GI

Е

D

Е

CONTENTS

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL3
HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL 3 Description 3 Terms 3 Units 3 Contents 3 Relation between Illustrations and Descriptions 4 Components 4
HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES 6 Description
HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS9Connector Symbols9Sample/Wiring Diagram -Example-10Connector Information12
ABBREVIATIONS14 Abbreviation List14
TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS
RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS22 Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants22
VEHICLE INFORMATION23
Model Variation

PRECAUTION	.26
PRECAUTIONS Description	
Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TEN-	
SIONER" Precautions For Xenon Headlamp Service Precaution Necessary for Steering Wheel Rota-	
tion after Battery Disconnect Precaution for Procedure without Cowl Top Cover General Precautions	.27
Three Way CatalystMultiport Fuel Injection System or Engine Control	.29
System Hoses Engine Oils	.29
Air Conditioning	.31
LIFTING POINT	
Pantograph JackGarage Jack and Safety Stand2-Pole Lift	.32
TOW TRUCK TOWING	.34
Tow Truck Towing Vehicle Recovery (Freeing a Stuck Vehicle)	
BASIC INSPECTION	.36
SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT	-36
Work Flow	.36
Control Units and Electrical PartsHow to Check Terminal	.37
Intermittent Incident Circuit Inspection	
CONSULT-III/GST CHECKING SYSTEM	
Description CONSULT-III Function and System Application*1	

CONSULT-III/GST Data Link Connector (DLC)		ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOVING BAT-	
Circuit 50	0	TERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL	65
Wiring Diagram - CONSULT-III/GST CHECKING		ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOVING	
SYSTEM 5	1	BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL: Required	
INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT 6	5	Procedure After Battery Disconnection	65

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

Description INFOID:0000000006280835

This volume explains "Removal, Disassembly, Installation, Inspection and Adjustment" and "Trouble Diagnoses".

Terms INFOID:0000000006280836

 The captions WARNING and CAUTION warn you of steps that must be followed to prevent personal injury and/or damage to some part of the vehicle.

WARNING indicates the possibility of personal injury if instructions are not followed.

CAUTION indicates the possibility of component damage if instructions are not followed.

BOLD TYPED STATEMENTS except **WARNING** and **CAUTION** give you helpful information.

Standard value: Tolerance at inspection and adjustment.

Limit value: The maximum or minimum limit value that should not be exceeded at inspection and adjustment.

Units INFOID:0000000006280837

• The UNITS given in this manual are primarily expressed as the SI UNIT (International System of Unit), and alternatively expressed in the metric system and in the yard/pound system.

Also with regard to tightening torque of bolts and nuts, there are descriptions both about range and about the standard tightening torque.

"Example"

Range

Outer Socket Lock Nut : 59 - 78 N·m (6.0 - 8.0 kg-m, 43 - 58 ft-lb)

Standard

Drive Shaft Installation Bolt : 44.3 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)

Contents INFOID:0000000006280838

• A QUICK REFERENCE INDEX, a black tab (e.g. Ex)) is provided on the first page. You can quickly find the first page of each section by matching it to the section's black tab.

THE CONTENTS are listed on the first page of each section.

- THE TITLE is indicated on the upper portion of each page and shows the part or system.
- THE PAGE NUMBER of each section consists of two or three letters which designate the particular section and a number (e.g. "BR-5").
- THE SMALL ILLUSTRATIONS show the important steps such as inspection, use of special tools, knacks of work and hidden or tricky steps which are not shown in the previous large illustrations. Assembly, inspection and adjustment procedures for the complicated units such as the automatic transaxle or transmission, etc. are presented in a step-by-step format where necessary.

Р

GI-3 Revision: 2010 May 2011 QX56

GΙ

Е

D

Н

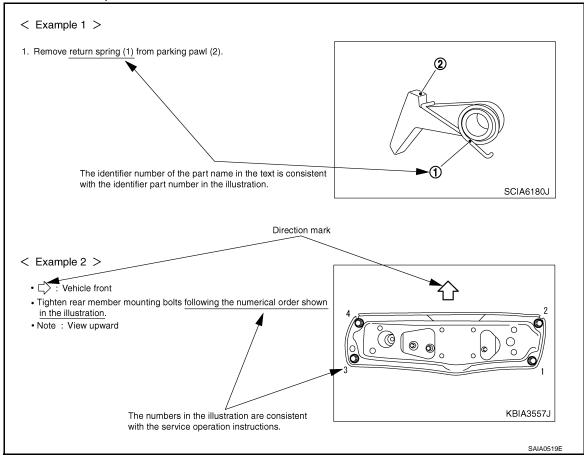
M

Ν

Relation between Illustrations and Descriptions

INFOID:0000000006280839

The following sample explains the relationship between the part description in an illustration, the part name in the text and the service procedures.



Components

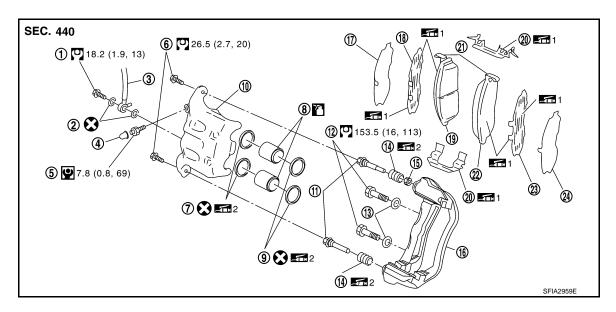
THE LARGE ILLUSTRATIONS are exploded views (see the following) and contain tightening torques, lubrication points, section number of the PARTS CATALOG (e.g. SEC. 440) and other information necessary to perform repairs.

The illustrations should be used in reference to service matters only. When ordering parts, refer to the appropriate **PARTS CATALOG**.

Components shown in an illustration may be identified by a circled number. When this style of illustration is used, the text description of the components will follow the illustration.

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >



1. Union bolt

4. Cap

7. Piston seal

10. Cylinder body

Washer 13.

16. Torque member

19. Inner pad

Outer pad 22.

1: PBC (Poly Butyl Cuprysil) grease 2: Rubber grease or silicone-based grease

2. Copper washer

5. Bleed valve

8. Piston

11. Sliding pin

Sliding pin boot 14.

Inner shim cover 17.

20. Pad retainer

23. Outer shim

3. Brake hose

6. Sliding pin bolt

9. Piston boot

12. Torque member mounting bolt

15. Bushing

18. Inner shim

21. Pad wear sensor

Outer shim cover

: Brake fluid

Refer to GI section for additional symbol definitions.

SYMBOLS

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTIO	N	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
(9)	Tightening torque The tightening torque specifications of bolts and nuts may be presented	: N•m (kg-m, ft-lb)	3	Always replace after every disassembly.
9	1 ' '	: N•m (kg-m, in-lb)	₽ P	Apply petroleum jelly.
5	Should be lubricated with grease. Unless otherwise indicated, use recommended multi-purpose grease.			Apply molybdenum added petroleum jelly.
7	Should be lubricated with oil.		(ATF)	Apply ATF.
	Sealing point		*	Select with proper thickness.
	Sealing point with locking sealant.		☆	Adjustment is required.
◎	Checking point			

SAIA0749E

GI

В

C

D

Е

F

Н

K

L

M

Ν

0

Р

HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Description INFOID:0000000006280841

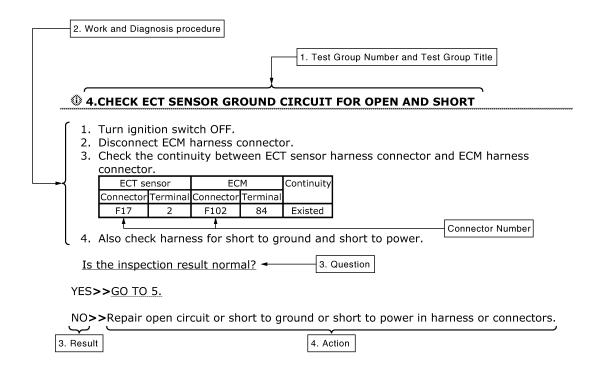
NOTICE:

Trouble diagnoses indicate work procedures required to diagnose problems effectively. Observe the following instructions before diagnosing.

- Before performing trouble diagnoses, read the "Work Flow" in each section.
- After repairs, re-check that the problem has been completely eliminated.
- Refer to Component Parts and Harness Connector Location for the Systems described in each section for identification/location of components and harness connectors.
- When checking circuit continuity, ignition switch should be OFF.
- · Refer to the Circuit Diagram for quick pinpoint check.
 - If you need to check circuit continuity between harness connectors in more detail, such as when a sub-harness is used, refer to Wiring Diagram in each individual section and Harness Layout in PG section for identification of harness connectors.
- Before checking voltage at connectors, check battery voltage.
- After accomplishing the Diagnosis Procedures and Electrical Components Inspection, check that all harness connectors are reconnected as they were.

How to Follow Test Groups in Trouble Diagnosis

INFOID:00000000006280842



JPAIA0021GB

- 1. Test group number and test group title
 - Test group number and test group title are shown in the upper portion of each test group.
- 2. Work and diagnosis procedure
 - Start to diagnose a problem using procedures indicated in enclosed test groups.
- Questions and results
 - Questions and required results are indicated in test group.
- 4. Action
 - Next action for each test group is indicated based on result of each guestion.

HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
€Đ	Check after disconnecting the connector to be measured.	(a)	Procedure with Generic Scan Tool. (GST, OBD-II scan tool)
€	Check after connecting the connector to be measured.	(NO.S)	Procedure without CONSULT-II, CONSULT-III or GST
	Insert key into ignition switch.	A/C OFF	A/C switch is "OFF".
	Remove key from ignition switch.	A/C ON	A/C switch is "ON".
C+	Insert and remove key repeatedly.		REC switch is "ON".
	Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.		REC switch is "OFF".
C	Turn ignition switch to "ACC" position.	(6)	Fan switch is "ON". (At any position except for "OFF" position)
	Turn ignition switch to "ON" position.		Fan switch is "OFF".
	Turn ignition switch to "START" position.	FUSE	Apply fuse.
C FF ACC	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ACC" position.	(FUSE)	
(CC) ON	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "ON" position.	BAT	Apply positive voltage from battery with fuse directly to components.
(ACC) OFF	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "OFF" position.		

JPAIA0397GB

Revision: 2010 May GI-7 2011 QX56

GI

В

С

D

Е

F

G

Н

Κ

L

M

Ν

0

Р

HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
OFF ON	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON" position.	= 6	Drive vehicle.
OFF OFF	Turn ignition switch from "ON" to "OFF" position.		Brive verilide.
	Do not start engine, or check with engine stopped.	BAT	Disconnect battery negative cable.
	Start engine, or check with engine running.		Depress brake pedal.
	Apply parking brake.		Release brake pedal.
	Release parking brake.		Depress accelerator pedal.
СФРН	Check after engine is warmed up sufficiently.		Release accelerator pedal.
V ⊕ ⊖	Voltage should be measured with a voltmeter.	HS.	Pin terminal check for SMJ type ECM or TCM connectors. For details regarding the terminal
Ω • • • •	Circuit resistance should be measured with an ohmmeter.		arrangement, refer to the "ELECTRICAL UNITS" electrical reference page at the end of the manual.
A ⊕ ⊖	Current should be measured with an ammeter.		
₩ Θ	Pulse signal should be checked with an oscilloscope.	÷	
	Procedure with CONSULT-III		
	Procedure without CONSULT-III		
	Place selector lever in "P" position.		
0	Place selector lever in "N" position.		
	Jack up front portion.		
a de la constantina della cons	Jack up rear portion.		
	Inspect under engine room.		
	Inspect under floor.		
6	Inspect rear under floor.		

JPAIA0398GB

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

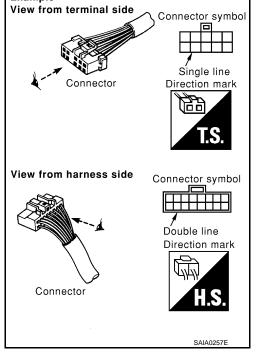
HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

Connector Symbols

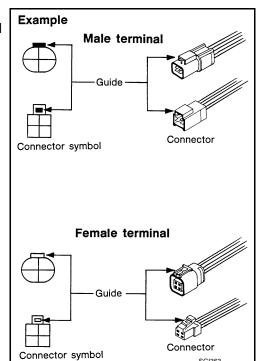
Most of connector symbols in wiring diagrams are shown from the terminal side.

- Connector symbols shown from the terminal side are enclosed by a single line and followed by the direction mark.

 Example View from
- Connector symbols shown from the harness side are enclosed by a double line and followed by the direction mark.
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slide-locking type harness connector.
 For description and how to disconnect, refer to PG section, "Description", "HARNESS CONNECTOR".



Male and female terminals
 Connector guides for male terminals are shown in black and female terminals in white in wiring diagrams.



GI

INFOID:0000000006282193

C

В

D

Е

G

H

J

K

L

M

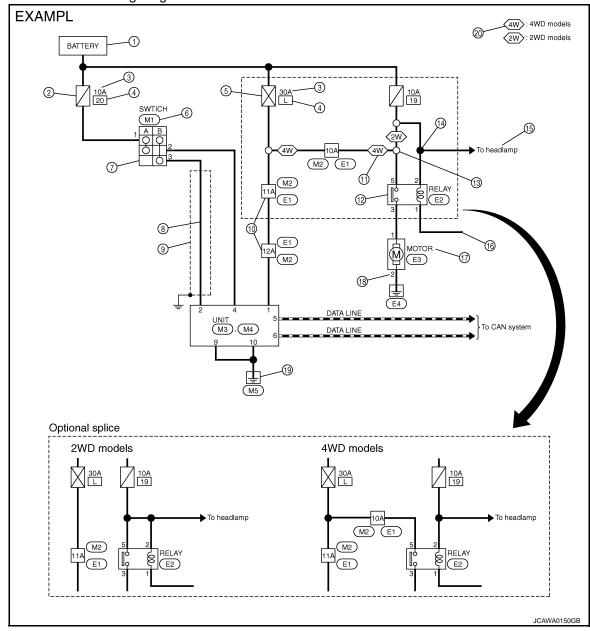
Ν

0

Sample/Wiring Diagram - Example-

INFOID:0000000006282194

Each section includes wiring diagrams.



_		
Desc	rin	ıti∩r

escription	1	
Number	Item	Description
1	Power supply	This means the power supply of fusible link or fuse.
2	Fuse	"/" means the fuse.
3	Current rating of fus- ible link/fuse	This means the current rating of the fusible link or fuse.
4	Number of fusible link/ fuse	This means the number of fusible link or fuse location.
5	Fusible link	"X" means the fusible link.
6	Connector number	 Alphabetic characters show to which harness the connector is placed. Numeric characters show the identification number of connectors.
7	Switch	This shows that continuity exists between terminals 1 and 2 when the switch is in the A position. Continuity exists between terminals 1 and 3 when the switch is in the B position.
8	Circuit (Wiring)	This means the wiring.

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

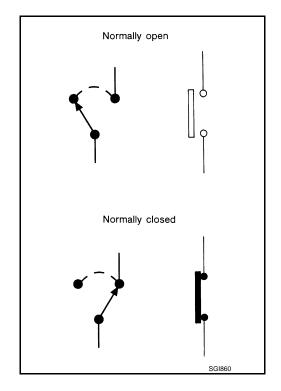
Number	Item	Description
9	Shielded line	The line enclosed by broken line circle shows shield wire.
10	Connectors	This means that a transmission line bypasses two connectors or more.
11	Option abbreviation	This means the vehicle specifications which layouts the circuit between "O".
12	Relay	This shows an internal representation of the relay.
13	Optional splice	The open circle shows that the splice is optional depending on vehicle application.
14	Splice	The shaded circle " means the splice.
15	System branch	This shows that the circuit is branched to other systems.
16	Page crossing	This circuit continues to an adjacent page.
17	Component name	This shows the name of a component.
18	Terminal number	This means the terminal number of a connector.
19	Ground (GND)	This shows the ground connection.
20	Explation of option description	This shows a explanation of the option abbreviation used on the same page.

SWITCH POSITIONS

Switches are shown in wiring diagrams as if the vehicle is in the "normal" condition.

A vehicle is in the "normal" condition when:

- ignition switch is "OFF",
- · doors, hood and trunk lid/back door are closed,
- pedals are not depressed, and
- parking brake is released.



MULTIPLE SWITCH

The continuity of multiple switch is described in two ways as shown below.

• The switch chart is used in schematic diagrams.

_

GI

В

D

Е

F

Н

Ν

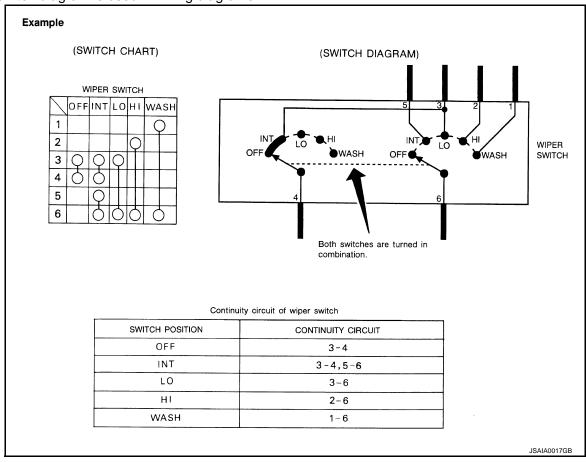
M

0

Ρ

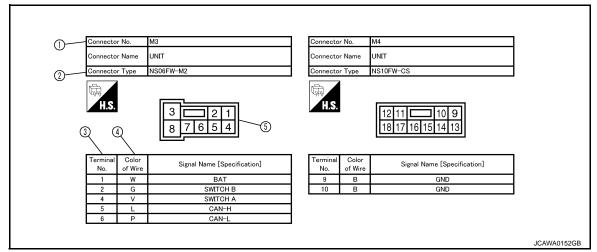
< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

• The switch diagram is used in wiring diagrams.



Connector Information

INFOID:0000000006282195



Description

escription		
Number	Item	Description
1	Connector number	 Alphabetic characters show to which harness the connector is placed. Numeric characters show the identification number of connectors.
2	Connector type	This means the connector number. Refer to <u>PG-144, "How To Read Harness Layout"</u> .
3	Terminal number	This means the terminal number of a connector.

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

Number	Item		Description		
4	Wire color	This shows a code for the	the color of the wire.		
		B = Black W = White R = Red G = Green L = Blue Y = Yellow LG = Light Green BG = Beige	BR = Brown OR or O = Orange P = Pink PU or V (Violet) = Purple GY or GR = Gray SB = Sky Blue CH = Dark Brown DG = Dark Green		
		 When the wire color is s shown below: Example: L/W = Blue w 	striped, the base color is given first, followed by the stripe color as with White Stripe		
5	Connector	 This means the connector information. This unit-side is described by the connector symbols. 			

F

GI

В

С

D

Е

G

Н

|

Κ

L

M

Ν

0

Ρ

ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation List

The following **ABBREVIATIONS** are used:

Α	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
A/C	Air conditioner
A/C	Air conditioning
A/F sensor	Air fuel ratio sensor
A/T	Automatic transaxle/transmission
ABS	Anti-lock braking system
ACCS	Advance climate control system
ACL	Air cleaner
AP	Accelerator pedal
APP	Accelerator pedal position
ATF	Automatic transmission fluid
AV	Audio visual
AWD	All wheel drive
В	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
BARO	Barometric pressure
BCM	Body control module
BLSD	Brake limited slip differential
BPP	Brake pedal position
BSI	Blind spot intervention
BSW	Blind spot warning
С	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
CKP	Crankshaft position
CL	Closed loop
CMP	Camshaft position
СРР	Clutch pedal position
СТР	Closed throttle position
CVT	Continuously Variable transaxle/transmission
D	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
D1	Drive range first gear
D2	Drive range second gear
D3	Drive range third gear
D4	Drive range fourth gear
DCA	Distance control assist
DFI	Direct fuel injection system
DLC	Data link connector
DTC	Diagnostic trouble code

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	-				
E/T	Exhaust temperature	_				
EBD	Electric brake force distribution	_				
EC	Engine control	_				
ECL	ngine coolant level					
ECM	Engine control module	_				
ECT	Engine coolant temperature	_				
ECV	Electrical control valve	_				
EEPROM	Electrically erasable programmable read only memory	_				
EFT	Engine fuel temperature	_				
EGR	Exhaust gas recirculation	_				
EGRT	Exhaust gas recirculation temperature	_				
EGT	Exhaust gas temperature	-				
EOP	Engine oil pressure	_				
EP	Exhaust pressure	_				
EPR	Exhaust pressure regulator	_				
EPS	Electronically controlled power steering	_				
ESP	Electronic stability program system	_				
EVAP canister	Evaporative emission canister					
EXC	Exhaust control					
		_				
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	_				
FC	Fan control	_				
FCW	Forward collision warning	_				
FIC	Fuel injector control	_				
FP	Fuel pump					
FR	Front					
FRP	Fuel rail pressure	_				
FRT	Fuel rail temperature					
FTP	Fuel tank pressure					
FTT	Fuel tank temperature	_				
		_				
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	_				
GND	Ground	_				
GPS	Global positioning system	_				
GST	Generic scan tool	_				
		_				
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	_				
HBMC	Hydraulic body-motion control system	_				
HDD	Hard disk drive	_				
HO2S	Heated oxygen sensor	_				
HOC	Heated oxidation catalyst					

<u> </u>	10W 10 03E 11	HIS MANUAL >
<u>'</u>	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	I/M	Inspection and maintenance
	IA	Intake air
	IAC	Idle air control
-	IAT	Intake air temperature
	IBA	Intelligent brake assist
	IC	Ignition control
	ICC	Intelligent cruise control
	ICM	Ignition control module
	IPDM E/R	Intelligent power distribution module engine room
-	ISC	Idle speed control
	ISS	Input shaft speed
<u></u>		The second of th
<u> </u>	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	KS	Knock sensor
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	LCD	Liquid crystal display
	LCU	Local control unit
	LDP	Lane departure prevention
-	LDW	Lane departure warning
-	LED	Light emitting diode
	LH	Left-hand
	LIN	Local interconnect network
М		
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	M/T	Manual transaxle/transmission
	MAF	Mass airflow
	MAP	Manifold absolute pressure
	MI	Malfunction indicator
	MIL	Malfunction indicator lamp
N		
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	NOX	Nitrogen oxides
0		
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	O2	Oxygen
	O2S	Oxygen sensor
	OBD	On board diagnostic
	OC	Oxidation catalytic converter
	OD	Overdrive
	OL	Open loop
	OSS	Output shaft speed

ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	GI
P/S	Power steering		
PBR	Potentio balance resistor		
PCV	Positive crankcase ventilation		В
PNP	Park/Neutral position		
PSP	Power steering pressure		
PTC	Positive temperature coefficient		
PTO	Power takeoff		
PWM	Pulse width modulation		D
₹			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
RAM	Random access memory		E
RAS	Rear active steer		
RH	Right-hand		F
ROM	Read only memory		
RPM	Engine speed		
RR	Rear		G
<u> </u>			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	——
SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers, Inc.		
SCK	Serial clock		
SDS	Service Data and Specifications		
SRT	System readiness test		
SST	Special Service Tools		
Γ			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
TC	Turbocharger		K
TCM	Transmission control module		
TCS	Traction control system		
TP	Throttle position		
TPMS	Tire pressure monitoring system		
TSS	Turbine shaft speed		M
TWC	Three way catalytic converter		
J			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	N
VDC	Vehicle dynamics control system		
VIN	Vehicle identification number		0
VSS	Vehicle speed sensor		
N			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	P
WOT	Wide open throttle		
I			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
11	1st range first gear		

ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
12	1st range second gear		
1GR	First gear		
2			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
21	2nd range first gear		
22	2nd range second gear		
2GR	Second gear		
2WD	2-Wheel Drive		
3			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
3GR	Third gear		
4			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
4GR	Fourth gear		
4WAS	Four wheel active steer		
4WD	Four wheel drive		
5			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
5GR	Fifth gear		
6			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
6GR	Sixth gear		
7			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
7GR	Seventh gear		

TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

Description INFOID:0000000000280848

This vehicle has both new standard based on ISO* and previous standard bolts/nuts. There are some differences between these two types of bolts/ nuts; shape of the head, grade of strength, hexagonal width across flats and the standard tightening torque.

- For guidance in discriminating, refer to GI-19, "Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)".
- The new standard machine screws and tapping screws have a head of ISO standard torx recess.
- If the tightening torque is not described in the description or figure, refer to <u>GI-19</u>, "<u>Tightening Torque Table</u> (<u>New Standard Included</u>)".
- *ISO: International Organization for Standardization

Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)

INFOID:0000000006280849

CAUTION:

- The special parts are excluded.
- The bolts/nuts in these tables have a strength (discrimination) number/symbol assigned to the head or the like. As to the relation between the strength grade in these tables and the strength (discrimination) number/symbol, refer to "DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS".

PREVIOUS STANDARD

Tightening torque (Without lubricant) Hexagonal Bolt di-Grade Bolt Pitch width Hexagon head bolt (Strength Hexagon flange bolt ameter size across flats mm grade) mm ft-lb N·m kg-m in-lb N·m kg-m ft-lb in-lb mm M6 6.0 10 1.0 5.5 0.56 4 49 7 0.71 5 62 10 17 1.25 13.5 1.4 1.7 13 8.0 **M8** 12 1.0 13.5 1.4 10 17 1.7 13 2.9 1.5 28 21 35 3.6 26 4T M₁₀ 10.0 14 2.9 1.25 28 21 35 3.6 26 1.75 45 4.6 33 55 5.6 41 M12 12.0 17 1.25 4.6 45 33 65 6.6 48 M14 14.0 19 1.5 80 8.2 59 100 10 74 M6 6.0 10 1.0 9 0.92 7 11 1.1 8 97 80 1.25 22 2.2 16 28 2.9 21 8.0 **M8** 12 1.0 22 2.2 16 28 2.9 21 1.5 45 4.6 33 55 5.6 41 7T M10 10.0 14 1.25 4.6 33 41 45 55 5.6 74 1.75 80 8.2 59 100 10 M12 12.0 17 1.25 80 8.2 59 100 10 74 M14 14.0 19 1.5 130 13 96 170 17 125 M6 6.0 10 1.0 11 1.1 8 13.5 1.4 10 1.25 28 2.9 21 35 3.6 26 **M8** 8.0 12 1.0 28 2.9 21 35 3.6 26 5.6 8.2 1.5 55 41 80 59 9T 10.0 M₁₀ 14 1.25 55 5.6 41 8.2 59 80 1.75 100 74 10 130 13 96 M12 12.0 17 1.25 100 10 74 130 13 96 M14 14.0 19 170 125 210

CAUTION:

Revision: 2010 May GI-19 2011 QX56

Е

D

GΙ

G

Н

K

M

N

0

Р

TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

The parts with aluminum or the cast iron washer surface/thread surface are excluded.

NEW STANDARD BASED ON ISO

Grade		Bolt di-	Hexagonal					Tighteni	ng torque									
(Strength	Bolt size	ameter	width across flats	Pitch mm		Hexagon	head bolt	t		Hexagon	flange bo	lt						
grade)	3120	mm	mm		N∙m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	N⋅m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb						
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	5.5	0.56	4	49	7	0.71	5	62						
	0.0	10	1.25	13.5	1.4	10	_	17	1.7	13	_							
4.8 (Without M10	8.0	13	1.0	13.5	1.4	10	_	17	1.7	13	_							
	10.0	16	1.5	28	2.9	21	_	35	3.6	26	_							
lubricant)	WITO	10.0	10	1.25	28	2.9	21	_	35	3.6	26	_						
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	45	4.6	33	_	55	5.6	41	_						
	IVITZ	12.0	10	1.25	45	4.6	33	_	65	6.6	48	_						
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	80	8.2	59	_	100	10	74	_						
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	4	0.41	3	35	5.5	0.56	4	49						
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	11	1.1	8	_	13.5	1.4	10	_						
	IVIO	0.0	13	1.0	11	1.1	8	_	13.5	1.4	10							
4.8 (With lu-	M10	10.0	16	1.5	22	2.2	16	_	28	2.9	21	1						
bricant)	WITO	10.0	10	1.25	22	2.2	16	_	28	2.9	21							
	M12	2 12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	18	1.75	35	3.6	26	_	45	4.6	33	_
	IVITZ			10	1.25	35	3.6	26	_	45	4.6	33	1					
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	65	6.6	48	_	80	8.2	59							
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	8	0.82	6	71	10	1.0	7	89						
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	21	2.1	15	_	25	2.6	18							
		8.0	0.0	10	1.0	21	2.1	15		25	2.6	18	_					
8.8 (With lu-	M10	10.0	16	1.5	40	4.1	30	_	50	5.1	37	_						
bricant)	WITO	10.0	10	1.25	40	4.1	30	_	50	5.1	37	1						
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	70	7.1	52	_	85	8.7	63							
	10112	12.0	10	1.25	70	7.1	52	_	85	8.7	63							
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	120	12	89		140	14	103	_						
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	10	1.0	7	89	12	1.2	9	106						
	MR	8.0	13	1.25	27	2.8	20		32	3.3	24	_						
10.9 (With lu- M10	1410	0.0	10	1.0	27	2.8	20	_	32	3.3	24							
	10.0	16	1.5	55	5.6	41		65	6.6	48	_							
bricant)		10	1.25	55	5.6	41		65	6.6	48	_							
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	95	9.7	70	_	110	11	81	_						
	14/12			1.25	95	9.7	70	_	110	11	81	_						
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	160	16	118	_	180	18	133	_						

CAUTION:

- 1. Use tightening torque with lubricant for the new standard bolts/nuts in principle. Friction coefficient stabilizer is applied to the new standard bolts/nuts.
- 2. However, use tightening torque without lubricant for the following cases. Friction coefficient stabilizer is not applied to the following bolts/nuts.
- Grade 4.8, M6 size bolt, Conical spring washer installed
- Paint removing nut (Size M6 and M8) for fixing with weld bolt

TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS

BOLTS

	Grade (Strength)	Discrim	nination
	4T (392N/mm²)	4	(No number/ symbol)
Previous standard	7T (686N/mm²)	7	
	9T (883N/mm²)	9	
	4.8 (420N/mm²)	4.8	(No number/symbol)
New Standard	8.8 (800N/mm²)	8.8	
	10.9 (1040N/mm²)	10.9	

NUTS

	Grade (Proof load stress)	Discrimination			
Previous	7N (686N/mm²)	(No number/symbol)			
standard	9N (883N/mm²)				
New	8 (800N/mm²)			(No number/symbol)	
Standard	10 (1040N/mm²)				

NOTICE:

- A number is assigned on the side of the nuts in some cases.
- A number or symbol is assigned on the upper surface of the flange for the nut with flange.



MACHINE SCREWS AND TAPPING SCREWS

Shape of the head:

Cross recess for the previous standard Torx recess for the new standard

Screw	Screw	Torx size
size	diameter	TOTA SIZE
M4	4.0	T20
M5	5.0	T20
M6	6.0	T30

NOTICE:

Use torx size T20 (united with M4 screw) for M5 screw although ISO standard specifies T25.

SAIA0453E

Revision: 2010 May GI-21 2011 QX56

GI

В

Е

D

F

G

Н

L

M

Ν

0

Р

RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS

Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants

INFOID:0000000006280850

Refer to the following chart for help in selecting the appropriate chemical product or sealant.

	Product Description	Purpose	Nissan North America Part No. (USA)	Nissan Canada Part No. (Canada)	Aftermarket Cross- reference Part Nos.
1	Rear View Mirror Adhesive	Used to permanently remount rear view mirrors to windows.	999MP-AM000P	99998-50505	Permatex 81844
2	Anaerobic Liquid Gas- ket	For metal-to-metal flange sealing. Can fill a 0.38 mm (0.015 inch) gap and provide instant sealing for most powertrain applications.	999MP-AM001P	99998-50503	Permatex 51813 and 51817
3	High Performance Thread Sealant	Provides instant sealing on any threaded straight or parallel threaded fitting. (Thread sealant only, no locking ability.) • Do not use on plastic.	999MP-AM002P	999MP-AM002P	Permatex 56521
4	Silicone RTV	Gasket Maker	999MP-AM003P (Ultra Grey)	99998-50506 (Ultra Grey)	Permatex Ultra Grey 82194; Three Bond 1207,1215, 1216, 1217F, 1217G and 1217H Nissan RTV Part No. 999MP-A7007
		Gasket Maker for Maxima/ Quest 5-speed automatic transmission (RE5F22A)	-	_	Three Bond 1281B or exact equivalent in its quality
5	High Temperature, High Strength Thread Locking Sealant (Red)	Threadlocker	999MP-AM004P	999MP-AM004P	Permatex 27200; Three Bond 1360, 1360N, 1305 N&P, 1307N, 1335, 1335B, 1363B, 1377C, 1386B, D&E and 1388 Loctite 648
6	Medium Strength Thread Locking Seal- ant (Blue)	ad Locking Seal-		999MP-AM005P	Permatex 24200, 24206, 24240, 24283 and 09178; Three Bond 1322, 1322N, 1324 D&N, 1333D, 1361C, 1364D, 1370C and 1374

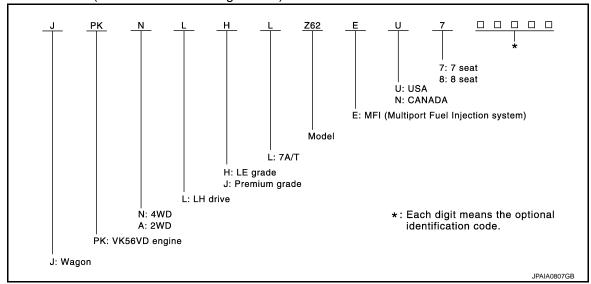
VEHICLE INFORMATION

IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

Model Variation

Destination	Body	Transmission	Engine	Axle	Grade	Model			
					LE	JPKNLHL-EU7			
				4WD	LL	JPKNLHL-EU8			
				4000	Premium	JPKNLJL-EU7			
USA								Fielillalli	JPKNLJL-EU8
USA	Magan	7A/T		VK56VD		LE	JPKALHL-EU7		
	vvagori	Wagon 7A/T VK56VD	2WD		JPKALHL-EU8				
					2000	Premium	JPKALJL-EU7		
								Fleilliulli	JPKALJL-EU8
CANADA	1							4WD	LE
CANADA				4VVD	4000	LE	JPKNLHL-EN8		

Model variation code (Prefix and suffix designations)



Information About Identification or Model Code

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

INFOID:0000000006280862

Ν

GI

В

D

Е

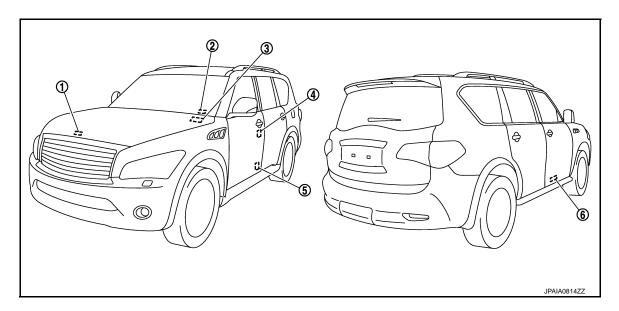
F

Н

 \cap

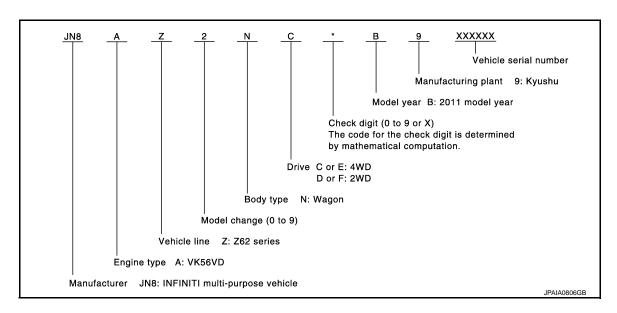
P

Revision: 2010 May GI-23 2011 QX56

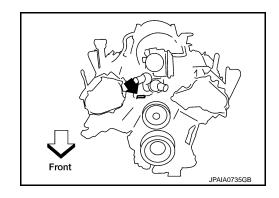


- 1. Air conditioner specification label
- 2. Vehicle identification number plate
- 4. Tire and loading information label
- 5. FMVSS certification label
- 3. Emission control information label
- Vehicle identification number (Chassis number)

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER ARRANGEMENT



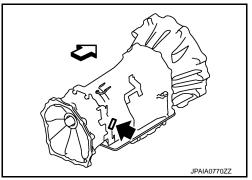
ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER



IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

< VEHICLE INFORMATION >

 \Diamond : Vehicle front



Dimensions

Unit: mm (in)

INFOID:0000000006280863

Overall length	5,290 (208.3)
Overall width	2,030 (79.9)
Overall height	1,925 (75.8)
Front tread	1,715 (67.5)
Rear tread	1,725 (67.9)
Wheelbase	3,075 (121.1)

Wheels & Tires INFOID:0000000006280864

	Tire	Tire		P275/60R20 114H
	Tire			P275/50R22 111H
Conventional		20 inch	Size	20 × 8J
Conventional	Conventional Road wheel	(Aluminum)	Offset	30 mm (1.18 in)
		22 inch	Size	22 × 8J
		(Aluminum)	Offset	30 mm (1.18 in)
	_		20 inch	P275/60R20 114H
	Tire		22 inch	P275/50R22 111H
Crara		20 inch	Size	20 × 8J
Spare	Road wheel	(Aluminum)	Offset	30 mm (1.18 in)
	Road wheel	22 inch	Size	22 × 8J
		(Aluminum)	Offset	30 mm (1.18 in)

0

Р

GI-25 Revision: 2010 May 2011 QX56

GI

В

D

Е

F

G

Н

Κ

M

Ν

PRECAUTIONS

Description INFOID:0000000000280865

Observe the following precautions to ensure safe and proper servicing. These precautions are not described in each individual section.

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the "SRS AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT" of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision that would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the "SRS AIR BAG".
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

WARNING:

- When working near the Air Bag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Air Bag System sensors with the
 ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s)
 with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly
 causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

INFOID:0000000006280867

Precautions For Xenon Headlamp Service

WARNING:

Comply with the following warnings to prevent any serious accident.

- Disconnect the battery cable (negative terminal) or the power supply fuse before installing, removing, or touching the xenon headlamp (bulb included). The xenon headlamp contains high-voltage generated parts.
- Never work with wet hands.
- Check the xenon headlamp ON-OFF status after assembling it to the vehicle. Never turn the xenon headlamp ON in other conditions. Connect the power supply to the vehicle-side connector. (Turning it ON outside the lamp case may cause fire or visual impairments.)
- Never touch the bulb glass immediately after turning it OFF. It is extremely hot.

CAUTION:

Comply with the following cautions to prevent any error and malfunction.

- Install the xenon bulb securely. (Insufficient bulb socket installation may melt the bulb, the connector, the housing, etc. by high-voltage leakage or corona discharge.)
- Never perform HID circuit inspection with a tester.
- Never touch the xenon bulb glass with hands. Never put oil and grease on it.
- Dispose of the used xenon bulb after packing it in thick vinyl without breaking it.
- Never wipe out dirt and contamination with organic solvent (thinner, gasoline, etc.).

Revision: 2010 May GI-26 2011 QX56

< PRECAUTION >

Precaution Necessary for Steering Wheel Rotation after Battery Disconnect

NOTE:

- Before removing and installing any control units, first turn the push-button ignition switch to the LOCK position, then disconnect both battery cables.
- After finishing work, confirm that all control unit connectors are connected properly, then re-connect both battery cables.
- Always use CONSULT-III to perform self-diagnosis as a part of each function inspection after finishing work. If a DTC is detected, perform trouble diagnosis according to self-diagnosis results.

For vehicle with steering lock unit, if the battery is disconnected or discharged, the steering wheel will lock and cannot be turned.

If turning the steering wheel is required with the battery disconnected or discharged, follow the operation procedure below before starting the repair operation.

OPERATION PROCEDURE

1. Connect both battery cables.

NOTE:

Supply power using jumper cables if battery is discharged.

- 2. Turn the push-button ignition switch to ACC position. (At this time, the steering lock will be released.)
- 3. Disconnect both battery cables. The steering lock will remain released with both battery cables disconnected and the steering wheel can be turned.
- 4. Perform the necessary repair operation.
- When the repair work is completed, re-connect both battery cables. With the brake pedal released, turn the push-button ignition switch from ACC position to ON position, then to LOCK position. (The steering wheel will lock when the push-button ignition switch is turned to LOCK position.)
- Perform self-diagnosis check of all control units using CONSULT-III.

Precaution for Procedure without Cowl Top Cover

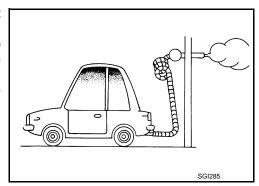
When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc.

(2

General Precautions

 Do not operate the engine for an extended period of time without proper exhaust ventilation.

Keep the work area well ventilated and free of any inflammable materials. Special care should be taken when handling any inflammable or poisonous materials, such as gasoline, refrigerant gas, etc. When working in a pit or other enclosed area, be sure to properly ventilate the area before working with hazardous materials. Do not smoke while working on the vehicle.



GΙ

Е

D

INFOID:0000000006280869

INFOID:0000000006280870

Ν

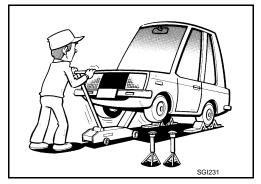
GI-27 Revision: 2010 May 2011 QX56

< PRECAUTION >

 Before jacking up the vehicle, apply wheel chocks or other tire blocks to the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving. After jacking up the vehicle, support the vehicle weight with safety stands at the points designated for proper lifting before working on the vehicle

These operations should be done on a level surface.

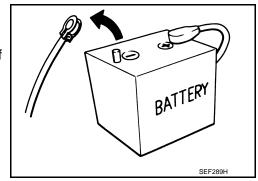
When removing a heavy component such as the engine or transaxle/transmission, be careful not to lose your balance and drop them. Also, do not allow them to strike adjacent parts, especially the brake tubes and master cylinder.



 Before starting repairs which do not require battery power: Turn off ignition switch.

Disconnect the negative battery terminal.

 If the battery terminals are disconnected, recorded memory of radio and each control unit is erased.



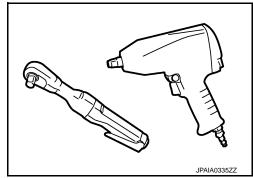
• To prevent serious burns:

Avoid contact with hot metal parts.

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.

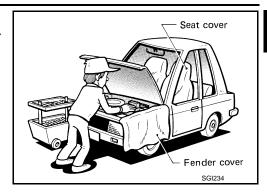
- Dispose of drained oil or the solvent used for cleaning parts in an appropriate manner.
- Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically.
- Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray and possibly a fire.
- Clean all disassembled parts in the designated liquid or solvent prior to inspection or assembly.
- Replace oil seals, gaskets, packings, O-rings, locking washers, cotter pins, self-locking nuts, etc. with new ones.
- Replace inner and outer races of tapered roller bearings and needle bearings as a set.
- Arrange the disassembled parts in accordance with their assembled locations and sequence.
- Do not touch the terminals of electrical components which use microcomputers (such as ECM). Static electricity may damage internal electronic components.
- After disconnecting vacuum or air hoses, attach a tag to indicate the proper connection.
- Use only the fluids and lubricants specified in this manual.
- Use approved bonding agent, sealants or their equivalents when required.
- Use hand tools, power tools (disassembly only) and recommended special tools where specified for safe and efficient service repairs.
- When repairing the fuel, oil, water, vacuum or exhaust systems, check all affected lines for leakage.





< PRECAUTION >

Before servicing the vehicle:
 Protect fenders, upholstery and carpeting with appropriate covers.
 Take caution that keys, buckles or buttons do not scratch paint.



WARNING:

To prevent ECM from storing the diagnostic trouble codes, never carelessly disconnect the harness connectors which are related to the engine control system and TCM (transmission control module) system. The connectors should be disconnected only when working according to the WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and TM sections.

Three Way Catalyst

If a large amount of unburned fuel flows into the catalyst, the catalyst temperature will be excessively high. To prevent this, follow the instructions.

- Use unleaded gasoline only. Leaded gasoline will seriously damage the three way catalyst.
- When checking for ignition spark or measuring engine compression, make tests quickly and only when necessary.
- Do not run engine when the fuel tank level is low, otherwise the engine may misfire, causing damage to the catalyst.

Do not place the vehicle on flammable material. Keep flammable material off the exhaust pipe and the three way catalyst.

Multiport Fuel Injection System or Engine Control System

 Before connecting or disconnecting any harness connector for the multiport fuel injection system or ECM:

Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.

Disconnect negative battery terminal.

Otherwise, there may be damage to ECM.

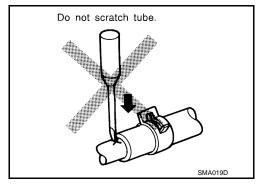
- Before disconnecting pressurized fuel line from fuel pump to injectors, be sure to release fuel pressure.
- Be careful not to jar components such as ECM and mass air flow sensor.



Hoses

HOSE REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

 To prevent damage to rubber hose, do not pry off rubber hose with tapered tool or screwdriver.



GI

D

Е

J

INFOID:0000000006280872

K

M

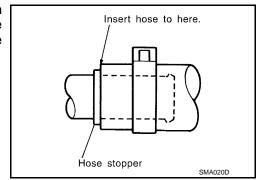
Ν

Ρ

Revision: 2010 May GI-29 2011 QX56

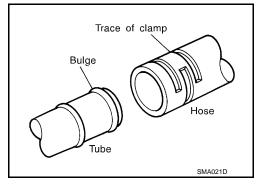
< PRECAUTION >

 To reinstall the rubber hose securely, check that hose insertion length and orientation is correct. (If tube is equipped with hose stopper, insert rubber hose into tube until it butts up against hose stopper.)

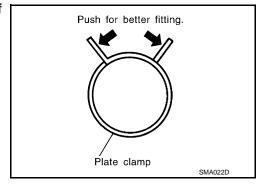


HOSE CLAMPING

- If old rubber hose is re-used, install hose clamp in its original position (at the indentation where the old clamp was). If there is a trace of tube bulging left on the old rubber hose, align rubber hose at that position.
- Discard old clamps; replace with new ones.



 After installing plate clamps, apply force to them in the direction of the arrow, tightening rubber hose equally all around.



Engine Oils

INFOID:0000000006280874

Prolonged and repeated contact with used engine oil may cause skin cancer. Try to avoid direct skin contact with used oil.

If skin contact is made, wash thoroughly with soap or hand cleaner as soon as possible.

HEALTH PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS

- Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with oils, particularly used engine oils.
- Wear protective clothing, including impervious gloves where practicable.
- Do not put oily rags in pockets.
- Avoid contaminating clothes, particularly underpants, with oil.
- Heavily soiled clothing and oil-impregnated footwear should not be worn. Overalls must be cleaned regularly.
- First aid treatment should be obtained immediately for open cuts and wounds.
- Use barrier creams, applying them before each work period, to help the removal of oil from the skin.
- Wash with soap and water to ensure all oil is removed (skin cleansers and nail brushes will help). Preparations containing lanolin replace the natural skin oils which have been removed.
- Do not use gasoline, kerosene, diesel fuel, gas oil, thinners or solvents for cleaning skin.
- If skin disorders develop, obtain medical advice without delay.
- Where practical, degrease components prior to handling.
- Where there is a risk of eye contact, eye protection should be worn, for example, chemical goggles or face shields; in addition an eye wash facility should be provided.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS

< PRECAUTION >

Dispose of used oil and used oil filters through authorized waste disposal contractors to licensed waste disposal sites, or to the waste oil reclamation trade. If in doubt, contact the local authority for advice on disposal facilities.

It is illegal to pour used oil on to the ground, down sewers or drains, or into water sources. The regulations concerning pollution vary between regions.

Air Conditioning

Use an approved refrigerant recovery unit any time the air conditioning system must be discharged. Refer to HA section "REFRIGERANT" for specific instructions.

Fuel INFOID:000000006280876

INFINITI recommends the use of unleaded premium gasoline with an octane rating of at least 91 AKI (Anti-Knock Index) number (Research octane number 96).

If unleaded premium gasoline is not available, unleaded regular gasoline with an octane rating of at least 87 AKI number (Research octane number 91), can be used. In such case, engine performance may be decrease.

CAUTION:

- Using a fuel other than that specified could adversely affect the emission control system, and may also affect warranty coverage.
- Under no circumstances should a leaded gasoline be used, because this will damage the three-way catalyst.
- Do not use E-85 fuel in the vehicle. The vehicle is not designed to run on E-85 fuel. Using E-85 fuel
 can damage the fuel system components and is not covered by the INFINITI vehicle limited warranty.

Revision: 2010 May GI-31 2011 QX56

GI

В

Е

F

G

111

J

Κ

.

M

Ν

Ρ

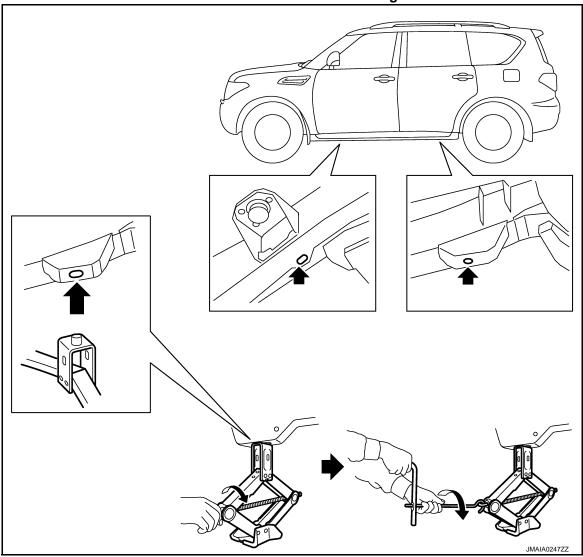
LIFTING POINT

Pantograph Jack

WARNING:

Never get under the vehicle while it is supported only by the jack. Always use safety stands to support the frame when you have to get under the vehicle.

• Place wheel chocks at both front and back of the wheels on the ground.



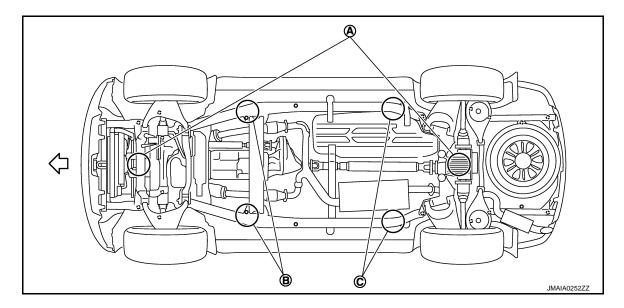
Garage Jack and Safety Stand

CAUTION:

 Place a wooden or rubber block between safety stand and vehicle body when the supporting body is flat.

INFOID:0000000006280878

• Remove engine under cover before jacking up the front side of the vehicle with garage jack. Refer to BRM-39, "Rear Fender".



A : Garage jack point
B : Safety stand point

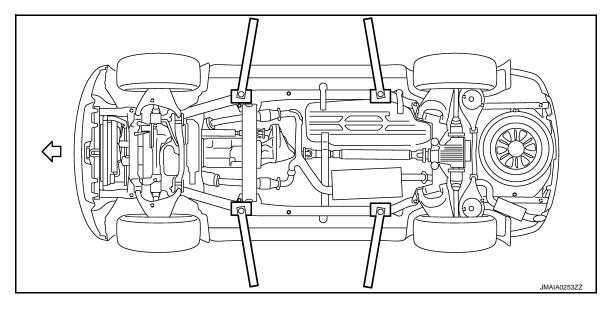
⟨□ : Vehicle front

2-Pole Lift

WARNING:

• When lifting the vehicle, open the lift arms as wide as possible and ensure that the front and rear of the vehicle are well balanced.

• When setting the lift arm, never allow the arm to contact the brake tubes, brake cable, or fuel lines.



GI

В

C

D

Е

F

G

Н

INFOID:0000000006280879

J

K

M

Ν

0

Р

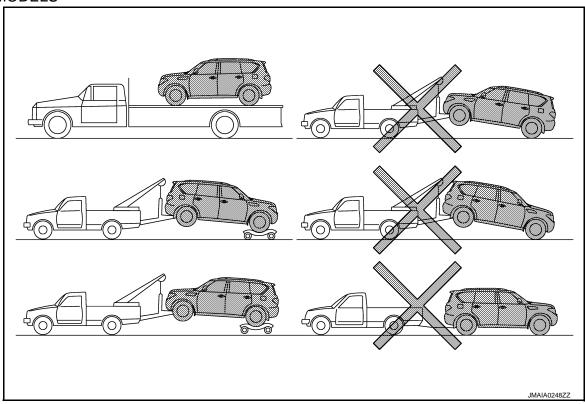
TOW TRUCK TOWING

Tow Truck Towing

CAUTION:

- All applicable local laws regarding the towing operation must be obeyed.
- It is necessary to use proper towing equipment to avoid possible damage to the vehicle during towing operation. Towing is in accordance with Towing Procedure Manual at dealer.
- · Always attach safety chains before towing.
- When towing, check that the transmission, steering system and powertrain are in good order. If any unit is damaged, dollies must be used.
- Never tow automatic transmission model from the rear (that is backward) with four wheels on the ground. This may cause serious and expensive damage to the transmission.

4WD MODELS



NISSAN recommends that a dolly be used as illustrated when towing 4WD models. **CAUTION:**

Never tow 4WD models with any of the wheels on the ground as this may cause serious and expensive damage to the powertrain.

Vehicle Recovery (Freeing a Stuck Vehicle)

INFOID:0000000006280881

FREEING TRAPPED VEHICLE

WARNING:

- Stand clear of a stuck vehicle.
- Never allow anyone to stand near the towing line during the pulling operation.
- Never spin your tires at high speed. This could cause them to explode and result in serious injury.
 Parts of your vehicle could also overheat and be damaged.

CAUTION:

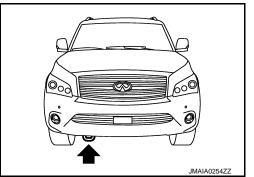
- Tow chains or cables must be attached only to the vehicle recovery hooks or main structural members of the vehicle. Otherwise, the vehicle body will be damaged.
- Never use the vehicle tie downs to free a vehicle stuck in sand, snow, mud, etc. Never tow the vehicle using the vehicle tie downs or recovery hooks.
- Always pull the cable straight out from the front of the vehicle. Never pull on the hook at an angle.

TOW TRUCK TOWING

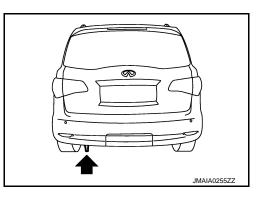
< PRECAUTION >

- Pulling devices should be routed so they do not touch any part of the suspension, steering, brake or cooling systems.
- Pulling devices such as ropes or canvas straps are not recommended for use in vehicle towing or recovery.
- In order to not break the towing line, tension it slowly.

FRONT



REAR



AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

To tow a vehicle equipped with an automatic transmission, an appropriate vehicle dolly MUST be placed under the towed vehicle's drive wheels. Always follow the dolly manufacture's recommendations when using their

If the vehicle is stuck in sand, snow, mud, etc., use the following procedure:

- Turn off the Vehicle Dynamic Control System. (if equipped)
- 2. Check the area in front and behind the vehicle is clear of obstructions.
- Turn the steering wheel right and left to clear an area around the front tires.
- Slowly rock the vehicle forward and backward.
 - Shift back and forth between R (reverse) and D (drive).
 - Apply the accelerator as little as possible to maintain the rocking motion.
 - Release the accelerator pedal before shifting between R and D.
 - Do not spin the tires above 35 mph. (55 km/h).
- If the vehicle can not be freed after a few tries, contact a professional towing service to remove the vehi-5. cle.

GI-35 Revision: 2010 May 2011 QX56

GΙ

В

D

Е

K

M

Ν

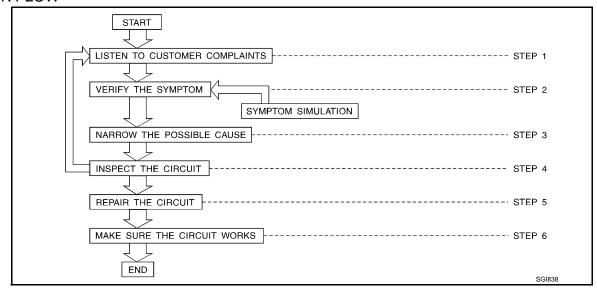
Р

BASIC INSPECTION

SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

Work Flow

WORK FLOW



STEP	DESCRIPTION	
STEP 1	Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident occurred. The following are key pieces of information required to make a good analysis:	
	WHAT	Vehicle Model, Engine, Transmission/Transaxle and the System (i.e. Radio).
	WHEN	Date, Time of Day, Weather Conditions, Frequency.
	WHERE	Road Conditions, Altitude and Traffic Situation.
	ном	System Symptoms, Operating Conditions (Other Components Interaction). Service History and if any After Market Accessories have been installed.
STEP 2	Operate the system, road test if necessary. Verify the parameter of the incident. If the problem cannot be duplicated, refer to "Incident Simulation Tests".	
STEP 3	Get the proper diagnosis materials together including: • Power Supply Routing • System Operation Descriptions • Applicable Service Manual Sections • Check for any Service Bulletins Identify where to begin diagnosis based upon your knowledge of the system operation and the customer comments.	
STEP 4	Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage. Determine which circuits and components are involved and diagnose using the Power Supply Routing and Harness Layouts.	
STEP 5	Repair or replace the incident circuit or component.	
STEP 6	Operate the system in all modes. Verify the system works properly under all conditions. check you have not inadvertently created a new incident during your diagnosis or repair steps.	

Control Units and Electrical Parts

INFOID:0000000006280852

PRECAUTIONS

- Never reverse polarity of battery terminals.
- Install only parts specified for a vehicle.
- · Before replacing the control unit, check the input and output and functions of the component parts.
- Do not apply excessive force when disconnecting a connector.

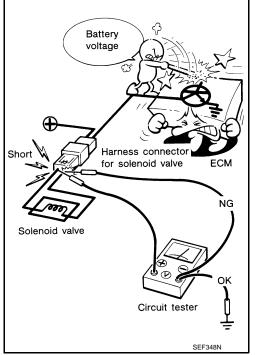
< BASIC INSPECTION >

- Do not apply excessive shock to the control unit by dropping or hitting it.
- Be careful to prevent condensation in the control unit due to rapid temperature changes and do not let water or rain get on it. If water is found in the control unit, dry it fully and then install it in the vehi-
- Be careful not to let oil to get on the control unit connector.
- Avoid cleaning the control unit with volatile oil.
- Do not disassemble the control unit, and do not remove the upper and lower covers.



 When using a DMM, be careful not to let test probes get close to each other to prevent the power transistor in the control unit from damaging battery voltage because of short circuiting.

· When checking input and output signals of the control unit, use the specified check adapter.



How to Check Terminal

CONNECTOR AND TERMINAL PIN KIT

- Use the connector and terminal pin kits listed below when replacing connectors or terminals.
- The connector and terminal pin kits contain some of the most commonly used NISSAN/INFINITI connectors and terminals. For detailed connector and terminal pin replacement procedures, refer to the latest NISSAN/ INFINITI CONNECTOR AND TERMINAL PIN SERVICE MANUAL.

GΙ

D

Е

F

Н

K

INFOID:0000000006280853

Ν

M

Р

GI-37 Revision: 2010 May 2011 QX56

< BASIC INSPECTION >

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Desc	ription	
- (J38751-95NI) Connector and terminal pin kit (NISSAN)	J38751-95NI	J38751-95INF	J <u>42</u> 992-98KIT	J42992-2000UPD
(J38751-95INF) Connector and terminal pin kit (INFINITI) - (J42992-98KIT) OBD and terminal repair kit				
(J42992-2000UPD) OBD-II Connector Kit Update		WAIA0004E		WAIA0005E

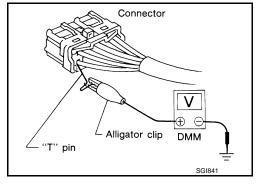
HOW TO PROBE CONNECTORS

- Connector damage and an intermittent connection can result from improperly probing of the connector during circuit checks.
- The probe of a digital multimeter (DMM) may not correctly fit the connector cavity. To correctly probe the connector, follow the procedures below using a "T" pin. For the best contact grasp the "T" pin using an alligator clip.

Probing from Harness Side

Standard type (not waterproof type) connector should be probed from harness side with "T" pin.

- If the connector has a rear cover such as a ECM connector, remove the rear cover before probing the terminal.
- Do not probe waterproof connector from harness side. Damage to the seal between wire and connector may result.

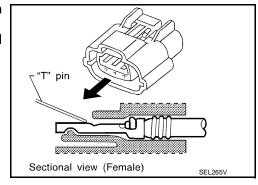


Probing from Terminal Side

FEMALE TERMINAL

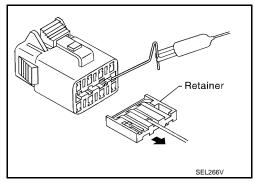
 There is a small notch above each female terminal. Probe each terminal with the "T" pin through the notch.
 Do not insert any object other than the same type male terminal

into female terminal.



< BASIC INSPECTION >

 Some connectors do not have a notch above each terminal. To probe each terminal, remove the connector retainer to make contact space for probing.

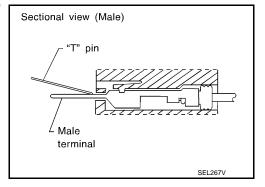


MALE TERMINAL

 Carefully probe the contact surface of each terminal using a "T" pin.

CAUTION:

Never bend terminal.

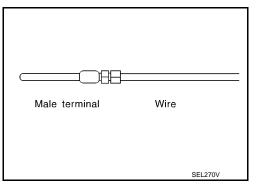


How to Check Enlarged Contact Spring of Terminal

- An enlarged contact spring of a terminal may create intermittent signals in the circuit.
- If the intermittent open circuit occurs, follow the procedure below to inspect for open wires and enlarged contact spring of female terminal.
- 1. Assemble a male terminal and approx. 10 cm (3.9 in) of wire. **NOTE:**

Use a male terminal which matches the female terminal.

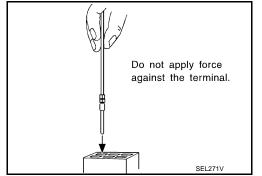
2. Disconnect the suspected faulty connector and hold it terminal side up.



3. While holding the wire of the male terminal, try to insert the male terminal into the female terminal.

CAUTION:

Never force the male terminal into the female terminal with your hands.



GI

В

С

Е

D

F

Н

J

K

L

M

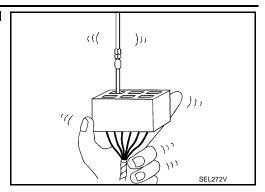
Ν

0

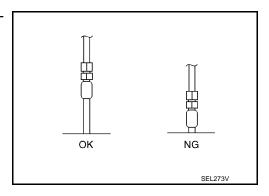
Revision: 2010 May GI-39 2011 QX56

< BASIC INSPECTION >

4. While moving the connector, check whether the male terminal can be easily inserted or not.



If the male terminal can be easily inserted into the female terminal, replace the female terminal.



Waterproof Connector Inspection

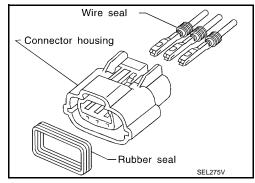
If water enters the connector, it can short interior circuits. This may lead to intermittent problems. Check the following items to maintain the original waterproof characteristics.

RUBBER SEAL INSPECTION

- Most waterproof connectors are provided with a rubber seal between the male and female connectors. If the seal is missing, the waterproof performance may not meet specifications.
- The rubber seal may come off when connectors are disconnected.
 Whenever connectors are reconnected, check the rubber seal is properly installed on either side of male or female connector.

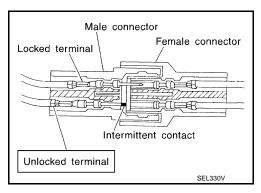
WIRE SEAL INSPECTION

 The wire seal must be installed on the wire insertion area of a waterproof connector. Be sure that the seal is installed properly.



Terminal Lock Inspection

Check for unlocked terminals by pulling wire at the end of connector. An unlocked terminal may create intermittent signals in the circuit.



Intermittent Incident

INFOID:0000000006280854

DESCRIPTION

Sometimes the symptom is not present when the vehicle is brought in for service. If possible, re-create the conditions present at the time of the incident. Doing so may help avoid a No Trouble Found Diagnosis. The fol-

< BASIC INSPECTION >

lowing section illustrates ways to simulate the conditions/environment under which the owner experiences an electrical incident.

The section is broken into the six following topics:

- Vehicle vibration
- Heat sensitive
- Freezing
- · Water intrusion
- Electrical load
- Cold or hot start up

Get a thorough description of the incident from the customer. It is important for simulating the conditions of the problem.

VEHICLE VIBRATION

The problem may occur or become worse while driving on a rough road or when engine is vibrating (idle with A/C on). In such a case, you will want to check for a vibration related condition. Refer to the following illustration.

Connector & Harness

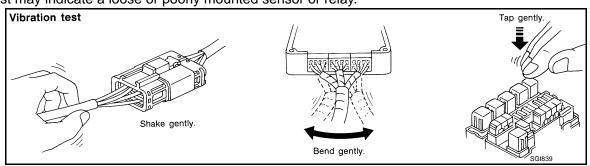
Determine which connectors and wiring harness would affect the electrical system you are inspecting. Gently shake each connector and harness while monitoring the system for the incident you are trying to duplicate. This test may indicate a loose or poor electrical connection.

Hint

Connectors can be exposed to moisture. It is possible to get a thin film of corrosion on the connector terminals. A visual inspection may not reveal this without disconnecting the connector. If the problem occurs intermittently, perhaps the problem is caused by corrosion. It is a good idea to disconnect, inspect and clean the terminals on related connectors in the system.

Sensor & Relay

Gently apply a slight vibration to sensors and relays in the system you are inspecting. This test may indicate a loose or poorly mounted sensor or relay.



Engine Compartment

There are several reasons a vehicle or engine vibration could cause an electrical complaint. Some of the things to check for are:

- Connectors not fully seated.
- · Wiring harness not long enough and is being stressed due to engine vibrations or rocking.
- Wires laying across brackets or moving components.
- Loose, dirty or corroded ground wires.
- Wires routed too close to hot components.

To inspect components under the hood, start by verifying the integrity of ground connections. (Refer to Ground Inspection described later.) First check that the system is properly grounded. Then check for loose connection by gently shaking the wiring or components as previously explained. Using the wiring diagrams inspect the wiring for continuity.

Behind the Instrument Panel

An improperly routed or improperly clamped harness can become pinched during accessory installation. Vehicle vibration can aggravate a harness which is routed along a bracket or near a screw.

Under Seating Areas

D

Е

GΙ

G

J

K

L

M

N

Р

< BASIC INSPECTION >

An unclamped or loose harness can cause wiring to be pinched by seat components (such as slide guides) during vehicle vibration. If the wiring runs under seating areas, inspect wire routing for possible damage or pinching.

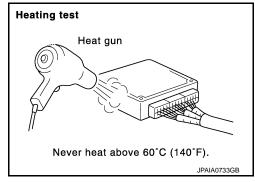
HEAT SENSITIVE

- The customer's concern may occur during hot weather or after car has sat for a short time. In such cases you will want to check for a heat sensitive condition.
- To determine if an electrical component is heat sensitive, heat the component with a heat gun or equivalent.

CAUTION:

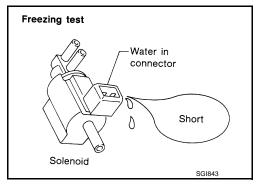
Never heat components above 60°C (140°F).

• If incident occurs while heating the unit, either replace or properly insulate the component.



FREEZING

- The customer may indicate the incident goes away after the car warms up (winter time). The cause could be related to water freezing somewhere in the wiring/electrical system.
- There are two methods to check for this. The first is to arrange for the owner to leave his car overnight. Check it will get cold enough to demonstrate his complaint. Leave the car parked outside overnight. In the morning, do a quick and thorough diagnosis of those electrical components which could be affected.
- The second method is to put the suspect component into a freezer long enough for any water to freeze. Reinstall the part into the car and check for the reoccurrence of the incident. If it occurs, repair or replace the component.



WATER INTRUSION

The incident may occur only during high humidity or in rainy/snowy weather. In such cases the incident could be caused by water intrusion on an electrical part. This can be simulated by soaking the car or running it through a car wash.

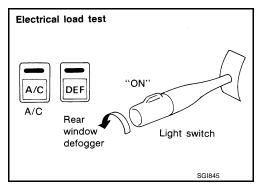
CAUTION:

Never spray water directly on any electrical components.



ELECTRICAL LOAD

The incident may be electrical load sensitive. Perform diagnosis with all accessories (including A/C, rear window defogger, radio, fog lamps) turned on.



COLD OR HOT START UP

On some occasions an electrical incident may occur only when the car is started cold, or it may occur when the car is restarted hot shortly after being turned off. In these cases you may have to keep the car overnight to make a proper diagnosis.

< BASIC INSPECTION >

Circuit Inspection

INFOID:0000000006280855

GΙ

В

D

Е

F

DESCRIPTION

- In general, testing electrical circuits is an easy task if it is approached in a logical and organized method. Before beginning it is important to have all available information on the system to be tested. Also, get a thorough understanding of system operation. Then you will be able to use the appropriate equipment and follow the correct test procedure.
- You may have to simulate vehicle vibrations while testing electrical components. Gently shake the wiring harness or electrical component to do this.

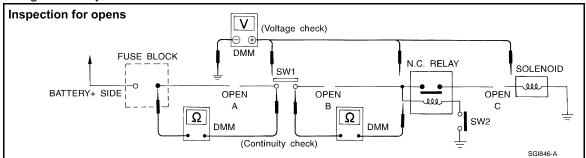
OPEN	A circuit is open when there is no cor	ntinuity through a section of the circuit.
	There are two types of shorts.	
SHORT	SHORT CIRCUIT	When a circuit contacts another circuit and causes the normal resistance to change.
	SHORT TO GROUND	When a circuit contacts a ground source and grounds the circuit.

NOTE:

Refer to GI-37, "How to Check Terminal" to probe or check terminal.

TESTING FOR "OPENS" IN THE CIRCUIT

Before you begin to diagnose and test the system, you should rough sketch a schematic of the system. This will help you to logically walk through the diagnosis process. Drawing the sketch will also reinforce your working knowledge of the system.



Continuity Check Method

The continuity check is used to find an open in the circuit. The digital multimeter (DMM) set on the resistance function will indicate an open circuit as over limit (no beep tone or no ohms symbol). Check to always start with the DMM at the highest resistance level.

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits, please refer to the previous schematic.

- Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- Start at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end. (At the fuse block in this example)
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the fuse block terminal on the load side.
- Connect the other probe to the fuse block (power) side of SW1. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point A)
- Connect the probes between SW1 and the relay. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit
 has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point B)
- Connect the probes between the relay and the solenoid. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the
 circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point C)

Any circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

Voltage Check Method

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits please refer to the previous schematic.

In any powered circuit, an open can be found by methodically checking the system for the presence of voltage. This is done by switching the DMM to the voltage function.

- Connect one probe of the DMM to a known good ground.
- Begin probing at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end.
- With SW1 open, probe at SW1 to check for voltage. voltage: open is further down the circuit than SW1.

Н

L

N

Ν

0

Р

2011 QX56

< BASIC INSPECTION >

no voltage: open is between fuse block and SW1 (point A).

Close SW1 and probe at relay.

voltage: open is further down the circuit than the relay.

no voltage: open is between SW1 and relay (point B).

Close the relay and probe at the solenoid.

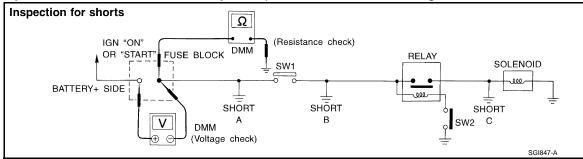
voltage: open is further down the circuit than the solenoid.

no voltage: open is between relay and solenoid (point C).

Any powered circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

TESTING FOR "SHORTS" IN THE CIRCUIT

To simplify the discussion of shorts in the system, please refer to the following schematic.



Resistance Check Method

- Disconnect the battery negative cable and remove the blown fuse.
- Disconnect all loads (SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the load side of the fuse terminal. Connect the other probe to a known good ground.
- With SW1 open, check for continuity.
 - continuity: short is between fuse terminal and SW1 (point A).
 - no continuit: short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- Close SW1 and disconnect the relay. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground.
 Then, check for continuity.
 - continuity: short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).
 - no continuity: short is further down the circuit than the relay.
- Close SW1 and jump the relay contacts with jumper wire. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground. Then, check for continuity.

continuity: short is between relay and solenoid (point C).

no continuity: check solenoid, retrace steps.

Voltage Check Method

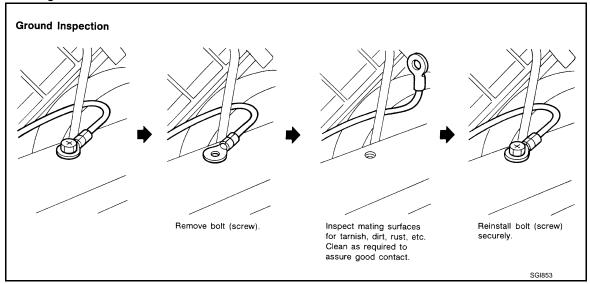
- Remove the blown fuse and disconnect all loads (i.e. SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Turn the ignition switch to the ON or START position. Verify battery voltage at the battery + side of the fuse terminal (one lead on the battery + terminal side of the fuse block and one lead on a known good ground).
- With SW1 open and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage.
 - voltage: short is between fuse block and SW1 (point A).
 - no voltage: short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- With SW1 closed, relay and solenoid disconnected and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage.
 - voltage: short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).
 - no voltage: short is further down the circuit than the relay.
- With SW1 closed, relay contacts jumped with fused jumper wire check for voltage.
 voltage: short is down the circuit of the relay or between the relay and the disconnected solenoid (point C).
 no voltage: retrace steps and check power to fuse block.

GROUND INSPECTION

- Ground connections are very important to the proper operation of electrical and electronic circuits. Ground connections are often exposed to moisture, dirt and other corrosive elements. The corrosion (rust) can become an unwanted resistance. This unwanted resistance can change the way a circuit works.
- Electronically controlled circuits are very sensitive to proper grounding. A loose or corroded ground can drastically affect an electronically controlled circuit. A poor or corroded ground can easily affect the circuit. Even when the ground connection looks clean, there can be a thin film of rust on the surface.

< BASIC INSPECTION >

- When inspecting a ground connection follow these rules:
- Remove the ground bolt or screw.
- Inspect all mating surfaces for tarnish, dirt, rust, etc.
- Clean as required to assure good contact.
- Reinstall bolt or screw securely.
- Inspect for "add-on" accessories which may be interfering with the ground circuit.
- If several wires are crimped into one ground eyelet terminal, check for proper crimps. Check all of the wires are clean, securely fastened and providing a good ground path. If multiple wires are cased in one eyelet check no ground wires have excess wire insulation.
- For detailed ground distribution information, refer to "Ground Distribution" in PG section.



VOLTAGE DROP TESTS

- Voltage drop tests are often used to find components or circuits which have excessive resistance. A voltage drop in a circuit is caused by a resistance when the circuit is in operation.
- Check the wire in the illustration. When measuring resistance with DMM, contact by a single strand of wire will give reading of 0 ohms. This would indicate a good circuit. When the circuit operates, this single strand of wire is not able to carry the current. The single strand will have a high resistance to the current. This will be picked up as a slight voltage drop.
- Unwanted resistance can be caused by many situations as follows:
- Undersized wiring (single strand example)
- Corrosion on switch contacts
- Loose wire connections or splices.
- If repairs are needed always use wire that is of the same or larger gauge.

Measuring Voltage Drop — Accumulated Method

- Connect the DMM across the connector or part of the circuit you want to check. The positive lead of the DMM should be closer to power and the negative lead closer to ground.
- Operate the circuit.
- The DMM will indicate how many volts are being used to "push" current through that part of the circuit.

Ν

Р

Revision: 2010 May GI-45 2011 QX56

GΙ

В

Е

D

F

G

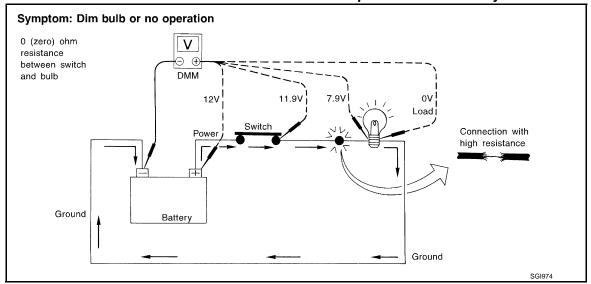
Н

K

L

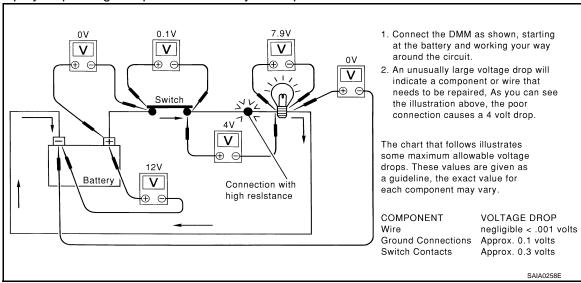
< BASIC INSPECTION >

Note in the illustration that there is an excessive 4.1 volt drop between the battery and the bulb.



Measuring Voltage Drop — Step-by-Step

- The step-by-step method is most useful for isolating excessive drops in low voltage systems (such as those in "Computer Controlled Systems").
- Circuits in the "Computer Controlled System" operate on very low amperage.
- The (Computer Controlled) system operations can be adversely affected by any variation in resistance in the system. Such resistance variation may be caused by poor connection, improper installation, improper wire gauge or corrosion.
- The step by step voltage drop test can identify a component or wire with too much resistance.

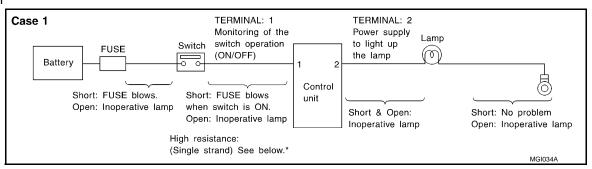


CONTROL UNIT CIRCUIT TEST

System Description

When the switch is ON, the control unit lights up the lamp.

CASE 1

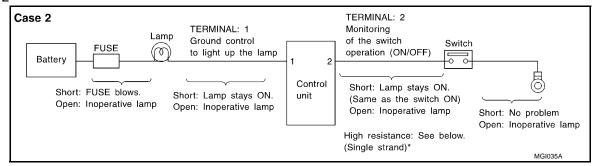


< BASIC INSPECTION >

INPUT-OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHART Terminal No. Description In case of high resistance such as single Condition Value (Approx.) Input/ strand (V) * Signal name Output Lower than battery voltage Approx. 8 (Ex-Switch ON Battery voltage Body ample) Switch 1 Input ground Switch OFF 0 V Approx. 0 Switch ON Battery voltage Approx. 0 (Inoperative lamp) Body 2 Output Lamp ground Switch OFF 0 V Approx. 0

- The voltage value is based on the body ground.
- *: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 1 does not detect battery voltage. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not supply power to light up the lamp.

CASE 2



INPUT-OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHART

Terr	minal No.	Descrip	tion			In case of high resistance such as single				
+	_	Signal name	Input/ Output	Condition	Value (Approx.)	strand (V) *				
1	Body	Lamp	Output	Switch ON	0 V	Battery voltage (Inoperative lamp)				
ı	ground	Lamp	Output	Switch OFF	Battery voltage	Battery voltage				
2	Body	Switch	Input	Switch ON	0 V	Higher than 0 Approx. 4 (Example)				
	ground	Switch	прис	Switch OFF	5 V	Approx. 5				

- · The voltage value is based on the body ground.
- *: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 2 does not detect approx. 0 V. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not control ground to light up the lamp.

GI

В

С

Е

D

F

G

Н

K

M

Ν

0

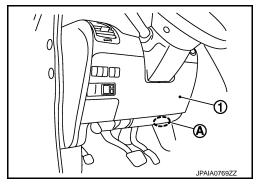
Р

< BASIC INSPECTION >

CONSULT-III/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

Description INFOID:0000000000280856

- When CONSULT-III/GST is connected with a data link connector (A) equipped on the vehicle side, it will communicate with the control unit equipped in the vehicle and then enable various kinds of diagnostic tests.
 - 1 : Instrument lower panel LH
- Refer to "CONSULT-III Software Operation Manual" for more information.



CONSULT-III Function and System Application*1

INFOID:0000000006280857

Diagnostic test mode	Function	ENGINE	TRANSMISSION	AIR BAG	METER/M&A	AUTO BACK DOOR	BCM	AUTO DRIVE POS.	ABS	IPDM E/R	ALL MODE AWD/4WD	MULTI AV	ICC/ADAS	SONAR	AIR PRESSURE MONITOR	AFS (ADAPTIVE LIGHT)	PRECRASH SEAT BELT	HVAC	LASER	LANE CAMERA	ACCELE PEDAL ACT	E-SUS	SIDE RADAR LEFT	SIDE RADAR RIGHT	CAN GATEWAY
Work Support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately.	х	х	-	-	-	х	х	х	-	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	х	х	х	-	х	х	х	-
Self Diagnostic Results	Retrieve DTC from ECU and display diagnostic items.	х	x	x	х	x	х	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	x	х	х	x	х	х
Data Monitor	Monitor the input/output signal of the control unit in real time.	х	x	-	х	x	х	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	x	х	х	x	х	-
CAN Diagnosis	This mode displays a network diag- nosis result about CAN by a diagram.	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	х	х	х	х	x	х	x	х	х	х	х
CAN Diagnosis Support Moni- tor	It monitors the status of CAN commu- nication.	х	x	-	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	-	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х

< BASIC INSPECTION >

			NOIS	(D	&A	DOOR		POS.		œ	/D/4WD	>	Ŋ		MONITOF	: LIGHT)	AT BELT			ERA	PEDAL ACT		LEFT	RIGHT	WAY	GI
Diagnostic test mode	Function	ENGINE	TRANSMISSION	AIR BAG	METER/M&A	AUTO BACK DOOR	BCM	AUTO DRIVE	ABS	IPDM E/R	L MODE AWD/4WD	MULTI AV	ICC/ADAS	SONAR	AIR PRESSURE MONITOR	AFS (ADAPTIVE LIGHT)	PRECRASH SEAT BELT	HVAC	LASER	LANE CAMERA	ACCELE PEDA	E-SUS	SIDE RADAR LEFT	SIDE RADAR RIGHT	CAN GATEWAY	В
						A		A			ALL				AIR P	AFS	PRE				AC		S	S		С
	Send the drive signal from CON- SULT-III to																									D
Active Test	the actuator. The operation check can be performed.	х	-	-	-	-	х	х	х	x	-	-	х	х	x	x	-	х	-	-	x	х	x	х	-	Е
DTC & SRT	The status of system moni- toring tests and the self-	x	x	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	F G
confirmation	diagnosis status/result can be con- firmed.	^	^																							Н
ECU Identification	Display the ECU identifi- cation num- ber (part number etc.) of the select-	x	x	x	-	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	×	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	I
	ed system.																									J
	This mode can show re- sults of self- diagnosis of ECU with ei- ther "OK" or																									K
Function Test	"NG". For engine, more practical	х	х	х	-	-	-	-	x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L
	tests regard- ing sensors/ switches and/ or actuators are available.																									M
Configuration	Function to READ/ WRITE vehi-	-	-	-	-	-	x	-	-	-	-	х	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	x	N
	cle configura- tion.																									0
Special Function	Other results or histories, etc. that are recorded in ECU are dis- played.	-	x	x	x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Ρ

x: Applicable

Revision: 2010 May GI-49 2011 QX56

^{*1:} If GST application is equipped, functions in accordance with SAE J1979 and ISO 15031-5 can be used.

< BASIC INSPECTION >

CONSULT-III/GST Data Link Connector (DLC) Circuit

INFOID:0000000006280858

INSPECTION PROCEDURE

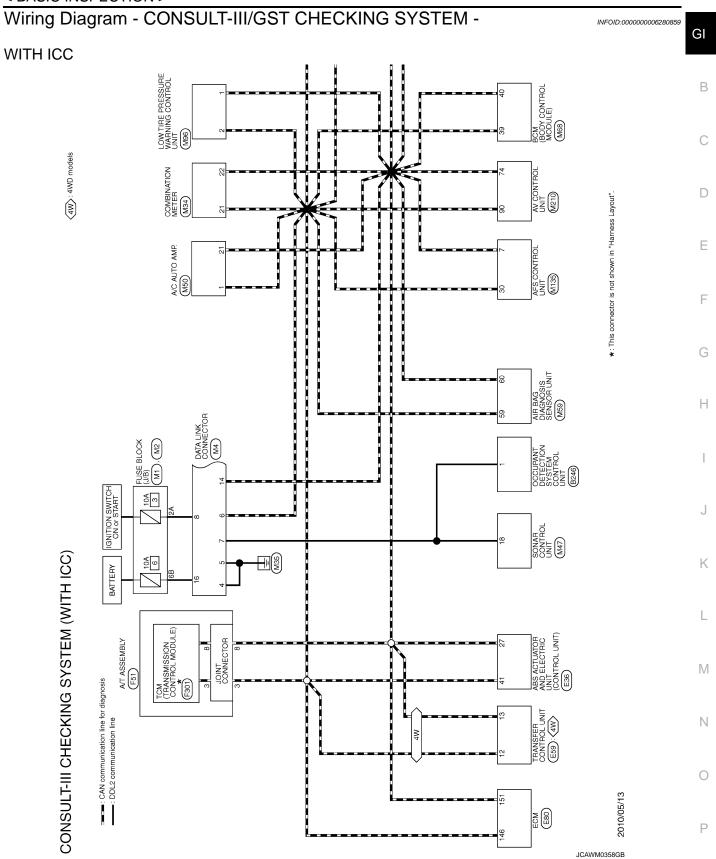
If the CONSULT-III/GST cannot diagnose the system properly, check the following items.

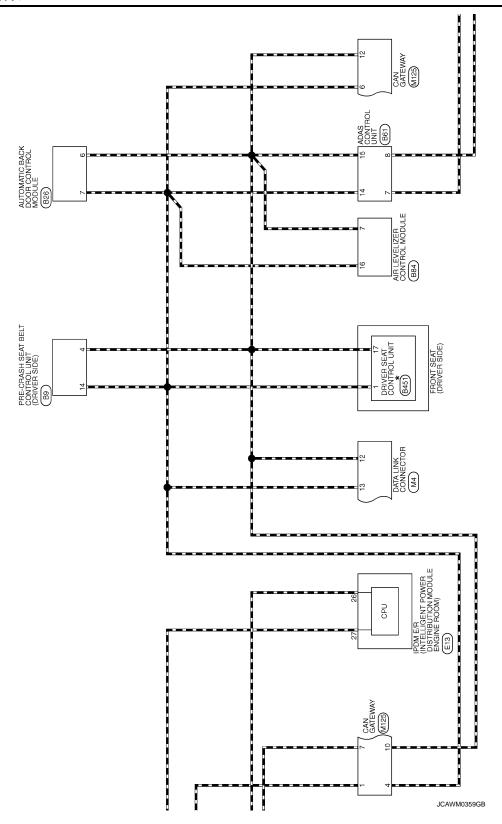
Symptom	Check item
CONSULT-III/GST cannot access any system.	CONSULT-III/GST DLC power supply circuit (Terminal 8 and 16) and ground circuit (Terminal 4 and 5)
CONSULT-III cannot access in- dividual system. (Other sys- tems can be accessed.)	 Power supply and ground circuit for the control unit of the system (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.) Open or short circuit between the system and CONSULT-III DLC (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.) Open or short circuit CAN communication line. Refer to LAN-18, "Trouble Diagnosis Flow Chart".

NOTE:

The DDL1 and DDL2 circuits from DLC pins 12, 13, 14 and 15 may be connected to more than one system. A short in a DDL circuit connected to a control unit in one system may affect CONSULT-III access to other systems.

If the GST cannot operate properly, check the circuit based on the information of SAE J1962 and ISO 15031-3.





GI

В

С

D

Е

F

G

Н

J

Κ

1 \

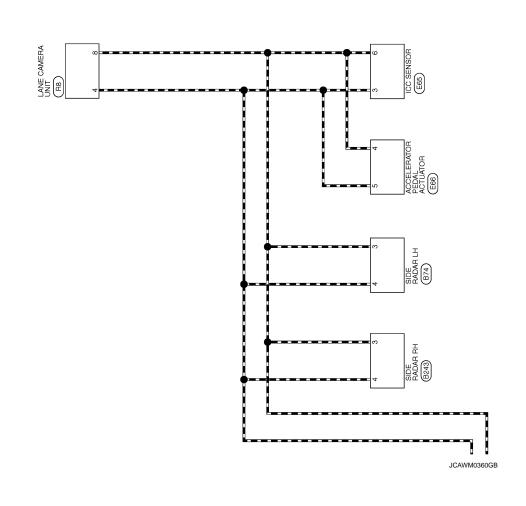
L

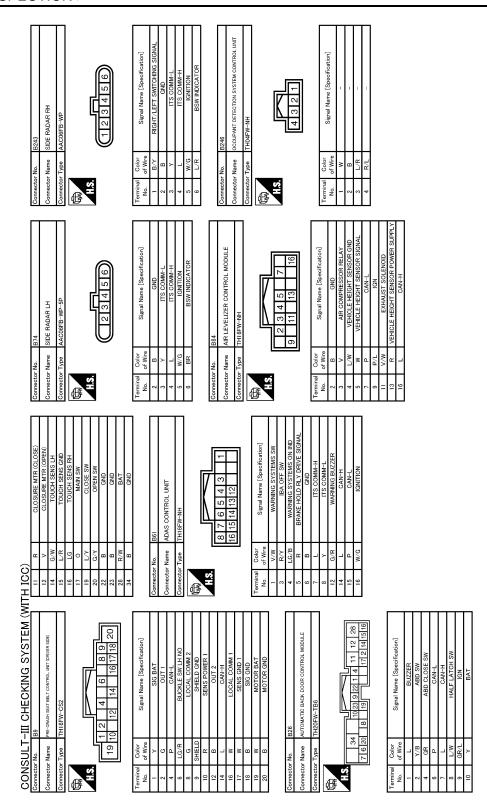
M

Ν

0

Ρ





JCAWM0361GB

< BASIC INSPECTION >

Connector No.	Connector No. B451 Terminal	Terminal	Color		Connector No.	E59			3
Connector Name	DRIVER SEAT CONTROL UNIT	O		Signal Name [Specification]	Connector Name	TRANSFER CONTROL UNIT	o No.		olgnai Name [Specification]
Connector Type	TH32FW-NH	24	W/G	1 1	Connector Type	TH40FW-NH	- - - T	W/G	ITS COMM-H
		25	Š	1	Ш		4		GND
6		26	۵	T	6		9		ITS COMM-L
Š		27	7	-	<u>و</u>				
ŀ		30	R/W	-	_	(
1 5	4 5 6 7 8 9	31	В	-	20 19 18	20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 7 6 4 3 2 1	Connector No.	lo. E66	
1/18	19/20/21/22/23/24/25/26/27/28	32	PC	1	00 00	00 10 70	Connector Name		ACCELERATOR PEDAL ACTUATOR
		33	œ	1				Т	
		34	B/B	ī	L		Connector Type	ype KHU6FLGY	
Terminal Color	Signal Name [Specification]				Terminal Color	Signal Name [Specification]	₫.		
			Γ		†		季		
<u>`</u>	CAN-H	Connector No.	or No. E36	9	9 5	HI-LO POSITION SEN 1	S	1	Ī
+	UARI (IX/RX)	Connector Name		ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT (CONTROL UNIT)	+	IKANSFER FLUID TEMP SEN SUPPLY	 		
†	TT: TOSOSIO STROOD		T	1	+	INTERNAL SPEED SEN GND	T	(5 4	4 3 2 1))
5 R/B	TELESCOPIC SENSOR	Connector Type	٦	SAZ42FB-SJZ4	10 Y/G	INTERNAL SPEED SEN IMP	T		
6 R/W	ADDRESS 2	1			>	4LO SW	_		
+	IND-2	车			+	CAN-H	L		
8 SB	SLIDE SW (BACKWARD)	V.	746 43	T.	13 P	CAN-L	ja ja		Signal Name [Specification]
+	4			2	14 W/R	AUTO SW	No.	Vire	
10 	FRONT LIFTER SW (DOWNWARD)		- -	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	+	ROTALY POSITION SEN PWM	 		BATTERY
┪	4				16 LG	ROTALY POSITION SEN GND	2	В	GND
12 L/R	4				┪	LOCK POSITION SEN SUPPLY	+		IGNITION
┥	4				7	ROTAY POSITION SEN SUPPLY	4	X	ITS COMM-L
┪	PULSE (SLIDE)	Terminal	Color	Signal Name [Specification]	20 GR	TRANSFER C/U SUPPLY	2		ITS COMM-H
+		No.	of Wire	,	-	HI-LO POSITION SEN 3			
-		-	g	BAT		MOTOR TEMP SEN SUPPLY			
21 W/B	TILT SENSOR	2	В	GND	29 LG/R	HI-LO POSITION SEN 2			
22 W/L	ADDRESS 1	3	В	GND	30 R/B	LOCK POSITION SEN GND			
23 W/R		4	Μ	MOTOR SUPPLY	31 17/0	AID NES DES INI			
24 V/W	SLIDE SW (FORWARD)	6	R/B 1/4	YAW RATE / SIDE / DECEL G SENSOR COMMUNICATION-H	32 BR/R	NDI			
H	RECLINER SW (FORWARD)	10	// B//	W RATE / SIDE / DECEL G SENSOR COMMUNICATION-L	35 R	MS YOOT			
H	FRONT LIFTER SW (UPWARD)	13	GR	BRAKE FLUID LEVEL SW	Н	TRANSFER FLUID TEMP SEN GND			
H	REAR LIFTER SW (UPWARD)	17	L/R	STP2	┝	LOCK POSITION SEN SIGNAL	ı		
28 G	SET SW	18	M/B	IGN	39 R/W	INTERNAL SPEED SEN SUPPLY			
ł		10	0	DS FR	ł		1		
		50	SB	DP FL					
Connector No.	F13	21	R/Y	DS RB	Connector No.	E65			
		66	>	ā		200	T		
Connector Name	IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM)	77 [5	> (Dr AL	Connector Name	ICC SENSOR			
	in a constant	/7	<u> </u>	CANT	F	000000	T		
odillecon I she	IN STATE	3 3	2 0	X 10	collisector 1 ype	NSUGED-P-R	1		
Q		34	9	DS FL	q				
唐		32	BR	DP RR	厚				
ŧ		36	۵	DS RL	ŧ	[
χ <u>.</u>	/ / \	37	. a	STP.	ė.	K K			
	00 07 00 00 00	ò	4	TIS COL		(1)			
	42 62 02 /2	38	M	VDC OFF SW					
	34 33 32 31 30 29	41	_	CAN-H					
		46	м	STOP LAMP SW ON)			
									G
0	M N		K	J	G	E F	D	С	В
)	1)	h F	

GI-55 Revision: 2010 May 2011 QX56

CON	SULT.	CONSULT-III CHECKING SYSTEM (WITH ICC	(TH ICC)				
Connector No.		E80	4	THROTTLE CON	- 8	CAN-L	Connector No. M4
Connector Name		ECM	174 B	B ECM GROUND	6 01	START RLY	Connector Name DATA LINK CONNECTOR
Connector Type	П	MAB55FB-MEB10-LH	-		2		Connector Type BD16FW
1			Connector No.	ESI	Connector No.	W	
S.			Connector Name	т	Connector Name	FUSE BLOCK (J/B)	S
		112 118 128 128 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145	Connector Type	┰	Connector Type	NS06FW-M2	11 12 13 14
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	售	1	匮		
Terminal	Color	Signal Name [Specification]	H.S.	F 4 3 9 1	H.S.	3A2A1A	Terminal Color Signal Name [Specification]
Ξ	~	$\mathbf{\perp}$		ω - 6		8A 7A 6A 5A 4A	Ħ
113	SB	FUEL INJECTOR DRIVER POWER SUPPLY FUEL RETURN VALVE					5 8 8
114	В	ECM GROUND	la	olor Simal Nama [Spacification]	Terminal Color	Simpl Nama [Specification]	Н
115	В	ECM GROUND	No. of Wire		No. of Wire		\dashv
120	≻ 00	EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE	- 0	> 0	> 0 4 5		8 GR
123	V/R	-	3 8		W W		╀
125	GR	FUEL PUMP CONTROL MODULE (FPCM)	4 SB	8	Ĥ	-	Н
126	0	ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR 2	\dashv	- B	Н	1	14 P -
128	≻	ICC STEERING SWITCH	9		7	1	16 Y –
129	P/L	SENSOR GROUND (APP SENSOR 2)	+	1	7	'	
131	× ×	SENSOR GROUND SENSOR DOMER SHIPPLY	20 0	4 8	8A W	1	
133	g	SENSOR POWER SUPPLY	t	-			
134	N/W	TF			Connector No.	M2	
136	W/R	ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR 1			Connector Name	FUSE BLOCK (J/B)	
137	9/M	SENSOR POWER SUPPLY (APP SENSOR 1)	Connector No.	F301	H		
139	> 0	BATTERY TEMPERATURE SENSOR	Connector Name	ne TCM (TRANSMISSION CONTROL MODULE)	Collinector Lype	Notorw-Co	
140	R/Y	SENSOR GROUND	Connector Type	be SP10FG	Œ		
141	SB	IGNITION SWITCH	q		<u> </u>		
142		FUEL PUMP CONTROL MODULE (FPCM) CHECK	李	«		3B	
4	0/B	REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR	S. S.			108 9B 8B 7B 6B 5B	
146	_	CAN COMMUNICATION LINE		(1 2 3 4 5)			
147	G/Y	ICC BRAKE SWITCH		018819			
150	œ	SENSOR GROUND			la l	Signal Name [Specification]	
151	۵.	CAN COMMUNICATION LINE	L		₽		
150	J W/W	STORE SOFFEL FOR ECM (BACK-OF)	No of Wire	Nire Signal Name [Specification]	2 9		
191	R/W	ECM COMMUNICATION LINE	t	NDIA	╀	-	
163	5/7	ECM RELAY (SELF SHUT-OFF)	2 -	- BATT	F	1	
165	GR/R	Ш	Н	- CAN-H	Н	-	
166	×	ECM COMMUNICATION LINE	+	- K LINE	+	1	
169	g/B	ENGINE SPEED SIGNAL OUTPUT	+		+		
171	× 3	POWER SUPPLY FOR ECM	9 1	VIGN VIGN	10B W/B		
7/	A	POWER SUPPLI FOR EUN	,				

JCAWM0363GB

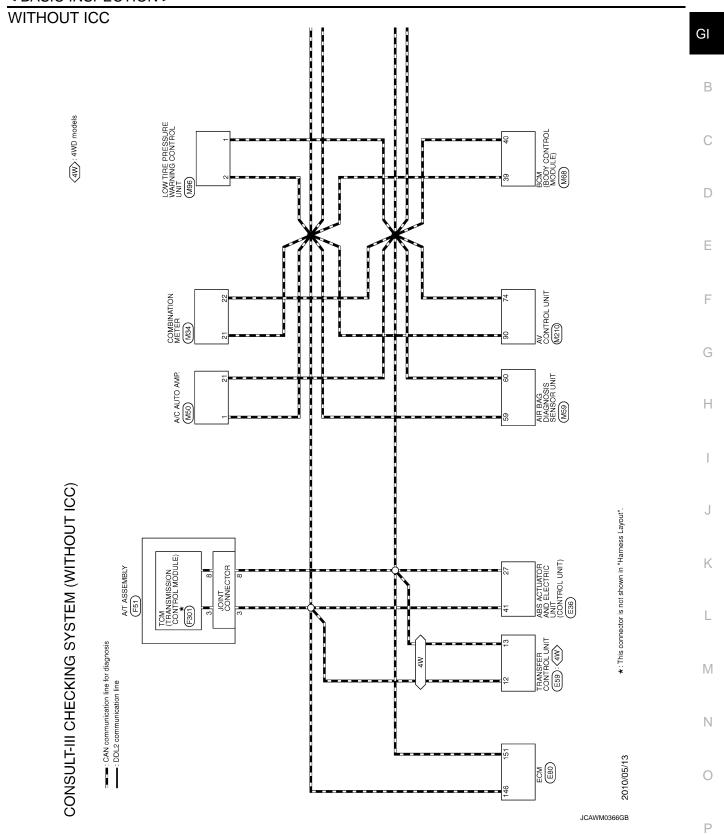
< BASIC INSPECTION >

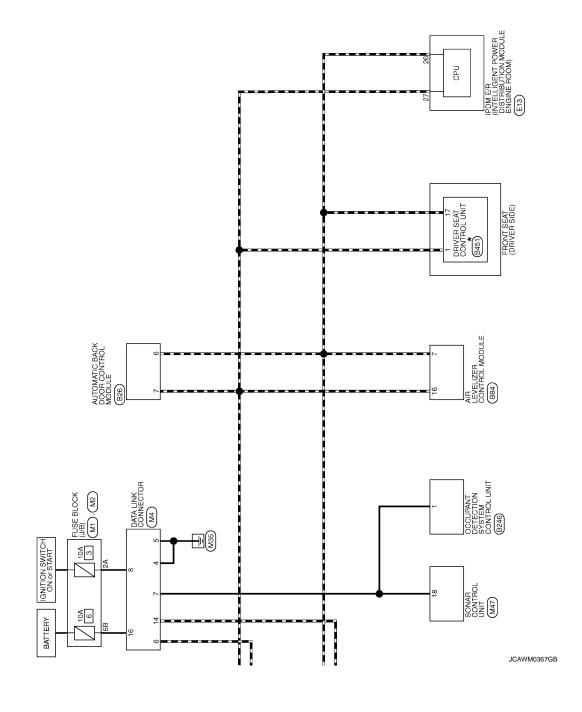
	3 39 40				>				M		Τ			T	۳	T	П	T]	GI
M68 BCM (BODY CONTROL MODULE) TH40FB-NH	7 8 9 10 11 2 13 14 15 16 17 18 27 28 28 39 39 39 37 38 38 37 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	Signal Name [Specification] COMBI SW INPUT 5	COMBI SW INPUT 4 COMBI SW INPUT 3	COMBI SW INPUT 2 COMBI SW INPUT 1	POWER WINDOW SW COMM STOP LAMP SW 1	L&R SENSOR SERIAL LINK OPTICAL SENSOR	DIMMER SIGNAL SENSOR PWR SPLY	RECEIVER/SENSOR GND	KYLS ENT RECEIVER COM	NATS ANT AMP.	SECURITY IND CONT	DONGLE LINK	NATS ANT AMP.	BK DOOR OPNR SW	DR DOOR UNLOCK SENSOR	COMBLSW OUTPUL 5	COMBI SW OUTPUT 3	COMBI SW OUTPUT 2	SHIFT P	CAN-H	1-144	В
	22 23 24 55 66 7	Color of Wire BR/Y	R I	₅ >	> &	R P/B	0/I	Щ	G/R	Ц	GR/R	SB	LG/R	W/L	5/M	2 >	W	R/W SB	λ/5	1 4	_	С
Connector No. Connector Name	હ ં ⊟⊠	Terminal O No. of	Ш	9	8 6	Н	16	Н	20	H	23 G	Н	25 L	+	Н	33	34	+	Н	39	90	D
OWER SUPPLY SUPPLY	SOR SIGNAL SIGNAL SIGNAL ASS) SIGNAL ASS) SIGNAL AVC AUTO AMP)	ROL SIGNAL		OR UNIT			8	22		cification]			3					T		\/\ \/\	TALE	Е
EACH DOOR MOTOR LIN SIGNAL EACH DOOR MOTOR LIN SIGNAL CADA-L GROUND IGNITION POWER SUPPLY	SENSOR GROUND FR IN-VEHICLE SENSOR SIGNAL INTAKE SENSOR SIGNAL SINLOAD SENSOR (PASS) SIGNAL COMM (RR A/C CONT-A/C AUTO AMP RB LOWER MOTOR CONTROL SIGNAL	GROUND RR A/C RELAY CONTROI		AIR BAG DIAGNOSIS SENSOR UNIT	NH28FY-EX		Z X 2 1 2	23 24	22 20	Signal Name [Specification]	NSI	GND	DRI (+)	DR 2 (+)	(+) YSI (+)	AS 2 (+)	AS 2 (-)	ECZS (+)	GND	AIRBAG W/L SEATBELT W/L	SANELL W.L. CANFL CANFL	F
R/G		B Ø/W	tor No. M59		ector Type NH28	ď		6 6 6	01	al Color of Wire	R/L	ω	>	8/A	1/\L	9 ×8	>	0 3	SHIELD	M ≻/S	\$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}	G
16 21 22 23 23 23	26 27 28 29 31 31	38	Connector No.	Connec	Connec	修		_		Terminal	-	2	e =	2 4	9 1	~ &	6	2 €	22	24		Н
ROL UNIT	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 18 19 20 23 24	Signal Name [Specification] ORNER SENSOR FRONT LH	CORNER SENSOR FRONT RH CORNER SENSOR REAR LH	CORNER SENSOR REAR RH SENSOR GND	ACC K LINE	AV COMM (H) AV COMM (L)	GND			F.				10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 20	71		Signal Name [Specification]	CAN-H	GROUND	BATTERY POWER SUPPLY ACC POWER SUPPLY	ACA DOWNER SUPPLY ACAUTO MAN ECONITROL SIGNAL AMBIENT SENSOR SIGNAL RR IN-VEHICLE SENSOR SIGNAL SUNLOAD SENSOR SIGNAL EXI OAD SENSOR SIGNAL COMM (A/C ALITO AMP->FR A/C CONT) FR BLOWER MOTOR CONTROL SIGNAL FR BLOWER MOTOR CONTROL SIGNAL	I
M47 SONAR CONTROL UNIT TH24FW-NH	3 4 5 6	Signa	CORN	CORN					MDU OTITO AMB	A C ACI C AIN	SAD4UFW			1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	150 150 151 150 150		Signa			BATT	ACCAUTO ARE IONIZACO ANTO ARE RR IN-VI ENT BLOWE FR BLOWE	J
lo. Aame ype	13 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1	nal Color of Wire G/R	7,8 8/R	╫	> SB	Н	В		Connector No.	\neg	7		H.S.	1 2 3 4	2 22 23 2			ot Wire	ω	ت >>	V W W V/W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W	K
(WITH ICC) Connector N Connector N Connector N	=	Terminal No.	4 5	9 21	13	19	24		e counc			Œ	7				Terminal	Š –	2	ω 4	* W W C W W D C T T	1
	17 18 19 20 37 38 39 40	ification] SUPPLY			AL SIGNAL	NAL	CH SIGNAL (+		GNAL IGNITION SIGNAL	OUND			ROUND	H SIGNAL	T.	(2-PULSE)	(8-PULSE)	AL SIGNAL	AL (DRIVER SIDE	RNING SIGNAL	SHIRAL MARIEUM SIGNAL MAL	L
KING S)	11 12 13 14 15 16 11 12 13 14 15 16 11 12 13 14 15 16	Signal Name [Specification] BATTERY POWER SUPPLY	IGNITION SIGNA GROUND	GROUND ILL GND	TRIP RESET SWITCH SIGNAL	ENTER SWITCH SIGNAL SELECT SWITCH SIGNA	ONTROL SWIT	AIR BAG SIGNAL	NNECTION RECC	AMBIENT SENSOR GROUND	CAN-L	GROUND	L LEVEL SENSOR GR	PARKING BRAKE SWITCH SIGNAL	SECURITY SIGNAL	WASHER LEVEL SWITCH SIGNAL VEHICLE SPEED SIGNAL (2-PULSE)	EED SIGNAL	SNOW MODE SIGNAL FUEL LEVEL SENSOR SIGNAL	E SWITCH SIGNA	ENGER SEAT BELT WARNING S NON-MANUAL MODE SIGNAL	MANUAL MODE SHIFT DOWN SIGNAL MANUAL MODE SHIFT TOP SIGNAL MANUAL MODE SIGNAL	M
CONSULT—III CHECKING SYSTEM Comector No. M34 Comector Name COMBINATION METER Comector Type TH40FW-NH	6 7 8 9 10	Signal N BATTEF	IGN		TRIP RE	ENTER SELEC	ILLUMINATION CONTROL SWITCH SIGNAL (+ ILLUMINATION CONTROL SWITCH SIGNAL (-	Alf	AMBIEN \CAUTO AMP. CO	AMBIEN			FUEL LEV	PARKING B	SEC	VEHICLE SP	VEHICLE SP	SNO! FUEL LEY	SEAT BELT BUCKLE SWITCH SIGNAL (DRIVER SIDE	PASSENGER SEAT BELT WARNING SIGNA NON-MANUAL MODE SIGNAL	MANUAL M MANUAL M MANUAL M MANU	Ν
CONSULT— Connector No. M Connector Name Connector Type T	1.2 3 4 5 21 22 23 24 5	inal Color of Wire	Н	\mathbb{H}	R P/L	o 0	W/R	R/W	W/W	Н		ω	> 3	+	H	¥ 8	Н	× × ×	0/B	<u> </u>	++++	
Conne Conne		Terminal No.	3 2	4 3	7	11	13	15	19	20	22	23	24	26	58	8 8	31	8 8	32	3, 38	5 8 8 8 9 JCAWM0364GB	
																						Р

GI-57 Revision: 2010 May 2011 QX56

Connector No. M210
Connector Name AV CONTROL UNIT 5 B
Connector Type
Town
14.5
1
Terminal Color Signal Name [Specification] Color C
Terminal Color No. of Wire 65 W 65 W 67 W 68 R 71 SHELD 72 V/G 73 V/G 74 LG 74 LG 75 LG 76 LG 78 RR 82 SR/W 82 SR/W 83 SHELD 84 R/W 84 SR/W 85 SHELD 84 R/W 87 V/L
Terminal Color No. of Wire 65 W 67 W
No.
65 W 6 67 W 68 R R 68 R R 72 Y/G 72 Y/G 72 C C C C 68 R R 74 R 68 R R 75 C C C 68 R 7 W 82 SHELD 881 RR/W 82 SHELD 881 R
67 W 68 B C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
71 SHELD 72 V/G 73 V/G 74 LG 75 LG 75 LG 76 LG 76 SHELD 82 SHELD 84 SHELD 85 SHELD 86 SHOW 87 SHELD 87 V/L
SHELD 72 Y/G 73 Y/G 73 Y/G 74 Y/G 74 Y/G 75
72 Y/G 73 Y/G 74 P C 75 LG 76 LG 76 LG 77 LO 80 RA/L 81 RR/W 82 BR/W 83 SHELD 84 W/B 84 Y/L
74 Y/G 74 P Y/G 75 LG 75 LG 76 L/O 80 GR/L 81 SHELD 84 W/E 84 Y/L
75 LG 76 LG 79 LG 79 LG 81 RR/W 82 SHELD 84 WHE 84 Y/L
76 LG 79 L/O 80 R/V 81 R/Y 82 BR/W 83 SHELD 84 V/L 87 V/L
79 C.O. 81 GR/L 81 BR/W . 83 SHIELD 84 V/L
80 GR/L 81 R/V 82 SHELD 84 W/B 87 Y/L
81 R/Y 82 BR/W 83 SHELD 84 W/B 87 Y/L
82 BR/W 83 SHIELD 84 W/B 87 Y/L
83 SHIELD 84 W/B 87 Y/L
84 W/B 87 Y/L
87 Y/L
88 SHIELD
88 88
(+) I =
2 (+) Connector No. R8
Connector Name
Connector Type
4
(-) (-) (-) (-) (-) (-) (-) (-) (-) (-)
Terminal Color
No.
Connector No. R8 Connector Name LANE CA Connector Type TH06FW Connector Type TH06FW Connector Type TH06FW Connector Type TH06FW Connector Name Connector Name Terminal Color No. 67 Wire

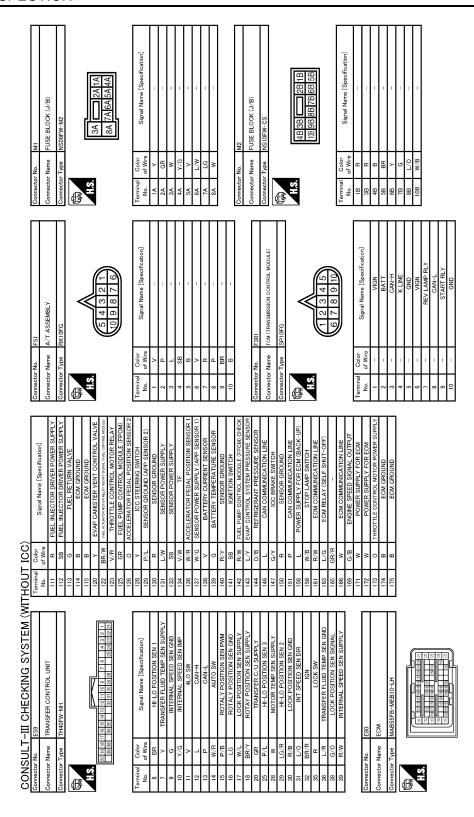
JCAWM0365GB





< BASIC INSPECTION >

WP:	GI
TITRIO LIVET COOKTINGL, UNIT C	В
Name Name Cook N	С
Connecto Connecto Connecto Connecto 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	D
DOWNWARD) R SUPPLY LILETER) SOR SOR W (UPPWARD)	Е
REAR LIFTER SW (DOWNWARD) SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CANALL PULSE (SLIDE) PULSE (RENOR LIFTER) TILT SENSOR ADDRESS I ND-I SLIDE SW (FORWARD) RECLINERS SW (LPWARD) RECALLETER SW (LPWARD) RECALLETER SW (LPWARD) RECALLETER SW (LPWARD) REAR LIFTER SW (LPWARD) REAR LIFTER SW (LPWARD) REAR LIFTER SW (LPWARD) SET SW THI ZPW-NH SET SW SET SW THI ZPW-NH SET SW Signal Name [Specification]	F
L/R L/R	G
	Н
VEHICLE HEIGHT SENSOR GND VEHICLE HEIGHT SENSOR GND	PULSK (EGLURE)) TELESCOPIC SENSOR ADDRESS 2 SLIDE SW (BACKWARD) RECLINER SW (BACKWARD) FRONT LIFTER SW (DOWNWARD)
VEHICLE HEIGHT VEHICLE HEIGHT VEHICLE HEIGHT CAM C	PUIS SLIDE RECLINE FRONT LIFT FRO
	7 2 9 8 8 8 9 8 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 8
∑	
11 12 14 12 14 12 14 14	Signul Name [Specification] Signul Name [Specification] AIR COMPRESSOR RELAY AIR CAMPRESSOR RELAY
CHE BB6	11 N
CONSULT - CHECKING	Terminal Color No. 10 Wire S. 2 D. W. 10 Wire S. 2
	JCAWM0368GB



JCAWM0369GB

< BASIC INSPECTION >

Signal Name Specification CAN-L CAN-
Connector No. Miss Connector Name AIR BAG DI Connector Type IN12BT-T-ED Connector Type B B D T G T V/C T V/B B B V/Y S S SHELD S SHELD S SHELD S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
Warne
Color Colo
————
ANBIENT SENSOR SIGNAL AMBIENT SENSOR SIGNAL AMBIENT SENSOR GROUND CAN-I CAN-I GROUND FUEL LEVEL SENSOR GROUND ALTERNATOR SIGNAL VEHICLE SPEED SIGNAL (2-PULSE) SECUENTY SIGNAL VEHICLE SPEED SIGNAL (2-PULSE) AVEHICLE SPEED SIGNAL (2-PULSE) SECUENTY SIGNAL VEHICLE SPEED SIGNAL (2-PULSE) SECUENTY SIGNAL VEHICLE SPEED SIGNAL (2-PULSE) SONDAR NODE SIGNAL MASHER LEVEL SWITCH SIGNAL NON-MANUAL MODE SIGNAL MANUAL MODE SIGNAL MANUAL MODE SHIFT UP SIGNAL AN COMMER SENSOR FRONT H CORNER SENSOR FRONT H CORNER SENSOR FRONT H SERSOR FRONT H CORNER SENSOR FRONT H CORNER
AM
MTHOUT 15 11 12 12 12 13 13 13 14 14 15 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
CONSULT - III CHECKING SYSTEM Connector No. M4 B116FW B1
T-III CHECKING M44
Connector Name Conn
JCAWM0370GB
P

Revision: 2010 May GI-63 2011 QX56

JCAWM0371GB

INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

< BASIC INSPECTION >

INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL

ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL: Required Procedure After Battery Disconnection INFOID:0000000006344676

SYSTEM	ITEM	REFERENCE
	Temperature setting trimmer (Front)	HAC-68, "FRONT AUTOMATIC AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM: Temperature Setting Trimmer (Front)"
Front automatic air	Foot position setting trimmer	HAC-68, "FRONT AUTOMATIC AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM: Foot Position Setting Trimmer"
conditioning system	Inlet port memory function*	_
	Inlet port memory function (FRE)	HAC-69, "FRONT AUTOMATIC AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM: Inlet Port Memory Function (FRE)"
	Inlet port memory function (REC)	HAC-69, "FRONT AUTOMATIC AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM: Inlet Port Memory Function (REC)"
ACCS (Advanced Climate Control System)	Exhaust gas / outside odor detecting sensor sensitivity adjustment function	HAC-70. "ACCS (ADVANCED CLIMATE CONTROL SYSTEM): Exhaust Gas / Outside Odor Detecting Sensor Sensitivity Adjustment Function"
	Auto intake switch interlocking movement change function	HAC-70, "ACCS (ADVANCED CLIMATE CONTROL SYSTEM): Auto Intake Switch Interlocking Movement Change Function"
	Clean switch interlocking movement change function*	_
Rear automatic air conditioning system	Temperature setting trimmer (Rear)	HAC-69. "REAR AUTOMATIC AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM: Tem- perature Setting Trimmer (Rear)"
Automatic drive posi- tioner	Automatic drive positioner system	ADP-51, "ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL : Description"
Power window control	Power window control system	PWC-31, "Description"
Sunroof system*	Sunroof system	_
Sunshade system*	Sunshade system	_
Rear view monitor*	Rear view monitor predictive course line center position adjustment	_
Around view monitor	Predictive course line center position adjustment	AV-111, "Description"
Automatic back door system	Automatic back door system	DLK-80, "ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL : Descrip- tion"
Engine oil level read*	Engine oil level read	<u> </u>

^{*:} Not equipped.

GI-65 Revision: 2010 May 2011 QX56

GI

В

F