately 0V	_ E
111 W/B	W/B	B ECM relay (Self shut-off)	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF]  • For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V	– F G
			<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	Н
119 120	BR BR	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. INSPECTION START

Which malfunction (P0102 or P0103) is duplicated?

P0102 or P0103

P0102 >> GO TO 2.

P0103 >> GO TO 3.

# 2. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check the following for connection.

- Air duct
- Vacuum hoses
- Intake air passage between air duct to intake manifold

## OK or NG

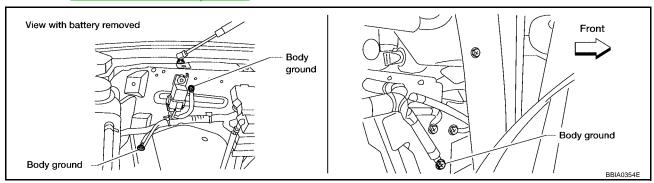
OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Reconnect the parts. UBS00H19

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# 3. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



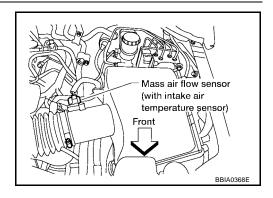
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# $4.\,$ check maf sensor power supply circuit

- 1. Disconnect mass air flow (MAF) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

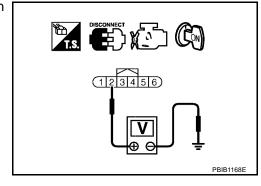


3. Check voltage between MAF sensor terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



# 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and mass air flow sensor
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM
  - >> Repair harness or connectors.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
<ol><li>Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li></ol>	EC
Continuity should exist.	С
<ol> <li>Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.</li> <li>OK or NG</li> </ol>	
OK >> GO TO 7.  NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	D
7. CHECK MAF SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	Е
<ol> <li>Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 4 and ECM terminal 51. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	
Continuity should exist.	F
<ol><li>Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.</li><li>OK or NG</li></ol>	G
OK >> GO TO 8.  NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	
8. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR	Н
Refer to EC-186, "Component Inspection" .  OK or NG	1
OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor.	J
9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	Ü
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	K
INODECTION END	
>> INSPECTION END	

Revision: November 2009 **EC-185** 2006 QX56

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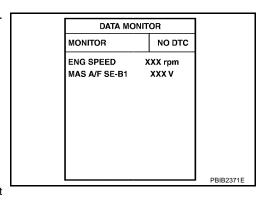
# Component Inspection MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

#### UBS00H1A

### (P) With CONSULT-II

- Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Connect CONSULT-II and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.
- 4. Select "MAS A/F SE-B1" and check indication under the following conditions.

Condition	MAS A/F SE-B1 (V)
Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 0.4
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.0 - 1.3
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.7 - 2.1
Idle to about 4,000 rpm	1.0 - 1.3 to Approx. 2.4*



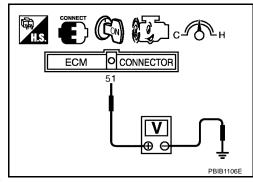
<sup>\*:</sup> Check for linear voltage rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.

- 5. If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.
- a. Check for the cause of uneven air flow through mass air flow sensor. Refer to following.
  - Crushed air ducts
  - Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element
  - Uneven dirt of air cleaner element
  - Improper specification of intake air system parts
- b. If NG, repair or replace malfunctioning part and perform step 2 to 4 again. If OK, go to next step.
- 6. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 7. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
- 8. Perform step 2 to 4 again.
- 9. If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.

#### **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check voltage between ECM terminal 51 (Mass air flow sensor signal) and ground.

Condition	MAS A/F SE-B1 (V)
Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 0.4
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.0 - 1.3
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.7 - 2.1
Idle to about 4,000 rpm	1.0 - 1.3 to Approx. 2.4*



- \*: Check for linear voltage rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.
- 4. If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.
- a. Check for the cause of uneven air flow through mass air flow sensor. Refer to following.
  - Crushed air ducts
  - Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element
  - Uneven dirt of air cleaner element
  - Improper specification of intake air system parts

- b. If NG, repair or replace malfunctioning part and perform step 2 to 3 again. If OK, go to next step.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 6. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
- 7. Perform step 2 and 3 again.
- 8. If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.

# Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EM-15, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .

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## **DTC P0112, P0113 IAT SENSOR**

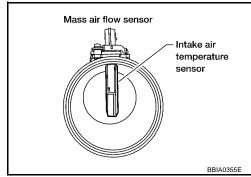
PFP:22630

UBS00H1C

# **Component Description**

The intake air temperature sensor is built-into mass air flow sensor. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the FCM

The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.



#### <Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
25 (77)	3.3	1.800 - 2.200
80 (176)	1.2	0.283 - 0.359

<sup>\*:</sup> This data is reference value and is measured between ECM terminal 34 (Intake air temperature sensor) and ground.

# 

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H1D

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0112 0112	Intake air temperature sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
P0113 0113	Intake air temperature sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Intake air temperature sensor

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H1E

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Wait at least 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-190, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXXX rpm

SEF058Y

#### **® WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

**Wiring Diagram** 

BS00H1F

# EC-IATS-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
: NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC

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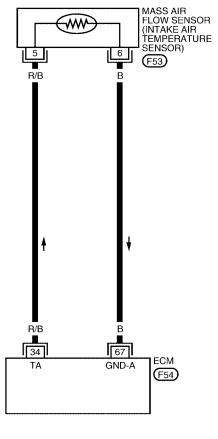
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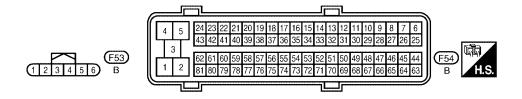
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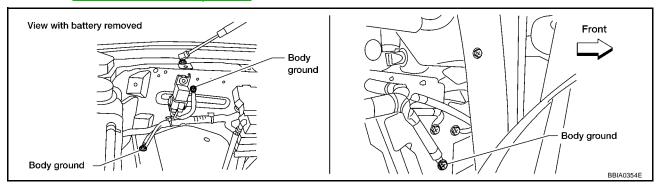
BBWA0879E

# **DTC P0112, P0113 IAT SENSOR**

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



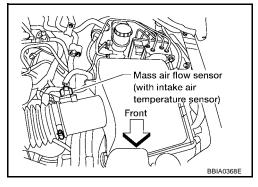
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect mass air flow sensor (intake air temperature sensor is built-into) harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.



UBS00H1G

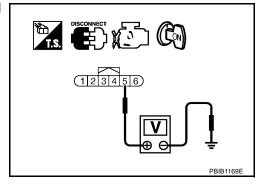
3. Check voltage between mass air flow sensor terminal 5 and ground.

### **Voltage: Approximately 5V**

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair harness or connectors.



## **DTC P0112, P0113 IAT SENSOR**

# 3. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between mass air flow sensor terminal 6 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 4. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-191, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).

# 5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

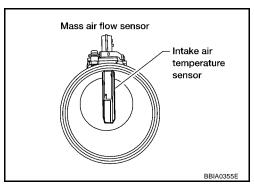
#### >> INSPECTION END

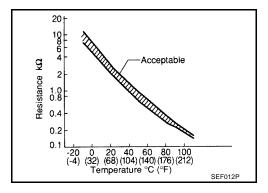
# Component Inspection INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Check resistance between mass air flow sensor terminals 5 and 6 under the following conditions.

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
25 (77)	1.800 - 2.200

2. If NG, replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).





# Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EM-15, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT".

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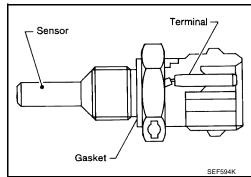
Revision: November 2009 EC-191 2006 QX56

PFP:22630

UBS00H1J

# **Component Description**

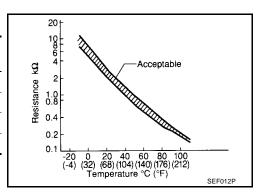
The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.



#### <Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

<sup>\*:</sup> This data is reference value and is measured between ECM terminal 73 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.



#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H1K

### These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
P0117 0117	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Engine coolant temperature sensor</li> </ul>
P0118 0118	Engine coolant temperature sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	

#### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode			
	Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turning ignition so or START.  CONSULT-II displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.			
	Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)		
Engine coolant temper-	Just as ignition switch is turned ON or START	40°C (104°F)		
ature sensor circuit	More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or START	80°C (176°F)		
	Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)		
	When the fail-safe system for engine coolant tempera while engine is running.	ature sensor is activated, the cooling fan operates		

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

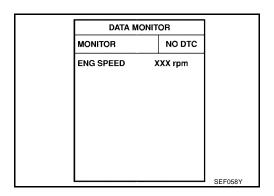
UBS00H1L

#### NOTE

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

# WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-195, "Diagnostic Procedure".



## **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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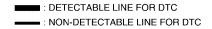
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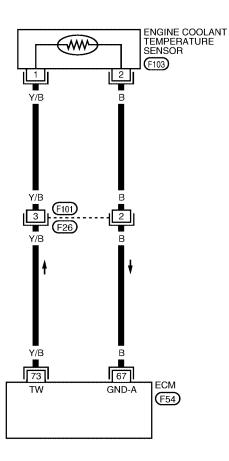
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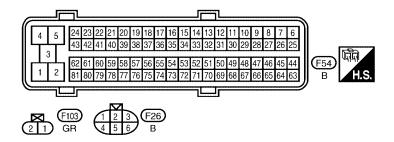
**Wiring Diagram** 

UBS00H1M

# EC-ECTS-01





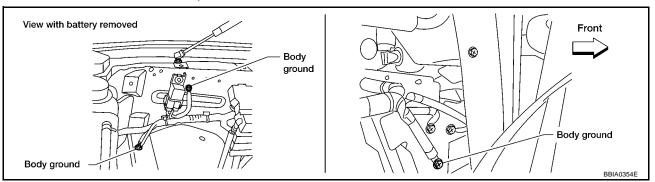


BBWA1676E

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



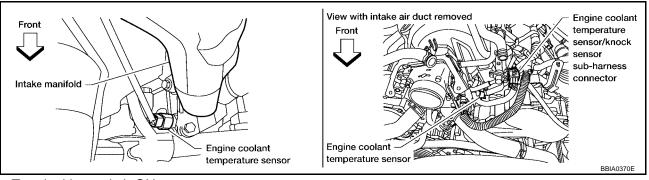
### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK ECT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor harness connector.

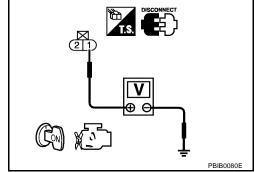


- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between ECT sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Approximately 5V**

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING RART

Check the following.

- Harness connector F26, F101
- Harness for open or short between ECM and engine coolant temperature sensor
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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# 4. CHECK ECT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECT sensor terminal 2 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### **Continuity should exist.**

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

# 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connector F26, F101
- Harness for open and short between ECT sensor and ECM
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 6. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-196, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

# 7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

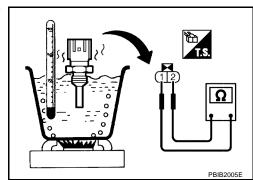
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

GINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

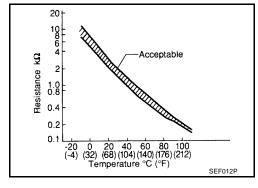
1. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals 1 and 2 as shown in the figure.



UBS00H1O

<reference data=""></reference>	
Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

<sup>2.</sup> If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.



UBS00H1P

# Removal and Installation ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EM-63, "CYLINDER HEAD".

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## **DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR**

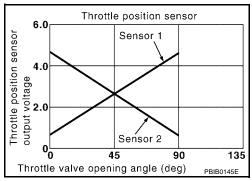
PFP:16119

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# **Component Description**

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



## **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00H1R

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
THRTL SEN 1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
THRTL SEN 2*	(Engine stopped)  • Selector lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

<sup>\*:</sup> Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00H1S

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0122 0122	Throttle position sensor 2 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the TP sensor 2 is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors     (TP sensor 2 circuit is open or shorted.)
P0123 0123	Throttle position sensor 2 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the TP sensor 2 is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>(APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 2)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 2)</li> </ul>

#### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

So, the acceleration will be poor.

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

# **DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR**

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H1T

#### NOTE

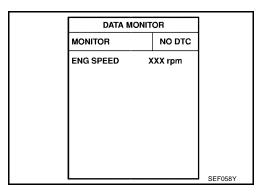
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8V at idle.

## (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-201, "Diagnostic Procedure".



## **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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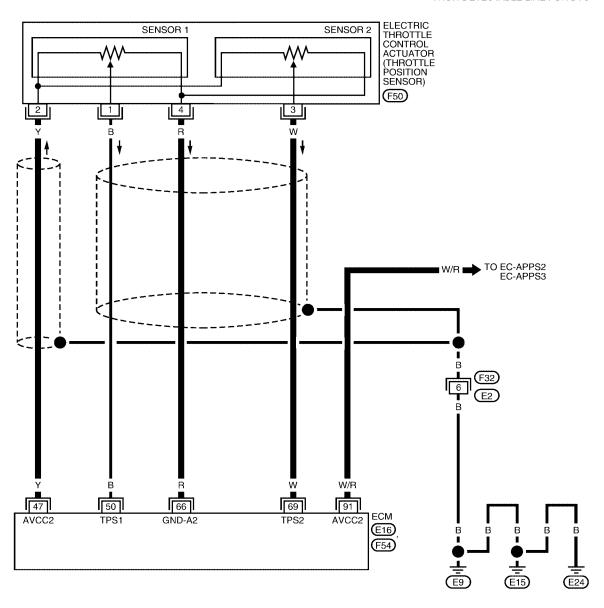
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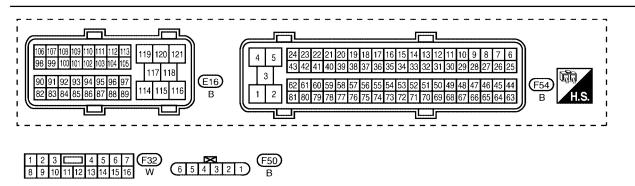
**Wiring Diagram** 

UBS00H1U

# EC-TPS2-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
: NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





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# **DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

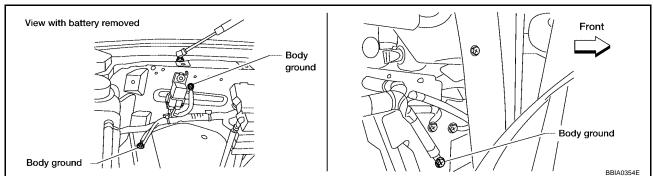
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	Υ	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
		<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Selector lever: D</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li></ul>	More than 0.36V	
50	В	Throttle position sensor 1	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Selector lever: D</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li></ul>	Less than 4.75V
66	R	Sensor ground (Throttle position sensor)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
69		W Throttle position sensor 2	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Selector lever: D</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li></ul>	Less than 4.75V
OS VV	VV		<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Selector ever: D</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li></ul>	More than 0.36V
91	W/R	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

**EC-201** Revision: November 2009 2006 QX56

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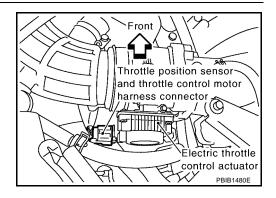
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# 2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

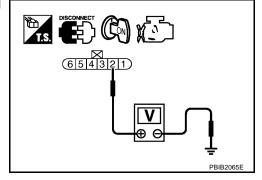


3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

### **Voltage: Approximately 5V**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 2 and ECM terminal 47. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace open circuit.

# 4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
47	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 2	<u>EC-200</u>
91	APP sensor terminal 6	<u>EC-569</u>

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 5. CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-574, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 6.

## **DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR**

# 6. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY 1. Replace the accelerator pedal assembly. 2. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning". EC 3. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning". 4. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning". >> INSPECTION END 7. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT 1. Turn ignition switch OFF. 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector. 3. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 4 and ECM terminal 66. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. $8.\,$ check throttle position sensor 2 input signal circuit for open and short Н Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 69 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 9. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR Refer to EC-204, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 10. M 10. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator. 2. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning". 3. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning". >> INSPECTION END 11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

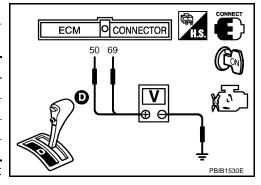
# **DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR**

# Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

UBS00H1W

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Set selector lever to D position.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 50 (TP sensor 1 signal),
   (TP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
50	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
69	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
(Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V



- If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
- 7. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 8. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

## Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

UBS00H1X

### **DTC P0125 ECT SENSOR**

### **DTC P0125 ECT SENSOR**

PFP:22630

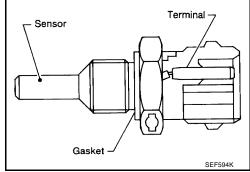
# **Component Description**

UBS00H1Y

#### NOTE:

If DTC P0125 is displayed with P0117 or P0118, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0117 or P0118. Refer to <u>EC-192, "DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR"</u>.

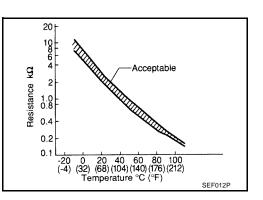
The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.



#### <Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

<sup>\*:</sup> This data is reference value and is measured between ECM terminal 73 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.



#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0125 0125	Insufficient engine coolant temperature for closed loop fuel control	<ul> <li>Voltage sent to ECM from the sensor is not practical, even when some time has passed after starting the engine.</li> <li>Engine coolant temperature is insufficient for closed loop fuel control.</li> </ul>	Harness or connectors     (High resistance in the circuit)     Engine coolant temperature sensor     Thermostat

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## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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#### **CAUTION:**

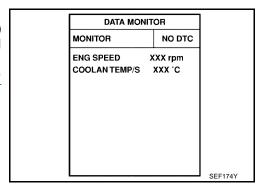
Be careful not to overheat engine.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Check that "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 10°C (50°F). If it is above 10°C (50°F), the test result will be OK. If it is below 10°C (50°F), go to following step.
- Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed.
   If "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-206, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>



## **WITH GST**

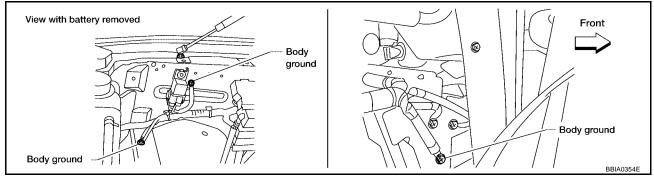
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00H21

## 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-207, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

## **DTC P0125 ECT SENSOR**

# 3. CHECK THERMOSTAT OPERATION

When the engine is cold [lower than 70°C (158°F)] condition, grasp lower radiator hose and confirm the engine coolant does not flow.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace thermostat. Refer to CO-21, "THERMOSTAT AND WATER PIPING".

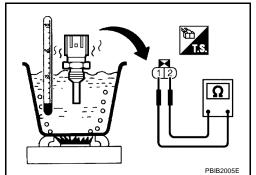
# 4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to <u>EC-144</u>, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" . Refer to <u>EC-194</u>, "Wiring Diagram" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

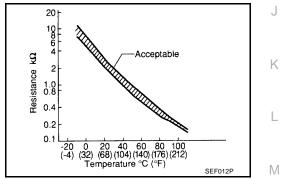
1. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals 1 and 2 as shown in the figure.



#### <Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

2. If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.



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UBS00H22

# Removal and Installation ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to CO-21, "THERMOSTAT AND WATER PIPING".

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### **DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR**

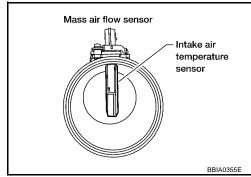
PFP:22630

UBS00H24

# **Component Description**

The intake air temperature sensor is built into mass air flow sensor. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the FCM

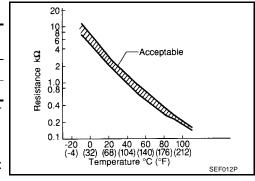
The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.



#### <Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
25 (77)	3.3	1.800 - 2.200
80 (176)	1.2	0.283 - 0.359

<sup>\*:</sup> This data is reference value and is measured between ECM terminal 34 (Intake air temperature sensor) and ground.



#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H25

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0127 0127	Intake air temperature too high	Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signal from engine coolant temperature sensor.	<ul><li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li><li>Intake air temperature sensor</li></ul>

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H26

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F)
- Turn ignition switch ON.

## **DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR**

- b. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- c. Check the engine coolant temperature.
- d. If the engine coolant temperature is not less than 90°C (194°F), turn ignition switch OFF and cool down engine.
  - Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above 90°C (194°F).
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Start engine.
- 5. Hold vehicle speed at more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) for 100 consecutive seconds.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-209, "Diagnostic Procedure".

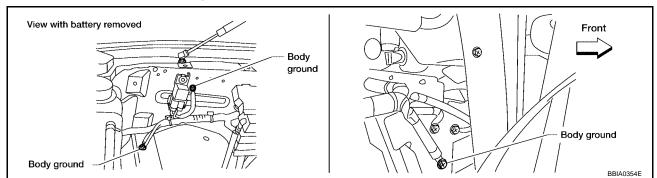
## **® WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "<u>Ground Inspection</u>".



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-210, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

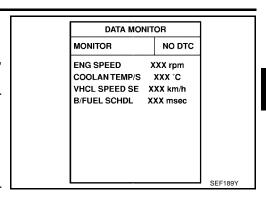
OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).

# 3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to <u>EC-144</u>, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" . Refer to EC-189, "Wiring Diagram" .

#### >> INSPECTION END



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## **DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR**

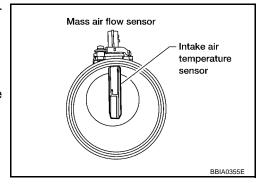
# Component Inspection INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

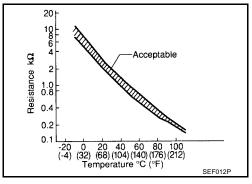
UBS00H28

1. Check resistance between intake air temperature sensor terminals 5 and 6 under the following conditions.

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
25 (77)	1.800 - 2.200

2. If NG, replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).





# Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

UBS00H29

Refer to EM-15, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT".

## **DTC P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION**

## **DTC P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION**

PFP:21200

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

LIBS00H2A

Engine coolant temperature has not risen enough to open the thermostat even though the engine has run long enough.

This is due to a leak in the seal or the thermostat stuck open.

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DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0128 0128	Thermostat function	The engine coolant temperature does not reach to specified temperature even though the engine has run long enough.	<ul> <li>Thermostat</li> <li>Leakage from sealing portion of thermostat</li> <li>Engine coolant temperature sensor</li> </ul>

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H2B

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- For best results, perform at ambient temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.
- For best results, perform at engine coolant temperature of -10°C (14°F) to 60°C (140°F).

### WITH CONSULT-II

- Replace thermostat with new one. Refer to CO-21, "THERMOSTAT AND WATER PIPING". Use only a genuine NISSAN thermostat as a replacement. If an incorrect thermostat is used, the MIL may come on.
- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Check that the "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 60°C (140°F). If it is below 60°C (140°F), go to following step. If it is above 60°C (140°F), cool down the engine to less than 60°C (140°F), then retry from step 1.
- 5. Drive vehicle for 10 consecutive minutes under the following conditions.

**VHCL SPEED SE** 80 - 120 km/h (50 - 75 MPH)

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-211, "Diagnostic Procedure"

#### WITH GST

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Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

# Diagnostic Procedure

## 1. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

Refer to EC-212, "Component Inspection".

NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

**EC-211** Revision: November 2009 2006 QX56

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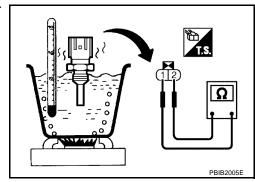
UBS00H2C

## **DTC P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION**

# Component Inspection ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

UBS00H2D

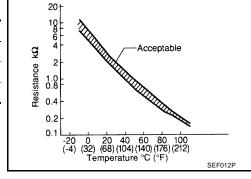
1. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals as shown in the figure.



#### <Reference data>

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.0
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260

2. If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.



UBS00H2E

# Removal and Installation ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to CO-21, "THERMOSTAT AND WATER PIPING" .

## DTC P0130, P0150 A/F SENSOR 1

#### PFP:22693

# **Component Description**

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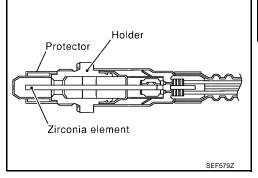
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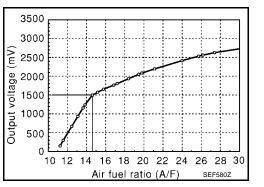
The air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor 1 is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement  $\lambda$  = 1, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide  $\lambda$  range (0.7 <  $\lambda$  < air).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.

An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygen-pump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at  $\lambda$  = 1. Therefore, the A/F sensor 1 is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).





## **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00HA8

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

BS00HA9

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal fluctuates according to fuel feedback control.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause	L	
P0130 0130 (Bank 1)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F	(The A/F se	Harness or connectors     (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.)	M
P0150 0150 (Bank 2)	circuit	sensor 1 signal is constantly approx. 1.5V.	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1		

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

### UBS00HAA

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Check "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" indication.

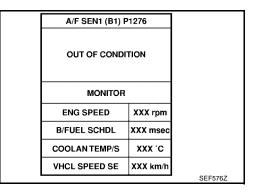
## **DTC P0130, P0150 A/F SENSOR 1**

If the indication is constantly approx. 1.5V and does not fluctuates, go to <u>EC-219</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>" . If the indication fluctuates around 1.5V, go to next step.

- 4. Select "A/F SEN1 (B1) P1276" (for DTC P0130) or "A/F SEN1 (B2) P1286" (for DTC P0150) of "A/F SEN1" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Touch "START".
- When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen.

ENG SPEED	850 - 3,200 rpm
Vehicle speed	More than 64 km/h (40 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.0 - 8.0 msec
Selector lever	D position

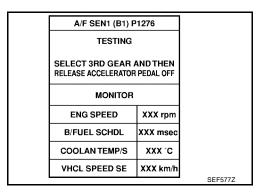
If "TESTING" is not displayed after 20 seconds, retry from step 2.



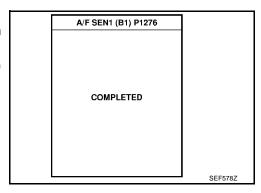
7. Release accelerator pedal fully.

#### NOTE:

Never apply brake during releasing the accelerator pedal.



- 8. Make sure that "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". If "TESTING" changed to "OUT OF CONDITION", retry from step 6.
- Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULT".
  - If "NG" is displayed, go to EC-219, "Diagnostic Procedure".



### **Overall Function Check**

UBS00HAB

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the A/F sensor 1 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

#### **WITH GST**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Drive the vehicle at a speed of 80 km/h (50 MPH) for a few minutes in the suitable gear position.
- 3. Set D position, then release the accelerator pedal fully until the vehicle speed decreases to 50 km/h (30 MPH).

#### NOTE:

Never apply brake during releasing the accelerator pedal.

- 4. Repeat steps 2 to 3 for five times.
- 5. Stop the vehicle and turn ignition switch OFF.
- 6. Wait at least 10 seconds and restart engine.
- 7. Repeat steps 2 to 3 for five times.

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# DTC P0130, P0150 A/F SENSOR 1

- 8. Stop the vehicle and connect GST to the vehicle.
- Make sure that no DTC is displayed.
   If the DTC is displayed, go to <u>EC-219</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".

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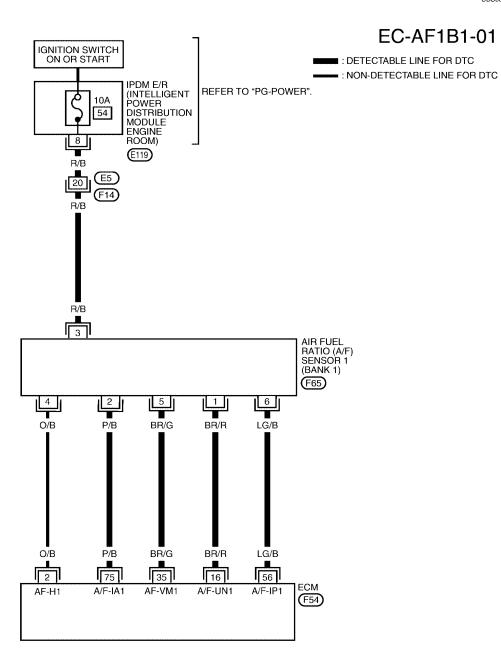
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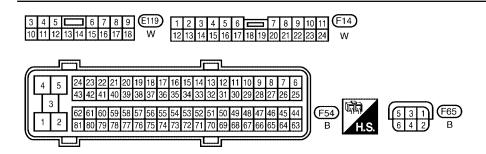
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# Wiring Diagram BANK 1

UBS00HAC





BBWA2111E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	O/B	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 1)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  → 10.0V/Div 10 ms/Div T  PBIB1584E
16	BR/R			Approximately 3.1V
35	BR/G	A/F sensor 1 (honk 1)	[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.6V
56	LG/B	A/F sensor 1 (bank 1)	<ul><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 2.3V
75	P/B	1		Approximately 2.3V

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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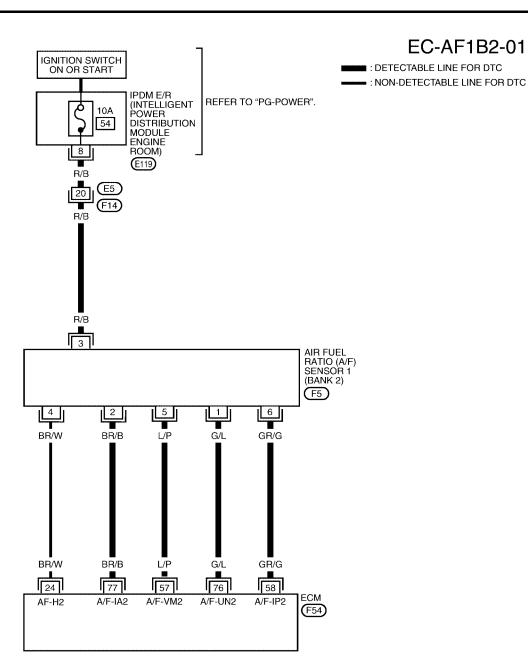
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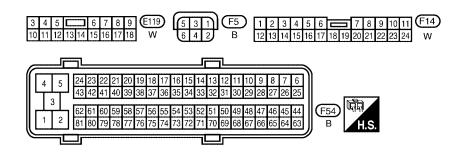
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### **BANK 2**





BBWA2112E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

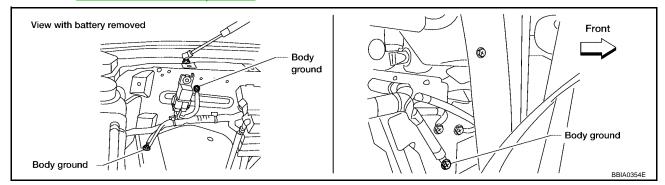
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	BR/W	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 2)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  ≥ 10.0V/D/v 10 ms/D/v T  PBIB1584E
57	L/P		·	Approximately 2.6V
58	GR/G	A/E consor 1 (bank 2)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 2.3V
76	G/L	A/F sensor 1 (bank 2)		Approximately 3.1V
77	BR/B			Approximately 2.3V

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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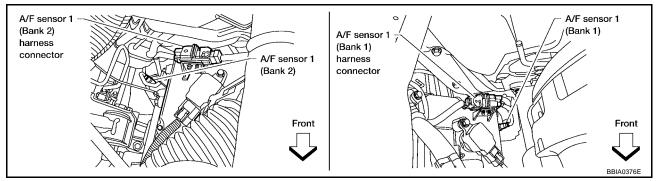
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## $2. \ \mathsf{CHECK} \ \mathsf{AIR} \ \mathsf{FUEL} \ \mathsf{RATIO} \ \mathsf{(A/F)} \ \mathsf{SENSOR} \ \mathsf{1} \ \mathsf{POWER} \ \mathsf{SUPPLY} \ \mathsf{CIRCUIT}$

Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.

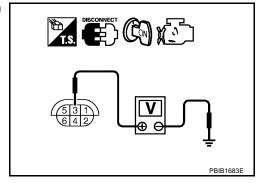


- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



## 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- IPDM E/R harness connector E119
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

## 4. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between A/F sensor 1 terminal and ECM terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
	1	16
Bank1	2	75
Danki	5	35
	6	56
	1	76
Bank 2	2	77
Dailk 2	5	57
	6	58

### Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bai	nk 1	Bai	nk 2
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
1	16	1	76
2	75	2	77
5	35	5	57
6	56	6	58

### Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair or replace.

## 6. REPLACE AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Replace air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.

#### CAUTION:

- Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m
   (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor, clean exhaust system threads (using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12) and approved anti-seize lubricant.

### >> INSPECTION END

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# Removal and Installation AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

UBS00HAE

Refer to EM-21, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST"

PFP:22693

### **Component Description**

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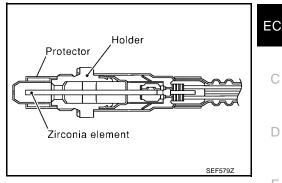
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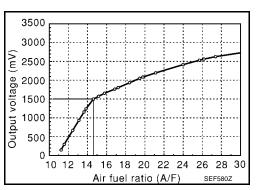
The air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor 1 is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement  $\lambda$  = 1, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide  $\lambda$  range (0.7 <  $\lambda$  < air).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.

An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygen-pump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at  $\lambda$  = 1. Therefore, the A/F sensor 1 is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).





### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00H9G

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	SPECIFICATION	
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

JBS00H9H

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is not inordinately low.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause	
P0131 0131 (Bank 1)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	The A/F signal computed by ECM from the	Harness or connectors     (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or	ľ
P0151 0151 (Bank 2)	circuit low voltage	A/F sensor 1 signal is constantly approx. 0V.	shorted.)  • Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

LIBSOOH9I

### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR

Check "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" indication. If the indication is constantly approx. 0V, go to EC-228, "Diagnostic Procedure".

- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

4.	If the indication is not constantly approx. 0V, go to next step.  Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then restart engine.			ENG SPEED COOLAN TEMP/S A/F SEN1 (B1)	XXX V XXX .C	
5.	Drive and accelerate within 20 seconds after	rehicle to more than 40 km/h (25 MPH) restarting engine.				
6.	. Maintain the following conditions for about 20 consecutive seconds.					
_	10 00550	4.000 0.000				SEF581Z
Εľ	NG SPEED	1,000 - 3,200 rpm				
VH	ICL SPEED SE	More than 40 km/h (25 MPH)				

ENG SPEED	1,000 - 3,200 rpm
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 40 km/h (25 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.5 - 9.0 msec
Gear position	Suitable position

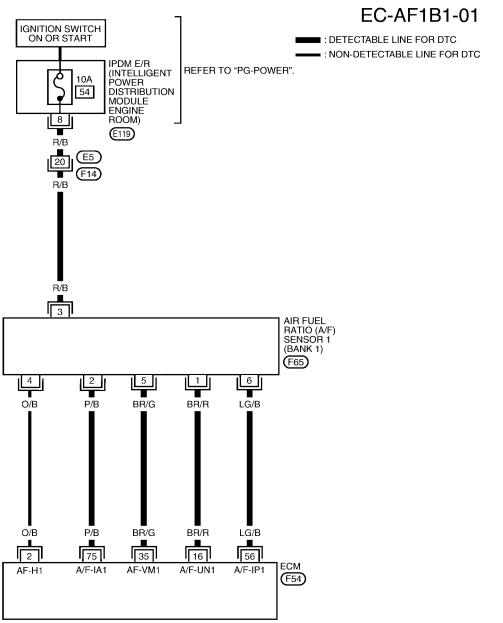
### NOTE:

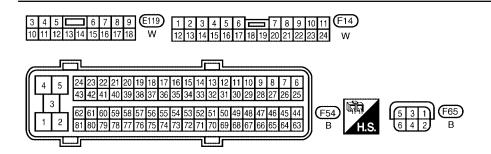
- Keep the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during the cruising.
- If this procedure is not completed within 1 minute after restarting engine at step 4, return to step
- 7. If 1st trip DTC is displayed, go to EC-228, "Diagnostic Procedure".

### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

# Wiring Diagram BANK 1





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

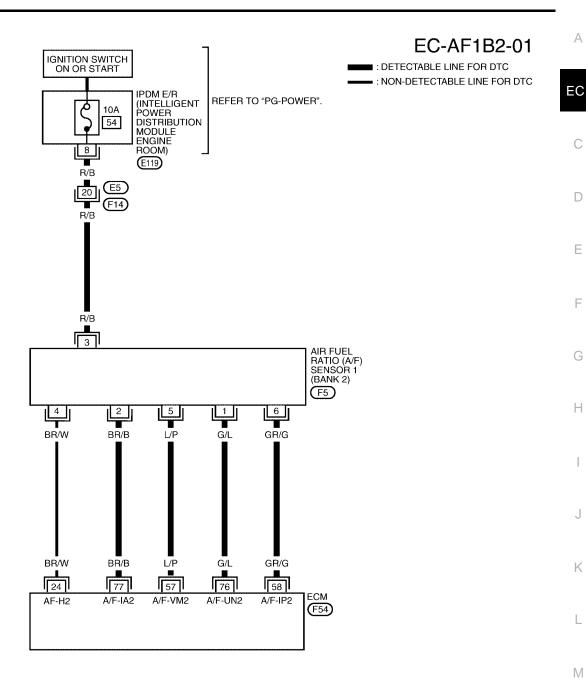
### **CAUTION:**

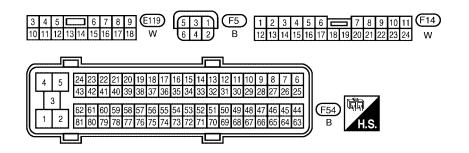
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	O/B	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 1)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  → 10.0V/Div 10 ms/Div T  PBIB1584E
16	BR/R		[Engine is running]	Approximately 3.1V
35	BR/G	A/F sensor 1 (bank 1)		Approximately 2.6V
56	LG/B	AVE SELISOL I (DALIK I)	Warm-up condition     Idle speed	Approximately 2.3V
75	P/B		2 3	Approximately 2.3V

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

### **BANK 2**





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	BR/W	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 2)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  → 10.0V/Div 10 ms/Div T  PBIB1584E
57	L/P		[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.6V
58	GR/G	A/F sensor 1 (bank 2)		Approximately 2.3V
76	G/L	ANT SELISOF I (Dalik 2)	Warm-up condition     Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V
77	BR/B		• Iule speeu	Approximately 2.3V

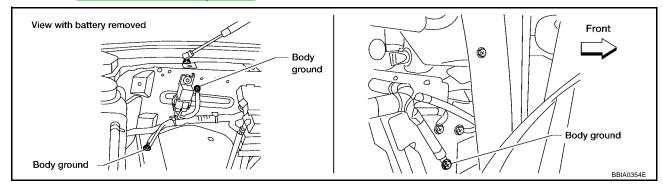
<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00H9K

## 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "<u>Ground Inspection</u>".



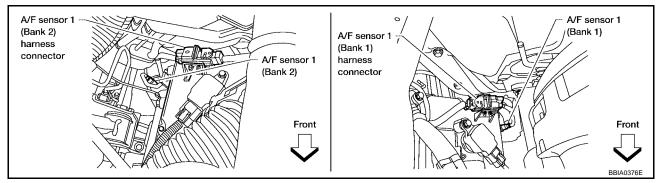
### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

## 2. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.

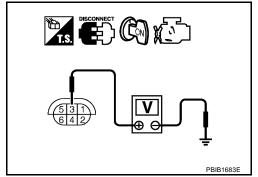


- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

**Voltage: Battery voltage** 

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



## 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- IPDM E/R harness connector E119
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse
  - >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

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## 4. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between A/F sensor 1 terminal and ECM terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
	1	16
Bank1	2	75
Danki	5	35
	6	56
	1	76
Bank 2	2	77
Dalik Z	5	57
	6	58

### Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Ba	nk 1	Bank 2		
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	
1	16	1	76	
2	75	2	77	
5	35	5	57	
6	56	6	58	

### Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair or replace.

## 6. REPLACE AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Replace air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.

#### CALITION:

- Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor, clean exhaust system threads (using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12) and approved anti-seize lubricant.

### >> INSPECTION END

## Removal and Installation AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

UBS00H9L

Refer to EM-21, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

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PFP:22693

UBS00H9M

## **Component Description**

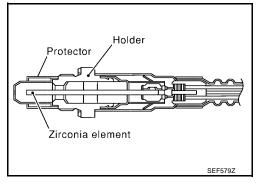
The air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor 1 is the combination of a

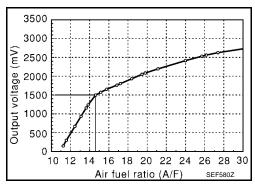
Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement  $\lambda = 1$ , but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide  $\lambda$  range (0.7 <  $\lambda$  + oir)

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.

An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygen-pump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at  $\lambda$  = 1. Therefore, the A/F sensor 1 is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).





### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00H9N

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5V

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

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To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is not inordinately high.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause
P0132 0132 (Bank 1)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F	Harness or connectors     (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or
P0132 0132 (Bank 2)	circuit high voltage	sensor 1 signal is constantly approx. 5V.	shorted.)  • Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

LIBSOOHOP

### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

Check "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" indication.
 If the indication is constantly approx. 5V, go to <u>EC-237</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure".

If the indication is not constantly approx. 5V, go to next step.

- 4. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then restart engine.
- 5. Drive and accelerate vehicle to more than 40 km/h (25 MPH) within 20 seconds after restarting engine.
- Maintain the following conditions for about 20 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,000 - 3,200 rpm
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 40 km/h (25 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.5 - 9.0 msec
Gear position	Suitable position

DATA MONI	TOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED COOLAN TEMP/S A/F SEN1 (B1)	XXX rpm XXX 'C XXX V	
		SEF581Z

## NOTE:

- Keep the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during the cruising.
- If this procedure is not completed within 1 minute after restarting engine at step 4, return to step 4.
- 7. If 1st trip DTC is displayed, go to <a href="EC-237"><u>EC-237</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</a>.</u>

### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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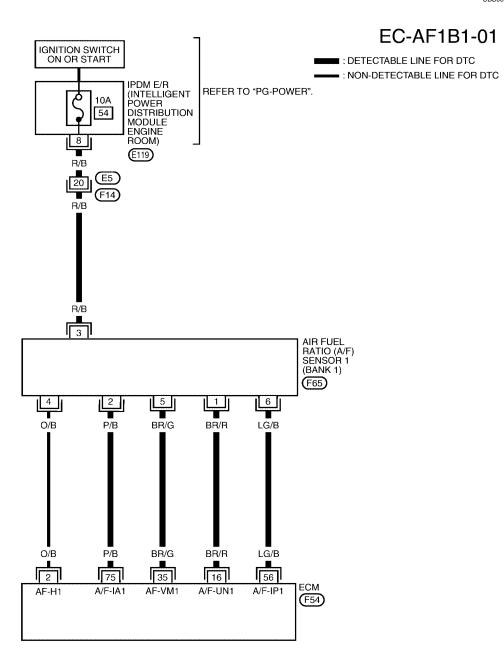
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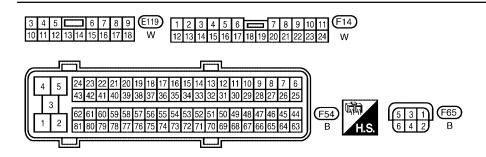
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# Wiring Diagram BANK 1

UBS00H9Q





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	O/B	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 1)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  → 10.0V/Div 10 ms/Div T  PBIB1584E
16	BR/R			Approximately 3.1V
35	BR/G	A/E consor 1 (bonk 1)	[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.6V
56	LG/B	A/F sensor 1 (bank 1)	Warm-up condition     Idle speed	Approximately 2.3V
75	P/B			Approximately 2.3V

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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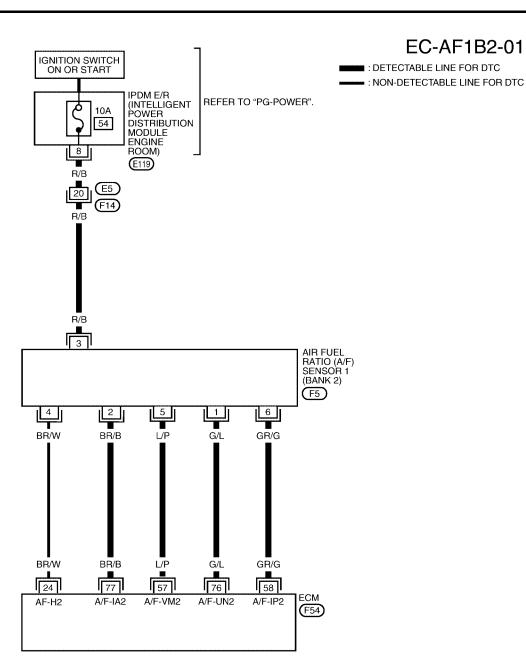
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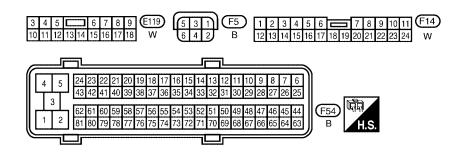
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### **BANK 2**





BBWA2112E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

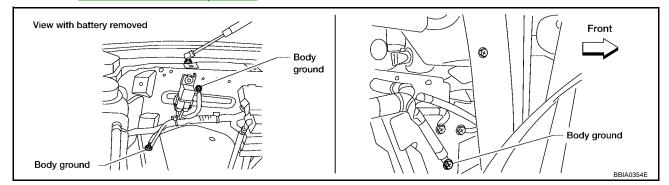
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	BR/W	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 2)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  ≥ 10.0V/D/v 10 ms/D/v T  PBIB1584E
57	L/P		·	Approximately 2.6V
58	GR/G	A/E consor 1 (bank 2)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 2.3V
76	G/L	A/F sensor 1 (bank 2)		Approximately 3.1V
77	BR/B		- 1.00 opood	Approximately 2.3V

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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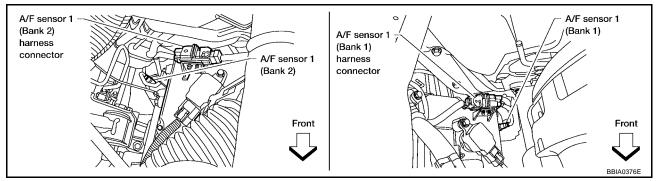
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## $2. \ \mathsf{CHECK} \ \mathsf{AIR} \ \mathsf{FUEL} \ \mathsf{RATIO} \ \mathsf{(A/F)} \ \mathsf{SENSOR} \ \mathsf{1} \ \mathsf{POWER} \ \mathsf{SUPPLY} \ \mathsf{CIRCUIT}$

Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.

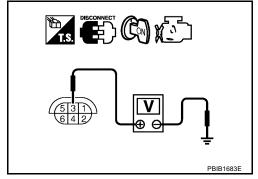


- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

**Voltage: Battery voltage** 

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



## 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- IPDM E/R harness connector E119
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

## 4. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between A/F sensor 1 terminal and ECM terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
	1	16
Bank1	2	75
Danki	5	35
	6	56
	1	76
Bank 2	2	77
Dailk 2	5	57
	6	58

### Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
1	16	1	76
2	75	2	77
5	35	5	57
6	56	6	58

### Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair or replace.

## 6. REPLACE AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Replace air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.

#### CALITION:

- Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m
   (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor, clean exhaust system threads (using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12) and approved anti-seize lubricant.

### >> INSPECTION END

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# Removal and Installation AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

UBS00H9S

Refer to EM-21, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

## **Component Description**

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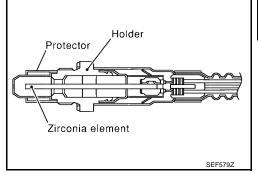
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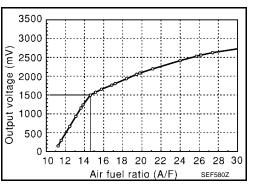
The air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor 1 is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement  $\lambda$  = 1, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide  $\lambda$  range (0.7 <  $\lambda$  < air).

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.

An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygen-pump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at  $\lambda$  = 1. Therefore, the A/F sensor 1 is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).





### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5 V

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

To judge the malfunction of A/F sensor 1, this diagnosis measures response time of the A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal. The time is compensated by engine operating (speed and load), fuel feedback control constant, and the A/F sensor 1 temperature index. Judgment is based on whether the compensated time (the A/F signal cycling time index) is inordinately long or not.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause
P0133 0133 (Bank 1)			Harness or connectors     (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open o shorted.)
			A/F sensor 1
Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	The response of the A/F signal computed by ECM from A/F sensor 1 signal takes more than	A/F sensor 1 heater	
		Fuel pressure	
P0153		the specified time.	Fuel injector
0153 (Bank 2)			Intake air leaks
(Dank 2)		Exhaust gas leaks	
			• PCV
		Mass air flow sensor	

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00N6U

#### NOTF:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Select "A/F SEN1(B1) P1278/P1279" (for DTC P0133) or "A/F SEN1(B1) P1288/P1289" (for DTC P0153) of "A/F SEN1" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 6. Touch "START".

  If "COMPLETED" appears on CONSULT-II screen, go to step
  - If "COMPLETED" does not appear on CONSULT-II screen, go to the following step.

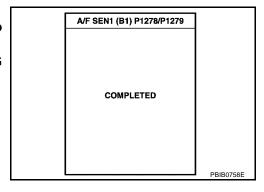
	A/F SEN1 (B1) P12	78/P1279	
	OUT OF CONDITION		
	MONITOR		
	ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
	B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
	COOLAN TEMP/S	xxx c	
	VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h	DDIDOTESE
'			PBIB0756E

- After perform the following procedure, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen.
- a. Increase the engine speed up to 4,000 to 5,000 rpm and keep it for 10 seconds.
- b. Fully release accelerator pedal and then let engine idle for about 10 seconds.
  - If "TESTING" is not displayed after 10 seconds, refer to <u>EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS SPECIFICATION VALUE"</u>.
- 8. Wait for about 20 seconds at idle at under the condition that "TESTING" is displayed on the CONSULT-II screen.

A/F SEN1 (B1) F	1278/P1279	
TESTING		
MONIT	MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
COOLAN TEMP/	s xxx°c	
VHCL SPEED S	XXX km/h	PBIB1925E
VHCL SPEED S	E XX	X km/h

- 9. Make sure that "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED".

  If "TESTING" changed to "OUT OF CONDITION", refer to EC-134, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS SPECIFICATION VALUE".
- Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULT".
  - If "NG" is displayed, go to EC-247, "Diagnostic Procedure".



### **WITH GST**

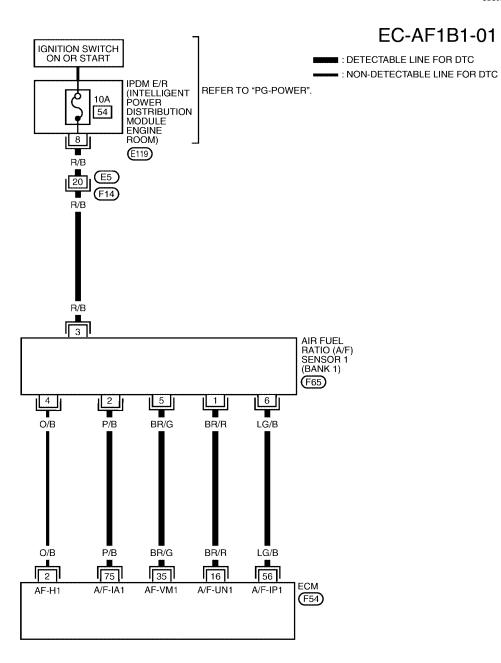
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select Service \$01 with GST.
- 3. Calculate the total value of "Short term fuel trim" and "Long term fuel trim" indications. Make sure that the total percentage should be within  $\pm 15\%$ . If OK, go to the following step. If NG, check the following.

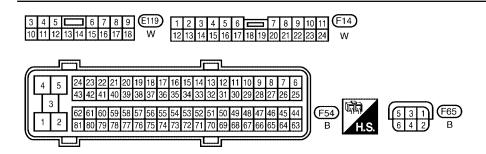
 Intake air leaks Α Exhaust gas leaks Incorrect fuel pressure Lack of fuel EC Fuel injector Incorrect PCV hose connection PCV valve C Mass air flow sensor 4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds. 5. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1minute under no load. 6. Let engine idle for 1 minute. 7. Increase the engine speed up to 4,000 to 5,000 rpm and keep it for 10 seconds. Е 8. Fully release accelerator pedal and then let engine idle for about 1 minute. 9. Select Service \$07 with GST. If the 1st trip DTC is displayed, go to EC-247, "Diagnostic Procedure". Н

Revision: November 2009 EC-243 2006 QX56

# Wiring Diagram BANK 1

UBS00N6V





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	O/B	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 1)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 5V★    10.0V/Div   10 ms/Div   T    PBIB1584E
16	BR/R	A/F sensor 1 (bank 1)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V
35	BR/G			Approximately 2.6V
56	LG/B	AL SELISOL I (DOLK I)		Approximately 2.3V
75	P/B			Approximately 2.3V

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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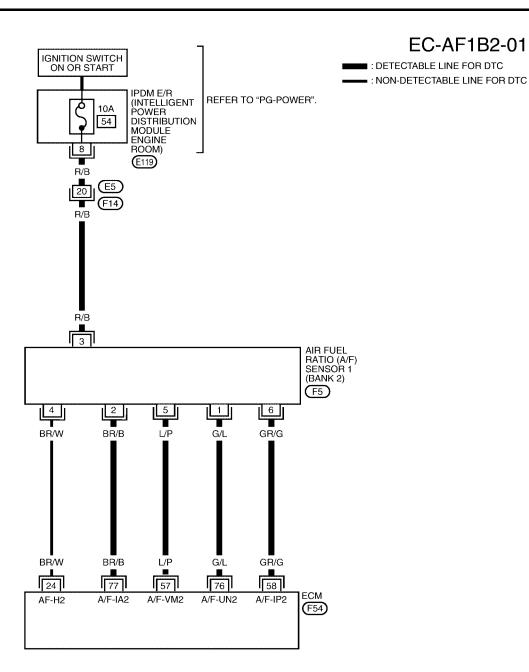
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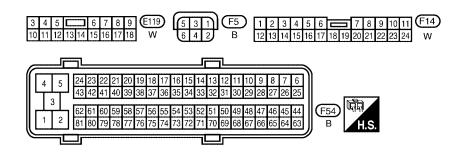
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### **BANK 2**





BBWA2112E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

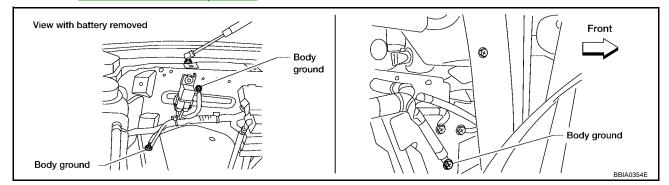
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	BR/W	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 2)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 5V★  20 10.0V/Div 10 ms/Div T  PBIB1584E
57	L/P	A/F sensor 1 (bank 2)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 2.6V
58	GR/G			Approximately 2.3V
76	G/L	AL SCHOOL I (DOLK Z)		Approximately 3.1V
77	BR/B			Approximately 2.3V

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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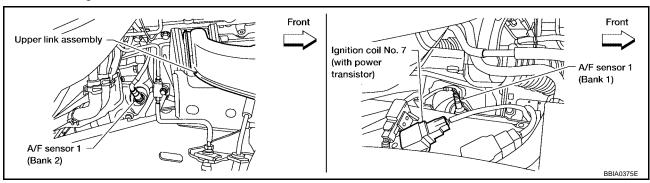
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## 2. RETIGHTEN A/F SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten the A/F sensor 1.

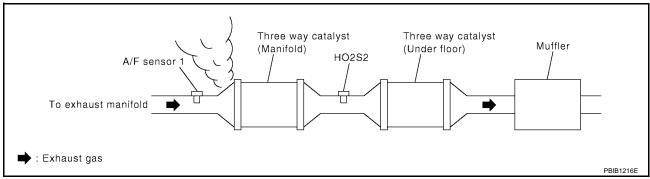


Tightening torque: 50 N-m (5.1 kg-m, 37 ft-lb)

>> GO TO 3.

## 3. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst (manifold).



### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace.

## 4. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

### OK or NG

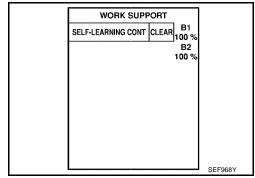
OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace.

## 5. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

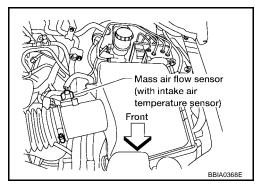
### (III) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR" or "START".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P172, P0174 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 4. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 6. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 7. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-61, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 8. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
   Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
   Is it difficult to start engine?



#### Yes or No

Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or P0172, P0175. Refer to <a href="https://example.com/ec-299"><u>EC-288, "DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION"</u></a> or <a href="https://ec-299.com/ec-299"><u>EC-299, "DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION"</u></a>.

No >> GO TO 6.

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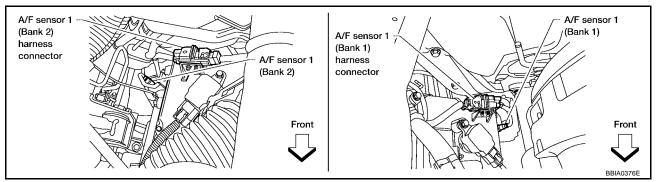
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## 6. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.

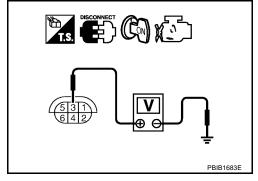


- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.



## 7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- IPDM E/R harness connector E119
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

## 8. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between A/F sensor 1 terminal and ECM terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	
	1	16	
Bank1	2	75	
Danki	5	35	
	6	56	
	1	76	
Bank 2	2	77	
Dailk 2	5	57	
	6	58	

### Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bai	nk 1	Bank 2	
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
1	16	1	76
2	75	2	77
5	35	5	57
6	56	6	58

### Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 9. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to EC-162, "Component Inspection".

### OK or NG

>> GO TO 10. OK

NG >> GO TO 13.

## 10. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EC-178, "Component Inspection" .

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor. EC

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## 11. CHECK PCV VALVE

Refer to EC-45, "Component Inspection".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Repair or replace PCV valve.

## 12. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Repair or replace.

## 13. REPLACE AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Replace air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.

### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor, clean exhaust system threads (using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12) and approved anti-seize lubricant.

### >> INSPECTION END

# Removal and Installation AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

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Refer to EM-21, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

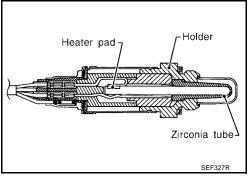
## **Component Description**

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.



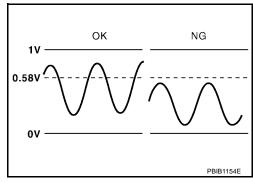
## **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	<ul> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> </ul>	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	$LEAN \longleftrightarrow RICH$

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity of the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the maximum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently high during the various driving condition such as fuelcut.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0137 0137 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor	The maximum voltage from the sensor is not	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 2</li> </ul>
P0157 0157 (Bank 2)	2 circuit low voltage	reached to the specified voltage.	<ul><li>Fuel pressure</li><li>Fuel injector</li><li>Intake air leaks</li></ul>

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## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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#### NOTE:

If DTC confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

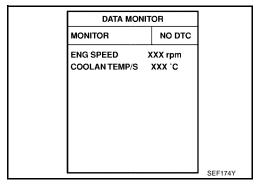
## (II) WITH CONSULT-II

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

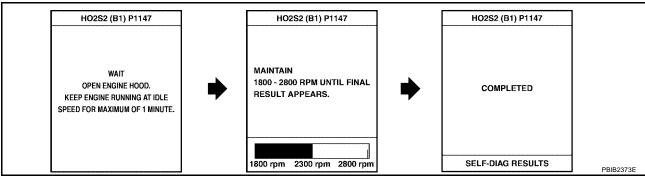
For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).

If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).



- 7. Open engine hood.
- 8. Select "HO2S2 (B1) P1147" (for DTC P0137) or "HO2S2 (B2) P1167" (for DTC P0157) of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 9. Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.



#### NOTE:

It will take at most 10 minutes until "COMPLETED" is displayed.

Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-259, "Diagnostic Procedure".

If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.

- Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
- b. Return to step 1.

## **Overall Function Check**

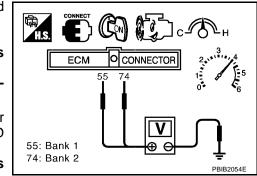
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Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

## **WITH GST**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 55 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 74 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.

- 6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
  - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.58V at least once during this procedure.
  - If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
- Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position.
  - The voltage should be above 0.58V at least once during this procedure.
- 8. If NG, go to EC-259, "Diagnostic Procedure".



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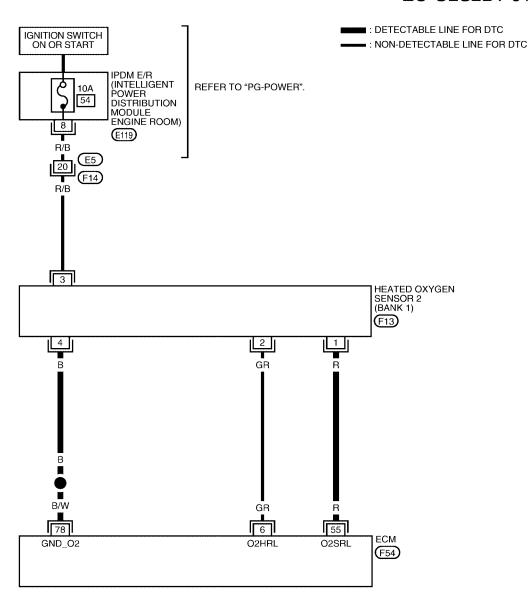
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Revision: November 2009

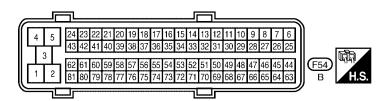
Wiring Diagram BANK 1

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## EC-O2S2B1-01







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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

## **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
6 GR		Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - 1.0V
			<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm.</li></ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
55	R	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 0V

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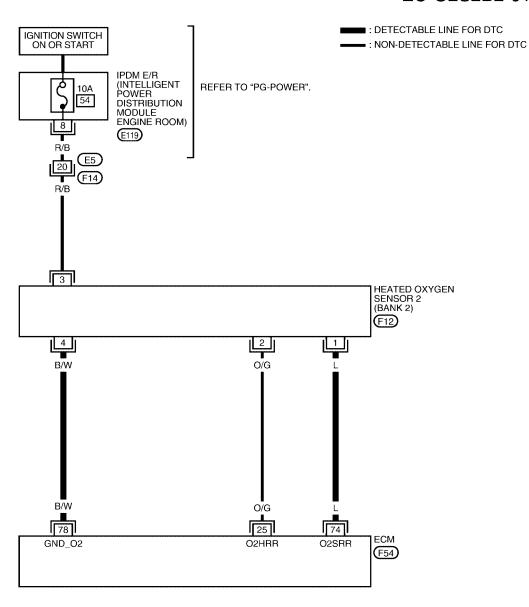
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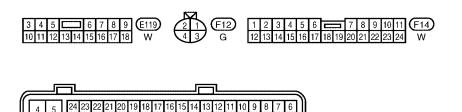
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## **BANK 2**

## EC-O2S2B2-01





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

## **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

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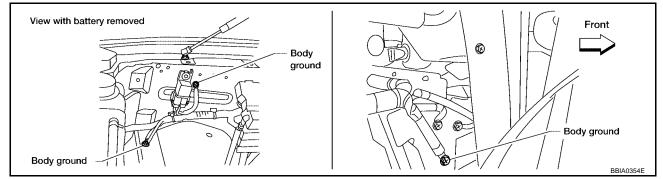
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
25	O/G	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - 1.0V	C D
			[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped  [Engine is running]  • Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	F
74	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V	G H
78	B/W	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running]  ■ Warm-up condition  ■ Idle speed	Approximately 0V	_ I

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.

2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

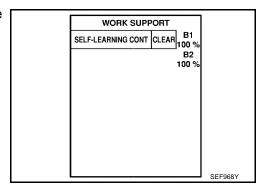
NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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## 2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

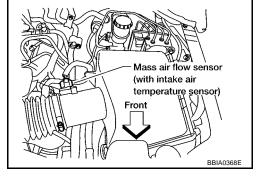
## (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



#### Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-61, "HOW TO ERASE</u> EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION".
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



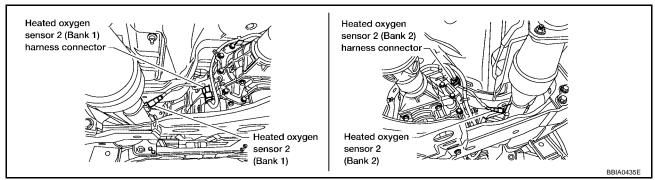
#### Yes or No

Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171 or P0174. Refer to <u>EC-288, "DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION"</u>.

No >> GO TO 3.

# 3. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 78 and HO2S2 terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

## Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## $4.\,$ CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P0137	55	1	1
P0157	74	1	2

## Continuity should exist.

Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P0137	55	1	1
P0157	74	1	2

## Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. EC

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## 5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EC-262, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

## 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

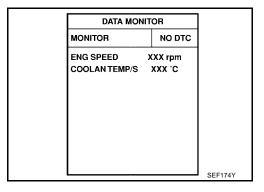
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

# **Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2**

(P) With CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.

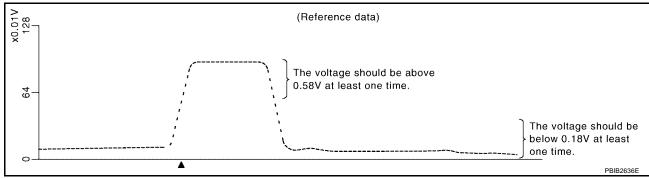


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6. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.

ACTIVE TES		
FUEL INJECTION	25 %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
HO2S2 (B1)	xxx v	
HO2S2 (B2)	xxx v	
		PBIB1672E

Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.58V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.18V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

 Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

## **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 55 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 74 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.
- 6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
  - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.58V at least once during this procedure.
  - If the voltage is above 0.58V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
- Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position.
  - The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this procedure.
- 8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread
   Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

# Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EM-21, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST".

ECM OCONNECTOR 2...3...4

55: Bank 1
74: Bank 2

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UBS00H8J

#### PFP:226A0

## **Component Description**

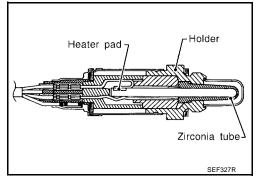
UBS00N6Y

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.



## **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00N6Z

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	<ul> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> </ul>	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	$LEAN \longleftrightarrow RICH$

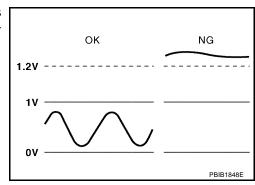
## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00N70

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity of the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time.

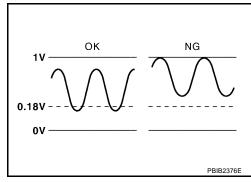
#### **MALFUNCTION A**

To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the voltage is unusually high during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



#### **MALFUNCTION B**

To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the minimum voltage of sensor is sufficiently low during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name		DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0138 0138 (Bank 1)		A)	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul><li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li><li>Heated oxygen sensor 2</li></ul>
P0158 0158 (Bank 2)	Heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit high voltage	B)	The minimum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 2</li> <li>Fuel pressure</li> <li>Fuel injector</li> </ul>

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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Perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A first.

If DTC cannot be confirmed, perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

## (P) With CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 2 minutes.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <a href="EC-270">EC-270</a>, "PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A".

# DATA MONITOR MONITOR NO DTC ENG SPEED XXXX rpm COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C

#### With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

## PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

### (P) With CONSULT-II

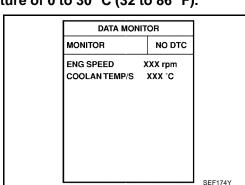
#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

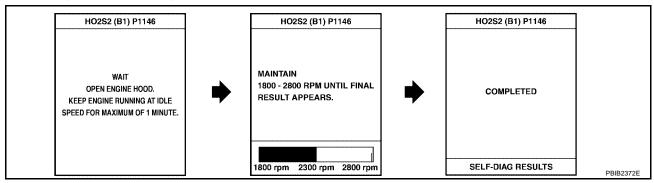
- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 6. Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).

If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).

- 7. Open engine hood.
- Select "HO2S2 (B1) P1146" (for DTC P0138) or "HO2S2 (B2) P1166" (for DTC P0158) of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.



9. Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.



#### NOTE:

It will take at most 10 minutes until "COMPLETED" is displayed.

- 10. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to <a href="EC-272">EC-272</a>, "PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B" . If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
- b. Return to step 1.

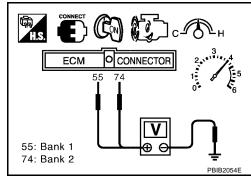
# Overall Function Check PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

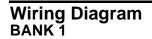
UBS00N72

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

## **With GST**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] or 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] and ground.
- 6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
  - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this procedure.
  - If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
- Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position.
  - The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this procedure.
- If NG, go to <u>EC-272, "PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B"</u>.





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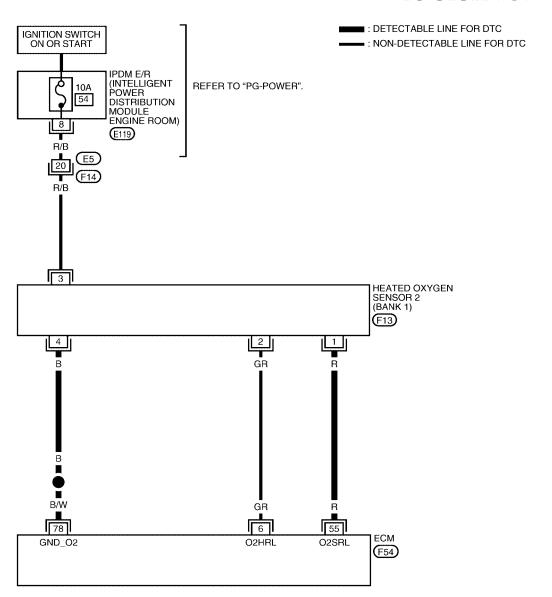
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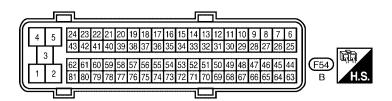
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## EC-02S2B1-01







BBWA1678E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

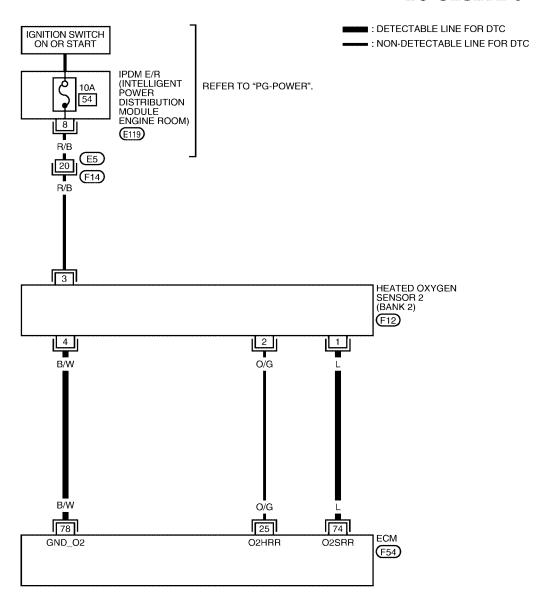
## **CAUTION:**

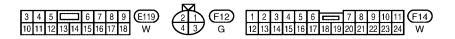
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

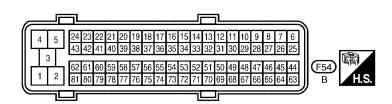
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
6	6 GR	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - 1.0V
			[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped  [Engine is running]  • Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
55	R	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 0V

## **BANK 2**

## EC-02S2B2-01







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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

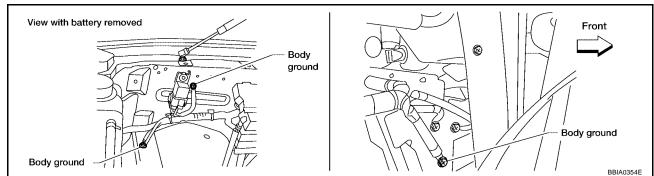
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
25	O/G	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - 1.0V
			[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped  [Engine is running]  • Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
74	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	<ul> <li>Engine is running]</li> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/W	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running]  ■ Warm-up condition  ■ Idle speed	Approximately 0V

# Diagnostic Procedure PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

UBS00N74

## 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "Ground Inspection".



## OK or NG

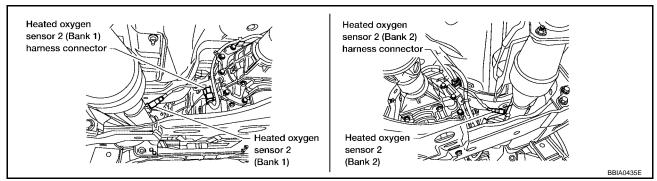
OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

Revision: November 2009 **EC-270** 2006 QX56

# $2.\,$ check ho2s2 ground circuit for open and short

1. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 78 and HO2S2 terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

## **Continuity should exist.**

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## $3.\,$ check ho2s2 input signal circuit for open and short

Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
ыс	ECM Sensor		Dank
P0138	55	1	1
P0158	74	1	2

### Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P0138	55	1	1
P0158	74	1	2

## Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. EC

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## 4. CHECK HO2S2 CONNECTOR FOR WATER

Check connectors for water.

Water should not exist.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

## 5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EC-275, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

## 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

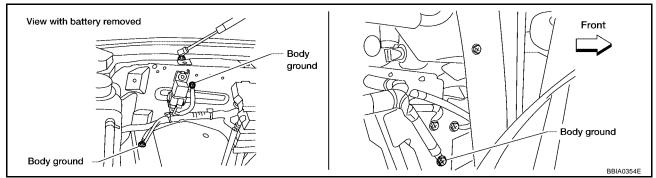
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

## >> INSPECTION END

## PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

## 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



## OK or NG

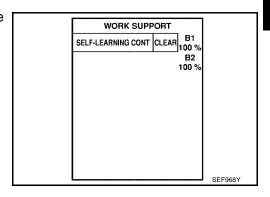
OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

## 2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



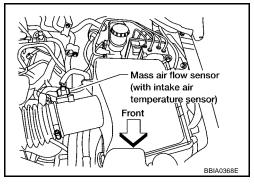
#### **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-61, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0172, P0175. Refer to <u>EC-299, "DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION"</u>.

No >> GO TO 3.



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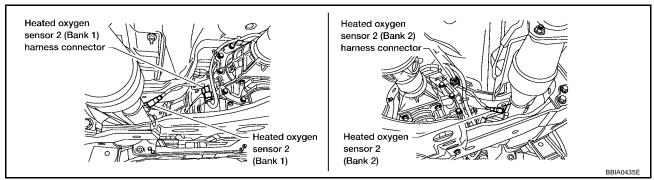
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# $3. \ \mathsf{CHECK} \ \mathsf{Ho2S2} \ \mathsf{GROUND} \ \mathsf{CIRCUIT} \ \mathsf{FOR} \ \mathsf{OPEN} \ \mathsf{AND} \ \mathsf{SHORT}$

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 78 and HO2S2 terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

## Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 4. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows.
 Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
	ECM	Sensor	Balik
P0138	55	1	1
P0158	74	1	2

## Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P0138	55	1	1
P0158	74	1	2

## Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EC-275, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

## 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

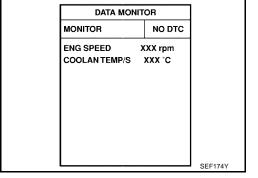
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

## (P) With CONSULT-II

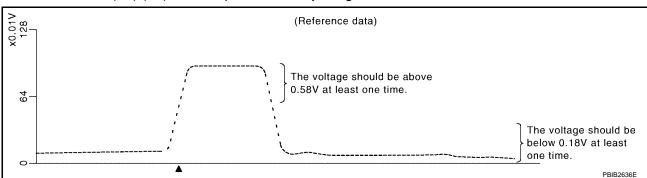
- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.



6. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.

ST	
25 %	
ł	
XXX rpm	
xxx v	
xxx v	
1	
	25 %  XXX rpm  XXX V

Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.58V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.18V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

Revision: November 2009 **EC-275** 2006 QX56

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• Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

## **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] or 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] and ground.
- 6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
  - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.58V at least once during this procedure.
  - If the voltage is above 0.58V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
- Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position.
  - The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this procedure.
- If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

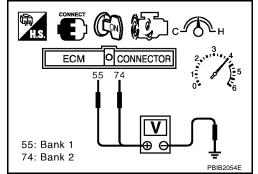
### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads (using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12) and approved anti-seize lubricant.

# Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

UBS00N76

Refer to EM-21, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST".



#### PFP:226A0

## **Component Description**

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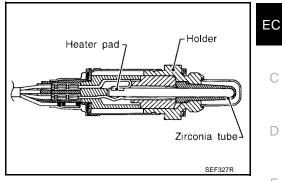
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The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.



## **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00H2O

Specification data are reference values.

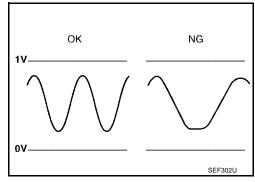
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	<ul> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> </ul>	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HOSES MNTD (D4)	Engine: After warming up	
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	<ul> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	$LEAN \longleftrightarrow RICH$

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00H2P

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The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity of the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the switching response of the sensor's voltage is faster than specified during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0139 0139 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor	It takes more time for the sensor to respond	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 2</li> </ul>
P0159 0159 (Bank 2)	2 circuit slow response	between rich and lean than the specified time.	<ul><li>Fuel pressure</li><li>Fuel injector</li><li>Intake air leaks</li></ul>

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H2Q

#### NOTE

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

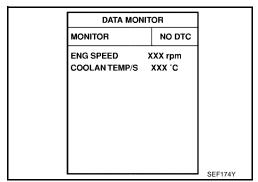
## (II) WITH CONSULT-II

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

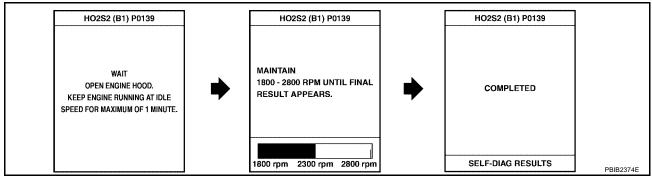
For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).

If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).



- 7. Open engine hood.
- Select "HO2S2 (B1) P0139" or "HO2S2 (B2) P0159" of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 9. Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.



#### NOTE:

It will take at most 10 minutes until "COMPLETED" is displayed.

Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-283, "Diagnostic Procedure".

If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.

- Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
- b. Return to step 1.

## **Overall Function Check**

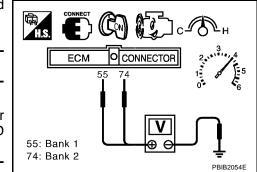
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Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

#### **WITH GST**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 55 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 74 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.

- 6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
  - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) A change of voltage should be more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.
  - If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
- Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position.
  - A change of voltage should be more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.
- 8. If NG, go to EC-283, "Diagnostic Procedure".



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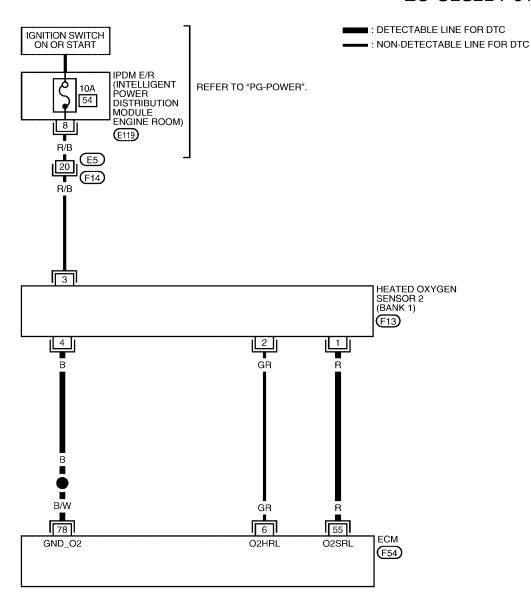
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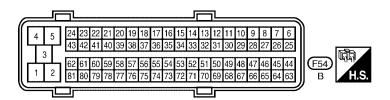
Wiring Diagram BANK 1

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## EC-O2S2B1-01







BBWA1678E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

## **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			[Engine is running]	
			<ul> <li>Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> </ul>	0 - 1.0V
6	GR	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 1)	<ul> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	
			[Ignition switch: ON]	
			Engine: Stopped	BATTERY VOLTAGE
			[Engine is running]	(11 - 14V)
		Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm.		
			[Engine is running]	
55	D	Heated oxygen sensor 2	<ul> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> </ul>	O Approximately 4.0V
55 R (k	(bank 1)	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V	
		<ul> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>		
		Concor around	[Engine is running]	
78 B/W	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	Warm-up condition	Approximately 0V	
		(Floated Oxygen Sensor 2)	Idle speed	

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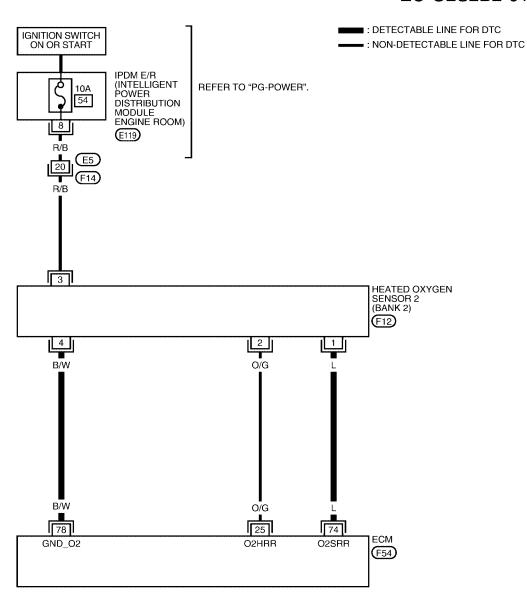
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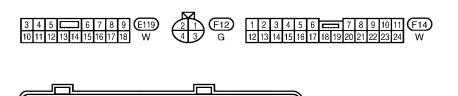
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## **BANK 2**

## EC-O2S2B2-01





43 42 41 40 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 1 2 81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63

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BBWA1679E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

## **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

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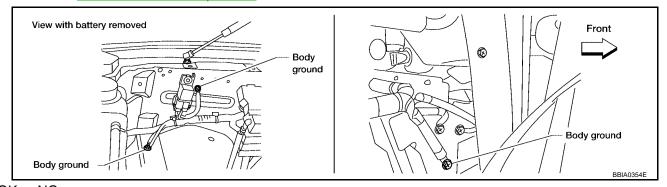
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
25	O/G	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - 1.0V	C D
			[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped  [Engine is running]  • Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	F
74	L	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V	G H
78	B/W	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2)	[Engine is running]  ■ Warm-up condition  ■ Idle speed	Approximately 0V	_ I

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.

2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

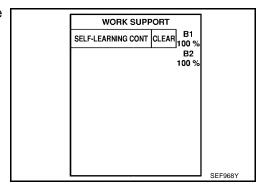
NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

**EC-283** Revision: November 2009 2006 QX56

## 2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

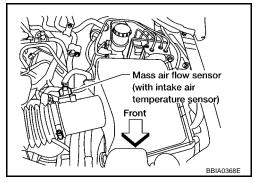
#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



## **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-61, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
  Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
  Is it difficult to start engine?



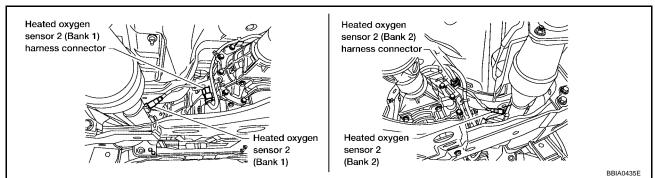
#### Yes or No

Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or P0172, P0175. Refer to <a href="EC-288">EC-288</a>, "DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION" or <a href="EC-299">EC-299</a>, "DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION".

No >> GO TO 3.

# 3. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 78 and HO2S2 terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

## Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 4. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows.
 Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P0139	55	1	1
P0159	74	1	2

## **Continuity should exist.**

Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank		
ыс	ECM	Sensor	Dalik	
P0139	55	1	1	
P0159	74	1	2	

## Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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## 5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EC-286, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

## 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

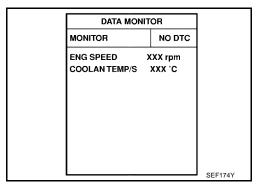
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

# **Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2**

(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.

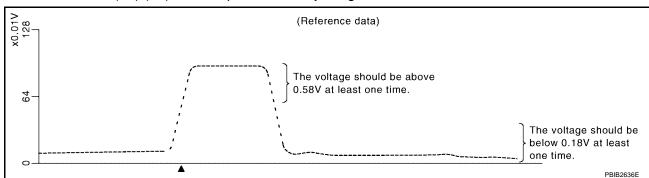


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6. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.

ACTIVE TES	ST	
FUEL INJECTION	25 %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
HO2S2 (B1)	xxx v	
HO2S2 (B2)	xxx v	
		PBIB1672E

7. Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.58V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%. "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.18V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is -25%.

#### **CAUTION:**

Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

 Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

## **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

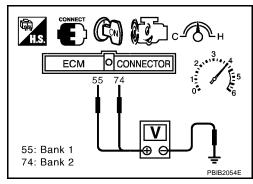
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 55 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 74 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.
- 6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
  - (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.58V at least once during this procedure.
  - If the voltage is above 0.58V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
- Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position.
  - The voltage should be below 0.18V at least once during this procedure.
- 8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

# Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EM-21, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST".



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## DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

## DTC P0171. P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

PFP:16600

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

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With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the A/F sensors 1. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios. In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too lean.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and lights up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
A/F sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)	Fuel injection control	Fuel injector

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0171 0171 (Bank 1)	Fuel injection system too lean	<ul> <li>Fuel injection system does not operate properly.</li> <li>The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too lean.)</li> </ul>	Intake air leaks
			A/F sensor 1
			Fuel injector
P0174 0174 (Bank 2)			Exhaust gas leaks
			Incorrect fuel pressure
			Lack of fuel
			Mass air flow sensor
			Incorrect PCV hose connection

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### (III) WITH CONSULT-II

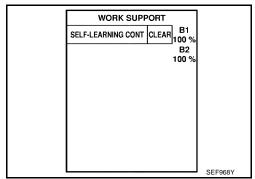
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch ON and select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 4. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
   The 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to <u>EC-294</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".

#### NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is not detected during above procedure, performing the following procedure is advised.

- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Start engine and drive the vehicle under the similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data for 10 minutes. Refer to the table below.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.



The similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data means the vehicle operation that the following conditions should be satisfied at the same time.

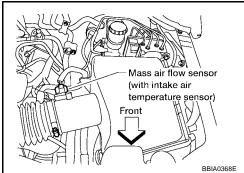
Engine speed	Engine speed in the freeze frame data $\pm400~\text{rpm}$	
Vehicle speed	Vehicle speed in the freeze frame data $\pm$ 10 km/h (6 MPH)	
Engine coolant temperature	When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70 °C (158 °F), T should be lower than 70 °C (158 °F).	
(T) condition	When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F), T should be higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F).	

- 7. If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction, too.
- 8. Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to <a href="EC-294">EC-294</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</a>.

  If engine does not start, check exhaust and intake air leak visually.

#### **WITH GST**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 4. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- Select Service \$03 with GST. Make sure DTC P0102 is detected.
- 7. Select Service \$04 with GST and erase the DTC P0102.
- 8. Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
- 9. Select Service \$07 with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to EC-294, "Diagnostic Procedure".



#### NOTE

If 1st trip DTC is not detected during above procedure, performing the following procedure is advised.

- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Start engine and drive the vehicle under the similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data for 10 minutes. Refer to the table below.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

The similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data means the vehicle operation that the following conditions should be satisfied at the same time.

Engine speed	Engine speed in the freeze frame data $\pm$ 400 rpm
Vehicle speed	Vehicle speed in the freeze frame data $\pm$ 10 km/h (6 MPH)
Engine coolant temperature	When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70 °C (158 °F), T should be lower than 70 °C (158 °F).
(T) condition	When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F), T should be higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F).

- 10. If it is difficult to start engine at step 8, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 11. Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to <a href="EC-294">EC-294</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</a>. If engine does not start, check exhaust and intake air leak visually.

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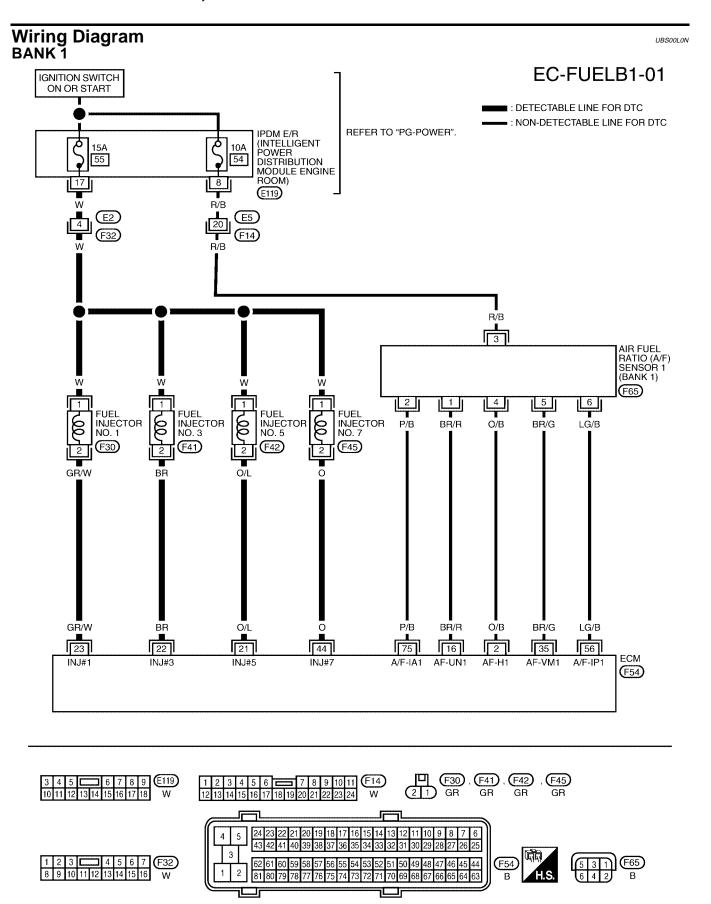
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

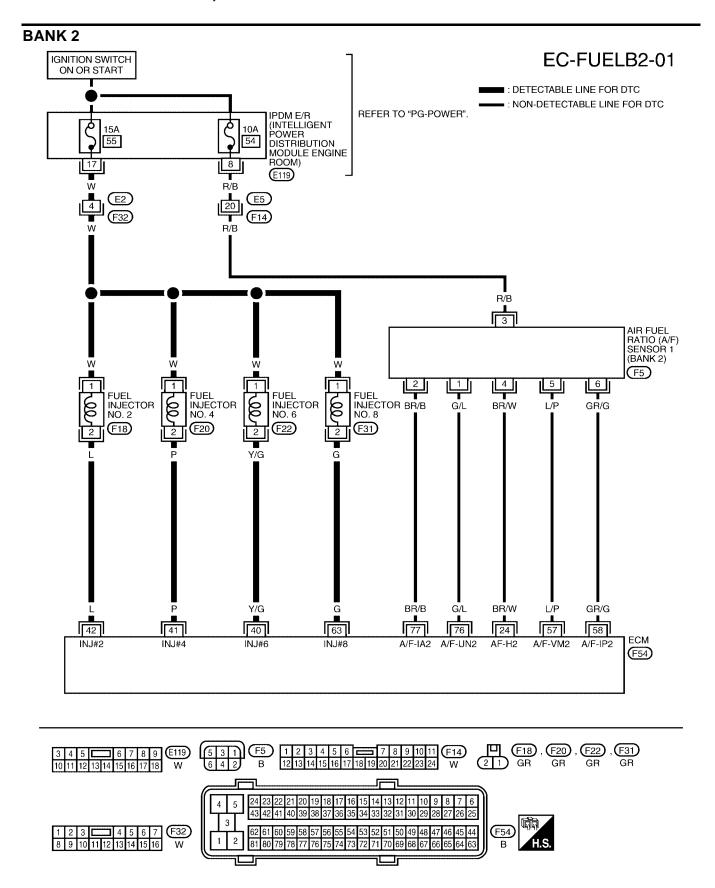
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	O/B	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 1)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 5V★  D  N  PBIB1584E
16	BR/R			Approximately 3.1V
35	BR/G	A/E concer 1 (book 1)	[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.6V
56	LG/B	A/F sensor 1 (bank 1)	Warm-up condition     Idle speed	Approximately 2.3V
75	P/B		Tale speed	Approximately 2.3V
21 22	21 O/L Fuel injector No. 5 22 BR Fuel injector No. 3 3 Fuel injector No. 1 44 O Fuel injector No. 7	O/L Fuel injector No. 5 BR Fuel injector No. 3 GR/W Fuel injector No. 1	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE  (11 - 14V)★  H  Discrete the state of t
23 GR/VV				BATTERY VOLTAGE  (11 - 14V)★
				•

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-	WIRE					
MINAL NO.	COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С	
40 41	Y/G P			BATTERY VOLTAGE  (11 - 14V)★    D DV/Div   S0 ms/Div   PBIB0042E	D	
42	L	Fuel injector No. 2		BATTERY VOLTAGE	F	
	63 G	G	Fuel injector No. 8	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed: 2,000 rpm</li></ul>	(11 - 14V)★  ≥ 10.0V/Div 50 ms/Div  PBIB0043E	G
24	BR/W	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 2)	[Engine is running]  ● Warm-up condition  ● Idle speed	Approximately 5V★	J	
57	L/P	- A/F sensor 1 (bank 2)		Approximately 2.6V	K	
58	GR/G		[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.3V		
76	G/L		Warm-up condition     Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V	L	
77	BR/B		• Idle speed	Approximately 2.3V		

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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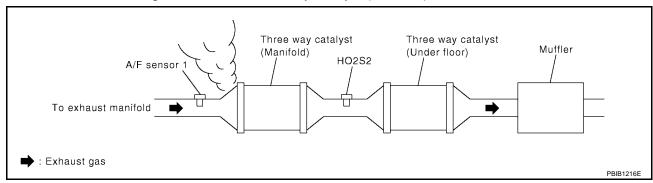
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# **Diagnostic Procedure**

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# 1. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst (manifold).



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace.

# 2. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

- 1. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.
- 2. Check PCV hose connection.

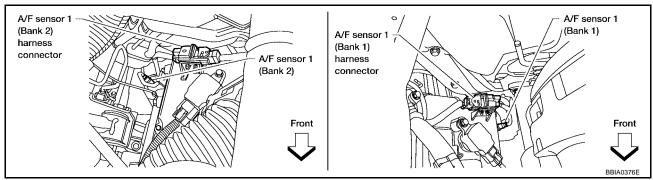
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

# 3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect corresponding A/F sensor 1 harness connector.



- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
	1	16
Bank 1	2	75
Dalik i	5	35
	6	56
	1	76
Ponk 2	2	77
Bank 2	5	57
	6	58

#### **Continuity should exist.**

5. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bar	nk 1	Bar	nk 2
A/F sensor 1 terminal ECM terminal		A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
1	16	1	76
2	75	2	77
5	35	5	57
6	56	6	58

#### Continuity should not exist.

6. Also check harness for short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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#### 4. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

- 1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-80, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".
- 2. Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure. Refer to EC-82, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK" .

At idling: Approximately 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 51 psi)

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

### 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to <u>EC-604, "FUEL PUMP"</u>.)
- Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to <u>EC-82, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"</u>.)
- Fuel lines
- Fuel filter for clogging

>> Repair or replace.

#### 6. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Install all removed parts.
- 2. Check "MASS AIR FLOW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

3.0 - 9.0 g·m/sec: at idling 9.0 - 28.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

#### With GST

- 1. Install all removed parts.
- 2. Check mass air flow sensor signal in Service \$01 with GST.

3.0 - 9.0 g·m/sec: at idling 9.0 - 28.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

#### OK or NG

NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

>> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or grounds. Refer to <a href="EC-171">EC-171</a>, "DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR"</a>.

# /. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

ACTIVE TES	ST T	]
POWER BALANCE		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxxv	]
		]
		]
		]
		1
		1
		PBIB0133E

#### **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Listen to each fuel injector operating sound.

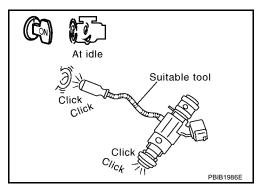
#### Clicking noise should be heard.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG

>> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to EC-598, "FUEL INJECTOR".



# 8. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR

- 1. Confirm that the engine is cooled down and there are no fire hazards near the vehicle.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect all fuel injector harness connectors.
- 4. Remove fuel injector gallery assembly. Refer to EM-31, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE". Keep fuel hose and all fuel injectors connected to fuel injector gallery.
- For DTC P0171, reconnect fuel injector harness connectors on bank 1. For DTC P0174, reconnect fuel injector harness connectors on bank 2.
- 6. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
- Prepare pans or saucers under each fuel injector.
- 8. Crank engine for about 3 seconds.

For DTC P0171, make sure that fuel sprays out from fuel injectors on bank 1.

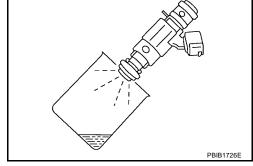
For DTC P0174, make sure that fuel sprays out from fuel injectors on bank 2.

#### Fuel should be sprayed evenly for each fuel injector.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace fuel injectors from which fuel does not spray out. Always replace O-ring with new ones.



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# 9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

# DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

PFP:16600

#### On Board Diagnosis Logic

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With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the A/F sensors 1. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too rich), the

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too rich.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and lights up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
A/F sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)	Fuel injection control	Fuel injector

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0172			A/F sensor 1
0172 (Bank 1)	Fuel injection evetem to a	Fuel injection system does not operate properly.	Fuel injector
	Fuel injection system too rich	The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too	Exhaust gas leaks
P0175 0175	11011	large. (The mixture ratio is too rich.)	<ul> <li>Incorrect fuel pressure</li> </ul>
(Bank 2)			Mass air flow sensor

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00L0Q

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch ON and select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 4. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
   The 1st trip DTC P0172, P0175 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to <u>EC-305, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

#### NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is not detected during above procedure, performing the following procedure is advised.

- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- b. Start engine and drive the vehicle under the similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data for 10 minutes. Refer to the table below.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

The similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data means the vehicle operation that the following conditions should be satisfied at the same time.

Engine speed in the freeze frame data $\pm$ 400 rpm	
Vehicle speed	Vehicle speed in the freeze frame data $\pm$ 10 km/h (6 MPH)
Engine coolant temperature	When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70 °C (158 °F), T should be lower than 70 °C (158 °F).
(T) condition	When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F), T should be higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F).

- 7. If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction, too.
- 8. Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal.

WORK SUPPORT

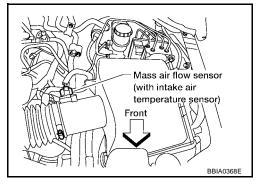
SELF-LEARNING CONT CLEAR 100 %
B2
100 %

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If engine starts, go to <u>EC-305, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If engine does not start, remove spark plugs and check for fouling, etc.

#### **WITH GST**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- Select Service \$03 with GST. Make sure DTC P0102 is detected.
- 6. Select Service \$04 with GST and erase the DTC P0102.
- 7. Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
- 8. Select Service \$07 with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to <a href="EC-305">EC-305</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</a>.



#### NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is not detected during above procedure, performing the following procedure is advised.

- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- b. Start engine and drive the vehicle under the similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data for 10 minutes. Refer to the table below.

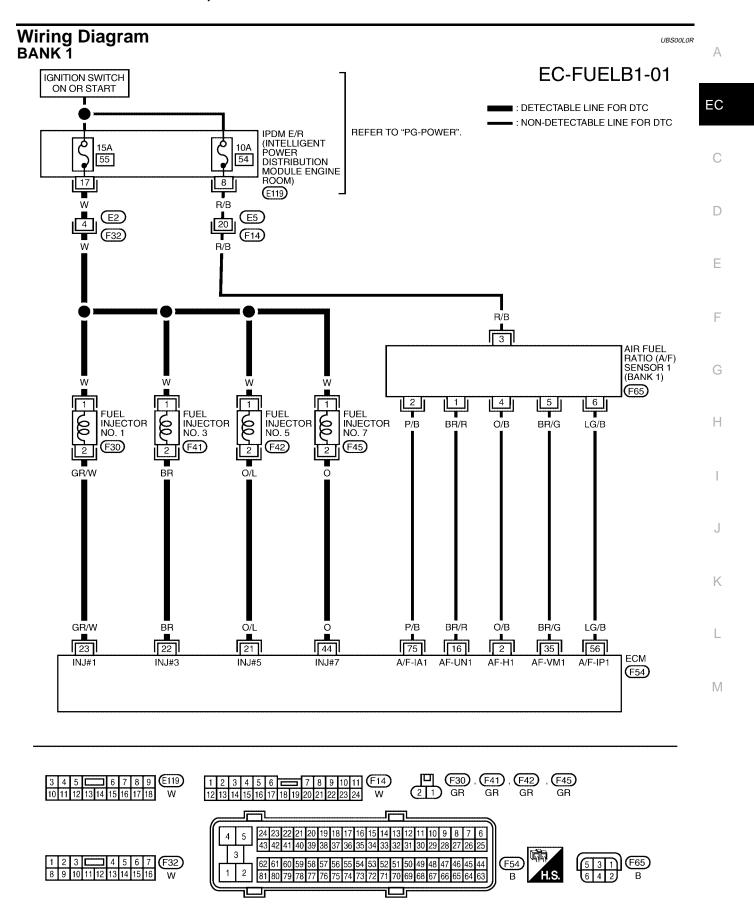
Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

The similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data means the vehicle operation that the following conditions should be satisfied at the same time.

Engine speed	Engine speed in the freeze frame data ± 400 rpm
Vehicle speed	Vehicle speed in the freeze frame data $\pm$ 10 km/h (6 MPH)
Engine coolant temperature	When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70 °C (158 °F), T should be lower than 70 °C (158 °F).
(T) condition	When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F), T should be higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F).

- 9. If it is difficult to start engine at step 7, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 10. Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal.

  If engine starts, go to <a href="EC-305">EC-305</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</a>. If engine does not start, remove spark plugs and check for fouling, etc.



BBWA2090E

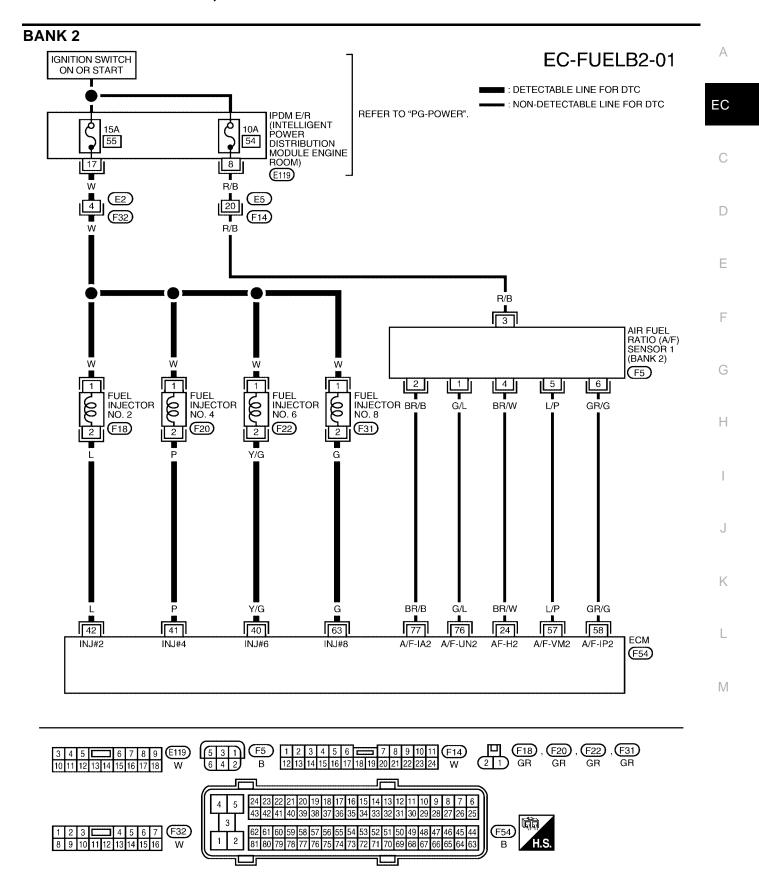
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	O/B	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 1)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  → 10.0V/Div 10 ms/Div T  PBIB1584E
16	BR/R			Approximately 3.1V
35	BR/G	A/F sensor 1 (bank 1)	[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.6V
56	LG/B	A/F Selisor I (Dalik I)	<ul><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 2.3V
75	P/B		Tale speed	Approximately 2.3V
21 O/L 21 BR 22	R Fuel injector No. 3	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE  (11 - 14V)★  → 10.0V/Div 50 ms/Div  PBIB0042E	
23 44	GR/W O	Fuel injector No. 1 Fuel injector No. 7	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed: 2,000 rpm</li></ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  → 10.0V/Dv 50 ms/Div  PBIB0043E

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)



BBWA2091E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
40 41		Fuel injector No. 6 Fuel injector No. 4 Fuel injector No. 2 Fuel injector No. 8	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed  NOTE:  The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.	BATTERY VOLTAGE  (11 - 14V)★    DOV/Div 50 ms/Div   PBIB0042E
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed: 2,000 rpm</li></ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★  3 10.0V/Div S0 ms/Div  PBIB0043E
24	BR/W	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 2)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 5V★  → 10.0V/Div 10 ms/Div T  PBIB1584E
57	L/P	- A/F sensor 1 (bank 2)	[Engine is running]	Approximately 2.6V
58	GR/G		[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition	Approximately 2.3V
76	G/L		• Idle speed	Approximately 3.1V
77	BR/B			Approximately 2.3V

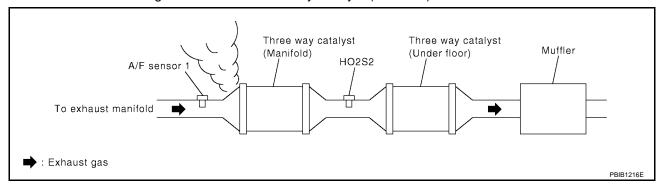
<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00L0S

# 1. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst (manifold).



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace.

# 2. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

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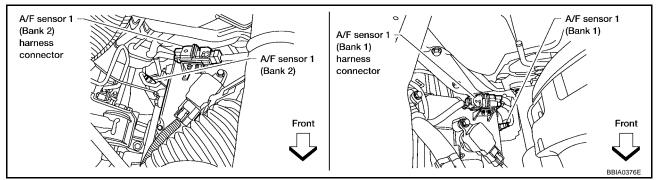
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# 3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect corresponding A/F sensor 1 harness connector.



- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
	1	16
Bank 1	2	75
Dalik i	5	35
	6	56
	1	76
Bank 2	2	77
Dalik 2	5	57
	6	58

#### Continuity should exist.

5. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
1	16	1	76
2	75	2	77
5	35	5	57
6	56	6	58

#### Continuity should not exist.

6. Also check harness for short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

#### 4. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE 1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-80, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE". Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure. Refer to EC-82, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK". EC At idling: Approximately 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 51 psi) OK or NG >> GO TO 6. OK NG >> GO TO 5. 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Check the following. Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to EC-604, "FUEL PUMP" .) Е Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to EC-82, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK" .) >> Repair or replace. 6. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (II) With CONSULT-II 1. Install all removed parts. Check "MASS AIR FLOW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. Н 3.0 - 9.0 g·m/sec: at idling 9.0 - 28.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm With GST 1. Install all removed parts. 2. Check mass air flow sensor signal in Service \$01 with GST. 3.0 - 9.0 g·m/sec: at idling 9.0 - 28.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm OK or NG OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or grounds. Refer to EC-171, "DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR". M

# 7. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR

#### (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

ACTIVE TES	T	
ACTIVE TEST		
POWER BALANCE		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxx v	
		PBIB0133E

#### W Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Listen to each fuel injector operating sound.

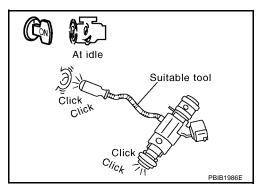
#### Clicking noise should be heard.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG

>> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to <u>EC-598</u>, "FUEL INJECTOR".



#### 8. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR

- Remove fuel injector assembly. Refer to <u>EM-31</u>, "<u>FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE</u>". Keep fuel hose and all fuel injectors connected to fuel injector gallery.
- 2. Confirm that the engine is cooled down and there are no fire hazards near the vehicle.
- 3. Disconnect all fuel injector harness connectors.
- 4. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
- 5. Prepare pans or saucers under each fuel injectors.
- Crank engine for about 3 seconds.
   Make sure fuel does not drip from fuel injector.

#### OK or NG

OK (Does not drip.)>>GO TO 9.

NG (Drips.)>>Replace the fuel injectors from which fuel is dripping. Always replace O-ring with new one.

#### 9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### PFP:22630

#### Component Description

UBS00H34

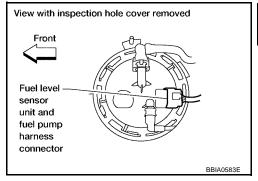
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The fuel tank temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.



#### <Reference data>

Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

<sup>\*:</sup> This data is reference value and is measured between ECM terminal 107 (Fuel tank temperature sensor) and ground.

# 20 Acceptable 2 10 Acceptable 3 10 Acceptable 4 Acceptable 4 Acceptable 4 Acceptable 5 10 Acceptable 6 Acceptable 7 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 2 10 Acceptable 2 10 Acceptable 3 10 Acceptable 4 Acceptable 6 Acceptable 7 Acceptable 8 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 2 Acceptable 2 Acceptable 3 Acceptable 4 Acceptable 5 Acceptable 6 Acceptable 7 Acceptable 8 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 2 Acceptable 2 Acceptable 3 Acceptable 4 Acceptable 5 Acceptable 6 Acceptable 7 Acceptable 8 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 2 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 2 Acceptable 2 Acceptable 3 Acceptable 4 Acceptable 4 Acceptable 5 Acceptable 6 Acceptable 6 Acceptable 7 Acceptable 8 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 2 Acceptable 1 Acceptable 2 Acceptable 2 Acceptable 3 Acceptable 4 Accepta

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H35

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0181 0181	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit range/ performance	Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signals from engine coolant temperature sensor and intake air temperature sensor.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Fuel tank temperature sensor</li> </ul>

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H36

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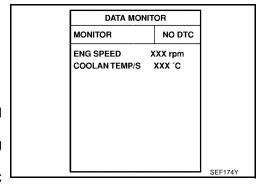
#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Wait at least 10 seconds.
   If the result is NG, go to <u>EC-312</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".
   If the result is OK, go to following step.
- 4. Check "COOLAN TEMP/S" value.

  If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 60°C (140°F), the result will be OK
  - If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 60°C (140°F), go to the following step.
- 5. Cool engine down until "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 60°C (140°F).
- 6. Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 7. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-312, "Diagnostic Procedure".



# **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

#### **DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR Wiring Diagram** UBS00H37 Α EC-FTTS-01 IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START ■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC **BATTERY** =: NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC EC FUSE BLOCK REFER TO "PG-POWER". 10A (J/B) 19 14 ECM (M4)C **E**16 (M39) y/R O/L D V/R Е FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT AND FUEL PUMP (FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE JSENSOR) 3 C5 ➂ **E41** Н (M31) B/P O/L Y/R 16 24 COMBINATION METER (M24) UNIFIED METER CONTROL UNIT В В M REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. 4P5P6P7P (M4) 1Q 2Q 🗖 ⊐30 (M39)¦ M31 C1 - SUPER MULITIPLE 4Q 5Q 6Q 7Q 8Q JUNCTION (SMJ) 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

#### UBS00H38

#### 1. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Refer to DI-5, "COMBINATION METERS".

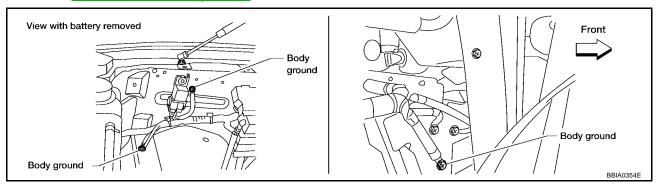
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Go to DI-22, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".

# 2. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "Ground Inspection".



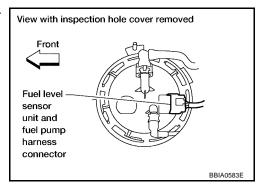
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 3. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

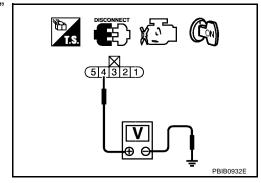


3. Check voltage between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Approximately 5V**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



#### 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Check the following. Harness connectors C1, E41 EC Harness for open or short between ECM and "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" >> Repair harness or connector. ${f 5}$ . CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT 1. Turn ignition switch OFF. D 2. Disconnect combination meter harness connector. Check harness continuity between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 3 and combination meter terminal 16. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Е Continuity should exist. 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6. O. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Н Check the following. Harness connectors C1, E41 Harness connectors E152, M31 Harness for open or short between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" and combination meter >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connector. 7. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR Refer to EC-314, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Replace "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump". 8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

Revision: November 2009 EC-313 2006 QX56

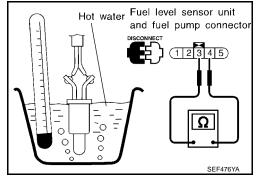
>> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

UBS00H39

- 1. Remove fuel level sensor unit.
- 2. Check resistance between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminals 3 and 4 by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90



#### UBS00H3A

# Removal and Installation FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to FL-6, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" .

Revision: November 2009 **EC-314** 2006 QX56

#### PFP:22630

#### **Component Description**

UBS00H3B

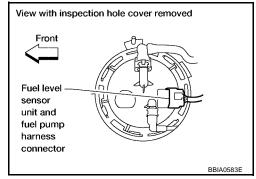
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The fuel tank temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.



#### <Reference data>

Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

<sup>\*:</sup> This data is reference value and is measured between ECM terminal 107 (Fuel tank temperature sensor) and ground.

# 20 Acceptable 90 1.0 10 2 10 3 40 60 80 100 (-4) (32) (68) (104) (140) (176) (212) Temperature °C (°F) SEF012P

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H3C

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0182 0182	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
P0183 0183	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Fuel tank temperature sensor

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H3D

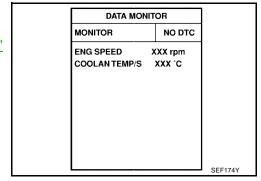
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#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-317</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>"

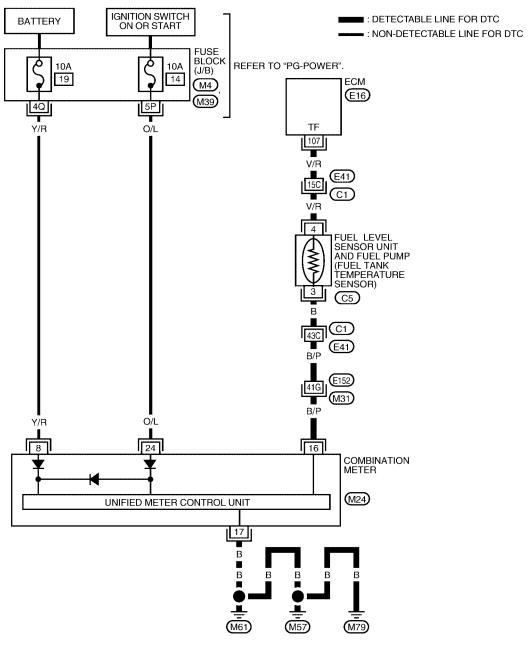


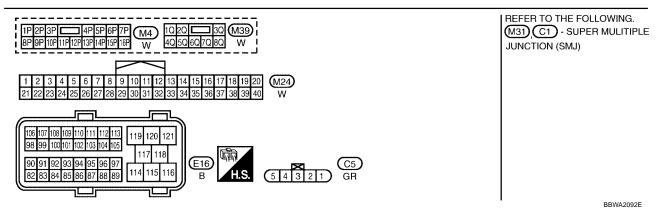
#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Wiring Diagram

#### EC-FTTS-01





# **Diagnostic Procedure**

#### JBS00H3F

#### 1. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Refer to DI-5, "COMBINATION METERS" .

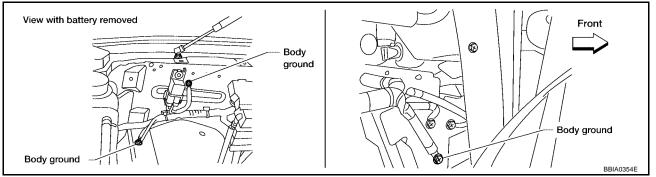
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Go to DI-22, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".

# 2. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "Ground Inspection".



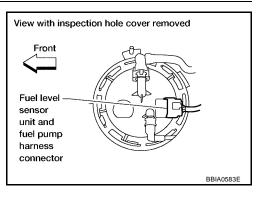
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 3. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.



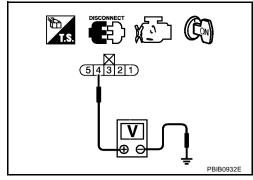
Check voltage between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

**Voltage: Approximately 5V** 

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.



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# 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness for open or short between ECM and "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump"
  - >> Repair harness or connector.

# 5. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect combination meter harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 3 and combination meter terminal 16. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

```
OK >> GO TO 7.
NG >> GO TO 6.
```

#### 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness connectors E152, M31
- Harness for open or short between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" and combination meter
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connector.

# 7. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-319, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump".

#### 8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

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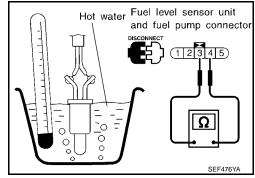
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- 1. Remove fuel level sensor unit.
- 2. Check resistance between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminals 3 and 4 by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90



UBS00H3H

# Removal and Installation FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to FL-6, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" .

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#### DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR

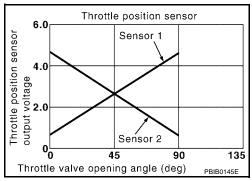
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#### **Component Description**

UBS00H3I

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



#### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00H3J

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
THRTL SEN 1 • Ignition switch: ON		Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
THRTL SEN 2*	(Engine stopped)  ● Selector lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

<sup>\*:</sup> Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

#### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00H3K

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0222 0222	Throttle position sensor 1 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the TP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors     (TP sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.)
P0223 0223	Throttle position sensor 1 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the TP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>(APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 2)</li> </ul>

#### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

#### **DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR**

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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#### NOTE

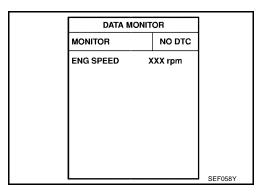
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8V at idle.

#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-323, "Diagnostic Procedure".



#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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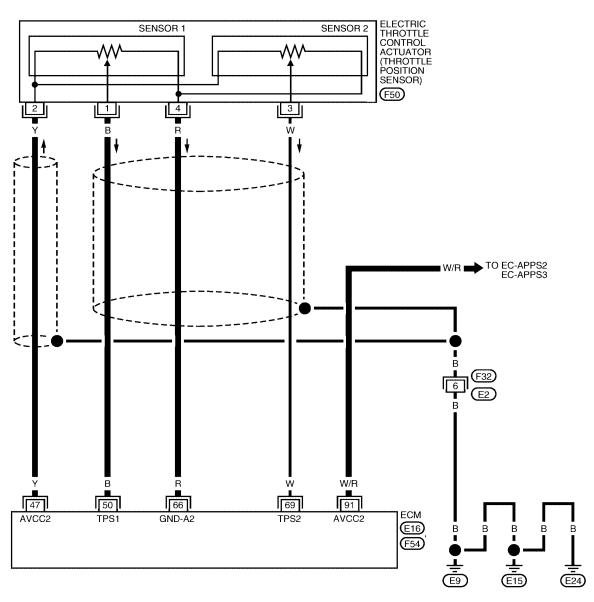
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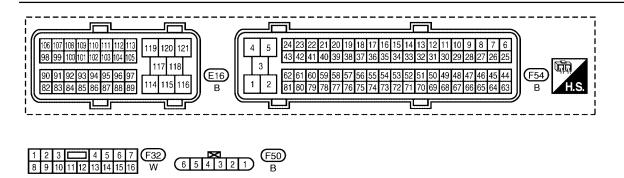
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Wiring Diagram UBSOOH3M

## **EC-TPS1-01**

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
: NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





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#### **DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

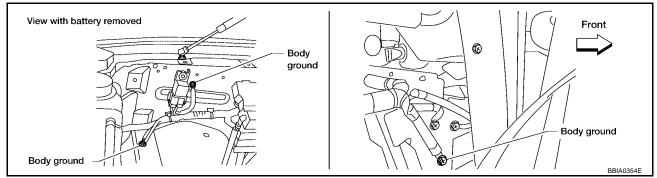
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	Υ	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
50			<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Selector lever: D</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li></ul>	More than 0.36V
50	В	Throttle position sensor 1	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Selector lever: D</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li></ul>	Less than 4.75V
66	R	Sensor ground (Throttle position sensor)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
69		W TI	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Selector lever: D</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li></ul>	Less than 4.75V
THIS WAS POSITION OF THE PARTY	Throttle position sensor 2	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine: Stopped</li> <li>Selector lever: D</li> <li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li> </ul>	More than 0.36V	
91	W/R	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

 Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "Ground Inspection".



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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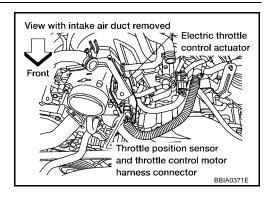
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# 2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

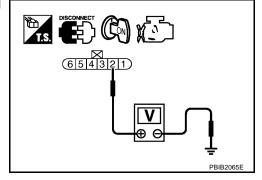


3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Approximately 5V**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 2 and ECM terminal 47. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit.

# 4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
47	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 2	<u>EC-322</u>
91	APP sensor terminal 6	<u>EC-569</u>

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

#### 5. CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-574, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 6.

### DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR

## 6. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY 1. Replace the accelerator pedal assembly. 2. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning". EC 3. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning". 4. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning". >> INSPECTION END 7. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT 1. Turn ignition switch OFF. 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector. 3. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 4 and ECM terminal 66. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. $8.\,$ check throttle position sensor 1 input signal circuit for open and short Н Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 50 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 9. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR Refer to EC-326, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 10. M 10. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator. 2. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning". 3. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning". >> INSPECTION END 11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

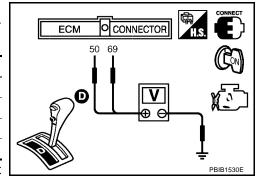
## **DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR**

# Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

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- Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Set selector lever to D position.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 50 (TP sensor 1 signal),
   (TP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
50	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
69	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
(Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V



- 6. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
- 7. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 8. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

## Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

UBS00H3P

# DTC P0300 - P0308 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 8 CYLINDER MISFIRE PFP:00000

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

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When a misfire occurs, engine speed will fluctuate. If the engine speed fluctuates enough to cause the crank-shaft position (CKP) sensor (POS) signal to vary, ECM can determine that a misfire is occurring.

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed	On board diagnosis of misfire

The misfire detection logic consists of the following two conditions.

One Trip Detection Logic (Three Way Catalyst Damage)

On the 1st trip that a misfire condition occurs that can damage the three way catalyst (TWC) due to overheating, the MIL will blink.

When a misfire condition occurs, the ECM monitors the CKP sensor signal every 200 engine revolutions for a change.

When the misfire condition decreases to a level that will not damage the TWC, the MIL will turn off. If another misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC on a second trip, the MIL will blink.

When the misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC on a second trip, the MIL will blink.

When the misfire condition decreases to a level that will not damage the TWC, the MIL will remain on. If another misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC, the MIL will begin to blink again.

2. Two Trip Detection Logic (Exhaust quality deterioration)

For misfire conditions that will not damage the TWC (but will affect vehicle emissions), the MIL will only light when the misfire is detected on a second trip. During this condition, the ECM monitors the CKP sensor signal every 1,000 engine revolutions.

A misfire malfunction can be detected on any one cylinder or on multiple cylinders.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0300 0300	Multiple cylinder misfire detected	Multiple cylinder misfire.		
P0301 0301	No.1 cylinder misfire detected	No. 1 cylinder misfires.	Improper spark plug	
P0302 0302	No. 2 cylinder misfire detected	No. 2 cylinder misfires.	<ul><li>Insufficient compression</li><li>Incorrect fuel pressure</li></ul>	
P0303 0303	No. 3 cylinder misfire detected	No. 3 cylinder misfires.	<ul><li>The injector circuit is open or shorted</li><li>Fuel injector</li></ul>	ŀ
P0304 0304	No. 4 cylinder misfire detected	No. 4 cylinder misfires.	Intake air leak     The ignition signal circuit is open or	
P0305 0305	No. 5 cylinder misfire detected	No. 5 cylinder misfires.	shorted  • Lack of fuel	l
P0306 0306	No. 6 cylinder misfire detected	No. 6 cylinder misfires.	<ul><li>Signal plate</li><li>Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1</li></ul>	1
P0307 0307	No. 7 cylinder misfire detected	No. 7 cylinder misfires.	Incorrect PCV hose connection	
P0308 0308	No. 8 cylinder misfire detected	No. 8 cylinder misfires.		

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle in safe manner according to traffic conditions and obey all traffic laws when driving.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

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### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON, and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Restart engine and let it idle for about 15 minutes.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <a href="EC-328"><u>EC-328</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u></a>

### . NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is not detected during above procedure, performing the following procedure is advised.

- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- b. Start engine and drive the vehicle under the similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data for a certain time. Refer to the table below.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

The similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data means the vehicle operation that the following conditions should be satisfied at the same time.

Engine speed	Engine speed in the freeze frame data $\pm400~\text{rpm}$	
Vehicle speed	Vehicle speed in the freeze frame data $\pm$ 10 km/h (6 MPH)	
Engine coolant temperature	When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70 °C (158 °F), T should be lower than 70 °C (158 °F).	
(T) condition	When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F), T should be higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F).	

The time to driving varies according to the engine speed in the freeze frame data.

Engine speed	Time
Around 1,000 rpm	Approximately 10 minutes
Around 2,000 rpm	Approximately 5 minutes
More than 3,000 rpm	Approximately 3.5 minutes

### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

1. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK AND PCV HOSE

1. Start engine and run it at idle speed.

- 2. Listen for the sound of the intake air leak.
- Check PCV hose connection.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Discover air leak location and repair.

## 2. CHECK FOR EXHAUST SYSTEM CLOGGING

Stop engine and visually check exhaust tube, three way catalyst and muffler for dents.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace it.

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR

NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S XXX 'C
VHCL SPEED SE XXX km/h
B/FUEL SCHDL XXX msec

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## 3. PERFORM POWER BALANCE TEST

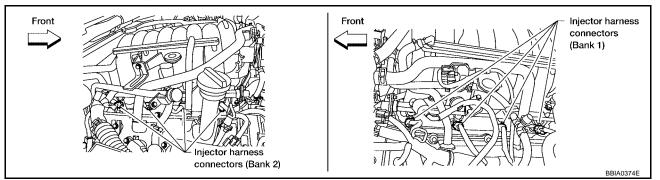
### (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 2. Is there any cylinder which does not produce a momentary engine speed drop?

		1
ACTIVE TES	ACTIVE TEST	
POWER BALANCE		
MONITOR	l	1
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxxv	
		1
		PBIB0133E

### **Without CONSULT-II**

When disconnecting each fuel injector harness connector one at a time, is there any cylinder which does not produce a momentary engine speed drop?



### Yes or No

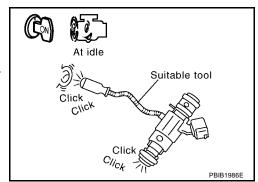
Yes >> GO TO 4. No >> GO TO 7.

## 4. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR

Does each fuel injector make an operating sound at idle? Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 5.

No >> Check fuel injector(s) and circuit(s). Refer to <u>EC-598</u>, "FUEL INJECTOR".



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## 5. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-I

#### **CAUTION:**

Do the following procedure in the place where ventilation is good without the combustible.

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Remove fuel pump fuse in IPDM E/R to release fuel pressure.

#### NOTE:

Do not use CONSULT-II to release fuel pressure, or fuel pressure applies again during the following procedure.

- Start engine.
- 4. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Remove all ignition coil harness connectors to avoid the electrical discharge from the ignition coils.
- Remove ignition coil and spark plug of the cylinder to be checked.

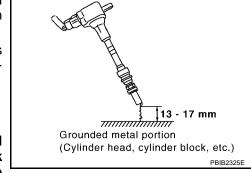


- 9. Connect spark plug and harness connector to ignition coil.
- 10. Fix ignition coil using a rope etc. with gap of 13 17 mm between the edge of the spark plug and grounded metal portion as shown in the figure.
- 11. Crank engine for about 3 seconds, and check whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded metal portion.



#### **CAUTION:**

 Do not approach to the spark plug and the ignition coil within 50cm. Be careful not to get an electrical shock while checking, because the electrical discharge voltage becomes 20kV or more.



IPDM E/R

Fuel pump fuse

BBIA0380F

• It might cause to damage the ignition coil if the gap of more than 17 mm is taken.

#### NOTE

When the gap is less than 13 mm, the spark might be generated even if the coil is malfunctioning.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> GO TO 6.

## 6. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-II

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect spark plug and connect a known-good spark plug.
- 3. Crank engine for about 3 seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded metal portion.

Spark should be generated.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Check ignition coil, power transistor and their circuits. Refer to EC-618, "IGNITION SIGNAL".

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## 7. CHECK SPARK PLUG

Check the initial spark plug for fouling, etc.

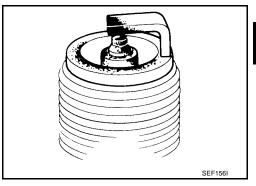
### OK or NG

OK

>> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to EM-29, "SPARK PLUG (PLATI-NUM-TIPPED TYPE)".

NG

- >> 1. Repair or clean spark plug.
  - 2. GO TO 8.



## 8. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III

1. Reconnect the initial spark plugs.

2. Crank engine for about 3 seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion.

### Spark should be generated.

### OK or NG

OK

>> INSPECTION END

NG >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-18, "Changing Spark Plugs".

## 9. CHECK COMPRESSION PRESSURE

Check compression pressure. Refer to EM-63, "CHECKING COMPRESSION PRESSURE" .

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Check pistons, piston rings, valves, valve seats and cylinder head gaskets.

## 10. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

- 1. Install all removed parts.
- Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-80, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".
- Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure. Refer to EC-82, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK".

### At idle: Approximately 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 51 psi)

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> GO TO 11.

## 11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to EC-604, "FUEL PUMP" .)
- Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to EC-82, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK" .)
- Fuel lines
- Fuel filter for clogging

>> Repair or replace.

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## 12. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

Check the following items. Refer to  $\underline{\text{EC-71, "Basic Inspection"}}$  .

Items	Specifications
Target idle speed	650 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)
Ignition timing	15 ± 5° BTDC (in P or N position)

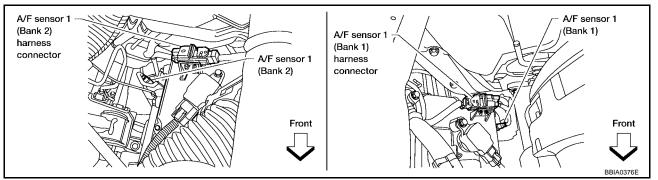
## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Follow the <u>EC-71, "Basic Inspection"</u>.

## 13. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.



- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
	1	16
Bank 1	2	75
Dank i	5	35
	6	56
	1	76
Bank 2	2	77
Dalik 2	5	57
	6	58

### **Continuity should exist.**

5. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Bank 1		Bank 2	
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
1	16	1	76
2	75	2	77
5	35	5	57
6	56	6	58

### Continuity should not exist.

6. Also check harness for short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 14. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to EC-162, "Component Inspection".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> GO TO 15.

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## 15. REPLACE AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Replace air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor, clean exhaust system threads (using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12) and approved anti-seize lubricant.

#### >> INSPECTION END

## 16. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Check mass air flow sensor signal in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

3.0 - 9.0 g·m/sec: at idling 9.0 - 28.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

### With GST

Check mass air flow sensor signal in Service \$01 with GST.

3.0 - 9.0 g·m/sec: at idling 9.0 - 28.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or ground. Refer to <u>EC-171</u>, "<u>DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR"</u>.

## 17. CHECK SYMPTOM MATRIX CHART

Check items on the rough idle symptom in EC-92, "Symptom Matrix Chart".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> Repair or replace.

## 18. ERASE THE 1ST TRIP DTC

Some tests may cause a 1st trip DTC to be set.

Erase the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory after performing the tests. Refer to <u>EC-61, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>

>> GO TO 19.

## 19. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

### >> INSPECTION END

## DTC P0327, P0328, P0332, P0333 KS

PFP:22060

## **Component Description**

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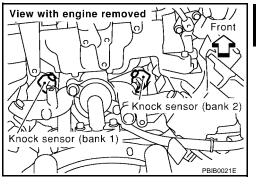
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The knock sensor is attached to the cylinder block. It senses engine knocking using a piezoelectric element. A knocking vibration from the cylinder block is sensed as vibrational pressure. This pressure is converted into a voltage signal and sent to the ECM.



## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBSOOH3U

The MIL will not light up for these diagnoses.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0327 0327 (bank 1)	Knock sensor circuit low	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	
P0332 0332 (bank 2)	- input	IS SOIL TO ECIM.	Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)
P0328 0328 (bank 1)	Knock sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Knock sensor
P0333 0333 (bank 2)	- Input	is sent to Low.	

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

LIBS00H3V

#### NOTE:

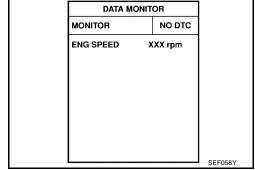
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

### ( WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-337, "Diagnostic Procedure"



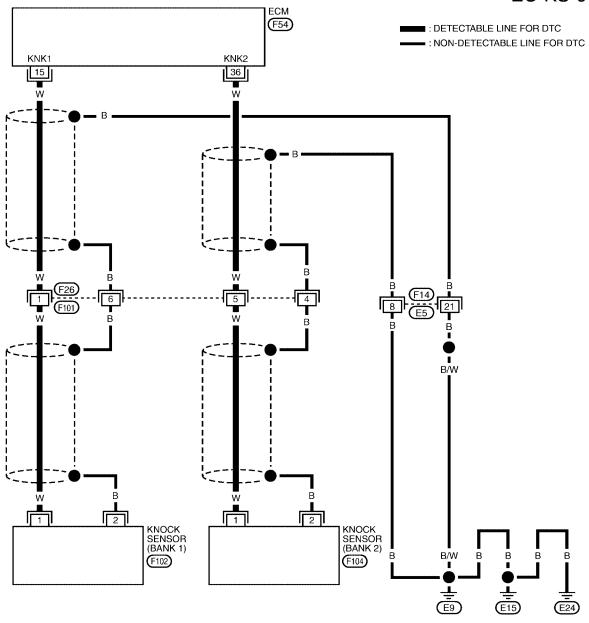
### **WITH GST**

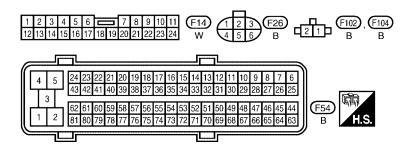
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

## **Wiring Diagram**

UBS00H3W

# EC-KS-01





BBWA2094E

## DTC P0327, P0328, P0332, P0333 KS

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
15 36	W	Knock sensor (bank 1) Knock sensor (bank 2)	[Engine is running]  ● Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00H3X

## 1. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

- Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check resistance between ECM terminals 15, 36 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

It is necessary to use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10 M $\Omega$ .

Resistance: Approximately 532 - 588 k $\Omega$  [at 20°C (68°F)]

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 2.

## 2. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II

- Disconnect knock sensor harness connector. 1.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 15 and knock sensor (bank1) terminal 1, ECM terminal 36 and knock sensor (bank 2) terminal 1.

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.

## 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

### Check the following.

- Harness connectors F26, F101
- Harness for open or short between ECM and knock sensor
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

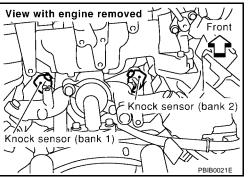
## 4. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR

Refer to EC-339, "Component Inspection".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace knock sensor.



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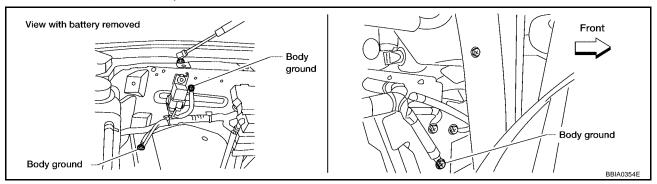
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## 5. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "Ground Inspection".



### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

## 6. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR SHIELD CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect knock sensor harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between knock sensor terminal 2 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

## 7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F26, F101
- Harness connectors F14, E5
- Harness for open or short between knock sensor terminal 2 and ground
  - >> Repair open circuit or short power in harness or connectors.

## 8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

### >> INSPECTION END

## DTC P0327, P0328, P0332, P0333 KS

# Component Inspection KNOCK SENSOR

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Check resistance between knock sensor terminal 1 and ground.

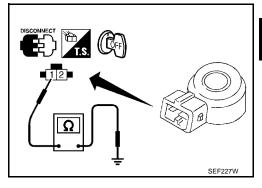
#### NOTE:

It is necessary to use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10  $\text{M}\Omega.$ 

Resistance: Approximately 532 - 588 k $\Omega$  [at 20°C (68°F)]

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use any knock sensors that have been dropped or physically damaged. Use only new ones.



UBS00H3Z

# Removal and Installation KNOCK SENSOR

Refer to EM-78, "CYLINDER BLOCK".

Revision: November 2009 EC-339 2006 QX56

## **DTC P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)**

PFP:23731

UBS00H40

## **Component Description**

The crankshaft position sensor (POS) is located on the A/T assembly facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the signal plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet and Hall IC.

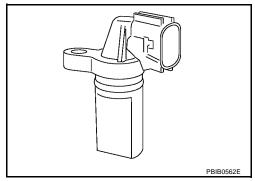
When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

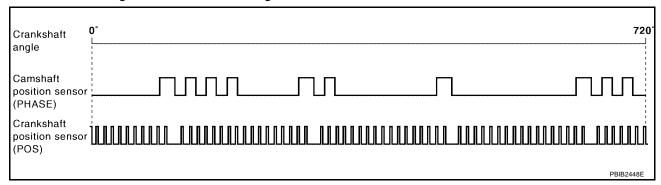
The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

ECM receives the signals as shown in the figure.





## **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00H41

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
ENG SPEED	Run engine and compare CONSULT-II value with the tachometer indication.	Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication.

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H42

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0335 0335	Crankshaft position sensor (POS) circuit	<ul> <li>The crankshaft position sensor (POS) signal is not detected by the ECM during the first few seconds of engine cranking.</li> <li>The proper pulse signal from the crankshaft position sensor (POS) is not sent to ECM while the engine is running.</li> <li>The crankshaft position sensor (POS) signal is not in the normal pattern during engine running.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Crankshaft position sensor (POS)</li> <li>Signal plate</li> </ul>

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H43

### NOTE:

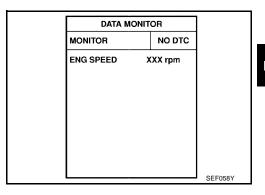
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V with ignition switch ON.

## WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Crank engine for at least 2 seconds and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <a href="EC-343"><u>EC-343</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u></a>



## **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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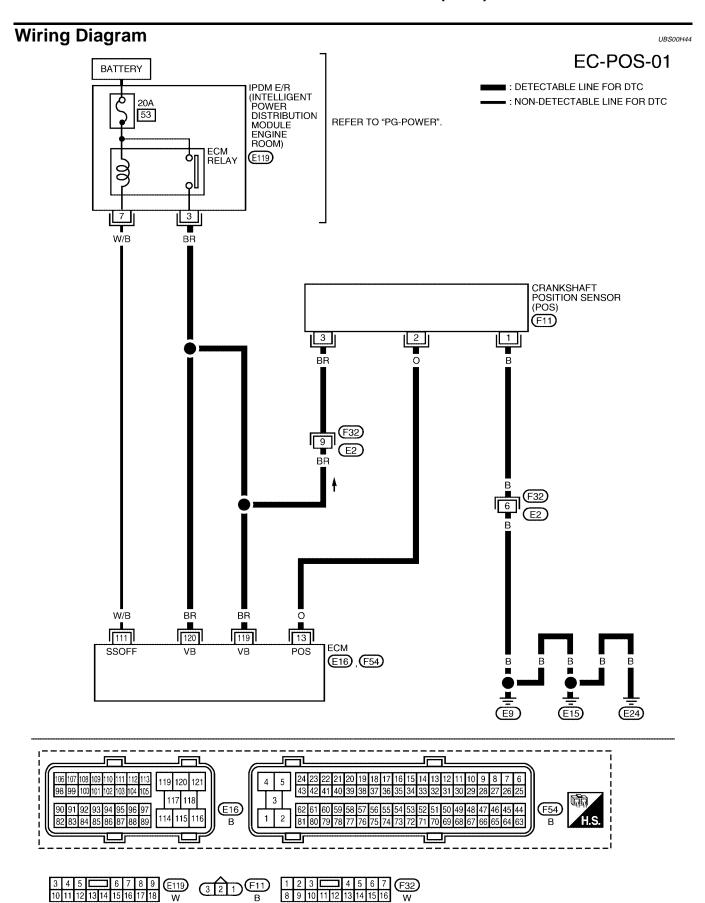
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

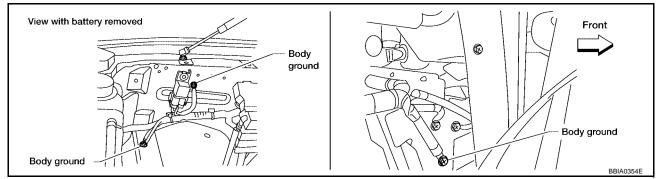
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
13 O	0	Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.</li> </ul>	1.0 - 2.0V ★
			[Engine is running]  ● Engine speed: 2,000 rpm.	1.0 - 2.0V ★
111	W/B	ECM relay	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF]  ● For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	0 - 1.5V
		(Self shut-off)	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li><li>More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li></ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	BR BR	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "Ground Inspection".



### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

Revision: November 2009 EC-343 2006 QX56

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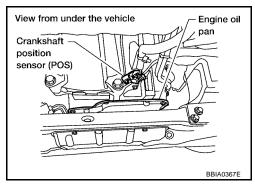
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UBS00H45

## 2. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION (CKP) SENSOR (POS) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Disconnect crankshaft position (CKP) sensor (POS) harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

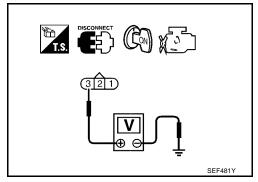


3. Check voltage between CKP sensor (POS) terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



## 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F32, E2
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and ECM
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and IPDM E/R
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 4. CHECK CKP SENSOR (POS) GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Check harness continuity between CKP sensor (POS) terminal 1 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

## 5. $\mathsf{detect}$ malfunctioning part

Check the following.

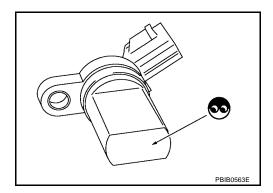
- Harness connectors F32, E2
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and ground
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

Disconnect ECM harness connector.	A
<ol> <li>Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 13 and CKP sensor (POS) terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	EC
Continuity should exist.	
<ol> <li>Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.</li> <li>OK or NG</li> <li>OK &gt;&gt; GO TO 7.</li> </ol>	С
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	D
7. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)	
Refer to EC-346, "Component Inspection" .  OK or NG	E
OK >> GO TO 8.  NG >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS).	F
8. CHECK GEAR TOOTH	
Visually check for chipping signal plate gear tooth.  OK or NG	G
OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Replace the signal plate.	Н
9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	ı
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .	
>> INSPECTION END	J
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Component Inspection CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

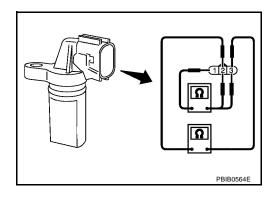
UBS00H46

- 1. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 2. Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (POS) harness connector.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.



5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
1 (+) - 2 (-)	
1 (+) - 3 (-)	Except 0 or ∞
2 (+) - 3 (-)	



UBS00H47

# Removal and Installation CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

Refer to AT-243, "TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY" .

## **DTC P0340 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)**

PFP:23731

## **Component Description**

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The camshaft position sensor (PHASE) senses the protrusion of exhaust valve cam sprocket to identify a particular cylinder. The camshaft position sensor (PHASE) senses the piston position.

When the crankshaft position sensor (POS) system becomes inoperative, the camshaft position sensor (PHASE) provides various controls of engine parts instead, utilizing timing of cylinder identification signals.

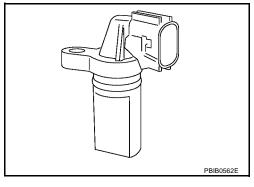
The sensor consists of a permanent magnet and Hall IC.

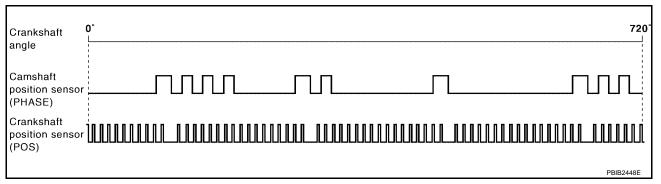
When engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

ECM receives the signals as shown in the figure.





## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00H49

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
	Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) circuit	The cylinder No. signal is not sent to ECM for the first few seconds during engine	Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)     Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)
P0340 0340		' A The Cylinder No signal is not sent to HUM	<ul> <li>Camshaft (Exhaust)</li> <li>Starter motor (Refer to <u>SC-10, "START-ING SYSTEM"</u>.)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>The cylinder No. signal is not in the normal pattern during engine running.</li> </ul>	Starting system circuit (Refer to <u>SC-10</u> , "STARTING SYSTEM" .)      Dead (Weak) battery

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H4A

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#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V with ignition switch ON.

### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.

- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Crank engine for at least 2 seconds and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-350, "Diagnostic Procedure"

If 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to next step.

- 5. Maintaining engine speed at more than 800 rpm for at least 5 seconds.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-350, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA M	ONITOR	]
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	1
		SEF058Y

### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

## **Wiring Diagram** Α EC-PHASE-01 BATTERY : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC EC IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM) 20A 53 C REFER TO "PG-POWER". E119 ECM RELAY D 3 Е w/B (E2) (F32) ■ BR ■ 9 ■ BR BR CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE) (F23) Н 2 BR BR 111 119 14 120 SSOFF **E**16 (F54) M (E9) (E15) (E24) (F54) (E16)

BBWA1686E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
14	Y	Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.</li> </ul>	1.0 - 4.0V ★  > 5.0 V/Div 20 ms/Div T  PBIB1039E	
14	Y		[Engine is running]  ● Engine speed: 2,000 rpm.	1.0 - 4.0V ★  >> 5.0 V/Div 20 ms/Div  PBIB1040E	
111	W/B	ECM relay	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li><li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li></ul>	0 - 1.5V	
		(Self shut-off)	[Ignition switch: OFF]  • More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
119 120	BR BR	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00H4C

### 1. CHECK STARTING SYSTEM

Turn ignition switch to START position.

Does the engine turn over?

Does the starter motor operate?

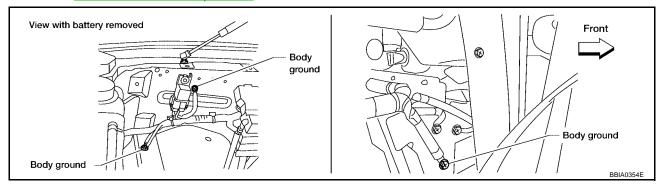
### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2.

No >> Check starting system. (Refer to <u>SC-10, "STARTING SYSTEM"</u>.)

## 2. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "<u>Ground Inspection</u>".



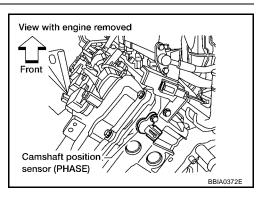
### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

## 3. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION (CMP) SENSOR (PHASE) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect camshaft position (CMP) sensor (PHASE) harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

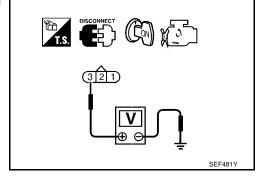


3. Check voltage between CMP sensor (PHASE) terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

### Voltage: Battery voltage

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



## 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F32, E2
- Harness for open or short between camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and ECM
- Harness for open or short between camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and IPDM E/R
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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## 5. CHECK CMP SENSOR (PHASE) GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Check harness continuity between CMP sensor (PHASE) terminal 1 and ground. Refer to wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

## 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F32, E2
- Harness for open or short between CMP sensor (PHASE) and ground
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 7. CHECK CMP SENSOR (PHASE) INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 14 and CMP sensor (PHASE) terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 8. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

Refer to EC-353, "Component Inspection".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace camshaft position sensor (PHASE).

## 9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

### >> INSPECTION END

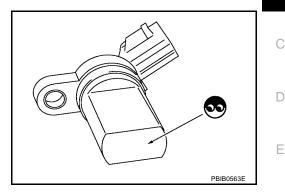
## **Component Inspection CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)**

UBS00H4D

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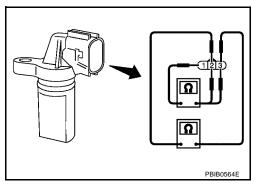
EC

- 1. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 2. Disconnect camshaft position sensor (PHASE) harness connector.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.



5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
3(+) - 1 (-)	
2 (+) - 1 (-)	Except 0 or ∞
3 (+) - 2 (-)	



UBS00H4E

## **Removal and Installation CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)**

Refer to EM-46, "CAMSHAFT" .

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## DTC P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION

PFP:20905

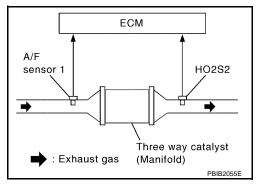
UBS00H4F

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

The ECM monitors the switching frequency ratio of air fuel sensor (A/F) sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2.

A three way catalyst (manifold) with high oxygen storage capacity will indicate a low switching frequency of heated oxygen sensor 2. As oxygen storage capacity decreases, the heated oxygen sensor 2 switching frequency will increase.

When the frequency ratio of air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2 approaches a specified limit value, the three way catalyst (manifold) malfunction is diagnosed.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0420			Three way catalyst (manifold)
0420 (Bank 1)			<ul> <li>Exhaust tube</li> </ul>
(Bank 1)	0.11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	Three way catalyst (manifold) does not oper- ate properly.	Intake air leaks
D0.400	Catalyst system effi- ciency below threshold	ate properly.	Fuel injector
	P0430 ciency below threshold 0430	Three way catalyst (manifold) does not have enough oxygen storage capacity.	Fuel injector leaks
(Bank 2)			Spark plug
			Improper ignition timing

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### (III) WITH CONSULT-II

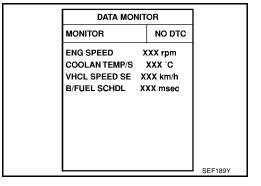
### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Do not hold engine speed for more than the specified minutes below.

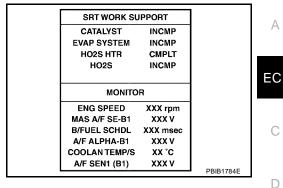
- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).

If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).

7. Open engine hood.



- Select "DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION" then "SRT WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Rev engine up to 2,000 to 3,000 rpm and hold it for 3 consecutive minutes then release the accelerator pedal completely. If "INCMP" of "CATALYST" changed to "CMPLT", go to step 12.
- 10. Wait 5 seconds at idle.

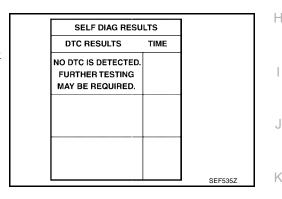


11. Rev engine up to 2,000 to 3,000 rpm and maintain it until "INCMP" of "CATALYST" changes to "CMPLT" (It will take approximately 5 minutes).

If not "CMPLT", stop engine and cool it down to less than 70°C (158°F) and then retest from step 1.

SRT WORK SU	JPPORT	
CATALYST	CMPLT	
EVAP SYSTEM	INCMP	
HO2S HTR	CMPLT	
HO2S	INCMP	
MONITO	R	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V	
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX V	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XX °C	
A/F SEN1 (B1)	xxx v	DDID 47055
L		PBIB1785E

- 12. Select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 13. Confirm that the 1st trip DTC is not detected. If the 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-356, "Diagnostic Procedure".



### Overall Function Check

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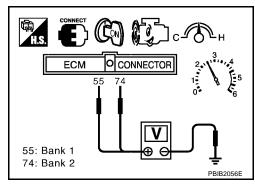
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the three way catalyst (manifold). During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

### **WITH GST**

- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Open engine hood.
- 6. Set voltmeter probe between ECM terminals ECM terminals 55 [HO2S2 (bank 1) signal], 74 [HO2S2 (bank 2) signal] and
- 7. Keep engine speed at 2,500 rpm constant under no load.
- 8. Make sure that the voltage does not vary for more than 5 sec-

If the voltage fluctuation cycle takes less than 5 seconds, go to EC-356, "Diagnostic Procedure".

• 1 cycle:  $0.6 - 1.0 \rightarrow 0 - 0.3 \rightarrow 0.6 - 1.0$ 



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## **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM

Visually check exhaust tubes and muffler for dent.

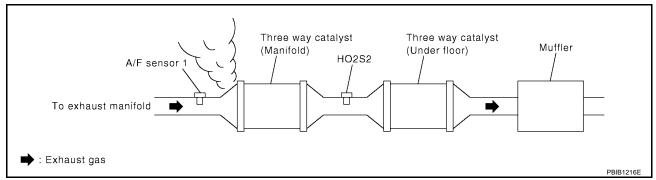
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace.

## 2. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before the three way catalyst (manifold).



### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

## 3. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace.

## 4. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

Check the following items. Refer to EC-71, "Basic Inspection" .

Items	Specifications
Target idle speed	$650 \pm 50$ rpm (in P or N position)
Ignition timing	15 ± 5° BTDC (in P or N position)

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Follow the EC-71, "Basic Inspection".

## 5. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR

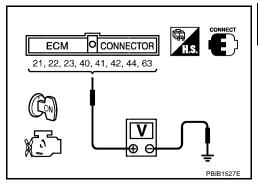
- 1. Stop engine and then turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminals 21, 22, 23, 40, 41, 42, 44, 63 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester. Refer to Wiring Diagram for fuel injector, EC-599, "Wiring Diagram".

Battery voltage should exist.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Perform EC-600, "Diagnostic Procedure".



IPDM E/R

## 6. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-I

### **CAUTION:**

Do the following procedure in the place where ventilation is good without the combustible.

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Remove fuel pump fuse in IPDM E/R to release fuel pressure.

### NOTE:

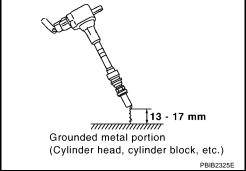
Do not use CONSULT-II to release fuel pressure, or fuel pressure applies again during the following procedure.

- 3. Start engine.
- 4. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 6. Remove all ignition coil harness connectors to avoid the electrical discharge from the ignition coils.
- 7. Remove ignition coil and spark plug of the cylinder to be checked.
- 8. Crank engine for 5 seconds or more to remove combustion gas in the cylinder.
- 9. Connect spark plug and harness connector to ignition coil.
- 10. Fix ignition coil using a rope etc. with gap of 13 17 mm between the edge of the spark plug and grounded metal portion as shown in the figure.
- 11. Crank engine for about 3 seconds, and check whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded metal portion.

Spark should be generated.

#### **CAUTION:**

 Do not approach to the spark plug and the ignition coil within 50cm. Be careful not to get an electrical shock while checking, because the electrical discharge voltage becomes 20kV or more.



It might cause to damage the ignition coil if the gap of more than 17 mm is taken.

When the gap is less than 13 mm, the spark might be generated even if the coil is malfunctioning.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 7.

**EC-357** Revision: November 2009 2006 QX56

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Fuel pump fuse

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## 7. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect spark plug and connect a known-good spark plug.
- 3. Crank engine for about 3 seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded metal portion.

### Spark should be generated.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Check ignition coil, power transistor and their circuits. Refer to <u>EC-618</u>, "IGNITION SIGNAL".

## 8. CHECK SPARK PLUG

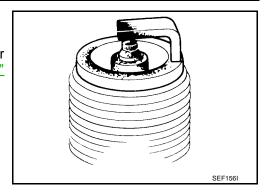
Check the initial spark plug for fouling, etc.

### OK or NG

OK >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-18, "Changing Spark Plugs"

NG >> 1. Repair or clean spark plug.

2. GO TO 9.



## 9. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III

- 1. Reconnect the initial spark plugs.
- 2. Crank engine for about three seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion.

### Spark should be generated.

### OK or NG

NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

>> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-18, "Changing Spark Plugs".

## 10. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Remove fuel injector assembly.

Refer to EM-31, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE".

Keep fuel hose and all fuel injectors connected to fuel injector gallery.

- 3. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
- 4. Reconnect all fuel injector harness connectors disconnected.
- Turn ignition switch ON.
   Make sure fuel does not drip from fuel injector.

### OK or NG

OK (Does not drip.)>>GO TO 11.

NG (Drips.)>>Replace the fuel injector(s) from which fuel is dripping.

## 11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

Trouble is fixed.>>INSPECTION END

Trouble is not fixed.>>Replace three way catalyst assembly.

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### **DTC P0441 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM**

### **DTC P0441 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM**

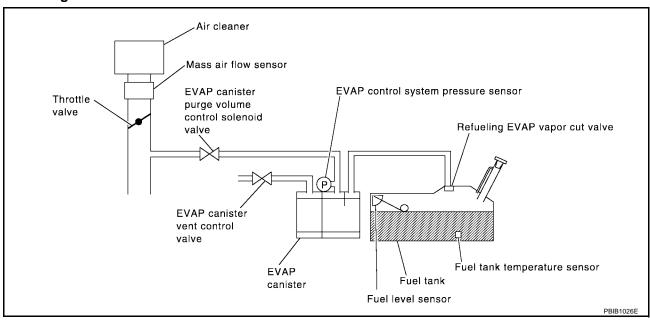
PFP:14950

## **System Description**

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#### NOTE:

If DTC P0441 is displayed with other DTC such as P2122, P2123, P2127, P2128 or P2138, first perform trouble diagnosis for other DTC.



In this evaporative emission (EVAP) control system, purge flow occurs during non-closed throttle conditions. Purge volume is related to air intake volume. Under normal purge conditions (non-closed throttle), the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is open to admit purge flow. Purge flow exposes the EVAP control system pressure sensor to intake manifold vacuum.

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00H4K

Under normal conditions (non-closed throttle), sensor output voltage indicates if pressure drop and purge flow are adequate. If not, a malfunction is determined.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0441 0441	EVAP control system incorrect purge flow	EVAP control system does not operate properly, EVAP control system has a leak between intake manifold and EVAP control system pressure sensor.	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve stuck closed
			EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit
			Loose, disconnected or improper con- nection of rubber tube
			Blocked rubber tube
			Cracked EVAP canister
			EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit
			Accelerator pedal position sensor
			Blocked purge port
			EVAP canister vent control valve

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H4L

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

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#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 70 seconds.
- Select "PURG FLOW P0441" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 5. Touch "START". If "COMPLETED" is displayed, go to step 7.
- 6. When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 35 seconds.)

Selector lever	Suitable position
VHCL SPEED SE	32 - 120 km/h (20 - 75 MPH)
ENG SPEED	500 - 3,000 rpm
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.0 - 12.0 msec
COOLAN TEMP/S	70 - 100°C (158 - 212°F)

PURG FLOW F	0441		PURG FLOW P	0441		PURG FLOW P0441	
OUT OF CONDITION			TESTING				
MONITOR	1	•	MONITOR		•	COMPLETED	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm		ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	•		
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec		B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec			
COOLAN TEMP/S	xxx .c		COOLAN TEMP/S	ххх °с			
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h		VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h			

If "TESTING" is not changed for a long time, retry from step 2.

7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-362, "Diagnostic Procedure".

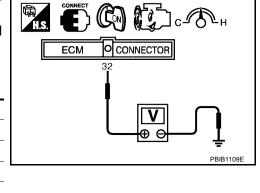
#### Overall Function Check

Use this procedure to check the overall monitoring function of the EVAP control system purge flow monitoring. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

#### **WITH GST**

- 1. Lift up drive wheels.
- Start engine (VDC switch OFF) and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and wait at least 70 seconds.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes to ECM terminals 32 (EVAP control system pressure sensor signal) and ground.
- Check EVAP control system pressure sensor value at idle speed and note it.
- Establish and maintain the following conditions for at least 1 minute.

Air conditioner switch	ON
Headlamp switch	ON
Rear window defogger switch	ON
Engine speed	Approx. 3,000 rpm
Gear position	Any position other than P, N or R



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8. Verify that EVAP control system pressure sensor value stays 0.1V less than the value at idle speed (measured at step 6) for at least 1 second.

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9. If NG, go to EC-362, "Diagnostic Procedure".

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

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- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check EVAP canister for cracks.

#### OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 2.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister.

# 2. CHECK PURGE FLOW

#### (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port and install vacuum gauge. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to <a href="EC-33">EC-33</a>, "EVAPORATIVE <a href="EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</a>.
- 2. Start engine and let it idle.
- 3. Select "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm.
- 5. Touch "Qd" and "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to adjust "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening and check vacuum existence.

PURG VOL CONT/V	Vacuum
100%	Should exist.
0%	Should not exist.

ACTIVE TE	ST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %	
MONITOR	7	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %	
		PBIB1678

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> GO TO 4.

# 3. CHECK PURGE FLOW

#### **W** Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine.
- Disconnect vacuum hose connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port and install vacuum gauge. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to <a href="EC-33">EC-33</a>, "EVAPORATIVE <a href="EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</a>.
- Start engine and let it idle.

#### Do not depress accelerator pedal even slightly.

Check vacuum gauge indication before 60 seconds passed after starting engine.

#### Vacuum should not exist.

6. Revving engine up to 2,000 rpm after 100 seconds passed after starting engine.

#### Vacuum should exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> GO TO 4.

## 4. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

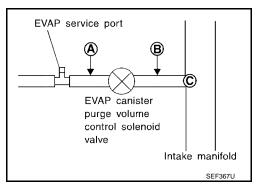
- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check EVAP purge line for improper connection or disconnection. Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> Repair it.

# 5. CHECK EVAP PURGE HOSE AND PURGE PORT

- Disconnect purge hoses connected to EVAP service port A and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve B.
- Blow air into each hose and EVAP purge port C.

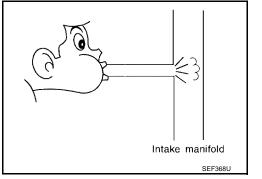


3. Check that air flows freely.

#### OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 6. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair or clean hoses and/or purge port.



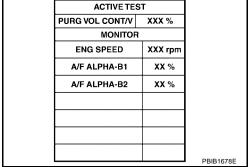
# 6. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

## (II) With CONSULT-II

- Start engine.
- 2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.



## 7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-386, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

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# 8. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

- Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
- 2. Check connectors for water.

#### Water should not exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

## 9. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR FUNCTION

Refer to DTC Confirmation Procedure for DTC P0452, <u>EC-406, "DTC Confirmation Procedure"</u> and P0453, <u>EC-412, "DTC Confirmation Procedure"</u>.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

## 10. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

- 1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- 2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

# 11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-393, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

# 12. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

Inspect EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube). Check for evidence of leaks.

Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LÍNE DRAWING".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Replace it.

## 13. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 14.

## 14. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

### **DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM**

PFP:14950

### On Board Diagnosis Logic

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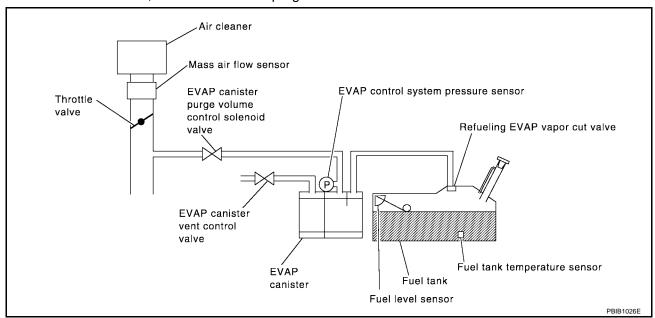
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This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using engine intake manifold vacuum.

If pressure does not increase, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve, under the following "Vacuum test" conditions.

The EVAP canister vent control valve is closed to shut the EVAP purge line off. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve will then be opened to depressurize the EVAP purge line using intake manifold vacuum. After this occurs, the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve will be closed.



small leak detected control system does not operate prop-	DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
FUAP control system small leak detected (negative pressure)  EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP canister vent control valve.  EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit  EVAP canister vent control valve.  EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP control valve and the circuit  EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit  EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit  EVAP canister purge volume control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister is saturated with water  EVAP canister is saturated with water  EVAP control system pressure sensor  Fuel level sensor and the circuit  Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve				Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve	
EVAP control system small leak detected (negative pressure)  EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.  EVAP control system has a leak, EVAP control system has a leak, EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP control system has a leak, EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP control system has a leak, EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP canister rubber tube bent  Loose or disconnected rubber tube  EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit  EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit  Fuel tank temperature sensor  O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister is saturated with water  EVAP control system pressure sensor  Fuel level sensor and the circuit  Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve				Incorrect fuel filler cap used	
EVAP control system small leak detected (negative pressure)  EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.  EVAP control system small leak detected (negative pressure)  EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP canister of fuel tank leaks  EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks  EVAP purge line rubber tube bent  Loose or disconnected rubber tube  EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit  EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit  EVAP canister purge volume control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister is saturated with water  EVAP canister is saturated with water  EVAP control system pressure sensor  Fuel level sensor and the circuit  Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve			Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close.		
EVAP control system small leak detected (negative pressure)  EVAP control system small leak detected (negative pressure)  EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks  EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks  EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit  EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit  EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.  EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks  EVAP purge line rubber tube bent  Loose or disconnected rubber tube  EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit  EVAP canister purge volume control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister purge volume control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister purge volume control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister purge volume control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister purge volume control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister purge volume control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister purge volume control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister purge volume control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister purge volume control valve is missing or damaged			Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap.		
EVAP control system small leak detected (negative pressure)  EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit  EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit  Fuel tank temperature sensor  O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister is saturated with water  EVAP control system pressure sensor  Fuel level sensor and the circuit  Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve			EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid		
EVAP control system small leak detected (negative pressure)  EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP control system has a leak, EVAP control system has a leak, EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube bent loose or disconnected rubber tube leaks loose or disconnected rubber tube loose or disconnected rubber tube leaks loose or disconnected rubber tube loose or disconnected rubber loose loose loose or disconnected rubber loose loo			= =		
EVAP control system small leak detected (negative pressure)  EVAP control system has a leak, EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP control system does not operate properly.  EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit  EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit  Fuel tank temperature sensor  O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister is saturated with water  EVAP canister is saturated with water  EVAP control system pressure sensor  Fuel level sensor and the circuit  Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve			control system does not operate prop-	EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks	
small leak detected (negative pressure)  small leak detected (negative pressure)  control system does not operate properly.  Loose or disconnected rubber tube  EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit  Fuel tank temperature sensor  O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister is saturated with water  EVAP canister is saturated with water  EVAP control system pressure sensor  Fuel level sensor and the circuit  Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve				EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks	
(negative pressure)  erly.  erly.  Loose or disconnected rubber tube  EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit  EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit  Fuel tank temperature sensor  O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister is saturated with water  EVAP control system pressure sensor  Fuel level sensor and the circuit  Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve	P0442	•		EVAP purge line rubber tube bent	
<ul> <li>EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit</li> <li>EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit</li> <li>Fuel tank temperature sensor</li> <li>O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged</li> <li>EVAP canister is saturated with water</li> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>Fuel level sensor and the circuit</li> <li>Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve</li> </ul>	0442			Loose or disconnected rubber tube	
valve and the circuit  Fuel tank temperature sensor  O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged  EVAP canister is saturated with water  EVAP control system pressure sensor  Fuel level sensor and the circuit  Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve		(nogative procedure)		EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit	
<ul> <li>O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged</li> <li>EVAP canister is saturated with water</li> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>Fuel level sensor and the circuit</li> <li>Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve</li> </ul>					. 3
missing or damaged  • EVAP canister is saturated with water  • EVAP control system pressure sensor  • Fuel level sensor and the circuit  • Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve				Fuel tank temperature sensor	
<ul> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>Fuel level sensor and the circuit</li> <li>Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve</li> </ul>		missing or damaged			
<ul> <li>Fuel level sensor and the circuit</li> <li>Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve</li> </ul>					
Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve				EVAP control system pressure sensor	
				Fuel level sensor and the circuit	
ORVR system leaks				Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve	
				ORVR system leaks	

#### **CAUTION:**

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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#### NOTE:

• If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is between 1/4 and 3/4 full, and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).

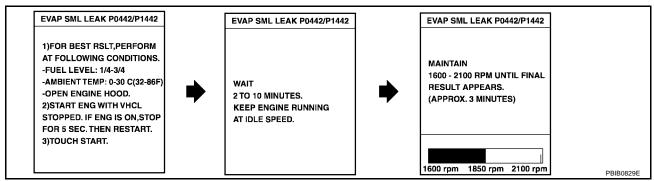
#### ( WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Make sure that the following conditions are met.

COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 0 - 30°C (32 - 86°F)

Select "EVP SML LEAK P0442/P1442" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

Follow the instruction displayed.



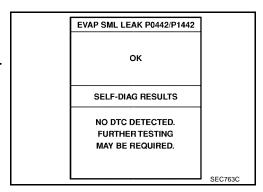
#### NOTE:

If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, go to EC-71, "Basic Inspection".

Make sure that "OK" is displayed.
 If "NG" is displayed, refer to <u>EC-367, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

#### NOTE:

Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.



#### **WITH GST**

#### NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of <u>EC-58</u>, "<u>Driving Pattern</u>" before driving vehicle.

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Drive vehicle according to EC-58, "Driving Pattern".

- 3. Stop vehicle.
- 4. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
- 5. Select Service \$07 with GST.
- If P0442 is displayed on the screen, go to EC-367, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- If P0441 is displayed on the screen, go to EC-362, "Diagnostic Procedure".

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN

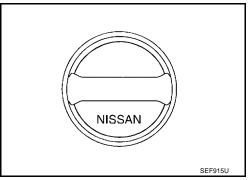
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



# 2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower.

2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

# 3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.

# 4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

Refer to EC-35, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

>> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one. NG

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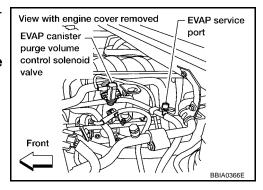
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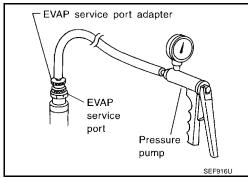
## 5. Install the pressure pump

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely.

#### NOTE:

Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.





With CONSULT-II>>GO TO 6. Without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 7.

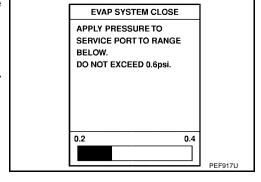
## 6. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

#### (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.



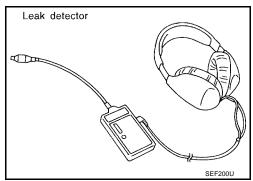
4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details.

Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

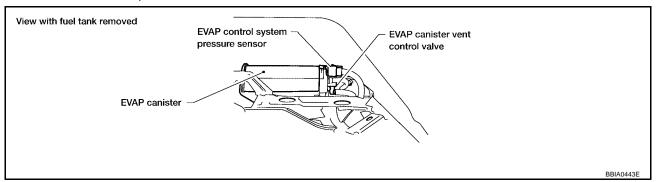
NG >> Repair or replace.



## 7. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)



 Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

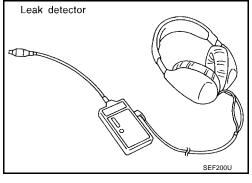
#### **CAUTION:**

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- 4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair or replace.



### 8. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Check the following.

- EVAP canister vent control valve is installed properly.
   Refer to <u>EC-36</u>, "<u>Removal and Installation</u>".
- EVAP canister vent control valve.
   Refer to <u>EC-393</u>, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring.

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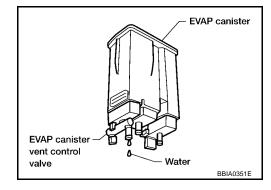
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## 9. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

#### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 10. No (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 12. No (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.



## 10. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.5 kg (5.5 lb).

#### OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 12. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13. NG >> GO TO 11.

# 11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

# 12. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100%.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 14.

ACTIVE TE	ST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %	
MONITOR	}	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %	
		PBIB1678E

#### 13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION **⋈** Without CONSULT-II 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature. EC 2. Stop engine. 3. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port. 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds. C 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm. Vacuum should exist. D OK or NG >> GO TO 16. OK NG >> GO TO 14. Е 14. CHECK VACUUM HOSE Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to EC-102, "Vacuum Hose Drawing". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose. 15. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE Н Refer to EC-386, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. 16. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR Refer to EC-314, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit. 17. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR Refer to EC-404, "Component Inspection". OK or NG M OK >> GO TO 18. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. 18. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks or improper connection. Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 19. NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose. 19. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

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Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 20.

# 20. CHECK EVAP/ORVR LINE

Check EVAP/ORVR line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection. For location, refer to  $\underline{\text{CC-39}}$ , "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 21.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

# 21. CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE

Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 22.

NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.

# 22. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-43, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 23.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

# 23. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Refer to DI-22, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 24.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

# 24. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### DTC P0443 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

PFP:14920

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# **Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

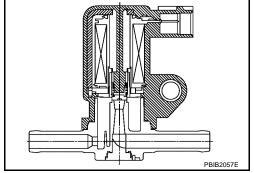
Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*1			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve	
Battery	Battery voltage*1	EVAP canister purge flow control		
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position			
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position	purge new control		
Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)			
Fuel tank temperature sensor	Fuel temperature in fuel tank			
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed*2			

<sup>\*1:</sup> ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses a ON/ OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.



#### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
PURG VOL C/V	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> <li>Selector lever: P or N</li> </ul>	Idle (Accelerator pedal: Not depressed even slightly, after starting engine)	0%
	No load	2,000 rpm	_

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<sup>\*2:</sup> This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

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DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0443 0443	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	The canister purge flow is detected during the specified driving conditions, even when EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is completely closed.	EVAP control system pressure sensor     EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve (The valve is stuck open.)     EVAP canister vent control valve     EVAP canister     Hoses     (Hoses are connected incorrectly or

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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#### NOTE:

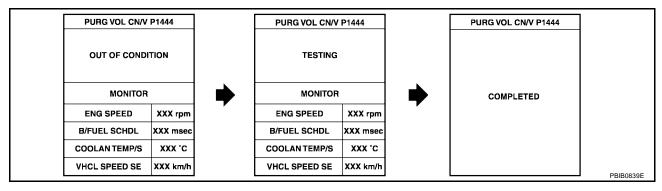
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "PURG VOL CN/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Touch "START".



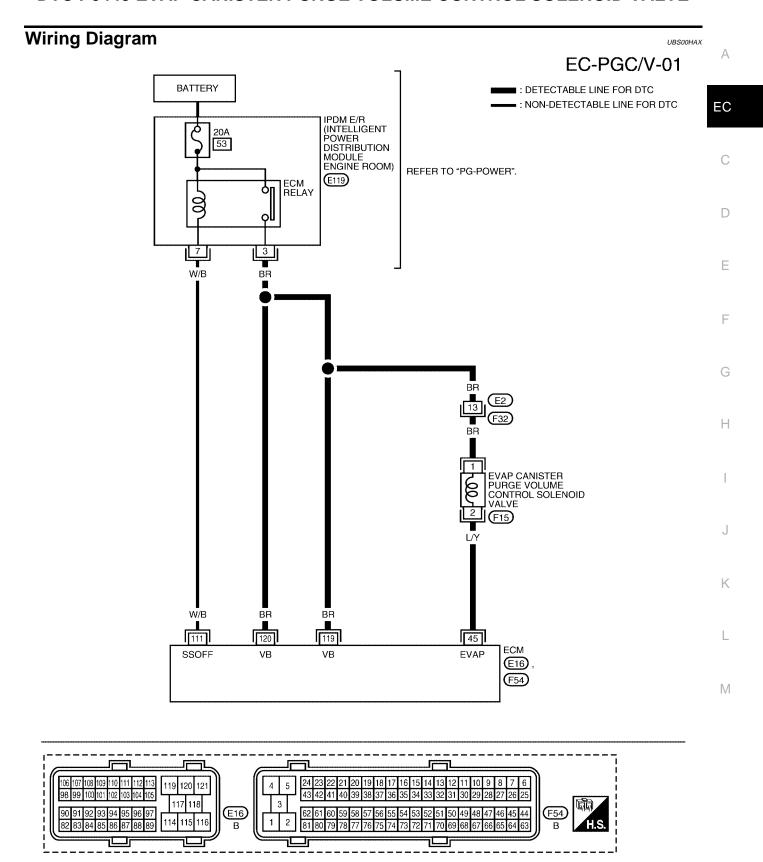
6. Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CONSULT-II changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 10 seconds.)

#### If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2.

7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-377, "Diagnostic Procedure".

#### **WITH GST**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 20 seconds.
- 4. Select Service \$07 with GST.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-377, "Diagnostic Procedure".



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
45	L/Y	Y EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>Accelerator pedal: Not depressed even slightly, after starting engine</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE  (11 - 14V)★  → 10.0V/Div 50 ms/Div  PBIB0050E
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>● Engine speed: About 2,000 rpm (More than 100 seconds after starting engine)</li></ul>	11 - 14V★  → 10.0V/Div 50 ms/Div PBIB0051E
111	W/B	ECM relay	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li><li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li></ul>	0 - 1.5V
		(Self shut-off)	[Ignition switch: OFF]  • More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	BR BR	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

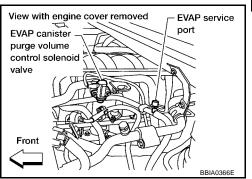
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### 1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIR-**CUIT**

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

- Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve 2. harness connector.
- Turn ignition switch ON.

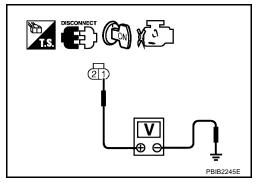


Check voltage between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



# 2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and ECM
  - >> Repair harness or connectors.

## 3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIR-**CUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT**

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 45 and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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# 4. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

- Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
- 2. Check connectors for water.

#### Water should not exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

# 5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-404, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 6.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

## 6. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

#### (II) With CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 3. Start engine.
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

		1
ACTIVE TES	ST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %	
		PBIB1678E

# 7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-380, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

### 8. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

- Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- Check the rubber tube for clogging.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

### 9. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-393, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

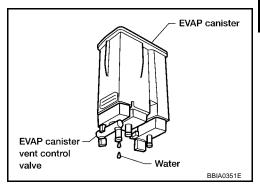
Revision: November 2009 EC-378 2006 QX56

# 10. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

#### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 11. No >> GO TO 13.



# 11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.5 kg (5.5 lb).

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13. NG >> GO TO 12.

# 12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection
  - >> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

# 13. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END

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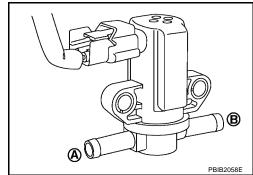
# **Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE**

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#### (P) With CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

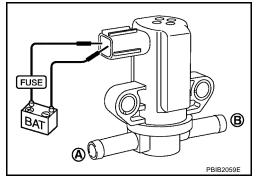
Condition (PURG VOL CONT/V value)	Air passage continuity between A and B
100%	Yes
0%	No



#### **⊗** Without CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No supply	No



UBS00HB0

# Removal and Installation EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

# DTC P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS00H4R

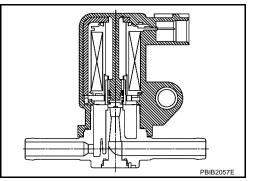
Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*1		
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		
Battery	Battery voltage*1	EVAP canister EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid value.	
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position		EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position	_ parge new control	and control colonida valve
Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)		
Fuel tank temperature sensor	Fuel temperature in fuel tank		
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed*2		

<sup>\*1:</sup> ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.

#### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses a ON/ OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.



#### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
PURG VOL C/V	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> <li>Selector lever: P or N</li> </ul>	Idle (Accelerator pedal: Not depressed even slightly, after starting engine)	0%
	No load	2,000 rpm	_

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<sup>\*2:</sup> This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

On Boa	rd Diagnosis Logic		UBS00H4T
DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0444 0444	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit open	An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve	Harness or connectors     (The solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.)      EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve
P0445 0445	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit shorted	An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve	Harness or connectors     (The solenoid valve circuit is shorted.)     EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H4U

#### NOTE

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

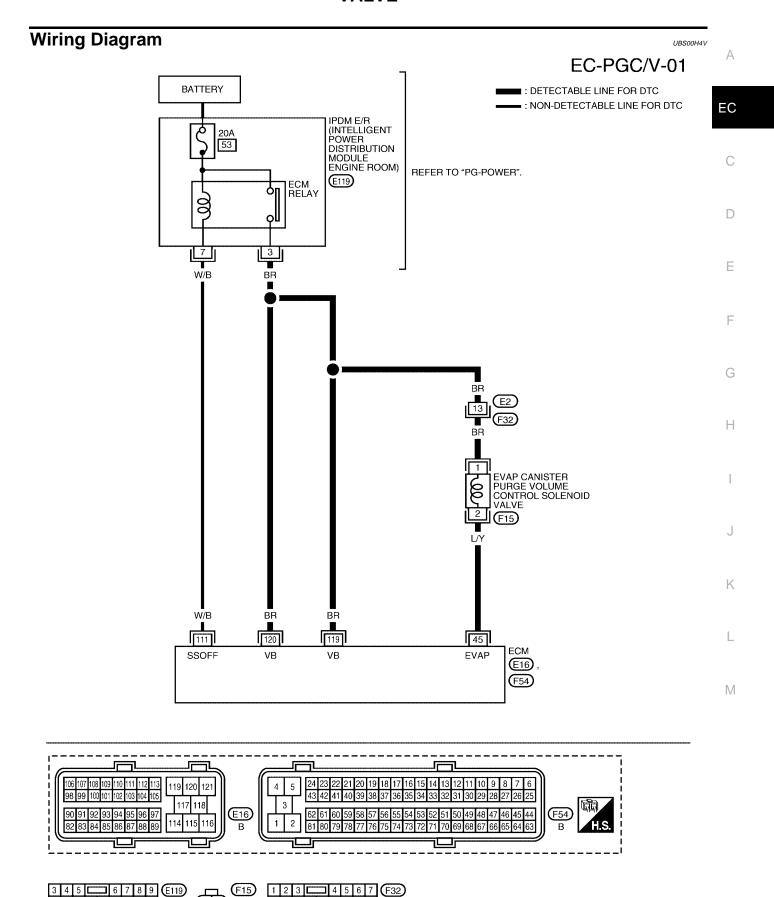
#### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-385, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR		
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	

#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



BBWA1687E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
45	L/Y	EVAP canister purge vol-	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>Accelerator pedal: Not depressed even slightly, after starting engine.</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) ★  → 10.0V/Div 50 ms/Div  PBIB0050E
		ume control solenoid valve	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed: About 2,000 rpm (More than 100 seconds after starting engine).</li> </ul>	11 - 14V ★  >> 10.0V/Div 50 ms/Div PBIB0051E
111	W/B	ECM relay	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li><li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li></ul>	0 - 1.5V
	(Self shut-off)	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li><li>More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li></ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
119 120	BR BR	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00H4W

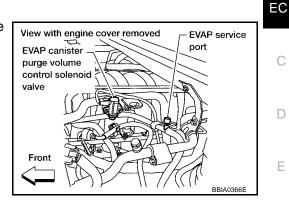
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### 1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIR-CUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

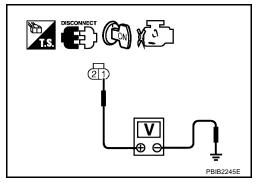


Check voltage between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



# 2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

## 3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIR-CUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 45 and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 4.

Revision: November 2009

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

EC-385 2006 QX56

## $4.\,$ check evap canister purge volume control solenoid valve operation

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

	ACTIVE TE	ST	
Pl	JRG VOL CONT/V	XXX %	
	MONITOR	}	
	ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
	A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %	
	A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %	
L			PBIB1678E

# 5. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-386, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

## 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

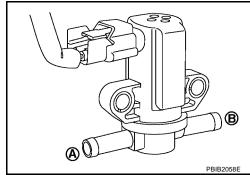
#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

(P) With CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

Condition (PURG VOL CONT/V value)	Air passage continuity between A and B
100%	Yes
0%	No

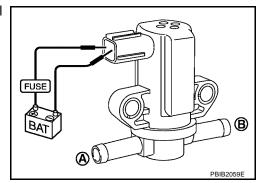


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#### **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No supply	No



# Removal and Installation EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

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Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

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#### DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

PFP:14935

UBS00H4Z

## **Component Description**

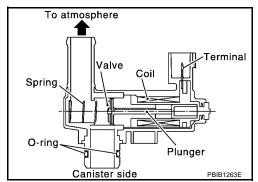
ter and is used to seal the canister vent.

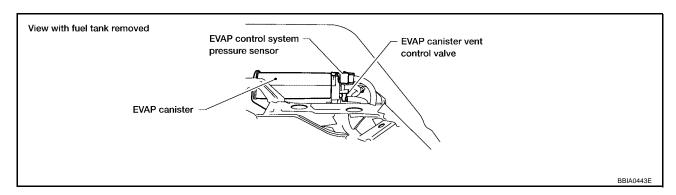
The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canis-

This solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows EVAP Control System diagnosis.





#### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00H50

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	• Ignition switch: ON	OFF

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H51

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0447 0447	EVAP canister vent control valve circuit open	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EVAP canister vent control valve.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The valve circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>EVAP canister vent control valve</li> </ul>

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H52

#### NOTE:

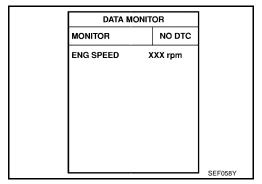
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait at least 8 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <a href="EC-391">EC-391</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</a>



#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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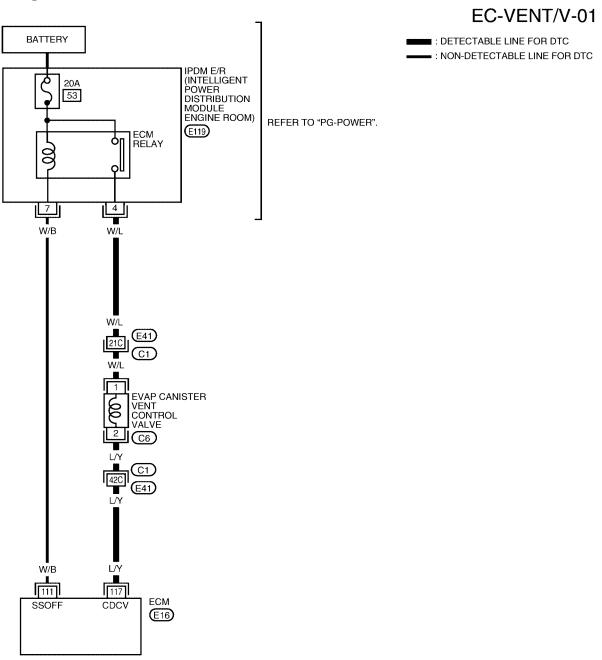
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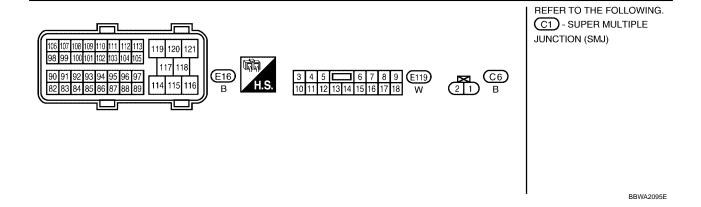
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# Wiring Diagram EC-VFNT/V-01





Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
111	W/B	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li><li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li></ul>	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: OFF]  ■ More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
117	L/Y	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

#### 1. INSPECTION START

Do you have CONSULT-II?

#### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2.

No >> GO TO 3.

# 2. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT

#### (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and then turn ON.
- Select "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "ON/OFF" on CONSULT-II screen.
- 4. Check for operating sound of the valve. Clicking noise should be heard.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 3.

		1
ACTIVE TE		
VENT CONTROL/V	OFF	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %	
		PBIB1679E

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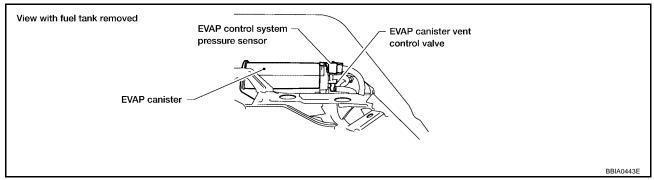
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# 3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.

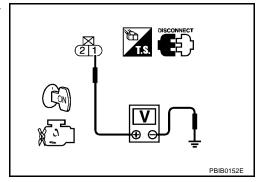


- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between EVAP canister vent control valve terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



## 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E41, C1
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister vent control valve and IPDM E/R
  - >> Repair harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 117 and EVAP canister vent control valve terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> GO TO 6.

## 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E41, C1
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister vent control valve and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 7. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

- 1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- 2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

## 8. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-393, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

### 9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

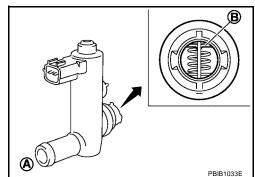
(P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- 2. Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

If OK, go to next step.

- 3. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.



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- 5. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 6. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time.

  Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between A and B
ON	No
OFF	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

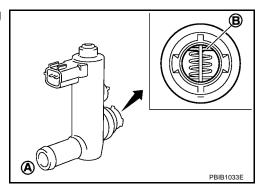
If OK, go to next step.

ACTIVE TES	ACTIVE TEST	
VENT CONTROL/V	OFF	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %	
		PBIB1679E

- 7. Clean the air passage (portion **A** to **B**) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
- 8. Perform step 6 again.

#### **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

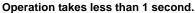
- 1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- 2. Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.



3. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
OFF	Yes

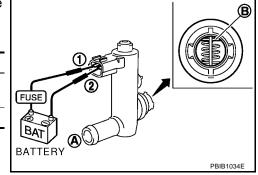


If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

If OK, go to next step.



5. Perform step 3 again.



#### DTC P0448 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

PFP:16935

### **Component Description**

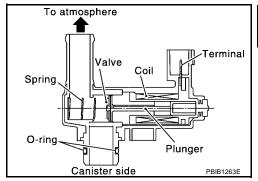
UBS00HB1

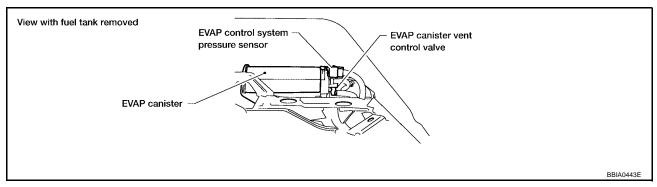
The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows EVAP Control System diagnosis.





#### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00HB2

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00HB3

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0448 0448	EVAP canister vent control valve close	EVAP canister vent control valve remains closed under specified driving conditions.	EVAP canister vent control valve
			EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit
			<ul> <li>Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve</li> </ul>
			EVAP canister is saturated with water

Revision: November 2009 **EC-395** 2006 QX56

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#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 5 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds. 2.
- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
- Repeat next procedures 3 times. 5.
- Increase the engine speed up to 3,000 to 3,500 rpm and keep it for 2 minutes and 50 seconds to 3 minutes.

#### Never exceed 3 minutes.

- Fully released accelerator pedal and keep engine idle for about 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-398, "Diagnostic Procedure"



DATA MONITOR

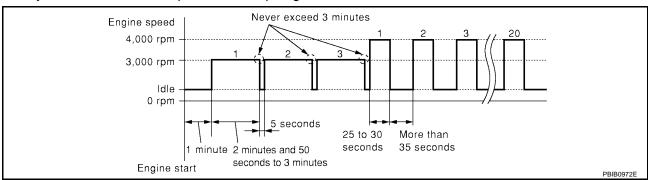
NO DTC

MONITOR

ENG SPEED

If 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to the next step.

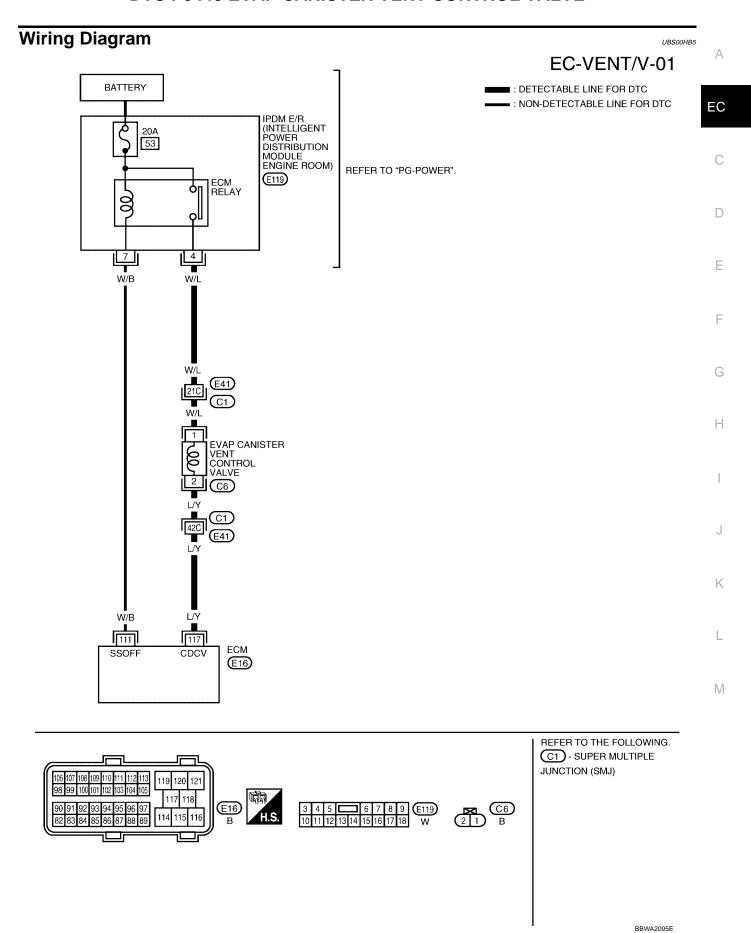
- 7. Repeat next procedure 20 times.
- Quickly increase the engine speed up to 4,000 to 4,500 rpm or more and keep it for 25 to 30 seconds. а
- Fully released accelerator pedal and keep engine idle for at least 35 seconds.



If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-398, "Diagnostic Procedure".

#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

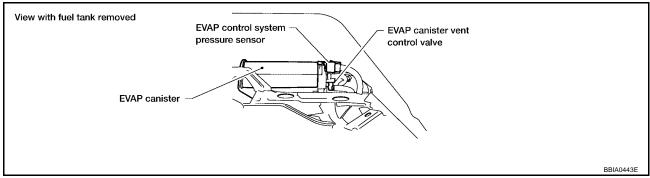
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
111	111 W/B ECM relay	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li><li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li></ul>	0 - 1.5V	
		(Self shut-off)	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
117	L/Y	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

1. CHECK RUBBER TUBE

UBS00HB6

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.



3. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Clean rubber tube using an air blower.

# 2. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-400, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

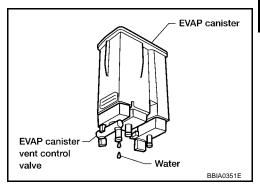
NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

# 3. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

#### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 4. No >> GO TO 6.



#### 4. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.5 kg (5.5 lb).

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

# 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection
  - >> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

# 6. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

- 1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
- Check connectors for water.

#### Water should not exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

# 7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-404, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

#### 8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

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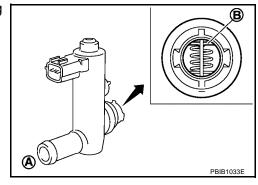
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# Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

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#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.
  - If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve. If OK, go to next step.
- 3. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.



ACTIVE TEST

MONITOR ENG SPEED OFF

XXX rpm

XXX %

XXX %

PBIB1679E

VENT CONTROL/V

A/F ALPHA-B1

A/F ALPHA-B2

- 5. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 6. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time.

  Make sure that new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between A and B
ON	No
OFF	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

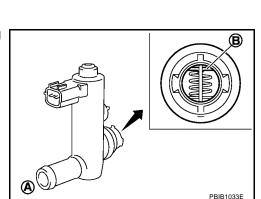
If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

If OK, go to next step.

- 7. Clean the air passage (Portion A to B) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
- 8. Perform step 6 again.

#### **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- 2. Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.



3. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

Make sure that new O-ring is installed properly.

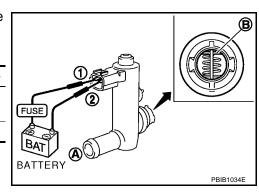
Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
OFF	Yes

Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

If OK, go to next step.

4. Clean the air passage (Portion **A** to **B**) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.



5. Perform step 3 again.

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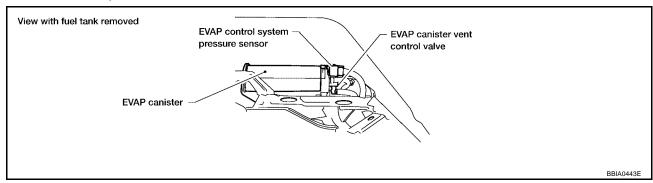
#### DTC P0451 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

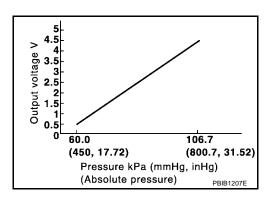
PFP:22365

## **Component Description**

UBS00H56

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases.





#### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00H57

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES	• Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00H58

#### NOTE:

If DTC P0451 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to <u>EC-460, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY"</u>.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0451 0451	EVAP control system pressure sensor performance	ECM detects a sloshing signal from the EVAP control system pressure sensor	<ul><li>Harness or connectors</li><li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li></ul>

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

RS00H59

#### NOTE

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

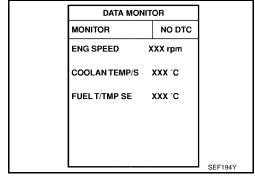
## (I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait at least 40 seconds.

#### NOTE:

Do not depress accelerator pedal even slightly.

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-403, "Diagnostic Procedure"



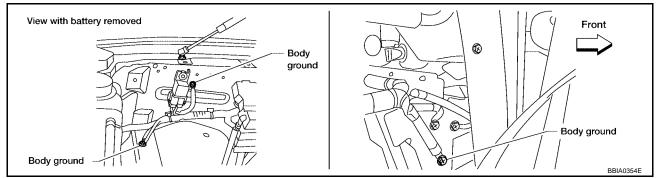
#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "Ground Inspection".



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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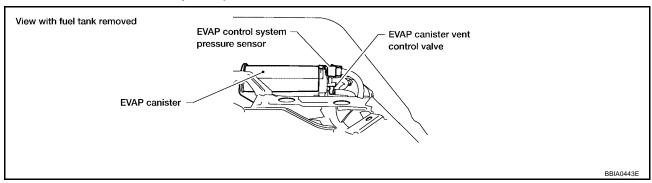
UBS00H5A

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# 2. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR WATER

Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.



Check sensor harness connector for water.

#### Water should not exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.

# 3. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-404, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

# 4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to <u>EC-144</u>, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" . For wiring diagram, refer to <u>EC-407</u>, "Wiring Diagram" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### Component Inspection EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

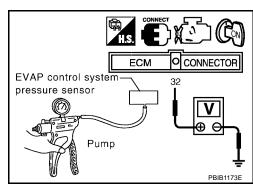
UBS00H5B

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected from EVAP canister.
   Always replace O-ring with a new one.
- Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- Turn ignition switch ON and check output voltage between ECM terminal 32 and ground under the following conditions.

Applied vacuum kPa (mmHg, inHg)	Voltage V	
Not applied	1.8 - 4.8	
-26.7 (-200, -7.87)	2.1 to 2.5V lower than above value	

#### **CAUTION:**

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 4. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.



# DTC P0452 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

PFP:25085

UBS00H5C

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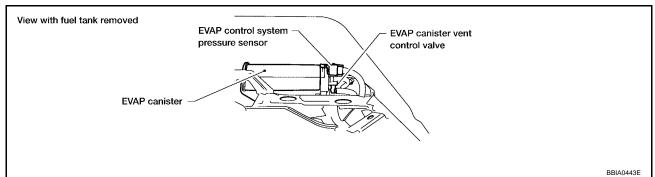
EC

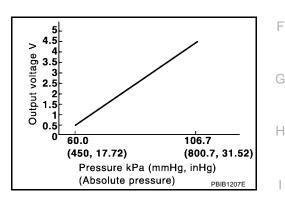
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# **Component Description**

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases.





# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00H5D

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00H5E

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#### NOTE:

If DTC P0452 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-460, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY".

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	M
P0452 0452	EVAP control system pressure sensor low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> </ul>	

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H5F

#### NOTE:

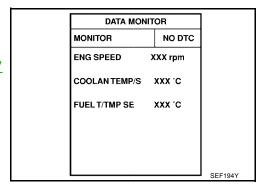
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

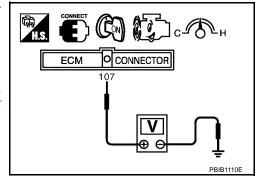
#### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

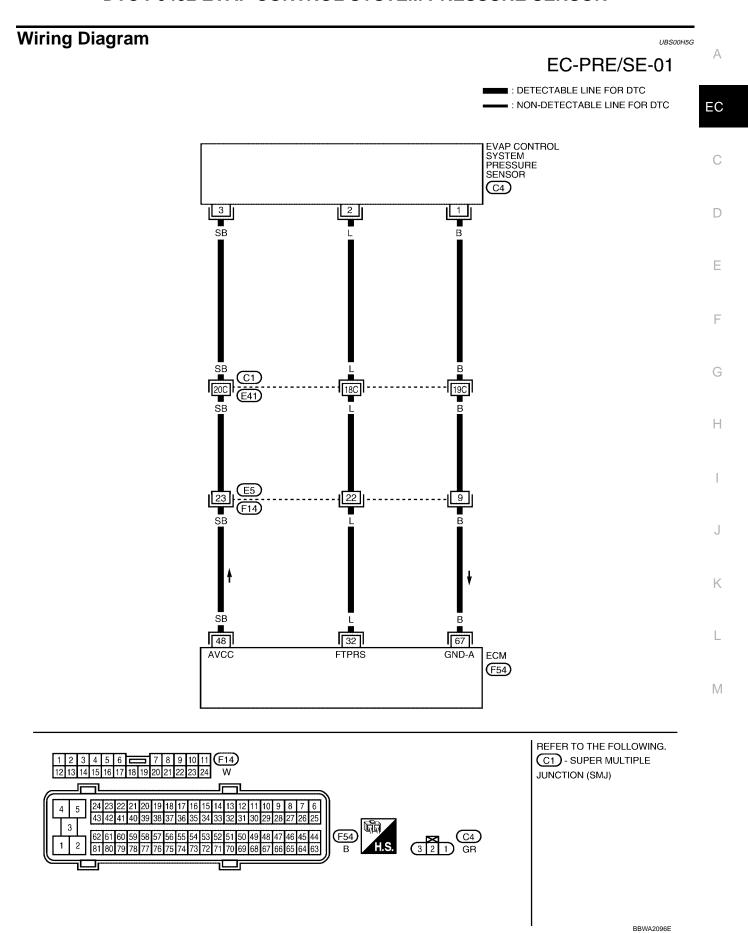
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Make sure that "FUEL T/TMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
   If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-408</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>"



#### **WITH GST**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check that voltage between ECM terminal 107 (Fuel tank temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- Select Service \$07 with GST.
   If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-408</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>"





Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

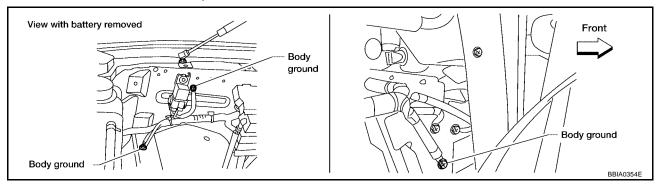
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
32	L	EVAP control system pressure sensor	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V
48	SB	Sensor power supply (EVAP control system pressure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
67	В	Sensor ground	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00H5H

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "Ground Inspection".



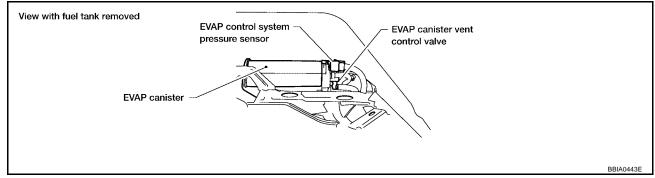
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.



Check sensor harness connector for water.

#### Water should not exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.

Revision: November 2009 EC-408 2006 QX56

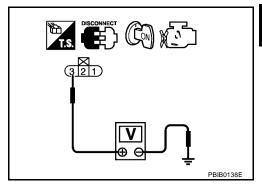
# 3. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



# 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 67.

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

#### 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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# 7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 32 and EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 2.

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.

# 8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 9. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-410, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

# 10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### Component Inspection EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

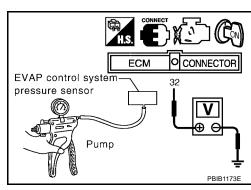
UBS00H5I

- Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected from EVAP canister.
   Always replace O-ring with a new one.
- Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- Turn ignition switch ON and check output voltage between ECM terminal 32 and ground under the following conditions.

Applied vacuum kPa (mmHg, inHg)	Voltage V	
Not applied	1.8 - 4.8	
-26.7 (-200, -7.87)	2.1 to 2.5V lower than above value	

#### **CAUTION:**

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 4. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.



# DTC P0453 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

PFP:25085

## **Component Description**

UBS00H5J

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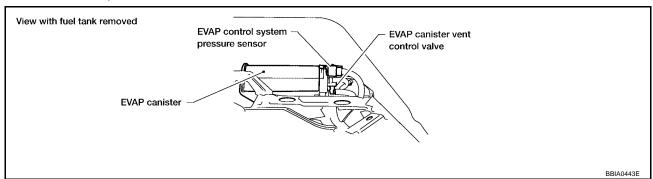
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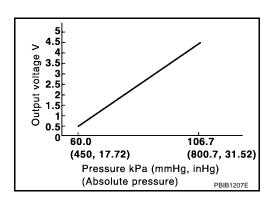
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The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases.





# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00H5K

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00H5L

#### NOTE:

If DTC P0453 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-460, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY".

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0453 0453	EVAP control system pressure sensor high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>EVAP canister</li> <li>Rubber hose from EVAP canister vent control valve to vehicle frame</li> </ul>

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H5M

#### NOTE

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

#### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Make sure that "FUEL T/TMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- 6. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- 7. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <a href="EC-414">EC-414</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</a>

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR

NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm

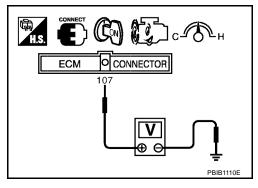
COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C

FUEL T/TMP SE XXX °C

SEF194Y

#### **WITH GST**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Check that voltage between ECM terminal 107 (Fuel tank temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- Select Service \$07 with GST.
   If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-414, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>



# **Wiring Diagram** UBS00H5N Α EC-PRE/SE-01 ■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC EC EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR C **C4** D SB Е 18C Н 22 9 48 67 32 ECM (F54) M REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. C1 - SUPER MULTIPLE W JUNCTION (SMJ)

BBWA2096E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

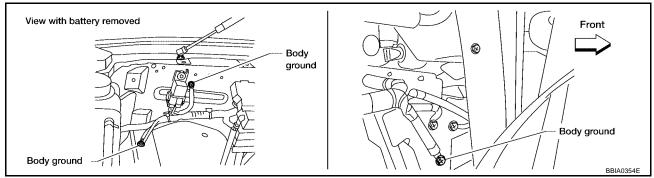
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
32	L	EVAP control system pressure sensor	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V
48	SB	Sensor power supply (EVAP control system pressure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
67	В	Sensor ground	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00H5O

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "<u>Ground Inspection</u>".



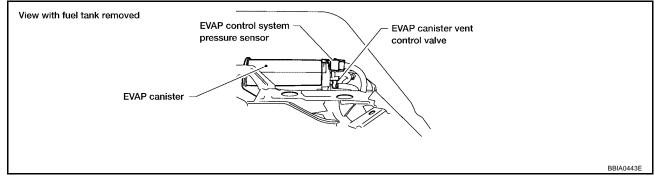
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.



Check sensor harness connector for water.

#### Water should not exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.

Revision: November 2009 EC-414 2006 QX56

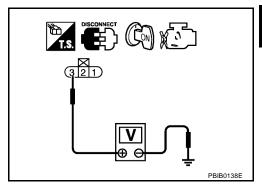
# 3. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



# 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 67.

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

#### 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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# 7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 32 and EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 2.

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

```
OK >> GO TO 9.
NG >> GO TO 8.
```

# 8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors C1, E41
- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 9. CHECK RUBBER TUBE

- 1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- 2. Check the rubber tube for clogging, vent or kinked.

#### OK or NG

```
OK >> GO TO 10.
```

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower, repair or replace rubber tube.

# 10. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-393, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

# 11. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-418, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

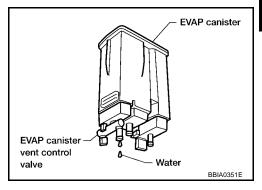
NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

# 12. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

#### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 13. No >> GO TO 15.



# 13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.5 kg (5.5 lb).

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 14.

# 14. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection
  - >> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

# 15. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

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#### Component Inspection EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

UBS00H5P

- 1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected from EVAP canister. Always replace O-ring with a new one.
- 2. Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and check output voltage between ECM terminal 32 and ground under the following conditions.

Applied vacuum kPa (mmHg, inHg)	Voltage V	
Not applied	1.8 - 4.8	
-26.7 (-200, -7.87)	2.1 to 2.5V lower than above value	

# EVAP control system pressure sensor Pump Pump PBIB1173E

#### **CAUTION:**

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 4. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

#### **DTC P0455 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM**

#### PFP:14950

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H5Q

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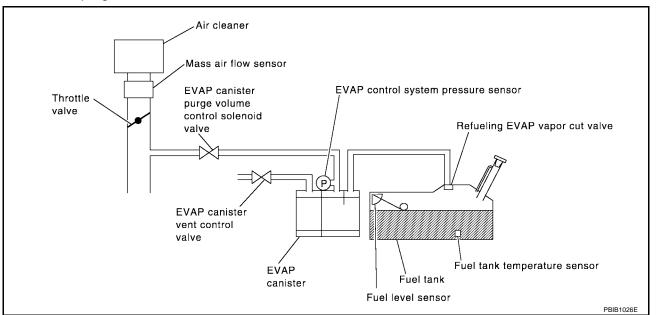
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This diagnosis detects a very large leak (fuel filler cap fell off etc.) in EVAP system between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
	EVAP control system gross leak detected	EVAP control system has a very large leak such as fuel filler cap fell off, EVAP control system does not operate properly.	Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close.
			Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve
			Incorrect fuel filler cap used
			Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap.
			<ul> <li>Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control sole- noid valve.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve.</li> </ul>
			EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks
0455			EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks
)455			EVAP purge line rubber tube bent.
			Loose or disconnected rubber tube
			EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit
			EVAP canister purge volume control sole- noid valve and the circuit
			Fuel tank temperature sensor
			O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged.
			EVAP control system pressure sensor
			Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve
			ORVR system leaks

#### **CAUTION:**

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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#### CAUTION:

Never remove fuel filler cap during the DTC Confirmation Procedure.

#### NOTE:

- Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is between 1/4 and 3/4 full, and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Open engine hood before conducting the following procedures.

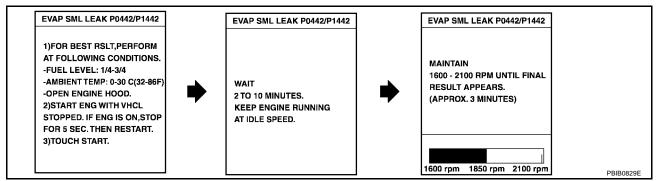
#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Tighten fuel filler cap securely until ratcheting sound is heard.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Make sure that the following conditions are met.

COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 0 - 60°C (32 - 140°F)

Select "EVP SML LEAK P0442/P1442" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

Follow the instruction displayed.



#### NOTE:

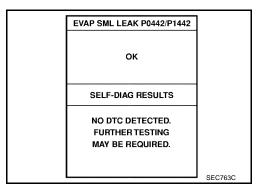
If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, go to EC-71, "Basic Inspection".

7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

If "NG" is displayed, select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode and make sure that "EVAP GROSS LEAK [P0455]" is displayed. If it is displayed, refer to <u>EC-421, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

If P0442 is displayed, perform Diagnostic Procedure for DTC.

If P0442 is displayed, perform Diagnostic Procedure for DTC P0442, <u>EC-367</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure".



#### **WITH GST**

#### NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of EC-58, "Driving Pattern" before driving vehicle.

- Start engine.
- 2. Drive vehicle according to <a>EC-58</a>, "Driving Pattern"</a>.
- 3. Stop vehicle.
- 4. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
- 5. Select Service \$07 with GST.
  - If P0455 is displayed on the screen, go to EC-421, "Diagnostic Procedure".
  - If P0442 is displayed on the screen, go to EC-367, "Diagnostic Procedure" .
  - If P0441 is displayed on the screen, go to <u>EC-362</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

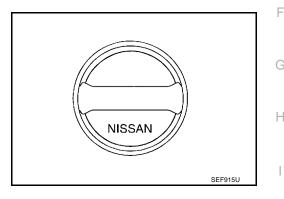
# 1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



# 2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.

#### OK or NG

NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

>> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower.

2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

# 3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.

# 4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

Refer to EC-35, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)".

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.

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# 5. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks, improper connection or disconnection.

Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

## 6. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 7.

# 7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Check the following.

- EVAP canister vent control valve is installed properly.
   Refer to EC-36, "Removal and Installation".
- EVAP canister vent control valve.
   Refer to <u>EC-393</u>, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

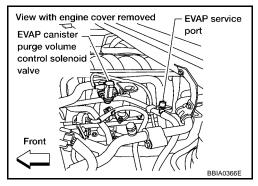
NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring.

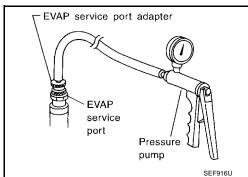
#### 8. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely.

#### NOTE:

Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.





With CONSULT-II>>GO TO 9. Without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 10.

# 9. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

#### (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

#### **CAUTION:**

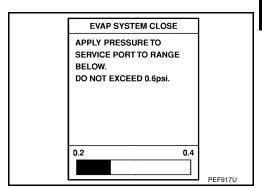
- Do not use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- 4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details.

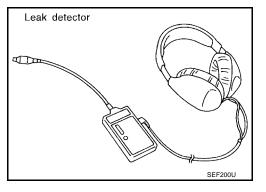
  Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Repair or replace.





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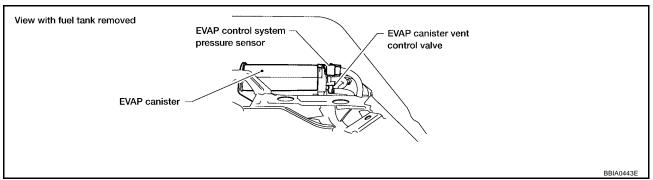
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# 10. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

#### Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)



Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

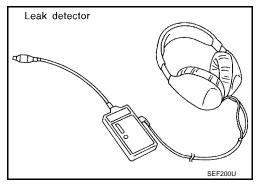
#### **CAUTION:**

- Do not use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- 4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Repair or replace.



# 11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

#### (II) With CONSULT-II

- Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100%.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

>> GO TO 13. NG

ACTIVET	ACTIVE TEST	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %	1
MONITO	MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %	
		1
		PBIB1678E

# 12. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

#### (X) Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine.
- 3. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

#### Vacuum should exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 13.

# 13. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to <a href="EC-102">EC-102</a>, "Vacuum Hose Drawing".

#### OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 15.

NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

# 14. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> GO TO 15.

ACTIVE TES	ST .
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %

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# 15. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-386, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

# 16. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-314, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

Revision: November 2009 **EC-425** 2006 QX56

# 17. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-404, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

# 18. CHECK EVAP/ORVR LINE

Check EVAP/ORVR line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection. For location, refer to  $\underline{\text{EC-39}}$ , "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 19.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

# 19. CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE

Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 20.

NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.

# 20. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-43, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 21.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

# 21. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### **DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM**

#### PFP:14950

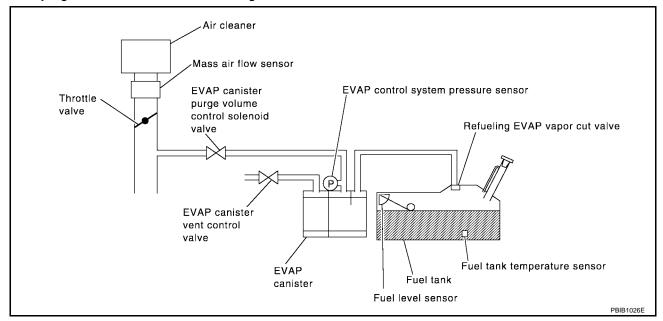
## On Board Diagnosis Logic

This diagnosis detects very small leaks in the EVAP line between fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve, using the intake manifold vacuum in the same way as conventional EVAP small leak

If ECM judges a leak which corresponds to a very small leak, the very small leak P0456 will be detected.

If ECM judges a leak equivalent to a small leak, EVAP small leak P0442 will be detected.

If ECM judges there are no leaks, the diagnosis will be OK.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0456	Evaporative emission control system very small leak (negative pressure check)	<ul> <li>EVAP system has a very small leak.</li> <li>EVAP system does not operate properly.</li> </ul>	Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve
			Incorrect fuel filler cap used
			Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close.
			Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap.
			Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.
			Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve.
			EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks
			EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks
			EVAP purge line rubber tube bent
			Loose or disconnected rubber tube
)456			EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit
			EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit
			Fuel tank temperature sensor
			O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged
			EVAP canister is saturated with water
			EVAP control system pressure sensor
			Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve
			ORVR system leaks
			Fuel level sensor and the circuit
			Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve

**EC-427** Revision: November 2009 2006 QX56

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#### **CAUTION:**

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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#### NOTE:

- If DTC P0456 is displayed with P0442, first perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0456.
- After repair, make sure that the hoses and clips are installed properly.
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Open engine hood before conducting following procedure.
- If any of following conditions are met just before the DTC confirmation procedure, leave the vehicle for more than 1 hour.
- Fuel filler cap is removed.
- Fuel is refilled or drained.
- EVAP component parts is/are removed.
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

#### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Make sure the following conditions are met.

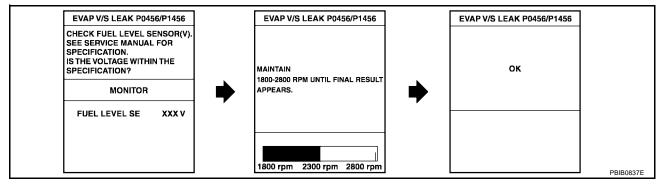
**FUEL LEVEL SE: 0.25 - 1.4V** 

COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 32°C (32 - 90°F) FUEL T/TMP SE: 0 - 35°C (32 - 95°F) INT/A TEMP SE: More than 0°C (32°F)

If NG, turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle) or refilling/draining fuel until the output voltage condition of the "FUEL LEVEL SE" meets within the range above and leave the vehicle for more than 1 hour. Then start from step 1).

- Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
- 4. Select "EVP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

Follow the instruction displayed.



5. Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-430, "Diagnostic Procedure".

#### NOTE:

- If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on CONSULT-II screen, go to EC-71, "Basic Inspection".
- Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

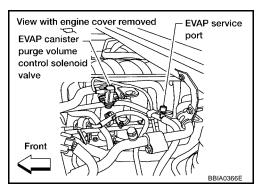
# **Overall Function Check**

**WITH GST** 

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP very small leak function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Do not use compressed air, doing so may damage the EVAP system.
- Do not start engine.
- Do not exceeded 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi).
- Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.



- 2. Set the pressure pump and a hose.
- 3. Also set a vacuum gauge via 3-way connector and a hose.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Connect GST and select Service \$08.
- 6. Using Service \$08, control the EVAP canister vent control valve (close).
- 7. Apply pressure and make sure the following conditions are satisfied.

Pressure to be applied: 2.7 kPa (20 mmHg, 0.79 inHg) Time to be waited after the pressure drawn in to the EVAP system and the pressure to be dropped: 60 seconds and

the pressure should not be dropped more than 0.4 kPa (3 mmHg, 0.12 inHg).

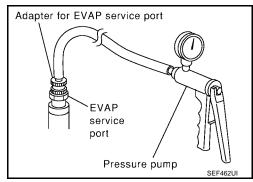
If NG, go to EC-430, "Diagnostic Procedure".

If OK, go to next step.

- 8. Disconnect GST.
- 9. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 10. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 11. Restart engine and let it idle for 90 seconds.
- 12. Keep engine speed at 2,000 rpm for 30 seconds.
- 13. Turn ignition switch OFF.

#### NOTE:

For more information, refer to GST Instruction Manual.



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# **Diagnostic Procedure**

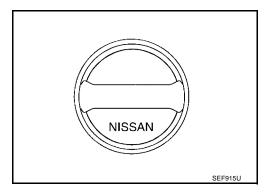
# 1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



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# 2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower.

2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

# 3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> GO TO 4.

# 4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

Refer to EC-35, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

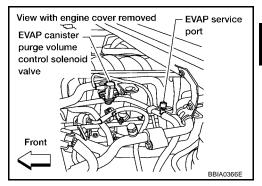
NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.

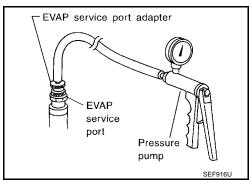
# 5. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely.

#### NOTE:

Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.





With CONSULT-II>>GO TO 6. Without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 7.

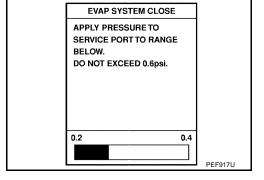
# 6. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

#### (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Do not use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.



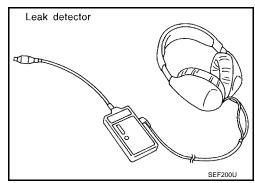
4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details.

Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair or replace.



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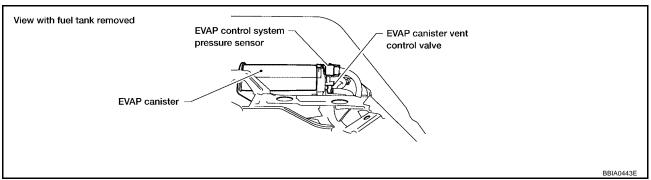
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#### 7. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

#### Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)



3. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

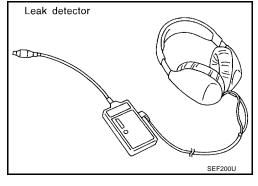
#### **CAUTION:**

- Do not use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- 4. Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair or replace.



# 8. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Check the following.

- EVAP canister vent control valve is installed properly.
   Refer to <u>EC-36</u>, "<u>Removal and Installation</u>".
- EVAP canister vent control valve.
   Refer to <u>EC-393</u>, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring.

### DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

# 9. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

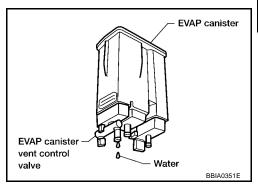
- Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 10.

No (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 12.

No (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.



## 10. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.5 kg (5.5 lb).

### OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 12.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13.

>> GO TO 11.

# 11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

# 12. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 2. Start engine.
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100%.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15.

NG >> GO TO 14.

ACTIVE TES	iT	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XX %	
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### **DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM**

# 13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

### Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine.
- 3. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

### Vacuum should exist.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> GO TO 14.

# 14. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to EC-102, "Vacuum Hose Drawing".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15.

NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

## 15. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-386, "Component Inspection".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

## 16. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-314, "Component Inspection".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

# 17. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-404, "Component Inspection".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

## 18. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks or improper connection. Refer to EC-33, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 19.

NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

## 19. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 20.

## **DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM**

OK >> GO TO 21.  NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.  21. CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE  Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 22.  NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.  22. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE  Refer to EC-43. "Component Inspection" .  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 23.  NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.  23. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR  Refer to DI-22. "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection" .  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 24.  NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.	nection. For location, refer to EC-39, "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)".  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 21.  NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.  21. CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE  Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness armproper connection.  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 22.	E
OK >> GO TO 21.  NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.  21. CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE  Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 22.  NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.  22. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE  Refer to EC-43. "Component Inspection" .  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 23.  NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.  23. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR  Refer to DI-22. "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection" .  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 24.  NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.	OK >> GO TO 21.  NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.  21. CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE  Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness armproper connection.  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 22.	
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improper connection.  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 22.  NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.  22. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE  Refer to EC-43, "Component Inspection".  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 23.  NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.  23. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR  Refer to DI-22, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 24.  NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.	mproper connection.  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 22.	[
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NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.  22. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE  Refer to EC-43, "Component Inspection".  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 23.  NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.  23. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR  Refer to DI-22, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 24.  NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.		
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Refer to EC-43, "Component Inspection".  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 23.  NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.  23. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR  Refer to DI-22, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 24.  NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.	, ,	
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 23. NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.  23. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR  Refer to DI-22, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".  OK or NG OK >> GO TO 24. NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.		_
OK >> GO TO 23. NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.  23. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR  Refer to DI-22, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 24.  NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.		
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Refer to DI-22, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".  OK or NG  OK >> GO TO 24.  NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.		(
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 24. NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.	23. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	ŀ
OK >> GO TO 24. NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.	Refer to DI-22, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection" .	_ '
NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.	DK or NG	
· ·		
/4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	•	
oo	24. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	_
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	
MODE OTION THE		
>> INSPECTION END	>> INSPECTION END	

Revision: November 2009 **EC-435** 2006 QX56

### **DTC P0460 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR**

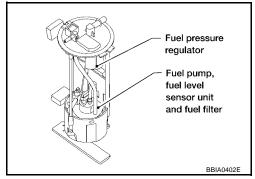
PFP:25060

## **Component Description**

UBS00H5X

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the combination meter. The combination meter sends the fuel level sensor signal to the ECM through CAN communication line.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.



## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00H5Y

### NOTE:

- If DTC P0460 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-151, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".
- If DTC P0460 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010.
   Refer to <u>EC-154, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION"</u>.

When the vehicle is parked, naturally the fuel level in the fuel tank is stable. It means that output signal of the fuel level sensor does not change. If ECM senses sloshing signal from the sensor, fuel level sensor malfunction is detected.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0460 0460	Fuel level sensor circuit	Even though the vehicle is parked, a signal being varied is sent from the fuel level sensor	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The CAN communication line is open or shorted)</li> <li>Harness or connectors</li> </ul>
0400	Hoise	to ECM.	<ul><li>(The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li><li>Combination meter</li></ul>
			Fuel level sensor

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H5Z

### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait maximum of 2 consecutive minutes.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <a href="EC-437"><u>EC-437</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u></a>

DATA MON	DATA MONITOR		
MONITOR	NO DTC		
FUEL T/TMP SE	XXX °C		
FUEL LEVEL SE	xxx v		
		SEF195Y	

### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

### **DTC P0460 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR**

# **Diagnostic Procedure** UBS00H60 Α 1. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION Refer to DI-5, "COMBINATION METERS". EC OK or NG OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Go to DI-22, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection". C 2. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". $\mathsf{D}$ >> INSPECTION END Е Removal and Installation UBS00H61 **FUEL LEVEL SENSOR** Refer to FL-6, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" . F Н M

### DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

### **DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR**

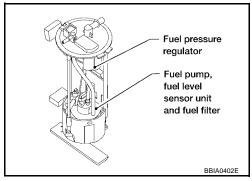
PFP:25060

## **Component Description**

UBS00H62

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the combination meter. The combination meter sends the fuel level sensor signal to the ECM through CAN communication line.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.



## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00H63

### NOTE:

- If DTC P0461 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-151, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".
- If DTC P0461 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to EC-154, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION".

Driving long distances naturally affect fuel gauge level.

This diagnosis detects the fuel gauge malfunction of the gauge not moving even after a long distance has been driven.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0461 0461	Fuel level sensor circuit range/performance	The output signal of the fuel level sensor does not change within the specified range even though the vehicle has been driven a long distance.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The CAN communication line is open or shorted)</li> <li>Harness or connectors         (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Combination meter</li> <li>Fuel level sensor</li> </ul>

### **Overall Function Check**

UBS00H64

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the fuel level sensor function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

### **WARNING:**

When performing following procedure, be sure to observe the handling of the fuel. Refer to  $\underline{\mathsf{FL-10}}$ , "FUEL TANK".

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before starting overall function check, preparation of draining fuel and refilling fuel is required.

### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

### NOTE:

Start from step 10, if it is possible to confirm that the fuel cannot be drained by 30  $\,\ell$  (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) in advance.

- 1. Prepare a fuel container and a spare hose.
- Release fuel pressure from fuel line, refer to EC-80, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".
- 3. Remove the fuel feed hose on the fuel level sensor unit.
- 4. Connect a spare fuel hose where the fuel feed hose was removed.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds then turn ON.

### DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Select "FUEL LEVEL SE" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CON-DATA MONITOR SULT-II. Α MONITOR NO DTC 7. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it. FUEL T/TMP SE XXX °C Select "FUEL PUMP" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-FUEL LEVEL SE XXX V EC Touch "ON" and drain fuel approximately 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) and stop it. 10. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it. 11. Fill fuel into the fuel tank for 30  $\ell$  (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal). 12. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it. 13. Confirm whether the voltage changes more than 0.03V during step 7 to 10 and 10 to 12. If NG, go to EC-439, "Diagnostic Procedure". **WITH GST** Е NOTE: Start from step 8, if it is possible to confirm that the fuel cannot be drained by 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) in advance. F Prepare a fuel container and a spare hose. Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to EC-80, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE". 2. 3. Remove the fuel feed hose on the fuel level sensor unit. 4. Connect a spare fuel hose where the fuel feed hose was removed. Turn ignition switch ON. Н 6. Drain fuel by 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) from the fuel tank using proper equipment. Confirm that the fuel gauge indication varies. 8. Fill fuel into the fuel tank for 30  $\ell$  (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal). 9. Confirm that the fuel gauge indication varies. 10. If NG, go to EC-439, "Diagnostic Procedure". **Diagnostic Procedure** UBS00H65 1. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION Refer to DI-5, "COMBINATION METERS". OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Go to DI-22, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".

## 2. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

### >> INSPECTION END

## Removal and Installation **FUEL LEVEL SENSOR**

Refer to FL-6, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY".

LIBSOOH66

## DTC P0462, P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT

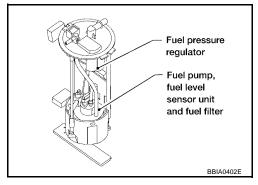
PFP:25060

## **Component Description**

UBS00H67

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the combination meter. The combination meter sends the fuel level sensor signal to the ECM through CAN communication line.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.



## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00H68

### NOTE:

- If DTC P0462 or P0463 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-151, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".
- If DTC P0462 or P0463 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to EC-154, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION".

This diagnosis indicates the former, to detect open or short circuit malfunction.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0462 0462	Fuel level sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors     (The CAN communication line is open or
P0463 0463	Fuel level sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>shorted)</li> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Combination meter</li> <li>Fuel level sensor</li> </ul>

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H69

### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at ignition switch ON.

### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-441, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR NO DTC

FUEL T/TMP SE XXX 'C

FUEL LEVEL SE XXX V

### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

# DTC P0462, P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT

Diagnostic Procedure  1. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION	UBS00H6A	А
Refer to DI-5, "COMBINATION METERS".  OK or NG OK >> GO TO 2.		EC
NG >> Go to DI-22, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit Inspection".  2. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT		С
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".		D
>> INSPECTION END		
Removal and Installation FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	UBS00H6B	Е
Refer to FL-6, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" .		F
		G
		Н
		I
		J
		K
		L

**DTC P0500 VSS**PFP:32702

### Description

### NOTE:

If DTC P0500 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-151</u>, "<u>DTC U1000</u>, <u>U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE</u>".

If DTC P0500 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010.
 Refer to EC-154, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION".

The vehicle speed signal is sent to the combination meter from the "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)" by CAN communication line. The c combination meter then sends a signal to the ECM by CAN communication line.

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H6D

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
			Harness or connectors     (The CAN communication line is open or shorted)	
P0500 0500	Vehicle speed sensor	The almost 0 km/h (0 MPH) signal from vehicle speed sensor is sent to ECM even when vehicle is being driven.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The vehicle speed signal circuit is open or shorted)     </li> </ul>	
		Ç	Wheel sensor	
				Combination meter
				ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H6

### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Steps 1 and 2 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Start engine (VDC switch OFF).
- Read "VHCL SPEED SE" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. The vehicle speed on CONSULT-II should exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position.
  - If NG, go to EC-443, "Diagnostic Procedure".
  - If OK, go to following step.
- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 60 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	More than 1,600 rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	More than 70°C (158°F)
B/FUEL SCHDL	More than 6.9 msec
Selector lever	Except P or N position
PW/ST SIGNAL	OFF

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-443, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>

DATA MON	VIT	OR
MONITOR		NO DTC
ENG SPEED	Х	XX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	:	xxx °c
B/FUEL SCHDL	X	XX msec
PW/ST SIGNAL		OFF
VHCL SPEED SE	X	XX km/h

### **Overall Function Check**

UBS00H6F

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the vehicle speed sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

### **DTC P0500 VSS**

# **WITH GST** Α 1. Lift up drive wheels. 2. Start engine. 3. Read vehicle speed sensor signal in Service \$01 with GST. EC The vehicle speed sensor on GST should be able to exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position. 4. If NG, go to EC-443, "Diagnostic Procedure". **Diagnostic Procedure** UBS00H6G 1. CHECK DTC WITH ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT (CONTROL UNIT) D Refer to BRC-11, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 2. Е NG >> Repair or replace. 2. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION Refer to DI-5, "COMBINATION METERS". >> INSPECTION END Н

### **DTC P0506 ISC SYSTEM**

PFP:23781

## Description UBS00H6H

### NOTE:

### If DTC P0506 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for the other DTC.

The ECM controls the engine idle speed to a specified level through the fine adjustment of the air, which is let into the intake manifold, by operating the electric throttle control actuator. The operating of the throttle valve is varied to allow for optimum control of the engine idling speed. The crankshaft position sensor (POS) detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM.

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator so that the engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in the ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warming up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner, power steering and cooling fan operation, etc.).

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H6

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0506 0506	Idle speed control system RPM lower than expected	The idle speed is less than the target idle speed by 100 rpm or more.	Electric throttle control actuator     Intake air leak

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H6J

### NOTE:

- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.
- If the target idle speed is out of the specified value, perform <u>EC-78</u>, "Idle Air Volume Learning", before conducting DTC Confirmation Procedure. For the target idle speed, refer to the <u>EC-637</u>, "SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)".

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Always perform the test at a temperature above –10°C (14°F).

### ( WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Open engine hood.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <a href="EC-445">EC-445</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</a>

MONITOR NO DTC ENG SPEED XXX rpm COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C	DATA MON	IITOR	]
· .	MONITOR	NO DTC	
		_	

### **® WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

### **DTC P0506 ISC SYSTEM**

# **Diagnostic Procedure** UBS00H6K Α 1. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAK Start engine and let it idle. EC 2. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Discover air leak location and repair. 2. REPLACE ECM D 1. Stop engine. 2. Replace ECM. 3. Perform initialization of IVIS(NATS) system and registration of all IVIS(NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to BL-139, "ECM Re-communicating Function" . 4. Perform EC-77, "VIN Registration". Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning". F 6. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning". 7. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning". >> INSPECTION END Н

### **DTC P0507 ISC SYSTEM**

PFP:23781

## Description

### NOTE:

### If DTC P0507 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for the other DTC.

The ECM controls the engine idle speed to a specified level through the fine adjustment of the air, which is let into the intake manifold, by operating the electric throttle control actuator. The operating of the throttle valve is varied to allow for optimum control of the engine idling speed. The crankshaft position sensor (POS) detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM.

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator so that the engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in the ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warming up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner, power steering and cooling fan operation, etc.).

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H6M

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0507 0507	Idle speed control system RPM higher than expected	The idle speed is more than the target idle speed by 200 rpm or more.	<ul><li>Electric throttle control actuator</li><li>Intake air leak</li><li>PCV system</li></ul>

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H6N

### NOTE

- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.
- If the target idle speed is out of the specified value, perform <u>EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u>, before conducting DTC Confirmation Procedure. For the target idle speed, refer to the <u>EC-637,</u> <u>"SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)"</u>.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Always perform the test at a temperature above –10°C (14°F).

### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Open engine hood.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch ON again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-447, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR

NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm

COOLAN TEMP/S XXX 'C

### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

### **DTC P0507 ISC SYSTEM**

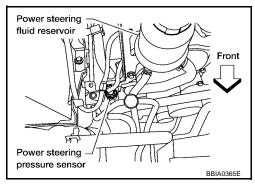
## **Diagnostic Procedure** UBS00H6O Α 1. CHECK PCV HOSE CONNECTION Confirm that PCV hose is connected correctly. EC OK or NG OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Repair or replace. 2. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAK Start engine and let it idle. D 2. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 3. Е NG >> Discover air leak location and repair. 3. REPLACE ECM 1. Stop engine. 2. Replace ECM. 3. Perform initialization of IVIS(NATS) system and registration of all IVIS(NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to BL-139, "ECM Re-communicating Function". 4. Perform EC-77, "VIN Registration". Н 5. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning". 6. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning". 7. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning". >> INSPECTION END

PFP:49763

## **Component Description**

UBS00H6P

Power steering pressure (PSP) sensor is installed to the power steering high-pressure tube and detects a power steering load. This sensor is a potentiometer which transforms the power steering load into output voltage, and emits the voltage signal to the ECM. The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator and adjusts the throttle valve opening angle to increase the engine speed and adjusts the idle speed for the increased load.



### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00H6Q

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	SPECIFICATION	
PW/ST SIGNAL	Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Steering wheel: Not being turned (Forward direction)	OFF
	the engine	Steering wheel: Being turned	ON

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H6R

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

NOTE:

If DTC P0550 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-460, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY".

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0550 0550	Power steering pressure sensor circuit	An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul><li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li><li>Power steering pressure sensor</li></ul>

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H6S

### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-450, "Diagnostic Procedure"

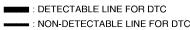
DATA N	MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
		SEF058Y

### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

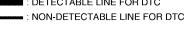
**Wiring Diagram** 

## EC-PS/SEN-01



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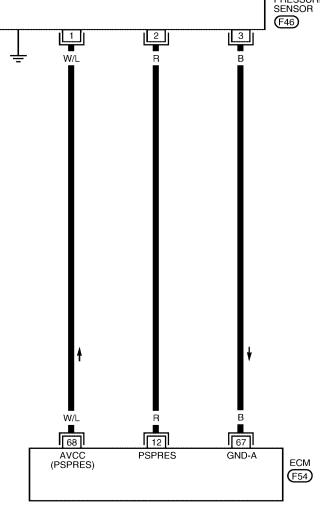
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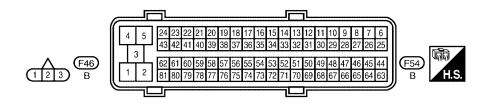
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

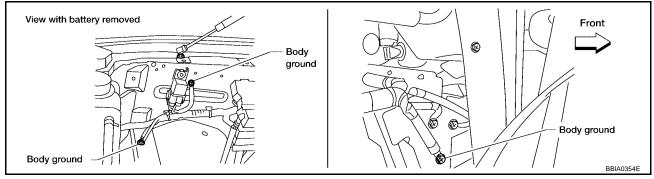
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
12 R	D	Power steering pressure sensor	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Steering wheel: Being turned.</li></ul>	0.5 - 4.5V
	K		<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Steering wheel: Not being turned.</li></ul>	0.4 - 0.8V
67	В	Sensor ground	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
68	W/L	Sensor power supply (Power steering pressure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00H6U

## 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "<u>Ground Inspection</u>".



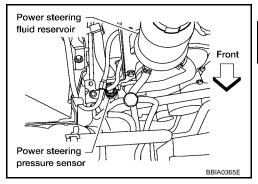
### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK PSP SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Disconnect power steering pressure (PSP) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.



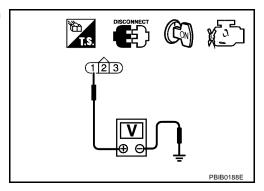
3. Check voltage between PSP sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

### Voltage: Approximately 5V

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair harness or connectors.



# 3. CHECK PSP SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between PSP sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## $4.\,$ CHECK PSP SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 12 and PSP sensor terminal 2.

### Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 5. CHECK PSP SENSOR

Refer to EC-452, "Component Inspection".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace PSP sensor.

Revision: November 2009 EC-451 2006 QX56

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## 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

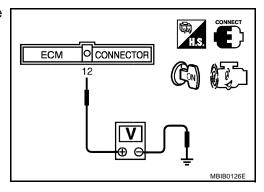
### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection POWER STEERING PRESSURE SENSOR

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- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and let it idle.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 12 and ground under the following conditions.

Condition	Voltage
Steering wheel: Being turned.	0.5 - 4.5V
Steering wheel: Not being turned.	0.4 - 0.8V



UBS00H6W

UBS00H6V

# Removal and Installation POWER STEERING PRESSURE SENSOR

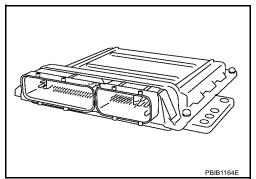
Refer to PS-23, "HYDRAULIC LINE".

### DTC P0603 ECM POWER SUPPLY

### **DTC P0603 ECM POWER SUPPLY**

## **Component Description**

Battery voltage is supplied to the ECM even when the ignition switch is turned OFF for the ECM memory function of the DTC memory, the air-fuel ratio feedback compensation value memory, the idle air volume learning value memory, etc.



## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H7A

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0603 0603	ECM power supply circuit	ECM back-up RAM system does not function properly.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors     [ECM power supply (back-up) circuit is open or shorted.]</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H7B

### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 for 4 times.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-455</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>"

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm

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## **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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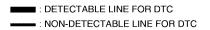
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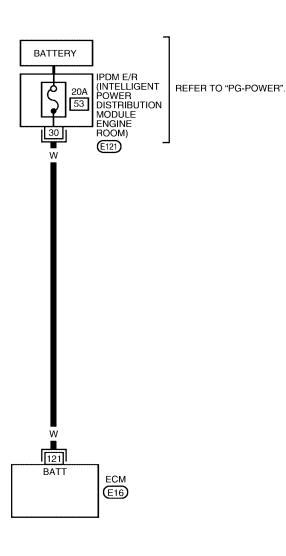
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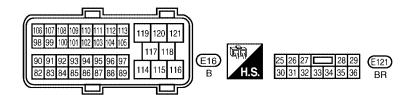
**Wiring Diagram** 

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## EC-ECM/PW-01







BBWA2098E

### **DTC P0603 ECM POWER SUPPLY**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
121	W	Power supply for ECM (Back-up)	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

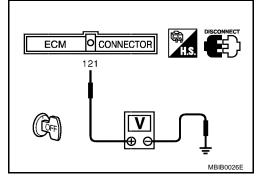
## 1. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 121 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



## 2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- IPDM E/R connector E121
- 20A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ECM and battery
  - >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

# 3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

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### **DTC P0603 ECM POWER SUPPLY**

## 4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "SELF DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Touch "ERASE".
- 4. Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.

See EC-453, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".

5. Is the 1st trip DTC P0603 displayed again?

### With GST

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select Service \$04 with GST.
- 3. Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.

See EC-453, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".

4. Is the 1st trip DTC P0603 displayed again?

### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 5.

No >> INSPECTION END

## 5. REPLACE ECM

- 1. Replace ECM.
- 2. Perform initialization of IVIS(NATS) system and registration of all IVIS(NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to BL-139, "ECM Re-communicating Function".
- 3. Perform EC-77, "VIN Registration".
- 4. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 5. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 6. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

### >> INSPECTION END

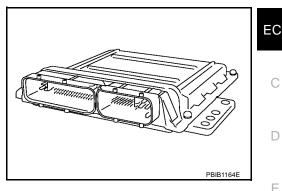
**DTC P0605 ECM** PFP:23710

## **Component Description**

UBS00H6X

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The ECM consists of a microcomputer and connectors for signal input and output and for power supply. The ECM controls the engine.



## On Board Diagnosis Logic

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This self-diagnosis has one or two trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition		Possible cause
P0605 0605	Engine control module	A)	ECM calculation function is malfunctioning.	
		B)	ECM EEP-ROM system is malfunctioning.	• ECM
		C)	ECM self shut-off function is malfunctioning.	

### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

ECM enters fail-safe mode when the malfunction A is detected.

Detected items	Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode
Malfunction A	<ul> <li>ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.</li> <li>ECM deactivates ASCD operation.</li> </ul>

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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Perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B. If there is no malfunction on PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B, perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C.

### NOTE:

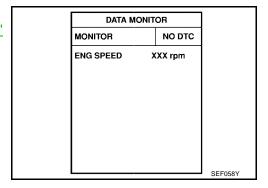
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

### (P) With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.

- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-458, "Diagnostic Procedure"



## 

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

### **DTC P0605 ECM**

### PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-458</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>"

DATA MONITOR
MONITOR NO DTC
ENG SPEED XXX rpm

SEF058Y

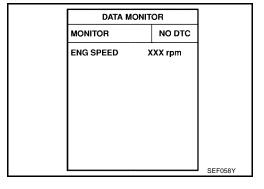
### **☞ With GST**

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

### PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C

### ( With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
- 4. Repeat step 3 for 32 times.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-458, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>



### 

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00H70

### 1. INSPECTION START

### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "SELF DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "ERASE".
- 4. Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.

See EC-457, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".

5. Is the 1st trip DTC P0605 displayed again?

### With GST

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select Service \$04 with GST.
- 3. Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.

See EC-457, "DTC Confirmation Procedure".

4. Is the 1st trip DTC P0605 displayed again?

### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2.

No >> INSPECTION END

### DTC P0605 ECM

# $\overline{2}$ . REPLACE ECM

- 1. Replace ECM.
- 2. Perform initialization of IVIS(NATS) system and registration of all IVIS(NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-139, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.
- 3. Perform EC-77, "VIN Registration".
- 4. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 5. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 6. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

### >> INSPECTION END

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### **DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY**

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

PFP:18919

UBS00H9B

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0643 0643	Sensor power supply circuit short	ECM detects a voltage of power source for sensor is excessively low or high.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (APP sensor 1 circuit is shorted.)         (PSP sensor circuit is shorted.)         (Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit is shorted.)         (EVAP control system pressure sensor circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal position sensor</li> <li>Power steering pressure sensor</li> <li>Refrigerant pressure sensor</li> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> </ul>

### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H90

#### NOTE

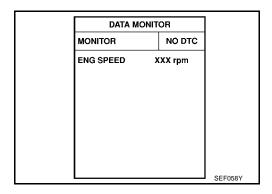
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to <a href="EC-463"><u>EC-463</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.



### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

## **Wiring Diagram**

UBS00H9D

## EC-SEN/PW-01

■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC

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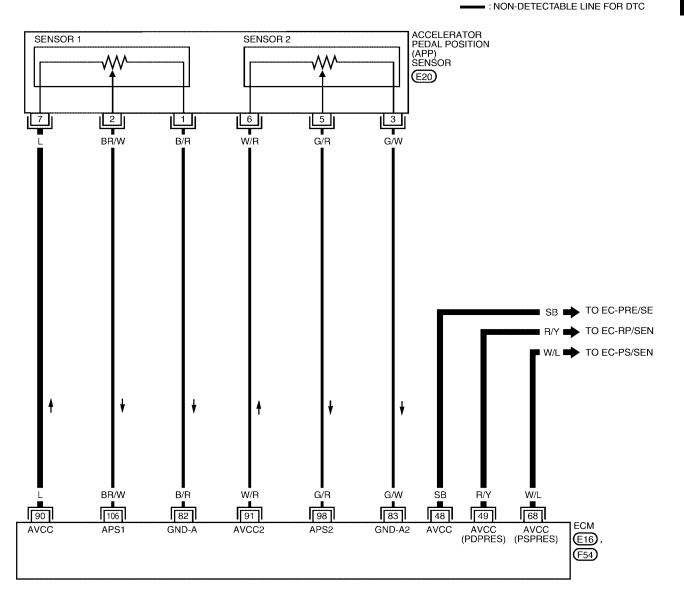
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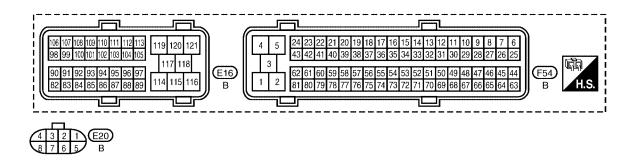
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

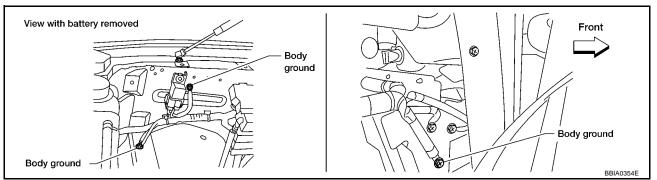
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
48	SB	Sensor power supply (EVAP control system pressure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
49	R/Y	Sensor power supply (Refrigerant pressure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
68	W/L	Sensor power supply (Power steering pressure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
82	B/R	Sensor ground (APP sensor 1)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
83	G/W	Sensor ground (APP sensor 2)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
90	L	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 1)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
91	W/R	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
98	G/R	G/R Accelerator pedal position sensor 2	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li></ul>	0.25 - 0.50V
30	O/IX		<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li></ul>	2.0 - 2.5V
106	BR/W	BR/W Accelerator pedal position sensor 1	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li></ul>	0.5 - 1.0V
			sensor 1	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li></ul>

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

### UBS00H9E

### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "<u>Ground Inspection</u>".



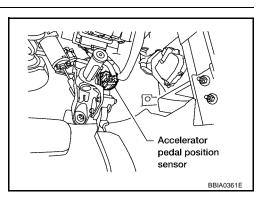
### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

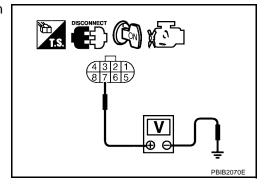


3. Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 7 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

### **Voltage: Approximately 5V**

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 3.



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## 3. CHECK SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUITS

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
48	EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 3	<u>EC-407</u>
49	Refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 1	<u>EC-631</u>
68	Power steering pressure sensor terminal 1	EC-449
90	APP sensor terminal 7	EC-461

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 4. CHECK COMPONENTS

Check the following.

- EVAP control system pressure sensor (Refer to <u>EC-410, "Component Inspection"</u>.)
- Power steering pressure sensor (Refer to EC-452, "Component Inspection" .)
- Refrigerant pressure sensor (Refer to <u>EC-630, "REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR"</u>.)

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning components.

## 5. CHECK ACCELERATOR PEEDAL POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-574, "Component Inspection".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> GO TO 6.

## 6. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY

- 1. Replace accelerator pedal position assembly.
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

### >> INSPECTION END

### /. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

### >> INSPECTION END

### DTC P0850 PNP SWITCH

### **DTC P0850 PNP SWITCH**

PFP:23006

## **Component Description**

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When the gear position is P or N, park/neutral position (PNP) switch is ON.

TCM detects the position because the continuity of the line (the ON signal) exists.

Then the TCM sends the PNP switch signal to the ECM via combination meter.

### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00HBR

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
P/N POSI SW	Ignition switch: ON	Selector lever: P or N	ON
		Selector lever: Except above	OFF

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00HBS

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0850 0850	Park/neutral position switch	The signal of the park/neutral position (PNP) switch is not changed in the process of engine starting and driving.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         [The park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit is open or shorted.]</li> <li>Park/neutral position (PNP) switch</li> <li>Combination meter</li> <li>TCM</li> </ul>

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00HBT

### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### (III) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "P/N POSI SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CON-SULT-II. Then check the "P/N POSI SW" signal under the following conditions.

Position (Selector lever)	Known-good signal	
N or P position	ON	
Except the above position	OFF	

If NG, go to EC-468, "Diagnostic Procedure".

If OK, go to following step.

DATA MONITOR		
MONITOR NO DTC		
P/N POSI SW	ON	
		SEF212

- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 60 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	More than 1,000 rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	More than 70°C (158°F)
B/FUEL SCHDL	More than 2.0 msec
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 64 km/h (40 MPH)
Selector lever	Suitable position

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-468, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

DATA MO	DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
COOLAN TEMP/S	S XXX°C	
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h	
P/N POSI SW	OFF	
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	SEF213Y

### DTC P0850 PNP SWITCH

## **Overall Function Check**

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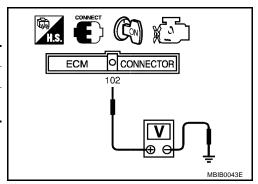
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

## **WITH GST**

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 102 (PNP switch signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Condition (Gear position)	Voltage V (Known-good data)	
P or N position	Approx. 0	
Except the above position	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	

3. If NG, go to EC-468, "Diagnostic Procedure".



# **Wiring Diagram** Α EC-PNP/SW-01 ECM E16 ■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC EC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC NEUT 102 C GR/R D Е GR/R 17G GR/R Н M31 (E152) (E5) (F14) GR/R B/R 40 39 COMBINATION METER A/T ASSEMBLY G (M24) (F9) 8 UNIFIED METER CONTROL UNIT TCM (TRANSMISSION CONTROL MODULE) START-RLY (F502) M REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. M31) - SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ) (E16) (F502) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 GR \*: THIS CONNECTOR IS NOT SHOWN IN "HARNESS LAYOUT" OF PG SECTION.

### DTC P0850 PNP SWITCH

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
102 GR/R	PNP switch	[Ignition switch: ON]  • Selector lever: P or N	Approximately 0V	
		[Ignition switch: ON] • Except the above gear position	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00HBW

## 1. CHECK DTC WITH TCM

Refer to AT-38, "OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace.

## 2. CHECK STARTING SYSTEM

Turn ignition switch OFF, then turn it to START.

Does starter motor operate?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 3.

No >> Refer to <u>SC-10, "STARTING SYSTEM"</u>.

# 3. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect A/T assembly harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect combination meter harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between A/T assembly terminal 9 and combination meter terminal 39.
   Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

## 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F14, E5
- Harness connectors E152, M31
- Harness for open or short between A/T assembly and combination meter
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

#### DTC P0850 PNP SWITCH

## 5. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 102 and combination meter terminal 40. EC Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6. D 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART Е Check the following. Harness connectors M31, E152 Harness for open or short between ECM and combination meter >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 7. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-III Disconnect TCM harness connector. 1. Check harness continuity between TCM terminal 8 and A/T assembly terminal 9. Н Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Repair or replace. 9. REPLACE COMBINATION METER M

Refer to DI-5, "COMBINATION METERS".

>> INSPECTION END

## DTC P1148, P1168 CLOSED LOOP CONTROL

# DTC P1148, P1168 CLOSED LOOP CONTROL On Board Diagnosis Logic

PFP:22690

UBS00H8K

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1148 1148 (Bank 1)	Closed loop control	The closed loop control function for bank 1 does not operate even when vehicle is driving in the specified condition.	Harness or connectors [The air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.]
P1168 1168 (Bank 2)	function	The closed loop control function for bank 2 does not operate even when vehicle is driving in the specified condition.	<ul> <li>Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1</li> <li>Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater</li> </ul>

DTC P1148 or P1168 is displayed with another DTC for air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. Perform the trouble diagnosis for the corresponding DTC.

## DTC P1211 TCS CONTROL UNIT

#### **DTC P1211 TCS CONTROL UNIT**

PFP:47850

**Description** 

UBS00H8L

The malfunction information related to TCS is transferred through the CAN communication line from "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)" to ECM.

Be sure to erase the malfunction information such as DTC not only for "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)" but also for ECM after TCS related repair.

UBS00H8M

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

Freeze frame data is not stored in the ECM for this self-diagnosis.

The MIL will not light up for this self-diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1211 1211	TCS control unit	ECM receives a malfunction information from "ABS actuator electric unit (control unit)"	ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)     TCS related parts

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

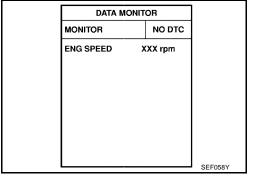
UBS00H8N

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 60 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-471, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>



## **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

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Go to BRC-11, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS".

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Revision: November 2009 EC-471 2006 QX56

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#### DTC P1212 TCS COMMUNICATION LINE

## **DTC P1212 TCS COMMUNICATION LINE**

PFP:47850

## Description

UBS00H8P

#### NOTE:

- If DTC P1212 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-151</u>, "<u>DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE</u>".
- If DTC P1212 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to EC-154, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION".

This CAN communication line is used to control the smooth engine operation during the TCS operation. Pulse signals are exchanged between ECM and "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)".

Be sure to erase the malfunction information such as DTC not only for "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)" but also for ECM after TCS related repair.

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H8Q

Freeze frame data is not stored in the ECM for this self-diagnosis. The MIL will not light up for this self-diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1212 1212	TCS communication line	ECM can not receive the information from "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)" continuously.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The CAN communication line is open or shorted.)</li> <li>ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)</li> <li>Dead (Weak) battery</li> </ul>

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

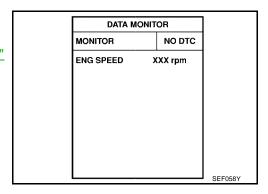
UBS00H8F

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

## (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-472, "Diagnostic Procedure"



#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00H8S

Go to BRC-11, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS".

## **DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE**

PFP:00000

## Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

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#### NOTE:

- If DTC P1217 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-151</u>, "<u>DTC U1000</u>, <u>U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE</u>".
- If DTC P1217 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010.
   Refer to EC-154, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION".

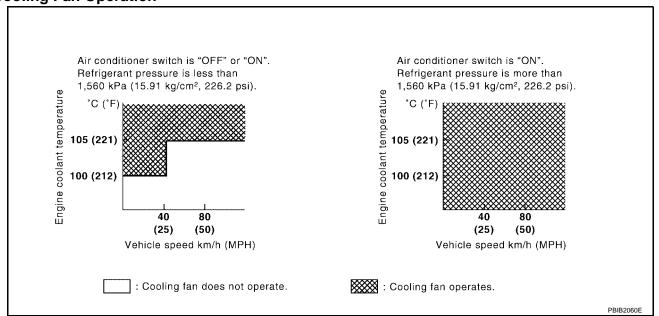
#### **Cooling Fan Control**

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)				
Battery	Battery voltage*1			
Wheel sensor*2	Vehicle speed	Cooling fan	IPDM E/R (Cooling fan relay)	
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	Control	(Cooling lan relay)	
Air conditioner switch	Air conditioner ON signal*2			
Refrigerant pressure sensor	Refrigerant pressure			

<sup>\*1:</sup> The ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

The ECM controls the cooling fan corresponding to the vehicle speed, engine coolant temperature, refrigerant pressure, and air conditioner ON signal. The control system has 2-step control [HI/OFF].

## **Cooling Fan Operation**



## **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

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Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
COOLING FAN	Engine: After warming up, idle	Engine coolant temperature: 99°C (210°F) or less	OFF
COOLING FAIN	the engine	Engine coolant temperature: 100°C (212°F) or more	н

<sup>\*2:</sup> This signal is sent to ECM through CAN communication line.

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

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If the cooling fan or another component in the cooling system malfunctions, engine coolant temperature will rise.

When the engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature condition, a malfunction is indicated.

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1217 1217	Engine over tempera- ture (Overheat)	<ul> <li>Cooling fan does not operate properly (Overheat).</li> <li>Cooling fan system does not operate properly (Overheat).</li> <li>Engine coolant was not added to the system using the proper filling method.</li> <li>Engine coolant is not within the specified range.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The cooling fan circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Cooling fan</li> <li>IPDM E/R (Cooling fan relay)</li> <li>Radiator hose</li> <li>Radiator</li> <li>Radiator cap</li> <li>Reservoir tank</li> <li>Reservoir tank cap</li> <li>Water pump</li> <li>Thermostat</li> <li>For more information, refer to EC-481, "Main 12 Causes of Overheating".</li> </ul>

#### **CAUTION:**

When a malfunction is indicated, be sure to replace the coolant. Refer to MA-13, "Changing Engine Coolant" . Also, replace the engine oil. Refer to LU-8, "Changing Engine Oil" .

- 1. Fill radiator with coolant up to specified level with a filling speed of 2 liters per minute. Be sure to use coolant with the proper mixture ratio. Refer to MA-12, "ANTI-FREEZE COOLANT MIXTURE RATIO".
- 2. After refilling coolant, run engine to ensure that no water-flow noise is emitted.

#### Overall Function Check

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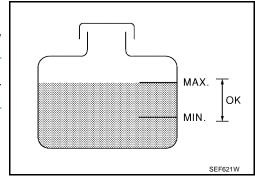
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the cooling fan. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

#### **WARNING:**

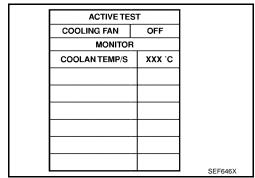
Never remove the radiator cap and/or reservoir tank cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator and/or reservoir tank. Wrap a thick cloth around cap. Carefully remove the cap by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Then turn the cap all the way off.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator.
   Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level.
   If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-478</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- 2. Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to <a href="EC-478">EC-478</a>, <a href=""">"Diagnostic Procedure"</a>.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.



- Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 5. If the results are NG, go to EC-478, "Diagnostic Procedure".



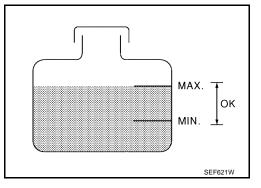
## **WITH GST**

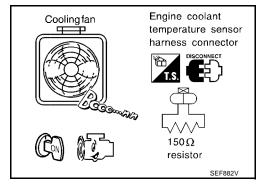
- Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator.
   Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level.
   If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to <a href="EC-478">EC-478</a>, <a href=""EC-478">"Diagnostic Procedure"</a>.
- Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-478</u>, <u>"Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 4. Connect  $150\Omega$  resistor to engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 5. Start engine and make sure that cooling fan operates.

#### **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to overheat engine.

6. If NG, go to EC-478, "Diagnostic Procedure".





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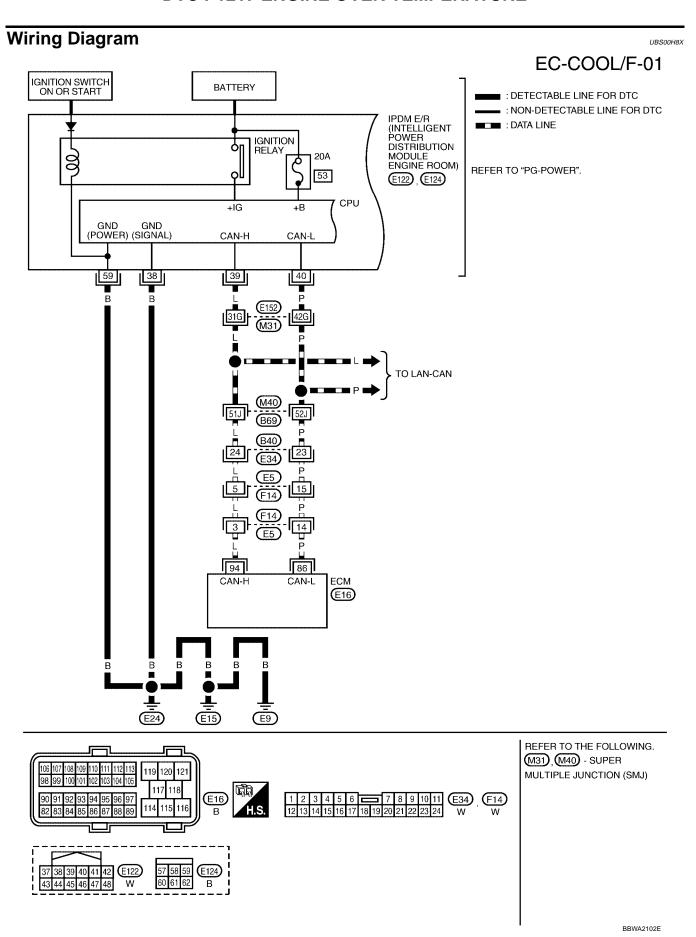
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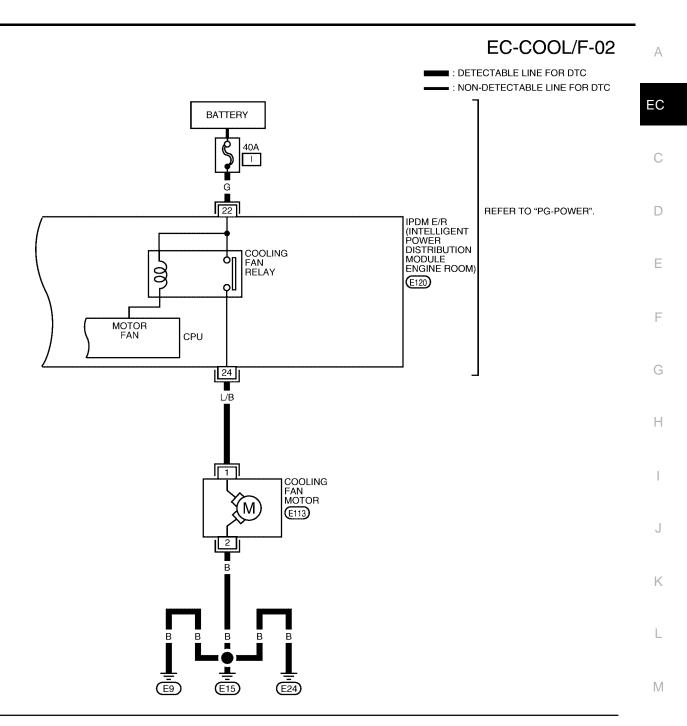
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## **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. INSPECTION START

Do you have CONSULT-II?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2.

No >> GO TO 3.

## 2. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR OPERATION

## With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and let it idle.
- 2. Select "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that cooling fan operates.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Check cooling fan control circuit. (Go to <u>EC-480, "PRO-CEDURE A"</u>.)

ACTIVE TE	ST	
COOLING FAN	OFF	
MONITOR	3	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX ,C	
		SEF646X

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## 3. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR OPERATION

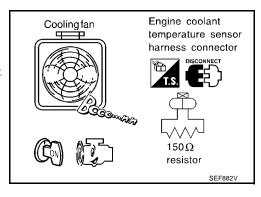
## **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 2. Connect  $150\Omega$  resistor to engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle.
- 4. Make sure that cooling fan operates.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Check cooling fan control circuit. (Go to <u>EC-480, "PRO-CEDURE A"</u>.)



## 4. CHECK COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAK

Apply pressure to the cooling system with a tester, and check if the pressure drops.

Testing pressure: 157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 23 psi)

#### **CAUTION:**

Higher than the specified pressure may cause radiator damage. Pressure should not drop.

#### OK or NG

OK NG >> GO TO 5.

- >> Check the following for leak. Refer to CO-10, "CHECK-ING COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKS".
  - Hose
  - Radiator
  - Radiator cap
  - Water pump
  - Reservoir tank



Apply pressure to cap with a tester.

Reservoir tank cap 95 - 125 kPa (0.97 - 1.28 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> relief pressure: , 14 - 18 psi)

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace reservoir tank cap.

# EG17650301 (J33984-A) SLC755/

## 6. CHECK THERMOSTAT

- 1. Check valve seating condition at normal room temperatures. It should seat tightly.
- Check valve opening temperature and valve lift.

Valve opening temperature: 82°C (180°F) [standard] Valve lift: More than 10.0 mm/95°C (0.394 in/203°F)

3. Check if valve is closed at 5°C (9°F) below valve opening temperature.

#### OK or NG

OK

NG >> Replace thermostat

## For details, refer to CO-21, "THERMOSTAT AND WATER PIP-ING". SLC343 >> GO TO 7.

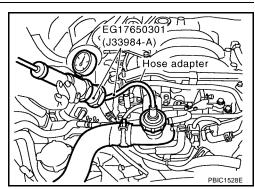
## 7. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-196, "Component Inspection".

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.



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## 8. CHECK MAIN 12 CAUSES

If the cause cannot be isolated, go to EC-481, "Main 12 Causes of Overheating".

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### **PROCEDURE A**

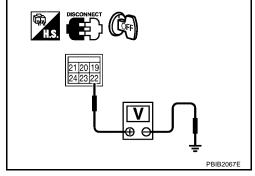
## 1. CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E120.
- 3. Check voltage between IPDM E/R terminal 22 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



## 2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- 40A fusible link
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and battery
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 3. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR CIRCUIT FOR OPEN OR SHORT

- Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between cooling fan motor terminal 1 and IPDM E/R terminal 24, cooling fan motor terminal 2 and ground.

Refer to wiring diagram.

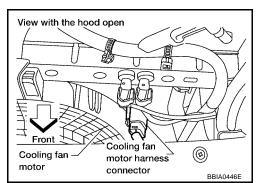
#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



## 4. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR

Refer to EC-482, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace cooling fan motor.

## 5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

OK or NG

OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to PG-18, "IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MOD-ULE ENGINE ROOM)".

NG >> Repair or replace harness connectors.

## **Main 12 Causes of Overheating**

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Engine	Step	Inspection item	Equipment	Standard	Reference page
OFF 1	1	Blocked radiator     Blocked condenser     Blocked radiator grille	Visual	No blocking	_
		Blocked bumper			
	2	Coolant mixture	Coolant tester	50 - 50% coolant mixture	MA-11, "RECOM- MENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS"
	3	Coolant level	Visual	Coolant up to MAX level in reservoir tank and radiator filler neck	MA-13, "Changing Engine Coolant"
	4	Reservoir tank cap	Pressure tester	95 - 125 kPa	CO-10, "CHECKING
				(0.97 - 1.28 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 14 - 18 psi) (Limit)	RESERVOIR CAP"
ON* <sup>2</sup>	5	Coolant leaks	Visual	No leaks	CO-10, "CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKS"
ON* <sup>2</sup>	6	Thermostat	Touch the upper and lower radiator hoses	Both hoses should be hot	CO-21, "THERMOSTAT AND WATER PIPING"
ON*1	7	Cooling fan	CONSULT-II	Operating	See trouble diagnosis for DTC P1217 (EC-473, "DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE" ).
OFF	8	Combustion gas leak	Color checker chemical tester 4 Gas analyzer	Negative	_
ON* <sup>3</sup>	9	Coolant temperature gauge	Visual	Gauge less than 3/4 when driving	_
		Coolant overflow to reservoir tank	Visual	No overflow during driving and idling	MA-13, "Changing Engine Coolant"
OFF* <sup>4</sup>	10	Coolant return from reservoir tank to radia- tor	Visual	Should be initial level in reservoir tank	MA-13, "Changing Engine Coolant"
OFF	11	Cylinder head	Straight gauge feeler gauge	0.1 mm (0.004 in) Maximum distortion (warping)	EM-68, "Inspection After Disassembly"
	12	Cylinder block and pistons	Visual	No scuffing on cylinder walls or piston	EM-94, "Inspection After Disassembly"

<sup>\*1:</sup> Turn the ignition switch ON.

For more information, refer to  $\underline{\text{CO-6, "OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS"}}$  .

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<sup>\*2:</sup> Engine running at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes.

<sup>\*3:</sup> Drive at 90 km/h (55 MPH) for 30 minutes and then let idle for 10 minutes.

<sup>\*4:</sup> After 60 minutes of cool down time.

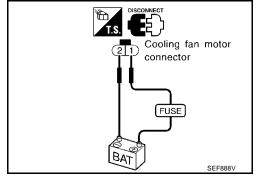
## **Component Inspection COOLING FAN MOTOR**

UBS00H90

- 1. Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connector.
- 2. Supply cooling fan motor terminals with battery voltage and check operation.

## Cooling fan motor should operate.

If NG, replace cooling fan motor.



#### **DTC P1225 TP SENSOR**

PFP:16119

## Component Description

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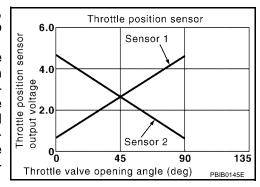
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Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00H92

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1225 1225	Closed throttle position learning performance	Closed throttle position learning value is excessively low.	Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H93

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

#### (III) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-484, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>

DATA M	ONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	SPEED XXX rpm	

#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

#### **DTC P1225 TP SENSOR**

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00H94

## 1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

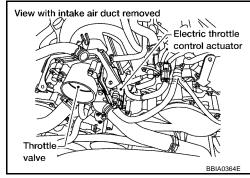
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Remove the intake air duct.
- 3. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG

>> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



## $2. \ \mathsf{REPLACE} \ \mathsf{ELECTRIC} \ \mathsf{THROTTLE} \ \mathsf{CONTROL} \ \mathsf{ACTUATOR}$

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

#### >> INSPECTION END

## Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

UBS00H95

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

#### **DTC P1226 TP SENSOR**

#### **DTC P1226 TP SENSOR**

PFP:16119

## **Component Description**

UBS00H96

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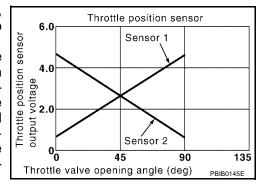
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Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H97

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1226 1226	Closed throttle position learning performance	Closed throttle position learning is not performed successfully, repeatedly.	Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

IRSANHOR

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Repeat steps 3 and 4 for 32 times.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-486</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>"

DATA MONITOR

MONITOR NO DTC

ENG SPEED XXX rpm

#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

Revision: November 2009 EC-485 2006 QX56

#### DTC P1226 TP SENSOR

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00H99

## 1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

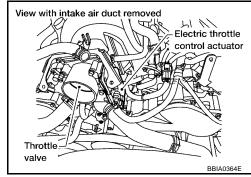
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Remove the intake air duct.
- 3. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG

>> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



## $2. \ \mathsf{REPLACE} \ \mathsf{ELECTRIC} \ \mathsf{THROTTLE} \ \mathsf{CONTROL} \ \mathsf{ACTUATOR}$

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

#### >> INSPECTION END

## Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

UBS00H9A

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

#### **DTC P1564 ICC STEERING SWITCH**

PFP:25551

## **Component Description**

UBS00L1M

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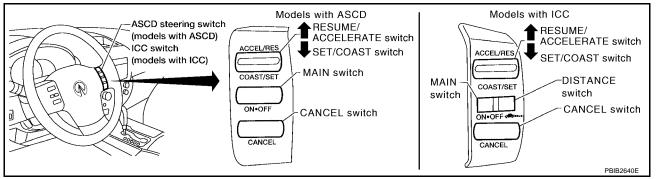
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ICC steering switch has variant values of electrical resistance for each button. ECM reads voltage variation of switch, and determines which button is operated.



Refer to ACS-6, "DESCRIPTION" for the ICC function.

#### CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00L1N

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
MAINI CW	- Innition quitable ON	MAIN switch: Pressed	ON
MAIN SW	Ignition switch: ON	MAIN switch: Released	OFF
CANCEL SW	- Ignition quitable ON	CANCEL switch: Pressed	ON
CANCEL SW	Ignition switch: ON	CANCEL switch: Released	OFF
	Ignition switch: ON	RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed	ON
RESUME/ACC SW		RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Released	OFF
SET SW	• Ignition quitab: ON	SET/COAST switch: Pressed	ON
SE1 SW	Ignition switch: ON	SET/COAST switch: Released	OFF
DIST SW	• Ignition switch: ON	DISTANCE switch: Pressed	ON
DIGT GVV	Ignition switch: ON	DISTANCE switch: Released	OFF

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00L1O

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

#### NOTE:

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If DTC P1564 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to EC-457, "DTC P0605 ECM".

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1564 1564	ICC steering switch	<ul> <li>An excessively high voltage signal from the ICC steering switch is sent to ECM.</li> <li>ECM detects that input signal from the ICC steering switch is out of the specified range.</li> <li>ECM detects that the ICC steering switch is stuck ON.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The switch circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>ICC steering switch</li> <li>Combination switch (spiral cable)</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00L1P

#### NOTE

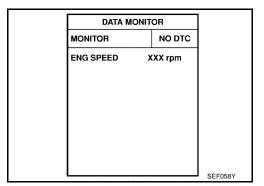
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

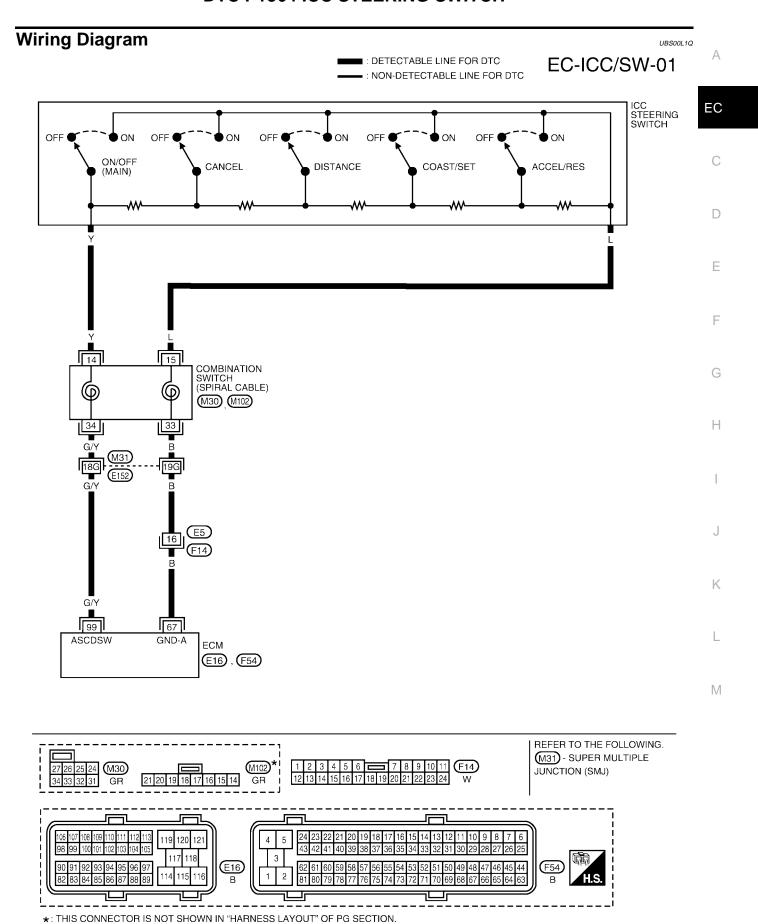
## (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Press MAIN switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 5. Press CANCEL switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Press RESUME/ACCELERATE switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Press SET/COAST switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 8. Press DISTANCE switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
- If DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-490, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.



Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.





**EC-489** 

Revision: November 2009

2006 QX56

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

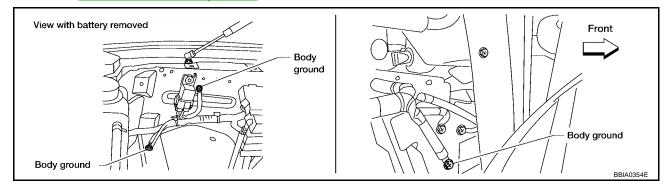
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
67	В	Sensor ground	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
		G/Y ICC steering switch	[Ignition switch: ON]  • ICC steering switch: OFF	Approximately 4.3V
99			[Ignition switch: ON]  • MAIN switch: Pressed	Approximately 0V
	G/Y		[Ignition switch: ON]  • CANCEL switch: Pressed	Approximately 1.3V
			[Ignition switch: ON] • RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed	Approximately 3.7V
			[Ignition switch: ON] • SET/COAST switch: Pressed	Approximately 3V
				[Ignition switch: ON]  • DISTANCE switch: Pressed

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

UBS00L1R

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

## 2. CHECK ICC STEERING SWITCH CIRCUIT

#### (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "MAIN SW", "CANCEL SW", "RESUME/ACC SW", "SET SW" and "DIST SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Check each item indication under the following conditions.

Switch	Monitor item	Condition	Indication
MAIN aviitale	MAINLOW	Pressed	ON
MAIN switch	MAIN SW	Released	OFF
CANCEL switch	CANCEL SW	Pressed	ON
CANCEL SWILCH	CANCEL SW	Released	OFF
RESUME/ACCELERATE	RESUME/ACC SW	Pressed	ON
switch	RESUME/ACC SW	Released	OFF
SET/COAST switch	SET SW	Pressed	ON
SET/COAST SWILLI	SETSW	Released	OFF
DISTANCE switch	DIST SW	Pressed	ON
DISTANCE SWILCH	טוט ז טעע	Released	OFF

NO DTC OFF	
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OFF	
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	OFF OFF OFF

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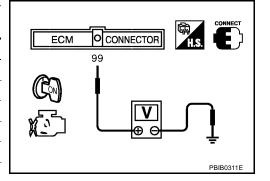
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#### (X) Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 99 and ground with pressing each button.

Switch	Condition	Voltage [V]
MAIN switch	Pressed	Approx. 0
WAIN SWILCH	Released	Approx. 4.3
CANCEL switch	Pressed	Approx. 1.3
CANCEL SWILLI	Released	Approx. 4.3
RESUME/ACCELERATE	Pressed	Approx. 3.7
switch	Released	Approx. 4.3
SET/COAST switch	Pressed	Approx. 3.0
SE 1/COAST SWILCH	Released	Approx. 4.3
DISTANCE switch	Pressed	Approx. 2.2
DIO I/ II VOL SWITCH	Released	Approx. 4.3



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 3.

Revision: November 2009 EC-491 2006 QX56

## 3. check icc steering switch ground circuit for open and short

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Disconnect combination switch harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between combination switch terminal 15 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

## 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Combination switch (spiral cable)
- Harness for open and short between ECM and combination switch
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 5. CHECK ICC STEERING SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 99 and combination switch terminal 14. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

## 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Combination switch (spiral cable)
- Harness for open and short between ECM and combination switch
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 7. CHECK ICC STEERING SWITCH

Refer to EC-493, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace ICC steering switch.

## 8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

## Component Inspection ICC STEERING SWITCH

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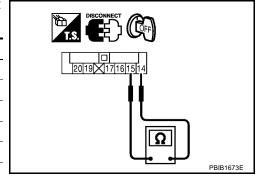
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- 1. Disconnect combination switch (spiral cable) harness connector M102.
- 2. Check continuity between combination switch terminals 1 and 2 with pushing each switch.

Switch	Condition	Resistance [Ω]
	Pressed	Approx. 0
MAIN switch	Released	Approx. 5,500
0411051 % 1	Pressed	Approx. 310
CANCEL switch	Released	Approx. 5,500
RESUME/ACCELERATE	Pressed	Approx. 2,600
switch	Released	Approx. 5,500
SET/COAST switch	Pressed	Approx. 1,400
SET/COAST SWIICH	Released	Approx. 5,500
DISTANCE switch	Pressed	Approx. 740
	Released	Approx. 5,500



If NG, replace ICC steering switch.

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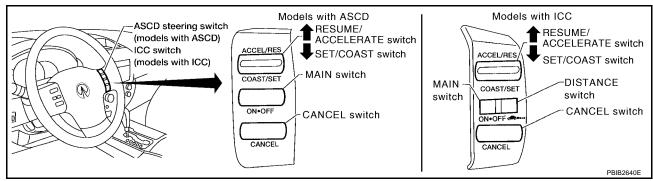
#### **DTC P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH**

PFP:25551

## **Component Description**

UBS00L0W

ASCD steering switch has variant values of electrical resistance for each button. ECM reads voltage variation of switch, and determines which button is operated.



Refer to EC-29, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)" for the ASCD function.

#### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00L0X

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
MAIN SW	- Ignition quitable ON	MAIN switch: Pressed	ON
WAIN 5W	Ignition switch: ON	MAIN switch: Released	OFF
CANCEL SW	- Ignition quitable ON	CANCEL switch: Pressed	ON
CANCEL SW	Ignition switch: ON	CANCEL switch: Released	OFF
RESUME/ACC SW	- Ignition quitable ON	RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed	ON
RESUME/ACC SW	Ignition switch: ON	RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Released	OFF
SET SW	- Ignition quitable ON	SET/COAST switch: Pressed	ON
SELSW	Ignition switch: ON	SET/COAST switch: Released	OFF

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00L0Y

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

#### NOTE

If DTC P1564 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to EC-457, "DTC P0605 ECM".

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
P1564 1564	ASCD steering switch	<ul> <li>An excessively high voltage signal from the ASCD steering switch is sent to ECM.</li> <li>ECM detects that input signal from the ASCD steering switch is out of the specified range.</li> <li>ECM detects that the ASCD steering switch is stuck ON.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The switch circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>ASCD steering switch</li> <li>Combination meter (spiral cable)</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00L0Z

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

## (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Press MAIN switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 5. Press CANCEL switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Press RESUME/ACCELERATE switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 7. Press SET/COAST switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 8. If DTC is detected, go to EC-497, "Diagnostic Procedure".

## **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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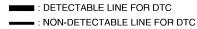
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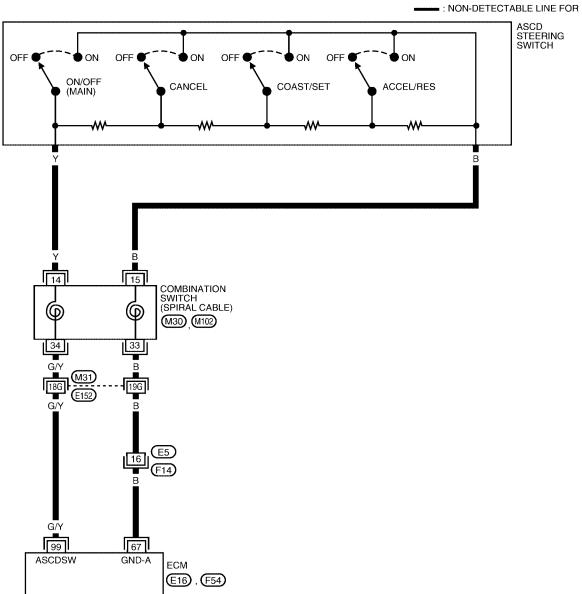
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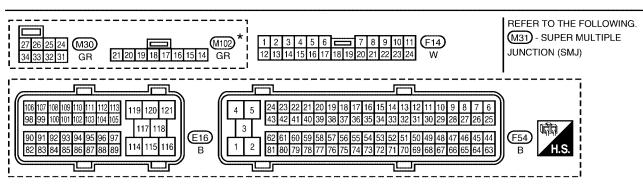
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Wiring Diagram

## EC-ASC/SW-01







\*: THIS CONNECTOR IS NOT SHOWN IN "HARNESS LAYOUT" OF PG SECTION.

BBWA2104E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

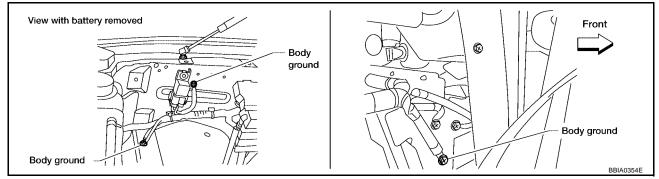
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
67	В	Sensor ground	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
99 G/Y			[Ignition switch: ON]  • ASCD steering switch: OFF	Approximately 4V
	G/Y ASCD steering switch		[Ignition switch: ON]  • MAIN switch: ON	Approximately 0V
		G/Y	[Ignition switch: ON] • CANCEL switch: ON	Approximately 1V
			[Ignition switch: ON] • RESUME/ACCELERATTTE switch: ON	Approximately 3V
			[Ignition switch: ON] • SET/COAST switch: ON	Approximately 2V

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



#### OK or NG

>> GO TO 2. OK

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections. EC

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## 2. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH CIRCUIT

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "MAIN SW", "CANCEL SW", RESUME/ACC SW" and "SET SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Check each item indication under the following conditions.

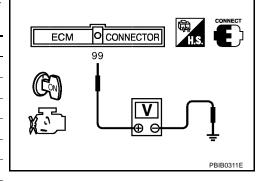
Switch	Monitor item	Condition	Indication
MAIN switch	MAIN SW	Pressed	ON
WAIN SWILCH	WAIN SW	Released	OFF
CANCEL switch	CANCEL SW	Pressed	ON
OANGEL SWIGH	CANCLL SW	Released	OFF
RESUME/ACCELERATE	RESUME/ACC SW	Pressed	ON
switch	RESONIL/ACC SW	Released	OFF
SET/COAST switch	SET SW	Pressed	ON
OL 1/OUAGT SWILLIT	OLI OVV	Released	OFF

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
MAIN SW	OFF
CANCEL SW	OFF
RESUME/ACC SW	OFF
SET SW	OFF

#### Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 99 and ground with pressing each button.

Condition	Voltage [V]
Pressed	Approx. 0
Released	Approx. 4
Pressed	Approx. 1
Released	Approx. 4
Pressed	Approx. 3
Released	Approx. 4
Pressed	Approx. 2
Released	Approx. 4
	Pressed Released Pressed Released Pressed Released Pressed Released



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 3.

## 3. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

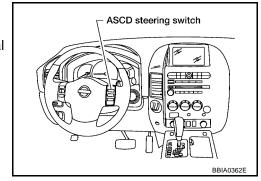
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect combination switch harness connector M102.
- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between combination switch terminal 15 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### **Continuity should exist.**

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



Check the following.				
Harness connectors M31, E152				
Harness connectors E5, F14	EC			
Combination switch (spiral cable)				
Harness for open and short between ECM and combination switch				
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.				
<ol> <li>Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 99 and combination switch terminal 14.</li> <li>Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	E			
Continuity should exist.				
2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.  OK or NG	I			
OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.				
D. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART				
Check the following.	-  -			
Harness connectors M31, E152				
Combination switch (spiral cable)				
Harness for open and short between ECM and combination switch				
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.				
7. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH				
Refer to EC-500, "Component Inspection" .	<u> </u>			
OK or NG				
OK >> GO TO 8.  NG >> Replace ASCD steering switch. Refer to AV-59, "STEERING WHEEL AUDIO CONTROL SWITCHES".	_			
3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	1			
	_			

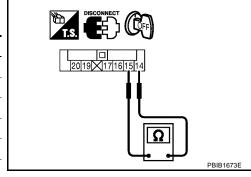
>> INSPECTION END

## **Component Inspection ASCD STEERING SWITCH**

UBS00L12

- 1. Disconnect combination switch (spiral cable) harness connector M102.
- 2. Check continuity between combination switch (spiral cable) terminals 14 and 15 with pushing each switch.

Switch	Condition	Resistance $[\Omega]$
MAIN switch	Pressed	Approx. 0
MAIN SWILCH	Released	Approx. 4,000
CANCEL switch	Pressed	Approx. 250
CANCEL SWILLI	Released	Approx. 4,000
RESUME/ACCELERATE	Pressed	Approx. 1,480
switch	Released	Approx. 4,000
SET/COAST switch	Pressed	Approx. 660
	Released	Approx. 4,000



#### **DTC P1568 ICC FUNCTION**

#### **DTC P1568 ICC FUNCTION**

PFP:18995

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

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This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

#### NOTE:

- If DTC P1568 is displayed with DTC U1000, U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-151, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".
- If DTC P1568 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010.
   Refer to EC-154, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION".
- If DTC P1568 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605.
   Refer to <u>EC-457</u>, "<u>DTC P0605 ECM"</u>.

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
P1568 1568	ICC function	ECM detects a difference between signals from ICC unit is out of specified range.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The CAN communication line is open or shorted.)</li> <li>ICC unit</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00L1U

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE

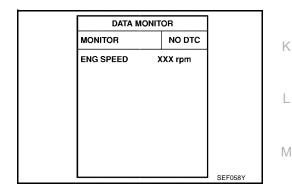
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Step 4 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

#### ( WITH CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Press MAIN switch on ICC steering switch.
- 4. Drive the vehicle at more than 40 km/h (25 MPH).
- Press SET/COAST switch.
- 6. If DTC is detected, go to EC-501, "Diagnostic Procedure".



## **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

LIBSOOL 1V

## 1. REPLACE ICC UNIT

- 1. Replace ICC unit.
- 2. Perform ACS-9, "ACTION TEST".
- Check DTC of ICC unit. Refer to ACS-36, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR SELF-DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS".

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### DTC P1572 ICC BRAKE SWITCH

#### **DTC P1572 ICC BRAKE SWITCH**

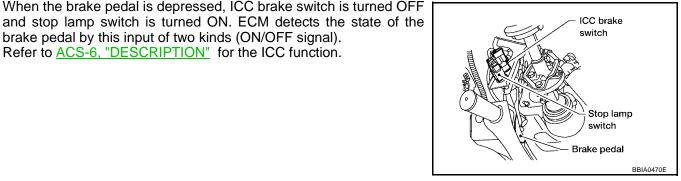
PFP:25320

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## **Component Description**

When the brake pedal is depressed, ICC brake switch is turned OFF

brake pedal by this input of two kinds (ON/OFF signal). Refer to ACS-6, "DESCRIPTION" for the ICC function.



#### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00L1X

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
BRAKE SW1	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	ON
(ICC brake switch)	• ignition switch. ON	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
BRAKE SW2	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
(stop lamp switch)	• ignition switch. ON	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

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This diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

#### NOTE:

- If DTC P1572 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to EC-457, "DTC P0605 ECM".
- This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic. When malfunction A is detected, DTC is not stored in ECM memory. And in that case, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip freeze frame data are displayed. 1st trip DTC is erased when ignition switch OFF. And even when malfunction A is detected in two consecutive trips, DTC is not stored in ECM memory.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition		Possible cause
		A)	When vehicle speed is above 30 km/h (19 MPH), ON signals from the stop lamp switch and the ICC brake switch are sent to ECM at the same time.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The stop lamp switch circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Harness or connectors (The ICC brake switch circuit is shorted.)</li> </ul>
P1572 1572	ICC brake switch	В)	ICC brake switch signal is not sent to ECM for extremely long time while the vehicle is driving	<ul> <li>Stop lamp switch</li> <li>ICC brake switch</li> <li>ICC brake hold relay</li> <li>Incorrect stop lamp switch installation</li> <li>Incorrect ICC brake switch installation</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>

#### DTC P1572 ICC BRAKE SWITCH

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTF:

- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.
- Procedure for malfunction B is not described here. It takes extremely long time to complete procedure for malfunction B. By performing procedure for malfunction A, the incident that causes malfunction B can be detected.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Steps 4 and 5 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine (VDC switch OFF).
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Press MAIN switch and make sure that CRUISE lamp lights up.
- 4. Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following conditions.

VHCL SPEED SE	More than 30 km/h (19 MPH)
Selector lever	Suitable position

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-505, "Diagnostic Procedure"

If 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to the following step.

MONITOR		
	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h	
CRUISE LAMP	ON	
BRAKE SW 1	ON	
BRAKE SW 2	OFF	

5. Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following conditions.

VHCL SPEED SE	More than 30 km/h (19 MPH)
Selector lever	Suitable position
Driving location	Depress the brake pedal for more than five seconds so as not to come off from the above-mentioned vehicle speed.

6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-505, "Diagnostic Procedure".

#### **S** WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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Revision: November 2009 **EC-503** 2006 QX56

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DTC P1572 ICC BRAKE SWITCH **Wiring Diagram** UBS00L20 EC-ICC/BS-01 : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC IGNITION SWITCH : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC **BATTERY** ON OR START FUSE BLOCK (J/B) REFER TO "PG-POWER". 10A 20 15 (M4) (M60) ICC UNIT R/B (M31) (B17) 15G (E152) 38 R/G 47 R/B BR 3 STOP LAMP SWITCH E34) 11 9 R/G ΒR (E38) DEPRESSED R/B R/Y RELEASED ICC BRAKE HOLD RELAY R/G (E134) 6 R/G R/G ICC BRAKE SWITCH TO LT-STOP/L ← R/G − **E**37 R/W RELEASED **DEPRESSED** 2 BR/W R/W 101 108 ECM BRAKE BNCSW <u>.</u> E15 **E**16 (E9) REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. (M31) - SUPER MULTIPLE 119 120 121 JUNCTION (SMJ) 117 118 **E**16 **⊐**2T **M**60 i (M4)

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
101 R/W	DAM	N. Charles a witch	[Ignition switch: OFF]  • Brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V	С
	R/VV	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF]  • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	D
108	BR/W		[Ignition switch: ON]  • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Approximately 0V	_
	DR/VV	IOC DIAKE SWITCH	[Ignition switch: ON]  • Brake pedal: Fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	E

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

#### 1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-I

#### (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "BRAKE SW1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 3. Check "BRAKE SW1" indication under the following conditions.

CONDITION	INDICATION
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
Brake pedal: Fully released	ON

DATA MO	NITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
BRAKE SW1	OFF	
		SEC01

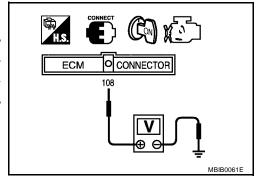
#### **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between ECM terminal 108 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Approximately 0V
Brake pedal: Fully released	Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.



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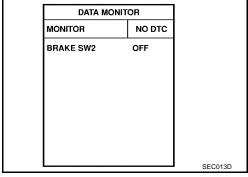
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# 2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-II

(E) With CONSULT-II Check "BRAKE SW2" indication in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

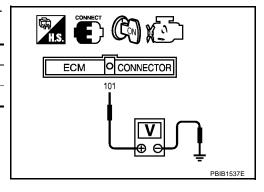
CONDITION	INDICATION
Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON



## **Without CONSULT-II**

Check voltage between ECM terminal 101 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
Brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Battery voltage



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14. NG >> GO TO 10.

# 3. CHECK DTC WITH ICC UNIT

#### Refer to .

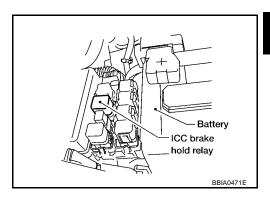
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace.

# 4. CHECK ICC BRAKE HOLD RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ICC brake hold relay.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

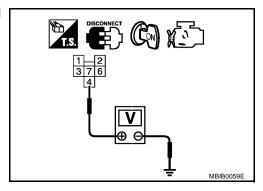


4. Check voltage between ICC brake hold relay terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



# 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ICC brake hold relay and fuse
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 6. CHECK ICC BRAKE SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ICC brake switch harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ICC brake hold relay terminal 3 and ICC brake switch terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

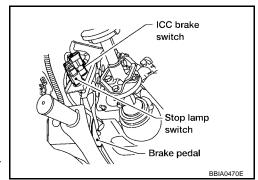
## Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



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# 7. CHECK ICC BRAKE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ICC brake switch terminal 2 and ECM terminal 108. Refer Wiring Diagram.

#### **Continuity should exist.**

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 8. CHECK ICC BRAKE HOLD RELAY

Refer to EC-509, "Component Inspection".

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace ICC brake hold relay.

# 9. CHECK ICC BRAKE SWITCH

Refer to EC-509, "Component Inspection".

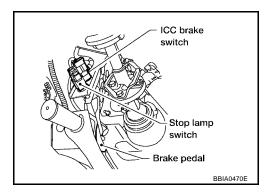
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Replace ICC brake switch.

# 10. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.

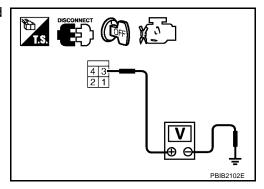


3. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT -II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 11.



# 11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Fuse block (J/B) No. 1 connector M60
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and battery

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 12. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 13. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to EC-509, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

# 14. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

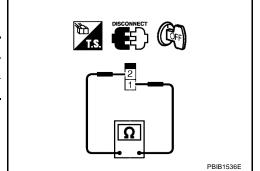
#### **Component Inspection** ICC BRAKE SWITCH

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

- Disconnect ICC brake switch harness connector. 2.
- 3. Check continuity between ICC brake switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
Brake pedal: Fully released.	Should exist.
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed.	Should not exist.

If NG, adjust ICC brake switch installation, refer to BR-6. "BRAKE PEDAL", and perform step 3 again.



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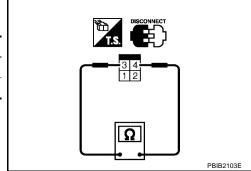
Revision: November 2009

#### **STOP LAMP SWITCH**

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
- 3. Check continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 3 and 4 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
Brake pedal: Fully released.	Should not exist.
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed.	Should exist.

If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6</u>, <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.

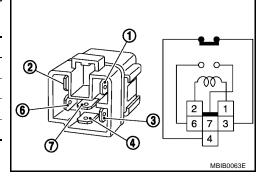


#### ICC BRAKE HOLD RELAY

- 1. Apply 12V direct current between ICC brake hold relay terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Check continuity between relay terminals 3 and 4, 6 and 7 under the following conditions.

Condition	Between terminals	Continuity
12V direct current supply	3 and 4	Should not exist
between terminals 1 and 2	6 and 7	Should exist
No current supply	3 and 4	Should exist
тчо синети зирріу	6 and 7	Should not exist

3. If NG, replace ICC brake hold relay.



#### **DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH**

PFP:25320

# **Component Description**

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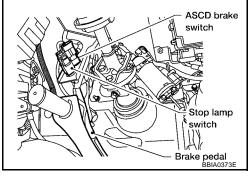
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When the brake pedal is depressed, ASCD brake switch is turned OFF and stop lamp switch is turned ON. ECM detects the state of the brake pedal by this input of two kinds (ON/OFF signal). Refer to EC-29, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)" for the ASCD function.



#### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00L14

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM		CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
BRAKE SW 1	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	ON
(ASCD brake switch)	• Igrillion switch. ON	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
BRAKE SW 2	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
(Stop lamp switch)	• Ignition switch. ON	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00L15

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

#### NOTE:

- If DTC P 1572 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605.
   Refer to <u>EC-457</u>, "<u>DTC P0605 ECM"</u>.
- This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic. When malfunction A is detected, DTC is not stored in ECM memory. And in that case, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip freeze frame data are displayed.
   1st trip DTC is erased when ignition switch OFF. And even when malfunction A is detected in two consecutive trips, DTC is not stored in ECM memory.

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name		DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause	
P1572 1572	ASCD brake switch	A) B)	When the vehicle speed is above 30km/h (19 MPH), ON signals from the stop lamp switch and the ASCD brake switch are sent to ECM at the same time.  ASCD brake switch signal is not sent to ECM for extremely long time while the vehicle is driving	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The stop lamp switch circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Harness or connectors         (The ASCD brake switch circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Stop lamp switch</li> <li>ASCD brake switch</li> <li>Incorrect stop lamp switch installation</li> <li>Incorrect ASCD brake switch installation</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>	M

#### **DTC confirmation Procedure**

UBS00L16

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.
- Procedure for malfunction B is not described here. It takes extremely long time to complete procedure for malfunction B. By performing procedure for malfunction A, the incident that causes malfunction B can be detected.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Steps 4 and 5 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine (VDC switch OFF).
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Press MAIN switch and make sure that CRUISE indicator lights up.
- 4. Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following condition.

VHCL SPEED SE	More than 30 km/h (19 MPH)
Selector lever	Suitable position

If DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-514</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>" . If DTC is not detected, go to the following step.

Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following condition.

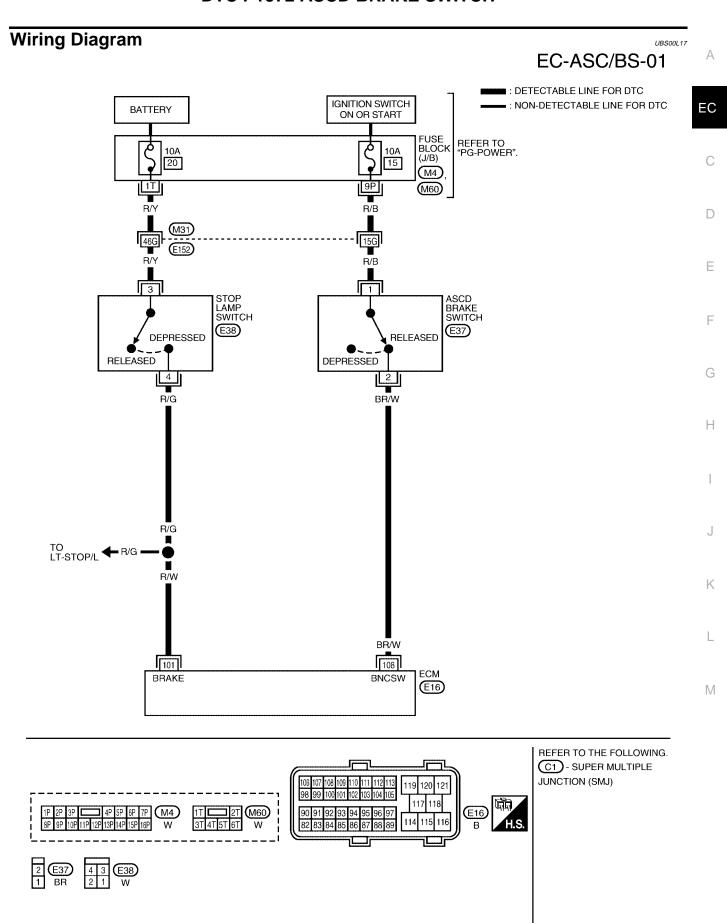
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 30 km/h (19 MPH)
Selector lever	Suitable position
Driving location	Depress the brake pedal for more than five seconds so as not to come off from the above-mentioned condition.

6. If DTC is detected, go to EC-514, "Diagnostic Procedure".

#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
CRUISE LAMP	ON
BRAKE SW 1	ON
BRAKE SW 2	OFF



BBWA1703E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
101	101 R/W Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF]  • Brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V	
101 K/W St	otop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF]  • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
108 BR/W ASCD brake switch	[Ignition switch: ON]  • Brake pedal: Fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		
	ASCD DIAKE SWIICH	[Ignition switch: ON]  • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Approximately 0V	

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-I

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#### (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "BRAKE SW1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Check "BRAKE SW1" indication under the following conditions.

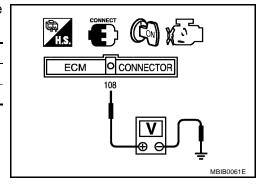
CONDITION	INDICATION
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
Brake pedal: Fully released	ON

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
BRAKE SW1	OFF

#### Without CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 108 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Approximately 0V
Brake pedal: Fully released	Battery voltage



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

# 2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-II

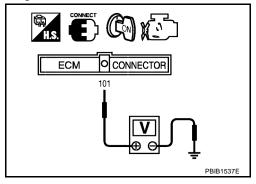
(E) With CONSULT-II Check "BRAKE SW2" indication in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

CONDITION	INDICATION
Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON

DATA MONITOR		
MONITOR	NO DTC	
BRAKE SW2	OFF	
		SEC013

Without CONSULT-II
 Check voltage between ECM terminal 101 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
Brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Battery voltage



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> GO TO 7.

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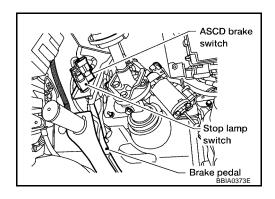
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# 3. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

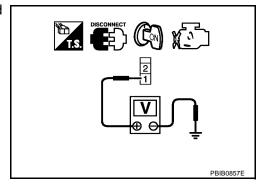


4. Check voltage between ASCD brake switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

**Voltage: Battery voltage** 

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



## 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ASCD brake switch and fuse
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 108 and ASCD brake switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 6. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

Refer to EC-518, "Component Inspection".

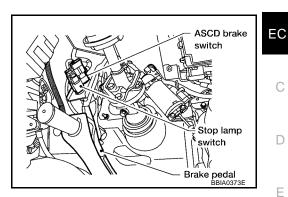
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace ASCD brake switch.

# 7. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.



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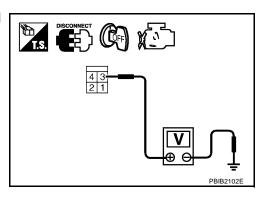
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3. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.



# 8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M60
- Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and battery

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 9. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector. 1.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 10. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to EC-518, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

**EC-517** 2006 QX56 Revision: November 2009

# 11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

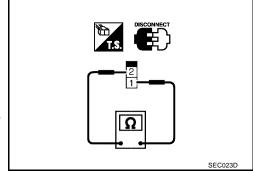
# Component Inspection ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

UBS00L19

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ASCD brake switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
Brake pedal: Fully released	Should exist.
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Should not exist.

If NG, adjust ASCD brake switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6</u>, <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.

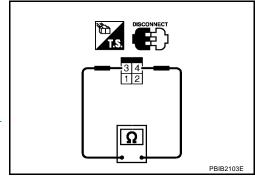


#### STOP LAMP SWITCH

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
Brake pedal: Fully released	Should not exist.
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Should exist.

If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6</u>, <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.



#### DTC P1574 ICC VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

#### DTC P1574 ICC VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

PFP:31036

#### **Component Description**

UBS00HZ6

The ECM receives two vehicle speed signals via CAN communication line. One is sent from "unified meter and A/C amp.", and the other is from TCM (Transmission control module). The ECM uses these signals for ICC control. Refer to <u>ACS-6, "DESCRIPTION"</u> for ICC functions.

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#### On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00HZ7

- This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.
- The MIL will not light up for this self-diagnosis.

#### NOTE:

- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC U1000, U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-151, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010. Refer to EC-154, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION".
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC P0500, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0500.
   Refer to <u>EC-442</u>, "<u>DTC P0500 VSS"</u>.
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605.
   Refer to <u>EC-457</u>, "<u>DTC P0605 ECM"</u>.

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause	G
P1574 1574	ICC vehicle speed sensor	ECM detects a difference between two vehicle speed signals is out of the specified range.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The CAN communication line is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Combination meter</li> <li>ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)</li> <li>Wheel sensor</li> <li>TCM</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>	Н

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00HZ8

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#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

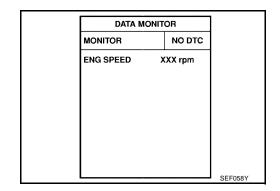
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Step 3 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- Start engine.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Drive the vehicle at more than 40 km/h (25MPH).
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-520, "Diagnostic Procedure".



#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

#### DTC P1574 ICC VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK DTC WITH TCM

UBS00HZ9

Check DTC with TCM. Refer to  $\underline{\text{AT-38, "OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)"}}$  .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Perform trouble shooting relevant to DTC indicated.

2. CHECK DTC WITH "ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT (CONTROL UNIT)"

Refer to BRC-11, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

3. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Refer to DI-5, "COMBINATION METERS".

>> INSPECTION END

#### DTC P1574 ASCD VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

#### DTC P1574 ASCD VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

PFP:31036

#### **Component Description**

UBS00HBM

The ECM receives two vehicle speed sensor signals via CAN communication line. One is sent from combination meter and the other is from TCM (Transmission control module). The ECM uses these signals for ASCD control. Refer to <a href="EC-29">EC-29</a>, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)" for ASCD functions.

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## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00HBN

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

#### NOTF:

- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC U1000, U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-151, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC U1010, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1010.
   Refer to EC-154, "DTC U1010 CAN COMMUNICATION".
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC P0500, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0500.
   Refer to <u>EC-442</u>, "<u>DTC P0500 VSS"</u>.
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605.
   Refer to <u>EC-457</u>, "<u>DTC P0605 ECM"</u>.

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause	G
P1574 1574	ASCD vehicle speed sensor	ECM detects a difference between two vehicle speed signals is out of the specified range.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (The CAN communication line is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Combination meter</li> <li>ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)</li> <li>Wheel sensor</li> <li>TCM</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>	Н

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00HBO

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#### CAUTION

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE

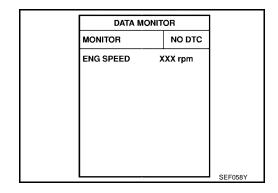
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Step 3 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

#### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- Start engine (VDC switch OFF).
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Drive the vehicle at more than 40 km/h (25 MPH).
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-522, "Diagnostic Procedure".



#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

#### DTC P1574 ASCD VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK DTC WITH TCM

UBS00HBP

Check DTC with TCM. Refer to  $\underline{\text{AT-38, "OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)"}}$  .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Perform trouble shooting relevant to DTC indicated.

# 2. CHECK DTC WITH ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT (CONTROL UNIT)

Refer to BRC-11, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

# 3. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Check combination meter function.

Refer to DI-5, "COMBINATION METERS".

>> INSPECTION END

#### **DTC P1805 BRAKE SWITCH**

PFP:25320

**Description** 

UBS00HBX

Brake switch signal is applied to the ECM through the stop lamp switch when the brake pedal is depressed. This signal is used mainly to decrease the engine speed when the vehicle is driving.

#### CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBSOOHBY

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
BRAKE SW	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
DIVINE OW	• Igrition Switch. Olv	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1805 1805	Brake switch	A brake switch signal is not sent to ECM for extremely long time while the vehicle is driving.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (Stop lamp switch circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Stop lamp switch</li> </ul>

#### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by regulating the throttle opening to a small range.

Therefore, acceleration will be pool.		
Vehicle condition	Driving condition	
When engine is idling	Normal	
When accelerating	Poor acceleration	

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00HC0

# (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Fully depress the brake pedal for at least 5 seconds.
- Erase the DTC with CONSULT-II.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-525, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA M	DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
		SEF058Y

# **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

**EC-523** 2006 QX56 Revision: November 2009

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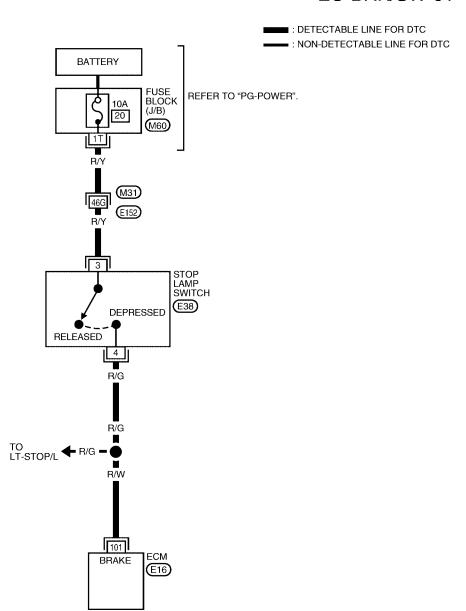
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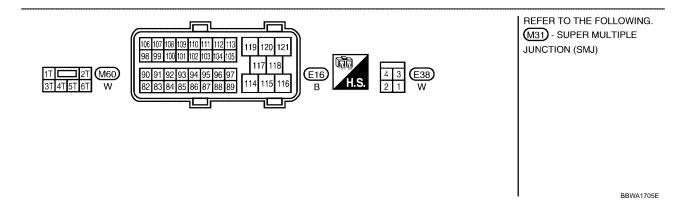
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Wiring Diagram

# EC-BRK/SW-01





Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
101 R/W	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF]  • Brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V	
101	17/ 7 7	Stop famp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF]  • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00HC2

# 1. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check the stop lamp when depressing and releasing the brake pedal.

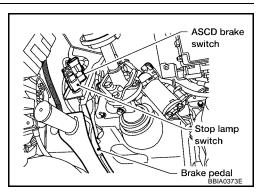
Brake pedal	Stop lamp
Fully released	Not illuminated
Slightly depressed	Illuminated

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 2.

# 2. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.

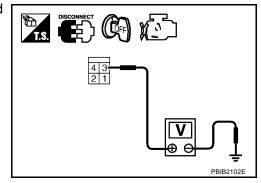


2. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



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# 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M60
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open and short between stop lamp switch and battery
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 4. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to EC-527, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

#### 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

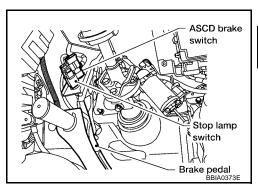
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection STOP LAMP SWITCH

UBS00HC3

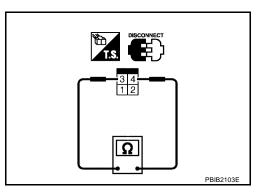
1. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.



2. Check continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 3 and 4 under the following conditions.

Conditions	Continuity
Brake pedal: Fully released	Should not exist.
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Should exist.

3. If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6</u>, "BRAKE PEDAL", and perform step 2 again.



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#### DTC P2100, P2103 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

PFP:16119

## **Component Description**

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Power supply for the throttle control motor is provided to the ECM via throttle control motor relay. The throttle control motor relay is ON/OFF controlled by the ECM. When the ignition switch is turned ON, the ECM sends an ON signal to throttle control motor relay and battery voltage is provided to the ECM. When the ignition switch is turned OFF, the ECM sends an OFF signal to throttle control motor relay and battery voltage is not provided to the ECM.

#### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00N78

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
THRTL RELAY	Ignition switch: ON	ON

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00N79

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2100 2100	Throttle control motor relay circuit open	ECM detects a voltage of power source for throttle control motor is excessively low.	Harness or connectors     (Throttle control motor relay circuit is open)     Throttle control motor relay
P2103 2103	Throttle control motor relay circuit short	ECM detect the throttle control motor relay is stuck ON.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (Throttle control motor relay circuit is shorted)</li> <li>Throttle control motor relay</li> </ul>

#### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00N7A

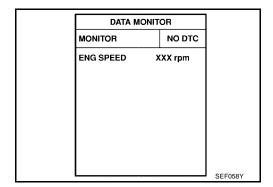
#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **PROCEDURE FOR DTC P2100**

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR"" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-531, "Diagnostic Procedure".



#### With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

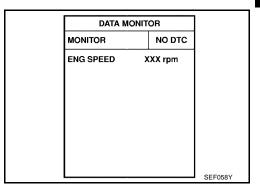
#### **PROCEDURE FOR DTC P2103**

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8V.

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. If DTC is detected, go to EC-531, "Diagnostic Procedure".



**With GST** 

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

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# **Wiring Diagram** EC-ETC2-01 BATTERY IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC 52 DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM) REFER TO "PG-POWER". (E119), (E122) THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR ō **ELECTRIC** ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR (THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR) (M) 5 6 (F50) L/W L/B L/W L/B 5 104 3 4 MOTRLY VMOT MOTOR 2 MOTOR 1 E16, F54 (E15) (E24) 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 119 120 121 117 (E16) (F54) В 654321

BBWA2100E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
3	L	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
4	L/W	Throttle control motor (Close)	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Selector lever: D</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Released</li></ul>	0 - 14V★  >> 5 V/Div 1 ms/Div T  PBIB1104E
5	L/B	Throttle control motor (Open)	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine: Stopped</li> <li>Selector lever: D</li> <li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li> </ul>	0 - 14V★  >> 5 V/Div 1 ms/Div T  PBIB1105E
104	0	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Ignition switch: ON]	0 - 1.0V

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

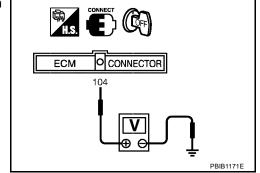
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 104 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

**Voltage: Battery voltage** 

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 2.



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# 2. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E122.
- Check continuity between ECM terminal 104 and IPDM E/R terminal 47. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 3. CHECK FUSE

- 1. Disconnect 20A fuse.
- 2. Check 20A fuse for blown.

#### OK or NG

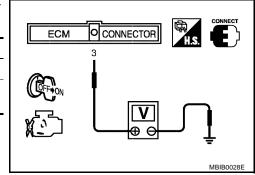
OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace 20A fuse.

# 4. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT-I

Check voltage between ECM terminal 3 and ground under the following conditions with CONSULT-II or tester.

Ignition switch	Voltage
OFF	Approximately 0V
ON	Battery voltage (11 - 14V)



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 5.

# 5. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT-II

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E119.
- Check continuity between ECM terminal 3 and IPDM E/R terminal 6. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> GO TO 6.

# 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

OK or NG

OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to PG-18, "IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MOD-ULE ENGINE ROOM)" .

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

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#### DTC P2101 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL FUNCTION

PFP:16119

#### Description

UBS00H7I

#### NOTE:

If DTC P2101 is displayed with DTC P2100 or 2119, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P2100 or P2119. Refer to EC-528, "DTC P2100, P2103 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY" or EC-545, "DTC P2119 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR".

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc.

The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve.

The current opening angle of the throttle valve is detected by the throttle position sensor and it provides feedback to the ECM to control the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00H7J

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2101 2101	Electric throttle control performance	Electric throttle control function does not operate properly.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (Throttle control motor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Electric throttle control actuator</li> </ul>

#### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H7K

#### NOTE

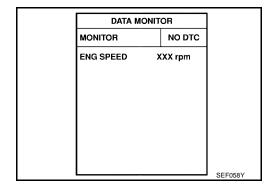
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V when engine is running.

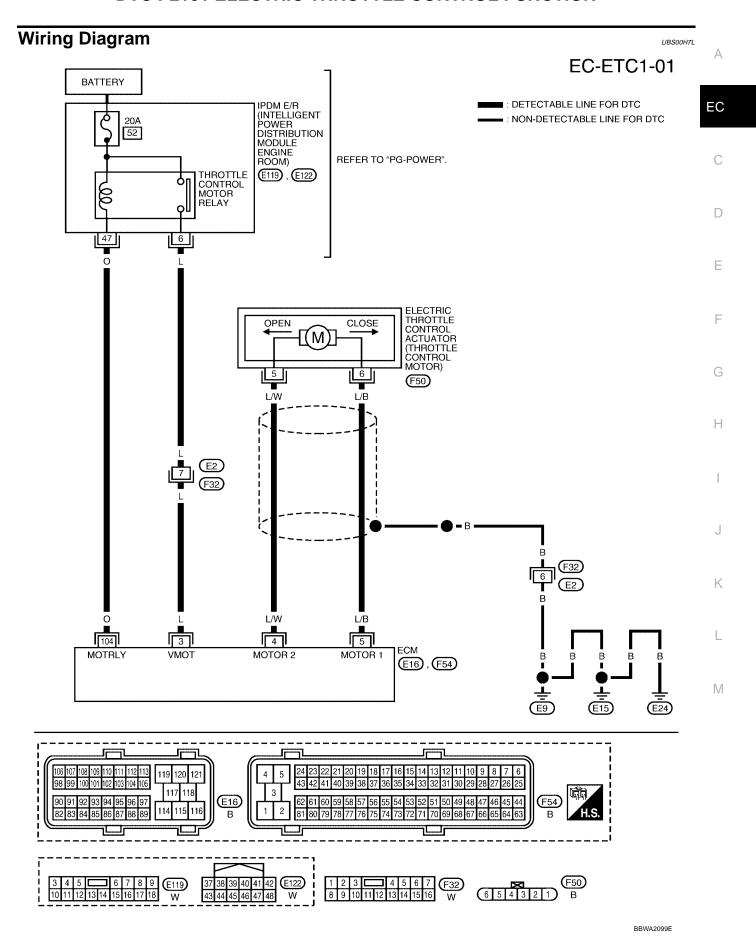
#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-536, "Diagnostic Procedure".



#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



Revision: November 2009 **EC-535** 2006 QX56

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
3	L	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
4	L/W	Throttle control motor (Close)	[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped  • Selector lever: D  • Accelerator pedal: Released	0 - 14V★  >>> 5 V/Div 1 ms/Div T  PBIB1104E
5	L/B	Throttle control motor (Open)	[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped  • Selector lever: D  • Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	0 - 14V★
104	0	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Ignition switch: ON]	0 - 1.0V

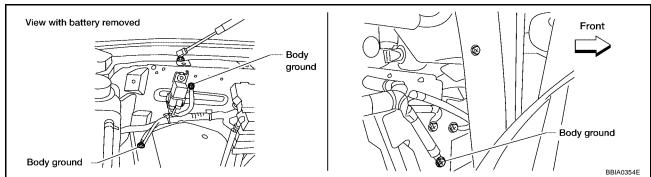
<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

# Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00H7M

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "<u>Ground Inspection</u>".



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT-I

1. Check voltage between ECM terminal 3 and ground under the following conditions with CONSULT-II or tester.

Ignition switch	Voltage
OFF	Approximately 0V
ON	Battery voltage (11 - 14V)

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## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 3.

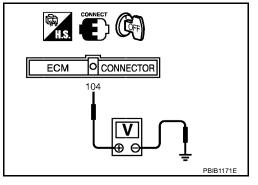
# 3. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 104 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 4.



# 4. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E122.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 104 and IPDM E/R terminal 47. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK FUSE

- 1. Disconnect 20A fuse.
- 2. Check 20A fuse for blown.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace 20A fuse.

# 6. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E119.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 3 and IPDM E/R terminal 6. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

# 7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

OK or NG OK

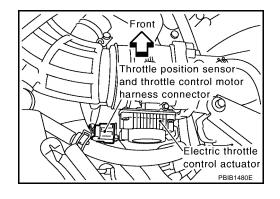
>> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to PG-18, "IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MOD-**ULE ENGINE ROOM)**".

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

# 9. check throttle control motor output signal circuit for open or short

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector. 2.
- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between the following terminals. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Electric throttle control actuator terminal	ECM terminal	Continuity
5	5	Should not exist
3	4	Should exist
6	5	Should exist
	4	Should not exist



5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

>> GO TO 10. OK

NG >> Repair or replace.

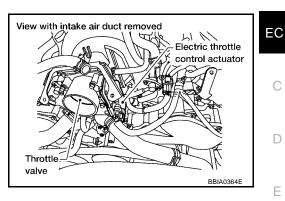
# 10. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

- Remove the intake air duct.
- 2. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



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# 11. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Refer to EC-539, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

>> GO TO 12. OK

NG >> GO TO 13.

# 12. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

# 13. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

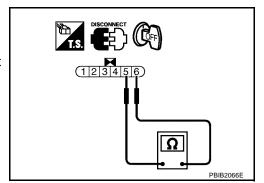
#### >> INSPECTION END

#### Component Inspection THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- Check resistance between terminals 5 and 6.

#### Resistance: Approximately 1 - 15 $\Omega$ [at 25 °C (77°F)]

- 3. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to next step.
- 4. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".



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#### Removal and Installation **ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR**

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

**EC-539** Revision: November 2009 2006 QX56

#### **DTC P2118 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR**

#### **DTC P2118 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR**

PFP:16119

## **Component Description**

UBS00H7V

The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve.

The current opening angle of the throttle valve is detected by the throttle position sensor and it provides feedback to the ECM to control the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00H7W

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2118 2118	Throttle control motor circuit short	ECM detects short in both circuits between ECM and throttle control motor.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors         (Throttle control motor circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Electric throttle control actuator         (Throttle control motor)</li> </ul>

#### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

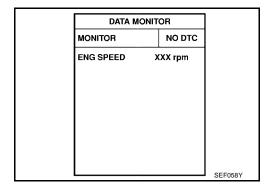
UBS00H7X

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

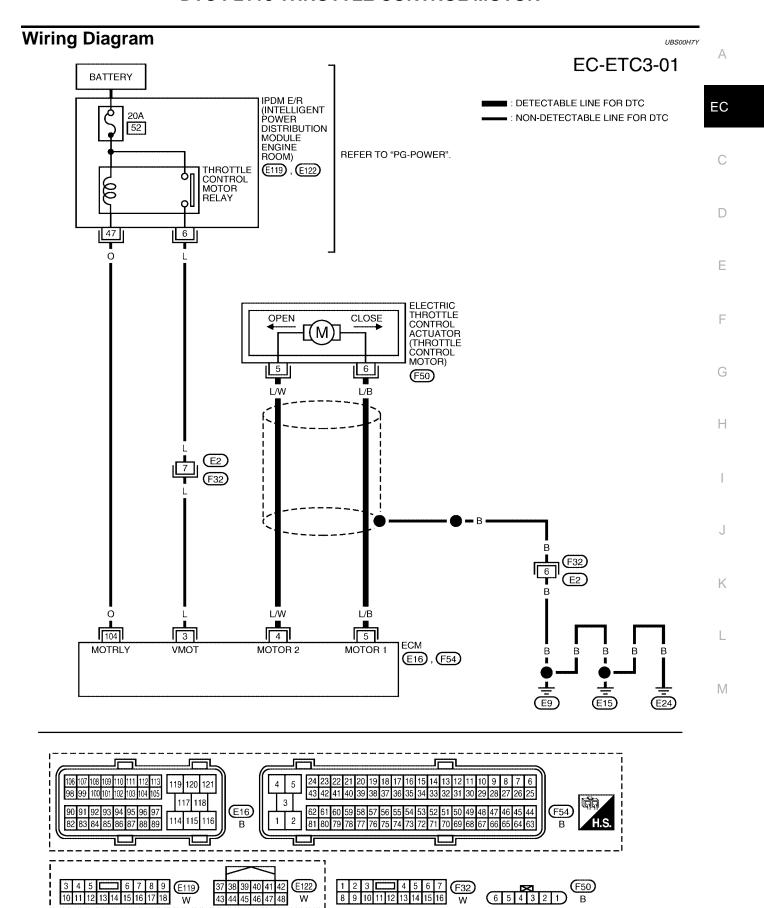
#### (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to <a>EC-542</a>, "Diagnostic Procedure"</a>.



#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



BBWA2101E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	VIRE ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
3	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
4	Throttle control motor (Close)	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine: Stopped</li> <li>Selector lever: D</li> <li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li> </ul>	0 - 14V★  ≥> 5 V/Div 1 ms/Div T  PBIB1104E
5	Throttle control motor (Open)	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine: Stopped</li> <li>Selector lever: D</li> <li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li> </ul>	0 - 14V★
104	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
104		Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	

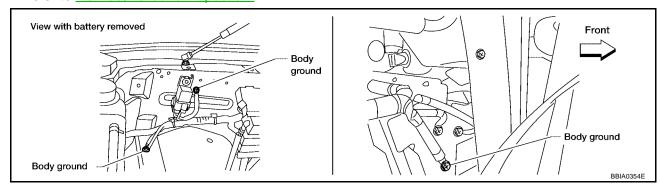
<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

# Diagnostic Procedure

UBS00H7Z

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



#### OK or NG

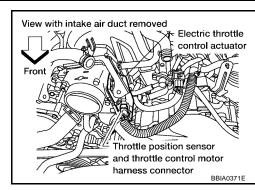
OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN OR SHORT

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between the following terminals. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Electric throttle control actuator terminal	ECM terminal	Continuity
5	5	Should not exist
J	4	Should exist
6	5	Should exist
O	4	Should not exist



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Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

# 3. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Refer to EC-543, "Component Inspection".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 5.

# 4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

# 5. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

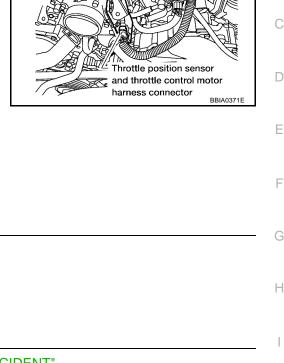
### >> INSPECTION END

## Component Inspection THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

- Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- Check resistance between terminals 5 and 6.

# Resistance: Approximately 1 - 15 $\Omega$ [at 25 °C (77°F)]

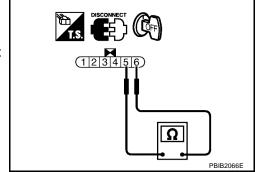
- 3. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to next step.
- 4. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".



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# Removal and Installation **ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR**

UBS00H81

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

### DTC P2119 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

### DTC P2119 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

PFP:16119

# **Component Description**

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Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc.

The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve.

The throttle position sensor detects the throttle valve position, and the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feeds the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00H7F

This self-diagnosis has one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition		Possible cause
P2119	Electric throttle control	A)	Electric throttle control actuator does not function properly due to the return spring malfunction.	
2119	actuator	B)	Throttle valve opening angle in fail-safe mode is not in specified range.	Electric throttle control actuator
		C)	ECM detect the throttle valve is stuck open.	

#### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
Malfunction A	The ECM controls the electric throttle actuator by regulating the throttle opening around the idle position. The engine speed will not rise more than 2,000 rpm.	
Malfunction B	ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by regulating the throttle opening to 20 degrees or less.	
Malfunction C	While the vehicle is driving, it slows down gradually by fuel cut. After the vehicle stops, the engine stalls. The engine can restart in N or P position, and engine speed will not exceed 1,000 rpm or more.	

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00H7G

#### NOTE:

- Perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A AND B first. If the DTC cannot be confirmed, perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C.
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

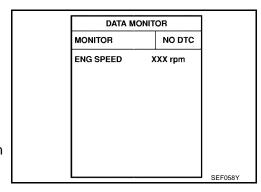
#### PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A AND B

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Shift selector lever to D position and wait at least 3 seconds.
- 4. Shift selector lever to P position.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 7. Shift selector lever to D position and wait at least 3 seconds.
- 8. Shift selector lever to P position.
- Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
- 10. If DTC is detected, go to EC-546, "Diagnostic Procedure".

# ₩ith GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

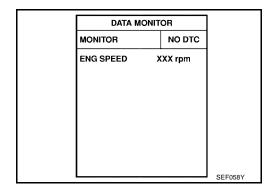


## DTC P2119 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

### PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C

### (III) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Shift selector lever to D position and wait at least 3 seconds.
- 4. Shift selector lever to P position.
- 5. Start engine and let it idle for 3 seconds.
- 6. If DTC is detected, go to EC-546, "Diagnostic Procedure".



UBS00H7H

## **With GST**

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

Remove the intake air duct.

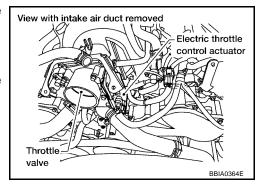
Check if a foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG

>> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



# 2. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

### >> INSPECTION END

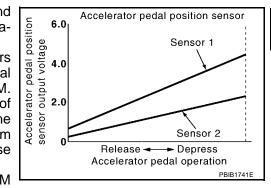
PFP:18002

# **Component Description**

UBS00HC4

The accelerator pedal position sensor is installed on the upper end of the accelerator pedal assembly. The sensor detects the accelerator position and sends a signal to the ECM.

Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.



Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM

receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.

## **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00HC5

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ACCEL SEN 1	Ignition switch: ON     (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
ACCEL SEN I		Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	4.2 - 4.8V
ACCEL SEN 2*	Ignition switch: ON     (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
ACCEL SEN 2		Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	4.2 - 4.8V
CLSD THL POS	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
CLOD THE POS	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF

<sup>\*:</sup> Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differ from ECM terminal voltage.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

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These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

#### NOTE

If DTC P2122 or P2123 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to <a href="EC-460">EC-460</a>, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY"</a>.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2122 2122	Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the APP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors     (The APP sensor 1 circuit is open or
P2123 2123	Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the APP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	shorted.)  • Accelerator pedal position sensor (Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)

#### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

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2006 QX56

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00HC7

#### NOTF:

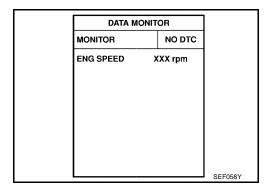
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8V at idle.

## (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-550, "Diagnostic Procedure".



## **WITH GST**

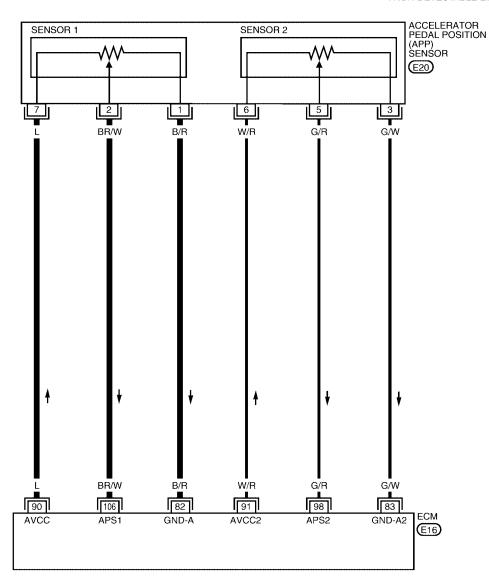
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

**Wiring Diagram** 

# EC-APPS1-01

■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC

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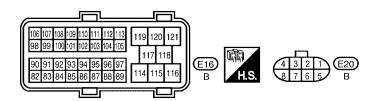
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

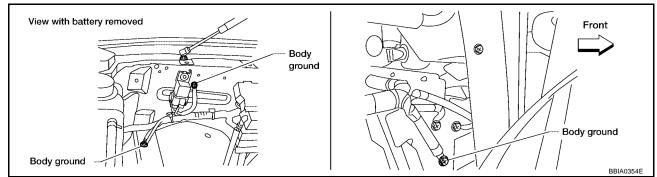
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
82	B/R	Sensor ground (APP sensor 1)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
83	G/W	Sensor ground (APP sensor 2)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
90	L	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 1)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
91	W/R	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
98	98 G/R Accelerator pedal sensor 2	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li></ul>	0.25 - 0.50V
				<ul><li> Engine: Stopped</li><li> Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li></ul>
106	BR/W	Accelerator pedal position	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li></ul>	0.5 - 1.0V
		sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped  • Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	4.2 - 4.8V

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

Turn ignition switch OFF.

2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "<u>Ground Inspection</u>".



### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

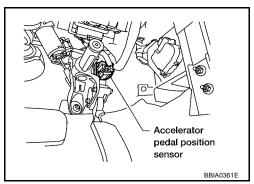
NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

Revision: November 2009 EC-550 2006 QX56

UBS00HC9

# 2. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.
- Turn ignition switch ON.



3. Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 7 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

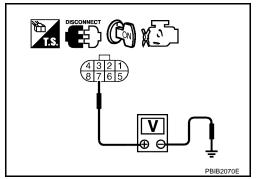
### **Voltage: Approximately 5V**

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



# 3. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 82 and APP sensor terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 4. CHECK APP SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 106 and APP sensor terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to EC-552, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> GO TO 6.

**EC-551** 2006 QX56 Revision: November 2009

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# 6. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY

- 1. Replace the accelerator pedal assembly.
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

#### >> INSPECTION END

# 7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

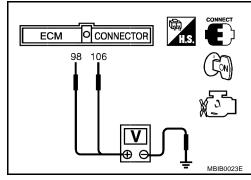
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

- Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 106 (APP sensor 1 signal), 98 (APP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
106	Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	4.2 - 4.8V
98	Fully released	0.25 - 0.5V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	2.0 - 2.5V



- 4. If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly and go to next step.
- 5. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 6. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- Perform <u>EC-78</u>, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

# Removal and Installation ACCELERATOR PEDAL

Refer to ACC-3, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM".

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# DTC P2127, P2128 APP SENSOR

PFP:18002

# **Component Description**

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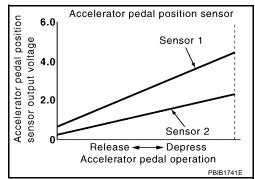
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The accelerator pedal position sensor is installed on the upper end of the accelerator pedal assembly. The sensor detects the accelerator position and sends a signal to the ECM.

Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.



Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM

receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.

### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00HCD

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ACCEL SEN 1	Ignition switch: ON     (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
ACCEL SEN I		Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	4.2 - 4.8V
ACCEL SEN 2*	Ignition switch: ON     (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
ACCEL SEN 2		Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	4.2 - 4.8V
CLSD THL POS	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
CLOD THE POS	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF

<sup>\*:</sup> Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differ from ECM terminal voltage.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00HCE

### These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	K
P2127 2127	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the APP sensor 2 is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors     (APP sensor 2 circuit is open or shorted.)	
P2128 2128	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the APP sensor 2 is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>(TP sensor circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal position sensor (Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)</li> <li>Electric throttle control actuator</li> </ul>	L

#### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

UBS00HCF

#### NOTE:

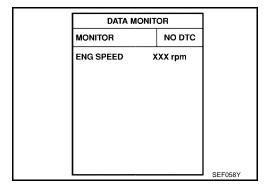
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8V at idle.

## (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-556, "Diagnostic Procedure".



## **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

# **Wiring Diagram**

UBS00HCG

# EC-APPS2-01

■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC

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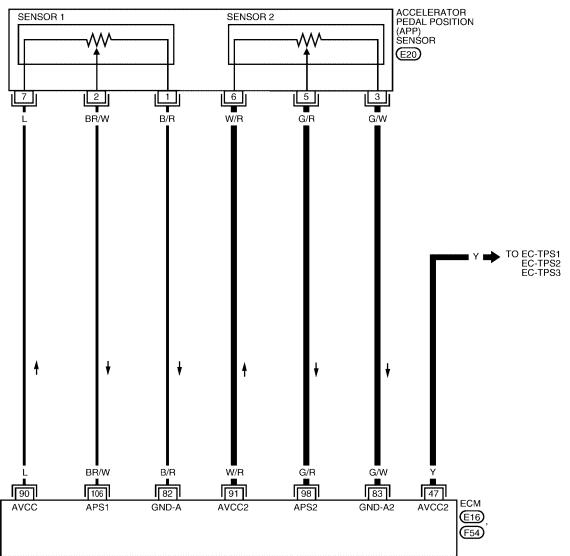
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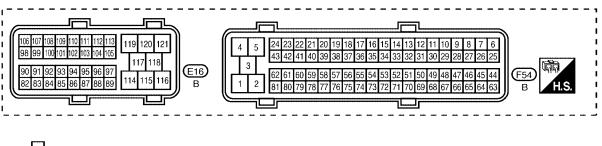
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

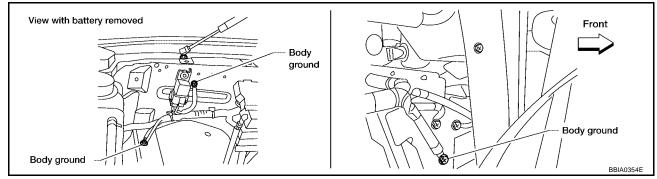
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	Υ	Sensor power supply (TP sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
82	B/R	Sensor ground (APP sensor 1)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
83	G/W	Sensor ground (APP sensor 2)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
90	L	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 1)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
91	W/R	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
00	C/D	/R Accelerator pedal position sensor 2	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li></ul>	0.25 - 0.50V
98 G/R	G/K		[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped  • Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	2.0 - 2.5V
106	BR/W	BR/W Accelerator pedal position sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped  • Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
			<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li></ul>	4.2 - 4.8V

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00HCH

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "<u>Ground Inspection</u>".



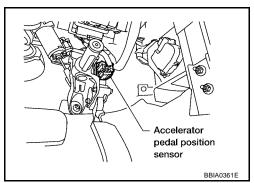
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.
- Turn ignition switch ON.

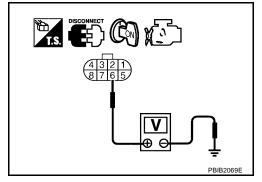


Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 6 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

### **Voltage: Approximately 5V**

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between APP sensor terminal 6 and ECM terminal 91. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit.

# 4. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

#### Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
47	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 2	<u>EC-562</u>
91 APP sensor terminal 6		<u>EC-555</u>

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-566, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 6.

**EC-557** 2006 QX56 Revision: November 2009

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# 6. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

#### >> INSPECTION END

# 7. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 83 and APP sensor terminal 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

```
OK >> GO TO 8.
```

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 8. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 98 and APP sensor terminal 5. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

```
OK >> GO TO 9.
```

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 9. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to EC-559, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

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OK >> GO TO 11.
```

NG >> GO TO 10.

# 10. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY

- Replace the accelerator pedal assembly.
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 3. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 4. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

#### >> INSPECTION END

# 11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

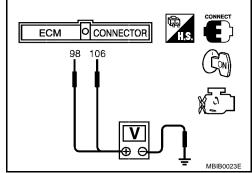
#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

UBS00HCI

- Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminals 106 (APP sensor 1 signal), 98 (APP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
106	Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	4.2 - 4.8V
98	Fully released	0.25 - 0.5V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	2.0 - 2.5V



- 4. If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly and go to next step.
- 5. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".
- 6. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 7. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

# Removal and Installation ACCELERATOR PEDAL

Refer to ACC-3, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM".

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### DTC P2135 TP SENSOR

### **DTC P2135 TP SENSOR**

PFP:16119

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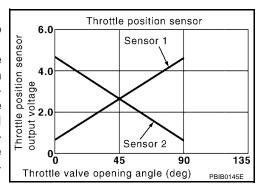
# **Component Description**

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor,

throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00HCL

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
THRTL SEN 1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
THRTL SEN 2*	(Engine stopped)  • Selector lever: D	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

<sup>\*:</sup> Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

UBS00HCM

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2135 2135	Throttle position sensor circuit range/performance	Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM compared with the signals from TP sensor 1 and TP sensor 2.	<ul> <li>Harness or connector         (TP sensor 1 and 2 circuit is open or shorted.)         (APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Electric throttle control actuator         (TP sensor 1 and 2)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal position sensor         (APP sensor 2)</li> </ul>

#### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

So, the acceleration will be poor.

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

### **DTC P2135 TP SENSOR**

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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#### NOTE

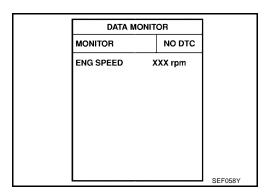
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8V at idle.

# (II) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-563, "Diagnostic Procedure".



## **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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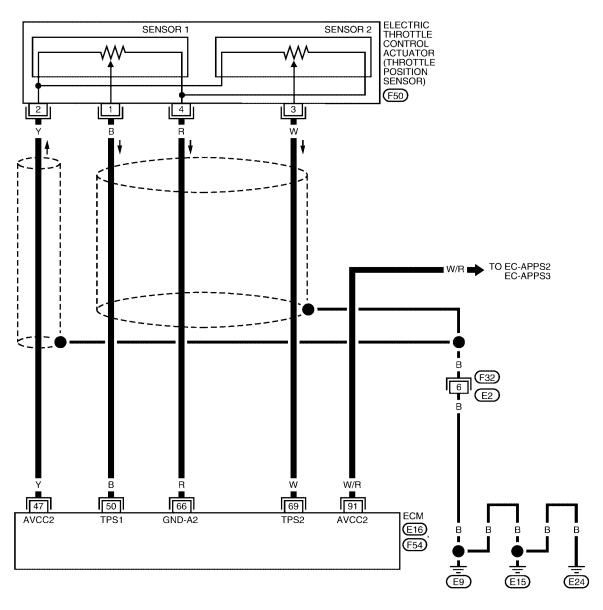
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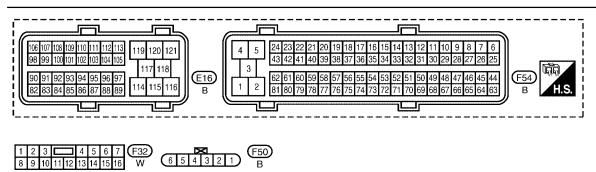
**Wiring Diagram** 

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# EC-TPS3-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





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## **DTC P2135 TP SENSOR**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

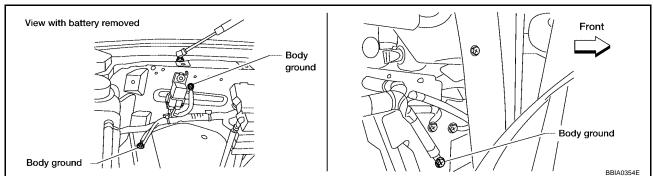
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	Υ	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
50			<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Selector lever: D</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li></ul>	More than 0.36V
50	В	Throttle position sensor 1	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Selector lever: D</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li></ul>	Less than 4.75V
66	R	Sensor ground (Throttle position sensor)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
69	W	Throttle position concer 2	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Selector lever: D</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li></ul>	Less than 4.75V
оэ	VV	Throttle position sensor 2	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Selector lever: D</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li></ul>	More than 0.36V
91	W/R	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

**EC-563** Revision: November 2009 2006 QX56

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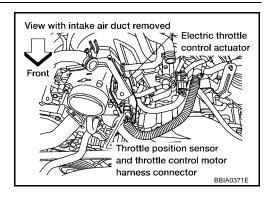
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# 2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

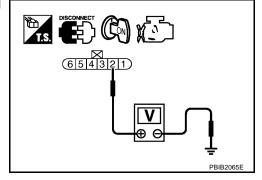


3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

### **Voltage: Approximately 5V**

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 2 and ECM terminal 47. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit.

# 4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
47	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 2	<u>EC-562</u>
91	APP sensor terminal 6	<u>EC-569</u>

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-574, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 6.

### **DTC P2135 TP SENSOR**

# 6. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY 1. Replace the accelerator pedal assembly. 2. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning". EC 3. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning". 4. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning". >> INSPECTION END 7. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT Turn ignition switch OFF. 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector. 3. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 4 and ECM terminal 66. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. $8.\,$ check throttle position sensor input signal circuit for open and short Н Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 50 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 1, ECM terminal 69 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. 2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 9. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR Refer to EC-566, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 11. M NG >> GO TO 10. 10. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator. 2. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning". 3. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning". >> INSPECTION END

# 11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

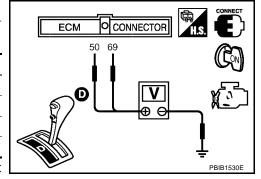
### **DTC P2135 TP SENSOR**

# Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

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- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Set selector lever to D position.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 50 (TP sensor 1 signal),
   (TP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
50	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
69	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
(Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V



- If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
- 7. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 8. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

## Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to EM-17, "INTAKE MANIFOLD".

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#### PFP:18002

## **Component Description**

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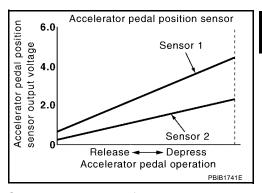
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The accelerator pedal position sensor is installed on the upper end of the accelerator pedal assembly. The sensor detects the accelerator position and sends a signal to the ECM.

Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.



Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM

receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.

### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00HCT

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ACCEL SEN 1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
ACCEL SEN 1	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	4.2 - 4.8V
ACCEL SEN 2*	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
ACCEL SEN 2	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	4.2 - 4.8V
CLSD THL POS	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
CLSD THE POS	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF

<sup>\*:</sup> Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differ from ECM terminal voltage.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

UBS00HCU

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

#### NOTE

If DTC P2138 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-460, "DTC P0643 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY".

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	L
P2138 2138	Accelerator pedal position sensor circuit range/per-formance	Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM compared with the signals from APP sensor 1 and APP sensor 2.	<ul> <li>Harness or connector         (APP sensor 1 and 2 circuit is open or shorted.)         (TP sensor circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 and 2</li> <li>Electric throttle control actuator         (TP sensor)</li> </ul>	M

#### **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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#### NOTE:

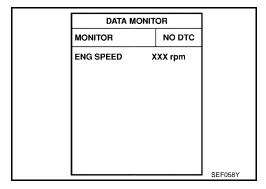
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8V at idle.

## (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-570, "Diagnostic Procedure".



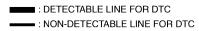
## **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

# **Wiring Diagram**

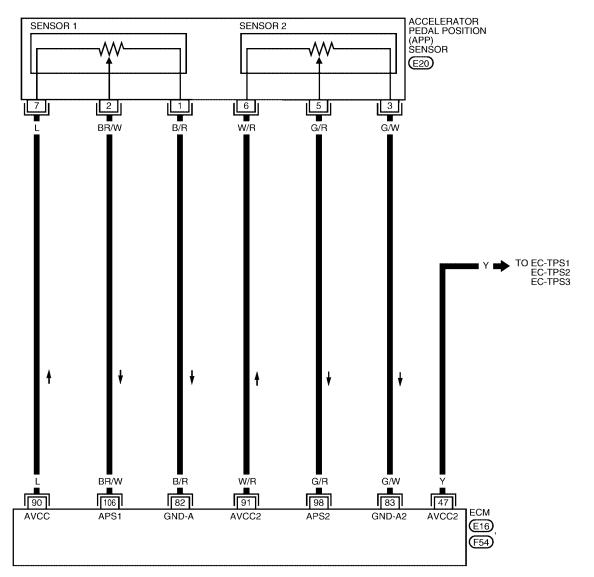
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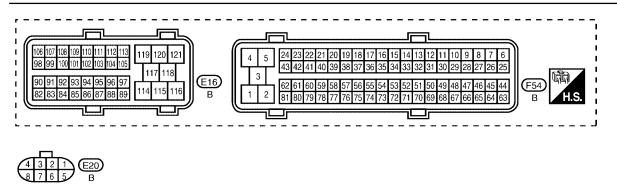
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

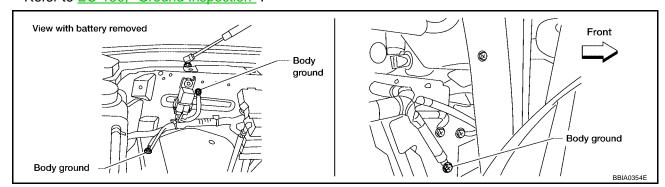
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	Υ	Sensor power supply (TP sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
82	B/R	Sensor ground (APP sensor 1)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
83	G/W	Sensor ground (APP sensor 2)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
90	L	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 1)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
91	W/R	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
98	G/R	Accelerator pedal position	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully released</li></ul>	0.25 - 0.50V
98	G/K	sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped  • Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	2.0 - 2.5V
106	BR/W	Accelerator pedal position sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON]  • Engine: Stopped  • Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
		551.651	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine: Stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed</li></ul>	4.2 - 4.8V

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

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# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-150, "Ground Inspection".



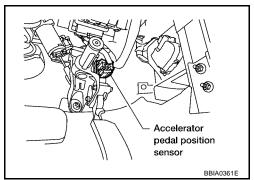
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.



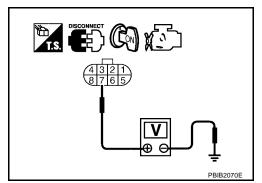
3. Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 7 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

## Voltage: Approximately 5V

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



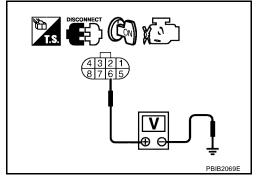
# 3. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 6 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Approximately 5V**

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 4.



# 4. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between APP sensor terminal 6 and ECM terminal 91. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

## **Continuity should exist.**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit in harness or connectors.

Revision: November 2009 EC-571 2006 QX56

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# 5. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
47	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 2	EC-562
91	APP sensor terminal 6	EC-569

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness connectors.

# O. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-566, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 7.

# 7. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

#### >> INSPECTION END

# f 8. CHECK APP SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 82 and APP sensor terminal 1, ECM terminal 83 and APP sensor terminal 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

>> GO TO 9. OK

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 9. Check app sensor input signal circuit for open and short

Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 106 and APP sensor terminal 2, ECM terminal 98 and APP sensor terminal 5. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

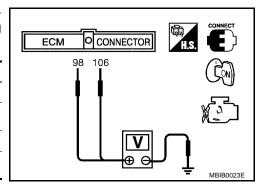
10. CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR	A
Refer to EC-574, "Component Inspection".	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
<u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 12.	EC
NG >> GO TO 11.	
11. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY	С
<ol> <li>Replace the accelerator pedal assembly.</li> <li>Perform <u>EC-78</u>, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning".</li> </ol>	
Perform <u>EC-78</u> , "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".	D
4. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".	_
>> INSPECTION END	E
12. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	F
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	
>> INSPECTION END	G
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# Component Inspection ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

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- Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminals 106 (APP sensor 1 signal), 98 (APP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
106	Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	4.2 - 4.8V
98	Fully released	0.25 - 0.5V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	2.0 - 2.5V



- 4. If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly and go to next step.
- 5. Perform EC-78, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 6. Perform EC-78, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".
- 7. Perform EC-78, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

# Removal and Installation ACCELERATOR PEDAL

UBS00HCZ

Refer to ACC-3, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM".

## DTC P2A00, P2A03 A/F SENSOR 1

#### PFP:22693

#### UBS00N7D

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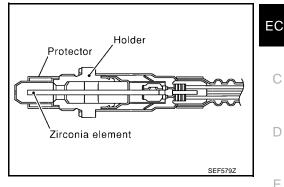
# **Component Description**

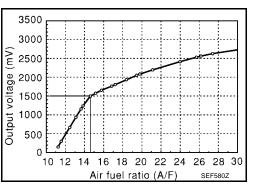
The air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 is a planar dual-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor 1 is the combination of a Nernst concentration cell (sensor cell) with an oxygen-pump cell, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.

The sensor is capable of precise measurement  $\lambda = 1$ , but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide  $\lambda$  range (0.7 <

The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion gap at the electrode of the oxygen pump and Nernst concentration cell, where they are brought to thermodynamic balance.

An electronic circuit controls the pump current through the oxygenpump cell so that the composition of the exhaust gas in the diffusion gap remains constant at  $\lambda = 1$ . Therefore, the A/F sensor 1 is able to indicate air/fuel ratio by this pumping of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of 700 - 800°C (1,292 - 1,472°F).





### CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
A/F SEN1 (B1) A/F SEN1 (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	Fluctuates around 1.5 V

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

To judge the malfunction, the A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is monitored not to be shifted to LEAN side or RICH side.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible Cause
P2A00 2A00 (Bank 1) P2A03 2A03 (Bank 2)	Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 circuit range/performance	<ul> <li>The output voltage computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is shifted to the lean side for a specified period.</li> <li>The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is shifted to the rich side for a specified period.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A/F sensor 1</li> <li>A/F sensor 1 heater</li> <li>Fuel pressure</li> <li>Fuel injector</li> <li>Intake air leaks</li> </ul>

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

### WITH CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Turn ignition switch ON and select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CON-SULT-II.

## **DTC P2A00, P2A03 A/F SENSOR 1**

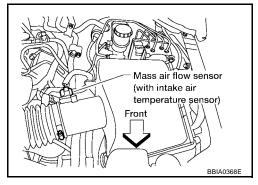
- 4. Clear the self-learning coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.
- 7. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Keep engine speed between 2,500 and 3,000 rpm for 20 minutes.
- 9. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-580, "Diagnostic Procedure"

WORK SUPPORT

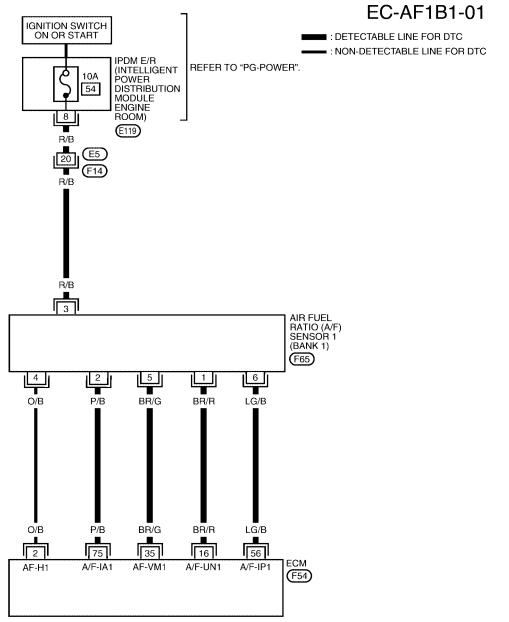
SELF-LEARNING CONT CLEAR 100 %
B2
100 %

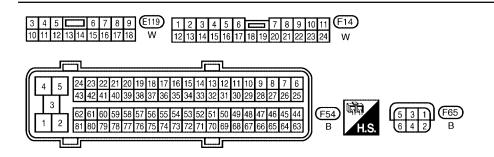
### WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- Select Service \$03 with GST and make sure that DTC P0102 is detected.
- 7. Select Service \$04 with GST and erase the DTC P0102.
- 8. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute under no load.
- Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Keep engine speed between 2,500 and 3,000 rpm for 20 minutes.
- Select Service \$07 with GST.
   If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-580</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>".



# Wiring Diagram BANK 1





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

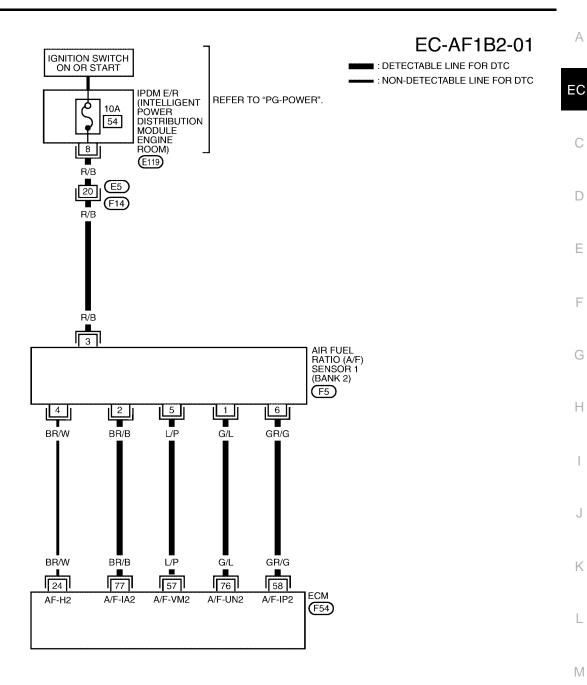
# **CAUTION:**

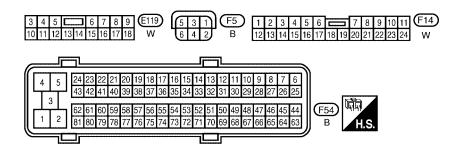
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	O/B	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 1)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  → 10.0V/Div 10 ms/Div T  PBIB1584E
16	BR/R			Approximately 3.1V
35	BR/G	A/F sensor 1 (bank 1)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 2.6V
56	LG/B			Approximately 2.3V
75	P/B			Approximately 2.3V

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

# **BANK 2**





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	BR/W	A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 2)	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed	Approximately 5V★  → 10.0V/Div 10 ms/Div T  PBIB1584E
57	L/P		[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 2.6V
58	GR/G	A/F sensor 1 (bank 2)		Approximately 2.3V
76	G/L			Approximately 3.1V
77	BR/B			Approximately 2.3V

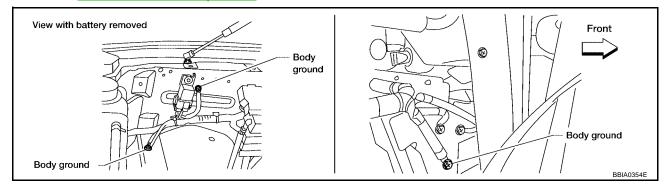
<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

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# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "<u>Ground Inspection</u>".



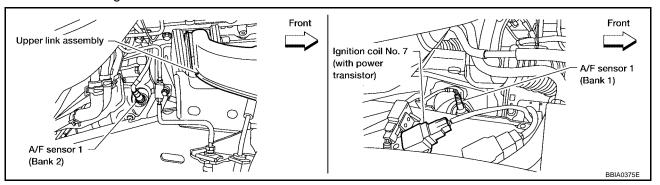
# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. RETIGHTEN A/F SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten the A/F sensor 1.



Tightening torque: 50 N-m (5.1 kg-m, 37 ft-lb)

>> GO TO 3.

# 3. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

- Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace.

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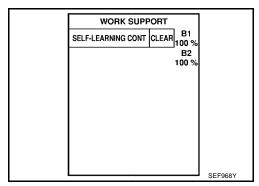
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# f 4 . CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

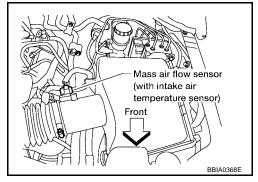
# (III) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



# **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 4. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 6. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 7. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-61, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 8. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
   Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
   Is it difficult to start engine?



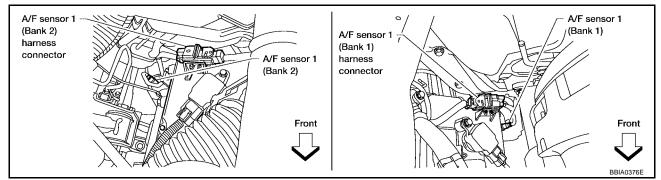
### Yes or No

Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or P0172, P0175. Refer to <a href="EC-288">EC-288</a>, "DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION" or <a href="EC-299">EC-299</a>, "DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION".

No >> GO TO 5.

# 5. CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.



3. Check harness connector for water.

### Water should not exit.

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.

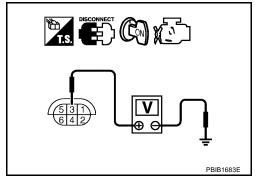
# 6. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between A/F sensor 1 terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

# **Voltage: Battery voltage**

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.



# 7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- IPDM E/R harness connector E119
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between A/F sensor 1 and fuse
  - >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

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# $8. \,$ check a/f sensor 1 input signal circuit for open and short

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between A/F sensor 1 terminal and ECM terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal
	1	16
Bank1	2	75
Danki	5	35
	6	56
	1	76
Bank 2	2	77
Dalik Z	5	57
	6	58

# Continuity should exist.

4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Ba	nk 1	Bank 2		
A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	A/F sensor 1 terminal	ECM terminal	
1	16	1	76	
2	75	2	77	
5	35	5	57	
6	56	6	58	

# Continuity should not exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 9. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to EC-162, "Component Inspection".

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> GO TO 11.

# 10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Repair or replace.

# 11. REPLACE AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Replace air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1.

### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any A/F sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a EC hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new A/F sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

### >> INSPECTION END

# **Removal and Installation** AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Refer to EM-21, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST".

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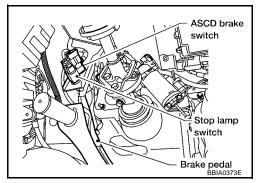
# **ASCD BRAKE SWITCH**

PFP:25320

UBS00HDO

# **Component Description**

When the brake pedal is depressed, ASCD brake switch is turned OFF and stop lamp switch is turned ON. ECM detects the state of the brake pedal by this input of two kinds (ON/OFF signal). Refer to EC-29, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)" for the ASCD function.



# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

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Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
BRAKE SW 1	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	ON
(ASCD brake switch)	• ignition switch. On	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
BRAKE SW 2	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
(Stop lamp switch)	• Igililion switch. ON	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON

# **Wiring Diagram** Α EC-ASCBOF-01 : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START EC - : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC BATTERY FUSE BLOCK (J/B) REFER TO "PG-POWER". 10A C 20 15 (M4) (M60) R/B D 15G R/B Е 3 1 STOP LAMP SWITCH ASCD BRAKE SWITCH (E38) (E37) DEPRESSED RELEASED RELEASED DEPRESSED 4 2 BR/W R/G Н R/G TO LT-STOP/L ← R/G R/W BR/W 101 ECM BRAKE BNCSW **E**16 M REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. C1 - SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ) 119 120 121 **E**16

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
101	101 R/W Stop lamp switch		[Ignition switch: OFF]  • Brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V
101	IV/VV	Stop famp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF]  • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
108	108 BR/W	BR/W ASCD brake switch	[Ignition switch: ON]  • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Approximately 0V
100			[Ignition switch: ON]  • Brake pedal: Fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-I

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# (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "BRAKE SW1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Check "BRAKE SW1" indication under the following conditions.

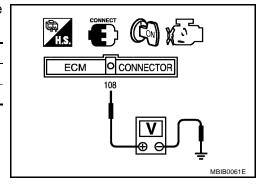
CONDITION	INDICATION
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
Brake pedal: Fully released	ON

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
BRAKE SW1	OFF

### Without CONSULT-II

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 108 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Approximately 0V
Brake pedal: Fully released	Battery voltage



# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

# 2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-II

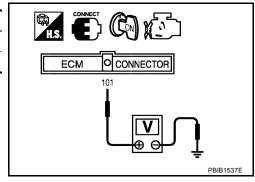
(E) With CONSULT-II Check "BRAKE SW2" indication in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

CONDITION	INDICATION
Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON

DATA MONITOR		
MONITOR	NO DTC	
BRAKE SW2	OFF	
		SEC013E

Without CONSULT-II
 Check voltage between ECM terminal 101 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
Brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Battery voltage



# OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 7. EC

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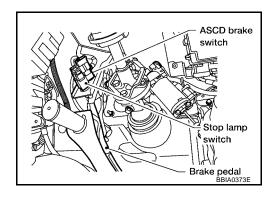
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# 3. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- Turn ignition switch ON.

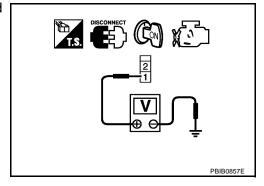


4. Check voltage between ASCD brake switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

# **Voltage: Battery voltage**

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



# 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ASCD brake switch and fuse
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 108 and ASCD brake switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

# Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 6. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

Refer to EC-592, "Component Inspection".

# OK or NG

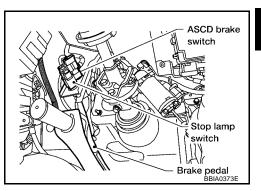
OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace ASCD brake switch.

Revision: November 2009 **EC-590** 2006 QX56

# 7. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.

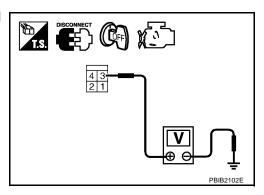


3. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT -II or tester.

# **Voltage: Battery voltage**

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.



# 8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M60
- Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and battery

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 9. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector. 1.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

# Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 10. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to EC-592, "Component Inspection".

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

**EC-591** 2006 QX56 Revision: November 2009

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# 11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

### >> INSPECTION END

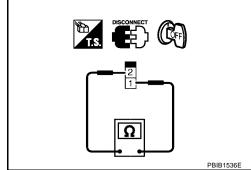
# Component Inspection ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

UBS00HDS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ASCD brake switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
Brake pedal: Fully released	Should exist.
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Should not exist.

If NG, adjust ASCD brake switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6</u>, <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.

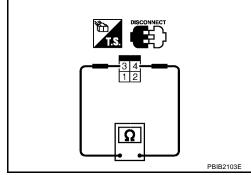


### STOP LAMP SWITCH

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 3 and 4 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
Brake pedal: Fully released	Should not exist.
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Should exist.

If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6</u>, <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.



# ASCD INDICATOR

**ASCD INDICATOR** PFP:24814

# **Component Description**

UBS00HDT

ASCD indicator lamp illuminates to indicate ASCD operation status. Lamp has two indicators, CRUISE and SET, and is integrated in combination meter.

CRUISE indicator illuminates when MAIN switch on ASCD steering switch is turned ON to indicate that ASCD system is ready for operation.

SET indicator illuminates when following conditions are met.

- CRUISE indicator is illuminated.
- SET/COAST switch on ASCD steering switch is turned ON while vehicle speed is within the range of ASCD setting.

SET indicator remains lit during ASCD control.

Refer to EC-29, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)" for the ASCD function.

# CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

UBS00HDU

Specification data are reference value.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
CRUISE LAMP	Ignition switch: ON	<ul> <li>MAIN switch: Pressed at the 1st time → at the 2nd time</li> </ul>	$ON \to OFF$
	MAIN switch: ON	ASCD: Operating	ON
SET LAMP	When vehicle speed is between 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH)	ASCD: Not operating	OFF

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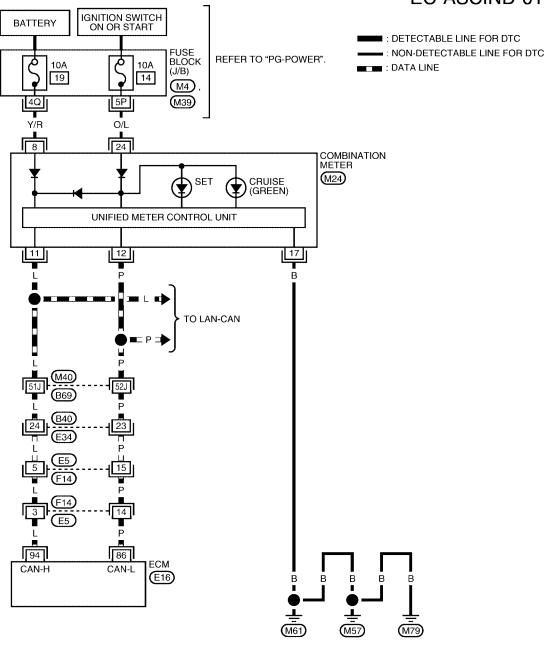
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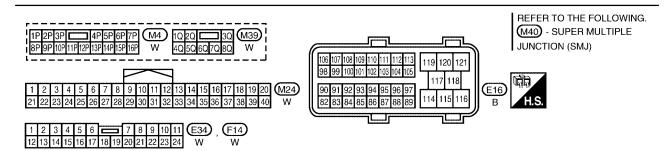
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Wiring Diagram

# **EC-ASCIND-01**





BBWA2109E

# ASCD INDICATOR

### **Diagnostic Procedure** UBS00HDW Α 1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION Check ASCD indicator under the following conditions. EC ASCD INDICATOR CONDITION **SPECIFICATION** • MAIN switch: Pressed at the 1st **CRUISE LAMP** • Ignition switch: ON $\mathsf{ON} \to \mathsf{OFF}$ time $\rightarrow$ at the 2nd time • MAIN switch: ON ASCD: Operating ON • When vehicle speed is between **SET LAMP** 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h ASCD: Not operating OFF (89 MPH) D OK or NG >> INSPECTION END OK Е NG >> GO TO 2. 2. CHECK DTC Check that DTC U1000 or U1001 is not displayed. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 3. >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-151, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN NG COMMUNICATION LINE". 3. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION Н Refer to DI-5, "COMBINATION METERS". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Go to DI-5, "COMBINATION METERS". 4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" . >> INSPECTION END

Revision: November 2009 **EC-595** 2006 QX56

# **ELECTRICAL LOAD SIGNAL**

# **ELECTRICAL LOAD SIGNAL**

PFP:25350

# **Description**

UBS00HDL

The electrical load signal (Headlamp switch signal, rear window defogger switch signal, etc.) is transferred through the CAN communication line from BCM to ECM via IPDM E/R.

# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00HDM

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
		Rear window defogger switch is ON and/or lighting switch is in 2nd.	ON
		Rear window defogger switch is OFF and lighting switch is OFF.	OFF
HEATER FAN SW	Engine: After warming up, idle	Heater fan control switch: ON	ON
the engine		Heater fan control switch: OFF	OFF

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00HDN

# 1. CHECK LOAD SIGNAL CIRCUIT OVERALL FUNCTION-I

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Connect CONSULT-II and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.
- 3. Select "LOAD SIGNAL" and check indication under the following conditions.

Condition	Indication
Rear window defogger switch: ON	ON
Rear window defogger switch: OFF	OFF

# DATA MONITOR MONITORING NO DTC LOAD SIGNAL ON PBIB0103E

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 4.

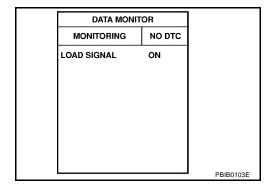
# 2. CHECK LOAD SIGNAL CIRCUIT OVERALL FUNCTION-II

Check "LOAD SIGNAL" indication under the following conditions.

Condition	Indication
Lighting switch: ON at 2nd position	ON
Lighting switch: OFF	OFF

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 5.



# **ELECTRICAL LOAD SIGNAL**

# 3. CHECK HEATER FAN SIGNAL CIRCUIT OVERALL FUNCTION

Select "HEATER FAN SW" and check indication under the following conditions.

Condition	Indication
Heater fan control switch: ON	ON
Heater fan control switch: OFF	OFF

# DATA MONITOR MONITORING NO DTC LOAD SIGNAL ON PBIB0103E

# OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 6.

# 4. CHECK REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SYSTEM

Refer to GW-74, "REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER" .

### >> INSPECTION END

# 5. CHECK HEADLAMP SYSTEM

Refer to LT-5, "HEADLAMP (FOR USA)", or LT-33, "HEADLAMP (FOR CANADA) - DAYTIME LIGHT SYSTEM -".

### >> INSPECTION END

# 6. CHECK HEATER FAN CONTROL SYSTEM

Refer to GW-74, "REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER".

# >> INSPECTION END

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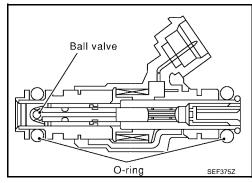
# **FUEL INJECTOR**

FUEL INJECTOR PFP:16600

# **Component Description**

UBS00L1F

The fuel injector is a small, precise solenoid valve. When the ECM supplies a ground to the fuel injector circuit, the coil in the fuel injector is energized. The energized coil pulls the ball valve back and allows fuel to flow through the fuel injector into the intake manifold. The amount of fuel injected depends upon the injection pulse duration. Pulse duration is the length of time the fuel injector remains open. The ECM controls the injection pulse duration based on engine fuel needs.

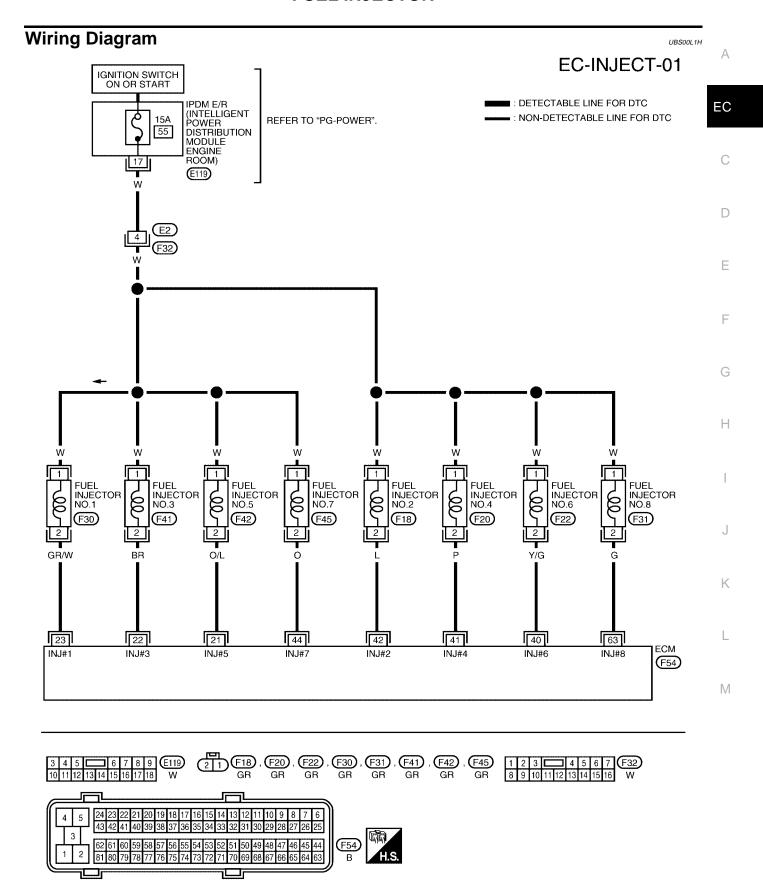


# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00L1G

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
B/FUEL SCHDL	See EC-134. "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE".		
Engine: After warming up	Idle	2.0 - 2.8 msec	
INJ PULSE-B1 INJ PULSE-B2	<ul><li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li><li>Selector lever: P or N</li><li>No load</li></ul>	2,000 rpm	1.9 - 2.9 msec



BBWA2124E

# **FUEL INJECTOR**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
21 22 23 40 41 42 44 63	O/L BR GR/W Y/G P L O G	Fuel injector No. 5 Fuel injector No. 3 Fuel injector No. 1 Fuel injector No. 6 Fuel injector No. 4 Fuel injector No. 2 Fuel injector No. 7 Fuel injector No. 8	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed  NOTE:  The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.  [Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Engine speed: 2,000 rpm	BATTERY VOLTAGE  (11 - 14V)★  PBIB0042E  BATTERY VOLTAGE  (11 - 14V)★  PBIB0043E
				PBIB0043E

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00L1I

# 1. INSPECTION START

Turn ignition switch to START.

Is any cylinder ignited?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> GO TO 3.

# **FUEL INJECTOR**

# $\overline{2}$ . CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

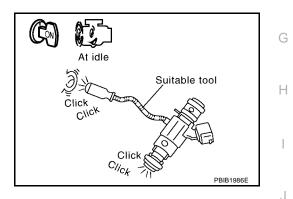
# (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

ACTIVE TES	ST ST	
POWER BALANCE		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxxv	
		PBIB0133E

# (X) Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Listen to each fuel injector operating sound. Clicking noise should be heard.



# OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 3.

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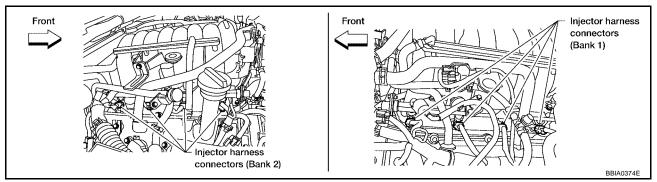
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# 3. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuel injector harness connector.

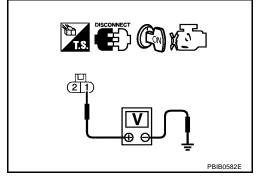


- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between fuel injector terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

# Voltage: Battery voltage

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



# 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- IPDM E/R connector E119
- 15A fuse
- Harness for open or short between fuel injector and fuse
  - >> Repair harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between fuel injector terminal 2 and ECM terminals 21, 22, 23, 40, 41, 42, 44, 63.

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# **FUEL INJECTOR**

# 6. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR

Refer to EC-603, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace fuel injector.

# 7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

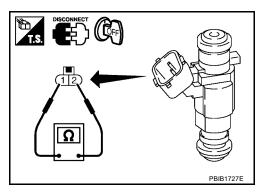
Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection FUEL INJECTOR

- 1. Disconnect fuel injector harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals as shown in the figure.

Resistance: 11.1 - 14.5 $\Omega$  [at 10 - 60°C (50 - 140°F)]



# Removal and Installation FUEL INJECTOR

Refer to EM-31, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE" .

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# FUEL PUMP PFP:17042

# **Description**SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

UBS00HDB

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM Function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*	Fuel pump control	Fuel pump relay
Battery	Battery voltage*		

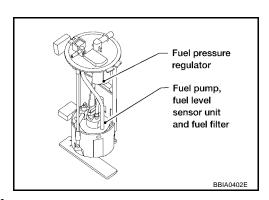
<sup>\*:</sup> ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

The ECM activates the fuel pump for several seconds after the ignition switch is turned ON to improve engine startability. If the ECM receives a engine speed signal from the camshaft position sensor (PHASE), it knows that the engine is rotating, and causes the pump to operate. If the engine speed signal is not received when the ignition switch is ON, the engine stalls. The ECM stops pump operation and prevents battery discharging, thereby improving safety. The ECM does not directly drive the fuel pump. It controls the ON/OFF fuel pump relay, which in turn controls the fuel pump.

Condition	Fuel pump operation	
Ignition switch is turned to ON.	Operates for 1 second.	
Engine running and cranking	Operates.	
When engine is stopped	Stops in 1.5 seconds.	
Except as shown above	Stops.	

### COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

A turbine type design fuel pump is used in the fuel tank.

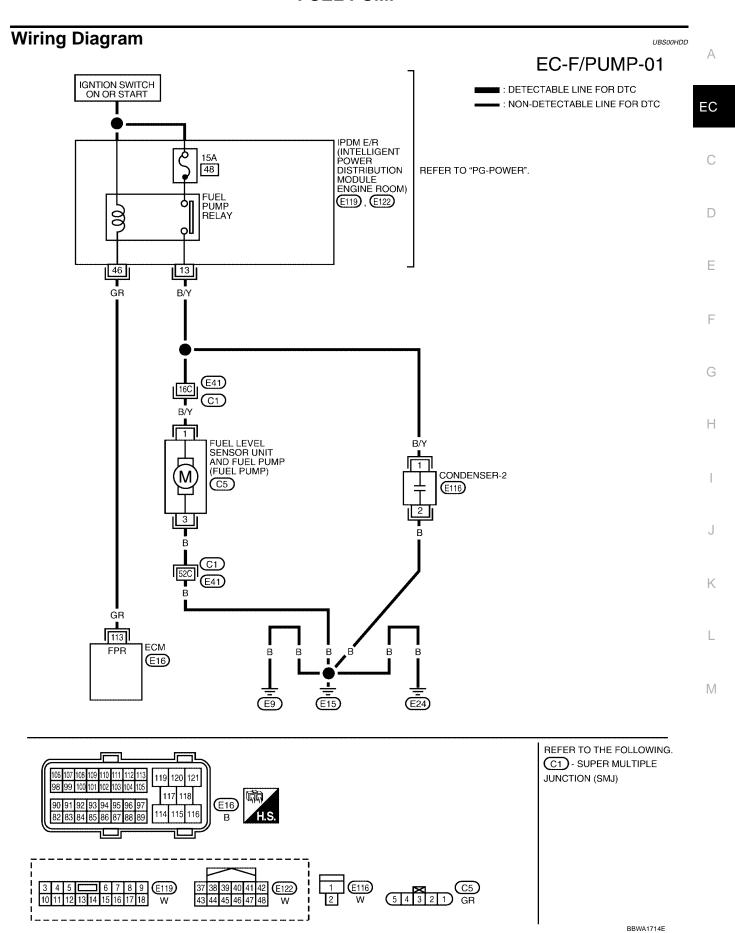


# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00HDC

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
FUEL PUMP RLY	<ul><li>For 1 second after turning ignition switch ON</li><li>Engine running or cranking</li></ul>	ON
	Except above conditions	OFF



# **FUEL PUMP**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
113	GR	Fuel pump relay	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>● For 1 second after turning ignition switch ON</li><li>[Engine is running]</li></ul>	0 - 1.5V
			[Ignition switch: ON]  • More than 1 second after turning ignition switch ON.	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00HDE

# 1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

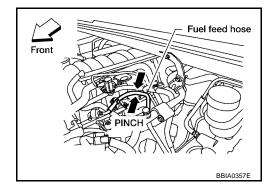
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Pinch fuel feed hose with two fingers.

Fuel pressure pulsation should be felt on the fuel feed hose for 1 second after ignition switch is turned ON.

# OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 2.



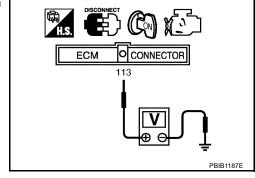
# 2. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between ECM terminal 113 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 3.



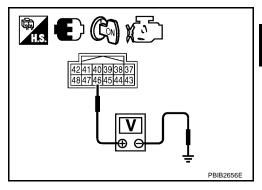
# 3. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

Check voltage between IPDM E/R terminal 46 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

**Voltage: Battery voltage** 

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 13.



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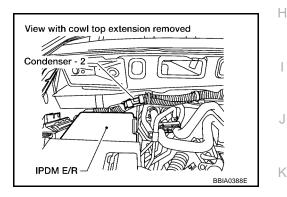
# 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and ECM.

>> Repair harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK CONDENSER-2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- Disconnect condenser-2 harness connector.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.



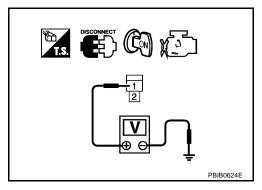
5. Check voltage between condenser-2 terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage should exist for 1 second after ignition switch is turned ON.

6. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 6.



# 6. CHECK 15A FUSE

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect 15A fuse.
- 3. Check 15A fuse.

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> Replace fuse.

# **FUEL PUMP**

# 7. CHECK CONDENSER-2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E119.
- 2. Check harness continuity between IPDM E/R terminal 13 and condenser-2 terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

# Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 8. CHECK CONDENSER-2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Check harness continuity between condenser-2
  - + terminal 2 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

# Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 9. CHECK CONDENSER-2

Refer to EC-609, "Component Inspection".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace condenser-2.

# 10. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

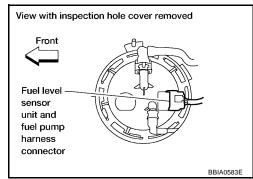
- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E119.
- Check harness continuity between IPDM E/R terminal 13 and "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 1, "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 3 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 11.



# 11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E41, C1
- Harness for open or short between fuel pump and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between fuel pump and ground
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 12. CHECK FUEL PUMP

Refer to EC-609, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Replace "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump".

# 13. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

### OK or NG

OK >> Replace IPDM E/R.

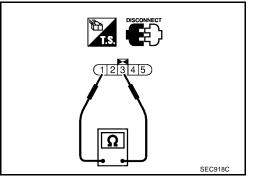
NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

# Component Inspection FUEL PUMP

1. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.

2. Check resistance between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminals 1 and 3.

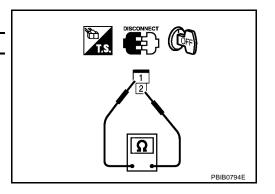
Resistance: 0.2 - 5.0 $\Omega$  [at 25°C (77°F)]



# **CONDENSER-2**

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect condenser-2 harness connector.
- Check resistance between condenser-2 terminals as 1 and 2.

Resistance	Above 1 MΩ at 25°C (77°F)



# Removal and Installation FUEL PUMP

Revision: November 2009

Refer to FL-6, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY".

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EC-609

# **ICC BRAKE SWITCH**

# **ICC BRAKE SWITCH**

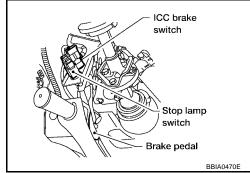
PFP:25320

UBS00L23

# **Component Description**

When depress on the brake pedal, ICC brake switch is turned OFF and stop lamp switch is turned ON. ECM detects the state of the brake pedal by this input of two kinds (ON/OFF signal)

Refer to ACS-6, "DESCRIPTION" for the ICC function.

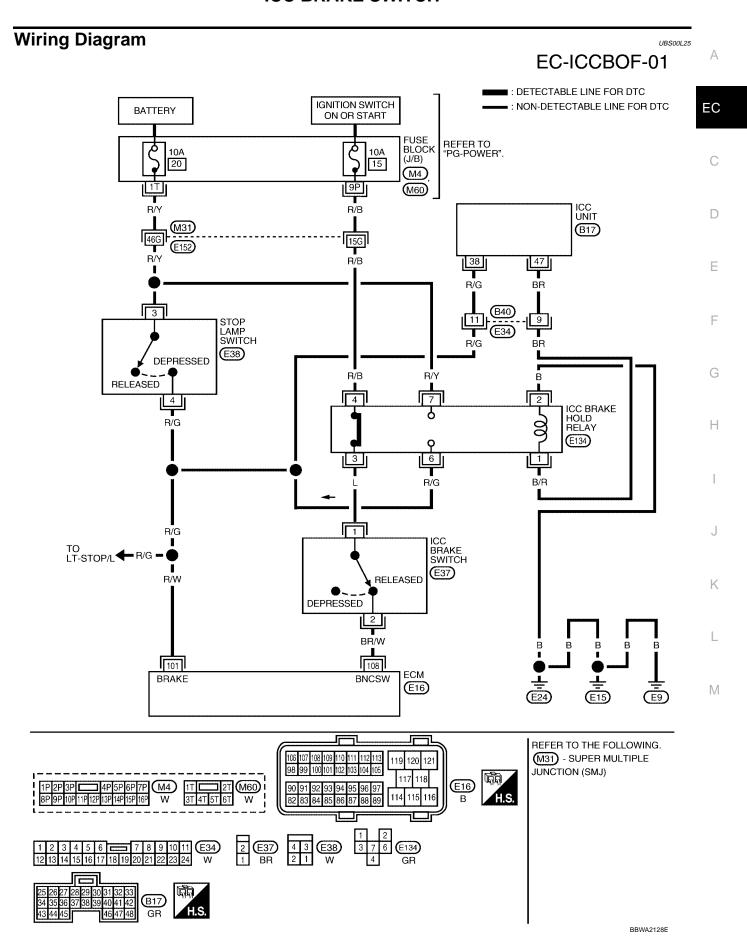


# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

UBS00L24

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
BRAKE SW 1 (ICC brake switch)	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	ON
		Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
BRAKE SW 2 (Stop lamp switch)	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
		Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON



# **ICC BRAKE SWITCH**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
101 R/W	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF]  • Brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V	
	TO VV	Stop famp switch	[Ignition switch: OFF]  • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
108 BR/W	DD ///	BR/W ICC brake switch	[Ignition switch: ON]  • Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Approximately 0V
	DIV/VV		[Ignition switch: ON]  • Brake pedal: Fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-I

UBS00L26

# (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "BRAKE SW1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 3. Check "BRAKE SW1" indication under the following conditions.

CONDITION	INDICATION
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
Brake pedal: Fully released	ON

DATA MO	NITOR
MONITOR	NO DTC
BRAKE SW1	OFF

# Without CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 108 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Approximately 0V
Brake pedal: Fully released	Battery voltage

# ECM CONNECTOR 108 MBIB0061E

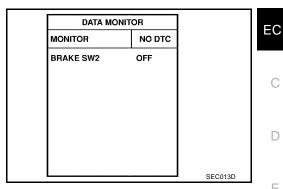
# OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

# 2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-II

(E) With CONSULT-II Check "BRAKE SW2" indication in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

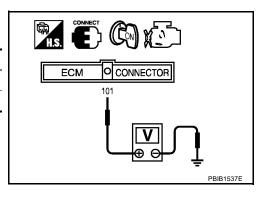
CONDITION	INDICATION
Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON



#### **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

Check voltage between ECM terminal 101 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
Brake pedal: Fully released	Approximately 0V
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	Battery voltage



#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 10.

# 3. CHECK DTC WITH ICC UNIT

Refer to ACS-36, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR SELF-DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace.

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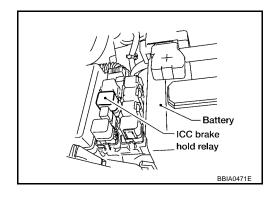
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### 4. CHECK ICC BRAKE HOLD RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ICC brake hold relay.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

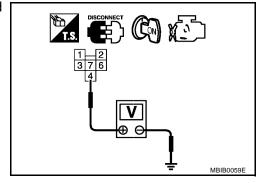


4. Check voltage between ICC brake hold relay terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

**Voltage: Battery voltage** 

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



### 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ICC brake hold relay and fuse
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 6. CHECK ICC BRAKE SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ICC brake switch harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ICC brake hold relay terminal 3 and ICC brake switch terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

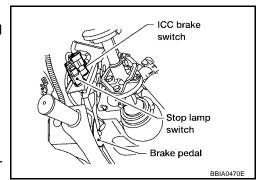
#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



# 7. CHECK ICC BRAKE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ICC brake switch terminal 2 and ECM terminal 108. Refer Wiring Diagram.

#### EC

#### **Continuity should exist.**

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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# 8. CHECK ICC BRAKE HOLD RELAY

Refer to EC-617, "Component Inspection".

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace ICC brake hold relay.

### 9. CHECK ICC BRAKE SWITCH

Refer to EC-617, "Component Inspection" .

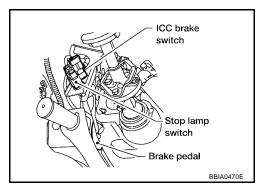
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Replace ICC brake switch.

# 10. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.



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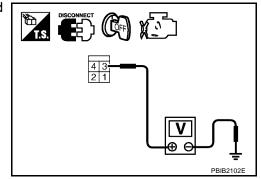
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3. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT -II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 11.



# 11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M31, E152
- Fuse block (J/B) No. 1 connector M60
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and battery
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 12. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 13. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to EC-617, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

# 14. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

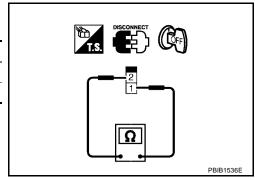
# Component Inspection ICC BRAKE SWITCH

UBS00L27

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ICC brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Check continuity between ICC brake switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
Brake pedal: Fully released.	Should exist.
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed.	Should not exist.

If NG, adjust ICC brake switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6</u>, <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.

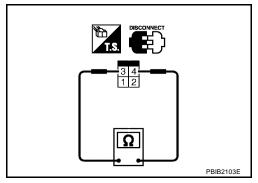


#### STOP LAMP SWITCH

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
- 3. Check continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 3 and 4 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
Brake pedal: Fully released.	Should not exist.
Brake pedal: Slightly depressed.	Should exist.

If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6</u>, <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.

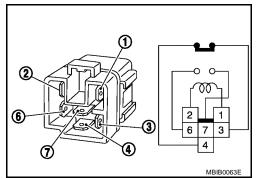


#### ICC BRAKE HOLD RELAY

- 1. Apply 12V direct current between ICC brake hold relay terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Check continuity between relay terminals 3 and 4, 6 and 7 under the following conditions.

Condition	Between terminals	Continuity
12V direct current supply	3 and 4	Should not exist
between terminals 1 and 2	6 and 7	Should exist
No current supply	3 and 4	Should exist
	6 and 7	Should not exist

If NG, replace ICC brake hold relay.



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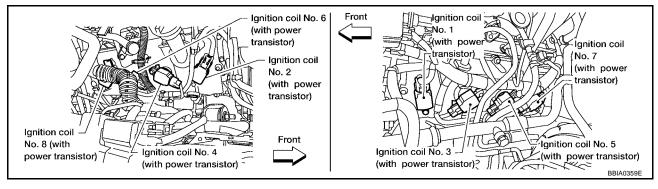
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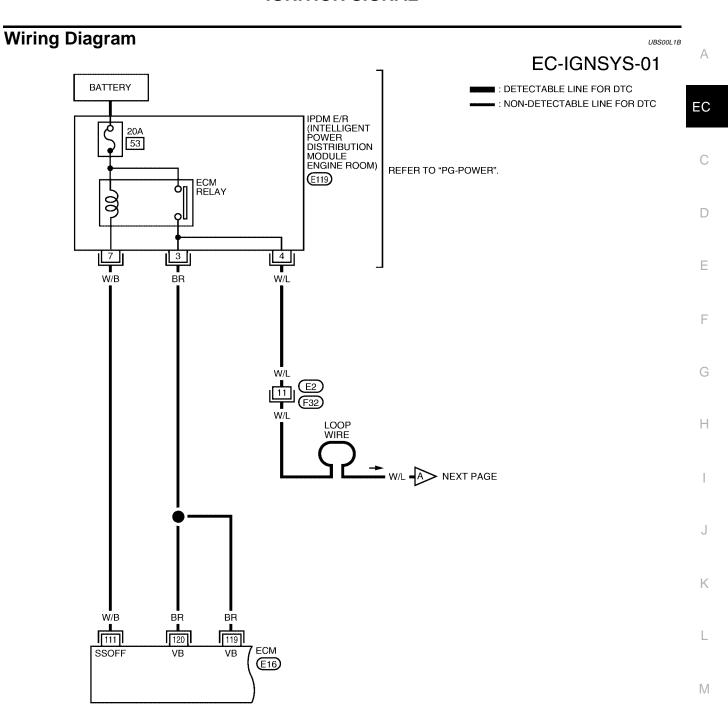
IGNITION SIGNAL PFP:22448

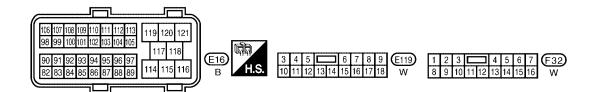
# **Component Description IGNITION COIL & POWER TRANSISTOR**

UBS00L1A

The ignition signal from the ECM is sent to and amplified by the power transistor. The power transistor turns ON and OFF the ignition coil primary circuit. This ON/OFF operation induces the proper high voltage in the coil secondary circuit.







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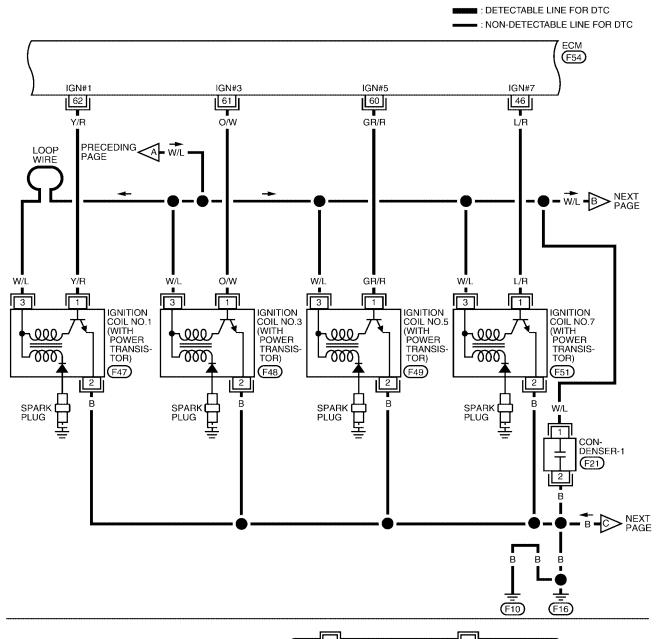
Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
111	111 W/B ECM relay (Self shut-off)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li><li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li></ul>	0 - 1.5V	
		[Ignition switch: OFF]  • More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
119 120	BR BR	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

### EC-IGNSYS-02





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

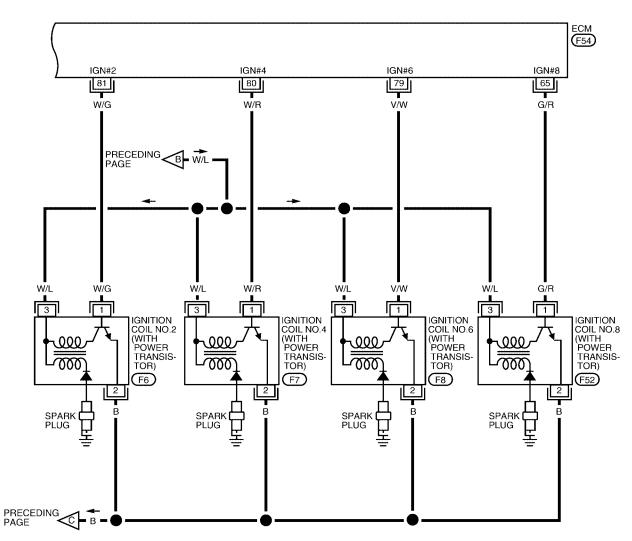
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

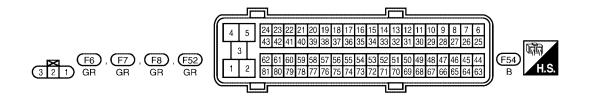
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
46 60	L/R GR/R	Ignition signal No. 7 Ignition signal No. 5	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.</li> </ul>	0 - 0.2V★
61 62	O/W Y/R	Ignition signal No. 3 Ignition signal No. 1	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed: 2,000 rpm.</li></ul>	0.1 - 0.4V★  >> 2.0V/Div 50 ms/Div  PBIB0045E

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

### EC-IGNSYS-03

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
: NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
65 79	G/R V/W	Ignition signal No. 8 Ignition signal No. 6	[Engine is running]  • Warm-up condition  • Idle speed  NOTE:  The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.	0 - 0.2V★
80 81	W/R W/G	Ignition signal No. 4 Ignition signal No. 2	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed: 2,000 rpm.</li></ul>	0.1 - 0.4V★  >> 2.0V/Div 50 ms/Div  PBIB0045E

<sup>★:</sup> Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00L1C

### 1. CHECK ENGINE START

Turn ignition switch OFF, and restart engine.

#### Is engine running?

Yes or No

Yes (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 2. Yes (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3. No >> GO TO 4.

# 2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

#### (II) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END NG >> GO TO 10.

ACTIVE TES	ST	
POWER BALANCE		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	xxx v	
		PBIB0133E

# 3. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

#### **⋈** Without CONSULT-II

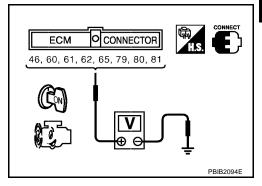
- 1. Let engine idle.
- 2. Read the voltage signal between ECM terminals 46, 60, 61, 62, 65, 79, 80, 81 and ground with an oscilloscope.
- 3. Verify that the oscilloscope screen shows the signal wave as shown below.

#### NOTE:

The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.



PBIB0044E



#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 10.

# 4. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

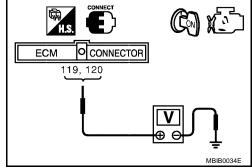
- Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminals 119, 120 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Go to <u>EC-145</u>, "<u>POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIR-</u>CUIT".



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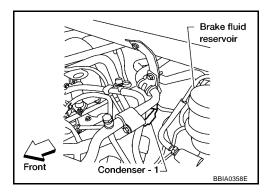
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# 5. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect condenser-1 harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

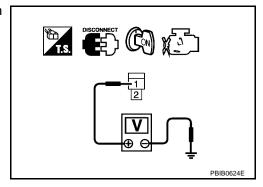


 Check voltage between condenser-1 terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 6.



### 6. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R connector E119.
- 3. Check harness continuity between IPDM E/R terminal 4 and condenser-1 terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> Go to <u>EC-145</u>, "<u>POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT"</u>.

NG >> GO TO 7.

### 7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

#### Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between condenser-1 and IPDM E/R
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 8. CHECK CONDENSER-1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check harness continuity between condenser-1 terminal 2 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 9. CHECK CONDENSER-1

Refer to EC-628, "Component Inspection".

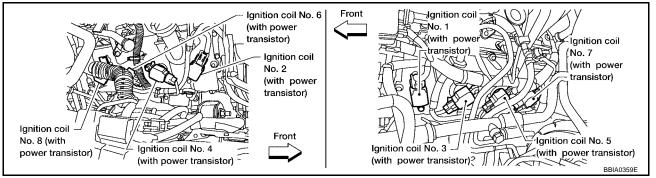
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace condenser-1.

# 10. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-IV

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.

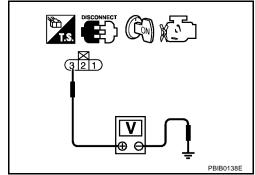


- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between ignition coil terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Battery voltage**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 11.



### 11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E2, F32
- Harness for open or short between ignition coil and harness connector F32
  - >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

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# 12. CHECK IGNITION COIL GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ignition coil terminal 2 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 13. CHECK IGNITION COIL OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 46, 60, 61, 62, 65, 79, 80, 81 and ignition coil terminal 1.

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 14. CHECK IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR

Refer to EC-628, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15.

NG >> Replace ignition coil with power transistor.

# 15. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-144, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR

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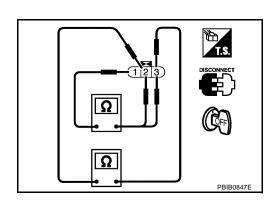
#### **CAUTION:**

Do the following procedure in the place where ventilation is good without the combustible.

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.
- Check resistance between ignition coil terminals as follows.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]	
1 and 2	Except 0 or ∞	
1 and 3	Except 0	
2 and 3		

- If NG, replace ignition coil with power transistor.
   If OK, go to next step.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 6. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.



Remove fuel pump fuse in fuse block No. 1 to release fuel pressure.

#### NOTE:

Do not use CONSULT-II to release fuel pressure, or fuel pressure applies again during the following procedure.

- Start engine.
- 9. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 10. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 11. Remove all ignition coil harness connectors to avoid the electrical discharge from the ignition coils.
- 12. Remove ignition coil and spark plug of the cylinder to be checked.
- 13. Crank engine for 5 seconds or more to remove combustion gas in the cylinder.
- 14. Connect spark plug and harness connector to ignition coil.
- 15. Fix ignition coil using a rope etc. with gap of 13 17 mm between the edge of the spark plug and grounded metal portion as shown in the figure.
- 16. Crank engine for about 3 seconds, and check whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded metal portion.

Spark should be generated.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Do not approach to the spark plug and the ignition coil within 50cm. Be careful not to get an electrical shock while checking, because the electrical discharge voltage becomes 20kV or more.
- It might cause to damage the ignition coil if the gap of more than 17 mm is taken.

#### NOTE:

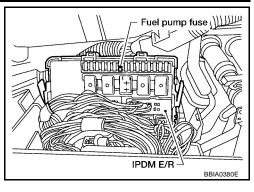
When the gap is less than 13 mm, the spark might be generated even if the coil is malfunctioning.

17. If NG, replace ignition coil with power transistor.

#### **CONDENSER-1**

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect condenser-1 harness connector.
- Check resistance between condenser-1 terminals 1 and 2.

Resistance	Above 1 MΩ at 25°C (77°F)
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Grounded metal portion
(Cylinder head, cylinder block, etc.)

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# Removal and Installation IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR

Refer to EM-28, "IGNITION COIL".

Revision: November 2009 EC-629 2006 QX56

#### REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

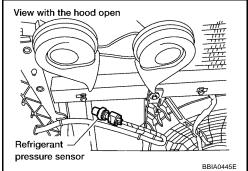
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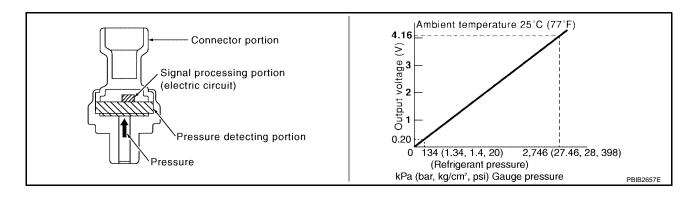
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### **Component Description**

The refrigerant pressure sensor is installed at the condenser of the

air conditioner system. The sensor uses an electrostatic volume pressure transducer to convert refrigerant pressure to voltage. The voltage signal is sent to ECM, and ECM controls cooling fan system.





#### **Wiring Diagram** Α EC-RP/SEN-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC

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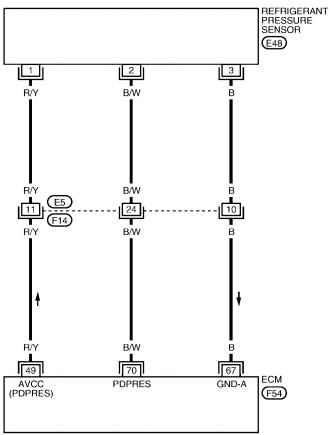
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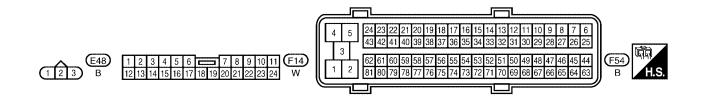
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
49	R/Y	Sensor power supply (Refrigerant pressure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
67	В	Sensor ground	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
70	B/W	Refrigerant pressure sensor	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Both A/C switch and blower switch: ON (Compressor: Operates)</li> </ul>	1.0 - 4.0V

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

UBS00HDJ

# 1. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR OVERALL FUNCTION

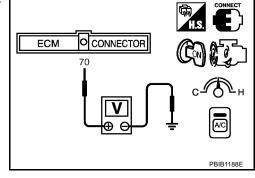
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn A/C switch and blower switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 70 and ground with CON-SULT-II or tester.

Voltage: 1.0 - 4.0V

#### OK or NG

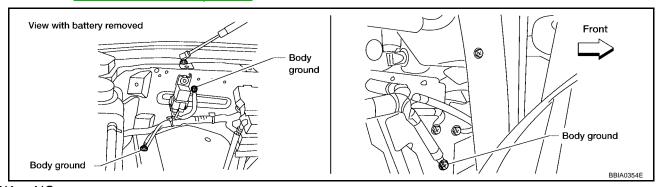
OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 2.



### 2. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn A/C switch and blower switch OFF.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Loosen and retighten three ground screws on the body. Refer to <u>EC-150</u>, "Ground Inspection".



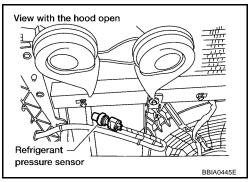
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 3. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect refrigerant pressure sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

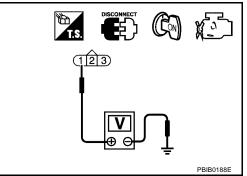


Check voltage between refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### **Voltage: Approximately 5V**

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



### 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor
  - >> Repair harness or connectors.

# ${f 5.}\,$ check refrigerant pressure sensor ground circuit for open and short

- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

### 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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# 7. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 70 and refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.

### 8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E5, F14
- Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor
  - >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to <u>EC-144</u>, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" . OK or NG

OK >> Replace refrigerant pressure sensor.

NG >> Repair or replace.

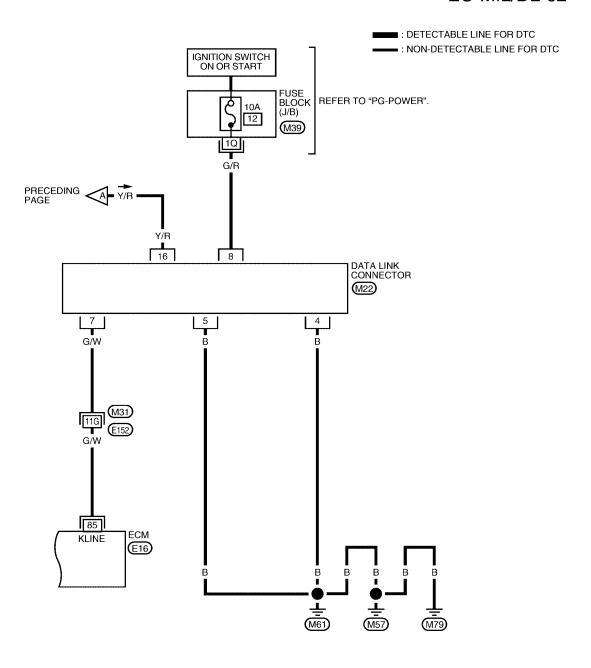
# Removal and Installation REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

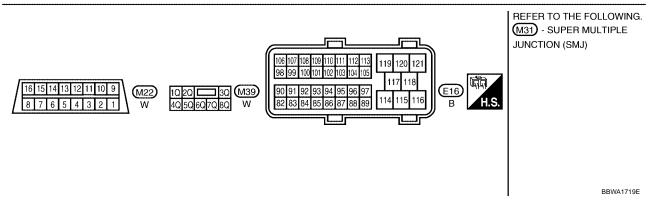
UBS00HDK

Refer to ATC-182, "Removal and Installation for Refrigerant Pressure Sensor".

### MIL AND DATA LINK CONNECTOR MIL AND DATA LINK CONNECTOR PFP:24814 Α **Wiring Diagram** UBS00HDX EC-MIL/DL-01 IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START EC BATTERY : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC FUSE BLOCK (J/B) : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC REFER TO "PG-POWER". 10A = : DATA LINE C 19 14 $\overline{M4}$ (M39) 4Q 5P O/L D Е 8 24 COMBINATION METER (M24) MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP UNIFIED METER CONTROL UNIT 11 12 17 Н TO LAN-CAN 86 94 M ECM CAN-H (E16) (M61) (M57) REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. (M4)M40 - SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ)

### EC-MIL/DL-02





# **SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)**

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)		
Fuel Pressure		
Fuel pressure at idling kPa (kg	y/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	Approximately 350 (3.57, 51)
ldle Speed and Ign	ition Timing	UBS00H
Target idle speed	No-load* (in P or N position	) 650±50 rpm
Air conditioner: ON	In P or N position	700 rpm or more
Ignition timing	In P or N position	15° ± 5° BTDC
<ul> <li>*: Under the following conditions</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> <li>Electric load: OFF (Lights an</li> <li>Steering wheel: Kept in straig</li> </ul>	d heater fan)	
Calculated Load Va	alue	UBSOOH
Condition		Calculated load value % (Using CONSULT-II or GST)
At idle		14.0 - 33.0
At 2,500 rpm		12.0 - 25.0
Mass Air Flow Sensor		UBSOOH
Supply voltage		Battery voltage (11 - 14V)
Output voltage at idle		1.0 - 1.3V*
Mass air flow (Using CONSULT-II or GST)		3.0 - 9.0 g·m/sec at idle* 9.0 - 28.0 g·m/sec at 2,500 rpm*
*: Engine is warmed up to norm	al operating temperature and running ur	der no load.
Intake Air Temperature Sensor		UBSOOH.
Temperature °C (°F)		Resistance $k\Omega$
25 (77)		1.800 - 2.200
Engine Coolant Ter	mperature Sensor	UBS00H
Temperature °C (°F)		Resistance kΩ
20 (68)		2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)		0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)		0.236 - 0.260
A/F Sensor 1 Heate	er	UBS00H
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]		2.3 - 4.3Ω
Heated Oxygen sei	nsor 2 Heater	UBS00Hi
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]		5.0 - 7.0Ω
	n Sensor (POS)	UBS00H.
Refer to EC-346, "Compo	• •	
Camshaft Position	•	
Refer to EC-353, "Compo	,	UBS00F
Throttle Control Mo	•	
		UBS00H
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]		Approximately 1 - 15 $\Omega$

# **SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)**

Fuel Injector	UBS00HEK
Resistance [at 10 - 60°C (50 - 140°F)]	11.1 - 14.5Ω
Fuel Pump	UBS00HEL
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	0.2 - 5.0Ω