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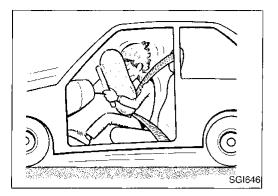
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WIRING D	IAGRAM F	REFERENCE CHART
		EC SECTION
		LOCK SYSTEMAT SECTION
		BR SECTION
RS "AIR BAG"		RS SECTION
EATER AND AIR CONDITIONER		HA SECTION

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PRECAUTIONS



Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG"

The Supplemental Restraint System "Air Bag", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bag modules (located in the center of the steering wheel and in the instrument panel on the passenger side), a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses are covered with yellow insulation either just before the harness connectors or for the complete harness, for easy identification.

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HARNESS CONNECTOR

Description

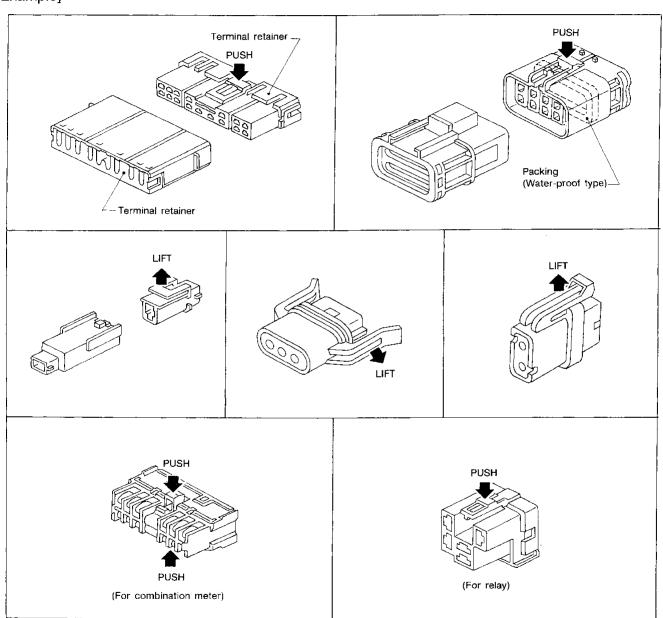
HARNESS CONNECTOR

- All harness connectors have been designed to prevent accidental looseness or disconnection.
- The connector can be disconnected by pushing or lifting the locking section.

CAUTION:

Do not pull the harness when disconnecting the connector.

[Example]



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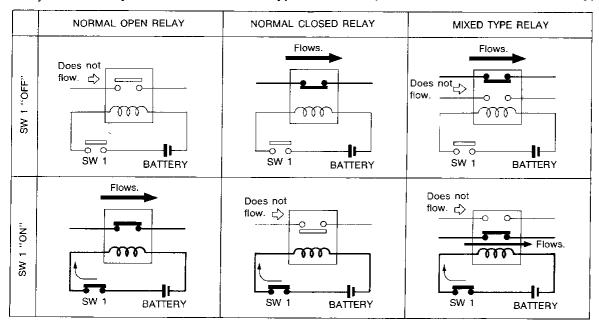
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Description

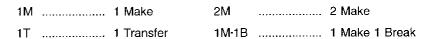
NORMAL OPEN, NORMAL CLOSED AND MIXED TYPE RELAYS

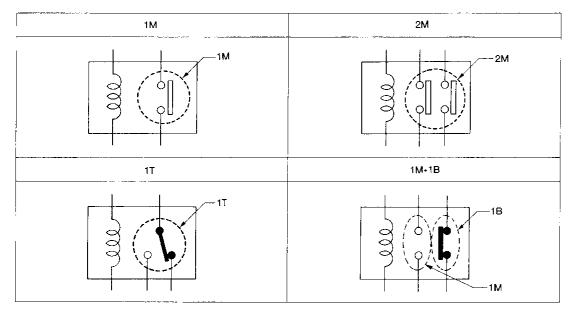
Relays can mainly be divided into three types: normal open, normal closed and mixed type relays.



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TYPE OF STANDARDIZED RELAYS

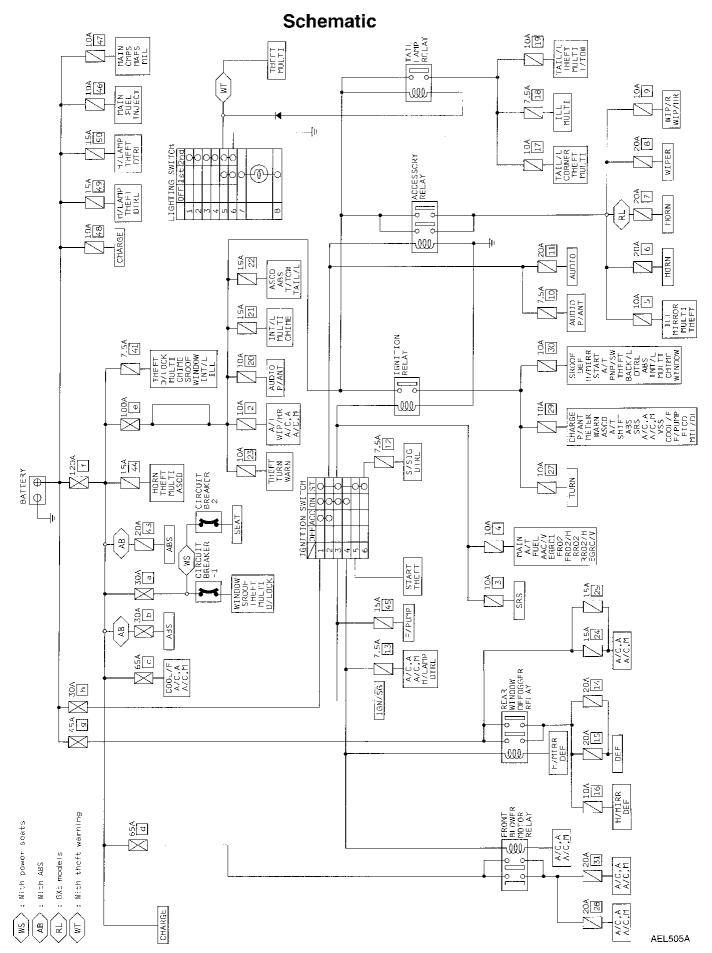




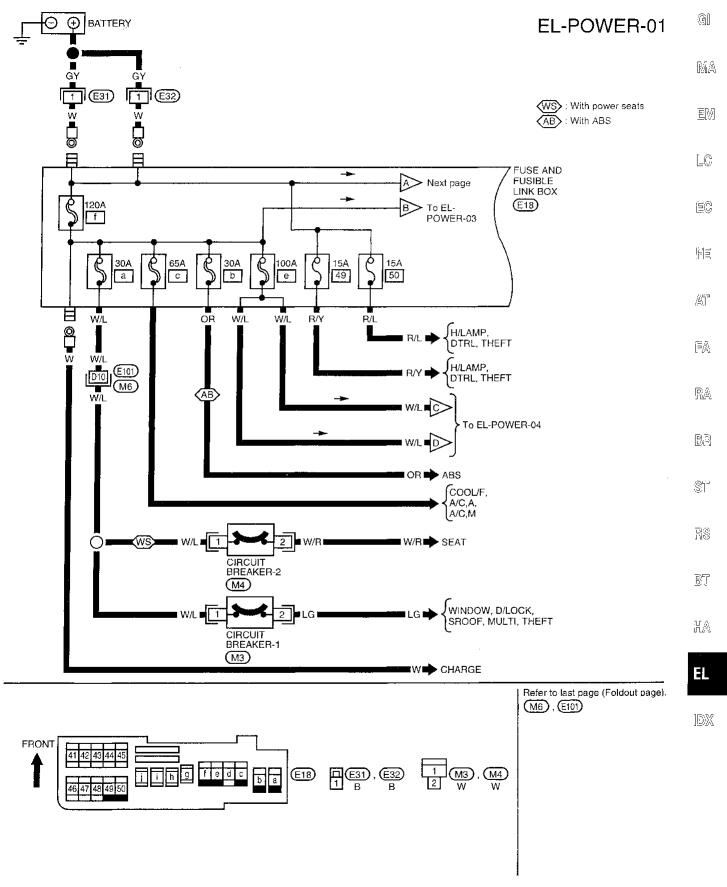
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STANDARDIZED RELAY Description (Cont'd)

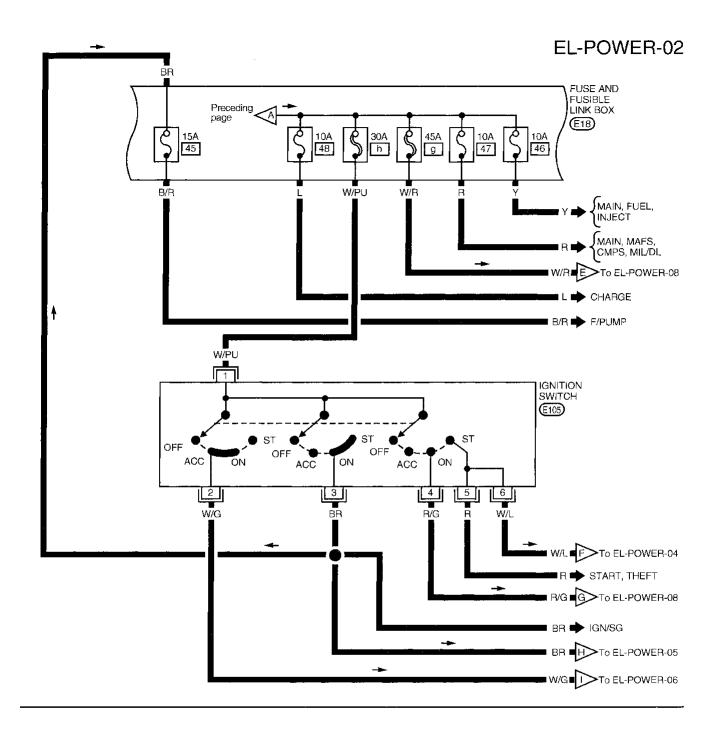
Туре	Outer view	Circuit	Connector symbol and connection	Case color
1T	1 3 5 2 4	2 3	5 2 4 1 3	BLACK
2M	2 1 7 5 6 3	1 6 3 9 0 0 2 7 5	00 00 2 1 7 5 6 3	BROWN
IM-1B	2 1 6 3	274	00 2 1 6 7 3 4	GRAY
1M	3	1 5 000 2 3	5 2 1	BLUE

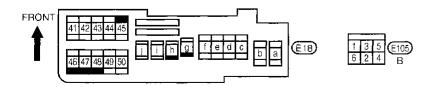


Wiring Diagram -POWER-



Wiring Diagram -POWER- (Cont'd)





Wiring Diagram -POWER- (Cont'd)

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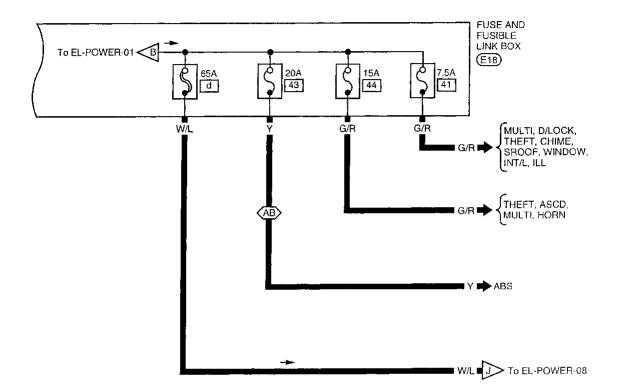
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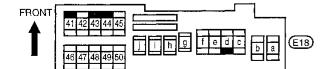
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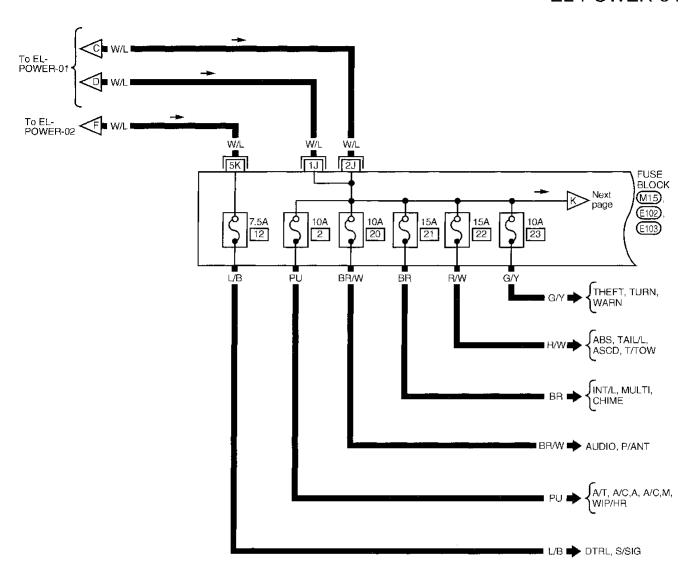
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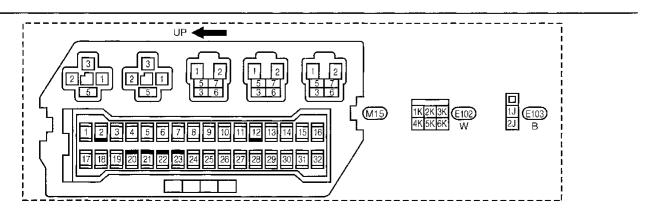
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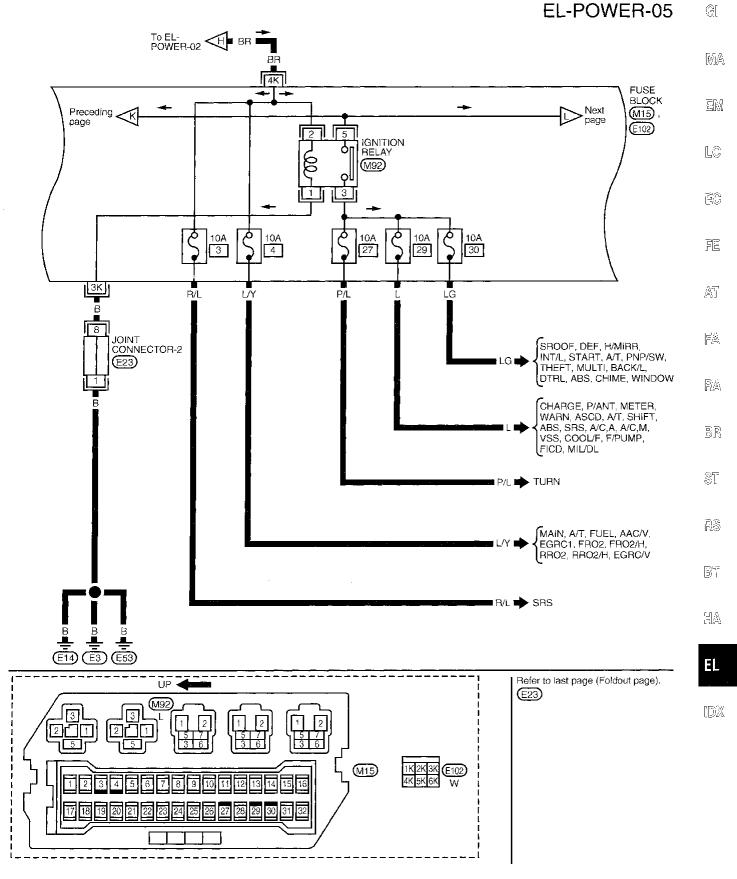
Wiring Diagram -POWER- (Cont'd)

EL-POWER-04

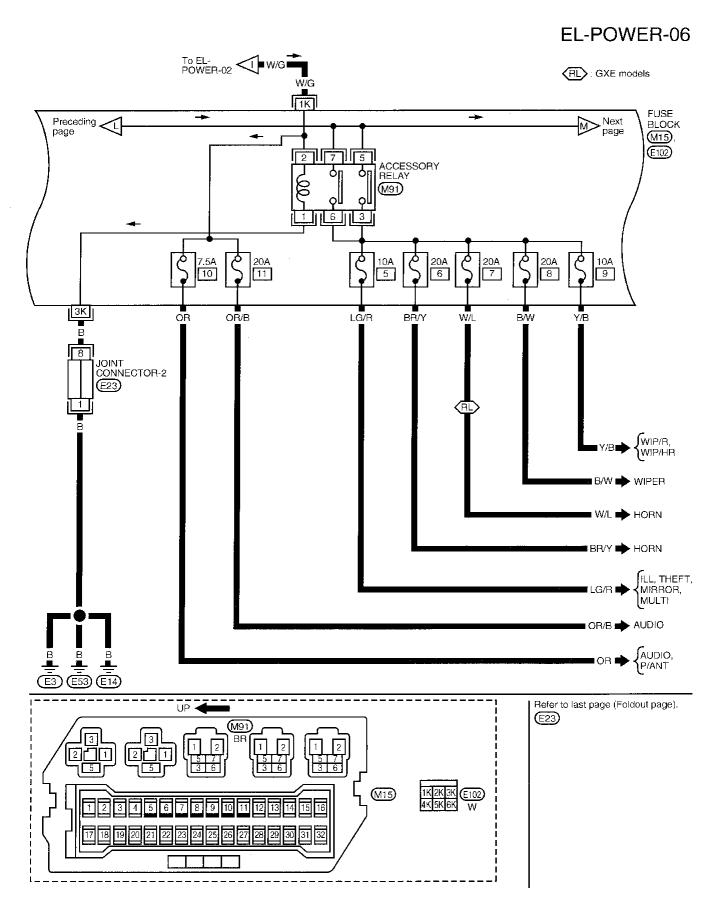




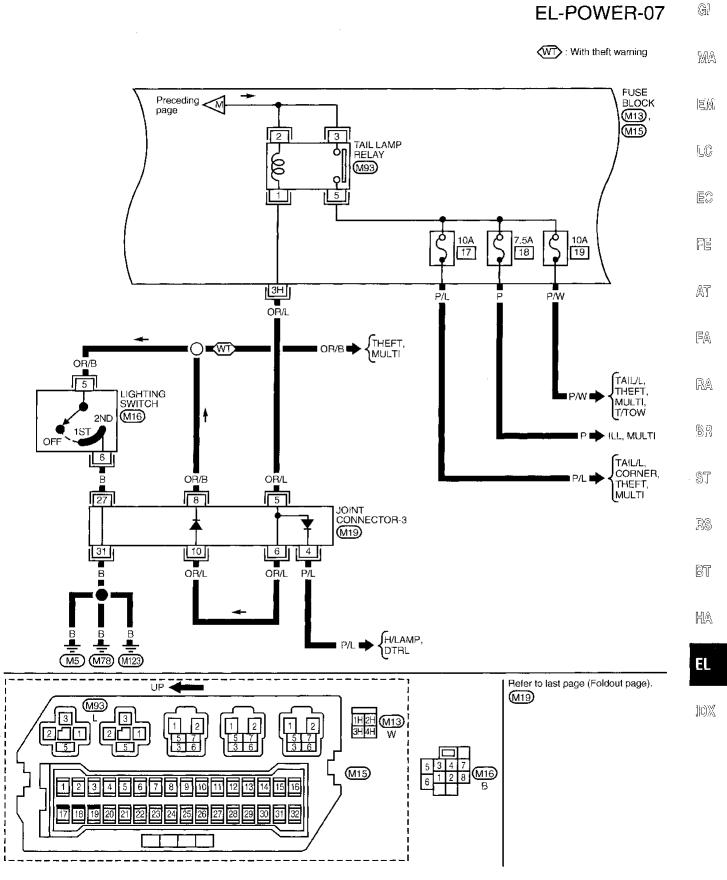
Wiring Diagram -POWER- (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram -POWER- (Cont'd)

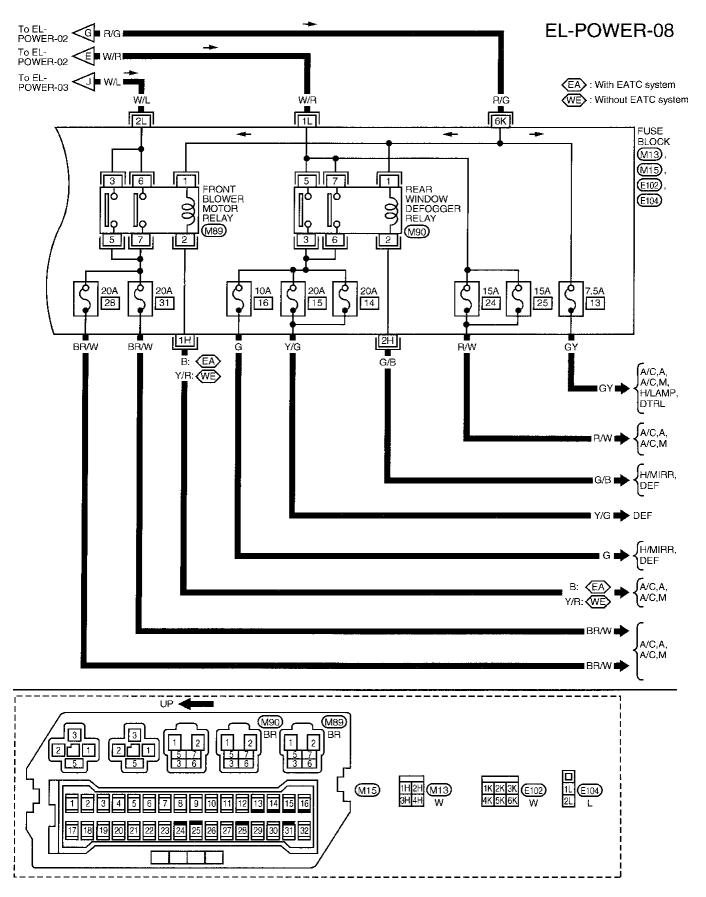


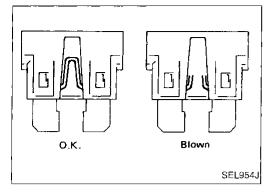
Wiring Diagram -POWER- (Cont'd)

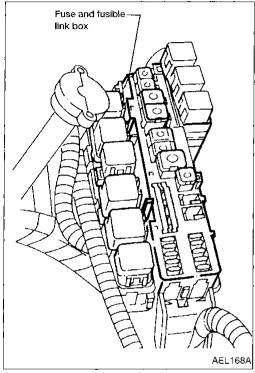


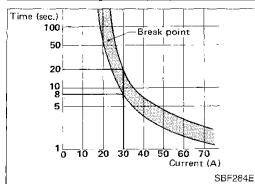
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Wiring Diagram -POWER- (Cont'd)









Fuse

- If fuse is blown, be sure to eliminate cause of problem before installing new fuse.
- Use fuse of specified rating. Never use fuse of more than specified rating.
- Do not partially install fuse; always insert it into fuse holder properly.
- Remove fuse for "ELECTRICAL PARTS (BAT)" if vehicle is not used for a long period of time.

Fusible Link

A melted fusible link can be detected either by visual inspection or by feeling with finger tip. If its condition is questionable, use circuit tester or test lamp.

CAUTION:

- If fusible link should melt, it is possible that a critical circuit (power supply or large current carrying circuit) is shorted. In such a case, carefully check these circuits and eliminate cause of problem.
- Never wrap outside of fusible link with vinyl tape. Important: Never let fusible link touch any other wiring harness, vinyl or rubber parts.

Circuit Breaker

For example, when current is 30A, the circuit is broken within 8 to 20 seconds.

Circuit breakers are used in the following systems:

- Power door lock
- Power window
- Electric sun roof

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GROUND	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CODE
M5/M78/M123	AIR BAG DIAGNOSIS SENSOR UNIT	Z3	RS-SRS, EL-WARN
	ASCD CONTROL UNIT	M164	EL-ASCD
	ASCD MAIN SWITCH	M18	EL-ASCD
	AUTOLAMP CONTROL UNIT	M77	EL-DTRL, EL-H/LAMP
	AUTOLAMP SWITCH	M17	EL-DTRL, EL-H/LAMP
	CIGARETTE LIGHTER SOCKET	M41	EL-HORN
	COMBINATION FLASHER UNIT	M2	EL-TURN
	COMBINATION METER [AIR BAG WARNING LAMP]	M26	EL-WARN
	COMBINATION METER [HIGH BEAM INDICATOR]	M26	EL-DTRL, EL-H/LAMP
	COMBINATION METER [TURN SIGNAL LAMP]	M28	EL-TURN
	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR GST	M23	EC-MIL/DL
	DOOR LOCK/UNLOCK SWITCH RH	D106	EL-D/LOCK
	DOOR MIRROR LH	D5	EL-H/MIRR
	DOOR MIRROR REMOTE CONTROL SWITCH	M12	EL-MIRROR
	DOOR MIRROR RH	D105	EL-H/MIRR
	EATC UNIT	M49	HA-A/C, A
	FRONT A/C CONTROL UNIT	M50	HA-A/C, M
Ī	FRONT A/C CONTROL UNIT	M53	HA-A/C, M
	FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RESISTOR	M72	HA-A/C, M
	FRONT BLOWER SPEED CONTROL UNIT	M 70	HA-A/C, A
	FRONT DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH LH	D8	EL-THEFT
	FRONT DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH RH	D109	EL-THEFT
	FRONT DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR LH	D9	EL-D/LOCK, EL-MULTI, EL-THEFT
	FRONT DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR RH	D110	EL-D/LOCK, EL-MULTI, EL-THEFT
	FRONT DOOR SWITCH LH	M104	RS-SRS, EL-INT/L
	FRONT FAN SWITCH	M51	HA-A/C, M
	FUEL TANK GAUGE UNIT	B205	EL-METER, EL-WARN
	IACV-FICD SOLENOID VALVE	F210	EC-FICD
	ILLUMINATION CONTROL SWITCH	M17	EL-ILL
	INERTIA FUEL SHUT OFF SWITCH	M1	EC-F/PUMP
	LIGHTING SWITCH	M16	EL-CHIME, EL-CORNER, EL-H/ LAMP, EL-DTRL, EL-ILL, EL-TAIL/L, EL-THEFT
	LUMBAR SUPPORT MOTOR	P5	EL-SEAT
ļ	MAIN POWER WINDOW AND DOOR LOCK/ UNLOCK SWITCH	D6	EL-D/LOCK, EL-WINDOW
	MAP LAMP	R6	EL-INT/L
	POWER ANTENNA AMPLIFIER	M80	EL-P/ANT
ļ	POWER SEAT SWITCH LH	P2	EL-SEAT
	POWER SEAT SWITCH RH	P101	EL-SEAT
	REAR A/C CONTROL UNIT	M109	HA-A/C, M, EL-ILL
	REAR FAN SWITCH	M47	HA-A/C, A
	REAR FAN SWITCH RELAY	M116	HA-A/C, A

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GROUND	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CODE
M5/M78/M123	REAR POWER POINT	M110	EL-HORN
	REAR POWER VENT WINDOW SWITCH	R5	EL-WINDOW
	REAR RADIO REMOTE CONTROL UNIT	M107	EL-AUDIO, EL-ILL
	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH	M32	EL-DEF, EL-H/MIRR
	REAR WIPER SWITCH	M31	EL-WIP/HR, EL-WIP/R
	REAR WIPER AMPLIFIER	M117	EL-WIP/R
	ROOM LAMP FRONT	R8	EL-INT/L, EL-MULTI
	ROOM LAMP FRONT	R10	EL-INT/L
	SEAT BELT BUCKLE SWITCH	M102	EL-CHIME, EL-WARN
	SMART ENTRANCE CONTROL UNIT	M44	EL-CHIME, EL-DEF, EL-H/MIRR, EL-SROOF, EL-WINDOW
	SHIELD WIRE [REAR WHEEL SENSOR LH]	B204	BR-ABS
	SHIELD WIRE [REAR WHEEL SENSOR RH]	B206	BR-ABS
	SUNROOF MOTOR ASSEMBLY	R4	EL-SROOF
	VANITY LAMP LH	R3	EL-INT/L
	VANITY LAMP RH	R7	EL-INT/L
	WATERCOCK SOLENOID VALVE	F1	HA-A/C, A, HA-A/C, M
M66	CD CHANGER	M68	EL-AUDIO
	RADIO & CASSETTE PLAYER	M61	EL-AUDIO, EL-P/ANT
M65	COMBINATION METER (SPEEDOMETER)	M27	EC-VSS, AT-A/T, EL-ASCD, EL-METER
	VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR	F301	EC-VSS, AT-A/T, EL-ASCD, EL-METER
M124	4-CHANNEL AMPLIFIER	M122	EL-AUDIO
B8/B10	REAR COMBINATION LAMP LH	B7	EL-TAIL/L, EL-TURN, EL-THEFT
	REAR COMBINATION LAMP RH	B11	EL-TAIL/L, EL-TURN, EL-THEFT
	REAR SIDE MARKER LAMP LH	В9	EL-TAIL/L, EL-THEFT
	REAR SIDE MARKER LAMP RH	B12	EL-TAIL/L, EL-THEFT
	SUB WOOFER AMPLIFIER	B14	EL-AUDIO
	TRAILER TOW CONNECTOR	B302	EL-T/TOW
	TRAILER TOW CONTROL UNIT	B6	EL-T/TOW
B104	BACK DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH	D308	EL-THEFT
	BACK DOOR LATCH SWITCH	D306	EL-INT/L, EL-MULTI, EL-THEFT, EL WARN
	BACK DOOR LATCH SWITCH	D307	EL-INT/L, EL-MULTI, EL-THEFT, EL WARN
	BACK DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR	D305	EL-MULTI, EL-THEFT
	BACKUP LAMP LH	D304	EL-BACK/L
	BACKUP LAMP RH	D313	EL-BACK/L
:	GLASS HATCH SWITCH	D310	EL-WIP/HR
	LICENSE LAMP	D309	EL-TAIL/L, EL-THEFT
	REAR WIPER MOTOR	D311	EL-WIP/HR, EL-WIP/R
F5	SHIELD WIRE [FRONT WHEEL SENSOR RH]	F4	BR-ABS

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GROUND	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CODE
F110	ABS CONTROL UNIT	F106	BR-ABS
	SHIELD WIRE [ABS CONTROL UNIT]	F106	BR-ABS
	SHIELD WIRE [FRONT WHEEL SENSOR RH]	F4	BR-ABS
	SHIELD WIRE [FRONT WHEEL SENSOR LH]	E13	BR-ABS
	SHIELD WIRE [REAR WHEEL SENSOR LH]	B204	BR-ABS
	SHIELD WIRE [REAR WHEEL SENSOR RH]	B206	BR-ABS
F213/F215	A/T CONTROL UNIT	F404	AT-A/T
	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR CONSULT	M14	AT-A/T, EC-MIL/DL
	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR GST	M23	EC-MIL/DL
	DISTRIBUTOR (CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR)	F15	EC-CMPS
	ECM (ECCS CONTROL MODULE)	F101	EC-MAIN, AT-A/T
	HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH	F21	EC-COOL/F, HA-A/C, A, HA-A/C, M
	POWER STEERING OIL PRESSURE SWITCH	F3	EC-PST/SW
	POWER TRANSISTOR UNIT	F17	EC-IGN/SG
	SHIELD WIRE [CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (OBD)]	F502	EC-CKPS
	SHIELD WIRE [DISTRIBUTOR (CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR)]	F15	EC-CMPS
	SHIELD WIRE [ECM (ECCS CONTROL MODULE)]	F101	EC-CKPS, EC-IGN/SG, EC-FRO2, EC-FRO2/H, EC-KS, EC-RRO2, EC-RRO2/H, EC-TPS
	SHIELD WIRE (KNOCK SENSOR)	F208	EC-KS
	SHIELD WIRE (MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR)	F308	EC-MAFS
	SHIELD WIRE (THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR)	F218	EC-TPS, AT-A/T
	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR)	E36	EC-FRO2, EC-FRO2/H, EC-FUEL
	SHIELD WIRE (REAR HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR)	M103	EC-RRO2, EC-RRO2/H
E3/E14/E53	ASCD HOLD RELAY	E29	EL-ASCD
	BRAKE FLUID LEVEL SWITCH	E11	EL-WARN
	BULB CHECK RELAY	E28	EL-WARN
	COOLING FAN MOTOR	E30	EC-COOL/F, HA-A/C, A, HA-A/C, M
	DAYTIME LIGHT CONTROL UNIT	E55	EL-DTRL
	FRONT COMBINATION LAMP LH	E10	EL-CORNER, EL TAIL/L, EL-THEFT
	FRONT COMBINATION LAMP RH	E40	EL-CORNER, EL-TAIL/L, EL-THEFT
	FRONT SIDE MARKER LAMP LH	E7	EL-TAIL/L, EL-THEFT
	FRONT SIDE MARKER LAMP RH	E47	EL-TAIL/L, EL-THEFT
	FRONT TURN SIGNAL LAMP LH	E33	EL-TURN
	FRONT TURN SIGNAL LAMP RH	E35	EL-TURN
	FRONT WIPER AMPLIFIER	E1	EL-WIPER
	FRONT WIPER MOTOR	E12	EL-WIPER
	HEADLAMP LH	E9	EL-H/LAMP, EL-THEFT, EL-DTRL
	HEADLAMP RH	E39	EL-H/LAMP, EL-THEFT
	HEADLAMP RELAY LH	E45	EL-DTRL, EL-H/LAMP, EL-THEFT
	HEADLAMP RELAY RH	E27	EL-DTRL, EL-H/LAMP, EL-THEFT

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GROUND	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CODE	
E3/E14/E53	HOOD SWITCH	E52	EL-THEFT	<u> </u>
	INHIBITOR RELAY	E26	EL-THEFT, EL-START	- G
	KEY SWITCH	E108	EL-CHIME, EL-D/LOCK, EL-MULTI, EL-THEFT	 [\/]
	OVERDRIVE SWITCH	E109	AT-A/T	
	SHIFT LOCK SOLENOID AND PARK SWITCH	E106	AT-A/T	- - 0
	WASHER FLUID LEVEL SWITCH	E48	EL-WARN	
E15	SHIELD WIRE [FRONT WHEEL SENSOR LH]	E13	BR-ABS	_
E60	GENERATOR	E59	EL-CHARGE	
D403	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER	D401	EL-DEF	
	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER	D402	EL-DEF	Ē

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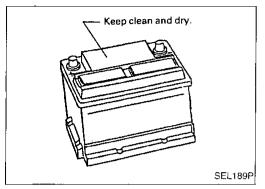
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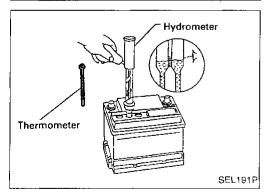
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CAUTION:

- If it becomes necessary to start engine with booster battery and jumper cables, use a 12-volt booster battery.
- After connecting battery cables, ensure that they are tightly clamped to battery terminals for good contact.



Disconnect negative terminal.



How to Handle Battery METHODS OF PREVENTING DISCHARGE

The following precautions must be taken to prevent overdischarging a battery.

- The battery surface (particularly its top) should always be kept clean and dry.
- The terminal connections should be clean and tight.
- During every routine maintenance, check the electrolyte level. This also applies to batteries designated as "low maintenance" and "maintenance-free".
- When the vehicle is not going to be used over a long period of time, disconnect the negative battery terminal.

 Check the condition of the battery. Periodically check the specific gravity of the electrolyte. Keep a close check on charge condition to prevent over-discharge.

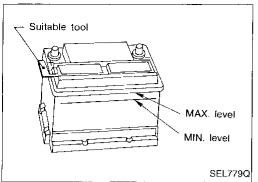
CHECKING ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

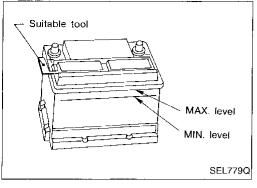
WARNING:

Do not allow battery fluid to come in contact with skin, eyes, fabrics, or painted surfaces. After touching a battery, do not touch or rub your eyes until you have thoroughly washed your hands. If acid contacts eyes, skin or clothing, immediately flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

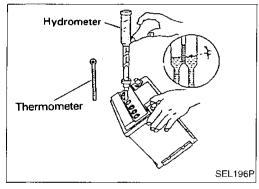
Normally the battery does not require additional water. However, when battery is used under severe conditions, adding distilled water may be necessary during battery life.

BATTERY





Hydrometer Read top level with scale Thermometer SEL195P



How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

- Remove the cell plug using a suitable tool.
- Add distilled water up to the MAX level.

SULPHATION

A battery (with specific gravity less than 1.100) will completely discharge when left unattended for a long period of time. This will result in sulphation on the cell plates. A sulphated battery may sometimes be brought back into service by a slow charge of 12 hours or more. A capacity test should be run after the battery is charged to ensure the battery is not damaged.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK

Read hydrometer and thermometer readings at eye level.

When electrolyte level is too low, tilt battery case for easy measurement.

Use the chart below to correct your hydrometer reading according to electrolyte temperature. Hydrometer temperature correction

Battery electrolyte temperature °C (°F)	Add to specific gravity reading	Battery electrolyte temperature °C (°F)	Add to specific gravity reading
71 (160)	0.032	21 (70)	-0.004
66 (150)	0.028	16 (60)	-0.008
60 (140)	0.024	10 (50)	-0.012
54 (129)	0.020	4 (39)	-0.016
49 (120)	0.016	-1 (30)	-0.020
43 (110)	0.012	-7 (20)	-0.024
38 (100)	0.008	-12 (10)	-0.028
32 (90)	0.004	-18 (0)	-0.032
27 (80)	0		

Corrected specific gravity	Approximate charge condition	Corrected specific gravity	Approximate charge condition
1.260 - 1.280	Fully charged	1.170 - 1.190	1/4 charged
1.230 - 1.250	3/4 charged	1.140 - 1.160	Almost discharged
1.200 - 1.220	1/2 charged	1.110 - 1.130	Completely discharged

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BATTERY

How to Handle Battery (Cont'd) CHARGING THE BATTERY

CAUTION:

- Do not "quick charge" a fully discharged battery.
- Keep the battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- When connecting the charger, connect the leads first, then turn on the charger. Do not turn on the charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- If battery electrolyte temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery at a temperature below 60°C (140°F).

Charging rates:

Amps	Time
50	1 hour
25	2 hours
10	5 hours
5	10 hours

Do not charge at more than 50 ampere rate.

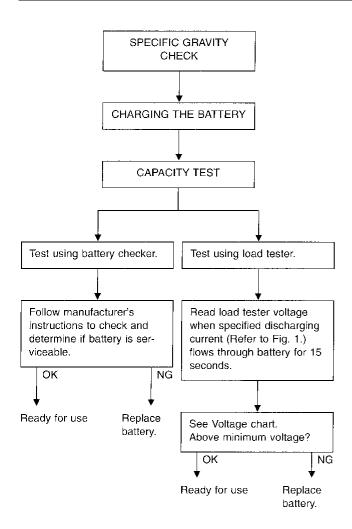
Note: The ammeter reading on your battery charger will automatically decrease as the battery charges. This indicates that the voltage of the battery is increasing normally as the state of charge improves. The charging amps indicated above are referred to as initial charge rate.

- If, after charging, the specific gravity of any two cells varies more than .050, the battery should be replaced.
- After the battery is charged, always perform a "capacity test" as follows, to assure that the battery is serviceable.

MEMORY RESET

If the battery is disconnected or goes dead, the following items must be reset:

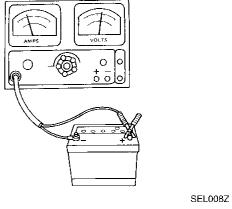
- Radio AM and FM preset
- Radio clock



 Check battery type and determine the specified current using the following table.

Fig. 1 DISCHÄRGING CURRENT (Load tester)

Current (A) Group Size 35 180 24R 195



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Voltage chart

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Estimated electrolyte temperature °C (°F)	Minimum voltage under 15 second load 9.6		
21 (70) or above			
16 (60)	9.5		
10 (50)	9.4		
4 (40)	9.3		
-1 (30)	9.1		
-7 (20)	8.9		
-12 (10)	8.7		
-18 (0)	8.5		

Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

Applied area	į	USA	USA option and Canada
Group size		35	24R
Capacity	V-AH	12-60	12-65
Cold cranking current	А	450	525
Reserve capacity	Minutes	90	105

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EL-23

STARTING SYSTEM

System Description

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 30A fusible link (letter h , located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to ignition switch terminal (1).

With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied:

- from ignition switch terminal 5
- to inhibitor relay terminal ⑦.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse (No. 30), located in the fuse block)
- to inhibitor switch terminal ②.

For models with theft warning system

With the selector lever in the park ("P") or neutral ("N") position, power is supplied:

- from inhibitor switch terminal ①
- to theft warning relay terminal 4
- through theft warning relay terminal 3
- to inhibitor relay terminal 1.

If the theft warning system is triggered, ground is supplied to theft warning relay terminal ①. This removes power from theft warning relay terminal ④, which disengages the inhibitor relay and the starter motor will not operate.

For models without theft warning system

With the selector lever in the park ("P") or neutral ("N") position, power is supplied:

- from inhibitor switch terminal (1)
- to inhibitor relay terminal 1.

Ground is supplied to inhibitor relay terminal ②, through body grounds E3, E14 and E53.

With power and ground supplied, the inhibitor relay is energized and power is supplied:

- from inhibitor relay terminal (6)
- to starter motor windings terminal (1).

The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery and the starter motor. The starter motor is grounded through the engine block. With power and ground supplied, cranking occurs and the engine starts.

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STARTING SYSTEM

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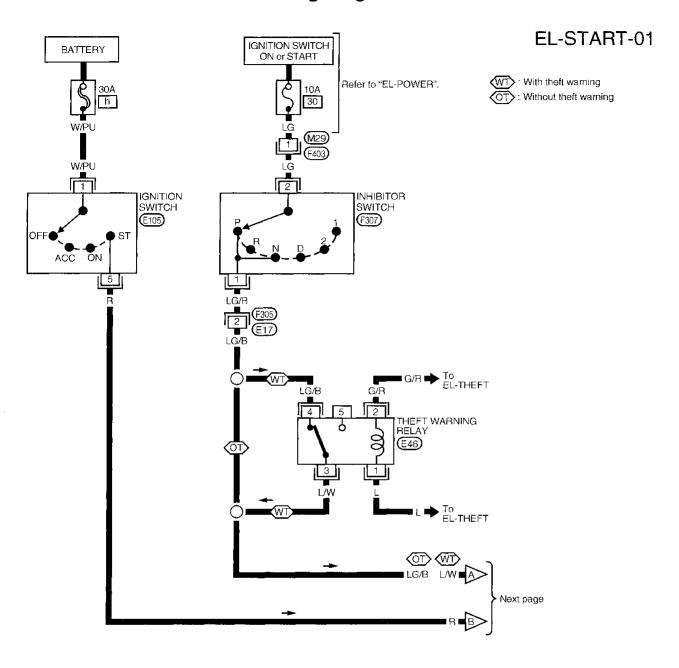
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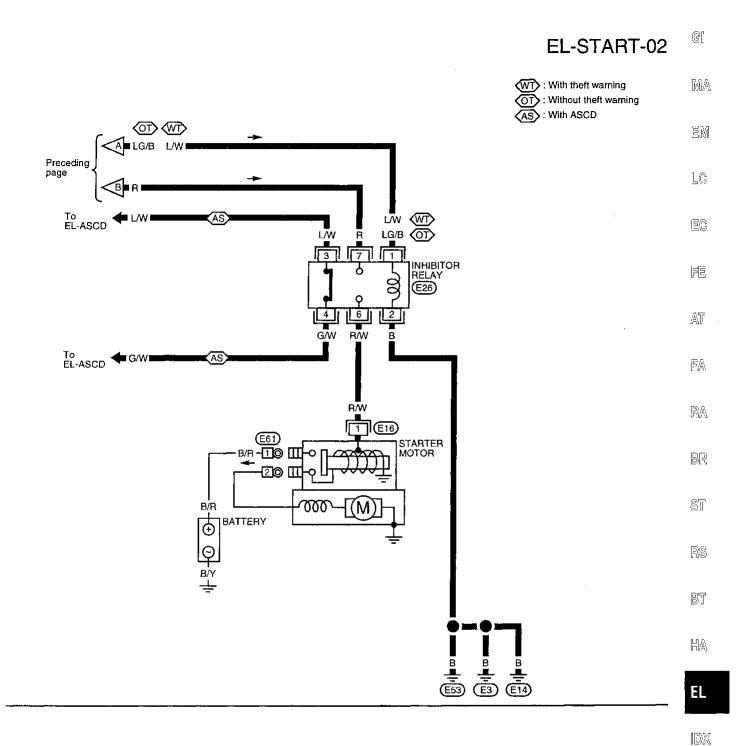
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Wiring Diagram -START-



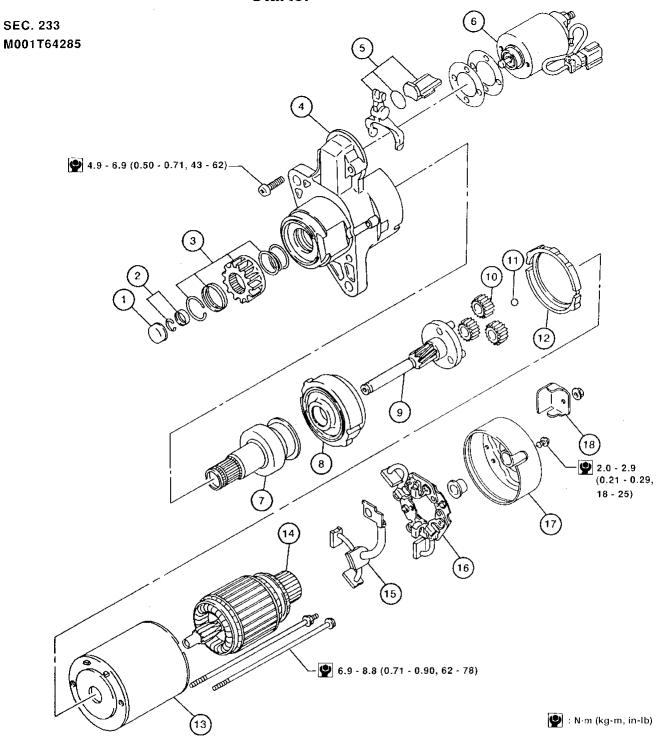


Wiring Diagram -START- (Cont'd)





Starter

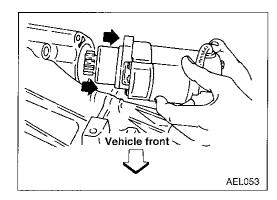


AEL169A

- 1 Cap
- 2 Stopper set
- 3 Pinion set
- 4 Front bracket
- 5 Lever set
- 6 Magnetic switch assembly
- 7 Clutch gear
- 8 Internal gear
- 9 Gear shaft
- 19 Planetary gear
- 11) Ball
- (12) Center bracket

- 13 Yoke assembly
- 4 Armature
- 15 Brush assembly
- (16) Brush holder
- (17) Rear bracket
- 18 Support

STARTING SYSTEM



Removal and Installation

- 1. Remove battery negative cable from battery.
- 2. Remove intake air duct.
- 3. Remove battery cable from starter motor.
- 4. Remove brush cable from magnetic switch assembly.
- 5. Disconnect starter motor harness connector.
- 6. Remove starter motor mounting bolts.
- 7. Remove starter motor.

When installing, tighten starter motor mounting bolts.

(2.35 - 2.7 kg-m, 17.0 - 19.2 ft-lb)

Pinion/Clutch Check

- 1. Inspect pinion teeth.
- Replace pinion if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of ring gear teeth.)
- 2. Inspect reduction gear teeth.
- Replace reduction gear if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of armature shaft gear teeth.)
- 3. Check to see if pinion locks in one direction and rotates smoothly in the opposite direction.
- If it locks or rotates in both directions, or unusual resistance is evident, replace.

Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

STARTER

Туре		M001T64285		
System voltage	V 12		 66 19	
No-load				
Terminal voltage	v	11.0		
Current	Α	Less than 90	 9)	
Revolution	rpm	More than 2,900		
Minimum diameter of commutator	mm (in)	28.8 (1.134)		
Minimum length of brush	mm (in)	11.0 (0.433)	······	
Brush spring tension	N (kg, lb)	17.7 - 21.6 (1.8 - 2.2, 4.0 - 4.9)	[3]j	
Clearance of bearing metal and armature shaft	mm (in)	0.01 - 0.20 (0.0004 - 0.0079)		
Clearance "i" between pinion front edge and pinion sto	pper mm (in)	0.05 - 1.5 (0.0020 - 0.0591)	 	
Installed current A		150		

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CHARGING SYSTEM

System Description

The generator provides DC voltage to operate the vehicle's electrical system and keep the battery charged. The voltage output is controlled by the IC regulator.

Power is supplied at all times to generator terminal (§) through:

10A fuse (No. 48), located in the fuse and fusible link box).

Terminal ® of the generator supplies current to charge the battery and operate the vehicle's electrical system. Voltage output at this terminal is controlled by the amount of voltage detected by the IC regulator at terminal ③. The charging circuit is protected by the 120A fusible link (letter f), located in the fuse and fusible link box).

Terminal © of the generator supplies ground through body ground (E60).

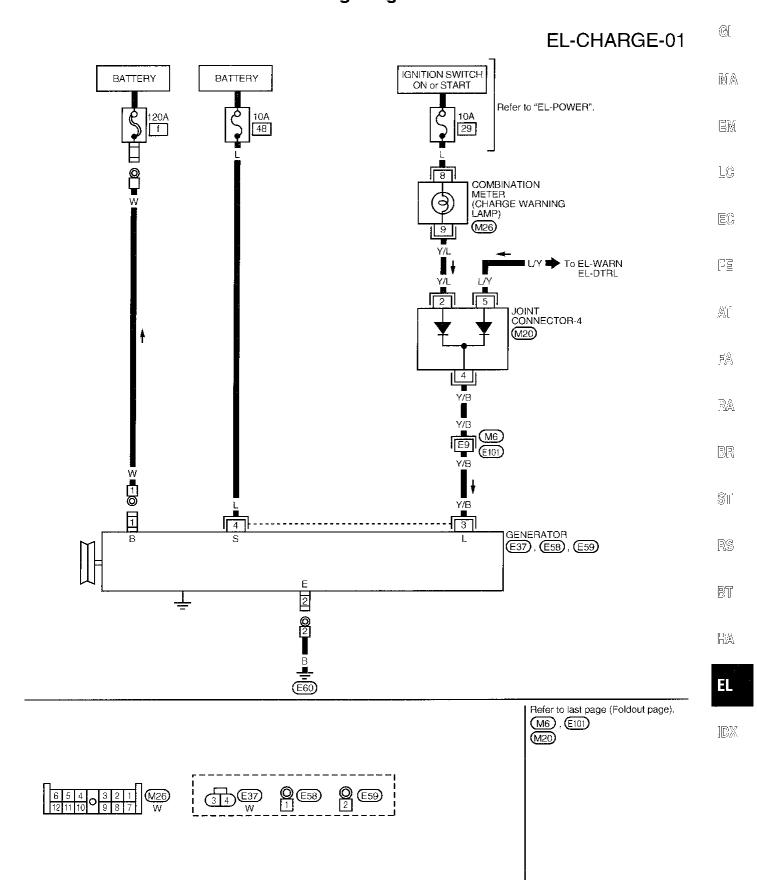
With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse (No. 29, located in the fuse block)
- to combination meter terminal (8) for the charge warning lamp.

Ground is supplied to terminal ① of the combination meter through terminal ① of the generator. With power and ground supplied, the charge warning lamp will illuminate. When the generator is providing sufficient voltage the ground is opened and the charge warning lamp will go off.

If the charge warning lamp illuminates with the engine running, a fault is indicated. Refer to "Trouble Diagnoses", "CHARGING SYSTEM", EL-32.

Wiring Diagram -CHARGE-



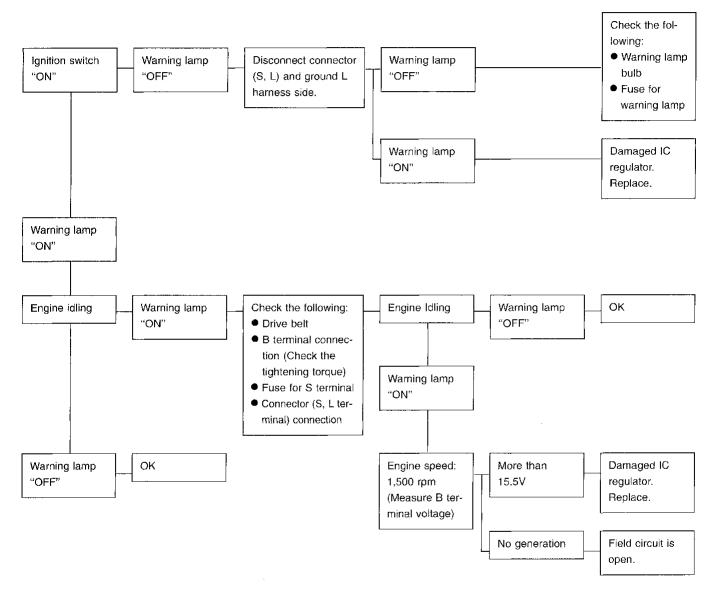
AEL516A

Trouble Diagnoses

Before conducting an alternator test, make sure that the battery is fully charged. A 30-volt voltmeter and suitable test probes are necessary for the test. The alternator can be checked easily by referring to the Inspection Table.

- · Before starting, inspect the fusible link.
- Use fully charged battery.

WITH IC REGULATOR



Warning lamp: "CHARGE" warning lamp in combination meter

★: When field circuit is open, check condition of rotor coil, rotor slip ring and brush. If necessary, replace faulty parts with new ones.

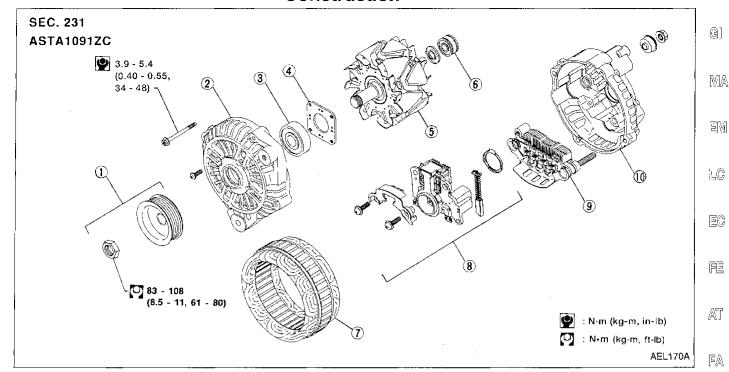
MALFUNCTION INDICATOR

The IC regulator warning function activates to illuminate "CHARGE" warning lamp, if any of the following symptoms occur while alternator is operating:

- B terminal is disconnected.
- S terminal is disconnected or related circuit is open.
- Field circuit is open.
- Excessive voltage is produced.

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Construction



- 1 Pulley assembly
- 2 Front cover
- 3 Front bearing
- 4 Bearing retainer

- (5) Rotor
- 6 Rear bearing
- 7 Stator

- 8 IC voltage regulator assembly
- 9 Diode assembly
- (10) Rear cover

Removal and Installation

- 1. Disconnect battery cable.
- 2. Loosen idler pulley adjusting bolt.
- 3. Remove A/C compressor belt.
- 4. Remove engine undercover.
- 5. Remove generator harness and bracket.
- 6. Loosen generator mounting bolt.
- 7. Remove drive belt.
- 8. Remove generator.
- Install in the reverse order of removal.

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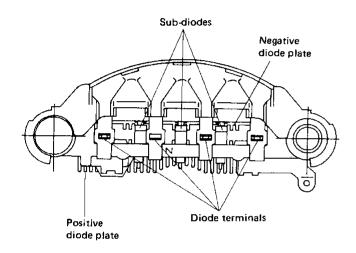
EL-33

Diode Check

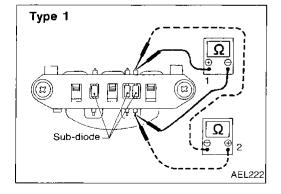
MAIN DIODES

- In order to check diodes, they must first be unsoldered from the stator.
- Use an ohmmeter to check condition of diodes as indicated in chart below.
- If any of the test results is not satisfactory, replace diode assembly.

	Ohmmeter probes			
	Positive ⊕	Negative ⊝	Judgement	
Diodes check (Positive side)	Positive diode plate	Diode terminals	Diode conducts in only one direction.	
	Diode terminals	Positive diode plate		
Diodes check (Negative side)	Negative diode plate	Diode terminals	Diode conducts in only one direction.	
	Diode terminals	Negative diode plate		



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SUB-DIODES

 Attach ohmmeter's probe to each end of diode to check for continuity.

Continuity:

Diode conducts in only one direction.

If continuity is NG, replace diode assembly.

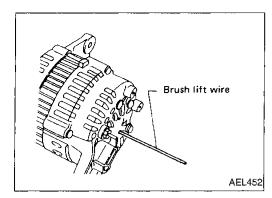
Assembly

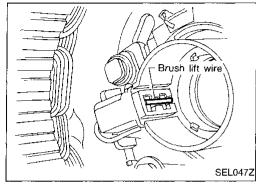
Carefully observe the following instructions.

• When soldering each stator coil lead wire to diode assembly terminal, carry out the operation as fast as possible.

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CHARGING SYSTEM — Generator —





Assembly (Cont'd) REAR COVER INSTALLATION

(1) Before installing front cover with pulley and rotor with rear cover, push brush up with fingers and retain brush by inserting brush lift wire into brush lift hole from outside.

(2) After installing front and rear sides of generator, pull out brush lift wire.

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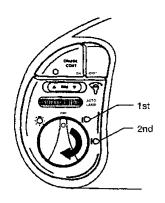
Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

Туре		A3TA1091ZC	
Nominal rating	V-A	12-110	
Ground polarity		Negative	
Minimum revolution under no-load (When 13.5 volts is applied)	rpm	1,300	
Hot output current	A/rpm	More than 33/1,300 More than 85/2,500	
Regulated output voltage	V	14.1 - 14.7	
Minimum length of brush	mm (in)	8.0 (0.315)	
Brush spring pressure	N (g, oz)	3.138 - 4.315 (320 - 440, 11.29 - 15.52)	
Slip ring minimum outer diameter	mm (in)	More than 22.1 (0.870)	B'
Rotor (Field coil) resistance	Ω	2.3 - 2.7	
,			

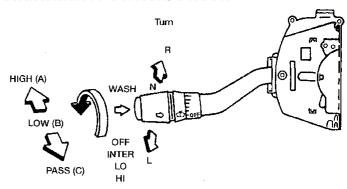
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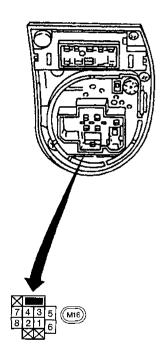
Combination Switch/Check

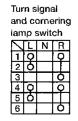


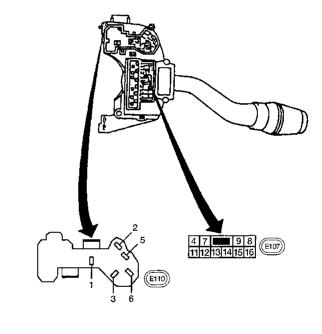
Lighting switch



Combination switch



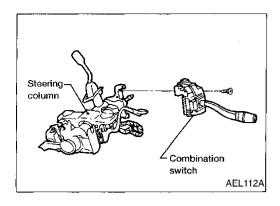




Combination switch (flash to pass)								
	Α	В	С					
11	Q		Q					
12	Q		ठा					
13			Q					
14			O					
15			Q					
16			Ò					

	Wiper switch														
[\setminus		Off		nt lax		nt Iin	ı	.0		ı	11		Wa	ish
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[8	3	Q		,	Q				-	2		5	>	9	
		QX97.4	103.3kΩ	11.33kΩ	103.3KΩ	11.33kΩ	3.3KΩ	4.08kΩ	3,3KΩ	^	000	3,3kΩ			
г	7	7	57	V /	57	V 7	$\overline{}$	1 7	5 7	V	7	57	7	7	$\overline{}$

COMBINATION SWITCH



Combination Switch/Replacement

To remove combination switch base, remove base attaching screws.

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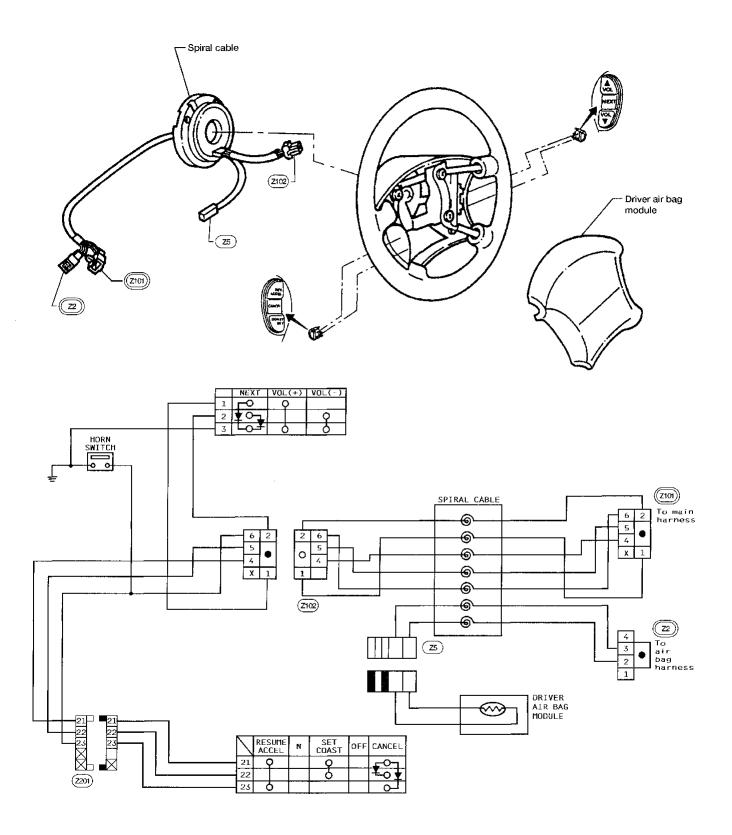
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Steering Switch/Check



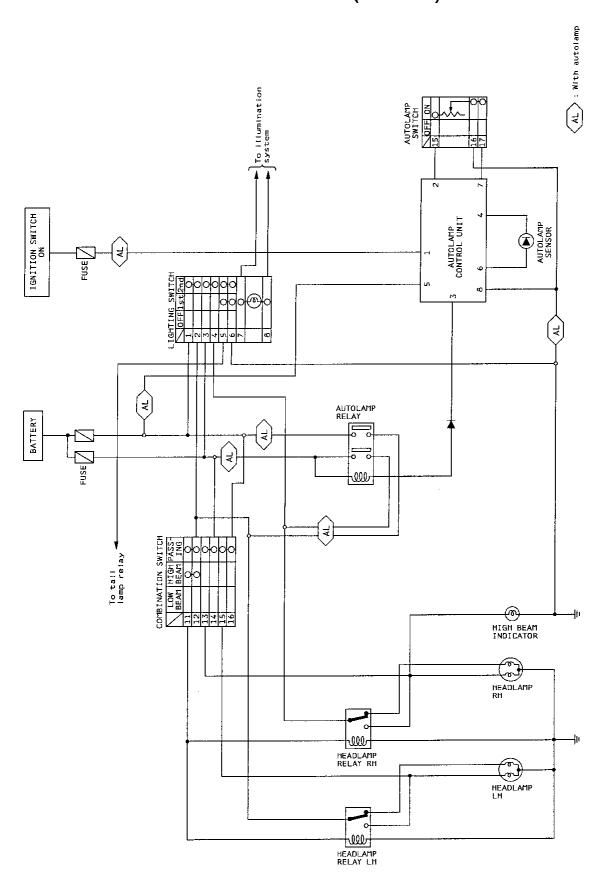
System Description (For USA)

 through 15A fuse (No. 49, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to lighting switch terminal 1 and 	GI MA
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Low beam operation When the combination switch is placed in the LOW ("B") position, with the lighting switch in the 2ND	L©
position, power is supplied: • from lighting switch terminal (2)	<u>E</u> G
 through LH headlamp relay terminal ④ to LH headlamp terminal ③, and from lighting switch terminal ④ 	
to no neadiamp terminal 5.	AF
Ground is supplied to each headlamp terminal ② through body grounds (E3), (E14) and (E53). With power and ground supplied, the low beam headlamps will illuminate.	FA
position, power is supplied:	'R/A
 from lighting switch terminal ② to combination switch terminal ① through combination switch terminal ① to LH headlamp relay terminal ② and 	BR
	S T
With power and ground supplied, the headlamp relays energize and power is supplied: through LH headlamp relay terminal (5) to LH headlamp terminal (1), and	RS
 through RH headlamp relay terminal ⑤ to RH headlamp terminal ① and 	BT
 combination meter terminal ⑥ for the HIGH BEAM indicator. Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal ⑫ through body grounds M5, M78 and M123. Ground is supplied to each headlamp terminal ② through body grounds E3, E14 and E53. With power and ground supplied, the high beams and the HIGH BEAM indicator will illuminate. 	ilA
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When the combination switch is placed in the PASS ("C") position, both headlamp relays are energized	IDX
Power is supplied: • through combination switch terminal (§) • to LH headlamp terminal (1), and • through combination switch terminal (§) • to RH headlamp terminal (1) and • combination meter terminal (§) for the HIGH BEAM indicator. Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal (1) through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123). Ground is supplied to each headlamp terminal (2) through body grounds (E3), (E14) and (E53). With power and ground supplied, the high beams and the HIGH BEAM indicator will illuminate until the com-	

bination switch is released from the PASS ("C") position.

EL-39

Schematic (For USA)



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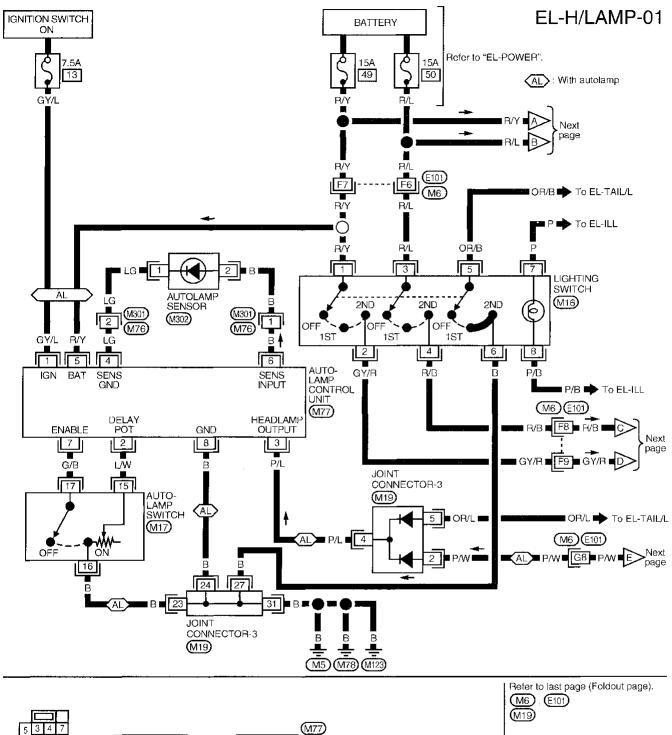
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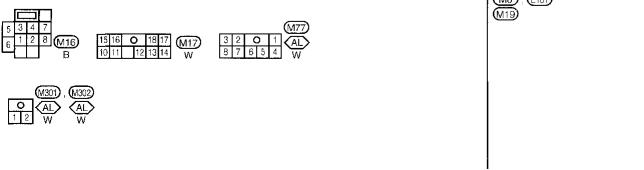
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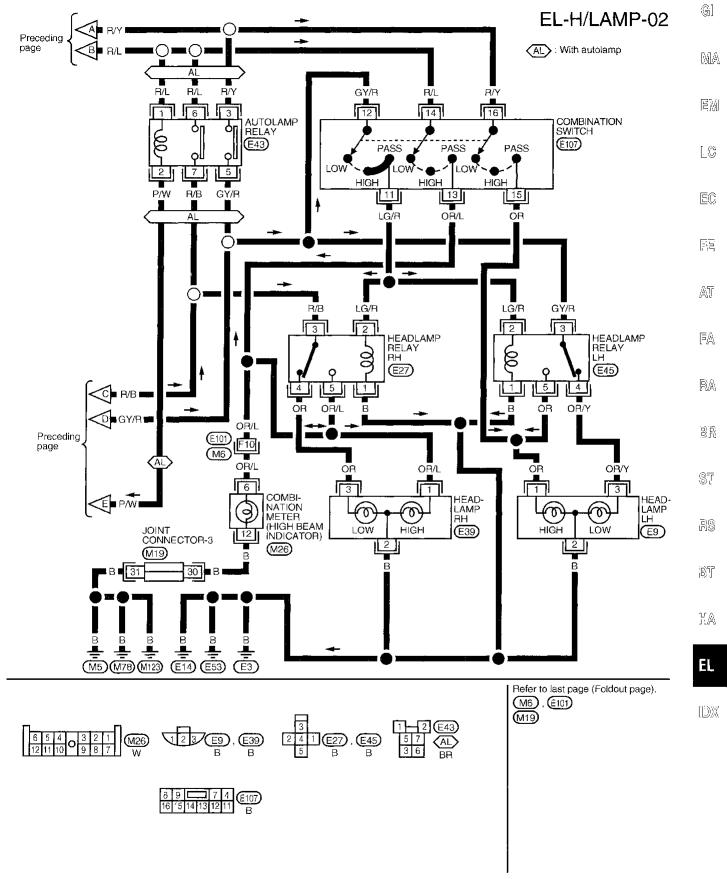
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Wiring Diagram (For USA) -H/LAMP-





Wiring Diagram (For USA) –H/LAMP– (Cont'd)



Trouble Diagnoses (For USA)

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order
		<u> </u>
LH headlamps do not operate.	1. Bulb 2. Grounds (E3), (E14) and (E53)	1. Check bulb. 2. Check grounds (E3), (E14) and (E53).
	3. 15A fuse	3. Check 15A fuse (No. 49, located in fuse and fusible link box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 1 of lighting switch.
	4. LH headlamp relay	4. Check relay (located in RH engine compartment relay box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal ③ of LH headlamp relay with
	5. Lighting switch	lighting switch in the 2ND position. 5. Check lighting switch.
RH headlamps do not operate.	1. Bulb	1. Check bulb.
i	2. Grounds E3 , E14 and E53	2. Check grounds (E3), (E14) and (E53).
	3. 15A fuse	3. Check 15A fuse (No. 50 located in fuse and fus-
		ible link box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal ③ of lighting switch.
	4. RH headlamp relay	4. Check relay (located in fuse and fusible link box).
		Verify battery positive voltage is present at termi-
Ì		nal ③ of RH headlamp relay with lighting switch
	E Lighting qualtab	in the 2ND position.
	5. Lighting switch	5. Check lighting switch.
LH low beam does not operate,	1. Buib	1. Check bulb.
but LH high beam operates.	2. LH headlamp relay	Check relay (located in RH engine compartment relay box).
	3. Open in LH low beam circuit	Check OR/Y wire between LH headlamp relay
	·	and LH headlamp for an open circuit.
LH high beam does not operate,	1. Bulb	1. Check bulb.
but LH low beam operates.	2. LH headlamp relay	 Check relay (located in RH engine compartment relay box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 2 of relay with lighting switch in 2ND position and combination switch in HIGH BEAM position.
	3. Combination switch	3. Check combination switch. Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (12) of combination switch with lighting switch in the 2ND position.
	4. Open in LH high beam circuit	Check OR wire between LH headlamp relay and LH headlamp for an open circuit.
RH low beam does not operate,	1. Bulb	1. Check bulb.
but RH high beam operates.	2. RH headlamp relay	2. Check relay (located in fuse and fusible link box).
	3. Open in RH low beam circuit	Check OR wire between RH headlamp relay and RH headlamp for an open circuit.

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Trouble Diagnoses (For USA) (Cont'd)

	<u> </u>	, , , ,	1
Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order	
RH high beam does not operate, but RH low beam operates.	Bulb RH headlamp relay	 Check bulb. Check relay (located in fuse and fusible link box).] (G
out the boart operator.	2. 7 m modulatip roley	Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal ② of relay with lighting switch in the 2ND position and combination switch in the HIGH BEAM position.	[M
	3. Combination switch	3. Check combination switch. Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal ② of combination switch with lighting switch in the 2ND position.	
	4. Open in RH high beam circuit	Check OR/L wire between RH headlamp relay and RH headlamp for an open circuit.	
Flash-to-pass position does not work.	1. Combination switch	Check combination switch. Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminals (14) and (16) of combination switch.	,E(
	2. Open in flash-to-pass circuit	Check OR wire between combination switch and LH headlamp, and OR/L wire between combination switch and RH headlamp for an open circuit.	[F[
High beam indicator does not work.	1. Bulb 2. Grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123)	Check bulb in combination meter. Check grounds	i AT
	3. Open in high beam circuit	3. Check OR/L wire for an open circuit.	iF//

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System Description (For Canada)

The headlamp system for Canada vehicles contains a daytime light control unit. This unit activates the high beams at approximately half illumination whenever the engine is running. If the parking brake is applied before the engine is started, daytime lights will not be illuminated. The daytime lights will illuminate once the parking brake is released. Thereafter, the daytime lights will continue to operate when the parking brake is applied. For location of daytime light control unit, refer to EL-251.

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 15A fuse (No. 49, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to daytime light control unit terminal (4),
- combination switch terminal (6) and
- lighting switch terminal 1.

Power is also supplied at all times:

- through 15A fuse (No. 50, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to daytime light control unit terminal 3,
- combination switch terminal (14) and
- lighting switch terminal 3.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse (No. 30, located in the fuse block)
- to daytime light control unit terminal (5).

With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied:

- through 7.5A fuse (No. 12, located in the fuse block)
- to daytime light control unit terminal 1.

Ground is supplied to the daytime light control unit terminal (10) through body grounds (E3), (E14) and (E53).

HEADLAMP OPERATION

Low beam operation

When the combination switch is placed in the LOW ("B") position with the lighting switch in the 2ND position, power is supplied:

- from lighting switch terminal ②
- to LH headlamp relay terminal ③
- through LH headlamp relay terminal 4
- to LH headlamp terminal ③, and
- from lighting switch terminal (4)
- to RH headlamp relay terminal ③
- through RH headlamp relay terminal (4)
- to RH headlamp terminal (3).

Ground is supplied to LH headlamp terminal ② through body grounds E3, E14 and E53. Ground is supplied to RH headlamp terminal ②:

- through daytime light control unit terminal (8)
- from daytime light control unit terminal
- through body grounds (E3), (E14) and (M53).

With power and ground supplied, the low beam headlamps will illuminate.

High beam operation

When the combination switch is placed in the HIGH ("A") position, with the lighting switch in the 2ND position, power is supplied:

- to the combination switch terminal (12)
- through combination switch terminal (1)
- to LH headlamp relay terminal ② and
- RH headlamp relay terminal ②.

Ground is supplied each headlamp relay terminal (1) through body grounds (E3), (E14) and (E53).

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System Description (For Canada) (Cont'd)

With power and ground supplied, the headlamp relays energize and power is supplied: through LH headlamp relay terminal ⑤ to LH headlamp terminal ①, and through RH headlamp relay terminal ⑥ to combination meter terminal ⑥ for the HIGH BEAM indicator and to daytime light control unit terminal ⑥ through daytime light control unit terminal ⑦ to RH headlamp terminal ①.	@] MA
Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal 12 through body grounds M5, M78 and M123. Ground is supplied to LH headlamp terminal 2 through body grounds E3, E14 and E53. Ground is supplied to RH headlamp terminal 2: • through daytime light control unit terminal 8 • from daytime light control unit terminal 10 • through body grounds E3, E14 and E53.	em lg
With power and ground supplied, the high beams and HIGH BEAM indicator illuminate.	ISW
Flash-to-pass operation When the combination switch is placed in PASS ("C") position, both headlamp relays are energized to disable the low beams while the lighting switch is in the 2ND position or when the Autolamp system is on. Power is supplied:	FE AT
 through combination switch terminal (5) to LH headlamp terminal (1), and through combination switch terminal (3) to combination meter terminal (6) for the HIGH BEAM indicator and 	FΑ
 daytime light control unit terminal ⑥ through daytime light control unit terminal ⑦ to RH headlamp terminal ①. 	ÐA.
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With power and ground supplied, the high beams and HIGH BEAM indicator will illuminate until the combination switch is released from the PASS ("C") position.	ST
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System Description (For Canada) (Cont'd)

DAYTIME LIGHT OPERATION

With the engine running and the lighting switch in the OFF position, power is supplied:

- to daytime light control unit terminal 4
- through daytime light control unit terminal (7)
- to RH headlamp terminal ①
- through RH headlamp terminal 2
- to daytime light control unit terminal (8)
- through daytime light control unit terminal (9)
- to LH headlamp terminal ①.

Ground is supplied to LH headlamp terminal ② through body grounds E3, E14 and E53. Because the high beam headlamps are now wired in series, they operate at half illumination.

Operation (Daytime light system for Canada)

The headlamps' high beams automatically turn on after starting the engine with the lighting switch in OFF or 1ST position. Lighting switch operations other than the above are the same as conventional light systems.

Engine				With engine stopped									With engine running							
Lighting switch position			OFF	:		1ST			2NC)		OFF			1ST			2ND)	
Combination switch position		Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	
Headlamp	High beam	X	Х	0	Х	Х	0	0	Х	0	Δ*	Δ*	0	Δ*	Δ*	0	0	х	0	
	Low beam	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	X	0	X	
Front side marker and tail lamp		Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	
License and instrument illumination lamp		X	Х	X	0	0	0	0	0	0	х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	

^{○:} Lamp ON

X: Lamp OFF

^{△:} Lamp dims

^{☐:} Added functions

^{*:} When starting the engine with the parking brake released, the daytime light will come ON. When starting the engine with the parking brake applied, the daytime light won't come ON.

Schematic (For Canada) AL : With autolamp To illumination system IGNITION SWITCH ON AUTOLAMP CONTROL UNIT IGNITION SWITCH ON or START α W. AUTO! AMP RELAY [F]] GENERATOR IGNITION SWITCH START CHARGE 4 3 2 1 5 DAYTIME LIGHT CONTROL UNIT 11 ÅL BATTERY FUSE PARKING BRAKE SWITCH To warning lamps COMBINATION SWITCH | LOW HIGHPASS | | REAM BEAM | 100 | | 11 | O | O | | 12 | O | O | | 13 | O | O | | 14 | 961 HIGH BEAM INDICATOR HFADLAMP RH ww HEADLAMP RELAY RH HEADLAMP LH ww HEADLAMP RELAY LH AEL857A

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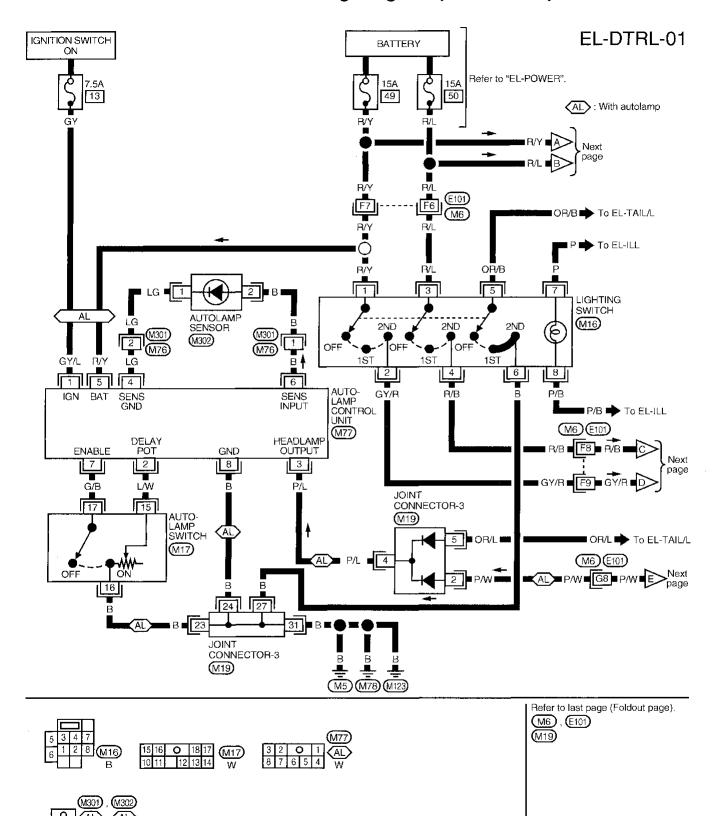
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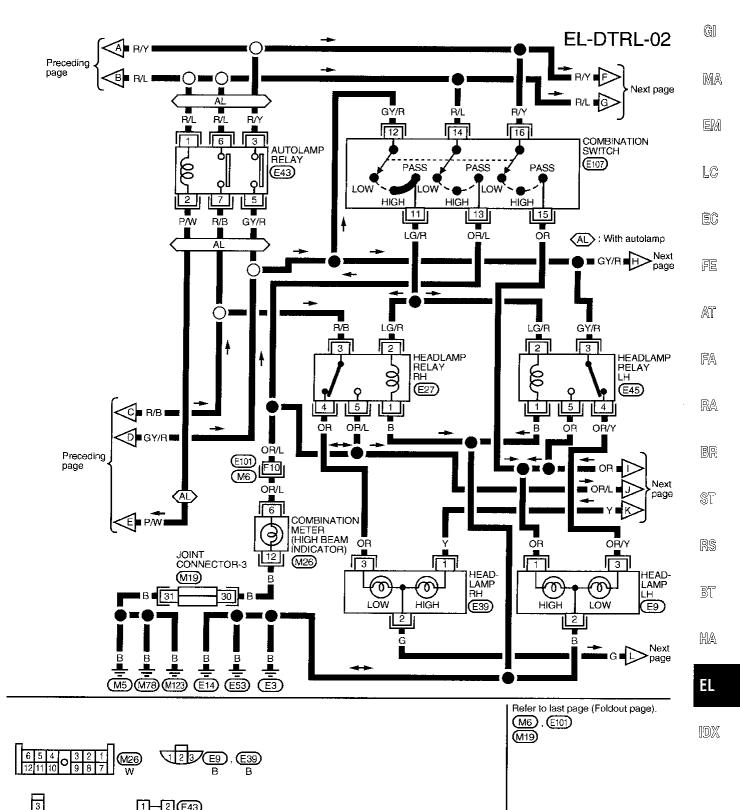
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Wiring Diagram (For Canada) -DTRL-



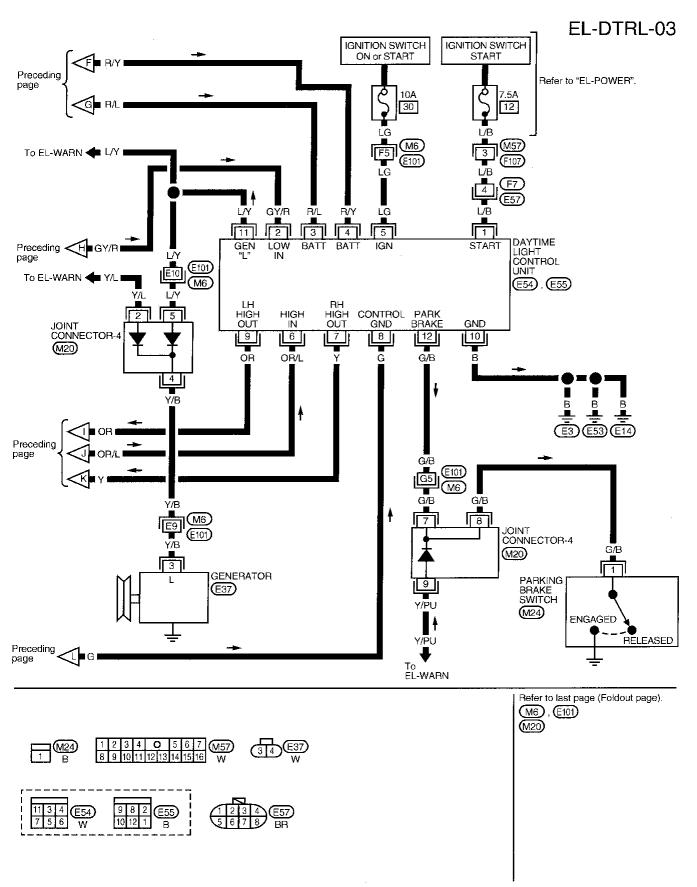
Wiring Diagram (For Canada) –DTRL– (Cont'd)



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Wiring Diagram (For Canada) –DTRL– (Cont'd)



Trouble Diagnoses (For Canada)

DAYTIME LIGHT CONTROL UNIT INSPECTION TABLE

(Data are reference values.)

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				(Data are reference values.)
Ter- minal No.	Item		Condition	Judgement standard
1	Start signal	(C37)	When turning ignition switch to ST	Battery positive voltage
		Con	When turning ignition switch to ON from ST	1V or less
		(CF)	When turning ignition switch to OFF	1V or less
2	Lighting switch (Low beam)		When turning lighting switch to 2ND position	Battery positive voltage
3	Power source	CON	When turning ignition switch to ON	Battery positive voltage
		Coff	When turning ignition switch to OFF	Battery positive voltage
4	Power source	CON	When turning ignition switch to ON	Battery positive voltage
		Corr	When turning ignition switch to OFF	Battery positive voltage
5	Power source	Can	When turning ignition switch to ON	Battery positive voltage
		(Cs7)	When turning ignition switch to ST	Battery positive voltage
		COFF	When turning ignition switch to OFF	1V or less
6	Combination switch (High beam)		When placing combination switch to HIGH with lighting switch in 2ND position	Battery positive voltage
			When placing combination switch to PASS	Battery positive voltage
7	RH high beam		When placing combination switch to HIGH with lighting switch in 2ND position	Battery positive voltage
			When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to OFF (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector lever is in ("N") or ("P") position	Battery positive voltage
8	RH headlamp con-		When lighting switch is turned to 2ND	1V or less
-	trol (ground)		When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to OFF (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector	Approx. half battery voltage
:			lever is in ("N") or ("P") position	

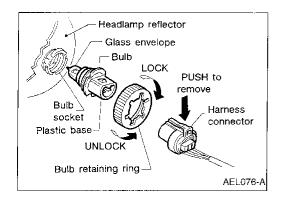
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EL-53

Trouble Diagnoses (For Canada) (Cont'd)

Ter- minal No.	ltem		Condition	Judgement standard
9	LH high beam		When placing combination switch to HIGH	Battery positive voltage
			When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to OFF (daytime lamp operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector lever is in ("N") or ("P") position	Approx. half battery voltage
10	Ground		_	
11	Generator	(Con)	When turning ignition switch to ON	4.6V or less
			When engine is running	Battery positive voltage
			When turning ignition switch to OFF	1V or less
12	Parking brake switch	(P)	When parking brake is released	Battery positive voltage
		(Con)	When parking brake is set	1.5V or less

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Bulb Replacement

The headlamp is a semi-sealed beam type which uses a replaceable halogen bulb. The bulb can be replaced from the engine compartment side without removing the headlamp body.

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- Grasp only the plastic base when handling the bulb.
 Never touch the glass envelope.
- 1. Disconnect the battery cable.
- 2. Disconnect electrical connector from the bulb.
- Turn bulb retainer counterclockwise to unlock it from headlamp reflector, then remove it.
- Pull out the headlamp bulb and socket as an assembly. Do not shake or rotate the bulb when removing it. Do not handle the glass envelope.

CAUTION:

Do not leave headlamp reflector without bulb for a long period of time. Dust, moisture, smoke, etc. entering headlamp body may affect the performance of the headlamp. Remove headlamp bulb from the headlamp reflector just before a replacement bulb is installed.

Bulb Specifications

ltem	Wattage (W)	Bulb No.
Headlamp (Semi-sealed beam)		
High/Low	65/45	9004

Aiming Adjustment

When performing headlamp aiming adjustment, use an aiming machine, aiming wall screen or headlamp tester. Aimers should be in good repair, calibrated and operated according to their operation manuals. Before performing aiming adjustment, make sure of the following:

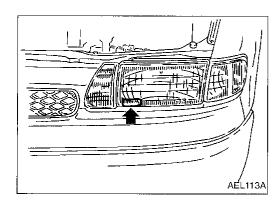
- Keep all tires inflated to correct pressure.
- Place vehicle on level ground.
- See that vehicle is unloaded (except for full levels of coolant, engine oil and fuel, and spare tire, jack, and tools). Have the driver or equivalent weight placed in driver's seat.

AIMER ADJUSTMENT MARK

When using a mechanical aimer, set adapter legs to the adjustment data marked on each headlamp. Example:

4H2V

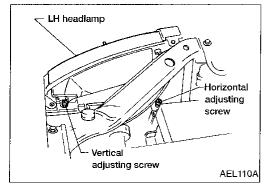
Horizontal side: 4 Vertical side: 2

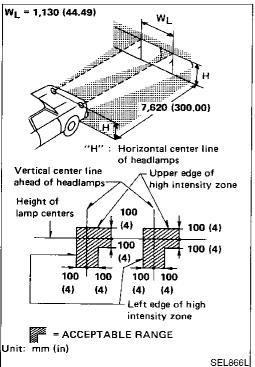


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Aiming Adjustment (Cont'd) LOW BEAM

- 1. Turn headlamp low beam ON.
- 2. Use adjusting screws to perform aiming adjustment.





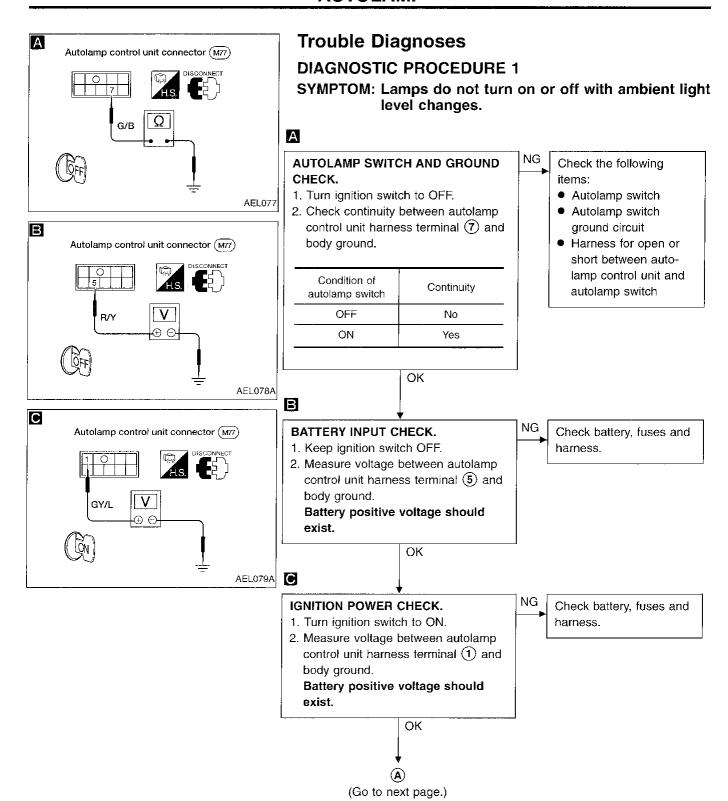
- Adjust headlamps so that upper edge and left edge of the high intensity zone are within the acceptable range as shown at left.
- Dotted lines in illustration show center of headlamp.
- "H": Horizontal center line of headlamp
- "W_L": Distance between each headlamp center

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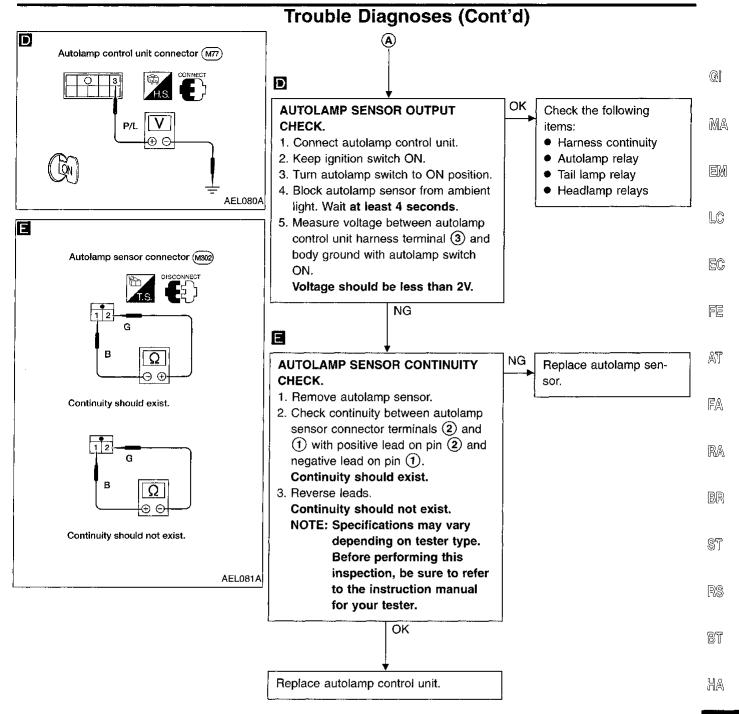
System Description

	- ,	
	For wiring diagram refer to EL-42 (for USA), EL-50 (for Canada).	a.
	The autolamps are controlled by the autolamp switch and the autolamp control unit. Power is supplied at	@I
	 all times: through 15A fuse (No. 49, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to autolamp control unit terminal (5) and autolamp relay terminal (3), and 	MA
	 through 15A fuse (No. 50, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to autolamp relay terminals ① and ⑥. 	EM
	 When the ignition switch is in the ON position, power is supplied: through 7.5A fuse (No. 13, located in the fuse block) to autolamp control unit terminal 1. 	1.G
	AUTOMATIC ILLUMINATION	īC
	When the autolamp switch is turned to the ON position, ground is supplied to the autolamp control unit terminal ⑦:	
	 through autolamp switch terminal ① to autolamp switch terminal ① 	FE
	• through body grounds M5, M78 and M123.	AT
	With power at terminals 1 and 5, and ground supplied, the autolamp control unit will measure the	R 90
	 ambient light intensity through terminals ④ and ⑥. If the autolamp sensor does not detect sufficient light, then ground is supplied: to autolamp relay terminal ② and tail lamp relay terminal ① 	FA
	 tall lamp relay terminal (*) through autolamp control unit terminal (*) to autolamp control unit terminal (*) 	RA
	• through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123).	BR
	With power and ground supplied, the autolamp relays are energized and power is supplied: through autolamp relay terminal ⑤	Dr.
	 to LH headlamp relay terminal ③ through LH headlamp relay terminal ④ 	ST
	 to LH headlamp terminal ③, and through autolamp relay terminal ⑦ 	
	• to RH headlamp relay terminal ③	RS
	 through RH headlamp relay terminal ④ to RH headlamp terminal ③. 	BT
	For USA models, ground is supplied to each headlamp terminal ② through body grounds E3 , E14 and (E53).	
	For Canada models, ground is supplied to LH headlamp terminal ② through body grounds E3 , E14 and E53 . Ground is supplied to RH headlamp terminal ② through daytime light control unit terminal	HA
	8.	EL
1	With power and ground supplied, the headlamps will illuminate.	
	DELAYED EXIT	
	With the autolamp switch in the ON position and the ignition switch turned from the ON to OFF position, the autolamp control unit will no longer receive a voltage signal at terminal ①. This will start the autolamp control unit's internal timer. The timer is set based on the resistance value at autolamp control unit terminal ②. With the timer running, the headlamps and parking lamps will continue to illuminate. When the timer reaches the end of its cycle, the headlamps and parking lamps will turn off.	, 53 &

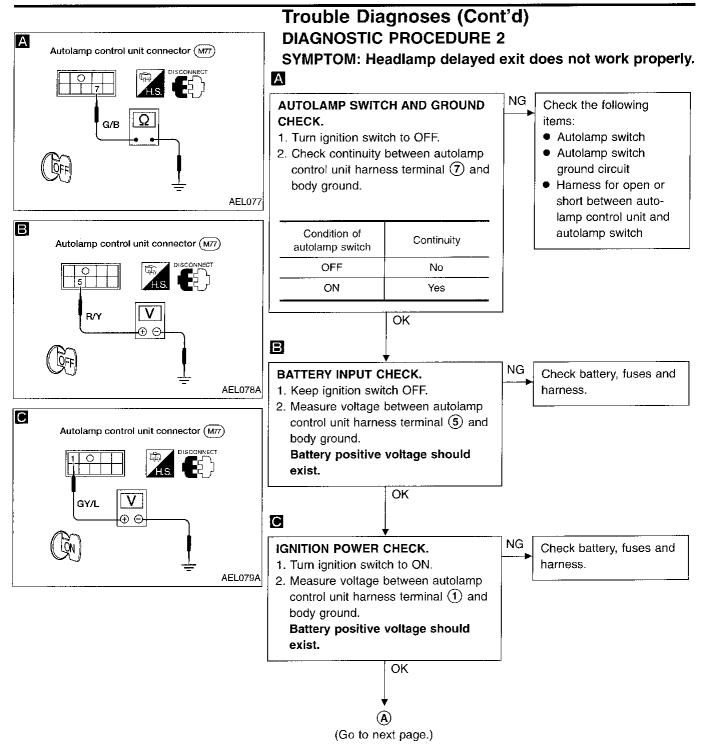
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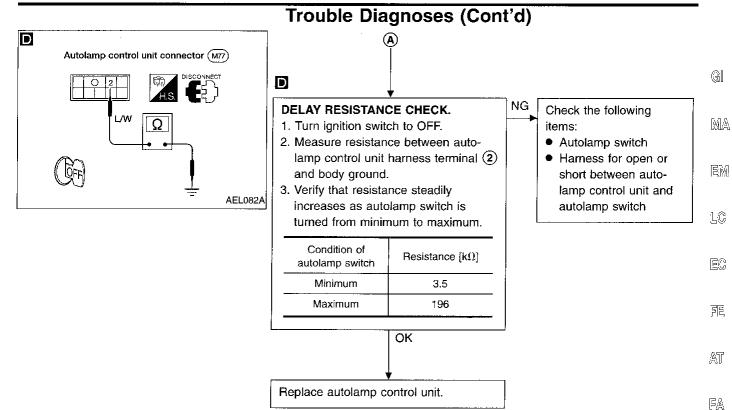
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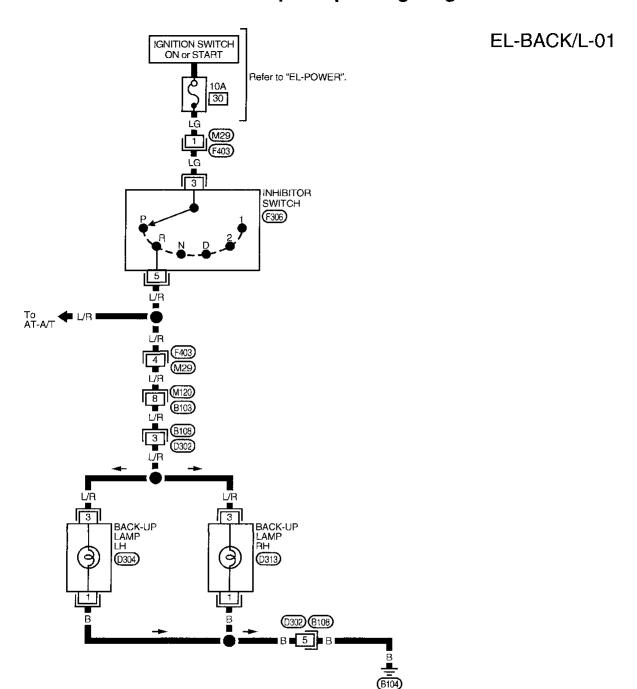
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Back-up Lamp/Wiring Diagram -BACK/L-







EXTERIOR LAMP

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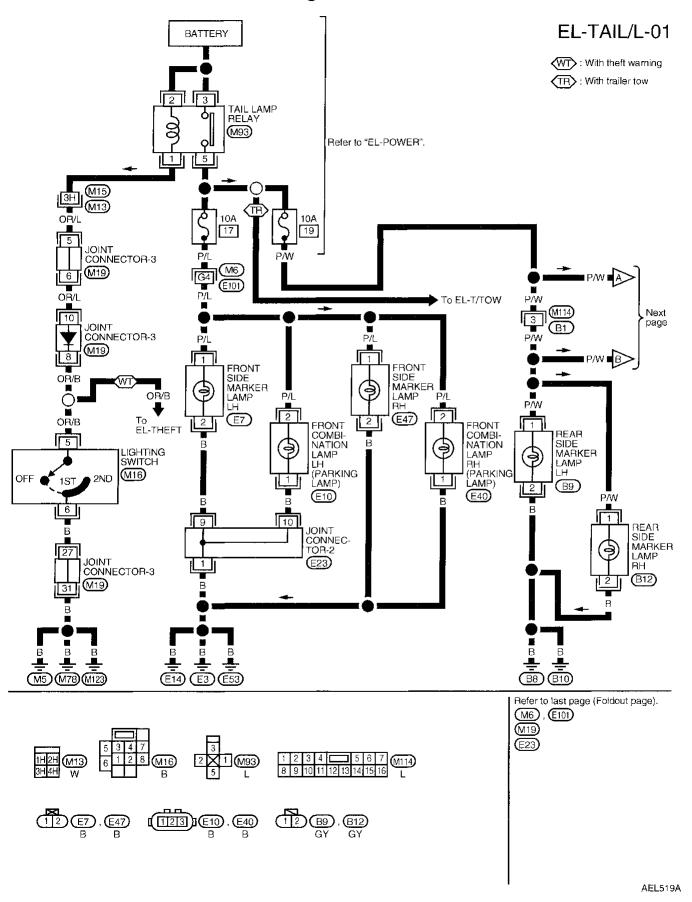
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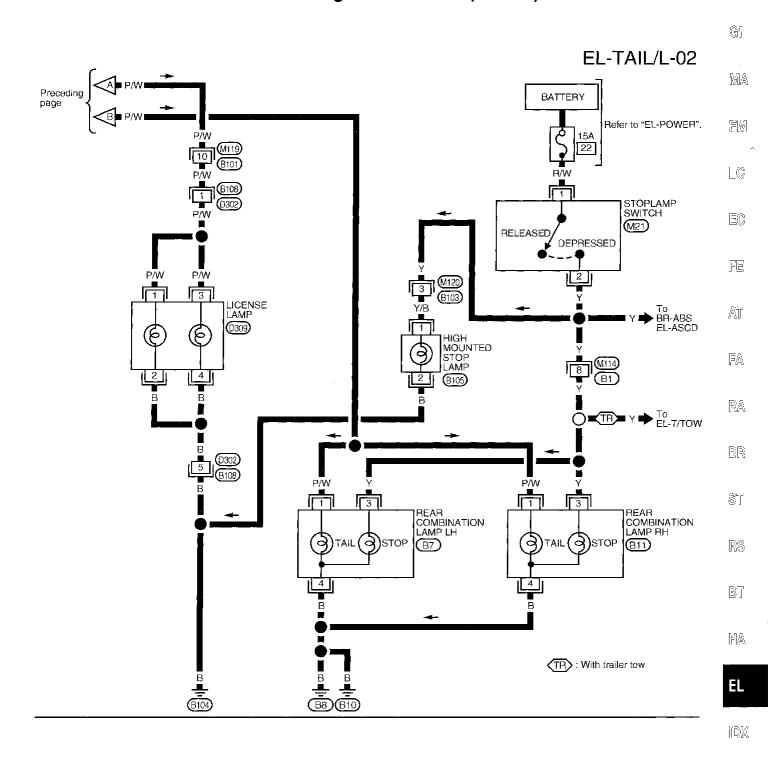
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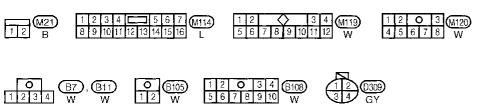
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Parking, License, Tail and Stop Lamps/Wiring Diagram -TAIL/L-



Parking, License, Tail and Stop Lamps/Wiring Diagram –TAIL/L– (Cont'd)





EXTERIOR LAMP

Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/System Description

TURN SIGNAL OPERATION

With the hazard switch in the OFF position and the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse (No. 27, located in the fuse block)
- to hazard switch terminal (2)
- through hazard switch terminal ①
- to combination flasher unit terminal (1)
- through combination flasher unit terminal (3)
- to turn signal switch terminal ①.

Ground is supplied to combination flasher unit terminal ② through body grounds M5, M78 and M123.

LH turn

When the turn signal switch is moved to the LH position, power is supplied from turn signal switch terminal ② to:

- front turn signal lamp LH terminal (3),
- rear combination lamp LH terminal (2) and
- combination meter terminal (5).

Ground is supplied to the front turn signal lamp LH terminal 1 through body grounds E3, E14 and E53.

Ground is supplied to the rear combination lamp LH terminal 4 through body grounds B3 and B10. Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal 22 through body grounds M5, M78 and M123. With power and grounds supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing of the LH turn signal lamps.

RH turn

When the turn signal switch is moved to the RH position, power is supplied from turn signal switch terminal ③ to:

- front turn signal lamp RH terminal ③,
- rear combination lamp RH terminal ② and
- combination meter terminal ②.

Ground is supplied to the front turn signal lamp RH terminal 1 through body grounds E3, E14 and E53.

Ground is supplied to the rear combination lamp RH terminal 4 through body grounds B3 and B10. Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal 22 through body grounds M5, M78 and M123. With power and grounds supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing of the RH turn signal lamps.

HAZARD LAMP OPERATION

Power is supplied at all times:

- to hazard switch terminal ③
- through 10A fuse (No. 23, located in the fuse block).

With the hazard switch in the ON position, power is supplied:

- through hazard switch terminal (1)
- to combination flasher unit terminal (1)
- through combination flasher unit terminal (3)
- to hazard switch terminal (5).

Ground is supplied to combination flasher unit terminal ② through body grounds M5, M78 and M123.

Power is supplied through hazard switch terminal 4 to:

- front turn signal lamp LH terminal (3),
- rear combination lamp LH terminal (2) and
- combination meter terminal (5).

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EXTERIOR LAMP

Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/System Description (Cont'd)

Power is supplied through hazard switch terminal **(6)** to:

- front turn signal lamp RH terminal 3,
- rear combination lamp RH terminal ② and
- combination meter terminal ②.

Ground is supplied to each front turn signal lamp terminal 1 through body grounds E3, E14 and E53.

Ground is supplied to each rear combination lamp terminal (4) through body grounds (B8) and (B10). Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal (22) through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123). With power and ground supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing of the hazard warning lamps.

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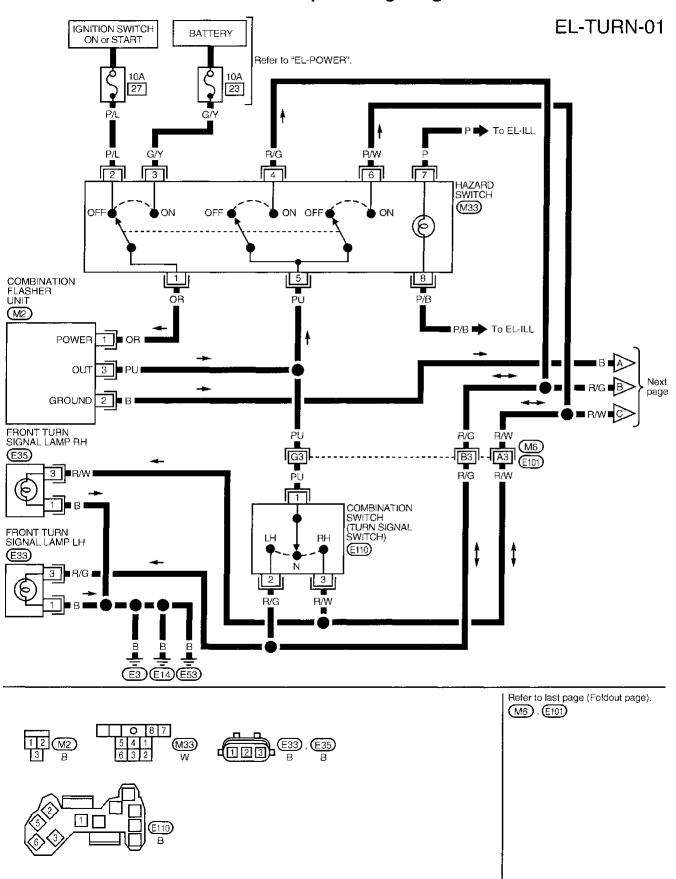
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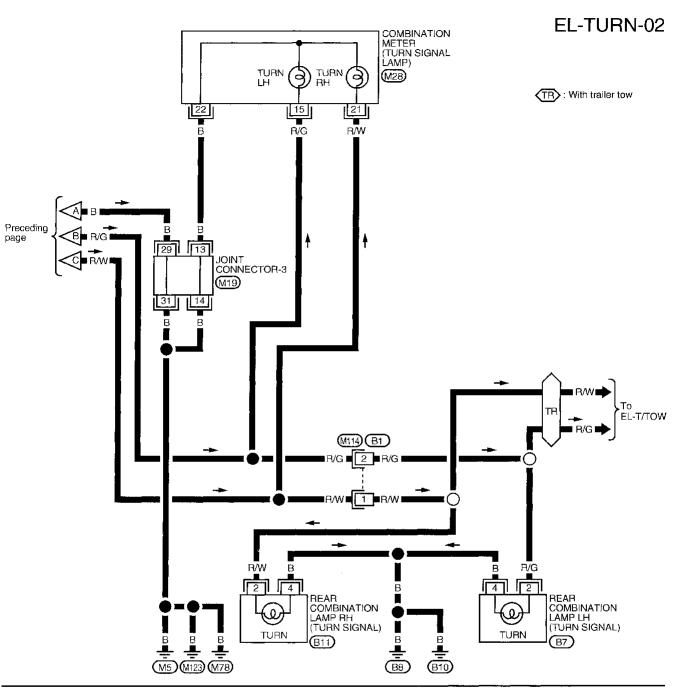
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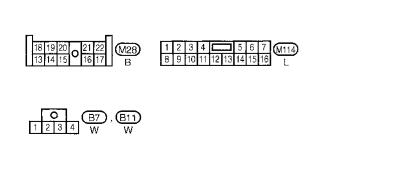
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Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram -TURN-



Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram -TURN- (Cont'd)





Refer to last page (Foldout page). (M19)AEL522A

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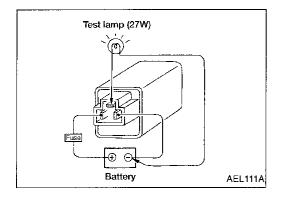
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Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order
Turn signal and hazard warning lamps do not operate.	Hazard switch Combination flasher unit Open in combination flasher unit circuit	 Check hazard switch. Refer to combination flasher unit check. Check wiring to combination flasher unit for open circuit.
Turn signal lamps do not operate but hazard warning lamps operate.	1. 10A fuse	Check 10A fuse (No. 27, located in fuse block). Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 2 of hazard switch.
	2. Hazard switch	2. Check hazard switch.
	3. Turn signal switch	3. Check turn signal switch.
	4. Open in turn signal switch cir-	4. Check PU wire between combination flasher unit
	cuit	and turn signal switch for open circuit.
Hazard warning lamps do not operate but turn signal lamps operate.	1. 10A fuse	Check 10A fuse (No. 23, located in fuse block). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 3 of hazard switch.
	2. Hazard switch	2. Check hazard switch.
	3. Open in hazard switch circuit	Check PU wire between combination flasher unit and hazard switch for open circuit.
Front turn signal lamp LH or RH	1. Bulb	1. Check bulb.
does not operate.	2. Grounds (E3), (E14) and (E53)	2. Check grounds (E3), (E14) and (E53).
Rear turn signal lamp LH or RH	1. Bulb	1. Check bulb.
does not operate.	2. Grounds (B8) and (B10)	2. Check grounds (B8) and (B10).
LH and RH turn indicators do not operate.	1. Grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123)	1. Check grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123).
LH or RH turn indicator does not operate.	1. Bulb	Check bulb in combination meter.



Combination Flasher Unit Check

- Before checking, ensure that bulbs meet specifications.
- Connect a battery and test lamp to the combination flasher unit, as shown. Combination flasher unit is properly functioning if it blinks when power is supplied to the circuit.

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EXTERIOR LAMP

Cornering Lamp/System Description

The lighting switch must be in the 1ST or 2ND position for the cornering lamps to operate. The cornering lamp switch is part of the combination switch and is controlled by the turn signal lever. The cornering lamps provide additional lighting in the direction of the turn.

With the lighting switch in the 1ST or 2ND position, the tail lamp relay is energized and power is supplied:

- from tail lamp relay terminal 5
- through 10A fuse (No. 17, located in the fuse block)
- to cornering lamp switch terminal 4.

RH turn

When the turn signal lever is moved to the RH position, power is supplied:

- from cornering lamp switch terminal 4
- through cornering lamp switch terminal 6
- to cornering lamp RH terminal 3.

Ground is supplied to cornering lamp RH terminal ① through body grounds E3 , E14 and E53 . The RH cornering lamp illuminates until the turn is completed.

LH turn

When the turn signal lever is moved to the LH position, power is supplied:

- from cornering lamp switch terminal (4)
- through cornering lamp switch terminal (5)
- to cornering lamp LH terminal 3.

Ground is supplied to cornering lamp LH terminal ① through body grounds E3 , E14 and E53 . The LH cornering lamp illuminates until the turn is completed.

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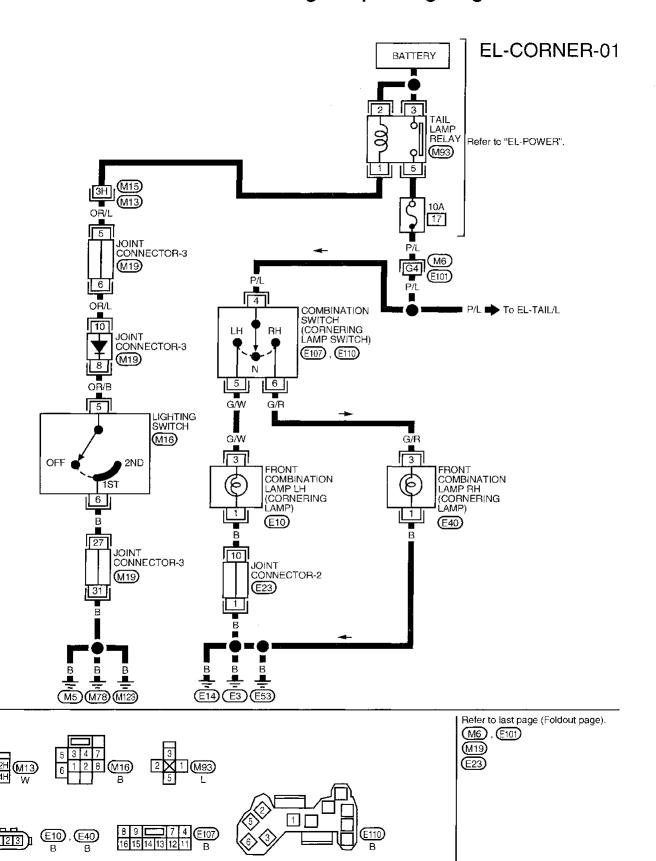
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Cornering Lamp/Wiring Diagram -CORNER-



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EXTERIOR LAMP

Bulb Specifications

ltem	Wattage (W)	Bulb No.	(S)
Headlamp (Semi-sealed beam)			— G1
High/Low	65/45	9004	[M]/
Front combination lamp			2009
Front side marker	3.8	194	TOP 1
Parking/Cornering	8.25/27	3157	en
Front turn signal lamp	27	3156	
Rear combination lamp			ILQ
Turn signal	27	2057	
Stop/Tail	27	2057	
Back-up	27	3156	
Rear side marker lamp	3.8	194	(F15
License plate lamp	3.8	194	! . *[⊆
High-mounted stop lamp	12.8	912	

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TRAILER TOW

System Description

TRAILER TAIL LAMP OPERATION

With the lighting switch in the 1ST or 2ND position, the tail lamp relay is energized and power is supplied:

- from tail lamp relay terminal 5
- through 10A fuse (No. 19, located in the fuse block)
- to trailer harness connector terminal (2).

Ground is supplied to trailer harness connector terminal ① through body grounds ② and ② . With power and ground supplied, the trailer tail lamps will illuminate.

TRAILER STOP, TURN SIGNAL AND HAZARD LAMP OPERATION

The trailer stop, turn signal and hazard lamps are all controlled by the trailer tow control unit. The trailer tow control unit regulates the amount of voltage supplied to the trailer lamps. If either turn signal or the hazard lamps are turned on and the control unit gets a brake lamp input, the control unit supplies more voltage to the trailer lamps to make them illuminate brighter.

Power is supplied to trailer tow control unit terminals ③ and ④ through 15A fuse (No. 22, located in the fuse block) at all times.

Stop lamp input is supplied to trailer tow control unit terminal ①.

Left turn signal and hazard lamp input is supplied to trailer tow control unit terminal ⑦.

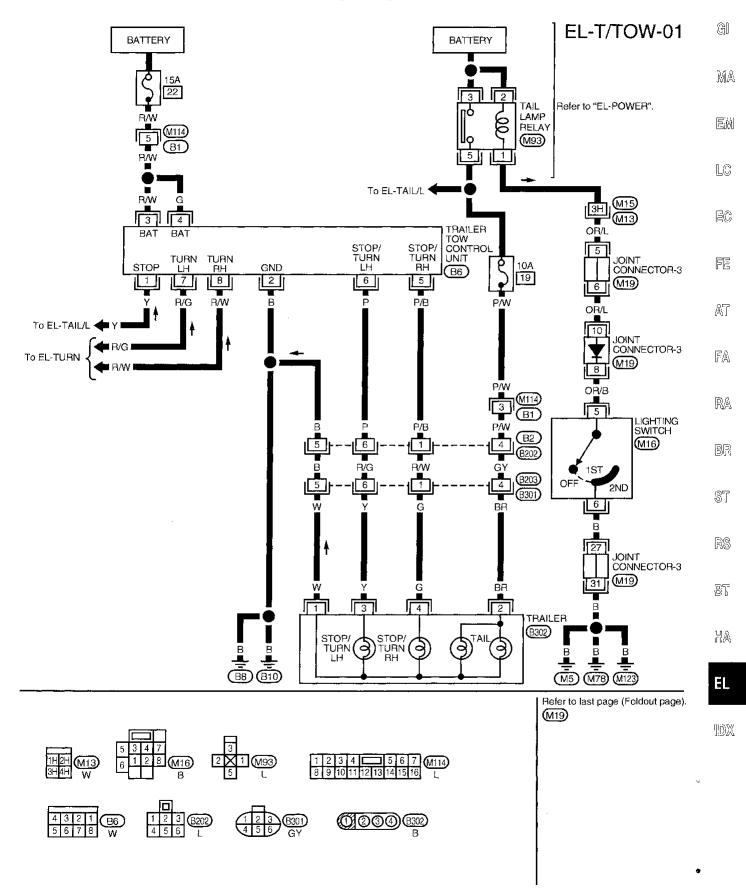
Right turn signal and hazard lamp input is supplied to trailer tow control unit terminal (8).

The trailer left stop, turn signal and hazard lamps are controlled by trailer tow control unit terminal (6), which supplies power to trailer harness connector terminal (3).

The trailer right stop, turn signal and hazard lamps are controlled by trailer tow control unit terminal (5), which supplies power to trailer harness connector terminal (4).

Ground is supplied to trailer tow control unit terminal ②, and trailer harness connector terminal ① through body grounds (B8) and (B10).

Wiring Diagram -T/TOW-



TRAILER TOW

Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order
Tail lamps do not operate on trailer.	 Bulb(s) Fuse Open circuit Grounds (B8) and (B10) 	 Check bulb(s). Check 10A fuse (No. 19/1, located in the fuse block). Check for open circuit between fuse No. 19/1 and trailer tow connector terminal (2).
Oten Jenne de met en ente		4. Check grounds (B8) and (B10).
Stop lamps do not operate on trailer.	1. Bulb(s) 2. Fuse	 Check bulb(s). Check 15A fuse (No. 22, located in the fuse block). Verify battery voltage at terminals 3 and 4 of trailer tow control unit.
	3. Trailer tow control unit	3. Verify battery positive voltage at terminal 1 (stop lamp input) of trailer tow control unit when brake pedal is depressed.
	4. Open circuit	 Check for open circuit between 15A fuse No. [22] and terminals ③ and ④ of trailer tow control unit. Check for open circuit between trailer tow control unit terminals ⑥ and ⑤, and terminals ③ and ④ of trailer tow connector.
	5. Grounds (B8) and (B10) 6. Stop lamp circuit	5. Check grounds (B8) and (B10).6. Check stop lamp circuit.
Turn signals or hazard lamps do not operate on trailer.	1. Bulb(s) 2. Fuse	 Check bulb(s). Check 15A fuse (No. 22, located in the fuse block). Verify battery voltage at terminals 3 and 4 of trailer tow control unit.
	3. Trailer tow control unit	3. Check for fluctuating voltage (battery to zero volts) at terminals 7 and 8 (turn/hazard inputs) and terminals 6 and 5 (turn/hazard ouputs) of the trailer tow control unit.
	4. Open circuit	 4. Check for open circuit between terminals 6 and 5 of the trailer tow control unit, and terminals 3 and 4 of the trailer tow connector.
	5. Grounds (B8) and (B10) 6. Turn signal circuit	Check grounds (BB) and (B10). Check turn signal circuit.

INTERIOR LAMP

f llu	mination/System Des	cription	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ver is supplied at all times: through 7.5A fuse (No. 41, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to smart entrance control unit terminal ⑨.		
Power is supplied at all times: to tail lamp relay terminals ② and ③.			
 With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied: through 10A fuse (No. 5, located in the fuse block) to door mirror remote control switch terminal (2). 			
Ground is supplied to smart entrance control (M123).	unit terminal @ through bod	y grounds (M5), (M78) and	LG
 With the lighting switch in the 1ST or 2ND position, the tail lamp relay is energized and power is supplied: from tail lamp relay terminal 5 through 7.5A fuse (No. 18), located in the fuse block) to power terminal on all illuminated components except door mirror remote control switch. 			ĒÇ
The illumination control switch in combination with the smart entrance control unit control the amount of current flow through the illumination system. This is accomplished by varying the amount of ground sup-			FE Aï
 When the illumination control switch is pushe to smart entrance control unit terminal (39) through illumination control switch terminal (19) through body grounds (M5), (M78) and 	al (3)	ground is supplied:	FA
 When the illumination control switch is pushed to smart entrance control unit terminal small through illumination control switch terminal from illumination control switch terminal from through body grounds 5, 7 	ed in the DARKER direction, of al 12	ground is supplied:	AS
Ground is supplied to the illumination system from smart entrance control unit terminal ເs.			ST
The rear A/C control unit and rear radio remonation control switch. The intensity of these and rear radio remote control unit terminal (7) (M78) and (M123).	lamps does not change. Rea	r A/C control unit terminal 4	18. 18.
The following chart indicates power and grou	nd terminals for the illuminati	on system components.	lo)]
Component	Power terminal	Ground terminal	HA
Radio	20	(18)	
Rear wiper switch	4	5	FI

Component	Power terminal	Ground terminal
Radio	20	(18)
Rear wiper switch	4	5
Front A/C control unit	25	26
Rear fan switch (front)*	2	3
Hazard switch	7	8
Rear A/C control unit*	(1)	4
Cigarette lighter illumination*	1	2
Rear radio remote control unit*	8	7
Combination meter	23 and 10	24 and (11)
ASCD main switch*	(5)	6
Rear window defogger switch	(5)	6
Lighting switch	7	8

^{* (}f equipped.

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INTERIOR LAMP

Illumination/System Description (Cont'd)

Power terminal	Ground terminal	
11)	10	
3	4	
6	5	
7	8	
1	2	
6	①	
2	8	
	Power terminal (1) (3) (6) (7) (1) (6)	

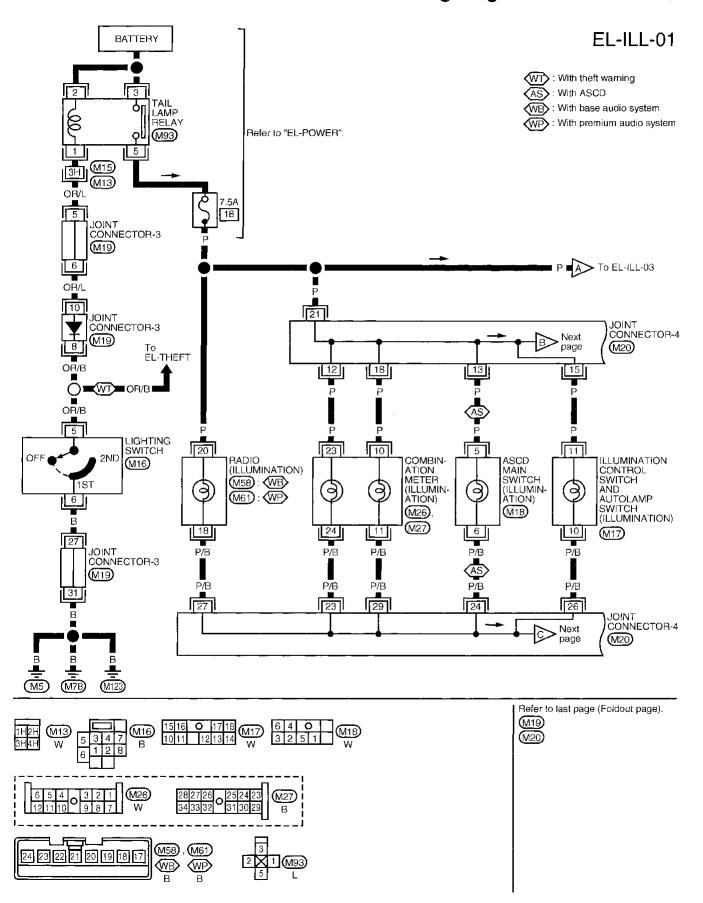
^{*} If equipped.

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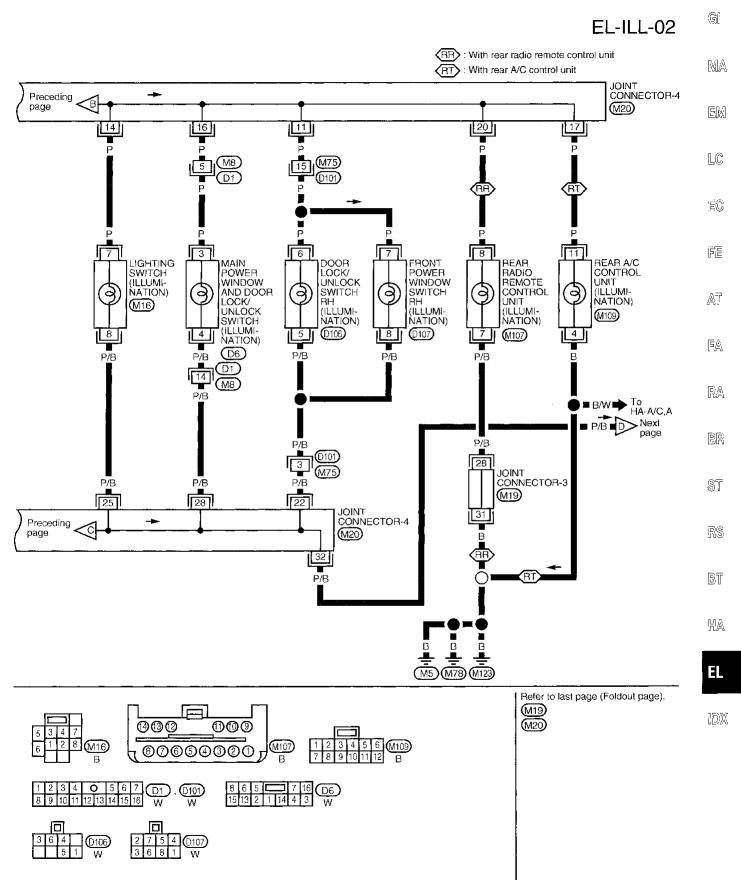
Illumination/Schematic DOOR MIRROR REMOTE CONTROL SWITCH (ILLUMINATION) G1 BATTERY -(1)- REAR WIPER SWITCH MA (M) SWITCH: REAR FAN SWITCH (ILLUMINATION) (P) 7 R IGNITION S ACC or Σ REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH (ILLUMINATION) (N) LO HAZARD SWITCH (I),LUMINATION) (D) digarette lighter illumination EATC UNIT (ILLUMINATION) EC \odot control 15 SMART ENTRANCE CONTROL UNI FRONT A/C CONTROL UNIT (ILLUMINATION) ΕĄ FH \bigcirc 몿 묏 control mirrors warning ASHTRAY (ILLUMINATION) \odot AT A/C CIGARETTI LIGHIER (ILLUMINATION)* Withous EATC 35 20 With theft With power WITH ASCO With FATC (M) \complement $^{\circ}$ REAR A/C CUNIRCL UNI! (ILLUMINATION) With ₩ith (D) $\stackrel{\wedge}{\sim}$ RT Æ AS. REAR RADIO REMOTE CONTROL UNI: (ILLUMINATION) 器 \succeq WE ĒΫ́ L.M. $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$ (M) 띪 FRONT POWER WINDOW SWITCH RH (ILLUMINATION) RS (D) DOOR LOCK/UNLOCK ST SWITCH RH (ILLUMINATION) (M) RS MAIN POWER WINDOW AND DOOR LOCK/UNLOCK SWITCH (I!LUMINATION) (10) ILLUMINATION CONTROL SWITCH AND AUTOLAMP SWITCH (ILLUMINATION) 87 \bigcirc HIA ASCD MAIN SWITCH (ILLUMINATION) SWITCH <a>⊕ CONTROL EL COMBINATION METER (ILLUMINATION) <₩ ILLUMINATION C 12 N DARK 13 O COMBINATION METER (ILLUMINATION) IDX FUSE BALLERY (P) (NOTTANIMULLE) DICAR (D) M 둫 SWITCH LIGHIING : 10FF11St / 0 ¥ 8 8 ¥ 8 AEL919A

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Illumination/Wiring Diagram -ILL-

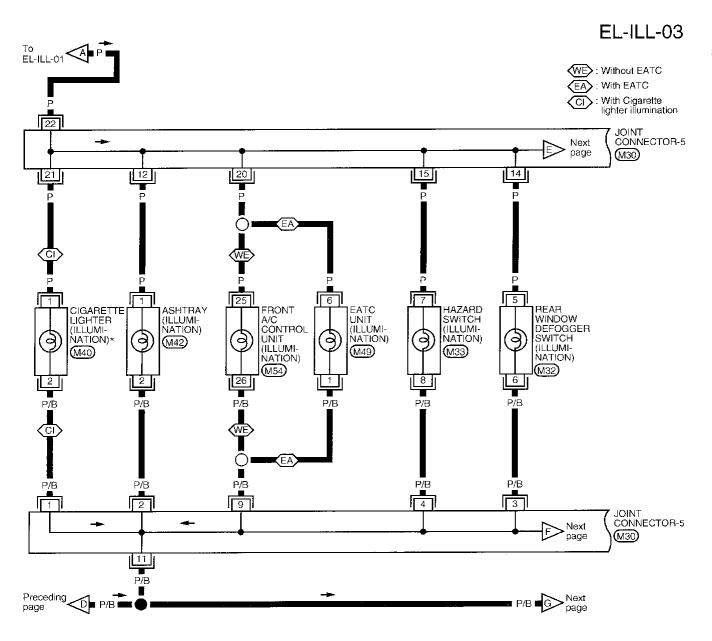


Illumination/Wiring Diagram -ILL- (Cont'd)

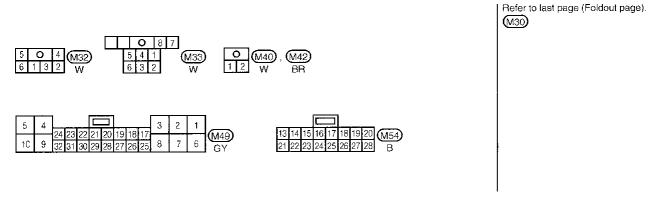


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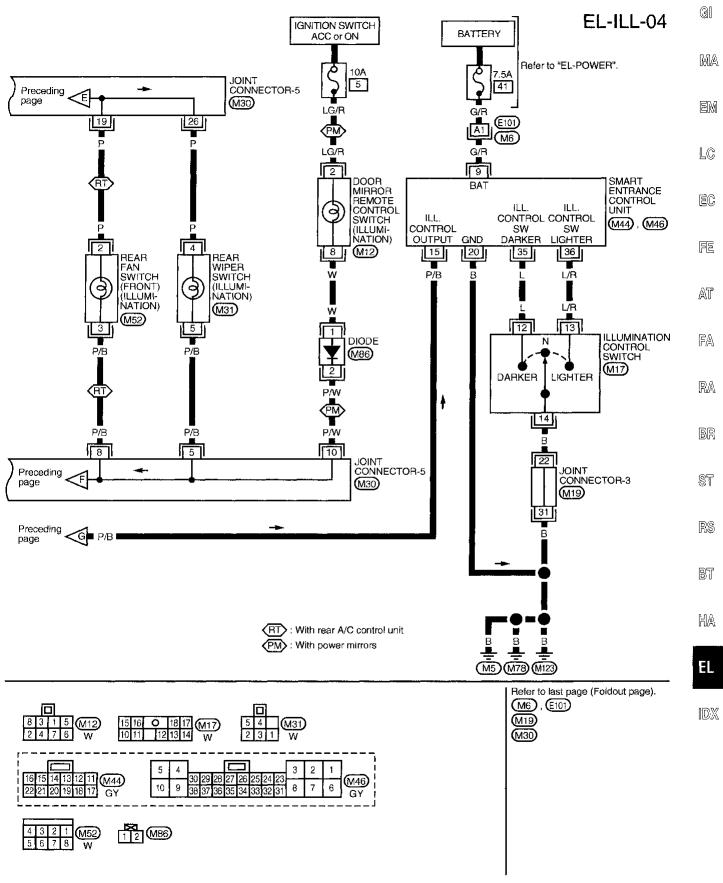
Illumination/Wiring Diagram -ILL- (Cont'd)



* If equipped



Illumination/Wiring Diagram -ILL- (Cont'd)



Interior, Map, Personal, Step and Tailgate Lamps/System Description

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 15A fuse (No. 21, located in the fuse block)
- to joint connector-5 terminal 33, and
- through 7.5A fuse (No. 41, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal 9.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse (No. 30, located in the fuse block)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal 25.

FRONT ROOM LAMP

Power is supplied at all times:

- from joint connector-5 terminal ②
- to front room lamp terminal ①.

When the front room lamp switch is placed in the ON position, ground is supplied to front room lamp terminal 3 through body grounds M5, M78 and M123.

With power and ground supplied the front room lamp will illuminate.

If the front room lamp switch is placed in the DOOR position and either front door or sliding door is opened, ground is supplied to front room lamp terminal ② through smart entrance control unit terminal ②).

With power and ground supplied, the front room lamp will illuminate.

If the front room lamp switch is placed in the OFF position, the front room lamp will not illuminate.

REAR ROOM LAMP

Power is supplied at all times:

- from joint connector-5 terminal ②
- to rear room lamp terminal (1).

When the rear room lamp switch is placed in the ON position, ground is supplied to rear room lamp switch terminal ③ through smart entrance control unit terminal ⑥.

With power and ground supplied, the rear room lamp will illuminate.

If the rear room lamp switch is placed in the DOOR position and either front door, sliding door or tailgate is opened, ground is supplied to rear room lamp terminal ② through smart entrance control unit terminal ②.

With power and ground supplied, the rear room lamp will illuminate.

If the rear room lamp switch is placed in the OFF position, the rear room lamp will not illuminate.

STEP LAMPS

Power is supplied at all times:

- from joint connector-5 terminal @
- to front step lamp RH terminal ①, and
- from joint connector-5 terminal 32
- to front step lamp LH terminal ①, and
- from joint connector-5 terminal 31
- to sliding door step lamp terminal ①.

When either front door or sliding door is opened, ground is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal (2)
- to front step lamp RH terminal (2)
- front step lamp LH terminal ② and
- sliding door step lamp terminal ②.

With power and ground supplied, the step lamps will illuminate.

INTERIOR LAMP

Interior, Map, Personal, Step and Tailgate Lamps/System Description (Cont'd)

FOOT LAMPS

Power is supplied at all times:

- from joint connector-5 terminal ②
- to foot lamp RH terminal (1), and
- from joint connector-5 terminal @
- to foot lamp LH terminal (1).

When either front door or sliding door is opened, ground is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal (1)
- to foot step lamp RH terminal (2) and
- foot lamp LH terminal (2).

With power and ground supplied, the foot lamps will illuminate.

TAILGATE LAMP

Power is supplied at all times:

- from joint connector-5 terminal @
- to tailgate lamp terminal (1).

When either front door, sliding door, or tailgate is opened, ground is supplied to tailgate lamp terminal (2) through smart entrance control unit terminal 22.

With power and ground supplied, the tailgate lamp will illuminate.

FADE AWAY OPERATION

When exiting the vehicle, the smart entrance control unit will gradually fade out the foot lamps, room lamps, step lamps, and tailgate lamp over a period of approximately 15 seconds. This process happens in several stages. First, the rear room lamp and tailgate lamp will turn off approximately 1 second after the last door has been closed. Second, the foot lamps, front room lamp, and step lamps remain lit at half illumination for appproximately 9 seconds. Finally, the front room lamp and step lamps will gradually fade away over the final approximately 5 seconds.

MULTI-REMOTE OPERATION

If the vehicle is equipped with multi-remote control system, the smart entrance control unit will illuminate the foot lamps, front and rear room lamps, step lamps, and tailgate lamp when the doors are unlocked using the remote controller. The room lamps will not illuminate during this function unless the room lamp switches are in the DOOR position.

MAP LAMP

Power is supplied at all times:

- from joint connector-5 terminal 23
- to map lamp terminal (1).

When the map lamp switch is placed in the ON position, ground is supplied to map lamp terminal (2) through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123).

With power and ground supplied, the map lamp will illuminate.

PERSONAL LAMP

Power is supplied at all times:

- from joint connector-5 terminal 23
- to personal lamp terminal (1).

When the personal lamp switch is placed in the ON position, ground is supplied to personal lamp terminal (2) through smart entrance control unit terminal (6).

With power and ground supplied, the personal lamp will illuminate.

VANITY LAMPS

Power is supplied at all times:

- from joint connector-5 terminal (3)
- to vanity lamp RH terminal (1) and
- vanity lamp LH terminal (1).

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INTERIOR LAMP

Interior, Map, Personal, Step and Tailgate Lamps/System Description (Cont'd)

When a vanity mirror cover is pulled down, the vanity lamp switch closes and ground is supplied to each vanity mirror terminal ② through body grounds M5, M78 and M123.

With power and ground supplied, the vanity lamp will illuminate.

GLOVE BOX LAMP

Power is supplied at all times:

- from joint connector-5 terminal 29
- to glove box lamp terminal ②.

When the glove box door is opened, the glove box lamp switch closes and ground is supplied to glove box lamp terminal ① through smart entrance control unit terminal ⑥. With power and ground supplied, the glove box lamp will illuminate.

BATTERY SAVER

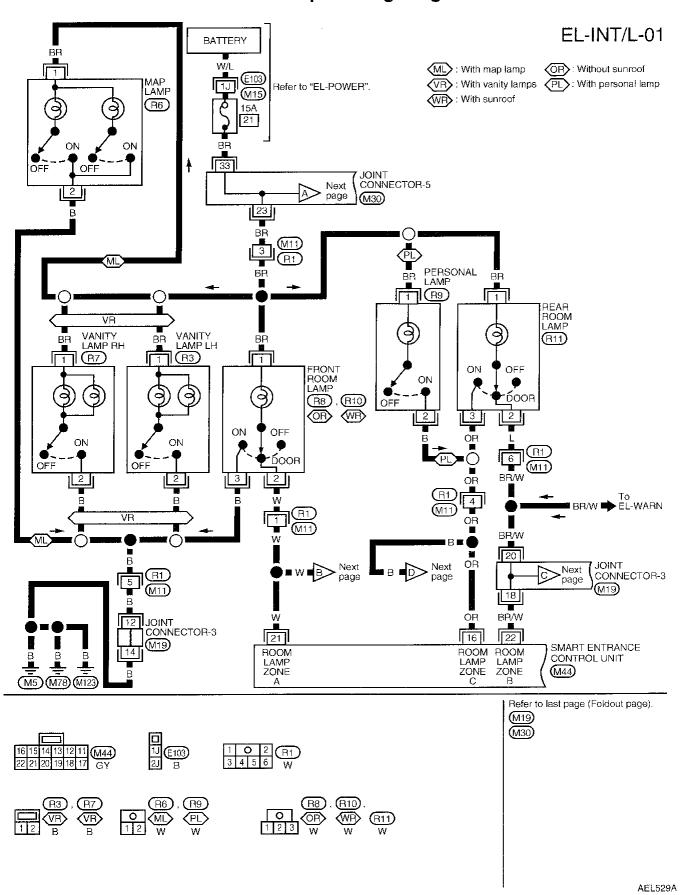
If any of the lamps controlled by the smart entrance control unit remain on for an extended period of time, the control unit will turn off the lamps to save the battery by disrupting the ground circuit.

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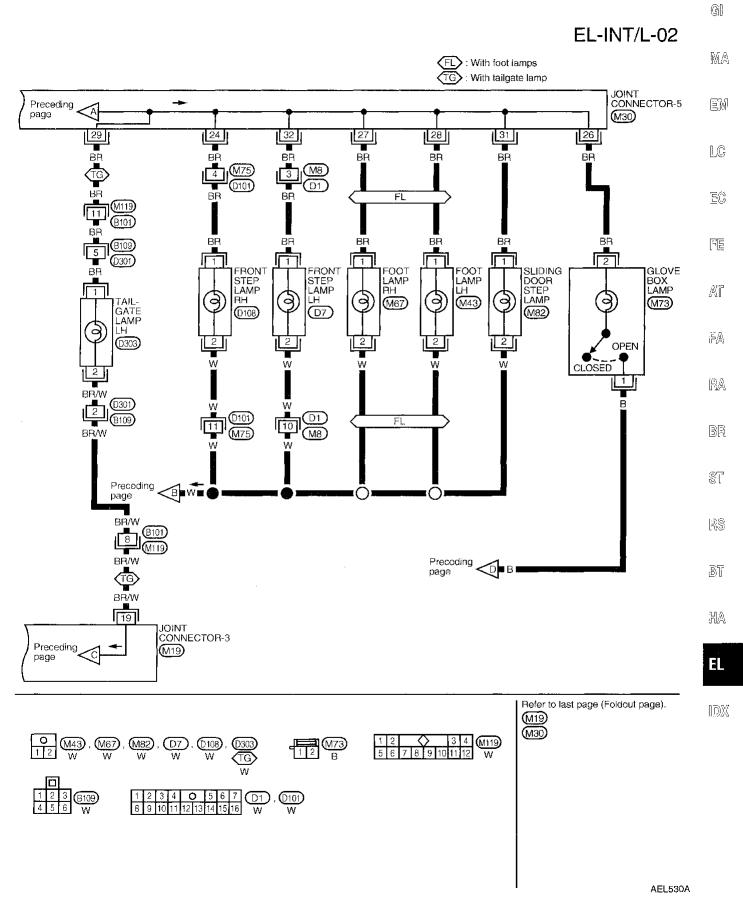
Interior, Map, Personal, Step and Tailgate Lamps/Schematic With personal lamp E. : With fact lamps With taligate GLOVE BOX LAMP : With map amp MA SLIDING DOOR STEP LAMP (1P) EM , R പ. [코][용](위 [2] FOOT LAMP LH (P) 20 L© 료 ī. FOGT _AMP RH 54 (M) FRONT STEP LAMP LH warring lamps \bigcirc 部里 FRONT STEP LAMP RH (P) AT. ٥ FRONT DOOR SWITCH LH TAILGATE LAMP LH (P) ည် FA ိုဗ္ REAR ROOM LAMP $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$ 22 9 FRONT DOOR SWITCH RH SMART ENTRANCE CONTROL UNIT BR చ PERSONAL LAMP ST SI.IDING DOOR SWITCH 30 FRONT ROOM LAMP 1000 M • / 000 김 BT 8 BACK DOOR LATCH SWITCH 80 HA VANITY LAMP LH (T) 5 퓬 BACK DOOR LATCH SWITCH 2 Α. VANITY LAMP RH KEY SWITCH IGNITION SWITCH CN or START FUSE MAP LAMP Ę AEL921A

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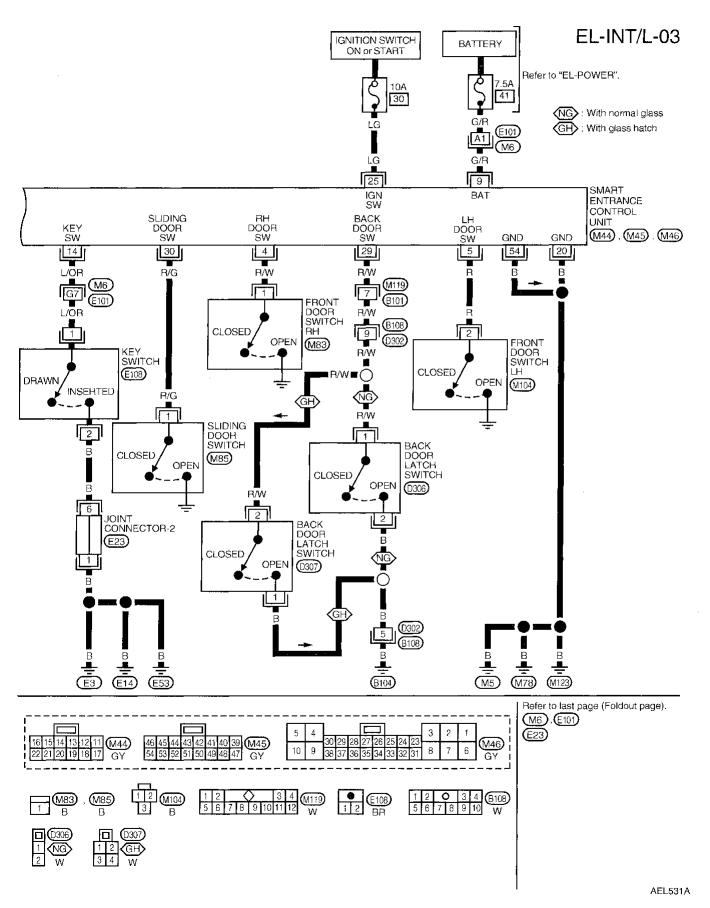
Interior, Map, Personal, Step and Tailgate Lamps/Wiring Diagram –INT/L–



Interior, Map, Personal, Step and Tailgate Lamps/Wiring Diagram –INT/L– (Cont'd)



Interior, Map, Personal, Step and Tailgate Lamps/Wiring Diagram –INT/L– (Cont'd)



INTERIOR LAMP

Bulb Specifications

ltem	Wattage (W)	Bulb No.
Personal lamp	9.8	208
Interior lamp	12	211-2
Tailgate lamp	12	211-2
Step lamp	3.8	194
Map lamp	10	_

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METERS AND GAUGES

System Description

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse (No. 29, located in the fuse block)
- to combination meter terminal (4) for the water temperature gauge, fuel gauge and low fuel/anti-slosh unit, and
- to combination meter terminal 33 for the tachometer and speedometer.

Ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminals (7) and (30)
- through body ground M66.

WATER TEMPERATURE GAUGE

The water temperature gauge indicates engine coolant temperature. The reading on the gauge is based on the resistance of the thermal transmitter.

As the temperature of the coolant increases, the resistance of the thermal transmitter decreases. A variable ground is supplied to terminal (3) of the combination meter for the water temperature gauge. The needle on the gauge moves from "C" to "H".

TACHOMETER

The tachometer indicates engine speed in revolutions per minute (rpm).

The tachometer is regulated by a signal:

- from terminal ③ of the ECM (ECCS control module)
- to combination meter terminal @ for the tachometer.

FUEL GAUGE

The fuel gauge is regulated by a variable ground signal supplied by the low fuel/anti-slosh unit. The low fuel/anti-slosh unit dampens the ground signal from the fuel tank gauge unit. This reduces the amount of needle fluctuation on the fuel gauge. The low fuel/anti-slosh unit also sends a signal to the warning lamp system. Refer to "LOW FUEL LEVEL WARNING LAMP", "Warning Lamps/System Description", EL-101. A fuel level signal is supplied to the low fuel/anti-slosh unit:

- from combination meter terminal @
- through fuel tank gauge unit terminal (3)

Ground is supplied:

- to fuel tank gauge unit terminal (4)
- through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123).

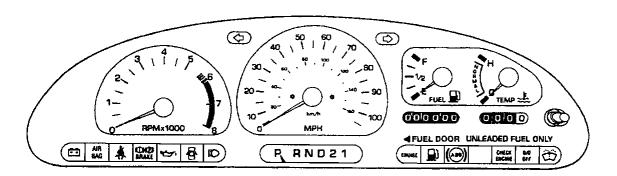
SPEEDOMETER

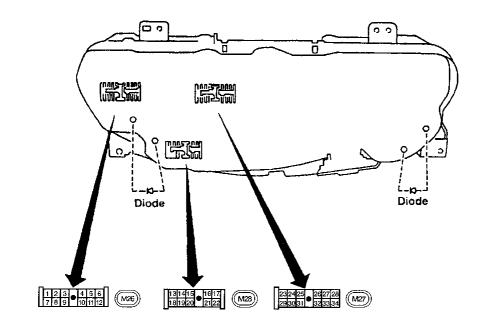
The vehicle speed sensor provides a pulsed ground signal to the combination meter for the speedometer. Pulsed ground is supplied:

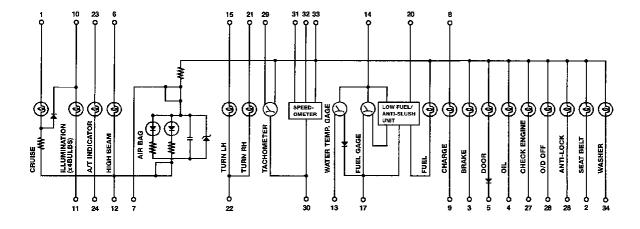
- to combination meter terminal (32) for the speedometer
- from vehicle speed sensor terminal (1).

The speedometer converts the pulsed ground into the vehicle speed displayed.

Combination Meter







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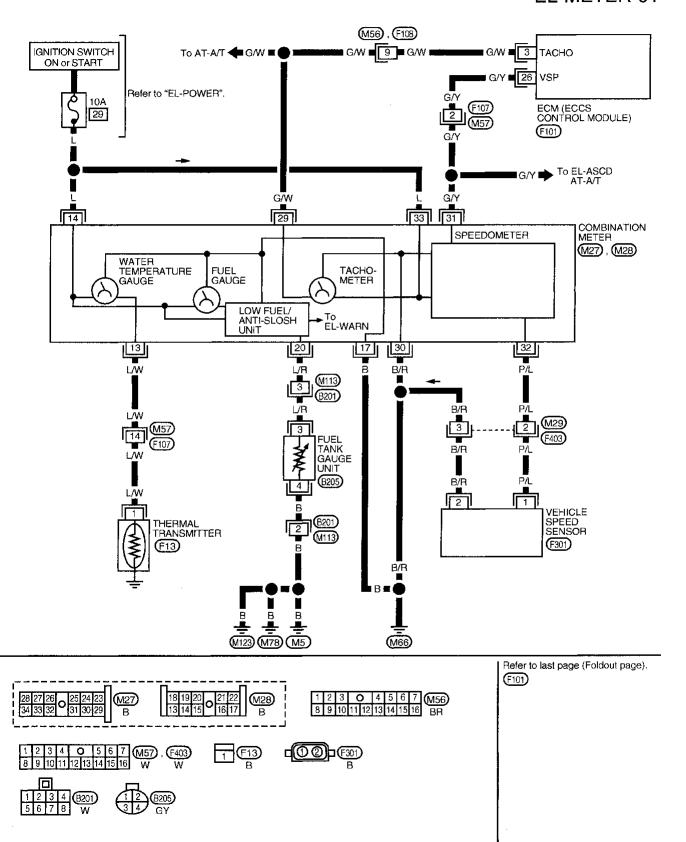
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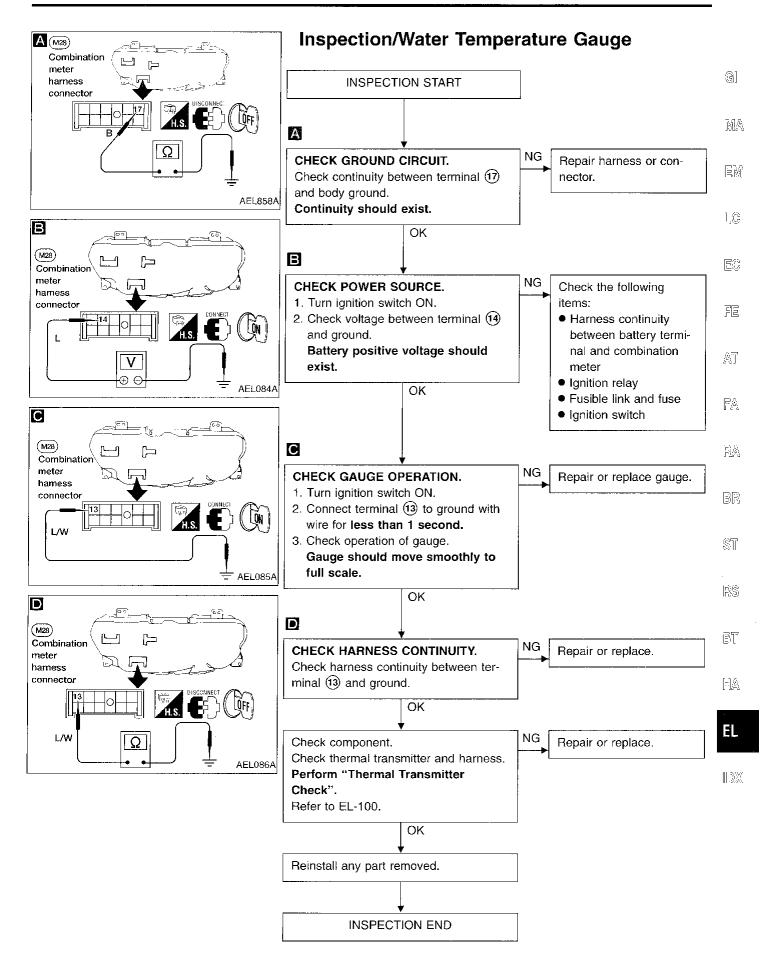
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Speedometer, Tachometer, Temp. and Fuel Gauges/Wiring Diagram –METER–

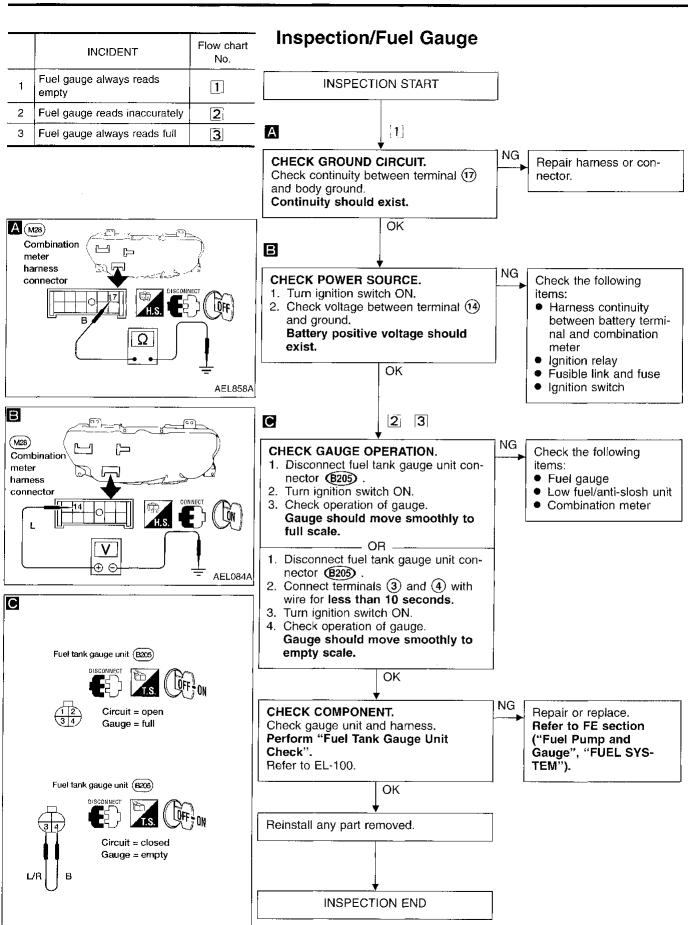
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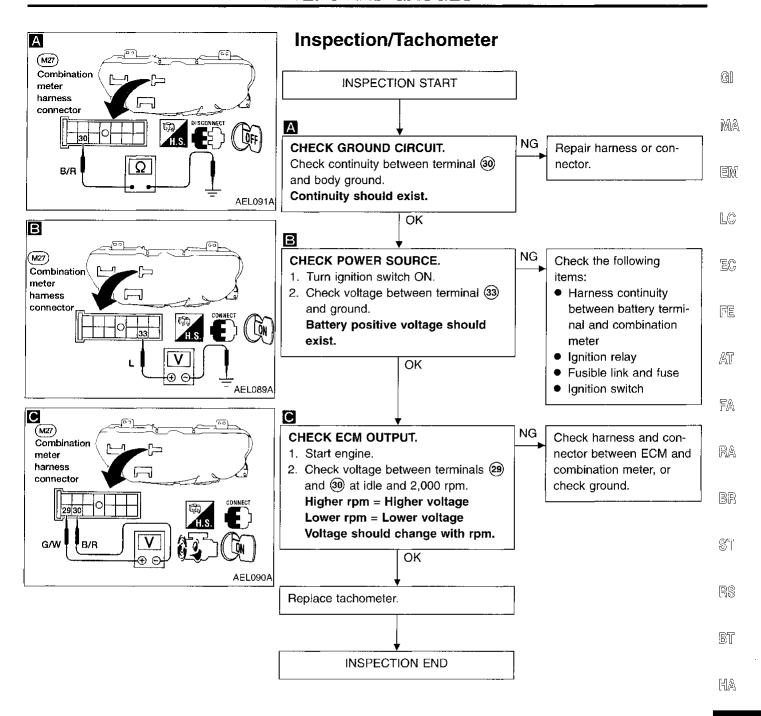
METERS AND GAUGES



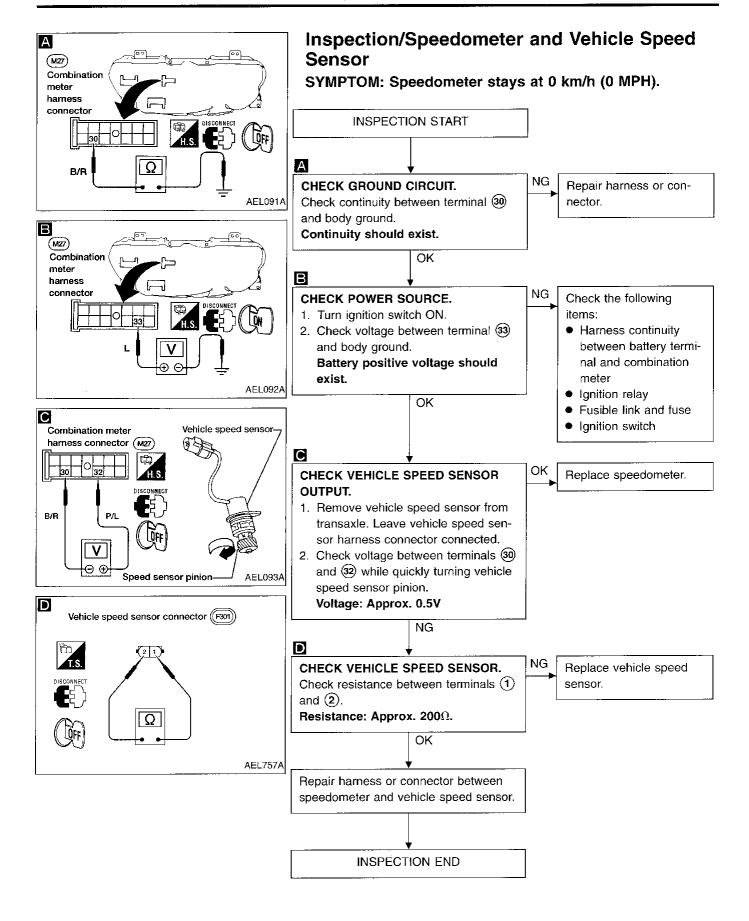
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METERS AND GAUGES

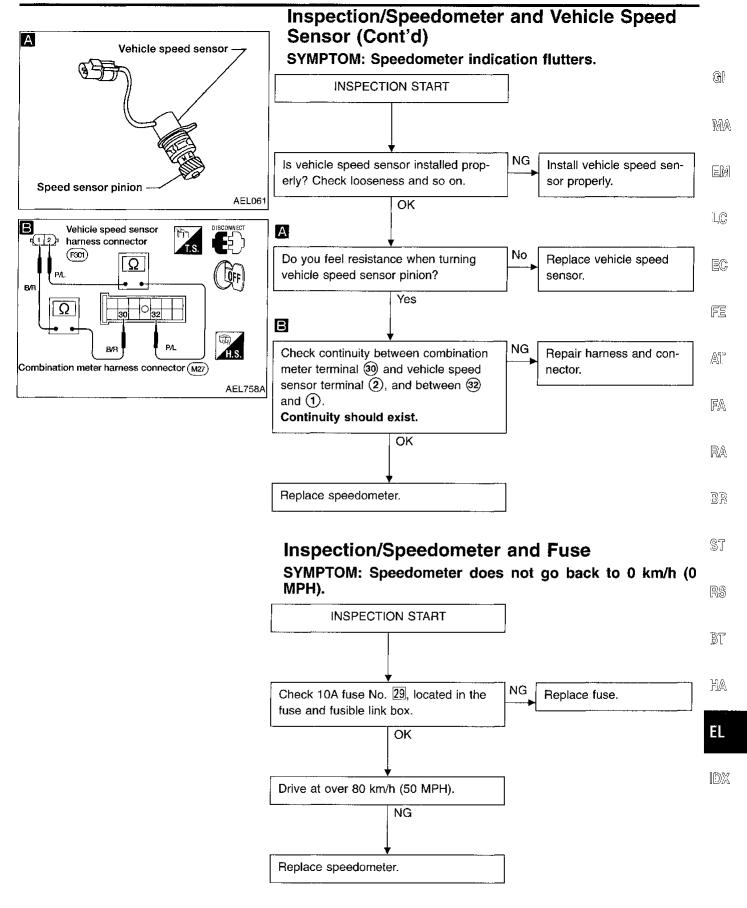


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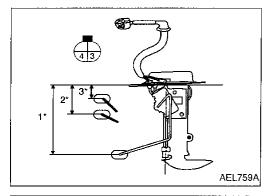
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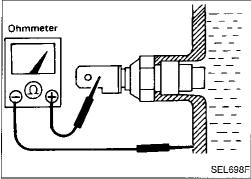
METERS AND GAUGES

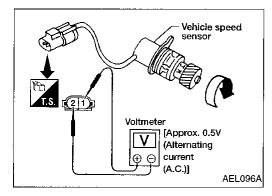


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METERS AND GAUGES







Fuel Tank Gauge Unit Check

• For removal, refer to FE section ("Fuel Pump and Gauge", "FUEL SYSTEM").

Check the resistance between terminals (3) and (4).

_	Ohmi	meter	Float position		Resistance value	
	(+)	(-)	mm (in)			(Ω)
			*3	Full	23 (0.91)	Approx. 160
	3	4	*2	1/2	93 (3.66)	78
			*1	Empty	151 (5.94)	15

Thermal Transmitter Check

Check the resistance between the terminals of thermal transmitter and body ground.

Water temperature	Resistance
75°C (167°F)	Approx. 179 - 219Ω
100°C (212°F)	Approx. 60 - 72Ω

Vehicle Speed Sensor Signal Check

- 1. Remove vehicle speed sensor from transaxle.
- 2. Turn vehicle speed sensor pinion quickly and measure voltage across terminals (1) and (2).

WARNING LAMPS

System Description

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied: through 10A fuse (No. 29, located in the fuse block) (GI to combination meter terminals (4) and (3), and bulb check relay terminal (2). MA Ground is supplied: to combination meter terminal (12), fuel tank gauge unit terminal 4. EM air bag diagnosis sensor unit terminal (2) and seat belt buckle switch terminal (2) through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123). 1.C Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal (1) through body ground (M66). Ground is supplied: EC to bulb check relay terminal (5). brake fluid level switch terminal (2) and washer fluid level switch terminal (1) FE through body grounds (E3), (E14) and (E53). Ground is supplied to back door latch switch terminal (2) (without theft warning) or terminal (1) (with theft warning) through body ground (B104). AIR BAG WARNING LAMP FA During prove out or when an air bag malfunction occurs, the ground path is interrupted: from the air bag diagnosis sensor unit terminal (5) to combination meter terminal (7). RA Ground is then supplied: through combination meter terminal (2). BR With power and ground supplied, the air bag warning lamp (LEDs) illuminate. LOW FUEL LEVEL WARNING LAMP The amount of fuel in the fuel tank is determined by a float in the tank. A signal is sent from fuel tank gauge unit terminal ③ to combination meter terminal ⑳. The low fuel/anti-slosh unit will illuminate the low fuel level warning lamp when the fuel level is low. RS LOW OIL PRESSURE WARNING LAMP Low oil pressure causes oil pressure switch terminal (1) to provide ground to combination meter terminal (4). With power and ground supplied, the low oil pressure warning lamp illuminates. AK DOOR AJAR WARNING LAMP When a door is open, a ground signal is received by the smart entrance control unit at terminal (4), (5), (29), or (30). Ground is then supplied: to combination meter terminal (5) from smart entrance control unit terminal 22. With power and ground supplied, the door aiar warning lamp illuminates. NDX SECURITY INDICATOR LAMP Power is supplied at all times:

- through 10A fuse (No. 23, located in the fuse block)
- to security indicator lamp terminal (2).

Under certain conditions, ground is supplied:

- to security indicator lamp terminal (1)
- from smart entrance control unit terminal (9).

With power and ground supplied, the security indicator lamp will illuminate. For further information, refer to "System Description", "THEFT WARNING SYSTEM", EL-218

WARNING LAMPS

System Description (Cont'd)

LOW WASHER FLUID LEVEL WARNING LAMP

When the washer fluid level is low, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal (3)
- from washer fluid level switch terminal (2).

With power and ground supplied, the low washer fluid level warning lamp illuminates.

SEAT BELT WARNING LAMP

When the driver's seat belt is unfastened, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal (2)
- from seat belt buckle switch terminal (1).

With power and ground supplied, the seat belt warning lamp illuminates.

MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP

During prove out or when an engine control malfunction occurs, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal 27
- from ECM terminal (18).

With power and ground supplied, the malfunction indicator lamp illuminates.

For further information, refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)", "ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

ABS WARNING LAMP

During prove out or when an ABS malfunction occurs, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal 25
- from ABS control unit terminal 29.

With power and ground supplied, the ABS warning lamp illuminates.

For further information, refer to BR section ("Self-diagnosis", "TROUBLE DIAGNOSES").

BRAKE WARNING LAMP

When the parking brake is set, or the brake fluid level is low, ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal (3)
- from parking brake switch terminal (1), or
- brake fluid level switch terminal (1).

With power and ground supplied, the brake warning lamp illuminates.

BULB CHECK RELAY (brake warning lamp prove out)

When the ignition switch is in the ON or START position, and the generator grounds terminal ③, ground is supplied to the bulb check relay terminal ①. With power and ground supplied, the bulb check relay is energized, providing a ground path for the brake warning lamp.

With power and ground supplied, the brake warning lamp illuminates.

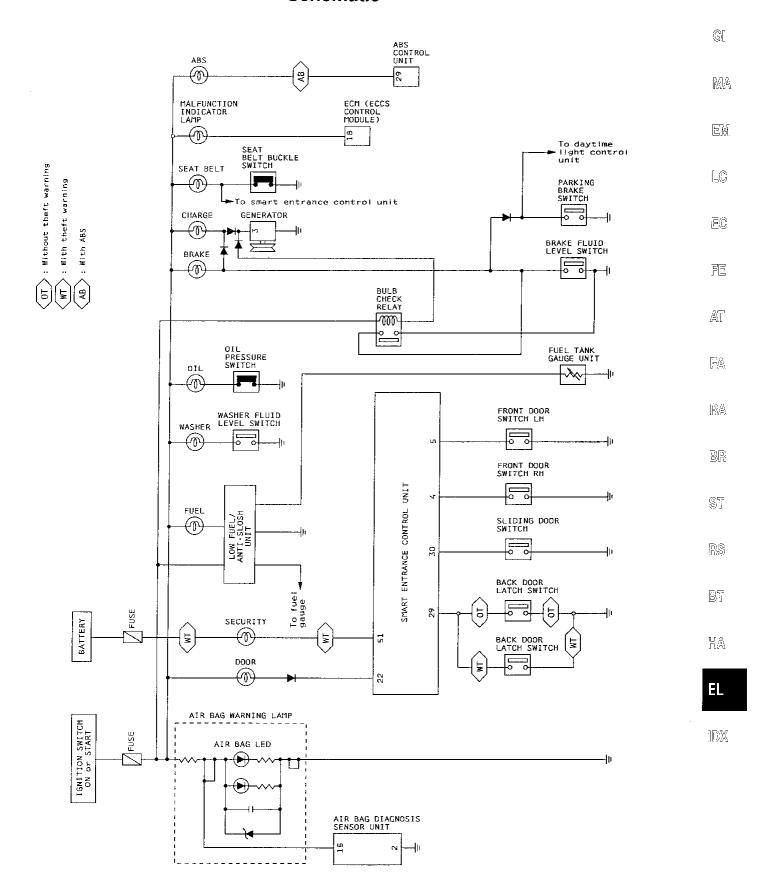
CHARGE WARNING LAMP

During prove out or when a generator malfunction occurs, ground is supplied:

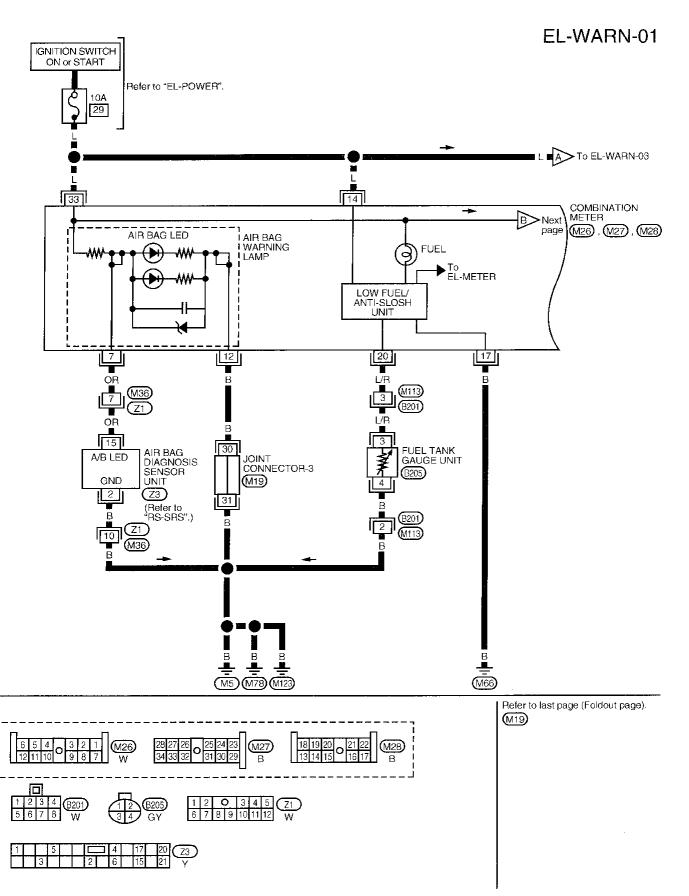
- to combination meter terminal (9)
- from generator terminal 3.

With power and ground supplied, the charge warning lamp illuminates.

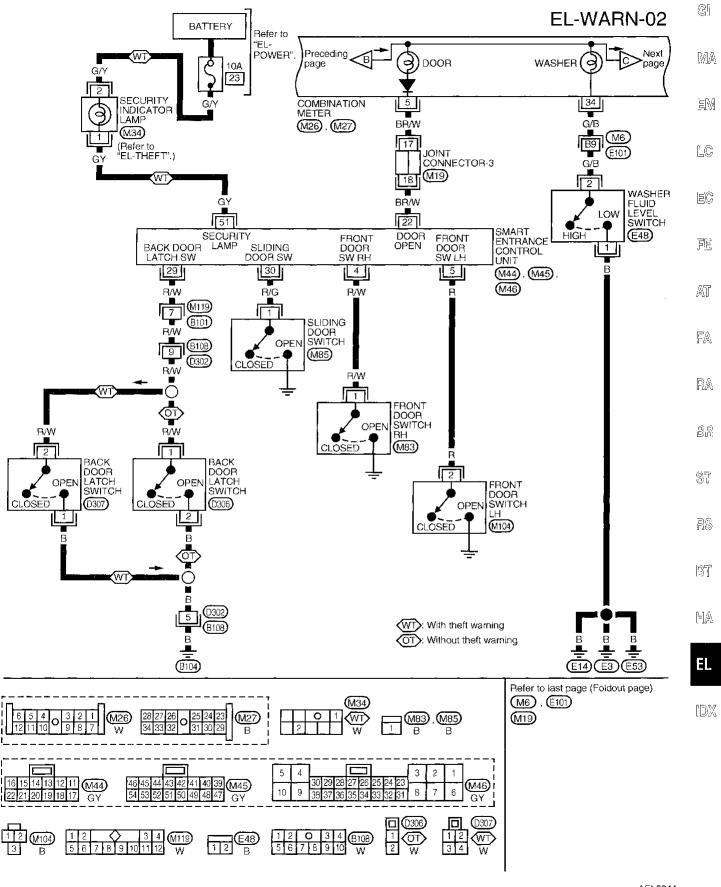
Schematic



Wiring Diagram -WARN-

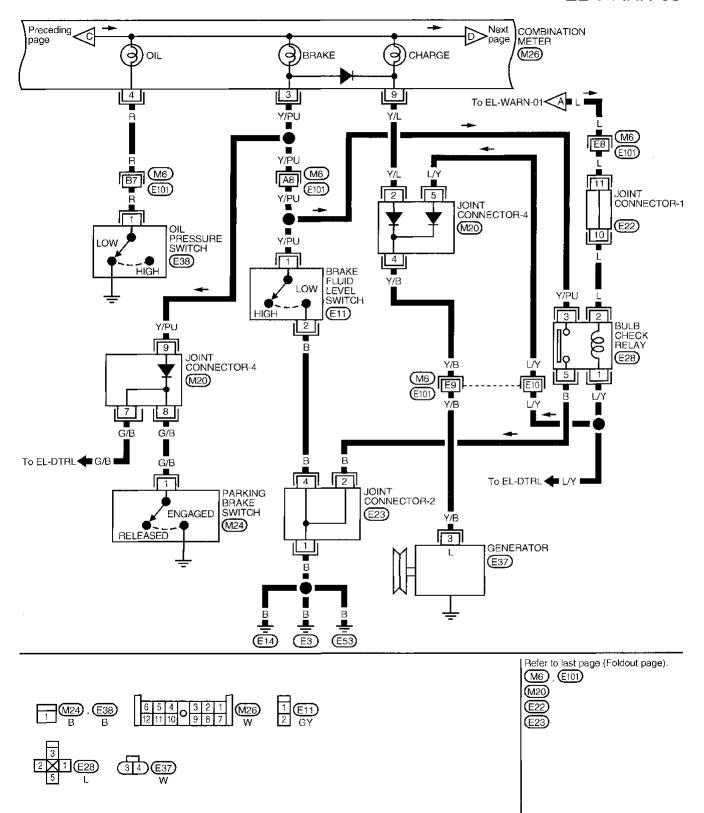


Wiring Diagram -WARN- (Cont'd)

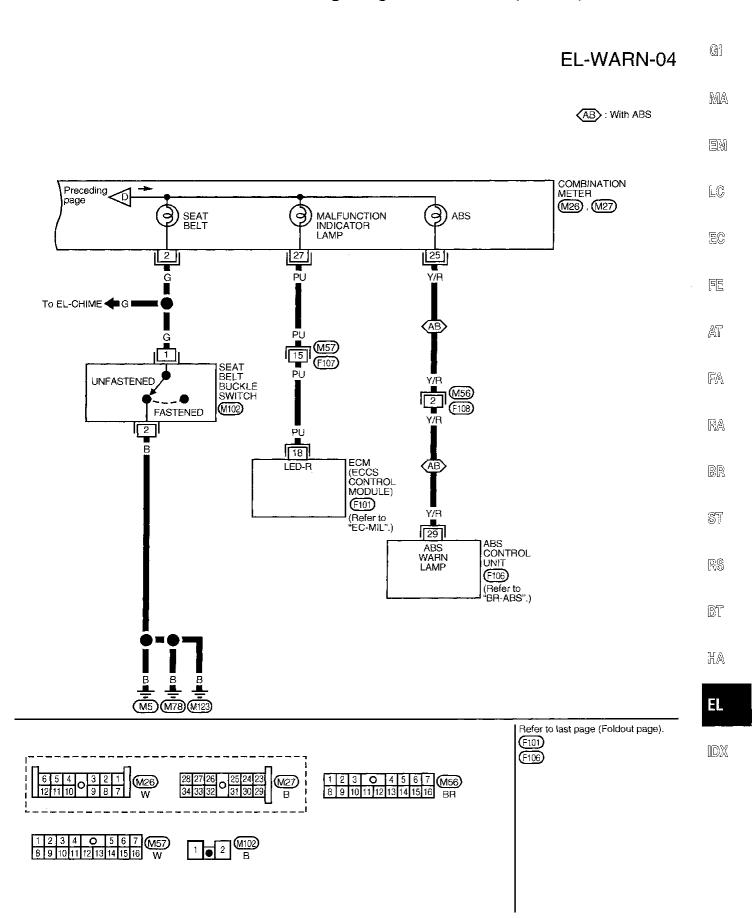


Wiring Diagram -WARN- (Cont'd)

EL-WARN-03



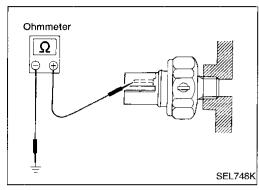
Wiring Diagram -WARN- (Cont'd)



AEL536A

Low Fuel Level Warning Lamp

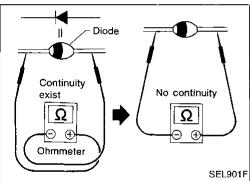
• The low fuel level warning lamp is controlled by the low fuel/anti-slosh unit, which is built into the combination meter. If the low fuel level warning lamp fails to illuminate, first check the fuel tank gauge unit, refer to EL-100. If the fuel tank gauge unit is operating properly, inspect the low fuel level warning lamp bulb and anti-slosh unit for proper function.



Oil Pressure Switch Check

	Oil pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)	Continuity	
Engine start	More than 10 - 20 (0.1 - 0.2, 1 - 3)	NO	
Engine stop	Less than 10 - 20 (0.1 - 0.2, 1 - 3)	YES	

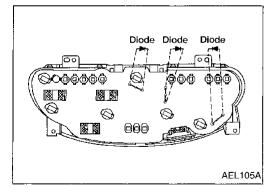
Check the continuity between the terminals of oil pressure switch and body ground.



Diode Check

- · Check continuity using an ohmmeter.
- Diode is functioning properly if test results are as shown in the figure at left.

NOTE: Specifications may vary depending on the type of tester. Before performing this inspection, be sure to refer to the instruction manual for your tester.



 Diodes for warning lamps are built into the combination meter printed circuit.

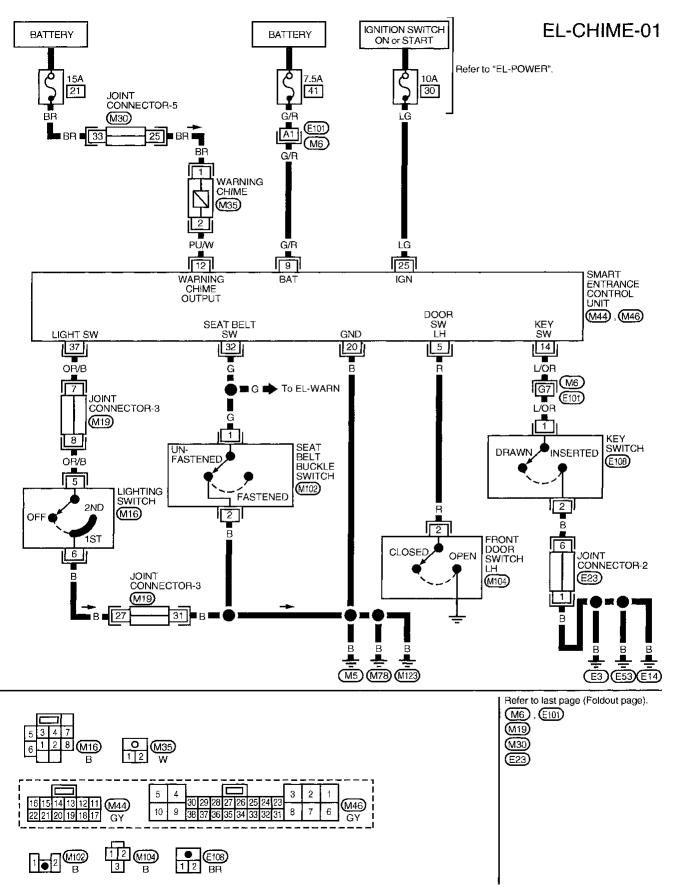
Refer to "Combination Meter", EL-93.

EL-108 1182

System Description

	The warning chime is controlled by the smart entrance control unit. Power is supplied at all times: through 7.5A fuse (No. 41, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to smart entrance control unit terminal 9.	Œ[
	 Power is also supplied at all times: through 15A fuse (No. 21, located in the fuse block) to warning chime terminal ①. 	MA Wel
	With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied: through 10A fuse (No. ⑩, located in the fuse block) to smart entrance control unit terminal 趣.	LC
	Ground is supplied to smart entrance control unit terminal @ through body grounds $(M5)$, $(M78)$ and $(M123)$.	E¢
	When a signal, or combination of signals, is received by the smart entrance control unit, ground is supplied:	
	 through smart entrance control unit terminal ② to warning chime terminal ②. 	FE
	With power and ground supplied, the warning chime will sound.	AT
1	Ignition key warning chime With the key in the ignition switch, in the OFF or ACC position and the driver's door open, the warning chime will sound. Ground is supplied: • from key switch terminal ①	FA
(to smart entrance control unit terminal 14, and from front door switch LH terminal 2 to smart entrance control unit terminal 5. 	RA
	Front door switch LH is grounded through body ground. Key switch terminal ② is grounded through body grounds E3 , E14 and E53 .	
١	Light warning chime With ignition switch in OFF or ACC position, driver's door open and lighting switch in 1ST or 2ND position, the warning chime will sound. Ground is supplied:	ST
•	to smart entrance control unit terminal (5) from front door switch LH terminal (2), and to smart entrance control unit terminal (3)	RS
	• from lighting switch terminal ⑤.	72
	Front door switch LH is grounded through body ground. Lighting switch terminal ⑥ is grounded through body grounds M5, M78 and M123.	[-]/A
	Seat belt warning chime	
f	With ignition switch turned ON and seat belt unfastened (seat belt switch ON), warning chime will sound for approximately 6 seconds. Ground is supplied:	EL
•	to smart entrance control unit terminal ② from seat belt switch terminal ①. Seat belt switch terminal ② is grounded through body grounds (M5) (M78) and (M123).	X(cil

Wiring Diagram -CHIME-



Trouble Diagnoses

SYMPTOM CHART

STIVIPTONI CHART			- GI					
PROCEDURE	Preliminary Che		Preliminary Check		Diagnostic Procedure		- si	
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-112	EL-112	EL-112	EL-113	EL-114	EL-115	EL-116	- - EM
SYMPTOM	Preliminary check 1	Preliminary check 2	Preliminary check 3	Main power supply and Ground circuit	Diagnostic Procedure 1	Diagnostic Procedure 2	Diagnostic Procedure 3	- ым. _ LC
Light warning chime does not activate.	0			0	0			- 50 - EC
Ignition key warning chime does not acti- vate.		0		0		0		FE
Seat belt warn- ing chime does not activate.			0	0			0	- Alt

FA

 $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$

BR

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RS

BT

HA

EL

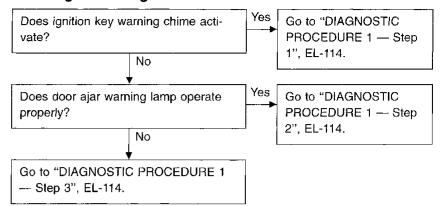
IDX

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

PRELIMINARY CHECK

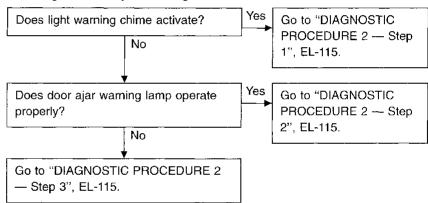
Preliminary check 1

• Light warning chime does not activate.



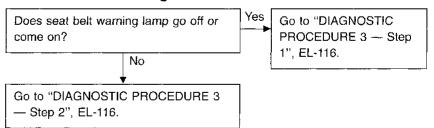
Preliminary check 2

Ignition key warning chime does not activate.



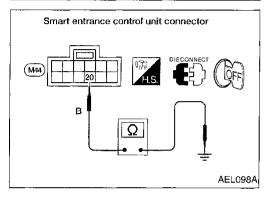
Preliminary check 3

Seat belt warning chime does not activate.



EL-112

Smart entrance control unit connectors LG G/R M44 AEL097A



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) MAIN POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK

Main power supply

	Battery voltage existence condition Ignition switch position			
Terminals				
	OFF	ACC	ON	
25 - 20	No	No	Yes	
9 - 20	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Ground circuit

Terminals	Continuity	
② - Ground	Yes	

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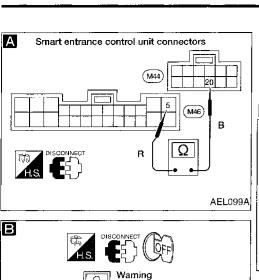
ST

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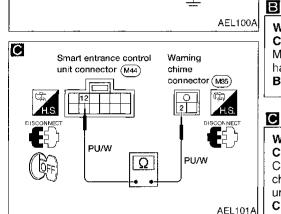
ΕL

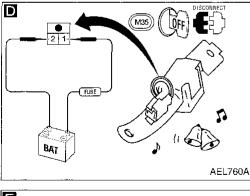


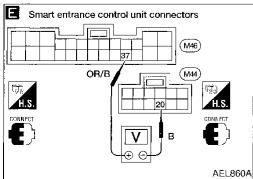
chime connector

(M35)

BR







Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1

SYMPTOM: Light warning chime does not activate.

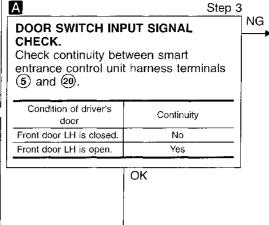
Perform "Preliminary check 1" before referring to the following flow chart.

Step 2

NG

NG

Νo



- Check door switch, (Refer to EL-235.)
- Check harness continuity between smart entrance control unit harness terminal (5) and front door LH switch harness terminal (2).

Continuity should exist.

Check harness continuity between front door
 LH switch body and body ground.
 Continuity should

Continuity shexist.

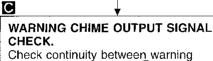


Measure voltage between warning chime harness terminal (1) and body ground.

Battery positive voltage should exist.

OK

Check 15A fuse (No. 21), located in the fuse block), harness and connector.



Check continuity between warning chime harness terminal (2) and control unit harness terminal (12).

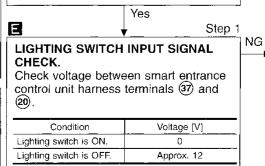
Continuity should exist.

Repair harness or connectors.



- 1. Disconnect warning chime connector.
- Apply 12V direct current to warning chime.

Does warning chime work?



OK

Replace smart entrance control unit.

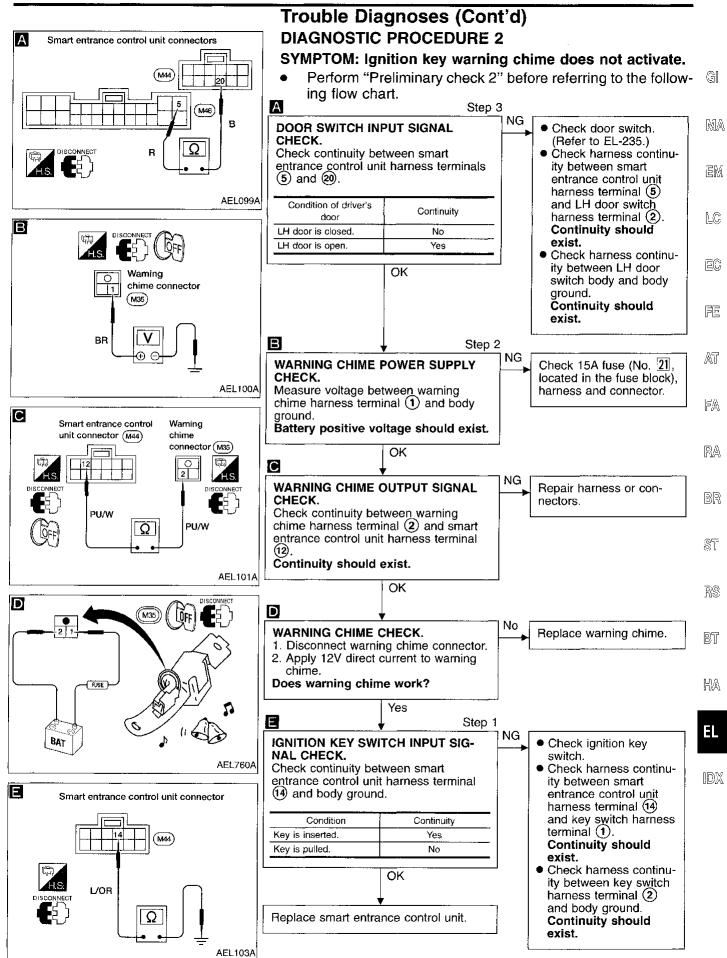
Replace warning chime.

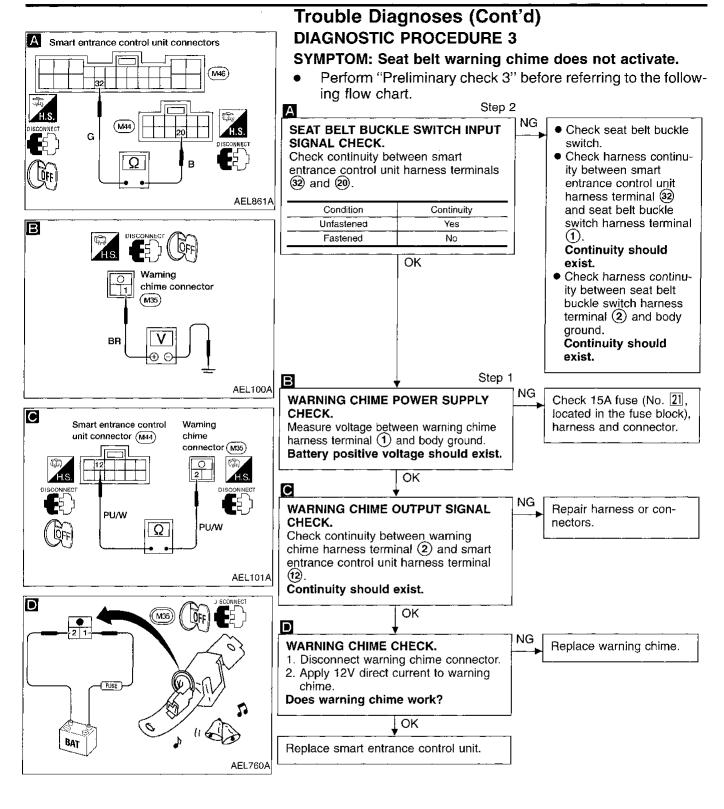
- Check lighting switch.
 Check harness continuity between smart entrance control unit
 - entrance control unit harness terminal (37) and lighting switch harness terminal (5).

 Continuity should

Continuity should exist.

Check harness continuity between lighting switch harness terminal
 and body ground.
 Continuity should exist.





WIPER AND WASHER

Front Wiper and Washer/System Description WIPER OPERATION (G[The wiper switch is controlled by a lever built into the combination switch. There are three wiper switch positions: LOW speed MA HIGH speed INT ("S" through "F") EM With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied: through 20A fuse (No. 8, located in the fuse block) to front wiper motor terminal (6) and [LC front wiper amplifier terminal (6). Ground is supplied to front wiper amplifier terminals (4) and (5) through body grounds (E3), (£14) and (E53). FC. Low and high speed wiper operation When the wiper switch is placed in the LOW position, ground is supplied: FE through terminal (8) of the front wiper amplifier to front wiper motor terminal (2). With power and ground supplied, the wiper motor operates at low speed. AT When the wiper switch is placed in the HIGH position, ground is supplied: through terminal (10) of the front wiper amplifier FA to front wiper motor terminal ①. With power and ground supplied, the wiper motor operates at high speed. $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$ Auto stop operation

With wiper switch turned OFF, the front wiper motor will continue to operate until wiper arms reach windshield base.

When the wiper switch is placed in OFF position, ground is no longer supplied by the front wiper amplifier. Ground is now supplied through front wiper motor terminal ④. When wiper arms reach base of windshield, front wiper motor ground is interrupted and the front wiper motor stops.

Intermittent operation

The front wiper motor operates the wiper arms one time at low speed at an interval of approximately 1 to 14 seconds. This feature is controlled by the front wiper amplifier.

With the wiper switch in the INT position, and the front wiper amplifier cycles the front wiper motor. Ground is supplied in the same manner as low speed wiper operation.

WASHER OPERATION

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied:

- through 20A fuse (No. 8, located in the fuse block)
- to front washer motor terminal ①.

When the lever is pushed to the WASH position, ground is supplied:

- to washer motor terminal (2)
- from front wiper amplifier terminal (9), and
- to amplifier terminals 4 and 5
- through body grounds (E3), (E14) and (E53).

With power and ground supplied, the washer motor operates.

The front wiper motor is activated when the lever is pushed to WASH for 1 second or more. The motor operates at low for approximately 3 seconds. This feature is controlled by the front wiper amplifier in the same manner as intermittent operation.

EL-117 1191

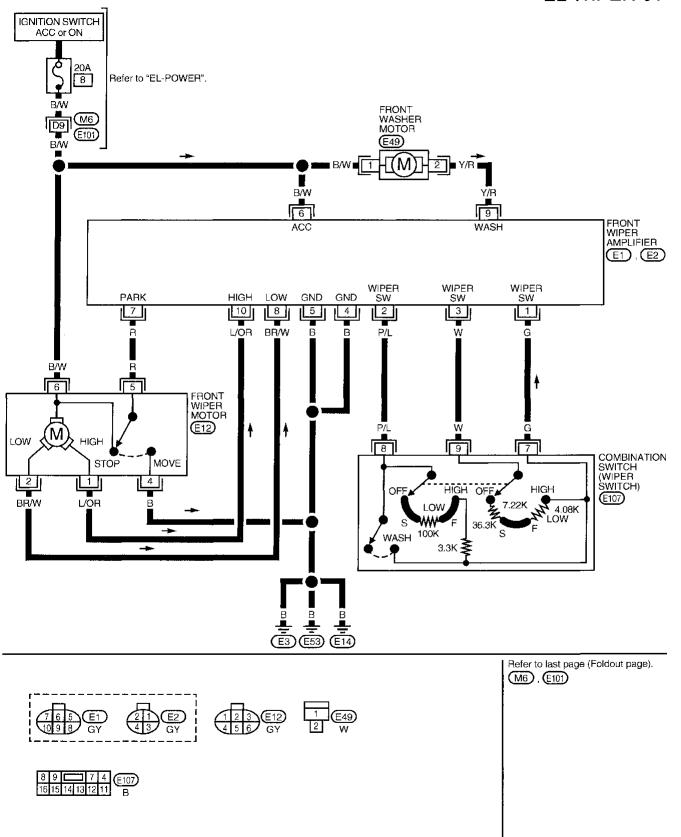
BR

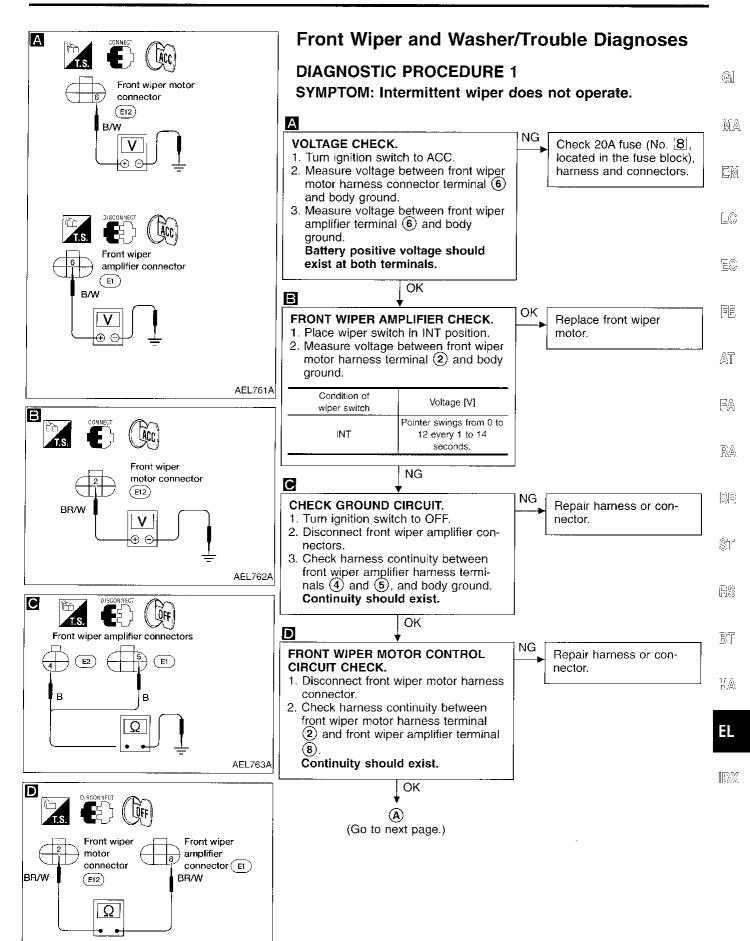
ST.

BT

Front Wiper and Washer/Wiring Diagram –WIPER–

EL-WIPER-01

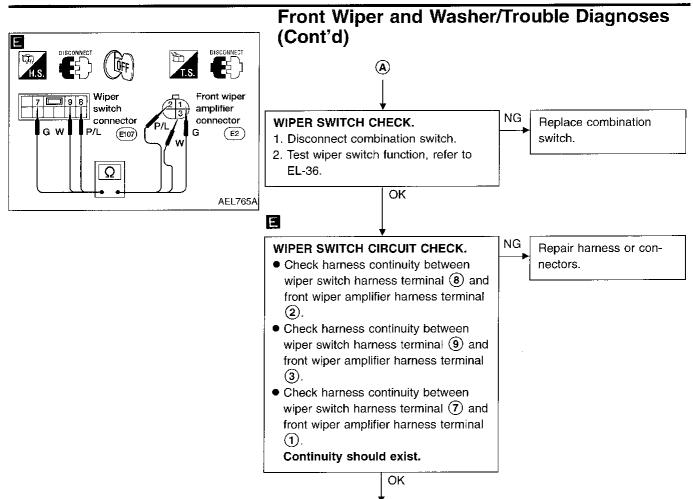




1193

AEL764A

WIPER AND WASHER



Replace front wiper amplifier.

EL-120 1194

Front Wiper

REMOVAL

- 1. Tilt wiper arm to upright position.
- 2. Pull out and hold locking lever at base of wiper arm.
- 3. Pull wiper arm off pivot shaft.

INSTALLATION

- 1. Push wiper arm onto pivot shaft, paying attention to blind spline.
- 2. Tilt and hold wiper arm in upright position.
- 3. Push locking lever at base of wiper arm inward.
- 4. Gently tilt the wiper arm downward until contacting windshield.

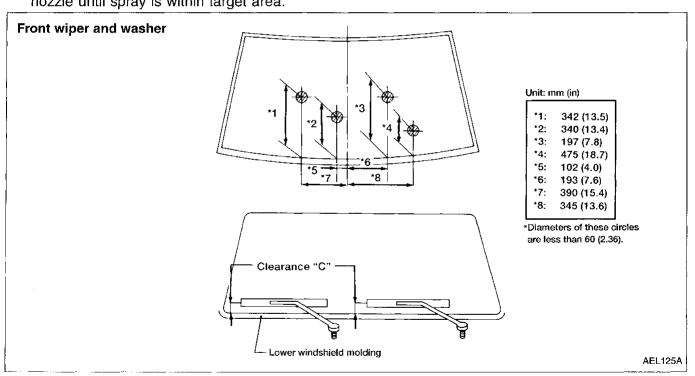
WIPER ARM ADJUSTMENT

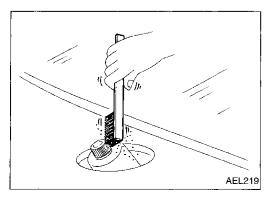
The wiper arms on this vehicle have a blind spline. The blind spline acts as a index and only allows the windshield wiper arm to be installed in one position. Therefore the wiper arms are not adjustable. If the measurement of clearance "C" is out of specification, inspect the windshield wiper motor, linkage, and pivot for damage.

Clearance "C": 47 - 87 mm (1.85 - 3.43 in)

WASHER NOZZLE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Operate washers and ensure that spray patterns fall within target areas illustrated.
- Adjust washer nozzle spray pattern by inserting a suitable tool (needle) into nozzle and pivoting the nozzle until spray is within target area.





Before reinstalling wiper arm, clean the pivot area as illustrated. This will reduce possibility of wiper arm looseness.

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WIPER AND WASHER

Rear Wiper and Washer (Except for Glass Hatch Model)/System Description

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse (No. 9, located in the fuse block)
- to rear wiper amplifier terminal ,
- to rear wiper motor terminal and
- to rear washer motor terminal (1).

Ground is supplied:

- to rear wiper amplifier terminal 6 and
- to rear wiper switch terminal (3)
- through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123).

Ground is also supplied:

- to rear wiper motor terminal (2)
- through body ground (B104)

WIPER OPERATION

When the rear wiper switch wiper is in the ON position, ground is supplied:

- to rear wiper amplifier terminal (1)
- through rear wiper switch terminal 1.

An intermittent ground is then supplied:

- to rear wiper motor terminal (3)
- through rear wiper amplifier terminal (4)
- to rear wiper amplifier terminal 6
- through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123).

With power and ground supplied, the rear wiper motor operates intermittently, with approximately a 15 second interval between cycles.

WASHER OPERATION

When the rear wiper switch washer is in the ON position, ground is supplied:

- to rear washer motor terminal (2) and
- to rear wiper amplifier terminal (5)
- through rear wiper switch terminal ②.

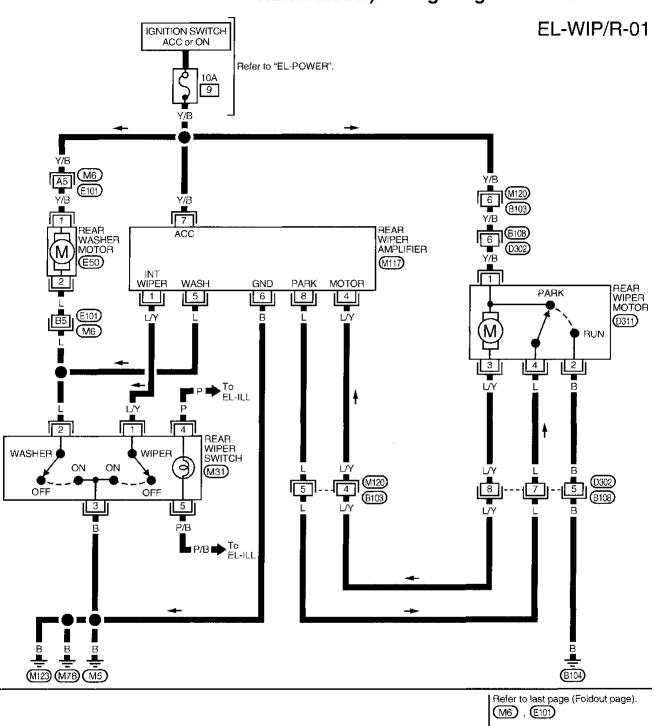
With power and ground supplied, the rear wiper and rear washer motor operates until the rear window wiper switch is released from the ON position. If the switch is pressed momentarily, the rear wiper motor will cycle three times.

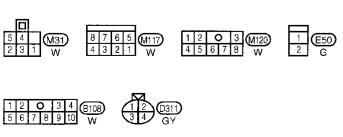
AUTO STOP OPERATION

When the rear wiper switch is placed in the OFF position, the rear wiper motor will continue to operate until the rear wiper arm reaches the base of the glass.

When the rear wiper switch is placed in the OFF position, the rear wiper amplifier no longer supplies a ground circuit to the rear wiper motor. The ground circuit is now routed through the rear wiper motor terminal ②. This allows the wiper motor to operate until the rear wiper arm reaches the base of the glass. The rear wiper motor ground is interrupted when the rear wiper arm reaches the base of the glass, and the rear wiper motor stops.

Rear Wiper and Washer (Except for Glass Hatch Model)/Wiring Diagram –WIP/R–





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WIPER AND WASHER

Rear Wiper and Washer (For Glass Hatch Model)/System Description

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 10A fuse (No. 2, located in the fuse block)
- to rear wiper motor terminal 2.

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse (No. 9, located in the fuse block)
- to rear washer motor terminal (1) and
- rear wiper motor terminal (5).

Ground is supplied:

- to glass hatch latch switch terminal (2) and
- rear wiper motor terminal 4
- through body ground (B104).

Ground is also supplied:

- to rear wiper switch terminal (3)
- through body grounds M5, M78 and M123.

With the glass hatch open, the glass hatch switch closes and ground is supplied:

- to rear wiper motor terminal (1)
- through glass hatch switch terminal ①.

The rear wiper motor operates momentarily to move the wiper arm off the glass hatch so that it may be opened.

WIPER OPERATION

When the rear wiper switch wiper is in the ON position, ground is supplied:

- to rear wiper motor terminal 6
- through rear window wiper switch terminal (1).

With power and ground supplied, the rear wiper motor operates intermittently, with approximately a 15 second interval between cycles.

WASHER OPERATION

When the rear window wiper switch washer is in the ON position, ground is supplied:

- to rear wiper motor terminal 3 and
- rear washer motor terminal ②
- through rear window wiper switch terminal ②.

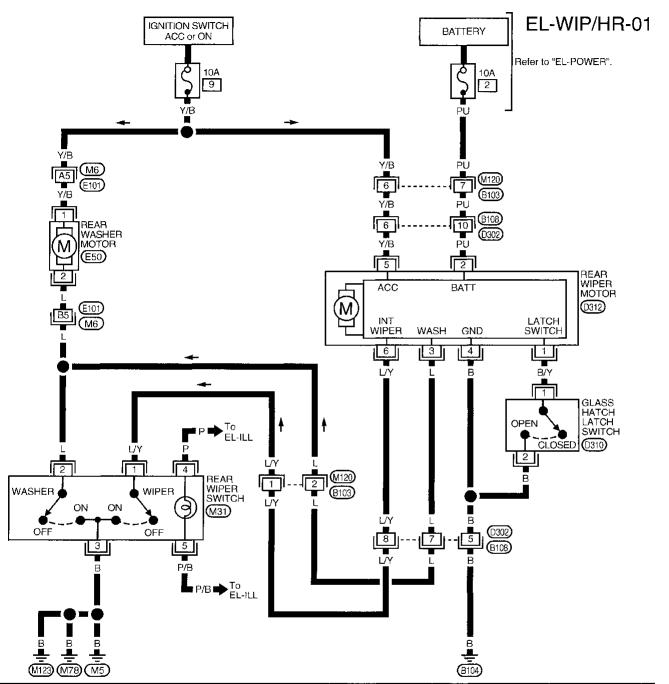
With power and ground supplied, the rear wiper and rear washer motors operate until the rear window wiper switch is released from the ON position. If the switch is pressed momentarily, the rear wiper motor will cycle three times.

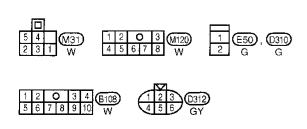
AUTO STOP OPERATION

When the rear wiper switch is placed in the OFF position, the rear wiper motor will continue to operate until the rear wiper arm reaches the base of the glass.

When the rear wiper switch is placed in the OFF position, the rear wiper amplifier no longer supplies a ground circuit to the rear wiper motor. The ground circuit is now routed through the rear wiper motor terminal ④. This allows the wiper motor to operate until the rear wiper arm reaches the base of the glass. The rear wiper motor ground is interrupted when the rear wiper arm reaches the base of the glass, and the rear wiper motor stops.

Rear Wiper and Washer (For Glass Hatch Model)/Wiring Diagram –WIP/HR–





Refer to last page (Foldout page).

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Rear Wiper

REMOVAL

- 1. Tilt rear wiper arm to upright position.
- 2. Grasp base of rear wiper arm and pull it from the pivot shaft.
- 3. Disconnect washer solvent hose.

INSTALLATION

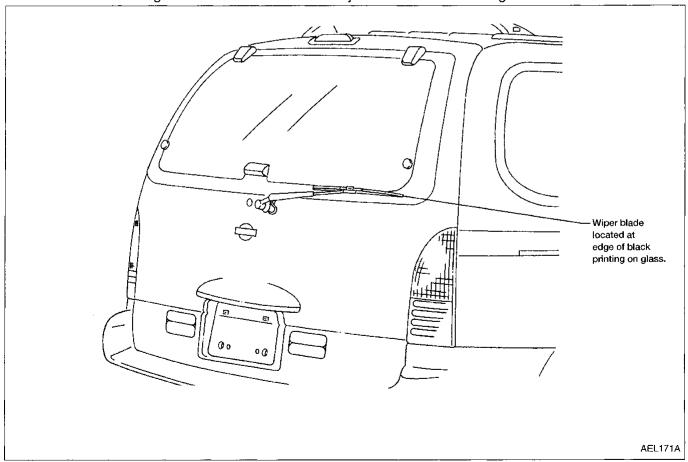
- 1. Connect washer solvent hose.
- 2. Place wiper arm base over pivot shaft and firmly push wiper arm onto pivot shaft.
- 3. Gently tilt wiper arm downward until contacting rear glass.

WIPER ARM ADJUSTMENT

- 1. With wiper arm removed, turn on wiper and allow it to cycle two or three times, then turn the wiper switch to OFF and allow wiper motor to return to "park" position.
- 2. Install wiper arm and align splines so that the wiper blade is located on the edge of the black printing on the rear glass.
- 3. With wiper arm installed, operate the wiper and allow it to cycle two or three times.
- 4. Turn the wiper switch to OFF and allow the wiper motor to return to the "park" position, then ensure that the wiper arm is still located at the edge of the black printing.
- 5. If necessary, readjust wiper arm.

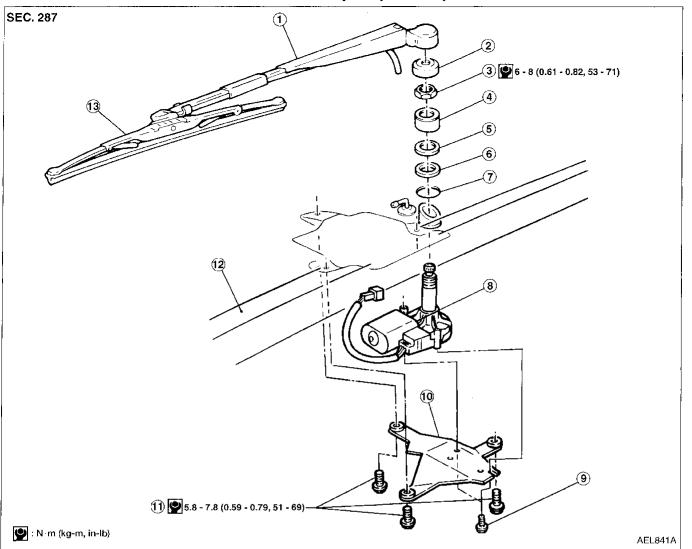
NOTE:

Model with rear hatch glass shown in illustration. Adjustment for fixed rear glass models is the same.



WIPER AND WASHER

Rear Wiper (Cont'd)



- 1 Rear wiper arm
- 2 Pivot shaft cover
- 3 Pivot shaft nut
- 4 Outer collar
- 5 Seal

- (6) Plastic seal
- (7) Inner collar

MEL252B

- (8) Rear wiper motor
- 9 Bracket bolts

- (10) Bracket
- (1) Mounting bolts
- (12) Back door
- 13 Rear wiper blade

Washer Fluid and Check Valve

A check valve is provided in the washer fluid line. Be careful not to connect check valve to washer tube in the wrong direction.



To rear wiper arm

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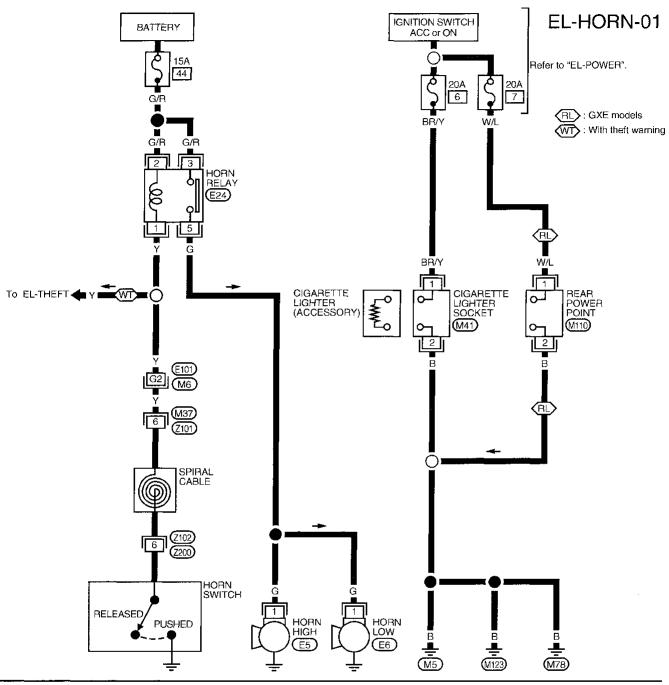
ST

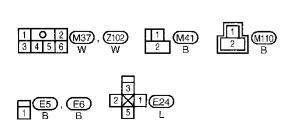
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Wiring Diagram -HORN-





Refer to last page (Foldout page).

(M6), (E101)

AEL552A

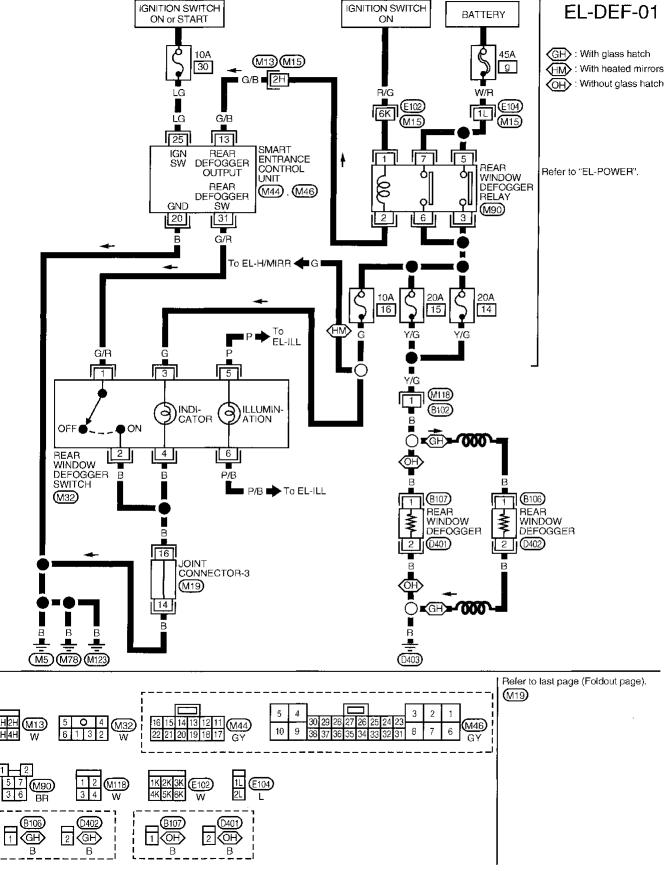
System Description

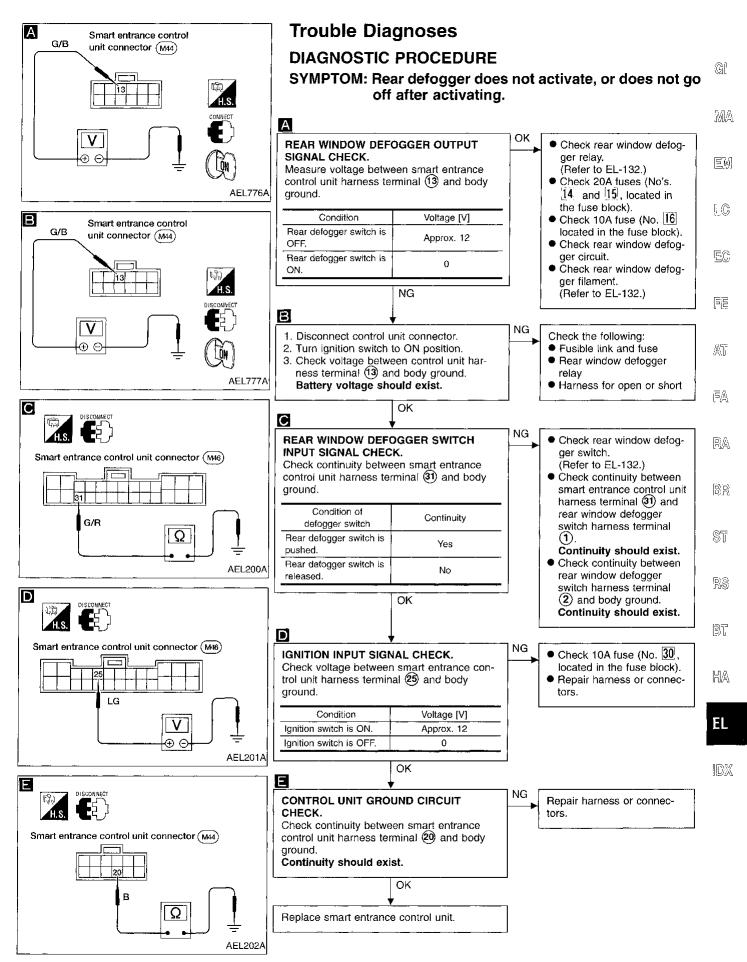
The rear window defogger system is controlled by the smart entrance control unit. Once turned on, the rear window defogger operates for approximately 15 minutes.	Gi
 Power is supplied at all times: through 45A fusible link (letter g, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to rear window defogger relay terminals 5 and 7. 	M
 With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied: through 10A fuse (No. 30, located in the fuse block) to smart entrance control unit terminal 25. 	
With the ignition switch in the ON position, power is supplied: • to rear window defogger relay terminal ①.	LO
Ground is supplied: to rear window defogger switch terminal ② to smart entrance control unit terminal ② through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123).	EC
 When the rear window defogger switch is turned on, ground is supplied: through rear window defogger switch terminal ① to smart entrance control unit terminal ③). Smart entrance control unit terminal ③ then supplies ground to rear window defogger relay terminal ②. 	ÆT
 With power and ground supplied, the rear window defogger relay is energized and power is supplied: from rear window defogger relay terminals ③ and ⑥ through 20A fuses (No. ¼ and ು, located in the fuse block) to rear window defogger terminal ①. The rear window defogger terminal ② is grounded through body ground (D403). 	7/4 R/
With power and ground supplied, the rear window defogger filaments heat and defog the rear window. When the system is activated, the rear window defogger indicator illuminates in the rear window defogger switch.	87
Power is supplied: • to rear window defogger switch terminal ③ • through 10A fuse (No. 16, located in the fuse block) • from rear window defogger relay terminals ③ and ⑥.	ST RS
Ground is supplied: • to rear window defogger switch terminal ④ • through body grounds M5, M78 and M123.	87

1203

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Wiring Diagram -DEF-





2 1 0 0 0 0 1 7 5 6 3 SEC202B

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS INSPECTION

Rear window defogger relay

Check continuity between terminals 3 and 5, 6 and 7.

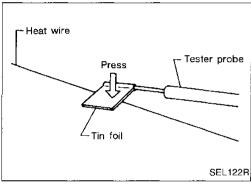
Condition	Continuity	
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes	
No current supply	No	

Rear window defogger switch connector M32

Rear window defogger switch

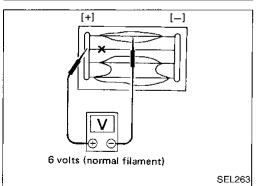
Check continuity between terminals when rear window defogger switch is pushed and released.

Terminals	Condition	Continuity
	Rear window defogger switch is pushed	Yes
(1) - (2)	Rear window defogger switch is released	No



Filament Check

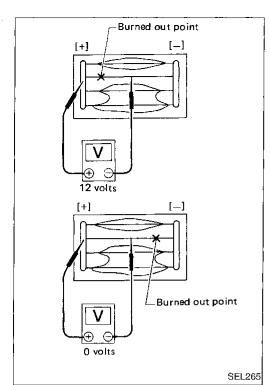
 When measuring voltage, wrap tin foil around the top of the negative probe. Press the foil against the wire with your finger. Otherwise, the element may be damaged.

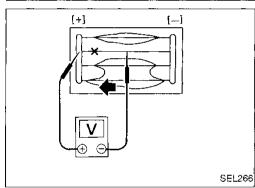


 Attach probe circuit tester (in volt range) to middle portion of each filament.

Filament Check (Cont'd)

2. If a filament is burned out, circuit tester registers 0 or 12 volts.



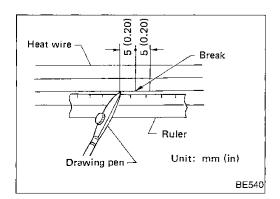


To locate burned out point, move probe to left and right along filament. Tester needle swings abruptly at the burned point.

Filament Repair

REPAIR EQUIPMENT

- Conductive silver composition (Dupont No. 4817 or equivalent)
- 2. Ruler 30 cm (11.8 in) long
- Drawing pen
- 4. Heat gun
- 5. Alcohol
- 6. Cloth



REPAIRING PROCEDURE

- Wipe broken heat wire and its surrounding area clean with a cloth dampened in alcohol.
- Apply a small amount of conductive silver composition to tip of drawing pen.

Shake silver composition container before use.

 Place ruler on glass along broken line. Deposit conductive silver composition on break with drawing pen. Slightly overlap existing heat wire on both sides [preferably 5 mm (0.20 in)] of the break. @|

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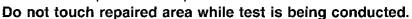
BT

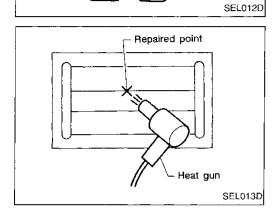
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Filament Repair (Cont'd)

4. After repair has been completed, check repaired wire for continuity. This check should be conducted 10 minutes after silver composition is deposited.





Repaired point

5. Apply a constant stream of hot air directly to the repaired area for approximately 20 minutes with a heat gun. A minimum distance of 3 cm (1.2 in) should be kept between repaired area and hot air outlet. If a heat gun is not available, let the repaired area dry for 24 hours.

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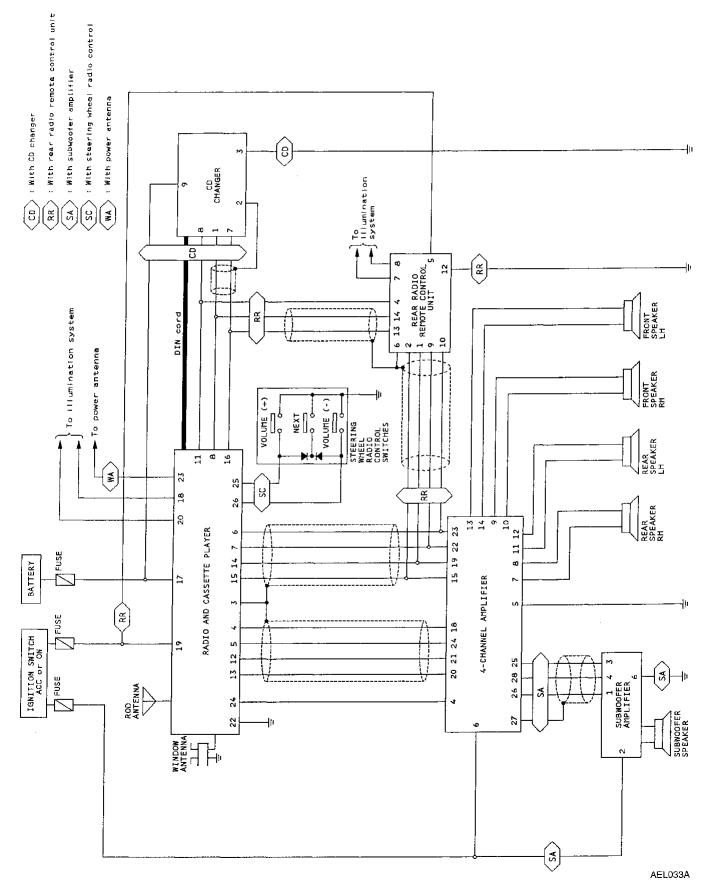
AUDIO

System Description

Refer to Owner's Manual for audio system operating instructions. GI PREMIUM AUDIO SYSTEM Power is supplied at all times: through 10A fuse (No. 20, located in the fuse block) MA to radio and cassette player terminal (7) and to CD changer terminal (9). EM With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied: through 7.5A fuse (No. [10], located in the fuse block) to radio and cassette player terminal (19) and ILG. to rear radio remote control unit terminal (5), and through 20A fuse (No. 11, located in the fuse block) to 4-channel amplifier terminal (6) and 居(C) to subwoofer amplifier terminal (2). Ground is supplied to radio and cassette player terminal ② and CD changer terminal ③ through body FE around (M65). Ground is supplied to 4-channel amplifier terminal (5) through body ground (M124). Ground is supplied to rear radio remote control unit terminal (2) through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123). Ground is supplied to subwoofer amplifier terminal (6) through body grounds (BB) and (BIO). When the system is ON, audio signals are supplied: IFA through radio and cassette player terminals (4), (5), (6), (7), (12), (13), (14) and (15) to 4-channel amplifier terminals (18), (24), (23), (20), (30), (19) and (15), and to rear radio remote control unit terminals (0), (1) and (2) for the headphone jacks. RA The 4-channel amplifier then supplies audio signals: through terminals (13), (14), (9), (10), (12), (11), (8), (7), (26) and (28) 88 to the front door speakers, rear speakers and subwoofer amplifier. The volume may be increased or decreased, or the next preset station may be selected using the steer-ST ing wheel radio control switches. The radio and cassette player receives a ground signal at terminal (26) (volume increase) or (26) (volume decrease), or at terminals (3) and (3) (next preset) when the switches are depressed. RS **BASE AUDIO SYSTEM** Power is supplied at all times: Bī • through 10A fuse (No. 20, located in the fuse block) to radio and cassette player terminal (7). HA With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied: • through 7.5A fuse (No. 10, located in the fuse block) to radio and cassette player terminal (9). Ground is supplied through the case of the radio and cassette player. When the system is ON, audio signals are supplied: 1D)X(through radio and cassette player terminals (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7) and (8) to the front and rear speakers.

Schematic

PREMIUM AUDIO SYSTEM



AUDIO

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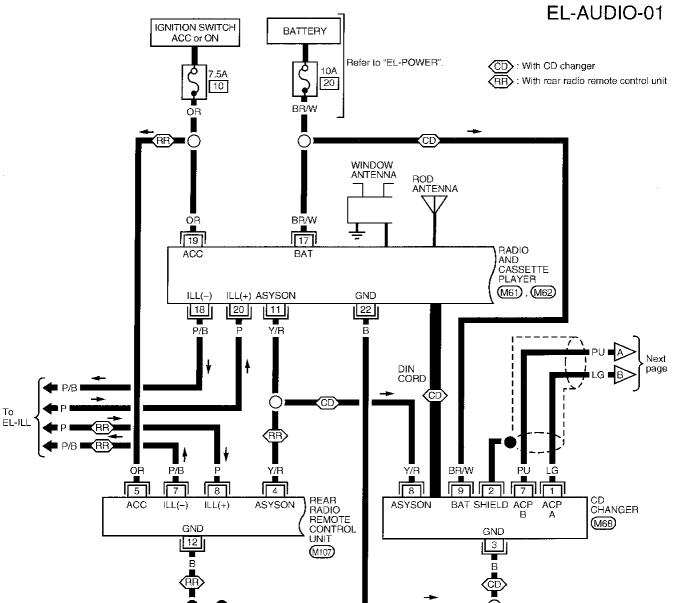
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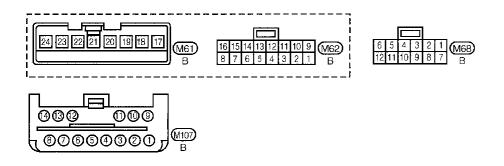
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Wiring Diagram -AUDIO-

PREMIUM AUDIO SYSTEM

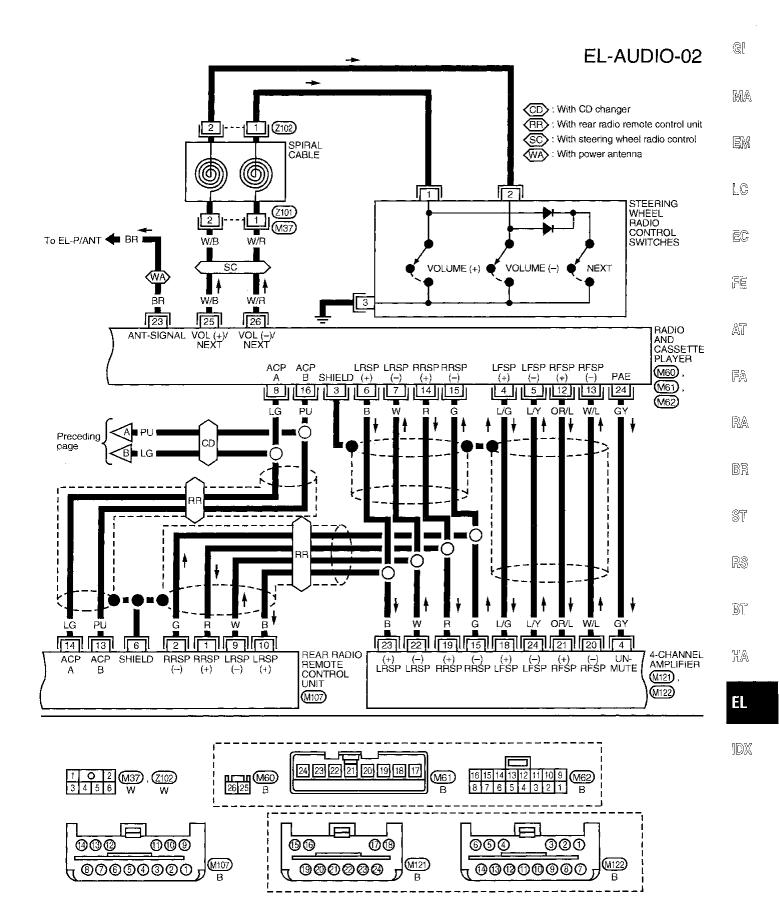




(M78)

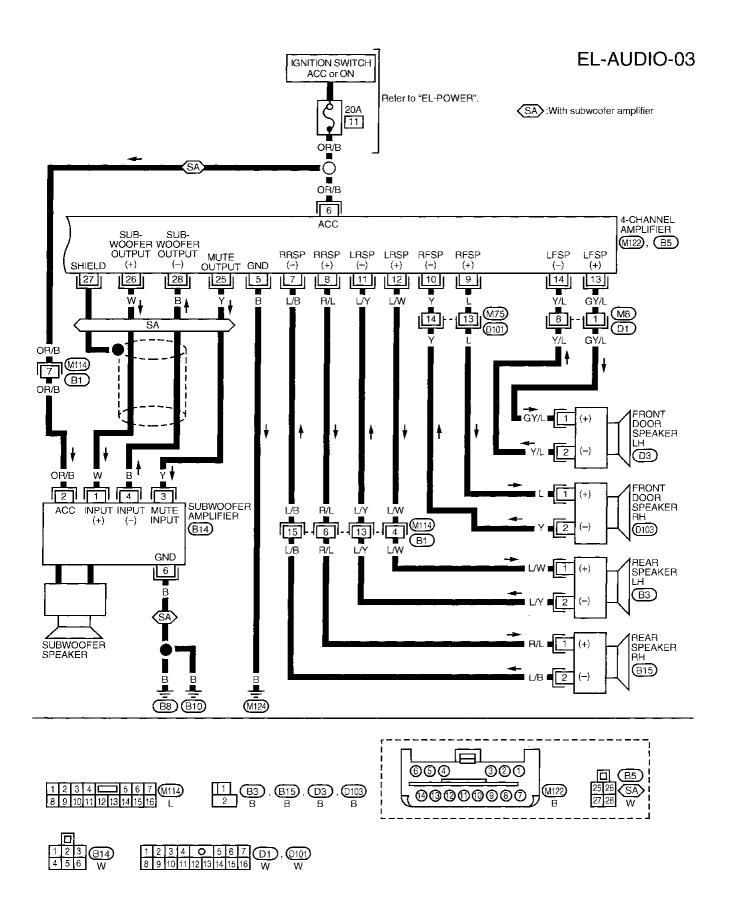
(M65)

Wiring Diagram -AUDIO- (Cont'd)



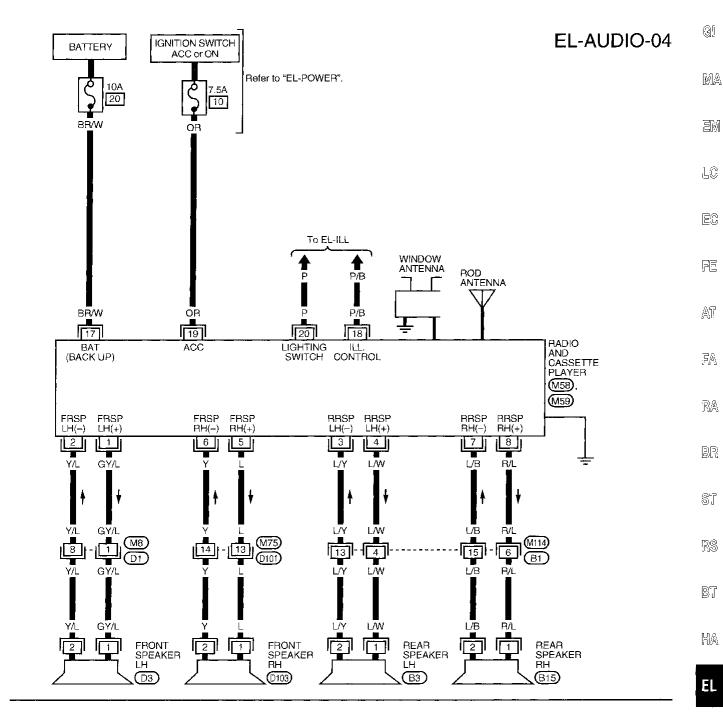
AUDIO

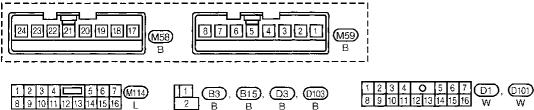
Wiring Diagram -AUDIO- (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram -AUDIO- (Cont'd)

BASE AUDIO SYSTEM





IDX

AUDIO

Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Radio, C/D changer and/or rear radio remote control unit inoperative (no digital display and no sound from speakers).	1. 10A fuse and 7.5A fuse 2. Poor radio case ground (base system), or	
	poor radio, CD changer or rear radio remote control unit body ground (premium system) 3. Radio, C/D changer or rear radio remote control unit	radio remote control unit body ground. 3. Remove radio, C/D changer, or rear radio remote control unit for repair.
Radio controls are operational, but no sound is heard from any speaker.	20A fuse (premium system)	1. Check 20A fuse (No. 11), located in the fuse block). Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 6 of 4-channel amplifier and terminal 2 of subwoofer amplifier.
	Poor 4-channel amplifier and subwoofer amplifier body grounds (premium system) 4-channel amplifier and subwoofer ampli-	Check 4-channel amplifier and subwoofer body grounds. Check 4-channel amplifier and subwoofer amplifier voltages.
14 15	fier (premium system) 4. 4-channel amplifier circuits (premium system) 5. Radio output 6. Radio	4. Check wires for open or short between radio, 4-channel amplifier, subwoofer amplifier and speakers. 5. Check radio output voltages. 6. Remove radio for repair.
Radio presets and/or CD changer memory is lost when ignition switch is turned OFF.	1. 10A fuse 2. Radio	Check 10A fuse (No. 20, located in the fuse block) and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 7 of radio and terminal 9 of CD changer. Remove radio for repair.
Individual speaker is noisy or inoperative.	Speaker 4-channel amplifier output (premium system)	Check speaker. Check 4-channel amplifier output voltages.
	Speaker circuit Radio output Radio	 Check wires for open or short between radio and speaker (base system), or between 4-channel amplifier and speaker (premium system). Check radio output voltages. Remove radio for repair.
AM stations are weak or noisy (FM stations OK).	Antenna Poor radio ground Radio	Check antenna. Check radio case ground (base system), or radio body ground (premium system). Remove radio for repair.
FM stations are weak or noisy (AM stations OK).	Diversity antenna Radio	Check diversity antenna. Remove radio for repair.
Radio generates noise in AM and FM modes with engine running.	 Poor radio ground Loose or missing ground bonding straps Ignition condenser Generator Ignition coil or secondary wiring Radio 	 Check radio case ground (base system), or radio body ground (premium system). Check ground bonding straps. Replace ignition condenser. Check generator. Check ignition coil and secondary wiring. Remove radio for repair.
Radio generates noise in AM and FM modes with accessories on (switch pops and motor noise).	Poor radio ground Antenna Accessories ground Faulty accessory	Check radio case ground (base system), or radio body ground (premium system). Check antenna. Check accessory ground. Replace accessory.

AUDIO

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

SPEAKER INSPECTION

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness connector.
- 2. Measure the resistance between speaker terminals (1) and (2).
- The resistance should be 2-4 Ω
- 3. Using jumper wires, momentarily connect a 9V battery between speaker terminals ① and ②.
- A momentary hum or pop should be heard

ANTENNA INSPECTION

- 1. Using a jumper wire, clip an auxiliary ground between antenna and body.
- If reception improves, check antenna ground (at body surface)
- · If reception does not improve, check main feeder cable for short circuit or open circuit

RADIO, C/D CHANGER, REAR RADIO REMOTE CONTROL UNIT, 4-CHANNEL AMPLIFIER AND SUBWOOFER AMPLIFIER INSPECTION

All voltage inspections are made with:

- Ignition switch ON or ACC
- Radio ON
- Radio, C/D changer, rear radio remote control unit, 4-channel amplifier and subwoofer amplifier connected (If the base radio is removed from the audio mounting bracket to make the inspection, supply a ground to the case using a jumper wire.)

PREMIUM RADIO VOLTAGES

I III III O	II HADIO VOLIAGEO	
Terminal	Voltage (V)	
1	_	
2	_	
3	Shield ground	
4	0 - 5V	
5	0 - 5V	
6	0 - 5V	
7	0 - 5V	
8	Data line	
9	_	
10		
11	10.8 - 15.6V (Radio on)	
12	0 - 5V	
13	0 - 5V	
14	0 - 5V	
15	0 - 5V	
16	Data line	
17	10.8 - 15.6V (Battery)	
18	Greater than 3.0V (Illumination on)	
19	10.8 - 15.6V (Ignition ACC or ON)	
20	10.8 - 15.6V (Illumination on)	
21		
22	Body ground	
23	10.8 -15.6V (Radio on)	
24	Greater than 3.5V (Radio on)	
25	Check continuity between radio harness	
26	connector (M60) and steering wheel radio control switches harness connector (2102).	

BASE RADIO VOLTAGES

Terminal	Voltage (V)				
1	0 - 2.3V				
2	0 - 2.3V				
3	0 - 2.3V				
4	0 - 2.3V				
5	0 - 2.3V				
6	0 - 2.3V				
7	0 - 2.3V				
8	0 - 2.3V				
17	10.8 - 15.6V (Battery)				
18	Greater than 3.0V (Illumination on)				
19	10.8 - 15.6V (Ignition ACC or ON)				
20	10.8 - 15.6V (Illumination on)				
21					
22	_				
23	_				
24	_				
	al Edition de Novembre				

The radio is case grounded through the audio mounting bracket.

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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) 4-CHANNEL AMPLIFIER VOLTAGES

REAR RADIO REMOTE CONTROL UNIT VOLTAGES

Terminal	Voltage (V)			
1	0 - 5V input			
2	0 - 5V input			
3	_			
4	10.8 - 15.6V (Radio on)			
5	10.8 - 15.6V (Ignition ACC or ON)			
6	Shield ground			
7	Body ground (Illumination)			
8	10.8 - 15.6V (Illumination on)			
9	0 - 5V input			
10	0 - 5V input			
11	_			
12	Body ground			
13	Data line			
14	Data line			

C/D CHANGER VOLTAGES

Terminal	Voltage (V)				
1	Data line				
2	Shield ground				
3	Body ground				
4					
5					
6					
7	Data line				
8	10.8 - 15.6V (Radio on)				
9	10.8 - 15.6V (Battery)				
10	-				
11	-				
12	_				

SUBWOOFER AMPLIFIER VOLTAGES

Terminal	Voltage (V)				
1	0 - 1.5V input				
2	10.8 - 15.6V (Ignition ACC or ON)				
3	Greater than 11V (Radio on)				
4	0 - 1.5V input				
5	_				
6	Body ground				

Terminal	Voltage (V)			
1				
2	-			
3				
4	Greater than 3.5V (Radio on)			
5	Body ground			
6	10.8 - 15.6V (Ignition ACC or ON)			
7	0 - 7.5V			
8	0 - 7.5V			
9	0 - 7.5V			
10	0 - 7.5V			
11	0 - 7.5V			
12	0 - 7.5V			
13	0 - 7.5V			
14	0 - 7.5V			
15	0 - 5V			
16	<u> </u>			
17	_			
18	0 - 5V			
19	0 - 5V			
20	0 - 5V			
21	0 - 5V			
22	0 - 5V			
23	0 - 5V			
24	0 - 5V			
25	Greater than 11V (Radio on)			
26	0 - 1.5V			
27	Shield ground			
28	0 - 1.5V			

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POWER ANTENNA

System Description

Power is supplied at all times: through 10A fuse (No. 20, located in the fuse block) to power antenna amplifier terminal ③, and to radio terminal ①.
 With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied: through 7.5A fuse (No. 10, located in the fuse block) to power antenna amplifier terminal 6, and to radio terminal 9.
With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied: • through 10A fuse (No. 29, located in the fuse block) • to power antenna amplifier terminal ⑤.
Ground is supplied to the power antenna amplifier terminal ⑦ through body grounds M5, M78 and M123. Ground is supplied to radio terminal ② through body ground M65.
 When the radio is turned ON, battery positive voltage is supplied: through radio terminal <a>⊗ to power antenna amplifier terminal <a>Ф.
The power antenna amplifier controls the operation of the power antenna motor through terminals (a) and (a). The antenna raises and is held in the extended position.
When the radio is turned OFF, or a cassette tape or compact disc is played, battery positive voltage is interrupted: • from radio terminal ② • to power antenna amplifier terminal ④. The antenna retracts.

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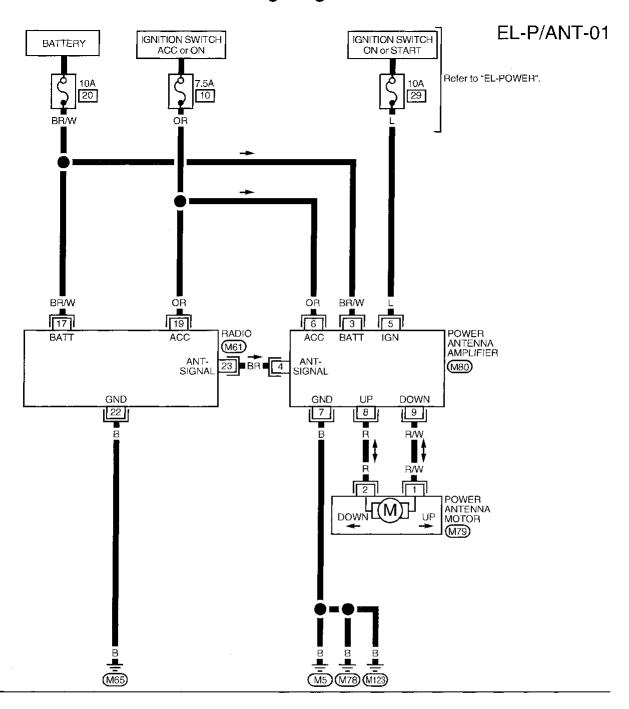
RS

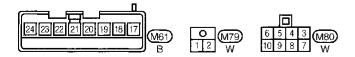
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Wiring Diagram -P/ANT-





POWER ANTENNA

Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order	@I
Power antenna does not operate.	1. 10A fuse	Check 10A fuse (No. 20, located in the fuse block). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 3 of power antenna amplifier.	- G1
	2. 10A fuse	 Check 10A fuse (No. 29, located in the fuse block). Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 5 of power antenna amplifier. 	iMV
	3. 7.5A fuse	3. Check 7.5A fuse (No. 10 located in the fuse block). Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 6 of power antenna amplifier.	en En
	4. Radio signal	4. Turn radio ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 4 of power antenna amplifier.	LC
	Poor power antenna amplifier body ground	5. Check power antenna amplifier body ground.	
	6. Power antenna circuit	Check wires for open or short between power antenna amplifier and power antenna motor.	EC

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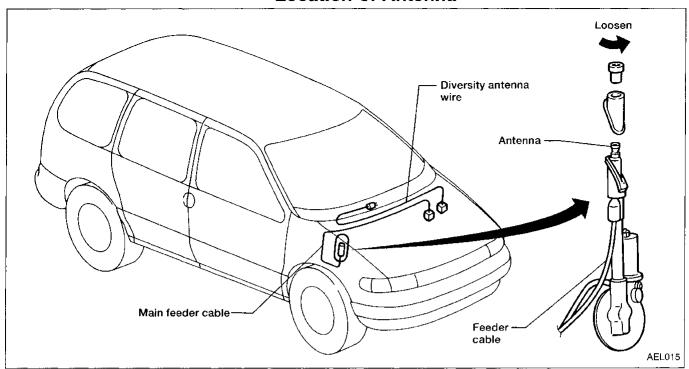
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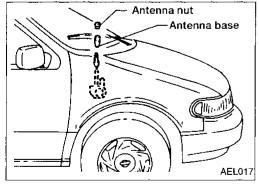
HA

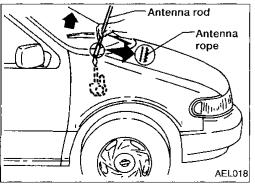
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Location of Antenna







Antenna Rod Replacement

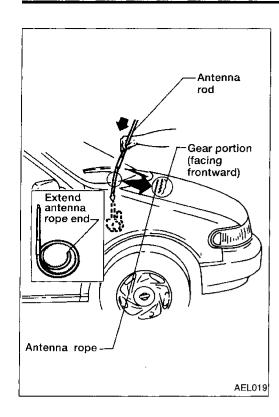
REMOVAL

1. Remove antenna nut and antenna base.

2. Remove antenna rod while raising it by operating antenna motor.

EL-148 1222

POWER ANTENNA



Antenna Rod Replacement (Cont'd) INSTALLATION

- 1. Insert gear section of antenna rope into place with it facing toward antenna motor.
- 2. Lower antenna rod by operating antenna motor.
- 3. As soon as antenna rope is wound onto antenna motor, stop antenna motor. Insert antenna rod lower end into antenna motor pipe.
- Retract antenna rod completely by operating antenna motor.
- Install antenna nut and base.



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ELECTRIC SUNROOF

System Description

POWER

Power is supplied to the sunroof motor assembly by the power window relay. When the ignition switch is turned ON, the relay is energized by the smart entrance control unit. The power circuit is protected by the circuit breaker-1. The sunroof motor assembly is grounded through body grounds (M123).

When the ignition switch is turned to the OFF position, the sunroof will still operate for up to approximately 15 minutes unless the driver's door is opened.

TILT AND SLIDE OPERATION

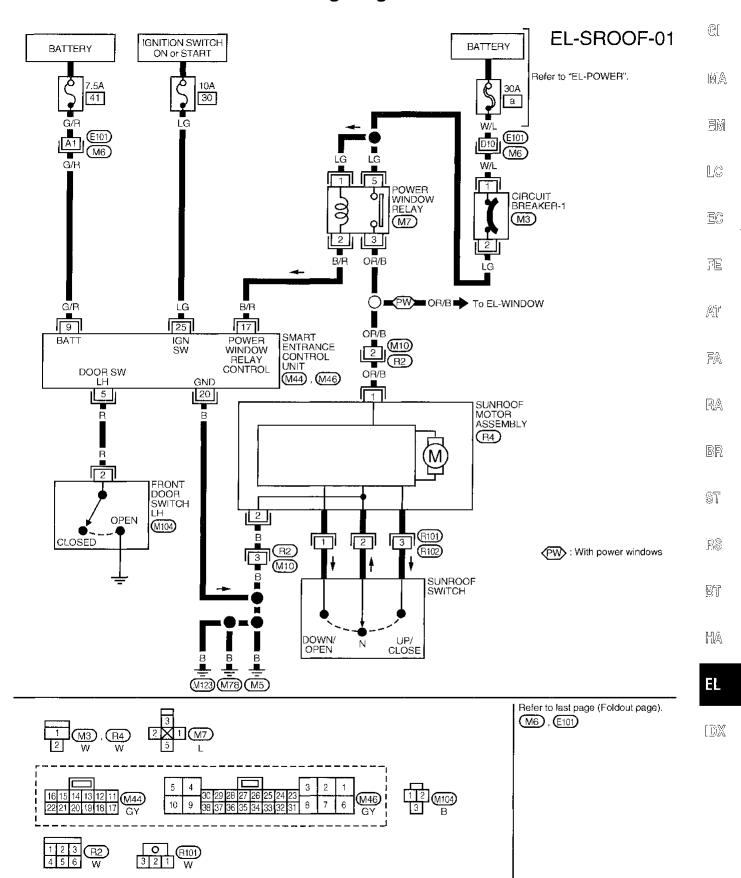
The sunroof is controlled by the sunroof switch. With sunroof in closed position, depressing UP/CLOSE switch will tilt rear of sunroof up. The sunroof will stop when the switch is released, or when the sunroof reaches its maximum tilt position.

The sunroof will tilt down when in tilt up position and DOWN/OPEN switch is depressed. The sunroof will stop when switch is released, or when sunroof is fully closed.

With sunroof in closed position, pressing DOWN/OPEN switch will cause sunroof to slide open. The sunroof will slide open until switch is released or until it is all the way open. The sunroof will close when in open position, and UP/CLOSE switch is depressed. The sunroof will slide until switch is released, or when sunroof is fully closed.

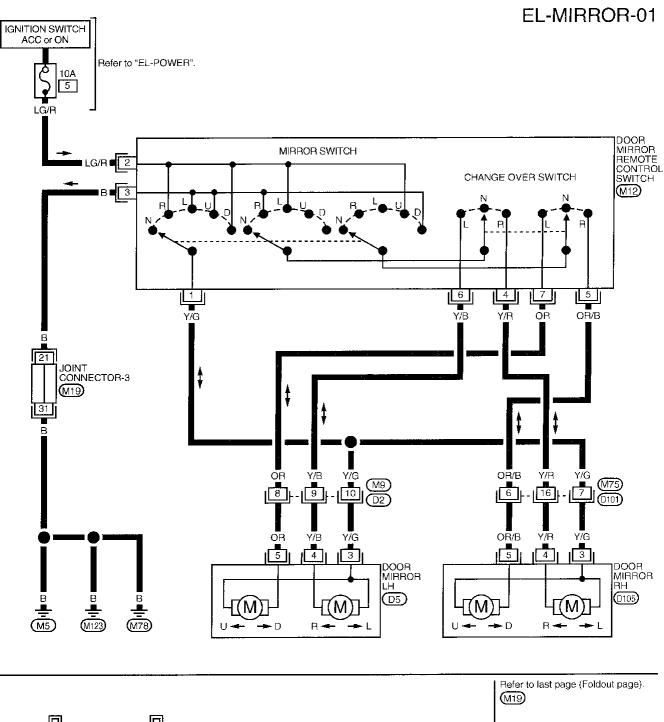
All automatic operations in sunroof are controlled by internal limit switches located in sunroof motor assembly.

Wiring Diagram -SROOF-

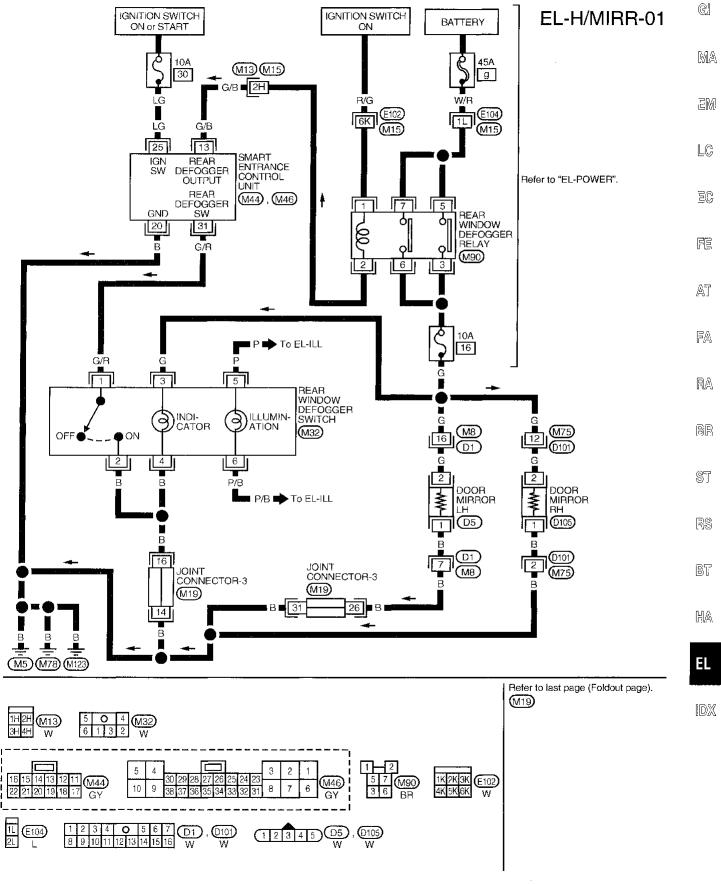


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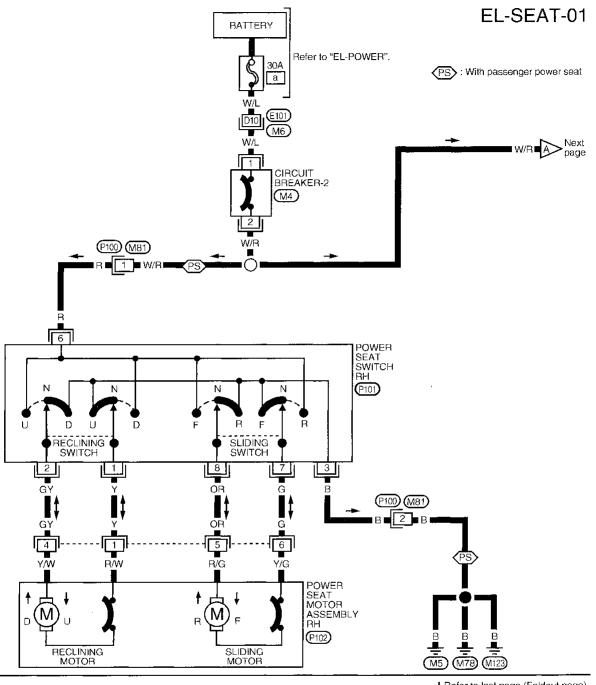
Wiring Diagram -MIRROR-

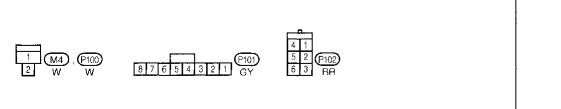


Wiring Diagram -H/MIRR-



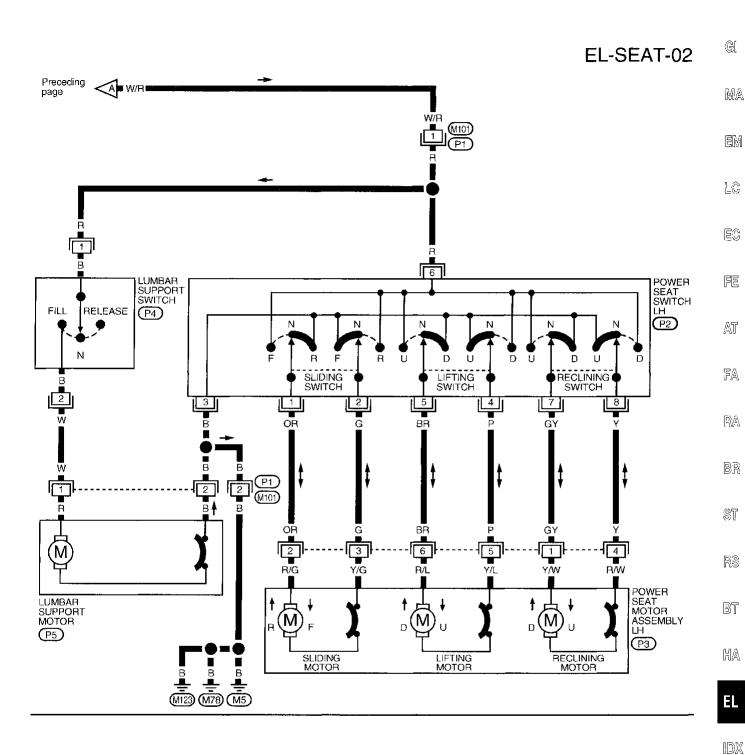
Power Seat/Wiring Diagram -SEAT-

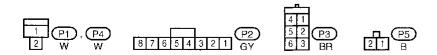




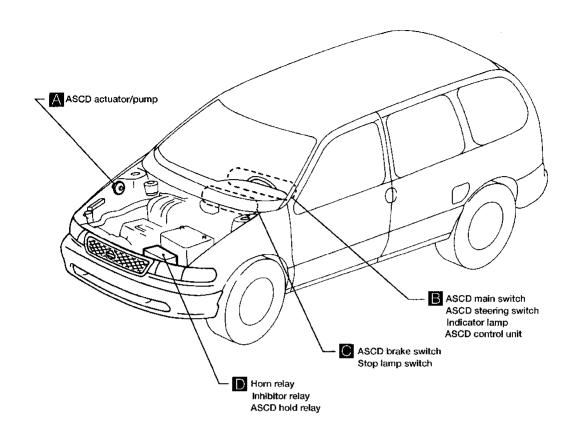
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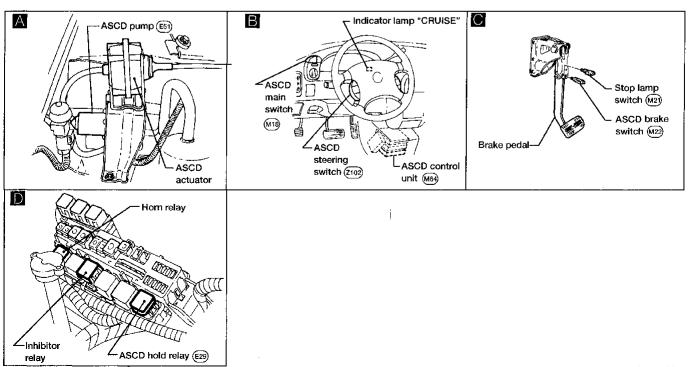
Power Seat/Wiring Diagram -SEAT- (Cont'd)





Component Parts and Harness Connector Location





AEL842A

System Description

	Refer to Owner's Manual for ASCD operating instructions.	
	When the ignition switch is in the ON or START position, power is supplied: through 10A fuse (No. 29, located in the fuse block) to ASCD main switch terminal ① to ASCD hold relay terminal ⑤ and to ASCD brake switch terminal ①.	GI MA
,	When ASCD main switch is in the ON position, power is supplied: from terminal ② of the ASCD main switch to ASCD control unit terminal ④ and from terminal ③ of the ASCD main switch to ASCD hold relay terminal ②.	EM LC
•	Ground is supplied: ■ to ASCD hold relay terminal ① ■ through body grounds E3 , E14 and E53 .	EC
· ·	With power and ground supplied, the ASCD hold relay is activated, and power is supplied: from terminal ③ of the ASCD hold relay to ASCD control unit terminal ④. Power remains supplied to ASCD control unit terminal ④ when the ASCD main switch is released to the N (neutral) position.	FE AT
•	Ground is supplied: ■ to ASCD control unit terminal ③ ■ through body grounds M5, M78 and M123.	FA
•	inhibitor relay and	RA BR ST
	A vehicle speed input is supplied: to ASCD control unit terminal ⑦ from terminal ③ of the combination meter.	RS
F	Power is supplied at all times: through 15A fuse (No. ②, located in the fuse block) to stop lamp switch terminal ①.	BT
\ •	When the brake pedal is depressed, power is supplied: from terminal ② of the stop lamp switch to ASCD control unit terminal ⑪.	HA
F	Power is supplied at all times: through 15A fuse (No. 44, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to horn relay terminal ② through terminal ① of the horn relay to ASCD steering switch terminal ②.	IDX
V	When the SET/COAST button is depressed, power is supplied: from terminal ❷ of the ASCD steering switch to ASCD control unit terminal ②.	

When the RESUME/ACCEL button is depressed, power is supplied:
from terminal ③ of the ASCD steering switch
to ASCD control unit terminal ①.

System Description (Cont'd)

When the CANCEL button is depressed, power is supplied:

to ASCD control unit terminals (1) and (2).

When the system is activated, power is supplied:

- from ASCD brake switch terminal ②
- to ASCD hold relay terminal ⑦
- through ASCD hold relay terminal 6
- to inhibitor relay terminal 4
- through inhibitor relay terminal (3)
- to ASCD control unit terminal (5).

Power is interrupted when:

- the selector lever is placed in ("P") or ("N") or
- the brake pedal is depressed.

OUTPUTS

The ASCD actuator controls the throttle drum via the ASCD wire based on inputs from the ASCD control unit. The ASCD pump consists of a vacuum motor, an air valve, and a release valve.

Power is supplied:

- from terminal (8) of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal ①.

Ground is supplied to the vacuum motor:

- from terminal (9) of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal 4.

Ground is supplied to the air valve:

- from terminal (10) of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal (2).

Ground is supplied to the release valve:

- from terminal (14) of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal (3).

When the system is activated, power is supplied:

- from terminal (3) of the ASCD control unit
- to combination meter terminal (1) and
- to A/T control unit terminal 37.

Ground is supplied:

- to combination meter terminal (12)
- through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123).

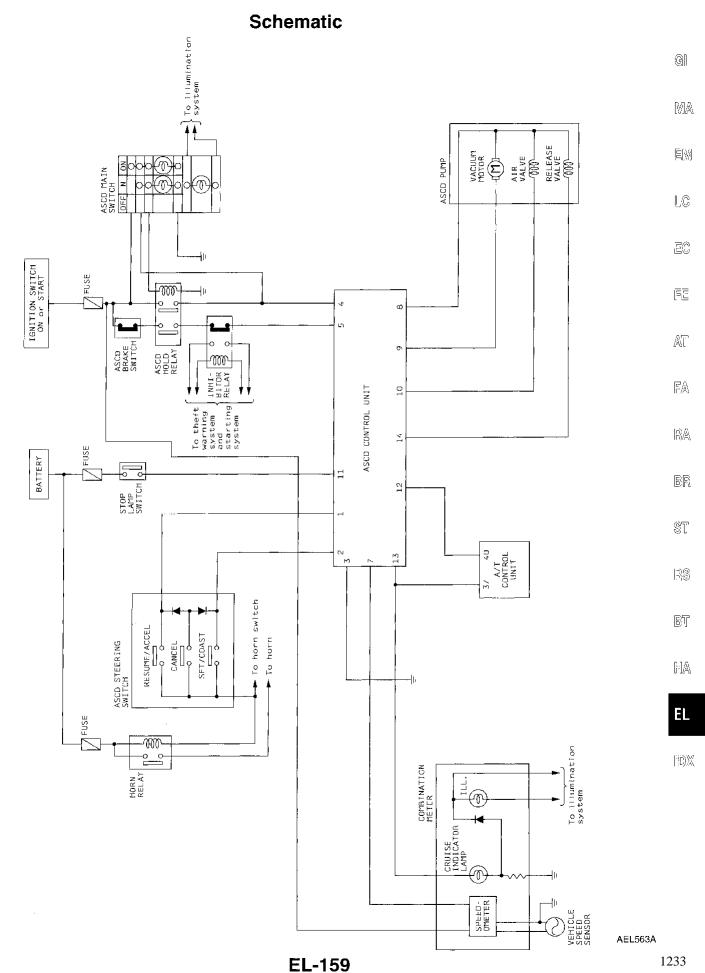
With power and ground supplied, the CRUISE indicator illuminates.

When vehicle speed is approximately 8 km/h (5 MPH) below set speed on A/T models, a signal is sent:

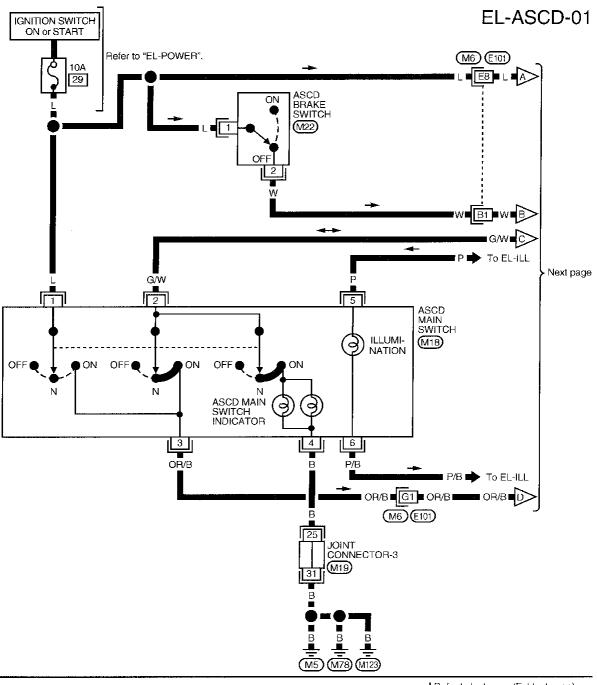
- from terminal (12) of the ASCD control unit
- to A/T control unit terminal 49.

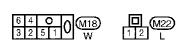
When this occurs, the A/T control unit cancels overdrive.

After vehicle speed is approximately 3 km/h (2 MPH) above set speed, overdrive is reactivated.



Wiring Diagram -ASCD-



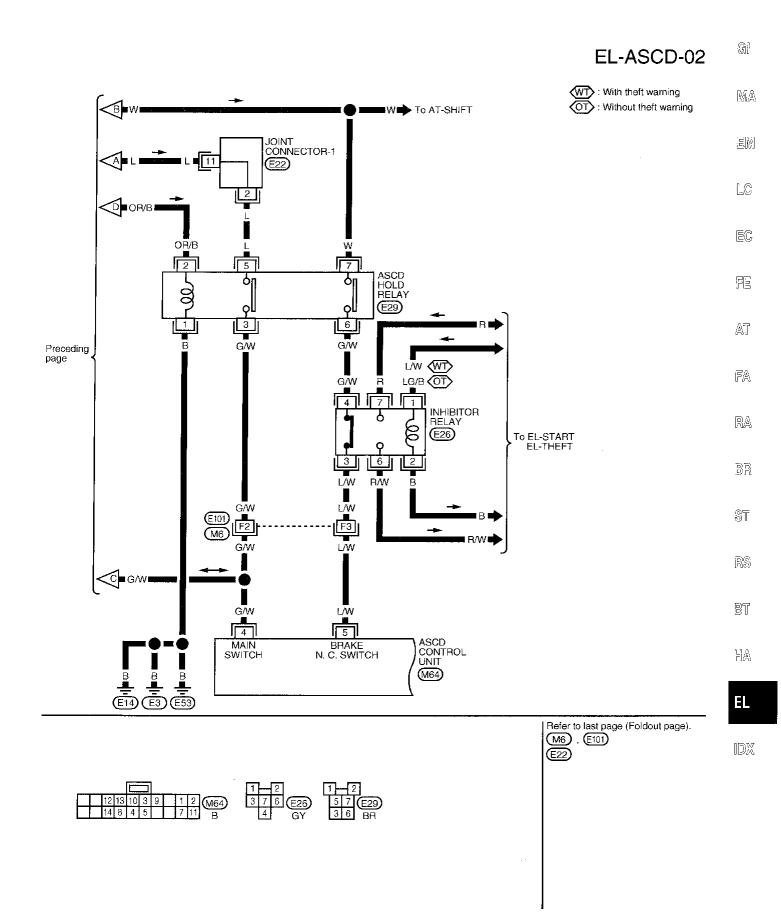


Refer to last page (Foldout page).

(M6), (E101)

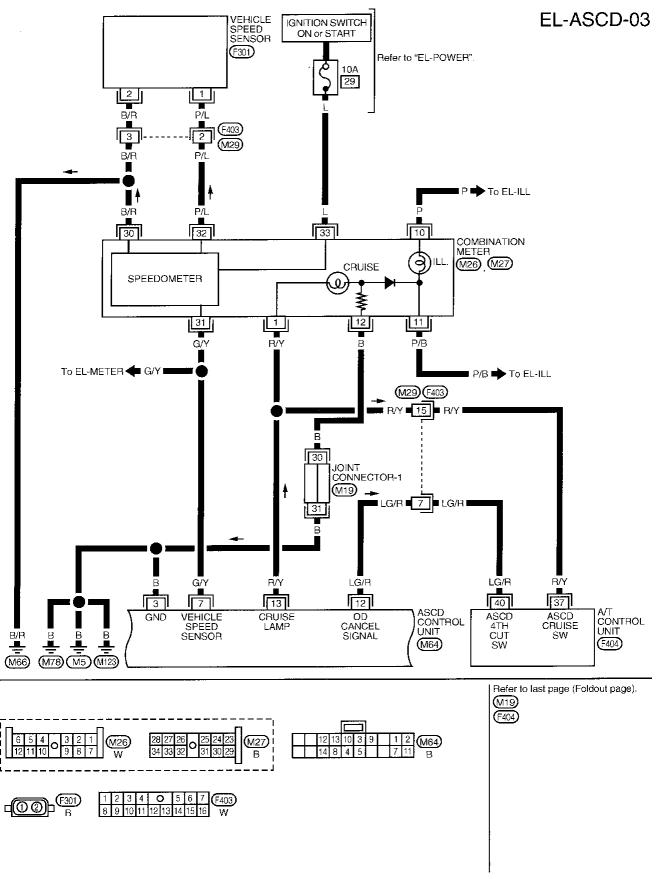
(M19)

Wiring Diagram -ASCD- (Cont'd)

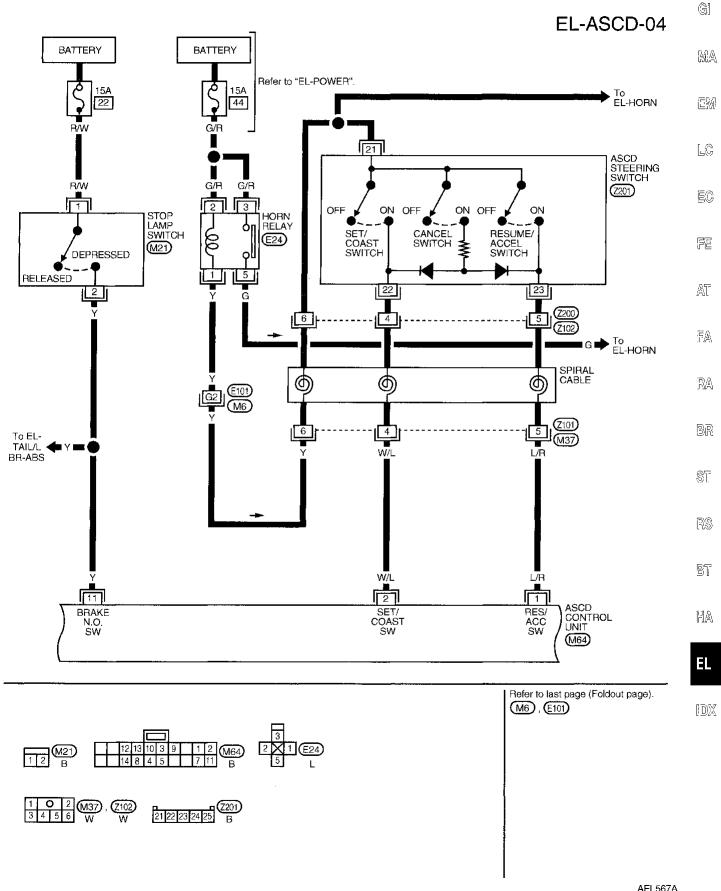


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Wiring Diagram -ASCD- (Cont'd)

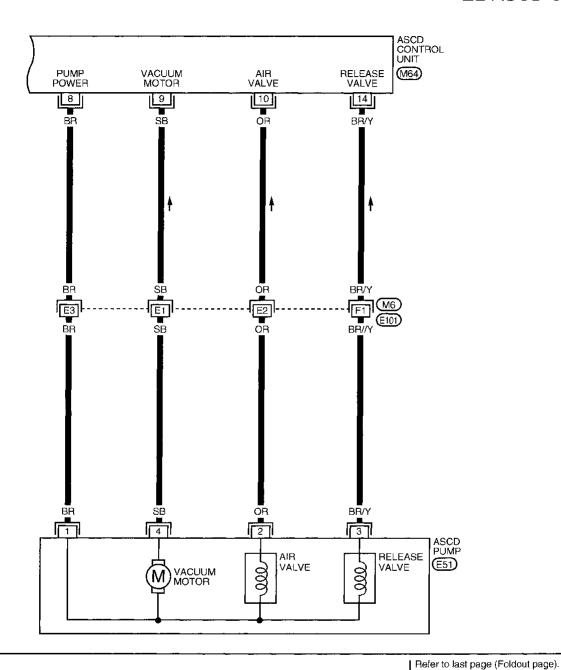


Wiring Diagram -ASCD- (Cont'd)

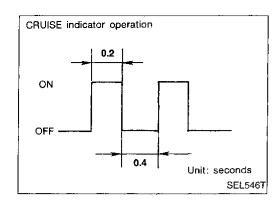


Wiring Diagram -ASCD- (Cont'd)

EL-ASCD-05







Trouble Diagnoses

FAIL-SAFE SYSTEM

When the fail-safe system senses a malfunction, it deactivates ASCD operation. The CRUISE indicator in the combination meter will then flash.

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Malfunction detection conditions

Detection conditions	ASCD operation during malfunction detection	_
 ASCD steering (RESUME/ACCEL, CANCEL, SET/COAST) switch is stuck. Vacuum motor ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Air valve ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Release valve ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Vehicle speed sensor is faulty. ASCD control unit internal circuit is malfunctioning. 	 ASCD is deactivated. Vehicle speed memory is canceled. 	-
ASCD brake switch or stop lamp switch is faulty.	 ASCD is deactivated. Vehicle speed memory is not canceled. 	-

BR

ST

RS

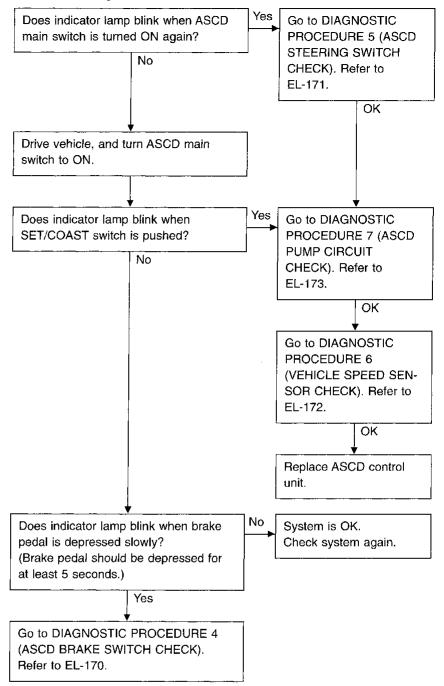
BT

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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) Fail-safe system check



EL-166 1240

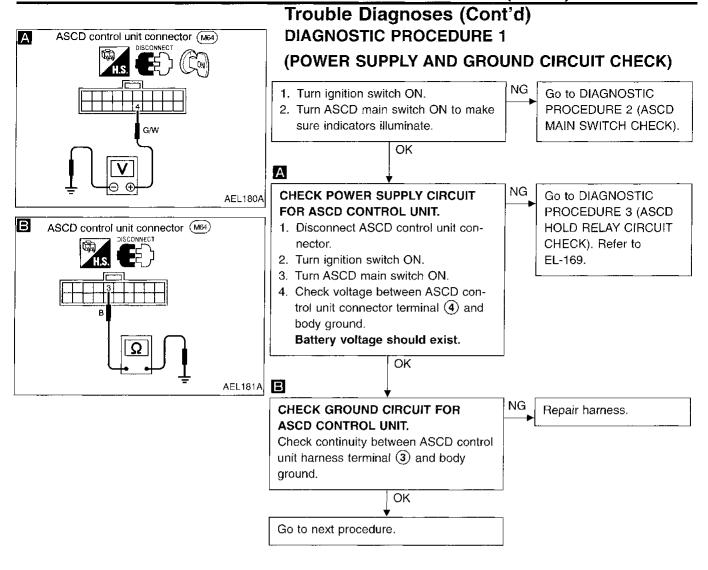
Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

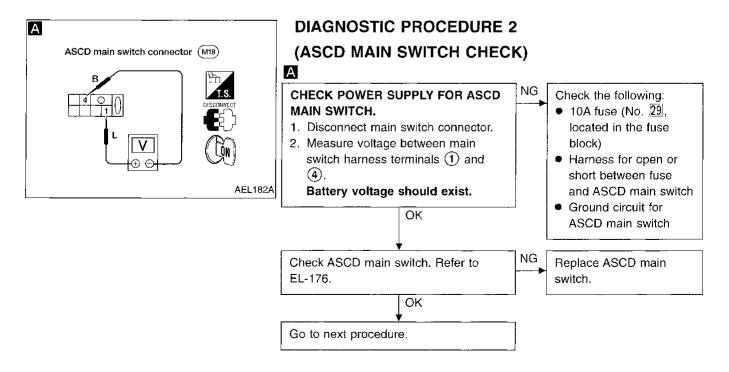
SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE				Diagr	nostic prod	edure				
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-166	EL-168	EL-168	EL-169	EL-170	EL-171	EL-172	EL-173	EL-174	G!
SYMPTOM	Fail-safe system check	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 (POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 (ASCD MAIN SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3 (ASCD HOLD RELAY CIRCUIT CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4 (ASCD BRAKE SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5 (ASCD STEERING SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 6 (VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 7 (ASCD PUMP CIRCUIT CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 8 (ASCD ACTUATOR/PUMP CHECK)	M Ei L() Fi Ai
ASCD cannot be set. ("CRUISE" indicator lamp does not blink.)	Fa	X	X	X X	<u></u>	X	X	<u>a</u> (4)	[] (¥)	FA
ASCD cannot be set. ("CRUISE" indicator lamp blinks. *1)	Х				Х	Х	Х	Х		R/
Vehicle speed does not decrease after SET/COAST switch has been pressed.						Х			х	
Vehicle speed does not return to the set speed after RESUME/ ACCEL switch has been pressed. *2						Х			х	\$1 2
Vehicle speed does not increase after RESUME/ACCEL switch has been pressed.					i	Х			х	
System is not released after CAN- CEL switch (steering) has been pressed.						Х			х	EA
Large difference between set speed and actual vehicle speed.									×	E
Deceleration is greatest immediately after ASCD has been set.	į								X	(D)

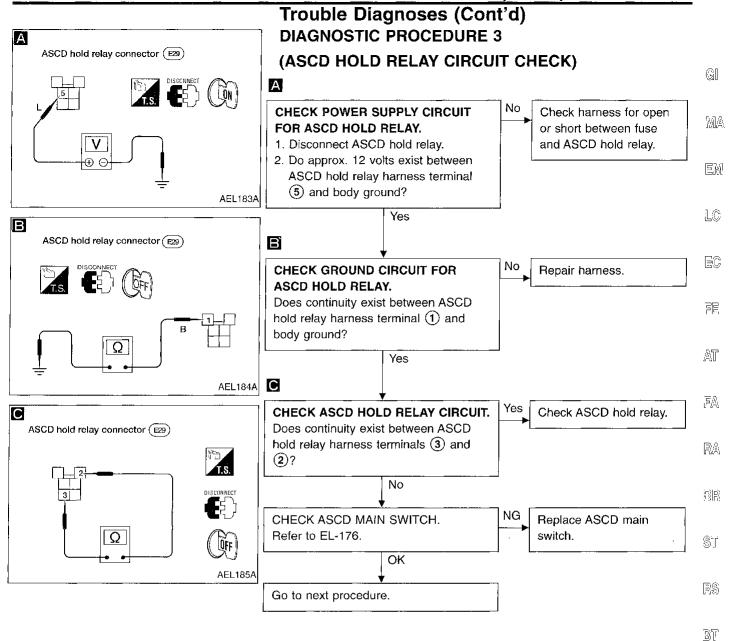
^{*1:}It indicates that system is in fail-safe.

^{*2:}If vehicle speed is greater than 48 km/h (30 MPH) after system has been released, pressing RESUME/ ACCEL switch returns vehicle speed to the set speed previously achieved. However, doing so when the ASCD main switch is turned to "OFF", vehicle speed will not return to the set speed since the memory is canceled.





EL-168 1242

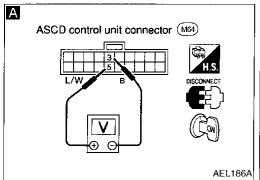


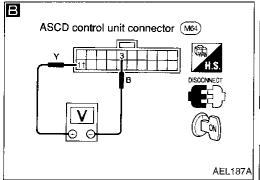
1243

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EL-169





Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4 (ASCD BRAKE SWITCH CHECK)

Α

CHECK CUT-OFF CIRCUIT FOR ASCD CONTROL UNIT.

- Disconnect ASCD control unit connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Turn ASCD main switch ON.
- Measure voltage between ASCD control unit connector terminals (5) and (3). When brake pedal is depressed or A/T selector lever is in ("N") or ("P") position:
 Approx. 0V

When brake pedal is released or A/T selector lever is in any positions other than ("N") or ("P"):

Battery voltage should exist.

OK

CHECK THE FOLLOW-ING:

- ASCD brake switch Refer to EL-176
- Inhibitor switch Refer to EL-176

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- ASCD hold relay Refer to EL-5
- Inhibitor relay Refer to EL-5
- Harness for open or short

В

CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH CIR-CUIT.

- Disconnect ASCD control unit connector.
- 2. Check voltage between ASCD control unit harness terminals (1) and (3).

Cond	Voltage [V]	
Stop lamp	Depressed	Approx. 12
switch	Released	0
	014	·

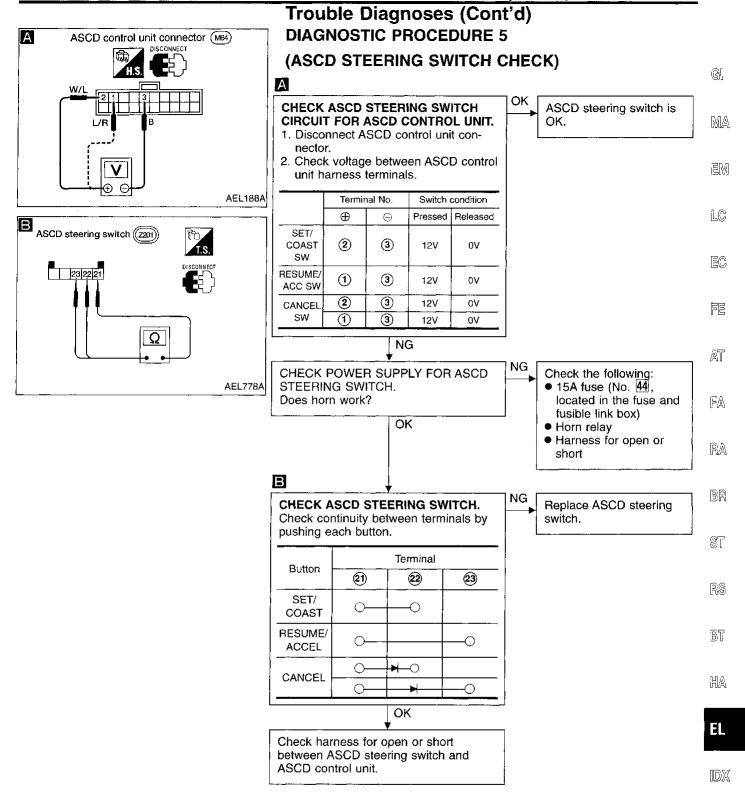
ASCD brake switch is OK.

CHECK THE FOLLOW-ING:

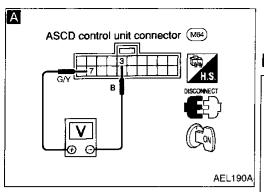
- Harness for open or short between ASCD control unit and stop lamp switch
- 15A fuse (No. 22, located in the fuse block)
- Stop lamp switch Refer to EL-176

1244

EL-170



EL-171



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)
DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 6
(VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CHECK)

Α

CHECK VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT.

Insert wheel chocks and jack up front of vehicle.

- Disconnect ASCD control unit connector.
- 3. Connect voltmeter between ASCD control unit harness terminals (7) and (3).

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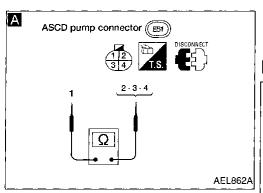
- 4. Slowly turn front wheel.
- Check deflection of voltmeter pointer.

Does speedometer operate normally?

No Check speedometer and vehicle speed sensor circuit. Refer to EL-98.

Vehicle speed sensor is OK.

Check harness for open or short between ASCD control unit terminal and combination meter terminal 31.



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) **DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 7** (ASCD PUMP CIRCUIT CHECK)

NG

Replace ASCD pump.

Α

CHECK ASCD PUMP.

1. Disconnect ASCD pump connector.

2. Measure resistance between ASCD pump terminals (1) and (2), (3), (4).

Terminals Resistance $[\Omega]$ 4 Approx. 3 2 1 Approx. 65 (3) Approx. 65 OK

Check harness for open or short between ASCD pump and ASCD control

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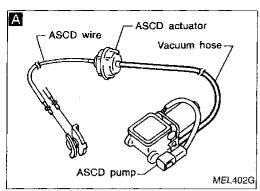
BR

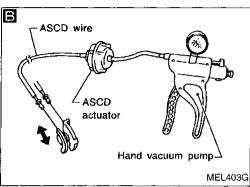
ST

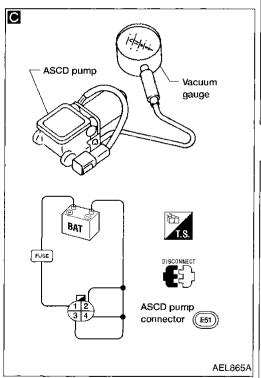
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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 8 (ASCD ACTUATOR/PUMP CHECK)

Α

CHECK VACUUM HOSE.

Check vacuum hose (between ASCD actuator and ASCD pump) for breakage, cracks or fracture.

OK

OK

CHECK ASCD WIRE.

Check wire for improper installation, rust formation or breaks.

Repair or replace wire.
Refer to "ASCD WIRE
ADJUSTMENT", EL-175.

Replace ASCD actuator.

Repair or replace hose.

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NG

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CHECK ASCD ACTUATOR.

- Disconnect vacuum hose from ASCD actuator.
- Apply -40 kPa (-0.400 bar, -0.41 kg/cm², -5.8 psi) vacuum to ASCD actuator with hand vacuum pump.

ASCD wire should move to pull throttle drum.

Wait 10 seconds and check for decrease in vacuum pressure.

Vacuum pressure decrease: Less than 2.7 kPa (0.0270 bar, 0.028 kg/cm², 0.39 psi)

ОК

CHECK ASCD PUMP.

- Disconnect vacuum hose from ASCD pump and ASCD pump connector.
- 2. If necessary remove ASCD pump.
- Connect vacuum gauge to ASCD pump.
- Apply 12V direct current to ASCD pump and check operation.

	12V direct current sup- ply terminals		Operation
	⊕	Θ	
Air valve		2	Close
Release valve	1	3	Close
Vacuum motor		4	Operate

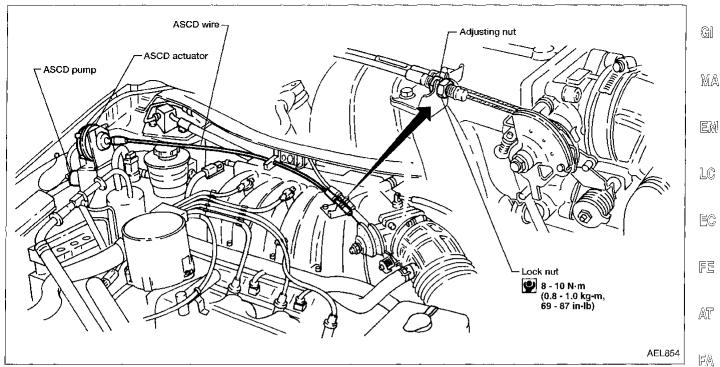
A vacuum pressure of at least -35 kPa (-0.350 bar, -0.36 kg/cm², -5.1 psi) should be generated.

OK

INSPECTION END

Replace ASCD pump.

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) ASCD WIRE ADJUSTMENT



CAUTION:

- Be careful not to twist ASCD wire when removing it.
- Do not overly tighten ASCD wire during adjustment. Confirm that accelerator wire is properly adjusted.
- For accelerator cable adjustment, refer to FE section ("Adjusting Accelerator Wire", "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM").

Adjust the ASCD wire as follows:

- 1. Loosen lock nut and tighten adjusting nut until throttle drum starts to move.
- From that position turn back adjusting nut 0.5 to 1 turn, and secure lock nut.
 - (This prevents a delay in the operation of the ASCD.)
- For ASCD brake switch adjustment, refer to BR section ("Adjustment", "BRAKE PEDAL AND BRACKET").

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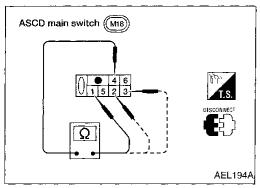
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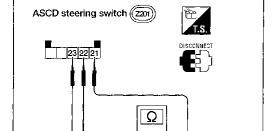
AEL778A

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) **ELECTRICAL COMPONENT INSPECTION**

ASCD main switch

Check continuity between terminals by pushing switch to each position.

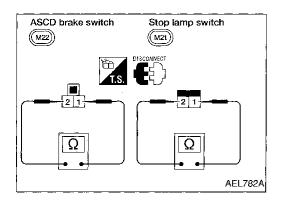
Switch position	Terminals					
Switch position	1	2	3	4	5	6
ON	0		<u> </u>	D-0		
N				IL	L	
						⋑ —○
OFF						



ASCD steering switch

Check continuity between terminals by pushing each button.

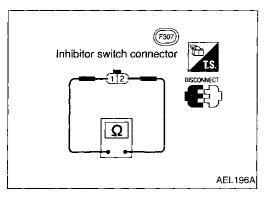
Button	Terminal			
Button	21	22	23	
SET/COAST	0-			
RESUME/ACCEL	0-			
CANCEL	0-	▶ !○		
CANCEL	0-			



ASCD brake switch and stop lamp switch

	Continuity		
Condition	ASCD brake switch	Stop lamp switch	
When brake pedal is depressed	No	Yes	
When brake pedal is released	Yes	No	

Check each switch after adjusting brake pedal - refer to BR section.

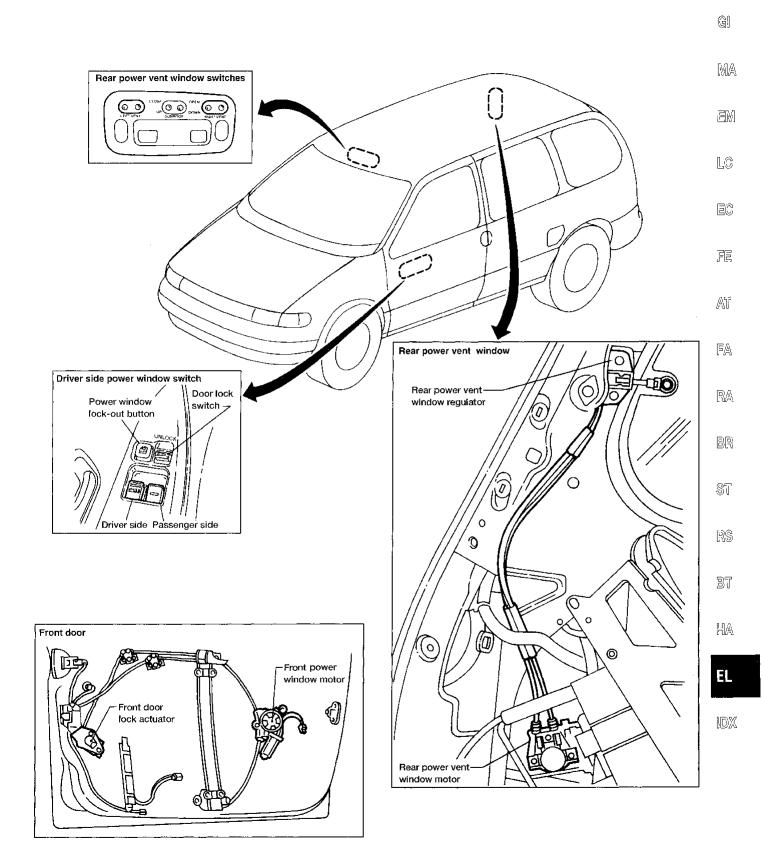


Inhibitor switch

Condition	Continuity
When shift lever position is "N" or "P"	Yes
When shift lever position is not "N" or "P"	No

1250 **EL-176**

Component Layout



POWER WINDOW

System Description

Power is supplied at all times:

- from 7.5A fuse (No. 4), located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (9), and
- from 30A fusible link (Letter a, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to circuit breaker-1 terminal (1)
- through circuit breaker-1 terminal (2)
- to power window relay terminal (5) and
- power window relay terminal (1).

Ground is supplied:

- to main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminals (5) and (6)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal @, and
- to rear power vent window switch terminal (4)
- through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123).

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- from 10A fuse (No. 30, located in the fuse block)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal 25.

Ground is then supplied to power window relay terminal (2) from smart entrance control unit terminal (7).

With power and ground supplied, the power window relay is energized and power is supplied:

- from power window relay terminal (3)
- to main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminals 1) and 2)
- to front power window switch RH terminal 6, and
- to rear power vent window switch terminal (3).

When the ignition switch is turned to the OFF position, the power windows will still operate for up to approximately 15 minutes unless the driver's door is opened.

FRONT DOOR LH

Window Up

When the main power window and door lock/unlock switch is pressed in the UP position, power is supplied:

- from main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (5)
- to front power window motor LH terminal (2).

Ground is supplied:

- to front power window motor LH terminal
- from main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (6).

With power and ground supplied, the front power window motor LH will raise the window until the switch is released.

Window Down

When the main power window and door lock/unlock switch is pressed in the DOWN position, power is supplied:

- from main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (6)
- to front power window motor LH terminal ①.

Ground is supplied:

- to front power window motor LH terminal ②
- from main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (5).

With power and ground supplied, the power window motor LH will lower the window until the switch is released.

Auto Down

If the main power window and door lock/unlock switch is pressed in the down position for more than three seconds, the auto down circuit will bypass the switch and continue to lower the window until it is completely lowered.

The AUTO feature only operates on the driver's window downward movement.

System Description (Cont'd)

Power and ground are supplied to the front power window motor LH in the same manner as outlined in "Window down".

FRONT DOOR RH

Gl

NOTE:

Figures in parentheses () refer to terminal Nos. arranged in order when the UP or DOWN section of power window switch is pressed.

n (W)/A

Operation by main switch

Power is supplied:

from main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (13, 14)

• to front power window switch RH terminal (4), 3).

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Subsequent operations are the same as those outlined under "Operation by front power window switch RH".

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Operation by front power window switch RH Power is supplied:

• from front power window switch RH terminal 6

FZ

- through front power window switch RH terminal (②, ①)
- to front power window motor RH terminal (②, ①).

Ground is supplied:

AT

- to front power window motor RH terminal (1), 2)
- through front power window switch RH terminal (①, ②)

to front power window switch RH terminal (4, 3)

FA

- through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (13), (14)
- to main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminals (5) and (6)
- through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123).

RA

Lock Feature

If the main power window and door lock/unlock switch window lockout switch is in the LOCK position, the front power window switch RH ground circuit is interrupted. When this happens, the front power window motor RH cannot be operated by the front power window switch RH or the main power window and door lock/unlock switch.

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REAR POWER VENT WINDOW LH

When the rear power vent window switch LEFT VENT is pressed in the OPEN position, power is supplied:

opliea: 150

through rear power vent window switch terminal 6
to rear power vent window motor LH terminal 1.

78

Ground is supplied:

- through rear power vent window switch terminal ⑤
- to rear power vent window motor LH terminal ②.

With power and ground supplied, the rear power vent window motor LH will open the vent window until the switch is released.

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When the rear power vent window switch LEFT VENT is pressed in the CLOSE position, power is supplied:

through rear power vent window switch terminal (5)

to rear power vent window motor LH terminal ②.

Ground is supplied:

- through rear power vent window switch terminal 6
- to rear power vent window motor LH terminal ①.

With power and ground supplied, the rear power vent window motor will close the vent window until the switch is released.

REAR POWER VENT WINDOW RH

When the rear power vent window switch RIGHT VENT is pressed in the OPEN position, power is supplied:

- through rear power vent window switch terminal 2
- to rear power vent window motor RH terminal ①.

System Description (Cont'd)

Ground is supplied:

- through rear power vent window switch terminal 1
- to rear power vent window motor RH terminal (2).

With power and ground supplied, the rear power vent window motor RH will open the vent window until the switch is released.

When the rear power vent window switch RIGHT VENT is pressed in the CLOSE position, power is supplied:

- through rear power vent window switch terminal ①
- to rear power vent window motor RH terminal ②.

Ground is supplied:

- through rear power vent window switch terminal ②
- to rear power vent window motor RH terminal ①.

With power and ground supplied, the rear power vent window motor RH will close the vent window until the switch is released.

NOTES

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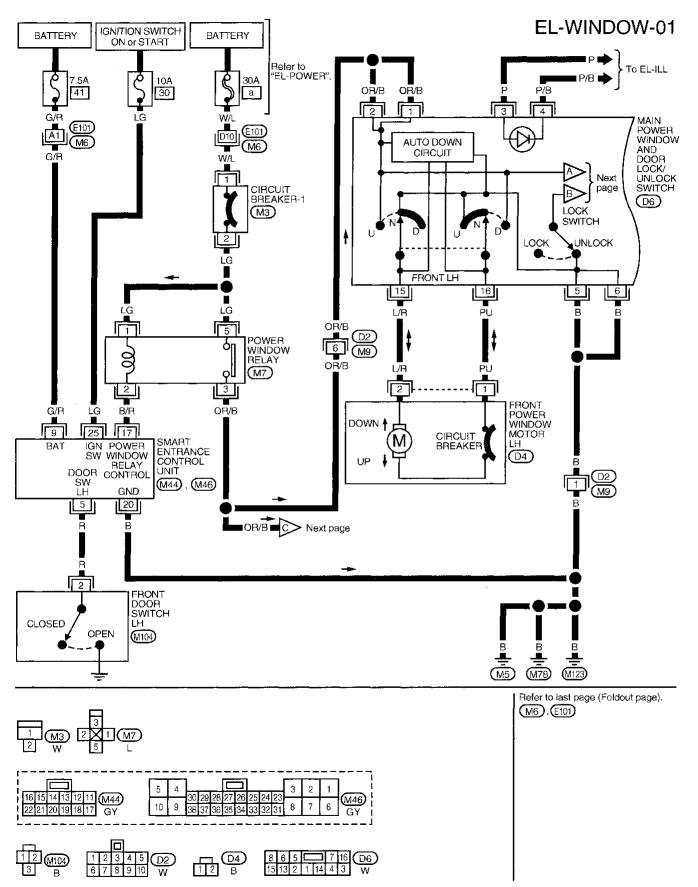
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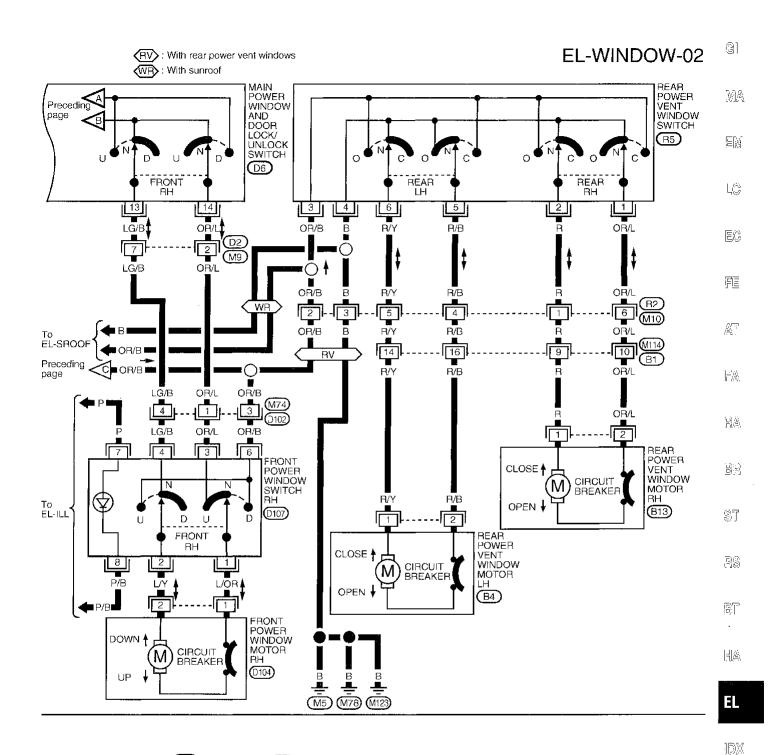
IDX

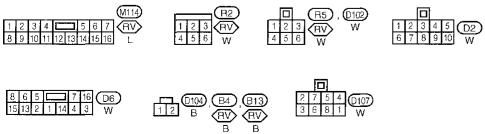
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Wiring Diagram -WINDOW-



Wiring Diagram -WINDOW- (Cont'd)





AEL542A

Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
None of the power windows can be operated from any switch.	7.5A fuse, 10A fuse, 30A fusible link and circuit breaker-1	1. Check 7.5A fuse (No. 41, located in fuse and fusible link box), 10A fuse (No. 30, located in the fuse block), 30A fusible link (letter 1, located in the fuse and fusible link box) and the circuit breaker-1. Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminals 1 and 2 of main power window and door lock/unlock switch, terminal 6 of front power window switch RH and terminal 3 of rear power vent window switch.
	2. Grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123)	2. Check grounds M5 , M78 and M123 .
	3. Power window relay	3. Check power window relay.
	Open/short in main power window and door lock/unlock switch circuit	Check OR/B wire between power window relay and main power window and door lock/unlock switch for open/short circuit.
Driver side power window cannot be operated but other windows can be operated.	Driver side (front LH) power window motor circuit	Check driver side (front LH) power window motor circuit.
	Driver side (front LH) power window motor	2. Check driver side (front LH) power window motor.
Passenger side power window cannot be operated.	Power window switch (front RH)	Check power window switch (front RH).
	2. Power window motor (front RH)	2. Check power window motor (front RH).
	Main power window and door lock/ unlock switch	Check main power window and door lock/unlock switch.
	4. Power window circuits	Check wires between main power window and door lock/unlock switch, power window switch RH and motor for open/short circuits.
Passenger side power window cannot be operated by main switch but can be operated by passenger's switch.	Main power window and door lock/ unlock switch	Check main power window and door lock/unlock switch.
One or both rear power vent windows cannot be operated.	Rear power vent window switch	Check rear power vent window switch.
	Rear power vent window motors	Check rear power vent window motors (LH and RH).
	Rear power vent window circuits	Check wires between power window relay, rear power vent window switch and rear power vent window motors for open/short circuits.

EL-184 1258

System Description

Power is supplied at all times: through 7.5A fuse (No. 41, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to smart entrance control unit terminal (9), and	Ġi
 through 30A fusible link (Letter a, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to circuit breaker-1 terminal 1 through circuit breaker-1 terminal 2 to smart entrance control unit terminal 3 	MA
Ground is supplied to smart entrance control unit terminals ①, ② and ③ through body grounds ①, ① and ① through body grounds ② ,	EM
INPUT	LC
When the main power window and door lock/unlock switch is in the LOCK position, ground signal is supplied: • through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123) • to main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (5),	EC
 through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (7) to smart entrance control unit terminal (3). 	夏司
When the door lock/unlock switch RH is in the LOCK position, ground signal is supplied: • through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123) • to door lock/unlock switch RH terminal (4),	AT
 through door lock/unlock switch RH terminal ① to smart entrance control unit terminal ③. 	FA
When the main power window and door lock/unlock switch is in the UNLOCK position, ground signal is supplied:	RA
 through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123) to main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (5), through main power window and door lock/unlock switch terminal (8) to smart entrance control unit terminal (34). 	398
When the door lock/unlock switch RH is in the UNLOCK position, ground signal is supplied: through body grounds (E3), (E53) and (E14) to door lock/unlock switch RH terminal (4),	ST
 through door lock/unlock switch RH terminal ③ to smart entrance control unit terminal ④. 	R\$
ОUТРUТ	<u>P</u>
Unlock	. Es II
Power is supplied: • from smart entrance control unit terminal ②	KA.
 to front door lock actuator LH terminal ② from smart entrance control unit terminal ⑦ to front door lock actuator RH terminal ② 	EL
 to sliding door lock actuator terminal ②, and from smart entrance control unit terminal ③ to back door lock actuator terminal ②.]DX
Ground is supplied: • from smart entrance control unit terminal ⑥	

• to all door lock actuators terminal ①. With power and ground supplied, the door lock actuators move to the unlocked position.

Lock

Power is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal 6
 to all door lock actuators terminal 1

System Description (Cont'd)

Ground is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal ②
- to front door lock actuator LH terminal (2)
- from smart entrance control unit terminal (7)
- to front door lock actuator RH terminal (2)
- to sliding door lock actuator terminal ②, and
- from smart entrance control unit terminal (8)
- to back door lock actuator terminal 2.

With power and ground supplied, the door lock actuators will move to the locked position.

KEY REMINDER DOOR SYSTEM

When the key is inserted into the ignition key cylinder, the key switch closes and a ground signal is supplied:

- through body grounds (E3), (E53) and (E14)
- to key switch terminal ②
- through key switch terminal ①
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (4).

With the ground signal supplied, the smart entrance control unit provides a key reminder feature. For more information, refer to "OPERATIVE CONDITION", "System Description", EL-187.

System Description (Cont'd)

OPERATIVE CONDITION

- The lock/unlock switches on driver's and passenger's door trim can lock and unlock all doors.
- With the lock knob on front LH or RH door set to LOCK, all doors are locked.

GI

Models with multi-remote control system

 With the door key inserted in the key cylinder on front LH or RH door, or sliding door, turning it to LOCK, will lock all doors; turning it to UNLOCK once unlocks the corresponding door; turning it to UNLOCK again within 5 seconds after the first unlock operation unlocks all of the other doors.



MA

Refer to multi-remote control system, EL-201.

However, if the ignition key is in the ignition key cylinder and one or more of the front doors are open, setting the lock/unlock switch, lock knob, or the door key to LOCK locks the doors once but then immediately unlocks them. — (KEY REMINDER DOOR SYSTEM)

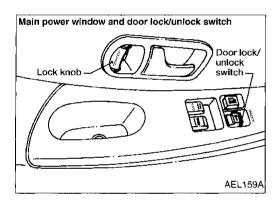
LC

If any of the following symptoms occur, key reminder door system is malfunctioning.

 With ignition key removed from the ignition key cylinder and all doors closed, operating the lock/ unlock switch or lock knob on the front LH or RH door trim unlocks all doors the instant they are locked.

 With ignition key inserted into the ignition key cylinder and front LH or RH door opened, operating the lock/unlock switch or lock knob on the front LH or RH door trim to LOCK does not unlock all doors.

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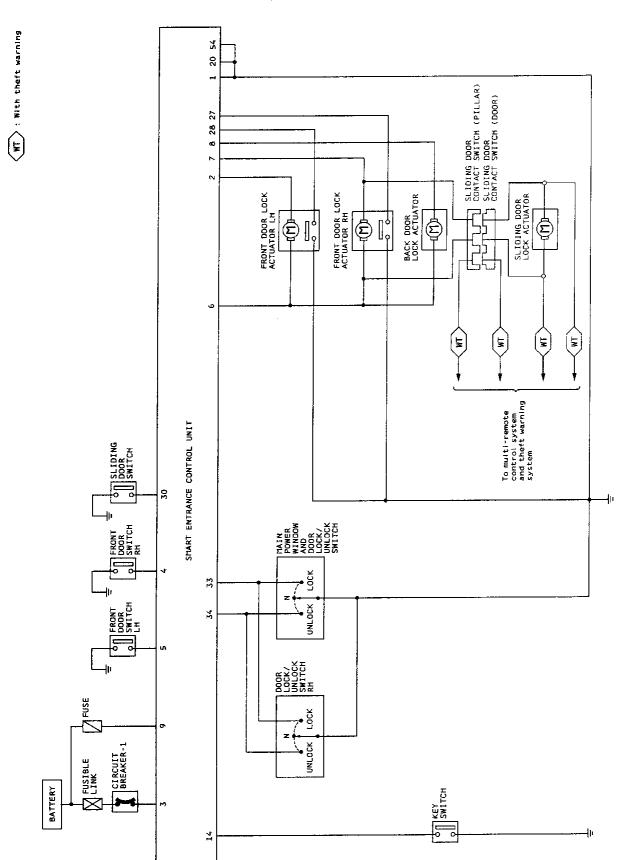
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Schematic



NOTES

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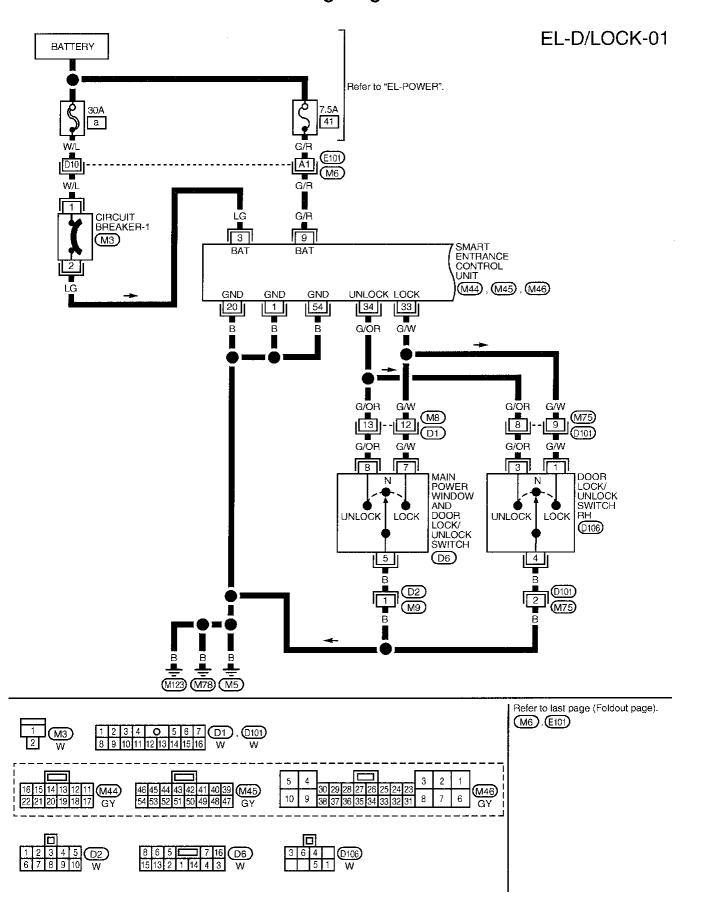
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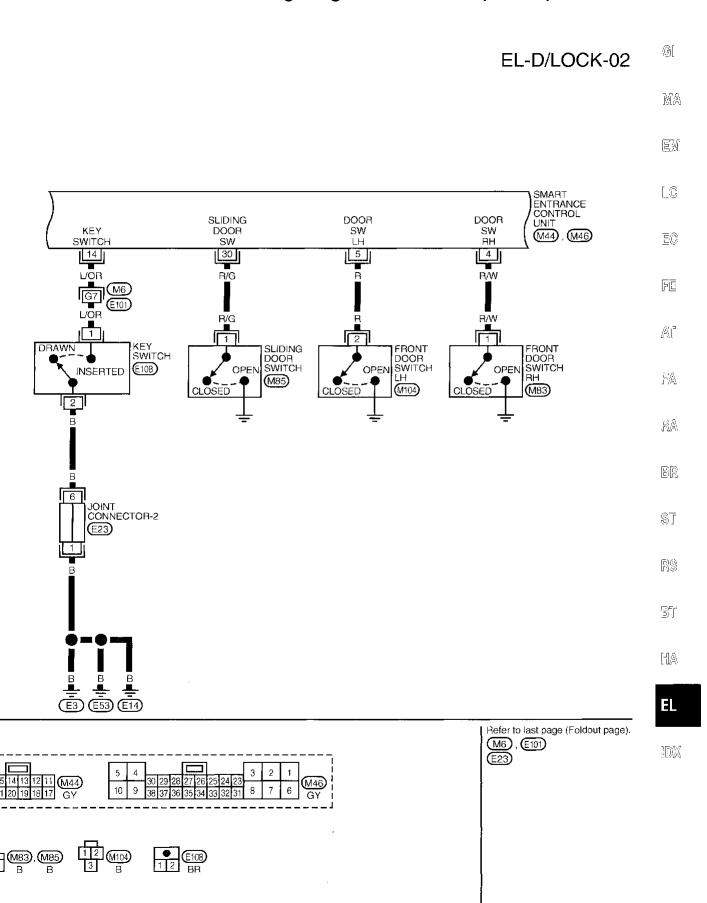
IDX

EL

Wiring Diagram -D/LOCK-



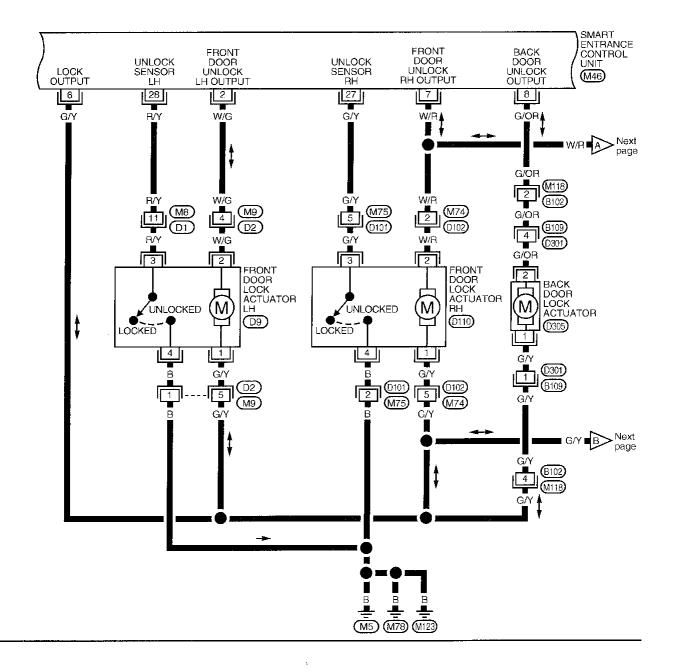
Wiring Diagram -D/LOCK- (Cont'd)

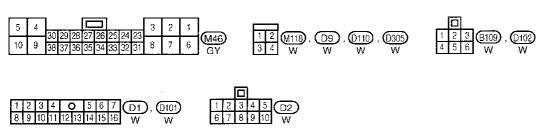


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Wiring Diagram -D/LOCK- (Cont'd)

EL-D/LOCK-03





Wiring Diagram -D/LOCK- (Cont'd)

EL-D/LOCK-04

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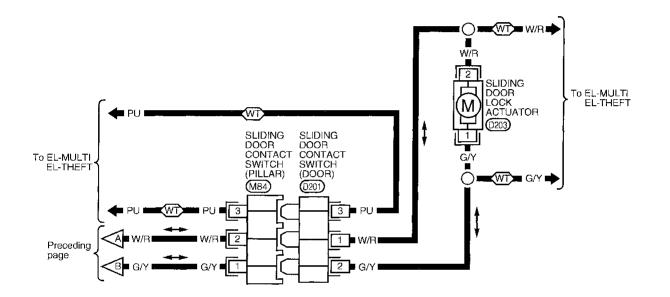
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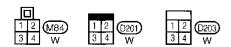
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(WT): With theft warning



EL





Trouble Diagnoses

SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE	_	r supply and rcuit check		Dia	gnostic proced	dure	
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-195	EL-195	EL-196	EL-197	EL-198	EL-199	EL-200
SYMPTOM	Main power supply for smart entrance control unit	Ground circuit for smart entrance control unit	Procedure 1 (Door switch)	Procedure 2 (Ignition key switch)	Procedure 3 (Lock/unlock switches)	Procedure 4 (Door unlock sensor)	Procedure 5 (Door lock actuator)
Key reminder door system does not operate properly.	х	Х	Х	х		Х	Х
One or more doors are not locked and/or unlocked.	х	х				Х	Х
Lock/unlock switch does not operate.	Х	Х			х		
None of the doors lock/ unlock when operating door key cylinder switch.	Х	Х					
None of the doors lock when operating front door knob lock switch.	х	х				х	

Perform "Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" before starting with power door lock diagnostic procedure.

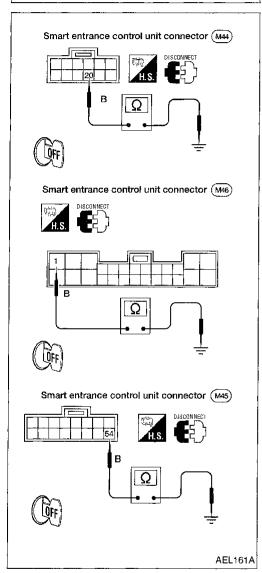
The following ABBREVIATIONS are used in this Trouble Diagnoses.

FL: Front LH

FR: Front RH

(SL): Sliding door (RD): Rear Door

Smart entrance unit connector MA6 LG G/R AEL160A



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) MAIN POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK

Main power supply for smart entrance control unit

Terminals	Battery voltage existence		
③ - Ground (GND)	Yes		
Ground (GND)	Yes		

Ground circuit for smart entrance control unit

Connectors	Terminals	Continuity
(M44)	20 - Ground	Yes
(M46)	1 - Ground	Yes
(M45)	€4 - Ground	Yes

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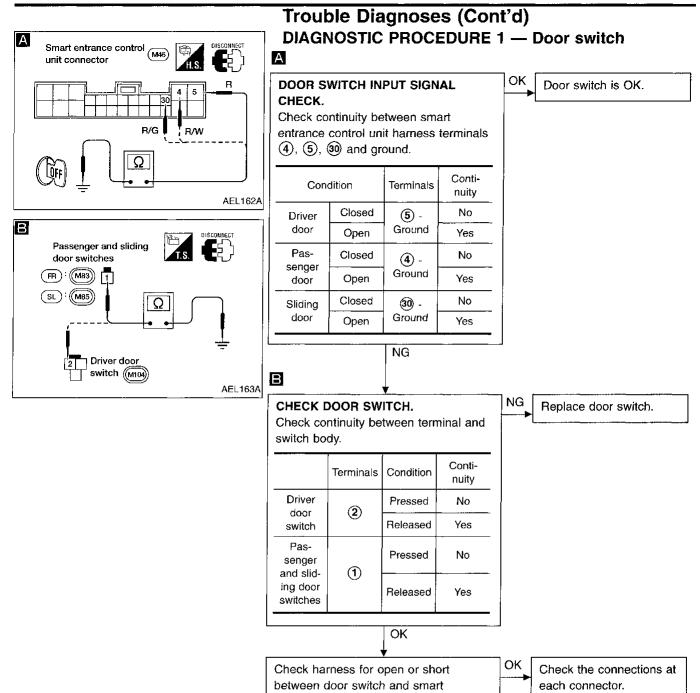
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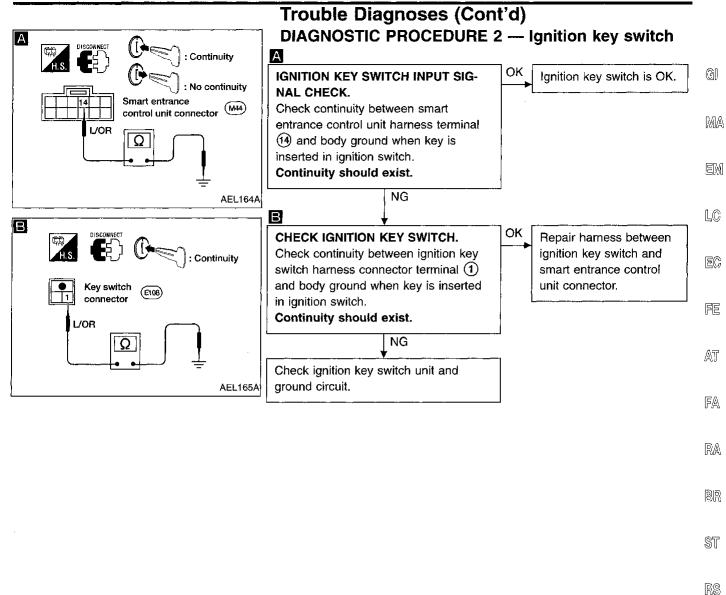
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entrance control unit.

EL-196 1270

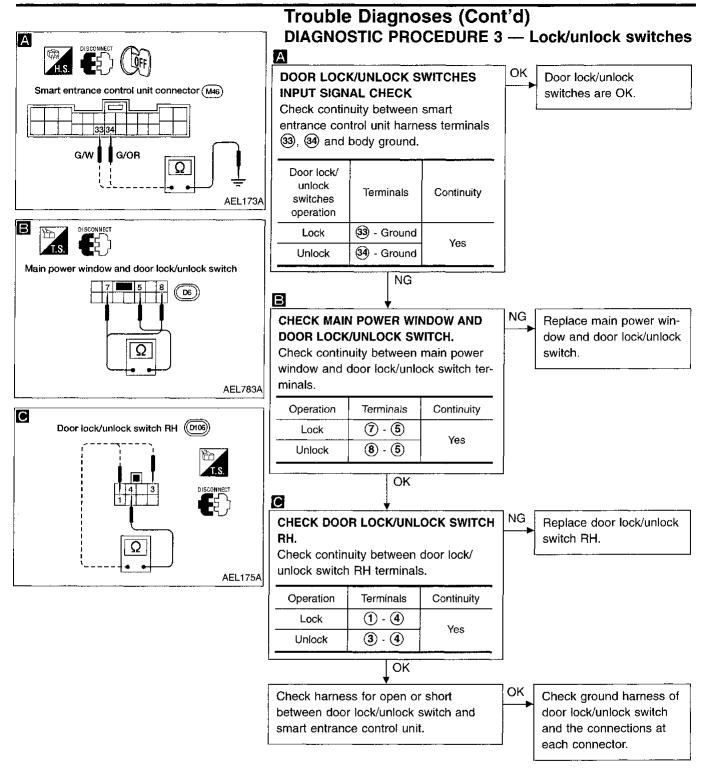


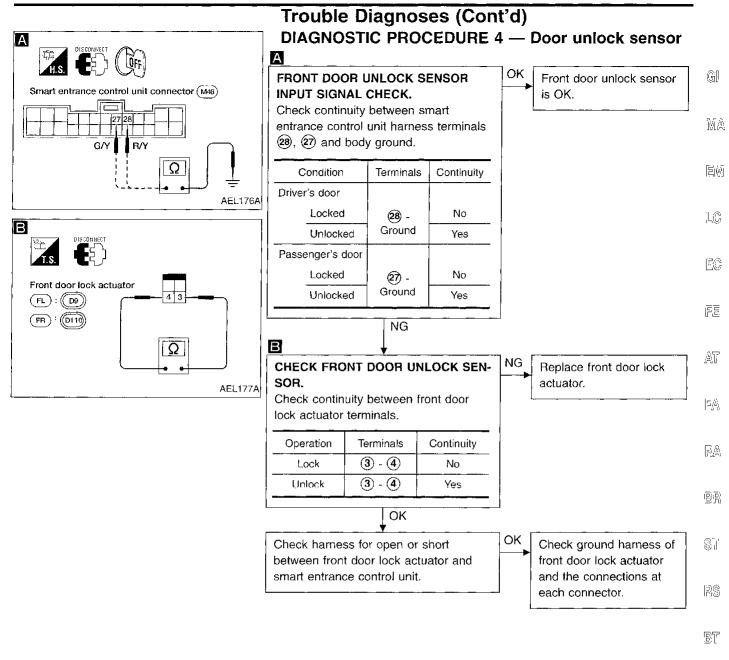
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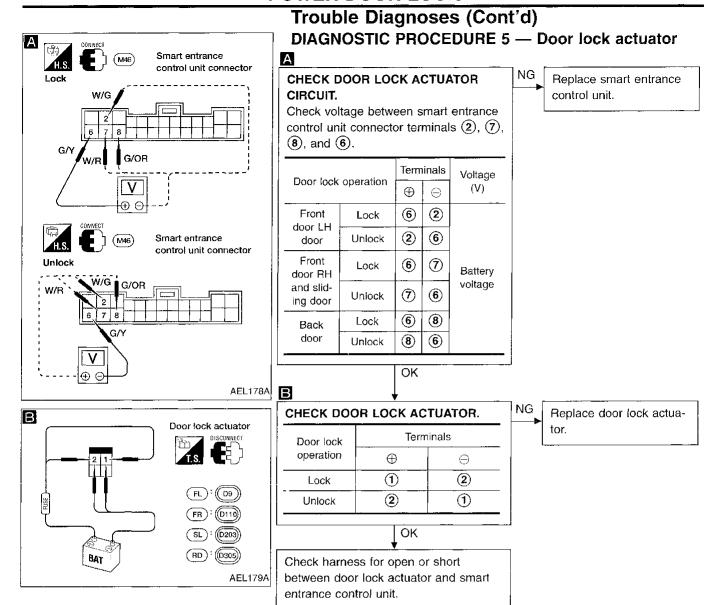
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System Description

System Description	
 Power is supplied at all times: from 30A fusible link (letter a, located in the fuse and fusible link box) to circuit breaker-1 terminal 1 through circuit breaker-1 terminal 2 to smart entrance control unit terminal 3. 	GI MA
Power is supplied at all times: • from 7.5A fuse (No. ¼∅, located in the fuse and fusible link box) • to smart entrance control unit terminal ⑨.	EW
Power is supplied at all times: • from 15A fuse (No. 44, located in the fuse and fusible link box) • to horn relay terminals ② and ③.	LG
Power is supplied at all times: • to tail lamp relay terminals ② and ③.	EC
Power is supplied at all times: • from 15A fuse (No. 21 , located in the fuse block) • to the interior lamps.	Ħë
Ground is supplied: • to smart entrance control unit terminals ①, ② and ⑤4 • through body grounds ⑥5, ⑥78 and ⑥123.	AT
INPUTS	
 When the ignition key is inserted in ignition key cylinder, ground is supplied: through key switch terminal 1 to smart entrance control unit terminal 4 	RA
When the front door LH is open, ground is supplied: • to smart entrance control unit terminal ⑤ • through front door switch LH terminal ②.	
When the front door RH is open, ground is supplied: to smart entrance control unit terminal 4 through front door switch RH terminal 1.	ST
When the sliding door is open, ground is supplied: to smart entrance control unit terminal (9) through sliding door switch terminal (1).	R\$ BT
When the tailgate is open, ground is supplied: to smart entrance control unit terminal through back door latch switch terminal (with normal glass), or terminal (with glass hatch) to back door latch switch terminal (with normal glass), or terminal (with glass hatch) through body ground (1914).	
When the front door lock actuator LH (door unlock sensor) is UNLOCKED, ground is supplied: to smart entrance control unit terminal ® through front door lock actuator LH (door unlock sensor) terminal ③ to front door lock actuator LH (door unlock sensor) terminal ④ through body grounds M5, M78 and M123.	EL IDX
When the front door lock actuator RH (door unlock sensor) is UNLOCKED, ground is supplied: to smart entrance control unit terminal @	

- through front door lock actuator RH (door unlock sensor) terminal ③ to front door lock actuator RH (door unlock sensor) terminal ④ through body grounds M5 , M78 and M123 .

When the sliding door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) is UNLOCKED, a ground signal is supplied:

- to sliding door control unit terminal ①
- through sliding door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal 4

System Description (Cont'd)

- to sliding door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal 3
- through sliding door control unit terminal 8.

A sliding door status signal is supplied:

- to smart entrance control unit terminal (10)
- from sliding door control unit terminal ⑦.

When the back door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) is UNLOCKED, ground is supplied:

- to smart entrance control unit terminal (4)
- through back door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal ③ (with normal glass), or terminal ④ (with glass hatch)
- to back door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal 4 (with normal glass), or terminal 3 (with glass hatch)
- through body ground (B104).

When the front door key cylinder switch (unlock switch) LH or RH is BETWEEN FULL STROKE AND N, ground is supplied:

- to smart entrance control unit terminal (48)
- through front door key cylinder switch (unlock switch) LH or RH terminal ①
- to front door key cylinder switch (unlock switch) LH or RH terminal 4
- through body grounds M5, M78 and M123.

Remote controller signal is input:

- through window antenna
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (55).

The multi-remote control system controls operation of the:

- power door locks
- interior lamps
- panic alarm
- ID code entry.

OPERATING PROCEDURE

Power door locks operation

When the following signals are both supplied:

- key switch OFF (when ignition key is not inserted in ignition key cylinder);
- door switches CLOSED (when all the doors are closed); smart entrance control unit locks all the doors with input of LOCK signal from remote controller. When key switch is OFF (when ignition key is not inserted in the ignition key cylinder), smart entrance control unit unlocks all the doors with input of UNLOCK signal from remote controller. Pressing UNLOCK once will unlock the driver's door, pressing UNLOCK again within 5 seconds will unlock the other doors. The doors may also be locked and unlocked in a similar manner using the door key. Refer to "POWER DOOR LOCK", EL-185 and "THEFT WARNING SYSTEM", EL-216.

Interior lamps operation

When the following input signals are both supplied:

- key switch OFF (when ignition key is not inserted in ignition key cylinder);
- door switches CLOSED (when all the doors are closed); smart entrance control unit turns on interior lamps (for 30 seconds) with input of UNLOCK signal from remote controller. For detailed description, refer to "Interior, Map, Personal, Step and Tailgate Lamps/System Description", EL-84.

Panic alarm operation

The smart entrance control unit turns on and off horn, headlamps, side marker lamps, tail lamps, and license lamps intermittently with the input of a PANIC ALARM signal from the remote controller. For detailed description, refer to "System Description", "THEFT WARNING SYSTEM", EL-219.

Door lock verification

When the following input signals are all supplied:

- key switch OFF (when ignition key is not inserted in ignition key cylinder);
- door switches CLOSED (when all the doors are closed);

System Description (Cont'd)

- door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) LOCKED (when all the doors are locked); smart entrance control unit outputs the following ground signals with input of LOCK signal from remote controller:
- to horn relay terminal (1)
- through smart entrance control unit terminal ®
- to tail lamp relay terminal ①
- through smart entrance control unit terminal 39
- to all interior illumination lamps
- through smart entrance control unit terminal (5).

As a result, horn relay and tail lamp relay are energized and the horn, side marker lamps, tail lamps, license lamps, and interior illumination lamps turn on and off.

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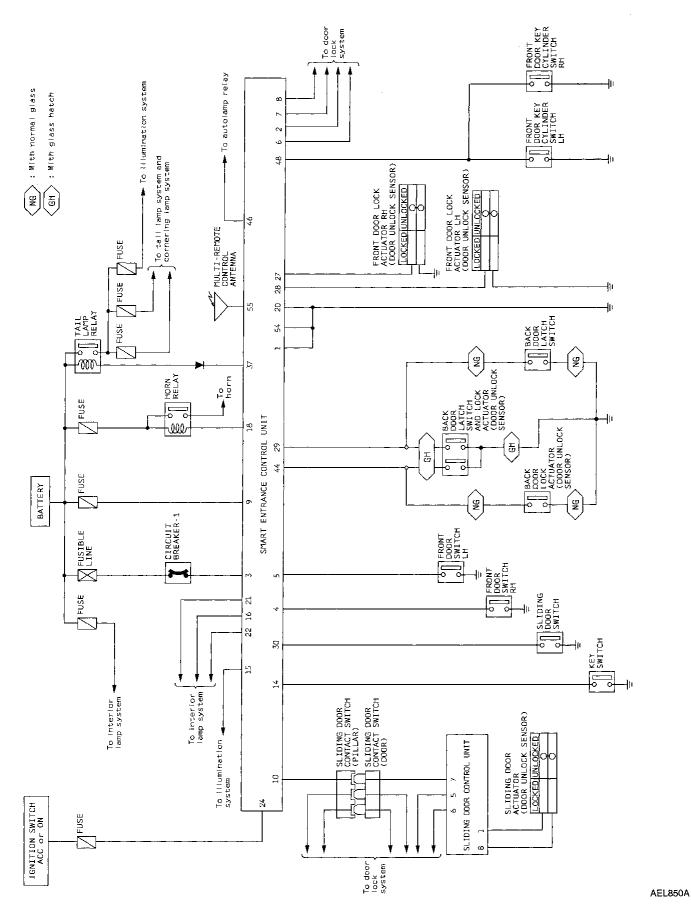
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RS

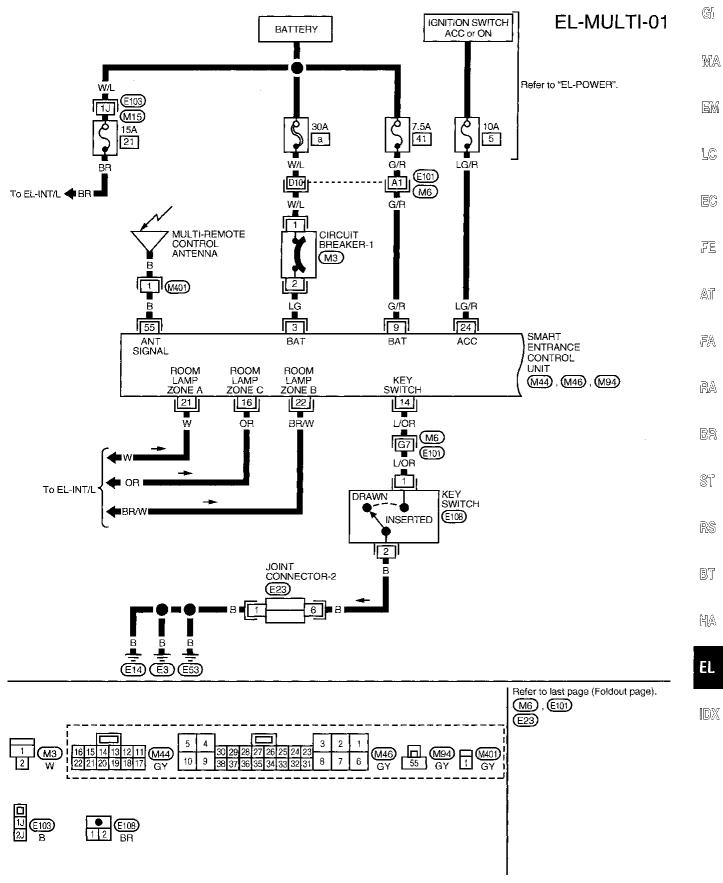
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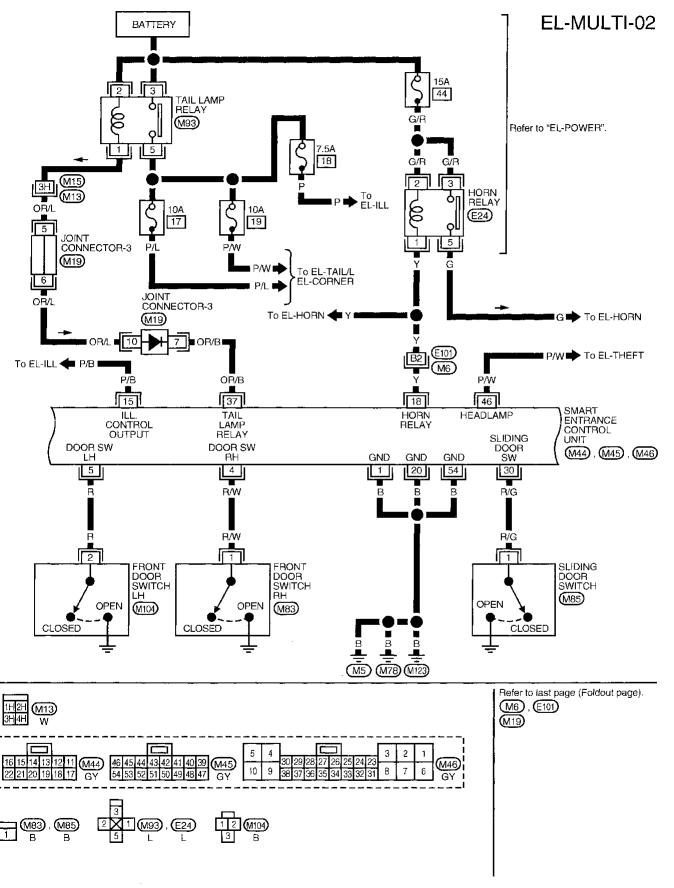
Schematic



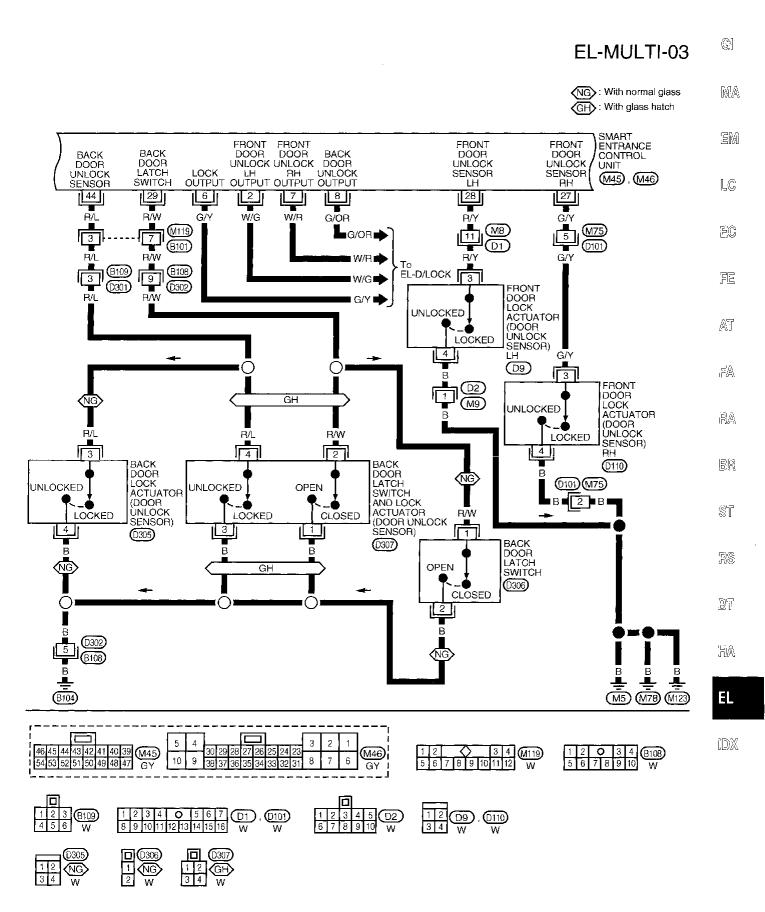
Wiring Diagram -MULTI-



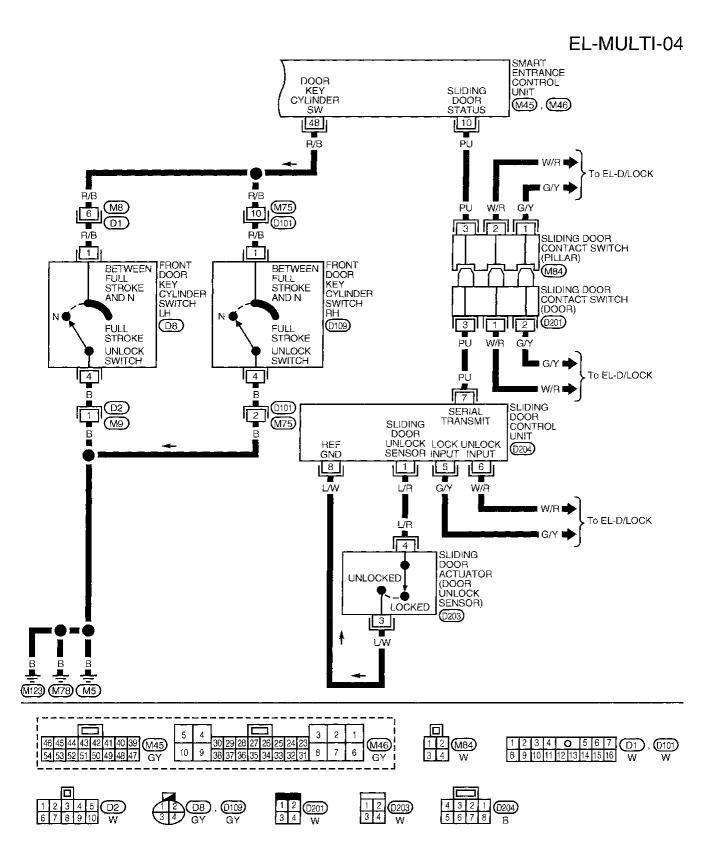
Wiring Diagram -MULTI- (Cont'd)



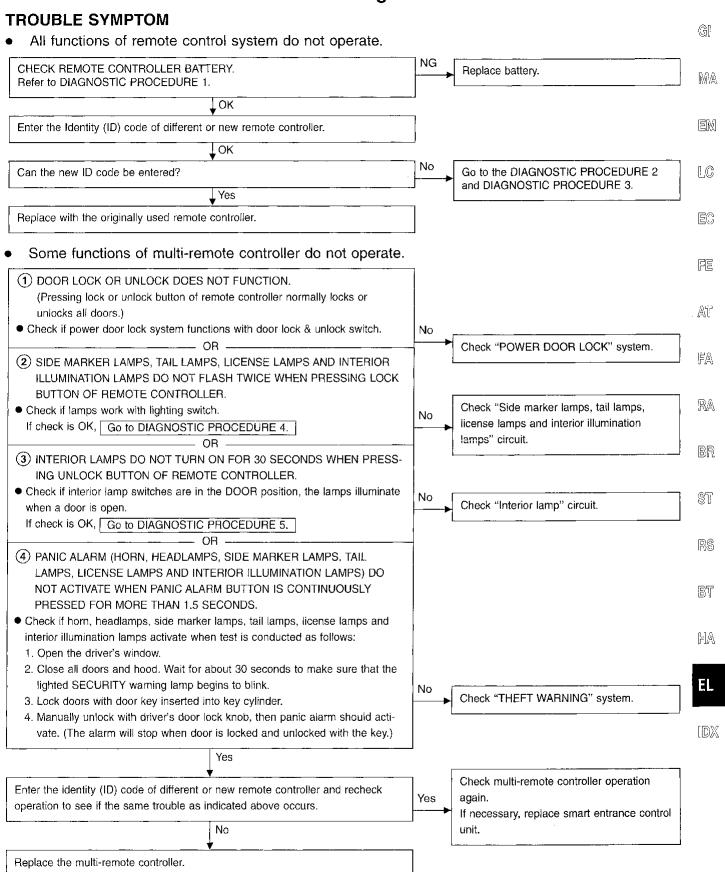
Wiring Diagram -MULTI- (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram -MULTI- (Cont'd)



Trouble Diagnoses



Note: The multi-remote control system does not activate with the ignition key inserted in the ignition key cylinder.

A 300Ω Stamped (+) AEL678A

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1

Check remote controller battery.

Α

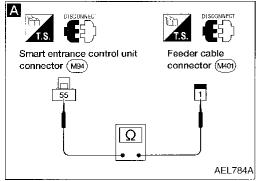
CHECK REMOTE CONTROLLER BATTERY.

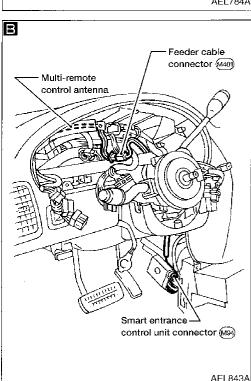
Remove battery and measure voltage across battery positive and negative terminals \bigoplus and \bigoplus .

Measurin	Standard		
⊕	Θ	value 	
Battery positive terminal	Battery negative terminal	2.5 - 3.0V	

Note:

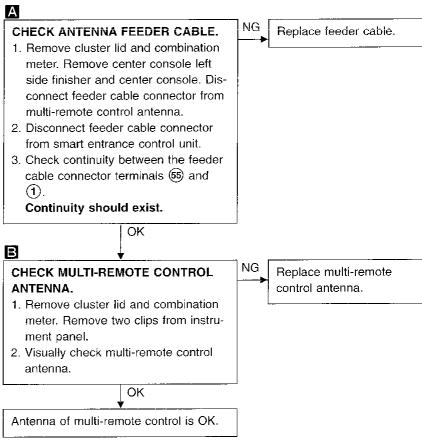
Remote controller does not function if battery is not set correctly.



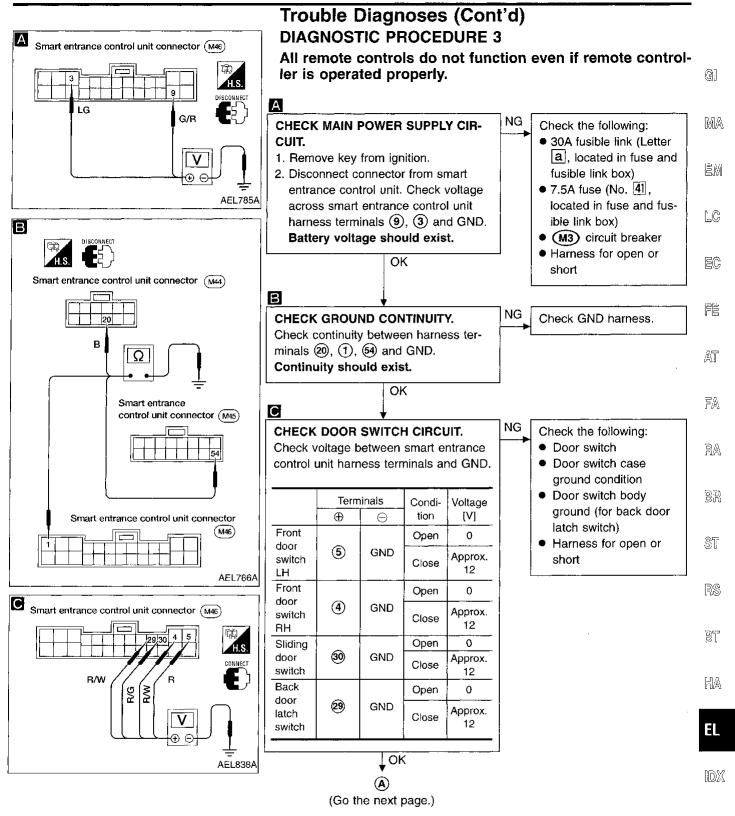


DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2

Check antenna of multi remote control system.



EL-210 1284



EL-211 1285

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

NG

Check the following:

Door unlock sensor

Door unlock sensor

Harness for open or

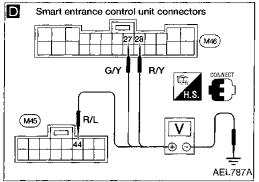
between sliding door contact switch (pillar)

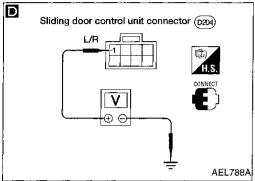
and sliding door con-

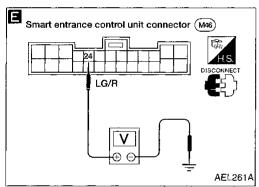
tact switch (door).

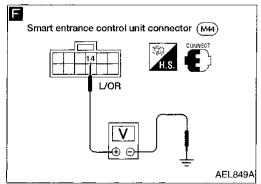
ground circuit

short Check continuity











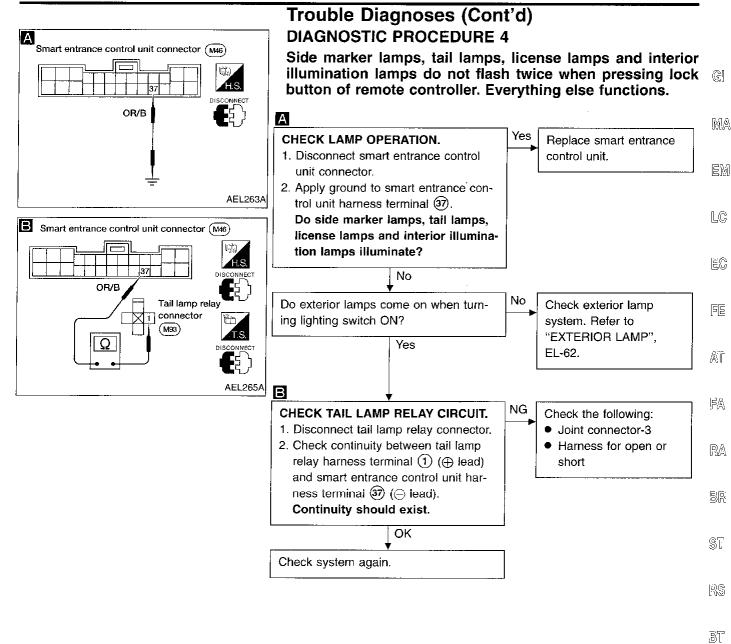
(A)

 Check voltage between smart entrance control unit harness terminals 28, 27, 44 and GND.

		Term	inals	Condi-	Voltage	
١.		⊕	Θ	tion	[V]	
	Front door		GND	Unlock	0	
	unlock sensor LH	28		Lock	Approx. 12	
	Front door		GND	Unlock	0	
	unlock sensor RH	27		Lock	Approx. 12	
-	Back door	_		Unlock	0	
	unlock sensor	44)	GND	Lock	Approx. 12	

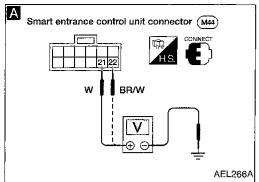
Condition	Voltage [V]
Key is inserted	0
Key is pulled	Approx. 12
	OK

Check voltage between sliding door control unit harness terminal (1) and GND. Terminals Condi-Voltage tion [V] \oplus \ominus Sliding Unlock 0 door 1 GND Approx. unlock Lock 12 sensor OK Ε Nο **CHECK IGNITION SWITCH "ACC"** Check the following: CIRCUIT. 10A fuse (No. 5, 1. Disconnect smart entrance control located in fuse block) unit connector. Harness for open or 2. Check voltage between smart short entrance control unit harness terminal (24) and GND while ignition switch is turned to ACC. Does battery voltage exist? F. NG KEY SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CHECK. Check the following: Check voltage between smart entrance Key switch control unit harness terminal (14) and Harness for open or GND. short Ground circuit Check operation parts in multi-remote control system for function.



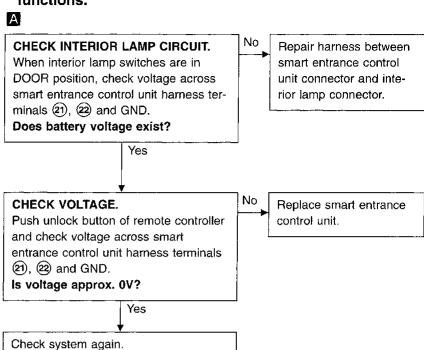
HA

EL-213 1287



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5

Interior lamps do not turn on for 30 seconds when pressing unlock button of remote controller. Everything else functions.



Replacing Remote Controller or Multi-Remote Control Unit

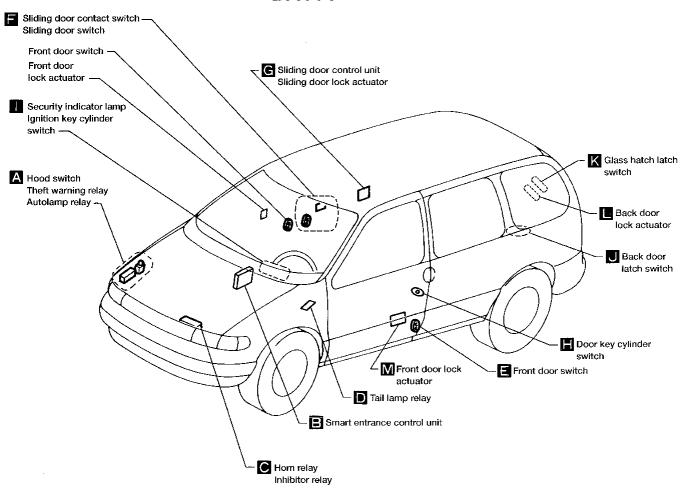
Enter the identity (ID) code manually when: @[remote controller or control unit is replaced. an additional remote controller is activated. **ID Code Entry Procedure** MA To enter the ID code, follow the procedures below. 巨洲 PROCEDURE Close all doors and lock all doors. 1. (C) Insert and remove the key from the ignition key cylinder more than six times within 10 seconds. (The side marker lamps, tail lamps, license lamps and interior illumination lamps will then flash twice.) At this time, the original ID codes are erased. FÜ MT Turn ignition key switch to "ACC" position. |F/&\ Push any button on the new remote controller once. (The side marker lamps, tail lamps, license lamps and interior illumination lamps will then flash twice.) At this time, the new ID code is entered. BR Do you want to enter any additional remote controller ID codes? A maximum of four ID codes may be entered. Any attempt to enter more ST will be ignored. No Yes RS ADDITIONAL ID CODE ENTRY Release the door lock, then lock BT again with door lock/unlock switch (in power window main switch). Unlock driver side door and open driver side door. END. After entering the identity (ID) code, check the operation of multi-remote

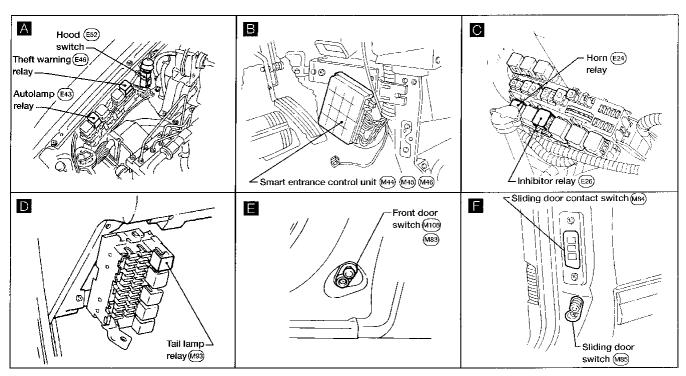
NOTE

control system.

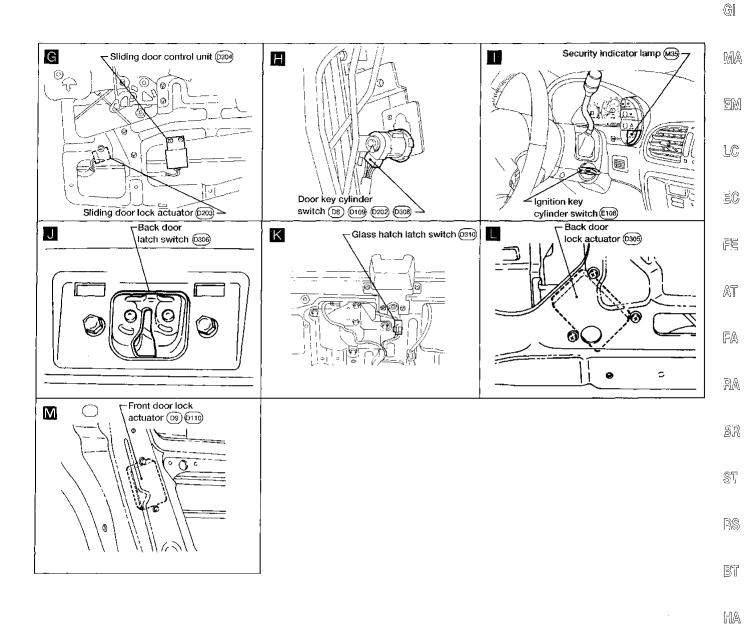
- If you need to activate more than two additional new remote controllers, repeat the procedure "Additional ID code entry" for each new remote controller.
- If the same ID code that exists in the memory is input, the entry will be ignored.
- Entry of maximum of four ID codes is allowed and any attempt to enter more will be ignored.

Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



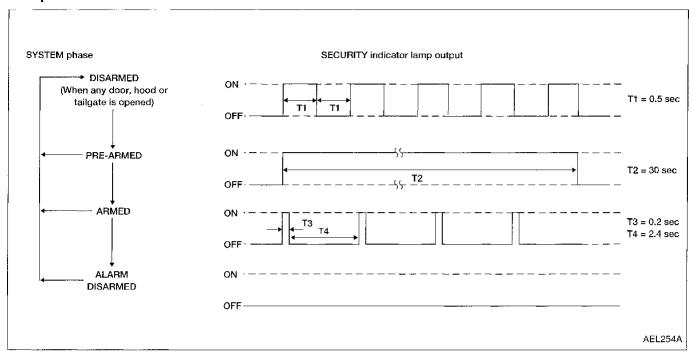


Component Parts and Harness Connector Location (Cont'd)



System Description

1. Operation flow



2. Setting the theft warning system

Initial condition

- (1) Close all doors.
- (2) Close hood and back door.
- (3) Pull key out of ignition.

Disarmed phase

The theft warning system is in the disarmed phase when any door(s), hood or back door is opened. The security indicator lamp blinks every 0.5 seconds.

Pre-armed phase and armed phase

The theft warning system turns into the "pre-armed" phase when hood, back door and all doors are closed and locked by key or multi-remote control. (The security indicator lamp illuminates.)

After about 30 seconds, the system automatically shifts into the "armed" phase (the system is set). (The security indicator lamp blinks every 2.4 seconds.)

3. Canceling the set theft warning system

When the following (a) or (b) operation is performed, the armed phase is canceled.

- (a) Unlock the doors or the back door with the key.
- (b) Unlock the doors or the back door with the multi-remote controller.

4. Activating the alarm operation of the theft warning system

Make sure the system is in the armed phase. (The security indicator lamp blinks every 2.4 seconds.) When any of the following operations (a), (b), (c) and (d) is performed, the system sounds the horns and flashes the headlamps for about 2.5 minutes. (At the same time, the system disconnects the starting system circuit.) The starting system is kept dead even after the alarm turns off.

- (a) Engine hood is opened before unlocking door with key or multi-remote controller.
- (b) Door is unlocked or back door is opened without using key or multi-remote controller.
- (c) Accessory, ignition or start power is activated without the key in the ignition.
- (d) Battery is reconnected after being disconnected in armed or alarm phase.

System Description (Cont'd)

Refer to Owner's Manual for theft warning system operating instructions.

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 30A fusible link (letter h, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to ignition switch terminal 1.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse (No. 30, located in the fuse block)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (25)
- to inhibitor switch terminal (2).

With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied:

- from ignition switch terminal (5)
- to inhibitor relay terminal ⑦.

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 7.5A fuse (No. 41, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (9)
- to theft warning relay terminal 2).

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 30A fusible link (letter a, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to circuit breaker-1 terminal (1)
- through circuit breaker-1 terminal (2)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal (3).

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 15A fuses (No. 49 and 50, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to autolamp relay terminals ①, ③ and ⑥.

Power is supplied at all times:

• to tail lamp relay terminals (2) and (3).

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 15A fuse (No. 44, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to horn relay terminals (2) and (3).

Power is supplied at all times:

- through 10A fuse (No. 23, located in the fuse block)
- to security indicator lamp terminal (2).

With the ignition in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied:

- through 10A fuse (No. 5, located in the fuse block)
- to smart entrance control unit terminal 24.

Ground is supplied:

- to smart entrance control unit terminals (1), (20) and (54)
- through body grounds (M5), (M78) and (M123).

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM ACTIVATION (Without key or remote controller used to lock doors)

The operation of the theft warning system is controlled by the doors, hood and back door. To activate the theft warning system, the ignition key must be removed, doors, hood and back door closed, and the doors locked. When a door or the back door is open, smart entrance control unit terminal (4), (5), (29) or (40) receives a ground signal from door switches.

When a front door or the back door is unlocked, smart entrance control unit terminal ②, ② or ④ receives a ground signal from all door unlock sensors.

When the sliding door is unlocked, smart entrance control unit terminal (1) receives a status signal from sliding door control unit terminal (7).

When the hood is open, smart entrance control unit terminal (3) receives a ground signal:

- from hood switch terminal (1)
- through body grounds (E3), (E14) and (E53).

If none of the above conditions exist, the theft warning system will activate automatically.

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System Description (Cont'd)

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM ACTIVATION (With key or remote controller used to lock doors)

If the key is used to lock doors, smart entrance control unit terminal 49 receives a ground signal from the front LH or RH door key cylinder switches and the back door key cylinder switch with normal glass.

If this signal is received by the smart entrance control unit, the theft warning system will activate automatically.

With the theft warning system activated, smart entrance control unit terminal (f) supplies ground to the security indicator lamp. The security indicator lamp will illuminate for approximately 30 seconds and then go out.

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM OPERATION

The theft warning system is triggered by:

- unlocking or opening a door or the back door without using the key
- opening the hood without using the hood opener
- activating accessory, ignition or start power without the key in the ignition
- reconnecting the battery after it is disconnected in the armed or alarm phase. Once the theft warning system has been activated, it will be triggered if the smart entrance control unit receives a ground signal at terminal 4, 5, 29 or 30. The headlamps, side marker lamps, tail lamps and license lamps flash and the horn sounds intermittently, and the starting system is interrupted.

If the theft warning system is triggered, ground is supplied:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal (45)
- to theft warning relay terminal ①.

With power and ground supplied, power to the inhibitor relay is interrupted. The starter motor will not crank and the engine will not start.

When the theft warning system is triggered, ground is supplied intermittently:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal (46)
- to autolamp relay terminal ② and
- from smart entrance control unit terminal 37
- to tail lamp relay terminal 1, and
- from smart entrance control unit terminal (18)
- to horn relay terminal (1).

The headlamps, side marker lamps, tail lamps, and license lamps flash and the horn sounds intermittently. The alarm automatically turns off after 2 or 3 minutes, but will reactivate if the vehicle is tampered with again.

THEFT WARNING SYSTEM DEACTIVATION

To deactivate the theft warning system, a door or the back door must be unlocked using the key or remote controller.

If the key is used to unlock a door, smart entrance control unit terminal 49 receives a ground signal from the front door LH or RH, or the back door key cylinder switches.

If the key is used to unlock the sliding door, smart entrance control unit terminal (1) receives a status signal from sliding door control unit terminal (7).

When the smart entrance control unit receives either one of these signals, the theft warning system is deactivated.

System Description (Cont'd)

PANIC ALARM OPERATION

The multi-remote control system may or may not operate theft warning system (horn and headlamps, side marker lamps, tail lamps, and license lamps) as required.

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When the multi-remote control system is triggered, ground is supplied intermittently:

- from smart entrance control unit terminal
- to autolamp relay terminal (2) and
- from smart entrance control unit terminal 39
- to tail lamp relay terminal (1) and
- from smart entrance control unit terminal (18)
- to horn relay terminal ①.

The headlamps, side marker lamps, tail lamps, and license lamps flash, and the horn sounds intermittently. The alarm automatically turns off after 30 seconds or when the smart entrance control unit receives any signal from multi-remote controller.

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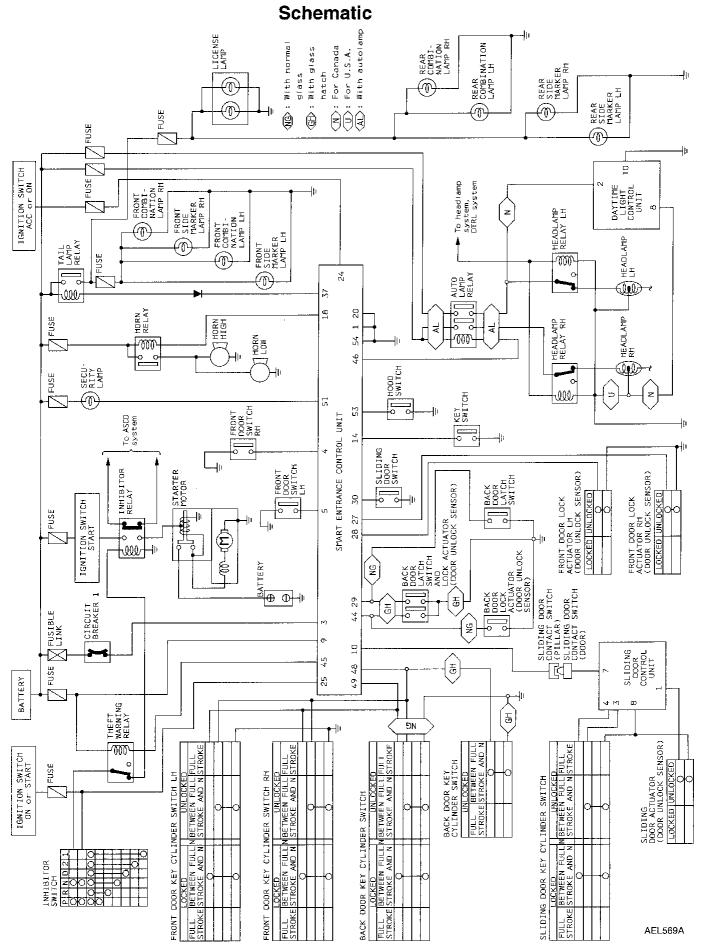
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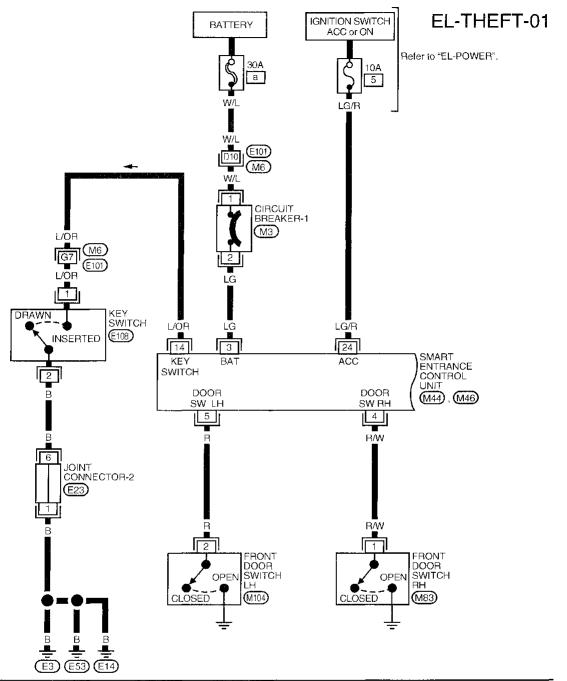
HA

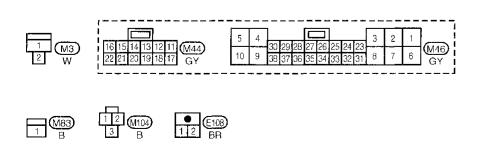
EL



EL-222

Wiring Diagram -THEFT-





Refer to last page (Foldout page).

(M6), (E101)
(E23)

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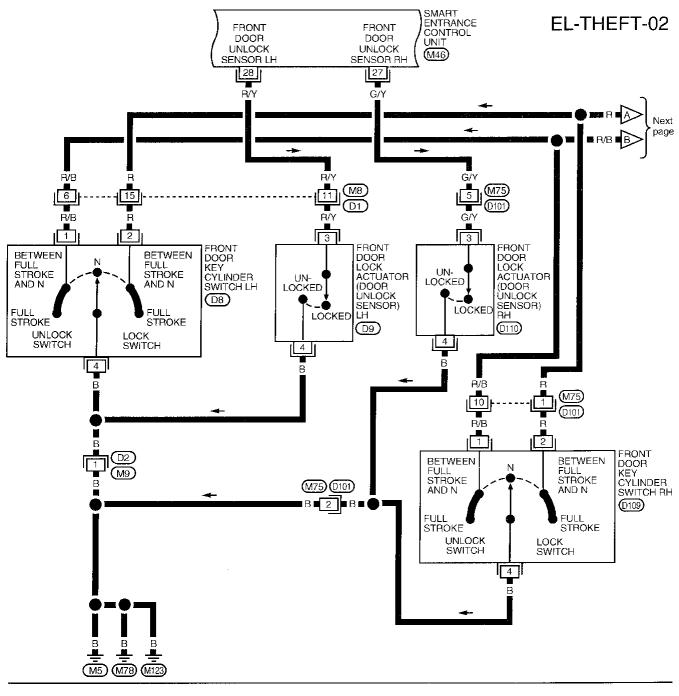
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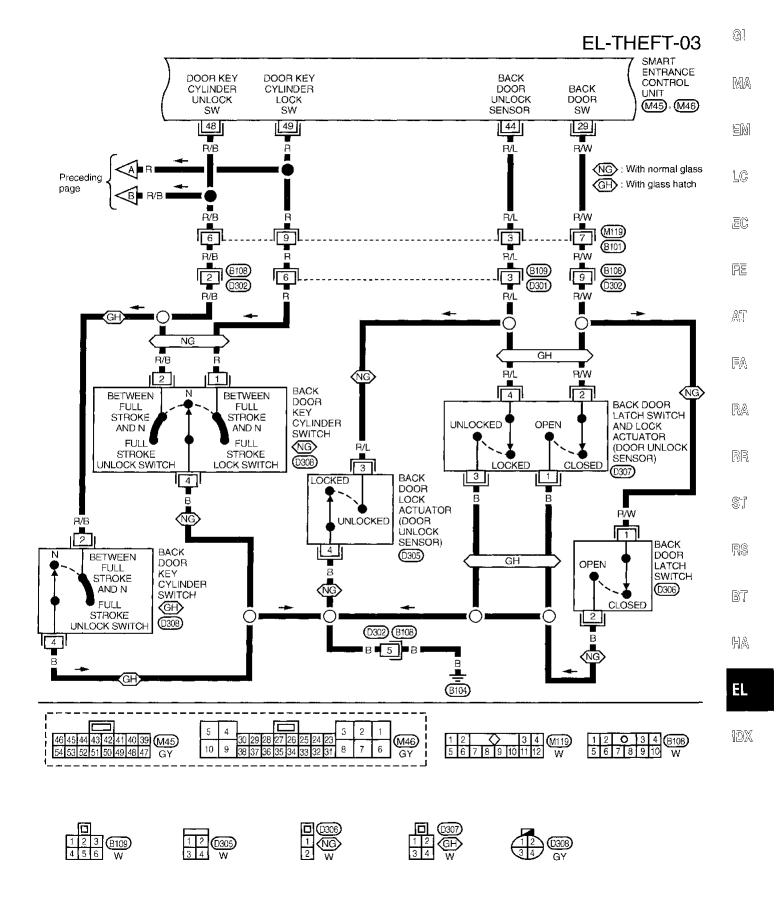
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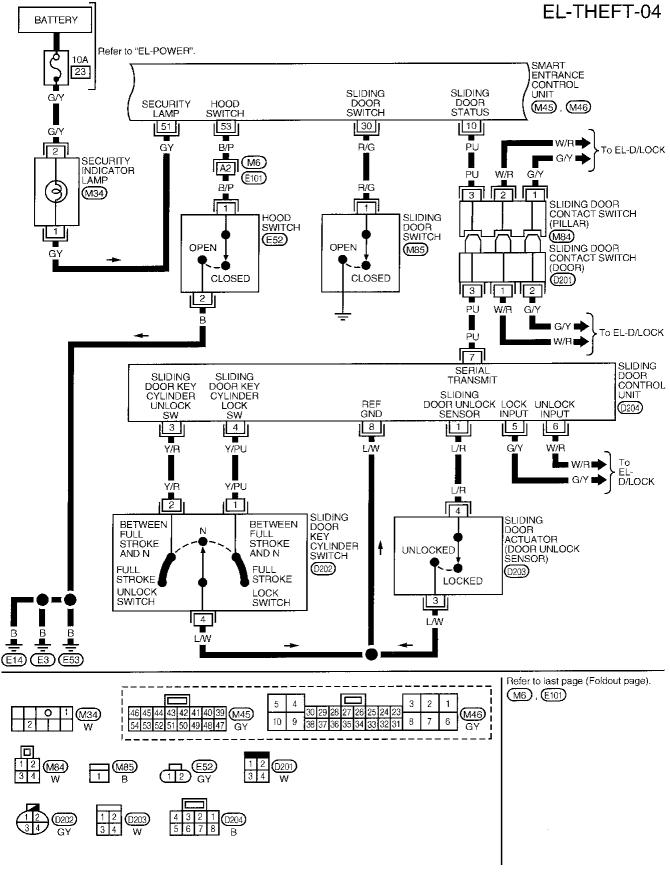
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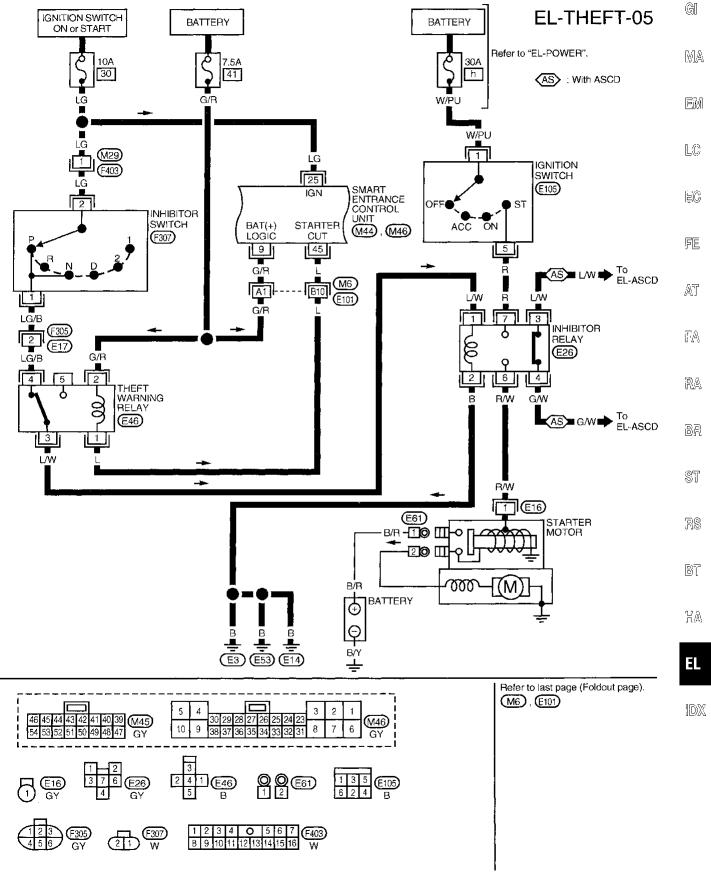


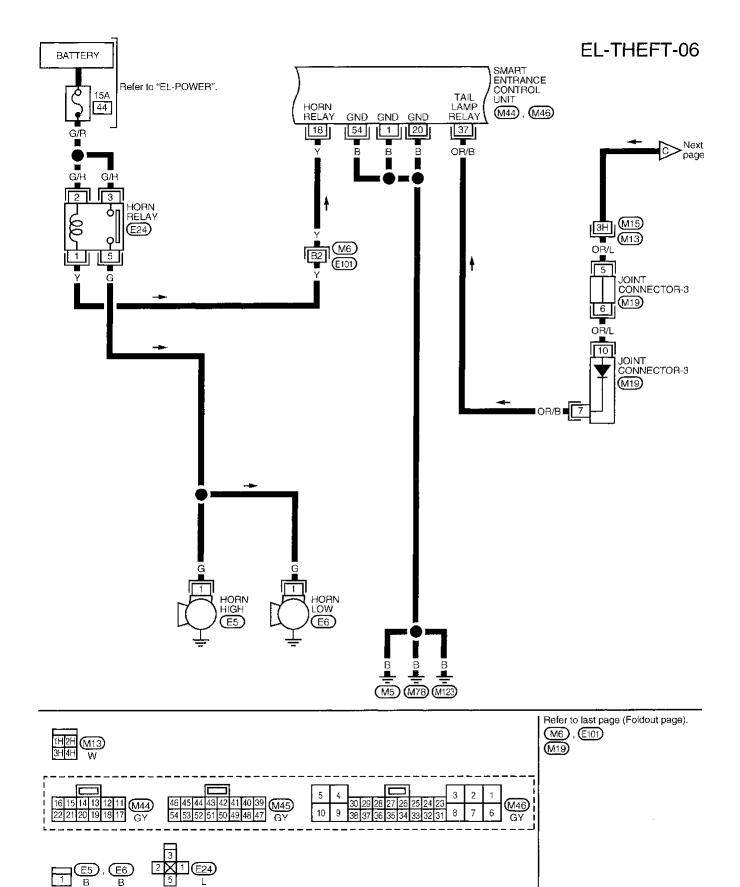


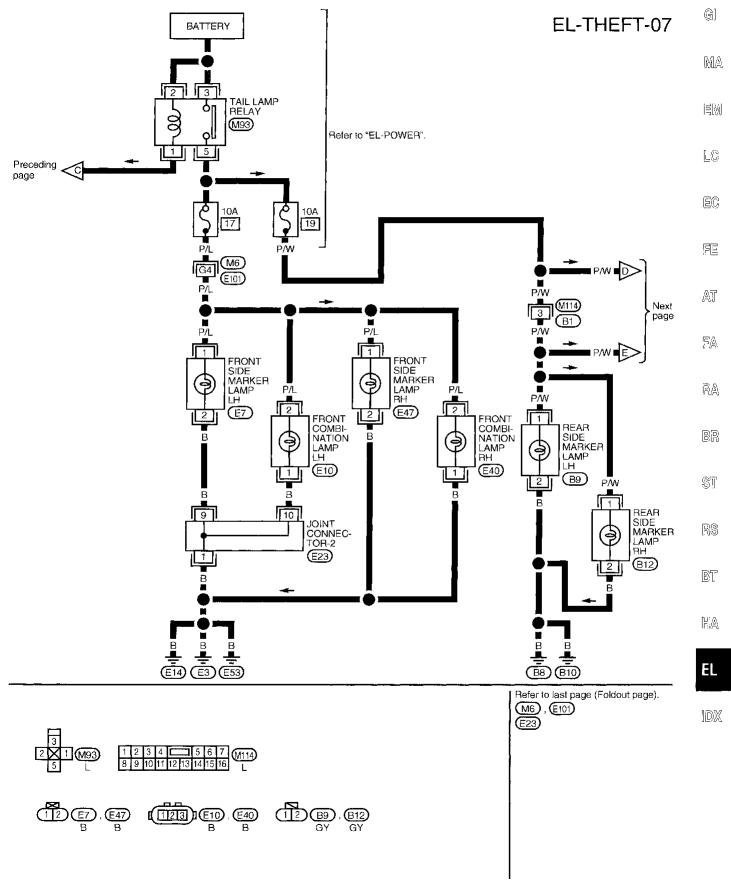


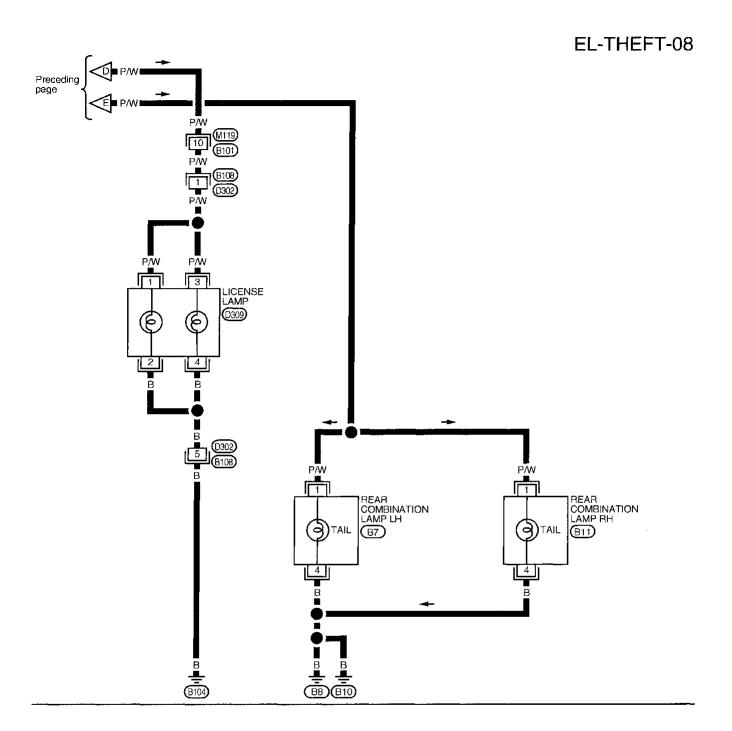






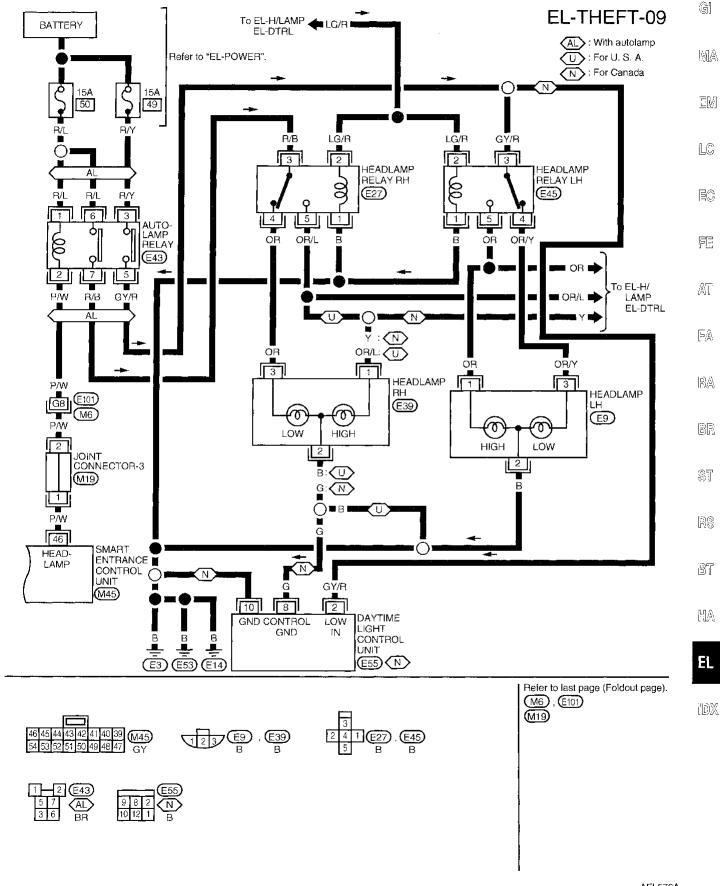








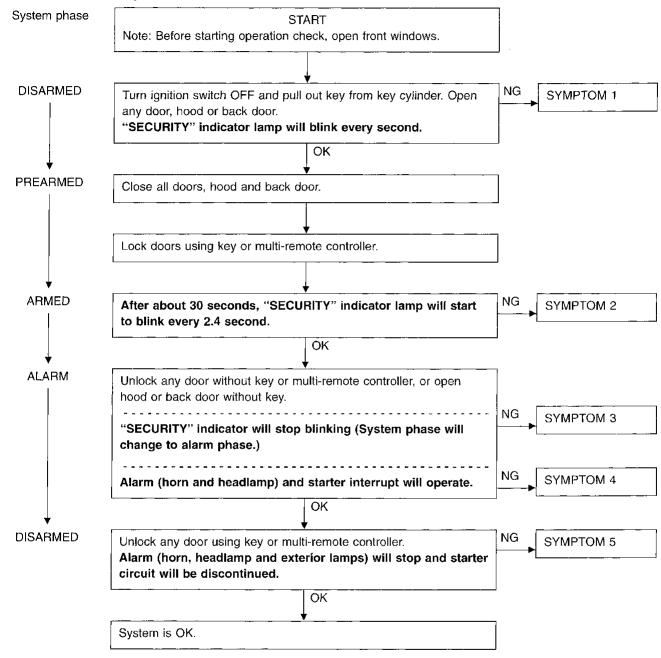




Trouble Diagnosis

PRELIMINARY CHECK

The system operation is canceled by turning ignition switch to ACC at any step between START and ARMED in the following flow chart



After performing preliminary check go to symptom chart in next page.

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

SYMPTOM CHART

PR	PROCEDURE			and gre	r supply ound cir- check			Diagn	ostic pro	cedure				- G1
REFERENCE PAGE		EL-232	EL-234	EL-234	EL-235	EL-238	EL-239	EL-241	EL-244	EL-245	EL-247	EL-209	T MA	
SYI	мртом		Preliminary check	Ground circuit check	Power supply circuit check	Diagnostic Procedure 1 (Door, hood and back door latch switch check)	Diagnostic Procedure 2 (Security indicator lamp check)	Diagnostic Procedure 3 (Door unlock sensor check)	Diagnostic Procedure 4 (Door key cylinder switch check)	Diagnostic Procedure 5 (Theft warning horn alarm check)	Diagnostic Procedure 6 (Headlamp side marker lamp, combination lamp, tail lamp, and license lamp alarm check)	Diagnostic Procedure 7 (Starter interrupt system check)	Check "MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM".	- EM LO EC FE AT
1	Theft w	arning indicator ot turn ON or blink	х	х	х		х							RA
	ing not	All items	Х	X	Х	Х		Х						-
2	warn can	Door outside key	Х	Х	Х				Х					
	Theft warning system cannot be set by	Multi-remote con- trol	х	х	x								Х	- - ST
	trning s not	Any door is opened.	Х	Х	Х	Х								• ଆ -
3	*1 Theft warning system does not alarm when	Any door is unlocked without using key or multi-remote con- troller	X	×	×			x						RS BT
		All function	Х	Х	Х	X		Х						
	n t	Horn alarm	X X X X		<u> </u>		"" "							
	arnin es no te.	Headlamp alarm	X	X	X						X			
4	Theft warning alarm does not activate.	Sidemarker lamp, combination lamp, tail lamp, and license lamp alarm					_				x			EL - IDX
		Starter interrupt		X	Х							Х		<i>۱۹۷۸</i> -
	trning nnot be by	Door outside key	х	×	×				x					
5	Theft warning system cannot be canceled by	Multi-remote con- trol	Х	х	х	-		-					х	-

EL-233

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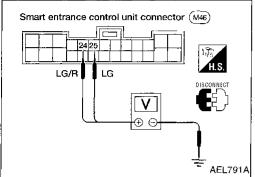
X : Applicable *1: Make sure the system is in the armed phase.

Smart entrance control unit connector (M46) H.S. DISCONNECT G/R AEL785A

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK

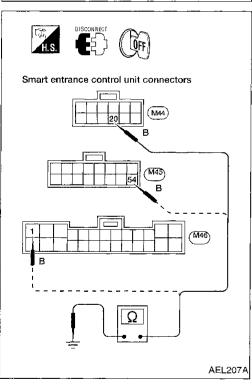
Main power supply circuit check

Terminals	Ignition switch position			
reminais	OFF	ACC	ON	
③ - GND ⑨ - GND	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	



Power supply circuit check for system cancel

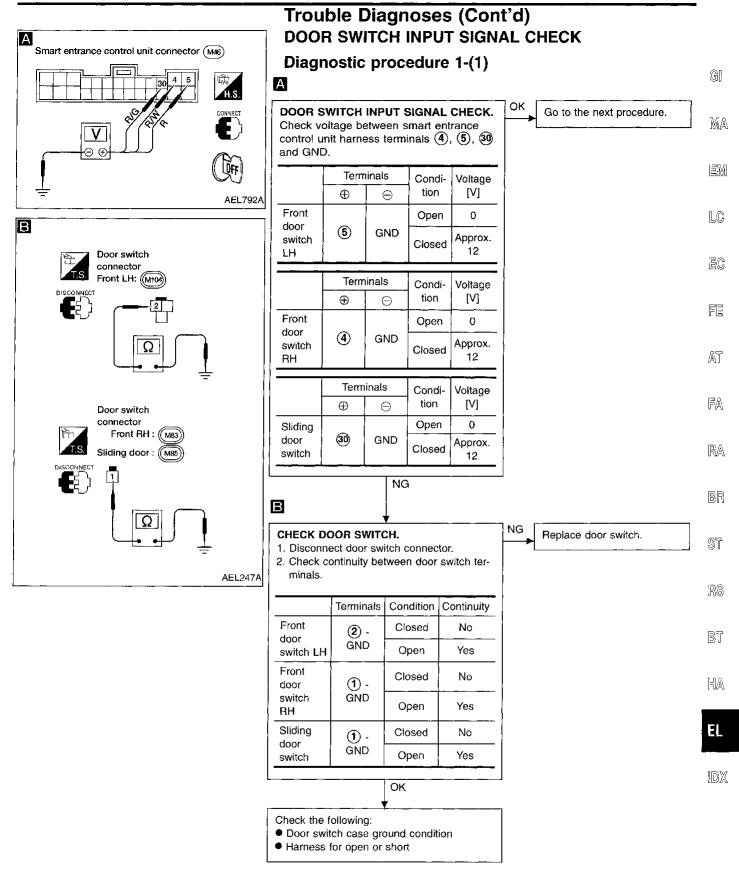
Terminals	Ignition switch position			
	OFF	ACC	ON	
24 - GND	٥V	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	
25 - GND	OV	oV	Battery voltage	



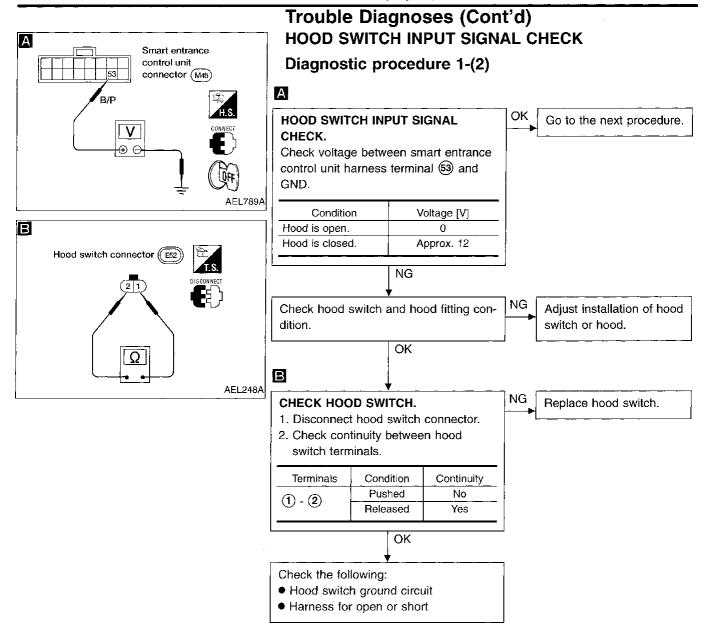
Ground circuit check

Terminals	Continuity
1, 20, 54 - GND	Yes

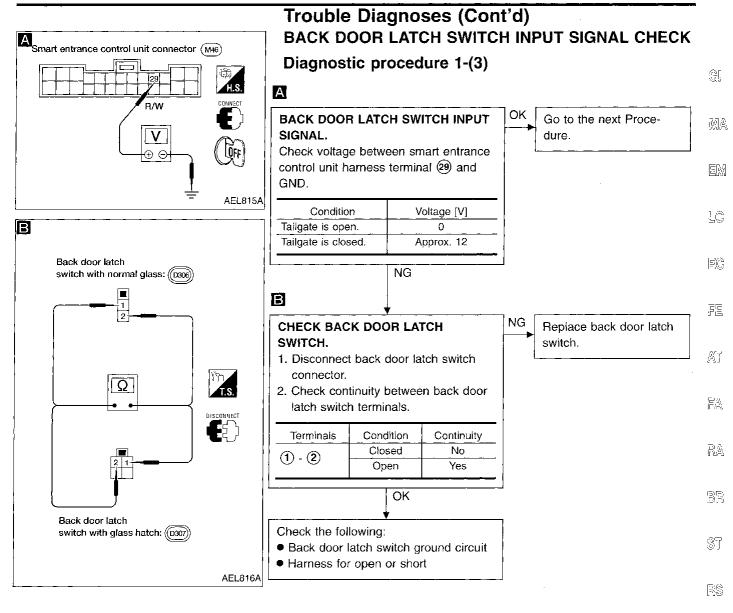
EL-234 1308



1309

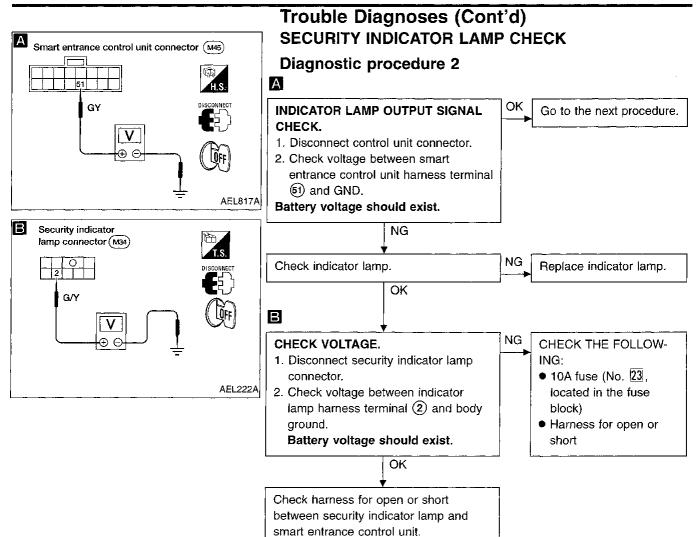


EL-236 1310

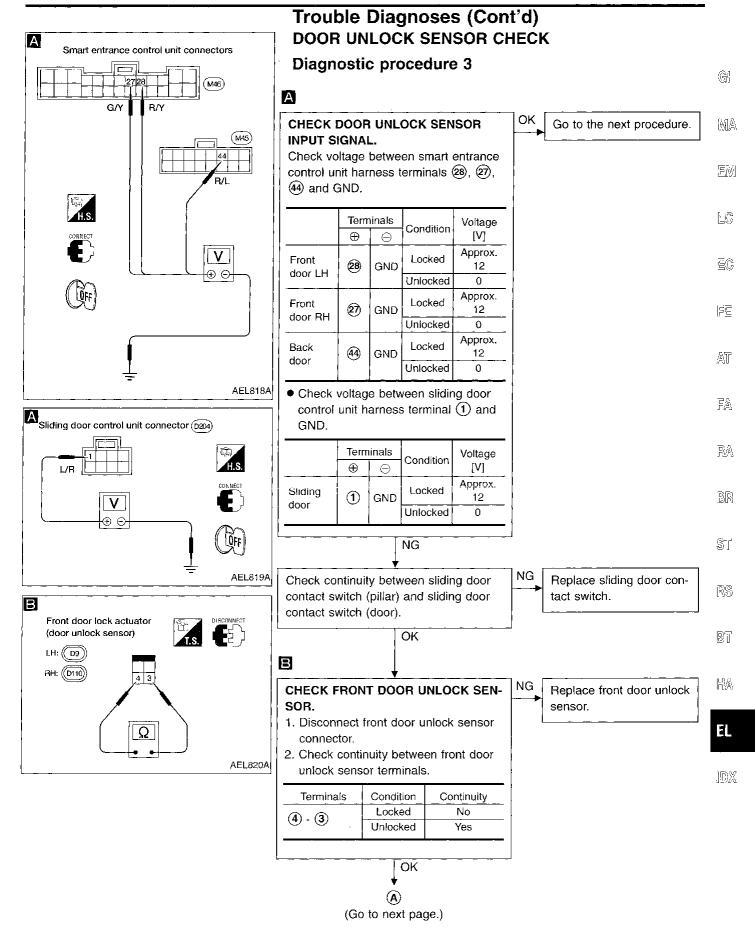


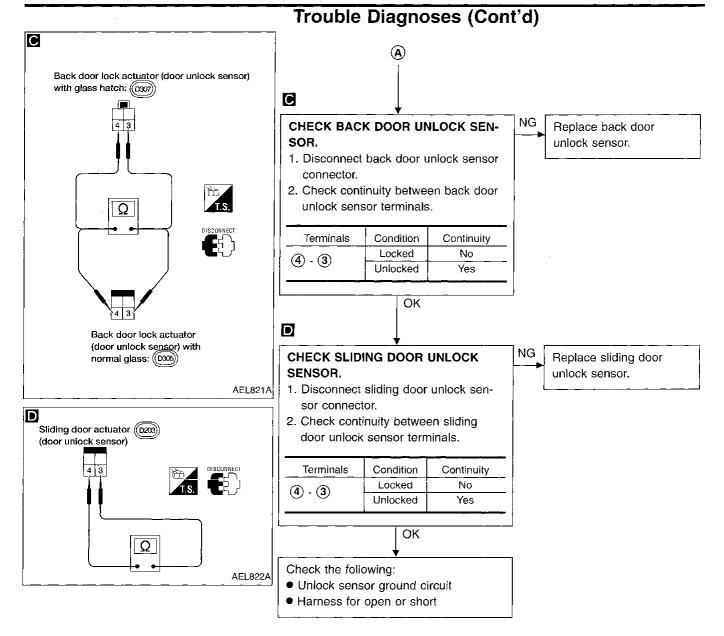
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107.0 107.0

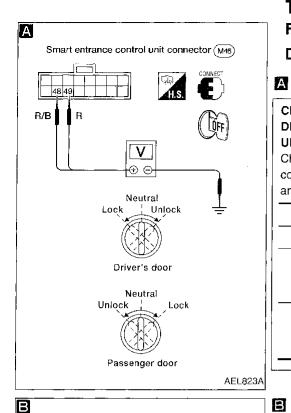


EL-238





EL-240 1314



Front door key cylinder switch

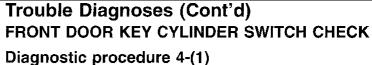
Ω

T.S. DISCONNECT

AEL824A

LH: (D8)

RH: (D109)



OK

.

CHECK FRONT DOOR KEY CYLIN-DER SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL (LOCK/ UNLOCK SIGNAL).

Check voltage between smart entrance control unit harness terminals (48), (49) and GND.

Term	inals	Key posi-	Voltage	
\oplus	\ominus	tion	[V]	
48)	GND	Neutral	Approx. 12	
_		Lock	0	
49	(49) GND	Neutral	Approx. 12	
		Unlock	0	

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Replace front door key cylinder switch.

Go to the next procedure.

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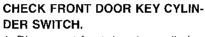
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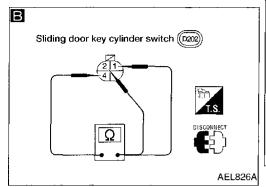
- Disconnect front door key cylinder switch connector.
- 2. Check continuity between front door key cylinder switch terminals.

Terminals	Key position	Continuity
1) - (4)	Neutral	No
② - ④	Lock	
2 - 4)	Neutral	No
1 - 4	Unlock	Yes
	OK	

Check the following:

- Front door key cylinder switch ground circuit
- Harness for open or short

Sliding door control unit connector (D204) Y/PU H.S. CONNECT V/R Neutral Unlock Lock Sliding door AEL825A



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) SLIDING DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CHECK

Diagnostic procedure 4-(2)

Α

CHECK SLIDING DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL (LOCK/UNLOCK SIGNAL).

Check voltage between sliding door control unit harness terminals ③, ④ and GND.

Terminals 🕀		Voltage
		[V]
GND	Neutral	Approx. 12
	Lock	0
(3) GND	Neutral	Approx. 12
	Unlock	0
	⊖ GND	GND tion GND Neutral Lock GND Neutral

NĠ

OK Go to the next procedure.

В

CHECK SLIDING DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH.

- 1. Disconnect sliding door key cylinder switch connector.
- 2. Check continuity between sliding door key cylinder switch terminals.

Terminals	Key position	Continuity
2 - 4	Neutral	No
1 - 4	Lock	Yes
1 - 4	Neutral	No
2 - 4	Unlock	Yes

OK

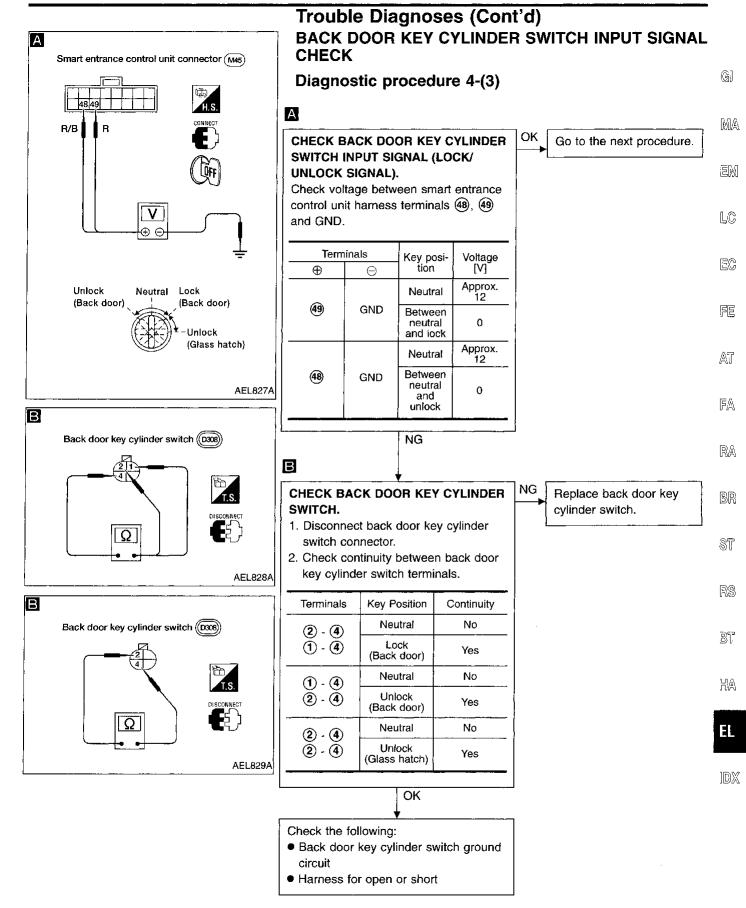
Check the following:

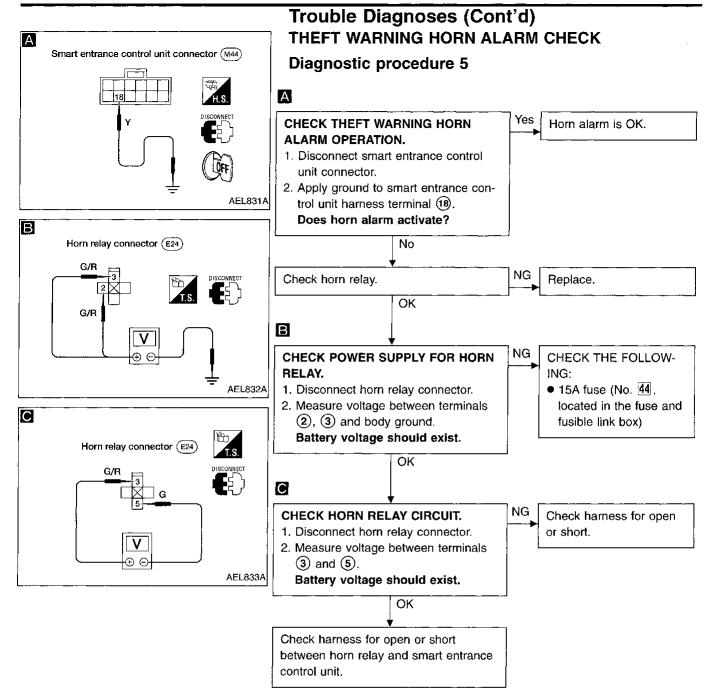
- Sliding door key cylinder switch ground circuit
- Harness for open or short
- Continuity between sliding door contact switch (pillar) and sliding door contact switch (door)

Replace sliding door key cylinder switch.

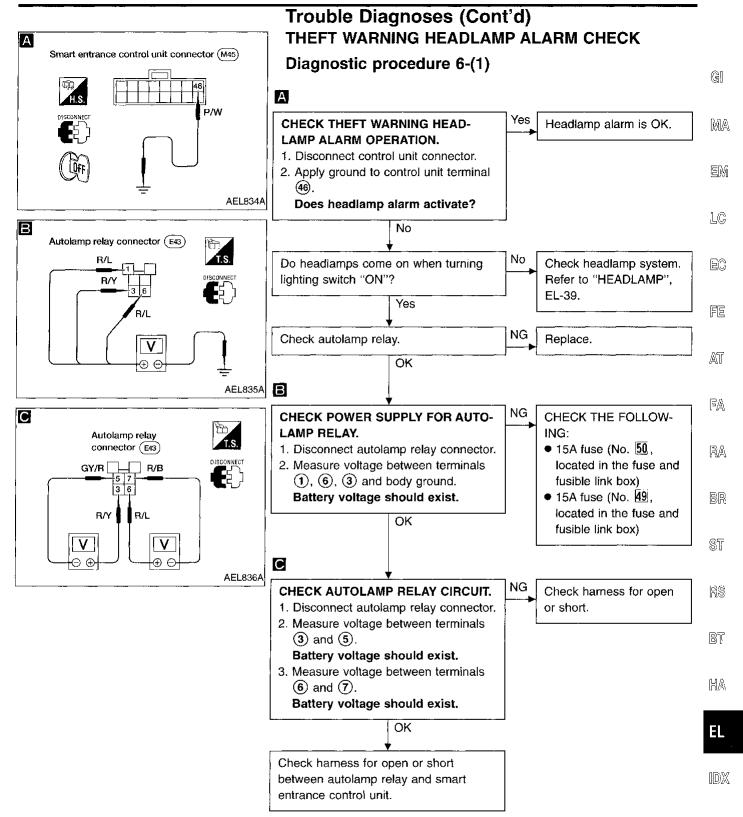
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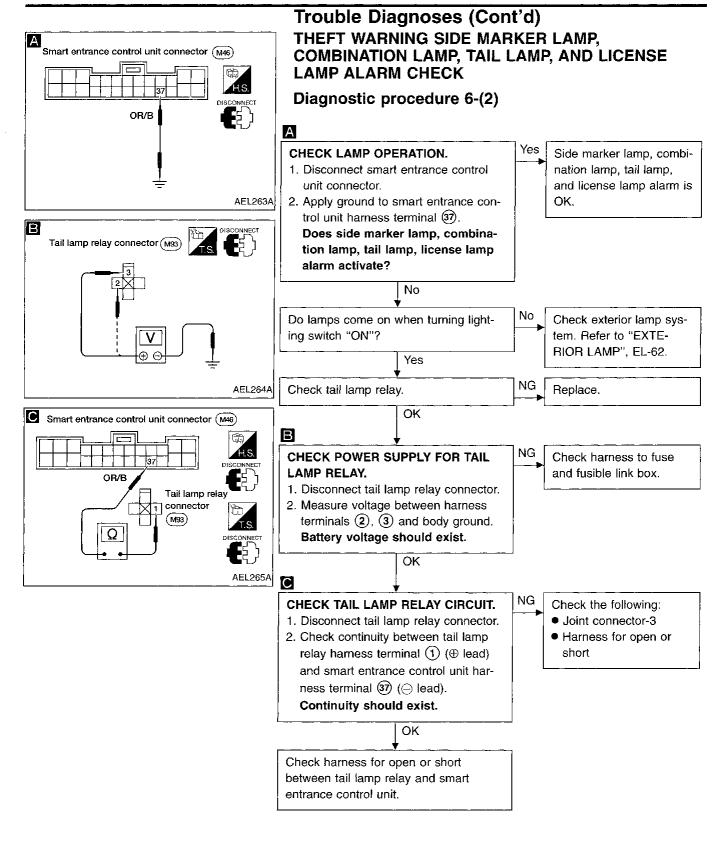




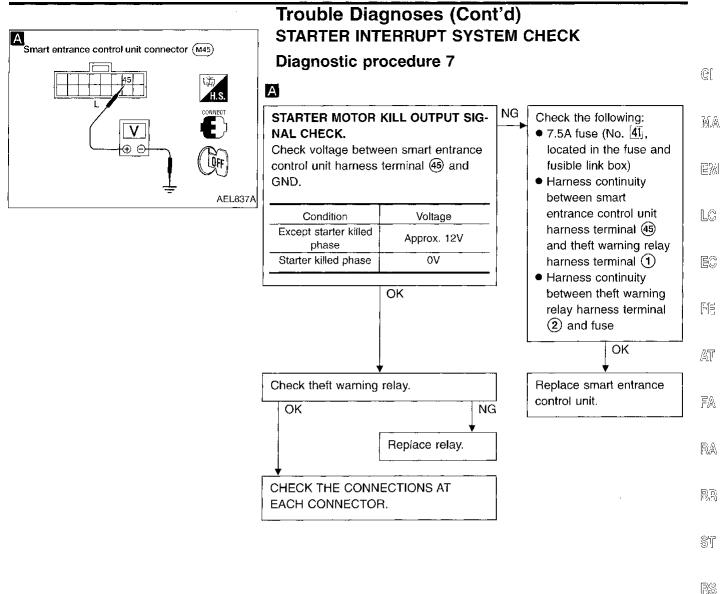
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SMART ENTRANCE CONTROL UNIT

EL-248

Description

The following systems are controlled by the smart entrance control unit.

- Warning chime
 Rear window defogger timer
 Power door lock

Multi-remote control system
 Theft warning system
 For detailed description and wiring diagrams, refer to the relevant pages for each system.

1322

SMART ENTRANCE CONTROL UNIT

Input/Output Operation Signal

SMART ENTRANCE CONTROL UNIT

Terminal No.	Connections	Operated condition	Voltage (V) (Approximate values)
1	Ground	<u> </u>	1-
2	Front door LH actuator	Door lock/unlock switch NEUTRAL → LOCK	0V → 12V
3	Power source (C/B)		12V
4	Front door switch RH	OFF (Closed) → ON (Open)	12V → 0V
5	Front door switch LH	OFF (Closed) → ON (Open)	12V → 0V
6	All door lock actuators	Door lock/unlock switch NEUTRAL → LOCK	0V → 12V
7	Front door RH/sliding door actuator	Door lock/unlock switch NEUTRAL → UNLOCK	0V → 12V
8	Back door lock actuator	Door lock/unlock switch NEUTRAL → UNLOCK	0V → 12V
9	Power source (logic)	-	12V
10	Sliding door status	_	_
11	_	_	
12	Warning chime	OFF → ON	12V → 0V
13	Rear defogger relay	$OFF \to ON$	12V → 0V
14	Ignition key switch (Insert)	IGN key inserted → IGN key removed from IGN key cylinder	0V → 12V
15	Illumination	$OFF \to ON$	0V → 3V or greater
16	Interior lamp (zone C)	Rear room lamp or personal lamp OFF → ON	12V → 0V
17	Power window/electric sunroof delayed power relay	$OFF \to ON$	12V → 0V
18	Horn relay	When doors are locked using remote controller	12V → 0V
19	_	_	
20	Ground	_	
21	Interior famp (zone A)	When interior lamp is operated using remote controller. (Lamp switch in DOOR position)	12V → 0V
22	Interior lamp (zone B)	When interior lamp is operated using remote controller. (Lamp switch in DOOR position)	12V → 0V
23	-	_	_
24	Ignition switch (ACC)	ACC position	12V
25	Ignition switch (ON)	ON position	12V
26	_	_	<u> </u>
27	Front door RH unlock sensor	LOCKED → UNLOCKED	12V → 0V
28	Front door LH unlock sensor	LOCKED → UNLOCKED	12V → 0V
29	Back door latch switch	OFF (Closed) → ON (Open)	12V → 0V
30	Sliding door switch	OFF (Closed) → ON (Open)	12V → 0V
31	Rear window defogger switch	OFF → ON	12V → 0V
32	Seat belt switch	Unfasten → Fasten	0V → 12V
33	Door lock/unlock switches	NEUTRAL → LOCK	12V → 0V
34	Door lock/unlock switches	NEUTRAL → UNLOCK	12V → 0V
35	Illumination control (Darker)	NEUTRAL → DARKER	12V → 0V
36	Illumination control (Lighter)	NEUTRAL → LIGHTER	12V → 0V
37	Tail lamp relay	When panic alarm is operated using remote controller	12V → 0V

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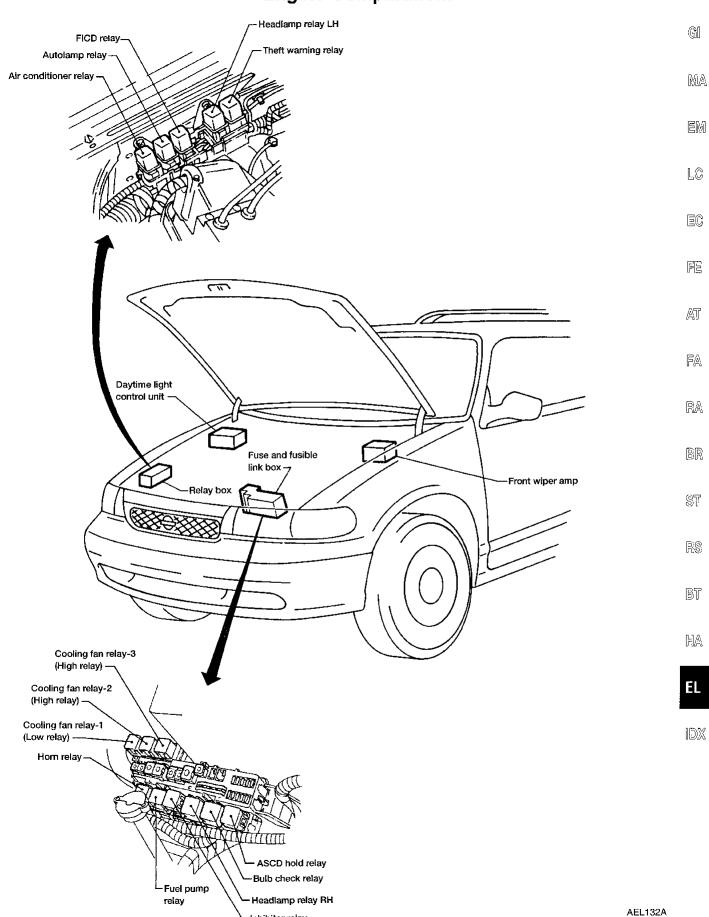
SMART ENTRANCE CONTROL UNIT Input/Output Operation Signal (Cont'd)

Terminal No.	Connections	Operated condition	Voltage (V) (Approximate values)
38	_	_	_
39		-	_
40	<u>—</u>	_	
41	-		
42	_	_	
43	<u>—</u>	_	
44	Back door unlock sensor	LOCKED → UNLOCKED	12V → 0V
45	Theft warning relay	When theft warning system is activated	12V → 0V
46	Autolamp relay	When panic alarm is operated using remote controller	12V → 0V
47	-	_	
48	Door key cylinder unlock switch	OFF (Neutral) → ON (Unlocked)	12V → 0V
49	Door key cylinder lock switch	OFF (Neutral) → ON (Locked)	12V → 0V
50	_	_	
51	Security indicator lamp	Turns off → Illuminates	12V → 0V
52	_	_	
53	Hood switch	ON (Open) → OFF (Closed)	0V → 12V
54	Ground	_	
55	Multi-remote antenna	_	_

1324 EL-250

LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS

Engine Compartment



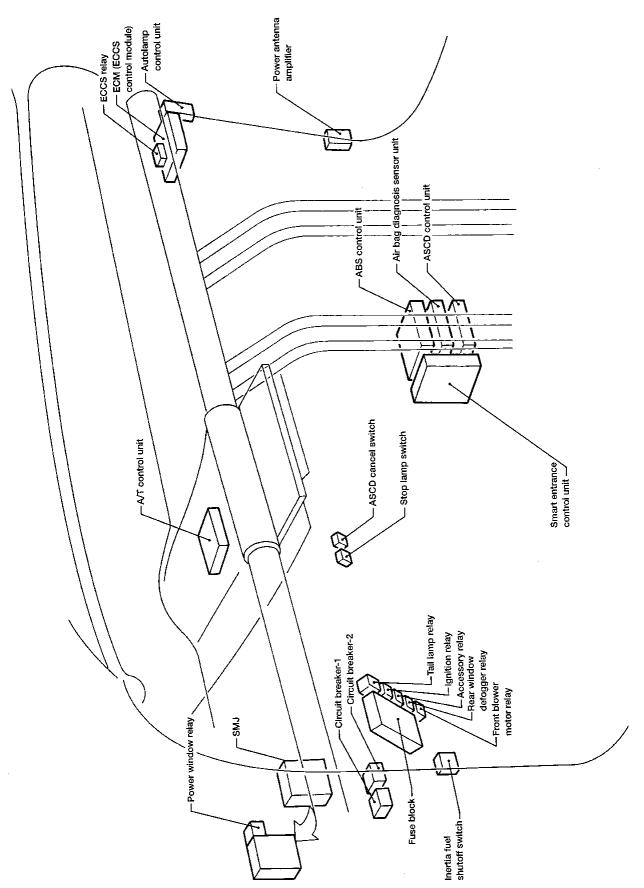
-Inhibitor relay

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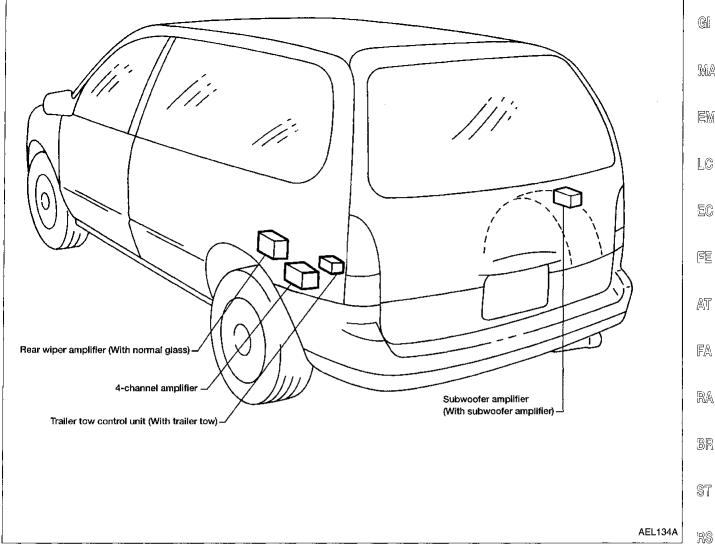
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Passenger Compartment



LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS

Luggage Compartment



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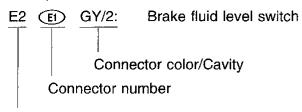
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How To Read Harness Layout

Example:



Grid reference

The following Harness Layouts use a map style grid to help locate connectors on the drawings:

- Engine Room Harness (Engine Compartment)
- Main Harness
- Body Harness

To use the grid reference

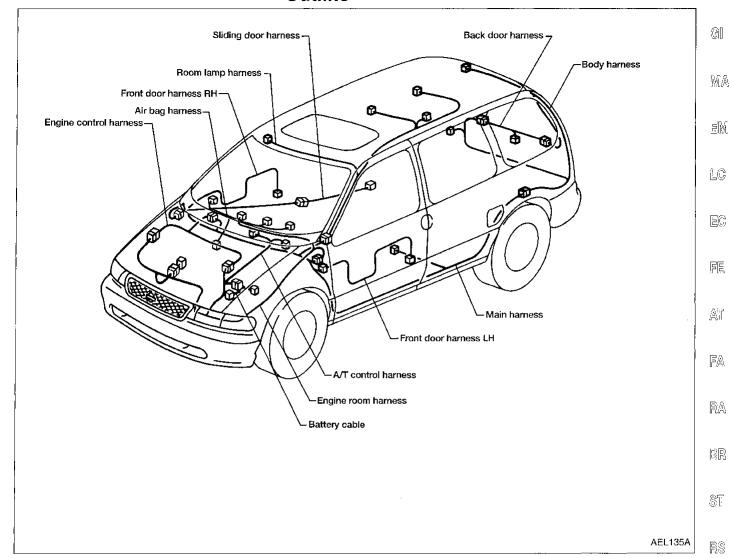
- 1) Find the desired connector number on the connector list.
- 2) Find the grid reference.
- 3) On the drawing, find the crossing of the grid reference letter column and number row.
- 4) Find the connector number in the crossing zone.
- 5) Follow the line (if used) to the connector.

CONNECTOR SYMBOL

Main symbol of connector (In Harness Layout) are indicated in the below.

Connector type	Waterproof type		Standard type	
Connector type	Male	Female	Male	Female
Cavity: Less than 4 Relay connector		Ø	P	
Cavity: From 5 to 8				
Cavity: More than 9	(\Diamond	(\Diamond
Ground: terminal etc.	_		8	

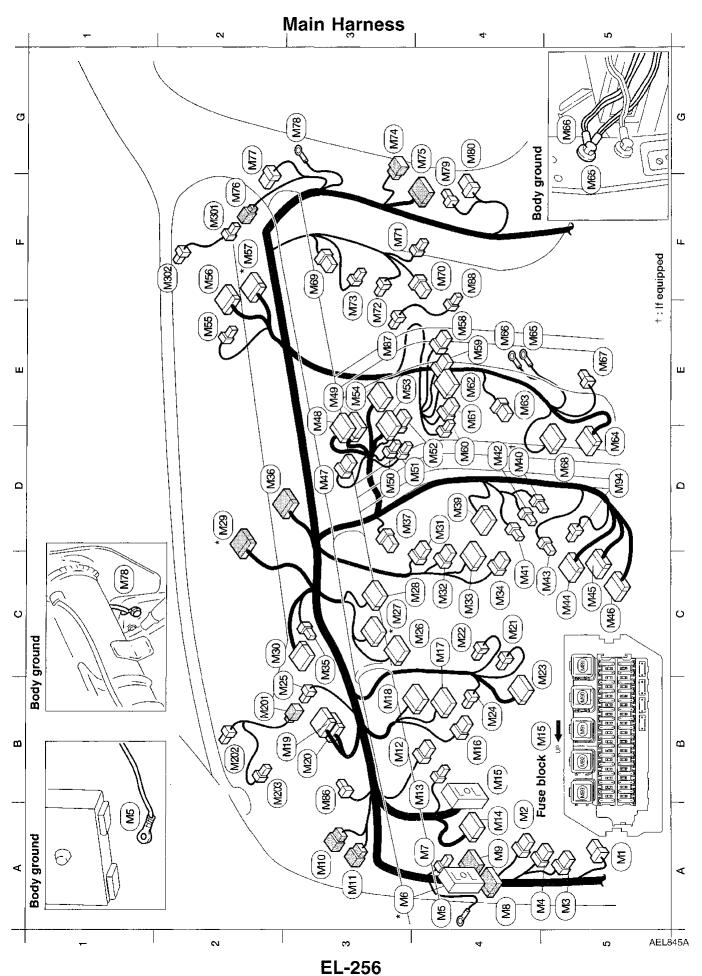
Outline



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M



Harness (Cont'd)

(M72) W/4 : Front blower motor resistor (with manual A/C) : Power antenna amplifier (with power antenna) (M94) GY/1: To window antenna (for multi-remote control) (MST) W/2 : Front blower speed control unit (with EATC) : Front blower speed control unit (with EATC) : Power antenna motor (with power antenna) Fuse block : In-vehicle temperature sensor (with EATC) **G**] (MT) W/8 : Autolamp control unit (with autolamp) B/2 : Front blower motor (with manual A/C) (ktoz) W/2 : Autolamp sensor (with autolamp) : Front blower motor (with EATC) connector-5 (ME) BR/6: Rear window defogger relay : Sunload sensor (with EATC) (MB) BR/6: Front blower motor relay B/8 : Front intake door motor Joint EM (MR3) B/2 : Glove box famp (M91) BR/6: Accessory relay : Tail lamp relay : Foot lamp RH : Body ground : Body ground : Body ground : Ignition relay B/12: CD changer LC (MZII) W/3 : To (MZS) : To (M76) M74 W/6 : To (0102) M75 W/16: To (910) M76 W/2 : To (M30) M® W/2 : Diode remote control EC illumination Door mirror : 8/W (3M) M79 W/2 (M200) B/2 (M30) W/2 M70 B/5 M92) L/4 (M202) B/3 (MGT) W/2 M8 B/2 I (M93) L/4 switch (B) (FM) <u>₩</u> (<u>R</u>) FE Diode (M86) 82 9 8 B3 B3 8 83 83 **B**2 83 2 23 E3 83 G_3 94 g g_3 E3 F4 S_{2} \mathbf{E} **E**4 **E**4 **F**4 33 Ľ. AT : Rear fan switch (front) (with manual A/C) : Radio and cassette player (Premium) : Radio and cassette player (Premium) : Radio and cassette player (Premium) : Front A/C control unit (with rear A/C) : Cigarette lighter socket (Accessory) : Rear fan switch (front) (with EATC) FA M4 GY/12 : Smart entrance control unit (SEC) GY/16 : Smart entrance control unit (SEC) (M46) GY/26 : Smart entrance control unit (SEC) : Radio and cassette player (Base) : Radio and cassette player (Base) : Cigarette lighter illumination RA : Front air mix door motor : Security indicator lamp : Front A/C control unit : Front A/C control unit : To (2101) (Spiral cable) : Ashtray illumination : ASCD control unit (M39) BR/10: Mode door motor Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the on-board diagnostic system to light up the MIL as an open circuit detection. (Refer to EC section.) : Front fan switch : Warning chime BR (MS) W/10 : Hazard switch : Foot famp LH M49 GY/26: EATC unit (M48) GY/22: EATC unit : To MS BR/16: To F10 F2 * (M57) W/16 : To (F107) ্ ত ST (M36) W/12 M42) BR/2 (M62) B/16 M54 B/16 M64 B/20 (M47) W/8 MSO W/2 MSS W/4 (M36) W/2 M51 W/4 (MS2) W/8 M53 B/12 (M58) B/8 Me3 B/6 t: If equipped M34) W/8 9/M (xsw) D4 [†] (M40) W/2 M43 W/2 (M59) B/8 (M60) B/2 Met B/8 (M41) B/2 RS M46) 2 S 8'11' 8 $^{\rm g}$ 8 S S 23 E4 7 **E**4 4 2 8 4 3 8 8 E3 8 7 83 E3 **E**2 낊 **E**4 **E**4 HIA : Door mirror remote control switch Fuse block : Illumination control switch and : Rear window defogger switch : Data link connector for GST EL : Inertia fuel shutoff switch Combination flasher unit : Parking brake switch : Data link connector : Power window relay : ASCD brake switch : Combination meter : Combination meter : Combination meter : ASCD main switch : Rear wiper switch (M30) GY/33 : Joint connector-5 (MI) GY/33 : Joint connector-3 M20 GY/33 : Joint connector-4 : Stop lamp switch Circuit breaker-2 Circuit breaker-1 autolamp switch : Lighting switch **Body ground** For CONSULT : Fuse block : To (M15) . To होल _**1**0 : **To** (DZ) . To (R2) To (RI : To (F403) : To (M201) (M26) W/12 D2*(M29) W/16 MZ3 W/16 B/10 (MB) W/16 M9 W/10 M17) W/10 B/12 9/M (rtM) M13 W/4 M14 GY/4 M32) W/6

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9/M (MSH)

83 7 2

(%) (%)

2

C3 * (M27)

9

9

M18) W/8

8 8 83 9 9 8 84 83

(M22) L/2

M24 B/1 (MZE) W/3

B/2

(<u>₹</u>)

CMS (SIM)

4 8

6/8

Wile Wile

(M4) W/2

1

(<u>P</u>

(MB) W/2

A5 **A**4 Å

B/3

(\frac{1}{2} (ZZ) A3 * (M6) SMJ

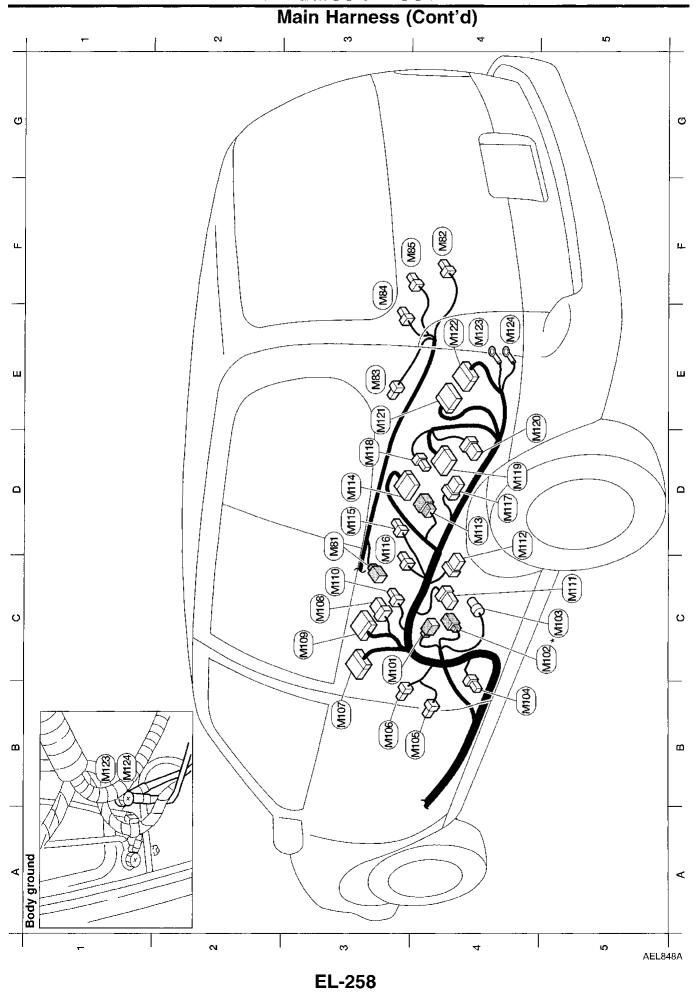
(M7) L/4

A4 A4 ¥ Å3 M12) W/8

83 8 44

A3

6/W (MH)



Main Harness (Cont'd)

GI

 $\mathbb{M}\mathbb{A}$

LC

EC

FE

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

XA.

*: Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the on-board diagnostic system to light up the MIL as an open circuit detection. (Refer to EC section.)

(Mill) W/2 : To (Pi) (Mill) B/2 : Seat belt buckle switch

: Sliding door contact switch

(MBS) B/1 (MB4) W/4

33

: Sliding door switch

M86 B/1

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: Front door switch RH

(MEZ) W/2 : Sliding door step lamp

MB) W/2 : To (P10)

(MIT) W/8 : Rear wiper amplifier (with normal glass)

শিত্র B/10 : 4-channel amplifier শিত্র B/14 : 4-channel amplifier

М19 W/12: To B10) М29 W/8 : To B10)

A E E A E

Mil W/4 : To Bio

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7

: Body ground : Body ground

(S) (S) (S) (S)

: Rear blower motor relay (with EATC) : Rear fan switch relay (with EATC)

(भाष्ट्र B/8 : Rear vent door motor (with rear A/C)

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MIN 1/16: To (BI

23

Miles 1/4 Miles 1/4

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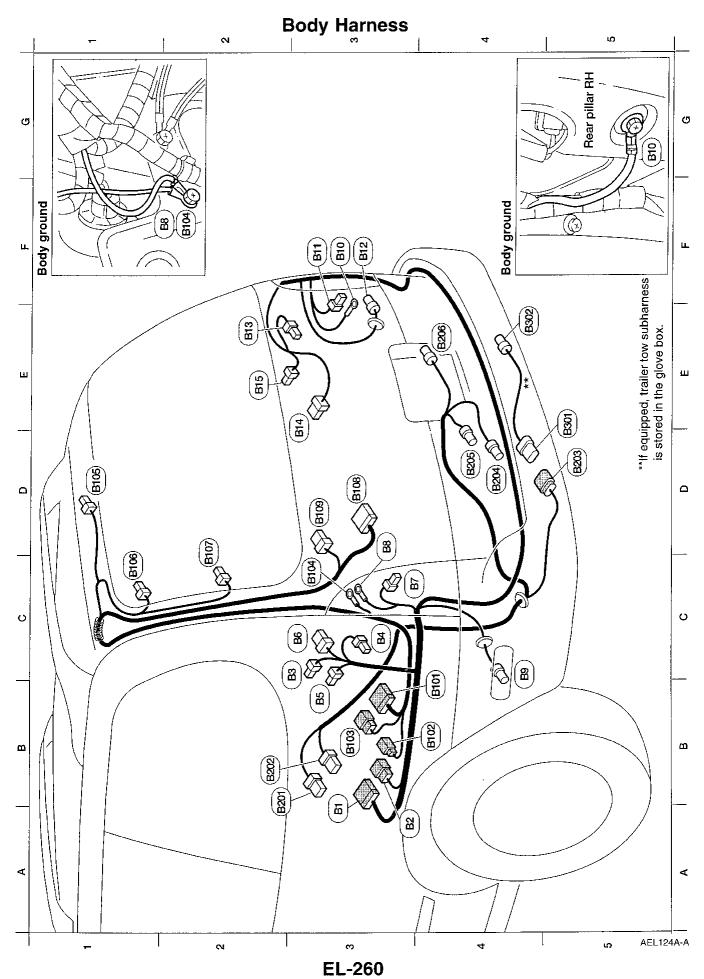
C5 (Mi®) B/2 : Seat belt buckle switch C5 *(Mi®) GY/4 : Rear heated oxygen sensor

B4 (Mills) B/2 : Front door switch LH
B4 (Mills) B/2 : Rear blower motor (with rear A/C)

B3 (阿吻) W/4:Rear blower motor resistor (with rear A/C)
B3 (阿吻) B/14:Rear radio remote control unit (with rear radio remote control)

C3 (M) W/6: Rear fan switch (with rear A/C)
C3 (M) B/12: Rear A/C control unit (with rear A/C)

(Min) B/2 : Rear power point (Min) B/8 : Rear air mix door motor (with rear A/C)



Body Harness (Cont'd)

(G)

MA

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FA RA

BR

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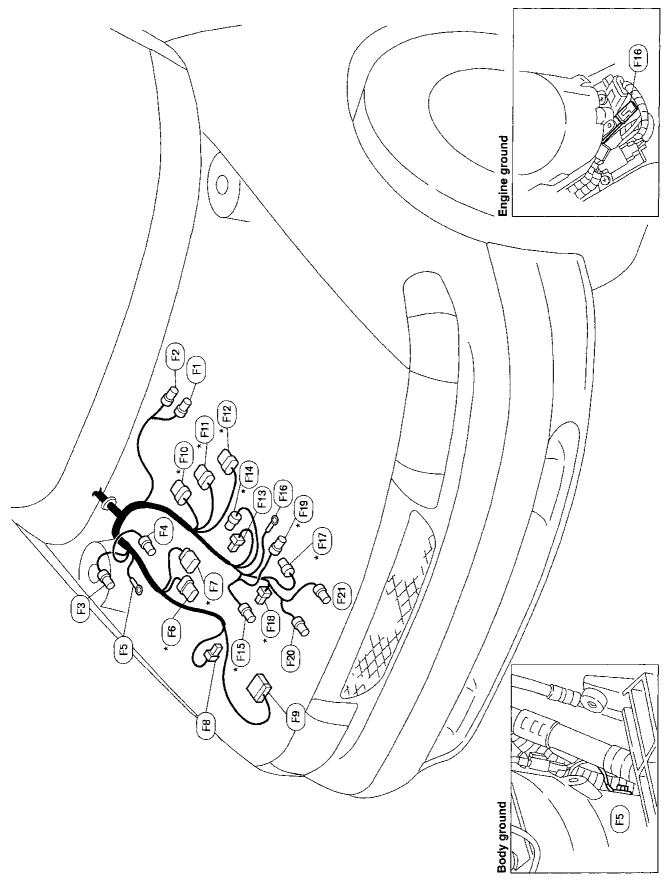
RS

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HA

B3 (B1) L/16: To (M1.4)	B4 @ W/4 : To Mil
A3 (B2) L/6 : To (B20)	B3 (Eng) W/8 : To (M/2)
C3 (88) B/2 : Rear speaker LH	C3 (Bits) - : Body ground
C3 (84) B/2 : Rear power vent window motor LH (with power vent windows)	D1 (60%) W/2 : High-mounted stop lamp
B3 📧 W/4 : 4-channel amplifier	C1 (610) B/1 : Rear window defogger (+) (with glass hatch)
C3 (B) W/8 : Trailer tow control unit (with trailer tow)	D2 (Bitty) B/1 : Rear window defogger (+)
C3 (67) W/4 : Rear combination lamp LH	D3 (613) W/10 : To (332)
D3 🔞 - : Body ground	D3 6m W/6 : To com
C4 🔞 GY/2 : Rear side marker lamp LH	B2 (జ్ఞు) W/8 : To (Mis)
F3 🗝 - : Body ground	B2 (8200) L/6 : To (82)
F3 (611) W/4 : Rear combination lamp RH	D5 (8200) GY/6: To (820)
F3 (Bi2) GY/2 : Rear side marker lamp RH	D4 (8204) BR/2: Rear wheel sensor LH (with ABS)
E2 (613) B/2 : Rear power vent window motor RH (with power vent windows)	D4 (826) GY/4: Fuel pump
E3 (614) W/6 : Subwoofer amplifier (with subwoofer amplifier)	E4 (200) GY/2: Rear wheel sensor RH (with ABS)
E2 (BT5) B/2 : Rear speaker RH	E5 (801) GY/6: To (823)
B4 (Eiii) W/12: To (Mii)	E4 (1802) B/4 : SAE J1239 trailer tow connector (with trailer tow)

Engine Control Harness



Engine Control Harness (Cont'd)

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*: Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the on-board diagnostic system to light up the MIL as an open circuit detection. (Refer to EC section.)

BR

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10X

(FI2) BR/8: To (F203)

(Fi3) B/1 : Thermal transmitter

(Fig. GY/2: Engine coolant temperature sensor

* (FIS) GY/4: Distributor (camshaft position sensor)

: Engine ground ı F.

* (Ft?) GY/3 : Power transistor unit

*(FP) GY/2: Ignition coil (FIB) GY/3: Resistor

F2) B/2 : A/C compressor

(Fz) B/4 : High pressure switch

(F) BR/2 : Water cock solenoid valve (with rear A/C)

(PZ) B/2 : Engine coolant ambient temperature sensor (with EATC)

(F3) GY/2: Power steering oil pressure switch (편) GY/2 : Front wheel sensor RH

- : Body ground (F) GY/6: To (ES)

P

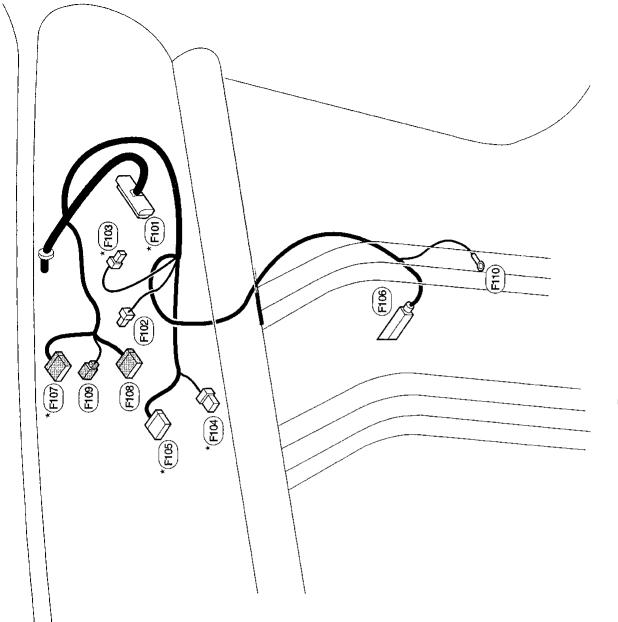
(FB) B/2 : Low pressure switch * (F) GY/8 : To (E7)

(P) B/12: ABS control actuator

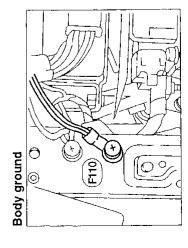
(Fig. GY/8 : To (F20)

* (F11) GY/8 : To (F22)

Engine Control Harness (Cont'd)



*: Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the on-board diagnostic system to light up the MIL as an open circuit detection. (Refer to EC section.)



: ECM (ECCS control module) : Condensor * FIG SMJ

: ECCS relay : To (F402) F102 W/2

* F100 L/4

* (F104) W/8

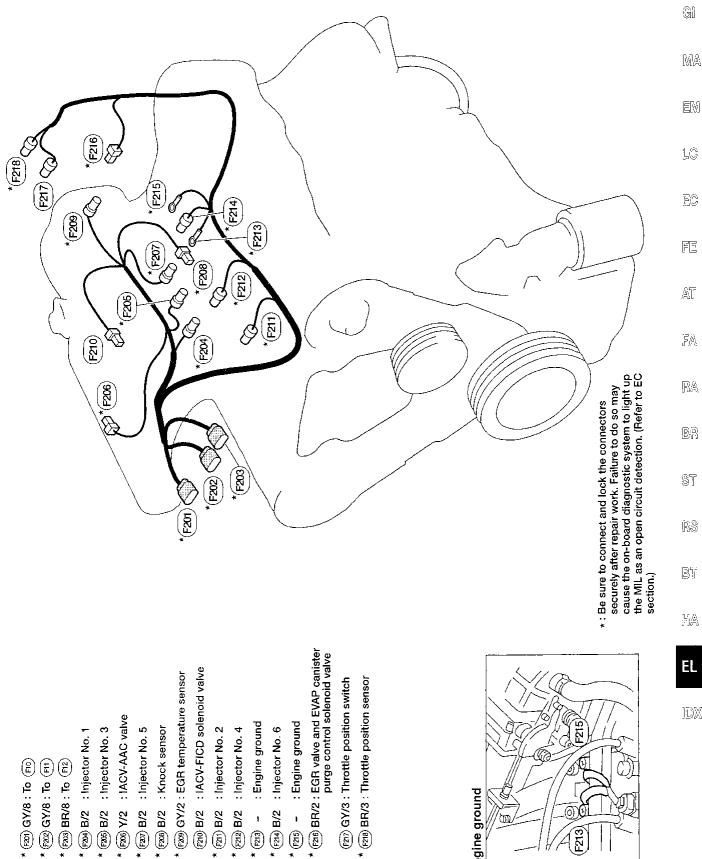
FIG. SMJ : ABS control unit * শিজ W/16 : To দিল্

* (Fig) W/16 : To (M57) (Fig) BR/16 : To (M56) : To (MSS) F109 W/4

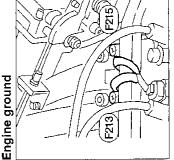
: Body graund

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Engine Control Sub-Harness



DX



: Engine ground

: Injector No. 2 : Injector No. 4

* (F211) B/2 * (F212) B/2

(F210) B/2

: Injector No. 6

* (F214) B/2 *

: Engine ground

(F215)

: IACV-AAC valve

* (F206) Y/2

: Injector No. 3 : Injector No. 1

* (F205) B/2

* (EQQ) GY/8 : To (FI) * (EQQ) BR/8 : To (FI2)

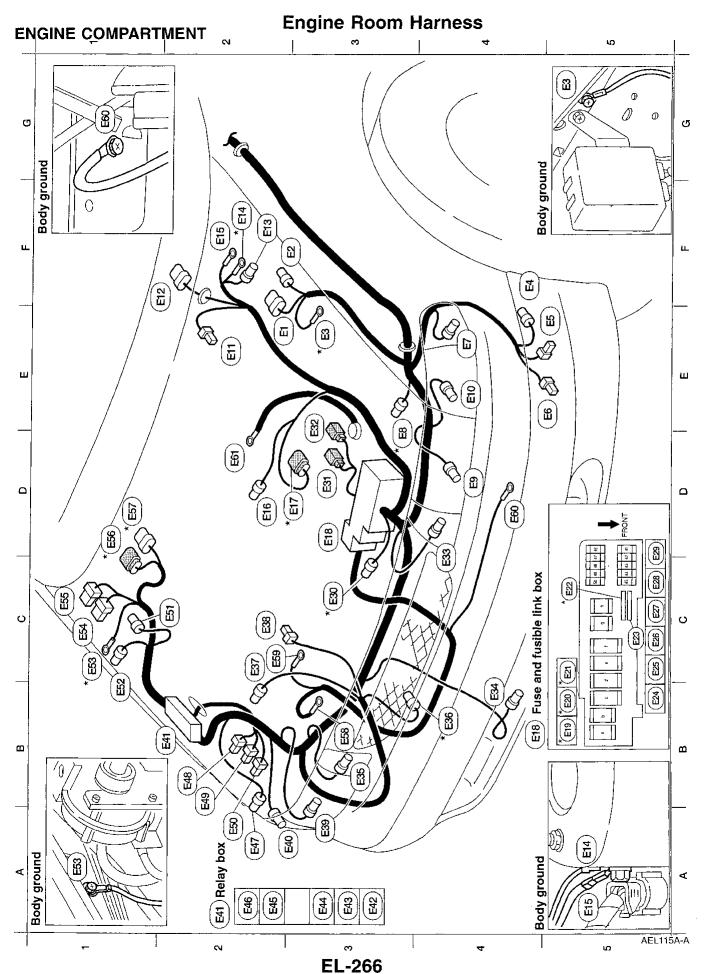
* (F204) B/2

* (FZI) GY/8 : To (FI0)

: Injector No. 5 : Knock sensor

* (F207) B/2

* (Fzos) B/2



Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)

cause the on-board diagnostic system to light up the MIL as an open circuit detection. (Refer to EC section.) GI securely after repair work. Failure to do so may * : Be sure to connect and lock the connectors MA LC (EA) W/6 : Daytime light control unit (with DTRL) : Daytime light control unit (with DTRL) EC Relay box GY/2: Hood switch (with theft warning) : Ambient temperature sensor B4* (E36) GY/3: Front heated oxygen sensor : Front combination lamp RH GY/2: Front side marker lamp RH FE : Front turn signal lamp RH : Washer fluid level switch : Air conditioner relay : Front washer motor : Theft warning relay : Oil pressure switch : Headlamp relay LH : Rear washer motor AT GY/4: ASCD actuator (E43) BR/6: Autolamp relay : Headlamp RH : Body ground : Body ground : Starter motor : FICD relay : Relay box : Generator : Generator : Generator FA GY/6 : To (F6) BR/8: To (F) RA B/2 B/3 (E37) W/2 B/6 B/5 B/2 E49 W/2 **B**/3 E42) L/4 (ES) G/2 B/3 (E44) L/4 E46 B/5 B/1 **B**4 B/ E41) FB 1 8 8 <u>₹</u> (F) (F) **₽** (<u>10</u> (ES2) (98) 8 8 (B) **(B)** (F) . გ <u>*</u> BR *ը 83 8¥3 Ŗ Ŗ **B**2 **B**2 S 20 \overline{c} 8ß æ Ŗ æ Ŗ Ŗ Fuse and fusible link box ST RS : Cooling fan relay-2 (high relay) : Cooling fan relay-3 (high refay) : Cooling fan relay-1 (low relay) D3* (ඎ GY/2 : Intake air temperature sensor : Front combination lamp LH BT (F) GY/2 : Front side marker lamp LH : Front turn signal lamp LH : Fuse and fusible link box En GY/2 : Brake fluid level switch Et3 BR/2 : Front wheel sensor LH (EI) GY/6 : Front wiper amplifier (E) GY/4 : Front wiper amplifier : Headlamp relay RH (E12) GY/6 : Front wiper motor : Cooling fan motor C5* (E2) GY/11: Joint connector-1 (E2) GY/11: Joint connector-1 (E4) GY/2 : Dropping resistor HA (E2) BR/6 : ASCD hold relay : Bulb check relay : Fuel pump relay : Headlamp LH : Inhibitor relay : Starter motor : Body ground : Body ground : Body ground : Horn relay : To battery : To battery : Horn high : Horn low EL D3* (E17) GY/6 : To (F305) IDX 9/A5 @3 C3* GY/3 EI6 GY/1 (EZ) B/5 E10 B/3 E33 B/3 (ES) **B/1** (EB) B/3 (E3) B/1 (ESS) L'4 (E28) L/4 E22 B/1 (B) B/1 E24 L74 EIS FB B5* (E¹3) L/4 B5* E∞ L/4 C5* (Em) L/4 ı t

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F2 * E14 (FIS)

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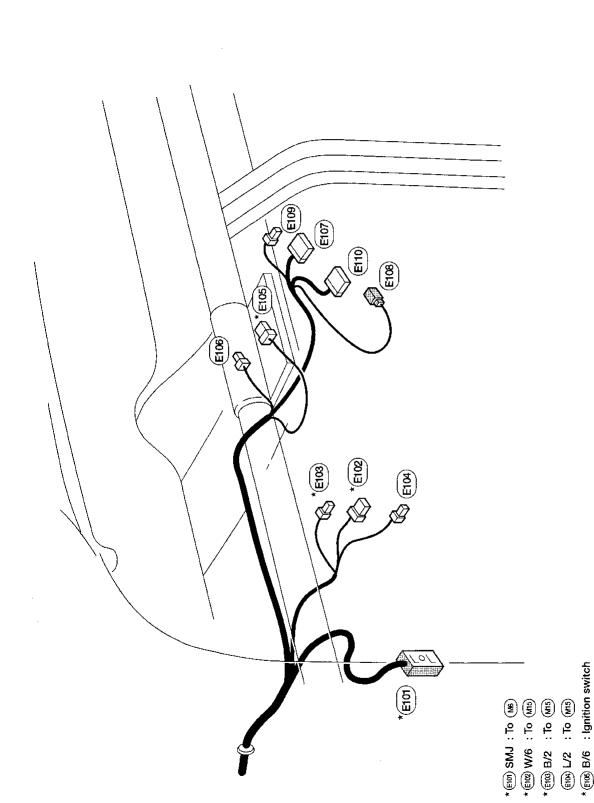
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E3*

띲 E4 7 **E**4

Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)

PASSENGER COMPARTMENT



Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work.
 Failure to do so may cause the on-board diagnostic system to light up the MIL as an open circuit detection. (Refer to EC section.)

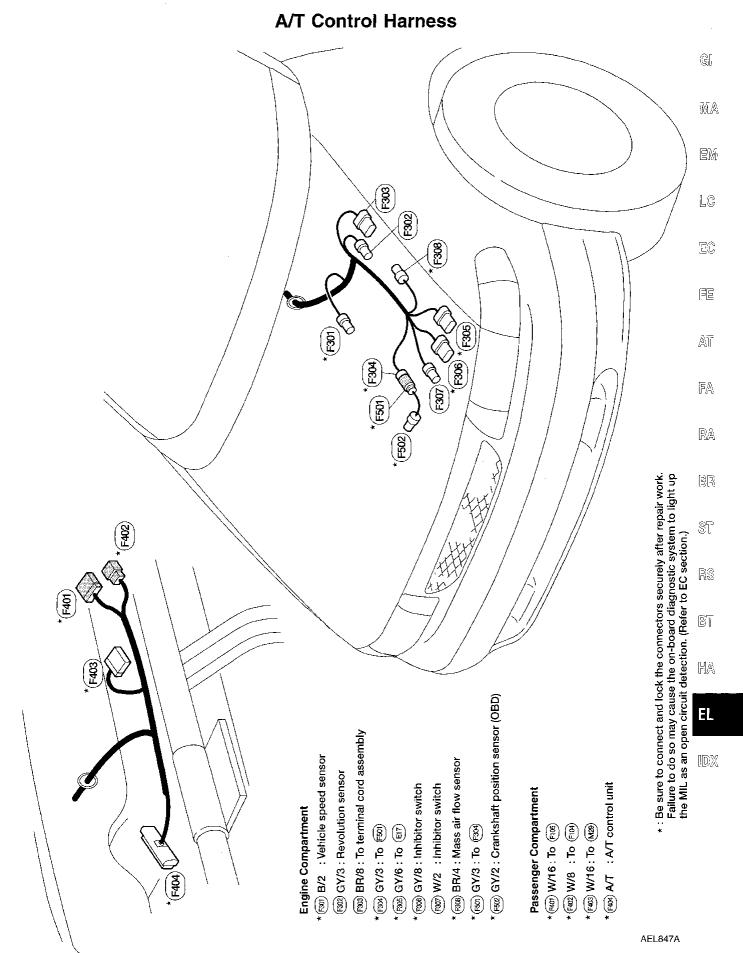
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(Eig) W/2 : Overdrive switch (Eig) B/11 : Combination switch-2

(Exc) W/2 : Shift lock solenoid and park position switch

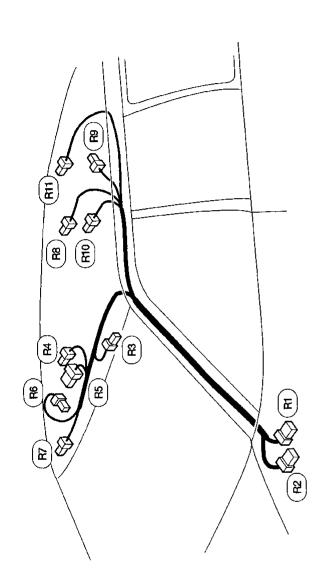
Eng B/10: Combination switch-1

(E108) BR/2: Key switch



EL-269

Room Lamp Harness



(R) B/2 : Vanity lamp RH
(R) W/3 : Front room lamp
(R) W/2 : Personal lamp (with personal lamp)
(RI) W/3 : Front room lamp (with sunroof)
(RI) W/3 : Rear room lamp

(Re) W/2 : Map lamp (with map lamp)

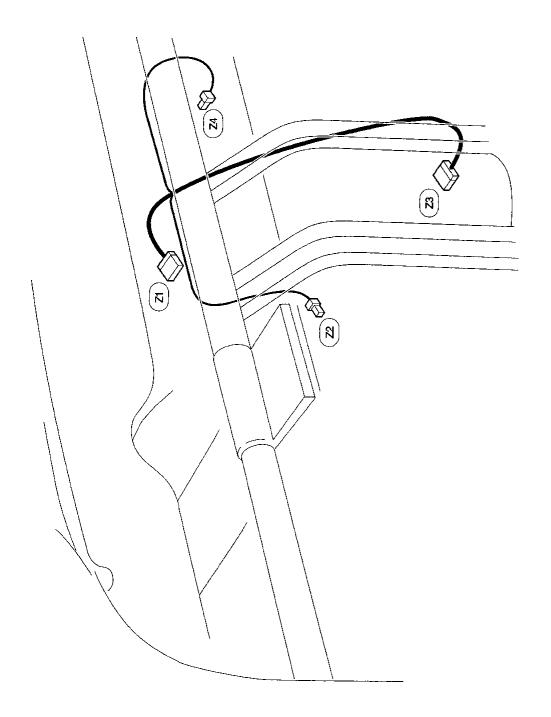
(RS) W/6 : Rear power vent window switch (with power windows)

(P4) W/2 : Sunroof assembly (with sunroof)

(R3) B/2 : Vanity lamp LH

(RZ) W/6 : To (M10) (FI) W/6 : To (MI)

Air Bag Harness



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F/A

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SF

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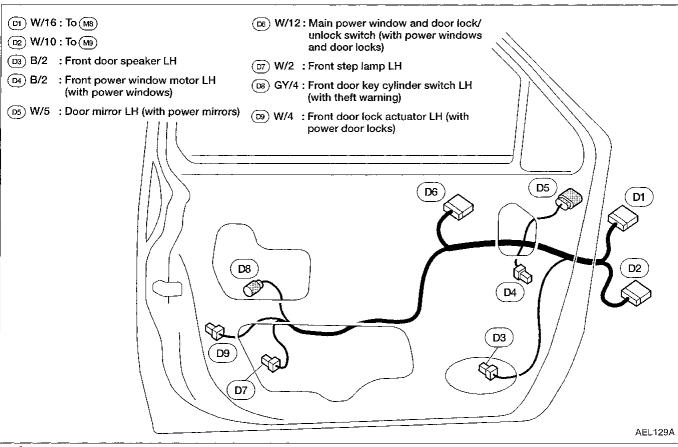
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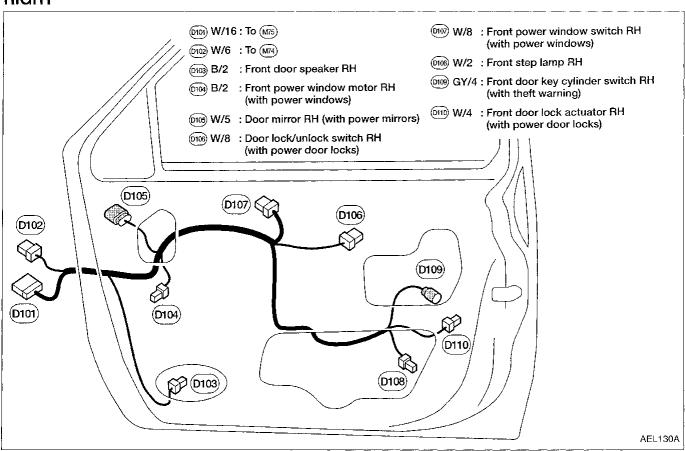
(Z) W/12: To (MS)
(Z2) W/4: To spiral cable
(Z3) Y/24: Air bag diagnosis sensor unit
(Z4) B/2: Front passenger air bag module EL IDX

LEFT

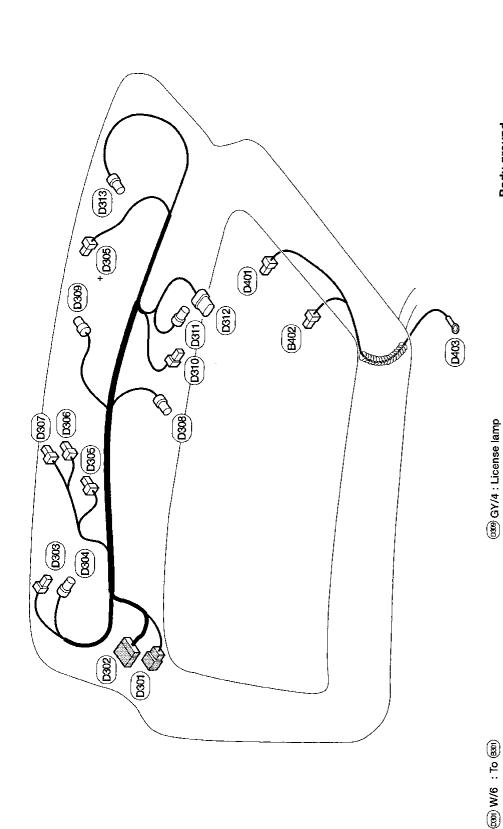
Front Door Harness

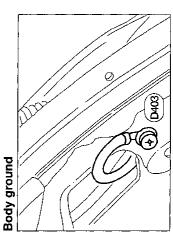


RIGHT



Back Door Harness





MA

LC

EC

FE

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FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

BT

(Gran) G/2 : Glass hatch latch switch

(6312) GY/6 : Rear wiper motor (with glass hatch) (611) GY/4: Rear wiper motor

B/3 : Back-up lamp LH W/2 : Tailgate lamp LH

0000 W/10: To (B108)

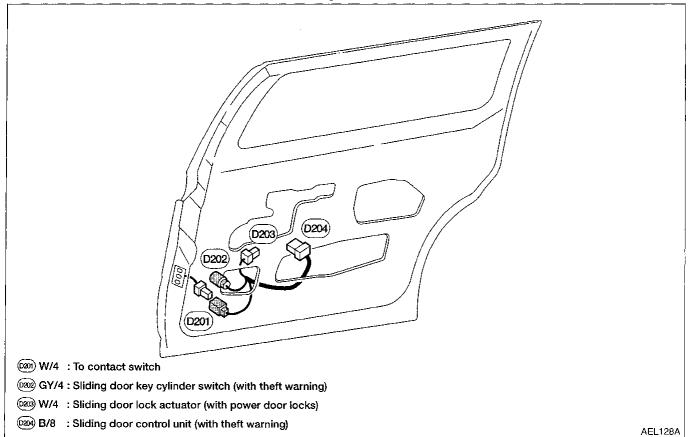
: Rear window defogger (-) (with glass hatch) ങ്ങ B/3 : Back-up lamp RH

EL ldx

+(cos) W/2 : Back door lock actuator (with glass hatch) (with glass hatch) cos GY/4: Back door key cylinder switch (2005) W/4 : Back door lock actuator (20) W/2 : Back door latch switch

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Sliding door Harness



1348