## SECTION ENGINE MECHANICAL

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## PRECAUTIONS

< PRECAUTION >

## PRECAUTION <br> PRECAUTIONS

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the "SRS AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT" of this Service Manual.

## WARNING:

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision that would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see "SRS AIR BAG".
- Never use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.
PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS
WARNING:
Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.
- When working near the Air Bag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Air Bag System sensors with the ignition ON or engine running, never use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.
Precaution for Procedure without Cowl Top Cover
When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc.



## Precaution for Handling High Pressure Fuel System

- High pressure fuel system components are between high pressure fuel pump and fuel injector.
- Always release fuel pressure and never start the engine when performing removal and installation.
- When removing or installing parts without releasing fuel pressure, fuel may be splashed and, if fuel contacts skin or eyes, it may cause inflammation.
- After disconnecting pipes, plug openings to stop fuel leakage.


## PRECAUTIONS

< PRECAUTION >
DRAINING ENGINE COOLANT
Drain engine coolant and engine oil when the engine is cooled.

## INSPECTION, REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

Before repairing or replacing, thoroughly inspect parts. Inspect new replacement parts in the same way, and replace if necessary.

## REMOVAL AND DISASSEMBLY

- When instructed to use SST, use specified tools. Always be careful to work safely, avoid forceful or uninstructed operations.
- Exercise maximum care to avoid damage to mating or sliding surfaces.
- Dowel pins are used for several parts alignment. When replacing and reassembling parts with dowel pins, check that dowel pins are installed in the original position.
- Must cover openings of engine system with a tape or equivalent, to seal out foreign materials.
- Mark and arrange disassembly parts in an organized way for easy troubleshooting and reassembly.
- When loosening nuts and bolts, as a basic rule, start with the one furthest outside, then the one diagonally opposite, and so on. If the order of loosening is specified, do exactly as specified. Power tools may be used in the step.


## ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

- Use torque wrench to tighten bolts or nuts to specification.
- When tightening nuts and bolts, as a basic rule, equally tighten in several different steps starting with the ones in center, then ones on inside and outside diagonally in this order. If the order of tightening is specified, do exactly as specified.
- Replace with new gasket, packing, oil seal or O-ring.
- Thoroughly wash, clean, and air-blow each part. Carefully check engine oil or engine coolant passages for any restriction and blockage.
- Avoid damaging sliding or mating surfaces. Completely remove foreign materials such as cloth lint or dust. Before assembly, oil sliding surfaces well.
- After disassembling, or exposing any internal engine parts, change engine oil and replace oil filter with a new one.
- Release air within route when refilling after draining engine coolant.
- After repairing, start the engine and increase engine speed to check engine coolant, fuel, engine oil, and exhaust gases for leakage.


## Parts Requiring Angle Tightening

- Use angle wrench [SST: KV10112100 (BT8653-A)] for the final tightening of the following engine parts:
- Cylinder head bolts
- Main bearing cap bolts
- Main bearing cap sub bolts
- Connecting rod cap bolts
- Crankshaft pulley bolt (No angle wrench is required as the bolt flange is provided with notches for angle tightening)
- Ensure thread and seat surfaces are clean and coated with engine oil.

Precaution for Liquid Gasket

## PRECAUTIONS

< PRECAUTION >

- After removing mounting nuts and bolts, separate the mating surface using the seal cutter [SST:KV10111100 (J-37228)] (A) and remove old liquid gasket sealing.
CAUTION:
Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.
- Tap the seal cutter to insert it (B), and then slide it (C) by tapping on the side as shown in the figure.
- In areas where the seal cutter is difficult to use, lightly tap the parts using a plastic hammer to remove it. CAUTION:
If for some unavoidable reason a tool such as a screwdriver is used, be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.



## LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

1. Using a scraper (A), remove old liquid gasket adhering to the liquid gasket application surface and the mating surface.

- Remove liquid gasket completely from the groove of the liquid gasket application surface, mounting bolts and bolt holes.

2. Wipe the liquid gasket application surface and the mating surface with white gasoline (lighting and heating use) to remove adhering moisture, grease and foreign materials.

3. Attach liquid gasket tube to the tube presser (commercial service tool).

## Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to

 Gl-22, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".4. Apply liquid gasket without gaps to the specified location according to the specified dimensions.

- If there is a groove for liquid gasket application, apply liquid gasket to the groove.

- As for bolt holes (B), normally apply liquid gasket inside the holes. Occasionally, it should be applied outside the holes. Check to read the text of this manual.

> A : Groove
> $:$ Inside

- Within 5 minutes of liquid gasket application, install the mating component.
- If liquid gasket protrudes, wipe it off immediately.
- Do not retighten mounting bolts or nuts after the installation.
- After 30 minutes or more have passed from the installation, fill
 engine oil and engine coolant.
CAUTION:
If there are specific instructions in this manual, observe them.


## PRECAUTIONS

< PRECAUTION >

## Definitions of Bank Names

- In this manual, each bank name is defined as per the following:

A : Bank 2 (The conventional right bank)
B : Bank 1 (The conventional left bank)
$\checkmark$ : Engine front

- For cylinder numbers and bank layout, refer to the figure.


## Bank 1 : The bank side including cylinder No. 1 (odd-numbered cylinder side)

## Bank 2 : The other bank side of the above (even-numbered cylinder side)

## Precautions for Removing of Battery Terminal



- When removing the 12 V battery terminal, turn OFF the ignition switch and wait at least 30 seconds.
NOTE:
ECU may be active for several tens of seconds after the ignition switch is turned OFF. If the battery terminal is removed before ECU stops, then a DTC detection error or ECU data corruption may occur.
- For vehicles with the 2-batteries, be sure to connect the main battery and the sub battery before turning ON the ignition switch. NOTE:
If the ignition switch is turned ON with any one of the terminals of
 main battery and sub battery disconnected, then DTC may be detected.
- After installing the 12 V battery, always check "Self Diagnosis Result" of all ECUs and erase DTC. NOTE:
The removal of 12 V battery may cause a DTC detection error.


## PREPARATION

< PREPARATION >
PREPARATION
PREPARATION
Special Service Tool

| Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KV10116200 <br> (J-26336-A) <br> Valve spring compressor <br> 1. KV10115900 <br> (J-26336-20) <br> Attachment <br> 2. KV10109220 <br> ( - ) <br> Adapter |  | Disassembling valve mechanism Part (1) is a component of KV10116200 (J26336-A), but part (2) is not so. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { KV10107902 } \\ & \text { (J-38959) } \\ & \text { Valve oil seal puller } \end{aligned}$ |  | Removing valve oil seal |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { KV10115600 } \\ & \text { (J-38958) } \\ & \text { Valve oil seal drift } \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ <br> (a) (G) <br> (b) <br> © (9) | Installing valve oil seal Use side A (G) a: 20 ( 0.79 ) dia. d: 8 (0.31) dia. <br> b: 13 (0.51) dia. e: 10.7 (0.421) <br> c: 10.3 (0.406) dia. f: 5 (0.20) <br> H: Side B <br> Unit: mm (in) |
| EM03470000 <br> (J-8037) <br> Piston ring compressor |  | Installing piston assembly into cylinder bore |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { KV10111100 } \\ & \text { (J-37228) } \\ & \text { Seal cutter } \end{aligned}$ |  <br> S-NT046 | Removing steel oil pan and front cover |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { KV10112100 } \\ & \text { (BT8653-A) } \\ & \text { Angle wrench } \end{aligned}$ |  | Tightening bolts for bearing cap, cylinder head, etc. |

## PREPARATION

< PREPARATION >

| Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { KV10117100 } \\ & (\mathrm{J}-44626) \\ & \text { Heated oxygen sensor wrench } \end{aligned}$ |  | Loosening or tightening air fuel ratio sensor 1 a: 22 mm ( 0.87 in ) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { KV10120100 } \\ & (\mathrm{J}-47245) \end{aligned}$ <br> Ring gear stopper |  | Removing and installing crankshaft pulley |
| (J-45488) <br> Quick connector release | PBIC0198E | Removing fuel tube quick connectors in engine room <br> (Available in SEC. 164 of PARTS CATALOG:Part No. 16441 6N210) |
| KV10119300 $(-\quad)$ <br> Adapter and torque wrench assembly | JPBIA2623ZZ | Tightening rocker cover mounting bolts. (specified torque) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { KV10119600 } \\ & \text { ( - ) } \\ & \text { Injector remover } \end{aligned}$ |  | Removing fuel injector |

## PREPARATION

< PREPARATION >

(Kent-Moore No.)
Tool name
Tube presser
( - ) Pressing the tube of liquid gasket
( - )
( - )
Power tool

## PREPARATION

< PREPARATION >

| (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ( - ) <br> Pilot bushing puller |  | Removing pilot converter |
| ( - ) <br> Valve seat cutter set |  | Finishing valve seat (EXH) dimensions |
|  |  | Removing and installing piston ring |
| ( - ) <br> Valve guide drift | (a) <br> JPBIA0400ZZ | Removing and installing valve guide (EXH) a: 9.5 mm ( 0.374 in ) dia. <br> b: $5.5 \mathrm{~mm}(0.217 \mathrm{in})$ dia. |
| ( - ) <br> Valve guide reamer | (d) | (A): Reaming valve guide (EXH) inner hole <br> (B): Reaming hole for oversize valve guide (EXH) <br> c: 6.0 mm ( 0.236 in ) dia. <br> d: 10.2 mm ( 0.402 in ) dia. |
| (J-43897-18) <br> (J-43897-12) <br> Oxygen sensor thread cleaner |  | Reconditioning the exhaust system threads before installing a new heated oxygen sensor (Use with anti-seize lubricant shown below.) <br> a: J-43897-18 ( 18 mm dia.) for zirconia heated oxygen sensor and air fuel ratio sensor b: J-43897-12 (12 mm dia.) for titania heated oxygen sensor and air fuel ratio sensor |
| ( - ) <br> Anti-seize lubricant (Permatex 133AR or equivalent meeting MIL specification MIL-A-907) | AEM489 | Lubricating oxygen sensor thread cleaning tool when reconditioning exhaust system threads |

## PREPARATION

< PREPARATION >

| (Kent-Moore No.) <br> Tool name | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ( $-\quad$ ) <br> Feeler gauge | Inspection valve clearance (use a curved-tip <br> gauge) |
| ( $-\quad$ ) <br> Compression gauge with flexible type <br> adapter | Checking compression pressure |

## CAMSHAFT VALVE CLEARANCE

< BASIC INSPECTION >

## BASIC INSPECTION <br> CAMSHAFT VALVE CLEARANCE

## Inspection

## INSPECTION

Check valve clearance if applicable to the following cases:
Intake side:

- At the removal and installation of VVEL ladder assembly or valve-related parts, or at the occurrence of malfunction (poor starting, idle malfunction, unusual noise) due to aged deterioration in valve clearance.
CAUTION:
Valve clearance check on the intake side is not required after replacing the VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly with a new one. (Install new VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly in factory-shipped condition because it is factory-adjusted and inspected.) NOTE:
VVEL ladder assembly cannot be replaced as a single part, because it is machined together with cylinder head assembly.

Exhaust side:

- At the removal, installation, and replacement of exhaust camshaft or valve-related parts, or at the occurrence of malfunction (poor starting, idle malfunction, unusual noise) due to aged deterioration in valve clearance.

1. Remove VVEL actuator motor assembly. Refer to EM-37, "Removal and Installation".
2. Remove rocker covers (bank 1 and bank 2). Refer to EM-34, "Removal and Installation".
3. Remove VVEL actuator housing assembly. Refer to EM-37, "Removal and Installation".
4. Measure the valve clearance as per the following:

- Use the feeler gauge (commercial service tool) of curved-tip. This allows the feeler gauge to access the clearance between camshaft (drive shaft) nose and valve lifter with ease.


## Valve clearance : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".

NOTE:
Be sure to note the following points when measuring valve clearance on the intake side.

- Before measuring, check that the position of drive shaft nose is within the angle shown in the figure.

A: Bank 2
B : Feeler gauge (commercial service tool)
C : 45 degrees (drive shaft nose angle)
D : View D
: Insertion direction of feeler gauge on the bank 2

- : Insertion direction of feeler gauge on the bank 1
- Refer to the figure for the insertion direction of the feeler gauge since the direction depends on the bank.



## CAMSHAFT VALVE CLEARANCE

a. Set No. 1 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke.

- Rotate crankshaft pulley clockwise to align timing mark (grooved line without color) (B) with timing indicator (A).

- Check that exhaust cam nose on No. 1 cylinder (engine front side of bank 1) is located as shown in the figure.

1 : Exhaust camshaft (bank 1)
> : Engine front

- If not, turn crankshaft one revolution (360 degrees) and align as shown in the figure.

- By referring to the figure, measure the valve clearances at locations marked " $\times$ " as shown in the table below (locations indicated in the figure).
> : Engine front
- No. 1 cylinder at compression TDC

| Measuring position [bank 2 (A)] |  | No. 2 CYL. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } 4 \\ & \text { CYL. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } 6 \\ & \text { CYL. } \end{aligned}$ | No. 8 CYL. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. 1 cylinder at compression TDC | EXH |  |  |  | $\times$ (C) |
|  | INT | $\times$ (D) | $\times$ (E) |  |  |
| Measuring position [bank 1 (B)] |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } 1 \\ & \text { CYL. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } 3 \\ & \text { CYL. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } 5 \\ & \text { CYL. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } 7 \\ & \text { CYL. } \end{aligned}$ |
| No. 1 cylinder at compression TDC | INT | $\times(\mathrm{F})$ |  | $\times(\mathrm{G})$ |  |
|  | EXH | $\times$ (H) |  |  | $\times$ (I) |



NOTE:

## CAMSHAFT VALVE CLEARANCE

< BASIC INSPECTION >
To measure valve clearance of No. 1 cylinder INT valve (front side), insert feeler gauge (A) (commercial service tool) as shown in the figure.
$>:$ Engine front

b. Rotate crankshaft 270 degrees clockwise (when viewed from engine front) to align No. 3 cylinder at TDC its compression stroke.
NOTE:
Crankshaft pulley mounting bolt flange has an angle mark (B) every 90 degrees (c). They can be used as a guide to rotation angle.

A : Paint mark


- By referring to the figure, measure the valve clearances at locations marked " $\times$ " as shown in the table below (locations indicated in the figure).
$>$ : Engine front
- No. 3 cylinder at compression TDC

| Measuring position [bank 2 (A)] |  | No. 2 <br> CYL. | No. 4 <br> CYL. | No. 6 <br> CYL. | No. 8 <br> CYL. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. 3 cylinder at com- <br> pression TDC | EXH |  | $\times(\mathrm{C})$ |  |  |
|  | Measuring position [bank 1 (B)] |  | No. 1 <br> CYL. | No. 3 <br> CYL. | No. 5 <br> CYL. | No. 7 <br> CYL. |
| No. 3 cylinder at com- <br> pression TDC | INT |  | $\times(\mathrm{E})$ |  | $\times(\mathrm{F})$ |


c. Rotate crankshaft 90 degrees clockwise (when viewed from engine front) to align No. 6 cylinder at TDC of compression stroke.
NOTE:

## CAMSHAFT VALVE CLEARANCE

< BASIC INSPECTION >
Crankshaft pulley mounting bolt flange has an angle mark (B) every 90 degrees (c). They can be used as a guide to rotation angle.

A : Paint mark


- By referring to the figure, measure the valve clearances at locations marked " $\times$ " as shown in the table below (locations indicated in the figure).
$\checkmark$ : Engine front
- No. 6 cylinder at compression TDC

| Measuring position [bank 2 (A)] |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } 2 \\ & \text { CYL. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } 4 \\ & \text { CYL. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } 6 \\ & \text { CYL. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } 8 \\ & \text { CYL. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. 6 cylinder at compression TDC | EXH | $\times$ (B) |  | $\times$ (C) |  |
|  | INT |  |  | $\times$ (D) |  |


5. Perform adjustment or replacement if the measured value is out of the standard.

- If a valve clearance on the exhaust side is out of specification, adjust the valve clearance. Refer to EM83, "Inspection".
- If a valve clearance on the intake side is out of specification, replace VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly. Refer to EM-92, "Exploded View".
CAUTION:
Never adjust valve clearance on the intake side. NOTE:
Since the valve lifter (INT) cannot be replaced by the piece, VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly replacement are required.


## COMPRESSION PRESSURE

< BASIC INSPECTION >

## COMPRESSION PRESSURE

## Inspection

1. Warm up engine thoroughly. Then, stop it.
2. Release fuel pressure. Refer to the following table:

| ENGINE | Reference page |
| :--- | :--- |
| VK56VD FOR USA AND CANADA | EC-168, "Work Procedure" |
| VK56VD FOR MEXICO | EC-731, "Work Procedure" |

CAUTION:
If CONSULT is not used to release fuel pressure leave the fuel pump fuse disconnected until step 7.
3. Remove fuel pump fuse in IPDM E/R.

NOTE:

- For the fuse number, refer to the following table:

| ENGINE | Reference page |
| :--- | :---: |
| VK56VD FOR USA AND CANADA | EC-125, "Wiring Diagram" |
| VK56VD FOR MEXICO | EC-689, "Wiring Diagram" |

- For the fuse arrangement, refer to PG-99, "Fuse, Connector and Terminal Arrangement".

4. Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View".
5. Remove ignition coil and spark plug from each cylinder. Refer to EM-30, "Exploded View".
6. Connect engine tachometer (not required in use of CONSULT).
7. Install the compression tester with Tool [SST: EG15050500 (J45402)] into the spark plug hole.

8. Measure compression pressure using compression gauge connected with flexible type adapter (commercial service tool).
9. With accelerator pedal fully depressed, turn ignition switch to "START" for cranking. When the gauge pointer stabilizes, read the compression pressure and the engine rpm. Perform these steps to check each cylinder.

## Compression pressure : Refer to EM-140, "General Specification".

CAUTION:

- Measure a six-cylinder under the same conditions since a measurement depends on measurement conditions (engine water temperature, etc.).
- Always use a fully changed battery to obtain the specified engine speed.
- If the engine speed is out of the specified range, check battery liquid for proper gravity. Check the engine speed again with normal battery gravity. Refer to PG-114, "How to Handle Battery".
- If compression pressure is below the minimum value, check valve clearances and parts associated with combustion chamber (valve, valve seat, piston, piston ring, cylinder bore, cylinder head, cylinder head gasket). After checking, measure compression pressure again.
- If a cylinder has low compression pressure, pour a small amount of engine oil into the spark plug hole of the cylinder to re-check it for compression.
- If the added engine oil improves the compression, piston rings may be worn out or damaged. Check piston rings and replace if necessary. Refer to EM-116, "Disassembly and Assembly".
- If the compression pressure remains at low level despite the addition of engine oil, valves may be malfunctioning. Check valves for damage. Replace valve or valve seat accordingly. Refer to EM-116, "Disassembly and Assembly".
- If two adjacent cylinders have respectively low compression pressure and their compression remains low even after the addition of engine oil, cylinder head gaskets are leaking. In such a case, replace cylinder head gaskets. Refer to EM-93, "Removal and Installation".

10. After inspection is completed, install removed parts.
11. Start the engine, and check that the engine runs smoothly.
12. Perform trouble diagnosis. If DTC appears, erase it. Refer to the following table:

| ENGINE | Reference page |
| :--- | :--- |
| VK56VD FOR USA AND CANADA | EC-183, "Description" |
| VK56VD FOR MEXICO | EC-739, "Description" |

NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING < SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS >

## SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS

NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

## NVH Troubleshooting - Engine Noise



# NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING 

## Use the Chart Below to Help You Find the Cause of the Symptom

1. Locate the area where noise occurs.
2. Confirm the type of noise.
3. Specify the operating condition of the engine.
4. Check specified noise source.

If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

| Location of noise | Type of noise | Operating condition of engine |  |  |  |  |  | Source of noise | Check item | Reference page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Before warmup | After warmup | When starting | When idling | When racing | While driving |  |  |  |
| Top of engine Rocker cover Cylinder head | Ticking or clicking | C | A | - | A | B | - | Tappet noise | Valve clearance | EM-12 |
|  | Rattle | C | A | - | A | B | C | Camshaft bearing noise | Camshaft runout Camshaft journal oil clearance | EM-83 |
| Crank- <br> shaft pulley <br> Cylinder block (Side of engine) Oil pan | Slap or knock | - | A | - | B | B | - | Piston pin noise | Piston to piston pin oil clearance Connecting rod bushing oil clearance | EM-123 |
|  | Slap or rap | A | - | - | B | B | A | Piston slap noise | Piston to cylinder bore clearance <br> Piston ring side clearance <br> Piston ring end gap Connecting rod bend and torsion | EM-123 |
|  | Knock | A | B | C | B | B | B | Connecting rod bearing noise | Connecting rod bushing oil clearance Connecting rod bearing oil clearance | EM-123 |
|  | Knock | A | B | - | A | B | C | Main bearing noise | Main bearing oil clearance <br> Crankshaft runout | EM-123 |
| Front of engine Timing chain case | Tapping or ticking | A | A | - | B | B | B | Timing chain and timing chain tensioner noise | Timing chain cracks and wears Timing chain tensioner operation | EM-77 |
| Front of engine | Squeaking or fizzing | A | B | - | B | - | C | Drive belts (Sticking or slipping) | Drive belts deflection | EM-20 |
|  | Creaking | A | B | A | B | A | B | Drive belts (Slipping) | Idler pulley bearing operation |  |
|  | Squall Creak | A | B | - | B | A | B | Water pump noise | Water pump operation | CO-21 |

A: Closely related B: Related C: Sometimes related 一: Not related

## DRIVE BELTS

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

## PERIODIC MAINTENANCE <br> DRIVE BELTS

## Exploded View



1. Drive belt
2. Crankshaft pulley
3. Cooling fan pulley
A. Possible use range
D. View D
4. Power steering oil pump pulley
5. A/C compressor
6. Water pump pulley
B. Range when new drive belt is installed
7. Alternator pulley
8. Idler pulley
9. Drive belt auto-tensioner
C. Indicator

Checking

## WARNING:

## Be sure to perform the these steps when engine is stopped.

- Check that the indicator (C) (notch on fixed side) of each auto-tensioner is within the possible use range (A). NOTE:
- Check the each auto-tensioners indication when the engine is cold.
- When new drive belts is installed, the indicator (notch on fixed side) should be within the range (B) in the figure.
- Visually check all drive belts for wear, damage or cracks.
- If the indicator (notch on fixed side) is out of the possible use range or drive belts are damaged, replace drive belts.


## Tension Adjustment

Refer to EM-140, "Drive Belts".
Removal and Installation

## REMOVAL

1. Move reservoir tank to the position without the hindrance for work. Refer to $\mathrm{CO}-14$, "Exploded View".

## DRIVE BELTS

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >
2. Install wrench (A) on drive belt auto tensioner pulley bolt, move in the direction of arrow (loosening direction of tensioner) as shown.
CAUTION:

- Never place hand in a location where pinching may occur if the holding tool accidentally comes off.
- Never loosen the hexagonal part in center of auto tensioner pulley (1) (Never turn it clockwise). If turned clockwise, the complete auto tensioner must be replaced as a unit, including the pulley.

3. Under the above condition, insert a metallic bar (B) of approxi-
 mately $6 \mathrm{~mm}(0.24 \mathrm{in})$ in diameter (hexagonal bar wrench shown as example in the figure) through the holding boss to lock auto tensioner pulley arm.
4. Remove drive belt.

## INSTALLATION

Note the following item, and install in the reverse order of removal.
CAUTION:

- Check drive belts are securely installed around all pulleys.
- Check drive belts are correctly engaged with the pulley groove.
- Check for engine oil and engine coolant are not adhered drive belts and pulley groove.

Inspection
INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Turn crankshaft pulley clockwise several times to equalize tension between each pulley, and then confirm tension of drive belts at indicator (notch on fixed side) is within the possible use range. Refer to EM-20, "Exploded View".


## AIR CLEANER FILTER

## Exploded View



1. Resonator
2. Air cleaner filter
3. Air duct

V Vehicle front
Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

REMOVAL
NOTE:

- The viscous paper type filter does not need cleaning between replacement intervals.
- Replace the air filter as necessary for periodic maintenance. Refer to the following table:

| For NORTH AMERICA | MA-8, "FOR NORTH AMERICA : Introduction of Periodic <br> Maintenance" |
| :--- | :--- |
| For MEXICO | $\underline{\text { MA-11, "FOR MEXICO : Introduction of Periodic Mainte- }}$ |
| nance" |  |

1. Unhook clips, and lift air cleaner case (upper).
2. Remove air cleaner filter from air cleaner case.

INSTALLATION
Install is the reverse order of removal.
Inspection (Viscous Paper Type)
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL
Examine with eyes that there is no stain, clogging, or damage on air cleaner element.

- Remove dusts (such as dead leafs) on air cleaner element surface and inside cleaner case.
- If clogging or damage is observed, replace the air cleaner element.

CAUTION:
Never clean the viscous paper type air cleaner element by blowing as there is a risk of deterioration of its performance
MAINTENANCE INTERVAL

## AIR CLEANER FILTER

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >
Refer to MA-8, "FOR NORTH AMERICA : Introduction of Periodic Maintenance" (FOR NORTH AMERICA) or MA-11, "FOR MEXICO : Introduction of Periodic Maintenance" (FOR MEXICO).

EM

## SPARK PLUG

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

## SPARK PLUG

## Exploded View



1. Ignition coil (No. 2, 4)
2. Ignition coil (No. 6, 8)
3. Rocker cover (bank 2)
4. Rocker cover (bank 1)
5. Spark plug
6. Ignition coil (No. 1, 3)
7. Ignition coil (No. 5, 7)

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

## Removal and Installation

## REMOVAL

1. Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View".
2. Remove ignition coil. Refer to EM-30, "Exploded View".
3. Remove spark plug with a spark plug wrench (commercial service tool).
a $: 14 \mathrm{~mm}(0.55 \mathrm{in})$


INSTALLATION
Note the following item, installa is the reverse order of removal. CAUTION:

## SPARK PLUG

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >
Install ignition coil marked with an identification mark (A) on cylinder No. 5, 6, 7 and 8.


Inspection
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL
Use the standard type spark plug for normal condition.
Spark plug (Standard type) : Refer to EM-140, "Spark Plug".
CAUTION:

- Never drop or impact spark plug.
- Never use a wire brush for cleaning.
- If plug tip is covered with carbon, use spark plug cleaner to clean.

Cleaner air pressure
: Less than $588 \mathrm{kPa}\left(6 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 85 \mathrm{psi}\right)$
Cleaning time
: Less than 20 seconds


SMA773C

- Measure spark plug gap. When it exceeds the limit, replace spark plug even if it is within the specified replacement mileage. Refer to EM-140, "Spark Plug".
- Spark plug gap adjustment is not required between replacement intervals.



## ENGINE COVER

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

## REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION <br> ENGINE COVER

## Exploded View



1. Engine cover
2. Bracket (front)
3. Bracket (rear)
4. Intake manifold

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.
Removal and Installation
REMOVAL
CAUTION:
Never damage or scratch engine cover when installing or removing.

1. Remove mounting bolts.
2. Pull forward and remove engine cover.
3. Remove bracket (front) and bracket (rear).

INSTALLATION
Installation is the reverse order of removal.

## DRIVE BELT AUTO TENSIONER AND IDLER PULLEY

## Exploded View



1. Drive belt auto-tensioner
2. Idler pulley
3. Fan bracket

Refer to Gl-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.
Removal and Installation

## Removal

CAUTION:
The complete drive belt auto-tensioner must be replaced as a unit, including the pulley.

1. Remove drive belts. Refer to EM-20, "Exploded View".

- Keep auto-tensioner pulley arm locked after drive belt is removed.

2. Remove drive belt auto-tensioner.

- Keep auto-tensioner pulley arm locked to install or remove auto-tensioner.

CAUTION:
Never loosen the hexagonal part in center of drive belt auto tensioner pulley (Never turn it clockwise). If turned clockwise, the complete drive belt auto tensioner must be replaced as a unit, including the pulley.
3. Remove idler pulley.

Installation
Installation is the reverse order of removal.
CAUTION:
Never swap the pulley between new and old drive belt auto tensioner.

## AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

## AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT

## Exploded View



1. Resonator
2. Air cleaner filter
3. Air duct

V Vehicle front
Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

REMOVAL

## NOTE:

Mass air flow sensor is removable under the car-mounted condition.

1. Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View".
2. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
3. Remove air cleaner case and mass air flow sensor assembly and air duct by disconnecting their joints.

- Add matching marks, if necessary for easier installation.

4. Remove mass air flow sensor from air cleaner case, if necessary.

CAUTION:
Handle mass air flow sensor according to the following instructions.

- Never impact it.
- Never disassemble it.
- Never touch its sensor.

5. Disconnect PCV hose from air duct.
6. Remove air duct.
7. Remove air cleaner filter.
8. Remove air cleaner case (lower).
9. Remove adapter.
10. If remove resonator (location in wheel house), refer to following.
a. Remove LH front wheel and tire.
b. Remove fender protector. Refer to EXT-24, "FENDER PROTECTOR : Exploded View".
c. Remove resonator.

INSTALLATION

## AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
Note the following item, and install in the reverse order of removal.

- Align marks. Attach each joint. Screw clamps firmly.


## Clamp tightening torque $4.5 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $0.46 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 40 \mathrm{in}-\mathrm{Ib})$

Inspection
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL
Inspect air duct assembly for crack or tear.

- If damage is found, replace air duct assembly


## IGNITION COIL

## Exploded View



1. Ignition coil (No. 2, 4)
2. Ignition coil (No. 6, 8)
3. Rocker cover (bank 2)
4. Rocker cover (bank 1)
5. Spark plug
6. Ignition coil (No. 1, 3)
7. Ignition coil (No. 5, 7)

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

## Removal and Installation

## REMOVAL

1. Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View".
2. Remove ignition coil.

CAUTION:
Never impact it.
NOTE:
Installation position of ignition coil depends on cylinder position.

## INSTALLATION

1. Install ignition coil.

CAUTION:

- Install Ignition coil marked with an identification mark (A) on cylinder No. 5, 6, 7 and 8.
: Engine front


2. Install engine cover.

## Exploded View



## Removal and Installation

REMOVAL
WARNING:
To avoid the danger of being scalded, never drain the engine coolant when the engine is hot.

1. Remove engine cover and bracket. Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View".
2. Remove air cleaner case (upper) and air duct. Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".
3. Disconnect manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor harness connector.
4. Remove EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve.
5. Disconnect PCV hoses from intake manifold.

- Add matching marks as necessary for easier installation.

6. Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to $\mathrm{CO}-8$, "Draining".

CAUTION:

- Perform this step when the engine is cold.


## INTAKE MANIFOLD

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Never spill engine coolant on drive belts.

NOTE:
When removing only intake manifold, move electric throttle control actuator without disconnecting the water hoses.
7. Remove electric throttle control actuator.

- Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure. NOTE:
The figure shows the electric throttle control actuator viewed from the air duct side.
CAUTION:
- Handle carefully to avoid any impact to electric throttle control actuator.
- Never disassemble.


8. Remove intake manifold, using a power tool.

- Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure.

```
\(\checkmark\) : Engine front
```


9. Remove intake manifold gaskets.

CAUTION:
Cover engine openings to avoid entry of foreign materials.
10. Remove manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor, if necessary.

CAUTION:
Handle carefully to avoid any impact to manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor.
INSTALLATION
Note the following item, and install in the reverse order of removal.
CAUTION:
Do not reuse O-rings.
Intake Manifold
Tighten in numerical order as shown in the figure.
> : Engine front


Electric Throttle Control Actuator

- Tighten in numerical order as shown in the figure. NOTE:
The figure shows the electric throttle control actuator viewed from the air duct side.
- Perform the "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" when harness connector of electric throttle control actuator is disconnected. Refer to the following table:

| ENGINE | Referrence page |
| :--- | :--- |
| VK56VD FOR USA AND CANADA | EC-162. "Description" |
| VK56VD FOR MEXICO | EC-725. "Description" |



- Perform the "Idle Air Volume Learning" and "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" when electric throttle control actuator is replaced. Refer to the following table:

| ENGINE | Referrence page |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Idle Air Volume Learning | Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning |
| VK56VD FOR USA AND CANADA | EC-163, "Description" | EC-162, "Description" |
| VK56VD FOR MEXICO | $\underline{E C-726, ~ " D e s c r i p t i o n " ~}$ | EC-725, "Description" |

## ROCKER COVER

## Exploded View



1. Oil filler cap
2. Rocker cover (bank 2)
3. Rocker cover (bank 1)
4. PCV valve
5. $P C V$ valve
A. To air duct
6. Clamp
7. Rocker cover gasket (bank 2)
8. PCV hose
9. Clamp
10. O-ring
B. To intake manifold
11. PCV hose
12. Rocker cover gasket (bank 1)
13. O-ring
14. PCV hose Comply with the installation proce-
C. dure when tightening. Refer to EM34.

Refer to Gl-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

## Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

1. Remove engine cover and bracket (rear). Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View".
2. Disconnect PCV hose from rocker cover.
3. Remove air cleaner case (upper) and air duct. Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".
4. Move the following parts to the position without the hindrance for work.

- Oil level gauge guide. Refer to EM-59, "Exploded View".
- Power steering fluid reservoir tank bracket. Refer to ST-54, "Exploded View".
- EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve. EM-31, "Exploded View".
- Fuel feed hose. Refer to EM-44, "Exploded View".

5. Remove VVEL actuator motor assembly. Refer to EM-37, "Exploded View".
6. Remove ignition coil. Refer to EM-30, "Exploded View".

CAUTION:
Never impact it.
7. Remove rocker cover.

## ROCKER COVER

- Loosen bolts in reverse order shown in the figure.

A : Bank 2
B : Bank 1
: Engine front

8. Remove rocker cover gasket from rocker cover.
9. Use scraper to remove all traces of liquid gasket from cylinder head \& VVEL ladder assembly. CAUTION:
Never scratch or damage the mating surface when cleaning off old liquid gasket.
10. Remove PCV valve from rocker cover, if necessary.
11. Remove oil filler cap from rocker cover, if necessary.

INSTALLATION

## CAUTION:

## Do not reuse O-rings.

1. Apply liquid gasket with the tube presser (commercial service tool) to VVEL ladder assembly (1).

A : Liquid gasket application point
F : End surface of VVEL ladder assembly
b $\quad: 4.0 \mathrm{~mm}(0.16 \mathrm{in})$
c : 2.5-3.5 mm (0.098-0.138 in)
d $: 5.0 \mathrm{~mm}(0.20 \mathrm{in})$
e $\quad: 10.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ (0.39 in)
〉 : Engine front

## Use Genuine RTV silicone sealant or equivalent. Refer to

 GI-22. "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".
## NOTE:

The figure shows an example of bank 1 side.

- Apply liquid gasket on the front and rear side of engine first. [5 $\mathrm{mm}(0.20 \mathrm{in})+5 \mathrm{~mm}(0.20 \mathrm{in})$ side as shown in the figure]


2. Install rocker cover gasket to rocker cover.
3. Install rocker cover.

## ROCKER COVER

- Check that rocker cover gasket does not drop from the installation groove of rocker cover.

4. Tighten bolts in two steps separately in numerical order as shown in the figure.

A : Bank 2
B : Bank 1
> Engine front

1st step $: 2.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(0.2 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 18 \mathrm{in}-\mathrm{lb})$
2nd step
: $8.3 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(0.85 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 73 \mathrm{in}-\mathrm{lb})$


- Because of the limited working space, use adapter and torque wrench assembly [SST: KV10119300 ( - )] (A) to tighten bolts (on the No. 7 and No. 8 cylinders) to the specified torque.
$\checkmark$ : Engine front


5. Install ignition coil. Refer to EM-30, "Exploded View".

CAUTION:

- Install Ignition coil marked with an identification mark (A) on cylinder No. 5, 6, 7 and 8.
: Engine front


6. Install VVEL actuator motor assembly. Refer to EM-37, "Exploded View".
7. Install in the reverse order of removal.

## VVEL ACTUATOR ASSEMBLY

## Exploded View

INFOID:0000000009010601


1. VVEL actuator motor assembly (bank 2)
2. Washer
3. Cylinder head (bank 2)
4. VVEL ladder assembly (bank 1)
5. 

VVEL actuator motor assembly (bank 1) Comply with the installation proce-
A. dure when tightening. Refer to EM80.

Refer to Gl-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

## Removal and Installation

## REMOVAL

1. Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View".
2. VVEL actuator housing assembly (bank 2)
3. Exhaust camshaft (bank 2)
4. Exhaust camshaft (bank 1)
5. Gasket
6. VVEL control shaft position sensor (bank 2)
C. View C
7. Loosen mounting bolts (C), and then remove VVEL actuator motor assembly (1).

A:Bank 2
B : Bank 1
$>$ : Engine front


## CAUTION:

Never loosen screws (A) of VVEL actuator motor assembly.

3. Remove rocker cover. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
4. Insert mounting bolt (A) removed at step 2 into VVEL actuator housing assembly.

5. Loosen mounting bolt (C) to disengage the control shaft and the actuator arm.

A. Bank 1
B. Bank 2
〉 : Engine front
6. Loosen mounting bolts (C), and then remove VVEL actuator housing assembly.


1. VVEL actuator housing assembly
(bank 1)
2. VVEL actuator housing assembly (bank 2)
A. Bank 1
B. Bank 2
> : Engine front
INSTALLATION
Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

## CAUTION:

## Do not reuse washers.

- When disengaging the control shaft (1) and the actuator arm, hold the stopper of the control shaft in the position shown in the figure.

A. Bank 1
B. Bank 2
C. View C
$>$ : Engine front


# VVEL ACTUATOR ASSEMBLY 

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
Inspection
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL
VVEL actuator housing assembly

- Move the ball nut (A) in the axial direction to check the smooth rotation.



## EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST

## Exploded View


7. Air fuel ratio sensor 1 (bank 1)

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

## Removal and Installation

## REMOVAL

WARNING:
Perform the work when the exhaust and cooling system have cooled sufficiently.

1. Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to $\mathrm{CO}-8$, "Draining".

CAUTION:

- Perform this step when the engine is cold.
- Never spill engine coolant on drive belt.

2. Remove reservoir tank. Refer to CO-14, "Exploded View".
3. Remove drive belt. Refer to EM-20, "Removal and Installation".
4. Remove power steering oil pump. Refer to ST-48, "Exploded View".
5. Remove radiator. Refer to CO-14, "Exploded View".
6. Remove front under cover. Refer to EXT-26, "Exploded View".
7. Remove front wheels and tires. Refer to WT-63, "Exploded View".
8. Remove A/C compressor. Refer to HA-30, "Exploded View".
9. Remove alternator and alternator bracket. Refer to CHG-28, "Exploded View".
10. Remove exhaust front tube (bank 1 and bank 2). Refer to EX-5, "Exploded View".

## EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
11. Remove front propeller shaft. Refer to DLN-136, "Exploded View".
12. Disconnect steering lower joint. Refer to ST-37, "Exploded View".
13. Remove air fuel ratio sensor 1 as per the following: CAUTION:
Air fuel ratio sensor 1 is not reusable. Never remove air fuel ratio sensor 1 unless this is required.

- Using the heated oxygen sensor wrench [SST: KV10117100 (J-44626)] (A), remove air fuel ratio sensor 1 (1).
$\ggg$ : Vehicle front


14. Remove exhaust manifold cover.
15. Remove oil level gauge guide. Refer to EM-59, "Exploded View".
16. Remove exhaust manifold.

- Loosen nuts in the reverse order of figure to remove exhaust manifold with a power tool.

A : Bank 1
B : Bank 2
$>$ : Engine front

17. Remove exhaust manifold gaskets.

CAUTION:
Cover engine openings to avoid entry of foreign materials.
INSTALLATION
Note the following item, and install in the reverse order of removal.
Exhaust Manifold Gasket

- Install exhaust manifold gasket in directional shown in the figure.

A :Triangle press
$\checkmark:$ Above
NOTE:
When install exhaust manifold gasket, coating surface (black) shall be located on the exhaust manifold side.


Exhaust Manifold

## EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Tighten mounting nuts in numerical order as shown in the figure.

| A | $:$ Bank 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| B | : Bank 2 |
| < | $:$ Engine front |

CAUTION:
All exhaust manifold nuts are tightened at twice.


Air Fuel Ratio Sensor 1
CAUTION:

- Before installing a new air fuel ratio sensor 1, clean exhaust system threads using oxygen sensor thread cleaner (commercial service tool: J-43897-18 or J-43897-12), and apply anti-seize lubricant (commercial service tool).
- Air fuel ratio sensor 1 is not reusable. Replace them with a new one after removal. When replacing them, handle with care not to impact on them.
- When installing the new air fuel ratio sensors 1 (1), set the heated oxygen sensor wrench [SST: KV10117100(J-44626)] (A) in the hexagonal part to tighten the them.

- Never over torque sensors. Doing so may cause damage to the sensors, resulting in "MIL" coming on.
- Prevent rust preventives from adhering to the sensor body.


## Inspection

INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY
Surface Distortion

- Check the surface distortion of the exhaust manifold mating surface with a straightedge (A) and a feeler gauge (B).

> Limit : Refer to EM-141, "Exhaust Manifold".

- If it exceeds the limit, replace exhaust manifold.



## HIGH PRESSURE FUEL PUMP AND FUEL HOSE

## Exploded View

## CAUTION:

Never remove or disassemble parts unless instructed as shown in the figure.


1. High pressure fuel pump
2. Fuel pump connector protector
3. Copper washer
A. To fuel feed tube (pump side)
> : Engine front
4. O-ring
5. Copper washer
6. Low fuel pressure sensor
B. From fuel tank

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.
Removal and Installation
REMOVAL
WARNING:

- Be sure to read EM-3, "Precaution for Handling High Pressure Fuel System" when working on the high pressure fuel system.
- Put a "CAUTION: FLAMMABLE" sign in the workshop.
- Be sure to work in a well ventilated area and furnish workshop with a $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ fire extinguisher.
- Never smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from the work area.
- To avoid the danger of being scalded, never drain engine coolant when engine is hot.

1. Release fuel pressure. Refer to the following table:

HIGH PRESSURE FUEL PUMP AND FUEL HOSE
< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

| ENGINE | Reference page |
| :--- | :--- |
| VK56VD FOR USA AND CANADA | EC-168, "Work Procedure" |
| VK56VD FOR MEXICO | EC-731, "Work Procedure" |

2. Remove intake manifold. Refer to EM-31, "Removal and Installation".
3. Disconnect harness connector from high pressure fuel pump.
4. Remove fuel feed tube (pump side) (1). Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".
5. Disconnect fuel feed hose (2) from high pressure fuel pump.

6. Remove high pressure fuel pump and lifter.

CAUTION:
After removing lifter, replace lifter with a new one.
7. Disconnect quick connector $(A)$ with the following procedure.

a. Remove quick connector cap from quick connector connection.
b. With the sleeve side of quick connector release facing quick connector, install quick connector release onto fuel tube.
c. Insert quick connector release into quick connector until sleeve contacts and goes no further. Hold quick connector release on that position.
CAUTION:
Inserting quick connector release hard will not disconnect quick connector. Hold quick connector release where it contacts and goes no further.
d. Draw and pull out quick connector straight from fuel tube. CAUTION:

- Pull quick connector holding (A) position as shown in the figure.
- Never pull with lateral force applied. O-ring inside quick
 connector may be damaged.
- Prepare container and cloth beforehand because fuel will leak out.
- Avoid fire and sparks.
- Keep parts away from heat source. Especially, be careful when welding is performed around them.
- Never expose parts to battery electrolyte or other acids.
- Never bend or twist connection between quick connector and fuel feed hose (with damper) during installation/removal.
- To keep clean the connecting portion and to avoid damage and foreign materials, cover them completely with plastic bags, etc. or a similar item.


8. Disconnect harness connector from low fuel pressure sensor.
9. Remove fuel feed hose.
10. Remove low fuel pressure sensor.

CAUTION:

- Never allow water and foreign materials enter into the connector.
- Never reuse the dropped sensor.
- Carefully handle sensor avoiding shocks.
- Use hex head support installation for removal and installation of sensor.
- The contact surface of gasket must not have any stain or scoring by dust etc.


## INSTALLATION

CAUTION:
Do not reuse O-rings or washers.

1. Install O-ring to high pressure fuel pump. When handing new O-ring, paying attention to the following caution items:
CAUTION:

- Do not reuse O-ring.
- Handle O-ring with bare hands. Never wear gloves.
- Lubricate O-ring with new engine oil.
- Never clean O-ring with solvent.
- Check that O-ring and its mating part are free of foreign material.
- When installing O-ring, be careful not to scratch it with tool or fingernails. Also be careful not to twist or stretch O-ring. If O-ring was stretched while it was being attached, never insert it quickly into front cover.
- Insert new O-ring straight into high pressure fuel pump. Never decenter or twist it.

2. Install low fuel pressure sensor.

CAUTION:
Do not reuse copper washer.
3. Install fuel feed hose.

- Temporarily tighten mounting bolt (A) as shown in the figure.

```
\diamond : Engine front
```


4. Install high pressure fuel pump and lifter to front cover. CAUTION:
After removing lifter, replace lifter with a new one.
5. Connect fuel feed hose and fuel feed tube (pump side) to high pressure fuel pump. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".
CAUTION:

- Do not reuse copper washer.
- When removing fuel feed tube (pump side), always replace fuel feed tube (bank side) together with fuel feed tube (pump side).
NOTE:
- Never allow the machined edge of the high pressure fuel pump to contact with gasket.
- The gasket contact area must be free of dust and scratches.
- Check that rotation stopper (A) of fuel feed hose contact high pressure fuel pump.


6. Tighten mounting bolts that are temporarily tightened in step 3.
7. Connect harness connector to high pressure fuel pump.
8. Install fuel pump connector protector.
9. Connect harness connector to low fuel pressure sensor.
10. Note the following, and connect quick connector to install fuel feed hose.
a. Check the connection for foreign material and damage.
b. Align center to insert quick connector straightly into fuel tube. NOTE:
The figure shows engine side as an example.

- Insert fuel tube into quick connector until the top spool on fuel tube is inserted completely and the second level spool is positioned slightly below quick connector bottom end.
CAUTION:
- Hold " $A$ " position in the figure when inserting fuel tube into quick connector.
- Carefully align center to avoid inclined insertion to prevent damage to $O$-ring inside quick connector.
- Insert until you hear a "click" sound and actually feel
 the engagement.
- To avoid misidentification of engagement with a similar sound, be sure to perform the next step.
c. Before clamping fuel feed hose with hose clamps, pull quick connector hard by hand holding "A" position. Check it is completely engaged (connected) so that it does not come out from fuel feed tube.
d. Install quick connector cap to quick connector connection.
- Install so that the arrow mark on the side faces up.

CAUTION:

- Check that quick connector and fuel tube are securely fit into quick connector cap installation groove.
- If quick connector cap cannot be installed smoothly, quick connector may have not been installed correctly. Check connection again.

11. Install in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:
After checking fuel leakage, maintain ten minutes of idling


## HIGH PRESSURE FUEL PUMP AND FUEL HOSE

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

1. Turn ignition switch "ON" (with the engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check that there is no fuel leakage at connection points.
NOTE:
Use mirrors for checking at points out of clear sight.
2. Start the engine. With engine speed increased, check again that there is no fuel leakage at connection points.
CAUTION:
Never touch the engine immediately after it is stopped because the engine is extremely hot.

## FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

## FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE

## Exploded View



1. Fuel feed tube (bank side)
2. Fuel rail (bank 2)
3. Backup ring
4. Insulator
5. Fuel rail pressure sensor

Comply with the installation proce-
A. dure when tightening. Refer to EM49.
3. High pressure fuel pump
6. O-ring (blue)
9. Seal ring
12. Gasket

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.
CAUTION:

- Never remove or disassemble parts unless instructed as shown in the figure.
- Be sure to follow the tightening instruction to avoid fuel leakage.

Removal and Installation
REMOVAL
2. Fuel feed tube (pump side)
5. Injector holder
8. Fuel injector
11. Fuel rail (bank 1)

WARNING:

- Be sure to read EM-3, "Precaution for Handling High Pressure Fuel System" when working on the high pressure fuel system.
- Put a "CAUTION: FLAMMABLE" sign in the workshop.
- Be sure to work in a well ventilated area and furnish workshop with a CO 2 fire extinguisher.
- Never smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from the work area.
- To avoid the danger of being scalded, never drain engine coolant when engine is hot.

FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

1. Release fuel pressure. Refer to the following table:

| ENGINE | Reference page |
| :--- | :--- |
| VK56VD FOR USA AND CANADA | EC-168, "Work Procedure" |
| VK56VD FOR MEXICO | EC-731, "Work Procedure" |

2. Remove intake manifold. Refer to EM-31, "Removal and Installation".
3. Remove fuel feed tube (pump side) and fuel feed tube (bank side).

CAUTION:
Never reuse fuel feed tube.
4. Remove fuel rail (bank 1) and fuel rail (bank 2).
5. Disconnect harness connector from fuel injectors.
6. Remove fuel injector from cylinder head as per the following:

CAUTION:

- Be careful with remaining fuel that may go out from fuel tube.
- Be careful not to damage injector nozzles during removal.
- Never bump or drop fuel injector.
- Never disassemble fuel injector.
a. Remove injector holder.
b. Install an injector remover [SST: KV10119600 (-)] (A) to the injector connector side so that cutout (B) of injector remover faces the injector connector side.

- Hook pawl portion (B) of injector remover [SST: KV10119600 (一)] (A) to groove portion (C) of injector.



## FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE

 < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >c. Press down body portion (A) of injector remover [SST: KV10119600 (-)] until it contacts cylinder head.

d. Tighten injector remover [SST: KV10119600 (-)] clockwise and remove injector from cylinder head.

e. Cut Teflon seal (1) while pinching it. Be careful not to damage injector.
f. Remove insulator from mounting hole of fuel injector of cylinder head.

7. Remove fuel rail pressure sensor from fuel rail (bank 1), if necessary.

INSTALLATION
CAUTION:
Do not reuse O-rings.

1. Install fuel rail pressure sensor to fuel rail (bank 1), if removed.

CAUTION:

- Use a hexagon support tool to install fuel rail pressure sensor. (Do not use open end tool to install fuel rail pressure sensor.)
- Never use fuel rail pressure sensor, if dropped.

2. Install seal ring to fuel injector as per the following: CAUTION:

## FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Handle seal ring with bare hands. Never wear gloves.
- Never apply engine oil to seal ring.
- Never clean seal ring with solvent.
a. Install seal guide [SST: KV10119720 (-)] (A) to fuel injector (1).

b. Set seal ring (1) to seal installer [SST: KV10119730 (-)] (A).

c. Straightly insert seal ring (1), which is set in precedent step, to fuel injector as shown in the figure and install. CAUTION:
Be careful that seal ring does not exceed the groove portion of fuel injector.

d. Insert drift [SST: KV10119710 (-)] (A) to injector and rotate clockwise and counterclockwise by $90^{\circ}$ while pressing seal ring to fit it.

B : Chamfering
$>$ : Injector side

## CAUTION:

Be careful to a direction of the tool.
NOTE:
Compress seal ring, because this operation is for rectifying stretch of seal ring caused by installation and for preventing
 sticking when inserting injector into cylinder head.
3. Install O-ring and backup ring to fuel injector. When handing new O-ring and backup ring, paying attention to the following caution items:
CAUTION:

- Do not reuse O-ring.
- Handle O-ring with bare hands. Never wear gloves.
- Lubricate O-ring with new engine oil.
- Never clean O-ring with solvent.


## FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Check that O-ring and its mating part are free of foreign material.
- When installing O-ring, be careful not to scratch it with tool or fingernails. Also be careful not to twist or stretch O-ring. If O-ring was stretched while it was being attached, never insert it quickly into fuel tube.
- Insert new O-ring straight into fuel rail. Never decenter or twist it.
- Always install the back up ring (1) in the right direction as instructed.


4. Install fuel injector (1) to fuel rail (2) as per the following:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
3 & \text { : O-ring (blue) } \\
4 & \text { : Backup ring }
\end{array}
$$

a. Install fuel injector holder (5) to fuel injector.

CAUTION:

- Never reuse injector holder. Replace it with a new one.
- Be careful to keep fuel injector holder from interfering with O-ring. If interference occurs, replace O-ring.
b. Insert fuel injector into fuel rail with fuel injector holder attached.
- Insert it while matching it to the axial center.
- Insert so that protrusion (A) of fuel injector is aligned to cutout (B).
c. Check that installation is complete by checking that fuel injector does not rotate or come off.
- Check that protrusions of fuel injectors and fuel rail are aligned with cutouts of clips after installation.


5. Insert insulator into mounting hole of fuel injector of cylinder head.
6. Install fuel rail and fuel injector assembly to cylinder head.

- Tighten mounting bolts and nuts in two steps in numerical order as shown in the figure.
: Engine front

1st step $10.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(1.0 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 89 \mathrm{in}-\mathrm{lb})$
2nd step $20.5 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $\mathbf{2 . 1} \mathrm{kg}-\mathrm{m}, 15 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
7. Connect injector harness connector.
8. Install fuel feed tube (bank side) to fuel rail.
 CAUTION:

- Never reuse fuel feed tube (bank side).
- When installing fuel feed tube (bank side) to fuel rail, press the flange part to install the tube.
- Handle O-ring with bare hands. Never wear gloves.
- Lubricate O-ring with new engine oil.
- Never clean O-ring with solvent.
- Check that O-ring and its mating part are free of foreign material.
- Never scratch O-ring with tools or fingernails when installing fuel feed tube (bank side).
- Insert new fuel feed tube (bank side) straight into fuel rail. Never decenter or twist the fuel feed tube (bank side) during insertion.

- Tighten mounting bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure.
> : Engine front


9. Install fuel feed tube (pump side) (1) to fuel feed tube (bank side) (2) as per the following:
```
>}:\mathrm{ Engine front
```

CAUTION:

- When removing fuel feed tube (pump side), always replace fuel feed tube (bank side) together with fuel feed tube (pump side).
- Never reuse fuel feed tube (pump side).
- Never use fuel feed tube (pump side) if its terminal tip is damaged.

- Observe the tightening order and the tightening torque.
a. Apply engine oil to flare screw parts of high pressure pump and tube between banks.
b. Manually tighten 2 flare nuts without using a tool until they are seated to screw thread. CAUTION:
When temporarily tightening flare nut, place pipe in the center of the nut inner diameter.
c. Tighten mounting bolt (A).
$\begin{array}{ll}B & \text { :To high pressure fuel pump } \\ \text { : Engine front }\end{array}$
d. Tighten flare nuts in numerical order as shown in the figure. CAUTION:
Always fit the tool completely with the nut.


10. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

CAUTION:
After checking fuel leakage, maintain ten minutes of idling to bleed the fuel line.

## FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
Inspection
INFOID:0000000009010612

## INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

Check for Fuel Leakage
EM

1. Turn ignition switch "ON" (with the engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check that there is no fuel leakage at connection points.
NOTE:
Use mirrors for checking at points out of clear sight.
2. Start the engine. With engine speed increased, check again that there is no fuel leakage at connection points.
CAUTION:
Never touch the engine immediately after it is stopped because the engine is extremely hot.

## OIL PAN (LOWER) AND OIL STRAINER

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

## OIL PAN (LOWER) AND OIL STRAINER

## Exploded View



1. Oil level gauge
2. Oil pressure switch
3. Oil filter
4. Oil pan (lower)
5. Oil temperature sensor
6. Oil pan (upper)
7. O-ring
A. Comply with the installation proce-
dure when tightening. Refer to $\underline{L U-11}$.
$\checkmark$ : Oil pan side
Refer to Gl-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

## OIL PAN (LOWER) AND OIL STRAINER

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

## Removal and Installation

## REMOVAL

WARNING:
To avoid the danger of being scalded, never drain engine oil when engine is hot.

1. Drain engine oil. Refer to LU-9, "Draining".
2. Remove protector A and protector B. Refer to SCS-32, "FRONT TUBE ASSEMBLY : Exploded View".
3. Remove front suspension rear cross member. Refer to TM-215, "2WD : Exploded View" (2WD models) or TM-218, "4WD : Exploded View" (AWD models).
4. Remove oil pan (lower) as per the following:
a. Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure to remove.
$>$ : Engine front

b. Insert the seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J-37228)] (A) between oil pan (upper) and oil pan (lower).
CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.
- Never insert a screwdriver. This damages the mating surfaces.
c. Slide the seal cutter by tapping on the side of tool with a hammer. Remove oil pan (lower).


5. Remove oil strainer.

## INSTALLATION

## CAUTION:

Do not reuse drain plug washer.

1. Install oil strainer.
2. Install oil pan (lower) as per the following:
a. Use scraper (A) to remove old liquid gasket from mating surfaces.

- Remove old liquid gasket from the bolt holes and thread.

CAUTION:
Never scratch or damage the mating surfaces when cleaning off old liquid gasket.


## OIL PAN (LOWER) AND OIL STRAINER

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
b. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with the tube presser (commercial service tool) to the oil pan (lower) as shown in the figure.
a $\quad: 7.5-9.5 \mathrm{~mm}(0.295-0.374 \mathrm{in})$
b : $\phi 4.0-5.0 \mathrm{~mm}(0.157-0.197 \mathrm{in})$
$>$ : Engine front
Use Genuine RTV silicone sealant or equivalent. Refer to Gl-22, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants". CAUTION:
Attaching must be done within 5 minutes after coating.

c. Install oil pan (lower).

- Tighten mounting bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure.
$>$ : Engine front


3. Install oil pan drain plug.

CAUTION:
Do not reuse drain plug washer.

- Refer to the figure of the components of on the prior page for installation direction of drain plug washer. Refer to EM-56, "Exploded View".

4. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

NOTE:
Wait at least 30 minutes after oil pan is installed before pouring engine oil.
Inspection
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL
Clean oil strainer if any object is attached.
INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

1. Check the engine oil level and adjust engine oil. Refer to LU-8, "Inspection".
2. Start engine, and check there is no leakage of engine oil.
3. Stop engine and wait for 15 minutes.
4. Check the engine oil level again. Refer to LU-8, "Inspection".

## OIL PAN (UPPER)

## Exploded View



1. Oil level gauge
2. Oil pressure switch
3. Oil filter
4. Oil pan (lower)
5. Oil temperature sensor
6. Oil pan (upper)
7. O-ring

Comply with the installation proce-
A. dure when tightening. Refer to LU-11,
"Removal and Installation".
$\checkmark$ : Oil pan side
Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

## OIL PAN (UPPER)

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

## Removal and Installation

## REMOVAL

WARNING:
To avoid the danger of being scalded, never drain engine oil when engine is hot.

1. Remove oil filter. Refer to LU-11, "Removal and Installation".
2. Remove oil cooler. Refer to LU-13, "Exploded View".
3. Move A/C compressor to the position without the hindrance for work. Refer to HA-30, "Exploded View".
4. Remove oil level gauge and oil level gauge guide.
5. Remove oil pressure switch and oil temperature sensor if necessary.
6. Remove rear plate cover.
7. Remove protector A and protector B. Refer to SCS-32, "FRONT TUBE ASSEMBLY : Exploded View".
8. Remove front suspension rear cross member. Refer to TM-215, "2WD : Exploded View" (2WD models) or TM-218, "4WD : Exploded View" (AWD models).
9. Remove steering gear assembly. Refer to ST-41, "Exploded View".
10. Remove front final drive assembly. Refer to DLN-174, "Exploded View".
11. Remove oil pan (lower). Refer to EM-56, "Exploded View".
12. Remove oil strainer. Refer to EM-56, "Exploded View".
13. Remove bolts fixing oil pan (upper) to transmission assembly.
14. Remove oil pan (upper) as per the following:
a. Loosen mounting bolts in the reverse order as shown in the figure with power tool to remove.
> Engine front
NOTE:
Disregard No. 9, 16 when loosening.

b. Insert a suitable tool into the notch at oil pan (upper) (1) as shown.

- Pry off case by moving a suitable tool.

> : Engine front

CAUTION:
Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

15. Remove O-ring from bottom of cylinder block and oil pump.
16. Remove oil pressure switch and oil temperature sensor, if necessary.

INSTALLATION
CAUTION:

## Do not reuse O-rings.

1. Install oil pan (upper) as per the following:

## OIL PAN (UPPER)

## < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

a. Use a scraper (A) to remove old liquid gasket from mating surfaces.

- Also remove the old liquid gasket from mating surface of cylinder block.
- Remove old liquid gasket from the bolt holes and threads.

CAUTION:
Never scratch or damage the mating surfaces when cleaning off old liquid gasket.

b. Install new O-rings on the bottom of cylinder block and oil pump.

CAUTION:

## Do not reuse O-rings.

c. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with tube presser (commercial service tool) to the cylinder block mating surfaces of oil pan (upper) to a limited portion as shown in the figure.

a. $\quad: 5.5-7.5 \mathrm{~mm}(0.217-0.295 \mathrm{in})$
b. : $\phi 4.0-5.0 \mathrm{~mm}(0.157-0.197 \mathrm{in})$

- Engine front


## Use Genuine RTV silicone sealant or equivalent. Refer to Gl-22, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants". <br> CAUTION:

Attaching must be done within 5 minutes after coating.
d. Tighten mounting bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure.

## > Engine front

## CAUTION:

Install avoiding misalignment of O-rings.
NOTE:
Tighten mounting bolts No. 1 and 2 in two steps. The numerical order No. 9 and 16 shown second steps.

- There are four types of mounting bolts. Refer to the following for locating bolts.


| Order number for tightening | 17, 18 | $\begin{gathered} 2(16), 3,5,6,7,8,10 \\ 11,14,15 \end{gathered}$ | 1(9), 4 | 12, 13 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bolt size | M6 | M8 |  |  |
| Bolt length | 45 mm (1.77 in) | 25 mm (0.98 in) | 30.0 mm (1.18 in) | 120 mm (4.72 in) |
| Tightening torque | $\begin{gathered} 9.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot(0.92 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 80 \\ \mathrm{in}-\mathrm{lb}) \end{gathered}$ | 22.0 N•m (2.2 kg-m, $16 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ ) |  |  |

e. Tighten transmission joint bolts.
f. Install rear plate cover.

## OIL PAN (UPPER)

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
2. Install oil strainer.
3. Install oil pan (lower). Refer to EM-57, "Removal and Installation".
4. Install in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE:
At least 30 minutes after oil pan is installed, pour engine oil.
Inspection
INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY
Clean oil strainer if any object is attached.
INSPECTION AFTER ASSEMBLY

1. Check the engine oil level and adjust engine oil. Refer to LU-11, "Inspection".
2. Start engine, and check there is no leakage of engine oil.
3. Stop engine and wait for 15 minutes.
4. Check the engine oil level again. Refer to LU-11, "Inspection".

## TIMING CHAIN

## Exploded View



1. O-ring
2. Tension guide (bank 2)
3. Lifter
4. O-ring
5. High pressure fuel pump camshaft
6. Intake camshaft sprocket (bank 2)
7. O-ring
8. Timing chain (bank 2)
9. Exhaust camshaft sprocket (bank 2)
10. Slack guide (bank 2)
11. Timing chain (bank 1)
12. Slack guide (bank 1)
13. Camshaft position sensor (bank 2)
14. Valve timing control cover (bank 2)
15. Front oil seal
16. Timing chain tensioner cover
17. Camshaft position sensor (bank 1)
18. Crankshaft sprocket
19. Oil jet (bank 2)

Comply with the installation proce-
A. dure when tightening. Refer to EM64.
11. Timing chain tensioner (bank 2)
14. Intake camshaft sprocket (bank 1)
17. Tension guide (bank 1)
20. O-ring
23.

Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 2)
26.

Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 1)
29. Front cover
32. Camshaft bracket
35. Oil pump drive spacer
12. Exhaust camshaft sprocket (bank 1)
15. Timing chain tensioner (bank 1)
18. Oil pump
21. Seal ring
24. Crankshaft pulley
27. Valve timing control cover (bank 1)
30. O-ring

Oil filter (for valve timing control solenoid valve)
36. Oil jet (bank 1)

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbol marks in the figure.

## Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

1. Release fuel pressure. Refer to the following table:

| ENGINE | Reference page |
| :--- | :--- |
| VK56VD FOR USA AND CANADA | EC-168, "Work Procedure" |
| VK56VD FOR MEXICO | EC-731, "Work Procedure" |

2. rain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to $\mathrm{CO}-8$, "Draining".
3. Remove fan shroud (lower). Refer to CO-14, "Exploded View".
4. Remove fan bracket. Refer to CO-18, "Exploded View".
5. Remove drive belt auto-tensioner. Refer to EM-27, "Exploded View".
6. Remove oil level gauge and oil level gauge guide. Refer to EM-59, "Exploded View".
7. Move power steering oil pump to the position without the hindrance for work. Refer to ST-48, "Exploded View".
8. Remove alternator, alternator bracket and alternator stay. Refer to CHG-28, "Exploded View".
9. Move power steering reservoir tank to the position without the hindrance for work, and then remove Reservoir tank bracket. Refer to ST-54, "Exploded View".
10. Remove camshaft position sensors.

> A : Keep free from magnetic materials

## CAUTION:

- Handle carefully to avoid dropping and shocks.
- Never disassemble.
- Never allow metal powder to adhere to magnetic part at sensor tip.
- Never place sensors in a location where they are exposed to magnetism.


11. Remove high pressure fuel pump and lifter. Refer to EM-44, "Exploded View".

CAUTION:
After removing lifter, replace lifter with a new one.
12. Remove radiator hose (upper) and radiator hose (lower). Refer to CO-14, "Exploded View".
13. Remove water suction pipe. Refer to CO-22, "Exploded View".
14. Remove valve timing control cover as per the following:

## TIMING CHAIN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
a. Disconnect valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.
b. Loosen mounting bolts in the reverse order as shown in the figure.

A : Bank 2
B : Bank 1
C : Dowel pin hole
CAUTION:

- Exercise care not to damage mating surfaces.
- Shaft is internally jointed with camshaft sprocket center hole. When removing, keep it horizontal until it is completely disconnected.


15. Remove intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 1 and bank 2), if necessary. CAUTION:
Valve timing control solenoid valve is not reusable. Never remove it unless required.
16. Remove O-rings (1) from front cover.


JPBIA3477ZZ
17. Remove rocker cover. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
18. Obtain No. 1 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke. Refer to EM-12, "Inspection".
19. Remove crankshaft pulley. Refer to EM-102, "FRONT OIL SEAL : Removal and Installation".
20. Remove water pump pulley. Refer to CO-20, "Exploded View".
21. Remove oil pan (lower) and oil strainer. Refer to EM-56, "Exploded View".
22. Remove oil pan (upper). Refer to EM-59, "Exploded View".
23. Remove front cover as per the following:
a. Loosen mounting bolts (A), and then remove camshaft bracket (1).

b. Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure.
c. Insert a suitable tool into the notch at front cover.

- Pry off case by moving a suitable tool.

CAUTION:

- Exercise care not to damage mating surfaces.
- After removal, handle front cover carefully so it does not tilt, cant, or warp under a load.



## TIMING CHAIN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
24. Remove oil pump and oil pump drive spacer.
25. Remove front oil seal from front cover using suitable tool.

- Use screwdriver for removal.

CAUTION:
Be careful not to damage front cover.
26. Remove O-rings (1), (2), (3) from cylinder heads and cylinder block.

27. Remove oil filter (for valve timing control solenoid valve), if necessary.
28. Remove timing chain tensioner cover from front cover, if necessary.

- Use seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J-37228)] to cut liquid gasket for removal.

29. Remove timing chain tensioner (bank 1) as per the following:

NOTE:
To remove timing chain and related parts, start with those on bank 1. The procedure for removing parts on bank 2 is omitted because it is the same as that for bank 1.
a. Push both sides of spring (A) against spring tension, and then press in plunger with a slack guide (2).

1 : Timing chain tensioner (bank 1)

b. Insert a stopper pin (A) into the body hole, and then fix it with the plunger pushed in.

30. Remove high pressure fuel pump camshaft.
31. Remove tension guide and slack guide.
32. Remove exhaust camshaft sprocket as per the following:

- Secure the hexagonal portion of exhaust camshaft using a wrench to loosen mounting bolt.

33. Remove timing chain and crankshaft sprocket.

CAUTION:
After removing timing chain, never turn crankshaft and camshaft separately, or valves will strike the piston head.
34. Remove intake camshaft sprocket as per the following:

## TIMING CHAIN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Secure the hexagonal portion (located in between journal No. 1 and journal No. 2) of drive shaft (A) using a wrench (B) to loosen mounting bolt.
: Engine front
NOTE:
The figure shows an example of bank 2.


CAUTION:

- Never loosen the mounting bolt by securing anything other than the camshaft (drive shaft) hexagonal portion or with tensioning the timing chain.
- When holding the hexagonal part of camshaft (drive shaft) with a wrench, be careful not to allow the wrench to cause interference with other parts.
- Never disassemble camshaft sprocket. [Never loosen bolts (B) as shown in the figure.]

A : Intake

35. Use scraper to remove all traces of old liquid gasket from front cover and opposite mating surfaces.

- Remove old liquid gasket from bolt hole and thread.

A : Remove old liquid gasket that is stuck
B : Bolt hole


INSTALLATION
CAUTION:
Do not reuse O-rings.

## TIMING CHAIN



1. High pressure fuel pump camshaft
2. Timing chain (bank 2)
3. Timing chain tensioner (bank 2)
4. Chain oil jet (bank 1)
5. Exhaust camshaft sprocket (bank 1)
6. Slack guide (bank 1)

A: Matching mark (copper link)
D: Matching mark (white link)
G. Crankshaft key
2. Intake camshaft sprocket (bank 2)
5. Slack guide (bank 2)
8. Crankshaft sprocket (bank 2 side)
11. Tension guide (bank 1)
14. Intake camshaft sprocket (bank 1)
17. Tension guide (bank 2)

B: Matching mark (punched)
E. Matching mark (notched)
3. Exhaust camshaft sprocket (bank 2)
6. Chain oil jet (bank 2)
9. Crankshaft sprocket (bank 1 side)
12. Timing chain (bank 1)
15. Timing chain tensioner (bank 1)
18. Dowel pin

C: Matching mark (outer groove)
F. Matching mark (yellow link)

NOTE:

- The above figure shows the relationship between the matching mark on each timing chain and that on the corresponding sprocket, with the components installed.
- Parts with an identification mark ( R or L ) should be installed on the corresponding bank according to the mark.
- Intake camshaft sprocket, exhaust camshaft sprocket
- Tension guide
- Slack guide
- To install timing chain and related parts, start with those on bank 2. The procedure for installing parts on bank 1 is omitted because it is the same as that for installation on bank 2.


## TIMING CHAIN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

1. Check that crankshaft key (1) and dowel pin (A) of each camshaft are located as shown in the figure.

## Camshaft dowel pin

: At cylinder head upper face side in each bank Crankshaft key

## : At cylinder head upper face side in bank 1

## NOTE:

Though camshaft does not stop at the position as shown in the figure, for the placement of cam nose, it is generally accepted


JSBIA4105ZZ camshaft is placed for the same direction of the figure.
2. Install camshaft sprockets (INT and EXH).

- Install onto correct side by checking with identification mark (A) on surface.


Exhaust side:

- Secure the hexagonal portion of exhaust camshaft using a wrench to tighten mounting bolt. Refer to EM-79, "Exploded View".

Intake side:

- Secure the hexagonal portion (located in between journal No. 1 and journal No. 2) of drive shaft (A) using a wrench (B) to tighten mounting bolt. Refer to EM-79, "Exploded View".
- Engine front

NOTE:
The figure shows an example of bank 2.

3. Install high pressure fuel pump camshaft.
4. Install timing chains as per the following:
a. Install crankshaft sprockets for both banks.

- Install each crankshaft sprocket so that its flange side (the larger diameter side without teeth) (A) faces in the direction shown in the figure.

1 : Crankshaft sprocket (bank 1 side)
2 : Crankshaft sprocket (bank 2 side)
NOTE:
The same parts are used but facing directions are different.


## TIMING CHAIN

b. Install timing chains.

Bank 2 (F):

- Install timing chain so that the matching mark (punched) (B) and the matching mark (outer groove) (C) on camshaft sprocket is aligned with the copper link (A) on timing chain, while the matching mark (punched) (B) on crankshaft sprocket is aligned with the yellow link (D) one on timing chain, as shown in the figure.

Bank 1 (G):

- Install timing chain so that the matching mark (punched) (B) and the matching mark (outer groove) (C) on camshaft sprocket is aligned with the copper link (A) on timing chain, while the matching mark (notched) (E) on crankshaft sprocket is aligned with the yellow link (D) one on timing chain, as shown in the figure.


5. Install slack guides and tension guides onto correct side by checking with identification mark (A) on surface.

1 : Slack guide (bank 2)
2 : Tension guide (bank 2)
3 : Slack guide (bank 1)
4 : Tension guide (bank 1)


## CAUTION:

Never overtighten slack guide mounting bolt (2). It is normal for a gap (A) to exist under the bolt seats when mounting bolt are tightened to the specification.

1 : Slack guide
3 : Cylinder block

6. Install timing chain tensioner as per the following:

## TIMING CHAIN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
a. Fix the plunger at the most compressed position using a stopper pin (A).

- Remove any dirt and foreign materials completely from the back and the mounting surfaces of timing chain tensioner.
b. Pull out stopper pin after installing, and then release plunger.


7. Check again that the matching marks on sprockets and timing chain have not slipped out of alignment.
8. Install oil pump and oil pump drive spacer. Refer to LU-15, "Exploded View".
9. Install front oil seal on front cover. Refer to EM-102, "FRONT OIL SEAL : Removal and Installation".
10. Install timing chain tensioner cover (2) to front cover (1).
a : $\phi 3.4-4.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ (0.134-0.173 in)

- Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with tube presser (commercial service tool) to front cover as shown in the figure. Use Genuine RTV silicone sealant or equivalent. Refer to Gl-22, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".


11. Install oil filter (for valve timing control solenoid valve) (1) in the direction shown in the figure, if removed.

- Check that the oil filter does not protrude from the upper surface of front cover (2) after installation.


12. Install front cover as per the following:
a. Install new O-ring (1), (2), (3) onto cylinder heads and cylinder block.
CAUTION:
Do not reuse O-rings.


## TIMING CHAIN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
b. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with tube presser (commercial service tool) to front cover as shown in the figure.
Use Genuine RTV silicone sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-22, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".

A : Junction between cylinder block and cylinder head
B : Protrusion
c : 4.3-5.3 mm (0.169-0.209 in)
d $: \phi 3.4-4.4 \mathrm{~mm}(0.134-0.173 \mathrm{in})$
e : $\phi 4.0-5.6 \mathrm{~mm}(0.157-0.220 \mathrm{in})$
f : $\phi 4.8-5.8 \mathrm{~mm}(0.189-0.228 \mathrm{in})$
c. Check again that the matching marks on timing chain and that on each sprocket are aligned. Then, install front cover.
CAUTION:
Be careful not to damage front oil seal by interference with front end of crankshaft.

d. Tighten mounting bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure.


- There are three types of mounting bolts.

A : 20 mm (0.79 in)
B : $50 \mathrm{~mm}(1.97 \mathrm{in})$
C $: 80 \mathrm{~mm}(3.15 \mathrm{in})$

e. After all mounting bolts are tightened, retighten them in numerical order as shown in the figure.

CAUTION:
Be sure to wipe out any excessive liquid gasket leaking onto surface mating with oil pan.
13. Install valve timing control cover as per the following:

## TIMING CHAIN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Bolt (A) of fuel pump connector protector (1) cannot be installed after installing valve timing control cover. Therefore, install fuel pump connector protector in advance, if it is being removed.

a. Install new O-rings (1) on front cover.

CAUTION:
Do not reuse O-rings.


JPBIA3477ZZ
b. Install new seal rings (1) in shaft grooves.

CAUTION:
When replacing seal ring, replace all rings with new ones.

c. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with tube presser (commercial service tool) to valve timing control covers as shown in the figure.

A : Bank 1
B : Bank 2
C : $\phi 3.4-4.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ (0.134-0.173 in)

## Use Genuine RTV silicone sealant or equivalent. Refer to Gl-22. "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".



## TIMING CHAIN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
d. Being careful not to move seal ring from the installation groove, align dowel pins on front cover with dowel pin holes (C) to install valve timing control covers.

A : Bank 2
B : Bank 1
e. Tighten mounting bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure.

14. Install camshaft position sensor and valve timing control solenoid valve (RH and LH) to valve timing control cover, if removed.

- Be sure to tighten mounting bolts with flanges completely seated.

15. Install oil pan (upper). Refer to EM-59, "Exploded View".
16. Install oil pan (lower) and oil strainer. Refer to EM-56, "Exploded View".
17. Install water pump pulley. Refer to CO-20, "Exploded View".
18. Install crankshaft pulley.

- Fix the crankshaft as instructed in the removal procedure. Refer to EM-102, "FRONT OIL SEAL : Removal and Installation".
a. Install crankshaft pulley, taking care not to damage front oil seal.
b. Apply engine oil onto threaded parts of crankshaft pulley bolt and seating area.
- Lightly tapping its center with plastic hammer, insert crankshaft pulley.

CAUTION:
Never tap crankshaft pulley on the side surface where belt is installed (outer circumference).
c. Tighten crankshaft pulley bolt.

## TV: $205 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(21 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 151 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$

d. Put a paint mark (A) on crankshaft pulley (1) aligning with angle mark (B) on crankshaft pulley bolt.
e. Tighten crankshaft pulley bolt (clockwise).

## Angle tightening: 90 degrees (c)

- Check the tightening angle by referencing to the notches. The angle between two notches is 90 degrees.


19. Rotate crankshaft pulley in normal direction (clockwise when viewed from engine front) to confirm it turns smoothly.
20. Install in the reverse order of removal.

Replacement [Oil Jet (Bank 2)]
When the chain elongates and interferes with oil-jet which makes oil jet nozzle deformed or damaged, replace oil jet in the following procedures.

## JIGS FOR REPLACEMENT

Check if the following jigs are prepared.

## TIMING CHAIN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Disassembly jig (130811LA0B)

A : Disassembly jig inner
B : Nut (M14)
C : Disassembly jig outer
D : Bolt (M5)
E : Pin gauge ( $\phi 6.050 \mathrm{~mm}$ )
F : Hexagon wrench


A

EM


## TIMING CHAIN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
2. After pushing disassembly jig inner (A) into end-face of disassembly jig outer (B), tighten bolt (M5) (C) using hexagon wrench.

- Vehicle front

3. Tighten nut (M14) (D) by hand.

4. Hold disassembly jig outer (A) using wrench [WAF: 17 mm (0.67 in)] (B). Tighten nut (M14) and then disassemble oil-jet.

- Vehicle front

CAUTION:
Beware of enlarging the hole diameter caused by tilting the jig.


Confirm the Hole Diameter

1. After disassembling oil-jet, use pin gauge (A) to confirm the hole diameter.
$\checkmark$ : Vehicle front
Unable to insert pin gauge deeper than 3 mm (0.118 in)
NOTE:
In case of pin gauge being inserted deeper than 3 mm ( 0.118 in), replace cylinder block and oil-jet.


Assembly

1. Insert new oil jet (1) into assembly jig base (130811LAOC) (A) in the direction shown by arrow.

## NOTE:

When inserting new oil jet (1), be sure that D-cut (B) surface on oil jet and the location plate (C) are parallel to each other.


## TIMING CHAIN

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
2. Tighten M6 bolt (A) temporarily by hand.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { B } & \text { : Assembly bolt (M10) } \\ \text { 『 } & \text { : Vehicle front }\end{array}$
3. Tighten the assembly bolt (M10) by hand until you feel the pressure from oil jet. Then tighten the bolt (M10) rotating twice with a wrench and center the oil jet and the hole.
CAUTION:
Do not tighten completely until the end of process.
4. Tighten the M6 bolt.


NOTE:
5. Assemble oil-jet by tightening assembly bolt (M10) until it stops.
6. Loosen the M6 bolt, and remove assembly jig from cylinder block.
7. Confirm the positional limitation of adjustment notch (A) on oil-jet (1) is within $\pm 10^{\circ}(\mathrm{b})$.

8. If there is a gap (C) between oil-jet (1) and cylinder block (2) surface, repeat the steps 2 to 6 again.
A : OK


Inspection
INFOID:0000000009010621
INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY
Timing Chain
Check for cracks and any excessive wear at link plates and roller links of timing chain. Replace timing chain if necessary.

A : Crack
B : Wear


INSPECTION AFTER ASSEMBLY
Inspection for Leakage

## TIMING CHAIN

## < REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

The following are procedures for checking fluid leakage, lubricant leakage.

- Before starting engine, check oil/fluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If any are less than the required quantity, fill them to the specified level. Refer to the following table:

| For NORTH AMERICA | $\underline{\text { MA-15, "FOR NORTH AMERI- }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| CA : Fluids and Lubricants" |  |
| For MEXICO | $\underline{\text { MA-16, "FOR MEXICO : Fluids }}$ |

- Follow the procedure below to check for fuel leakage.
- Turn ignition switch to the "ON" position (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.

NOTE:
If hydraulic pressure inside chain tensioner drops after removal/installation, slack in guide may generate a pounding noise during and just after the engine start. However, this does not indicate a malfunction. The noise will stop after hydraulic pressure rises.

- Warm up engine thoroughly to check that there is no leakage of fuel, or any oil/fluids including engine oil and engine coolant.
- Bleed air from lines and hoses of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.
- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill them to the specified level, if necessary.

Summary of the inspection items:

| Items |  | Before starting engine | Engine running | After engine stopped |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Engine coolant | Level | Leakage | Level |  |
| Engine oil | Level | Leakage | Level |  |
| Transmission / <br> transaxle fluid | AT \& CVT Models | Leakage | Level / Leakage | Leakage |
|  | MT Models | Level / Leakage | Leakage | Level / Leakage |
| Other oils and fluids* | Level | Leakage | Level |  |
| Fuel | Leakage | Leakage | Leakage |  |

* Power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.


## CAMSHAFT

## Exploded View



1. VVEL actuator motor assembly (bank 2)
2. Washer
3. Cylinder head (bank 2)
4. VVEL ladder assembly (bank 1)
5. 

VVEL actuator motor assembly (bank 1)
Comply with the installation proce-
A. dure when tightening. Refer to EM80.

Refer to Gl-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.
2. Gasket
5. VVEL ladder assembly (bank 2)
8. Cylinder head (bank 1)
11. VVEL actuator housing assembly (bank 1)
14. VVEL control shaft position sensor (bank 1)
B. View B
C. View C (bank 2)
12. Gasket (bank 2)
3. VVEL actuator housing assembly
6. Exhaust camshaft (bank 2)
9. Exhaust camshaft (bank 1)
15. VVEL control shaft position sensor


## CAMSHAFT

## REMOVAL



CAUTION:

- Never loosen adjusting bolts (A), mounting bolts (black color) (B) of VVEL ladder assembly and mounting bolts (C) of VVEL control shaft position sensor. If loosened, the stroke of cam lift becomes out of adjustment. In such case, replacement of VVEL ladder assembly and cylinder head assembly is required.
- Never loosen the mounting bolts (C) of the VVEL control shaft position sensor. VVEL control shaft position sensor mounting bolts are required to be loosened for adjustment only when using a new VVEL ladder assembly. Refer to the following table:

| ENGINE | Reference page |
| :--- | :---: |
| VK56VD FOR USA AND CANADA | EC-165, "Work Procedure" |
| VK56VD FOR MEXICO | EC-728, "Work Procedure" |

VVEL control shaft position sensor mounting bolt

$$
\text { : 7.0 N•m (0.71 kg-m, } 62 \text { in-lb) }
$$

## NOTE:

VVEL ladder assembly cannot be replaced as a single part, because it is machined together with cylinder head assembly.

1. Remove VVEL actuator motor assembly. Refer to EM-37, "Exploded View".
2. Remove rocker covers (bank 1 and bank 2). Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
3. Remove VVEL actuator housing assembly. Refer to EM-37, "Exploded View".
4. Remove front cover, camshaft sprockets, and timing chains. Refer to EM-63, "Exploded View".
5. Remove VVEL ladder assembly.

## CAMSHAFT

- Loosen mounting bolts (gold color) in the reverse order as shown in the figure.

A: Bank 2
B : Bank 1
> : Engine front
CAUTION:

- Never loosen adjusting bolts and mounting bolts (black color).
- When removing VVEL ladder assembly, hold the drive shaft from below so as not to drop it.


EM
(B)

6. Remove exhaust camshaft.
7. Remove valve lifter, if necessary.

- Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.

INSTALLATION

## CAUTION:

Do not reuse washers.

1. Install valve lifter.

- Install it in the original position.

2. Install exhaust camshaft.

- Distinction between exhaust camshaft is performed with the identification mark.

> 〉 : Engine front

| Bank | Paint marks |  | Identification rib (E) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | M1 (C) | M2 (D) |  |
| Bank 1 (A) | No | Purple | Yes |
| Bank 2 (B) | No | Purple | No |


3. Install VVEL ladder assembly as per the following:

## CAMSHAFT

a. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with tube presser (commercial service tool) to the VVEL ladder assembly as shown in the figure.

A : Bank 1
B : Bank 2
C : $\quad$ 3.4-4.4 mm (0.134-0.173 in)
$>$ : Engine front
Use Genuine RTV silicone sealant or equivalent. Refer to Gl-22, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".

b. Tighten mounting bolts in the following step, in numerical order as shown.

A : Bank 2
B : Bank 1
$>$ : Engine front
CAUTION:
Do not reuse washers.
i. Tighten bolts in numerical order as shown.

```
M : 1.96 N.m (0.20 kg-m, 1 ft-lb)
```

ii. Tighten bolts in numerical order as shown.

```
\ : 5.88 N/m (0.60 kg-m, 4 ft-lb)
```

iii. Tighten bolts in numerical order as shown.
19. $10.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(1.1 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 8 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$

4. Install camshaft sprockets and timing chains. Refer to EM-63, "Exploded View".
5. Install VVEL actuator housing assembly. Refer to EM-37, "Removal and Installation".
6. Inspect the valve clearance. Refer to EM-12, "Inspection".
7. Install in the reverse order of removal.
8. When New VVEL ladar assembly used. Adjust VVEL control shaft position sensor. Refer to the following table:

| ENGINE | Reference page |
| :--- | :--- |
| VK56VD FOR USA AND CANADA | EC-165, "Work Procedure" |
| VK56VD FOR MEXICO | EC-728, "Work Procedure" |

## CAMSHAFT

## EXHAUST CAMSHAFT VALVE CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT

- Perform adjustment depending on selected head thickness of valve lifter (EXH).

1. Measure the valve clearance. Refer to EM-12, "Inspection".
2. Remove VVEL ladder assembly and exhaust camshaft. Refer to EM-80, "Removal and Installation". CAUTION:
Never loosen adjusting bolts and mounting bolts (black color) of VVEL ladder assembly.
3. Remove valve lifter (EXH) at the locations that are out of the standard.
4. Measure the center thickness of the removed valve lifters (EXH) with a micrometer (A).

5. Use the equation below to calculate valve lifter (EXH) thickness for replacement.

Valve lifter (EXH) thickness calculation: $\quad t=t 1+\left(C_{1}-C_{2}\right)$
t = Valve lifter (EXH) thickness to be replaced
t1 = Removed valve lifter (EXH) thickness
$\mathrm{C}_{1}$ = Measured valve clearance
C2 = Standard valve clearance:
Exhaust $\quad: \quad 0.33 \mathrm{~mm}(0.013 \mathrm{in})$

- Thickness of new valve lifter (EXH) can be identified by stamp marks on the reverse side (inside the cylinder).
Stamp mark 788 indicates 7.88 mm ( 0.3102 in) in thickness.
A : Stamp
B : Thickness of valve lifter (EXH)


Available thickness of valve lifter (EXH): 27 sizes with range 7.88 to $8.40 \mathrm{~mm}(0.3102$ to 0.3307 in ) in steps of 0.02 mm ( 0.0008 in ) (when manufactured at factory). Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".
6. Install selected valve lifter (EXH).
7. Install VVEL ladder assembly and exhaust camshaft. Refer to EM-80, "Removal and Installation".
8. Manually turn crankshaft pulley a few turns.
9. Check that the valve clearances for cold engine are within the specifications by referring to the specified values. Refer to EM-12, "Inspection".
10. Install all removed parts in the reverse order of removal.
11. Warm up the engine, and check for unusual noise and vibration.

INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY (EXHAUST SIDE)
Exhaust Camshaft Runout

## CAMSHAFT

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

1. Put V-block on precise flat table, and support No. 2 and 5 journals of camshaft.
CAUTION:
Never support No. 1 journal (on the side of camshaft sprocket) because it has a different diameter from the other four locations.
2. Set a dial indicator vertically to No. 3 journal.
3. Turn exhaust camshaft to one direction with hands, and measure the camshaft runout on a dial indicator. (Total indicator reading)


## Standard and limit

: Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".
4. If it exceeds the limit, replace exhaust camshaft.

Exhaust Camshaft Cam Height

- Measure the exhaust camshaft cam height with a micrometer.


## Standard and limit

## : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".

- If wear exceeds the limit, replace exhaust camshaft.



## Exhaust Camshaft Journal Oil Clearance

EXHAUST CAMSHAFT JOURNAL DIAMETER

- Measure the outer diameter of exhaust camshaft journal with a micrometer (A).

Standard : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".


VVEL LADDER ASSEMBLY (EXH SIDE) INNER DIAMETER

- Tighten VVEL ladder assembly bolts to the specified torque. Refer to "ASSEMBLY" for the tightening procedure.
- Measure inner diameter (A) of VVEL ladder assembly (exhaust side) with a bore gauge.

Standard : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".


## CAMSHAFT

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- (Oil clearance) $=$ [VVEL ladder assembly (exhaust side) inner diameter] - [Exhaust camshaft journal diameter].


## Standard and limit : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".

- If the calculated value exceeds the limit, replace either or both exhaust camshaft and VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly.
NOTE:
VVEL ladder assembly cannot be replaced as a single part, because it is machined together with cylinder head assembly.
Exhaust Camshaft End Play
- Install a dial indicator in thrust direction on front end of camshaft. Measure the end play of a dial indicator when exhaust camshaft is moved forward/backward (in direction of axis).

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".


- Measure the following parts if out of the limit.
- Dimension "A" for exhaust camshaft No. 1 journal

Standard : 30.500-30.548 mm (1.2008-1.2027 in)

- Dimension "B" for cylinder head No. 1 journal bearing

Standard : 30.360-30.385 mm (1.1953-1.1963 in)

- Refer to the standards above, and then replace exhaust camshaft and/or VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly.
NOTE:


Cylinder head assembly cannot be replaced as a single part, because it is machined together with VVEL ladder assembly.

## Exhaust Camshaft Sprocket Runout

1. Put V-block on precise flat table, and support No. 2 and 5 journals of exhaust camshaft. CAUTION:
Never support No. 1 journal (on the side of camshaft sprocket) because it has a different diameter from the other four locations.
2. Measure the exhaust camshaft sprocket runout with a dial indicator. (Total indicator reading)

## Limit : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".

3. If it exceeds the limit, replace exhaust camshaft sprocket.


## CAMSHAFT

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Check if surface of valve lifter has any wear or crack.
- If wear or crack is found, replace valve lifter (EXH). Refer to EM141, "Camshaft".


Valve Lifter Clearance (EXH)
VALVE LIFTER OUTER DIAMETER

- Measure the outer diameter at $1 / 2$ height of valve lifter with a micrometer (A) since valve lifter is in barrel shape.

Standard : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".


VALVE LIFTER HOLE DIAMETER

- Measure the inner diameter of valve lifter hole of cylinder head with an inside micrometer.

Standard : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".


VALVE LIFTER CLEARANCE

- (Valve lifter clearance) $=$ (Valve lifter hole diameter) - (Valve lifter outer diameter)

Standard : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".

- If the calculated value is out of the standard, referring to each standard of valve lifter outer diameter and valve lifter hole diameter, replace either or both valve lifter and VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly. NOTE:
Cylinder head assembly cannot be replaced as a single part, because it is machined together with VVEL ladder assembly.
INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY (INTAKE SIDE)
Drive Shaft End Play


## CAMSHAFT

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Install a dial indicator in thrust direction on front end of drive shaft. Measure the end play of a dial indicator when drive shaft is moved forward/backward (in direction of axis).
> : Engine front

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".


- Measure the following parts if out of the limit.
$>$ : Engine front
- Dimension "A" for drive shaft No. 1 journal

Standard : 30.500-30.548 mm (1.2008-1.2027 in)

- Dimension "B" for cylinder head No. 1 journal bearing

Standard : 30.360-30.385 mm (1.1953-1.1963 in)

- If it exceeds the limit, replace VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder
 head assembly.
NOTE:
Cylinder head assembly cannot be replaced as a single part, because it is machined together with VVEL ladder assembly.
Camshaft Sprocket (INT) Runout

1. Put V-block on precise flat table, and support No. 2 and 5 journals of drive shaft.

## CAUTION:

Never support No. 1 journal (on the side of camshaft sprocket) because it has a different diameter from the other four locations.
2. Measure the camshaft sprocket (INT) runout with a dial indicator. (Total indicator reading)

## Limit : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".

3. If it exceeds the limit, replace camshaft sprocket (INT).

Valve Lifter (INT)

- Check if surface of valve lifter has any wear or crack.
- If wear or crack is found, replace VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly. Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".
NOTE:
Since the valve lifter (INT) cannot be replaced by the piece, VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly replacement are required.


Valve Lifter Clearance (INT)
VALVE LIFTER OUTER DIAMETER

## CAMSHAFT

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Measure the outer diameter at $1 / 2$ height of valve lifter (INT) with a micrometer (A) since valve lifter is in barrel shape.

Standard : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".


VALVE LIFTER HOLE DIAMETER

- Measure the inner diameter of valve lifter hole of cylinder head with an inside micrometer.

Standard : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".


VALVE LIFTER CLEARANCE

- (Valve lifter clearance) = (Valve lifter hole diameter) - (Valve lifter outer diameter)

Standard : Refer to EM-141, "Camshaft".

- If the calculated value is out of the standard, replace VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly. NOTE:
Since the valve lifter (INT) cannot be replaced by the piece, VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly replacement are required.
VVEL Ladder Assembly
DRIVE SHAFT OPERATIONAL CHECK
- Hold the both ends of the drive shaft (A) and rotate it to check that it rotates smoothly.
CAUTION:
Turn VVEL ladder assembly upside down to prevent the drive shaft from dropping off.


CONTROL SHAFT OPERATIONAL CHECK

## CAMSHAFT

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Move control shaft (A) to the small stopper and large stopper to check that the control shaft functions smoothly.
CAUTION:
Turn VVEL ladder assembly upside down to prevent the drive shaft from dropping off.

〉 : Engine front



RINK CHECK FOR BACK-LASH (BONDING)

- Check that the link and the shaft of drive shaft and control shaft are not fixed.
- Check this by moving drive shaft and control shaft in the axial and rotation directions.

- If there is an unusualness related to the above three items, replace VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly.
NOTE:
VVEL ladder assembly cannot be replaced as a single part, because it is machined together with cylinder head assembly.
INSPECTION AFTER ASSEMBLY
Inspection of Camshaft Sprocket (INT) Oil Groove
CAUTION:
- Perform this inspection only when DTC P0011, P0021 are detected in self-diagnostic results of CONSULT and it is directed according to inspection procedure of EC section. Refer to the following table:

| ENGINE | Reference page |
| :--- | :--- |
| VK56VD FOR USA AND CANADA | EC-199, "DTC Logic" |
| VK56VD FOR MEXICO | EC-755, "DTC Logic" |

- Check when engine is cold to prevent burns from the splashing engine oil.

1. Check engine oil level. Refer to LU-8, "Inspection".
2. Perform the following procedure to prevent the engine from being unintentionally started while checking.
a. Release the fuel pressure. Refer to the following table:

| ENGINE | Reference page |
| :--- | :--- |
| VK56VD FOR USA AND CANADA | EC-168, "Work Procedure" |
| VK56VD FOR MEXICO | EC-731, "Work Procedure" |

b. Disconnect ignition coil and injector harness connectors.
3. Remove valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-63, "Exploded View".

## CAMSHAFT

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
4. Crank engine, and then check that engine oil comes out from valve timing control solenoid valve hole (A). End crank after checking.

1 : Valve timing control cover (bank 2)
WARNING:
Be careful not to touch rotating parts (drive belt, idler pulley, and crankshaft pulley, etc.).
CAUTION:

- Prevent splashing by using a shop cloth to prevent the worker from injury from engine oil and to prevent engine
 oil contamination.
- Prevent splashing by using a shop cloth to prevent engine oil from being splashed to engine and vehicle. Especially, be careful not to apply engine oil to rubber parts of drive belt, engine mounting insulator, etc. Wipe engine oil out immediately if it is splashed.

5. Perform the following inspection if engine oil does not come out from valve timing control solenoid valve oil hole of the valve timing control cover.

- Remove oil filter, and then clean it. Refer to EM-63, "Exploded View".
- Clean oil groove between oil strainer and valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to LU-6, "Engine Lubrication System" and LU-7, "Engine Lubrication System Schematic".

6. Remove components between valve timing control solenoid valve and camshaft sprocket, and then check each oil groove for clogging.

- Clean oil groove if necessary. Refer to LU-6, "Engine Lubrication System" and LU-7, "Engine Lubrication System Schematic".

7. After inspection, install removed parts in the reverse order.

Inspection for Leakage
The following are procedures for checking fluid leakage, lubricant leakage.

- Before starting engine, check oil/fluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If any are less than the required quantity, fill them to the specified level. Refer to the following table:

| For NORTH AMERICA | $\underline{\text { MA-15, "FOR NORTH AMERI- }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\underline{\text { CA : Fluids and Lubricants" }}$ |  |
| For MEXICO | $\underline{\text { MA-16, "FOR MEXICO : Fluids }}$ |
| $\underline{\text { and Lubricants" }}$ |  |

- Follow the procedure below to check for fuel leakage.
- Turn ignition switch to the "ON" position (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.


## NOTE:

If hydraulic pressure inside chain tensioner drops after removal/installation, slack in guide may generate a pounding noise during and just after the engine start. However, this does not indicate a malfunction. The noise will stop after hydraulic pressure rises.

- Warm up engine thoroughly to check that there is no leakage of fuel, or any oil/fluids including engine oil and engine coolant.
- Bleed air from lines and hoses of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.
- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill them to the specified level, if necessary.

Summary of the inspection items:

| Items |  | Before starting engine | Engine running | After engine stopped |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Engine coolant | Level | Leakage | Level |  |
| Engine oil | Level | Leakage | Level |  |
| Transmission / <br> transaxle fluid | AT \& CVT Models | Leakage | Level / Leakage | Leakage |
|  | MT Models | Level / Leakage | Leakage | Level / Leakage |

## CAMSHAFT

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

| Other oils and fluids* | Level | Leakage | Level |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fuel | Leakage | Leakage | Leakage |

* Power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.


## CYLINDER HEAD

## CYLINDER HEAD

## Exploded View



1. Valve lifter (EXH)
2. Valve oil seal (EXH)
3. Spark plug
4. Valve spring retainer (INT)
5. Cylinder head bolt
6. Valve (EXH)
7. Cylinder block
8. Cylinder head gasket (bank 1) Comply with the installation proce-
A. dure when tightening. Refer to EM93.
9. Valve collet (EXH)
10. Valve spring (with valve spring seat) (EXH)
11. Valve lifter (INT)
12. Valve oil seal (INT)
13. Cylinder head (bank 2)
14. Cylinder head gasket (bank 2)
15. Valve (INT)
16. Cylinder head (bank 1)
17. Valve spring retainer (EXH)
18. Valve guide (EXH)
19. Valve collet (INT)
20. Valve spring (with valve spring seat) (INT)
21. Valve seat (EXH)
22. Oil filter (for VVEL ladder assembly)
23. Valve seat (INT)
24. Engine coolant temperature sensor

Refer to Gl-4, "Components" for symbol marks in the figure.
CAUTION:
A high degree of precision is required for a valve on the intake side. Never remove the valve related parts unless necessary.

## CYLINDER HEAD

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

## NOTE:

- As for replacement of parts on the intake side as shown in the exploded view, replace VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly. (Only valve oil seals are replaceable as a single part.)
- VVEL ladder assembly cannot be replaced as a single part, because it is machined together with cylinder head assembly.
Removal and Installation


## REMOVAL

1. Remove the following parts:

- Rocker cover and spark plug: Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
- Intake manifold: Refer to EM-31, "Exploded View".
- Exhaust manifold: Refer to EM-41, "Exploded View".
- Water inlet and thermostat housing: Refer to $\mathrm{CO}-22$, "Exploded View".
- Water pipe and heater pipe: Refer to CO-22, "Exploded View".
- Timing chain: Refer to EM-63, "Exploded View".
- Camshaft (EXH) and VVEL ladder assembly: Refer to EM-79, "Exploded View".

2. Remove cylinder head.

- Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure.

A : Bank 2
B : Bank 1
〉 : Engine front

- Use TORX socket and power tool.

(B)


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3. Remove cylinder head gaskets.
4. Remove oil filter (for VVEL ladder assembly) from cylinder block, if necessary.
5. Remove valve lifter.

- Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.

INSTALLATION

1. Install oil filter (for VVEL ladder assembly) (1) in the direction shown in the figure, if removed.

- Check that the oil filter does not protrude from the upper surface of cylinder block (2) after installation.



## CYLINDER HEAD

2. Install new cylinder head gaskets.
3. Install cylinder head as per the following:

CAUTION:

- If cylinder head bolts are re-used, check their outer diameters before installation. Refer to EM-98, "Inspection".
- Before installing cylinder head, inspect cylinder head distortion. Refer to EM-98, "Inspection".
- Tighten cylinder head bolts in numerical order as shown in figure.

A : Bank 2
B : Bank 1
〉 : Engine front

- Use TORX socket.
a. Apply new engine oil to threads and seat surfaces of cylinder head bolts.
b. Tighten all cylinder head bolts.

M: $40.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $4.1 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 30 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
c. Tighten all cylinder head bolts (clockwise).

Angle tightening: 75 degrees
d. Completely loosen all cylinder head bolts.

CD: 0 N.m ( $0 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 0 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )
CAUTION:
In step "d", loosen bolts in the reverse order of that indicated in the figure.
e. Tighten all cylinder head bolts.

Cd: $40.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $4.1 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 30 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
f. Tighten all cylinder head bolts (clockwise).

Angle tightening: 90 degrees
g. Tighten all cylinder head bolts again (clockwise).

Angle tightening: 90 degrees
CAUTION:
Check the tightening angle using the angle wrench [SST: KV10112100 (BT8653-A)] (A). Never make judgment by visual inspection.

- Check tightening angle indicated on the angle wrench indicator plate.


4. Install valve lifter.

- Install it in the original position.

5. Install in the reverse order of removal.

## CYLINDER HEAD

DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove valve collet.

- Compress valve spring with the valve spring compressor [SST: KV10116200 (J-26336-A)] (A), the attachment [SST: KV10115900 (J-26336-20)] (C) and the adapter [SST: KV10109220 ( - )] (B). Remove valve collet with a magnet hand.
CAUTION:
When working, take care not to damage valve lifter holes.


2. Remove valve spring retainer and valve spring (with valve spring seat).
3. Push valve stem to combustion chamber side, and remove valve.

- Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.

4. Remove valve oil seal using the valve oil seal puller [SST: KV10107902 (J38959)] (A).

5. Remove valve seat (EXH), if valve seat (EXH) must be replaced.

- Bore out old seat until it collapses. Boring should not continue beyond the bottom face of the seat recess in cylinder head. Set the machine depth stop to ensure this. Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Head". CAUTION:
Prevent to scratch cylinder head by excessive boring.

6. Remove valve guide (EXH), if valve guide (EXH) must be replaced.
a. To remove valve guide (EXH), heat cylinder head to 110 to $130^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(230\right.$ to $266^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) by soaking in heated oil (A).


## CYLINDER HEAD

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
b. Drive out valve guide (EXH) with a press [under a 20 kN (2 ton, 2.2 US ton, 2.0 Imp ton) pressure] or a hammer and the valve guide drift (commercial service tool).
WARNING:
Cylinder head contains heat. When working, wear protective equipment to avoid getting burned.


## ASSEMBLY

1. Install valve guide (EXH), if removed.

Replace with oversized [ 0.2 mm ( 0.008 in )] valve guide (EXH).
a. Using the valve guide reamer (commercial service tool) (A), ream cylinder head valve guide (EXH) hole.

Oversize (service) [ 0.2 mm ( 0.008 in )]:
: Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Head".

b. Heat cylinder head to 110 to $130^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(230\right.$ to $\left.266^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ by soaking in heated oil (A).

c. Using the valve guide drift (commercial service tool), press valve guide (EXH) from camshaft side to the dimensions as shown in the figure.

## Projection (A)

: Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Head".
WARNING:
Cylinder head contains heat. When working, wear protective equipment to avoid getting burned.


## CYLINDER HEAD

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
d. Using the valve guide reamer (commercial service tool) (A), apply reamer finish to valve guide (EXH).

Standard : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Head".

2. Install valve seat (EXH), if removed.

Replace with oversize [ 0.5 mm ( 0.020 in )] valve seat (EXH).
a. Ream cylinder head recess diameter (a) for service valve seat (EXH).

Oversize (service) [0.5 mm (0.020 in)]:

## : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Head".

- Be sure to ream in circles concentric to valve guide center. This enables valve to fit correctly.


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b. Heat cylinder head to 110 to $130^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(230\right.$ to $\left.266^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ by soaking in heated oil (A).

c. Provide valve seats $(E X H)$ cooled well with dry ice. Force fit valve seat $(E X H)$ into cylinder head.

WARNING:
Cylinder head contains heat. When working, wear protective equipment to avoid getting burned. CAUTION:
Avoid directly touching cold valve seats.
d. Using the valve seat cutter set (commercial service tool) or valve seat grinder, finish seat to the specified dimensions. Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Head".

## CAUTION:

When using the valve seat cutter, firmly grip cutter handle with both hands. Then, press on the contacting surface all around the circumference to cut in a single drive. Improper pressure on cutter or cutting many different times may result in staged valve seat.

e. Using compound, grind to adjust valve fitting.
f. Check again for normal contact. Refer to EM-98, "Inspection".
3. Install new valve oil seals as per the following:

## CYLINDER HEAD

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
a. Apply new engine oil on new valve oil seal joint and seal lip.
b. Using the valve oil seal drift [SST: KV10115600 (J-38958)] (A), press fit valve seal to height (b) shown in figure.

Height (b)
Intake, Exhaust $\quad: 14.3-14.9 \mathrm{~mm}$ (0.563-0.587 in)

4. Install valve.

NOTE:
Larger diameter valves are for intake side.
5. Install valve spring (with valve spring seat).

- Install narrow pitch (B) end [paint mark (C)] to cylinder head side (valve spring seat side).

A : Wide pitch
$\checkmark:$ Cylinder head side

## Paint mark color

Intake : Light green
Exhaust : Light blue

6. Install valve spring retainer.
7. Install valve collet.

- Compress valve spring with the valve spring compressor [SST: KV10116200 (J26336-A)] (A), the attachment [SST: KV10115900 (J26336-20)] (C) and the adapter [SST: KV10109220 ( - )] (B). Install valve collet with a magnet hand.
CAUTION:
When working, take care not to damage valve lifter holes.
- Tap valve stem edge lightly with plastic hammer after installation to check its installed condition.



## Inspection

## INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Cylinder Head Bolts Outer Diameter

- Cylinder head bolts are tightened by plastic zone tightening method. Whenever the size difference between (B) and (A) exceeds the limit, replace them with new one.

$$
\text { Limit [(B) - (A)] : } 0.18 \mathrm{~mm}(0.0071 \mathrm{in})
$$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{c} & : 55 \mathrm{~mm}(2.17 \mathrm{in}) \\
\mathrm{d} & : 12 \mathrm{~mm}(0.47 \mathrm{in})
\end{array}
$$

- If reduction of outer diameter appears in a position other than $(A)$, use it as (A) point.



## CYLINDER HEAD

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
Cylinder Head Distortion
NOTE:
When performing this inspection, cylinder block distortion should be also checked. Refer to EM-123, "Inspection".

1. Using a scraper, wipe out oil, scale, gasket, sealant and carbon deposits from surface of cylinder head. CAUTION:
Never allow gasket fragments to enter engine oil or engine coolant passages.
2. At each of several locations on bottom surface of cylinder head, measure the distortion in six directions (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), and (F).

## Limit : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Head".

- If it exceeds the limit, replace VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly.
NOTE:
Cylinder head assembly cannot be replaced as a single part, because it is machined together with VVEL ladder assembly.


Valve Dimensions

- Check the dimensions of each valve. For the dimensions, refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Head".
- If dimensions are out of the standard.
- Replace valve (EXH) and check valve seat contact. Refer to "VALVE SEAT CONTACT". (Exhaust side)
- Replace VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly. Refer to EM-92, "Exploded View". (Intake side) NOTE:
Since the valve (INT) cannot be replaced by the piece, VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly replacement are required.


## Valve Guide Clearance

Valve Stem Diameter

- Measure the diameter of valve stem with micrometer (A).


## Standard : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Head".

Valve Guide Inner Diameter

- Measure the inner diameter of valve guide with bore gauge.

Standard : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Head".
Valve Guide Clearance

- (Valve guide clearance) $=$ (Valve guide inner diameter) - (Valve stem diameter)



## Standard : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Head".

- If the calculated value exceeds the limit.
- Replace valve (EXH) and/or valve guide (EXH). Refer to EM-92, "Exploded View". (Exhaust side)
- Replace VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly. Refer to EM-92, "Exploded View". (Intake side) NOTE:
Since the valve (INT) and valve guide (INT) cannot be replaced by the piece, VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly replacement are required.

Valve Seat Contact

- After confirming that the dimensions of valve guides and valves are within the specifications, perform this procedure.
- Apply prussian blue (or white lead) onto contacting surface of valve seat to check the condition of the valve contact on the surface.


## CYLINDER HEAD

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Check if the contact area band is continuous all around the circumference.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
A & : O K \\
B & : N G
\end{array}
$$

- If not, grind to adjust valve fitting and check again. If the contacting surface still has "NG" conditions even after the re-check, replace valve seat (EXH). Refer to EM-92, "Exploded View". (Exhaust side)
- If not, replace VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly. Refer to EM-92, "Exploded View". (Intake side)


NOTE:
Since the valve seat (INT) cannot be replaced by the piece, VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly replacement are required.
Valve Spring (with valve spring seat) Squareness

- Set a try square (A) along the side of valve spring (with valve spring seat) and rotate spring. Measure the maximum clearance between the top of spring and try square.

B : Contact

## Limit : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Head".

- If it exceeds the limit.
- Replace valve spring (with valve spring seat) (EXH). Refer to EM92, "Exploded View". (Exhaust side)
- Replace VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly. Refer
 to EM-92, "Exploded View". (Intake side)


## NOTE:

Since the valve spring (with valve spring seat) (INT) cannot be replaced by the piece, VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly replacement are required.

Valve Spring Dimensions and Valve Spring Pressure Load

- Check the valve spring (with valve spring seat) pressure at specified spring height.


## Standard

## : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Head".

- If the installation load or load with valve open is out of the standard.
- Replace valve spring (with valve spring seat) (EXH). Refer to EM92, "Exploded View". (Exhaust side)
- Replace VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly. Refer to EM-92, "Exploded View". (Intake side)
 NOTE:
Since the valve spring (with valve spring seat) (INT) cannot be replaced by the piece, VVEL ladder assembly \& cylinder head assembly replacement are required.


## INSPECTION AFTER ASSEMBLY

Inspection for Leakage
The following are procedures for checking fluid leakage, lubricant leakage.

- Before starting engine, check oil/fluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If any are less than the required quantity, fill them to the specified level. Refer to the following table:

| For NORTH AMERICA | $\frac{\text { MA-15, "FOR NORTH AMERI- }}{\text { CA : Fluids and Lubricants" }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| For MEXICO | MA-16, "FOR MEXICO : Fluids <br> and Lubricants" |

## CYLINDER HEAD

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- Follow the procedure below to check for fuel leakage.
- Turn ignition switch to the "ON" position (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration. NOTE:
If hydraulic pressure inside chain tensioner drops after removal/installation, slack in guide may generate a pounding noise during and just after the engine start. However, this does not indicate a malfunction. The noise will stop after hydraulic pressure rises.
- Warm up engine thoroughly to check that there is no leakage of fuel, or any oil/fluids including engine oil and engine coolant.
- Bleed air from lines and hoses of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.
- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill them to the specified level, if necessary.

| Items |  | Before starting engine | Engine running | After engine stopped |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Engine coolant |  | Level | Leakage | Level |
| Engine oil |  | Level | Leakage | Level |
| Transmission / transaxle fluid | AT \& CVT Models | Leakage | Level / Leakage | Leakage |
|  | MT Models | Level / Leakage | Leakage | Level / Leakage |
| Other oils and fluids* |  | Level | Leakage | Level |
| Fuel |  | Leakage | Leakage | Leakage |

[^0]
## OIL SEAL

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >
OIL SEAL
FRONT OIL SEAL
FRONT OIL SEAL : Removal and Installation

## REMOVAL

1. Remove the following parts:

- Front under cover, using a power tool. Refer to EXT-26, "Exploded View".
- Drive belt: Refer to EM-20, "Exploded View".
- Cooling fan: Refer to CO-18, "Exploded View".

2. Remove crankshaft pulley as per the following:
a. Remove rear plate cover. Refer to EM-56, "Exploded View".
b. Set the ring gear stopper [SST: KV10120100 (J-47245)] (A) as shown in the figure.
c. Loosen crankshaft pulley bolt, and then pull crankshaft pulley with both hands to remove it.
CAUTION:
Never remove crankshaft pulley bolt. Keep loosened crankshaft pulley bolt in place to protect removed crankshaft pulley from dropping.

3. Remove front oil seal using a suitable tool.

CAUTION:
Be careful not to damage front cover and crankshaft.


## INSTALLATION

1. Install front oil seal on front cover.
$\checkmark$ : Engine inside

- : Engine outside
- Apply new engine oil to both oil seal lip (A) and dust seal lip (B).
- Install it so that each seal lip is oriented as shown in the figure. CAUTION:
Be careful not to scratch or make burrs on circumference of oil seal.
- Using a suitable drift [outer diameter: 56 mm (2.20 in)], press-
 fit oil seal until it becomes flush with front cover end face.
- Check the garter spring is in position and seal lips are not inverted.

2. Install in the reverse order of removal.

## REAR OIL SEAL

## OIL SEAL

## REMOVAL

1. Remove transmission assembly. Refer to TM-215, "2WD : Exploded View" (2WD models) or TM-218, "4WD : Exploded View" (AWD models).
2. Remove drive plate. Refer to EM-115, "Exploded View".
3. Remove rear oil seal with a suitable tool. CAUTION:
Be careful not to damage crankshaft and cylinder block.


## INSTALLATION

1. Install rear oil seal.

- Install rear oil seal so that each seal lip is oriented as shown in the figure.

- Press in rear oil seal (1) to the position as shown in the figure.

B : Rear oil seal retainer rear end face
a $\quad 00-0.5 \mathrm{~mm}(0-0.020 \mathrm{in})$


- Using a suitable drift [outer diameter 101 mm (3.98 in)], press-fit until the height of rear oil seal is level with the mounting surface.
- Check the garter spring is in position and seal lips are not inverted. CAUTION:
- Be careful not to damage crankshaft and cylinder block.
- Press-fit straight and avoid causing burrs or tilting oil seal.


2. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

## UNIT REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION ENGINE ASSEMBLY

## Exploded View

## 2WD models



1. Heat shield plate (RH)
2. Engine mounting bracket (LH)
3. Rear engine mounting cross member 8. Rear engine mounting insulator
4. Engine mounting bracket (RH)
5. Heat shield plate (LH)

6. Heat shield plate (RH)
7. Engine mounting bracket (LH)
8. Rear engine mounting cross member 8. Rear engine mounting insulator
9. Engine mounting insulator (RH)
10. Engine mounting insulator (LH)
11. Rear engine mounting insulator
12. Engine mounting bracket (RH)
13. Heat shield plate (LH)

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

## Removal and Installation

## WARNING:

- Situate the vehicle on a flat and solid surface.
- Place chocks at the front and back of rear wheels.
- For engines not equipped with engine slingers, attach proper slingers and bolts described in PARTS CATALOG.
CAUTION:
- Always be careful to work safely, and avoid forceful or uninstructed operations.
- Never start working until exhaust system and engine coolant are cool enough.
- If items or work required are not covered by the engine section, refer to the applicable sections.
- Always use the support point specified for lifting.
- Use either 2-pole lift type or separate type lift as much as possible. If board-on type is used for unavoidable reasons, support at rear axle jacking point with transmission jack or similar tool before starting work, in preparation for the backward shift of the center of gravity.
- For supporting points for lifting and jacking point at rear axle, refer to Gl-34, "Garage Jack and Safety Stand".


## NOTE:

- When removing components such as hoses, tube/lines, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling.
- When removing/installing only the engine mounting, the hold engine assembly as instructed bellow:

1. Remove hood assembly. Refer to DLK-221, "Exploded View".
2. Remove the following components and related parts:

- Battery. Refer to PG-122, "Exploded View".
- Battery tray.
- Power steering reservoir tank bracket. Refer to ST-54, "Exploded View".
- Air cleaner case assembly and air duct. Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".

3. Install engine slinger on both front right and front left sides of the engine.

A : Engine front slinger (bank 2)
B : Engine front slinger (bank 1)

## Slinger bolts:

(1): $45.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $4.6 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 33 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$

4. Hoist the slinger to obtain room for engine assembly.

CAUTION:
Use an engine lifter to prevent the engine slinger from falling and damaging the rocker cover.


## REMOVAL

Outline
At first, remove the transmission and transfer assembly, steering gear and front final drive facing downward. Then remove the engine.
Preparation

1. Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View".
2. Release fuel pressure. Refer to the following table:

| ENGINE | Reference page |
| :--- | :--- |
| VK56VD FOR USA AND CANADA | EC-168, "Work Procedure" |
| VK56VD FOR MEXICO | EC-731, "Work Procedure" |

3. Remove battery and tray. Refer to PG-122, "Exploded View".
4. Remove the following components and related parts:

- Hood assembly. Refer to DLK-221, "Exploded View".
- Front under cover. Refer to EXT-26, "Exploded View".
- Front road wheel and tires. Refer to WT-63, "Exploded View".

5. Drain engine oil. Refer to LU-9, "Draining".
6. Drain engine coolant. Refer to $\mathrm{CO}-8$, "Draining".

CAUTION:

- Perform this step when engine is cold.
- Never spill engine coolant on drive belts.

7. Drain power steering fluid. Refer to ST-54, "Exploded View".

Engine Room Front

1. Remove drive belt. Refer to EM-20, "Exploded View".
2. Remove fan shroud. Refer to $\mathrm{CO}-14$, "Exploded View".
3. Remove cooling fan and fan coupling. Refer to CO-18, "Exploded View".
4. Remove radiator hoses (upper and lower).
5. Remove radiator.

Vehicle Underbody

1. Remove exhaust front tube. Refer to EX-5, "Exploded View".
2. Remove protector A and B. Refer to SCS-32, "FRONT TUBE ASSEMBLY: Exploded View".
3. Remove front suspension rear cross member. Refer to TM-215, "2WD : Exploded View" (2WD models) or TM-218, "4WD : Exploded View" (AWD models).
4. Remove oil cooler. Refer to LU-13, "Exploded View".
5. Remove A/T assembly. Refer to TM-215, "2WD: Exploded View" (2WD models) or TM-218, "4WD : Exploded View" (AWD models).
6. Remove steering gear assembly. Refer to ST-41, "Exploded View".
7. Remove front final drive assembly. Refer to DLN-174, "Exploded View".
8. Remove exhaust manifold. Refer to EM-41, "Exploded View".
9. Remove alternator. Refer to CHG-28, "Exploded View".

Engine Room LH

1. Remove air cleaner and air duct. Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".
2. Remove A/C compressor. Refer to HA-30, "Exploded View".
3. Disconnect fuel feed hose and EVAP hose. Refer to EM-44, "Exploded View". CAUTION:
Fit plugs onto disconnected hoses to prevent fuel leakage.
Engine Room RH
4. Remove power steering oil pump and reservoir tank. Refer to ST-48, "Exploded View".
5. Disconnect heater hose at heater core side, and fit a plug onto hose end to prevent engine coolant leakage.
6. Disconnect ground cable.
7. Disconnect all clips and connectors of the engine harness from vehicle side.

Removal Work

1. Install alternator bracket. Refer to CHG-28, "Exploded View".

- Temporarily tighten mounting bolts.

2. Remove intake manifold. Refer to EM-31, "Exploded View".
3. Remove starter motor. Refer to STR-18, "Exploded View".
4. Install engine slingers.


A Engine front slinger (bank 2)
B Engine rear slinger
C Engine front slinger (bank 1)

## Slinger bolts:

## M: $45.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $4.6 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 33 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$

5. Lift using a hoist and secure the engine in position.
6. Remove engine mounting bracket (LH, RH) and engine mounting insulator (LH, RH). Refer to EM-104. "Exploded View".
7. Remove the engine from the vehicle, avoid interference with the vehicle body.
CAUTION:

- Before and during lifting, always check that any harnesses are left connected.
- Never damage engine mounting insulator and avoid oil/ grease smearing or spills onto engine mounting insulator.


INSTALLATION
Install in the reverse order of removal.
CAUTION:

- When replacing an engine or transmission you must make sure the dowels are installed correctly during re-assembly.Improper alignment caused by missing dowels may cause vibration, oil leaks or breakage of drivetrain components.


## Inspection

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION
Inspection for Leakage
The following are procedures for checking fluid leakage, lubricant leakage.

- Before starting engine, check oilfluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If any are less than the required quantity, fill them to the specified level. Refer to the following table:

| For NORTH AMERICA | $\frac{\text { MA-15, "FOR NORTH AMERI- }}{\text { CA : Fluids and Lubricants" }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| For MEXICO | MA-16, "FOR MEXICO : Fluids <br> and Lubricants" |

- Follow the procedure below to check for fuel leakage.
- Turn ignition switch to the "ON" position (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.

NOTE:
If hydraulic pressure inside chain tensioner drops after removal/installation, slack in guide may generate a pounding noise during and just after the engine start. However, this does not indicate a malfunction. The noise will stop after hydraulic pressure rises.

- Warm up engine thoroughly to check that there is no leakage of fuel, or any oil/fluids including engine oil and engine coolant.
- Bleed air from lines and hoses of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.
- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill them to the specified level, if necessary.

| Items |  | Before starting engine | Engine running | After engine stopped |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Engine coolant |  | Level | Leakage | Level |
| Engine oil |  | Level | Leakage | Level |
| Transmission / transaxle fluid | AT \& CVT Models | Leakage | Level / Leakage | Leakage |
|  | MT Models | Level / Leakage | Leakage | Level / Leakage |
| Other oils and fluids* |  | Level | Leakage | Level |
| Fuel |  | Leakage | Leakage | Leakage |
| Exhaust gases |  | - | Leakage | - |

*: Power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.

## ENGINE STAND SETTING

## < UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

## UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY <br> ENGINE STAND SETTING

## Setting

## NOTE:

Explained here is how to disassemble with engine stand supporting transmission surface. When using a different type of engine stand, note the difference in the steps, etc.

1. Remove the engine assembly from the vehicle. Refer to EM-104, "Exploded View".
2. Remove crankshaft pulley. Refer to EM-102, "FRONT OIL SEAL : Removal and Installation".

NOTE:
The drive plate is fixed with a ring gear stopper [SST: KV10120100 (J-47245)]. Loosen the crankshaft pulley mounting bolts before installing the engine stand.
3. Remove the parts that may restrict installation of engine to a widely used engine stand.

- Drive plate: Refer to EM-112, "Exploded View".

4. Lift the engine with hoist to install it onto the widely used engine stand.

## CAUTION:

Use an engine stand that has a load capacity [ 240 kg ( 529 lb ) or more] large enough for supporting the engine weight.

- If the load capacity of the stand is not adequate, remove the following parts beforehand to reduce the potential risk of overturning the stand.
- Remove intake manifold. Refer to EM-31, "Exploded View".
- Remove fuel injector and fuel tube assembly. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".
- Remove ignition coil. Refer to EM-30, "Exploded View".
- Remove rocker cover. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
- Remove exhaust manifold. Refer to EM-41, "Exploded View".
- Other removable brackets.

NOTE:
The figure shows an example of widely used engine stand (A) that can hold mating surface of transmission with drive plate removed.

## CAUTION:

Before removing the hanging chains, check the engine stand is stable and there is no risk of overturning.

5. Drain engine oil. Refer to LU-9, "Draining".
< UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >
6. Drain engine coolant by removing water drain plug (3) from both sides of the cylinder block as shown in the figure.

1 : Washer
2 : Plug (engine coolant)
4 : Plug (engine oil)
5 : Washer
$\checkmark$ : Engine front
Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbol marks in the figure.

## Water drain plug torque

D: $19.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $2.0 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}, 14 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$


## ENGINE UNIT

## Disassembly

1. Remove intake manifold. Refer to EM-31, "Exploded View".
2. Remove exhaust manifold. Refer to EM-41, "Exploded View".
3. Remove oil pan (lower). Refer to EM-56, "Exploded View".
4. Remove ignition coil and spark plug. Refer to EM-24, "Exploded View".
5. Remove rocker cover. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
6. Remove timing chain. Refer to EM-63, "Exploded View".
7. Remove exhaust camshaft and VVEL ladder assembly. Refer to EM-79, "Exploded View".
8. Remove cylinder head. Refer to EM-92, "Exploded View".

## Assembly

Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

EM


1. Pilot converter
2. O-ring
A. Chamfered
> Crankshaft side
(e) : N.m (kg-m, in-lb)

- $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ (kg-m, ft-lb)
( Always replace after every disassembly.
: Should be lubricated with oil.


## Removal and Installation

2. Drive plate
3. Crankshaft position sensor (POS)
B. Installed on transmission
4. Reinforcement plate
5. Transmission

REMOVAL

1. Remove transmission assembly. Refer to TM-215, "2WD: Exploded View" (2WD models) or TM-218, "4WD : Exploded View" (AWD models).
2. Before removing the drive plate, put a match mark (A) on the crankshaft and drive plate for alignment during installation.

3. Remove drive plate as par the following procedure.
a. Set the ring gear stopper [SST: KV10120100 (J-47245)] (A) as shown in the figure.
b. Loosen the bolts diagonally, and then pull drive plate with both hands to remove it.
CAUTION:

- Never disassemble them.
- Never place them with signal plate facing down.
- When handling signal plate, take care not to damage or scratch them.
- Handle signal plate in a manner that prevents them from becoming magnetized.
- Take care not to damage the periphery of the sensing
 area.
- Any dropped drive plate shall not be used. (The drive plate to which the sensing area shall not be placed on the floor.)
- Never touch drive plate with bare hands. Always use urethane coating gloves or skin gloves when removing these parts.
- Never use torn glove.

4. Remove pilot converter (1) using the pilot bushing puller (commercial service tool) (A), if necessary.


## INSTALLATION

1. Install pilot converter to the crankshaft using suitable tool, if removed.

- With a drift of the following outer diameter, press-fit as far as it will go.

Pilot converter : Approx. 35 mm (1.38 in)


- Press-fit pilot converter with its chamfering side facing crankshafts shown in the figure.
$\checkmark$ : Crankshaft side


2. Install drive plate in the reverse order of removal.

## DRIVE PLATE

- Install drive plate (4) and reinforcement plate (3) as shown in the figure.

```
2 : Pilot converter
A :Rounded
>}:\mathrm{ : Engine front
```

- When installing drive plate to crankshaft (1), be sure to correctly align crankshaft side dowel pin and drive plate side dowel pin hole.
CAUTION:
If these are not aligned correctly, engine runs roughly and
 "MIL" illuminates.
- Holding ring gear with the ring gear stopper [SST: KV10120100 (J-47245)].
- Tighten the mounting bolts crosswise over several times.


## Inspection

## DRIVE PLATE DEFLECTION

- Check drive plate and signal plate (A) for deformation or damage.

| B | : Ring gear |
| :--- | :--- |
| : Engine front |  |

CAUTION:

- Never disassemble drive plate.
- Never place drive plate with signal plate facing down.
- When handling signal plate, take care not to damage or scratch it.
- Handle signal plate in a manner that prevents it from becoming magnetized.

- If damage is found, replace drive plate.
- Measure the deflection of drive plate contact surface to torque converter with a dial indicator (A).
- Measure the deflection at the area (B).

```
C : Hole of torque converter bolt
d : 34 mm (1.34 in)
e :21 mm (0.83 in)
```

$$
\text { Limit : } 0.35 \mathrm{~mm}(0.0138 \mathrm{in}) \text { or less. }
$$

- If measured value is out of the standard, replace drive plate.



## Exploded View



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1. Knock sensor
2. Thrust bearing
3. Crankshaft
4. Cylinder block
5. Main bearing (upper)
6. Main bearing (lower)
7. Side bolt
8. Crankshaft key
9. Main bearing cap

## CYLINDER BLOCK

< UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

| 10. Main bearing cap sub bolt | 11. Main bearing cap bolt | 12. Connecting rod cap bolt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 13. Connecting rod cap | 14. Connecting rod bearing | 15. Connecting rod |
| 16. Snap ring | 17. Piston pin | 18. Piston |
| 19. Oil ring | 20. Second ring | 21. Top ring |
| 22. Rear oil seal | 23. Rear oil seal retainer | 24. Cylinder block heater (for Canada) |

10. Main bearing cap sub bolt
11. Connecting rod cap
12. Snap ring
13. Oil ring
14. Rear oil seal
A. Comply with the assembly procedure when tightening. Refer to EM-116.
15. Main bearing cap bolt
16. Connecting rod bearing
17. Piston pin
18. Rear oil seal retainer
19. Connecting rod cap bolt
20. Connecting rod
21. Piston
22. Top ring
23. Cylinder block heater (for Canada)

Refer to Gl-4, "Components" for symbol marks in the figure.
Disassembly and Assembly
DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove the following parts:

- Oil pans (lower and upper): Refer to EM-56, "Exploded View" and EM-59, "Exploded View".
- Front cover and timing chain: Refer to EM-63, "Exploded View".
- Cylinder head: Refer to EM-92, "Exploded View".

2. Remove knock sensor.

CAUTION:
Carefully handle knock sensor avoiding shocks.
3. Remove oil filter (for VVEL ladder assembly) from cylinder block, if necessary. Refer to EM-92, "Exploded View".
4. Remove piston and connecting rod assembly as per the following:

- Before removing piston and connecting rod assembly, check the connecting rod side clearance. Refer to EM-123, "Inspection".
CAUTION:
Be careful not to drop connecting rod bearing, and to scratch the surface.
a. Position crankshaft pin corresponding to connecting rod to be removed onto the bottom dead center.
b. Loosen mounting bolts, and remove connecting rod bearing cap.
c. Using a hammer handle (A) or similar tool, push piston and connecting rod assembly out to the cylinder head side.
CAUTION:
Be careful not to damage the cylinder wall and crankshaft pin, resulting from an interference of the connecting rod big end.


5. Remove connecting rod bearings from connecting rod and connecting rod bearing cap.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to drop connecting rod bearing, and to scratch the surface.
- Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.

6. Remove piston rings from piston.

- Before removing piston rings, check the piston ring side clearance. Refer to EM-123, "Inspection".
- Use a piston ring expander (commercial service tool) (A).

CAUTION:

- When removing piston rings, be careful not to damage piston.
- Be careful not to damage piston rings by expanding them excessively.



## CYLINDER BLOCK

7. Remove piston from connecting rod as per the following:
a. Using snap ring pliers (A), remove snap rings.

b. Heat piston to 60 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(140\right.$ to $158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) with an industrial use dryer (A) or an equivalent.

c. Push out piston pin using a stick that has an outer diameter of approximately 20 mm ( 0.79 in ).

8. Remove rear oil seal and rear oil seal retainer assembly from cylinder block.

- Insert screwdriver or similar tool between rear end of crankshaft counter weight and rear oil seal retainer, and separate liquid gasket to remove.
CAUTION:
Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

9. Using screwdriver or similar tool, and lever off rear oil seal from rear oil seal retainer.
10. Remove main bearing cap as per the following:

- Before loosening cylinder block bolts, measure the crankshaft end play. Refer to EM-123, "Inspection".
a. Loosen side bolts starting from No. 30 to 21 to remove.
$>$ : Engine front
b. Loosen main bearing cap sub bolts starting from No. 20 to 11 to remove.
c. Loosen main bearing cap bolts starting from No. 10 to 1 to remove.

d. Remove the main bearing cap.


## CYLINDER BLOCK

- Insert bolts (1) into bolt holes, and then remove main bearing cap (2) by lifting up and shaking forward and backward.
CAUTION:
Be careful not to damage the mounting surface.


11. Remove crankshaft.
12. Remove main bearings and thrust bearings from main bearing cap and cylinder block.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to drop main bearing, and to scratch the surface.
- Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.

13. Remove oil jet.

## ASSEMBLY

## CAUTION:

## Do not reuse washers.

1. Fully air-blow engine coolant and engine oil passages in cylinder block, cylinder bore and crankcase to remove any foreign material.
CAUTION:
Use goggles to protect your eyes.
2. Install each plug to cylinder block as shown in the figure.
$>$ : Engine front
Refer to Gl-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

- Tighten each plug as specified below.

| Part | Tightening torque |
| :---: | :---: |
| Plug (2) | $78.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(8.0 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 58 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$ |
| Water drain plug (3) | $19.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(2.0 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 14 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{Ib})$ |
| Plug (4) | $53.9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(5.5 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 40 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$ |

- Replace washers (1), (5) with new ones. CAUTION:
Do not reuse washers.
- Apply sealant to the thread of water drain plug (3).

Use Genuine RTV silicone sealant or equivalent. Refer to Gl-22, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".

- Apply sealant to the thread of plug (4).

Use high strength thread locking sealant or equivalent.
Refer to Gl-22. "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".

3. Install main bearings and thrust bearings as per the following:

CAUTION:
Be careful not to drop main bearing, and to scratch the surface.
a. Remove dust, dirt, and engine oil on bearing mating surfaces of cylinder block and main bearing caps.

## CYLINDER BLOCK

< UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >
b. Install thrust bearings (2) to both sides of the No. 3 journal housing on cylinder block (1).

| 3 | : Main bearing (upper) (cylinder block side) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 4 | : Crankshaft |
| 5 | : Main bearing (lower) (main bearing cap side) |
| $>$ | : Engine front |

- Install thrust bearings with the oil groove (A) facing crankshaft arm (outside).
c. Install main bearings paying attention to the direction.
- Main bearing with oil hole (B) and groove (C) goes on cylinder block. The one without them goes on main bearing cap.
- Before installing main bearings, apply engine oil to the bearing surface (inside). Do not apply engine oil to the back surface, but thoroughly clean it.
- When installing, align main bearing stopper protrusion to cutout of cylinder block and main bearing.
- Ensure the oil holes on cylinder block and those on the corresponding bearing are aligned.


4. Install crankshaft to cylinder block.

- While turning crankshaft by hand, check that it turns smoothly.

5. Install main bearing caps as per the following:

- Align the identification number to the journal position to install.

> : Engine front

- Install it with the front mark (indicated by stamping) facing the front of engine.
- Using plastic hammer or similar tool, tap them lightly to seat them on the installation position.
NOTE:
Main bearing cap cannot be replaced as a single parts, because it is machined together with cylinder block.


6. Install each main bearing cap bolts as per the following:

CAUTION:
If main bearing cap bolts and sub bolts are re-used, check their outer diameters before installation. Refer to EM-123, "Inspection".
a. Apply new engine oil to threads and seat surfaces of main bearing cap bolts and sub bolts.
b. Tighten all bolts in order of (No. 1-30) temporarily.

〉 : Engine front
c. Tighten main bearing cap bolts (M12) in order of No. 1-10.

## A: $39.2 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $4.0 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 29 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )

d. Tighten main bearing cap sub bolts (M9) in order of No. 11-20.
de: 29.4 N•m (3.0 kg-m, $22 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$


## CYLINDER BLOCK

e. Tighten main bearing cap bolts (M12) in order of No. 1-10 (clockwise).

## Angle tightening: 40 degrees

CAUTION:
Use the angle wrench [SST: KV10112100 (BT8653-A)] (A) to check tightening angle. Never make judgment by visual inspection.
f. Tighten main bearing cap sub bolts (M9) in order of No. 11-20. (clockwise)


## Angle tightening: 30 degrees

g. Tighten side bolts (M10) in order of No. 21-30.

## D: $49.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $5.0 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 36 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb}$ )

- After installing bolts, check that crankshaft can be rotated smoothly by hand.
- Check the crankshaft end play. Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

7. Install rear oil seal retainer.

- Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with tube presser (commercial service tool) to rear oil seal retainer as shown in the figure.

> A : Protrusion b $: 4.0-5.6 \mathrm{~mm}(0.157-0.220 \mathrm{in})$ c $: \neq \phi 3.4-4.4 \mathrm{~mm}(0.134-0.173 \mathrm{in})$

Use Genuine RTV silicone sealant or equivalent. Refer to Gl-22, "Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants".

8. Install rear oil seal on rear oil seal retainer.
$\checkmark$ : Engine inside

- : Engine outside
- Apply new engine oil to both oil seal lip (A) and dust seal lip (B).
- Install it so that each seal lip is oriented as shown in the figure. CAUTION:
Be careful not to scratch or make burrs on circumference of oil seal.

- Press in rear oil seal (1) to the position as shown in the figure.

> B $\mathrm{a} \quad:$ Rear oil seal retainer rear end face $: 0-0.5 \mathrm{~mm}(0-0.020 \mathrm{in})$

- Using a suitable drift [outer diameter: 101 mm (3.98 in)].
- Check the garter spring is in position and seal lips are not inverted.


9. Install piston to connecting rod as per the following:

## CYLINDER BLOCK

## < UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- Assemble so that the front mark (A) on the piston head and the cylinder number (D) on connecting rod are positioned as shown in the figure.

B : Oil hole
C : Front mark
$\checkmark$ : Engine front
a. Using snap ring pliers, install new snap ring to the groove of piston rear side.

- Insert it fully into groove to install.

b. Install piston to connecting rod.
- Using an industrial use dryer or similar tool, heat piston until piston pin can be pushed in by hand without excess force [approximately 60 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(140\right.$ to $\left.158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ]. From the front to the rear, insert piston pin into piston and connecting rod.
c. Install new snap ring to the groove of the piston front side.
- Insert it fully into groove to install.
- After installing, check that connecting rod moves smoothly.

10. Using a piston ring expander (commercial service tool) (A), install piston rings.
CAUTION:

- When installing piston rings, be careful not to damage piston.
- Be careful not to damage piston rings by expending them excessively.

- If there is stamped mark on ring, mount it with marked side up.


## Stamped mark:

Top ring (A) : 1 K
Second ring (B) : 2 K


- Position each ring with the gap as shown in the figure referring to the piston front mark (D).

C : Top ring gap
E : Oil ring upper or lower rail gap (either of them)
F : Second ring and oil ring spacer gap
a : 90 degrees
b : 45 degrees


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- Check the piston ring side clearance. Refer to EM-123, "Inspection".

11. Install connecting rod bearings to connecting rod and connecting rod bearing cap.

## CAUTION:

Be careful not to drop connecting rod bearing, and to scratch the surface.

## CYLINDER BLOCK

## < UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- Before installing connecting rod bearings, apply engine oil to the bearing surface (inside). Do not apply engine oil to the back surface, but thoroughly clean it.
- When installing, align connecting rod bearing stopper protrusion (B) with cutout (A) of connecting rods and connecting rod bearing caps to install.
- Ensure the oil hole (C) on connecting rod and that on the corresponding bearing are aligned.


12. Install piston and connecting rod assembly to crankshaft.

- Position crankshaft pin corresponding to connecting rod to be installed onto the bottom dead center.
- Apply engine oil sufficiently to the cylinder bore, piston and crankshaft pin journal.
- Match the cylinder position with the cylinder number on connecting rod to install.
- Be sure that front mark on piston crown is facing the front of the engine.
- Using a piston ring compressor [SST: EM03470000 (J-8037)] (A) or suitable tool, install piston with the front mark on the piston crown facing the front of the engine.
CAUTION:
Be careful not to damage the cylinder wall and crankshaft pin, resulting from an interference of the connecting rod big end.


13. Install connecting rod bearing cap.

- Match the stamped cylinder number marks on connecting rod with those on connecting rod bearing cap to install.

A : Sample codes
B : Bearing stopper groove
C : Small-end diameter grade
D : Big-end diameter grade
E : Weight grade
F : Cylinder No.
G : Management code


- Be sure that front mark $(\mathrm{H})$ on connecting rod bearing cap is facing the front of the engine.

14. Tighten connecting rod bolts as per the following:
a. Inspect the outer diameter of connecting rod bolt. Refer to EM-123, "Inspection".
b. Apply engine oil to the threads and seats of connecting rod bolts.
c. Tighten connecting rod bolts.
(J: $29.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $3.0 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 21.7 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
d. Completely loosen connecting rod bolts.

M: $0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $0 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 0 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
e. Tighten connecting rod bolts.

## CYLINDER BLOCK

M: $19.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ ( $2.0 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}, 14.5 \mathrm{ft}-\mathrm{lb})$
f. Tighten connecting rod bolts. (clockwise)

## Angle tightening: 90 degrees

CAUTION:
Always use the angle wrench [SST: KV10112100 (BT8653-A)]. Never make judgment by visual inspection.

- After tightening connecting rod bolts, check that crankshaft rotates smoothly.
- Check the connecting rod side clearance. Refer to EM-123, "Inspection".

15. Install knock sensors (1).

- Install knock sensors in the direction shown in the figure.
$>$ : Engine front
- After installing knock sensor, connect harness connector, and lay it out to front of the engine.


## CAUTION:

- Never tighten mounting bolts while holding connector.
- If any impact by dropping is applied to knock sensor, replace it with new one.
NOTE:
- Check that there is no foreign material on the cylinder block
 mating surface and the back surface of knock sensor.
- Check that knock sensor does not interfere with other parts.

16. Install oil filter (for VVEL ladder assembly).
17. Assemble in the reverse order of disassembly.

## Inspection

## CRANKSHAFT END PLAY

- Measure the clearance between thrust bearings and crankshaft arm when crankshaft is moved fully forward or backward with a dial indicator (A).

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace thrust bearings, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, replace crankshaft also.



## CONNECTING ROD SIDE CLEARANCE

- Measure the side clearance between connecting rod and crankshaft arm with a feeler gauge (A).

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, replace crankshaft also.



## CYLINDER BLOCK

< UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >
Measure the inner diameter of piston pin hole with an inside micrometer (A).

Standard : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".


Piston Pin Outer Diameter
Measure the outer diameter of piston pin with a micrometer $(A)$.
Standard : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".


Piston to Piston Pin Oil Clearance
$($ Piston to piston pin oil clearance $)=($ Piston pin hole diameter $)-($ Piston pin outer diameter $)$

## Standard : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

- If the calculated value is out of the standard, replace piston and piston pin assembly.
- When replacing piston and piston pin assembly, refer to EM-133, "Description".

NOTE:
Piston is available together with piston pin as assembly.

## PISTON RING SIDE CLEARANCE

- Measure the side clearance of piston ring (1) and piston ring groove with a feeler gauge (C).

A : OK
B : NG

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace piston ring, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, replace piston also.



## PISTON RING END GAP

- Check that the cylinder bore inner diameter is within the specification.
- Lubricate with new engine oil to piston (1) and piston ring (2), and then insert piston ring until middle of cylinder with piston, and measure the piston ring end gap with a feeler gauge (B).

A : Press-fit

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace piston ring, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, re-bore cylinder and use
 oversize piston and piston rings.


## CYLINDER BLOCK

< UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >
CONNECTING ROD BEND AND TORSION

- Check with a connecting rod aligner.

A : Bend
B : Torsion
C : Feeler gauge

## Bend limit <br> Torsion limit <br> : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

- If it exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod assembly.


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- If out of the standard, replace connecting rod assembly.
- Measure the inner diameter of connecting rod big end with an inside micrometer.

CONNECTING ROD BUSHING OIL CLEARANCE
Connecting Rod Bushing Inner Diameter
Measure the inner diameter of connecting rod bushing with an inside micrometer (A).

Standard : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".


CONNECTING ROD BIG END DIAMETER

- Install connecting rod bearing cap without installing connecting rod bearing, and tighten connecting rod bolts to the specified torque. Refer to EM-116, "Disassembly and Assembly" for the tightening procedure.

1 : Connecting rod

## Standard : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".



## CYLINDER BLOCK

< UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >
Measure the outer diameter of piston pin with a micrometer (A).
Standard : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".


Connecting Rod Bushing Oil Clearance
(Connecting rod bushing oil clearance) $=($ Connecting rod bushing inner diameter) - (Piston pin outer diameter)

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

- If the calculated value exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod assembly and/or piston and piston pin assembly.
- If replacing piston and piston pin assembly, refer to EM-133, "Description".
- If replacing connecting rod assembly, refer to EM-134, "Connecting Rod Bearing" to select the connecting rod bearing.


## CYLINDER BLOCK DISTORTION

- Using a scraper, remove gasket on the cylinder block surface, and also remove engine oil, scale, carbon, or other contamination.


## CAUTION:

Be careful not to allow gasket flakes to enter engine oil or engine coolant passages.

- Measure the distortion on the cylinder block upper face at some different points in six directions (C), (D), (E), (F), (G) and (H) with a straightedge (A) and a feeler gauge (B).


## Limit : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

- If it exceeds the limit, replace cylinder block.


MAIN BEARING HOUSING INNER DIAMETER

- Install main bearing cap (2) without installing main bearings, and tighten main bearing cap bolts to the specified torque. Refer to EM116, "Disassembly and Assembly" for the tightening procedure.
- Measure the inner diameter of main bearing housing with a bore gauge.


## Standard : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

- If out of the standard, replace cylinder block (1) and main bearing cap as assembly.
NOTE:
Cylinder block cannot be replaced as a single part, because it is
 machined together with main bearing cap.
PISTON TO CYLINDER BORE CLEARANCE
Cylinder Bore inner Diameter


## CYLINDER BLOCK

## < UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- Using a bore gauge, measure cylinder bore for wear, out-of-round and taper at six different points on each cylinder. [(A) and (B) directions at (C), (D) and (E)] is in longitudinal direction of engine.

```
f : 10 mm (0.39 in)
g : 60 mm (2.36 in)
h : 120 mm (4.72 in)
```



## Wear limit:

Out-of-round (Difference between "A" and "B"): Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".
Taper limit (Difference between "C" and "E"):

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, or if there are scratches and/or seizure on the cylinder inner wall, hone or re-bore the inner wall.
- Oversize piston is provided. When using oversize piston, re-bore cylinder so that the clearance of the piston-to-cylinder bore satisfies the standard.
CAUTION:
When using oversize piston, use oversize pistons for all cylinders with oversize piston rings.
Oversize (O/S) : 0.2 mm ( 0.008 in )
Piston Skirt Diameter
Measure the outer diameter of piston skirt with a micrometer (A).
Measure point
Standard
: Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".


Piston-to-Cylinder Bore Clearance
Calculate by piston skirt diameter and cylinder bore inner diameter [direction (B), position (D)].

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{A} & : \text { Longitudinal direction } \\
\mathrm{C} & : \text { Top position } \\
\mathrm{E} & : \text { Bottom position } \\
\mathrm{f} & : 10 \mathrm{~mm}(0.39 \mathrm{in}) \\
\mathrm{g} & : 60 \mathrm{~mm}(2.36 \mathrm{in}) \\
\mathrm{h} & : 120 \mathrm{~mm}(4.72 \mathrm{in})
\end{array}
$$


(Clearance) $=($ Cylinder bore inner diameter $)-($ Piston skirt diameter $)$.
Standard and limit : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

- If the calculated value exceeds the limit, replace piston and piston pin assembly. Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

Re-boring Cylinder Bore

## CYLINDER BLOCK

< UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

1. Cylinder bore size is determined by adding piston to cylinder bore clearance to piston skirt diameter.

Re-bored size calculation: D = A + B - C
where,
D: Bored diameter
A: Piston skirt diameter as measured
B: Piston to cylinder bore clearance (standard value)
C: Honing allowance 0.02 mm ( 0.0008 in )
2. Install main bearing cap, and tighten to the specified torque. Otherwise, cylinder bores may be distorted in final assembly.
3. Cut cylinder bores.

NOTE:

- When any cylinder needs boring, all other cylinders must also be bored.
- Do not cut too much out of cylinder bore at a time. Cut only 0.05 mm ( 0.0020 in ) or so in diameter at a time.

4. Hone cylinders to obtain the specified piston to cylinder bore clearance.
5. Measure finished cylinder bore for the out-of-round and taper.

NOTE:
Perform measurement after cylinder bore cools down.
CRANKSHAFT MAIN JOURNAL DIAMETER

- Measure the outer diameter of crankshaft main journals with a micrometer.


## Standard : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

- If out of the standard, measure the main bearing oil clearance. Then use undersize bearing. Refer to EM136, "Main Bearing".
CRANKSHAFT PIN JOURNAL DIAMETER
- Measure the outer diameter of crankshaft pin journal with a micrometer (A).

Standard : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

- If out of the standard, measure the connecting rod bearing oil clearance. Then use undersize bearing. Refer to EM-134. "Connecting Rod Bearing".



## CRANKSHAFT OUT-OF-ROUND AND TAPER

- Measure the dimensions at four different points as shown in the figure on each main journal and pin journal with a micrometer.
- Out-of-round is indicated by the difference in the dimensions between (d) and (c) at (a) and (b).
- Taper is indicated by the difference in the dimensions between.


Out-of-round (Difference between " $c$ " and "d")
Taper (Difference between "a"and "b")

## CYLINDER BLOCK

## < UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, correct or replace crankshaft.
- If corrected, measure the bearing oil clearance of the corrected main journal and/or pin journal. Then select the main bearing and/or connecting rod bearing. Refer to EM-136, "Main Bearing" and/or EM-134, "Connecting Rod Bearing".


## CRANKSHAFT RUNOUT

- Place V-block on precise flat table, and support the journals on both ends of crankshaft.
- Place a dial indicator straight up on the No. 3 journal.
- While rotating crankshaft, read the movement of the pointer on a dial indicator. (Total indicator reading)

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".

- If it exceeds the limit, replace crankshaft.


## CONNECTING ROD BEARING OIL CLEARANCE

Method by Calculation

- Install connecting rod bearings (1) to connecting rod (2) and connecting rod cap, and tighten connecting rod bolts to the specified torque. Refer to EM-116, "Disassembly and Assembly" for the tightening procedure.

- Measure the inner diameter of connecting rod bearing with an inside micrometer.
(Oil clearance) $=($ Connecting rod bearing inner diameter) $-($ Crankshaft pin journal diameter $)$


## Standard and limit : Refer to EM-150, "Connecting Rod Bearing".

- If the calculated value exceeds the limit, select proper connecting rod bearing according to connecting rod big end diameter and crankshaft pin journal diameter to obtain the specified bearing oil clearance. Refer to EM-133, "Description".

Method of Using Plastigage

- Remove oil and dust on crankshaft pin journal and the surfaces of each bearing completely.
- Cut a plastigage slightly shorter than the bearing width, and place it in crankshaft axial direction, avoiding oil holes.
- Install connecting rod bearings to connecting rod and connecting rod bearing cap, and tighten connecting rod bolts to the specified torque. Refer to EM-116, "Disassembly and Assembly" for the tightening procedure.
CAUTION:
Never rotate crankshaft.



## CYLINDER BLOCK

## < UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- Remove connecting rod bearing cap and bearings, and using the scale on the plastigage bag, measure the plastigage width.
NOTE:
The procedure when the measured value exceeds the limit is the same as that described in the "Method by Calculation".



## MAIN BEARING OIL CLEARANCE

Method by Calculation

- Install main bearings (3) to cylinder block (1) and main bearing cap (2), and tighten main bearing cap bolts to the specified torque. Refer to EM-116, "Disassembly and Assembly" for the tightening procedure.
- Measure the inner diameter of main bearing with a bore gauge.
(Oil clearance) $=$ (Main bearing inner diameter) - (Crankshaft main journal diameter)


## Standard and limit : Refer to EM-149, "Main Bearing".

- If the calculated value exceeds the limit, select proper main bear-
 ing according to main bearing inner diameter and crankshaft main journal diameter to obtain the specified bearing oil clearance. Refer to EM-133, "Description".

Method of Using Plastigage

- Remove engine oil and dust on crankshaft journal and the surfaces of each bearing completely.
- Cut a plastigage slightly shorter than the bearing width, and place it in crankshaft axial direction, avoiding oil holes.
- Install main bearing to cylinder block and main bearing cap, and tighten main bearing cap bolts with main bearing cap to the specified torque. Refer to EM-116, "Disassembly and Assembly" for the tightening procedure.


## CAUTION:

## Never rotate crankshaft.

- Remove main bearing cap and bearings, and using the scale on the plastigage bag, measure the plastigage width.
NOTE:
The procedure when the measured value exceeds the limit is the same as that described in the "Method by Calculation".



## CYLINDER BLOCK

## < UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- When main bearing cap is removed after being tightened to the specified torque with main bearings (1) installed, the tip end of bearing must protrude. Refer to EM-116, "Disassembly and Assembly" for the tightening procedure.

A : Crush height

## Standard : There must be crush height.

- If the standard is not met, replace main bearings.



## CONNECTING ROD BEARING CRUSH HEIGHT

- When connecting rod bearing cap is removed after being tightened to the specified torque with connecting rod bearings (1) installed, the tip end of bearing must protrude. Refer to EM-116, "Disassembly and Assembly" for the tightening procedure.


## A : Crush height

## Standard : There must be crush height.

- If the standard is not met, replace connecting rod bearings.


MAIN BEARING CAP BOLT OUTER DIAMETER

- Measure the outer diameters (A), (B) at two positions as shown in the figure.

```
c : 20 mm (0.79 in)
d : 55 mm (2.17 in)
e : 12 mm (0.47 in)
```

- If reduction appears in (A) range, regard it (B).

$$
\text { Limit }[(B)-(A)] \quad: 0.15 \mathrm{~mm}(0.0059 \mathrm{in})
$$

- If it exceeds the limit (large difference in dimensions), replace main
 bearing cap bolts with new one.


## MAIN BEARING CAP SUB BOLT OUTER DIAMETER

- Measure the outer diameters (A), (B) at two positions as shown in the figure.

```
c : 20 mm (0.79 in)
d : 15 mm (0.59 in)
e : 9 mm (0.35 in)
```

- If reduction appears in (A) range, regard it (B).

$$
\text { Limit }[(B)-(A)] \quad: 0.10 \mathrm{~mm}(0.0039 \mathrm{in})
$$

- If it exceeds the limit (large difference in dimensions), replace main
 bearing cap sub bolts with new one.


## CYLINDER BLOCK

< UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

1. Measure the outer diameters [(a), (b) and (c)] at the position shown in the figure.
a : Value at the end of the smaller diameter of the bolt
b : Value at the end of the smaller diameter of the bolt [opposite side of (a)]
c : Value of the smallest diameter of the smaller of the bolt
2. Obtain a mean value (d) of (a) and (b).

3. Subtract (c) from (d).

$$
\text { Limit [(d) - (c)] : } 0.08 \mathrm{~mm}(0.0032 \mathrm{in})
$$

4. If it exceeds the limit (large difference in dimensions), replace the bolt with new one.

OIL JET

- Check nozzle for deformation and damage.
- Blow compressed air from nozzle, and check for clogs.
- Using a clean plastic stick, press check valve in oil jet relief valve. Check that valve moves smoothly with proper reaction force.
- If it is not satisfied, clean or replace oil jet.

Description
INFOID:0000000009010643

| Selection points | Selection parts | Selection items | Selection methods |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Between cylinder block and <br> crankshaft | Main bearing | Main bearing grade <br> (bearing thickness) | Determined by match of cylin- <br> der block bearing housing <br> grade (inner diameter of hous- <br> ing) and crankshaft journal <br> grade (outer diameter of jour- <br> nal) |
| Between crankshaft and con- <br> necting rod | Connecting rod bearing | Connecting rod bearing grade <br> (bearing thickness) | Determined by match of con- <br> necting rod big end diameter <br> grade (inner diameter of hous- <br> ing) and crankshaft pin outer di- <br> ameter. |
| Between cylinder block and pis- <br> ton | Piston and piston pin assembly <br> (Piston is available together <br> with piston pin as assembly.) | Piston grade <br> (piston skirt diameter) | Piston grade = cylinder bore <br> grade (inner diameter of bore) |

- The identification grade stamped on each part is the grade for the dimension measured in new condition. This grade cannot apply to reused parts.
- For reused or repaired parts, measure the dimension accurately. Determine the grade by comparing the measurement with the values of each selection table.
- For details of the measurement method of each part, the reuse standards and the selection method of the selective fitting parts, refer to the text.
Piston


## WHEN NEW CYLINDER BLOCK IS USED

Check the cylinder bore grade on the bottom face of the cylinder block, and select the piston of the same grade.

## NOTE:

Piston is available with piston pin as a set for the service part.


## WHEN CYLINDER BLOCK IS REUSED

1. Measure the cylinder bore inner diameter. Refer to EM-145, "Cylinder Block".
2. Determine the bore grade by comparing the measurement with the values under the cylinder bore inner diameter of the "PISTON SELECTION TABLE".

A : Bank 2
B : Bank 1
C : Front mark
D : Piston grade number
E : Piston pin grade number
F : Identification code

3. Select piston of the same grade.

PISTON SELECTION TABLE
Unit: mm (in)

| Grade | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cylinder bore inner diameter | $98.000-98.010$ | $98.010-98.020$ | $98.020-98.030$ |
|  | $(3.8583-3.8587)$ | $(3.8587-3.8590)$ | $(3.8590-3.8594)$ |
| Piston skirt diameter | $97.980-97.990$ | $97.990-98.000$ | $98.000-98.010$ |
|  | $(3.8575-3.8579)$ | $(3.8579-3.8583)$ | $(3.8583-3.8587)$ |

## NOTE:

Piston is available together with piston pin as assembly.
Connecting Rod Bearing

## WHEN NEW CONNECTING ROD AND CRANKSHAFT ARE USED

1. Apply connecting rod big end diameter grade stamped (D) on connecting rod side face to the row in the "CONNECTING ROD BEARING SELECTION TABLE".

A : Sample codes
B : Bearing stopper groove
C : Small-end diameter grade
E : Weight grade
F : Cylinder No.
G : Management code
H : Front mark


## HOW TO SELECT PISTON AND BEARING

## < UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

2. Apply crankshaft pin journal diameter grade stamped on crankshaft front side to the column in the "CONNECTING ROD BEARING SELECTION TABLE".

A : Pin diameter grade No. 1
B : Pin diameter grade No. 2
C : Pin diameter grade No. 3
D : Pin diameter grade No. 4
E : Journal diameter grade No. 1
F : Journal diameter grade No. 2

3. Read the symbol at the cross point of selected row and column in the "CONNECTING ROD BEARING SELECTION TABLE".
4. Apply the symbol obtained to the "CONNECTING ROD BEARING GRADE TABLE" to select connecting rod bearing.

## WHEN CONNECTING ROD AND CRANKSHAFT ARE REUSED

1. Measure connecting rod big end diameter and crankshaft pin journal diameter. Refer to EM-123, "Inspection".
2. Correspond the measured dimension in connecting rod big end diameter row of "CONNECTING ROD BEARING SELECTION TABLE".
3. Correspond the measured dimension in crankshaft pin journal diameter column of "CONNECTING ROD BEARING SELECTION TABLE".
4. Follow from step 3 in "WHEN NEW CONNECTING ROD AND CRANKSHAFT ARE USED".

CONNECTING ROD BEARING SELECTION TABLE


## CONNECTING ROD BEARING GRADE TABLE

Connecting rod bearing grade table : Refer to EM-150, "Connecting Rod Bearing".

## UNDERSIZE BEARING USAGE GUIDE

- When the specified connecting rod bearing oil clearance is not obtained with standard size connecting rod bearings, use undersize (US) bearings.
- When using undersize (US) bearing, measure the connecting rod bearing inner diameter with bearing installed, and grind crankshaft pin so that the connecting rod bearing oil clearance satisfies the standard.
CAUTION:

In grinding crankshaft pin to use undersize bearings, keep the fillet $R(A)$ [1.5-1.7 mm (0.059-0.067 in)].


Bearing undersize table : Refer to EM-150, "Connecting Rod Bearing".

## Main Bearing

## WHEN NEW CYLINDER BLOCK AND CRANKSHAFT ARE USED

1. Apply the main bearing housing grade on the bottom face of the cylinder block to the row in "MAIN BEARING SELECTION TABLE".

2. "MAIN BEARING SELECTION TABLE" columns correspond to journal diameter grade on front side of crankshaft.

A : Pin diameter grade No. 1
B : Pin diameter grade No. 2
C : Pin diameter grade No. 3
D : Pin diameter grade No. 4
E : Journal diameter grade No. 1
F : Journal diameter grade No. 2
G : Journal diameter grade No. 3


H : Journal diameter grade No. 4
I : Journal diameter grade No. 5
3. Select main bearing grade at the point where selected row and column meet in "MAIN BEARING SELECTION TABLE".
CAUTION:

- Initial clearance for No. 1, 5 journal and No. 2, 3, 4 journal is different. Use two different selection table for each part.
- No. 1, 5 journal and No. 2, 3, 4 journal have the same signs but different measures. Never confuse.

4. Apply sign at crossing in above step 3 to "MAIN BEARING GRADE TABLE".

NOTE:

- "MAIN BEARING GRADE TABLE" applies to all journals.
- Service parts are available as a set of both upper and lower.

WHEN CYLINDER BLOCK AND CRANKSHAFT ARE REUSED

1. Measure cylinder block main bearing housing inner diameter and crankshaft main journal diameter. Refer to EM-123, "Inspection".

## HOW TO SELECT PISTON AND BEARING

## < UNIT DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

2. Correspond the measured dimension in "Cylinder block main bearing housing inner diameter" row of "MAIN BEARING SELECTION TABLE".
3. Correspond the measured dimension in "Crankshaft main journal diameter" column of "MAIN BEARING SELECTION TABLE".
4. Follow from step 3 in "When New Cylinder Block and Crankshaft are Used".

## MAIN BEARING SELECTION TABLE (No. 1 and 5 Journal)




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## MAIN BEARING GRADE TABLE (ALL JOURNALS)

## Main bearing grade table (All journals) : Refer to EM-149, "Main Bearing".

## UNDERSIZE BEARING USAGE GUIDE

- When the specified main bearing oil clearance is not obtained with standard size main bearings, use underside (US) bearing.
- When using undersize (US) bearing, measure the main bearing inner diameter with bearing installed, and grind main journal so that the main bearing oil clearance satisfies the standard.
CAUTION:

In grinding crankshaft main journal to use undersize bearings, keep the fillet $R(A)$ [1.5-1.7 mm (0.059-0.067 in)].


Bearing undersize table : Refer to EM-149, "Main Bearing".

EM

## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## < SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS) <br> SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS) SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

General Specification
GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS


## Drive Belts

DRIVE BELT

| Tension of drive belts | Belt tension is not necessary, as it is automatically adjusted by drive belt auto-tensioner. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Spark Plug |  |  |
| SPARK PLUG |  |  |
| INFOID:0000000009010649 |  |  |
| Make | Unit: mm (in) |  |
| Standard type | DILKAR7B11 |  |

## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

| Gap | Standard | $1.1(0.043)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Limit | $1.25(0.049)$ |

## Exhaust Manifold

EXHAUST MANIFOLD
Unit: mm (in)

| Items |  | Limit |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Surface distortion | Exhaust manifold | 0.7 (0.028) |
| Camshaft |  |  |

EXHAUST CAMSHAFT

| Items | Standard | Unit: mm (in) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Exhaust camshaft journal oil clearance | $0.030-0.071(0.0012-0.0028)$ | $0.150(0.0059)$ |
| VVEL ladder assembly bracket inner diameter (EXH side) | $26.000-26.021(1.0236-1.0244)$ | - |
| Exhaust camshaft journal diameter | $25.935-25.955(1.0211-1.0218)$ | - |
| Exhaust camshaft end play | $0.115-0.188(0.0045-0.0074)$ | $0.24(0.0094)$ |
| Exhaust camshaft cam height "A" | $45.475-45.665(1.7904-1.7978)$ | $45.275(1.7825)$ |
| Exhaust camshaft runout [TIR*] | Less than $0.02(0.0008)$ | $0.05(0.002)$ |
| Exhaust camshaft sprocket runout [TIR*] | - | $0.2(0.0079)$ |



SEM671
*: Total indicator reading
INTAKE CAMSHAFT

|  | Unit: mm (in) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Items | Standard | Limit |
| Drive shaft end play | $0.115-0.188(0.0045-0.0074)$ | $0.24(0.0094)$ |
| Intake camshaft sprocket runout $\left[\mathrm{TIR}^{* 1}\right]$ | - | $0.15(0.0059)$ |

*1: Total indicator reading
VALVE LIFTER
Unit: mm (in)

| Items | Standard |
| :--- | :---: |
| Valve lifter outer diameter | $33.980-33.990(1.3378-1.3382)$ |
| Valve lifter hole diameter | $34.000-34.016(1.3386-1.3392)$ |
| Valve lifter clearance | $0.010-0.036(0.0004-0.0014)$ |

VALVE CLEARANCE

## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

| Items | Cold | Hot $^{*}$ (reference data) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Intake | $0.26-0.34(0.010-0.013)$ | $0.304-0.416(0.012-0.016)$ |
| Exhaust | $0.29-0.37(0.011-0.015)$ | $0.308-0.432(0.012-0.017)$ |

*: Approximately $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(176^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$

## AVAILABLE VALVE LIFTER

Unit: mm (in)

| Identification (stamped) mark | Thickness |
| :---: | :---: |
| 788 P | $7.88(0.3102)$ |
| 790 P | $7.90(0.3110)$ |
| 792 P | $7.92(0.3118)$ |
| 794 P | $7.94(0.3126)$ |
| 796 P | $7.96(0.3134)$ |
| 798 P | $7.98(0.3142)$ |
| 800 P | $8.00(0.3150)$ |
| 802 P | $8.02(0.3157)$ |
| 804 P | $8.04(0.3165)$ |
| 806 P | $8.06(0.3173)$ |
| 808 P | $8.08(0.3181)$ |
| 810 P | $8.10(0.3189)$ |
| 812 P | $8.12(0.3197)$ |
| 814 P | $8.14(0.3205)$ |
| 816 P | $8.16(0.3213)$ |
| 818 P | $8.18(0.3220)$ |
| 820 P | $8.20(0.3228)$ |
| 822 P | $8.22(0.3236)$ |
| 824 P | $8.24(0.3244)$ |
| 826 P | $8.26(0.3252)$ |
| 828 P | $8.28(0.3260)$ |
| 830 P | $8.30(0.3268)$ |
| 832 P | $8.32(0.3276)$ |
| 834 P | $8.34(0.3283)$ |
| 836 P | $8.36(0.3291)$ |
| 838 P | $8.38(0.3299)$ |
| 840 P | $8.40(0.3307)$ |
|  |  |



## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

## < SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Cylinder Head

## CYLINDER HEAD

| Items | Standard | Limit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Head surface distortion | Less than $0.03(0.0012)$ | $0.1(0.004)$ |
| Normal cylinder head height "H" | $126.3(4.97)$ | - |



PBIC0924E
VALVE DIMENSIONS


VALVE GUIDE

## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)



SEM950E

| Items |  | Standard | Oversize (Service) [0.2 (0.008)] |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Valve guide | Outer diameter | $10.023-10.034(0.3946-0.3950)$ | $10.223-10.234(0.4025-0.4029)^{*}$ |
|  | Inner diameter (Finished size) | $6.000-6.018(0.2362-0.2369)$ |  |
| Cylinder head valve guide hole diameter | $9.975-9.996(0.3927-0.3935)$ | $10.175-10.196(0.4006-0.4014)^{*}$ |  |
| Interference fit of valve guide | $0.027-0.059(0.0011-0.0023)$ |  |  |
| Items |  | Standard | Limit |
| Valve guide clearance | Intake | $0.020-0.053(0.0008-0.0021)$ | $0.08(0.003)$ |
|  | Exhaust | $0.030-0.063(0.0012-0.0025)$ | $0.09(0.004)$ |
| Projection length "L" | Intake | $12.6-12.8(0.496-0.504)$ |  |
|  | Exhaust | $12.6-12.8(0.496-0.504)$ |  |

*: Parts settings are for exhaust side only
VALVE SEAT

| Unit: mm (in) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Items |  | Standard | Oversize (Service) [0.5 (0.02)] *4 |
| Cylinder head seat recess diameter "D" | Intake | 38.000-38.016 (1.4961-1.4967) | - |
|  | Exhaust | 32.200-32.216 (1.2677-1.2683) | $32.700-32.716(1.2874-1.2880) * 4$ |
| Valve seat outer diameter "d" | Intake | 38.097-38.113 (1.4999-1.5005) | - |
|  | Exhaust | 32.280-32.296 (1.2709-1.2715) | $32.780-32.796(1.2906-1.2912)^{* 4}$ |
| Valve seat interference fit | Intake | 0.081-0.113 (0.0032-0.0044) |  |
|  | Exhaust | 0.064-0.096 (0.0025-0.0038) |  |
| Diameter "d1"*1 | Intake | 34.6 (1.362) |  |
|  | Exhaust | 28.7 (1.130) |  |
| Diameter "d2"*2 | Intake | 35.9-36.4 (1.413-1.433) |  |
|  | Exhaust | $30.3-30.8(1.193-1.213)$ |  |
| Angle " $\alpha 1$ " |  | $59-61^{\circ}$ |  |

## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

| Angle " $\alpha 2$ " |  | $88^{\circ} 75^{\prime}-90^{\circ} 25^{\prime}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Angle " $\alpha 3$ " |  | 119-121 ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |
| Contacting width "W"*3 | Intake | 1.0-1.4 (0.039-0.055) |  |
|  | Exhaust | 1.2-1.6 (0.047-0.063) |  |
| Height "h" | Intake | 5.9-6.0 (0.232-0.236) | - |
|  | Exhaust | 5.9-6.0 (0.232-0.236) | 4.95-5.05 (0.1949-0.1988)*4 |
| Depth "H" |  | 6.0 (0.236) |  |

*1: Diameter made by intersection point of conic angles " $\alpha 1$ " and " $\alpha 2$ "
*2: Diameter made by intersection point of conic angles " $\alpha 2$ " and " $\alpha 3$ "
*3: Machining data
*4: Parts settings are for exhaust side only
VALVE SPRING

| Item |  | Standard |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Intake | Exhaust |
| Free height |  | 47.28 mm (1.8614 in) | 48.06 mm (1.8921 in) |
| Pressure | Installation | $\begin{gathered} 166-188 \mathrm{~N}(16.9-19.2 \mathrm{~kg}, 37-42 \mathrm{lb}) \\ \text { at } 41.0 \mathrm{~mm}(1.614 \mathrm{in}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 166-188 \mathrm{~N}(16.9-19.2 \mathrm{~kg}, 37-42 \mathrm{lb}) \\ \text { at } 34.45 \mathrm{~mm}(1.3563 \mathrm{in}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Valve open | $541-611 \mathrm{~N}(55.2-62.3 \mathrm{~kg}, 122-137 \mathrm{lb})$ $\text { at } 29.6 \mathrm{~mm}(1.165 \mathrm{in})$ | $\begin{gathered} 320.1-360.1 \mathrm{~N}(32.7-36.7 \mathrm{~kg}, 72-81 \mathrm{lb}) \\ \text { at } 24.65 \mathrm{~mm}(0.9705 \mathrm{in}) \end{gathered}$ |
| Identification color |  | Light green | Light blue |
| Item |  | Limit |  |
|  |  | Intake | Exhaust |
| Out-of-square |  | 2.1 mm (0.083 in) | 2.0 mm (0.079 in) |

## Cylinder Block

CYLINDER BLOCK
Unit: mm (in)

| Surface flatness |  | Limit |  | 0.1 (0.004) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Main bearing housing inner diameter |  | Standard |  | 68.944-68.968 (2.7143-2.7153) |
| Cylinder bore | Inner diameter | Standard | Grade No. 1 | 98.000-98.010 (3.8583-3.8587) |
|  |  |  | Grade No. 2 | 98.010-98.020 (3.8587-3.8590) |
|  |  |  | Grade No. 3 | 98.020-98.030 (3.8590-3.8594) |
|  |  | Wear limit |  | 0.2 (0.008) |
| Out-of-round |  | Limit |  | 0.015 (0.0006) |
| Taper |  |  |  | 0.010 (0.0004) |

## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)



PBIC0188E

| Items |  | Standard | Oversize (Service) [0.2 (0.008)] |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Piston skirt diameter "A" | Grade No. 1 | $97.980-97.990(3.8575-3.8579)$ | - |
|  | Grade No. 2 | $97.990-98.000(3.8579-3.8583)$ | - |
|  | Grade No. 3 | $98.000-98.010(3.8583-3.8587)$ | - |
|  | Service | - | $98.190-98.200(3.8657-3.8661)$ |
| Items |  | Standard | Limit |
| "H" dimension | $40.0(1.5748)$ | - |  |
| Piston pin hole diameter | $21.993-21.999(0.8659-0.8661)$ | - |  |
| Piston to cylinder bore clearance | $0.010-0.030(0.0004-0.0012)$ | $0.08(0.0031)$ |  |

PISTON RING
Unit: mm (in)

| Items |  | Standard | Limit |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Side clearance | Top | $0.040-0.080(0.0016-0.0031)$ | $0.11(0.0043)$ |
|  | 2nd | $0.030-0.070(0.0012-0.0028)$ | $0.10(0.0039)$ |
|  | Oil ring | $0.015-0.185(0.0006-0.00728)$ | $0.22(0.0087)$ |

## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

| End gap | Top | $0.23-0.28(0.0091-0.0110)$ | $0.50(0.0197)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2nd | $0.50-0.65(0.0197-0.0256)$ | $0.84(0.0331)$ |
|  | Oil (rail ring) | $0.20-0.60(0.0079-0.0236)$ | $0.95(0.0374)$ |
| PISTON PIN |  |  |  |
|  | Standard | Unit: mm (in) |  |
| Piston pin outer diameter | $21.989-21.995(0.8657-0.8659)$ | Limit |  |
| Piston to piston pin oil clearance | $0.002-0.006(0.0001-0.0002)$ | - |  |
| Connecting rod bushing oil clearance | $0.005-0.017(0.0002-0.0007)$ | - |  |

CONNECTING ROD
Unit: mm (in)

| Items | Standard | Limit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Center distance | 154.45-154.55 (6.08-6.08) | - |
| Bend [per 100 (3.94)] | - | 0.15 (0.0059) |
| Torsion [per 100 (3.94)] | - | 0.30 (0.0118) |
| Connecting rod bushing inner diameter* | 22.000-22.006 (0.8661-0.8664) | - |
| Connecting rod big end diameter (Without bearing) | Grade No. A Grade No. B Grade No. C Grade No. D Grade No. E Grade No. F Grade No. G Grade No. H Grade No. J Grade No. K Grade No. L Grade No. M Grade No. N | $\begin{aligned} & 57.000-57.001(2.2441-2.2441) \\ & 57.001-57.002(2.2441-2.2442) \\ & 57.002-57.003(2.2442-2.2442) \\ & 57.003-57.004(2.2442-2.2442) \\ & 57.004-57.005(2.2442-2.2443) \\ & 57.005-57.006(2.2443-2.2443) \\ & 57.006-57.007(2.2443-2.2444) \\ & 57.007-57.008(2.2444-2.2444) \\ & 57.008-57.009(2.2444-2.2444) \\ & 57.009-57.010(2.2444-2.2445) \\ & 57.010-57.011(2.2445-2.2445) \\ & 57.011-57.012(2.2445-2.2446) \\ & 57.012-57.013(2.2446-2.2446) \end{aligned}$ |
| Side clearance | 0.20-0.40 (0.0079-0.0158) | 0.40 (0.0157) |

*: After installing in connecting rod

## CRANKSHAFT

## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)



| SEM645 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Main journal diameter. "Dm" grade (No. 1 and 5 journal) | Standard | Grade No. G | 63.964-63.963 (2.5183-2.5182) |
|  |  | Grade No. H | 63.963-63.962 (2.5182-2.5182) |
|  |  | Grade No. J | 63.962-63.961 (2.5182-2.5181) |
|  |  | Grade No. K | 63.961-63.960 (2.5181-2.5181) |
|  |  | Grade No. L | 63.960-63.959 (2.5181-2.5181) |
|  |  | Grade No. M | 63.959-63.958 (2.5181-2.5180) |
|  |  | Grade No. N | 63.958-63.957 (2.5180-2.5180) |
|  |  | Grade No. P | 63.957-63.956 (2.5180-2.5179) |
|  |  | Grade No. R | 63.956-63.955 (2.5179-2.5179) |
|  |  | Grade No. S | 63.955-63.954 (2.5179-2.5179) |
|  |  | Grade No. T | 63.954-63.953 (2.5179-2.5178) |
|  |  | Grade No. U | 63.953-63.952 (2.5178-2.5178) |
|  |  | Grade No. V | 63.952-63.951 (2.5178-2.5178) |
|  |  | Grade No. W | $63.951-63.950(2.5178-2.5177)$ |
|  |  | Grade No. X | 63.950-63.949 (2.5177-2.5177) |
|  |  | Grade No. Y | 63.949-63.948 (2.5177-2.5176) |
|  |  | Grade No. 1 | 63.948-63.947 (2.5176-2.5176) |
|  |  | Grade No. 2 | $63.947-63.946(2.5176-2.5176)$ |
|  |  | Grade No. 3 | 63.946-63.945 (2.5176-2.5175) |
|  |  | Grade No. 4 | 63.945-63.944 (2.5175-2.5175) |
|  |  | Grade No. 5 | 63.944-63.943 (2.5175-2.5174) |
|  |  | Grade No. 6 | 63.943-63.942 (2.5174-2.5174) |
|  |  | Grade No. 7 | 63.942-63.941 (2.5174-2.5174) |
|  |  | Grade No. 9 | 63.941-63.940 (2.5174-2.5173) |
| Main journal diameter. "Dm" grade (No. 2, 3 and 4 journal) | Standard | Grade No. A | 63.963-63.964 (2.5182-2.5183) |
|  |  | Grade No. B | 63.962-63.963 (2.5182-2.5182) |
|  |  | Grade No. C | 63.961-63.962 (2.5181-2.5182) |
|  |  | Grade No. D | 63.960-63.961 (2.5181-2.5181) |
|  |  | Grade No. E | 63.959-63.960 (2.5181-2.5181) |
|  |  | Grade No. F | 63.958-63.959 (2.5180-2.5181) |
|  |  | Grade No. G | 63.957-63.958 (2.5180-2.5180) |
|  |  | Grade No. H | 63.956-63.957 (2.5179-2.5180) |
|  |  | Grade No. J | 63.955-63.956 (2.5179-2.5179) |
|  |  | Grade No. K | 63.954-63.955 (2.5179-2.5179) |
|  |  | Grade No. L | 63.953-63.954 (2.5178-2.5179) |
|  |  | Grade No. M | 63.952-63.953 (2.5178-2.5178) |
|  |  | Grade No. N | 63.951-63.952 (2.5178-2.5178) |
|  |  | Grade No. P | 63.950-63.951 (2.5177-2.5178) |
|  |  | Grade No. R | 63.949-63.950 (2.5177-2.5177) |
|  |  | Grade No. S | 63.948-63.949 (2.5176-2.5177) |
|  |  | Grade No. T | 63.947-63.948 (2.5176-2.5176) |
|  |  | Grade No. U | 63.946-63.947 (2.5176-2.5176) |
|  |  | Grade No. V | 63.945-63.946 (2.5175-2.5176) |
|  |  | Grade No. W | 63.944-63.945 (2.5175-2.5175) |
|  |  | Grade No. X | 63.943-63.944 (2.5174-2.5175) |
|  |  | Grade No. Y | 63.942-63.943 (2.5174-2.5174) |
|  |  | Grade No. 1 | 63.941-63.942 (2.5174-2.5174) |
|  |  | Grade No. 2 | 63.940-63.941 (2.5173-2.5174) |
| Pin journal diameter. "Dp" grade | Standard | Grade No. 0 | 53.968-53.974 (2.1247-2.1250) |
|  |  | Grade No. 1 | 53.962-53.968 (2.1245-2.1247) |
|  |  | Grade No. 2 | 53.956-53.962 (2.1243-2.1245) |

## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

| Center distance "r" |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Taper | Limit | $45.96-46.04(1.8095-1.8126)$ |
| Out-of-round |  | $0.0025(0.0001)$ |
| Crankshaft runout $\left[\mathrm{TIR}^{\star}\right]$ | Standard | $0.0025(0.0001)$ |
|  | Limit | Less than $0.05(0.002)$ |
| Crankshaft end play | Standard | $0.10(0.0039)$ |
|  | Limit | $0.10-0.26(0.0039-0.0102)$ |

*: Total indicator reading
Main Bearing
MAIN BEARING

| Grade number |  | Thickness mm (in) | Width mm (in) | Identification color | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 |  | 2.483-2.486 (0.0978-0.0979) | $\begin{gathered} 19.9-20.1 \\ (0.783-0.791) \end{gathered}$ | Black | Grade is the same for upper and lower bearings. |
| 1 |  | 2.486-2.489 (0.0979-0.0980) |  | Brown |  |
| 2 |  | 2.489-2.492 (0.0980-0.0981) |  | Green |  |
| 3 |  | 2.492-2.495 (0.0981-0.0982) |  | Yellow |  |
| 4 |  | 2.495-2.498 (0.0982-0.0983) |  | Blue |  |
| 5 |  | 2.498-2.501 (0.0983-0.0985) |  | Pink |  |
| 6 |  | 2.501-2.504 (0.0985-0.0986) |  | Purple |  |
| 7 |  | 2.504-2.507 (0.0986-0.0987) |  | White |  |
| 8 |  | 2.507-2.510 (0.0987-0.0988) |  | Red |  |
| 01 | UPR | 2.483-2.486 (0.0978-0.0979) |  | Black | Grade and color are different for upper and lower bearings. |
|  | LWR | 2.486-2.489 (0.0979-0.0980) |  | Brown |  |
| 12 | UPR | 2.486-2.489 (0.0979-0.0980) |  | Brown |  |
|  | LWR | 2.489-2.492 (0.0980-0.0981) |  | Green |  |
| 23 | UPR | 2.489-2.492 (0.0980-0.0981) |  | Green |  |
|  | LWR | 2.492-2.495 (0.0981-0.0982) |  | Yellow |  |
| 34 | UPR | 2.492-2.495 (0.0981-0.0982) |  | Yellow |  |
|  | LWR | 2.495-2.498 (0.0982-0.0983) |  | Blue |  |
| 45 | UPR | 2.495-2.498 (0.0982-0.0983) |  | Blue |  |
|  | LWR | 2.498-2.501 (0.0983-0.0985) |  | Pink |  |
| 56 | UPR | 2.498-2.501 (0.0983-0.0985) |  | Pink |  |
|  | LWR | 2.501-2.504 (0.0985-0.0986) |  | Purple |  |
| 67 | UPR | 2.501-2.504 (0.0985-0.0986) |  | Purple |  |
|  | LWR | 2.504-2.507 (0.0986-0.0987) |  | White |  |
| 78 | UPR | 2.504-2.507 (0.0986-0.0987) |  | White |  |
|  | LWR | 2.507-2.510 (0.0987-0.0988) |  | Red |  |

UNDERSIZE
Unit: mm (in)

| Items | Thickness | Main journal diameter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0.25(0.0098)$ | $2.618-2.626(0.1031-0.1034)$ | Grind so that bearing clearance is the specified value. |

## MAIN BEARING OIL CLEARANCE

## SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)
Unit: mm (in)

| Items |  | Standard | Limit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Main bearing oil clearance | No.1 and 5 | $0.001-0.011(0.00004-0.00043)^{\star}$ | $0.065(0.0026)$ |
|  | No.2, 3 and 4 | $0.007-0.017(0.0003-0.0007)^{\star}$ |  |

*: Actual clearance
Connecting Rod Bearing
CONNECTING ROD BEARING

| Grade number | Thickness mm (in) | Width mm (in) | Identification color (mark) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $1.500-1.503(0.0591-0.0592)$ |  | Black |
| 2 | $1.503-1.506(0.0592-0.0593)$ |  | Brown |
| 3 | $1.506-1.509(0.0593-0.0594)$ | $18.1-18.3$ | $(0.713-0.720)$ |

UNDERSIZE
Unit: mm (in)

| Items | Thickness | Pin journal diameter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0.25(0.0098)$ | $1.627-1.635(0.0641-0.0644)$ | Grind so that bearing clearance is the specified value. |

CONNECTING ROD BEARING OIL CLEARANCE
Unit: mm (in)

| Items | Standard | Limit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connecting rod bearing oil clearance | $0.020-0.039(0.0008-0.0015)^{*}$ | $0.070(0.0028)$ |

*: Actual clearance


[^0]:    * Power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.

