## FRONT & REAR SUSPENSION

# SECTION SU

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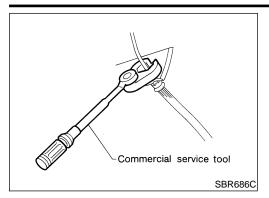
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# Precautions PRECAUTIONS

NDSU0001

- When installing rubber parts, final tightening must be carried out under unladen condition\* with tires on ground.
   \*:Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.
- After installing removed suspension parts, check wheel alignment and adjust if necessary.
- Use flare nut wrench when removing or installing brake tubes.
- Always torque brake lines when installing.
   Preparation

#### SPECIAL SERVICE TOOL

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

NDSU0002

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description	
HT72520000 (J25730-B) Ball joint remover	NT546	Removing tie-rod outer end and lower ball joint a: 33 mm (1.30 in) b: 50 mm (1.97 in) r: R11.5 mm (0.453 in)

#### **COMMERCIAL SERVICE TOOL**

NDSU0003

		NDS00003
Tool name	Description	
Attachment Wheel alignment	NT148	Measuring wheel alignment a: Screw M22 x 1.5 b: 35 (1.38) dia. c: 65 (2.56) dia. d: 56 (2.20) e: 12 (0.47) Unit: mm (in)
1 Flare nut crowfoot 2 Torque wrench	NT360	Removing and installing brake piping a: 10 mm (0.39 in)
Spring compressor	NT717	Removing and installing coil spring

Noise, Vibration and Harshness (NVH) Troubleshooting

# Noise, Vibration and Harshness (NVH) Troubleshooting

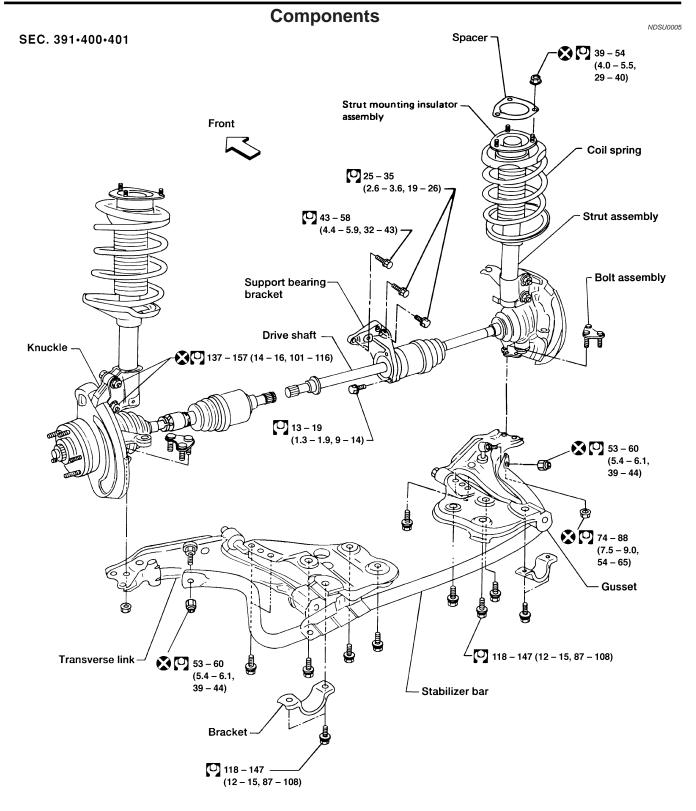
#### **NVH TROUBLESHOOTING CHART**

=NDSU0004 NDSU0004S01 GI

Use the chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

030	uic	chart below to	יוו כ	sip you	u III	iu ti	10 0	aus	,	1 (11	C 3	yıııp	lon	1. 11	1160	5000	oai y	, 10	pan	01 10	place	111030	γa	113.	пαл
Ref	ferer	nce page	SU-4, 16	SU-8, 23	I	I	I	SU-8, 20	9-NS	SU-10, 23	9-NS	I	I	I	I	I	I	NVH in AX-3 and AX-18	NVH in AX-3 and AX-18	Refer to SUSPENSION in this chart.	Refer to TIRES in this chart.	Refer to ROAD WHEEL in this chart.	NVH in BR-5	NVH in ST-5	MA EM LG
		e Cause and CTED PARTS	Improper installation, looseness	Strut or shock absorber deformation, damage or deflection	Bushing or mounting deterioration	Parts interference	Spring fatigue	Suspension looseness	Incorrect wheel alignment	Stabilizer bar fatigue	Out-of-round	Imbalance	Incorrect air pressure	Uneven tire wear	Deformation or damage	Non-uniformity	Incorrect tire size	DRIVE SHAFT	AXLE	SUSPENSION	TIRES	ROAD WHEEL	BRAKES	STEERING	FE AT AX
		Noise	×	×	×	×	×	×										×	×		×	×	×	×	BR
	7	Shake	×	×	×	×		×										×	×		×	×	×	×	<u>DN</u>
	SUSPENSION	Vibration	×	×	×	×	×											×	×		×			×	ST
	PEN	Shimmy	×	×	×	×			×										×		×	×	×	×	<b>9</b> 1
	SUS	Judder	×	×	×														×		×	×	×	×	RS
		Poor quality ride or handling	×	×	×	×	×		×	×									×		×	×			
		Noise	×								×	×	×	×	×	×		×	×	×		×	×	×	BT
Шo:		Shake	×								×	×	×	×	×		×	×	×	×		×	×	×	HA
Symptom	ပ္သ	Vibration											×				×	×	×	×				×	IUNY
S	TIRES	Shimmy	×								×	×	×	×	×	×	×		×	×		×	×	×	SC
		Judder	×								×	×	×	×	×		×		×	×		×	×	×	99
		Poor quality ride or handling	×								×	×	×	×	×		×		×	×		×			EL
		Noise	×								×	×			×			×	×	×	×		×	×	IBV
	ROAD WHEEL	Shake	×								×	×			×			×	×	×	×		×	×	IDX
	N Q	Shimmy, Judder	×								×	×			×				×	×	×		×	×	
	RO/	Poor quality ride or handling	×								×	×			×				×	×	×				

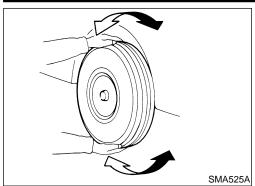
<sup>×:</sup> Applicable

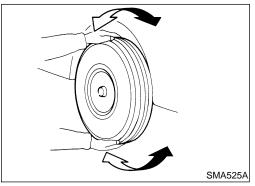


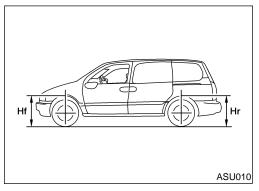
When installing rubber parts, final tightening must be carried out under unladen condition\* with tires on ground.

: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

<sup>\*:</sup> Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.







#### On-vehicle Service FRONT SUSPENSION PARTS

Check front axle and front suspension parts for excessive play, cracks, wear and other damage.

- Shake each front wheel to check for excessive play.
- Make sure that the cotter pin is inserted.
- Retighten all nuts and bolts to the specified torque.

#### **Tightening torque:**

Refer to "Components", SU-8.

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Check spring height from top of wheelarch to ground using the following procedure.

LC

Park vehicle on a level surface with vehicle unladen\*. \*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

Check tires for proper inflation and wear (tread wear indicator must not be showing).

FE

Bounce vehicle up and down several times and measure AT dimensions Hf and Hr. Refer to "WHEELARCH HEIGHT (UNLADEN\*)", SU-14.

Spring height is not adjustable. If out of specification, check for AX worn springs or suspension parts.

SU

ST

- RS
- Check strut for oil leakage and other damage. Check suspension ball joint for grease leakage and ball joint

BT

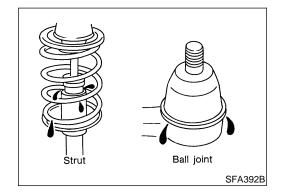
dust cover for cracks and other damage. If ball joint dust cover is cracked or damaged, replace ball joint

HA

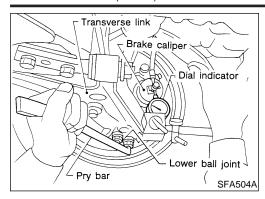
assembly.

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#### On-vehicle Service (Cont'd)



- Check suspension ball joint end play.
- Jack up front of vehicle and set the stands. a)
- Clamp dial indicator onto transverse link and place indicator tip on lower edge of brake caliper.
- Make sure front wheels are straight and brake pedal is depressed.
- Place a pry bar between transverse link and inner rim of road wheel.
- While raising and releasing pry bar, observe maximum dial indicator value.

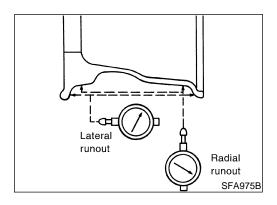
Vertical end play: 0 mm (0 in)

If ball joint vertical end play exists, replace ball joint and recheck vertical end play.

#### FRONT WHEEL ALIGNMENT

Before checking front wheel alignment, be sure to make a preliminary inspection (Unladen\*).

\*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.



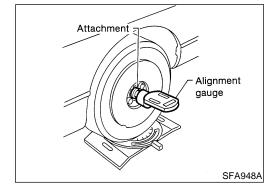
#### **Preliminary Inspection**

NDSU0007S01

- 1. Check tires for wear and improper inflation.
- 2. Check wheels for deformation, cracks and other damage. If deformed, remove wheel and check wheel runout.
- Remove tire from wheel and mount wheel on a tire balance machine.
- Set dial indicator as shown in the illustration.

Wheel runout (Dial indicator value): Refer to "Wheel Runout", SU-14.

- 3. Check front wheel bearings for looseness.
- 4. Check front suspension for looseness.
- Check steering linkage for looseness.
- Check that front struts work properly.
- Check vehicle posture (Unladen).



#### **Camber, Caster and Kingpin Inclination**

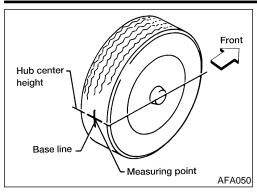
Camber, caster and kingpin inclination are preset at factory and cannot be adjusted.

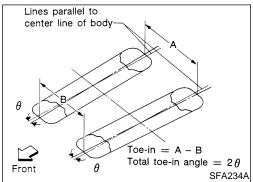
1. Measure camber, caster and kingpin inclination of both right and left wheels with a suitable alignment gauge.

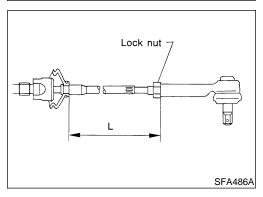
Camber, caster and kingpin inclination:

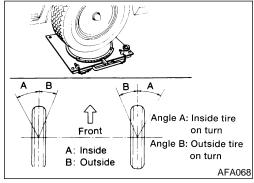
"FRONT WHEEL Refer to **ALIGNMENT** (UNLADEN\*1)", SU-13.

If camber, caster and kingpin inclination are not within specification, inspect front suspension parts. Replace any damaged or worn out parts.









#### Toe-in

Measure toe-in using the following procedure.

#### NDSU0007S03

#### WARNING:

• Always perform the following procedure on a flat surface.

 Make sure that no one is in front of the vehicle before pushing it.

. Bounce front of vehicle up and down to stabilize the posture.

- Push the vehicle straight ahead about 5 m (16 ft).
- Put a mark on base line of tread (rear side) of both front tires at the same height as hub center. These are measuring points.
- Measure distance "A" (rear side).
- 5. Push the vehicle slowly ahead to rotate the wheels 180 degrees (1/2 turn).
- If the wheels have rotated more than 180 degrees (1/2 turn), try the above procedure again from the beginning.
   Never push vehicle backward.
- Measure distance "B" (front side).

Toe-in (A – B):

Refer to "FRONT WHEEL ALIGNMENT (UNLADEN\*1)", SU-13.

- 7. Adjust toe-in by varying the length of steering tie-rods.
- a. Loosen lock nuts.
- b. Adjust toe-in by screwing tie-rods in or out.

Standard length "L":

Refer to "Steering Gear and Linkage", ST-25.

c. Tighten lock nuts to specified torque.

(4.2 - 8.3 kg-m, 30 - 60 ft-lb)

#### **Front Wheel Turning Angle**

 Set wheels in straight-ahead position. Then move vehicle forward until front wheels rest on turning radius gauge properly.

Rotate steering wheel all the way right and left; measure turning angle.

Wheel turning angle (Full turn):

Refer to "FRONT WHEEL ALIGNMENT (UNLADEN\*1)", SU-13.

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#### **Coil Spring and Strut Assembly**

**COMPONENTS** NDSU0008

SEC. 391-400-401

Stabilizer

118 – 147

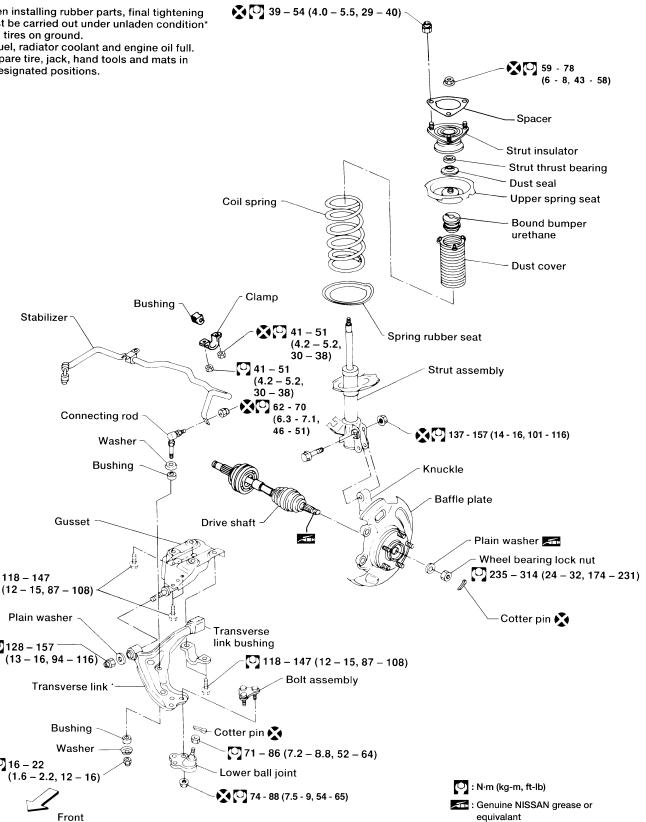
**128 – 157** 

**16 – 22** 

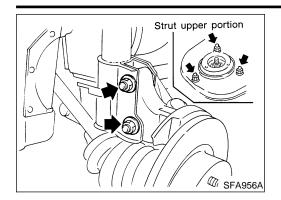
Plain washer

When installing rubber parts, final tightening must be carried out under unladen condition\* with tires on ground.

\*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.



Coil Spring and Strut Assembly (Cont'd)



#### REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Remove strut assembly fixing bolts and nuts (to hood ledge).

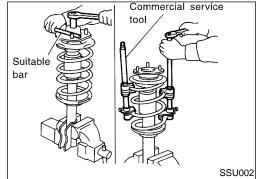
#### **WARNING:**

Do not remove piston rod lock nut on vehicle.



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#### DISASSEMBLY

Set strut assembly on vise, then loosen piston rod lock nut.

#### WARNING:

Do not remove piston rod lock nut at this time.

Compress spring with Tool so that the strut mounting insulator can be turned by hand.

#### **WARNING:**

Make sure that the pawls of the two spring compressors are firmly hooked on the spring. The spring compressors must be tightened alternately so as not to tilt the spring.

AT AX

Remove piston rod lock nut.

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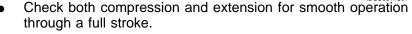
HA

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#### INSPECTION Strut Assembly

SSU003



- Check for oil leakage occurring on welded or gland packing portion.
  - Check piston rod for cracks, deformation and other damage.
- Replace if necessary.

#### **Strut Mounting Insulator**

Check cemented rubber-to-metal portion for separation and cracks.

Check rubber parts for deterioration.

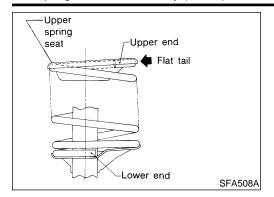
#### Thrust Bearing

- Check thrust bearing parts for abnormal noise or excessive rattle in axial direction.
- Replace if necessary.

#### Coil Spring and Insulator

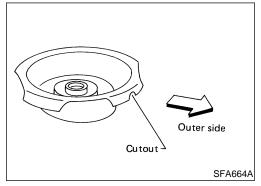
Check for cracks, deformation and other damage. Replace if necessary.

#### Coil Spring and Strut Assembly (Cont'd)



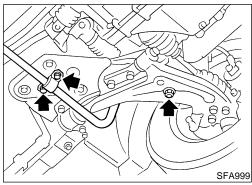
#### **ASSEMBLY**

When installing coil spring on strut, it must be positioned as shown in the figure at left.



- Install upper spring seat with alignment mark facing outside of vehicle, in line with strut-to-knuckle attachment points (±3°).
- Replace strut lower mounting nuts.
- When installing strut to knuckle, be sure to hold bolts and tighten nuts.

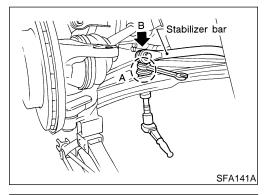
(14.0 - 16.0 kg-m, 101 - 116 ft-lb)



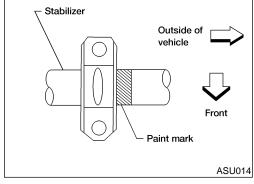
#### Stabilizer Bar REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

NDSU0013

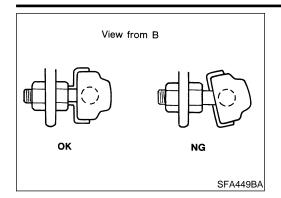
Remove stabilizer bar.



When removing or installing stabilizer bar, secure portion A with wrench as shown.



When installing stabilizer, make sure that paint mark and clamp are in the correct positions.



Install stabilizer bar with ball joint socket properly placed.

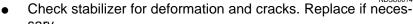


MA

LG

#### **INSPECTION**

VDSU0014



\_\_\_

 Check rubber bushings for deterioration and cracks. Replace if necessary.

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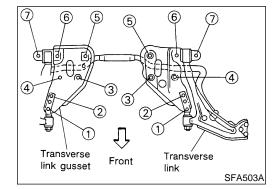
 Check that ball joint can rotate in all directions. If movement is not smooth and free, replace stabilizer bar link.

AT

Check ball joint dust boot for damage.

Use care not to damage ball joint dust boot.

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# Transverse Link and Transverse Link Gusset REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

NDSU0015

1. Remove stabilizer bar.

<u></u>

- 2. Remove attaching bolts.
- 3. Install bolts in numerical order as shown at left.
- During installation, final tightening must be carried out at curb weight with wheels on the ground.

: Refer to "Components", SU-8.

 After installation, check wheel alignment. Refer to "FRONT WHEEL ALIGNMENT", SU-6.

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#### **INSPECTION**

ARA027

DSU0016

Check transverse link for damage, cracks and deformation.
 Replace if necessary.

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Check rubber bushing for damage, cracks and deformation. Replace transverse link if necessary.

Check transverse link gusset for damage, cracks and deformation. Replace if necessary.

SC

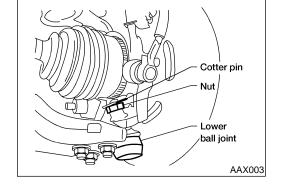
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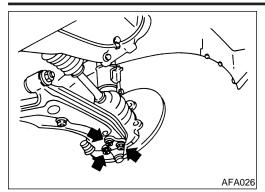
EL

# Lower Ball Joint REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

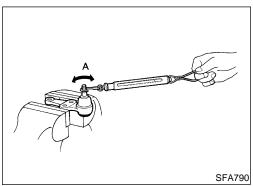


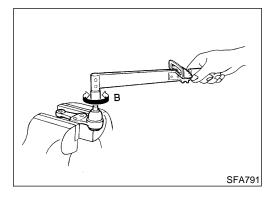
- . Remove cotter pin and nut securing lower ball joint to knuckle.
- Strike knuckle with a hammer and pull down control arm to separate lower ball joint from knuckle.





Remove nuts shown at left.





#### INSPECTION

NDSI IOO1

- Check ball joint for excessive play. Replace lower ball joint if any of the following exists:
  - Ball stud is worn.
  - Joint is hard to swing.
  - Play in axial direction is excessive.

Before checking, turn ball joint at least 10 revolutions so that ball joint is properly broken in.

Swinging force "A":
(measuring point: cotter pin hole of ball stud)
7.8 - 51.0 N (0.8 - 5.2 kg, 1.8 - 11.5 lb)
Turning torque "B":
0.5 - 3.4 N·m (5 - 35 kg-cm, 4.3 - 30.4 in-lb)
Vertical end play:
0 mm (0 in)

 Check dust cover for damage. Replace dust cover and cover clamp if necessary.

#### Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

#### **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS (FRONT)**

NDSU0019

Suspension type	Independent macpherson strut with coil spring		
Strut type	Double-acting hydraulic		
Stabilizer bar	Standard equipment		

Service Data and Specifications (SDS) (Cont'd)

0.5 - 3.4 N·m (5 - 35 kg-cm, 4.3 - 30.4 in-lb)

0 mm (0 in)

FRONT WHEEL	ALIGNWENT	(UNLADEN	1)	Unit: Degree minute (Decimal degree)
Applied model			All	
			Minimum	-27' (-0.45°)
			Nominal	18′ (0.3°)
Camber			Maximum	1°3′ (1.05°)
			Left and right difference	45′ (0.75°)
			Minimum	3′ (0.05°)
			Nominal	48′ (0.8°)
Caster			Maximum	1°33′ (1.55°)
			Left and right difference	45′ (0.75°)
			Minimum	12°50′ (12.83°)
Kingpin inclination			Nominal	13°35′ (13.58°)
			Maximum	14°20′ (14.33°)
			Minimum	2 mm (0.08 in)
	Distance (A - B)		Nominal	3 mm (0.12 in)
Total to a fe			Maximum	4 mm (0.16 in)
Total toe-in			Minimum	11′ (0.28°)
	Angle (left plus righ	it)	Nominal	16′30″ (0.28°)
			Maximum	22′ (0.37°)
			Minimum	36° (36.00°)
		Inside	Nominal	38° (38.00°)
Maria I tomaia a anala	Full turn to		Maximum	40° (40.00°)
Wheel turning angle	Full turn*2		Minimum	28° (28.00°)
		Outside	Nominal	30° (30.00°)
			Maximum	32° (32.00°)
	-		, hand tools and mats in desig of 98 to 147 N (10 to 15 kg, 2	
OWER BALL	JOINT			NDSU0023
Swinging force (Measured at cotter pin	hole)		7.8 - 51	0 N (0.8 - 5.2 kg, 1.8 - 11.5 lb)

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Turning torque

Vertical end play limit

Service Data and Specifications (SDS) (Cont'd)

#### WHEELARCH HEIGHT (UNLADEN\*)

Unit: mm (in)

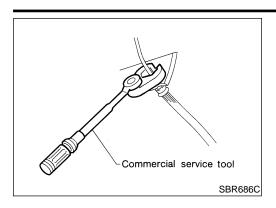
	Applied model		All
Hr	Front (Hf)	Standard/Optional suspension	772 $\pm$ 10 (30.39 $\pm$ 0.39)
ASU010	Rear (Hr)	Standard/Optional suspension	793 ± 10 (31.22 ± 0.39)

<sup>\*:</sup> Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

#### WHEEL RUNOUT

Unit: mm (in)

Wheel two	Aluminum wheel	Steel wheel				
Wheel type	Aluminum wheel	Inside	Outside			
Maximum radial runout limit	0.3 (0.012) or less	0.8 (0.031) or less	0.4 (0.016) or less			
Maximum lateral runout limit	0.3 (0.012) or less	1.0 (0.04) or less	0.9 (0.035) or less			



#### **Precautions PRECAUTIONS**

When installing rubber parts, final tightening must be carried out under unladen condition\* with tires on ground. \*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.



After installing removed suspension parts, check wheel alignment and adjust if necessary.

Use flare nut wrench when removing or installing brake tubes.

Always torque brake lines when installing. **Preparation** 

LC

#### **COMMERCIAL SERVICE TOOL**

			ND300027
Tool name	Description		
1 Flare nut crowfoot 2 Torque wrench		Removing and installing brake piping a: 10 mm (0.39 in)	FE
			A1
	NT360		

#### Noise, Vibration and Harshness (NVH) **Troubleshooting**

Refer to "NVH TROUBLESHOOTING CHART", SU-3.

NDSU0028

SU

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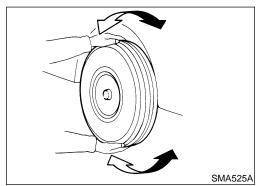
BT

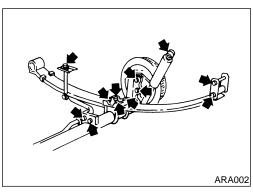
HA

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## Components SEC. 431 When installing rubber parts, final tightening must be carried out under unladen condition\* with tires on ground. \* Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions. 89 - 104 (9.1 - 10.6, 66 - 77) (3.1 – 4.1, 22 – 30) 79 - 99 (8.1 - 10.1, 59 - 73) Wheel nut 98 - 118 (10 - 12, 72 - 87) : N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) : Always replace ASU003





#### **On-vehicle Service REAR SUSPENSION PARTS**

Check axle and suspension parts for excessive play, wear or damage.

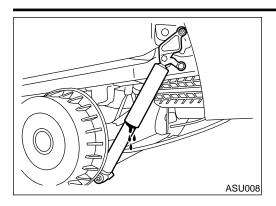
Shake each rear wheel to check for excessive play.

Retighten all nuts and bolts to the specified torque.

**Tightening torque:** 

Refer to "Components", SU-20.

Make sure that all cotter pins are inserted.



- Check shock absorber for oil leakage and damage.
- Check shock absorber bushing for damage and excessive wear.
- Bounce vehicle up and down several times and check wheelarch height. Refer to "WHEELARCH HEIGHT (UNLADEN\*)", SU-25.

#### REAR WHEEL ALIGNMENT

#### **Preliminary Inspection**

Before checking rear wheel alignment, be sure to make a preliminary inspection (Unladen\*).

\*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.



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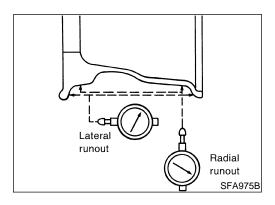
FE

AT

 $\mathbb{A}\mathbb{X}$ 

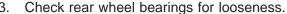
SU

ST



- 1. Check tires for wear and improper inflation.
- 2. Check wheels for deformation, cracks and other damage If deformed, remove wheel and check runout.
- a. Remove tire from wheel and mount wheel on a tire balance machine.
- Set dial indicator as shown in the illustration.

Wheel runout (Dial indicator value): Refer to "Wheel Runout", SU-25.



- 4. Check rear suspension for looseness.
- Check that rear shocks work properly.
- 6. Check vehicle posture (Unladen).



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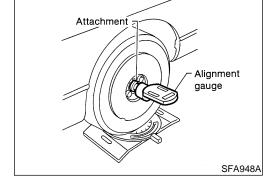
NDSU0031S02

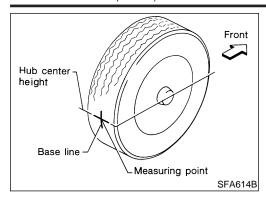
Camber is preset at factory and cannot be adjusted.

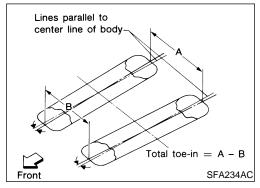
Camber:

Refer to "REAR WHEEL ALIGNMENT (UNLADEN\*1)", SU-25.

If the camber is not within specification, inspect and replace any damaged or worn rear suspension parts.







#### Toe-in

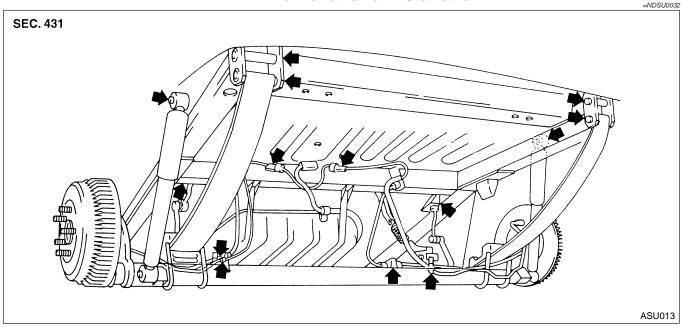
Toe-in is preset at factory and cannot be adjusted. Measure toe-in using the following procedure. If out of specification, inspect and replace any damaged or worn rear suspension parts.

#### **WARNING:**

- Always perform the following procedure on a flat surface.
- Make sure that no one is in front of the vehicle before pushing it.
- 1. Bounce rear of vehicle up and down to stabilize the posture.
- 2. Push the vehicle straight ahead about 5 m (16 ft).
- 3. Put a mark on base line of the tread (rear side) of both rear tires at the same height as hub center. This mark is a measuring point.
- 4. Measure distance "A" (rear side).
- 5. Push the vehicle slowly ahead to rotate the wheels 180 degrees (1/2 turn).
- If the wheels have rotated more than 180 degrees (1/2 turn), try the above procedure again from the beginning. Never push vehicle backward.
- 6. Measure distance "B" (front side).

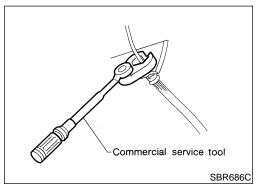
Total toe-in: Refer to "REAR WHEEL ALIGNMENT (UNLADEN\*1)", SU-25.

#### Removal and Installation



#### **CAUTION:**

- Before removing the rear suspension assembly, disconnect the ABS wheel sensors from the assembly. Failure to do so may result in damaged sensor wires and the sensor becoming inoperative.
- Drain brake fluid before disconnecting brake lines.



ARA015

- Support axle and suspension components with a suitable jack and block.
- Disconnect brake hydraulic lines at axle and parking brake cables at back plates.
- Disconnect ABS wheel sensors from the assembly.
- Remove LSV spring bracket.
- 5. Remove upper end nuts and bolt of shock absorbers.
- 6. Remove stabilizer bar from body.
- 7. Remove leaf spring from body.
- Final tightening for rubber parts must be carried out under unladen condition\* with tires on ground.
- \*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

























BT





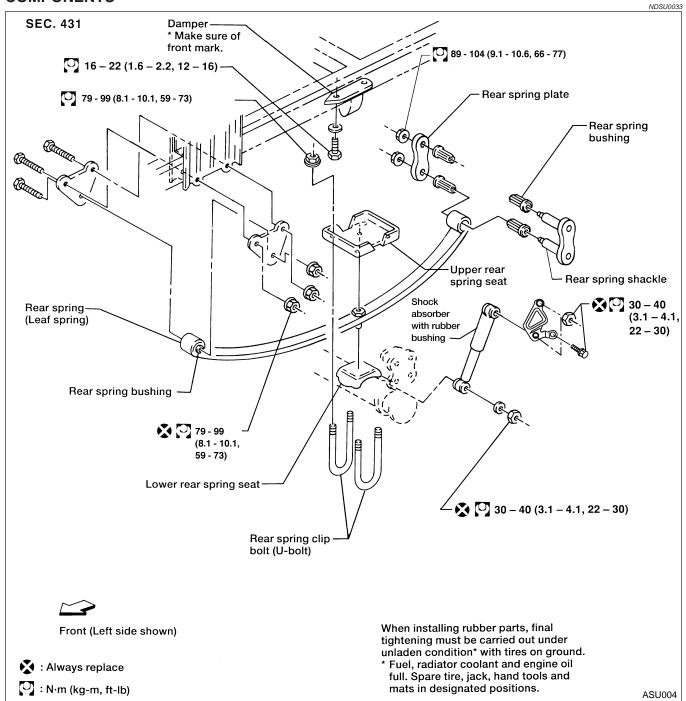


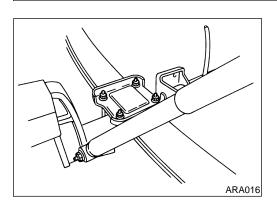




#### **Leaf Spring**

#### **COMPONENTS**





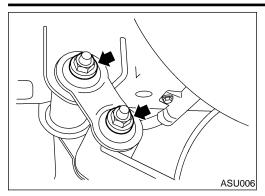
#### **REMOVAL**

NDSU0034

Disconnect shock absorber lower end, and remove U-bolts.

#### REAR SUSPENSION

Leaf Spring (Cont'd)



Disconnect spring shackle.

GI

MA

EM

LC

3. Loosen upper pin nuts.

Disconnect front eye bolt.

EC

FE

AT

AX

SU

BR

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RS

INSPECTION

ASU007

BT

Check leaf spring for cracks. Replace if necessary.

HA

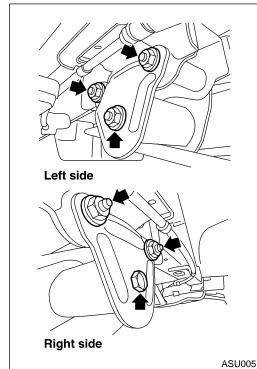
Check front spring plates, front eye bolt, upper pins, shackle, U-bolts and spring seat for wear, cracks, straightness and damage. Replace if necessary.

Check rubber bushings for deformation and cracks. Replace if necessary.

SC

When installing front eye bushing, make sure that it is positioned as shown at left.

EL

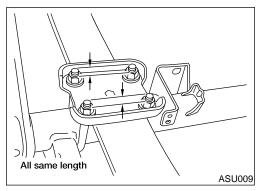


# Front (LH) Front (RH) Section (A-A) Rear Section (B-B) LH shown RH opposite

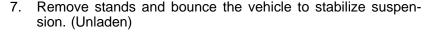
#### INSTALLATION

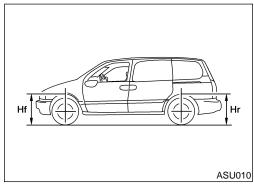
NDSU0036

- Apply soapsuds to rubber bushing.
- 2. Install rubber bushing, spring shackle and front eye bolt, and finger tighten the nuts.
- When installing the nuts on the front shackle, they must be positioned as shown.
- Rear shackles may be installed from either direction.



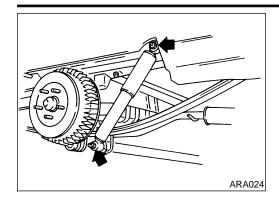
- 3. Install leaf spring assembly aligning spring center bolt with the hole in lower seat.
- 4. Install upper seat on top of leaf spring assembly aligning the hole in upper seat with spring center bolt.
- 5. Tighten U-bolt mounting nuts diagonally.
- 6. Install shock absorber, and finger tighten the nut.
- Tighten U-bolts so that the lengths of all U-bolts on upper spring seat are the same.





- Left side shown
  Front

  ASU011
- 8. Tighten spring shackle nuts, front eye bolt nuts and upper pin nuts and shock absorber nuts. Refer to "Components", SU-20.
- When installing rubber parts, final tightening must be carried out under unladen condition\* with tires on ground.
- \*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.



#### **Shock Absorber REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION**

Remove shock absorber by disconnecting upper support bracket fastener and lower nut.

#### **WARNING:**

Do not heat. Shock absorbers are gas charged.

MA

LC

**INSPECTION** 

Check both compression and extension for smooth operation through a full stroke.

EG

If oil leakage, cracks or deformation occurs, replace shock absorber assembly.

FE

If rubber bushings are cracked or deformed, replace rubber bushings.

AT

AX

# Stabilizer bar connecting rod Stabilizer bar

ARA025

# Stabilizer Bar

When removing and installing stabilizer bar, fix portion A.

BR

SU

ST

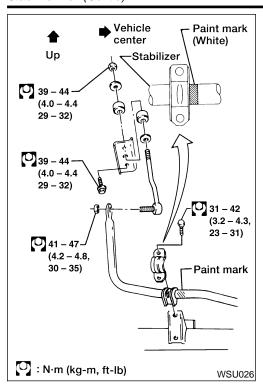
RS

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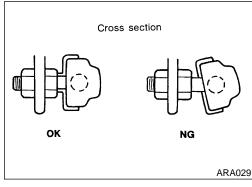
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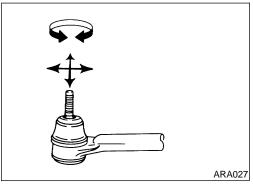
EL



When installing stabilizer, it must be positioned as shown.



Install stabilizer bar with ball joint socket properly placed.



#### INSPECTION

- Check stabilizer bar and stabilizer connecting rod for deformation and cracks. Replace if necessary.
- Check rubber bushings for deterioration and cracks. Replace if necessary.
- Check that ball joint can rotate in all directions. If movement is not smooth and free, replace stabilizer connecting rod.
- Check ball joint dust boot for damage. Replace stabilizer connecting rod if necessary.
- Use care not to damage ball joint dust boot.

#### Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

#### GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS (RFAR)

CENERAL OF ECH TOATTONS (REAR)					
	Standard suspension	Handling suspension			
Suspension type	Rigid axle with semi-elliptic leaf spring				
Shock absorber type	Double-acting hydraulic				
Stabilizer diameter mm (in)	N/A	24 (0.94)			

#### REAR SUSPENSION

Service Data and Specifications (SDS) (Cont'd)

#### REAR WHEEL ALIGNMENT (UNLADEN\*1)

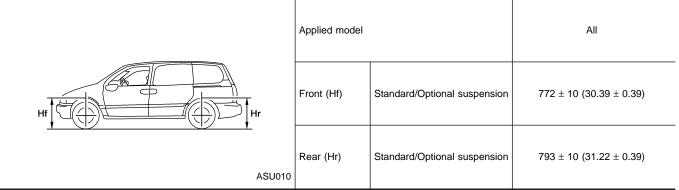
KEAK WHEE	EL ALIGNMENT (UNLADE	N"1)	Degree minute (Decimal degree)
Applied model		All	
		Minimum	-15′ (-0.25°)
Camber		Nominal	0° (0°)
		Maximum	15′ (0.25°)
		Minimum	-4 mm (-0.16 in)
	Distance (A - B)	Nominal	0 mm (0 in)
Total tao in		Maximum	4 mm (0.16 in)
Total toe-in		Minimum	-22′ (-0.37°)
	Angle (left plus right)	Nominal	0° (0°)
		Maximum	22′ (0.37°)

<sup>\*1:</sup> Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

#### WHEELARCH HEIGHT (UNLADEN\*)

Unit: mm (in)

1.0 (0.04) or less



<sup>\*:</sup> Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

#### WHEEL RUNOUT

Maximum lateral runout limit

 Wheel type
 Aluminum wheel
 Steel wheel

 Inside
 Outside

 Maximum radial runout limit
 0.3 (0.012) or less
 0.8 (0.031) or less
 0.4 (0.016) or less

0.3 (0.012) or less

Unit: mm (in)

0.9 (0.035) or less

EL

SC

HA

GI

MA

LC

EC

FE

AT

AX

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BR

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#### **NOTES**