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HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

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and a number (e.g. "BR-5").

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

Description INFOID:0000000009136075 This volume explains "Removal, Disassembly, Installation, Inspection and Adjustment" and "Trouble Diagnoses". Terms INFOID:0000000009136076 The captions WARNING and CAUTION warn you of steps that must be followed to prevent personal injury D and/or damage to some part of the vehicle. **WARNING** indicates the possibility of personal injury if instructions are not followed. **CAUTION** indicates the possibility of component damage if instructions are not followed. **BOLD TYPED STATEMENTS** except **WARNING** and **CAUTION** give you helpful information. Е Standard value: Tolerance at inspection and adjustment. Limit value: The maximum or minimum limit value that should not be exceeded at inspection and adjustment. Units INFOID:0000000009136077 • The UNITS given in this manual are primarily expressed as the SI UNIT (International System of Unit), and alternatively expressed in the metric system and in the yard/pound system. Also with regard to tightening torque of bolts and nuts, there are descriptions both about range and about the standard tightening torque. Н "Example" Range Outer Socket Lock Nut : 59 - 78 N·m (6.0 - 8.0 kg-m, 43 - 58 ft-lb) Standard Drive Shaft Installation Bolt : 44.3 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb) Contents INFOID:0000000009136078 • A QUICK REFERENCE INDEX, a black tab (e.g. Ex)) is provided on the first page. You can quickly find the first page of each section by matching it to the section's black tab. • THE CONTENTS are listed on the first page of each section. • THE TITLE is indicated on the upper portion of each page and shows the part or system. • THE PAGE NUMBER of each section consists of two or three letters which designate the particular section

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• THE SMALL ILLUSTRATIONS show the important steps such as inspection, use of special tools, knacks of

Assembly, inspection and adjustment procedures for the complicated units such as the automatic transaxle

work and hidden or tricky steps which are not shown in the previous large illustrations.

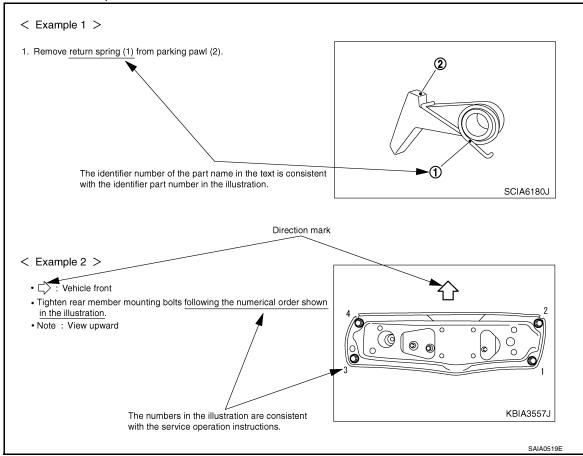
or transmission, etc. are presented in a step-by-step format where necessary.

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Relation between Illustrations and Descriptions

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The following sample explains the relationship between the part description in an illustration, the part name in the text and the service procedures.



Components

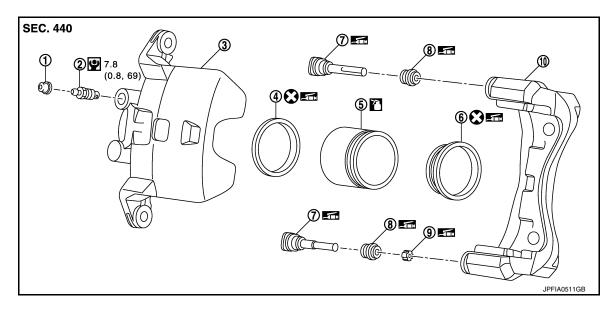
THE LARGE ILLUSTRATIONS are exploded views (see the following) and contain tightening torques, lubrication points, section number of the PARTS CATALOG (e.g. SEC. 440) and other information necessary to perform repairs.

The illustrations should be used in reference to service matters only. When ordering parts, refer to the appropriate **PARTS CATALOG**.

Components shown in an illustration may be identified by a circled number. When this style of illustration is used, the text description of the components will follow the illustration.

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- 1. Cap
- 4. Piston seal
- 7. Sliding pin
- 10. Torque member
- : Apply rubber grease.
- : Apply brake fluid.
- : N·m (kg-m, in-lb)
- : Always replace after every disassembly

- 2. Bleeder valve
- 5. Piston
- 8. Sliding pin boot

- 3. Cylinder body
- 6. Piston boot
- 9. Bushing

SYMBOLS

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION		SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
Ø	The lightening torque specifications	The tightening torque specifications S Nom (kg-m, ft-lb)	3	Always replace after every disassembly.
•	of bolts and nuts may be presented as either a range or a standard tightening torque.	P: N•m (kg-m, in-lb)	₽	Apply petroleum jelly.
4	Should be lubricated with grease. Unless otherwise indicated, use recommended multi-purpose grease.		41 (M)	Apply molybdenum added petroleum jelly.
7	Should be lubricated with oil.		ATF	Apply ATF.
2	Sealing point		*	Select with proper thickness.
	Sealing point with locking sealant.		*	Adjustment is required.
<u></u>	Checking point			

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HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

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HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Description INFOID:000000009136081

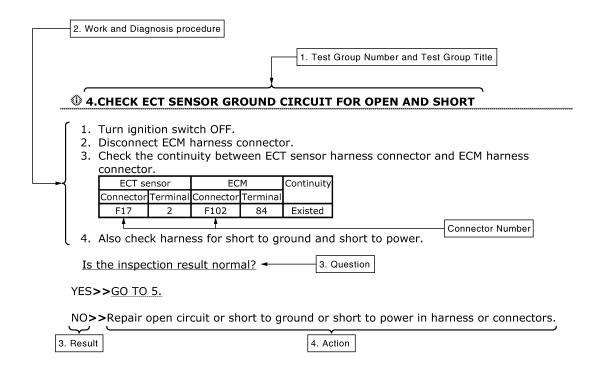
NOTICE:

Trouble diagnoses indicate work procedures required to diagnose problems effectively. Observe the following instructions before diagnosing.

- Before performing trouble diagnoses, read the "Work Flow" in each section.
- After repairs, re-check that the problem has been completely eliminated.
- Refer to Component Parts and Harness Connector Location for the Systems described in each section for identification/location of components and harness connectors.
- · When checking circuit continuity, ignition switch should be OFF.
- Refer to the Circuit Diagram for quick pinpoint check.
 - If you need to check circuit continuity between harness connectors in more detail, such as when a sub-harness is used, refer to Wiring Diagram in each individual section and Harness Layout in PG section for identification of harness connectors.
- · Before checking voltage at connectors, check battery voltage.
- After accomplishing the Diagnosis Procedures and Electrical Components Inspection, check that all harness connectors are reconnected as they were.

How to Follow Test Groups in Trouble Diagnosis

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- 1. Test group number and test group title
 - Test group number and test group title are shown in the upper portion of each test group.
- 2. Work and diagnosis procedure
 - Start to diagnose a problem using procedures indicated in enclosed test groups.
- Questions and results
 - Questions and required results are indicated in test group.
- Action
 - Next action for each test group is indicated based on result of each guestion.

HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

Syllibols ,	Signifying Measurements	oi Piocedu	162	INFOID:000000000
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	
€₽	Check after disconnecting the connector to be measured.	(3)	Procedure with Generic Scan Tool. (GST, OBD-II scan tool)	
€	Check after connecting the connector to be measured.	(NO TOOLS)	Procedure without CONSULT or GST	
	Insert key into ignition switch.	A/C OFF	A/C switch is "OFF".	
	Remove key from ignition switch.	A/C ON	A/C switch is "ON".	
	Insert and remove key repeatedly.		REC switch is "ON".	
	Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.		REC switch is "OFF".	
(Co)	Turn ignition switch to "ACC" position.		Fan switch is "ON". (At any position except for "OFF" position	tion)
	Turn ignition switch to "ON" position.		Fan switch is "OFF".	
	Turn ignition switch to "START" position.	FUSE	Apply fuse.	
COFF ACC	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ACC" position.	(FUSE)		
C ON ON	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "ON" position.	BATI	Apply positive voltage from battery with directly to components.	fuse
CACC OFF	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "OFF" position.			

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HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

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SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
(CFF) ON	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON" position.		Drive vehicle.
OFF OFF	Turn ignition switch from "ON" to "OFF" position.		Drive verilicie.
	Do not start engine, or check with engine stopped.	BAT	Disconnect battery negative cable.
	Start engine, or check with engine running.		Depress brake pedal.
william .	Apply parking brake.		Release brake pedal.
	Release parking brake.		Depress accelerator pedal.
СФРН	Check after engine is warmed up sufficiently.		Release accelerator pedal.
V ⊕ ⊖	Voltage should be measured with a voltmeter.	HS.	Pin terminal check for SMJ type ECM or TCM connectors. For details regarding the terminal
Ω • • • •	Circuit resistance should be measured with an ohmmeter.		arrangement, refer to the "ELECTRICAL UNITS" electrical reference page at the end of the manual.
Α ⊕ Θ	Current should be measured with an ammeter.		
₩ Θ	Pulse signal should be checked with an oscilloscope.	÷	
	Procedure with CONSULT		
	Procedure without CONSULT		
	Place selector lever in "P" position.		
	Place selector lever in "N" position.		
	Jack up front portion.		
	Jack up rear portion.		
	Inspect under engine room.		
	Inspect under floor.		
←	Inspect rear under floor.		

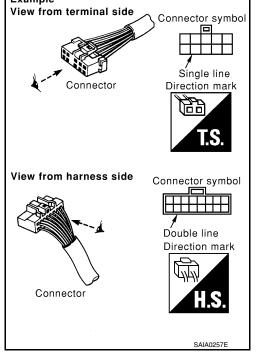
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Connector Symbols

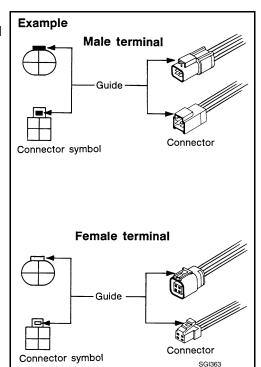
Most of connector symbols in wiring diagrams are shown from the terminal side.

- Connector symbols shown from the terminal side are enclosed by a single line and followed by the direction mark.

 Example View from
- Connector symbols shown from the harness side are enclosed by a double line and followed by the direction mark.
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slide-locking type harness connector.
 For description and how to disconnect, refer to PG section, "Description", "HARNESS CONNECTOR".



Male and female terminals
 Connector guides for male terminals are shown in black and female terminals in white in wiring diagrams.



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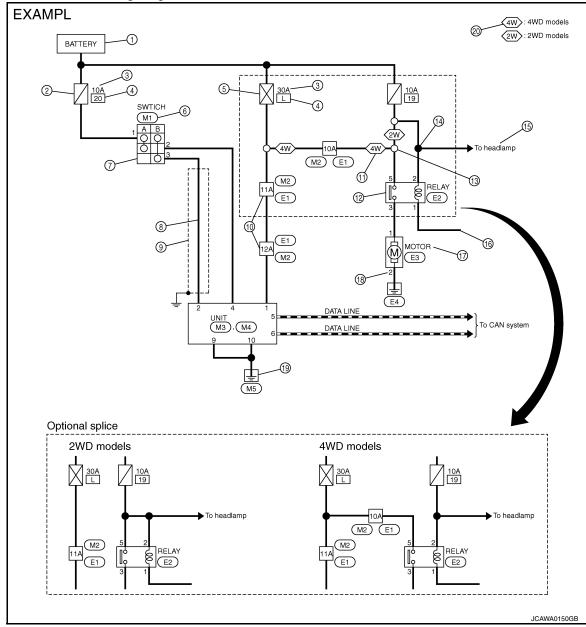
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Sample/Wiring Diagram -Example-

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Each section includes wiring diagrams.



Description		
Number	Item	Description
1	Power supply	This means the power supply of fusible link or fuse.
2	Fuse	"/" means the fuse.
3	Current rating of fusible link/fuse	This means the current rating of the fusible link or fuse.
4	Number of fusible link/ fuse	This means the number of fusible link or fuse location.
5	Fusible link	"X" means the fusible link.
6	Connector number	 Alphabetic characters show to which harness the connector is placed. Numeric characters show the identification number of connectors.
7	Switch	This shows that continuity exists between terminals 1 and 2 when the switch is in the A position. Continuity exists between terminals 1 and 3 when the switch is in the B position.
8	Circuit (Wiring)	This means the wiring.

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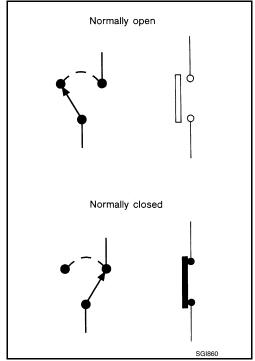
Number	Item	Description	
9	Shielded line	The line enclosed by broken line circle shows shield wire.	GI
10	Connectors	This means that a transmission line bypasses two connectors or more.	
11	Option abbreviation	This means the vehicle specifications which layouts the circuit between "O".	В
12	Relay	This shows an internal representation of the relay.	
13	Optional splice	The open circle shows that the splice is optional depending on vehicle application.	
14	Splice	The shaded circle " means the splice.	
15	System branch	This shows that the circuit is branched to other systems.	
16	Page crossing	This circuit continues to an adjacent page.	D
17	Component name	This shows the name of a component.	
18	Terminal number	This means the terminal number of a connector.	
19	Ground (GND)	This shows the ground connection.	
20	Explanation of option description	This shows a explanation of the option abbreviation used on the same page.	

SWITCH POSITIONS

Switches are shown in wiring diagrams as if the vehicle is in the "normal" condition.

A vehicle is in the "normal" condition when:

- ignition switch is "OFF"
- · doors, hood and trunk lid/back door are closed
- · pedals are not depressed
- · parking brake is released



MULTIPLE SWITCH

The continuity of multiple switch is described in two ways as shown below.

• The switch chart is used in schematic diagrams.

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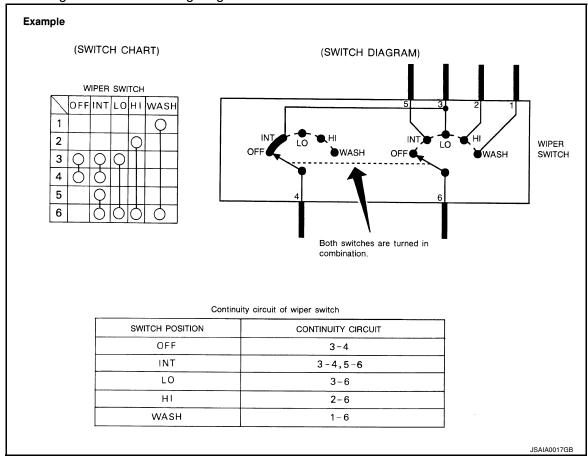
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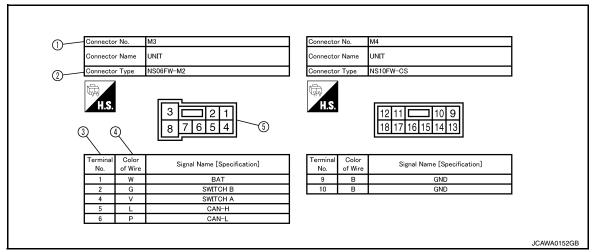
< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

• The switch diagram is used in wiring diagrams.



Connector Information

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Description

Number	Item	Description
1	Connector number	Alphabetic characters show to which harness the connector is placed.Numeric characters show the identification number of connectors.
2	Connector type	This means the connector number. Refer to PG-50, "Harness Layout".
3	Terminal number	This means the terminal number of a connector.

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Number	Item		Description
		This shows a code for the	ne color of the wire.
4	Wire color	B = Black W = White R = Red G = Green L = Blue Y = Yellow LG = Light Green BG = Beige	BR = Brown OR or O = Orange P = Pink PU or V (Violet) = Purple GY or GR = Gray SB = Sky Blue CH = Dark Brown DG = Dark Green
		When the wire color is s shown below: Example: L/W = Blue wire	striped, the base color is given first, followed by the stripe color as ith White Stripe
5	Connector	 This means the connector information. This unit-side is described by the connector symbols. 	

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ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation List

The following **ABBREVIATIONS** are used:

Α		
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	A/C	Air conditioner
	A/C	Air conditioning
-	A/F sensor	Air fuel ratio sensor
	A/T	Automatic transaxle/transmission
	ABS	Anti-lock braking system
-	ACCS	Advance climate control system
	ACL	Air cleaner
	AP	Accelerator pedal
	APP	Accelerator pedal position
	AV	Audio visual
	AVM	Around view monitor
	AWD	All wheel drive
В		
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	BARO	Barometric pressure
	BCI	Backup collision intervention
	BCM	Body control module
	BLSD	Brake limited slip differential
	BPP	Brake pedal position
	BSI	Blind spot intervention
	BSW	Blind spot warning
С		
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	CKP	Crankshaft position
	CL	Closed loop
	CMP	Camshaft position
	CPP	Clutch pedal position
	CTP	Closed throttle position
	CVT	Continuously variable transaxle/transmission
D		
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	D1	Drive range first gear
	D2	Drive range second gear
	D3	Drive range third gear
	D4	Drive range fourth gear
	DCA	Distance control assist
	DDS	Downhill drive support
	DFI	Direct fuel injection system
	DLC	Data link connector
_	DTC	Diagnostic trouble code

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
E/T	Exhaust temperature	
EBD	Electric brake force distribution	
EC	Engine control	
ECL	Engine coolant level	
ECM	Engine control module	_
ECT	Engine coolant temperature	_
ECV	Electrical control valve	
EEPROM	Electrically erasable programmable read only memory	
EFT	Engine fuel temperature	
EGR	Exhaust gas recirculation	
EGRT	Exhaust gas recirculation temperature	
EGT	Exhaust gas temperature	
EOP	Engine oil pressure	
EP	Exhaust pressure	_
EPR	Exhaust pressure regulator	
EPS	Electronically controlled power steering	_
ESP	Electronic stability program system	
EVAP canister	Evaporative emission canister	
EVSE	Electric vehicle supply equipment	
EXC	Exhaust control	=
	<u>-</u> L	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
FC	Fan control	
FCW	Forward collision warning	
FIC	Fuel injector control	
FP	Fuel pump	
FR	Front	
FRP	Fuel rail pressure	
FRT	Fuel rail temperature	
FTP	Fuel tank pressure	
FTT	Fuel tank temperature	
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
GND	Ground	
GPS	Global positioning system	
	Generic scan tool	
GST		
GST 		
GST ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
	DESCRIPTION Hydraulic body-motion control system	
ABBREVIATION		
ABBREVIATION HBMC	Hydraulic body-motion control system	_
ABBREVIATION HBMC HDD	Hydraulic body-motion control system Hard disk drive	<u>-</u>

<u> </u>	HOW TO USE IF	115 MANUAL >
<u> </u>	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	I/M	Inspection and maintenance
	IA	Intake air
	IAC	Idle air control
	IAT	Intake air temperature
	IBA	Intelligent brake assist
	IC	Ignition control
	ICC	Intelligent cruise control
	ICM	Ignition control module
	IPDM E/R	Intelligent power distribution module engine room
	ISC	Idle speed control
	ISS	Input shaft speed
K		
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	KS	Knock sensor
<u>L</u>		
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	LBC	Li-ion battery controller
	LCD	Liquid crystal display
	LCU	Local control unit
	LDP	Lane departure prevention
	LDW	Lane departure warning
	LED	Light emitting diode
	LH	Left-hand
	LIN	Local interconnect network
М		
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	M/T	Manual transaxle/transmission
	MAF	Mass airflow
	MAP	Manifold absolute pressure
	MDU	Multi display unit
	MI	Malfunction indicator
	MIL	Malfunction indicator lamp
N		
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	NOX	Nitrogen oxides
0	400000 # 45000 · ·	
	ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
	02	Oxygen
	028	Oxygen sensor
	OBD	On board diagnostic
	ОС	Oxidation catalytic converter
	OD	Overdrive
	OL	Open loop
	OSS	Output shaft speed

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	GI
P/S	Power steering	
PBR	Potentio balance resistor	
PCV	Positive crankcase ventilation	E
PNP	Park/Neutral position	
PSP	Power steering pressure	(
PTC	Positive temperature coefficient	
PTO	Power takeoff	
PWM	Pulse width modulation	
₹		
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
RAM	Random access memory	
RAS	Rear active steer	
RH	Right-hand	F
ROM	Read only memory	
RPM	Engine speed	
RR	Rear	
3		
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	-
SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers, Inc.	
SCK	Serial clock	
SDS	Service Data and Specifications	
SRT	System readiness test	
SST	Special Service Tools	
-		
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
TC	Turbocharger	<u> </u>
TCM	Transmission control module	_
TCS	Traction control system	
TCU	Telematics communication unit	
TP	Throttle position	
TPMS	Tire pressure monitoring system	
TSS	Turbine shaft speed	
TWC	Three way catalytic converter	
J		N
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
USS	Uphill start support	
/		
ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
VCM	Vehicle control module	F
VDC	Vehicle dynamics control system	
VIN	Vehicle identification number	
VSS	Vehicle speed sensor	

110W 10 03L 11	IIO WANDAL >		
W			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
WOT	Wide open throttle		
1			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
11	1st range first gear		
12	1st range second gear		
1GR	First gear		
2			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
21	2nd range first gear		
22	2nd range second gear		
2GR	Second gear		
2WD	2-wheel drive		
3			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
3GR	Third gear		
4			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
4GR	Fourth gear		
4WAS	Four wheel active steer		
4WD	Four wheel drive		
5			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
5GR	Fifth gear		
6			
ABBREVIATION		DESCRIPTION	
6GR	Sixth gear		

TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

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TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

Description INFOID:0000000009136088

This vehicle has both new standard based on ISO* and previous standard bolts/nuts. There are some differences between these two types of bolts/ nuts; shape of the head, grade of strength, hexagonal width across flats and the standard tightening torque.

- For guidance in discriminating, refer to GI-19, "Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)".
- If the tightening torque is not described in the description or figure, refer to GI-19, "Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)".
- *ISO: International Organization for Standardization

Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)

CAUTION:

- The special parts are excluded.
- The bolts/nuts in these tables have a strength (discrimination) number/symbol assigned to the head or the like. As to the relation between the strength grade in these tables and the strength (discrimination) number/symbol, refer to "DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS".

PREVIOUS STANDARD

Grade		Bolt di-	Hexagonal	Tightening torque (Without lubricant)										
(Strength	Bolt size	ameter	width across flats	Pitch mm		Hexagon	head bolt		Hexagon flange bolt					
grade)	0.20	mm	mm		N·m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	N·m	kg-m	ft-lb 5 13 13 26 26 41 48 74 8 21 21 41 74 74 125 10 26 26 59 59 96 96	in-lb		
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	5.5	0.56	4	49	7	0.71	5	olt in-lb 62 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		
4T	M8	8.0	12	1.25	13.5	1.4	10	_	17	1.7	13			
	IVIO	0.0	12	1.0	13.5	1.4	10	_	17	1.7	13			
4T	M10	10.0	14	1.5	28	2.9	21	_	35	3.6	26			
	IVITO	10.0	14	1.25	28	2.9	21	_	35	3.6	26			
	M12	12.0	17	1.75	45	4.6	33	_	55	5.6	41			
	IVI 12	12.0	17	1.25	45	4.6	33	_	65	6.6	48			
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	80	8.2	59	_	100	10	74			
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	9	0.92	7	80	11	1.1	8	97		
	M8 8.0	9.0	12	1.25	22	2.2	16	_	28	2.9	21			
		8.0		1.0	22	2.2	16	_	28	2.9	21			
7T	M10 10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	14	1.5	45	4.6	33	_	55	5.6	41	
		10.0	1.25	45	4.6	33	_	55	5.6	41				
	100	M12 12.0	17	1.75	80	8.2	59	_	100	10	74			
7T	M12	12.0	17	1.25	80	8.2	59	_	100	10	74			
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	130	13	96	_	170	17	125			
7T	M6	6.0	10	1.0	11	1.1	8	_	13.5	1.4	10			
	M8	8.0	12	1.25	28	2.9	21	_	35	3.6	26			
	IVIO	0.0	12	1.0	28	2.9	21	_	35	3.6	26			
OT	M10	10.0	14	1.5	55	5.6	41	_	80	8.2	59			
9T	IVI IU	10.0	10.0 14	1.25	55	5.6	41	_	80	8.2	59	_		
	M12	12.0	17	1.75	100	10	74	_	130	13	96	_		
	IVI I Z	12.0	17	1.25	100	10	74	_	130	13	96	_		
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	170	17	125	_	210	21	155	_		

The parts with aluminum or the cast iron washer surface/thread surface are excluded.

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TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

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NEW STANDARD BASED ON ISO

Grade		Bolt di-	Hexagonal		Tightening torque									
(Strength	Bolt size	ameter	width across flats mm	Pitch mm		Hexagon head bolt				Hexagon	flange bol	lt		
grade)	0120	mm			N·m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	N·m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb		
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	5.5	0.56	4	49	7	0.71	5	62		
	140	0.0	40	1.25	13.5	1.4	10	_	17	1.7	13	_		
	M8	8.0	13	1.0	13.5	1.4	10	_	17	1.7	13			
4.8 (Without	M10	10.0	16	1.5	28	2.9	21	_	35	3.6	26			
lubricant)	IVITO	10.0	10	1.25	28	2.9	21	_	35	3.6	26	_		
4.8	M40	12.0	10	1.75	45	4.6	33	_	55	5.6	41			
	M12	12.0	18	1.25	45	4.6	33	_	65	6.6	48			
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	80	8.2	59	_	100	10	74	-		
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	4	0.41	3	35	5.5	0.56	4	49		
	MO	8.0	13	1.25	11	1.1	8	_	13.5	1.4	10			
	M8	8.0	13	1.0	11	1.1	8	_	13.5	1.4	10			
	M10	10.0	16	1.5	22	2.2	16	_	28	2.9	21	_		
bricant)			16	1.25	22	2.2	16	_	28	2.9	21			
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	35	3.6	26	_	45	4.6	33	_		
		12.0		1.25	35	3.6	26	_	45	4.6	33	_		
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	65	6.6	48	_	80	8.2	59			
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	8	0.82	6	71	10	1.0	7	89		
	M8 8	8.0	12	1.25	21	2.1	15	_	25	2.6	18	_		
		0.0	13	1.0	21	2.1	15	_	25	2.6	18	_		
8.8	M10 10.0	10.0	16	1.5	40	4.1	30	_	50	5.1	37	_		
(With lubricant) 8.8 (With lubricant)		IVI I U	10.0	10.0	10.0	10	1.25	40	4.1	30	_	50	5.1	37
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	70	7.1	52	_	85	8.7	63	_		
	IVITZ	12.0	10	1.25	70	7.1	52	_	85	8.7	63	_		
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	120	12	89	_	140	14	103	_		
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	10	1.0	7	89	12	1.2	9	106		
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	27	2.8	20	_	32	3.3	24	_		
	IVIO	0.0	13	1.0	27	2.8	20	_	32	3.3	24	_		
10.9 (With lu-	M10	10.0	16	1.5	55	5.6	41	_	65	6.6	48	_		
bricant)	IVITU	10.0	10	1.25	55	5.6	41	_	65	6.6	48	_		
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	95	9.7	70	_	110	11	81	_		
	IVIIZ	12.0	10	1.25	95	9.7	70		110	11	81	_		
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	160	16	118	_	180	18	133	_		

CAUTION:

- 1. Use tightening torque with lubricant for the new standard bolts/nuts in principle. Friction coefficient stabilizer is applied to the new standard bolts/nuts.
- 2. However, use tightening torque without lubricant for the following cases. Friction coefficient stabilizer is not applied to the following bolts/nuts.
- Grade 4.8, M6 size bolt, Conical spring washer installed
- Paint removing nut (Size M6 and M8) for fixing with weld bolt

TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS

BOLTS

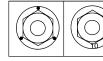
	Grade (Strength)	Discrim	nination
	4T (392N/mm²)	4	(No number/ symbol)
Previous standard	7T (686N/mm²)	7	
	9T (883N/mm²)	9	
	4.8 (420N/mm²)	4.8	(No number/symbol)
New Standard	8.8 (800N/mm²)	8.8	
	10.9 (1040N/mm²)	10.9	

NUTS

	Grade (Proof load stress)	С	Discrimination			
Previous	7N (686N/mm²)	(No number/symbol)				
standard	9N (883N/mm²)					
New	8 (800N/mm²)			(No number/symbol)		
Standard	10 (1040N/mm²)					

NOTICE:

- A number is assigned on the side of the nuts in some cases.
- A number or symbol is assigned on the upper surface of the flange for the nut with flange.



MACHINE SCREWS AND TAPPING SCREWS

Shape of the head:

Cross recess for the previous standard Torx recess for the new standard

Screw size	Screw diameter	Torx size
M4	4.0	T20
M5	5.0	T20
M6	6.0	T30

NOTICE:

Use torx size T20 (united with M4 screw) for M5 screw although ISO standard specifies T25.

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RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS

Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants

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Refer to the following chart for help in selecting the appropriate chemical product or sealant.

	Product Description	Purpose	Nissan North America Part No. (USA)	Nissan Canada Part No. (Canada)	Aftermarket Cross- reference Part Nos.
1	Rear View Mirror Adhesive	Used to permanently remount rear view mirrors to windows.	999MP-AM000P	99998-50505	Permatex 81844
2	Anaerobic Liquid Gas- ket	For metal-to-metal flange sealing. Can fill a 0.38 mm (0.015 inch) gap and provide instant sealing for most powertrain applications.	999MP-AM001P	99998-50503	Permatex 51813 and 51817
3	High Performance Thread Sealant	Provides instant sealing on any threaded straight or parallel threaded fitting. (Thread sealant only, no locking ability.) • Do not use on plastic.	999MP-AM002P	999MP-AM002P	Permatex 56521
4	Silicone RTV	Gasket Maker	999MP-AM003P (Ultra Grey)	99998-50506 (Ultra Grey)	Permatex Ultra Grey 82194; Three Bond 1207,1215, 1216, 1217F, 1217G and 1217H Nissan RTV Part No. 999MP-A7007
5	High Temperature, High Strength Thread Locking Sealant (Red)	Threadlocker	999MP-AM004P	999MP-AM004P	Permatex 27200; Three Bond 1360, 1360N, 1305 N&P, 1307N, 1335, 1335B, 1363B, 1377C, 1386B, D&E and 1388 Loctite 648
6	Medium Strength Thread Locking Seal- ant (Blue)	Threadlocker (service tool removable)	999MP-AM005P	999MP-AM005P	Permatex 24200, 24206, 24240, 24283 and 09178; Three Bond 1322, 1322N, 1324 D&N, 1333D, 1361C, 1364D, 1370C and 1374

TERMINOLOGY

SAE J1930 Terminology List

INFOID:0000000009136091

All emission related terms used in this publication in accordance with SAE J1930 are listed. Accordingly, new terms, new acronyms/abbreviations and old terms are listed in the following chart.

Air cleaner Barometric pressure Baroner Barone	NEW TERM	NEW ACRONYM / ABBREVIATION	OLD TERM
Barometric pressure sensor-BCDD BAROS-BCDD BCDD Camshaft position CMP """ Canshaft position sensor CMPS Crank angle sensor Canister """ Carburetor CARB Carburetor Charge air cooler CAC Intercooler Closed loop Clut Closed loop Clut Closed loop Clutch pedal position switch CPP switch Idle switch Clutch pedal position switch CPP switch Continuous fuel injection system CFI system "" Continuous trap oxidizer system CTOX system "" Continuous trap oxidizer system CKPS "" Canshaft position sensor CKP "" Data link connector DLC "" Data link connector for CONSULT DLC for CONSULT Diagnostic connector for CONSULT Diagnostic test mode DTM Diagnostic test mode IDM IDM Mode IDM Diagnostic test mode IDM IDM Mode IDM Diagnostic test mode IDM IDM Mode IDM IDM Mode IDM IDM Mode IDM IDM IDM Mode IDM IDM IDM Mode IDM IDM Mode IDM IDM IDM IDM Mode IDM IDM Mode IDM IDM IDM IDM IDM IDM Mode IDM	Air cleaner	ACL	Air cleaner
Camshaft position CMPS Crank angle sensor Canister "" Canister Carburetor CARB Carburetor Charge air cooler CAC Intercooler Closed loop Closed throttle position switch CPP switch Idle switch Clutch pedal position switch CPP switch Continuous fuel injection system CTOX system "" Continuous fuel injection system CTOX system "" Continuous trap oxidizer system CTOX system "" Crankshaft position sensor CKPS "" Crankshaft position sensor CKPS "" Data link connector DLC "" Data link connector for CONSULT DLC for CONSULT Diagnostic test mode DTM Diagnostic test mode DTM DIagnostic test mode ID DTM IM Mode II Diagnostic test mode ID DTM IM Mode II Diagnostic test mode ID DTM IM Mode II Diagnostic touble code DTC Malfunction code Direct fuel injection system DFI system INStream Instruction system IP system INStructure heater EFF-mixture heater EFF-mixture heater EFF-mixture heater EFF-mixture heater EFF-mixture heater EPROM INStructure Sensor ECTS Engine temperature EFC Engine control module ECT Engine control module ECT Engine control module EMPOMENT ENGINE E	Barometric pressure	BARO	***
Camshaft position sensor Camshaft position sensor Cansister """ Cansister Cansister Cansister Cache Colege (Cache Cache) Closed loop Closed throttle position switch Cutch pedal position switch Cutch swi	Barometric pressure sensor-BCDD	BAROS-BCDD	BCDD
Carlister "" Carlister Carburetor CARB Carburetor Charge air cooler CAC Intercooler Closed loop CL Closed throttle position switch CTP switch Idle switch Clutch pedal position switch CPP switch Clutch switch Cuttch pedal position switch CPP switch Clutch switch Continuous fuel injection system CFI system "" Continuous trap oxidizer system CKP System "" Carakshaft position CKP "" Crankshaft position sensor CKPS "" Crankshaft position sensor CKPS "" Data link connector DLC "" Data link connector CONSULT DLC for CONSULT Diagnostic connector for CONSULT Diagnostic test mode DTM Diagnostic test mode DTM Diagnostic test mode selector Diagnostic test mode IDTM Mode I Diagnostic test mode IDTM Mode I Diagnostic trouble code DTC Malfunction code Direct fuel injection system DFI system Ignition timing control Early fuel evaporation-mixture heater EFE-mixture heater Mixture heater Mixture heater EFE-mixture heater EFE-mixture heater Ingine control Electrically erasable programmable read only memory ECM ECM ECC Scontrol unit Engine control Memorature ECM Engine control Memorature ECM Engine control memorature ECT Engine control memorature ECT Engine temperature ECTS Engine temperature ECTS Engine temperature Servaporative emission anister EVAP system Canister Cani	Camshaft position	СМР	***
Carburetor Carburetor Carburetor Carburetor Charge air cooler Closed loop CL Closed throttle position switch CTP switch Clutch pedal position switch CTP switch Clutch switch CUth pedal position switch CTP switch Clutch switch CUth switch Cuth pedal position system CTOX	Camshaft position sensor	CMPS	Crank angle sensor
Charge air cooler Closed loop CL Closed brottle position switch CTP switch Clutch pedal position switch CPP switch Continuous fuel injection system CTOX system DIAL Diagnostic connector for CONSULT Diagnostic connector for CONSULT Diagnostic test mode DTOM Diagnostic connector for CONSULT Diagnostic test mode selector DIAL Mode II TECHNOLITE II DIAL MODE II TECHNOLITE II TECHNOLITE II TE	Canister	***	Canister
Closed loop CL Closed throttle position switch CTP switch Clutch pedal position switch CPP switch Continuous fuel injection system CTOX system CTOX system CTOX system CTRANShaft position CKP Crankshaft position CKP CTANShaft position CKP CTANShaft position CKP CTANShaft position CKP CTANSHAFT position CTR	Carburetor	CARB	Carburetor
Closed throttle position switch CLUch pedal position switch CLUch pedal position switch COP switch CIutch pedal position switch CORP switch Continuous fuel injection system CFI system *** Continuous fuel injection system CTOX system *** CTOX system *** CTOX system CTX system CTX system CTX system CTX syst	Charge air cooler	CAC	Intercooler
Clutch pedal position switch Continuous fuel injection system CFI system CTOX System Selector CTOX System Singular System CTOX System System CTOX System System System CTOX System Sys	Closed loop	CL	Closed loop
Continuous fuel injection system Continuous trap oxidizer system Corankshaft position CKP Crankshaft position sensor CKPS Data link connector DLC Data link connector DLC but for CONSULT Diagnostic test mode DTM Diagnostic mode selector Diagnostic test mode DTM Mode I Diagnostic test mode selector Diagnostic test mode DTM Mode I Diagnostic test mode I DTM II Mode I Diagnostic test mode II DTM II Mode II Diagnostic test mode II DTM II Mode II Diagnostic trouble code DTC Malfunction code Direct fuel injection system DFI system Distributor ignition system Distributor ignition system EFF-mixture heater Early fuel evaporation-mixture heater EFF-mixture heater EFF-mixture heater EFF-mode II System Mixture heater control EEPROM EEPROM EEPROM EEPROM EECCS control unit Engine control EC Engine control EC Engine temperature ECT Engine temperature ECT Engine temperature ECT Engine temperature Engine speed RPM Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM Evaporative emission canister EVAP canister EVAP system Canister	Closed throttle position switch	CTP switch	Idle switch
Continuous train positiors are system CTOX system STOX	Clutch pedal position switch	CPP switch	Clutch switch
Crankshaft position Sensor CKPS *** Crankshaft position sensor CKPS *** Data link connector DLC *** Data link connector for CONSULT DLC for CONSULT Diagnostic connector for CONSULT Diagnostic test mode DTM Diagnostic mode Diagnostic test mode Selector DTM Selector Diagnostic test mode selector DTM Mode I Diagnostic test mode II DTM II Mode II Diagnostic test mode II DTM II Mode II Diagnostic test mode II DTC Malfunction code Direct fuel injection system DFI system *** Distributor ignition system DFI system Ignition timing control Early fuel evaporation-mixture heater EFF-mixture heater Mixture heater Carly fuel evaporation system EFROM *** Electrically erasable programmable read only memory ECM ECC control unit temperature ECM ECC control unit temperature ECM ECCS control unit temperature ECTS Engine temperature Engine coolant temperature sensor ECTS Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM *** Engine speed RPM Engine speed EVAP canister	Continuous fuel injection system	CFI system	***
Crankshaft position sensor CKPS Data link connector DLC Data link connector for CONSULT Diagnostic test mode DTM Diagnostic test mode DTM Diagnostic test mode selector DTM selector Diagnostic test mode selector DTM I Diagnostic test mode selector Diagnostic test mode II DTM II Diagnostic test mode II DTM III Diagnostic test mode II DTM III Diagnostic test mode II DTM III Diagnostic trouble code DTC Malfunction code DTC Distributor ignition system Di system Di system Distributor ignition system Early fuel evaporation-mixture heater EFE-mixture heater EFEROM ELectrically erasable programmable read only memory ECM ECCS control unit Engine control ECC Engine temperature ECT Engine temperature sensor EM ENA Engine speed RPM Engine speed EVAP canister EVAP canister EVAP system Diagnostic connector for CONSULT Diagnostic mode DIM II Mode I Mode I Mode I DTM II Mode I Mode I Mode I Mode I Mode I Mode I DTM II Mode I Mode I Mode I Mode I DTM II Mode I Mode I Mode I Diagnostic mode Node I Mode I M	Continuous trap oxidizer system	CTOX system	***
Data link connector DLC **** Data link connector for CONSULT DLC for CONSULT Diagnostic connector for CONSULT Diagnostic test mode DTM Diagnostic mode Diagnostic mode Diagnostic test mode Selector DTM III Mode II Diagnostic test mode II DTM III Mode II Diagnostic test mode II DTM III Mode II Diagnostic trouble code DTC Malfunction code Direct fuel injection system DFI system "*** Distributor ignition system Ignition timing control Early fuel evaporation-mixture heater EFE-mixture heater Mixture heater Certically erasable programmable read only memory ECM ECM ECC Scontrol unit Engine control module ECM ECT Engine temperature Engine coolant temperature ECT Engine temperature sensor Engine speed RPM Engine speed Evaporative emission system EVAP system Canister Control solenoid valve	Crankshaft position	CKP	***
Data link connector for CONSULT Diagnostic test mode DTM Diagnostic test mode DTM Diagnostic test mode selector DTM selector Diagnostic test mode selector DTM I Diagnostic test mode selector DTM I Diagnostic test mode selector DTM I Diagnostic test mode II DTM II Diagnostic trouble code DTC Malfunction code Direct fuel injection system DFI system Distributor ignition system DI system DI system EFE-mixture heater Early fuel evaporation system EEPROM EEPROM EEPROM EECCS control unit Engine control ECC Engine coolant temperature ECT Engine speed RPM Engine speed EROM EPROM	Crankshaft position sensor	CKPS	***
Diagnostic test mode Diagnostic test mode selector DTM selector Diagnostic test mode selector DTM I Diagnostic test mode I DTM I Diagnostic test mode II DTM II Diagnostic trouble code DTC Diagnostic trouble code DTC Disystem Distributor ignition system DI system Early fuel evaporation-mixture heater Early fuel evaporation system EEPROM EIectrically erasable programmable read only memory EIectronic ignition system EICT Engine coolant temperature ECT Engine speed ERM EPROM EPROM EPROM EPROM EPROM EPROM EPROM EIGH Engine speed EPROM EPROM EVAP canister EVAP system EVAP System Code Direct fuel injection system Smiture heater E*** *** DI system Ignition timing control **** *** *** *** *** Distributor ignition system EFE system Mixture heater Mixture heater Mixture heater Mixture heater Mixture heater *** *** *** *** *** *** ***	Data link connector	DLC	***
Diagnostic test mode selector Diagnostic test mode I Diagnostic test mode II Diagnostic test mode II Diagnostic trouble code DTC Malfunction code Direct fuel injection system Distributor ignition system Distributor ignition system Early fuel evaporation-mixture heater Early fuel evaporation system Electrically erasable programmable read only memory Electronic ignition system El System El System Ignition timing control Wixture heater control EPROM **** EPROM ECC Engine control ECC Engine control module ECT Engine temperature Engine colant temperature sensor ECTS Engine temperature sensor Engine modification EM **** EPROM EPROM **** Engine speed RPM Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM EVAP canister EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve	Data link connector for CONSULT	DLC for CONSULT	Diagnostic connector for CONSULT
Diagnostic test mode I DTM I Mode I Diagnostic test mode II DTM II Mode II Diagnostic trouble code DTC Malfunction code Direct fuel injection system DFI system **** Distributor ignition system DI system Ignition timing control Early fuel evaporation-mixture heater EFE-mixture heater Mixture heater Early fuel evaporation system EFE system Mixture heater control Electrically erasable programmable read only memory EI system Ignition timing control Electronic ignition system EI system Ignition timing control Engine control EC **** Engine control module ECM ECCS control unit Engine coolant temperature ECTS Engine temperature Engine temperature sensor ECTS Engine temperature sensor Engine modification EM *** Engine speed RPM Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM **** Evaporative emission canister EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve	Diagnostic test mode	DTM	Diagnostic mode
Diagnostic test mode II Diagnostic trouble code DTC Malfunction code Direct fuel injection system Distributor ignition system EFE-mixture heater Early fuel evaporation-mixture heater Early fuel evaporation system EFE system Mixture heater CEARLY fuel evaporation system EFE system Mixture heater control ELectrically erasable programmable read only memory ELECTONIC ignition system EI system Ignition timing control ECC **** Engine control ECC Engine control module ECM ECCS control unit Engine coolant temperature ECT Engine temperature ECT Engine temperature Engine modification EM *** Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM Evaporative emission canister EVAP canister EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve	Diagnostic test mode selector	DTM selector	Diagnostic mode selector
Diagnostic trouble code Direct fuel injection system Distributor ignition system Distributor ignition system Di system Ignition timing control Early fuel evaporation-mixture heater Early fuel evaporation system EFE system Mixture heater control Electrically erasable programmable read only memory Electronic ignition system EI system Ignition timing control EC **** Engine control EC Engine control module ECM ECCS control unit Engine coolant temperature ECT Engine temperature Engine temperature ECTS Engine temperature sensor ECTS Engine modification EM **** Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM Evaporative emission canister EVAP canister EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve	Diagnostic test mode I	DTM I	Mode I
Direct fuel injection system Distributor ignition system Di system Di system Di system Di system Di system Di system EFE-mixture heater EFE-mixture heater EFE-mixture heater Early fuel evaporation-mixture heater EFF system Mixture heater control Electrically erasable programmable read only memory EI system EI system EI system Ignition timing control ECC **** Engine control ECC Engine control module ECM ECCS control unit Engine coolant temperature ECT Engine temperature Engine temperature sensor ECTS Engine temperature sensor Engine modification EM **** Engine speed RPM Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM EVAP canister EVAP canister EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve	Diagnostic test mode II	DTM II	Mode II
Distributor ignition system Early fuel evaporation-mixture heater Early fuel evaporation system Eight fuel evaporation fuel fuel fuel fuel fuel fuel fuel fuel	Diagnostic trouble code	DTC	Malfunction code
Early fuel evaporation-mixture heater	Direct fuel injection system	DFI system	***
Early fuel evaporation system Electrically erasable programmable read only memory Electronic ignition system El system El system El system Ignition timing control Engine control EC *** Engine control module ECM ECS control unit Engine coolant temperature ECT Engine coolant temperature Engine coolant temperature sensor ECTS Engine temperature sensor Engine modification EM *** Engine speed RPM Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM Evaporative emission canister EVAP canister EVAP system Mixture heater control *** Ignition timing control *** ECCS control unit Engine temperature Engine temperature *** Engine temperature sensor Engine speed **** Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM **** Evaporative emission canister EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve	Distributor ignition system	DI system	Ignition timing control
Electrically erasable programmable read only memory Electronic ignition system El system El system Ignition timing control Engine control EC Engine control module ECM Engine coolant temperature Engine coolant temperature sensor Engine coolant temperature sensor ECTS Engine temperature sensor Engine modification EM **** Engine speed RPM Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM Evaporative emission canister EVAP canister EVAP system EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve	Early fuel evaporation-mixture heater	EFE-mixture heater	Mixture heater
Electronic ignition system El system El system El system Engine control EC *** Engine control module ECM Engine coolant temperature ECT Engine coolant temperature ECTS Engine temperature Engine temperature sensor Engine modification EM *** Engine speed RPM Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EVAP canister Evaporative emission system EI system Ignition timing control *** ECCS control unit Engine temperature Engine temperature *** Engine temperature sensor Engine speed *** Engine speed *** Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EVAP canister EVAP canister Canister Canister control solenoid valve	Early fuel evaporation system	EFE system	Mixture heater control
Engine control Engine control module ECM Engine coolant temperature Engine coolant temperature Engine coolant temperature sensor Engine modification EM *** Engine temperature sensor Engine temperature sensor Engine temperature sensor Engine temperature sensor Engine speed Engine speed RPM Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM *** Evaporative emission canister EVAP canister Evaporative emission system EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve		EEPROM	***
Engine control module ECM ECCS control unit Engine coolant temperature ECT Engine temperature Engine coolant temperature sensor ECTS Engine temperature sensor Engine modification EM *** Engine speed RPM Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM *** Evaporative emission canister EVAP canister Canister Evaporative emission system EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve	Electronic ignition system	EI system	Ignition timing control
Engine coolant temperature ECT Engine temperature Engine coolant temperature sensor ECTS Engine temperature sensor Engine modification EM *** Engine speed RPM Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM *** Evaporative emission canister EVAP canister Canister Evaporative emission system EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve	Engine control	EC	***
Engine coolant temperature sensor ECTS Engine temperature sensor Engine modification EM *** Engine speed RPM Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM *** Evaporative emission canister EVAP canister Canister Evaporative emission system EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve	Engine control module	ECM	ECCS control unit
Engine modification EM *** Engine speed RPM Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory Evaporative emission canister Evaporative emission system EVAP system *** Canister Canister control solenoid valve	Engine coolant temperature	ECT	Engine temperature
Engine speed RPM Engine speed Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM *** Evaporative emission canister EVAP canister Canister Evaporative emission system EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve	Engine coolant temperature sensor	ECTS	Engine temperature sensor
Erasable programmable read only memory EPROM **** Evaporative emission canister EVAP canister Canister Evaporative emission system EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve	Engine modification	EM	***
Evaporative emission canister EVAP canister Canister Evaporative emission system EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve	Engine speed	RPM	Engine speed
Evaporative emission system EVAP system Canister control solenoid valve	Erasable programmable read only memory	EPROM	***
	Evaporative emission canister	EVAP canister	Canister
Exhaust gas recirculation valve EGR valve EGR valve	Evaporative emission system	EVAP system	Canister control solenoid valve
	Exhaust gas recirculation valve	EGR valve	EGR valve

GI-23 2014 QX60 **Revision: August 2013**

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NEW TERM	NEW ACRONYM / ABBREVIATION	OLD TERM
Exhaust gas recirculation control-BPT valve	EGRC-BPT valve	BPT valve
Exhaust gas recirculation control-solenoid valve	EGRC-solenoid valve	EGR control solenoid valve
Exhaust gas recirculation temperature sensor	EGRT sensor	Exhaust gas temperature sensor
EGR temperature sensor		
Flash electrically erasable programmable read only memory	FEEPROM	***
Flash erasable programmable read only memory	FEPROM	***
Flexible fuel sensor	FFS	***
Flexible fuel system	FF system	***
Fuel pressure regulator	***	Pressure regulator
Fuel pressure regulator control solenoid valve	***	PRVR control solenoid valve
Fuel trim	FT	***
Heated Oxygen sensor	HO2S	Exhaust gas sensor
Idle air control system	IAC system	Idle speed control
Idle air control valve-air regulator	IACV-air regulator	Air regulator
Idle air control valve-auxiliary air control valve	IACV-AAC valve	Auxiliary air control (AAC) valve
Idle air control valve-FICD solenoid valve	IACV-FICD solenoid valve	FICD solenoid valve
Idle air control valve-idle up control sole- noid valve	IACV-idle up control solenoid valve	Idle up control solenoid valve
Idle speed control-FI pot	ISC-FI pot	FI pot
Idle speed control system	ISC system	***
Ignition control	IC	***
Ignition control module	ICM	***
Indirect fuel injection system	IFI system	***
Intake air	IA	Air
Intake air temperature sensor	IAT sensor	Air temperature sensor
Knock	***	Detonation
Knock sensor	KS	Detonation sensor
Malfunction indicator lamp	MIL	Check engine light
Manifold absolute pressure	MAP	***
Manifold absolute pressure sensor	MAPS	***
Manifold differential pressure	MDP	***
Manifold differential pressure sensor	MDPS	***
Manifold surface temperature	MST	***
Manifold surface temperature sensor	MSTS	***
Manifold vacuum zone	MVZ	***
Manifold vacuum zone sensor	MVZS	***
Mass air flow sensor	MAFS	Air flow meter
Mixture control solenoid valve	MC solenoid valve	Air-fuel ratio control solenoid valve
Multiport fuel injection System	MFI system	Fuel injection control

NEW TERM	NEW ACRONYM / ABBREVIATION	OLD TERM	Gl
Nonvolatile random access memory	NVRAM	***	
On board diagnostic system	OBD system	Self-diagnosis	_
Open loop	OL	Open loop	— E
Oxidation catalyst	OC	Catalyst	
Oxidation catalytic converter system	OC system	***	(
Oxygen sensor	O2S	Exhaust gas sensor	
Park position switch	***	Park switch	
Periodic trap oxidizer system	PTOX system	***	_ [
Positive crankcase ventilation	PCV	Positive crankcase ventilation	
Positive crankcase ventilation valve	PCV valve	PCV valve	
Powertrain control module	PCM	***	_
Programmable read only memory	PROM	***	
Pulsed secondary air injection control sole- noid valve	PAIRC solenoid valve	AIV control solenoid valve	F
Pulsed secondary air injection system	PAIR system	Air induction valve (AIV) control	
Pulsed secondary air injection valve	PAIR valve	Air induction valve	
Random access memory	RAM	***	
Read only memory	ROM	***	— -
Scan tool	ST	***	
Secondary air injection pump	AIR pump	***	
Secondary air injection system	AIR system	***	_
Sequential multiport fuel injection system	SFI system	Sequential fuel injection	_
Service reminder indicator	SRI	***	
Simultaneous multiport fuel injection sys- em	***	Simultaneous fuel injection	
Smoke puff limiter system	SPL system	***	
Supercharger	SC	***	
Supercharger bypass	SCB	***	
System readiness test	SRT	***	_
Thermal vacuum valve	TVV	Thermal vacuum valve	
Three way catalyst	TWC	Catalyst	
Three way catalytic converter system	TWC system	***	
Three way + oxidation catalyst	TWC + OC	Catalyst	_
Three way + oxidation catalytic converter system	TWC + OC system	***	
Throttle body	ТВ	Throttle chamber SPI body	(
Throttle body fuel injection system	TBI system	Fuel injection control	
Throttle position	TP	Throttle position	
Throttle position sensor	TPS	Throttle sensor	
Throttle position switch	TP switch	Throttle switch	
Torque converter clutch solenoid valve	TCC solenoid valve	Lock-up cancel solenoid Lock-up solenoid	_
Transmission range switch	***	Park/neutral position switch Inhibitor switch Neutral position switch	

NEW TERM	NEW ACRONYM / ABBREVIATION	OLD TERM
Transmission control module	TCM	A/T control unit
Turbocharger	TC	Turbocharger
Vehicle speed sensor	VSS	Vehicle speed sensor
Volume air flow sensor	VAFS	Air flow meter
Warm up oxidation catalyst	WU-OC	Catalyst
Warm up oxidation catalytic converter system	WU-OC system	***
Warm up three way catalyst	WU-TWC	Catalyst
Warm up three way catalytic converter system	WU-TWC system	***
Wide open throttle position switch	WOTP switch	Full switch

^{***:} Not applicable

IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

< VEHICLE INFORMATION >

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VEHICLE INFORMATION

IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

del Var	lation					INFOID:000000000913609
Model Body	Engine	Transmiss	sion	Destination	Grade	Model
					Base	JLJALQW-EU7
Wagon		CVT		U.S.A.	Premium	JLJALTW-EU7
	VQ35DE			Canada	Base	JLJALQW-EN7
					Premium	JLJALTW-EN7
				Mexico	Premium	JLJALTW-EU7
D Model	Facino	Transmis	aia n	Destination	Grade	Model
Body	Engine	rransmis	SION	Destination		
Wagon VQ3				U.S.A.	Base	JLJNLQW-EU7
					Premium	JLJNLTW-EU7
	VQ35DE	CVT		Canada	Base	JLJNLQW-EN7
				30	Premium	JLJNLTW-EN7
				Mexico	Premium	JLJNLTW-EJ7
fix and suffix Position	designations Character	Qualifier			Definition	
1	J	Body type	J: Cros	J: Crossover SUV		
2		, .,,		3. G10330VEI GGV		
3	LJ	Engine	LJ: VQ	LJ: VQ35DE		
4 A		A: FWI	A: FWD			
	А	Axle	N: AW	N: AWD		
5	L	Drive	L: LH			
	т	Crado	Q: Bas	Q: Base		
6 T		Grade T:		T: Premium		
7	W	Transmission	W: CV	W: CVT		
8						
9	L50	Model	L50: Q	X60		
10						

· ·		0.000	T: Premium
7	W	Transmission	W: CVT
8			
9	L50	Model	L50: QX60
10			
11	E	Intake	E: EGI
			U: Federal
12	U	Zone	N: Canada
			J: Mexico
13	7	Equipment	7: Standard
14			

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Option Codes

Option Codes

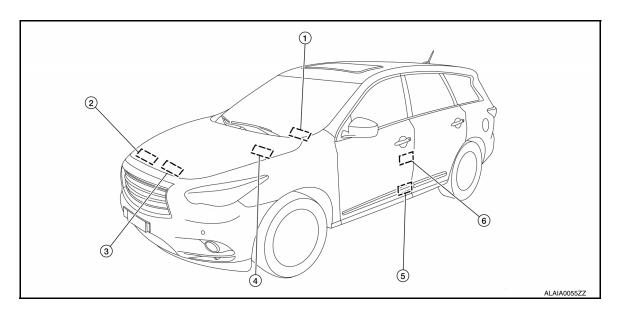
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Identification Number

INFOID:0000000009136093



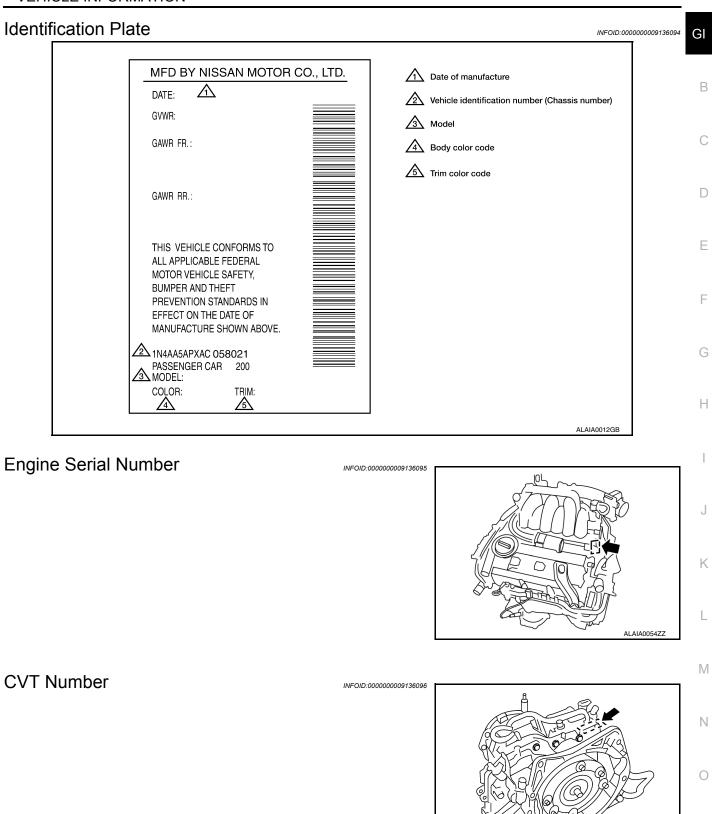
- 1. Vehicle identification number (VIN) plate 2. Air conditioner specification label
- 3. Emission control information label

- 4. VIN plate (last 8 digits) (front of passenger seat)
- 5. F.M.V.S.S. / C.M.V.S.S. certification label 6. Tire and loading information label

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER ARRANGEMENT

Position	Character	Qualifier	Definition		
1					
2	5N1	Manufacturer	5N1: USA produced multi-purpose vehicle		
3					
4	Α	Engine type	A: VQ35DE		
5	LO	Model code	L0: L50 (QX60)		
6	LO	Woder code			
7	М	Body type	M: 4 Dr. Wagon		
0			M: AWD, 4-wheel ABS, Class D (7 seating capacity). Driver and front passenger: 3-point manual seat belts, frontal air bags, side air bags, and curtain side air bags; 2nd row outboard: 3-point manual seat belts and SRS curtain side air bags; 2nd row center: 3-point manual seat belt; 3rd row outboard: 3-point manual seat belts and SRS curtain side air bags		
8 M		Restraint system	N: FWD, 4-wheel ABS, Class D (7 seating capacity). Driver and front passenger: 3-point manual seat belts, frontal air bags, side air bags, and curtain side air bags; 2nd row outboard: 3-point manual seat belts and SRS curtain side air bags; 2nd row center: 3-point manual seat belt; 3rd row outboard: 3-point manual seat belts and SRS curtain side air bags		
9	*	Check digit	*: Determined by plant		
10	E	Model year	E: 2014		
11	С	Manufacturing plant	C: Smyrna, Tennessee		
12					
13	xxxxxx	Vehicle serial number			
14			Chassis number		
15					
16					
17					

IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION



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IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

< VEHICLE INFORMATION >

Dimensions INFOID:0000000009136097

Unit: mm (in)

Drive type		FWD and AWD
Overall length		4989 (196.4)
Overall width		1960 (77.2)
Overall height	With roof rack	1813 (71.4)
	Without roof rack	1723 (67.8)
Front tread width	1	1670 (65.7)
Rear tread width		1670 (65.7)
Wheelbase		2900 (114.2)
Minimum Running Ground Clearance		165 (6.5)

Wheels & Tires

Road wheel/offset mm (in)	Tire	Spare tire size*	
18x7.5J Aluminum Alloy/50(1.97)	235/65R18	T165/90D18	
20x7.5J Aluminum Alloy/50(1.97)	235/55R20	1103/90010	

^{*:}With steel wheel

PRECAUTION

PRECAUTIONS

Description

Observe the following precautions to ensure safe and proper servicing. These precautions are not described in each individual section.

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front passenger seat is occupied. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SR and SB section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SR section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

WARNING:

- When working near the Airbag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Airbag System sensors with the Ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the Ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

Precautions For Xenon Headlamp Service

WARNING:

Comply with the following warnings to prevent any serious accident.

- Disconnect the battery cable (negative terminal) or the power supply fuse before installing, removing, or touching the xenon headlamp (bulb included). The xenon headlamp contains high-voltage generated parts.
- · Never work with wet hands.
- Check the xenon headlamp ON-OFF status after assembling it to the vehicle. Never turn the xenon headlamp ON in other conditions. Connect the power supply to the vehicle-side connector.

(Turning it ON outside the lamp case may cause fire or visual impairments.)

 Never touch the bulb glass immediately after turning it OFF. It is extremely hot.

CAUTION:

Comply with the following cautions to prevent any error and malfunction.

HIGH

VOLTAGE A WARNING/AVERTISSEMENT

XENON HEADLAMPS

1 TO AVOID DEATH OR INJURY, DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE
TOUCHING OR SERVICING BULB OR CABLES. SEE OWNERS MANUAL.

POUR VITER LES BLESSURES OU LA MORT, COUPER L'ALIMENTATION
AVANT DE TOUCHER L'AMPOULE OU AUX C'BLES OU AVANT DE
LES RPARER. COUNSULTER LE MANUEL DE L'USAGER.

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2014 QX60

Revision: August 2013

PRECAUTIONS

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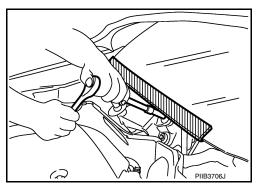
- Install the xenon bulb securely. (Insufficient bulb socket installation may melt the bulb, the connector, the housing, etc, by high-voltage leakage or corona discharge.)
- Never perform HID circuit inspection with a tester.
- Never touch the xenon bulb glass with hands. Never put oil and grease on it.
- Dispose of the used xenon bulb after packing it in thick vinyl without breaking it.
- Never wipe out dirt and contamination with organic solvent (thinner, gasoline, etc.).

WARNING 警告 #書となら感電の恐れがあるので、下記を守って下もい。 ・電源スイッチをOFFにしてから電源コネクタを脱壊して下さい。 ・発展して、同路がリーネスを改造しないで下さい。 ・電源スターを用いて回路が使きしないで下さい。 ・電源スターを用いて回路が使きしないで下さい。 TO AVOID DEATH OF SERIOUS PERSONAL INUDIV FROM ELECTRICAL SHOCK. INUDIC FROM ELECTRICAL SHOCK. I

INFOID:0000000009136102

Precaution for Procedure without Cowl Top Cover

When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc to prevent damage to windshield.



Cautions in Removing Battery Terminal and AV Control Unit

INFOID:0000000009136103

CAUTION:

Remove battery terminal and AV control unit after a lapse of 30 seconds or more after turning the ignition switch OFF.

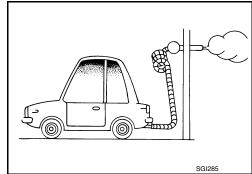
NOTE:

After the ignition switch is turned OFF, the AV control unit continues operating for approximately 30 seconds. Therefore, data corruption may occur if battery voltage is cut off within 30 seconds.

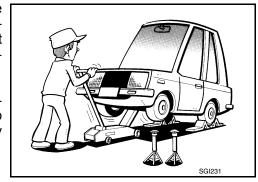
General Precautions

INFOID:0000000009136104

- Do not operate the engine for an extended period of time without proper exhaust ventilation.
 - Keep the work area well ventilated and free of any inflammable materials. Special care should be taken when handling any inflammable or poisonous materials, such as gasoline, refrigerant gas, etc. When working in a pit or other enclosed area, be sure to properly ventilate the area before working with hazardous materials. Do not smoke while working on the vehicle.



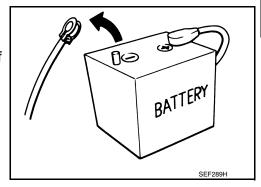
- Before jacking up the vehicle, apply wheel chocks or other tire blocks to the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving. After jacking up the vehicle, support the vehicle weight with safety stands at the points designated for proper lifting before working on the vehicle.
 - These operations should be done on a level surface.
- When removing a heavy component such as the engine or transaxle/transmission, be careful not to lose your balance and drop them. Also, do not allow them to strike adjacent parts, especially the brake tubes and master cylinder.



PRECAUTIONS

< PRECAUTION >

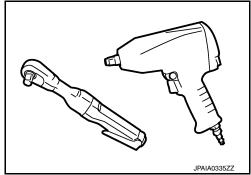
- Before starting repairs which do not require battery power: Turn off ignition switch.
 - Disconnect the negative battery terminal.
- · If the battery terminals are disconnected, recorded memory of radio and each control unit is erased.



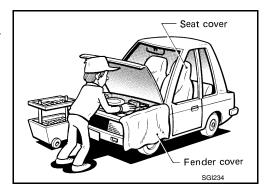
 To prevent serious burns: Avoid contact with hot metal parts.

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.

- Dispose of drained oil or the solvent used for cleaning parts in an appropriate manner.
- Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically.
 - Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray and possibly a fire.
- · Clean all disassembled parts in the designated liquid or solvent prior to inspection or assembly.
- Replace oil seals, gaskets, packings, O-rings, locking washers, cotter pins, self-locking nuts, etc. with new ones.
- Replace inner and outer races of tapered roller bearings and needle bearings as a set.
- Arrange the disassembled parts in accordance with their assembled locations and sequence.
- Do not touch the terminals of electrical components which use microcomputers (such as ECM). Static electricity may damage internal electronic components.
- After disconnecting vacuum or air hoses, attach a tag to indicate the proper connection.
- Use only the fluids and lubricants specified in this manual.
- · Use approved bonding agent, sealants or their equivalents when required.
- Use hand tools, power tools (disassembly only) and recommended special tools where specified for safe and efficient service repairs.
- · When repairing the fuel, oil, water, vacuum or exhaust systems, check all affected lines for leakage.



 Before servicing the vehicle: Protect fenders, upholstery and carpeting with appropriate covers. Take caution that keys, buckles or buttons do not scratch paint.



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WARNING:

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To prevent ECM from storing the diagnostic trouble codes, never carelessly disconnect the harness connectors which are related to the engine control system and TCM (transmission control module) system. The connectors should be disconnected only when working according to the WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and TM sections.

Three Way Catalyst

INFOID:0000000009136105

If a large amount of unburned fuel flows into the catalyst, the catalyst temperature will be excessively high. To prevent this, follow the instructions.

- Use unleaded gasoline only. Leaded gasoline will seriously damage the three way catalyst.
- When checking for ignition spark or measuring engine compression, make tests quickly and only when necessary.
- Do not run engine when the fuel tank level is low, otherwise the engine may misfire, causing damage to the catalyst.

Do not place the vehicle on flammable material. Keep flammable material off the exhaust pipe and the three way catalyst.

Multiport Fuel Injection System or Engine Control System

INFOID:0000000009136106

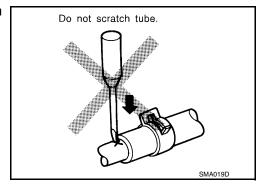
- Before connecting or disconnecting any harness connector for the multiport fuel injection system or ECM:
 - Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.
 - Disconnect negative battery terminal.
 - Otherwise, there may be damage to ECM.
- Before disconnecting pressurized fuel line from fuel pump to injectors, be sure to release fuel pressure.
- Be careful not to jar components such as ECM and mass air flow sensor.



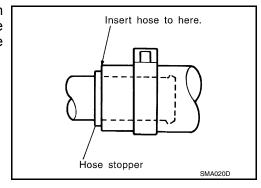
Hoses

HOSE REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

 To prevent damage to rubber hose, do not pry off rubber hose with tapered tool or screwdriver.



 To reinstall the rubber hose securely, check that hose insertion length and orientation is correct. (If tube is equipped with hose stopper, insert rubber hose into tube until it butts up against hose stopper.)

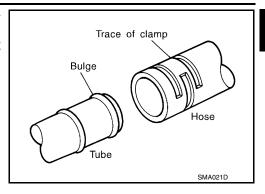


HOSE CLAMPING

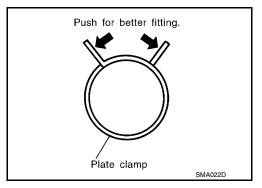
PRECAUTIONS

< PRECAUTION >

- · If old rubber hose is re-used, install hose clamp in its original position (at the indentation where the old clamp was). If there is a trace of tube bulging left on the old rubber hose, align rubber hose at that position.
- Discard old clamps; replace with new ones.



 After installing plate clamps, apply force to them in the direction of the arrow, tightening rubber hose equally all around.



Engine Oils INFOID:0000000009136108

Prolonged and repeated contact with used engine oil may cause skin cancer. Try to avoid direct skin contact with used oil.

If skin contact is made, wash thoroughly with soap or hand cleaner as soon as possible.

HEALTH PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS

- Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with oils, particularly used engine oils.
- Wear protective clothing, including impervious gloves where practicable.
- Do not put oily rags in pockets.
- Avoid contaminating clothes, particularly underpants, with oil.
- Heavily soiled clothing and oil-impregnated footwear should not be worn. Overalls must be cleaned regu-
- First aid treatment should be obtained immediately for open cuts and wounds.
- Use barrier creams, applying them before each work period, to help the removal of oil from the skin.
- Wash with soap and water to ensure all oil is removed (skin cleansers and nail brushes will help). Preparations containing lanolin replace the natural skin oils which have been removed.
- Do not use gasoline, kerosene, diesel fuel, gas oil, thinners or solvents for cleaning skin.
- If skin disorders develop, obtain medical advice without delay.
- · Where practical, degrease components prior to handling.
- Where there is a risk of eye contact, eye protection should be worn, for example, chemical goggles or face shields; in addition an eye wash facility should be provided.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS

Dispose of used oil and used oil filters through authorized waste disposal contractors to licensed waste disposal sites, or to the waste oil reclamation trade. If in doubt, contact the local authority for advice on disposal facilities.

It is illegal to pour used oil on to the ground, down sewers or drains, or into water sources.

The regulations concerning pollution vary between regions.

Air Conditioning

Revision: August 2013

Use an approved refrigerant recovery unit any time the air conditioning system must be discharged. Refer to HA section "REFRIGERANT" for specific instructions.

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PRECAUTIONS

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Fuel INFOID:0000000009136110

Use unleaded premium gasoline with an octane rating of at least 91 AKI (Anti-Knock Index) number (Research octane number 96).

If unleaded premium gasoline is not used, unleaded regular gasoline with an octane rating of at least 87 AKI (Anti-Knock Index) number (Research octane number 91) or above may be temporarily used, but only under the following precautions:

- Have the fuel tank filled only partially with unleaded regular gasoline, and fill up with unleaded premium gasoline as soon as possible.
- Avoid full throttle driving and abrupt acceleration.

Use unleaded premium gasoline for maximum vehicle performance.

CAUTION:

Do not use leaded gasoline. Using leaded gasoline will damage the three way catalyst. Do not use E-85 fuel (85% fuel ethanol, 15% unleaded gasoline) unless the vehicle is specifically designed for E-85 fuel (i.e. Flexible Fuel Vehicle - FFV models). Using a fuel other than that specified could adversely affect the emission control devices and systems, and could also affect the warranty coverage validity.

LIFTING POINT

< PRECAUTION >

LIFTING POINT

Special Service Tool

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The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description
LM4086-0200 (-) Board on attachment	S-NT001
LM4519-0000 (-) Safety stand attachment	S-NT002

CAUTION:

- Every time the vehicle is lifted up, maintain the complete vehicle curb condition.
- Since the vehicle's center of gravity changes when removing main parts on the front side (engine, transmission, suspension etc.), support a jack up point on the rear side garage jack with a transmission jack or equivalent.
- Since the vehicle's center of gravity changes when removing main parts on the rear side (rear axle, suspension, etc.), support a jack up point on the front side garage jack with a transmission jack or equivalent
- Be careful not to smash or do anything that would affect piping parts.

Pantograph Jack

INFOID:0000000009136112

WARNING:

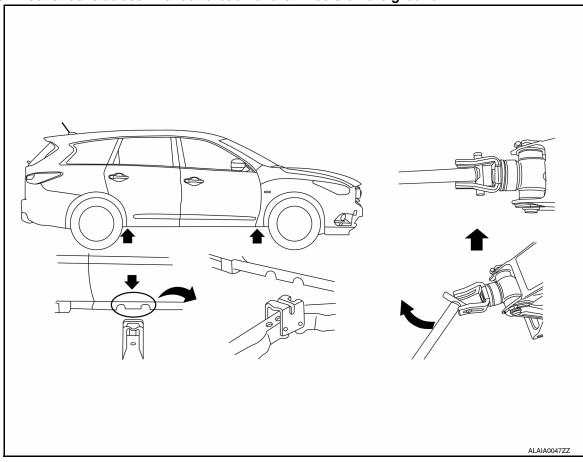
• Never get under the vehicle while it is supported only by the jack. Always use safety stands to support the frame when you have to get under the vehicle.

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• Place wheel chocks at both front and back of the wheels on the ground.

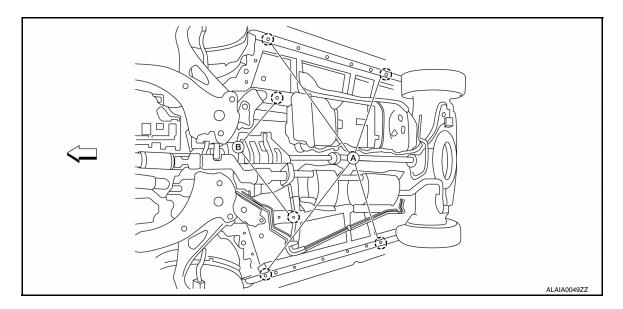


Garage Jack and Safety Stand

INFOID:0000000009136113

CAUTION:

• Place a wooden or rubber block between safety stand and vehicle body when the supporting body is flat.



A : Safety stand pointsB : Garage front jack points

LIFTING POINT

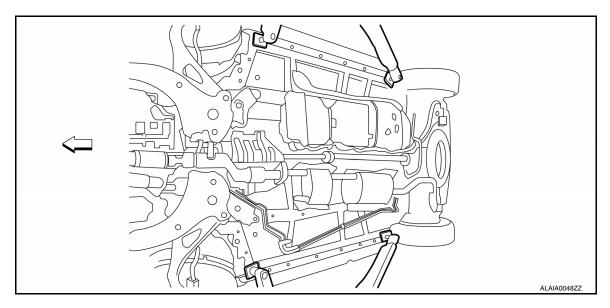
< PRECAUTION >

2-Pole Lift

WARNING:

• When lifting the vehicle, open the lift arms as wide as possible and ensure that the front and rear of the vehicle are well balanced.

• When setting the lift arm, never allow the arm to contact the brake tubes, brake cable, or fuel lines.



⟨⇒ : Vehicle front

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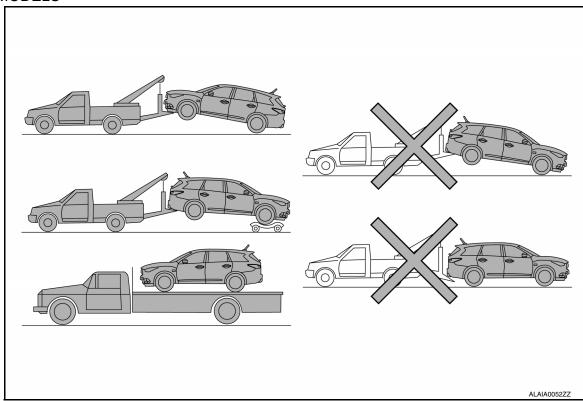
TOW TRUCK TOWING

Tow Truck Towing

CAUTION:

- All applicable state or Provincial (in Canada) laws and local laws regarding the towing operation must be obeyed.
- It is necessary to use proper towing equipment to avoid possible damage to the vehicle during towing operation. Towing is in accordance with Towing Procedure Manual at dealer.
- · Always attach safety chains before towing.
- When towing, check that the transmission, steering system and powertrain are in good order. If any unit is damaged, dollies must be used.
- Never tow a CVT model from the rear (that is backward) with four wheels on the ground. This may cause serious and expensive damage to the transmission.

FWD MODELS



INFINITI recommends that vehicle be towed with the driving (front) wheels off the ground or that a dolly be used as illustrated.

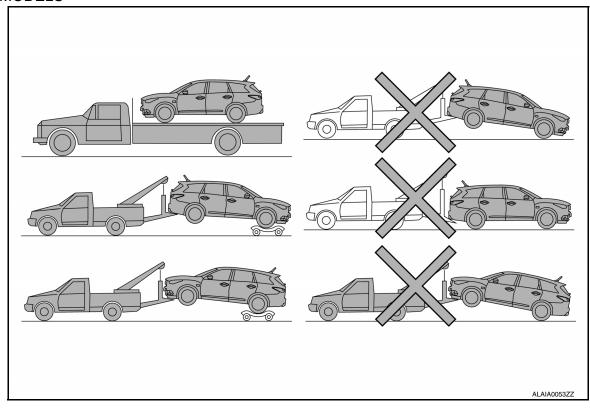
CAUTION:

- Never tow a CVT model with the rear wheels raised and the front wheels on the ground. This may
 cause serious and expensive damage to the transaxle. If it is necessary to tow the vehicle with the
 rear wheels raised, always use towing dollies under the front wheels.
- Never tow a CVT model from the rear (that is, backward) with four wheels on the ground. This may cause serious and expensive damage to the transaxle.

CAUTION:

 Always release the parking brake when towing the vehicle with the front wheels raised with the rear wheels on the ground.

AWD MODELS



INFINITI recommends that a dolly be used as illustrated when towing AWD models.

CAUTION:

Never tow AWD models with any of the wheels on the ground as this may cause serious and expensive damage to the powertrain.

Vehicle Recovery (Freeing a Stuck Vehicle)

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FREEING TRAPPED VEHICLE

WARNING:

- Stand clear of a stuck vehicle.
- Never allow anyone to stand near the towing line during the pulling operation.
- Never spin your tires at high speed. This could cause them to explode and result in serious injury. Parts of your vehicle could also overheat and be damaged.

CAUTION:

- Tow chains or cables must be attached only to the vehicle recovery hooks or main structural members of the vehicle. Otherwise, the vehicle body will be damaged.
- Never use the vehicle tie downs to free a vehicle stuck in sand, snow, mud, etc. Never tow the vehicle using the vehicle tie downs or recovery hooks.
- Always pull the cable straight out from the front of the vehicle. Never pull on the hook at an angle.
- Pulling devices should be routed so they do not touch any part of the suspension, steering, brake or cooling systems.
- Pulling devices such as ropes or canvas straps are not recommended for use in vehicle towing or recovery.
- In order to not break the towing line, tension it slowly.

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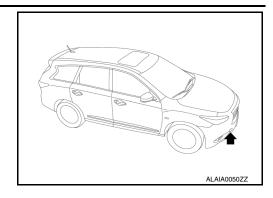
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TOW TRUCK TOWING

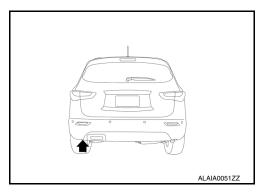
< PRECAUTION >

Vehicle recovery hook.



REAR

Vehicle tie down.



CVT

To tow a vehicle equipped with a CVT, an appropriate vehicle dolly **MUST** be placed under the towed vehicle's drive wheels. **Always** follow the dolly manufacture's recommendations when using their product. If the vehicle is stuck in sand, snow, mud, etc., use the following procedure:

- 1. Turn off the Vehicle Dynamic Control System.
- 2. Check the area in front and behind the vehicle is clear of obstructions.
- 3. Turn the steering wheel right and left to clear an area around the front tires.
- 4. Slowly rock the vehicle forward and backward.
 - Shift back and forth between R (reverse) and D (drive).
 - Apply the accelerator as little as possible to maintain the rocking motion.
 - Release the accelerator pedal before shifting between R and D.
 - Do not spin the tires above 35 mph. (55 km/h).
- If the vehicle can not be freed after a few tries, contact a professional towing service to remove the vehicle.

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WIRING DIAGRAM

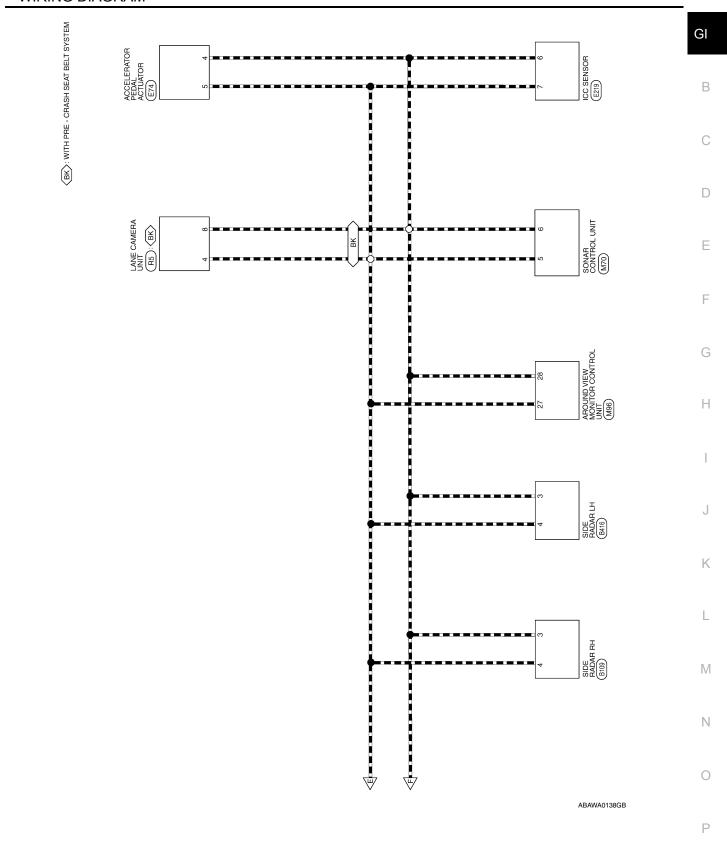
CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

Wiring Diagram - With Automatic Drive Positioner and ICC System

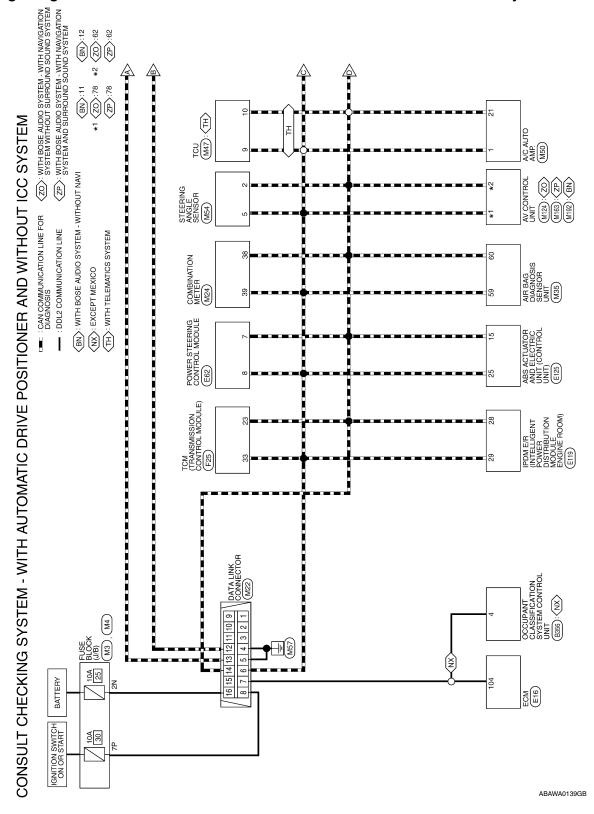
WITH BOSE AUDIO SYSTEM - WITH NAVIGATION SYSTEM WITHOUT SURFOUND SOUND SYSTEM WITH BOSE AUDIO SYSTEM - WITH NAVIGATION SYSTEM AND SUBROUND SOUND SYSTEM C D CAN COMMUNICATION LINE FOR DIAGNOSIS DDL2 COMMUNICATION LINE A/C AUTO AMP. M50 M47 Е AV CONTROL UNIT (M124): (ZD) (M163): (ZP) STEERING ANGLE SENSOR M54 CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM - WITH AUTOMATIC DRIVE POSITIONER AND ICC SYSTEM COMBINATION METER (M24) AIR BAG DIAGNOSIS SENSOR UNIT Н POWER STEERING CONTROL MODULE (E62) ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT (CONTROL UNIT) TCM (TRANSMISSION CONTROL MODULE) (F25) IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM) (E119) K L OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM CONTROL UNIT M M₄M₄ Ν BLOCK (J/B) 9 BATTERY 0 E16 9 8 IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START ₩ 9 Р ABAWA0137GB

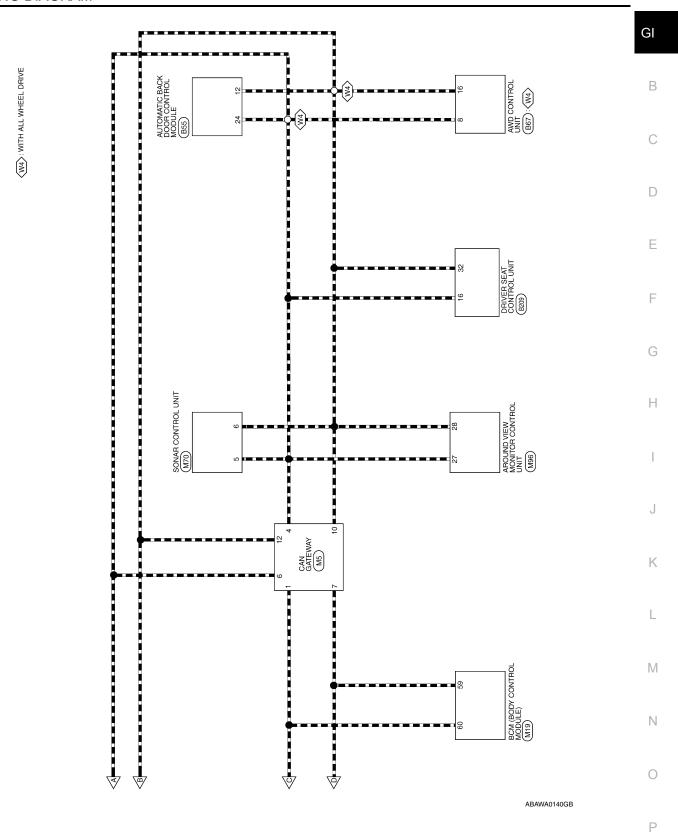
⟨W4⟩:WITH ALL WHEEL DRIVE
⟨BK⟩:WITH PRE-CRASH SEAT BELT SYSTEM

ADAS CONTROL UNIT B104 AUTOMATIC BACK DOOR CONTROL MODULE (B55) AWD CONTROL UNIT 24 DRIVER SEAT CONTROL UNIT CAN GATEWAY (M5) BCM (BODY CONTROL MODULE) (M19) ABAWA0128GB



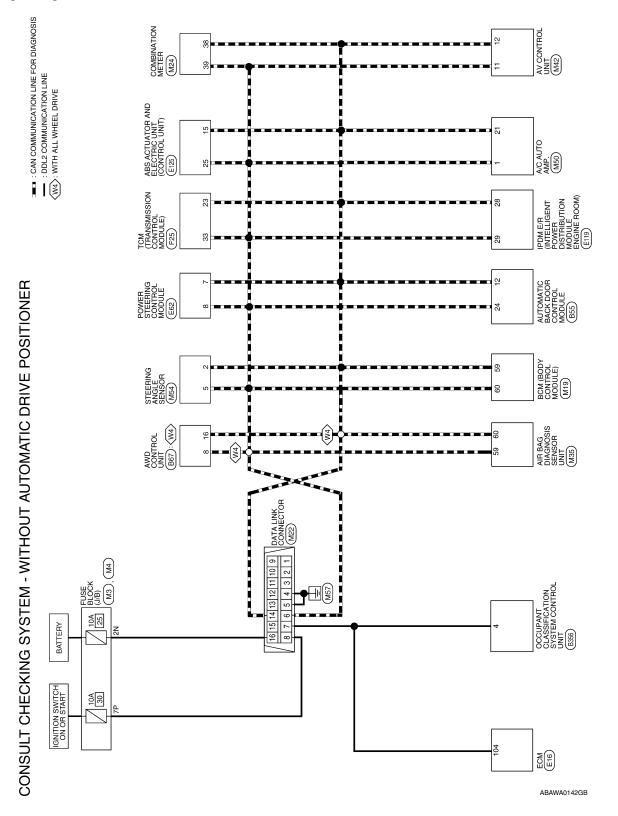
Wiring Diagram - With Automatic Drive Positioner and Without ICC System INFOID-00000009136118





Wiring Diagram - Without Automatic Drive Positioner

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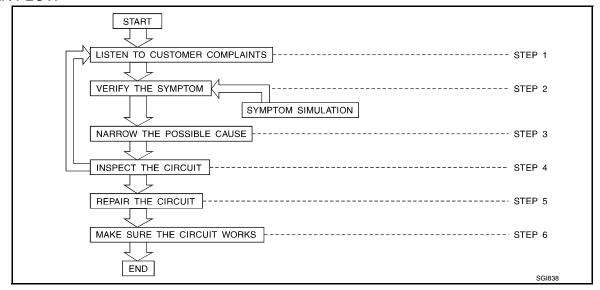


BASIC INSPECTION

SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

Work Flow

WORK FLOW



STEP		DESCRIPTION								
		formation about the conditions and the environment when the incident occurred. are key pieces of information required to make a good analysis:								
	WHAT Vehicle Model, Engine, Transmission/Transaxle and the System (i.e. Radio).									
STEP 1	WHEN	Date, Time of Day, Weather Conditions, Frequency.								
	WHERE	Road Conditions, Altitude and Traffic Situation.								
	HOW System Symptoms, Operating Conditions (Other Components Interaction). Service History and if any After Market Accessories have been installed.									
STEP 2	Operate the system, road test if necessary. Verify the parameter of the incident. If the problem cannot be duplicated, refer to "Incident Simulation Tests".									
STEP 3	Get the proper diagnosis materials together including: Power Supply Routing System Operation Descriptions Applicable Service Manual Sections Check for any Service Bulletins Identify where to begin diagnosis based upon your knowledge of the system operation and the customer comments.									
STEP 4	Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage. Determine which circuits and components are involved and diagnose using the Power Supply Routing and Harness Layouts.									
STEP 5	Repair or repla	ace the incident circuit or component.								
STEP 6	Operate the system in all modes. Verify the system works properly under all conditions. check you have not inadvertently created a new incident during your diagnosis or repair steps.									

Control Units and Electrical Parts

PRECAUTIONS

- · Never reverse polarity of battery terminals.
- Install only parts specified for a vehicle.
- Before replacing the control unit, check the input and output and functions of the component parts.
- Do not apply excessive force when disconnecting a connector.

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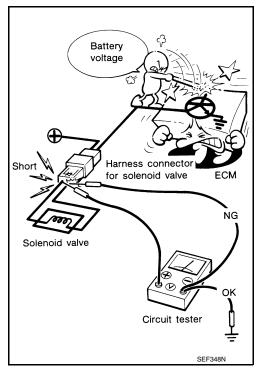
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< BASIC INSPECTION >

- Do not apply excessive shock to the control unit by dropping or hitting it.
- Be careful to prevent condensation in the control unit due to rapid temperature changes and do not let water or rain get on it. If water is found in the control unit, dry it fully and then install it in the vehicle
- Be careful not to let oil to get on the control unit connector.
- Avoid cleaning the control unit with volatile oil.
- Do not disassemble the control unit, and do not remove the upper and lower covers.



- When using a DMM, be careful not to let test probes get close to each other to prevent the power transistor in the control unit from damaging battery voltage because of short circuiting.
- When checking input and output signals of the control unit, use the specified check adapter.



How to Check Terminal

INFOID:0000000009136122

CONNECTOR AND TERMINAL PIN KIT

- Use the connector and terminal pin kits listed below when replacing connectors or terminals.
- The connector and terminal pin kits contain some of the most commonly used NISSAN/INFINITI connectors and terminals. For detailed connector and terminal pin replacement procedures, refer to the latest NISSAN/ INFINITI CONNECTOR AND TERMINAL PIN SERVICE MANUAL.

< BASIC INSPECTION >

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Desc	cription	
- (J38751-95NI) Connector and terminal pin kit (NISSAN) - (J38751-95INF) Connector and terminal pin kit (INFINITI) - (J42992-98KIT) OBD and terminal repair kit - (J42992-2000UPD) OBD-II Connector Kit Update	J38751-95NI	J38751-95INF	J42992-98KIT	J42992-2000UPD

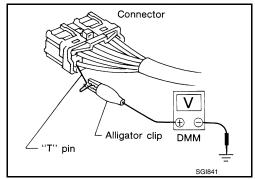
HOW TO PROBE CONNECTORS

- Connector damage and an intermittent connection can result from improperly probing of the connector during circuit checks.
- The probe of a digital multimeter (DMM) may not correctly fit the connector cavity. To correctly probe the connector, follow the procedures below using a "T" pin. For the best contact grasp the "T" pin using an alligator clip.

Probing from Harness Side

Standard type (not waterproof type) connector should be probed from harness side with "T" pin.

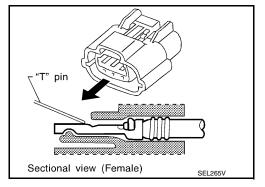
- If the connector has a rear cover such as a ECM connector, remove the rear cover before probing the terminal.
- Do not probe waterproof connector from harness side. Damage to the seal between wire and connector may result.



Probing from Terminal Side

FEMALE TERMINAL

 There is a small notch above each female terminal. Probe each terminal with the "T" pin through the notch.
 Do not insert any object other than the same type male terminal into female terminal.



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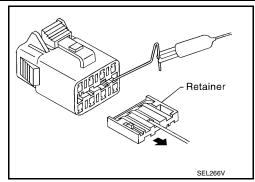
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 Some connectors do not have a notch above each terminal. To probe each terminal, remove the connector retainer to make contact space for probing.

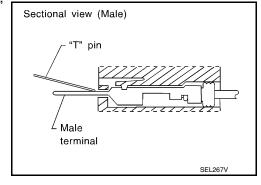


MALE TERMINAL

 Carefully probe the contact surface of each terminal using a "T" pin.

CAUTION:

Never bend terminal.

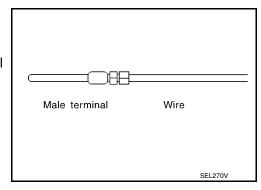


How to Check Enlarged Contact Spring of Terminal

- An enlarged contact spring of a terminal may create intermittent signals in the circuit.
- If the intermittent open circuit occurs, follow the procedure below to inspect for open wires and enlarged contact spring of female terminal.
- 1. Assemble a male terminal and approx. 10 cm (3.9 in) of wire. **NOTE:**

Use a male terminal which matches the female terminal.

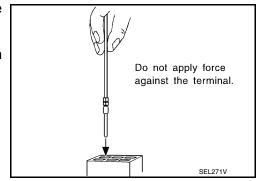
Disconnect the suspected faulty connector and hold it terminal side up.



3. While holding the wire of the male terminal, try to insert the male terminal into the female terminal.

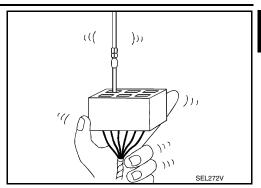
CAUTION:

Never force the male terminal into the female terminal with your hands.



< BASIC INSPECTION >

4. While moving the connector, check whether the male terminal can be easily inserted or not.



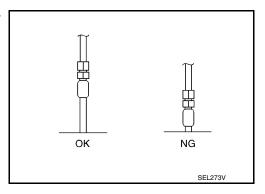
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If the male terminal can be easily inserted into the female terminal, replace the female terminal.



Waterproof Connector Inspection

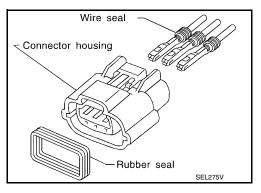
If water enters the connector, it can short interior circuits. This may lead to intermittent problems. Check the following items to maintain the original waterproof characteristics.

RUBBER SEAL INSPECTION

- Most waterproof connectors are provided with a rubber seal between the male and female connectors. If the seal is missing, the waterproof performance may not meet specifications.
- The rubber seal may come off when connectors are disconnected.
 Whenever connectors are reconnected, check the rubber seal is properly installed on either side of male or female connector.

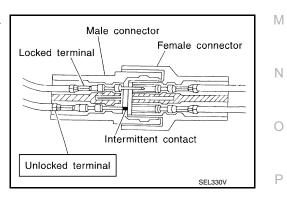
WIRE SEAL INSPECTION

 The wire seal must be installed on the wire insertion area of a waterproof connector. Be sure that the seal is installed properly.



Terminal Lock Inspection

Check for unlocked terminals by pulling wire at the end of connector. An unlocked terminal may create intermittent signals in the circuit.



Intermittent Incident

INFOID:0000000009136123

DESCRIPTION

Sometimes the symptom is not present when the vehicle is brought in for service. If possible, re-create the conditions present at the time of the incident. Doing so may help avoid a No Trouble Found Diagnosis. The fol-

< BASIC INSPECTION >

lowing section illustrates ways to simulate the conditions/environment under which the owner experiences an electrical incident.

The section is broken into the six following topics:

- Vehicle vibration
- Heat sensitive
- Freezing
- · Water intrusion
- · Electrical load
- Cold or hot start up

Get a thorough description of the incident from the customer. It is important for simulating the conditions of the problem.

VEHICLE VIBRATION

The problem may occur or become worse while driving on a rough road or when engine is vibrating (idle with A/C on). In such a case, you will want to check for a vibration related condition. Refer to the following illustration.

Connector & Harness

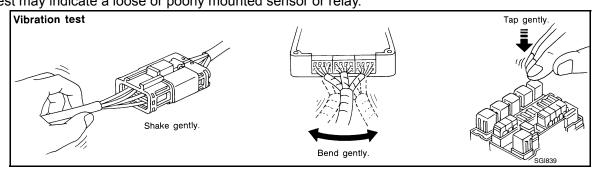
Determine which connectors and wiring harness would affect the electrical system you are inspecting. Gently shake each connector and harness while monitoring the system for the incident you are trying to duplicate. This test may indicate a loose or poor electrical connection.

Hint

Connectors can be exposed to moisture. It is possible to get a thin film of corrosion on the connector terminals. A visual inspection may not reveal this without disconnecting the connector. If the problem occurs intermittently, perhaps the problem is caused by corrosion. It is a good idea to disconnect, inspect and clean the terminals on related connectors in the system.

Sensor & Relay

Gently apply a slight vibration to sensors and relays in the system you are inspecting. This test may indicate a loose or poorly mounted sensor or relay.



Engine Compartment

There are several reasons a vehicle or engine vibration could cause an electrical complaint. Some of the things to check for are:

- · Connectors not fully seated.
- · Wiring harness not long enough and is being stressed due to engine vibrations or rocking.
- Wires laying across brackets or moving components.
- · Loose, dirty or corroded ground wires.
- Wires routed too close to hot components.

To inspect components under the hood, start by verifying the integrity of ground connections. (Refer to Ground Inspection described later.) First check that the system is properly grounded. Then check for loose connection by gently shaking the wiring or components as previously explained. Using the wiring diagrams inspect the wiring for continuity.

Behind the Instrument Panel

An improperly routed or improperly clamped harness can become pinched during accessory installation. Vehicle vibration can aggravate a harness which is routed along a bracket or near a screw.

Under Seating Areas

< BASIC INSPECTION >

An unclamped or loose harness can cause wiring to be pinched by seat components (such as slide guides) during vehicle vibration. If the wiring runs under seating areas, inspect wire routing for possible damage or pinching.

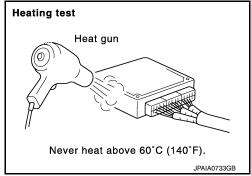
HEAT SENSITIVE

- The customer's concern may occur during hot weather or after car has sat for a short time. In such cases you will want to check for a heat sensitive condition.
- To determine if an electrical component is heat sensitive, heat the component with a heat gun or equivalent.

CAUTION:

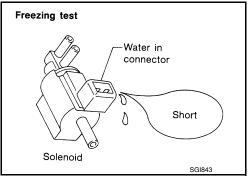
Never heat components above 60°C (140°F).

 If incident occurs while heating the unit, either replace or properly insulate the component.



FREEZING

- The customer may indicate the incident goes away after the car warms up (winter time). The cause could be related to water freezing somewhere in the wiring/electrical system.
- There are two methods to check for this. The first is to arrange for the owner to leave his car overnight. Check it will get cold enough to demonstrate his complaint. Leave the car parked outside overnight. In the morning, do a quick and thorough diagnosis of those electrical components which could be affected.
- The second method is to put the suspect component into a freezer long enough for any water to freeze. Reinstall the part into the car and check for the reoccurrence of the incident. If it occurs, repair or replace the component.

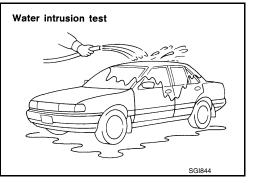


WATER INTRUSION

The incident may occur only during high humidity or in rainy/snowy weather. In such cases the incident could be caused by water intrusion on an electrical part. This can be simulated by soaking the car or running it through a car wash.

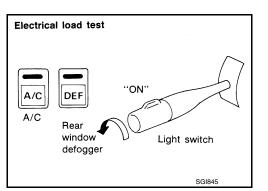
CAUTION:

Never spray water directly on any electrical components.



ELECTRICAL LOAD

The incident may be electrical load sensitive. Perform diagnosis with all accessories (including A/C, rear window defogger, radio, fog lamps) turned on.



COLD OR HOT START UP

On some occasions an electrical incident may occur only when the car is started cold, or it may occur when the car is restarted hot shortly after being turned off. In these cases you may have to keep the car overnight to make a proper diagnosis.

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Circuit Inspection

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DESCRIPTION

- In general, testing electrical circuits is an easy task if it is approached in a logical and organized method. Before beginning it is important to have all available information on the system to be tested. Also, get a thorough understanding of system operation. Then you will be able to use the appropriate equipment and follow the correct test procedure.
- You may have to simulate vehicle vibrations while testing electrical components. Gently shake the wiring harness or electrical component to do this.

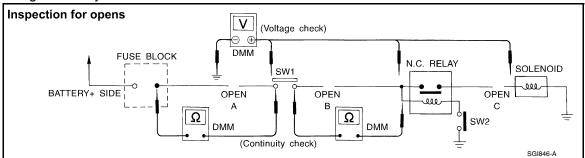
OPEN	A circuit is open when there is no continuity through a section of the circuit.							
There are two types of shorts.								
SHORT	SHORT CIRCUIT	When a circuit contacts another circuit and causes the normal resistance to change.						
	SHORT TO GROUND	When a circuit contacts a ground source and grounds the circuit.						

NOTE:

Refer to GI-50, "How to Check Terminal" to probe or check terminal.

TESTING FOR "OPENS" IN THE CIRCUIT

Before you begin to diagnose and test the system, you should rough sketch a schematic of the system. This will help you to logically walk through the diagnosis process. Drawing the sketch will also reinforce your working knowledge of the system.



Continuity Check Method

The continuity check is used to find an open in the circuit. The digital multimeter (DMM) set on the resistance function will indicate an open circuit as over limit (no beep tone or no ohms symbol). Check to always start with the DMM at the highest resistance level.

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits, please refer to the previous schematic.

- Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- Start at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end. (At the fuse block in this example)
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the fuse block terminal on the load side.
- Connect the other probe to the fuse block (power) side of SW1. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point A)
- Connect the probes between SW1 and the relay. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point B)
- Connect the probes between the relay and the solenoid. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point C)

Any circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

Voltage Check Method

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits please refer to the previous schematic.

In any powered circuit, an open can be found by methodically checking the system for the presence of voltage. This is done by switching the DMM to the voltage function.

- Connect one probe of the DMM to a known good ground.
- Begin probing at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end.
- With SW1 open, probe at SW1 to check for voltage. voltage: open is further down the circuit than SW1.

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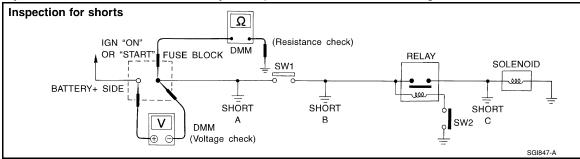
no voltage: open is between fuse block and SW1 (point A).

- Close SW1 and probe at relay.
 voltage: open is further down the circuit than the relay.
 no voltage: open is between SW1 and relay (point B).
- Close the relay and probe at the solenoid.
 voltage: open is further down the circuit than the solenoid.
 no voltage: open is between relay and solenoid (point C).

Any powered circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

TESTING FOR "SHORTS" IN THE CIRCUIT

To simplify the discussion of shorts in the system, please refer to the following schematic.



Resistance Check Method

- · Disconnect the battery negative cable and remove the blown fuse.
- Disconnect all loads (SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the load side of the fuse terminal. Connect the other probe to a known good ground.
- With SW1 open, check for continuity. continuity: short is between fuse terminal and SW1 (point A). no continuity: short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- Close SW1 and disconnect the relay. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground.
 Then, check for continuity.
 - continuity: short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).
 - no continuity: short is further down the circuit than the relay.
- Close SW1 and jump the relay contacts with jumper wire. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground. Then, check for continuity. continuity: short is between relay and solenoid (point C).

no continuity: check solenoid, retrace steps.

Voltage Check Method

- Remove the blown fuse and disconnect all loads (i.e. SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Turn the ignition switch to the ON or START position. Verify battery voltage at the battery + side of the fuse terminal (one lead on the battery + terminal side of the fuse block and one lead on a known good ground).
- With SW1 open and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage.
 voltage: short is between fuse block and SW1 (point A).
 no voltage: short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- With SW1 closed, relay and solenoid disconnected and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage.
 - voltage: short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).
 - no voltage: short is further down the circuit than the relay.
- With SW1 closed, relay contacts jumped with fused jumper wire check for voltage.
 voltage: short is down the circuit of the relay or between the relay and the disconnected solenoid (point C).
 no voltage: retrace steps and check power to fuse block.

GROUND INSPECTION

- Ground connections are very important to the proper operation of electrical and electronic circuits. Ground
 connections are often exposed to moisture, dirt and other corrosive elements. The corrosion (rust) can
 become an unwanted resistance. This unwanted resistance can change the way a circuit works.
- Electronically controlled circuits are very sensitive to proper grounding. A loose or corroded ground can drastically affect an electronically controlled circuit. A poor or corroded ground can easily affect the circuit. Even when the ground connection looks clean, there can be a thin film of rust on the surface.

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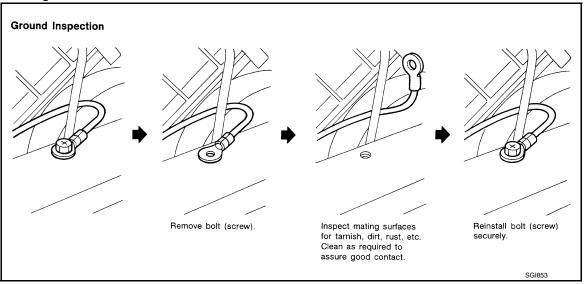
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< BASIC INSPECTION >

- When inspecting a ground connection follow these rules:
- Remove the ground bolt or screw.
- Inspect all mating surfaces for tarnish, dirt, rust, etc.
- Clean as required to assure good contact.
- Reinstall bolt or screw securely.
- Inspect for "add-on" accessories which may be interfering with the ground circuit.
- If several wires are crimped into one ground eyelet terminal, check for proper crimps. Check all of the wires are clean, securely fastened and providing a good ground path. If multiple wires are cased in one eyelet check no ground wires have excess wire insulation.
- For detailed ground distribution information, refer to "Ground Distribution" in PG section.



VOLTAGE DROP TESTS

- Voltage drop tests are often used to find components or circuits which have excessive resistance. A voltage
 drop in a circuit is caused by a resistance when the circuit is in operation.
- Check the wire in the illustration. When measuring resistance with DMM, contact by a single strand of wire will give reading of 0 ohms. This would indicate a good circuit. When the circuit operates, this single strand of wire is not able to carry the current. The single strand will have a high resistance to the current. This will be picked up as a slight voltage drop.
- Unwanted resistance can be caused by many situations as follows:
- Undersized wiring (single strand example)
- Corrosion on switch contacts
- Loose wire connections or splices.
- If repairs are needed always use wire that is of the same or larger gauge.

Measuring Voltage Drop — Accumulated Method

- Connect the DMM across the connector or part of the circuit you want to check. The positive lead of the DMM should be closer to power and the negative lead closer to ground.
- Operate the circuit.
- The DMM will indicate how many volts are being used to "push" current through that part of the circuit.

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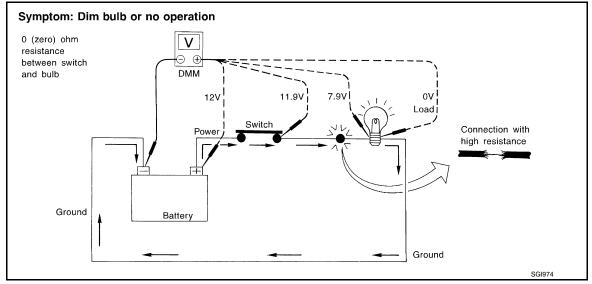
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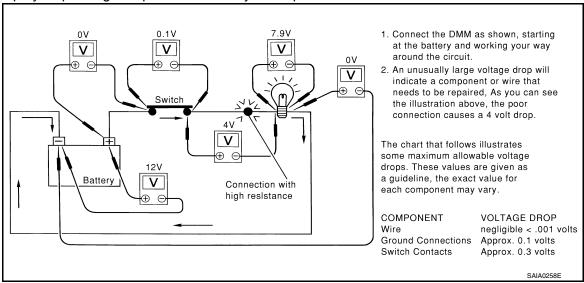
< BASIC INSPECTION >

Note in the illustration that there is an excessive 4.1 volt drop between the battery and the bulb.



Measuring Voltage Drop — Step-by-Step

- The step-by-step method is most useful for isolating excessive drops in low voltage systems (such as those in "Computer Controlled Systems").
- Circuits in the "Computer Controlled System" operate on very low amperage.
- The (Computer Controlled) system operations can be adversely affected by any variation in resistance in the system. Such resistance variation may be caused by poor connection, improper installation, improper wire gauge or corrosion.
- The step by step voltage drop test can identify a component or wire with too much resistance.

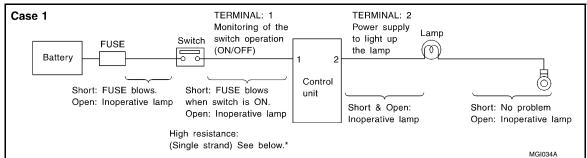


CONTROL UNIT CIRCUIT TEST

System Description

When the switch is ON, the control unit lights up the lamp.

CASE 1

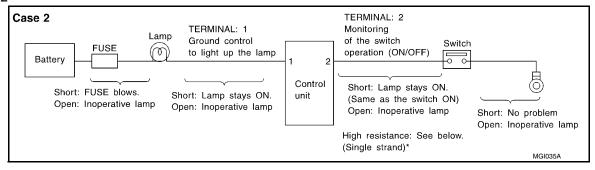


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INPUT-C	OUTPUT VO	LTAGE CHART								
Terminal No.		Descrip	tion			In case of high resistance such as single				
+	_	Signal name	Input/ Output	Condition	Value (Approx.)	strand (V) *				
1	Body ground	Switch	Input	Switch ON	Battery voltage	Lower than battery voltage Approx. 8 (Example)				
	ground			Switch OFF	0 V	Approx. 0				
2	Body	Lamn	Output	Switch ON	Battery voltage	Approx. 0 (Inoperative lamp)				
	ground Lamp		Output	Switch OFF	0 V	Approx. 0				

- · The voltage value is based on the body ground.
- *: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 1 does not detect battery voltage. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not supply power to light up the lamp.

CASE 2



INPUT-OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHART

Te	erminal No.	I No. Description				In case of high resistance such as single			
+	_	Signal name	Input/ Output	Condition	Value (Approx.)	strand (V) *			
1	Body	Lamp	Output	Switch ON	0 V	Battery voltage (Inoperative lamp)			
'	ground	Lamp	Output	Switch OFF	Battery voltage	Battery voltage			
2	Body	Switch	Input	Switch ON	0 V	Higher than 0 Approx. 4 (Example)			
	ground	OWIGH	input	Switch OFF	5 V	Approx. 5			

- · The voltage value is based on the body ground.
- *: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 2 does not detect approx. 0 V. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not control ground to light up the lamp.

CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

< BASIC INSPECTION >

CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

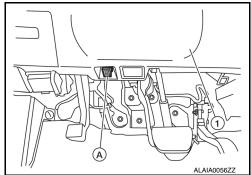
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CAUTION:

After disconnecting the CONSULT vehicle interface (VI) from the data link connector, the ignition must be cycled OFF \rightarrow ON (for at least 5 seconds) \rightarrow OFF. If this step is not performed, the BCM may not go to "sleep mode", potentially causing a discharged battery and a no-start condition. NOTE:

This vehicle is diagnosed using CONSULT-III plus

- When CONSULT is connected with a data link connector (A) equipped on the vehicle side, it will communicate with the control unit equipped in the vehicle and then enable various kinds of diagnostic tests.
 - 1 : Instrument lower panel LH
- Refer to CONSULT-III plus Software Operation Manual for more information.



CONSULT Function and System Application

OCCUPANT DETECTION*1 AIR PRESSURE MONITOR BELT*1 MODE AWD/4WD*1 SIDE RADAR RIGHT*1 AUTO BACK DOOR ACCELE PEDAL ACT SIDE RADAR LEFT* POS. LANE CAMERA*1 CAN GATEWAY*1 **TRANSMISSION** LASER/RADAR*1 TELEMATICS*1 METER/M&A PRECRASH SEAT ICC/ADAS*1 E/R **AIR BAG MULTI AV** ENGINE SONAR*1 **AUTO DRIVE** BCM ABS Diagnostic IPDM E Function test mode This mode enables a technician to ad-Work support just some devices Х Х Х Х Х Х Х Х Х Х Х Х faster and more accurately. Self Retrieve DTC from Diagnostic ECU and display Х diagnostic items. Result Monitor the input/ output signal of the Data Monitor Х Х Χ Х control unit in real time Send the drive signal from CON-SULT to the **Active Test** Х Х Х Х Х Х Х Х Х Х Х Х Х Х actuator. The operation check can be performed. The status of system monitoring DTC Work tests and the self-Support diagnosis status/ result can be confirmed.

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INFOID:0000000009136126

Revision: August 2013 GI-61 2014 QX60

CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

< BASIC INSPECTION >

Diagnostic test mode	Function	ENGINE	TRANSMISSION	AIR BAG	METER/M&A	AUTO BACK DOOR	BCM	AUTO DRIVE POS.*1	ABS	IPDM E/R	ALL MODE AWD/4WD*1	MULTI AV	ICC/ADAS*1	SONAR*1	AIR PRESSURE MONITOR	PRECRASH SEAT BELT*1	AC	LASER/RADAR*1	LANE CAMERA*1	ACCELE PEDAL ACT*1	SIDE RADAR LEFT*1	SIDE RADAR RIGHT*1	CAN GATEWAY*1	TELEMATICS*1	AVM*1	EPS	OCCUPANT DETECTION*1
ECU identification	Display the ECU identification number (part number etc.) of the selected system.	x	x	x	-	x	x	x	х	x	x	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	х	х	х	х	x	-
TROUBLE DIAG RECORD	Other results or histories, etc. that are recorded in ECU are displayed.	-	-	х	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warning History	Displays the history of the combination meter warning lamp indicators.	-	-	-	x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CALIB DATA	The calibration values of the ECU are displayed.	-	х	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

x: Applicable

CONSULT Data Link Connector (DLC) Circuit

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INSPECTION PROCEDURE

If the CONSULT cannot diagnose the system properly, check the following items.

Symptom	Check item
CONSULT cannot access any system.	CONSULT DLC power supply circuit (Terminal 8 and 16) and ground circuit (Terminal 4 and 5)
CONSULT cannot access individual system. (Other systems can be accessed.)	 Power supply and ground circuit for the control unit of the system (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.) Open or short circuit between the system and CONSULT DLC (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.) Open or short circuit CAN communication line. Refer to LAN-26, "Trouble Diagnosis Flow Chart".

NOTE:

The DDL1 and DDL2 CAN communication lines from DLC pins 6, 7, 12, 13 and 14 may be connected to more than one system. A short in a DDL circuit or CAN lines connected to a control unit in one system may affect CONSULT access to other systems. For a complete DDL circuit layout, refer to one of the following:

- GI-43, "Wiring Diagram With Automatic Drive Positioner and ICC System"
- GI-46, "Wiring Diagram With Automatic Drive Positioner and Without ICC System"
- GI-48, "Wiring Diagram Without Automatic Drive Positioner"

For a complete CAN lines layout, refer to LAN-69, "Wiring Diagram".

^{*1:} If equipped