# SECTION EC 

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## Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted.
Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the "SRS AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT" of this Service Manual.

## WARNING:

Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision that would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see "SRS AIR BAG".
- Never use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.


## PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

WARNING:
Always observe the following items for preventing accidental activation.

- When working near the Air Bag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Air Bag System sensors with the ignition ON or engine running, never use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.


## Precautions For Xenon Headlamp Service

## WARNING:

Comply with the following warnings to prevent any serious accident.

- Disconnect the battery cable (negative terminal) or the power supply fuse before installing, removing, or touching the xenon headlamp (bulb included). The xenon headlamp contains high-voltage generated parts.
- Never work with wet hands.
- Check the xenon headlamp ON-OFF status after assembling it to the vehicle. Never turn the xenon headlamp ON in other conditions. Connect the power supply to the vehicle-side connector.
(Turning it ON outside the lamp case may cause fire or visual impairments.)
- Never touch the bulb glass immediately after turning it OFF. It is extremely hot.

CAUTION:
Comply with the following cautions to prevent any error and malfunction.

- Install the xenon bulb securely. (Insufficient bulb socket installation may melt the bulb, the connector, the housing, etc. by high-voltage leakage or corona discharge.)
- Never perform HID circuit inspection with a tester.
- Never touch the xenon bulb glass with hands. Never put oil and grease on it.
- Dispose of the used xenon bulb after packing it in thick vinyl without breaking it.
- Never wipe out dirt and contamination with organic solvent (thinner, gasoline, etc.).

When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc to prevent damage to windshield.


## Precautions for Removing Battery Terminal

INFOID:0000000011323543

- When removing the 12 V battery terminal, turn OFF the ignition switch and wait at least 30 seconds.
NOTE:
ECU may be active for several tens of seconds after the ignition switch is turned OFF. If the battery terminal is removed before ECU stops, then a DTC detection error or ECU data corruption may occur.
- For vehicles with the 2-batteries, be sure to connect the main battery and the sub battery before turning ON the ignition switch.
NOTE:
If the ignition switch is turned ON with any one of the terminals of main battery and sub battery disconnected, then DTC may be
 detected.
- After installing the 12 V battery, always check "Self Diagnosis Result" of all ECUs and erase DTC. NOTE:
The removal of 12 V battery may cause a DTC detection error.


## On Board Diagnostic (OBD) System of Engine and CVT

The ECM has an on board diagnostic system. It will illuminate the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) to warn the driver of a malfunction causing emission deterioration.

## CAUTION:

- Always to turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the negative battery cable before any repair or inspection work. The open/short circuit of related switches, sensors, solenoid valves, etc. will cause the MIL to illuminate.
- Always to connect and lock the connectors securely after work. A loose (unlocked) connector will cause the MIL to illuminate due to the open circuit. (Be sure the connector is free from water, grease, dirt, bent terminals, etc.)
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slide-locking type harness connector. For description and how to disconnect, refer to PG-6, "Harness Connector".
- Always route and secure the harnesses properly after work. The interference of the harness with a bracket, etc. may cause the MIL to illuminate due to the short circuit.
- Always to connect rubber tubes properly after work. A misconnected or disconnected rubber tube may cause the MIL to illuminate due to the malfunction of the EVAP system or fuel injection system, etc.
- Always to erase the unnecessary malfunction information (repairs completed) from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module) before returning the vehicle to the customer.


## General Precautions

- Always use a 12 volt battery as power source.
- Never attempt to disconnect battery cables while engine is running.
- Before connecting or disconnecting the ECM harness connector, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect negative battery cable. Failure to do so may damage the ECM because battery voltage is applied to ECM even if ignition switch is turned OFF.
- Before removing parts, turn ignition switch OFF and then disconnect battery ground cable.

- Never disassemble ECM.
- If a battery cable is disconnected, the memory will return to the ECM value.

The ECM will now start to self-control at its initial value. Thus, engine operation can vary slightly in this case. However, this is not an indication of a malfunction. Never replace parts because of a slight variation.

- If the battery is disconnected, the following emission-related diagnostic information will be lost within 24 hours.
- Diagnostic trouble codes
- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- Test values
- When connecting ECM harness connector, fasten (B) it securely with a lever (1) as far as it will go as shown in the figure.
- ECM (2)
- Loosen (A)

- When connecting or disconnecting pin connectors into or from ECM, never damage pin terminals (bends or break). Check that there are not any bends or breaks on ECM pin terminal, when connecting pin connectors.
- Securely connect ECM harness connectors.

A poor connection can cause an extremely high (surge) voltage to develop in coil and condenser, thus resulting in damage to ICs.

- Keep engine control system harness at least 10 cm (4 in) away from adjacent harness, to prevent engine control system malfunctions due to receiving external noise, degraded operation of ICs, etc.

- Keep engine control system parts and harness dry.


## PRECAUTIONS

< PRECAUTION >

- Before replacing ECM, perform ECM Terminals and Reference Value inspection and check ECM functions properly. Refer to EC-83, "Reference Value".
- Handle mass air flow sensor carefully to avoid damage.
- Never clean mass air flow sensor with any type of detergent.
- Never disassemble electric throttle control actuator.
- Even a slight leakage in the air intake system can cause serious incidents.
- Never shock or jar the camshaft position sensor (PHASE), crankshaft position sensor (POS).

- After performing each TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS, perform DTC Confirmation Procedure or Component Function Check. The DTC should not be displayed in the DTC Confirmation Procedure if the repair is completed. The Component Function Check should be a good result if the repair is completed.

- When measuring ECM signals with a circuit tester, never allow the two tester probes to contact. Accidental contact of probes will cause a short circuit and damage the ECM power transistor.



## PRECAUTIONS

- B1 indicates bank 1, B2 indicates bank 2 as shown in the figure.
- Never operate fuel pump when there is no fuel in lines.
- Tighten fuel hose clamps to the specified torque.

Cylinder number and Bank layout


SEC893C


- When installing C.B. ham radio or a mobile phone, be sure to observe the following as it may adversely affect electronic control systems depending on installation location.
- Keep the antenna as far as possible from the electronic control units.
- Keep the antenna feeder line more than 20 cm (8 in) away from the harness of electronic controls.
Never let them run parallel for a long distance.
- Adjust the antenna and feeder line so that the standing-wave ratio can be kept smaller.
- Be sure to ground the radio to vehicle body.


## Special Service Tools

| The actual shapes of TechMate tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here. |
| :--- |
| Tool number |
| (TechMate No.) |
| Tool name |
| (J-44321) |
| Fuel pressure gauge |
| kit |

## Commercial Service Tools

| Tool name <br> (TechMate No.) | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (J-45488) <br> Quick connector re- <br> lease | Removes fuel tube quick connectors in engine <br> room |  |
| Leak detector <br> i.e.: (J-41416) | Locates the EVAP leakage |  |
| EVAP service port |  |  |
| adapter |  |  |
| i.e.: (J-41413-OBD) |  |  |

Tool name
(TechMate No.)
Fuel filler cap adapter
i.e.: (MLR-8382)

## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION <br> COMPONENT PARTS <br> ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM : Component Parts Location


| No. | Component | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | IPDM E/R | IPDM E/R activates the internal control circuit to perform the relay-ON-OFF control according to the input signals from various sensors and the request signals received from control units via CAN communication. <br> Refer to PCS-36, "Exploded View" for detailed installationlocation. |
| 2. | Cooling fan motor relay-3 | EC-27, "Cooling Fan" |
| 3. | Mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor) | EC-22, "Mass Air Flow Sensor (With Intake Air Temperature Sensor)" |
| 4. | EVAP service port | - |
| 5. | Electric throttle control actuator | EC-20, "Electric Throttle Control Actuator" |
| 6. | Power valve actuator 2 | EC-26, "Power Valve Actuator 1 and 2" |
| 7. | EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve | EC-28, "EVAP Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve" |
| 8. | VIAS control solenoid valve 2 | EC-26, "VIAS Control Solenoid Valve 1 and 2" |
| 9. | VIAS control solenoid valve 1 | EC-26, "VIAS Control Solenoid Valve 1 and 2" |
| 10. | Power valve actuator 1 | EC-26, "Power Valve Actuator 1 and 2" |
| 11. | Electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid valve | EC-26, "Electronic Controlled Engine Mount" |
| 12. | Cooling fan motor-2 | EC-27, "Cooling Fan" |
| 13. | Cooling fan motor-1 | EC-27, "Cooling Fan" |
| 14. | ECM | EC-19, "ECM" |


| No. | Component | Function |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 15. | Refrigerant pressure sensor | EC-27, "Refrigerant Pressure Sensor" <br> Refer to HA-43, "Exploded View" for detailed installationlocation. |
| 16. | Battery current sensor (With Battery Temperrature Sensor) ${ }^{*}$ | EC-27, "Battery Current Sensor (With Battery Temperature Sen- <br> sor)" |
| 17. | Cooling fan motor relay-2 | $\underline{\underline{E C-27, ~ " C o o l i n g ~ F a n " ~}}$ |

*: Not used for engine control system.
ENGINE

(A) Engine rear upper-left
> Vehicle front
(B) Engine top center
(C) Engine front lower-right

| No. | Component | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (1) | Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 1) | EC-23, "Camshaft Position Sensor (PHASE)" |
| (2) | Exhaust valve timing control position sensor (bank 1) | EC-24, "Exhaust Valve Timing Control Position Sensor" |
| (3) | Ignition coil (with power transistor) (bank 1) | $\underline{\text { EC-21, "lgnition Coil (With Power Transistor)" }}$ |
| (4) | PCV valve | EC-31, "Positive Crankcase Ventilation (PCV)" |
| (5) | Intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve <br> (bank 1) | EC-24, "Intake Valve Timing Intermediate Lock Control Solenoid <br> Valve" |
| (6) | Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 1) | EC-24, "Exhaust Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve" |
| (7) | Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 1) | EC-24, "Exhaust Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve" |
| (8) | Engine oil pressure sensor | EC-25, "Engine Oil Pressure Sensor" |


| No. | Component | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (9) | Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 2) | EC-24, "Exhaust Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve" |
| (10) | Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 2) | EC-24, "Intake Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve" |
| (11) | Intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve (bank 2) | EC-24, "Intake Valve Timing Intermediate Lock Control Solenoid Valve" |
| (12) | Crankshaft position sensor (POS) | EC-23, "Crankshaft Position Sensor (POS)" |
| (13) | Ignition coil (with power transistor) (bank 2) | EC-21, "Ignition Coil (With Power Transistor)" |
| (14) | Exhaust valve timing control position sensor (bank 2) | EC-24, "Exhaust Valve Timing Control Position Sensor" |
| (15) | Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 2) | EC-23, "Camshaft Position Sensor (PHASE)" |
| (16) | Engine coolant temperature sensor | EC-25, "Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor" |
| (17) | Fuel injector (bank 1) | EC-22, "Fuel Injector" |
| (18) | Knock sensor (bank 1) | EC-26, "Knock Sensor" |
| (19) | Knock sensor (bank 2) | EC-26, "Knock Sensor" |
| (2) | Fuel injector (bank 2) | EC-22, "Fuel Injector" |
| (21) | Engine oil temperature sensor | EC-25, "Engine Oil Temperature Sensor" |

## EXHAUST



| No. | Component | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (bank 2) | EC-28, "Air Fuel Ratio (A/F) Sensor 1" |
| 2. | Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2) | EC-29, "Heated Oxygen Sensor 2" |
| 3. | Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1) | EC-29, "Heated Oxygen Sensor 2" |
| 4. | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (bank 1) | EC-28, "Air Fuel Ratio (A/F) Sensor 1" |
| BODY |  |  |


A. Fuel tank top center
B. Rear suspension member periphery
C. Pedal periphery
D. Pedal periphery

| No. | Component |  | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) | EC-20, "Malfunction Indicator lamp (MIL)" |
| 1. | Combination meter | Information display | The operation mode of the ASCD is indicated on the information <br> display in the combination meter. <br> ECM transmits the status signal to the combination meter via CAN <br> communication according to ASCD operation. |
| 2. | ASCD steering switch | $\underline{\text { EC-30, "ASCD Steering Switch" }}$ |  |
| 3. | Fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump | EC-29, "Fuel Level Sensor Unit and Fuel Pump" <br> Refer to FL-5, "Exploded View" for detailed installationlocation. |  |
| 4. | Fuel tank temperature sensor | $\underline{\text { EC-30, "Fuel Tank Temperature Sensor" }}$ |  |
| 5. | EVAP canister vent control valve | $\underline{\text { EC-28, "EVAP Canister Vent Control Valve" }}$ |  |
| 6. | EVAP canister | $\underline{\text { EC-28, "EVAP Canister Vent Control Valve" }}$ |  |
| 7. | EVAP control system pressure sensor | $\underline{\text { EC-28, "EVAP Control System Pressure Sensor" }}$ |  |
| 8. | Brake pedal position switch | EC-30, "Stop Lamp Switch \& Brake Pedal Position Switch" |  |
| 9. | Stop lamp switch | EC-20, "Accelerator Pedal Position Sensor" |  |
| 10. | Accelerator pedal position sensor |  |  |

ECM

- ECM (Engine Control Module) controls the engine.


## COMPONENT PARTS

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

- ECM consists of a microcomputer and connectors for signal input and output and for power supply.
- Battery voltage is supplied to the ECM even when the ignition switch is turned OFF for the ECM memory function of the DTC memory, the air-fuel ratio feedback compensation value memory, the idle air volume learning value memory, etc.


## Malfunction Indicator lamp (MIL)

Malfunction Indicator lamp (MIL) is located on the combination meter.
MIL will illuminate when the ignition switch is turned ON without the engine running. This is a bulb check.
When the engine is started, MIL should turn OFF. If the MIL remains illuminated, the on board diagnostic system has detected an engine system malfunction.
For details, refer to EC-62, "Diagnosis Description".


## Accelerator Pedal Position Sensor

INFOID:0000000011323551
The accelerator pedal position sensor is installed on the upper end of the accelerator pedal assembly. The sensor detects the accelerator position and sends a signal to the ECM.


Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.
Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.


INFOID:0000000011323552

## OUTLINE

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle body, throttle valve, throttle control motor and throttle position sensor.


THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR
The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve.
The current opening angle of the throttle valve is detected by the throttle position sensor and it provides feedback to the ECM to control the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

## THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement. The throttle position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

## Ignition Coil (With Power Transistor)



INFOID:0000000011323553
The ignition signal from the ECM is sent to and amplified by the power transistor. The power transistor turns ON and OFF the ignition coil primary circuit. This ON/OFF operation induces the proper high voltage in the coil secondary circuit.


## Fuel Injector

The fuel injector is a small, precise solenoid valve. When the ECM supplies a ground to the fuel injector circuit, the coil in the fuel injector is energized. The energized coil pulls the ball valve back and allows fuel to flow through the fuel injector into the intake manifold. The amount of fuel injected depends upon the injection pulse duration. Pulse duration is the length of time the fuel injector remains open. The ECM controls the injection pulse duration based on engine fuel needs.


## Mass Air Flow Sensor (With Intake Air Temperature Sensor)

## MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

The mass air flow sensor (1) is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. The mass air flow sensor controls the temperature of the hot wire to a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot wire is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss.
Therefore, the electric current supplied to hot wire is changed to maintain the temperature of the hot wire as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.


## INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

The intake air temperature sensor is built-into mass air flow sensor. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.
The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.
<Reference data>

| Intake air temperature <br> $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | Voltage $^{*}(\mathrm{~V})$ | Resistance $(\mathrm{k} \Omega)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $25(77)$ | 3.3 | $1.800-2.200$ |
| $80(176)$ | 1.2 | $0.283-0.359$ |

*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminals.

## Camshaft Position Sensor (PHASE)

The camshaft position sensor (PHASE) senses the retraction of intake camshaft to identify a particular cylinder. The camshaft position sensor (PHASE) senses the piston position.
When the crankshaft position sensor (POS) system becomes inoperative, the camshaft position sensor (PHASE) provides various controls of engine parts instead, utilizing timing of cylinder identification signals.
The sensor consists of a permanent magnet and Hall IC.
When engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.
The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.


Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.
ECM receives the signals as shown in the figure.


## Crankshaft Position Sensor (POS)

The crankshaft position sensor (POS) is located on the oil pan facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the signal plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.
The sensor consists of a permanent magnet and Hall IC.
When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.
The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.
Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.
The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.


ECM receives the signals as shown in the figure.


## Intake Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve

Intake valve timing control solenoid valve is activated by ON/OFF pulse duty (ratio) signals from the ECM.
The intake valve timing control solenoid valve changes the oil amount and direction of flow through intake valve timing control unit or stops oil flow.
The longer pulse width advances valve angle.
The shorter pulse width retards valve angle.
When ON and OFF pulse widths become equal, the solenoid valve stops oil pressure flow to fix the intake valve angle at the control position.


PBIB1842E

## Intake Valve Timing Intermediate Lock Control Solenoid Valve

Intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve is activated by ON/OFF signals from the ECM.
The intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve opens/closes the path of oil pressure acting on the lock pin in the camshaft sprocket (INT).

- When the solenoid valve becomes ON, oil pressure to the lock pin is trained to perform intermediate lock.
- When the solenoid valve becomes OFF, oil pressure is acted on the lock pin to release the intermediate lock.



## Exhaust Valve Timing Control Position Sensor

Exhaust valve timing control position sensor detects the protrusion of the signal plate installed to the exhaust camshaft front end.
This sensor signal is used for sensing a position of the exhaust camshaft.
The sensor consists of a permanent magnet and Hall IC.
When engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.
The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.
Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

NFOID:0000000011508517


## Exhaust Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve

Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve is activated by ON/OFF pulse duty (ratio) signals from the ECM.
The exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve changes the oil amount and direction of flow through exhaust valve timing control unit or stops oil flow.
The longer pulse width retards valve angle.
The shorter pulse width advances valve angle.
When ON and OFF pulse widths become equal, the solenoid valve stops oil pressure flow to fix the exhaust valve angle at the control position.


PBIB1842E

## Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

<Reference data>

| Engine coolant temperature <br> $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | Voltage $^{*}(\mathrm{~V})$ | Resistance $(\mathrm{k} \Omega)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $-10(14)$ | 4.4 | $7.0-11.4$ |
| $20(68)$ | 3.5 | $2.1-2.9$ |
| $50(122)$ | 2.2 | $0.68-1.00$ |
| $90(194)$ | 0.9 | $0.236-0.260$ |

*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminals.

## Engine Oil Pressure Sensor

INFOID:0000000011508596
The engine oil pressure (EOP) sensor is detects engine oil pressure and transmits a voltage signal to the ECM.

## Engine Oil Temperature Sensor

The engine oil temperature sensor is used to detect the engine oil temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine oil temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.


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INFOID:0000000011323560

<Reference data>

| Engine oil temperature <br> $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | Voltage $^{*}(\mathrm{~V})$ | Resistance $(\mathrm{k} \Omega)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $-10(14)$ | 4.4 | $7.0-11.4$ |
| $20(68)$ | 3.5 | $2.37-2.63$ |
| $50(122)$ | 2.2 | $0.68-1.00$ |
| $90(194)$ | 0.9 | $0.236-0.260$ |
| $110(230)$ | 0.6 | $0.143-0.153$ |


*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminals.

## Knock Sensor

INFOID:0000000011323561
The knock sensor is attached to the cylinder block. It senses engine knocking using a piezoelectric element. A knocking vibration from the cylinder block is sensed as vibrational pressure. This pressure is converted into a voltage signal and sent to the ECM.


## VIAS Control Solenoid Valve 1 and 2

INFOID:0000000011323562
The VIAS control solenoid valve cuts the intake manifold vacuum signal for power valve control. It responds to ON/OFF signals from the ECM. When the solenoid is OFF, the vacuum signal from the intake manifold is cut. When the ECM sends an ON signal the coil pulls the plunger downward and sends the vacuum signal to the power valve actuator.

## Power Valve Actuator 1 and 2

The power valves are used to control the suction passage of the variable induction air control system. They are set in the fully closed or fully opened position by the power valve actuators operated by the vacuum stored in the vacuum tank. The vacuum to power valve actuators is controlled by the VIAS control solenoid valves.

## Electronic Controlled Engine Mount

In the idle range, ECM turns OFF the electronically-controlled engine mount control solenoid valve and applies manifold pressure to the electronically-controlled engine mount. This decreases damping force of the electron-ically-controlled engine mount and absorbs vibrations traveling from the engine to the body for improving the quietness.
In the driving range, ECM turns ON the electronically-controlled engine mount control solenoid valve and cuts manifold pressure applied on the electronically-controlled engine mount. This increases damping force of the electronically-controlled engine mount and reduces vibrations generated during driving.

## Refrigerant Pressure Sensor

The refrigerant pressure sensor is installed at the condenser of the air conditioner system. The sensor uses an electrostatic volume pressure transducer to convert refrigerant pressure to voltage. The voltage signal is sent to ECM, and ECM controls cooling fan system.
(electric circuit)

## Battery Current Sensor (With Battery Temperature Sensor)

## BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

The battery current sensor is installed to the battery cable at the negative terminal. The sensor measures the charging/discharging current of the battery.


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## BATTERY TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Battery temperature sensor is integrated in battery current sensor.
The sensor measures temperature around the battery.
The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.
<Reference data>

| Temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | Voltage $^{*}(\mathrm{~V})$ | Resistance $(\mathrm{k} \Omega)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $25(77)$ | 3.333 | $1.9-2.1$ |
| $90(194)$ | 0.969 | $0.222-0.258$ |

*: These data are reference values and are measured between bat-


Temperature ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
sEF012P tery temperature sensor signal terminal and sensor ground.

## Cooling Fan

## DESCRIPTION

The ECM controls the cooling fan corresponding to the vehicle speed, engine coolant temperature, refrigerant pressure, and air conditioner ON signal. The control system has 4-step control [HIGH/MIDDLE/LOW/OFF]. Refer to EC-46, "COOLING FAN CONTROL : System Description" for cooling fan operation.

## COOLING FAN MOTOR RELAY

Power supply for the cooling fan motor is provided via cooling fan motor relay.

## EVAP Canister

The fuel vapor in the sealed fuel tank is led into the EVAP canister which contains activated carbon and the vapor is stored there when the engine is not operating or when refueling to the fuel tank.
For details, refer to EC-50, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM : System Description".

## EVAP Canister Purge Volume Control Solenoid Valve

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is used to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.

## EVAP Canister Vent Control Valve

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.
This solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.
This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.
When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows "EVAP Control System" diagnosis.

## EVAP Control System Pressure Sensor

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases.

## Air Fuel Ratio (A/F) Sensor 1



INFOID:0000000011323573

## DESCRIPTION

The air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 is a planar one-cell limit current sensor. The sensor element of the A/F sensor 1 is composed an electrode layer, which transports ions. It has a heater in the element.
The sensor is capable of precise measurement $\lambda=1$, but also in the lean and rich range. Together with its control electronics, the sensor outputs a clear, continuous signal throughout a wide $\lambda$ range.
The exhaust gas components diffuse through the diffusion layer at the sensor cell. An electrode layer is applied voltage, and this current relative oxygen density in lean. Also this current relative hydrocarbon density in rich.


Therefore, the A/F sensor 1 is able to indicate air fuel ratio by this electrode layer of current. In addition, a heater is integrated in the sensor to ensure the required operating temperature of approximately $800^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(1,472^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.


## A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER

$A / F$ sensor 1 heater is integrated in the sensor.
The ECM performs ON/OFF duty control of the A/F sensor 1 heater corresponding to the engine operating condition to keep the temperature of $A / F$ sensor 1 element within the specified range.

## Heated Oxygen Sensor 2

## DESCRIPTION

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst (manifold), monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas.
Even if switching characteristics of the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 are shifted, the air fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.
This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1 V in richer conditions to 0 V in leaner conditions.
Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.


## HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER

Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater is integrated in the sensor.
The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater corresponding to the engine speed, amount of intake air and engine coolant temperature.

| Engine speed | Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater |
| :--- | :---: |
| Above 3,600 rpm | OFF |
| Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. |  |
| - Engine: After warming up <br> - Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 <br> minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load | ON |

## Fuel Level Sensor Unit and Fuel Pump

## FUEL PUMP

The ECM activates the fuel pump for 1 second after the ignition switch is turned ON to improve engine start ability. If the ECM receives a engine speed signal from the camshaft position sensor (PHASE), it knows that the engine is rotating, and causes the pump to operate. If the engine speed signal is not received when the ignition switch is ON, the engine stalls. The ECM stops pump operation and prevents battery discharging, thereby improving safety. The ECM does not directly drive the fuel pump. It controls the ON/OFF fuel pump relay, which in turn controls the fuel pump.


| Condition | Fuel pump operation |
| :--- | :---: |
| Ignition switch is turned to ON. | Operates for 1 second. |
| Engine running and cranking | Operates. |
| When engine is stopped | Stops in 1.5 seconds. |
| Except as shown above | Stops. |

## FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit.
The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the combination meter. The combination meter sends the fuel level sensor signal to the ECM via the CAN communication line.
It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.
Fuel Tank Temperature Sensor
INFOID:0000000011323576
The fuel tank temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.
<Reference data>

| Fluid temperature <br> $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | Voltage $^{\star}$ <br> $(\mathrm{V})$ | Resistance <br> $(\mathrm{k} \Omega)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $20(68)$ | 3.5 | $2.3-2.7$ |
| $50(122)$ | 2.2 | $0.79-0.90$ |


*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminals 95 (Fuel tank temperature sensor) and ground.

## ASCD Steering Switch

ASCD steering switch has variant values of electrical resistance for each button. ECM reads voltage variation of switch, and determines which button is operated.
Refer to EC-45, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD) : System Description" for the ASCD function.

## Stop Lamp Switch \& Brake Pedal Position Switch

Stop lamp switch and brake pedal position switch are installed to brake pedal bracket. ECM detects the state of the brake pedal by those two types of input (ON/OFF signal).

| Brake pedal | Brake pedal position switch | Stop lamp switch |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Released | ON | OFF |
| Depressed | OFF | ON |

## STRUCTURE AND OPERATION

## Positive Crankcase Ventilation (PCV)



This system returns blow-by gas to the intake manifold.
The positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve is provided to conduct crankcase blow-by gas to the intake manifold.
During partial throttle operation of the engine, the intake manifold sucks the blow-by gas through the PCV valve.
Normally, the capacity of the valve is sufficient to handle any blow-by and a small amount of ventilating air. The ventilating air is drawn from the air inlet tubes into the crankcase. In this process the air passes through the hose connecting air inlet tubes to rocker cover.
Under full-throttle condition, the manifold vacuum is insufficient to draw the blow-by flow through the valve. The flow goes through the hose connection in the reverse direction. On vehicles with an excessively high blow-by, the valve does not meet the requirement. This is because some of the flow will go through the hose connection to the air inlet tubes under all conditions.


## On Board Refueling Vapor Recovery (ORVR)



From the beginning of refueling, the air and vapor inside the fuel tank go through refueling EVAP vapor cut valve and EVAP/ORVR line to the EVAP canister. The vapor is absorbed by the EVAP canister and the air is released to the atmosphere.
When the refueling has reached the full level of the fuel tank, the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve is closed and refueling is stopped because of auto shut-off. The vapor which was absorbed by the EVAP canister is purged during driving.
WARNING:
When conducting inspections below, be sure to observe the following:

- Put a "CAUTION: FLAMMABLE" sign in workshop.
- Never smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from work area.
- Always to furnish the workshop with a CO 2 fire extinguisher.

CAUTION:

- Before removing fuel line parts, carry out the following procedures:
- Put drained fuel in an explosion-proof container and put lid on securely.
- Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to EC-150, "Work Procedure".
- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Always replace O-ring when the fuel gauge retainer is removed.
- Never kink or twist hose and tube when they are installed.
- Never tighten hose and clamps excessively to avoid damaging hoses.
- After installation, run engine and check for fuel leakage at connections.
- Never attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically. Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray and possibly a fire.

SYSTEM DIAGRAM


JSBIA5506GB

ECM controls the engine by various functions.

| Function | Reference |
| :---: | :---: |
| MULTIPORT FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM | EC-41, "MULTIPORT FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM : System Description" |
| ELECTRIC IGNITION SYSTEM | EC-43, "ELECTRIC IGNITION SYSTEM : System Description" |
| AIR CONDITIONING CUT CONTROL | EC-44, "AIR CONDITIONING CUT CONTROL: System Description" |
| AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD) | EC-45, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD) : System Description" |
| COOLING FAN CONTROL | EC-46, "COOLING FAN CONTROL : System Description" |
| ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT | EC-47, "ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT : System Description" |
| EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM | EC-50, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM : System Description" |
| INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL | EC-50, "INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL: System Description" |
| EXHAUST VALVE TIMING CONTROL | EC-54, "EXHAUST VALVE TIMING CONTROL : System Description" |
| FUEL FILLER CAP WARNING SYSTEM | EC-55, "FUEL FILLER CAP WARNING SYSTEM : System Description" |
| CAN COMMUNICATION | EC-57, "CAN COMMUNICATION : System Description" |

## SYSTEM



## SYSTEM





ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM : Fail-safe
NON DTC RELATED ITEM

| Engine operating condi- <br> tion in fail-safe mode | Detected items | Remarks | Reference <br> page |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Engine speed will not <br> rise more than $2,500 \mathrm{rpm}$ <br> due to the fuel cut | Malfunction indicator <br> lamp circuit | When there is an open circuit on MIL circuit, the ECM cannot warn the <br> driver by illuminating MIL when there is malfunction on engine control <br> system. <br> Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related <br> diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the <br> driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open <br> by means of operating the fail-safe function. <br> The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL <br> circuit are detected and demands the driver to repair the malfunction. | EC-489 |


| DTC No. | Detected items | Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0011 <br> P0021 | Intake valve timing control | The signal is not energized to the intake valve timing control solenoid valve and the valve <br> control does not function. |  |
| P0014 <br> P0024 | Exhaust valve timing con- <br> trol | The signal is not energized to the exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve and the <br> valve control does not function. |  |
| P0101 <br> P0102 <br> P0103 | Mass air flow sensor circuit | Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut. |  |
| P0117 <br> P0118 | Engine coolant tempera- <br> ture sensor circuit | Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the following condition. <br> CONSULT displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM. |  |
|  |  |  | Condition |


| DTC No. | Detected items | Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P060A | ECM | NOTE: <br> Fail-safe may not occur depending on malfunction type. <br> - ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring. <br> - The position of the following components is fixed. <br> - Intake valve timing control solenoid valve <br> - Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve <br> - Intake manifold runner control valve <br> - Engine torque may be limited. <br> - ASCD operation may be deactivated. |
| P0643 | Sensor power supply | - ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring. <br> - The position of the following components is fixed. <br> - Intake valve timing control solenoid valve <br> - Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve <br> - Intake manifold runner control valve |
| P1805 | Brake switch | ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by regulating the throttle opening to a small range. <br> Therefore, acceleration will be poor. |
|  |  | Vehicle condition Driving condition |
|  |  | When engine is idling $\quad$ Normal |
|  |  | When accelerating $\quad$ Poor acceleration |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { P2100 } \\ & \text { P2103 } \end{aligned}$ | Throttle control motor relay | ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring. |
| P2101 | Electric throttle control function | ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring. |
| P2118 | Throttle control motor | ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring. |
| P2119 | Electric throttle control actuator | (When electric throttle control actuator does not function properly due to the return spring malfunction:) <br> ECM controls the electric throttle actuator by regulating the throttle opening around the idle position. The engine speed will not rise more than 2,000 rpm. |
|  |  | (When throttle valve opening angle in fail-safe mode is not in specified range:) ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by regulating the throttle opening to 20 degrees or less. |
|  |  | (When ECM detects the throttle valve is stuck open:) <br> While the vehicle is being driven, it slows down gradually because of fuel cut. After the vehicle stops, the engine stalls. <br> The engine can restart in the N or P position, and engine speed will not exceed $1,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ or more. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { P2122 } \\ & \text { P2123 } \\ & \text { P2127 } \\ & \text { P2128 } \\ & \text { P2138 } \end{aligned}$ | Accelerator pedal position sensor | The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees. <br> The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition. <br> Therefore, the acceleration will be poor. |

## MULTIPORT FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM



## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The amount of fuel injected from the fuel injector is determined by the ECM. The ECM controls the length of time the valve remains open (injection pulse duration). The amount of fuel injected is a program value in the ECM memory. The program value is preset by engine operating conditions. These conditions are determined by input signals (for engine speed and intake air) from the crankshaft position sensor (POS), camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and the mass air flow sensor.

## VARIOUS FUEL INJECTION INCREASE/DECREASE COMPENSATION

In addition, the amount of fuel injected is compensated to improve engine performance under various operating conditions as listed below.
<Fuel increase>

- During warm-up
- When starting the engine
- During acceleration
- Hot-engine operation
- When selector lever position is changed from N to D
- High-load, high-speed operation
<Fuel decrease>
- During deceleration
- During high engine speed operation


## MIXTURE RATIO FEEDBACK CONTROL (CLOSED LOOP CONTROL)



The mixture ratio feedback system provides the best air-fuel mixture ratio for drive ability and emission control. The three way catalyst (manifold) can better reduce CO, HC and NOx emissions. This system uses A/F sensor 1 in the exhaust manifold to monitor whether the engine operation is rich or lean. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse width according to the sensor voltage signal. For more information about A/F sensor 1 , refer to EC-28, "Air Fuel Ratio (A/F) Sensor 1". This maintains the mixture ratio within the range of stoichiometric (ideal air-fuel mixture).
This stage is referred to as the closed loop control condition.
Heated oxygen sensor 2 is located downstream of the three way catalyst (manifold). Even if the switching characteristics of $A / F$ sensor 1 shift, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from heated oxygen sensor 2.

- Open Loop Control

The open loop system condition refers to when the ECM detects any of the following conditions. Feedback control stops in order to maintain stabilized fuel combustion.

- Deceleration and acceleration
- High-load, high-speed operation
- Malfunction of $A / F$ sensor 1 or its circuit
- Insufficient activation of A/F sensor 1 at low engine coolant temperature
- High engine coolant temperature
- During warm-up
- After shifting from $N$ to D
- When starting the engine


## MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING CONTROL

The mixture ratio feedback control system monitors the mixture ratio signal transmitted from A/F sensor 1. This feedback signal is then sent to the ECM. The ECM controls the basic mixture ratio as close to the theoretical mixture ratio as possible. However, the basic mixture ratio is not necessarily controlled as originally designed. Both manufacturing differences (i.e., mass air flow sensor hot wire) and characteristic changes during operation (i.e., fuel injector clogging) directly affect mixture ratio.
Accordingly, the difference between the basic and theoretical mixture ratios is monitored in this system. This is then computed in terms of "injection pulse duration" to automatically compensate for the difference between the two ratios.
"Fuel trim" refers to the feedback compensation value compared against the basic injection duration. Fuel trim includes "short-term fuel trim" and "long-term fuel trim".
"Short-term fuel trim" is the short-term fuel compensation used to maintain the mixture ratio at its theoretical value. The signal from A/F sensor 1 indicates whether the mixture ratio is RICH or LEAN compared to the theoretical value. The signal then triggers a reduction in fuel volume if the mixture ratio is rich, and an increase in fuel volume if it is lean.
"Long-term fuel trim" is overall fuel compensation carried out over time to compensate for continual deviation of the "short-term fuel trim" from the central value. Continual deviation will occur due to individual engine differences, wear over time and changes in the usage environment.

## FUEL INJECTION TIMING



Two types of systems are used.

- Sequential Multiport Fuel Injection System

Fuel is injected into each cylinder during each engine cycle according to the ignition order. This system is used when the engine is running.

- Simultaneous Multiport Fuel Injection System

Fuel is injected simultaneously into all six cylinders twice each engine cycle. In other words, pulse signals of the same width are simultaneously transmitted from the ECM.
The six injectors will then receive the signals 2 times for each engine cycle.
This system is used when the engine is being started and/or if the fail-safe system (CPU) is operating.

## FUEL SHUT-OFF

Fuel to each cylinder is cut off during deceleration, operation of the engine at excessively high speeds or operation of the vehicle at excessively high speeds.
ELECTRIC IGNITION SYSTEM
ELECTRIC IGNITION SYSTEM : System Description
INFOID:0000000011323585

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM


*: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Ignition order: 1-2-3-4-5-6
The ignition timing is controlled by the ECM to maintain the best air-fuel ratio for every running condition of the engine. The ignition timing data is stored in the ECM.
The ECM receives information such as the injection pulse width and camshaft position sensor (PHASE) signal. Computing this information, ignition signals are transmitted to the power transistor.
During the following conditions, the ignition timing is revised by the ECM according to the other data stored in the ECM.

- At starting
- During warm-up
- At idle
- At low battery voltage


## - During acceleration

The knock sensor retard system is designed only for emergencies. The basic ignition timing is programmed within the anti-knocking zone, if recommended fuel is used under dry conditions. The retard system does not operate under normal driving conditions. If engine knocking occurs, the knock sensor monitors the condition. The signal is transmitted to the ECM. The ECM retards the ignition timing to eliminate the knocking condition. AIR CONDITIONING CUT CONTROL

## AIR CONDITIONING CUT CONTROL : System Description

INFOID:0000000011323586

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM



## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

This system improves engine operation when the air conditioner is used.
Under the following conditions, the air conditioner is turned OFF.

- When the accelerator pedal is fully depressed.
- When cranking the engine.
- At high engine speeds.
- When the engine coolant temperature becomes excessively high.
- When operating power steering during low engine speed or low vehicle speed.
- When engine speed is excessively low.
- When refrigerant pressure is excessively low or high.

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM



## BASIC ASCD SYSTEM

Refer to Owner's Manual for ASCD operating instructions.
Automatic Speed Control Device (ASCD) allows a driver to keep vehicle at predetermined constant speed without depressing accelerator pedal. Driver can set vehicle speed in advance between approximately $40 \mathrm{~km} /$ $\mathrm{h}(25 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) and $144 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ( 89 MPH ).
ECM controls throttle angle of electric throttle control actuator to regulate engine speed.
Operation status of ASCD is indicated by CRUISE on combination meter. If any malfunction occurs in the ASCD system, it automatically deactivates control.
NOTE:
Always drive vehicle in a safe manner according to traffic conditions and obey all traffic laws.
SET OPERATION
Press MAIN switch. (The CRUISE on combination meter illuminates.)
When vehicle speed reaches a desired speed between approximately $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(25 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) and $144 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(89$ MPH), press SET/COAST switch.

## ACCELERATE OPERATION

If the RESUME/ACCELERATE switch is pressed during cruise control driving, increase the vehicle speed until the switch is released or vehicle speed reaches maximum speed controlled by the system.
And then ASCD will maintain the new set speed.
CANCEL OPERATION
When any of following conditions exist, cruise operation will be canceled.

- CANCEL switch is pressed
- More than 2 switches on ASCD steering switch are pressed at the same time (Set speed will be cleared)
- Brake pedal is depressed
- Selector lever position changed to N, P or R
- Vehicle speed decreased to $13 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(8 \mathrm{MPH})$ lower than the set speed
- TCS system is operated
- CVT control system has a malfunction. Refer to EC-426, "Description".
- Engine coolant temperature is slightly higher than the normal operating temperature

When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, the ECM will cancel the cruise operation and inform the driver by blinking indicator lamp.

- Malfunction for some self-diagnoses regarding ASCD control: CRUISE will blink quickly.

If MAIN switch is turned to OFF while ASCD is activated, all of ASCD operations will be canceled and vehicle speed memory will be erased.
COAST OPERATION
When the SET/COAST switch is pressed during cruise control driving, decrease vehicle set speed until the switch is released. And then ASCD will maintain the new set speed.
RESUME OPERATION

When the RESUME/ACCELERATE switch is pressed after canceling operation other than pressing the MAIN switch is performed, vehicle speed will return to last set speed. To resume vehicle set speed, vehicle condition must meet following conditions.

- Brake pedal is released
- Selector lever position is other than P and N
- Vehicle speed is greater than $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(25 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) and less than $144 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ( 89 MPH )

COOLING FAN CONTROL
COOLING FAN CONTROL : System Description
INFOID:0000000011323588

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM



## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The ECM controls the cooling fan corresponding to the vehicle speed, engine coolant temperature, refrigerant pressure, and air conditioner ON signal. The control system has 4-step control [HIGH/MIDDLE/LOW/OFF].
Cooling Fan Operation


Cooling Fan Relay Operation
The ECM controls cooling fan relays in the IPDM E/R through CAN communication line.

| Cooling fan speed | Cooling fan relay |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Stop (OFF) | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| Low (LOW) | ON | OFF | OFF |
| Middle (MID) | OFF | ON | OFF |
| High (HI) | OFF | ON | ON |

## ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT

ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT : System Description

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM



SYSTEM DESCRIPTION
The ECM controls the engine mount operation corresponding to the engine speed. The control system has a 2-step control [Soft/Hard]

| Vehicle condition | Engine mount control |
| :--- | :---: |
| Idle (With vehicle stopped) | Soft |
| Except above conditions | Hard |

ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT LINE DRAWING


1. Electronic controlled engine mount 2. Intake manifold collector control solenoid valve
« : From next figure

2. Front electronic controlled engine mount 2. Rear electronic controlled engine mount

- : To previous figure

NOTE:
Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hose. EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM

| Crankshaft position sensor (POS) | Engine speed* \& Piston position | ECM | EVAP canister purge flow control |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) |  |  |  |  |
| Mass air flow sensor | Amount of intake air |  |  |  |
| Engine coolant temperature sensor | Engine coolant temperature |  |  |  |
| Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 | Density of oxygen in exhaust gas |  |  | EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve |
| Throttle position sensor | Throttle position |  |  |  |
| Accelerator pedal position sensor | Accelerator pedal position |  |  |  |
| Battery | Battery voltage* |  |  |  |
| Combination meter | Vehicle speed |  |  |  |
| CM determines the start signal status <br> : This signal is sent via the CAN | als of engine speed and battery vo n line. | JMBIA1828GB |  |  |

## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The evaporative emission system is used to reduce hydrocarbons emitted into the atmosphere from the fuel system. This reduction of hydrocarbons is accomplished by activated charcoals in the EVAP canister.
The fuel vapor in the sealed fuel tank is led into the EVAP canister which contains activated carbon and the vapor is stored there when the engine is not operating or when refueling to the fuel tank.
The vapor in the EVAP canister is purged by the air through the purge line to the intake manifold when the engine is operating. EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is controlled by ECM. When the engine operates, the flow rate of vapor controlled by EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is proportionally regulated as the air flow increases.
EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve also shuts off the vapor purge line during decelerating and idling.
INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL
INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL : System Description
INFOID:0000000011323591
INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL

## System Diagram



## System Description



This mechanism hydraulically controls cam phases continuously with the fixed operating angle of the intake valve.
The ECM receives signals such as crankshaft position, camshaft position, engine speed, and engine coolant temperature. Then, the ECM sends ON/OFF pulse duty signals to the intake valve timing (IVT) control solenoid valve depending on driving status. This makes it possible to control the shut/open timing of the intake valve to increase engine torque in low/mid speed range and output in high-speed range.
INTAKE VALVE TIMING INTERMEDIATE LOCK CONTROL

## System Diagram



## System Description

The intake valve timing intermediate lock control improves the cleaning ability of exhaust gas at cold starting by fixing the camshaft sprocket (INT) with two lock pins and bringing the cam phase into intermediate phase.


Cam phase is fixed at the intermediate phase by two lock pins in the camshaft sprocket (INT). Lock pin 1 controls retard position and lock pin 2 controls advance position.
ECM controls the intermediate phase lock by opening/closing the intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve to control oil pressure acting on the lock pin and locking/unlocking the lock pin.

## Lock/Unlock Activation

When ECM activates the intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve, oil pressure generated in the oil pump is drained through the oil pressure path in the control valve. Since oil pressure is not acted on the lock pin, the lock pin position is fixed by the spring tension and the cam phase is fixed at the intermediate phase.
When ECM deactivates the intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve, unlocking oil pressure acts on each lock pin. Lock pin 1 is not released because it is under load due to sprocket rotational force. For this reason, lock pin 2 is released first by being pushed up by unlocking oil pressure. When lock pin 2 is released, some clearance is formed between lock pin 1 and the rotor due to sprocket rotational force and
return spring force. Accordingly, lock pin 1 is pushed up by unlocking oil pressure and the intermediated phase lock is released.


When stopping the engine
When the ignition switch is turned from idle state to OFF, ECM receives an ignition switch signal from BCM via CAN communication and activates the intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve and drains oil pressure acting on the lock pin before activating the intake valve timing control solenoid valve and operating the cam phase toward the advance position.
The cam phase is fixed by the lock pin when shifting to the intermediated phase and ECM performs Lock judgment to stop the engine.

When starting the engine
When starting the engine by cold start, ECM judges the locked/unlocked state when ignition switch is turned ON. When judged as locked state (fixed at the intermediate phase), the intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve is activated. Since oil pressure does not act on the lock pin even when the engine is started, the cam phase is fixed at the intermediate phase and the intake valve timing control is not performed. When the engine stops without locking the cam phase at the intermediate phase due to an engine stall and the state is not judged as locked, the intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve and the intake valve timing control solenoid valve are activated and the cam phase shifts to the advanced position to be locked at the intermediate phase. Even when not locked in the intermediate lock phase due to no oil pressure or low oil pressure, a ratchet structure of the camshaft sprocket (INT) rotor allows the conversion to the intermediate phase in stages by engine vibration.
When engine coolant temperature is more than $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the intake valve timing is controlled by deactivating the intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve and releasing the intermediate phase lock. When the engine is started after warming up, ECM releases the intermediate phase lock immediately after the engine start and controls the intake valve timing.
EXHAUST VALVE TIMING CONTROL

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM



INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

| Sensor | Input signal to ECM | ECM function | Actuator |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Crankshaft position sensor (POS) | Engine speed and piston position |  |  |
| Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) |  | Exhaust valve |  |  |
| timing control |  |  | | Exhaust valve timing control |
| :--- |
| solenoid valve |

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION


This mechanism hydraulically controls cam phases continuously with the fixed operating angle of the exhaust valve.
The ECM receives signals such as crankshaft position, camshaft position, engine speed, and engine oil temperature. Then, the ECM sends ON/OFF pulse duty signals to the exhaust valve timing (EVT) control solenoid valve depending on driving status. This makes it possible to control the shut/open timing of the exhaust valve to increase engine torque and output in a range of high engine speed.
FUEL FILLER CAP WARNING SYSTEM

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM



## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The fuel filler cap warning system alerts the driver to the prevention of the fuel filler being left uncapped and malfunction occurrences after refueling, by turning ON the fuel filler cap warning display on the combination meter.
ECM judges a refueled state, based on a fuel level signal transmitted from the combination meter.
When a very small leak is detected through the EVAP leak diagnosis performed after judging the refueled state, ECM transmits a fuel filler cap warning display signal (request for display ON) to the combination meter via CAN communication.
When receiving the signal, the combination meter turns ON the fuel filler cap warning display.
CAUTION:
Check fuel filler cap installation condition when the fuel filler cap warning display turns ON.

## Reset Operation

The fuel filler cap warning lamp tunes OFF, according to any condition listed below:

- Reset operation is performed by operating the meter control switch on the combination meter.
- When the reset operation is performed, the combination meter transmits a fuel filler cap warning reset signal to ECM via CAN communication. ECM transmits a fuel filler cap warning display signal (request for display OFF) to the combination meter via CAN communication. When receiving the signal, the combination meter turns OFF the fuel filler cap warning display.
- EVAP leak diagnosis result is normal.
- Fuel refilled.
- DTC erased by using CONSULT.

NOTE:
MIL turns ON if a malfunction is detected in leak diagnosis results again at the trip after the fuel filler cap warning display turns ON/OFF.
VARIABLE INDUCTION AIR SYSTEM

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM


*: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.
JMBIA1831GB

## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



In the medium speed range, the ECM sends the ON signal to the VIAS control solenoid valve. This signal introduces the intake manifold vacuum into the power valve actuator and therefore closes the power valve. Under this condition, the pressure waves of the exhaust stroke do not disturb the pressure waves of the intake stroke of each opposite bank. Therefore, charging efficiency is increased together with the effect of the long intake passage.
However, in the high speed range, the ECM sends the OFF signal to the VIAS control solenoid valve and the power valve is opened. Under this condition, the pressure waves of intake stroke are resonant with those of each opposite bank exhaust stroke. Therefore, charging efficiency is also increased.
In addition, both valves 1 and 2 are opened or closed in other ranges mentioned above. Thus maximum charging efficiency is obtained for the various driving conditions.

## VACUUM HOSE DRAWING



1. Power valve actuator 1
2. Power valve actuator 2
3. VIAS control solenoid valve 1
4. Intake manifold collector

## CAN COMMUNICATION

CAN COMMUNICATION : System Description
CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only.
Refer to LAN-32, "CAN COMMUNICATION SYSTEM : CAN Communication Signal Chart", about CAN communication for detail.
STARTER MOTOR DRIVE CONTROL

## STARTER MOTOR DRIVE CONTROL : System Description

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM



## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

When rapid deceleration occurs during engine runs or idle speed decreases due to heavy load conditions, ECM detects a decrease in idle speed and restarts the engine to secure reliability in handleability by transmitting a cranking request signal to IPDM E/R for activating the starter motor under the following conditions:

- Selector lever: $P$ or any position other than $N$
- Idle switch: ON (Accelerator pedal not depressed)
- Stop lamp switch: ON (Brake pedal depressed)

Models with no Intelligent Key System transmit a control signal directly to IPDM E/R. On the other hand, models with the Intelligent Key System transmit a control signal to IPDM E/R by way of BCM via CAN communication.
IPDM E/R detects an operating state of the starter motor relay and the starter motor control relay and transmits a feed back signal to ECM via CAN Communication.
ENGINE PROTECTION CONTROL AT LOW ENGINE OIL PRESSURE
ENGINE PROTECTION CONTROL AT LOW ENGINE OIL PRESSURE : System Description

SYSTEM DIAGRAM


## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- The engine protection control at low engine oil pressure warns the driver of a decrease in engine oil pressure by the oil pressure warning lamp before the engine becomes damaged.
- When detecting a decrease in engine oil pressure at an engine speed less than $1,000 \mathrm{rpm}$, ECM transmits an oil pressure warning lamp signal to the combination meter. The combination meter turns ON the oil pressure warning lamp, according to the signal.
- When detecting a decrease in engine oil pressure at an engine speed $1,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ or more, ECM transmits an oil pressure warning lamp signal to the combination meter.

The combination meter turns ON the oil pressure warning lamp, according to the signals. When detecting a decrease in engine oil pressure, ECM cuts fuel if the engine speed exceeds the specified value.

| Decrease in engine oil pressure | Engine speed | Combination meter | Fuel cut |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Oil pressure warning lamp |  |
| Detection | Less than $1,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ | ON $^{*}$ | NO |
|  | 1,000 rpm or more | ON | YES |

*: When detecting a normal engine oil pressure, ECM turns OFF the oil pressure warning lamp.

EC

## OPERATION

## AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)

AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD) : Switch Name and Function

## SWITCHES AND INDICATORS



1. CRUISE indicator
2. CANCEL switch
3. ASCD MAIN switch
4. SET / - switch
5. RES / + switch
(RESUME/ACCELERATE)
(SET/COAST)
A. On the combination meter
B. On the steering wheel

## SET SPEED RANGE

ASCD system can be set the following vehicle speed.

| Minimum speed (Approx.) | Maximum speed (Approx.) |
| :--- | :--- |
| $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(25 \mathrm{MPH})$ | $144 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(89 \mathrm{MPH})$ |

## SWITCH OPERATION

| Item | Function |
| :--- | :--- |
| CANCEL switch | Cancels the cruise control driving. |
| RES / + switch | • Resumes the set speed. |
| (RESUME/ACCELERATE) | • Increases speed incrementally during cruise control driving. |
| SET / - switch | • Sets desired cruise speed. |
| (SET/COAST) | • Decreases speed incrementally during cruise control driving. |
| ASCD MAIN switch | Master switch to activate the ASCD system. |

## CANCEL CONDITION

- When any of following conditions exist, the cruise operation is canceled.
- CANCEL switch is pressed
- ASCD MAIN switch pressed (Set speed is cleared)
- More than two switches at ASCD steering switch are pressed at the same time (Set speed is cleared)
- Brake pedal is depressed
- Selector lever position is changed to N, P or R
- Vehicle speed decreased to $13 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ( 8 MPH ) lower than the set speed
- TCS system is operated
- When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, the ECM cancels the cruise operation and informs the driver by blinking CRUISE indicator lamp.
- Engine coolant temperature is slightly higher than the normal operating temperature. Then CRUISE indicator lamp is blinked slowly.
NOTE:
Engine coolant temperature decreases to the normal operating temperature, CRUISE indicator lamp stop blinking and the cruise operation is able to work.
- Malfunction for some self-diagnoses regarding ASCD system. SET indicator lamp is blinked quickly.


## OPERATION

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

- When ASCD MAIN switch is turned to OFF during the cruise control driving, all of ASCD operations is canceled and vehicle speed memory is erased.


## ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

## Diagnosis Description

This system is an on board diagnostic system that records exhaust emission-related diagnostic information and detects a sensors/actuator-related malfunction. A malfunction is indicated by the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) and stored in ECU memory as a DTC. The diagnostic information can be obtained with the diagnostic tool (GST: Generic Scan Tool).

## GST (Generic Scan Tool)

When GST is connected with a data link connector equipped on the vehicle side, it will communicate with the control unit equipped in the vehicle and then enable various kinds of diagnostic tests. Refer to EC-62, "Diagnosis Description".
NOTE:
Service $\$ 0 \mathrm{~A}$ is not applied for regions where it is not mandated.

## DIAGNOSIS SYSTEM (ECM) <br> DIAGNOSIS DESCRIPTION

# DIAGNOSIS DESCRIPTION : 1st Trip Detection Logic and Two Trip Detection Logic 


#### Abstract

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not illuminate at this stage. <1st trip> If the same malfunction is detected again during the next drive, the DTC and Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL illuminates. The MIL illuminates at the same time when the DTC is stored. <2nd trip> The "trip" in the "Two Trip Detection Logic" means a driving mode in which self-diagnosis is performed during vehicle operation. Specific on board diagnostic items will cause the ECM to illuminate or blink the MIL, and store DTC and Freeze Frame data, even in the 1st trip, as shown below.


| Items | MIL |  |  |  | DTC |  | 1st trip DTC |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1st trip |  | 2nd trip |  | 1st trip displaying | 2nd trip displaying | 1st trip displaying | 2nd trip displaying |
|  | Blinking | Illuminated | Blinking | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Illuminat- } \\ & \text { ed } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0306 is being detected | $\times$ | - | - | - | - | - | $\times$ | - |
| Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0306 is being detected | - | - | $\times$ | - | - | $\times$ | - | - |
| One trip detection diagnoses (Refer to EC-103, "DTC Index".) | - | $\times$ | - | - | $\times$ | - | - | - |
| Except above | - | - | - | $\times$ | - | $\times$ | $\times$ | - |

DIAGNOSIS DESCRIPTION : DTC and Freeze Frame Data

## DTC AND 1ST TRIP DTC

The 1st trip DTC (whose number is the same as the DTC number) is displayed for the latest self-diagnostic result obtained. If the ECM memory was cleared previously, and the 1st trip DTC did not recur, the 1st trip DTC will not be displayed.
If a malfunction is detected during the 1st trip, the 1st trip DTC is saved in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up (two trip detection logic). If the same malfunction is not detected in the 2nd trip (meeting the required driving pattern), the 1st trip DTC is cleared from the ECM memory. If the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, both the 1st trip DTC and DTC are saved in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up. In other words, the DTC is stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up when the same malfunction occurs in two consecutive trips. If a 1st trip DTC is stored and a non-diagnostic operation is performed between the 1 st and $2 n d$ trips, only the 1st trip DTC will continue to be stored. For malfunctions that blink or light up the MIL during the 1st trip, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are stored in the ECM memory.
For malfunctions in which 1st trip DTCs are displayed, refer to EC-103, "DTC Index". These items are required by legal regulations to continuously monitor the system/component. In addition, the items monitored non-continuously are also displayed on CONSULT.
1st trip DTC is specified in Service $\$ 07$ of SAE J1979/ISO 15031-5. 1st trip DTC detection occurs without illuminating the MIL and therefore does not warn the driver of a malfunction.
When a 1st trip DTC is detected, check, print out or write down and erase (1st trip) DTC and Freeze Frame data as specified in Work Flow procedure Step 2, refer to EC-133, "Work Flow". Then perform DTC Confirmation Procedure or Component Function Check to try to duplicate the malfunction. If the malfunction is duplicated, the item requires repair.

## FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA

The ECM records the driving conditions such as fuel system status, calculated load value, engine coolant temperature, short term fuel trim, long term fuel trim, engine speed, vehicle speed, absolute throttle position, base fuel schedule and intake air temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected.
Data which are stored in the ECM memory, along with the 1st trip DTC, are called 1st trip freeze frame data. The data, stored together with the DTC data, are called freeze frame data and displayed on CONSULT or GST. The 1st trip freeze frame data can only be displayed on the CONSULT screen.
< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >
Only one set of freeze frame data (either 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data) can be stored in the ECM. 1st trip freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory along with the 1st trip DTC. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data and it is updated each time a different 1st trip DTC is detected. However, once freeze frame data (2nd trip detection/MIL on) is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze frame data is no longer stored. Remember, only one set of freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM. The ECM has the following priorities to update the data.

| Priority | Items |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Freeze frame data | Misfire - DTC: P0300 - P0306 <br> Fuel Injection System Function — DTC: P0171, P0172, P0174, P0175 |
|  |  | Except the above items |
| 3 | 1st trip freeze frame data |  |

For example, the EGR malfunction (Priority: 2) was detected and the freeze frame data was saved in the 2nd trip. After that when the misfire (Priority: 1) is detected in another trip, the freeze frame data will be updated from the EGR malfunction to the misfire. The 1st trip freeze frame data is updated each time a different malfunction is detected. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data. However, once freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze data is no longer stored (because only one freeze frame data or 1st trip freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM). If freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory and freeze frame data with the same priority occurs later, the first (original) freeze frame data remains unchanged in the ECM memory.
Both 1st trip freeze frame data and freeze frame data (along with the DTCs) are cleared when the ECM memory is erased.
DIAGNOSIS DESCRIPTION : Counter System
RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, 1ST TRIP DTC, DTC, AND DETECTABLE ITEMS

- When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory.
- When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL will come on.
- The MIL will turn OFF after the vehicle is driven 3 times (driving pattern B) with no malfunction. The drive is counted only when the recorded driving pattern is met (as stored in the ECM). If another malfunction occurs while counting, the counter will reset.
- The DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 40 times (driving pattern A) without the same malfunction recurring (except for Misfire and Fuel Injection System). For Misfire and Fuel Injection System, the DTC and freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 80 times (driving pattern C) without the same malfunction recurring. The "TIME" in "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS" mode of CONSULT will count the number of times the vehicle is driven.
- The 1st trip DTC is not displayed when the self-diagnosis results in OK for the 2nd trip.

COUNTER SYSTEM CHART

| Items | Fuel Injection System | Misfire | Other |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MIL (turns OFF) | 3 (pattern B) | 3 (pattern B) | 3 (pattern B) |
| DTC, Freeze Frame Data (no display) | 80 (pattern C) | 80 (pattern C) | 40 (pattern A) |
| 1st Trip DTC (clear) | 1 (pattern C), ${ }^{*} 1$ | 1 (pattern C), ${ }^{*} 1$ | 1 (pattern B) |
| 1st Trip Freeze Frame Data (clear) | ${ }^{*} 1,{ }^{*} 2$ | ${ }^{*} 1,{ }^{*} 2$ | 1 (pattern B) |

For details about patterns B and C under "Fuel Injection System" and "Misfire", see "EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM".
For details about patterns A and B under Other, see "EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM".

- *1: Clear timing is at the moment OK is detected.
- *2: Clear timing is when the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip.

Relationship Between MIL, DTC, 1st Trip DTC and Driving Patterns for "Misfire <Exhaust Quality Deterioration>", "Fuel Injection System"

*1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
*4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 80 times (pattern C) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
*7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.
*2: MIL will turn OFF after vehicle is driven 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
*5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
*3: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
*6: The 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared at the moment OK is detected.
*8: 1st trip DTC will be cleared when vehicle is driven once (pattern C) without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

## Driving Pattern C

Refer to EC-67, "DIAGNOSIS DESCRIPTION : Driving Pattern".
Example:
If the stored freeze frame data is as per the following:
Engine speed: 850 rpm , Calculated load value: $30 \%$, Engine coolant temperature: $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(176^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
To be satisfied with driving pattern C , the vehicle should run under the following conditions:
Engine speed: 475-1,225 rpm, Calculated load value: $27-33 \%$, Engine coolant temperature: more than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
Relationship Between MIL, DTC, 1st Trip DTC and Driving Patterns Except For "Misfire <Exhaust Quality Deterioration>", "Fuel Injection System"

*1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will light up.
*4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 40 times (pattern A) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
*7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.
*2: MIL will turn OFF after vehicle is driv- *3: When the same malfunction is deen 3 times (pattern B) without any malfunctions.
*5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
tected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
*6: 1st trip DTC will be cleared after vehicle is driven once (pattern $B$ ) without the same malfunction.

## DIAGNOSIS DESCRIPTION : Driving Pattern

## CAUTION:

## Always drive at a safe speed.

## DRIVING PATTERN A

Driving pattern A means a trip satisfying the following conditions.

- Engine speed reaches 400 rpm or more.
- Engine coolant temperature rises by $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(36^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or more after starting the engine.
- Engine coolant temperature reaches $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or more.
- The ignition switch is turned from ON to OFF.

NOTE:

- When the same malfunction is detected regardless of driving conditions, reset the counter of driving pattern A.
- When the above conditions are satisfied without detecting the same malfunction, reset the counter of driving pattern A.


## DRIVING PATTERN B

Driving pattern B means a trip satisfying the following conditions.

- Engine speed reaches 400 rpm or more.
- Engine coolant temperature reaches $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or more.
- Vehicle speed of $70-120 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(44-75 \mathrm{MPH})$ is maintained for 60 seconds or more under the control of closed loop.
- Vehicle speed of $30-60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(19-37 \mathrm{MPH})$ is maintained for 10 seconds or more under the control of closed loop.
- Under the closed loop control condition, the following state reaches 12 seconds or more in total: Vehicle speed of $4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(2 \mathrm{MPH})$ or less with idling condition.
- The state of driving at $10 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(7 \mathrm{MPH})$ or more reaches 10 minutes or more in total.
- A lapse of 22 minutes or more after engine start.

NOTE:

- Drive the vehicle at a constant velocity.
- When the same malfunction is detected regardless of driving conditions, reset the counter of driving pattern B.
- When the above conditions are satisfied without detecting the same malfunction, reset the counter of driving pattern B.


## DRIVING PATTERN C

Driving pattern $C$ means operating vehicle as per the following:
The following conditions should be satisfied at the same time:
Engine speed: (Engine speed in the freeze frame data) $\pm 375 \mathrm{rpm}$

Calculated load value: (Calculated load value in the freeze frame data) $\times(1 \pm 0.1)$ [\%]
Engine coolant temperature condition:

- When the freeze frame data shows lower than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, engine coolant temperature should be lower than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
- When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, engine coolant temperature should be higher than or equal to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
NOTE:
- When the same malfunction is detected regardless of the above vehicle conditions, reset the counter of driving pattern C .
- When the above conditions are satisfied without detecting the same malfunction, reset the counter of driving pattern C.
- The 1st trip DTC will be cleared when C counter is counted once without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.
DRIVING PATTERN D
Driving pattern D means a trip satisfying the following conditions.
- The state of driving at $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(25 \mathrm{MPH})$ reaches 300 seconds or more in total.
- Idle speed lasts 30 seconds or more.
- A lapse of 600 seconds or more after engine start.

NOTE:

- When the same malfunction is detected regardless of driving conditions, reset the counter of driving pattern D.
- When the above conditions are satisfied without detecting the same malfunction, reset the counter of driving pattern D.


## DIAGNOSIS DESCRIPTION : System Readiness Test (SRT) Code

System Readiness Test (SRT) code is specified in Service $\$ 01$ of SAE J1979/ISO 15031-5.
As part of an enhanced emissions test for Inspection \& Maintenance ( $/ / \mathrm{M}$ ), certain states require the status of SRT be used to indicate whether the ECM has completed self-diagnosis of major emission systems and components. Completion must be verified in order for the emissions inspection to proceed.
If a vehicle is rejected for a State emissions inspection due to one or more SRT items indicating "INCMP", use the information in this Service Manual to set the SRT to "CMPLT".
In most cases the ECM will automatically complete its self-diagnosis cycle during normal usage, and the SRT status will indicate "CMPLT" for each application system. Once set as "CMPLT", the SRT status remains "CMPLT" until the self-diagnosis memory is erased.
Occasionally, certain portions of the self-diagnostic test may not be completed as a result of the customer's normal driving pattern; the SRT will indicate "INCMP" for these items.
NOTE:
The SRT will also indicate "INCMP" if the self-diagnosis memory is erased for any reason or if the ECM memory power supply is interrupted for several hours.
If, during the state emissions inspection, the SRT indicates "CMPLT" for all test items, the inspector will continue with the emissions test. However, if the SRT indicates "INCMP" for one or more of the SRT items the vehicle is returned to the customer untested.
NOTE:
If permanent DTC is stored or MIL illuminates during the state emissions inspection, the vehicle is also returned to the customer untested even though the SRT indicates "CMPLT" for all test items. Therefore, it is important to check SRT ("CMPLT"), DTC (No DTCs) and permanent DTC (NO permanent DTCs) before the inspection.

## SRT SET TIMING

SRT is set as "CMPLT" after self-diagnosis has been performed one or more times. Completion of SRT is done regardless of whether the result is OK or NG. The set timing is different between OK and NG results and is shown in the table below.

| Self-diagnosis result |  | Example |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Diagnosis | Ignition cycle |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\leftarrow \mathrm{ON} \rightarrow$ | $\leftarrow \mathrm{ON} \rightarrow$ | $\leftarrow \mathrm{ON} \rightarrow$ | $\leftarrow \mathrm{ON} \rightarrow$ |
| All OK | Case 1 |  | P0400 | OK (1) | -(1) | OK (2) | - (2) |
|  |  | P0402 | OK (1) | -(1) | -(1) | OK (2) |
|  |  | P1402 | OK (1) | OK (2) | - (2) | - (2) |
|  |  | SRT of EGR | "CMPLT" | "CMPLT" | "CMPLT" | "CMPLT" |
|  | Case 2 | P0400 | OK (1) | -(1) | - (1) | -(1) |
|  |  | P0402 | - (0) | - (0) | OK (1) | -(1) |
|  |  | P1402 | OK (1) | OK (2) | - (2) | - (2) |
|  |  | SRT of EGR | "INCMP" | "INCMP" | "CMPLT" | "CMPLT" |
| NG exists | Case 3 | P0400 | OK | OK | - | - |
|  |  | P0402 | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | P1402 | NG | - | NG | NG (Consecutive NG) |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (1st trip) } \\ & \text { DTC } \end{aligned}$ | 1st trip DTC | - | 1st trip DTC | $\begin{gathered} \text { DTC } \\ (=\text { MIL ON }) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | SRT of EGR | "INCMP" | "INCMP" | "INCMP" | "CMPLT" |

OK: Self-diagnosis is carried out and the result is OK.
NG: Self-diagnosis is carried out and the result is NG.
-: Self-diagnosis is not carried out.
When all SRT related self-diagnoses show OK results in a single cycle (Ignition OFF-ON-OFF), the SRT will indicate "CMPLT". $\rightarrow$ Case 1 above
When all SRT related self-diagnoses show OK results through several different cycles, the SRT will indicate "CMPLT" at the time the respective self-diagnoses have at least one OK result. $\rightarrow$ Case 2 above
If one or more SRT related self-diagnoses show NG results in 2 consecutive cycles, the SRT will also indicate "CMPLT". $\rightarrow$ Case 3 above
The table above shows that the minimum number of cycles for setting SRT as "INCMP" is the number one (1) for each self-diagnosis (Case $1 \& 2$ ) or the number two (2) for one of self-diagnoses (Case 3). However, in preparation for the state emissions inspection, it is unnecessary for each self-diagnosis to be executed twice (Case 3) for the following reasons:

- The SRT will indicate "CMPLT" at the time the respective self-diagnoses have one (1) OK result.
- The emissions inspection requires "CMPLT" of the SRT only with OK self-diagnosis results.
- During SRT driving pattern, the 1st trip DTC (NG) is detected prior to "CMPLT" of SRT and the self-diagnosis memory must be erased from the ECM after repair.
- If the 1st trip DTC is erased, all the SRT will indicate "INCMP".

NOTE:
SRT can be set as "CMPLT" together with the DTC(s). Therefore, DTC check must always be carried out prior to the state emission inspection even though the SRT indicates "CMPLT".

## DIAGNOSIS DESCRIPTION : Permanent Diagnostic Trouble Code (Permanent DTC)

Permanent DTC is defined in SAE J1979/ISO 15031-5 Service \$0A.
ECM stores a DTC issuing a command of turning on MIL as a permanent DTC and keeps storing the DTC as a permanent DTC until ECM judges that there is no presence of malfunction.
Permanent DTCs cannot be erased by using the Erase function of CONSULT-III or Generic Scan Tool (GST) and by disconnecting the battery to shut off power to ECM. This prevents a vehicle from passing the state emission inspection without repairing a malfunctioning part.
When not passing the state emission inspection due to more than one permanent DTC, permanent DTCs should be erased, referring to this manual.
NOTE:

- The important items in state emission inspection are that MIL is not ON, SRT test items are set, and permanent DTCs are not included.
- Permanent DTCs do not apply for regions that permanent DTCs are not regulated by law.


## PERMANENT DTC SET TIMING

The setting timing of permanent DTC is stored in ECM with the lighting of MIL when a DTC is confirmed.

## DIAGNOSIS DESCRIPTION : Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)

When emission-related ECU detects a malfunction in the emission control systems components and/or the powertrain control components (which affect vehicle emissions), it turns on/blinks MIL to inform the driver that a malfunction has been detected.

1. The MIL illuminates when ignition switch is turned ON (engine is not running).
NOTE:
Check the MIL circuit if MIL does not illuminate. Refer to EC489, "Component Function Check".
2. When the engine is started, the MIL should go off.

NOTE:
If MIL continues to illuminate/blink, perform self-diagnoses and
 inspect/repair accordingly because an emission-related ECU has detected a malfunction in the emission control systems components and/or the powertrain control components (which affect vehicle emissions).
On Board Diagnosis Function
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS ITEM
The on board diagnostic system has the following functions.

| Diagnostic test mode | Function |
| :--- | :--- |
| Bulb check | MIL can be checked. |
| SRT status | ECM can read if SRT codes are set. |
| Malfunction warning | If ECM detects a malfunction, it illuminates or blinks MIL to inform the driver that a malfunction has <br> been detected. |
| Self-diagnostic results | DTCs or 1st trip DTCs stored in ECM can be read. |
| Accelerator pedal released po- <br> sition learning | ECM can learn the accelerator pedal released position. Refer to EC-144, "Description". |
| Throttle valve closed position <br> learning | ECM can learn the throttle valve closed position. Refer to EC-145, "Description". |
| Idle air volume learning | ECM can learn the idle air volume. Refer to EC-146, "Description". |
| Mixture ratio self-learning value <br> clear | Mixture ratio self-learning value can be erased. Refer to EC-148, "Description". |

## BULB CHECK MODE

## Description

This function allows damage inspection in the MIL bulb (blown, open circuit, etc.).

## Operation Procedure

1. Turn ignition switch ON .
2. The MIL on the instrument panel should stay ON.

If it remains OFF, check MIL circuit. Refer to EC-489, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## SRT STATUS MODE

## Description

This function allows to read if ECM has completed the self-diagnoses of major emission control systems and components. For SRT, refer to EC-68, "DIAGNOSIS DESCRIPTION : System Readiness Test (SRT) Code".
Operation Procedure

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait 20 seconds.
2. SRT status is indicated as shown blow.

- ECM continues to illuminate MIL if all SRT codes are set.
- ECM blinks MIL for about 10 seconds if all SRT codes are not set.



## MALFUNCTION WARNING MODE

## Description

In this function ECM turns on or blinks MIL when it detects a malfunction in the emission control system components and/or the powertrain control components (which affect vehicle emissions) to inform the driver that a malfunction has been detected.

## Operation Procedure

1. Turn ignition switch ON .
2. Check that MIL illuminates. If it remains OFF, check MIL circuit. Refer to EC-489, "Diagnosis Procedure".
3. Start engine and let it idle.

- For two trip detection logic diagnoses, ECM turns on MIL when it detects the same malfunction twice in the two consecutive driving cycles.
- For 1st trip detection logic diagnoses, ECM turns on MIL when it detects a malfunction in one driving cycle.
- ECM blinks MIL when it detects a malfunction that may damage the three way catalyst (misfire).


## SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS MODE

Description
This function allows to indicate DTCs or 1st trip DTCs stored in ECM according to the number of times MIL is blinking.
How to Set Self-diagnostic Results Mode

## NOTE:

- It is better to count the time accurately with a clock.
- It is impossible to switch the diagnostic mode when an accelerator pedal position sensor circuit has a malfunction.
- After ignition switch is turned off, ECM is always released from the "self-diagnostic results" mode.

1. Confirm that accelerator pedal is fully released, turn ignition switch ON and wait 3 seconds.
2. Repeat the following procedure quickly five times within 5 seconds.

- Fully depress the accelerator pedal.
- Fully release the accelerator pedal.

3. Wait 7 seconds, fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it depressed for approx. 10 seconds until the MIL starts blinking.
NOTE:
Do not release the accelerator pedal for 10 seconds if MIL starts blinking during this period. This blinking is displaying SRT status and is continued for another 10 seconds.
4. Fully release the accelerator pedal.

ECM has entered to "Self-diagnostic results" mode.

NOTE:
Wait until the same DTC (or 1st trip DTC) appears to completely confirm all DTCs.


How to Read Self-diagnostic Results
The DTC and 1st trip DTC are indicated by the number of blinks of the MIL as shown below.
The DTC and 1st trip DTC are displayed at the same time. If the MIL does not illuminate in diagnostic test mode I (Malfunction warning), all displayed items are 1st trip DTCs. If only one code is displayed when the MIL illuminates in "malfunction warning" mode, it is a DTC; if two or more codes are displayed, they may be either DTCs or 1 st trip DTCs. DTC No. is same as that of 1st trip DTC. These unidentified codes can be identified by using the CONSULT or GST. A DTC will be used as an example for how to read a code.


A particular trouble code can be identified by the number of four-digit numeral flashes per the following.

| Number | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flashes | 10 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |

The length of time the 1,000 th-digit numeral flashes on and off is 1.2 seconds consisting of an ON ( 0.6 -seconds) - OFF ( 0.6 -seconds) cycle.
The 100th-digit numeral and lower digit numerals consist of a 0.3 -seconds ON and 0.3 -seconds OFF cycle.
A change from one digit numeral to another occurs at an interval of 1.0 -second OFF. In other words, the later numeral appears on the display 1.3 seconds after the former numeral has disappeared.
A change from one trouble code to another occurs at an interval of 1.8 -seconds OFF.

In this way, all the detected malfunctions are classified by their DTC numbers. The DTC 0000 refers to no malfunction. Refer to EC-103, "DTC Index".
How to Erase Self-diagnostic Results
By performing this procedure, ECM memory is erased and the following diagnostic information is erased as well.

- Diagnostic trouble codes
- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- Test values

NOTE:
Also, if a battery terminal is disconnected, ECM memory is erased and the diagnostic information as listed above is erased. (The amount of time required for erasing may vary from a few seconds to several hours.)

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON .
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Set ECM in "self-diagnostic results" mode.
6. The diagnostic information has been erased from the backup memory in the ECM. Fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it depressed for more than 10 seconds.
7. Fully release the accelerator pedal, and confirm the DTC 0000 is displayed.

CONSULT Function
INFOID:0000000011323608
FUNCTION

| Diagnostic test mode | Function |
| :--- | :--- |
| Self Diagnostic Result | Self-diagnostic results such as 1st trip DTC, DTCs and 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data <br> can be read and erased quickly. |
| Data Monitor | Input/Output data in the ECM can be read. |
| Work support | This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately by following the in- <br> dications on the CONSULT unit. |
| Active Test | Diagnostic Test Mode in which CONSULT drives some actuators apart from the ECMs and also shifts <br> some parameters in a specified range. |
| ECU Identification | ECM part number can be read. |
| DTC Work Support | The status of system monitoring tests and the self-diagnosis status/results can be confirmed. |

*: The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

- Diagnostic trouble codes
- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- Test values


## SELF DIAGNOSTIC RESULT MODE

Self Diagnostic Item
Regarding items of DTC and 1st trip DTC, refer to EC-103, "DTC Index".
How to Read DTC and 1st Trip DTC
DTCs and 1st trip DTCs related to the malfunction are displayed in "self-diag results".

- When ECM detects a 1 st trip DTC, 1 t " is displayed for "TIME".
- When ECM has detected a current DTC, " 0 " is displayed for "TIME".
- If "TIME" is neither " 0 " nor " 1 t ", the DTC occurred in the past and ECM shows the number of times the vehicle has been driven since the last detection of the DTC.


## How to Erase DTC and 1st Trip DTC

NOTE:

- If the ignition switch stays ON after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch OFF once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it ON (engine stopped) again.
- If the DTC is not for A/T related items (see EC-103, "DTC Index"), skip step 1.

1. Select "ENGINE" with CONSULT.
2. Select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
3. Touch "ERASE". (DTC in ECM will be erased.)

Freeze Frame Data and 1st Trip Freeze Frame Data

| Freeze frame data item* | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| DIAG TROUBLE CODE [PXXXX] | - The engine control component part/control system has a trouble code that is displayed as PXXXX. (Refer to EC-103, "DTC Index".) |
| FUEL SYS-B1 | - "Fuel injection system status" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. <br> - One of the following mode is displayed. <br> Mode2: Open loop due to detected system malfunction <br> Mode3: Open loop due to driving conditions (power enrichment, deceleration enleanment) <br> Mode4: Closed loop - using oxygen sensor(s) as feedback for fuel control <br> Mode5: Open loop - has not yet satisfied condition to go to closed loop |
| FUEL SYS-B2 |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| CAL/LD VALUE [\%] | - The calculated load value at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. |
| COOLANT TEMP [ $\left.{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ or [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ] | - The engine coolant temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. |
| L-FUEL TRM-B1 [\%] | - "Long-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. <br> - The long-term fuel trim indicates much more gradual feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule than short-term fuel trim. |
| L-FUEL TRM-B2 [\%] |  |
| S-FUEL TRM-B1 [\%] | - "Short-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. <br> - The short-term fuel trim indicates dynamic or instantaneous feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule. |
| S-FUEL TRM-B2 [\%] |  |
| ENGINE SPEED [rpm] | - The engine speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. |
| VEHICL SPEED [km/h] or [mph] | - The vehicle speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. |
| ABSOL TH•P/S [\%] | - The throttle valve opening angle at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. |
| B/FUEL SCHDL [msec] | - The base fuel schedule at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. |
| INT/A TEMP SE [ $\left.{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ or [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ] | - The intake air temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed. |
| INT MANI PRES [kPa] | - These items are displayed but are not applicable to this model. |
| COMBUST CONDITION |  |

*: The items are the same as those of 1st trip freeze frame data.

## DATA MONITOR MODE

## NOTE:

The following table includes information (items) inapplicable to this vehicle. For information (items) applicable to this vehicle, refer to CONSULT display items.
Monitored Item
For reference values of the following items, refer to EC-83, "Reference Value".

| Monitored item | Unit | Description | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| ENG SPEED | rpm | - Indicates the engine speed computed from the <br> signal of the crankshaft position sensor (POS) <br> and camshaft position sensor (PHASE). | • Accuracy becomes poor if engine <br> speed drops below the idle rpm. <br> If the signal is interrupted while the <br> engine is running, an abnormal value <br> may be indicated. |
| MASS AIR FLOW <br> SENSOR (Hz) | Hz | - The signal frequency of the mass air flow sensor <br> is displayed. |  |


| Monitored item | Unit | Description | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B/FUEL SCHDL | msec | - "Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board correction. | - When engine is running, specification range is indicated in "SPEC". |
| A/F ALPHA-B1 |  |  | - When the engine is stopped, a certain |
| A/F ALPHA-B2 | \% | - The mean value of the air-fuel ratio feedback correction factor per cycle is indicated. | - This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control. <br> - When engine is running, specification range is indicated in "SPEC". |
| COOLAN TEMP/S | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | - The engine coolant temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the engine coolant temperature sensor) is displayed. | - When the engine coolant temperature sensor is open or short-circuited, ECM enters fail-safe mode. The engine coolant temperature determined by the ECM is displayed. |
| A/F SEN1 (B1) | V | - The A/F signal computed from the input signal of the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 is displayed. |  |
| A/F SEN1 (B2) |  |  |  |
| HO2S2 (B1) | V | - The signal voltage of the heated oxygen sensor 2 is displayed. |  |
| HO2S2 (B2) |  |  |  |
| HO2S2 MNTR(B1) |  | - Display of heated oxygen sensor 2 signal: RICH: means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively small. <br> LEAN: means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively large. | - When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated. |
| HO2S2 MNTR(B2) | RICH/LEAN |  |  |
| VHCL SPEED SE | km/h or mph | - The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed signal sent from combination meter is displayed. |  |
| BATTERY VOLT | V | - The power supply voltage of ECM is displayed. |  |
| ACCEL SEN 1 | V | - The accelerator pedal position sensor signal voltage is displayed. | - ACCEL SEN 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal. |
| ACCEL SEN 2 |  |  |  |
| TP SEN 1-B1 | V | - The throttle position sensor signal voltage is displayed. | - TP SEN 2-B1 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal. |
| TP SEN 2-B1 |  |  |  |
| FUEL T/TMP SE | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | - The fuel temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the fuel tank temperature sensor) is displayed. |  |
| INT/A TEMP SE | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | - The intake air temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the intake air temperature sensor) is indicated. |  |
| EVAP SYS PRES | V | - The signal voltage of EVAP control system pressure sensor is displayed. |  |
| FUEL LEVEL SE | V | - The signal voltage of the fuel level sensor is displayed. |  |
| START SIGNAL | ON/OFF | - Indicates start signal status [ON/OFF] computed by the ECM according to the signals of engine speed and battery voltage. | - After starting the engine, [OFF] is displayed regardless of the starter signal. |
| CLSD THL POS | ON/OFF | - Indicates idle position [ON/OFF] computed by ECM according to the accelerator pedal position sensor signal. |  |
| AIR COND SIG | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air conditioner switch as determined by the air conditioner signal. |  |
| P/N POSI SW | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the park/neutral position (PNP) signal. |  |


| Monitored item | Unit | Description | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PW/ST SIGNAL | ON/OFF | - [ON/OFF] condition of the power steering system (determined by the signal voltage of the power steering pressure sensor) is indicated. |  |
| LOAD SIGNAL | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the electrical load signal. <br> ON: Rear window defogger switch is ON and/or lighting switch is in 2nd position. <br> OFF: Both rear window defogger switch and lighting switch are OFF. |  |
| IGNITION SW | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ignition switch signal. |  |
| HEATER FAN SW | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the heater fan switch signal. |  |
| BRAKE SW | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the stop lamp switch signal. |  |
| INJ PULSE-B1 | msec | - Indicates the actual fuel injection pulse width compensated by ECM according to the input signals. | - When the engine is stopped, a certain computed value is indicated. |
| INJ PULSE-B2 |  |  |  |
| IGN TIMING | BTDC | - Indicates the ignition timing computed by ECM according to the input signals. | - When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated. |
| CAL/LD VALUE | \% | - "Calculated load value" indicates the value of the current air flow divided by peak air flow. |  |
| MASS AIRFLOW | $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{s}$ | - Indicates the mass air flow computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor. |  |
| PURG VOL C/V | \% | - Indicates the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve control value computed by the ECM according to the input signals. <br> - The opening becomes larger as the value increases. |  |
| INT/V TIM (B1) | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CA}$ | - Indicates [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CA}$ ] of intake camshaft advance angle. |  |
| INT/V TIM (B2) |  |  |  |
| INT/V SOL-B1 |  | - The control value of the intake valve timing control solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. <br> - The advance angle becomes larger as the value increases. |  |
| INT/V SOL-B2 | \% |  |  |
| VIAS S/V-1 | ON/OFF | - The control condition of the VIAS control solenoid valve 1 (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. <br> ON: VIAS control solenoid valve 1 is operating. OFF: VIAS control solenoid valve 1 is not operating. |  |
| VIAS S/V-2 | ON/OFF | - The control condition of the VIAS control solenoid valve 2 (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. <br> ON: VIAS control solenoid valve 2 is operating. OFF: VIAS control solenoid valve 2 is not operating. |  |
| AIR COND RLY | ON/OFF | - The air conditioner relay control condition (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. |  |
| ENGINE MOUNT | IDLE/TRVL | - The control condition of the electronic controlled engine mount (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. <br> IDLE: Engine speed is below 950 rpm <br> TRVL: Engine speed is above 950 rpm |  |


| Monitored item | Unit | Description | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VENT CONT/V | ON/OFF | - The control condition of the EVAP canister vent control valve (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. <br> ON: Closed <br> OFF: Open |  |
| THRTL RELAY | ON/OFF | - Indicates the throttle control motor relay control condition determined by the ECM according to the input signals. |  |
| COOLING FAN | HI/MID/LOW/ OFF | - The control condition of the cooling fan (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. <br> HI: High speed operation <br> MID: Middle speed operation <br> LOW: Low speed operation OFF: Stop |  |
| HO2S2 HTR (B1) | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of heated oxygen sensor 2 heater determined by ECM according to the input signals. |  |
| HO2S2 HTR (B2) |  |  |  |
| I/P PULLY SPD | rpm | - Indicates the engine speed computed from the input speed sensor signal. |  |
| VEHICLE SPEED | $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}$ or mph | - The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed signal sent from TCM is displayed. |  |
| IDL A/V LEARN | YET/CMPLT | - Displays the condition of idle air volume learning YET: Idle Air Volume Learning has not been performed yet. <br> CMPLT: Idle Air Volume Learning has already been performed successfully. |  |
| ENG OIL TEMP | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | - The engine oil temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the engine oil temperature sensor) is displayed. |  |
| TRVL AFTER MIL | km or mile | - Distance traveled while MIL is activated. |  |
| A/F S1 HTR(B1) | \% | - Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater control value computed by ECM according to the input signals. <br> - The current flow to the heater becomes larger as the value increases. |  |
| A/F S1 HTR(B2) |  |  |  |
| AC PRESS SEN | V | - The signal voltage from the refrigerant pressure sensor is displayed. |  |
| VHCL SPEED SE | km/h or mph | - The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed signal sent from combination meter is displayed. |  |
| SET VHCL SPD | km/h or mph | - The preset vehicle speed is displayed. |  |
| MAIN SW | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from MAIN switch signal. |  |
| CANCEL SW | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from CANCEL switch signal. |  |
| RESUME/ACC SW | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from RESUME/ACCELERATE switch signal. |  |
| SET SW | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from SET/COAST switch signal. |  |
| BRAKE SW1 | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from brake pedal position switch signal or ASCD clutch switch. |  |
| BRAKE SW2 | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of stop lamp switch signal. |  |


| Monitored item | Unit | Description | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VHCL SPD CUT | NON/CUT | - Indicates the vehicle cruise condition. <br> NON: Vehicle speed is maintained at the ASCD set speed. <br> CUT: Vehicle speed decreased to excessively low compared with the ASCD set speed, and ASCD operation is cut off. |  |
| LO SPEED CUT | NON/CUT | - Indicates the vehicle cruise condition. <br> NON: Vehicle speed is maintained at the ASCD set speed. <br> CUT: Vehicle speed decreased to excessively low, and ASCD operation is cut off. |  |
| AT OD MONITOR | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of CVT O/D according to the input signal from the TCM. |  |
| AT OD CANCEL | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of CVT O/D cancel request signal. |  |
| CRUISE LAMP | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of CRUISE lamp determined by the ECM according to the input signals. |  |
| SET LAMP | ON/OFF | - Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of SET lamp determined by the ECM according to the input signals. |  |
| BAT CUR SEN | mV | - The signal voltage of battery current sensor is displayed. |  |
| ALT DUTY SIG | ON/OFF | - The control condition of the power generation voltage variable control (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated. <br> ON: Power generation voltage variable control is active. <br> OFF: Power generation voltage variable control is inactive. |  |
| A/F ADJ-B1 |  | - Indicates the correction of a factor stored in ECM. |  |
| A/F ADJ-B2 | - | The factor is calculated from the difference between the target air-fuel ratio stored in ECM and the air-fuel ratio calculated from A/F sensor 1 signal. |  |
| ALT DUTY | \% | - Indicates the duty ratio of the power generation command value. The ratio is calculated by ECM based on the battery current sensor signal. |  |
| EVAP LEAK DIAG | YET/CMPLT | - Indicates the condition of EVAP leak diagnosis. <br> - YET: EVAP leak diagnosis has not been performed yet. <br> - CMPLT: EVAP leak diagnosis has been performed successfully. |  |
| EVAP DIAG READY | ON/OFF | - Indicates the ready condition of EVAP leak diagnosis. <br> - ON: Diagnosis has been ready condition. <br> - OFF: Diagnosis has not been ready condition. |  |
| HO2 S2 DIAG1 (B1) | INCMP/CMPLT | - Indicates DTC P0139 self-diagnosis (delayed responce) condition. <br> INCMP: Self-diagnosis is incomplete. CMPLT: Self-diagnosis is complete. |  |
| HO2 S2 DIAG1 (B2) | INCMP/CMPLT | - Indicates DTC P0139 self-diagnosis (delayed responce) condition. <br> INCMP: Self-diagnosis is incomplete. <br> CMPLT: Self-diagnosis is complete. |  |
| HO2 S2 DIAG2 (B1) | INCMP/CMPLT | - Indicates DTC P0139 self-diagnosis (slow responce) condition. <br> INCMP: Self-diagnosis is incomplete. <br> CMPLT: Self-diagnosis is complete. |  |


| Monitored item | Unit | Description | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HO2 S2 DIAG2 (B2) | INCMP/CMPLT | - Indicates DTC P0139 self-diagnosis (slow responce) condition. <br> INCMP: Self-diagnosis is incomplete. CMPLT: Self-diagnosis is complete. |  |
| THRTL STK CNT B1* | - | - |  |
| FUEL PUMP DUTY | \% | - The control condition of the fuel pump control module (FPCM) (determined by ECM accordingto the input signals) is indicated. |  |
| BAT TEMP SEN | V | - The signal voltage from the battery temperature sensor is displayed. |  |
| EOP SENSOR | mV | The signal voltage of EOP sensor is displayed. |  |
| VTC DTY EX B1* | \% | - |  |
| VTC DTY EX B2* | \% | - |  |
| A/F-S ATMSPHRC CRCT B1 | - | Displays a determined value of atmospheric correction factor necessary for correcting an A/F sensor signal input to ECM. The signal used for the correction is an $A / F$ sensor signal transmitted while driving under atmospheric pressure. |  |
| A/F-S ATMSPHRC CRCT B2 | - | Displays a determined value of atmospheric correction factor necessary for correcting an A/F sensor signal input to ECM. The signal used for the correction is an A/F sensor signal transmitted while driving under atmospheric pressure. |  |
| A/F-S ATMSPHRC CRCT UP B1 | count | Displays the number of updates of the A/F sensor atmospheric correction factor. |  |
| A/F-S ATMSPHRC CRCT UP B2 | count | Displays the number of updates of the A/F sensor atmospheric correction factor. |  |
| SYSTEM 1 DIAGNOSIS A B2 | $\begin{gathered} \text { INCMP/CM- } \\ \text { PLT } \end{gathered}$ | - Indicates DTC P219B self-diagnosis condition. <br> - INCMP: Self-diagnosis is incomplete. <br> CMPLT: Self-diagnosis is complete. |  |
| SYSTEM 1 DIAGNOSIS A B1 | INCMP/CM- PLT | - Indicates DTC P219A self-diagnosis condition. <br> - INCMP: Self-diagnosis is incomplete. <br> - CMPLT: Self-diagnosis is complete. |  |
| SYSTEM 1 DIAGNOSIS B B2 | ABSNT/ PRSNT | - Indicates DTC P219B self-diagnosis condition. <br> - ABSNT: Self-diagnosis standby <br> - PRSNT: Under self-diagnosis |  |
| SYSTEM 1 DIAGNOSIS B B1 | ABSNT/ PRSNT | - Indicates DTC P219A self-diagnosis condition. <br> - ABSNT: Self-diagnosis standby <br> - PRSNT: Under self-diagnosis |  |

*: The item is indicated, but not used.

## NOTE:

Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.
WORK SUPPORT MODE

## Work Item

| WORK ITEM | CONDITION | USAGE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE | - Fuel pump will stop by touching "START" during idling. <br> crank a few times after engine stalls. | When releasing fuel pressure from <br> fuel line |
| IDLE AIR VOL LEARN | - The idle air volume that keeps the engine within the spec- <br> ified range is memorized in ecm. | When learning the idle air volume |
| SELF-LEARNING CONT | - The coefficient of self-learning control mixture ratio returns <br> to the original coefficient. | When clearing mixture ratio self- <br> learning value |

## DIAGNOSIS SYSTEM (ECM)

| WORK ITEM | CONDITION | USAGE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE | Close the EVAP canister vent control valve in order to make <br> EVAP system close under the following conditions. <br> - Ignition switch ON | When detecting EVAP vapor leak- <br> age in the EVAP system |
|  | - Engine not running <br> - Ambient temperature is above $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. <br> - Fuel tank temperature is more than $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. <br> - Within 10 minutes after starting "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" <br> - When trying to execute "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" under <br> the condition except above, CONSULT will discontinue it <br> and display appropriate instruction. <br> NOTE: <br> When starting engine, coNSULT may display "BAT- <br> TERY vOLTAGE IS LOW. CHARGE BATTERY", even in <br> using charged battery. |  |
| VIN REGISTRATION | - In this mode, VIN is registered in ECM |  |
| TARGET IDLE RPM ADJ* | - Idle condition | When registering VIN in ECM |
| TARGET IGN TIM ADJ* | - Idle condition | When setting target idle speed |
| CLSD THL POS LEARN | - Ignition on and engine stopped. | When adjusting target ignition tim- <br> ing |
| SAVING DATA FOR REPLC CPU | In this mode, save data that is in ECM. | When learning the throttle valve <br> closed position |
| WRITING DATA FOR REPLC CPU | In this mode, write data stored by "SAVE DATA FOR CPU <br> REPLC" in work support mode to ECM. | When ECM is replaced. |

*: This function is not necessary in the usual service procedure.

## ACTIVE TEST MODE

Test Item

| TEST ITEM | CONDITION | JUDGMENT | CHECK ITEM (REMEDY) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FUEL INJECTION | - Engine: Return to the original non-standard condition <br> - Change the amount of fuel injection using CONSULT. | If malfunctioning symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM. | - Harness and connectors <br> - Fuel injector <br> - Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 |
| IGNITION TIMING | - Engine: Return to the original non-standard condition <br> - Timing light: Set <br> - Retard the ignition timing using CONSULT. | If malfunctioning symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM. | - Perform Idle Air Volume Learning. |
| POWER BALANCE | - Engine: After warming up, idle the engine. <br> - A/C switch OFF <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Cut off each injector signal one at a time using CONSULT. | Engine runs rough or stops. | - Harness and connectors <br> - Compression <br> - Fuel injector <br> - Power transistor <br> - Spark plug <br> - Ignition coil |
| COOLING FAN* | - Ignition switch: ON <br> - Turn the cooling fan "HI", "MID", "LOW" and "OFF" using CONSULT. | Cooling fan moves and stops. | - Harness and connectors <br> - Cooling fan motor <br> - IPDM E/R |
| ENG COOLANT TEMP | - Engine: Return to the original non-standard condition <br> - Change the engine coolant temperature using CONSULT. | If malfunctioning symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM. | - Harness and connectors <br> - Engine coolant temperature sensor <br> - Fuel injector |
| FUEL PUMP RELAY | - Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) <br> - Turn the fuel pump relay "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. | Fuel pump relay makes the operating sound. | - Harness and connectors <br> - Fuel pump relay |


| TEST ITEM | CONDITION | JUDGMENT | CHECK ITEM (REMEDY) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VIAS S/V-1 | - Ignition switch: ON <br> - Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. | Solenoid valve makes the operating sound. | - Harness and connectors <br> - Solenoid valve |
| VIAS S/V-2 | - Ignition switch: ON <br> - Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT and listen to operating sound. | Solenoid valve makes the operating sound. | - Harness and connectors <br> - Solenoid valve |
| ENGINE MOUNTING | - Ignition switch: ON <br> - Turn electronic controlled engine mount "IDLE" and "TRVL" with CONSULT. | Electronic controlled engine mount makes the operating sound. | - Harness and connectors <br> - Electronic controlled engine mount |
| PURG VOL CONT/V | - Engine: After warming up, run engine at $1,500 \mathrm{rpm}$. <br> - Change the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve opening percent using CONSULT. | Engine speed changes according to the opening percent. | - Harness and connectors <br> - Solenoid valve |
| FUEL/T TEMP SEN | - Change the fuel tank temperature using CONSULT. |  |  |
| VENT CONTROL/V | - Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) <br> - Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT and listen to operating sound. | Solenoid valve makes an operating sound. | - Harness and connectors <br> - Solenoid valve |
| INT V/T ASSIGN ANGLE | - Engine: Return to the original non-standard condition <br> - Change intake valve timing using CONSULT. | If malfunctioning symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM. | - Harness and connectors <br> - Intake valve timing control solenoid valve |
| EXH V/T ASSIGN ANGLE | - Engine: Return to the original non-standard condition <br> - Change exhaust valve timing using CONSULT. | If malfunctioning symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM. | - Harness and connectors <br> - Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve |

*: Leaving cooling fan OFF with CONSULT while engine is running may cause the engine to overheat.
DTC WORK SUPPORT MODE
Test Item

| Test mode |  | Test item | Corresponding DTC No. |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM | EVP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456* | P0456 | EC-337 |
|  | PURG VOL CN/V P1444 | P0443 | EC-311 |
|  | PURG FLOW P0441 | P0441 | EC-306 |
|  | A/F SEN1(B1) P1278/P1279 | - | - |
|  | A/F SEN1(B1) P1276 | P0130 | EC-225 |
|  | A/F SEN1(B2) P1288/P1289 | - | - |
|  | A/F SEN1(B2) P1286 | P0150 | EC-225 |
| HO2S2 | HO2S2(B1) P1146 | P0138 | EC-241 |
|  | HO2S2(B1) P1147 | P0137 | EC-235 |
|  | HO2S2(B1) P0139 | P0139 | EC-248 |
|  | HO2S2(B2) P1166 | P0158 | EC-241 |
|  | HO2S2(B2) P1167 | P0157 | EC-235 |
|  | HO2S2(B2) P0159 | P0159 | EC-248 |

*: DTC P1442 and P1456 does not apply to this model but appears in DTC Work Support Mode screens.

## SRT \& P-DTC MODE

SRT STATUS Mode

- For items whose SRT codes are set, "CMPLT" is displayed on the CONSULT screen; for items whose SRT codes are not set, "INCMP" is displayed.
- "SRT STATUS" provides the presence or absence of permanent DTCs stored in ECM memory.

PERMANENT DTC STATUS Mode
How to display permanent DTC status

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Select "PERMANENT DTC STATUS" in "DTC \& SRT CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.

NOTE:
Permanent DTCs stored in ECM memory are displayed on the CONSULT screen to show if a driving pattern required for erasing permanent DTCs is complete (CMPLT) or incomplete (INCMP). CAUTION:
Since the "PERMANENT DTC STATUS" screen displays the previous trip information, repeat the following twice to update the information: "Ignition switch OFF", "Wait for more than 10 seconds" and "Ignition switch ON".


NOTE:
This mode is not used in regions that permanent DTCs are not regulated by law.

## SRT WORK SUPPORT Mode

This mode enables a technician to drive a vehicle to set the SRT while monitoring the SRT status.
PERMANENT DTC WORK SUPPORT Mode
This mode enables a technician to drive a vehicle to complete the driving pattern that is required for erasing permanent DTC.
NOTE:
This mode is not used in regions that permanent DTCs are not regulated by law.

## ECU DIAGNOSIS INFORMATION <br> ECM

## Reference Value

## VALUES ON THE DIAGNOSIS TOOL

NOTE:

- The following table includes information (items) inapplicable to this vehicle. For information (items) applicable to this vehicle, refer to CONSULT display items.
- Numerical values in the following table are reference values.
- These values are input/output values that ECM receives/transmits and may differ from actual operations.

Example: The ignition timing shown by the timing light may differ from the ignition timing displayed on the data monitor. This occurs because the timing light shows a value calculated by ECM according to signals received from the cam shaft position sensor and other sensors related to ignition timing.
For outlines of following items, refer to EC-73, "CONSULT Function".

| Monitor Item | Condition |  | Values/Status |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENG SPEED | Run engine and compare CONSULT value with the tachometer indication. |  | Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication. |
| MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz) | See EC-164, "Description". |  |  |
| B/FUEL SCHDL | See EC-164, "Description". |  |  |
| A/F ALPHA-B1 | See EC-164, "Description". |  |  |
| A/F ALPHA-B2 | See EC-164, "Description". |  |  |
| COOLANT TEMP/S | - Engine: After warming up |  | More than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| A/F SEN1 (B1) | - Engine: After warming up | Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm | Fluctuates around 2.2 V |
| A/F SEN1 (B2) | - Engine: After warming up | Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm | Fluctuates around 2.2 V |
| HO2S2 (B1) | - Revving engine from idle to $3,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ quickly after the following conditions are met. <br> - Engine: After warming up <br> - After keeping engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0-0.3 \mathrm{~V} \longleftrightarrow \rightarrow \text { Approx. } 0.6- \\ & 1.0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| HO2S2 (B2) | - Revving engine from idle to $3,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ quickly after the following conditions are met. <br> - Engine: After warming up <br> - After keeping engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0-0.3 \mathrm{~V} \longleftrightarrow \rightarrow \text { Approx. } 0.6- \\ & 1.0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| HO2S2 MNTR (B1) | - Revving engine from idle to $3,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ quickly after the following conditions are met. <br> - Engine: After warming up <br> - After keeping engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load |  | LEAN $\longleftrightarrow$ RICH |
| HO2S2 MNTR (B2) | - Revving engine from idle to $3,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ quickly after the following conditions are met. <br> - Engine: After warming up <br> - After keeping engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load |  | LEAN $\longleftrightarrow$ RICH |
| VHCL SPEED SE | - Turn drive wheels and compare CONSULT value with the speedometer indication. |  | Almost the same speed as speedometer indication |
| BATTERY VOLT | - Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) |  | 11-14V |
| ACCEL SEN 1 | - Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) | Accelerator pedal: Fully released | 0.5-1.0 V |
|  |  | Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed | 4.2-4.8 V |
| ACCEL SEN $2^{* 1}$ | - Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) | Accelerator pedal: Fully released | 0.5-1.0 V |
|  |  | Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed | 4.2-4.8 V |


| Monitor Item | Condition |  | Values/Status |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TP SEN 1-B1 | - Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) <br> - Selector lever: D position | Accelerator pedal: Fully released | More than 0.36 V |
|  |  | Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed | Less than 4.75 V |
| TP SEN 2-B1*1 | - Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) <br> - Selector lever: D position | Accelerator pedal: Fully released | More than 0.36 V |
|  |  | Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed | Less than 4.75 V |
| FUEL T/TMP SE | - Ignition switch: ON |  | Indicates fuel tank temperature |
| INT/A TEMP SE | - Ignition switch: ON |  | Indicates intake air temperature |
| EVAP SYS PRES | - Ignition switch: ON |  | Approx. 1.8-4.8 V |
| FUEL LEVEL SE | - Ignition switch: ON |  | Depending on fuel level of fuel tank |
| START SIGNAL | - Ignition switch: ON $\rightarrow$ START $\rightarrow$ ON |  | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON $\rightarrow$ OFF |
| CLSD THL POS | - Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped) | Accelerator pedal: Fully released | ON |
|  |  | Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed | OFF |
| AIR COND SIG | - Engine: After warming up, idle the engine | Air conditioner switch: OFF | OFF |
|  |  | Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor operates.) | ON |
| P/N POSI SW | - Ignition switch: ON | Selector lever: P or N position | ON |
|  |  | Selector lever: Except above position | OFF |
| PW/ST SIGNAL | - Engine: After warming up, idle the engine | Steering wheel: Not being turned | OFF |
|  |  | Steering wheel: Being turned | ON |
| LOAD SIGNAL | - Ignition switch: ON | Rear window defogger switch: ON and/or <br> Lighting switch: 2nd position | ON |
|  |  | Rear window defogger switch and lighting switch: OFF | OFF |
| IGNITION SW | - Ignition switch: $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow$ OFF $\rightarrow$ ON |  | $\mathrm{ON} \rightarrow \mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON}$ |
| HEATER FAN SW | - Engine: After warming up, idle the engine | Heater fan switch: ON | ON |
|  |  | Heater fan switch: OFF | OFF |
| BRAKE SW | - Ignition switch: ON | Brake pedal: Fully released | OFF |
|  |  | Brake pedal: Slightly depressed | ON |
| INJ PULSE-B1 | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Idle | $2.0-3.0 \mathrm{msec}$ |
|  |  | 2,000 rpm | 1.9-2.9 msec |
| INJ PULSE-B2 | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Idle | 2.0-3.0 msec |
|  |  | 2,000 rpm | 1.9-2.9 msec |
| IGN TIMING | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Idle | 7-17${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{BTDC}$ |
|  |  | 2,000 rpm | 25-45${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{BTDC}$ |
| CAL/LD VALUE | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Idle | 5-35\% |
|  |  | 2,500 rpm | 5-35\% |
| MASS AIRFLOW | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Idle | $2.0-6.0 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  |  | 2,500 rpm | 7.0-20.0 g/s |


| Monitor Item | Condition |  | Values/Status |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PURG VOL C/V | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Idle <br> (Accelerator pedal: Not depressed even slightly, after engine starting.) | 0\% |
|  |  | 2,000 rpm | - |
| INT/V TIM (B1) | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Idle | $-5-5^{\circ} \mathrm{CA}$ |
|  |  | 2,000 rpm | Approx. $0-30^{\circ} \mathrm{CA}$ |
| INT/V TIM (B2) | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Idle | $-5-5^{\circ} \mathrm{CA}$ |
|  |  | 2,000 rpm | Approx. $0-30^{\circ} \mathrm{CA}$ |
| INT/V SOL (B1) | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Idle | 0-2\% |
|  |  | 2,000 rpm | Approx. 0-50\% |
| INT/V SOL (B2) | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Idle | 0-2\% |
|  |  | 2,000 rpm | Approx. 0-50\% |
| VIAS S/V-1 | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | When revving engine up to $5,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ quickly | $\mathrm{OFF} \rightarrow \mathrm{ON} \rightarrow$ OFF |
| VIAS S/V-2 | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | When revving engine up to $5,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ quickly | OFF $\rightarrow$ ON $\rightarrow$ OFF |
| AIR COND RLY | - Engine: After warming up, idle the engine | Air conditioner switch: OFF | OFF |
|  |  | Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor operates) | ON |
| ENGINE MOUNT | - Engine: After warming up | Below 950 rpm | IDLE |
|  |  | Above 950 rpm | TRVL |
| FUEL PUMP RLY | - For 1 second after turning ignition switch: ON <br> - Engine running or cranking |  | ON |
|  | - Except above |  | OFF |
| VENT CONT/V | - Ignition switch: ON |  | OFF |
| THRTL RELAY | - Ignition switch: ON |  | ON |
| COOLING FAN | - Engine: After warming up, idle the engine <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF | Engine coolant temperature: $97^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( $206{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) or less | OFF |
|  |  | Engine coolant temperature: Between $98^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(208^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and $99^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(210^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | LOW |
|  |  | Engine coolant temperature: Between $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(212^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and $104^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(219^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | MID |
|  |  | Engine coolant temperature: $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( $221^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) or more | HI |
| HO2S2 HTR (B1) | - Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met. <br> - Engine: After warming up <br> - Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load |  | ON |
|  | - Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm |  | OFF |


| Monitor Item | Condition |  | Values/Status |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HO2S2 HTR (B2) | - Engine speed: Below $3,600 \mathrm{rpm}$ after the following conditions are met. <br> - Engine: After warming up <br> - Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load |  | ON |
|  | - Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm |  | OFF |
| I/P PULLY SPD | - Vehicle speed: More than $20 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ (12 MPH) |  | Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication |
| VEHICLE SPEED | - Turn drive wheels and compare CONSULT value with the speedometer indication. |  | Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication |
| IDL A/V LEARN | - Engine: Running | Idle air volume learning has not been performed yet. | YET |
|  |  | Idle air volume learning has already been performed successfully. | CMPLT |
| ENG OIL TEMP | - Engine: After warming up |  | More than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| TRVL AFTER MIL | - Ignition switch: ON | Vehicle has traveled after MIL has illuminated. | $\begin{aligned} & 0-65,535 \mathrm{~km} \\ & (0-40,723 \text { miles }) \end{aligned}$ |
| A/F S1 HTR (B1) | - Engine: After warming up, idle the engine (More than 140 seconds after starting engine) |  | 4-100\% |
| A/F S1 HTR (B2) | - Engine: After warming up, idle the engine (More than 140 seconds after starting engine) |  | 4-100\% |
| AC PRESS SEN | - Engine: Idle <br> - Both A/C switch and blower fan switch: ON (Compressor operates) |  | 1.0-4.0 V |
| VHCL SPEED SE | - Turn drive wheels and compare CONSULT value with the speedometer indication. |  | Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication |
| SET VHCL SPD | - Engine: Running | ASCD: Operating | The preset vehicle speed is displayed |
| MAIN SW | - Ignition switch: ON | MAIN switch: Pressed | ON |
|  |  | MAIN switch: Released | OFF |
| CANCEL SW | - Ignition switch: ON | CANCEL switch: Pressed | ON |
|  |  | CANCEL switch: Released | OFF |
| RESUME/ACC SW | - Ignition switch: ON | RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed | ON |
|  |  | RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Released | OFF |
| SET SW | - Ignition switch: ON | SET/COAST switch: Pressed | ON |
|  |  | SET/COAST switch: Released | OFF |
| BRAKE SW1 (Brake pedal position switch) | - Ignition switch: ON | Brake pedal: Fully released | ON |
|  |  | Brake pedal: Slightly depressed | OFF |
| BRAKE SW2 <br> (Stop lamp switch) | - Ignition switch: ON | Brake pedal: Fully released | OFF |
|  |  | Brake pedal: Slightly depressed | ON |
| VHCL SPD CUT | - Ignition switch: ON |  | NON |
| LO SPEED CUT | - Ignition switch: ON |  | NON |
| AT OD MONITOR | - Ignition switch: ON |  | OFF |
| AT OD CANCEL | - Ignition switch: ON |  | OFF |
| CRUISE LAMP | - Ignition switch: ON | MAIN switch: Pressed at the 1st time $\rightarrow$ at the 2nd time | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF |
| SET LAMP | - MAIN switch: ON <br> - When vehicle speed is between $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(25 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) and $144 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ (89 MPH) | ASCD: Operating | ON |
|  |  | ASCD: Not operating | OFF |


| Monitor Item | Condition |  | Values/Status |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALT DUTY | - Engine: Idle |  | 0-80\% |
| A/F ADJ-B1 | - Engine: Running |  | -0.330-0.330 |
| A/F ADJ-B2 | - Engine: Running |  | $-0.330-0.330$ |
| BAT CUR SEN | - Engine speed: Idle <br> - Battery: Fully charged*2 <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load |  | Approx. 2,600-3,500 mV |
| ALT DUTY SIG | - Power generation voltage variable control: Operating |  | ON |
|  | - Power generation voltage variable control: Not operating |  | OFF |
| EVAP LEAK DIAG | Ignition switch: ON |  | Indicates the condition of EVAP leak diagnosis. |
| EVAP DIAG READY | Ignition switch: ON |  | Indicates the ready condition of EVAP leak diagnosis. |
| HO2 S2 DIAG1 (B1) | DTC P0139 self-diagnosis (delayed response) is incomplete. |  | INCMP |
|  | DTC P0139 self-diagnosis (delayed response) is complete. |  | CMPLT |
| HO2 S2 DIAG1 (B2) | DTC P0159 self-diagnosis (delayed response) is incomplete. |  | INCMP |
|  | DTC P0159 self-diagnosis (delayed response) is complete. |  | CMPLT |
| HO2 S2 DIAG2 (B1) | DTC P0139 self-diagnosis (slow response) is incomplete. |  | INCMP |
|  | DTC P0139 self-diagnosis (slow response) is complete. |  | CMPLT |
| HO2 S2 DIAG2 (B2) | DTC P0159 self-diagnosis (slow response) is incomplete. |  | INCMP |
|  | DTC P0159 self-diagnosis (slow response) is complete. |  | CMPLT |
| THRTL STK CNT $B 1^{* 3}$ | - |  | - |
| BAT TEMP SEN | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Idle | Indicates the temperature around the battery. |
| FUEL PUMP DUTY | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Idle | 30-40\% |
| EOP SENSOR | - Engine: After warming up <br> - Selector lever: P or N <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Idle | Approx. 1.45 V |
|  |  | 2,000 rpm | Approx. 2.85 V |
| VTC DTY EX B1*3 | - |  | - |
| VTC DTY EX B2*3 | - |  | - |
| A/F-S ATMSPHRC CRCT B1 | Engine: After warming up, idle the engine |  | Varies depending on vehicle environment. |
| A/F-S ATMSPHRC CRCT B2 | Engine: After warming up, idle the engine |  | Varies depending on vehicle environment. |
| A/F-S ATMSPHRC CRCT UP B1 | Engine: Running |  | Varies depending on the number of updates. |
| SYSTEM 1 DIAGNOSIS A B1 | DTC P219A self-diagnosis is incomplete. |  | INCMP |
|  | DTC P219A self-diagnosis is incomplete. |  | CMPLT |
| SYSTEM 1 DIAGNOSIS A B2 | DTC P219B self-diagnosis is incomplete. |  | INCMP |
|  | DTC P219B self-diagnosis is incomplete. |  | CMPLT |
| SYSTEM 1 DIAGNOSIS B B1 | DTC P219A self-diagnosis is on standby. |  | ABSENT |
|  | DTC P219A self-diagnosis is under diagnosis. |  | PRSENT |

< ECU DIAGNOSIS INFORMATION >

| Monitor Item | Condition | Values/Status |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SYSTEM 1 DIAG- <br> NOSIS B B2 | DTC P219B self-diagnosis is on standby. | ABSENT |
| A/F-S ATMSPHRC <br> CRCT UP B2 | DTC P219B self-diagnosis is under diagnosis. | PRSENT |

*1: Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal and throttle position sensor 2 signal are converted by ECM internally. Thus, they differ from ECM terminals voltage signal.
*2: Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to PG-110, "How to Handle Battery".
*3: The item is indicated, but not used.

## TERMINAL LAYOUT



## PHYSICAL VALUES

## NOTE:

- ECM is located in the engine room left side near battery.
- Specification data are reference values.
- Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT.

| Terminal No. |  | Description |  | Condition | Value (Approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | -- | Signal name | Input/ Output |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ (\mathrm{P}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Throttle control motor (Close) | Output | [Ignition switch: ON] <br> - Engine stopped <br> - Selector lever: D position <br> - Accelerator pedal: Fully released | $0-14 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> $500 \mu \mathrm{Sec} / \mathrm{div}$ <br> 5V/div <br> JMBIA1125GB |
| $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ (\mathrm{G} / \mathrm{W}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Throttle control motor power supply | Input | [Ignition switch: ON] | BATTERY VOLTAGE <br> (11-14 V) |


| Terminal No. |  | Description |  | Condition | Value <br> (Approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | - | Signal name | Input/ Output |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ (\mathrm{~L}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Throttle control motor (Open) | Output | [Ignition switch: ON] <br> - Engine stopped <br> - Selector lever: D position <br> - Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed | $0-14 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> $500 \mu \mathrm{Sec} / \mathrm{div}$ <br> V/div <br> JMBIA0031GB |
|  |  |  |  | [Ignition switch: ON] <br> - Engine stopped <br> - Selector lever: D position <br> - Accelerator pedal: Fully released | $0-14 \vee \star$ <br> $500 \mu \mathrm{Sec} / \mathrm{div}$ <br> V/div <br> JMBIA0032GB |
| $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ (\mathrm{GR}) \end{gathered}$ | - | Sensor ground [Knock sensor (bank 1), Knock sensor (bank 2)] | - | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ (\mathrm{~B}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ (\mathrm{GR}) \end{gathered}$ | Knock sensor (bank 1) | Input | [Engine is running] Idle speed | $2.5 \mathrm{~V}^{\star 1}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ (\mathrm{BR} / \mathrm{Y}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & (\mathrm{~B}) \end{aligned}$ | A/F sensor 1 heater (bank 1) | Output | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Idle speed (More than 140 seconds after starting engine) | 2.9-8.8 V $\star$ $50 \mathrm{mSec} / \mathrm{div}$ $\square$ <br> 5V/div <br> JMBIA0902GB |
| $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ (P / B) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 1) | Output | [Engine is running] <br> Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met <br> - Engine: after warming up <br> - Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load |  |
|  |  |  |  | - [Ignition switch: ON] Engine stopped <br> - [Engine is running] Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm | BATTERY VOLTAGE $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| $8$ | $152$ | Throttle control motor relay | Output | [Ignition switch: ON $\rightarrow$ OFF] | $\begin{gathered} 0-1.0 \mathrm{~V} \rightarrow \text { BATTERY VOLTAGE } \\ (11-14 \mathrm{~V}) \rightarrow 0 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  | [Ignition switch: ON] | 0-1.0 V |
| $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ (W) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ (\mathrm{GR}) \end{gathered}$ | Knock sensor (bank 2) | Input | [Engine is running] Idle speed | $2.5 \mathrm{~V}^{\star 1}$ |
| $10$ (B) | - | ECM ground | - | - | - |


| Terminal No. |  | Description |  | Condition | Value (Approx.) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | - | Signal name | Input/ Output |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 (L/W) 12 (LG/R) <br> 16 (R/W) | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & (\mathrm{~B}) \end{aligned}$ | Fuel injector No. 5 <br> Fuel injector No. 4 <br> Fuel injector No. 2 | Output | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Engine speed: 2,000 rpm | BATTERY VOLTAGE $(11-14 \mathrm{~V}) \searrow$ <br> $50 \mathrm{mSec} / \mathrm{div}$ <br> 10V/div <br> JMBIA0048GB |  |  |  |
| 17 <br> (R/B) <br> 21 <br> (P/B) <br> 22 <br> (R/Y) |  | Fuel injector No. 1 <br> Fuel injector No. 6 <br> Fuel injector No. 3 |  | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Idle speed NOTE: <br> The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle | BATTERY VOLTAGE $(11-14 V)$ <br> $50 \mathrm{mSec} / \mathrm{div}$ <br> 10V/div <br> JMBIA0047GB |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 13 \\ \text { (G) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Engine oil temperature sensor | Input | [Engine is running] | $0-4.8 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Output voltage varies with engine oil temperature. |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 14 \\ (\mathrm{LG}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & (\mathrm{Y}) \end{aligned}$ | Engine oil pressure sensor | Input | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Idle speed |  |  | $1.3 \vee \star$ <br> $5 \mathrm{mSec} / \mathrm{div}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Engine speed is 2,000 rpm | $\stackrel{ }{+}$ | V/div | $$ | JPBIA3360ZZ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | - | Sensor ground (Engine oil temperature sensor, engine oil pressure sensor) | - | - |  |  | - |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & (\mathrm{Y}) \end{aligned}$ | 15 <br> (B) <br> 25 <br> (G) | Sensor power supply (Engine oil pressure sensor) <br> Sensor power supply (Refrigerant pressure sensor) | - | [lgnition switch: ON] | 5 V |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & (\mathrm{~B}) \end{aligned}$ | Fuel pump relay | Output | - [Ignition switch: ON] <br> For 1 second after turning ignition switch ON <br> - [Engine is running] | 0-1.0 V |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & \text { (R) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & \text { (G) } \end{aligned}$ | Refrigerant pressure sensor | Input | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Both A/C switch and blower fan motor switch: ON (Compressor operates) | 1.0-4.0 V |  |  |  |


| Terminal No. |  | Description |  | Condition | Value (Approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | -- | Signal name | Input/ Output |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & \text { (G) } \end{aligned}$ | - | Sensor ground (Refrigerant pressure sensor) | - | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 28 \\ \text { (BR) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 40 \\ (\mathrm{LG}) \end{gathered}$ | Sensor power supply [Exhaust valve timing control position sensor (bank 1), exhaust valve timing control position sensor (bank 2), crankshaft position sensor (POS), mass air flow sensor] | Input | [Engine is running] | 5 V |
| $\begin{aligned} & 31 \\ & (\mathrm{Y}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Engine coolant temperature sensor | Input | [Engine is running] | $0-4.8 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Output voltage varies with engine coolant temperature. |
| $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ (\mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{L}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2) | Input | [Engine is running] Revving engine from idle to $3,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ quickly after the following conditions are met <br> - Engine: after warming up <br> - Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load | 0-1.0 V |
| $\begin{gathered} 34 \\ (\mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{Y}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 40 \\ (\mathrm{LG}) \end{gathered}$ | Intake air temperature sensor | Input | [Engine is running] | $0-4.8 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Output voltage varies with intake air temperature. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | - | Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor 2, engine coolant temperature sensor) | - | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 36 \\ (\mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{B}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 40 \\ (\mathrm{LG}) \end{gathered}$ | Crankshaft position sensor (POS) | Input | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle | 2V/div <br> JMBIA0041GB |
|  |  |  |  | [Engine is running] Engine speed: 2,000 rpm | 4.0-5.0 <br> $1 \mathrm{mSec} / \mathrm{div}$ $2 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{div}$ <br> JMBIA0042GB |




| Terminal No. |  | Description |  | Condition | Value (Approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | -- | Signal name | Input/ Output |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 49 \\ (\mathrm{BR} / \mathrm{W}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid valve | Output | [Engine is running] Idle speed | 0-1.0 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Engine is running] <br> Engine speed: More than 950 rpm | BATTERY VOLTAGE $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 51 \\ & (\mathrm{~L}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Power supply for ECM (Valve) | Input | [Ignition switch: ON] | BATTERY VOLTAGE $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 54 \\ (\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{L}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve | Output | [Engine is running] <br> - Idle speed <br> - Accelerator pedal: Not depressed even slightly, after engine starting | BATTERY VOLTAGE $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ <br> $50 \mathrm{mSec} / \mathrm{div}$ <br> 10V/div <br> JMBIA0039GB |
|  |  |  |  | [Engine is running] Engine speed: approximately 2,000 rpm (More than 100 sec onds after starting engine) | BATTERY VOLTAGE <br> (11-14V) <br> $50 \mathrm{mSec} / \mathrm{div}$ <br> 10V/div <br> JMBIAOO4OGB |
| $\begin{gathered} 55 \\ (B / Y) \end{gathered}$ | - | ECM ground | - | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 58 \\ (\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{B}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 1) | Output | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Idle speed | 0 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Engine speed: 2,000rpm | BATTERY VOLTAGE $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 60 \\ \text { (W) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 2) | Output | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Idle speed | 0 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Engine speed: 2,000rpm | battery voltage $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 64 \\ (\mathrm{G} / \mathrm{B}) \end{gathered}$ | - | Sensor ground (Battery current sensor, battery temperature sensor) | - | - | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & 66 \\ & (\mathrm{~L}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | A/F sensor 1 (bank 1) | Input | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Engine speed: 2,000 rpm | 1.8 V |
| $\begin{aligned} & 67 \\ & (P) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | A/F sensor 1 (bank 1) | Input | [Ignition switch: ON] | $2.2 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Output voltage varies with air fuel ratio. |
| $\begin{gathered} 68 \\ \text { (W) } \end{gathered}$ | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 69 \\ (\mathrm{BR}) \end{gathered}$ | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 70 \\ \text { (GR) } \end{gathered}$ | - | Shield | - | - | - |



| Terminal No. |  | Description |  | Condition | Value (Approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | -- | Signal name | Input/ Output |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 86 \\ (W / B) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | ECM relay (Self shut-off) | Output | - [Engine is running] <br> - [Ignition switch: OFF] A few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF | 0-1.5 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Ignition switch: OFF] More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF | BATTERY VOLTAGE <br> (11-14V) |
| $\begin{gathered} 87 \\ (R / Y) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 64 \\ (\mathrm{G} / \mathrm{B}) \end{gathered}$ | Sensor power supply (Battery current sensor) | - | [Ignition switch: ON] | 5 V |
| $\begin{gathered} 89 \\ (B R / W) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 90 \\ (\mathrm{~B} / \mathrm{R}) \end{gathered}$ | Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 2) | Input | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Idle speed <br> NOTE: <br> The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle |  |
|  |  |  |  | [Engine is running] Engine speed is 2,000 rpm |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 90 \\ (\mathrm{~B} / \mathrm{R}) \end{gathered}$ | - | Sensor ground [Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 1), camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 2)] | - | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 92 \\ (\mathrm{G} / \mathrm{W}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 90 \\ (\mathrm{~B} / \mathrm{R}) \end{gathered}$ | Sensor power supply [Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 1), camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 2)] | - | [Ignition switch: ON] | 5 V |
| $\begin{gathered} 98 \\ \text { (G) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor) | - | [Ignition switch: ON] | 5 V |
| $\begin{aligned} & 101 \\ & (\mathrm{P}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Starter motor relay cut off signal | Output | [Ignition switch: ON] | 0 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Engine is running] <br> - Idle speed | BATTERY VOLTAGE $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 102 \\ (\mathrm{GR} / \mathrm{B}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | VIAS control solenoid valve 2 | Output | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Idle speed | BATTERY VOLTAGE $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ |
|  |  |  |  | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - When revving engine up to 5,000 rpm quickly | BATTERY VOLTAGE $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ $\downarrow$ $0-1.0 \mathrm{~V}$ $\downarrow$ BATTERY VOLTAGE $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ |



| Terminal No. |  | Description |  | Condition | Value (Approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | -- | Signal name | Input/ Output |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 120 \\ & \text { (BR) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve (bank 2) | Output | [Engine is running] <br> - Warm-up condition <br> - Idle speed | 0 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Engine is running] <br> - Cold condition [Engine coolant temperature: below $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ )] <br> - Idle speed | Battery voltage $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 121 \\ & (L G) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 148 \\ & (\mathrm{~V}) \end{aligned}$ | EVAP control system pressure sensor | Input | [Ignition switch: ON] | 1.8-4.8 V |
| $\begin{aligned} & 123 \\ & (\mathrm{P}) \end{aligned}$ | - | CAN communication line (CAN-L) | Input/ Output | - | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & 124 \\ & (\mathrm{~L}) \end{aligned}$ | - | CAN communication line (CAN-H) | Input/ Output | - | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & 125 \\ & \text { (W) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 148 \\ & (\mathrm{~V}) \end{aligned}$ | Sensor power supply (EVAP control system pressure sensor) | - | [Ignition switch: ON] | 5 V |
| $\begin{aligned} & 128 \\ & (Y) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 148 \\ & (\mathrm{~V}) \end{aligned}$ | Fuel tank temperature sensor | Input | [Engine is running] | $0-4.8 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Output voltage varies with fuel tank temperature. |
| $\begin{gathered} 133 \\ \text { (BR) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Ignition switch | Input | [Ignition switch: OFF] | 0 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Ignition switch: ON] | Battery voltage $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 134 \\ & (\mathrm{Y}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 135 \\ & \text { (BR) } \end{aligned}$ | ASCD steering switch | Input | [Ignition switch: ON] ASCD steering switch: OFF | 4 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Ignition switch: ON] MAIN switch: Pressed | 0 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Ignition switch: ON] CANCEL switch: Pressed | 1 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Ignition switch: ON] RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed | 3 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Ignition switch: ON] SET/COAST switch: Pressed | 2 V |
| $\begin{aligned} & 135 \\ & \text { (BR) } \end{aligned}$ | - | Sensor ground (ASCD steering switch) | - | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 139 \\ (\mathrm{SB}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Stop lamp switch | Input | [Ignition switch: OFF] Brake pedal: Fully released | 0 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Ignition switch: OFF] <br> Brake pedal: Slightly depressed | BATTERY VOLTAGE $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 140 \\ & \text { (BR) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Brake pedal position switch | Input | [Ignition switch: ON] Brake pedal: Slightly depressed | 0 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Ignition switch: ON] Brake pedal: Fully released | BATTERY VOLTAGE $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 141 \\ & (\mathrm{~V}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 152 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | EVAP canister vent control valve | Output | [Ignition switch: ON] | BATTERY VOLTAGE <br> (11-14 V) |
| $\begin{gathered} 142 \\ (\mathrm{GR}) \end{gathered}$ | 144 <br> (G) | Sensor power supply (Accelerator pedal position sensor 2) | - | [Ignition switch: ON] | 5 V |


| Terminal No. |  | Description |  | Condition | Value (Approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | -- | Signal name | Input/ Output |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 143 \\ & (\mathrm{O}) \end{aligned}$ | $144$(G) | Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 | Input | [Ignition switch: ON] <br> - Engine stopped <br> - Accelerator pedal: Fully released | 0.25-0.50 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Ignition switch: ON] <br> - Engine stopped <br> - Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed | 2.0-2.5 V |
| $144$ <br> (G) | - | Sensor ground <br> (Accelerator pedal position sensor 2) | - | - | - |
| $145$ <br> (L) | 152 <br> (B) | Power supply for ECM | Input | [lgnition switch: ON] | BATTERY VOLTAGE $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 146 \\ & (\mathrm{P}) \end{aligned}$ | $151$ <br> (B) | Sensor power supply (Accelerator pedal position sensor 1) | - | [lgnition switch: ON] | 5 V |
| 147 <br> (B) <br> 149 <br> (B) <br> 152 <br> (B) | - | ECM ground | - | - | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & 148 \\ & (\mathrm{~V}) \end{aligned}$ | - | Sensor ground (EVAP control system pressure sensor, Fuel tank temperature sensor) | - | - | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & \text { (W) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 151 \\ & \text { (B) } \end{aligned}$ | Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 | Input | [Ignition switch: ON] <br> - Engine stopped <br> - Accelerator pedal: Fully released | 0.5-1.0 V |
|  |  |  |  | [Ignition switch: ON] <br> - Engine stopped <br> - Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed | 4.2-4.8V |
| $151$ <br> (B) | - | Sensor ground <br> (Accelerator pedal position sensor 1) | - | - | - |

$\star$ : Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)
*1: This may vary depending on internal resistance of the tester.
*2: Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to PG-110, "How to Handle Battery".

## Fail-safe

| Engine operating condi- <br> tion in fail-safe mode | Detected items | Remarks | Reference <br> page |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Engine speed will not <br> rise more than $2,500 \mathrm{rpm}$ <br> due to the fuel cut | Malfunction indicator <br> lamp circuit | When there is an open circuit on MIL circuit, the ECM cannot warn the <br> driver by illuminating MIL when there is malfunction on engine control <br> system. <br> Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related <br> diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the <br> driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open <br> by means of operating the fail-safe function. <br> The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL <br> circuit are detected and demands the driver to repair the malfunction. | EC-489 |

## DTC RELATED ITEM

| DTC No. | Detected items | Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0011 <br> P0021 | Intake valve timing control | The signal is not energized to the intake valve timing control solenoid valve and the valve <br> control does not function. |
| P0014 <br> P0024 | Exhaust valve timing con- |  |
| trol |  |  | | The signal is not energized to the exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve and the |
| :--- |
| valve control does not function. |


| DTC No. | Detected items | Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { P0605 } \\ & \text { P0606 } \\ & \text { P060B } \end{aligned}$ | ECM | NOTE: <br> Fail-safe may not occur depending on malfunction type. <br> - ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring. <br> - The position of the following components is fixed. <br> - Intake valve timing control solenoid valve <br> - Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve <br> - Intake manifold runner control valve <br> - ASCD operation may be deactivated. |
| P060A | ECM | NOTE: <br> Fail-safe may not occur depending on malfunction type. <br> - ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring. <br> - The position of the following components is fixed. <br> - Intake valve timing control solenoid valve <br> - Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve <br> - Intake manifold runner control valve <br> - Engine torque may be limited. <br> - ASCD operation may be deactivated. |
| P0643 | Sensor power supply | - ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring. <br> - The position of the following components is fixed. <br> - Intake valve timing control solenoid valve <br> - Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve <br> - Intake manifold runner control valve |
| P1805 | Brake switch | ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by regulating the throttle opening to a small range. <br> Therefore, acceleration will be poor. |
|  |  | Vehicle condition Driving condition |
|  |  | When engine is idling Normal |
|  |  | When accelerating Poor acceleration |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { P2100 } \\ & \text { P2103 } \end{aligned}$ | Throttle control motor relay | ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring. |
| P2101 | Electric throttle control function | ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring. |
| P2118 | Throttle control motor | ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring. |
| P2119 | Electric throttle control actuator | (When electric throttle control actuator does not function properly due to the return spring malfunction:) <br> ECM controls the electric throttle actuator by regulating the throttle opening around the idle position. The engine speed will not rise more than $2,000 \mathrm{rpm}$. |
|  |  | (When throttle valve opening angle in fail-safe mode is not in specified range:) ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by regulating the throttle opening to 20 degrees or less. |
|  |  | (When ECM detects the throttle valve is stuck open:) <br> While the vehicle is being driven, it slows down gradually because of fuel cut. After the vehicle stops, the engine stalls. <br> The engine can restart in the $N$ or $P$ position, and engine speed will not exceed $1,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ or more. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { P2122 } \\ & \text { P2123 } \\ & \text { P2127 } \\ & \text { P2128 } \\ & \text { P2138 } \end{aligned}$ | Accelerator pedal position sensor | The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees. <br> The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition. <br> Therefore, the acceleration will be poor. |

If some DTCs are displayed at the same time, perform inspections one by one based on the following priority chart.

| Priority | Detected items (DTC) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | - U0101 U1000 CAN communication line <br> - P0101 P0102 P0103 Mass air flow sensor <br> - P0111 P0112 P0113 P0127 Intake air temperature sensor <br> - P0116 P0117 P0118 P0125 Engine coolant temperature sensor <br> - P0122 P0123 P0222 P0223 P1225 P1226 P2135 Throttle position sensor <br> - P0128 Thermostat function <br> - P0181 P0182 P0183 Fuel tank temperature sensor <br> - P0196 P0197 P0198 Engine oil temperature sensor <br> - P0327 P0328 P0332 P0333 Knock sensor <br> - P0335 Crankshaft position sensor (POS) <br> - P0340 P0345 Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) <br> - P0460 P0461 P0462 P0463 Fuel level sensor <br> - P0500 Vehicle speed sensor <br> - P0520 EOP sensor <br> - P0603, P0604, P0605, P0606, P0607, P060A, P060B, P062F, P2610 ECM <br> - P0643 Sensor power supply <br> - P0850 Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch <br> - P1078, P1084 Exhaust valve timing control position sensor <br> - P1550 P1551 P1552 P1553 P1554 Battery current sensor <br> - P1556 P1557 Battery temperature sensor <br> - P1610-P1615 NATS <br> - P1650 Starter motor relay 2 <br> - P1651 Starter motor relay <br> - P1652 Starter motor communication line <br> - P2122 P2123 P2127 P2128 P2138 Accelerator pedal position sensor |
| 2 | - P0030 P0031 P0032 P0036 P0051 P0052 Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater <br> - P0037 P0038 P0057 P0058 P0141 P0161 Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater <br> - P0078, P0084 Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve <br> - P0075 P0081 Intake valve timing control solenoid valve <br> - P0130 P0131 P0132 P014C P014D P014E P014F P0150 P0151 P0152 P015A P015B P015C P015D P2096 P2097 P2098 P2099 Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 <br> - P0137 P0138 P0139 P0157 P0158 P0159 Heated oxygen sensor 2 <br> - P0441 EVAP control system purge flow monitoring <br> - P0443 P0444 P0445 EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve <br> - P0447 P0448 EVAP canister vent control valve <br> - P0451 P0452 P0453 EVAP control system pressure sensor <br> - P1217 Engine over temperature (OVERHEAT) <br> - P1800 P1801 VIAS control solenoid valve <br> - P1805 Brake switch <br> - P2100 P2103 Throttle control motor relay <br> - P2101 Electric throttle control function <br> - P2118 Throttle control motor |

3 - P0011 P0021 P052A P052B P052C P052D Intake valve timing control

- P0014, P0024 Exhaust valve timing control
- P0171 P0172 P0174 P0175 Fuel injection system function
- P0300-P0306 Misfire
- P0420 P0430 Three way catalyst function
- P0456 EVAP control system (SMALL LEAK, VERY SMALL LEAK)
- P0506 P0507 Idle speed control system
- P050A P050E Cold start control
- P0524 Engine oil pressure
- P1148 P1168 Closed loop control
- P1212 TCS communication line
- P1564 ASCD steering switch
- P1572 Brake pedal position switch
- P1574 ASCD vehicle speed sensor
- P1715 Primary speed sensor
- P2119 Electric throttle control actuator
- P219A P219B Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1
$\times$ :Applicable -: Not applicable

| DTC** |  | Items (CONSULT screen terms) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SRT } \\ & \text { code } \end{aligned}$ | Trip | MIL | Permanent DTC group* ${ }^{*}$ | Reference page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { CONSULT } \\ \text { GST }^{* 2} \end{gathered}$ | ECM*3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U0101 | 0101*5 | LOST COMM (ECM) | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-176 |
| U1000 | $1000 * 5$ | CAN COMM CIRCUIT | - | 2 | - | - | EC-177 |
| P0000 | 0000 | NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED. | - | - | Blinking ${ }^{* 8}$ | - | - |
| P0011 | 0011 | INT/V TIM CONT-B1 | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-178 |
| P0014 | 0014 | EXH/V TIM CONT-B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-181 |
| P0021 | 0021 | INT/V TIM CONT-B2 | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-178 |
| P0024 | 0024 | EXH/V TIM CONT-B2 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-181 |
| P0030 | 0030 | A/F SEN1 HTR (B1) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-187 |
| P0031 | 0031 | A/F SEN1 HTR (B1) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-187 |
| P0032 | 0032 | A/F SEN1 HTR (B1) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-187 |
| P0036 | 0036 | A/F SEN1 HTR (B2) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-187 |
| P0037 | 0037 | HO2S2 HTR (B1) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-189 |
| P0038 | 0038 | HO2S2 HTR (B1) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-189 |
| P0051 | 0051 | A/F SEN1 HTR (B2) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-187 |
| P0052 | 0052 | A/F SEN1 HTR (B2) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-187 |
| P0057 | 0057 | HO2S2 HTR (B2) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-189 |
| P0058 | 0058 | HO2S2 HTR (B2) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-189 |
| P0075 | 0075 | INT/V TIM V/CIR-B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-192 |
| P0078 | 0078 | EX V/T ACT/CIRC-B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-194 |
| P0081 | 0081 | INT/V TIM V/CIR-B2 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-192 |
| P0084 | 0084 | EX V/T ACT/CIRC-B2 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-194 |
| P0101 | 0101 | MAF SEN/CIRCUIT-B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-197 |
| P0102 | 0102 | MAF SEN/CIRCUIT-B1 | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-202 |
| P0103 | 0103 | MAF SEN/CIRCUIT-B1 | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-202 |
| P0111 | 0111 | IAT SENSOR 1 B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-207 |
| P0112 | 0112 | IAT SEN/CIRCUIT-B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-209 |
| P0113 | 0113 | IAT SEN/CIRCUIT-B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-209 |
| P0116 | 0116 | ECT SEN/CIRC | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-211 |
| P0117 | 0117 | ECT SEN/CIRC | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-213 |
| P0118 | 0118 | ECT SEN/CIRC | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-213 |
| P0122 | 0122 | TP SEN 2/CIRC-B1 | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-215 |
| P0123 | 0123 | TP SEN 2/CIRC-B1 | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-215 |
| P0125 | 0125 | ECT SENSOR | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-218 |
| P0127 | 0127 | IAT SENSOR-B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-220 |
| P0128 | 0128 | THERMSTAT FNCTN | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-222 |
| P0130 | 0130 | A/F SENSOR1 (B1) | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-225 |
| P0131 | 0131 | A/F SENSOR1 (B1) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-229 |
| P0132 | 0132 | A/F SENSOR1 (B1) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-232 |


| DTC*1 |  | Items (CONSULT screen terms) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SRT } \\ & \text { code } \end{aligned}$ | Trip | MIL | Permanent DTC group* ${ }^{*}$ | Reference page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { CONSULT } \\ \text { GST**2 } \end{gathered}$ | ECM*3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| P0137 | 0137 | HO2S2 (B1) | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-235 |
| P0138 | 0138 | HO2S2 (B1) | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-241 |
| P0139 | 0139 | HO2S2 (B1) | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-248 |
| P0141 | 0141 | HO2S2 HTR (B1) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-189 |
| P014C | 014C | A/F SENSOR1 (B1) | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-257 |
| P014D | 014D | A/F SENSOR1 (B1) | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-257 |
| P014E | 014E | A/F SENSOR1 (B2) | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-257 |
| P014F | 014F | A/F SENSOR1 (B2) | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-257 |
| P0150 | 0150 | A/F SENSOR1 (B2) | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-225 |
| P0151 | 0151 | A/F SENSOR1 (B2) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-229 |
| P0152 | 0152 | A/F SENSOR1 (B2) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-232 |
| P0157 | 0157 | HO2S2 (B2) | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-235 |
| P0158 | 0158 | HO2S2 (B2) | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-241 |
| P0159 | 0159 | HO2S2 (B2) | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-248 |
| P015A | 015A | A/F SENSOR1 (B1) | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-257 |
| P015B | 015B | A/F SENSOR1 (B1) | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-257 |
| P015C | 015C | A/F SENSOR1 (B2) | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-257 |
| P015D | 015D | A/F SENSOR1 (B2) | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-257 |
| P0161 | 0161 | HO2S2 HTR (B2) | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-189 |
| P0171 | 0171 | FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-263 |
| P0172 | 0172 | FUEL SYS-RICH-B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-267 |
| P0174 | 0174 | FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-263 |
| P0175 | 0175 | FUEL SYS-RICH-B2 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-267 |
| P0181 | 0181 | FTT SENSOR | - | 2 | $\times$ | $A$ and $B$ | EC-30 |
| P0182 | 0182 | FTT SEN/CIRCUIT | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-275 |
| P0183 | 0183 | FTT SEN/CIRCUIT | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-275 |
| P0196 | 0196 | EOT SENSOR | - | 2 | $\times$ | $A$ and $B$ | EC-277 |
| P0197 | 0197 | EOT SEN/CIRC | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-281 |
| P0198 | 0198 | EOT SEN/CIRC | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-281 |
| P0222 | 0222 | TP SEN 1/CIRC-B1 | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-283 |
| P0223 | 0223 | TP SEN 1/CIRC-B1 | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-283 |
| P0300 | 0300 | MULTI CYL MISFIRE | - | 1 or 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-286 |
| P0301 | 0301 | CYL 1 MISFIRE | - | 1 or 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-286 |
| P0302 | 0302 | CYL 2 MISFIRE | - | 1 or 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-286 |
| P0303 | 0303 | CYL 3 MISFIRE | - | 1 or 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-286 |
| P0304 | 0304 | CYL 4 MISFIRE | - | 1 or 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-286 |
| P0305 | 0305 | CYL 5 MISFIRE | - | 1 or 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-286 |
| P0306 | 0306 | CYL 6 MISFIRE | - | 1 or 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-286 |
| P0327 | 0327 | KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1 | - | 2 | - | - | EC-292 |
| P0328 | 0328 | KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1 | - | 2 | - | - | EC-292 |
| P0332 | 0332 | KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2 | - | 2 | - | - | EC-292 |
| P0333 | 0333 | KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B2 | - | 2 | - | - | EC-292 |


| DTC*1 |  | Items (CONSULT screen terms) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SRT } \\ & \text { code } \end{aligned}$ | Trip | MIL | Permanent DTC group* ${ }^{*}$ | Reference page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { CONSULT } \\ \text { GST }{ }^{* 2} \end{gathered}$ | ECM*3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| P0335 | 0335 | CKP SEN/CIRCUIT | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-294 |
| P0340 | 0340 | CMP SEN/CIRC-B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-297 |
| P0345 | 0345 | CMP SEN/CIRC-B2 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-297 |
| P0420 | 0420 | TW CATALYST SYS-B1 | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-301 |
| P0430 | 0430 | TW CATALYST SYS-B2 | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-301 |
| P0441 | 0441 | EVAP PURG FLOW/MON | $\times$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-306 |
| P0443 | 0443 | PURG VOLUME CONT/V | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-28 |
| P0444 | 0444 | PURG VOLUME CONT/V | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-316 |
| P0445 | 0445 | PURG VOLUME CONT/V | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-316 |
| P0447 | 0447 | VENT CONTROL VALVE | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-28 |
| P0448 | 0448 | VENT CONTROL VALVE | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-323 |
| P0451 | 0451 | EVAP SYS PRES SEN | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-28 |
| P0452 | 0452 | EVAP SYS PRES SEN | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-330 |
| P0453 | 0453 | EVAP SYS PRES SEN | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-333 |
| P0456 | 0456 | EVAP VERY SML LEAK | $\times{ }^{*}{ }^{7}$ | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-337 |
| P0460 | 0460 | FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-343 |
| P0461 | 0461 | FUEL LEVEL SENSOR | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-344 |
| P0462 | 0462 | FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-346 |
| P0463 | 0463 | FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-346 |
| P0500 | 0500 | VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC* ${ }^{*}$ | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-347 |
| P0506 | 0506 | ISC SYSTEM | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-349 |
| P0507 | 0507 | ISC SYSTEM | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-351 |
| P050A | 050A | COLD START CONTROL | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-353 |
| P050E | 050E | COLD START CONTROL | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-353 |
| P0520 | 0520 | EOP SENSOR/SWITCH | - | 2 | - | - | EC-355 |
| P0524 | 0524 | ENGINE OIL PRESSURE | - | 1 | - | - | EC-358 |
| P052A | 052A | CAMSHAFT POSITION TIMING B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-361 |
| P052B | 052B | CAMSHAFT POSITION TIMING B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-361 |
| P052C | 052C | CAMSHAFT POSITION TIMING B2 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-361 |
| P052D | 052D | CAMSHAFT POSITION TIMING B2 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-361 |
| P0603 | 0603 | ECM BACK UP/CIRCUIT*10 | - | 2 | $\times$ or - | B | EC-367 |
| P0604 | 0604 | ECM | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-369 |
| P0605 | 0605 | ECM | - | 1 | $\times$ or - | B | EC-370 |
| P0606 | 0606 | CONTROL MODULE | - | 1 | $\times$ or - | B | EC-371 |
| P0607 | 0607 | ECM | - | 1 or 2 | $\times$ or - | B | EC-372 |
| P060A | 060A | CONTROL MODULE | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-373 |
| P060B | 060B | CONTROL MODULE | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-374 |
| P062F | 062F | CONTROL MODULE | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-367 |
| P0643 | 0643 | SENSOR POWER/CIRC | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-375 |


| DTC* ${ }^{1}$ |  | Items (CONSULT screen terms) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SRT } \\ & \text { code } \end{aligned}$ | Trip | MIL | Permanent DTC group* ${ }^{*}$ | Reference page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { CONSULT } \\ \text { GST }^{* 2} \end{gathered}$ | ECM ${ }^{*}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| P0850 | 0850 | P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-377 |
| P1078 | 1078 | EXH TIM SEN/CIRC-B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-380 |
| P1084 | 1084 | EXH TIM SEN/CIRC-B2 | - | 2 | $\times$ | B | EC-380 |
| P1148 | 1148 | CLOSED LOOP-B1 | - | 1 | $\times$ | A | EC-384 |
| P1168 | 1168 | CLOSED LOOP-B2 | - | 1 | $\times$ | A | EC-384 |
| P1212 | 1212 | TCS/CIRC | - | 2 | - | - | EC-385 |
| P1217 | 1217 | ENG OVER TEMP | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-386 |
| P1225 | 1225 | CTP LEARNING-B1 | - | 2 | - | - | EC-390 |
| P1226 | 1226 | CTP LEARNING-B1 | - | 2 | - | - | EC-391 |
| P1550 | 1550 | BAT CURRENT SENSOR | - | 2 | - | - | EC-392 |
| P1551 | 1551 | BAT CURRENT SENSOR | - | 2 | - | - | EC-395 |
| P1552 | 1552 | BAT CURRENT SENSOR | - | 2 | - | - | EC-395 |
| P1553 | 1553 | BAT CURRENT SENSOR | - | 2 | - | - | EC-398 |
| P1554 | 1554 | BAT CURRENT SENSOR | - | 2 | - | - | EC-401 |
| P1556 | 1556 | BAT TMP SEN/CIRC | - | 2 | - | - | EC-404 |
| P1557 | 1557 | BAT TMP SEN/CIRC | - | 2 | - | - | EC-404 |
| P1564 | 1564 | ASCD SW | - | 1 | - | - | EC-406 |
| P1572 | 1572 | ASCD BRAKE SW | - | 1 | - | - | EC-409 |
| P1574 | 1574 | ASCD VHL SPD SEN | - | 1 | - | - | EC-416 |
| P1610 | 1610 | LOCK MODE | - | 2 | - | - | SEC-58 |
| P1611 | 1611 | ID DISCORD, IMM-ECM | - | 2 | - | - | SEC-59 |
| P1612 | 1612 | CHAIN OF ECM-IMMU | - | 2 | - | - | SEC-60 |
| P1650 | 1650 | STR MTR RELAY2 | - | 2 | $\times$ or - | B | EC-418 |
| P1651 | 1651 | STR MTR RELAY | - | 2 | $\times$ or - | B | EC-421 |
| P1652 | 1652 | STR MTR SYS COMM | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-424 |
| P1715 | 1715 | IN PULY SPEED | - | 2 | - | - | EC-427 |
| P1800 | 1800 | VIAS S/V-1 | - | 2 | - | - | EC-428 |
| P1801 | 1801 | VIAS S/V-2 | - | 2 | - | - | EC-26 |
| P1805 | 1805 | BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT | - | 2 | - | - | EC-432 |
| P2096 | 2096 | A/F SENSOR1 (B1) | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-436 |
| P2097 | 2097 | A/F SENSOR1 (B1) | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-436 |
| P2098 | 2098 | A/F SENSOR1 (B2) | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-436 |
| P2099 | 2099 | A/F SENSOR1 (B2) | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-436 |
| P2100 | 2100 | ETC MOT PWR-B1 | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-440 |
| P2101 | 2101 | ETC FNCTN/CIRC-B1 | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-442 |
| P2103 | 2103 | ETC MOT PWR | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-440 |
| P2118 | 2118 | ETC MOT-B1 | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-445 |
| P2119 | 2119 | ETC ACTR-B1 | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-447 |
| P2122 | 2122 | APP SEN 1/CIRC | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-449 |
| P2123 | 2123 | APP SEN 1/CIRC | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-449 |
| P2127 | 2127 | APP SEN 2/CIRC | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-451 |
| P2128 | 2128 | APP SEN 2/CIRC | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-451 |


| DTC* ${ }^{1}$ |  | Items (CONSULT screen terms) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SRT } \\ & \text { code } \end{aligned}$ | Trip | MIL | Permanent DTC group ${ }^{*} 4$ | Reference page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { CONSULT } \\ \text { GST }^{* 2} \end{gathered}$ | $E C M * 3$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| P2135 | 2135 | TP SENSOR-B1 | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-454 |
| P2138 | 2138 | APP SENSOR | - | 1 | $\times$ | B | EC-456 |
| P219A | 219A | AIR FUEL RATIO IMBALANCE B1 | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-459 |
| P219B | 219B | AIR FUEL RATIO IMBALANCE B2 | - | 2 | $\times$ | A | EC-459 |
| P2610 | 2610 | ECM/PCM INTERNAL ENG OFF TIMER | - | 2 | $\times$ | $A$ and $B$ | EC-464 |

*1: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.
*2: This number is prescribed by SAE J2012/ISO 15031-6.
*3: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), this number is controlled by NISSAN.
*4: Refer to EC-158, "Description", "HOW TO ERASE PERMANENT DTC".
*5: The troubleshooting for this DTC needs CONSULT.
*6: When the fail-safe operations for both self-diagnoses occur, the MIL illuminates.
*7: SRT code will not be set if the self-diagnostic result is NG.
*8: When the ECM is in the mode displays SRT status, MIL may blink. For the details, refer to "How to Display SRT Status".
*9: When erasing this DTC, always use CONSULT or GST.
*10: This self-diagnosis is not for ECM power supply circuit, even though "ECM BACK UP/CIRCUIT" is displayed on CONSULT screen.

## Test Value and Test Limit

The following is the information specified in Service $\$ 06$ of SAE J1979/ISO 15031-5.
The test value is a parameter used to determine whether a system/circuit diagnostic test is OK or NG while being monitored by the ECM during self-diagnosis. The test limit is a reference value which is specified as the maximum or minimum value and is compared with the test value being monitored.
These data (test value and test limit) are specified by On Board Monitor ID (OBDMID), Test ID (TID), Unit and Scaling ID and can be displayed on the GST screen.
The items of the test value and test limit will be displayed with GST screen which items are provided by the ECM. (e.g., if bank 2 is not applied on this vehicle, only the items of bank 1 are displayed)

| Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OBD- } \\ & \text { MID } \end{aligned}$ | Self-diagnostic test item | DTC | Test value and Test limit (GST display) |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | TID | Unitand Scaling ID |  |
| HO2S | 01H | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (Bank 1) | P0131 | 83H | OBH | Minimum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0131 | 84H | OBH | Maximum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0130 | 85H | OBH | Minimum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0130 | 86H | OBH | Maximum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0133 | 87H | 04H | Response rate: Response ratio (lean to rich) |
|  |  |  | P0133 | 88H | 04H | Response rate: Response ratio (rich to lean) |
|  |  |  | P2A00 or P2096 | 89H | 84H | The amount of shift in air fuel ratio (too lean) |
|  |  |  | P2A00 or P2097 | 8AH | 84H | The amount of shift in air fuel ratio (too rich) |
|  |  |  | P0130 | 8BH | OBH | Difference in sensor output voltage |
|  |  |  | P0133 | 8CH | 83H | Response gain at the limited frequency |
|  |  |  | P014C | 8DH | 04H | O2 sensor slow response - Rich to lean bank 1 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P014C | 8EH | 04H | O2 sensor slow response - Rich to lean bank 1 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P014D | 8FH | 84H | O2 sensor slow response - Lean to rich bank 1 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P014D | 90H | 84H | O2 sensor slow response - Lean to rich bank 1 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P015A | 91H | 01H | O2 sensor delayed response - Rich to lean bank 1 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P015A | 92H | 01H | O2 sensor delayed response - Rich to lean bank 1 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P015B | 93H | 01H | O2 sensor delayed response - Lean to rich bank 1 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P015B | 94H | 01H | O2 sensor delayed response - Lean to rich bank 1 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P0133 | 95H | 04H | Response rate: Response ratio (lean to rich) |
|  |  |  | P0133 | 96H | 84H | Response rate: Response ratio (rich to lean) |


| Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OBD- } \\ & \text { MID } \end{aligned}$ | Self-diagnostic test item | DTC | Test value and Test limit (GST display) |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | TID | Unitand Scaling ID |  |
| HO2S | 02H | Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1) | P0138 | 07H | OCH | Minimum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0137 | 08H | OCH | Maximum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0138 | 80 H | OCH | Sensor output voltage |
|  |  |  | P0139 | 81H | OCH | Difference in sensor output voltage |
|  |  |  | P0139 | 82H | 11H | Rear O2 sensor delay response diagnosis |
|  | 03H | Heated oxygen sensor 3 (Bank 1) | P0143 | 07H | OCH | Minimum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0144 | 08H | OCH | Maximum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0146 | 80 H | OCH | Sensor output voltage |
|  |  |  | P0145 | 81H | OCH | Difference in sensor output voltage |
|  | 05H | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (Bank 2) | P0151 | 83H | OBH | Minimum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0151 | 84H | 0BH | Maximum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0150 | 85H | OBH | Minimum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0150 | 86H | OBH | Maximum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0153 | 87H | 04H | Response rate: Response ratio (lean to rich) |
|  |  |  | P0153 | 88H | 04H | Response rate: Response ratio (rich to lean) |
|  |  |  | P2A03 or P2098 | 89H | 84H | The amount of shift in air fuel ratio (too lean) |
|  |  |  | P2A03 or P2099 | 8AH | 84H | The amount of shift in air fuel ratio (too rich) |
|  |  |  | P0150 | 8BH | OBH | Difference in sensor output voltage |
|  |  |  | P0153 | 8CH | 83H | Response gain at the limited frequency |
|  |  |  | P014E | 8DH | 04H | O2 sensor slow response - Rich to lean bank 2 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P014E | 8EH | 04H | O2 sensor slow response - Rich to lean bank 2 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P014F | 8FH | 84H | O2 sensor slow response - Lean to rich bank 2 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P014F | 90 H | 84H | O2 sensor slow response - Lean to rich bank 2 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P015C | 91H | 01H | O2 sensor delayed response - Rich to lean bank 2 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P015C | 92H | 01H | O2 sensor delayed response - Rich to lean bank 2 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P015D | 93H | 01H | O2 sensor delayed response - Lean to rich bank 2 sensor 1 |


| Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OBD- } \\ & \text { MID } \end{aligned}$ | Self-diagnostic test item | DTC | Test value and Test limit (GST display) |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | TID | Unitand Scaling ID |  |
| HO2S | 05H | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (Bank 2) | P015D | 94H | 01H | O2 sensor delayed response - Lean to rich bank 2 sensor 1 |
|  |  |  | P0153 | 95H | 04H | Response rate: Response ratio (lean to rich) |
|  |  |  | P0153 | 96H | 84H | Response rate: Response ratio (rich to lean) |
|  | 06H | Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2) | P0158 | 07H | OCH | Minimum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0157 | 08H | OCH | Maximum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0158 | 80 H | OCH | Sensor output voltage |
|  |  |  | P0159 | 81H | OCH | Difference in sensor output voltage |
|  |  |  | P0159 | 82H | 11H | Rear O2 sensor delay response diagnosis |
|  | 07H | Heated oxygen sensor 3 (Bank2) | P0163 | 07H | OCH | Minimum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0164 | 08H | OCH | Maximum sensor output voltage for test cycle |
|  |  |  | P0166 | 80 H | OCH | Sensor output voltage |
|  |  |  | P0165 | 81H | OCH | Difference in sensor output voltage |
| CATALYST | 21H | Three way catalyst function (Bank1) | P0420 | 80 H | 01H | O2 storage index |
|  |  |  | P0420 | 82H | 01H | Switching time lag engine exhaust index value |
|  |  |  | P2423 | 83H | OCH | Difference in 3rd O2 sensor output voltage |
|  |  |  | P2423 | 84 H | 84H | O2 storage index in HC trap catalyst |
|  | 22 H | Three way catalyst function (Bank2) | P0430 | 80 H | 01H | O2 storage index |
|  |  |  | P0430 | 82H | 01H | Switching time lag engine exhaust index value |
|  |  |  | P2424 | 83H | OCH | Difference in 3rd O2 sensor output voltage |
|  |  |  | P2424 | 84H | 84H | O2 storage index in HC trap catalyst |
| EGR <br> SYSTEM | 31H | EGR function | P0400 | 80 H | 96H | Low flow faults: EGR temp change rate (short term) |
|  |  |  | P0400 | 81H | 96H | Low flow faults: EGR temp change rate (long term) |
|  |  |  | P0400 | 82H | 96H | Low flow faults: Difference between max EGR temp and EGR temp under idling condition |
|  |  |  | P0400 | 83H | 96H | Low flow faults: Max EGR temp |
|  |  |  | P1402 | 84H | 96H | High Flow Faults: EGR temp increase rate |
|  |  |  | P0402 | 85H | FCH | EGR differential pressure high flow |
|  |  |  | P0401 | 86H | 37H | EGR differential pressure low flow |
|  |  |  | P2457 | 87H | 96H | EGR temperature |


| Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OBD- } \\ & \text { MID } \end{aligned}$ | Self-diagnostic test item | DTC | Test value and Test limit (GST display) |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | TID | Unitand Scaling ID |  |
| VVT SYSTEM | 35H | VVT Monitor (Bank1) | P0011 | 80H | 9DH | VTC intake function diagnosis (VTC alignment check diagnosis) |
|  |  |  | P0014 | 81H | 9DH | VTC exhaust function diagnosis (VTC alignment check diagnosis) |
|  |  |  | P0011 | 82H | 9DH | VTC intake function diagnosis (VTC drive failure diagnosis) |
|  |  |  | P0014 | 83H | 9DH | VTC exhaust function diagnosis (VTC drive failure diagnosis) |
|  |  |  | P100A | 84H | 10H | VEL slow response diagnosis |
|  |  |  | P1090 | 85H | 10H | VEL servo system diagnosis |
|  |  |  | P0011 | 86H | 9DH | VTC intake intermediate lock function diagnosis (VTC intermediate position alignment check diagnosis) |
|  |  |  | Advanced: P052A <br> Retarded: P052B | 87H | 9DH | VTC intake intermediate lock system diagnosis (VTC intermediate lock position check diagnosis) |
|  | 36H | VVT Monitor (Bank2) | P0021 | 80H | 9DH | VTC intake function diagnosis (VTC alignment check diagnosis) |
|  |  |  | P0024 | 81H | 9DH | VTC exhaust function diagnosis (VTC alignment check diagnosis) |
|  |  |  | P0021 | 82H | 9DH | VTC intake function diagnosis (VTC drive failure diagnosis) |
|  |  |  | P0024 | 83H | 9DH | VTC exhaust function diagnosis (VTC drive failure diagnosis) |
|  |  |  | P100B | 84H | 10 H | VEL slow response diagnosis |
|  |  |  | P1093 | 85H | 10 H | VEL servo system diagnosis |
|  |  |  | P0021 | 86H | 9DH | VTC intake intermediate lock function diagnosis (VTC intermediate position alignment check diagnosis) |
|  |  |  | Advanced: P052C <br> Retarded: P052D | 87H | 9DH | VTC intake intermediate lock system diagnosis (VTC intermediate lock position check diagnosis) |
| EVAP <br> SYSTEM | 39H | EVAP control system leak (Cap Off) | P0455 | 80H | OCH | Difference in pressure sensor output voltage before and after pull down |
|  | 3BH | EVAP control system leak (Small leak) | P0442 | 80H | 05H | Leak area index (for more than 0.04 inch) |
|  | 3 CH | EVAP control system leak (Very small leak) | P0456 | 80H | 05H | Leak area index (for more than 0.02 inch) |
|  |  |  | P0456 | 81H | FDH | Maximum internal pressure of EVAP system during monitoring |
|  |  |  | P0456 | 82H | FDH | Internal pressure of EVAP system at the end of monitoring |
|  | 3DH | Purge flow system | P0441 | 83H | OCH | Difference in pressure sensor output voltage before and after vent control valve close |


| Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OBD- } \\ & \text { MID } \end{aligned}$ | Self-diagnostic test item | DTC | Test value and Test limit (GST display) |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | TID | Unitand Scaling ID |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { O2 SEN- } \\ & \text { SOR } \\ & \text { HEATER } \end{aligned}$ | 41H | A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 1) | Low Input: P0031 High Input: P0032 | 81H | OBH | Converted value of heater electric current to voltage |
|  |  |  | P0030 | 83H | OBH | A/F sensor heater circuit malfunction |
|  | 42H | Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 1) | Low Input: P0037 High Input: P0038 | 80 H | OCH | Converted value of heater electric current to voltage |
|  |  |  | P0141 | 81H | 14H | Rear O2 sensor internal impedance |
|  | 43H | Heated oxygen sensor 3 heater (Bank 1) | P0043 | 80H | OCH | Converted value of heater electric current to voltage |
|  | 45H | A/F sensor 1 heater (Bank 2) | Low Input: P0051 High Input: P0052 | 81H | OBH | Converted value of heater electric current to voltage |
|  |  |  | P0036 | 83H | 0BH | A/F sensor heater circuit malfunction |
|  | 46H | Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 2) | Low Input: P0057 High Input: P0058 | 80 H | OCH | Converted value of heater electric current to voltage |
|  |  |  | P0161 | 81H | 14CH | Rear O2 sensor internal impedance |
|  | 47H | Heated oxygen sensor 3 heater (Bank 2) | P0063 | 80H | OCH | Converted value of heater electric current to voltage |
| SEC- <br> OND- <br> ARY AIR | 71H | Secondary air system | P0411 | 80H | 01H | Secondary air injection system incorrect flow detected |
|  |  |  | Bank1: P0491 <br> Bank2: P0492 | 81H | 01H | Secondary air injection system insufficient flow |
|  |  |  | P2445 | 82H | 01H | Secondary air injection system pump stuck off |
|  |  |  | P2448 | 83H | 01H | Secondary air injection system high airflow |
|  |  |  | Bank1: P2440 <br> Bank2: P2442 | 84H | 01H | Secondary air injection system switching valve stuck open |
|  |  |  | P2440 | 85H | 01H | Secondary air injection system switching valve stuck open |
|  |  |  | P2444 | 86H | 01H | Secondary air injection system pump stuck on |
| FUEL SYSTEM | 81H | Fuel injection system function (Bank 1) | P0171 or P0172 | 80 H | 2FH | Long term fuel trim |
|  |  |  | P0171 or P0172 | 81H | 24H | The number of lambda control clamped |
|  |  |  | P117A / P219A | 82H | 03H | Cylinder A/F imbalance monitoring |
|  | 82H | Fuel injection system function (Bank 2) | P0174 or P0175 | 80H | 2FH | Long term fuel trim |
|  |  |  | P0174 or P0175 | 81H | 24H | The number of lambda control clamped |
|  |  |  | P117B / P219B | 82H | 03H | Cylinder A/F imbalance monitoring |


| Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OBD- } \\ & \text { MID } \end{aligned}$ | Self-diagnostic test item | DTC | Test value and Test limit (GST display) |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | TID | Unitand Scaling ID |  |
| MISFIRE | A1H | Multiple cylinder misfires | P0301 | 80H | 24H | Misfiring counter at 1000 revolution of the first cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0302 | 81H | 24H | Misfiring counter at 1000 revolution of the second cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0303 | 82H | 24H | Misfiring counter at 1000 revolution of the third cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0304 | 83H | 24H | Misfiring counter at 1000 revolution of the fourth cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0305 | 84H | 24H | Misfiring counter at 1000 revolution of the fifth cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0306 | 85H | 24H | Misfiring counter at 1000 revolution of the sixth cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0307 | 86H | 24H | Misfiring counter at 1000 revolution of the seventh cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0308 | 87H | 24H | Misfiring counter at 1000 revolution of the eighth cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0300 | 88H | 24H | Misfiring counter at 1000 revolution of the multiple cylinders |
|  |  |  | P0301 | 89H | 24H | Misfiring counter at 200 revolution of the first cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0302 | 8АН | 24H | Misfiring counter at 200 revolution of the second cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0303 | 8BH | 24H | Misfiring counter at 200 revolution of the third cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0304 | 8CH | 24H | Misfiring counter at 200 revolution of the fourth cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0305 | 8DH | 24H | Misfiring counter at 200 revolution of the fifth cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0306 | 8EH | 24H | Misfiring counter at 200 revolution of the sixth cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0307 | 8FH | 24H | Misfiring counter at 200 revolution of the seventh cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0308 | 90 H | 24H | Misfiring counter at 200 revolution of the eighth cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0300 | 91H | 24H | Misfiring counter at 1000 revolution of the single cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0300 | 92H | 24H | Misfiring counter at 200 revolution of the single cylinder |
|  |  |  | P0300 | 93H | 24H | Misfiring counter at 200 revolution of the multiple cylinders |


| Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OBD- } \\ & \text { MID } \end{aligned}$ | Self-diagnostic test item | DTC | Test value and Test limit (GST display) |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | TID | Unitand Scaling ID |  |
| MISFIRE | A2H | No. 1 cylinder misfire | P0301 | OBH | 24H | EWMA (Exponential Weighted Moving Average) misfire counts for last 10 driving cycles |
|  |  |  | P0301 | OCH | 24H | Misfire counts for last/current driving cycles |
|  | A3H | No. 2 cylinder misfire | P0302 | OBH | 24H | EWMA (Exponential Weighted Moving Average) misfire counts for last 10 driving cycles |
|  |  |  | P0302 | OCH | 24H | Misfire counts for last/current driving cycles |
|  | A4H | No. 3 cylinder misfire | P0303 | OBH | 24H | EWMA (Exponential Weighted Moving Average) misfire counts for last 10 driving cycles |
|  |  |  | P0303 | OCH | 24H | Misfire counts for last/current driving cycles |
|  | A5H | No. 4 cylinder misfire | P0304 | 0BH | 24H | EWMA (Exponential Weighted Moving Average) misfire counts for last 10 driving cycles |
|  |  |  | P0304 | OCH | 24H | Misfire counts for last/current driving cycles |
|  | A6H | No. 5 cylinder misfire | P0305 | OBH | 24H | EWMA (Exponential Weighted Moving Average) misfire counts for last 10 driving cycles |
|  |  |  | P0305 | OCH | 24H | Misfire counts for last/current driving cycles |
|  | A7H | No. 6 cylinder misfire | P0306 | OBH | 24H | EWMA (Exponential Weighted Moving Average) misfire counts for last 10 driving cycles |
|  |  |  | P0306 | OCH | 24H | Misfire counts for last/current driving cycles |
|  | A8H | No. 7 cylinder misfire | P0307 | 0BH | 24H | EWMA (Exponential Weighted Moving Average) misfire counts for last 10 driving cycles |
|  |  |  | P0307 | OCH | 24H | Misfire counts for last/current driving cycles |
|  | A9H | No. 8 cylinder misfire | P0308 | OBH | 24H | EWMA (Exponential Weighted Moving Average) misfire counts for last 10 driving cycles |
|  |  |  | P0308 | OCH | 24H | Misfire counts for last/current driving cycles |

## Wiring Diagram





ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM









JRBWD0402GB


JRBWD0403GB





JRBWD0407GB



## Work Flow

## OVERALL SEQUENCE


*1: Include 1st trip DTC.
*2: Include 1st trip freeze frame data.

## DETAILED FLOW

## 1. GET INFORMATION FOR SYMPTOM

1. Get the detailed information from the customer about the symptom (the condition and the environment when the incident/malfunction occurred) using the "Diagnostic Work Sheet". (Refer to EC-136, "Diagnostic Work Sheet".)
2. Ask if the customer requests $I / M$ examination.

Malfunction information, obtained>>GO TO 2.
No Malfunction information, but a request for I/M examination>>GO TO 13.
2. CHECK DTC

1. Check DTC of "All DTC Reading".
2. Perform the following procedure if DTC is displayed.

- Record DTC and freeze frame data. (Print them out with CONSULT or GST.)
- Erase only DTC of "ENGINE".
(8) With CONSULT: Refer to "How to Erase DTC and 1st Trip DTC" in EC-73, "CONSULT Function".
(8) Without CONSULT: Refer to "How to Erase Self-diagnostic Results" in EC-70, "On Board Diagnosis Function".
- Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Study the relationship between the cause detected by DTC and the symptom described by the customer. (Symptom Table is useful. Refer to EC-502, "Symptom Table".)

3. Check related service bulletins for information.

Are any symptoms described and any DTCs detected?
Symptom is described, DTC is detected>>GO TO 3.
Symptom is described, DTC is not detected>>GO TO 4.
Symptom is not described, DTC is detected>>GO TO 5.

## 3. confirm the symptom

Try to confirm the symptom described by the customer (except MIL ON).
Also study the normal operation and fail-safe related to the symptom. Refer to EC-506, "Description" and EC99, "Fail-safe".
Diagnosis Work Sheet is useful to verify the incident.
Verify relation between the symptom and the condition when the symptom is detected.
>> GO TO 5.

## 4. CONFIRM THE SYMPTOM

Try to confirm the symptom described by the customer.
Also study the normal operation and fail-safe related to the symptom. Refer to EC-506, "Description" and EC99, "Fail-safe".
Diagnosis Work Sheet is useful to verify the incident.
Verify relation between the symptom and the condition when the symptom is detected.

## >> GO TO 6. <br> 5. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE for the displayed DTC, and then make sure that DTC is detected again.
If two or more DTCs are detected, refer to EC-101, "DTC Inspection Priority Chart" and determine trouble diagnosis order.
NOTE:

- Freeze frame data is useful if the DTC is not detected.
- Perform Component Function Check if DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE is not included on Service Manual. This simplified check procedure is an effective alternative though DTC cannot be detected during this check.
If the result of Component Function Check is NG, it is the same as the detection of DTC by DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE.
Is DTC detected?
YES >> GO TO 10.
NO >> Check according to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".

6. PERFORM BASIC INSPECTION

Perform EC-138, "Work Procedure".
Do you have CONSULT?
YES >> GO TO 7 .
NO >> GO TO 9.
7. PERFORM SPEC IN DATA MONITOR MODE

## (1)With CONSULT

Make sure that "MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz)", "B/FUEL SCHDL", "A/F ALPHA-B1" and "A/F ALPHA-B2" are within the SP value using CONSULT "SPEC" in "DATA MONITOR" mode of "ENGINE". Refer to EC-164. "Component Function Check".
Is the measurement value within the SP value?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 9 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 8 .
\end{array}
$$

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART BY TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE

Detect malfunctioning part according to EC-165, "Diagnosis Procedure".
Is a malfunctioning part detected?
YES >> GO TO 11.
NO >> GO TO 9.
9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING SYSTEM BY SYMPTOM TABLE
$\overline{\text { Detect malfunctioning system according to EC-502, "Symptom Table" based on the confirmed symptom in }}$ step 4, and determine the trouble diagnosis order based on possible causes and symptoms.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 10 .
$$

10. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART BY DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE

Inspect according to Diagnosis Procedure of the system.
NOTE:
The Diagnosis Procedure in EC section described based on open circuit inspection. A short circuit inspection is also required for the circuit check in the Diagnosis Procedure. For details, refer to Gl-45, "Circuit Inspection".
Is a malfunctioning part detected?
YES >> GO TO 11.
NO >> Monitor input data from related sensors or check voltage of related ECM terminals using CONSULT. Refer to EC-83, "Reference Value".
11. REPAIR OR REPLACE THE MALFUNCTIONING PART

1. Repair or replace the malfunctioning part.
2. Reconnect parts or connectors disconnected during Diagnosis Procedure again after repair and replacement.
3. Check DTC. If DTC is displayed, erase it.
(8) With CONSULT: Refer to "How to Erase DTC and 1st Trip DTC" in EC-73, "CONSULT Function".
(8) Without CONSULT: Refer to "How to Erase Self-diagnostic Results" in EC-70, "On Board Diagnosis Function".
```
>> GO TO 12.
```

12. FINAL CHECK

When DTC was detected in step 2, perform DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE or Component Function Check again, and then make sure that the malfunction have been completely repaired.
When symptom was described from the customer, refer to confirmed symptom in step 3 or 4 , and make sure that the symptom is not detected.

## Is DTC detected and does symptom remain?

YES-1 >> DTC is detected: GO TO 10.
YES-2 >> Symptom remains: GO TO 6.
NO-1 >> No request for $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{M}$ examination from the customer: Before returning the vehicle to the customer, always erase unnecessary DTC in ECM and TCM With CONSULT: Refer to "How to Read DTC and 1st Trip DTC" in EC-73, "CONSULT Function", Without CONSULT: Refer to "How to Read Self-diagnostic Results" in EC-70, "On Board Diagnosis Function").
NO-2 >> I/M examination, requested from the customer: GO TO 13.
13. PREPARE FOR I/M EXAMINATION

1. Set SRT codes. Refer to EC-152, "Description".
2. Erase permanent DTCs. Refer to EC-158, "Description".
>> INSPECTION END.

## Diagnostic Work Sheet

## DESCRIPTION

There are many operating conditions that lead to the malfunction of engine components. A good grasp of such conditions can make troubleshooting faster and more accurate.
In general, each customer feels differently about symptoms. It is important to fully understand the symptoms or conditions for a customer complaint.
Utilize a diagnostic worksheet like the WORKSHEET SAMPLE below in order to organize all the information for troubleshooting.
Some conditions may cause the MIL to illuminate or blink, and DTC to be detected. Examples:

- Vehicle ran out of fuel, which caused the engine to misfire.
- Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on, allowing fuel to

| KEY POINTS |
| :--- |
| WHAT |
| ..... Vehicle \& engine model |
| WHEN |
| WHERE..... Date, Frequencies |
| HOW |
| ..... Operating contions |
| Weather conditions, |
| Symptoms | evaporate into the atmosphere.

## WORKSHEET SAMPLE



## BASIC INSPECTION

## Work Procedure

1.INSPECTION START

1. Check service records for any recent repairs that may indicate a related malfunction, or a current need for scheduled maintenance.
2. Open engine hood and check the following:

- Harness connectors for improper connections
- Wiring harness for improper connections, pinches and cut
- Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks and improper connections
- Hoses and ducts for leakage
- Air cleaner clogging
- Gasket

3. Check that electrical or mechanical loads are not applied.

- Head lamp switch is OFF.
- Air conditioner switch is OFF.
- Rear window defogger switch is OFF.
- Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.


4. Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of gauge.
Check that engine stays below $1,000 \mathrm{rpm}$.

5. Run engine at approximately $2,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for approximately 2 minutes under no load.
6. Check that no DTC is displayed with CONSULT or GST.

Are any DTCs detected?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> GOTO 3.

2. repair or replace

Repair or replace components as necessary according to corresponding Diagnostic Procedure.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 3
$$

3. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED
4. Run engine at approximately $2,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for approximately 2 minutes under no load.
5. Rev engine ( 2,000 to $3,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ ) 2 or 3 times under no load, then run engine at idle speed for approximately 1 minute.
6. Check idle speed.

For procedure, refer to EC-507, "Work Procedure".
For specification, refer to EC-513, "Idle Speed".
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 10 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 4 .
\end{array}
$$



## 4. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

1. Stop engine.
2. Perform EC-144, "Work Procedure".

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 5 .
$$

5. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform EC-145, "Work Procedure".

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 6 .
$$

6. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Perform EC-146, "Work Procedure".
Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 7 .
$$

NO >> Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning. Then GO TO 4.
7. CHECK IDLE SPEED AGAIN

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Check idle speed.

For procedure, refer to EC-507, "Work Procedure".
For specification, refer to EC-513, "Idle Speed".
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 10 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 8 .
\end{array}
$$

8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

## Check the Following.

- Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to EC-297, "Diagnosis Procedure".
- Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to EC-294, "Diagnosis Procedure".

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 9.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part. Then GO TO 4.
9. CHECK ECM FUNCTION

1. Substitute with a non-malfunctioning ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of the incident, although this is rare.)
2. Perform initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of all NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to SEC-56, "ECM : Work Procedure".

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 4 .
$$

10. check ignition timing
11. Run engine at idle.
12. Check ignition timing with a timing light. For procedure, refer to EC-508, "Work Procedure".

For specification, refer to EC-513, "lgnition Timing".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 19.
NO >> GO TO 11.
11. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

1. Stop engine.
2. Perform EC-144, "Work Procedure".

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 12 .
$$

12. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform EC-145, "Work Procedure". >> GO TO 13.
13. PERFORM IDLE AIR VoLume LeArning

Perform EC-146, "Work Procedure".
Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?
YES >> GO TO 14.
NO >> Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning. Then GO TO 4.
14. CHECK IDLE SPEED AGAIN

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Check idle speed.

For procedure, refer to EC-507, "Work Procedure".
For specification, refer to EC-513, "Idle Speed".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 15.
NO >> GO TO 17.
15. check ignition timing again

1. Run engine at idle.
2. Check ignition timing with a timing light.

For procedure, refer to EC-508, "Work Procedure".
For specification, refer to EC-513, "Ignition Timing".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 19.
NO >> GO TO 16.
16. CHECK TIMING CHAIN INSTALLATION

Check timing chain installation. Refer to EM-85, "Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 17.
NO >> Repair the timing chain installation. Then GO TO 4.
17. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to EC-297, "Diagnosis Procedure".
- Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to EC-294, "Diagnosis Procedure".

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 18.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part. Then GO TO 4.
18.check ECM FUNCTION

1. Substitute with a non-malfunctioning ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of the incident, although this is rare.)
2. Perform initialization of NVIS (NATS) system and registration of all NVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to EC-142, "Work Procedure".
>> GO TO 4.
3. Inspection end

If ECM is replaced during this BASIC INSPECTION procedure, perform EC-142, "Work Procedure".
>> INSPECTION END

EC

## ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REPLACING ECM

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

## ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REPLACING ECM

## Description

When replacing ECM, the following procedure must be performed. (For details, refer to EC-142, "Work Procedure".)

## PROGRAMMING OPERATION NOTE:

After replacing with a blank ECM, programming is required to write ECM information. Be sure to follow the procedure to perform the programming.

BEFORE REPLACEMENT
When replacing ECM, perform "SAVING DATA FOR REPLC CPU" in "WORK SUPPORT" of "ENGINE" by using CONSULT to save current ECM data before replacement.

## AFTER REPLACEMENT

After replacing ECM, the following items must be performed:

- Write data after replace CPU
- Accelerator pedal released position learning
- Throttle valve closed position learning
- Idle air volume learning


## Work Procedure

## 1. Save ecm data

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Select "SAVING DATA FOR REPLC CPU" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode of "ENGINE" using CONSULT.
5. Follow the instruction of CONSULT display.

NOTE:

- Necessary data in ECM is copied and saved to CONSULT.
- Go to Step 2 regardless of with or without success in saving data.
>> GO TO 2.


## 2. CHECK ECM PART NUMBER

Check ECM part number to see whether it is blank ECM or not.
NOTE:

- Part number of blank ECM is $23703-\times \times \times \times \times$.
- Check part number when ordering ECM or the one included in the label on the container box.

Is the ECM a blank ECM?

| YES | $\gg$ GO TO 3. |
| :--- | :--- |
| NO | $\gg$ GO TO 5. |

3. SAVE ECM PART NUMBER

Read out the part number from the old ECM and save the number, following the programming instructions.
Refer to CONSULT Operation Manual.
NOTE:

- The ECM part number is saved in CONSULT.
- Even when ECM part number is not saved in CONSULT, go to 4 .
>> GO TO 4.
4.PERFORM ECM PROGRAMMING

After replacing ECM, perform the ECM programming. Refer to CONSULT Operation Manual.
NOTE:

- Refer to EC-512, "Removal and Installation" for replacement of ECM.
- During programming, maintain the following conditions:
- Ignition switch: ON
- Electric load: OFF
- Brake pedal: Not depressed
- Battery voltage: 12-13.5 V (Be sure to check the value of battery voltage by selecting "BATTERY VOLT" in "Data monitor" of CONSULT.)
>> GO TO 6.

5. REPLACE ECM

Replace ECM. Refer to EC-512, "Removal and Installation".
>> GO TO 6.
6.PERFORM INITIALIZATION OF IVIS (NATS) SYSTEM AND REGISTRATION OF ALL IVIS (NATS) IGNITION KEY IDS
Refer to SEC-56, "ECM : Work Procedure".
>> GO TO 7.
7. CHECK ECM DATA STATUS

Check if the data is successfully copied from the ECM at Step 1 (before replacement) and saved in CONSULT. Is the data saved successfully?

```
YES >> GOTO }8
NO >> GO TO 9.
8. WRITE ECM DATA
```


## (1)With CONSULT

1. Select "WRITING DATA FOR REPLC CPU" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode of "ENGINE" using CONSULT.
2. Follow the instruction of CONSULT display.

NOTE:
The data saved by "SAVING DATA FOR REPLC CPU" is written to ECM.
>> GO TO 10.
9. PERFORM VIN REGISTRATION

Refer to EC-149, "Work Procedure".
>> GO TO 10.
10. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

Perform Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning. Refer to EC-144, "Work Procedure".
>> GO TO 11.
11. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning. Refer to EC-145, "Work Procedure".
>> GO TO 12.
12. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Perform Idle Air Volume Learning. Refer to EC-146, "Work Procedure".
>> END

# ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING <br> < BASIC INSPECTION > 

[VQ35DE]

## ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

## Description

Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning is a function of ECM to learn the fully released position of the accelerator pedal by monitoring the accelerator pedal position sensor output signal. It must be performed each time the harness connector of the accelerator pedal position sensor or ECM is disconnected.
Work Procedure

1. start
2. Check that accelerator pedal is fully released.
3. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
6. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
>> END

## THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

## Description

Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning is a function of ECM to learn the fully closed position of the throttle valve by monitoring the throttle position sensor output signal. It must be performed each time the harness connector of electric throttle control actuator or ECM is disconnected or electric throttle control actuator is cleaned.
Work Procedure
1.start
(1) WITH CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON .
2. Select "CLSD THL POS LEARN" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode.
3. Follow the instructions on the CONSULT display.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

Check that throttle valve moves during the above 10 seconds by confirming the operating sound.
(8) WITHOUT CONSULT

1. Start the engine.

NOTE:
Coolant temperature is less than $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ before engine starts.
2. Warm up the engine.

NOTE:
Warm up the engine until "COOLAN TEMP/S" on "DATA MONITOR" of CONSULT reaches more than $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(149^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

NOTE:
Check that throttle valve moves during the above 10 seconds by confirming the operating sound.
>> END

EC

## IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

## Description

INFOID:0000000011323624
Idle Air Volume Learning is a function of ECM to learn the idle air volume that keeps engine idle speed within the specific range. It must be performed under the following conditions:

- Each time the electric throttle control actuator or ECM is replaced.
- Idle speed or ignition timing is out of the specification.


## Work Procedure

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

Check that all of the following conditions are satisfied.
Learning will be cancelled if any of the following conditions are missed for even a moment.

- Battery voltage: More than 12.9 V (At idle)
- Engine coolant temperature: 70-100 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158-212^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
- Selector lever position: P or N
- Electric load switch: OFF
(Air conditioner, head lamp, rear window defogger)
On vehicles equipped with daytime light systems, if the parking brake is applied before the engine is started the head lamp will not illuminate.
- Steering wheel: Neutral (Straight-ahead position)
- Vehicle speed: Stopped
- Transmission: Warmed-up
- With CONSULT: Drive vehicle until "ATF TEMP SEN" in "DATA MONITOR" mode of "CVT" system indicates less than 0.9 V .
- Without CONSULT: Drive vehicle for 10 minutes.

Will CONSULT be used?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> GOTO 3.
2. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING
(B)With CONSULT

1. Perform EC-144, "Work Procedure".
2. Perform EC-145, "Work Procedure".
3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
4. Select "IDLE AIR VOL LEARN" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode.
5. Touch "START" and wait 20 seconds.

Is "CMPLT" displayed on CONSULT screen?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> GOTO 5.
3. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

## (8ithout CONSULT

NOTE:

- It is better to count the time accurately with a clock.
- It is impossible to switch the diagnostic mode when an accelerator pedal position sensor circuit has a malfunction.

1. Perform EC-144, "Work Procedure".
2. Perform EC-145, "Work Procedure".
3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Confirm that accelerator pedal is fully released, turn ignition switch ON and wait 3 seconds.
6. Repeat the following procedure quickly 5 times within 5 seconds.

- Fully depress the accelerator pedal.
- Fully release the accelerator pedal.

7. Wait 7 seconds, fully depress the accelerator pedal for approx. 20 seconds until the MIL stops blinking and turns ON.
8. Fully release the accelerator pedal within 3 seconds after the MIL turns ON.
9. Start engine and let it idle.
10. Wait 20 seconds.


$$
\text { >> GO TO } 4 .
$$

## 4. CHECK IDLE SPEED AND IGNITION TIMING

Rev up the engine 2 or 3 times and check that idle speed and ignition timing are within the specifications.
For procedure, refer to EC-507, "Work Procedure" and EC-508, "Work Procedure".
For specifications, refer to EC-513, "Idle Speed" and EC-513, "Ignition Timing".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GO TO 5.
5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART-I

Check the following

- Check that throttle valve is fully closed.
- Check PCV valve operation.
- Check that downstream of throttle valve is free from air leakage.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >>GOTO 6.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
6. detect malfunctioning part-II

Engine component parts and their installation condition are questionable. Check and eliminate the cause of the incident.
It is useful to perform "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE". Refer to EC-164, "Description". If any of the following conditions occur after the engine has started, eliminate the cause of the incident and perform Idle Air Volume Learning again:

- Engine stalls.
- Incorrect idle.
>> INSPECTION END


## Description

This describes show to erase the mixture ratio self-learning value. For the actual procedure, follow the instructions in "Diagnosis Procedure".
Work Procedure

## 1.start

## (i)With CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
3. Clear mixture ratio self-learning value by touching "CLEAR".
(est) With GST
4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
6. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
7. Restart engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
8. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
9. Select Service $\$ 03$ with GST. Check that DTC P0102 is detected.
10. Select Service $\$ 04$ with GST to erase the DTC P0102.
>> END

## VIN REGISTRATION

$\frac{\text { < BASIC INSPECTION > }}{\text { VIN REGISTRATION }}$

## Description

VIN Registration is an operation to register VIN in ECM. It must be performed each time ECM is replaced.

## NOTE:

Accurate VIN which is registered in ECM may be required for Inspection \& Maintenance (I/M).

## Work Procedure

## 1. CHECK VIN

Check the VIN of the vehicle and note it. Refer to GI-33, "Information About Identification or Model Code".
>> GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM VIN REGISTRATION
(1)With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON with engine stopped.
2. Select "VIN REGISTRATION" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode.
3. Follow the instructions on the CONSULT display.
>> END

## FUEL PRESSURE

< BASIC INSPECTION >

## FUEL PRESSURE

## Work Procedure

## FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE

(D) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON .
2. Perform "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
3. Start engine.
4. After engine stalls, crank it 2 or 3 times to release all fuel pressure.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF.

## 8) Without CONSULT

1. Remove fuel pump fuse located in IPDM E/R.
2. Start engine.
3. After engine stalls, crank it 2 or 3 times to release all fuel pressure.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF.
5. Reinstall fuel pump fuse after servicing fuel system.

## FUEL PRESSURE CHECK

CAUTION:
Before disconnecting fuel line, release fuel pressure from fuel line to eliminate danger.
NOTE:

- Prepare pans or saucers under the disconnected fuel line because the fuel may spill out. The fuel pressure cannot be completely released because this models do not have fuel return system.
- Be careful not to scratch or get the fuel hose connection area dirty when servicing, so that the quick connector o-ring maintains seal ability.
- Use Fuel Pressure Gauge Kit [SST: — (J-44321)] and Fuel Pressure Adapter [SST: — (J-44321-6)] to check fuel pressure.

1. Release fuel pressure to zero.
2. Remove fuel hose using Quick Connector Release [SST: - (J-45488)].

- Do not twist or kink fuel hose because it is plastic hose.
- Do not remove fuel hose (1) from quick connector.
- Keep fuel hose connections clean.

3. Install Fuel Pressure Adapter [SST: - (J-44321-6)] (B) and Fuel Pressure Gauge kit [SST: - (J44321)] (A) as shown in figure.

- Do not distort or bend fuel rail tube when installing fuel pressure gauge adapter.
- When reconnecting fuel hose, check the original fuel hose for damage and abnormality.

4. Turn ignition switch ON (reactivate fuel pump) and check for fuel leakage.
5. Start engine and check for fuel leakage.
6. Read the indication of fuel pressure gauge kit [SST: - (J44321)].


- During fuel pressure check, check for fuel leakage from fuel connection every 3 minutes.

At idling : Approximately $350 \mathrm{kPa}\left(3.57 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 51 \mathrm{psi}\right)$
7. If result is unsatisfactory, go to next step.
8. Check the following.

- Fuel hoses and fuel tubes for clogging
- Fuel filter for clogging
- Fuel pump
- Fuel pressure regulator for clogging


# FUEL PRESSURE 

9. If OK, replace fuel pressure regulator.

If $N G$, repair or replace malfunctioning part.
10. Before disconnecting Fuel Pressure Gauge kit [SST: - (J-44321)] and Fuel Pressure Adapter [SST: — (J-44321-6)], release fuel pressure to zero.

## Description

## OUTLINE

In order to set all SRTs, the self-diagnoses as in the "SRT ITEM" table must have been performed at least once. Each diagnosis may require actual driving for a long period of time under various conditions.
SRT ITEM
The table below shows required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to "CMPLT".

| SRT item ${ }^{* 1}$ (CONSULT indication) | Performance Priority ${ }^{*}{ }^{2}$ | Required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to "CMPLT" | Corresponding DTC No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CATALYST | 1 | Three way catalyst function | P0420, P0430 |
| EVAP SYSTEM | 1 | EVAP control system purge flow monitoring | P0441 |
|  |  | EVAP control system | P0456 |
| HO2S | 1 | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 | P014C, <br> P014D,P014E, <br> P014F,P015A, <br> P015B,P015C, <br> P015D |
|  |  | Heated oxygen sensor 2 | P0137, P0157 |
|  |  | Heated oxygen sensor 2 | P0138, P0158 |
|  |  | Heated oxygen sensor 2 | P0139, P0159 |
| EGR/VVT SYSTEM | 2 | Intake value timing control function | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P0011, P0021, } \\ & \text { P052A, P052B, } \\ & \text { P052C, P052D } \end{aligned}$ |

*1: Though displayed on the CONSULT screen, "HO2S HTR" is not SRT item.
*2: If completion of several SRTs is required, perform driving patterns (DTC confirmation procedure), one by one based on the priority for models with CONSULT.
SRT SERVICE PROCEDURE

If a vehicle has failed the state emissions inspection due to one or more SRT items indicating "INCMP", review the flowchart diagnostic sequence, referring to the following flowchart.


SRT Set Driving Pattern

## CAUTION:

Always drive the vehicle in safe manner according to traffic conditions and obey all traffic laws.


JPBIA5320GB
*1: Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is $90 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(56 \mathrm{MPH}$ ), then release the accelerator pedal and keep it released for more than 10 seconds. Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is $90 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ( 56 MPH ) again.
*2: Checking the vehicle speed with GST is advised.

- The time required for each diagnosis varies with road surface conditions, weather, altitude, individual driving habits, etc.
- "Zone A" is the fastest time where required for the diagnosis under normal conditions*. If the diagnosis is not completed within "Zone A", the diagnosis can still be performed within "Zone B".
*: Normal conditions
- Sea level
- Flat road
- Ambient air temperature: $20-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(68-86^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$

NOTE:
Diagnosis is performed as quickly as possible under normal conditions. However, under other conditions, diagnosis may also be performed. [For example: ambient air temperature other than $20-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(68-86^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ]
Work Procedure

## 1. снеск dtc

Check DTC.
Is any DTC detected?
YES >> Repair malfunction(s) and erase DTC. Refer to EC-103, "DTC Index".
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK SRT STATUS
(D) With CONSULT

Select "SRT STATUS" in "DTC \& SRT CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.
\& Without CONSULT
Perform "SRT status" mode with EC-70, "On Board Diagnosis Function".
(sis) With GST
Select Service $\$ 01$ with GST.
Is SRT code(s) set?
YES >> GO TO 12.
NO-1 >> With CONSULT: GO TO 3.
NO-2 >> Without CONSULT: GO TO 4.
3. DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Select "SRT WORK SUPPORT" in "DTC \& SRT CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.
2. For SRT(s) that is not set, perform the corresponding "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" according to the "Performance Priority" in the "SRT ITEM" table. Refer to EC-152, "Description".
3. Check DTC.

Is any DTC detected?
YES >> Repair malfunction(s) and erase DTC. Refer to EC-103, "DTC Index".
NO >> GO TO 11.
4. PERFORM ROAD TEST

- Check the "Performance Priority" in the "SRT ITEM" table. Refer to EC-152, "Description".
- Perform the most efficient SRT set driving pattern to set the SRT properly. Refer to EC-153, "SRT Set Driving Pattern".
In order to set all SRTs, the SRT set driving pattern must be performed at least once.
>> GO TO 5.

5. PAttern 1
6. Check the vehicle condition;

- Engine coolant temperature is -10 to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(14\right.$ to $\left.95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
- Fuel tank temperature is more than $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

2. Start the engine.
3. Keep engine idling until the engine coolant temperature is greater than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$

## NOTE:

ECM terminal voltage is follows;

- Engine coolant temperature
- -10 to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( 14 to $95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ): $3.0-4.3 \mathrm{~V}$
- $70^{\circ}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ : Less than 4.1 V
- Fuel tank temperature: Less than 1.4 V

Refer to EC-83, "Reference Value".

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 6 .
$$

6. Pattern 2
7. Drive the vehicle. And depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is $90 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(56 \mathrm{MPH})$, then release the accelerator pedal and keep it released for more than 10 seconds.
8. Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is $90 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(56 \mathrm{MPH})$ again

## NOTE:

- Checking the vehicle speed with GST is advised.
- When steady-state driving is performed again even after it is interrupted, each diagnosis can be conducted. In this case, the time required for diagnosis may be extended.


## >> GO TO 7.

## 7. PATtERN 3

- Operate vehicle following the driving pattern shown in the figure.
- Release the accelerator pedal during deceleration of vehicle speed from $90 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(56 \mathrm{MPH})$ to $0 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(0 \mathrm{MPH})$.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 8 .
$$

## 8. PATTERN 4

- Operate vehicle, following the driving pattern shown in the figure.
- Drive the vehicle in a proper gear at $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ( 38 MPH ) and maintain the speed.
- Release the accelerator pedal fully at least 5 seconds.
- Repeat the above two steps at least 5 times.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 9 .
$$



## 9. pattern 5

- The accelerator pedal must be held very steady during steady-state driving.
- If the accelerator pedal is moved, the test must be conducted again.
>> GO TO 10.

10. PATtERN 6
11. Start the engine and wait at least 2 hours.
12. Turn ignition OFF and wait at least 90 minutes.
>> GO TO 11.
13. CHECK SRT STATUS
(D)With CONSULT

Select "SRT STATUS" in "DTC \& SRT CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT. \&Without CONSULT
Perform "SRT status" mode with EC-70, "On Board Diagnosis Function".

## (est) With GST

Select Service $\$ 01$ with GST.

## Is SRT(s) set?

YES >> GO TO 12.
NO >> Call TECH LINE or take appropriate action.
12. CHECK PERMANENT DTC

NOTE:
Permanent DTC cannot be checked with a tool other than CONSULT or GST.
(©) With CONSULT
Select "SRT STATUS" in "DTC \& SRT CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT.
(sis) With GST
Select Service \$0A with GST.
Is permanent DTC(s) detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-158, "Description".
NO >> END
```


# HOW TO ERASE PERMANENT DTC 

< BASIC INSPECTION >
[VQ35DE]

## Description

## OUTLINE

When a DTC is stored in ECM
When a DTC is stored in ECM and MIL is ON, a permanent DTC is erased with MIL shutoff if the same malfunction is not detected after performing the driving pattern for MIL shutoff three times in a raw.

*1: When the same malfunction is de- *2: MIL will turn off after vehicle is driven tected in two consecutive trips, MIL will illuminate. 3 times (driving pattern B) without any malfunctions.
When a DTC is not stored in ECM
The erasing method depends on a permanent DTC stored in ECM. Refer to the following table.
NOTE:
If the applicable permanent DTC includes multiple groups, perform the procedure of Group B first. If the permanent DTC is not erased, perform the procedure of Group A.
$\times$ : Applicable —: Not applicable

| Group* $^{*}$Perform "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" <br> for applicable DTCs. | Driving pattern |  | Reference |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\times$ | B |  |  |
| A | - | $\times$ | $\times$ | EC-159, "Work Pro- <br> cedure (Group A)" |
| B | - | EC-161, "Work Pro- <br> cedure (Group B)" |  |  |

[^0]
## PERMANENT DTC SERVICE PROCEDURE



Work Procedure (Group A)

*1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will illuminate.

## 1.CHECK DTC

## Check DTC.

Is any DTC detected?
YES >> Repair malfunction(s) and erase DTC. EC-70, "On Board Diagnosis Function" or EC-73, "CONSULT Function".
NO >> GOTO 2.
2. check permanent dtc
(®) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Select "PERMANENT DTC STATUS" mode with CONSULT.
(sㅗㅎ) With GST
6. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
7. Turn ignition switch ON.
8. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
9. Turn ignition switch ON.
10. Select Service \$0A with GST.

Is any permanent DTC detected?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

NO >>END
3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Perform "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" for DTCs which are the same as permanent DTCs stored in ECM. Refer to EC-103, "DTC Index".
>> GO TO 4.

## 4.check permanent dtc

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Select "PERMANENT DTC STATUS" mode with CONSULT.
(فsis) With GST
6. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
7. Turn ignition switch ON .
8. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
9. Turn ignition switch ON.
10. Select Service \$OA with GST.

Is any permanent DTC detected?

```
YES >> GO TO 1.
NO >> END
```


# HOW TO ERASE PERMANENT DTC 


*1: When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, MIL will illuminate.
*2: After experiencing driving pattern B and $D$, permanent DTC is erased.
*3: Indication does not change unless the ignition switch is turned from ON to OFF twice even after experiencing driving pattern B or D .

## NOTE:

Drive the vehicle according to only driving patterns indicating "INCMP" in driving patterns B and $D$ on the "PERMANENT DTC STATUS" screen.

1. СНеСК dTC

## Check DTC.

Is any DTC detected?
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { YES } & \gg \text { Repair malfunction(s) and erase DTC. Refer to EC-70, "On Board Diagnosis Function" or EC-73. } \\ \text { NO } & \gg \text { GONSULT Function". }\end{array}$
(©) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Select "PERMANENT DTC STATUS" mode with CONSULT.
(فsis)With GST
6. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
7. Turn ignition switch ON .
8. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

## HOW TO ERASE PERMANENT DTC

< BASIC INSPECTION >
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Select Service $\$ 0$ A with GST.

Is any permanent DTC detected?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> END
3. DRIVE DRIVING PATTERN B

CAUTION:

- Always drive at a safe speed.
- Never erase self-diagnosis results.
- If self-diagnosis results are erased during the trip of driving pattern B or D, the counter of driving pattern $B$ and $D$ is reset.
(1) With CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Use "PERMANENT DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT to drive the vehicle according to driving pattern B. Refer to EC-73, "CONSULT Function", EC-67, "DIAGNOSIS DESCRIPTION : Driving Pattern".
(9sis) With GST
3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
4. Drive the vehicle according to driving pattern B. Refer to EC-67, "DIAGNOSIS DESCRIPTION : Driving Pattern".
```
>> GO TO 4.
```


## 4. CHECK PERMANENT DTC

(1)With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Select "PERMANENT DTC STATUS" mode with CONSULT.
(sist) With GST
6. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
7. Turn ignition switch ON.
8. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
9. Turn ignition switch ON.
10. Select Service \$0A with GST.

Is any permanent DTC detected?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >>END
5. DRIVE DRIVING PATTERN D

CAUTION:

- Always drive at a safe speed.
- Never erase self-diagnosis results.
- If self-diagnosis results are erased during the trip of driving pattern $B$ or $D$, the counter of driving pattern $B$ and $D$ is reset.

1. Drive the vehicle according to driving pattern D. Refer to EC-67, "DIAGNOSIS DESCRIPTION : Driving Pattern".
>> GO TO 6.
6.check permanent dtc
(1) With CONSULT
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Turn ignition switch ON.
6. Select "PERMANENT DTC STATUS" mode with CONSULT.
(ss⿹ㄴ) With GST
7. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
8. Turn ignition switch ON.
9. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
10. Turn ignition switch ON.
11. Select Service $\$ 0 A$ with GST.

Is any permanent DTC detected?

```
YES >> GO TO 1.
```

NO >>END

## DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS <br> TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE

## Description

The specification (SP) value indicates the tolerance of the value that is displayed in "SPEC" in "DATA MONITOR" mode of CONSULT during normal operation of the Engine Control System. When the value in "SPEC" in "DATA MONITOR" mode is within the SP value, the Engine Control System is confirmed OK. When the value in "SPEC" in "DATA MONITOR" mode is NOT within the SP value, the Engine Control System may have one or more malfunctions.
The SP value is used to detect malfunctions that may affect the Engine Control System, but will not illuminate the MIL.
The SP value will be displayed for the following three items:

- B/FUEL SCHDL (The fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM prior to any learned on board correction)
- A/F ALPHA-B1/B2 (The mean value of air-fuel ratio feedback correction factor per cycle)
- MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz) (The signal frequency of the mass air flow sensor)


## Component Function Check

## 1. StART

Check that all of the following conditions are satisfied.

- Vehicle driven distance: More than $5,000 \mathrm{~km}$ ( 3,107 miles)
- Barometric pressure: $98.3-104.3 \mathrm{kPa}\left(1.003-1.064 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 14.25-15.12 \mathrm{psi}\right)$
- Atmospheric temperature: $20-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(68-86^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
- Engine coolant temperature: $75-95^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(167-203^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
- Transmission: Warmed-up
- After the engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature, drive vehicle until "FLUID TEMP SE" (CVT fluid temperature sensor signal) indicates more than $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
- Electrical load: Not applied
- Rear window defogger switch, air conditioner switch lighting switch are OFF. Steering wheel is straight ahead.
- Engine speed: Idle
>> GO TO 2.

2. PERFORM "SPEC" OF "DATA MONITOR" MODE

## (1)With CONSULT

## NOTE:

Perform "SPEC" in "DATA MONITOR" mode in maximum scale display.

1. Perform "EC-138, "Work Procedure".
2. Select "B/FUEL SCHDL", "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" and "MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz)" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check that monitor items are within the SP value.

Is the measurement value within the SP value?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-165, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```


## OVERALL SEQUENCE




## DETAILED PROCEDURE

1.CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"

## With CONSULT

1. Start engine.
2. Confirm that the testing conditions are met. Refer to EC-164, "Component Function Check".
3. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that each indication is within the $S P$ value.

## NOTE:

Check "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" for approximately 1 minute because they may fluctuate. It is NG if the indication is out of the SP value even a little.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
YES >> GO TO 17.
NO-1 >> Less than the SP value: GO TO 2.
NO-2 >> More than the SP value: GO TO 3.
2. CHECK "B/FUEL SCHDL"

Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that the indication is within the SP value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> More than the SP value: GO TO 19.
3. CHECK "B/FUEL SCHDL"

Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that the indication is within the SP value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
YES >> GO TO 6.
NO-1 >> More than the SP value: GO TO 6.
NO-2 >> Less than the SP value: GO TO 25.
4.CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"

1. Stop the engine.
2. Disconnect PCV hose, and then plug it.
3. Start engine.
4. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that each indication is within the SP value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
```
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> GOTO 6.
```

5. change engine oil
6. Stop the engine.
7. Change engine oil.

## NOTE:

This symptom may occur when a large amount of gasoline is mixed with engine oil because of driving conditions (such as when engine oil temperature does not rise enough since a journey distance is too short during winter). The symptom will not be detected after changing engine oil or changing driving conditions.
>> INSPECTION END
6. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

Check fuel pressure. (Refer to EC-150, "Work Procedure".)
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 9.
NO-1 >> Fuel pressure is too high: Replace "fuel filter and fuel pump assembly", refer to FL-5, "Exploded View", and then GO TO 8.
NO-2 >> Fuel pressure is too low: GO TO 7.
7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check fuel hoses and fuel tubes for clogging.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace "fuel filter and fuel pump assembly", refer to FL-5, "Exploded View", and then GO TO 8.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part and then GO TO 8.
8. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"

1. Start engine.
2. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that each indication is within the SP value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GO TO 9.
```

9. PERFORM POWER BALANCE TEST
10. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
11. Check that the each cylinder produces a momentary engine speed drop.

Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> GO TO 12.
NO >> GO TO 10.
10.DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART
```

Check the following below.

- Ignition coil and its circuit (Refer to EC-483, "Component Function Check".)
- Fuel injector and its circuit (Refer to EC-478, "Component Function Check".)
- Intake air leakage
- Low compression pressure (Refer to EM-24, "Inspection".)

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace fuel injector, refer to EM-49, "Exploded View", and then GO TO 11.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part and then GO TO 11.
11. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"

1. Start engine.
2. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that each indication is within the SP value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GO TO 12.
12. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 FUNCTION
```

Perform all DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE related with A/F sensor 1.

- For DTC P0130, P0150, refer to EC-225, "DTC Logic".
- For DTC P0131, P0151, refer to EC-229, "DTC Logic".
- For DTC P0132, P0152, refer to EC-232, "DTC Logic".
- For DTC P014C, P014D, P014E, P014F, refer to EC-257, "DTC Logic".
- For DTC P2096, P2097, P2098, P2099, refer to EC-436, "DTC Logic".

Are any DTCs detected?
YES >> GO TO 15.
NO >> GO TO 13.
13. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT

Perform Diagnostic Procedure according to corresponding DTC.
>> GO TO 14.
14.CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"

1. Start engine.
2. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that each indication is within the SP value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GOTO 15.
```


## 15. DISCONNECT AND RECONNECT ECM HARNESS CONNECTOR

1. Stop the engine.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check pin terminal and connector for damage, and then reconnect it.
16.CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"
3. Start engine.
4. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that each indication is within the SP value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Detect malfunctioning part according to EC-502, "Symptom Table".
5. CHECK "B/FUEL SCHDL"

Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that the indication is within the SP value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO-1 >> More than the SP value: GO TO 18.
NO-2 >> Less than the SP value: GO TO 25.
18. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

1. Check for the cause of large engine friction. Refer to the following.

- Engine oil level is too high
- Engine oil viscosity
- Belt tension of power steering, alternator, A/C compressor, etc. is excessive
- Noise from engine
- Noise from transmission, etc.

2. Check for the cause of insufficient combustion. Refer to the following.

- Valve clearance malfunction
- Intake valve timing control function malfunction
- Camshaft sprocket installation malfunction, etc.
>> Repair or replace malfunctioning part, and then GO TO 30.

19. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check for the cause of uneven air flow through mass air flow sensor. Refer to the following.

- Crushed air ducts
- Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element
- Uneven dirt of air cleaner element
- Improper specification of intake air system

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 21 .
$$

NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part, and then GO TO 20.
20. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2", AND "B/FUEL SCHDL"

Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2", and "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that each indication is within the SP value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> "B/FUEL SCHDL" is more, "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" are less than the SP value: GO TO 21.
21. DISCONNECT AND RECONNECT MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR HARNESS CONNECTOR

1. Stop the engine.

## TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE

## < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

[VQ35DE]
2. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Check pin terminal and connector for damage and then reconnect it again.

## >> GO TO 22. <br> 22. check "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2"

1. Start engine.
2. Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that each indication is within the SP value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
YES >> Detect malfunctioning part of mass air flow sensor circuit and repair it. Refer to EC-202, "Diagnosis Procedure". Then GO TO 29.
NO >> GO TO 23.
3. CHECK "MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (HZ)"

Select "MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz)" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that the indication is within the SP value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
YES >> GO TO 24.
NO >> More than the SP value: Replace mass air flow sensor, refer to EM-27, "Exploded View", and then GO TO 29.

## 24. REPLACE ECM

1. Replace ECM.
2. Refer to EC-142, "Work Procedure".

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 29 .
$$

## 25 CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check for the cause of uneven air flow through mass air flow sensor. Refer to the following.

- Crushed air ducts
- Malfunctioning seal in air cleaner element
- Uneven dirt in air cleaner element
- Improper specification in intake air system

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 27.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part, and then GO TO 26.
26. CHECK "B/FUEL SCHDL"
$\overline{\text { Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that the indication is within the SP }}$ value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Less than the SP value: GO TO 27.
27. CHECK "MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (HZ)"

Select "MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz)" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that the indication is within the SP value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
YES >> GO TO 28.
NO >> Less than the SP value: Replace mass air flow sensor, refer to EM-27. "Exploded View",and then GO TO 30.
28. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check for the cause of air leakage after the mass air flow sensor. Refer to the following.

- Disconnection, looseness, and cracks in air duct
- Looseness of oil filler cap
- Disconnection of oil level gauge
- Open stuck, breakage, hose disconnection, or cracks in PCV valve
- Disconnection or cracks in EVAP purge hose, stuck open EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve
- Malfunctioning seal in rocker cover gasket
- Disconnection, looseness, or cracks in hoses, such as a vacuum hose, connecting to intake air system parts
- Malfunctioning seal in intake air system, etc.
>> GO TO 30.

29. CHECK "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2", AND "B/FUEL SCHDL"

Select "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2", and "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and check that each indication is within the SP value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Detect malfunctioning part according to EC-502, "Symptom Table".
30. CHECK "B/FUEL SCHDL"

Select "B/FUEL SCHDL" in "SPEC" of "DATA MONITOR" mode, and then check that the indication is within the SP value.
Is the measurement value within the SP value?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Detect malfunctioning part according to EC-502, "Symptom Table".

## < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## Diagnosis Procedure

1. CHECK FUSE

Check that the following fuse is not fusing.

| Location | Fuse No. | Capacity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IPDM E/R | $\# 44$ | 10 A |
|  | $\# 50$ | 15 A |

Is the fuse fusing?
YES >> Replace the fuse after repairing the applicable circuit.
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK GROUND CONNECTION

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check ground connection E38. Refer to GI-45, "Circuit Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> Repair or replace ground connection.
3. CHECK ECM GROUND CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect ECM harness connectors.
2. Check the continuity between ECM harness connector and ground.

| + |  | ECM |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E19 | Terminal |  | Continuity |
|  | 147 |  |  |
|  | 149 |  |  |
| F14 | Ground | Existed |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
4. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY (MAIN)-I

1. Reconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals.

| ECM |  |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |
|  | Terminal |  |  |
| E19 | 145 | 152 | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> GOTO 6.

## < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

5. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY (MAIN)-II
6. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
7. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals as per the following.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage <br> (Approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  | Thal |
|  | Terminal |  |  | Drop to 0 V |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 9.
NO >>GOTO 7.
6. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY (MAIN) CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connectors.
3. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between ECM harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| + |  | - |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ECM | IPDM E/R |  |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E19 | 145 | E10 | 10 | Existed |

5. Also check harness for short to ground.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
7. CHECK ECM RELAY CONTROL SIGNAL

Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals as per the following.

| ECM |  |  |  | Condition | Voltage (Approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + |  | - |  |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Ignition switch ON | 0 V |
| F15 | 86 | E19 | 152 | Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 sec onds. | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> GO TO 8.
8. CHECK ECM RELAY CONTROL SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between ECM harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| + |  | - |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ECM | IPDM E/R |  |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F15 | 86 | F12 | 69 | Existed |

5. Also check harness for short to ground and to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to PCS-36, "Removal and Installation".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
9. ChECK IGNITION SWITCH SIGNAL

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage <br> (Approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  | 0 V |
|  | Terminal |  |  | Ig |
| 133 | 152 | Ignition switch OFF | Battery voltage |  |
|  |  |  | Ignition switch ON |  |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 11 .
$$

$$
\text { NO } \gg \text { GO TO } 10 .
$$

10. check ignition switch signal circuit
11. Turn ignition switch OFF.
12. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
13. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
14. Check the continuity between ECM harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| + |  | - |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Continuity |  |  |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E19 | 133 | E10 | 19 | Existed |

5. Also check harness for short to ground and to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
11. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY (BACK-UP)

Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals.

| ECM |  |  |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + |  | - |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F15 | 116 | E19 | 152 | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> GO TO 12.
12. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY (BACK-UP) CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between ECM harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| + |  | - |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ECM | IPDM E/R |  | Existed |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| F15 | 116 | F12 | 55 | Existen |

5. Also check harness for short to ground.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

EC

## U0101 CAN COMM CIRCUIT

## Description

CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only.
DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U0101 | Lost communication <br> with TCM | When ECM is not transmitting or receiving CAN <br> communication signal of OBD (emission-related <br> diagnosis) with TCM for 2 seconds or more. | • CAN communication line between <br> TCM and ECM <br> CAN communication line open or <br> shorted |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
2. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 3 seconds.
3. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-176, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

Perform the trouble diagnosis for CAN communication system. Refer to LAN-17, "Trouble Diagnosis Flow Chart".

# U1000 CAN COMM CIRCUIT 

## U1000 CAN COMM CIRCUIT

## Description

CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only.
DTC Logic
INFOID:0000000011323645
DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis <br> name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U1000 | CAN communication <br> line | When ECM is not transmitting or receiving CAN com- <br> munication signal of OBD (emission related diagno- <br> sis) for 2 seconds or more. | Harness or connectors <br> (CAN communication line is open or <br> shorted) |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
2. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 3 seconds.
3. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-177, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

Perform the trouble diagnosis for CAN communication system. Refer to LAN-17. "Trouble Diagnosis Flow Chart".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

NOTE:
If DTC P0011 or P0021 is displayed with DTC P0075 or P0081, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0075, P0081. Refer to EC-192, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis <br> name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0011 | Intake valve timing <br> control performance <br> (bank 1) |  | - Crankshaft position sensor (POS) <br> - Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) <br> - Intake valve timing control solenoid valve <br> - Accumulation of debris to the signal pick-up <br> portion of the camshaft |
| P0021 | Intake valve timing <br> control performance <br> (bank 2) | There is a gap between angle of target and <br> phase-control angle degree. | Timaing installation <br> Foreign matter caught in the oil groove for in- <br> take valve timing control |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10 V and 16 V at idle.
>> GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I

## With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Maintain the following conditions for at least 6 consecutive seconds. Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

| ENG SPEED | $1,200-2,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| COOLAN TEMP/S | More than $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| B/FUEL SCHDL | More than 7.3 msec |
| Selector lever | D position |

## CAUTION:

## Always drive at a safe speed.

4. Stop vehicle with engine running and let engine idle for 10 seconds.
5. Check 1st trip DTC.

## (9s). With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-179, "Diagnosis Procedure"
NO >> GOTO 3.
```

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-II
4. Maintain the following conditions for at least 20 consecutive seconds.

| ENG SPEED | $1,400-3,175 \mathrm{rpm}$ (A constant rotation is maintained.) |
| :--- | :--- |
| COOLAN TEMP/S | More than $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Selector lever | 1st or 2nd position |
| Driving location uphill | Driving vehicle uphill <br> (Increased engine load will help maintain the driving conditions re- <br> quired for this test.) |

## CAUTION:

Always drive at a safe speed.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.
(est) With GST
Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.

## Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-179, "Diagnosis Procedure"
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK OIL PRESSURE WARNING LAMP

1. Start engine.
2. Check oil pressure warning lamp and confirm it is not illuminated.
Is oil pressure warming lamp illuminated?
YES >> Check the engine oil level. Refer to LU-8, "Inspection". NO >> GO TO 2.

3. ChECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Check intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EC-180, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
3. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

Check crankshaft position sensor (POS). Refer to EC-295, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS). Refer to EM-39, "Exploded View".
4. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE). Refer to EC-299, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning camshaft position sensor (PHASE). Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View".
5. CHECK CAMSHAFT (INTAKE)

Check the following.

- Accumulation of debris on the signal plate of camshaft rear end
- Chipping signal plate of camshaft rear end

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> Remove debris and clean the signal plate of camshaft rear end or replace camshaft. Refer to EM-87. "Exploded View".


## 6. cHECK TIMING CHAIN INSTALLATION

Check service records for any recent repairs that may cause timing chain misalignment.
Are there any service records that may cause timing chain misalignment?
YES >> Check timing chain installation. Refer to EM-85, "Inspection".
NO >> GO TO 7.
7. CHECK LUBRICATION CIRCUIT

Check lubrication circuit. Refer to EM-91, "Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Clean lubrication line.

## Component Inspection

## 1.CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE-I

1. Disconnect intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.
2. Check resistance between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminals as per the following.

| Terminals | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | $7.0-7.8 \Omega\left[\right.$ at $\left.20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |
| 1 or 2 and ground | (Continuity should not exist) |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
2. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE-II

1. Remove intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
2. Provide 12 V DC between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminals 1 and 2, and then interrupt it. Check that the plunger moves as shown in the figure.
CAUTION:
Never apply 12 V DC continuously for 5 seconds or more. Doing so may result in damage to the coil in intake valve timing control solenoid valve.
NOTE:
Always replace O-ring when intake valve timing control solenoid valve is removed.
Is the inspection result normal?


YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".

## P0014, P0024 EVT CONTROL

DTC Description

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | CONSULT screen terms <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0014 | EXH/V TIM CONT-B1 <br> $[$ Exhaust valve timing control performance <br> (bank 1)] | There is a gap between angle of target and phase-control angle degree. |
| P0024 | EXH/V TIM CONT-B2 <br> [Exhaust valve timing control performance <br> (bank 2)] |  |

POSSIBLE CAUSE

- Crankshaft position sensor
- Camshaft position sensor
- Exhaust valve timing control position sensor
- Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve
- Accumulation of debris to the signal pick-up portion of the camshaft
- Timing chain installation
- Foreign matter caught in the oil groove for exhaust valve timing control

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10 V and 16 V at idle.
DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.CHECK DTC PRIORITY

If DTC P0014 or P0024 is displayed with DTC P0078, P0084, P1078, or P1084, first perform the confirmation procedure (trouble diagnosis) for DTC P0078, P0084, P1078, or P1084.
Is applicable DTC detected?

```
YES >> Perform diagnosis of applicable.
- DTC P0078: Refer to EC-194, "DTC Description".
- DTC P0084: Refer to EC-194, "DTC Description".
- DTC P1078: Refer to EC-380, "DTC Description".
- DTC P1084: Refer to EC-380, "DTC Description".
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. PRECONDITIONING
```

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10 V and 16 V at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE - 1

## (1) With CONSULT

1. Turn the ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode of "ENGINE" using CONSULT.
2. Warm engine up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Maintain the following conditions for at least 6 consecutive seconds. Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

| ENG SPEED | $500-2,000 \mathrm{rpm}(\mathrm{A}$ constant rotation is <br> maintained $)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| COOLAN TEMP/S | More than $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Selector lever | P or N position |

4. Let engine idle for 10 seconds.
5. Check 1 st trip DTC.
(eis) With GST
Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-182, "Diagnosis Procedure"
NO >> GO TO 4.
6. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE - 2
(1) With CONSULT
7. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode of "ENGINE" using CONSULT
8. Maintain the following conditions for at least 20 consecutive seconds.

| ENG SPEED | $1,400-3,175 \mathrm{rpm}(\mathrm{A}$ constant rotation is <br> maintained.) |
| :--- | :--- |
| COOLAN TEMP/S | More than $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Selector lever | 1st or 2nd position |
| Driving location uphill | Driving vehicle uphill <br> (Increased engine load will help maintain <br> the driving conditions required for this test.) |

## CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
3. Check 1st trip DTC.
(est) With GST
Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-182, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO-1 >> To check malfunction symptom before repair: Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO-2 >> Confirmation after repair: INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure
1.CHECK DTC PRIORITY

If DTC P0014 or P0024 is displayed with DTC P0078, P0084, P1078, or P1084, first perform the confirmation procedure (trouble diagnosis) for DTC P0078, P0084, P1078, or P1084.
Is applicable DTC detected?
YES >> Perform diagnosis of applicable.

- DTC P0078: Refer to EC-194, "DTC Description".
- DTC P0084: Refer to EC-194, "DTC Description".
- DTC P1078: Refer to EC-380, "DTC Description".
- DTC P1084: Refer to EC-380, "DTC Description".

NO >> GOTO 2.
2. CHECK ENGINE OIL PRESSURE WARNING LAMP

1. Start the engine.
2. Check that engine oil pressure warning lamp is not illuminated. Is engine oil pressure warning lamp illuminated?
```
YES >> Proceed to LU-8, "Inspection".
NO >> GO TO 3.
```


3. CHECK EXHAUST VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Check exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EC-186, "Component Inspection (Exhaust Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES $\quad>$ GO TO 4.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".

## 4. CHECK EXHAUST VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR

Check exhaust valve timing control position sensor. Refer to EC-185, "Component Inspection (Exhaust Valve Timing Control Position Sensor)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning exhaust valve timing control position sensor. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
5. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR

Check crankshaft position sensor. Refer to EC-184, "Component Inspection (Crankshaft Position Sensor)". Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 6.
NO >> Replace crankshaft position sensor. Refer to EM-39, "Exploded View".
6. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR

Check camshaft position sensor. Refer to EC-184, "Component Inspection (Camshaft Position Sensor)". Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 7.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning camshaft position sensor. Refer to EM-87, "Exploded View".
7. CHECK CAMSHAFT (EXH)

Check the following.

- Accumulation of debris on the signal plate of camshaft rear end
- Chipping signal plate of camshaft rear end

Is the inspection result normal?
YES $\gg$ GO TO 8.
NO >> Remove debris and clean the signal plate of camshaft rear end or replace camshaft. Refer to EM-88, "Removal and Installation".

8.check timing chain installation

Check service records for any recent repairs that may cause timing chain misaligned.
Are there any service records that may cause timing chain misaligned?
YES >> Check timing chain installation. Refer to EM-69, "Removal and Installation".

## NO >> GO TO 9.

9. check lubrication circuit

Perform "Inspection of Camshaft Sprocket (EXT) Oil Groove". Refer to EM-91, "Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Clean lubrication line.
Component Inspection (Camshaft Position Sensor)

1. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE) - 1
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
4. Disconnect camshaft position sensor (PHASE) harness connector.
5. Remove the sensor. Refer to EM-54, "Removal and Installation".
6. Visually check the sensor for chipping.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning camshaft position sensor (PHASE). Refer to EM-54, "Removal and Installation".

2. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSItION SENSOR (PHASE) - 2

Check resistance camshaft position sensor (PHASE) terminals as follows.

| Crankshaft position sensor |  | Condition |  | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | - |  |  |  |
| Terminals |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | Temperature | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | Except $0 \Omega$ or $\infty$ |
| 1 | 3 |  |  |  |
| 2 | 3 |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning camshaft position sensor (PHASE). Refer to EM-54, "Removal and Installation".
Component Inspection (Crankshaft Position Sensor)
1.CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS) - 1

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
3. Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (POS) harness connector.
4. Remove the sensor. Refer to EM-39, "Exploded View".
5. Visually check the sensor for chipping.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS). Refer to EM39, "Exploded View".

2. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS) - 2

Check resistance between crankshaft position sensor (POS) terminals as follows.

| Crankshaft position sensor |  | Condition |  | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | - |  |  |  |
| Terminals |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | Temperature | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | Except $0 \Omega$ or $\infty$ |
| 1 | 3 |  |  |  |
| 2 | 3 |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS). Refer to EM-39, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection (Exhaust Valve Timing Control Position Sensor) infori:000000001508554

1. EXHAUST VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR - 1
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect exhaust valve timing control position sensor harness connector.
4. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
5. Remove the sensor. Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View".
6. Visually check the sensor for chipping.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \text { >> GO TO } 2 . \\
\text { NO } & \text { >> Replace malfunctioning exhaust valve timing control } \\
& \text { position sensor. Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View". }
\end{array}
$$


2.

EXHAUST VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR - 2
Check resistance exhaust valve timing control position sensor terminals as follows.

| Exhaust valve timing control position sensor |  | Condition |  | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | - |  |  |  |
| Terminal |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | Temperature | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | Except $0 \Omega$ or $\infty \Omega$ |
| 1 | 3 |  |  |  |
| 2 | 3 |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning exhaust valve timing control position sensor. Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection (Exhaust Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve)

## 1.CHECK EXHAUST VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE - 1

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Check resistance between exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve terminals as follows.

| Exhaust valve timing control <br> solenoid valve | Condition |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + |  |  | Resistance |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
2. CHECK EXHAUST VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE - 2

1. Remove intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
2. Apply 12 V between exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve terminals 1 and 2, and then interrupt it. Check that the plunger moves as shown in the figure. CAUTION:
Never apply 12 V continuously for 5 seconds or more. Doing so may result in damage to the coil in exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve. NOTE:
Always replace O-ring when exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve is removed.
Is the inspection result normal?


YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0030 | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater (bank 1) performance | Deterioration in A/F sensor 1 heater performance. (Voltage signal transmitted from A/F sensor 1 heater to ECM is higher/lower than voltage in the normal range.) | - Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - A/F sensor 1 heater |
| P0031 | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater (bank 1) control circuit low | The current amperage in the A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is out of the normal range. <br> (An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the A/F sensor 1 heater.) | - Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - A/F sensor 1 heater |
| P0032 | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater (bank 1) control circuit high | The current amperage in the A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is out of the normal range. <br> (An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the A/F sensor 1 heater.) | - Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is shorted.) <br> - A/F sensor 1 heater |
| P0036 | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater (bank 2) performance | Deterioration in A/F sensor 1 heater performance. (Voltage signal transmitted from A/F sensor 1 heater to ECM is higher/lower than voltage in the normal range.) | - Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - A/F sensor 1 heater |
| P0051 | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater (bank 2) control circuit low | The current amperage in the A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is out of the normal range. <br> (An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the A/F sensor 1 heater.) | - Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - A/F sensor 1 heater |
| P0052 | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater (bank 2) control circuit high | The current amperage in the A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is out of the normal range. <br> (An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the A/F sensor 1 heater.) | - Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 heater circuit is shorted.) <br> - A/F sensor 1 heater |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11 V at idle.
>> GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-187, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NG >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

1. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY
2. Disconnect air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON .
4. Check the voltage between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ground.

# P0030, P0031, P0032, P0036, P0051, P0052 A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
[VQ35DE]

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0030, P0031, P0032 | 1 | F28 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |
| P0036, P0051, P0052 | 2 | F65 | 1 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >>GOTO 2.
2. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0030, P0031, P0032 | 1 | F28 | 1 | F12 | 57 | Existed |
| P0036, P0051, P0052 | 2 | F65 | 1 |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 HEATER OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0030, P0031, P0032 | 1 | F28 | 2 | F14 | 6 | Existed |
| P0036, P0051, P0052 | 2 | F65 | 2 |  | 46 |  |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4.CHECK AF SENSOR 1 HEATER

Check A/F sensor 1 heater. Refer to EC-188, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace malfunctioning air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

1. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Check resistance between A/F sensor terminals as per the following.

| Terminal No. | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 and 1 | $1.8-2.44 \Omega\left[a t ~ 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |
| 2 and 3,4 | $\infty \Omega$ |
| 1 and 3,4 | (Continuity should not exist) |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".

# DTC DETECTION LOGIC 

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0037 | Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 1) control circuit low | The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.) | - Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater |
| P0038 | Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 1) control circuit high | The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.) | - Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is shorted.) <br> - Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater |
| P0057 | Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 2) control circuit low | The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.) | - Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater |
| P0058 | Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 2) control circuit high | The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.) | - Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is shorted.) <br> - Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater |
| P0141 | Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 1) circuit | The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.) | - Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is shorted.) <br> - Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater <br> - ECM |
| P0161 | Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 2) circuit | The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range. (An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.) | - Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is shorted.) <br> - Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater <br> - ECM |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10.5 V and 16 V at idle.
>> GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
6. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
7. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st tip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-190, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK HO2S2 POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 (HO2S2) harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between HO2S2 harness connector and ground.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0037, P0038 | 1 | F86 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |
| P0057, P0058 | 2 | F85 | 1 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES $\gg$ GOTO 3.
NO
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK HO2S2 SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between HO2S2 harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0037, P0038 | 1 | F86 | 1 | F12 | 56 | Existed |
| P0057, P0058 | 2 | F85 | 1 |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK HO2S2 HEATER OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between HO2S2 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0037, P0038 | 1 | F86 | 2 | F14 | 7 | Existed |
| P0057, P0058 | 2 | F85 | 2 |  | 47 |  |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER

## Check heated oxygen sensor 2 heater. Refer to EC-190, "Component Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".

## Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER

Check resistance between HO2S2 terminals as per the following.

| Terminal No. | Resistance <br> (Approx.) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | $3.0 \Omega$ [at $\left.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |
| 3 and $1,2,4$ | $\infty \Omega$ |
| 4 and $1,2,3$ | (Continuity should not exist) |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0075 | Intake valve timing control so- <br> lenoid valve (bank 1) circuit | An improper voltage is sent to the ECM <br> through intake valve timing control solenoid <br> valve. | - Harness or connectors <br> (Intake valve timing control solenoid valve <br> circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - Intake valve timing control solenoid valve |
| P0081 | Intake valve timing control so- <br> lenoid valve (bank 2) circuit |  |  |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON .
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-192, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

1. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect intake valve timing (IVT) control solenoid valve harness connector.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Check the voltage between intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector and ground with CONSULT or tester.

| DTC | IVT control solenoid valve |  |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0075 | 1 | F51 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |
| P0081 | 2 | F52 | 1 |  |  |

```
Is the inspection result normal?
    YES >> GO TO 2.
    NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
2.check INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN
AND SHORT
```

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | IVT control solenoid valve |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0075 | 1 | F51 | 2 | F15 | 117 | Existed |
| P0081 | 2 | F52 | 2 |  | 119 |  |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
3. check intake valve timing control solenoid valve

Check intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EC-193, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace malfunctioning intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

1. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE-I
2. Disconnect intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Check resistance between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminals as per the following.

| Terminals | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | $7.0-7.8 \Omega\left[a t 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |
| 1 or 2 and ground | (Continuity should not exist) |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
2. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE-II

1. Remove intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
2. Provide 12 V DC between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminals 1 and 2, and then interrupt it. Check that the plunger moves as shown in the figure.

## CAUTION:

Never apply 12 V DC continuously for 5 seconds or more. Doing so may result in damage to the coil in intake valve timing control solenoid valve.
NOTE:
Always replace O-ring when intake valve timing control solenoid valve is removed.
Is the inspection result normal?


## YES >> INSPECTION END

NO >> Replace malfunctioning intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | CONSULT screen terms <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0078 | EX V/T ACT/CIRC-B1 <br> [Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve <br> (bank 1) circuit] | An improper voltage is sent to the ECM through exhaust valve timing con- |
| trol solenoid valve. |  |  |

## POSSIBLE CAUSE

- Harness or connectors (Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.)
- Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve


## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Start the engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-194, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO-1 >> To check malfunction symptom before repair: Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO-2 >> Confirmation after repair: INSPECTION END
```

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. Check exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve power supply circuit - 1

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector and ground.

| DTC | + |  |  |  | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve |  | Voltage |  |  |
|  | Bank | Connector |  |  |  |
| P0078 | 1 | F48 | 1 | Ground | Battery volt- <br> age |
| P0084 | 2 | F49 | 1 |  |  |

[^1]1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

## P0078, P0084 EVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | + |  |  | - |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve | ECM |  |  |  |  |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0078 | 1 | F48 | 2 | F15 | 58 | Existed |
|  | P0084 | 2 | F49 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
3. CHECK EXHAUST VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Check exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EC-195, "Component Inspection (Exhaust Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
4. CHECK EXHAUST VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT - 2

1. Check the continuity between ECM harness connector and exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.

| DTC | + |  | - |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ECM |  | Exhaust valve timing control <br> solenoid valve | Continuity |  |
|  | Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| P0075 | F14 | 51 | F48 | 1 | Existed |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

2. Also check harness for short to ground.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
Component Inspection (Exhaust Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve)

## 1. check exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve - 1

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Check resistance between exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve terminals as follows.

| Exhaust valve timing control <br> solenoid valve | Condition |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + |  |  | Resistance |

Is the inspection result normal?

# P0078, P0084 EVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## YES >> GO TO 2. <br> NO >> Replace malfunctioning exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View". <br> 2. CHECK EXHAUST VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE - 2

1. Remove exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
2. Apply 12 V between exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve terminals 1 and 2, and then interrupt it. Check that the plunger moves as shown in the figure.
CAUTION:
Never apply 12 V continuously for 5 seconds or more. Doing so may result in damage to the coil in exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve.
NOTE:
Always replace O-ring when exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve is removed.
Is the inspection result normal?
NO >> Replace malfunctioning exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".

## P0101 MAF SENSOR

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

If DTC P0101 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for other DTC.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0101 | MAF SEN/CIRCUIT-B1 <br> [Mass air flow (MAF) sensor cir- <br> cuit range/performance] | - A high voltage from the sensor is sent to <br> ECM under light load driving condition. <br> A low voltage from the sensor is sent to <br> ECM under heavy load driving condition. | • Harness or connectors <br> (The sensor circuit is open or short- <br> ed.) <br> - Intake air leaks <br> - MAF sensor <br> - EVAP control system pressure sensor <br> - Intake air temperature sensor |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
4. Drive the vehicle for at least 5 seconds under the following conditions:

CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at safe speed.

| Selector lever | Suitable position |
| :--- | :--- |
| Vehicle speed | $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(25 \mathrm{MPH})$ or more |

## NOTE:

- The gear must be fixed while driving the vehicle.
- Keep the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during cruising.

3. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-197, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check the following for connection.

- Air duct
- Vacuum hoses
- Intake air passage between air duct and intake manifold

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Reconnect the parts.
2. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW (MAF) SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect MAF sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between MAF sensor harness connector and ground.

| MAF sensor |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F68 | 1 | Ground | Approx. 5 V |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> GO TO 3.
3. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW (MAF) SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM sensor harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between MAF sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| MAF sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F68 | 1 | F14 | 28 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
4. CHECK MAF SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between MAF sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| MAF sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F68 | 2 | F14 | 40 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK MAF SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Check the continuity between MAF sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| MAF sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F68 | 3 | F14 | 38 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
6. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Check intake air temperature sensor. Refer to EC-199, "Component Inspection". Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> GO TO 7.
NO >> Replace MAF sensor (with intake air temperature sensor). Refer to EM-27, "Exploded View".
```


## 7.CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Check EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to EC-329, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 8.
NO >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.
8. CHECK MAF SENSOR

Check MAF sensor. Refer to EC-199, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace MAF sensor. Refer to EM-27, "Exploded View".

## Component Inspection

INFOID:0000000011323661

1. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW (MAF) SENSOR-I
(B) With CONSULT
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
5. Connect CONSULT and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.
6. Select "MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz)" and check the indication.

| Monitor item | Condition | Indication (Hz) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz) | Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.) | Approx. 3,720 Hz |
|  | Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.) | $4,100-4,700 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | Idle to about 4,000 rpm | $4,100-4,700$ to Approx. 8,000 Hz |

[^2]1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
4. Check the frequency between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Frequency (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal |  |  |  |
| F14 | 38 | 40 | Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.) | Approx. 3,720 Hz |
|  |  |  | Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.) | 4,100-4,700 Hz |
|  |  |  | Idle to about 4,000 rpm | 4,100-4,700 to Approx. 8,000 Hz* |

*: Check for linear frequency rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 4 .
$$

$$
\text { NO >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. CHECK FOR THE CAUSE OF UNEVEN AIR FLOW THROUGH MAF SENSOR
3. Turn ignition switch OFF.
4. Check for the cause of uneven air flow through MAF sensor. Refer to the following.

- Crushed air ducts
- Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element
- Uneven dirt of air cleaner element
- Improper specification of intake air system parts

Is the inspection result normal?

## P0101 MAF SENSOR

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## YES >> GO TO 4. <br> NO >> GOTO 3.

3.check maf sensor-il

## With CONSULT

1. Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Connect CONSULT and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.
4. Select "MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz)" and check the indication.

| Monitor item | Condition | Indication (Hz) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz) | Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.) | Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.) |
|  | Idle to about 4,000 rpm | Approx. 3,720 Hz |

*: Check for linear frequency rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.

## Without CONSULT

1. Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Check the frequency between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Frequency (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal |  |  |  |
| F14 | 38 | 40 | Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.) | Approx. 3,720 Hz |
|  |  |  | Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.) | 4,100-4,700 Hz |
|  |  |  | Idle to about 4,000 rpm | 4,100-4,700 to Approx. 8,000 Hz* |

*: Check for linear frequency rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GOTO 4.
4. CHECK MAF SENSOR-III

## () With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect MAF sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
4. Connect CONSULT and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.
5. Select "MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz)" and check the indication.

| Monitor item | Condition | Indication (Hz) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz) | Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.) | Approx. $3,720 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.) | $4,100-4,700 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | Idle to about 4,000 rpm | $4,100-4,700$ to Approx. $8,000 \mathrm{~Hz}^{*}$ |

*: Check for linear frequency rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.
(8)Without CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect MAF sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
4. Check the frequency between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Frequency (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal |  |  |  |
| F14 | 38 | 40 | Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.) | Approx. 3,720 Hz |
|  |  |  | Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.) | 4,100-4,700 Hz |
|  |  |  | Idle to about 4,000 rpm | 4,100-4,700 to Approx. 8,000 Hz* |

*: Check for linear frequency rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Clean or replace MAF sensor. Refer to EM-27, "Removal and Installation".

DTC DETECTION LOGIC
NOTE:
If DTC P0102 or P0103 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-375, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis <br> name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0102 | Mass air flow sensor <br> circuit low input | An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent <br> to ECM. | - Harness or connectors <br> (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - Intake air leakage <br> - Mass air flow sensor |
| P0103 | Mass air flow sensor <br> circuit high input | An excessively high voltage from the sensor is <br> sent to ECM. | - Harness or connectors <br> (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

Which DTC is detected?

$$
\text { P0102 >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

P0103 >> GO TO 3.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0102

1. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
2. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-202, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

3.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0103-I

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 5 seconds.
2. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-202, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> GO TO 4.
4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0103-II

1. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
2. Check DTC.

## Is DTC detected?

YES >> Proceed to EC-202, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. Inspection start

Confirm the detected DTC.
Which DTC is detected?
P0102 >> GO TO 2.

## P0103 >> GO TO 3.

2. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check the following for connection.

- Air duct
- Vacuum hoses
- Intake air passage between air duct to intake manifold

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Reconnect the parts.
3. CHECK MAF SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect mass air flow (MAF) sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between MAF sensor harness connector and ground.

| MAF sensor |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F68 | 1 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> GOTO 4.
4. CHECK MAF SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between MAF sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| MAF sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F68 | 1 | F14 | 28 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
5. CHECK MAF SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between MAF sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| MAF sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F68 | 2 | F14 | 40 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
6. CHECK MAF SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between MAF sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| MAF sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F68 | 3 | F14 | 38 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

## < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> GOTO 7.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
7. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Check mass air flow sensor. Refer to EC-204, "Component Inspection".

## Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace mass air flow sensor. Refer to EM-27, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

1. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW (MAF) SENSOR-I
()With CONSULT
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
5. Connect CONSULT and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.
6. Select "MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz)" and check the indication.

| Monitor item | Condition | Indication (Hz) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz) | Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.) | Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.) |
|  | Idle to about 4,000 rpm | $4,100-4,700 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |

*: Check for linear frequency rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.

## 8Without CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
4. Check the frequency between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Frequency (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal |  |  |  |
| F14 | 38 | 40 | Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.) | Approx. 3,720 Hz |
|  |  |  | Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.) | 4,100-4,700 Hz |
|  |  |  | Idle to about 4,000 rpm | 4,100-4,700 to Approx. 8,000 Hz* |

*: Check for linear frequency rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm. Is the inspection result normal?

| YES | $\gg G O T O$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| NO | $\gg$ GO TO 2. |

2. CHECK FOR THE CAUSE OF UNEVEN AIR FLOW THROUGH MAF SENSOR
3. Turn ignition switch OFF.
4. Check for the cause of uneven air flow through MAF sensor. Refer to the following.

- Crushed air ducts
- Malfunctioning seal of air cleaner element
- Uneven dirt of air cleaner element
- Improper specification of intake air system parts

Is the inspection result normal?

| YES | $\gg$ GO TO 4. |
| :--- | :--- |
| NO | $\gg$ GO TO 3. |

## 3.CHECK MAF SENSOR-II

## (®)With CONSULT

1. Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Connect CONSULT and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.
4. Select "MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz)" and check the indication.

| Monitor item | Condition | Indication (Hz) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz) | Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.) | Approx. $3,720 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.) | $4,100-4,700 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | Idle to about 4,000 rpm | $4,100-4,700$ to Approx. $8,000 \mathrm{~Hz}^{*}$ |

*: Check for linear frequency rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.

## 8Without CONSULT

1. Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Check the frequency between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Frequency (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal |  |  |  |
| F14 | 38 | 40 | Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.) | Approx. 3,720 Hz |
|  |  |  | Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.) | 4,100-4,700 Hz |
|  |  |  | Idle to about 4,000 rpm | 4,100-4,700 to Approx. 8,000 Hz* |

*: Check for linear frequency rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { INSPECTION END } \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 4 .
\end{array}
$$

4. CHECK MAF SENSOR-III

## (D)With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect MAF sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
4. Connect CONSULT and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.
5. Select "MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR $(\mathrm{Hz})$ " and check the indication.

| Monitor item | Condition | Indication (Hz) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR (Hz) | Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.) | Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.) |
|  | Idle to about 4,000 rpm | Approx. 3,720 Hz |

*: Check for linear frequency rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.
8 Without CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect MAF sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
4. Check the frequency between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Frequency (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal |  |  |  |
| F14 | 38 | 40 | Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.) | Approx. 3,720 Hz |
|  |  |  | Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.) | 4,100-4,700 Hz |
|  |  |  | Idle to about 4,000 rpm | 4,100-4,700 to Approx. 8,000 Hz* |

*: Check for linear frequency rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Clean or replace MAF sensor. Refer to EM-27, "Removal and Installation".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0111 | IAT SENSOR 1 B1 <br> [Intake air temperature (IAT) <br> sensor circuit range/perfor- <br> mance] | The comparison result of signals transmitted <br> to ECM from each temperature sensor (IAT <br> sensor, ECT sensor, FTT sensor, and EOT <br> sensor) shows that the voltage signal of the <br> IAT sensor is higher/lower than that of other <br> temperature sensors when the engine is <br> started with its cold state. | - Harness or connectors <br> (High or low resistance in the IAT sen- <br> sor circuit) <br> IAT sensor |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.INSPECTION START

## Is it necessary to erase permanent DTC?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 3 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 2 .
\end{array}
$$

2. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

## Perform component function check. Refer to EC-208, "Component Function Check".

## NOTE:

Use the component function check to check the overall function of the IAT sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-208, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```

3. PRECONDITIONING

If DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, do not add fuel.
- Before performing the following procedure, check that fuel level is between $1 / 4$ and $4 / 4$.
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 11 V or more at idle.

```
>> GO TO 4.
```

4.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Move the vehicle to a cool place.

NOTE:
Cool the vehicle in an environment of ambient air temperature between $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(14^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle for 12 hours.

CAUTION:
Never turn ignition switch ON during this procedure.
NOTE:
The vehicle must be cooled with the hood open.
3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 minutes or more.

CAUTION:
Never turn ignition switch OFF during idling.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

## Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-208, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Component Function Check

1. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE (IAT) SENSOR
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
4. Check resistance between mass air flow sensor terminals as follows.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Resistance (k $\Omega)$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | $25(77)$ | $1,800-2,200$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Proceed to EC-208, "Diagnosis Procedure".
Diagnosis Procedure

1. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE (IAT) SENSOR

Check intake air temperature sensor. Refer to EC-208, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor). Refer to EM-27, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

1. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE (IAT) SENSOR
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
4. Check resistance between mass air flow sensor terminals as follows.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Resistance (k $\Omega)$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | $25(77)$ | $1,800-2,200$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor). Refer to EM-27, "Exploded View".

## P0112, P0113 IAT SENSOR

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis <br> name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0112 | Intake air tempera- <br> ture sensor circuit <br> low input | An excessively low voltage from the sensor is <br> sent to ECM. | • Harness or connectors <br> (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) |
| P0113 | Intake air tempera- <br> ture sensor circuit <br> high input | An excessively high voltage from the sensor is air temperature sensor <br> sent to ECM. | Intaken |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
>> GO TO 2.
4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
5. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 5 seconds.
6. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } \gg \text { Proceed to EC-209, "Diagnosis Procedure". } \\
\text { NO } \gg \text { INSPECTION END }
\end{array}
$$

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor) harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between mass air flow sensor harness connector and ground.

| MAF sensor |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F68 | 4 | Ground | Approx. 5 V |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
2. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between mass air flow sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| MAF sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F68 | 2 | F14 | 40 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
3. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Check intake air temperature sensor. Refer to EC-210, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor). Refer to EM-27. "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

## 1.CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
3. Check resistance between mass air flow sensor terminals as per the following.

| Terminal | Condition |  | Resistance (k $)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 and 4 | Temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | $25(77)$ | $1.800-2.200$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >>INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor). Refer to EM-27, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0116 | ECT SEN/CIRC <br> [Engine coolant temperature <br> (ECT) sensor circuit range/per- <br> formance] | The comparison result of signals transmitted <br> to ECM from each temperature sensor (IAT <br> sensor, ECT sensor, FTT sensor, and EOT <br> sensor) shows that the voltage signal of the <br> ECT sensor is higher/lower than that of other <br> temperature sensors when the engine is <br> started with its cold state. | • Harness or connectors <br> (High or low resistance in the ECT <br> sensor circuit) |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.INSPECTION START

## Is it necessary to erase permanent DTC?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 3 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 2 .
\end{array}
$$

2. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

## Perform component function check. Refer to EC-212, "Component Function Check".

## NOTE:

Use the component function check to check the overall function of the ECT sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-212, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```

3. PRECONDITIONING

If DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, do not add fuel.
- Before performing the following procedure, check that fuel level is between $1 / 4$ and 4/4.
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 11 V or more at idle.

```
>> GO TO 4.
```

4.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Move the vehicle to a cool place.

NOTE:
Cool the vehicle in an environment of ambient air temperature between $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(14^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and level the vehicle for 12 hours.

CAUTION:
Never turn ignition switch ON during this procedrue.
NOTE:
The vehicle must be cooled with the hood open.
3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 minutes or more.

CAUTION:
Never turn ignition switch OFF during idling.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

## Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-212, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

Component Function Check

## 1. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE (ECT) SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECT sensor harness connector.
3. Remove ECT sensor. Refer to CO-26, "Exploded View".
4. Check resistance between ECT sensor terminals by heating with hot water as shown in the figure.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Resistance (k $\Omega)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | $20(68)$ | $2.1-2.9$ |
|  |  | $50(122)$ | $0.68-1.00$ |
|  |  | $90(194)$ | $0.236-0.260$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".


NO >> Proceed to EC-212, "Diagnosis Procedure".
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. Check engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor

Check ECT sensor. Refer to EC-212, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace ECT sensor. Refer to CO-26, "Exploded View".

## Component Inspection

## 1.CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
3. Remove engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to CO-26, "Exploded View".
4. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals as per the following.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Resistance $(\mathrm{k} \Omega)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Temperature $\left.\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]\right]$ | $20(68)$ | $2.1-2.9$ |
|  |  | $50(122)$ | $0.68-1.00$ |
|  |  | $90(194)$ | $0.236-0.260$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to
 CO-26, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble Diagnosis <br> Name | DTC detecting condition | Possible Cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0117 | Engine coolant tem- <br> perature sensor cir- <br> cuit low input | An excessively low voltage from the sensor is <br> sent to ECM. | • Harness or connectors <br> (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) |
| P0118 | Engine coolant tem- <br> perature sensor cir- <br> cuit high input | An excessively high voltage from the sensor is <br> sent to ECM. | Engine coolant temperature sensor |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 5 seconds.
4. Check DTC.

## Is DTC detected?

YES >> Proceed to EC-213, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK ECT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between ECT sensor harness connector and ground.

| ECT sensor |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F80 | 1 | Ground | Approx. 5 V |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
2. CHECK ECT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between ECT sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| ECT sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F80 | 2 | F14 | 35 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

## Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
3. check engine coolant temperature sensor

Check engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to EC-214, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to CO-26, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

1. Check engine coolant temperature sensor
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
4. Remove engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to $\mathrm{CO}-26$, "Exploded View".
5. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals as per the following.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Resistance $(\mathrm{k} \Omega)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Temperature $\left.\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]\right]$ | $20(68)$ | $2.1-2.9$ |
|  |  | $50(122)$ | $0.68-1.00$ |
|  |  | $90(194)$ | $0.236-0.260$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to
 CO-26, "Exploded View".

DTC DETECTION LOGIC
NOTE:
If DTC P0122 or P0123 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-375, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0122 | Throttle position sensor <br> 2 circuit low input | An excessively low voltage from the TP sensor <br> 2 is sent to ECM. | • Harness or connectors <br> (TP sensor 2 circuit is open or shorted.) |
| P0123 | Throttle position sensor <br> 2 circuit high input | An excessively high voltage from the TP sensor <br> 2 is sent to ECM. | Electric throttle control actuator <br> (TP sensor 2) |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than $\mathbf{8} \mathbf{V}$ at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
4. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-215, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between electric throttle control actuator harness connector and ground.

| Electric throttle control actuator |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F50 | 5 | Ground | Approx. 5 V |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

NO >>GOTO 2.
2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between electric throttle control actuator harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Electric throttle control actuator |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F50 | 5 | F15 | 98 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between electric throttle control actuator harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Electric throttle control actuator |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F50 | 4 | F15 | 75 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between electric throttle control actuator harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Electric throttle control actuator |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F50 | 3 | F15 | 72 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

## Check throttle position sensor. Refer to EC-216, "Component Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".

## Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
3. Perform EC-145, "Work Procedure".
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Set selector lever to D position.
6. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |  |
| F15 | 71 | $\begin{gathered} 75 \\ \text { (Sensor ground) } \end{gathered}$ | Accelerator pedal | Fully released | More than 0.36 V |
|  | nal) |  |  | Fully depressed | Less than 4.75 V |
|  | 72 <br> (TP sensor 2 signal) |  |  | Fully released | Less than 4.75 V |
|  |  |  |  | Fully depressed | More than 0.36 V |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".

EC

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

NOTE:

- If DTC P0125 is displayed with P0116, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0116. Refer to EC211, "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P0125 is displayed with P0117 or P0118, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0117, P0118. Refer to EC-213, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0125 | Insufficient engine coolant temperature for closed loop fuel control | - Voltage sent to ECM from the sensor is not practical, even when some time has passed after starting the engine. <br> - Engine coolant temperature is insufficient for closed loop fuel control. | - Harness or connectors (High resistance in the circuit) <br> - Engine coolant temperature sensor <br> - Thermostat |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

## 2. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR FUNCTION

## With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check that "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(50^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

## (sis) With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is the temperature above $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(50^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { INSPECTION END } \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 3 .
\end{array}
$$

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed.

If "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases to more than $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(50^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK. CAUTION:
Never overheat engine.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.
(est) With GST
Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> EC-218, "Diagnosis Procedure"
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

## Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 2 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { Replace engine coolant temperature sensor. }
\end{array}
$$

## 2. CHECK THERMOSTAT OPERATION

When the engine is cold [lower than $\left.70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ condition, grasp lower radiator hose and confirm that the engine coolant does not flow.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Repair or replace thermostat. Refer to CO-24, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

1. Check engine coolant temperature sensor
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
4. Remove engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to CO-26, "Exploded View".
5. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals as per the following.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Resistance $(\mathrm{k} \Omega)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Temperature $\left.\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]\right]$ | $20(68)$ | $2.1-2.9$ |
|  |  | $50(122)$ | $0.68-1.00$ |
|  |  | $90(194)$ | $0.236-0.260$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END


NO >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to CO-26, "Exploded View".

## P0127 IAT SENSOR

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0127 | Intake air temperature <br> too high | Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is <br> sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signal <br> from engine coolant temperature sensor. | • Harness or connectors <br> (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) <br> - Intake air temperature sensor |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

## TESTING CONDITION:

This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

## >> GO TO 2.

## 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than $96^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(205^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
- Check the engine coolant temperature.
- If the engine coolant temperature is not less than $96^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(205^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, turn ignition switch OFF and cool down engine.
NOTE:
Perform the following steps before engine coolant temperature is above $96^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(205^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
4. Start engine.
5. Hold vehicle speed at more than $70 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(43 \mathrm{MPH})$ for 100 consecutive seconds.

CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
6. Check 1st trip DTC.

## (sisi) With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-220, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

> Check intake air temperature sensor. Refer to EC-221, "Component Inspection".
> Is the inspection result normal?
> YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
> NO >> Replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).

## P0127 IAT SENSOR

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## Component Inspection

## 1.CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
3. Check resistance between mass air flow sensor terminals as follows.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Resistance $(\mathrm{k} \Omega)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | $25(77)$ | $1.800-2.200$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES
>> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor). Refer to EM-27, "Exploded View".

EC

## P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

NOTE:
If DTC P0128 is displayed with DTC P0300, P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304, P0305 or P0306, first perform the trouble diagnosis for P0300, P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304, P0305, P0306. Refer to EC-286, "DTC Logic".
Engine coolant temperature has not risen enough to open the thermostat even though the engine has run long enough.
This is due to a leak in the seal or the thermostat being stuck open.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0128 | THERMSTAT FNCTN <br> [Coolant thermostat (coolant <br> temperature below thermostat <br> regulating temperature)] | The engine coolant temperature does not <br> reach to specified temperature even though <br> the engine has run long enough. | • Thermostat <br> - Leakage from sealing portion of ther- <br> mostat <br> Engine coolant temperature sensor |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
NOTE:
Never refuel before and during the following procedure.
1.PRECONDITIONING-I

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PRECONDITIONING-II

## (1) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check the following conditions:

| Ambient temperature | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(14^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or more |
| :--- | :--- |
| A/C switch | OFF |
| Blower fan switch | OFF |

3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode of "ENGINE" using CONSULT.
4. Check the following conditions:

| COOLAN TEMP/S | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-46^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(14-115^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- |

Is the condition satisfied?

| YES | $\gg$ GO TO 3. |
| :--- | :--- |
| NO | $\gg 1$. |
|  | 2. GOTisfy the condition. |

3.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Start engine.
2. Drive the vehicle until the following condition is satisfied.

CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at safe speed.

- STEP 1 "FUEL T/TMP SE" becomes at least $24^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(43^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

| COOLAN TEMP/S | $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(149^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or less |
| :--- | :--- |
| FUEL T/TMP SE | Less than the value calculated by sub- <br> tracting $24^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(43^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ from "COOLAN <br> TEMP/S". |
| ${ }^{*}:$ Example |  |
| COOLAN TEMP/S | FUEL T/TMP SE |
| $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(113^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or less |
| $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(149^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or less |
| $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or less |

- STEP 2

Drive the vehicle at $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(32 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) or more with the difference between "COOLAN TEMP/S" and "FUEL T/TMP SE" maintained at $24^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(43^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or more.

## NOTE:

Keep the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during cruising.

## STEP 3

Drive the vehicle at $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}\left(32 \mathrm{MPH}\right.$ ) or more until "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases by $6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(11^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
NOTE:
Keep the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during cruising.
Is the condition satisfied?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> GO TO 1.
4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-II
(1) With CONSULT

1. Drive the vehicle until the following condition is satisfied.

| COOLAN TEMP/S | $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(149^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or more |
| :---: | :---: |

CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at safe speed.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-223, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Check engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to EC-223, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

NO >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.
2. CHECK THERMOSTAT

Check thermostat. Refer to CO-24, "Exploded View".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace thermostat. Refer to CO-24, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

## P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
3. Remove engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to CO-26, "Exploded View".
4. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals as per the following.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Resistance $(\mathrm{k} \Omega)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Temperature $\left.\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]\right]$ | $20(68)$ | $2.1-2.9$ |
|  |  | $50(122)$ | $0.68-1.00$ |
|  |  | $90(194)$ | $0.236-0.260$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to


## P0130, P0150 A/F SENSOR 1

## DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

To judge malfunctions, the diagnosis checks that the A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal fluctuates according to fuel feedback control.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name |  | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0130 | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (bank 1) circuit | A) | The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is constantly in a range other than approx. 2.2 V. | - Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - A/F sensor 1 |
|  |  | B) | The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is constantly approx. 2.2 V. |  |
| P0150 | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (bank 2) circuit | A) | The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is constantly in a range other than approx. 2.2 V. | - Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - A/F sensor 1 |
|  |  | B) | The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is constantly approx. 2.2 V. |  |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

## TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11 V at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A
3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
4. Let engine idle for 2 minutes.
5. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-227, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO-1 >> With CONSULT: GO TO 3.
NO-2 >> With GST: GO TO 7.
3. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 FUNCTION

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" indication.

Does the indication fluctuate around 2.2 V ?
YES $\quad>$ GO TO 4.
NO >> Proceed to EC-227, "Diagnosis Procedure".
4.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B-I

1. Select "A/F SEN1 (B1) P1276" (for DTC P0130) or "A/F SEN1 (B2) P1286" (for DTC P0150) of "A/F SEN1" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
2. Touch "START".
3. When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen.

| ENG SPEED | $1,000-3,200 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| VHCL SPEED SE | More than $64 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(40 \mathrm{mph})$ |
| B/FUEL SCHDL | $1.0-10.0 \mathrm{msec}$ |
| Selector lever | D position |

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 20 seconds, retry from step 2. CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
Is "TESTING" displayed on CONSULT screen?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Check A/F sensor 1 function again. GO TO 3.
5. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B-II

Release accelerator pedal fully.

## NOTE:

Never apply brake when releasing the accelerator pedal.
Which does "TESTING" change to?
COMPLETED>>GO TO 6.
OUT OF CONDITION>>Retry DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE. GO TO 4.
6.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B-III

Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULT".
Which is displayed on CONSULT screen?
OK >> INSPECTION END
NG >> Proceed to EC-227, "Diagnosis Procedure".
7. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK FOR MALFUNCTION B

Perform component function check. Refer to EC-226, "Component Function Check".
NOTE:
Use component function check to check the overall function of the A/F sensor 1 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-227, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```


## Component Function Check

## 1.PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

## (sis) With GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Drive the vehicle at a speed of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(50 \mathrm{MPH})$ for a few minutes in the suitable gear position.
3. Shift the selector lever to the D position, then release the accelerator pedal fully until the vehicle speed decreases to $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ( 31 MPH ).
CAUTION:

## Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:
Never apply brake when releasing the accelerator pedal.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 for 5 times.
5. Stop the vehicle and turn ignition switch OFF.
6. Wait at least 10 seconds and restart engine.
7. Repeat steps 2 and 3 for 5 times.
8. Stop the vehicle.
9. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-227, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ground.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | Ground | Voltage |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0130 | 1 | F28 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |
| P0150 | 2 | F65 | 1 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >>GOTO 2.
2. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0130 | 1 | F28 | 1 | F12 | 57 | Existed |
| P0150 | 2 | F65 | 1 |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0130 | 1 | F28 | 3 | F15 | 66 | Existed |
|  |  |  | 4 |  | 67 |  |
| P0150 | 2 | F65 | 3 |  | 76 |  |
|  |  |  | 4 |  | 77 |  |

4. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ground, or ECM harness connector and ground.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0130 | 1 | F28 | 3 |  | Ground | Not existed


| DTC | ECM |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0130 | Ground | Not existed |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 76 |  |  |
|  |  | 77 |  |  |

5. Also check harness for short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace malfunctioning air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## P0131, P0151 A/F SENSOR 1

## DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the $A / F$ signal computed by ECM from the $A / F$ sensor 1 signal is not inordinately low.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0131 | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (bank 1) circuit low voltage | - The A/F signal computed by ECM from the $\mathrm{A} /$ F sensor 1 signal is constantly approx. 0 V . | - Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - A/F sensor 1 |
| P0151 | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (bank 2) circuit low voltage |  |  |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.preconditioning

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5 V at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 FUNCTION

## (2)With CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" indication.
(9sㅚ) With GST
Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is the indication constantly approx. 0 V ?
```
YES >> Proceed to EC-230, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> GO TO 3.
3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
```

(1) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then restart engine.
4. Drive and accelerate vehicle to more than $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(25 \mathrm{MPH})$ within 20 seconds after restarting engine. CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
5. Maintain the following conditions for approximately 20 consecutive seconds.

| ENG SPEED | $1,000-3,200 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| VHCL SPEED SE | More than $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(25 \mathrm{mph})$ |
| B/FUEL SCHDL | $1.5-9.0 \mathrm{msec}$ |
| Selector lever | Suitable position |

## NOTE:

- Keep the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during cruising.
- If this procedure is not completed within 1 minute after restarting engine at step 1 , return to step 1.

6. Check 1st trip DTC.

## (sist With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-230, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{F}$ sensor 1 harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ground.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0131 | 1 | F28 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |
| P0151 | 2 | F65 | 1 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >>GOTO 2.
2. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0131 | 1 | F28 | 1 | F12 | 57 | Existed |
| P0151 | 2 | F65 | 1 |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK AF SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0131 | 1 | F28 | 3 | F15 | 66 | Existed |
|  |  |  | 4 |  | 67 |  |
| P0151 | 2 | F65 | 3 |  | 76 |  |
|  |  |  | 4 |  | 77 |  |

4. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ground, or ECM harness connector and ground.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0131 | 1 | F28 | 3 |  | Ground | Not existed

4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace malfunctioning air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is not inordinately high.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0132 | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (bank 1) circuit high voltage | - The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is constantly approx. 5 V . | - Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - A/F sensor 1 |
| P0152 | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (bank 2) circuit high voltage |  |  |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always preform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5 V at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

## 2. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 FUNCTION

## (0)With CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check "A/F SEN1 (B1)" or "A/F SEN1 (B2)" indication.
(estis) With GST
Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is the indication constantly approx. 5 V ?

## YES >> Proceed to EC-233, "Diagnosis Procedure".

NO >> GOTO 3.
3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON .
3. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then restart engine.
4. Drive and accelerate vehicle to more than $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(25 \mathrm{MPH})$ within 20 seconds after restarting engine. CAUTION:

## Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

5. Maintain the following conditions for approximately 20 consecutive seconds.

| ENG SPEED | $1,000-3,200 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| VHCL SPEED SE | More than $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(25 \mathrm{mph})$ |
| B/FUEL SCHDL | $1.5-9.0 \mathrm{msec}$ |
| Selector lever | Suitable position |

NOTE:

- Keep the accelerator pedal as steady as possible during cruising.
- If this procedure is not completed within 1 minute after restarting engine at step 1 , return to step 1.

6. Check 1st trip DTC.

## (eis) With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-233, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ground.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0132 | 1 | F28 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |
| P0152 | 2 | F65 | 1 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0132 | 1 | F28 | 1 | F12 | 57 | Existed |
| P0152 | 2 | F65 | 1 |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0132 | 1 | F28 | 3 | F15 | 66 | Existed |
|  |  |  | 4 |  | 67 |  |
| P0152 | 2 | F65 | 3 |  | 76 |  |
|  |  |  | 4 |  | 77 |  |

4. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ground, or ECM harness connector and ground.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace malfunctioning air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## P0137, P0157 HO2S2

## DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity of the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the maximum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently high during various driving conditions such as fuel-cut.
(a) $\quad 0.72 \mathrm{~V}$


| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0137 | Heated oxygen sensor2 <br> (bank 1) circuit low volt- <br> age | The maximum voltage from the sensor does not <br> reach the specified voltage. | - Harness or connectors <br> (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) |
| Peated oxygen sensor 2 |  |  |  |
| P0157 Fuel pressure |  |  |  |
| - Fuel injector |  |  |  |
| (bank 2) circuit low volt- |  |  |  |
| age |  |  |  |$\quad$| Intake air leakage |
| :--- |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.INSPECTION START

Will CONSULT be used?
Will CONSULT be used?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

NO >> GO TO 5.
2. PRECONDITIONING

If DTC confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(\mathbf{3 2}\right.$ to $86^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ).

## >> GO TO 3.

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
7. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
8. Check that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
9. Open engine hood.
10. Select "HO2S2 (B1) P1147" (for DTC P0137) or "HO2S2 (B2) P1167" (for DTC P0157) of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
11. Follow the instruction of CONSULT display.

NOTE:
It will take at most 10 minutes until "COMPLETED" is displayed.
12. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

Which is displayed on CONSULT screen?
OK >> INSPECTION END
NG >> Proceed to EC-237, "Diagnosis Procedure".
CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED>>GO TO 4.
4.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE AGAIN

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
2. Perform DTC confirmation procedure again.

## >> GO TO 3. <br> 5. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

## Perform component function check. Refer to EC-236, "Component Function Check".

NOTE:
Use component function check to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-237. "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Component Function Check

1.PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK-I

## (8)Without CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
6. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
7. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| DTC | ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  |  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| P0137 | F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2(\text { bank 1) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ | 35 <br> (Sensor ground) | Revving up to $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ under no load at least 10 times | The voltage should be above 0.72 V at least once during this procedure. |
| P0157 |  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2 \text { (bank 2) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

[^3]Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| DTC | ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  |  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| P0137 | F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2(\text { bank 1) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ | ground) | Keeping engine at idle for 10 minutes | The voltage should be above 0.72 V at least once during this procedure. |
| P0157 |  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ {\left[\begin{array}{c} \text { HO2S2 (bank 2) } \\ \text { signal] } \end{array}\right.} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GO TO 3.
3. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK-III

Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| DTC | ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  |  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| P0137 | F14 | 41 <br> [HO2S2 (bank 1) signal] | 35 <br> (Sensor ground) | Coasting from $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ( 50 MPH ) with selector lever in the D position | The voltage should be above 0.72 V at least once during this procedure. |
| P0157 |  | [HO2S2 (bank 2) signal] |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-237, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CLEAR MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING VALUE

1. Clear the mixture ratio self-learning value. Refer to EC-148, "Work Procedure".
2. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?
YES >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171 or P0174. Refer to EC-263, "DTC Logic". NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.
3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between heated oxygen sensor 2 (HO2S2) harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0137 | 1 | F86 | 4 | F14 | 35 | Existed |
| P0157 | 2 | F85 | 4 |  |  |  |

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
3. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between HO2S2 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0137 | 1 | F86 | 3 | F14 | 41 | Existed |
| P0157 | 2 | F85 | 3 |  | 32 |  |

2. Check the continuity between HO2S2 harness connector and ground, or ECM harness connector and ground.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0137 | 1 | F86 | 3 | Ground | Not existed |
| P0157 | 2 | F85 | 3 |  |  |


| DTC | ECM |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0137 | F14 | 41 | Ground | Not existed |
|  |  |  |  |  |

3. Also check harness for short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

## Check heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EC-238, "Component Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".

## Component Inspection

## 1. INSPECTION START

## Will CONSULT be used?

Will CONSULT be used?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 2 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 3 .
\end{array}
$$

2. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

## (1) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
6. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT.
7. Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to $\pm 25 \%$.

"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above (a) 0.72 V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is $\mathbf{+} \mathbf{2 5 \%}$. "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below (b) 0.27 V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is $-25 \%$.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
8. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2-I

## (8ithout CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
5. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ \text { [HO2S2 (bank 1) } \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ | 35 <br> (Sensor ground) | Revving up to $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ under no load at least 10 times | The voltage should be above 0.72 V at least once during this procedure. The voltage should be below 0.27 V at least once during this procedure. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ \text { [HO2S2 (bank 2) } \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?

> YES >> INSPECTION END

NO >> GOTO 4.
4. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2-II

Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  | Voltage |
|  | 41 <br> HO2S2 (bank 1) <br> signal] | 35 <br> (Sensor <br> ground) | Keeping engine at idle for 10 minutes | The voltage should be above 0.72 V at <br> least once during this procedure. <br> The voltage should be below 0.27 V at <br> least once during this procedure. |
|  | 32 <br> $\left[\begin{array}{l}\text { HO2S2 (bank 2) } \\ \text { signal] }\end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GOTO 5 .
5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2-III

Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2(\text { bank 1) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ | ground) | Coasting from $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(50 \mathrm{MPH})$ with selector lever in the D position | The voltage should be above 0.72 V at least once during this procedure. <br> The voltage should be below 0.27 V at least once during this procedure. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2 \text { (bank 2) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".

## P0138, P0158 HO2S2

## DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the air fuel ratio (A/ F) sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity of the three way catalyst (manifold) causes the longer switching time.

## MALFUNCTION A

To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the voltage is unusually high during various driving conditions such as fuel cut.

$$
\text { (a) }: 1.3 \mathrm{~V}
$$



## MALFUNCTION B

To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the minimum voltage of sensor is sufficiently low during various driving conditions such as fuel-cut.


JSBIA5834ZZ

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name |  | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0138 | Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1) circuit high voltage | A) | An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM. | - Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) <br> - Heated oxygen sensor 2 |
|  |  | B) | The minimum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage. | - Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) <br> - Heated oxygen sensor 2 <br> - Fuel pressure <br> - Fuel injector |
| P0158 | Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2) circuit high voltage | A) | An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM. | - Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) <br> - Heated oxygen sensor 2 |
|  |  | B) | The minimum voltage from the sensor is not reached to the specified voltage. | - Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) <br> - Heated oxygen sensor 2 <br> - Fuel pressure <br> - Fuel injector |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
>> GO TO 2.
4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A
5. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
6. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
7. Turn ignition switch ON.
8. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
9. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
10. Let engine idle for 2 minutes.
11. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-244, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO-1 >> With CONSULT: GO TO 3.
NO-2 >> Without CONSULT: GO TO 5.
3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

## NOTE:

For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( $\mathbf{3 2}$ to $86^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ).

1. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
7. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
8. Check that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
9. Open engine hood.
10. Select "HO2S2 (B1) P1146" (for DTC P0138) or "HO2S2 (B2) P1166" (for DTC P0158) of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
11. Follow the instruction of CONSULT display.

NOTE:
It will take at most 10 minutes until "COMPLETED" is displayed.
12. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

Which is displayed on CONSULT screen?
OK >> INSPECTION END
NG >> Proceed to EC-244, "Diagnosis Procedure".
CON NOT BE DIAGNOSED>>GO TO 4.
4.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B AGAIN

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
2. Perform DTC confirmation procedure again.
>> GO TO 3.
3. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK FOR MALFUNCTION B

## Perform component function check. Refer to EC-242, "Component Function Check". <br> NOTE:

Use component function check to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-244, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```


## Component Function Check

1.PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK-I

## \& Without CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
6. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
7. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| DTC | ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  |  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| P0138 | F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2 \text { (bank 1) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ | 35 <br> (Sensor ground) | Revving up to $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ under no load at least 10 times | The voltage should be below 0.27 V at least once during this procedure. |
| P0158 |  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2 \text { (bank 2) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK-II

Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| DTC | ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  |  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| P0138 | F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ \text { [HO2S2 (bank 1) } \end{gathered}$ signal] | ground) | Keeping engine speed at idle for 10 minutes | The voltage should be below 0.27 V at least once during this procedure. |
| P0158 |  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2 \text { (bank 2) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GOTO 3.
3. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK-III

Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| DTC | ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  |  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| P0138 | F14 | 41 <br> [HO2S2 (bank 1) signal] | ground) | Coasting from $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ( 50 MPH ) with selector lever in the D position | The voltage should be below 0.27 V at least once during this procedure. |
| P0158 |  | 32 <br> [HO2S2 (bank 2) signal] |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-244, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## 1. INSPECTION START

Confirm the detected malfunction (A or B). Refer to EC-241, "DTC Logic".
Which malfunction is detected?
A >> GO TO 2.
B >> GOTO 6.
2. CHECK HO2S2 CONNECTOR FOR WATER

1. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.
2. Check that water is not inside connectors.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.
3.CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between heated oxygen sensor 2 (HO2S2) harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0138 | 1 | F86 | 4 | F14 | 35 | Existed |
| P0158 | 2 | F85 | 4 |  |  |  |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 4 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between HO2S2 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0138 | 1 | F86 | 3 | F14 | 41 | Existed |
| P0158 | 2 | F85 | 3 |  | 32 |  |

2. Check the continuity between HO2S2 harness connector and ground, or ECM harness connector and ground.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0138 | 1 | F86 | 3 | Ground | Not existed |
| P0158 | 2 | F85 | 3 |  |  |


| DTC | ECM |  | Ground | Continuity |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0138 | F14 | 41 | Ground | Not existed |
|  |  | 32 |  |  |

3. Also check harness for short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Check heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EC-246, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
6. cLEAR MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING VALUE

1. Clear the mixture ratio self-learning value. Refer to EC-148, "Work Procedure".
2. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?
YES >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0172, P0175. Refer to EC-267, "DTC Logic". NO >> GO TO 7 .
7. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.
3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between HO2S2 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0138 | 1 | F86 | 4 | F14 | 35 | Existed |
| P0158 | 2 | F85 | 4 |  |  |  |

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 8 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
8. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between HO2S2 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0138 | 1 | F86 | 3 | F14 | 41 | Existed |
| P0158 | 2 | F85 | 3 |  | 32 |  |

2. Check the continuity between HO2S2 harness connector and ground, or ECM harness connector and ground.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0138 | 1 | F86 | 3 | Ground | Not existed |
| P0158 | 2 | F85 | 3 |  |  |


| DTC | ECM |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0138 | F14 | 41 | Ground | Not existed |
|  |  |  |  |  |

3. Also check harness for short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

## YES >> GO TO 9.

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
9. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

## Check heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EC-246, "Component Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".

## Component Inspection

1. INSPECTION START

Will CONSULT be used?
Will CONSULT be used?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 2 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 3 .
\end{array}
$$

2. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

## With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
6. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT.
7. Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to $\pm 25 \%$.

"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above © 0.72 V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is $\mathbf{+ 2 5 \%}$. "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below (b) 0.27 V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is $-25 \%$. Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
8. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2-I

## (2)Without CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
5. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2 \text { (bank 1) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ | ground) | Revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times | The voltage should be above 0.72 V at least once during this procedure. <br> The voltage should be below 0.27 V at least once during this procedure. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2 \text { (bank 2) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GO TO 4.
4. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2-II

Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2(\text { bank 1) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ | ground) | Keeping engine at idle for 10 minutes | The voltage should be above 0.72 V at least once during this procedure. The voltage should be below 0.27 V at least once during this procedure. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ \text { [HO2S2 (bank 2) } \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO > GO TO 5.
5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2-III

Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2(\text { bank 1) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ | 35 <br> (Sensor ground) | Coasting from $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(50 \mathrm{MPH})$ with selector lever in the D position | The voltage should be above 0.72 V at least once during this procedure. The voltage should be below 0.27 V at least once during this procedure. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2 \text { (bank 2) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity of the three way catalyst 1 causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the switching response of the sensor's voltage is faster than specified during various driving conditions such as fuel cut.


| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0139 | Heated oxygen sensor 2 <br> (bank 1) circuit slow re- <br> sponse | The switching time between rich and lean of a <br> heated oxygen sensor 2 signal delays more <br> than the specified time computed by ECM. | - Harness or connectors <br> (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) <br> - Heated oxygen sensor 2 <br> Puel system <br> P0159 EVAP system |
|  | Heated oxygen sensor 2 <br> (bank 2) circuit slow re- <br> sponse | Intake air system |  |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1. INSPECTION START

Do you have CONSULT?
Do you have CONSULT?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> GO TO 7 .
2. PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( $\mathbf{3 2}$ to $86^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ).
>> GO TO 3.

## 3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
7. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
8. Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
9. Drive the vehicle in a proper gear at $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(38 \mathrm{MPH})$ and maintain the speed.

CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
10. Release the accelerator pedal fully at least 5 seconds. CAUTION:

- Enable the engine brake.
- Always drive carefully.
- Never apply brake when releasing the accelerator pedal.

11. Repeat step 9 and 10 at least 8 times.
12. Check the following item of "DATA MONITOR".

| DTC | Data monitor item | Status |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| P0139 | HO2 S2 DIAG1 (B1) |  |
|  | HO2 S2 DIAG2 (B1) |  |
| P0159 | HO2 S2 DIAG1 (B2) |  |
|  | HO2 S2 DIAG2 (B2) |  |

Is "CMPLT" displayed on CONSULT screen?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO-1: "CMPLT" is not displayed on DIAG 1>>Perform DTC confirmation procedure again.
NO-2: "CMPLT" is not displayed on DIAG 2>>GO TO 4.
4. PERFORM DTC WORK SUPPORT

1. Open engine hood.
2. Select "HO2S2 (B1) P0139" or "HO2S2 (B2) P0159" of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
3. Start engine and follow the instruction of CONSULT display.

NOTE:
It will take at most 10 minutes until "COMPLETED" is displayed.
Is "COMPLETED" displayed on CONSULT screen?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 6 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 5 .
\end{array}
$$

## 5. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE AGAIN

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
2. Perform DTC confirmation procedure again.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

6.PERFORM SELF-DIAGNOSIS

## (D)With CONSULT

Perform ECM self-diagnosis.
Is DTC "P0139" or "P0159" detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-251, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
7. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

## Perform component function check. Refer to EC-249, "Component Function Check".

NOTE:
Use component function check to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-251, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```

Component Function Check
1.PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK-I

## 8 Without CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
6. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
7. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| DTC | ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  |  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| P0139 | F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ \text { [HO2S2 (bank 1) } \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ | 35 <br> (Sensor ground) | Revving up to $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ under no load at least 10 times | A change of voltage should be more than 0.56 V for 1 second during this procedure. |
| P0159 |  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ \text { [HO2S2 (bank 2) } \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

## Is the inspection result normal? <br> YES >> INSPECTION END <br> NO >> GO TO 2.

2. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK-II

Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| DTC | ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  |  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| P0139 | F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2(\text { bank 1) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ | 35 (Sensor ground) | Keeping engine at idle for 10 minutes | A change of voltage should be more than 0.56 V for 1 second during this procedure. |
| P0159 |  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2 \text { (bank 2) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GOTO 3.
3. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK-III

Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| DTC | ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  |  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| P0139 | F14 | 41 <br> [HO2S2 (bank 1) signal] | 35 <br> (Sensor ground) | Coasting from $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(50 \mathrm{MPH})$ in D position | A change of voltage should be more than 0.56 V for 1 second during this procedure. |
| P0159 |  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2 \text { (bank 2) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-251, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. clear mixture ratio self-Learning value

## 1. Clear the mixture ratio self-learning value. Refer to EC-148, "Work Procedure".

2. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?
YES >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or P0172, P0175. Refer to EC-263, "DTC Logic" or EC-267, "DTC Logic".
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.
3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between heated oxygen sensor 2 (HO2S2) harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0139 | 1 | F86 | 4 | F14 | 35 | Existed |
| P0159 | 2 | F85 | 4 |  |  |  |

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
3. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between HO2S2 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0139 | 1 | F86 | 3 | F14 | 41 | Existed |
| P0159 | 2 | F85 | 3 |  | 32 |  |

2. Check the continuity between HO2S2 harness connector and ground, or ECM harness connector and ground.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

## Check heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EC-252, "Component Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".

## Component Inspection

## 1.INSPECTION START

Will CONSULT be used?
Will CONSULT be used?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> GOTO 3.
2. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

## With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
6. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT.
7. Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to $\pm 25 \%$.

"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above © 0.72 V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is + 25\%. "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below (b) 0.27 V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is $-25 \%$.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
8. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2-I

## (8ithout CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
5. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2(\text { bank 1) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ | 35 (Sensor ground) | Revving up to $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ under no load at least 10 times | The voltage should be above 0.72 V at least once during this procedure. The voltage should be below 0.27 V at least once during this procedure. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ \text { [HO2S2 (bank 2) } \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GO TO 4.
4. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2-II

Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2(\text { bank 1) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ | ground) | Keeping engine at idle for 10 minutes | The voltage should be above 0.72 V at least once during this procedure. <br> The voltage should be below 0.27 V at least once during this procedure. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2 \text { (bank 2) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GO TO 5.
5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2-III

Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2(\text { bank 1) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ | 35(Sensor ground) | Coasting from $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ( 50 MPH ) with selector lever in the D position | The voltage should be above 0.72 V at least once during this procedure. <br> The voltage should be below 0.27 V at least once during this procedure. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2 \text { (bank 2) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | CONSULT screen terms <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0141 | HO2S2 HTR (B1) <br> (O2 sensor heater circuit <br> bank 1 sensor 2) | - Sensor temperature does not increase for 100 <br> consecutive seconds or more despite the maxi- <br> mum operating condition of the heated oxygen <br> sensor 2 heater. | - Harness or connectors <br> (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater <br> circuit is open or shorted.) |
| P0161 | HO2S2 HTR (B2) <br> (O2 sensor heater circuit <br> bank 2 sensor 2) | Sensor temperature does not decrease for 100 <br> consecutive seconds or more despite the inactive <br> condition of the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater. | Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10.5 V and 16 V at idle.
>> GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 60 seconds under no load.
6. Let engine idle for 120 seconds.
7. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st tip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-254, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

1.CHECK HO2S2 POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 (HO2S2) harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between HO2S2 harness connector and ground.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0141 | 1 | F86 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |
| P0161 | 2 | F85 | 1 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> GO TO 2.

# P0141, P0161 HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## 2. CHECK HO2S2 SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between HO2S2 harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0141 | 1 | F86 | 1 | F12 | 56 | Existed |
| P0161 | 2 | F85 | 1 |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK HO2S2 HEATER OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between HO2S2 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | HO2S2 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0141 | 1 | F86 | 2 | F14 | 7 | Existed |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 4 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4.CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER

Check heated oxygen sensor 2 heater. Refer to EC-255, "Component Inspection". Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EM-34, "Removal and Installation".
Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.
3. Check resistance between HO2S2 terminals as per the following.

| $+$ | - | Resistance (Approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Heated oxygen sensor 2 |  |  |
| Terminal |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | $3.0 \Omega$ [at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ] |
| 3 | 1 | $\infty \Omega$ <br> (Continuity should not exist) |
|  | 2 |  |
|  | 4 |  |
| 4 | 1 |  |
|  | 2 |  |
|  | 3 |  |

Is the inspection result normal?

## P0141, P0161 HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
[VQ35DE]
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EM-34, "Removal and Installation".

# P014C, P014D, P014E, P014F, P015A, P015B, P015C, P015D A/F SENSOR 1 < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > [VQ35DE] P014C, P014D, P014E, P014F, P015A, P015B, P015C, P015D A/F SENSOR 1 

## DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

To judge malfunctions, this diagnosis measures response time of the A/F signal computed by ECM from the $\mathrm{A} /$ F sensor 1 signal. The time is compensated by engine operating (speed and load), fuel feedback control constant, and the A/F sensor 1 temperature index. Judgment is based on whether the compensated time (the A/F signal cycling time index) is inordinately long or not.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible Cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P014C | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (bank 1) circuit slow response | - The response time of a A/F sensor 1 signal delays more than the specified time computed by ECM. | - Harness or connectors (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - A/F sensor 1 |
| P015A | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (bank 1) circuit delayed response |  |  |
| P015B |  |  |  |
| P014E | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (bank 2) circuit slow response |  |  |
| P014F |  |  |  |
| P015C | Air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 (bank 2) circuit delayed response |  |  |
| P015D |  |  |  |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11 V at idle.
Do you have CONSULT?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> GO TO 6.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-1

## With CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
6. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
7. Increase the engine speed up to about $3,600 \mathrm{rpm}$ and keep it for 10 seconds.
8. Fully release accelerator pedal and then let engine idle for about 1 minute.
9. Check the items status of "DATA MONITOR" as follows.

NOTE:
If "PRSNT" changed to "ABSNT", refer to EC-226, "Component Function Check".

| DTC | Data monitor item | Status |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| - P014C |  |  |
| - P014D |  |  |
| - P015A | A/F SEN1 DIAG3 (B1) |  |
| - P015B |  | PRSNT |
| - P014E |  |  |
| - P014F |  |  |
| - P015C | A/F SEN1 DIAG3 (B2) |  |

Is "PRSNT" displayed on CONSULT screen?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 4 .
$$

NO >> GO TO 3.
3.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-2

## (1)With CONSULT

Perform DTC confirmation procedure-1 again.
Is "PRSNT" displayed on CONSULT screen?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Refer to EC-226, "Component Function Check".
4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-2

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Wait for about 20 seconds at idle.
2. Check the items status of "DATA MONITOR" as follows.

NOTE:
If "CMPLT" changed to "INCMP", refer to EC-226, "Component Function Check".

| DTC | Data monitor item | Status |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - P014C | A/F SEN1 DIAG1 (B1) | CMPLT |
| - P014D |  |  |
| - P015A <br> - P015B | A/F SEN1 DIAG2 (B1) |  |
| - P014E | A/F SEN1 DIAG1 (B2) |  |
| - P014F <br> - P015C <br> - P015D | A/F SEN1 DIAG2 (B2) |  |

Is "CMPLT" displayed on CONSULT screen?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Refer to EC-226, "Component Function Check".
5. PERFORM SELF-DIAGNOSIS
(1)With CONSULT

Check the "SELF-DIAG RESULT".
Is any DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-259, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
6.CHECK AIR-FUEL RATIO SELF-LEARNING VALUE
```


## With GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Select Service $\$ 01$ with GST.
3. Calculate the total value of "Short term fuel trim" and "Long term fuel trim" indications.

Is the total percentage within $\pm 15 \%$ ?

```
YES >> GO TO 8.
NO >> GOTO 7.
```


# P014C, P014D, P014E, P014F, P015A, P015B, P015C, P015D A/F SENSOR 1 < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

## 7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Intake air leaks
- Exhaust gas leaks
- Incorrect fuel pressure
- Lack of fuel
- Fuel injector
- Incorrect PCV hose connection
- PCV valve
- Mass air flow sensor
>> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.


## 8. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
6. Increase the engine speed up to about $3,600 \mathrm{rpm}$ and keep it for 10 seconds.
7. Fully release accelerator pedal and then let engine idle for about 1 minute.
8. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-259, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. RETIGHTEN A/F SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten the A/F sensor 1. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

## 2. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

1. Start engine and run it at idle.
2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst 1 .


Is exhaust gas leak detected?
YES >> Repair or replace.

NO >> GO TO 3.
3. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.
Is intake air leak detected?
YES >> Repair or replace.
NO >> GO TO 4.
4. CLEAR THE MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING VALUE

# P014C, P014D, P014E, P014F, P015A, P015B, P015C, P015D A/F SENSOR 1 < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

1. Clear the mixture ratio self-learning value. Refer to EC-148, "Work Procedure".
2. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

## YES >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or P0172, P0175. Refer to EC-263, "DTC Logic" or EC-267, "DTC Logic". <br> NO >> GOTO 5.

5. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY
6. Disconnect $A / F$ sensor 1 harness connector.
7. Turn ignition switch ON.
8. Check the voltage between $A / F$ sensor 1 harness connector and ground.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| - P014C |  |  |  |  |  |
| - P014D | 1 | F28 | 1 |  |  |
| - P015A | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| - P015B |  |  |  | Ground | Battery voltage |
| - P014E |  |  |  |  |  |
| - P014F | 2 | F65 | 1 |  |  |
| - P015C | 2 |  |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } \\
\text { NO. } \\
\text { NO GO TO } 6 .
\end{array}
$$

6.CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| - P014C |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - P014D | 1 | F28 | 1 |  |  |  |
| - P015A | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| - P015B |  |  |  | F12 | 57 | Existed |
| - P014E |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - P014F | 2 | F65 | 1 |  |  |  |
| - P015C | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |

## Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
7. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

# P014C, P014D, P014E, P014F, P015A, P015B, P015C, P015D A/F SENSOR 1 < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| - P014C | 1 | F28 | 3 | F15 | 66 | Existed |
| - P015A <br> - P015B |  |  | 4 |  | 67 |  |
| - P014E | 2 | F65 | 3 |  | 76 |  |
| - P015C <br> - P015D |  |  | 4 |  | 77 |  |

4. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ground, or ECM harness connector and ground.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| - P014C <br> - P014D <br> - P015A <br> - P015B |  |  | 3 | Ground | Not existed |
|  | 1 | F28 | 4 |  |  |
| - P014E <br> - P014F <br> - P015C <br> - P015D | 2 | F65 | 3 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 4 |  |  |
| DTC |  | ECM |  | Ground | Continuity |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| - P014C |  | F15 | 66 | Ground | Not existed |
| - P015B |  |  | 67 |  |  |
| - P014E | 2 |  | 76 |  |  |
| - P015C <br> - P015D |  |  | 77 |  |  |

5. Also check harness for short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 8.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
8. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 HEATER

Check air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 heater. Refer to EC-188, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> GO TO 9.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
9. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR
```

Check both mass air flow sensor (bank 1 and bank 2).
Refer to EC-199, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 10.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning mass air flow sensor. Refer to EM-27. "Exploded View".
10. check pcV valve

## Check PCV valve. Refer to EC-511, "Work Procedure".

Is the inspection result normal?

# P014C, P014D, P014E, P014F, P015A, P015B, P015C, P015D A/F SENSOR 1 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
YES >> GO TO 11.
NO >> Repair or replace PCV valve. Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View".
11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace malfunctioning air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

# P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION <br> < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > <br> <br> P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION <br> <br> P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION DTC Logic 

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from A/F sensor 1. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.
In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (the actual mixture ratio is too lean), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and illuminates the MIL ( 2 trip detection logic).

|  | Sensor | Input signal to ECM | ECM fu | Actuator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A/F sensor 1 |  | Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal) | Fuel injection control | Fuel injector |
| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition |  | Possible cause |
| P0171 | Fuel injection system too lean (bank 1) | - Fuel injection system does not operate properly. <br> - The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too lean.) |  | ir leakage <br> sor 1 |
| P0174 | Fuel injection system too lean (bank 2) |  |  | gas leakage <br> t fuel pressure <br> fuel <br> flow sensor <br> PCV hose connection |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON .
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

## 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I

1. Clear the mixture ratio self-learning value. Refer to EC-148, "Work Procedure".
2. Start engine.

Is it difficult to start engine?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 3 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 4 .
\end{array}
$$

3. Restart engine

If it is difficult to start engine, the fuel injection system has a malfunction, too.
Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal.
NOTE:

- When depressing accelerator pedal three-fourths (3/4) or more, the control system does not start the engine. Do not depress accelerator pedal too much.


## Does engine start?

4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-II
5. Keep engine idle for at least 5 minutes.
6. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

YES >> Proceed to EC-264, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >>GOTO 5.

## 5. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-III

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Start engine.
3. Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive minutes.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

| VHCL SPEED SE | $50-120 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ (31-75 mph) |
| :--- | :--- |

## CAUTION:

## Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-264, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAKAGE

1. Start engine and run it at idle.
2. Listen for an exhaust gas leakage before three way catalyst (manifold).

$\Rightarrow$ : Exhaust gas
Is exhaust gas leakage detected?
YES >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
NO >> GOTO 2.
3. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAKAGE
4. Listen for an intake air leakage after the mass air flow sensor.
5. Check PCV hose connection.

## Is intake air leakage detected?

YES >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
NO >> GOTO 3.

## 3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect corresponding A/F sensor 1 harness connector.
3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{F}$ sensor 1 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0171 | 1 | F28 | 3 | F15 | 66 | Existed |
|  |  |  | 4 |  | 67 |  |
| P0174 | 2 | F65 | 3 |  | 76 |  |
|  |  |  | 4 |  | 77 |  |

# P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
[VQ35DE]
5. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ground, or ECM harness connector and ground.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0171 | 1 | F28 | 3 | Ground | Not existed |
|  |  |  | 4 |  |  |
| P0174 | 2 | F65 | 3 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 4 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DTC |  | CM | Ground | Continuity |  |
|  | Connector | Terminal |  |  |  |  |
| P0171 | F15 | 66 | Ground | Not existed |  |
|  |  | 67 |  |  |  |  |
| P0174 |  | 76 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 77 |  |  |  |  |

6. Also check harness for short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES } \quad \gg \text { GO TO } 4 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-150, "Work Procedure".
2. Install fuel pressure gauge kit [SST: - (J-44321)] and check fuel pressure. Refer to EC-150, "Work Procedure".

At idling: Approximately $350 \mathrm{kPa}\left(3.57 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 51 \mathrm{psi}\right)$
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 6 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 5 .
\end{array}
$$

5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check fuel hoses and fuel tubes for clogging.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> Replace "fuel filter and fuel pump assembly". Refer to FL-5, "Exploded View".
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
6. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR
```


## Check MAF sensor. Refer to EC-199, "Component Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \text { >> GO TO } 7 . \\
\text { NO } & \text { >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or } \\
\text { ground. Refer to EC-202, "Diagnosis Procedure". }
\end{array}
$$

## With CONSULT

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

## (sis) With GST

1. Let engine idle.
2. Listen to each fuel injector operating sound.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 8.
NO >> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to EC-478, "Diagnosis Procedure".

8. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Confirm that the engine is cooled down and there are no fire hazards near the vehicle.
3. Disconnect all fuel injector harness connectors.
4. Remove fuel tube assembly. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".

Keep fuel hose and all fuel injectors connected to fuel tube.
5. For DTC P0171, reconnect fuel injector harness connectors on bank 1.

For DTC P0174, reconnect fuel injector harness connectors on bank 2.
6. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
7. Prepare pans or saucers under each fuel injector.
8. Crank engine for about 3 seconds.

For DTC P0171, check that fuel sprays out from fuel injectors on bank 1.
For DTC P0174, check that fuel sprays out from fuel injectors on bank 2.
Fuel should be sprayed evenly for each fuel injector.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace fuel injectors from which fuel does not spray out. Always replace O-ring with new ones. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".

# P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from A/F sensor 1. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.
In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (the actual mixture ratio is too rich), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and illuminates the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

| Sensor |  | Input signal to ECM | ECM function |  | Actuator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A/F sensor 1 |  | Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal) | Fuel injection control |  | Fuel injector |
| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition |  |  | Possible cause |
| P0172 | Fuel injection system too rich (bank 1) | - Fuel injection system does not operate properly. <br> - The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too rich.) |  |  | sor 1 <br> ctor |
| P0175 | Fuel injection system too rich (bank 2) |  |  |  | gas leakage <br> fuel pressure <br> flow sensor |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I
3. Clear the mixture ratio self-learning value. Refer to EC-148, "Work Procedure".
4. Start engine.

Is it difficult to start engine?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 3 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 4 .
\end{array}
$$

3. Restart engine

If it is difficult to start engine, the fuel injection system has a malfunction, too.
Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal.
NOTE:

- When depressing accelerator pedal three-fourths (3/4) or more, the control system does not start the engine. Do not depress accelerator pedal too much.


## Does engine start?

YES >> Proceed to EC-268, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> Check exhaust and intake air leakage visually.
4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-II

1. Keep engine idle for at least 5 minutes.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-268, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> GO TO 5 .
5. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-III

# P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Start engine.
3. Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive minutes.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

| VHCL SPEED SE | $50-120 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(31-75 \mathrm{mph})$ |
| :--- | :--- |

CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-268, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAKAGE

1. Start engine and run it at idle.
2. Listen for an exhaust gas leakage before three way catalyst (manifold).


Is exhaust gas leakage detected?
YES >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAKAGE

Listen for an intake air leakage after the mass air flow sensor.
Is intake air leakage detected?
YES >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
NO >> GO TO 3.
3. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect corresponding A/F sensor 1 harness connector.
3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0172 | 1 | F28 | 3 | F15 | 66 | Existed |
|  |  |  | 4 |  | 67 |  |
| P0175 | 2 | F65 | 3 |  | 76 |  |
|  |  |  | 4 |  | 77 |  |

5. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ground, or ECM harness connector and ground.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0172 | 1 | F28 | 3 | Ground | Not existed |
|  |  |  | 4 |  |  |
| P0175 | 2 | F65 | 3 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 4 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DTC | ECM |  | Ground | Continuity |  |
|  | Connector | Terminal |  |  |  |  |
| P0172 | F15 | 66 | Ground | Not existed |  |
|  |  | 67 |  |  |  |  |
| P0175 |  | 76 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 77 |  |  |  |  |

6. Also check harness for short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 4 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-150, "Work Procedure".
2. Install fuel pressure gauge kit [SST: - (J-44321)] and check fuel pressure. Refer to EC-150, "Work Procedure".

At idling: Approximately $350 \mathrm{kPa}\left(3.57 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 51 \mathrm{psi}\right)$
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 5 .
$$

NO >> Replace "fuel filter and fuel pump assembly". Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".
5. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Check MAF sensor. Refer to EC-199, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or ground. Refer to EC-202, "Diagnosis Procedure".
6. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR

With CONSULT

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

## (95s) With GST

1. Let engine idle.

# P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
[VQ35DE]
2. Listen to each fuel injector operating sound.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 7.
NO >> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to EC-478, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## 7. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR

1. Remove fuel injector assembly. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".

Keep fuel hose and all fuel injectors connected to fuel tube.
2. Confirm that the engine is cooled down and there are no fire hazards near the vehicle.
3. Disconnect all fuel injector harness connectors.
4. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
5. Prepare pans or saucers under each fuel injectors.
6. Crank engine for about 3 seconds.

Check fuel does not drip from fuel injector.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace the fuel injectors from which fuel is dripping. Always replace O-ring with new one. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".

## P0181 FTT SENSOR

DTC Logic
INFOID:0000000011323716

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition |  | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FTT SENSOR <br> [Fuel tank temperature (FTT) <br> sensor circuit range/performance] | A) | Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signals from ECT sensor and intake air temperature sensor. | - Harness or connectors (The FTT sensor circuit is open or shorted) <br> - FTT sensor |
| P0181 |  | B) | The comparison result of signals transmitted to ECM from each temperature sensor (IAT sensor, ECT sensor, EOT sensor, and FTT sensor) shows that the voltage signal of the FTT sensor is higher/lower than that of other temperature sensors when the engine is started with its cold state. | - Harness or connectors (High or low resistance in the FTT sensor circuit) <br> - FTT sensor |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. InSPECTION START

## Is it necessary to erase permanent DTC?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 7 .
$$

NO >> GO TO 2.
2. PRECONDITIONING

If DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON .
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

## 3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A-I

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-273, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> GO TO 4.
4. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE

## (1) With CONSULT

1. Select "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" with CONSULT.
2. Check "COOLAN TEMP/S" value.

## (sis) With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
"COOLAN TEMP/S" less than $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GOTO 5 .
5. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A-II

## (B) With CONSULT

1. Cool engine down until "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
2. Wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Check 1st trip DTC.
(9is) With GST
Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-273, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> GO TO 6.
4. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK (FOR MALFUNCTION B)

## Perform component function check. Refer to EC-272, "Component Function Check".

NOTE:
Use the component function check to check the overall function of the FTT sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-273, "Diagnosis Procedure".
7.PRECONDITIONING
```

If DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, do not add fuel.
- Before performing the following procedure, check that fuel level is between $1 / 4$ and 4/4.
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 11 V or more at idle.


## >> GO TO 8.

## 8. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE B

1. Start engine and let it idle for 60 minutes.
2. Move the vehicle to a cool place.

NOTE:
Cool the vehicle in an environment of ambient air temperature between $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(14^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle for 12 hours.

CAUTION:
Never turn ignition switch ON during this procedure.
NOTE:
The vehicle must be cooled with the hood open.
4. Start engine and let it idle for 5 minutes or more.

CAUTION:
Never turn ignition switch OFF during idling.
5. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-273, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Component Function Check

1. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE (FTT) SENSOR
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector.
4. Remove fuel level sensor unit. Refer to FL-5, "Exploded View".
5. Check resistance between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminals by heating with hot water as shown in the figure.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Resistance (k $\Omega)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 and 5 | Temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | $20(68)$ | $2.3-2.7$ |
|  |  | $50(122)$ | $0.79-0.90$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Proceed to EC-273, "Diagnosis Procedure".

2. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-273, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.INSPECTION START

Confirm the detected malfunction (A or B). Refer to EC-271, "DTC Logic".
Which malfunction is detected?
A >> GO TO 2.
B >> GOTO 5.
2. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector and ground.

| Fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| B40 | 4 | Ground | Approx. 5 V |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> GO TO 3.
3. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between fuel tank temperature sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Fuel level sensor unit and fuel <br> pump | ECM |  | Continuity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| B40 | 4 | E19 | 128 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
4. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| B40 | 5 | E19 | 148 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connector.
5. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Check fuel tank temperature sensor. Refer to EC-274, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump. Refer to FL-5, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

## 1.CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove fuel level sensor unit. Refer to FL-5, "Exploded View".
3. Check resistance between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminals by heating with hot water as shown in the figure.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 and 5 | Temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | $20(68)$ | $2.3-2.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
|  |  | $50(122)$ | $0.79-0.90 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump. Refer to FL-5, "Exploded View".


## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0182 | Fuel tank temperature <br> sensor circuit low input | An excessively low voltage from the sensor is <br> sent to ECM. | - Harness or connectors <br> (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) |
| P0183 | Fuel tank temperature <br> sensor circuit high input | An excessively high voltage from the sensor is <br> sent to ECM. | Fuel tank temperature sensor |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 5 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-275, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure
INFOID:0000000011323721

## 1.CHECK GROUND CONNECTION

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check ground connection E38. Refer to Ground Inspection in GI-45, "Circuit Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

NO >> Repair or replace ground connection.
2. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector and ground.

| Fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| B40 | 4 | Ground | Approx. 5 V |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> GO TO 3.
3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E104, B4
- Harness for open or short between ECM and "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump"
>> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connector.

4. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT
5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
6. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
7. Check the continuity between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| B40 | 5 | E19 | 148 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> GO TO 5.
5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E105, M11
- Harness connectors M77, B11
- Harness for open or short between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" and ECM
>> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connector.

6. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-276, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 7 .
$$

NO >> Replace "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump".
7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
>> INSPECTION END

## Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove fuel level sensor unit. Refer to FL-5, "Exploded View".
3. Check resistance between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminals by heating with hot water as shown in the figure.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 and 5 | Temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | $20(68)$ | $2.3-2.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
|  |  | $50(122)$ | $0.79-0.90 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump. Refer to
FL-5, "Exploded View".


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## P0196 EOT SENSOR

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

If DTC P0196 is displayed with DTC P0197 or P0198, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0197 or P0198. Refer to EC-281, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition |  | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EOT SENSOR <br> [Engine oil temperature (EOT) sensor circuit range/performance] | A) | Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signals from EOT sensor and intake air temperature sensor. | - Harness or connectors (The EOT sensor circuit is open or shorted) <br> - EOT sensor |
| P0196 |  | B) | The comparison result of signals transmitted to ECM from each temperature sensor (IAT sensor, ECT sensor, FTT sensor, and EOT sensor) shows that the signal voltage of the EOT sensor is higher/lower than that of other temperature sensors when the engine is started with its cold state. | - Harness or connectors (High or low resistance in the EOT sensor circuit) <br> - EOT sensor |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Inspection start

Is it necessary to erase permanent DTC?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 6 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 2 .
\end{array}
$$

2. PRECONDITIONING

If DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON .
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 11 V or more at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MULFUNCTION A-I
4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Turn ignition switch ON.
7. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
8. Start engine and let it idle for 5 minutes and 10 seconds.
9. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-279, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> GO TO 4.
4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MULFUNCTION A-II
(1) With CONSULT

1. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
2. Check that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates above $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. If it is above $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, go to the following steps.

If it is below $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, warm engine up until "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. Then perform the following steps.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and soak the vehicle in a cool place.
4. Turn ignition switch ON .

NOTE:
Do not turn ignition switch OFF until step 8.
5. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
6. Check the following.

| COOLAN TEMP/S | Below $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| INT/A TEMP SE | Below $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Difference between "COOLAN TEMP/S" and "INT/A TEMP SE" | Within $6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(11^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |

If they are within the specified range, perform the following steps.
If they are out of the specified range, soak the vehicle to meet the above conditions. Then perform the following steps.
NOTE:

- Do not turn ignition switch OFF.
- If it is supposed to need a long period of time, do not deplete the battery.

7. Start engine and let it idle for 5 minutes.
8. Check 1st trip DTC.
(sis) With GST
Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-279, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> GOTO 5.
9. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK (FOR MULFUNCTION B)

## Perform component function check. Refer to EC-279, "Component Function Check".

NOTE:
Use the component function check to check the overall function of the EOT sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-279, "Diagnosis Procedure".
6.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, do not add fuel.
- Before performing the following procedure, check that fuel level is between $1 / 4$ and 4/4.
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 11 V or more at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 7 .
$$

7. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE B
8. Move the vehicle to a cool place.

NOTE:
Cool the vehicle in an environment of ambient air temperature between $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(14^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle for 12 hours.

CAUTION:
Never turn ignition switch ON during this procedure.
NOTE:
The vehicle must be cooled with the hood open.
3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 minutes or more.

## CAUTION:

Never turn ignition switch OFF during idling.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { Proceed to EC-279, "Diagnosis Procedure". } \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { INSPECTION END }
\end{array}
$$

Component Function Check

## 1. CHECK ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE (EOT) SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EOT sensor harness connector.
3. Remove EOT sensor. Refer to CO-26, "Exploded View".
4. Check resistance between EOT sensor terminals by heating with hot water as shown in the figure.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Resistance (k $\Omega)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | $20(68)$ | $2.1-2.9$ |
|  |  | $50(122)$ | $0.68-1.00$ |
|  |  | $90(194)$ | $0.236-0.260$ |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 2 .
$$



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NO >> Proceed to EC-279, "Diagnosis Procedure".
2. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-279, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR

## Check engine oil temperature sensor. Refer to EC-279, "Component Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace engine oil temperature sensor. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect engine oil temperature sensor harness connector.
3. Remove engine oil temperature sensor. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
4. Check resistance between engine oil temperature sensor terminals by heating with hot water as shown in the figure.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | $20(68)$ | $2.1-2.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
|  |  | $50(122)$ | $0.68-1.00 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
|  |  | $90(194)$ | $0.236-0.260 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END

## P0196 EOT SENSOR

NO >> Replace engine oil temperature sensor. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble Diagnosis <br> Name | DTC detecting condition | Possible Cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0197 | Engine oil tempera- <br> ture sensor circuit low <br> input | An excessively low voltage from the sensor is <br> sent to ECM. | - Harness or connectors <br> (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) |
| P0198 | Engine oil tempera- <br> ture sensor circuit <br> high input | An excessively high voltage from the sensor is <br> sent to ECM. | Engine oil temperature sensor |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { Proceed to EC-281, "Diagnosis Procedure". } \\
\text { NO } \gg \text { INSPECTION END }
\end{array}
$$

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK EOT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect engine oil temperature (EOT) sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between EOT sensor harness connector and ground.

| EOT sensor |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F66 | 1 | Ground | Approx. 5 V |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
2. CHECK EOT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between EOT sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| EOT sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F66 | 2 | F14 | 15 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

## Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
3. check engine oil temperature sensor

Check engine oil temperature sensor. Refer to EC-282, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace engine oil temperature sensor. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

1. check engine oil temperature sensor
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect engine oil temperature sensor harness connector.
4. Remove engine oil temperature sensor. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
5. Check resistance between engine oil temperature sensor terminals by heating with hot water as shown in the figure.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ | $20(68)$ | $2.1-2.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
|  |  | $50(122)$ | $0.68-1.00 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
|  |  | $90(194)$ | $0.236-0.260 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace engine oil temperature sensor. Refer to EM-68.
 "Exploded View".

DTC DETECTION LOGIC
NOTE:
If DTC P0222 or P0223 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-375, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0222 | Throttle position sensor <br> 1 circuit low input | An excessively low voltage from the TP sensor <br> 1 is sent to ECM. | - Harness or connectors <br> (TP sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) |
| P0223 | Throttle position sensor <br> 1 circuit high input | An excessively high voltage from the TP sensor <br> 1 is sent to ECM. | Electric throttle control actuator <br> (TP sensor 1) |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10 V at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
4. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-283, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between electric throttle control actuator harness connector and ground.

| Electric throttle control actuator |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F50 | 5 | Ground | Approx. 5 V |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between electric throttle control actuator and ECM harness connector.

| Electric throttle control actuator |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F50 | 5 | F15 | 98 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between electric throttle control actuator and ECM harness connector.

| Electric throttle control actuator |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F50 | 4 | F15 | 75 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between electric throttle control actuator and ECM harness connector.

| Electric throttle control actuator |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F50 | 6 | F15 | 71 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Check throttle position sensor. Refer to EC-284, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

## 1.check throttle position sensor

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
3. Perform EC-145, "Work Procedure".
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Set selector lever to D position.
6. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |  |
| F15 | 71 | $\begin{gathered} 75 \\ \text { (Sensor ground) } \end{gathered}$ | Accelerator pedal | Fully released | More than 0.36 V |
|  | nal) |  |  | Fully depressed | Less than 4.75 V |
|  | 72 <br> (TP sensor 2 signal) |  |  | Fully released | Less than 4.75 V |
|  |  |  |  | Fully depressed | More than 0.36 V |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".

EC

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

When a misfire occurs, engine speed will fluctuate. If the engine speed fluctuates enough to cause the crankshaft position (CKP) sensor (POS) signal to vary, ECM can determine that a misfire is occurring.

| Sensor | Input signal to ECM | ECM function |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Crankshaft position sensor (POS) | Engine speed | On board diagnosis of misfire |

The misfire detection logic consists of the following two conditions.

1. One Trip Detection Logic (Three Way Catalyst Damage)

On the 1st trip, when a misfire condition occurs that can damage the three way catalyst (TWC) due to overheating, the MIL will blink.
When a misfire condition occurs, the ECM monitors the CKP sensor signal every 200 engine revolutions for a change.
When the misfire condition decreases to a level that will not damage the TWC, the MIL will turn off. If another misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC on a second trip, the MIL will blink. When the misfire condition decreases to a level that will not damage the TWC, the MIL will remain on. If another misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC, the MIL will begin to blink again.
2. Two Trip Detection Logic (Exhaust quality deterioration)

For misfire conditions that will not damage the TWC (but will affect vehicle emissions), the MIL will only illuminate when the misfire is detected on a second trip. During this condition, the ECM monitors the CKP sensor signal every 1,000 engine revolutions.
A misfire malfunction can be detected in any one cylinder or in multiple cylinders.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0300 | Multiple cylinder misfires detected | Multiple cylinders misfire. | - Improper spark plug |
| P0301 | No. 1 cylinder misfire detected | No. 1 cylinder misfires. | - Insufficient compression |
| P0302 | No. 2 cylinder misfire detected | No. 2 cylinder misfires. | - The fuel injector circuit is open or shorted |
| P0303 | No. 3 cylinder misfire detected | No. 3 cylinder misfires. | - Fuel injector |
| P0304 | No. 4 cylinder misfire detected | No. 4 cylinder misfires. | - The ignition signal circuit is open or shorted |
| P0305 | No. 5 cylinder misfire detected | No. 5 cylinder misfires. | - Lack of fuel |
| P0306 | No. 6 cylinal plate |  |  |
| - A/F sensor 1 |  |  |  |
| - Incorrect PCV hose connection |  |  |  |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
>> GO TO 2.

## 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Restart engine and let it idle for approximately 15 minutes.
6. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

# P0300, P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304, P0305, P0306 MISFIRE <br> < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-287, "Diagnosis Procedure".
    NO >> GOTO 3.
```

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-II
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Turn ignition switch ON.
6. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
7. Start engine and drive the vehicle under similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data for a certain time. Refer to the table below.
Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.
Similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data mean that the following conditions should be satisfied at the same time.
CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle in safe manner according to traffic conditions and obey all traffic laws when driving.

| Engine speed | Engine speed in the freeze frame data $\pm 400 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Vehicle speed | Vehicle speed in the freeze frame data $\pm 10 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(6 \mathrm{MPH})$ |
| Basic fuel schedule | Basic fuel schedule in freeze frame data $\times(1 \pm 0.1)$ |
| Engine coolant temperature $(\mathrm{T})$ <br> condition | When the freeze frame data shows lower than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, <br> T should be lower than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. |
|  | When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, <br> T should be higher than or equal to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. |

Driving time varies according to the engine speed in the freeze frame data.

| Engine speed | Time |
| :--- | :--- |
| Around $1,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ | Approximately 10 minutes |
| Around $2,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ | Approximately 5 minutes |
| More than $3,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ | Approximately 3.5 minutes |

5. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-287, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. Check for intake air Leakage and pcv hose

1. Start engine and run it at idle speed.
2. Listen for the sound of the intake air leakage.
3. Check PCV hose connection.

Is intake air leakage detected?
YES >> Discover air leakage location and repair.
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK FOR EXHAUST SYSTEM CLOGGING

Stop engine and visually check exhaust tube, three way catalyst and muffler for dents.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES-1 >> With CONSULT: GO TO 3.
YES-2 >> Without CONSULT: GO TO 4.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
3.PERFORM POWER BALANCE TEST

## With CONSULT

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

# P0300, P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304, P0305, P0306 MISFIRE <br> < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

3. Check that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> GO TO 9.
NO >> GOTO 4.
4.CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR
```

1. Start engine and let it idle.
2. Listen to each fuel injector make operation sound.

Clicking sound should be heard.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> Perform trouble diagnosis for FUEL INJECTOR, refer to
    EC-478, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```



## 5. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-I

## CAUTION:

Perform the following procedure in a place with no combustible objects and good ventilation.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove fuel pump fuse in IPDM E/R to release fuel pressure.

NOTE:
Do not use CONSULT to release fuel pressure, or fuel pressure applies again during the following procedure.
3. Start engine.
4. After engine stalls, crank it 2 or 3 times to release all fuel pressure.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
6. Remove all ignition coil harness connectors to avoid the electrical discharge from the ignition coils.
7. Remove ignition coil and spark plug of the cylinder to be checked.
8. Crank engine for 5 seconds or more to remove combustion gas in the cylinder.
9. Connect spark plug and harness connector to ignition coil.
10. Fix ignition coil using a rope etc. with gap of $13-17 \mathrm{~mm}$ (0.520.66 in ) between the edge of the spark plug and grounded metal portion as shown in the figure.
11. Crank engine for approximately 3 seconds, and check whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded metal portion.

Spark should be generated.
CAUTION:

- During the operation, always stay 0.5 m ( 19.7 in ) or more away from the spark plug and the ignition coil. Be careful

(Cylinder head, cylinder block, etc.)
JMBIA0066GB not to get an electrical shock while checking, because the electrical discharge voltage becomes 20 kV or more.
- It might damage the ignition coil if the gap of more than $17 \mathrm{~mm}(0.66 \mathrm{in})$ is made.

NOTE:
When the gap is less than 13 mm ( 0.52 in ), a spark might be generated even if the coil is malfunctioning.
Is the inspection result normal?

| YES | $\gg$ GO TO 9. |
| :--- | :--- |
| NO | $\gg$ GO TO 6. |

6. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-II
7. Turn ignition switch OFF.
8. Disconnect spark plug and connect a non-malfunctioning spark plug.

# P0300, P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304, P0305, P0306 MISFIRE < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

[VQ35DE]
3. Crank engine for approximately 3 seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded metal portion.

Spark should be generated.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 7.
NO >> Check ignition coil, power transistor and their circuits. Refer to EC-483, "Diagnosis Procedure".
7. CHECK SPARK PLUG

Check the initial spark plug for fouling, etc.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-31, "SPARK PLUG: Spark Plug".
NO >> Repair or clean spark plug. Then GO TO 8.


## 8. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III

1. Reconnect the initial spark plugs.
2. Crank engine for approximately 3 seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion.

Spark should be generated.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-31, "SPARK PLUG: Spark Plug".
9. check compression pressure

Check compression pressure. Refer to EM-24, "Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 10.
NO >> Check pistons, piston rings, valves, valve seats and cylinder head gaskets.
10. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

1. Install all removed parts.
2. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-150, "Work Procedure".
3. Install fuel pressure gauge kit [SST: - (J-44321)] and check fuel pressure. Refer to EC-150, "Work Procedure".

## At idle: Approximately $350 \mathrm{kPa}\left(3.57 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 51 \mathrm{psi}\right)$

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 12 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 11 . \\
\text { 11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART }
\end{array}
$$

Check fuel hoses and fuel tubes for clogging.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace "fuel filter and fuel pump assembly". Refer to FL-5, "Exploded View".
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
12. check ignition timing

Check idle speed and ignition timing.

# P0300, P0301, P0302, P0303, P0304, P0305, P0306 MISFIRE < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

## For procedure, refer to EC-138, "Work Procedure".

For specification, refer to EC-513, "Idle Speed" and EC-513, "Ignition Timing".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 13.
NO >> Follow the EC-138, "Work Procedure".
13. CHECK A/F SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect corresponding A/F sensor 1 harness connector.
3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| A/F sensor 1 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| 1 | F28 | 3 | F15 | 66 | Existed |
|  |  | 4 |  | 67 |  |
| 2 | F65 | 3 |  | 76 |  |
|  |  | 4 |  | 77 |  |

5. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ground, or ECM harness connector and ground.

| A/F sensor 1 |  |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| 1 | F28 | 3 |  | Ground | Not existed


| ECM |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F15 | 66 |  |  |
|  | 67 | Ground | Not existed |
|  | 76 |  |  |
|  | 77 |  |  |

6. Also check harness for short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 14.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
14.CHECK AF SENSOR 1 HEATER

Check A/F sensor 1 heater. Refer to EC-188, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 15.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning A/F sensor 1. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
15. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Check MAF sensor. Refer to EC-199, "Component Inspection". Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 16.
NO >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or ground. Refer to EC-202, "Diagnosis Procedure".
16.CHECK SYMPTOM TABLE

Check items on the rough idle symptom in EC-502, "Symptom Table".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 17.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
17. ERASE THE 1ST TRIP DTC

Some tests may cause a 1st trip DTC to be set.
Erase the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory after performing the tests. Refer to EC-73, "CONSULT Function".
>> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detected condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0327 | Knock sensor (bank 1) circuit low input | An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM. | - Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - Knock sensor |
| P0328 | Knock sensor (bank 1) circuit high input | An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM. |  |
| P0332 | Knock sensor (bank 2) circuit low input | An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM. |  |
| P0333 | Knock sensor (bank 2) circuit high input | An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM. |  |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10 V at idle.
>> GO TO 2.

## 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-292, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Disconnect knock sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.
2. Check the continuity between knock sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | Knock sensor |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0327, P0328 | 1 | F201 | 2 | F14 | 4 | Existed |
| P0332, P0333 | 2 | F202 | 2 |  |  |  |

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
2. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between knock sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | Knock sensor |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0327, P0328 | 1 | F201 | 1 | F14 | 5 | Existed |
| P0332, P0333 | 2 | F202 | 1 |  | 9 |  |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
3. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR

Check knock sensor. Refer to EC-293, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace malfunctioning knock sensor. Refer to EM-108, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

1. Check knock sensor
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect knock sensor harness connector.
4. Check resistance between knock sensor terminal as per the following.

NOTE:
It is necessary to use an ohmmeter which can measure more than $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$.

| Terminals | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Approx. $532-588 \mathrm{k} \Omega\left[\right.$ at $\left.20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |

CAUTION:
Never use any knock sensors that have been dropped or physically damaged. Use only new ones.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning knock sensor. Refer to EM-108, "Exploded View".
```


## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

NOTE:
If DTC P0340 or P0345 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-375, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0335 | Crankshaft position sensor (POS) circuit | - The crankshaft position sensor (POS) signal is not detected by the ECM during the first few seconds of engine cranking. <br> - The proper pulse signal from the crankshaft position sensor (POS) is not sent to ECM while the engine is running. <br> - The crankshaft position sensor (POS) signal is not in the normal pattern during engine running. | - Harness or connectors [CKP sensor (POS) circuit is open or shorted.] <br> - Crankshaft position sensor (POS) <br> - Signal plate |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5 V with ignition switch ON.
>> GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.

If engine does not start, crank engine for at least 2 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-294, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```

NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

1. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION (CKP) SENSOR (POS) POWER SUPPLY
2. Disconnect crankshaft position (CKP) sensor (POS) harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between CKP sensor (POS) harness connector and ground.

| CKP sensor (POS) |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F20 | 1 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION (CKP) SENSOR (POS) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

## P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

1. Turn ignition switch OFF
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between CKP sensor (POS) harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| CKP sensor (POS) |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F20 | 1 | F14 | 28 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42. "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK CKP SENSOR (POS) GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between CKP sensor (POS) harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| CKP sensor (POS) |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F20 | 2 | F14 | 40 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK CKP SENSOR (POS) INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between CKP sensor (POS) harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| CKP sensor (POS) |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F20 | 3 | F14 | 36 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
5.CheCK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

Check crankshaft position sensor (POS). Refer to EC-295, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS). Refer to EM-39, "Exploded View".
6. сHECK GEAR TOOtH

Visually check for chipping signal plate gear tooth.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace the signal plate. Refer to EM-87, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

1. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)-I
2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
3. Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (POS) harness connector.
4. Remove the sensor.

## P0335 CKP SENSOR (POS)

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS). Refer to EM39, "Exploded View".

2. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)-II

Check resistance crankshaft position sensor (POS) terminals as per the following.

| Terminal No. (Polarity) | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
| $1(+)-2(-)$ | Except 0 or $\infty \Omega\left[\right.$ at $\left.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |
| $1(+)-3(-)$ |  |
| $2(+)-3(-)$ |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS). Refer to EM-39, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0340 | Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 1) circuit |  | - Harness or connectors [CMP sensor (PHASE) circuit is open or shorted.] |
| P0345 | Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 2) circuit | - The cylinder No. signal is not sent to ECM for the first few seconds during engine cranking. <br> - The cylinder No. signal is not sent to ECM during engine running. <br> - The cylinder No. signal is not in the normal pattern during engine running. | (Battery current sensor circuit is shorted.) (EOP sensor circuit is shorted.) (Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit is shorted.) <br> - Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) <br> - Camshaft (INT) <br> - Starter motor (Refer to STR-6, "System Description".) <br> - Starting system circuit (Refer to STR-6, "System Description".) <br> - Dead (Weak) battery <br> - Accelerator pedal position sensor <br> - Battery current sensor <br> - Engine oil pressure sensor <br> - Refrigerant pressure sensor |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5 V with ignition switch ON.

## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I

1. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.

If engine does not start, crank engine for at least 2 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-297, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> GO TO 3.
```

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I
4. Maintaining engine speed at more than 800 rpm for at least 5 seconds.
5. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-297, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

Diagnosis Procedure

## < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## Turn ignition switch to START position.

Does the engine turn over? Does the starter motor operate?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Check starting system. Refer to STR-10, "Work Flow (With GR8-1200 NI)" or STR-13, "Work Flow (Without GR8-1200 NI)".
2. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION (CMP) SENSOR (PHASE) POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect camshaft position (CMP) sensor (PHASE) harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between CMP sensor (PHASE) harness connector and ground.

| DTC | CMP sensor (PHASE) |  |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P0340 | 1 | F45 | 1 | Ground | Approx.5 |
| P0345 | 2 | F46 | 1 |  |  |

## Is the inspection result normal?

| YES | $\gg$ GO TO 4. |
| :--- | :--- |
| NO | $\gg$ GO TO 3. |

3. HECK CMP SENSOR (PHASE) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR OPEN
4. Turn ignition switch OFF.
5. Disconnect ECM harness connectors.
6. Check the continuity between CMP sensor (PHASE) harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | CMP sensor (PHASE) |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0340 | 1 | F45 | 1 | F15 | 92 | Existed |
| P0345 | 2 | F46 | 1 |  |  |  |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check sensor power supply 2 circuit. Refer to EC-375, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
4. CHECK CMP SENSOR (PHASE) GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between CMP sensor (PHASE) harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | CMP sensor (PHASE) |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0340 | 1 | F45 | 2 | F15 | 90 | Existed |
| P0345 | 2 | F46 | 2 |  |  |  |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK CMP SENSOR (PHASE) INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between CMP sensor (PHASE) harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | CMP sensor (PHASE) |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P0340 | 1 | F45 | 3 | F15 | 84 | Existed |
|  | P0345 | 2 | F46 |  |  |  |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 6.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
6. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE). Refer to EC-299, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 7 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { Replace malfunctioning camshaft position sensor (PHASE). Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View". } \\
\text { 7.CHECK CAMSHAFT (INT) }
\end{array}
$$

## Check the following.

- Accumulation of debris to the signal plate of camshaft rear end
- Chipping signal plate of camshaft rear end

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Remove debris and clean the signal plate of camshaft rear end or replace camshaft. Refer to EM-87. "Exploded View".


INFOID:0000000011323743

## Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
3. Disconnect camshaft position sensor (PHASE) harness connector.
4. Remove the sensor.
5. Visually check the sensor for chipping.

Is the inspection result normal?

| YES | $>$ GO TO 2. |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| NO | $>$ Replace malfunctioning camshaft position sensor |
|  | (PHASE). Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View". |


2.

CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)-II
Check resistance camshaft position sensor (PHASE) terminals as per the following.

| Terminal No. (Polarity) | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
| $1(+)-2(-)$ | Except 0 or $\infty \Omega\left[\right.$ at $\left.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |
| $1(+)-3(-)$ |  |
| $2(+)-3(-)$ |  |

## P0340, P0345 CMP SENSOR (PHASE)

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning camshaft position sensor (PHASE). Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View".

# P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION <br> < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

## P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION

## DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

The ECM monitors the switching frequency ratio of air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2.
A three way catalyst (manifold) with high oxygen storage capacity will indicate a low switching frequency of heated oxygen sensor 2. As oxygen storage capacity decreases, the heated oxygen sensor 2 switching frequency will increase.
When the frequency ratio of $A / F$ sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2 approaches a specified limit value, the three way catalyst (manifold) malfunction is diagnosed.

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I

## With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
7. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
8. Check that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
9. Open engine hood.
10. Select "DTC \& SRT CONFIRMATION" then "SRT WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
11. Rev engine between 2,000 and 3,000 rpm and hold it for 3 consecutive minutes then release the accelerator pedal completely.
12. Check the indication of "CATALYST".

Which is displayed on CONSULT screen?
CMPLT >> GO TO 6.
INCMP >> GO TO 4.
4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-II

1. Wait 5 seconds at idle.
2. Rev engine between 2,000 and $3,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ and maintain it until "INCMP" of "CATALYST" changes to "CMPLT" (It will take approximately 5 minutes).
Does the indication change to "CMPLT"?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> GOTO 5.
3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE AGAIN
4. Stop engine and cool it down to less than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
5. Perform DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE again.
>> GO TO 3.
6.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-III

Check 1st trip DTC.
Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
    YES >> Proceed to EC-303, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```

    NO >> INSPECTION END
    7. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

Perform component function check. Refer to EC-302, "Component Function Check".
NOTE:
Use component function check to check the overall function of the three way catalyst (manifold). During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?

| YES | $\gg$ INSPECTION END |
| :--- | :--- |
| NO | $\gg$ Proceed to EC-303, "Diagnosis Procedure". |

Component Function Check

## 1.PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

## 8Without CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for at least 1 minute under no load.
6. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
7. Open engine hood.
8. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

# P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION <br> < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

| DTC | ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  |  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| P0420 | F14 | $\begin{gathered} 41 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2(\text { bank 1) }} \\ \text { signal] } \end{gathered}$ | ground) | Keeping engine speed at $2,500 \mathrm{rpm}$ constant under no load | The voltage fluctuation cycle takes more than 5 seconds. <br> - 1 cycle: $0.6-1.0 \rightarrow 0-0.3 \rightarrow 0.6$ 1.0 |
| P0430 |  | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ {[\mathrm{HO} 2 \mathrm{~S} 2 \text { (bank 2) }} \\ \text { signal] } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |

s the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-303, "Diagnosis Procedure".
Diagnosis Procedure
1.CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM

Visually check exhaust tubes and muffler for dents.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
2. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAKAGE

1. Start engine and run it at idle.
2. Listen for an exhaust gas leakage before the three way catalyst (manifold).


Is exhaust gas leakage detected?
YES >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
NO >> GO TO 3.
3. cHECK INTAKE AIR LEAKAGE

Listen for an intake air leakage after the mass air flow sensor.
Is intake air leakage detected?
YES >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
NO >> GOTO 4.
4. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

Check idle speed and ignition timing.
For procedure, refer to EC-138, "Work Procedure".
For specification, refer to EC-513, "Idle Speed" and EC-513, "Ignition Timing".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Follow the EC-138, "Work Procedure".
5. CHECK FUEL INJECTORS

1. Stop engine and then turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals.

# P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

| ECM |  |  |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + |  | - |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F14 | 11 | E19 | 152 | Battery voltage |
|  | 12 |  |  |  |
|  | 16 |  |  |  |
|  | 17 |  |  |  |
|  | 21 |  |  |  |
|  | 22 |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 6.
NO >> Perform EC-478, "Diagnosis Procedure".
6. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-I

## CAUTION:

Perform the following procedure in a place with no combustible objects and good ventilation.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove fuel pump fuse in IPDM E/R to release fuel pressure.

NOTE:
Do not use CONSULT to release fuel pressure, or fuel pressure applies again during the following procedure.
3. Start engine.
4. After engine stalls, crank it 2 or 3 times to release all fuel pressure.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
6. Remove all ignition coil harness connectors to avoid the electrical discharge from the ignition coils.
7. Remove ignition coil and spark plug of the cylinder to be checked.
8. Crank engine for 5 seconds or more to remove combustion gas in the cylinder.
9. Connect spark plug and harness connector to ignition coil.
10. Fix ignition coil using a rope etc. with gap of 13-17 mm (0.520.66 in ) between the edge of the spark plug and grounded metal portion as shown in the figure.
11. Crank engine for approximately 3 seconds, and check whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded metal portion.

Spark should be generated.
CAUTION:

- During the operation, always stay 0.5 m (19.7 in) or more away from the spark plug and the ignition coil. Be careful


Grounded metal portion
(Cylinder head, cylinder block, etc.)
JMBIA0066GB not to get an electrical shock while checking, because the electrical discharge voltage becomes 20 kV or more.

- It might cause to damage the ignition coil if the gap of more than $17 \mathrm{~mm}(0.66 \mathrm{in})$ is taken. NOTE:
When the gap is less than $13 \mathrm{~mm}(0.52 \mathrm{in})$, the spark might be generated even if the coil is malfunctioning.
Is the inspection result normal?

| YES | $\gg$ GO TO 10. |
| :--- | :--- |
| NO | $\gg$ GO TO 7. |

7. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-II
8. Turn ignition switch OFF.
9. Disconnect spark plug and connect a known-good spark plug.
10. Crank engine for approximately 3 seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded metal portion.

# P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

Spark should be generated.
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 8 .
$$

NO >> Check ignition coil, power transistor and their circuit. Refer to EC-483, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## 8. CHECK SPARK PLUG

Check the initial spark plug for fouling, etc.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-31, "SPARK PLUG: Spark Plug".
NO >> Repair or clean spark plug. Then GO TO 9.


## 9. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-III

1. Reconnect the initial spark plugs.
2. Crank engine for approximately 3 seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion.

## Spark should be generated.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to MA-31, "SPARK
PLUG: Spark Plug".
10. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove fuel injector assembly. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".

Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".
Keep fuel hose and all fuel injectors connected to fuel tube.
3. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
4. Reconnect all fuel injector harness connectors disconnected.
5. Turn ignition switch ON.
6. Check that the fuel does not drip from fuel injector.

Does fuel drip from fuel injector?

> YES >> Replace the fuel injector(s) from which fuel is dripping. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".
> NO >> GO TO 11.
> 11.CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace three way catalyst assembly. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## P0441 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

If DTC P0441 is displayed with other DTC such as P2122, P2123, P2127, P2128 or P2138, first perform trouble diagnosis for other DTC.
In this evaporative emission (EVAP) control system, purge flow occurs during non-closed throttle conditions. Purge volume is related to air intake volume. Under normal purge conditions (non-closed throttle), the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is open to admit purge flow. Purge flow exposes the EVAP control system pressure sensor to intake manifold vacuum.
Under normal conditions (non-closed throttle), sensor output voltage indicates if pressure drop and purge flow are adequate. If not, a malfunction is determined.


PBIB1026E

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0441 | EVAP control system incorrect purge flow | EVAP control system does not operate properly, EVAP control system has a leakage between intake manifold and EVAP control system pressure sensor. | - EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve stuck closed <br> - EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit <br> - Loose, disconnected or improper connection of rubber tube <br> - Blocked rubber tube <br> - Cracked EVAP canister <br> - EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit <br> - Accelerator pedal position sensor <br> - Blocked purge port <br> - EVAP canister vent control valve |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. INSPECTION START

Will CONSULT be used?
Will CONSULT be used?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> GOTO 6.
2.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

## 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Always perform test at a temperature of $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(41^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or more.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Start engine and let it idle for at least 70 seconds.
6. Select "PURG FLOW P0441" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
7. Touch "START".

Is "COMPLETED" displayed on CONSULT screen?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 5 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 4 .
\end{array}
$$

4.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-II

When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 35 seconds.)

| Selector lever | Suitable position |
| :--- | :--- |
| VHCL SPEED SE | $32-120 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(20-75 \mathrm{mph})$ |
| ENG SPEED | $500-3,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| B/FUEL SCHDL | $1.3-9.0 \mathrm{msec}$ |
| COOLAN TEMP/S | More than $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |

## CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
If "TESTING" does not change for a long time, retry from step 2.
Is "COMPLETED" displayed on CONSULT screen?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 5 .
$$

NO >> Perform DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE again. GO TO 3.
5. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-III

Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
Which is displayed on CONSULT screen?
OK >> INSPECTION END
NG >> Proceed to EC-308, "Diagnosis Procedure".
6.PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

Perform component function check. Refer to EC-307, "Component Function Check".

## NOTE:

Use component function check to check the overall monitoring function of the EVAP control system purge flow monitoring. During this check, a 1 st trip DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-308, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```

Component Function Check

## (8)Without CONSULT

## P0441 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

1. Lift up drive wheels.
2. Start engine (VDC switch OFF) and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Start engine and wait at least 70 seconds.
7. Set voltmeter probes to ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |
| E19 | 121 | 148 |
|  | (EVAP control system pressure sensor signal) | (Sensor ground) |

8. Check EVAP control system pressure sensor value at idle speed and note it.
9. Establish and maintain the following conditions for at least 1 minute.

| Air conditioner switch | ON |
| :--- | :--- |
| Head lamp switch | ON |
| Rear window defogger switch | ON |
| Engine speed | Approx. 3,000 rpm |
| Gear position | Any position other than P, N or R |

10. Verify that EVAP control system pressure sensor value stays 0.1 V less than the value at idle speed (measured at step 6) for at least 1 second.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-308, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check EVAP canister for cracks.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES-1 >> With CONSULT: GO TO 2.
YES-2 >> Without CONSULT: GO TO 3.
NO >> Replace EVAP canister. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
2. CHECK PURGE FLOW

## With CONSULT

1. Disconnect vacuum hose connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port and install vacuum gauge. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to EC-50, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM : System Description".
2. Start engine and let it idle.
3. Select "PURG VOL C/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
4. Touch "Qd" and "Qu" on CONSULT screen to adjust "PURG VOL C/V" opening and check vacuum existence.

| PURG VOL C/V | Vacuum |
| :---: | :---: |
| $100 \%$ | Existed |
| $0 \%$ | Not existed |

Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> GO TO 7.
```

NO >> GO TO 4.

## 3. CHECK PURGE FLOW

## Without CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Stop engine.
3. Disconnect vacuum hose connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port and install vacuum gauge. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to EC-50, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM : System Description".
4. Start engine and let it idle.

Do not depress accelerator pedal even slightly.
5. Check vacuum gauge indication before 60 seconds pass after starting engine.

Vacuum should not exist.
6. Rev engine up to $2,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ after 100 seconds pass after starting engine.

Vacuum should exist.
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\hline \text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 7 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 4 . \\
\text { 4.CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE }
\end{array}
$$

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check EVAP purge line for improper connection or disconnection.

Refer to EC-50, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM : System Description".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Repair EVAP purge line.
5. CHECK EVAP PURGE HOSE AND PURGE PORT

1. Disconnect purge hoses connected to EVAP service port A and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve $\mathbf{B}$.
2. Blow air into each hose and EVAP purge port $\mathbf{C}$.

3. Check that air flows freely.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES-1 >> With CONSULT: GO TO 6.
YES-2 >> Without CONSULT: GO TO 7.
NO >> Repair or clean hoses and/or purge port.

6. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

## (2)With CONSULT

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "PURG VOL C/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

Does engine speed vary according to the valve opening?
YES >> GO TO 8.
NO >> GOTO 7.
7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Check EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Refer to EC-314, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 8.
NO >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
8. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
2. Check that water is not inside connectors.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 9.
NO >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
9. check evap control system pressure sensor function

Check EVAP control system pressure sensor function. Refer to EC-330, "DTC Logic" for DTC P0452, EC-333, "DTC Logic" for DTC P0453.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 10.
NO >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
10. check Rubber tube for clogging

1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 11.
NO >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.
11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Check EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to EC-321, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 12.
NO >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
12. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

Inspect EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube). Check for evidence of leakage.
Refer to EC-50, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM : System Description".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 13.
NO >> Repair EVAP purge line.
13. clean evap purge line

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.
>> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".

# P0443 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE <br> < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > <br> [VQ35DE] <br> P0443 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE <br> DTC Logic <br> INFOID:0000000011323750 

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name |  | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0443 | EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve | A | The canister purge flow is detected during the cehicle is stopped while the engine is running, even when EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is completely closed. | - EVAP control system pressure sensor <br> - EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve (The valve is stuck open.) <br> - EVAP canister vent control valve <br> - EVAP canister <br> - Hoses (Hoses are connected incorrectly or clogged.) |
|  |  | B | The canister purge flow is detected during the specified driving conditions, even when EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is completely closed. |  |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

## TESTING CONDITION:

- Perform "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" when the fuel level is between $1 / 4$ and $3 / 4$ full, and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 5 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(41\right.$ to $\left.140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
- Cool the vehicle so that engine coolant temperature becomes same level as ambient temperature.

Do you have CONSULT

```
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> GOTO 4.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE A
```


## (1)With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON .
2. Check that the following condition are met.

FUEL T/TMP SE: $0-35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32-95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
3. Start enfine and wait at least 60 seconds.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

IS 1st trip DTC detected?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES >> Proceed to EC-312, "Diagnosis Procedure". } \\
\text { NO >> GO TO } 3 .
\end{array}
$$

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE B

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Turn ignition switch ON.
6. Select "PURG VOL CN/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT.
7. Touch "START".
8. Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CONSULT changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 10 seconds.)
If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2.
```
< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
9. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
Which is displayed on CONSULT screen?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-312, "Diagnosis Procedure".
4.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE A
```

    P0443 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE
    
## (sis) With GST

1. Turn ignition switch ON .
2. Set voltmeter probes to ECM harness connector terminals.

| ECM |  |  | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |
| E19 | 128 (Fuel tank temperature sensor signal) | 148 (Sensor ground) | 3.1-4.0 |

3. Start engine and wait at least 60 seconds.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-312. "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >>GOTO 5 .
5. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE B

## (sis) With GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Start engine and let it idle for at least 20 seconds.
6. Check 1st trip DTC.
```
Is 1st trip DTC displayed?
YES >> Proceed to EC-312, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Check the voltage between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector and ground.

| EVAP canister purge volume control <br> solenoid valve | Ground | Voltage |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector |  |  |  |
| F30 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

# P0443 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
[VQ35DE]

| EVAP canister purge volume <br> control solenoid valve | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| F30 | 1 | E10 | 10 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| EVAP canister purge volume con- <br> trol solenoid valve | ECM |  | Continuity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| F30 | 2 | F14 | 54 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 4 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
2. Check that water is not inside connectors.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Check EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to EC-329, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES-1 >> With CONSULT: GO TO 6.
YES-2 >> Without CONSULT: GO TO 7.
NO >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
6. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

## With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
3. Start engine.
4. Perform "PURG VOL C/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.
Does engine speed vary according to the valve opening?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 8 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 7 .
\end{array}
$$

7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Check EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Refer to EC-314, "Component Inspection". Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> GO TO 8.
NO >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
```


## P0443 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
8. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 9.
NO >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.
9. check evap canister vent control valve

Check EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to EC-321, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 10.
NO >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
10. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER IS SATURATED WITH WATER

Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
Does water drain from the EVAP canister?
YES >> GO TO 11.
NO >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent
Incident".

11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
The weight should be less than 2.1 kg ( 4.6 lb ).
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> GO TO 12.
12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection
>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection


## 1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

## (2)With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
3. Disconnect EVAP purge hoses connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Select "PURG VOL C/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

# P0443 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE <br> < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

6. Touch "Qd" and "Qu" on CONSULT screen to adjust "PURG VOL C/V" opening and check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

| Condition <br> (PURG VOL C/V value) | Air passage continuity <br> between (A) and (B) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $100 \%$ | Existed |
| $0 \%$ | Not existed |



## (8ithout CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Disconnect EVAP purge hoses connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.
4. Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

| Condition | Air passage continuity <br> between (A) and (B) |
| :--- | :---: |
| 12 V direct current supply between <br> terminals 1 and 2 | Existed |
| No supply | Not existed |

Is the inspection result normal?


YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".

## P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
[VQ35DE]
P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

## DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| P0444 | EVAP canister purge volume <br> control solenoid valve circuit <br> open | An excessively low voltage signal is sent <br> to ECM through the valve | - Harness or connectors <br> (The solenoid valve circuit is open or <br> shorted.) <br> EVAP canister purge volume control so- <br> lenoid valve |
| P0445 | EVAP canister purge volume <br> control solenoid valve circuit <br> shorted | An excessively high voltage signal is sent <br> to ECM through the valve | - Harness or connectors <br> (The solenoid valve circuit is shorted.) <br> EVAP canister purge volume control so- <br> lenoid valve |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.CONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11 V at idle.

## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-316, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector and ground.

| EVAP canister purge volume control <br> solenoid valve | Ground | Voltage |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector |  |  |  |
| F30 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

NO >>GOTO 2.
2. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

## P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| EVAP canister purge volume <br> control solenoid valve | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| F30 | 1 | E10 | 10 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| EVAP canister purge volume con- <br> trol solenoid valve | ECM |  | Continuity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| F30 | 2 | F14 | 54 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES-1 >> With CONSULT: GO TO 4.
YES-2 >> Without CONSULT: GO TO 5.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

## (i)With CONSULT

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Start engine.
3. Perform "PURG VOL C/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.
Does engine speed vary according to the valve opening?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> GO TO 5 .
4. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Check EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Refer to EC-317, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection
INFOID:0000000011323755

## 1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
3. Disconnect EVAP purge hoses connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.
4. Start engine.
5. Select "PURG VOL C/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

## P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
[VQ35DE]
6. Touch "Qd" and "Qu" on CONSULT screen to adjust "PURG VOL C/V" opening and check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

| Condition <br> (PURG VOL C/V value) | Air passage continuity <br> between (A) and (B) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $100 \%$ | Existed |
| $0 \%$ | Not existed |



## 8Without CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Disconnect EVAP purge hoses connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.
4. Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

| Condition | Air passage continuity <br> between (A) and (B) |
| :--- | :---: |
| 12 V direct current supply between <br> terminals 1 and 2 | Existed |
| No supply | Not existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END


NO >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0447 | EVAP canister vent con- <br> trol valve circuit open | An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM <br> through EVAP canister vent control valve. | - Harness or connectors <br> (The valve circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - EVAP canister vent control valve <br> (Hoses <br> clogged.) |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11 V at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Start engine and wait at least 8 seconds.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-319, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. Inspection start

Will CONSULT be used?
Will CONSULT be used?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 2 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 3 .
\end{array}
$$

2. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT

## (1) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and then ON.
2. Select "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
3. Touch "ON/OFF" on CONSULT screen.
4. Check for operating sound of the valve.

Clicking sound should be heard.
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 6 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 3 .
\end{array}
$$

3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE POWER SUPPLY
4. Turn ignition switch OFF.
5. Disconnect EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.
6. Turn ignition switch ON.
7. Check the voltage between EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector and ground.

| EVAP canister vent control valve |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| B66 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> GOTO 4.
4.CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| EVAP canister vent control <br> valve |  | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| B66 | 1 | F12 | 53 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
5. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between ECM harness connector and EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.

| EVAP canister vent control valve |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| B66 | 2 | E19 | 141 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 6 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
6. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 7.
NO >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.
7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Check EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to EC-321, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".

## Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE-I

## 1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".

2. Check portion (A) of EVAP canister vent control valve for rust. Is it rusted?
```
YES >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to FL-
    16, "Exploded View".
NO >> GO TO 2.
```


2.

CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE-II

## ()With CONSULT

1. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
4. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time. Check that new O-ring is installed properly.

| Condition VENT CONTROL/V | Air passage continuity between (A) and (B) |
| :---: | :---: |
| ON | Not existed |
| OFF | Existed |

## Operation takes less than 1 second.

## 8)Without CONSULT

1. Disconnect EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.
2. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the
(A)
 following conditions.
Check that new O-ring is installed properly.

| Condition | Air passage continuity between (A) and (B) |
| :--- | :---: |
| 12 V direct current supply between <br> terminals 1 and 2 | Not existed |
| OFF | Existed |

Operation takes less than 1 second.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GO TO 3.
3.

CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE-III

## (2)With CONSULT

1. Clean the air passage [portion (A) to (B)] of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
2. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

## P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
3. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time.

Check that new O-ring is installed properly.

| Condition VENT CONTROL/V | Air passage continuity between (A) and (B) |
| :---: | :---: |
| ON | No |
| OFF | Yes |

Operation takes less than 1 second.

## 8Without CONSULT

1. Clean the air passage [portion (A) to (B)] of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
2. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.
Check that new O-ring is installed properly.

| Condition | Air passage continuity between (A) and (B) |
| :--- | :---: |
| 12 V direct current supply between <br> terminals (1) and (2) | No |
| OFF | Yes |

Operation takes less than 1 second.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | • EVAP canister vent control valve <br> - EVAP control system pressure sensor <br> and the circuit |
| P0448 | EVAP canister vent con- <br> trol valve close | EVAP canister vent control valve remains <br> closed under specified driving conditions. <br> Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister <br> vent control valve |  |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON .
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
>> GO TO 2.
4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 5 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
5. Repeat next procedures 3 times.

- Increase the engine speed up to 3,000 to $3,500 \mathrm{rpm}$ and keep it for 2 minutes and 50 seconds to 3 minutes.
Never exceed 3 minutes.
- Fully released accelerator pedal and keep engine idle for about 5 seconds.

6. Repeat next procedure 20 times.

- Quickly increase the engine speed up to 4,000 to $4,500 \mathrm{rpm}$ or more and keep it for 25 to 30 seconds.
- Fully released accelerator pedal and keep engine idle for at least 35 seconds.


7. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-323, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

Diagnosis Procedure

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
3. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Clean rubber tube using an air blower.
2. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Check EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to EC-325, "Component Inspection". Is he inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
3. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

Does water drain from the EVAP canister?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> GOTO 6.

4. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
The weight should be less than 2.1 kg ( 4.6 lb ).
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> GOTO 5.
5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection
>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".

6. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR
7. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
8. Check that water is not inside connectors.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 7.
NO >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
7.CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Check EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to EC-329, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".

## Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE-I

## 1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".

2. Check portion (A) of EVAP canister vent control valve for rust. Is it rusted?
```
YES >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to FL-
    16, "Exploded View".
NO >> GO TO 2.
```


2.

CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE-II

## ()With CONSULT

1. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
4. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time. Check that new O-ring is installed properly.

| Condition VENT CONTROL/V | Air passage continuity between (A) and (B) |
| :---: | :---: |
| ON | Not existed |
| OFF | Existed |

## Operation takes less than 1 second.

## 8Without CONSULT

1. Disconnect EVAP canister vent control valve harness connector.
2. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the
(A)
 following conditions.
Check that new O-ring is installed properly.

| Condition | Air passage continuity between (A) and (B) |
| :--- | :---: |
| 12 V direct current supply between <br> terminals 1 and 2 | Not existed |
| OFF | Existed |

Operation takes less than 1 second.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GO TO 3.
3.

CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE-III

## ())With CONSULT

1. Clean the air passage [portion (A) to (B)] of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
2. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.

## P0448 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
3. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time.

Check that new O-ring is installed properly.

| Condition VENT CONTROL/V | Air passage continuity between (A) and (B) |
| :---: | :---: |
| ON | No |
| OFF | Yes |

Operation takes less than 1 second.

## 8Without CONSULT

1. Clean the air passage [portion (A) to (B)] of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.

JMBIA0169ZZ
2. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.
Check that new O-ring is installed properly.

| Condition | Air passage continuity between (A) and (B) |
| :--- | :---: |
| 12 V direct current supply between <br> terminals (1) and (2) | No |
| OFF | Yes |

Operation takes less than 1 second.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0451 | EVAP control system pressure sensor performance | ECM detects a sloshing signal from the EVAP control system pressure sensor | - Harness or connectors (EVAP control system pressure sensor circuit is shorted.) <br> [CKP sensor (POS) circuit is shorted.] (APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.) (Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit is shorted.) <br> - EVAP control system pressure sensor <br> - Crankshaft position sensor (POS) <br> - Accelerator pedal position sensor <br> - Refrigerant pressure sensor |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## NOTE:

Never remove fuel filler cap during DTC confirmation procedure.
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

## (1)With CONSULT>>GO TO 2.

(8)Without CONSULT>>GO TO 5.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-1

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Start engine and let it idle for least 40 seconds.

NOTE:
Do not depress accelerator pedal even slightly.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { Proceed to EC-328, "Diagnosis Procedure". } \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 3 .
\end{array}
$$

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-2

## (B) With CONSULT

1. Select "EVAP DIAG READY" in "DATA MONITOR" mode of "ENGINE".
2. Let it idle until "OFF" of "EVAP DIAG READY" changes to "ON".

NOTE:
It will take at most 2 hours until "OFF" of "EVAP DIAG READY" changes to "ON".
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 90 minutes.

NOTE:
Never turn ignition switch ON during 90 minutes.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Select "EVAP LEAK DIAG" in "DATA MONITOR" mode of "ENGINE".
6. Check that "EVAP LEAK DIAG" indication.

Which is displayed on CONSULT?
CMPLT >> GO TO 4.
YET >> 1. Perform DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE again.
2. GO TO 1 .

# P0451 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR 

## 4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-3

(1) With CONSULT

Check 1st trip DTC.
Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-328, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
5. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-4
(sis) With GST

1. Start engine and let it idle for least 40 seconds.

## NOTE:

Do not depress accelerator pedal even slightly.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-328, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> GOTO 6.
6. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-5

## (sisis)With GST

1. Let it idle for at least 2 hours.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 90 minutes.

## NOTE:

Never turn ignition switch ON during 90 minutes.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-328, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR WATER

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
2. Check that water is not inside connectors.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Repair or replace harness connector.
2. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check the voltage between EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector and ground.

| EVAP control system pressure sensor | Ground | Voltage (V) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector |  |  |  |
| B22 | 3 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> GOTO 3.
3. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the confinuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

# P0451 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR <br> < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

| EVAP control system pressure sensor | ECM |  | Continuity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| B22 | 3 | E19 | 125 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4.CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Check EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to EC-329, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

## 1.CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
Always replace O-ring with a new one.
3. Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
4. Turn ignition switch ON and check output voltage between ECM terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Applied vacuum kPa <br> $\left(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, \mathrm{psi}\right)$ | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal | 121 <br> (EVAP control system <br> pressure sensor signal) | 148 <br> (Sensor ground) | $-26.7(-0.272,-3.87)$ | | Not applied |
| :---: |

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Never apply below $-93.3 \mathrm{kPa}\left(-0.952 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2},-13.53 \mathrm{psi}\right)$ or pressure over $101.3 \mathrm{kPa}\left(1.033 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right.$, $14.69 \mathrm{psi})$.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".


## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0452 | EVAP control system pressure sensor low input | An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM. | - Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) [CKP sensor (POS) circuit is shorted.] (APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.) (Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit is shorted.) <br> - EVAP control system pressure sensor <br> - Crankshaft position sensor (POS) <br> - Accelerator pedal position sensor <br> - Refrigerant pressure sensor |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:

## Always perform test at a temperature of $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(41^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or more.

## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

(1) With CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Turn ignition switch ON .
6. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
7. Check that "FUEL T/TMP SE" is more than $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
8. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
9. Check 1st trip DTC.

## (sis) With GST

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Set voltmeter probes to ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |
| E19 | 128 | (Fuel tank temperature sensor signal) |$\quad$ (Sensor ground) |  |
| :---: |

3. Check that the voltage is less than 4.2 V .
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Turn ignition switch ON.
6. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
7. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
8. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

# P0452 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR <br> < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-331, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```

NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure
1.CHECK CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
2. Check that water is not inside connector.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Repair or replace harness connector.
2. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check the voltage between EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector and ground.

| EVAP control system pressure sensor |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| B22 | 3 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 4 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 3 .
\end{array}
$$

3. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT
4. Turn ignition switch OFF.
5. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
6. Check the continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| EVAP control system pressure sensor | ECM |  | Continuity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| B22 | 3 | E19 | 125 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Repair open circuit.
4. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| EVAP control system pressure sensor | ECM |  | Continuity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| B22 | 1 | E19 | 148 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 5 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| EVAP control system pressure sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| B22 | 2 | E19 | 121 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
6. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Check EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to EC-332, "Component Inspection". Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

## 1.CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
Always replace O-ring with a new one.
3. Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
4. Turn ignition switch ON and check output voltage between ECM terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Applied vacuum kPa <br> $\left(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, \mathrm{psi}\right)$ | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal | 121 <br> (EVAP control system <br> pressure sensor signal) | 148 <br> (Sensor ground) | $-26.7(-0.272,-3.87)$ | | Not applied |
| :---: |

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Never apply below $-93.3 \mathrm{kPa}\left(-0.952 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2},-13.53 \mathrm{psi}\right)$ or pressure over $101.3 \mathrm{kPa}\left(1.033 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right.$, $14.69 \mathrm{psi})$.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".


## P0453 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0453 | EVAP control system pressure sensor high input | An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM. | - Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) [CKP sensor (POS) circuit is shorted.] (APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.) (Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit is shorted.) <br> - EVAP control system pressure sensor <br> - Crankshaft position sensor (POS) <br> - Accelerator pedal position sensor <br> - Refrigerant pressure sensor <br> - EVAP canister vent control valve <br> - EVAP canister <br> - Rubber hose from EVAP canister vent control valve to vehicle frame |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Always perform test at a temperature of $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(41^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or more.
>> GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## (B)With CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Turn ignition switch ON.
6. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
7. Check that "FUEL T/TMP SE" is more than $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
8. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
9. Check 1st trip DTC.
(Gis) With GST
10. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
11. Set voltmeter probes to ECM harness connector terminals.

| ECM |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |
| E19 | $\begin{array}{c}128 \\ \end{array}$ | (Fuel tank temperature sensor signal) |$]$| 148 |
| :---: |
| (Sensor ground) |

3. Check that the voltage is less than 4.2 V .
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Turn ignition switch ON .
6. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
7. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
8. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-334, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
2. Check that water is not inside connectors.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Repair or replace harness connector.
2. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check the voltage between EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector and ground.

| EVAP control system pressure sensor | Ground | Voltage (V) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Connector |  |  |  |
| B22 | 3 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> GOTO 3.
3. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| EVAP control system pressure sensor | ECM |  | Continuity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| B22 | 3 | E 19 | 125 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Repair open circuit.
4. CHECK EVAP CONTROL
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| EVAP control system pressure sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| B22 | 1 | E19 | 148 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# P0453 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR <br> < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > <br> [VQ35DE] <br> 5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT 

1. Check the continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| EVAP control system pressure sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| B22 | 2 | E19 | 121 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 6 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
6. CHECK RUBBER TUBE

1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 7.
NO >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower, repair or replace rubber tube.
7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Check EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to EC-321, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 8.
NO >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
8. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Check EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to EC-336, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 9.
NO >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
9. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER IS SATURATED WITH WATER

1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

Does water drain from the EVAP canister?
YES >> GO TO 10.
NO >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".


## 10.check evap canister

$\overline{\text { Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor }}$ attached.
The weight should be less than 2.1 kg ( 4.6 lb ).
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> GO TO 11.
11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

## Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection
>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection


## 1.CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
Always replace O-ring with a new one.
3. Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
4. Turn ignition switch ON and check output voltage between ECM terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Applied vacuum kPa <br> $\left(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, \mathrm{psi}\right)$ | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal | 121 <br> (EVAP control system <br> pressure sensor signal) | 148 <br> (Sensor ground) | $-26.7(-0.272,-3.87)$ | | Not applied |
| :---: |

CAUTION:

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Never apply below -93.3 kPa ( $-0.952 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$, -13.53 psi ) or pressure over $101.3 \mathrm{kPa}\left(1.033 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right.$, $14.69 \mathrm{psi})$.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
```


## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP line between fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve, using the negative pressure caused by decrease of fuel temperature in the fuel tank after turning ignition switch OFF.
If ECM judges there are no leaks, the diagnosis will be OK.


PBIB1026E

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0456 | Evaporative emission control system leak | - EVAP system has a leak. <br> - EVAP system does not operate properly. | - Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve <br> - Incorrect fuel filler cap used <br> - Fuel filler cap remains open or does not close. <br> - Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap. <br> - Leakage is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. <br> - Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve. <br> - EVAP canister or fuel tank leakage <br> - EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leakage <br> - EVAP purge line rubber tube bent <br> - Loose or disconnected rubber tube <br> - EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit <br> - EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit <br> - Fuel tank temperature sensor <br> - O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged <br> - EVAP canister is saturated with water <br> - EVAP control system pressure sensor <br> - Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve <br> - ORVR system leakage <br> - Fuel level sensor and the circuit <br> - Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve |

## CAUTION:

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may illuminate.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may illuminate.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.


## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON .
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

Do you have CONSULT?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> GO TO 4.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I

## (1)WITH CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "EVAP DIAG READY" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
2. Start engine and wait at idle until "OFF" of "EVAP DIAG READY" changes to "ON".

## NOTE:

It will take at most 2 hours until "OFF" of "EVAP DIAG READY" changes to "ON".
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 90 minutes.

## NOTE:

Never turn ignition switch ON during 90 minutes.
4. Turn ignition switch ON and select "EVAP LEAK DIAG" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
5. Check that "EVAP LEAK DIAG" indication.

Which is displayed on CONSULT?
CMPLT >> GO TO 3.
YET >> Perform DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE again. GO TO 1.
3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-II

Check 1st trip DTC.
Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-338, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END.
4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## (⿶ㅗㅎ) WITH GST

1. Start engine and wait engine idle for at least 2 hours.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 90 minutes.

## NOTE:

Never turn ignition switch ON during 90 minutes.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-338, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END.
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CheCK fuel filler cap design

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

## P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".


## 2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower. Then retighten until reteaching sound is heard.
3.check fuel filler cap function

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> GOTO 4.
4.check fuel tank vacuum relief valve

Refer to EC-342, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".
5. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

Refer to FL-17, "Inspection".
Is there any leak in EVAP line?
YES >> Repair or replace.
NO >> GO TO 6.
6. check evap canister vent control valve

Check the following.

- EVAP canister vent control valve is installed properly.

Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".

- EVAP canister vent control valve. Refer to EC-325, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >>GOTO 7.
NO >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".

7. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER
8. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
9. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

Does water drain from EVAP canister?
YES >> GOTO 8.
NO-1 >> With CONSULT: GO TO 10.
NO-2 >> Without CONSULT: GO TO 11.


## 8. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister assembly with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
The weight should be less than 2.1 kg ( 4.6 lb ).
Is the inspection result normal?
YES-1 >> With CONSULT: GO TO 10.
YES-2 >> Without CONSULT: GO TO 11.
NO >> GO TO 9 .
9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

## Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection
>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister. Refer to FL-15, "Hydraulic Layout".

10. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION
(1)WITH CONSULT
11. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
12. Start engine and let it idle.
13. Select "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
14. Touch "Qu" on CONSULT screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to $100 \%$.
15. Check vacuum hose for vacuum.

## Vacuum should exist.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 13.
NO >> GO TO 12.
11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

## 8WITHOUT CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Stop engine.
3. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to $2,000 \mathrm{rpm}$.

## Vacuum should exist.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 13.
NO >> GO TO 12.
12. check vacuum hose

Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to FL-15, "Hydraulic Layout". Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> GO TO 13.
NO >> Repair or reconnect the hose.
13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

## Refer to EC-317, "Component Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?
NO >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
14. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-274, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 15.
NO >> Replace fuel level sensor unit. Refer to FL-5, "Removal and Installation".
15. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

## Refer to EC-329, "Component Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 16 .
$$

NO >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
16. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks or improper connection.
Refer to FL-15, "Hydraulic Layout".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 17.
NO >> Repair or reconnect the hose.
17. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 18 .
$$

18. CHECK EVAP/ORVR LINE

Check EVAP/ORVR line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection. For location, refer to FL-15, "Hydraulic Layout".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 19.
NO >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.
19.check recirculation line

Check recirculation line between fuel filler tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 20.
NO >> Repair or replace hose, tube or fuel filler tube. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".
20. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-492, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?

NO >> Replace fuel level sensor unit. Refer to FL-5, "Removal and Installation".
22. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
>> INSPECTION END
Component Inspection
1.CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove fuel filler cap. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".
3. Wipe clean valve housing.

4. Install fuel filler cap adapter (commercial service tool) to fuel filler cap.
5. Check valve opening pressure and vacuum.

Pressure: $\quad 15.3-20.0 \mathrm{kPa}\left(0.156-0.204 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}\right.$, 2.22 $2.90 \mathrm{psi})$
Vacuum: -6.0 to $-3.3 \mathrm{kPa}\left(-0.061\right.$ to $-0.034 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$, -0.87 to $-0.48 \mathrm{psi})$
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { INSPECTION END } \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 2 .
\end{array}
$$


2. REPLACE FUEL FILLER CAP

Replace fuel filler cap. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".
CAUTION:
Use only a genuine fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may illuminate.
>> INSPECTION END

## P0460 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

## DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

- If DTC P0460 is displayed with DTC UXXXX, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC UXXXX.
- If DTC P0460 is displayed with DTC P0607, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0607. Refer to EC-372, "DTC Logic".
When the vehicle is parked, the fuel level in the fuel tank is naturally stable. It means that output signal of the fuel level sensor does not change. If ECM senses sloshing signal from the sensor, fuel level sensor malfunction is detected.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0460 | Fuel level sensor circuit noise | Even though the vehicle is parked, a signal being varied is sent from the fuel level sensor to ECM. | - Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted) <br> - Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) <br> - Combination meter <br> - Fuel level sensor |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Start engine and wait maximum of 2 consecutive minutes.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-343, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Check combination meter function. Refer to MWI-35, "CONSULT Function".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Proceed to MWI-76, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

- If DTC P0461 is displayed with DTC UXXXX, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC UXXXX.
- If DTC P0461 is displayed with DTC P0607, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0607. Refer to EC-372, "DTC Logic".
Driving long distances naturally affect fuel gauge level.
This diagnosis detects the fuel gauge malfunction of the gauge not moving even after a long distance has been driven.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0461 | Fuel level sensor circuit <br> range/performance | The output signal of the fuel level sensor does <br> not change within the specified range even <br> though the vehicle has been driven a long dis- <br> tance. | - Harness or connectors <br> (The CAN communication line is open or <br> shorted) <br> - Harness or connectors <br> (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) <br> Combination meter <br> - Fuel level sensor |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

Perform component function check. Refer to EC-344, "Component Function Check".
Use component function check to check the overall function of the fuel level sensor. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-345, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Component Function Check

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

## WARNING:

When performing the following procedure, always observe the handling of the fuel. Refer to FL-5, "Exploded View".

## TESTING CONDITION:

## Before starting component function check, preparation of draining fuel and refilling fuel is required.

Will CONSULT be used?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

NO >> GOTO 3.
2. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

## (1)With CONSULT <br> NOTE:

Start from step 10, if it is possible to confirm that the fuel cannot be drained by $30 \ell$ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/ 8 Imp gal) in advance.

1. Prepare a fuel container and a spare hose.
2. Release fuel pressure from fuel line, refer to EC-509, "Work Procedure".
3. Remove the fuel feed hose on the fuel level sensor unit.
4. Connect a spare fuel hose where the fuel feed hose was removed.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds then turn ON.
6. Select "FUEL LEVEL SE" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
7. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
8. Select "FUEL PUMP RELAY" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
9. Touch "ON" and drain fuel approximately $30 \ell(7-7 / 8$ US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) and stop it.
10. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
11. Fill fuel into the fuel tank for $30 \ell$ ( $7-7 / 8 \mathrm{US}$ gal, $6-5 / 8 \mathrm{Imp}$ gal).
12. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
13. Confirm whether the voltage changes more than 0.03 V during step 7 to 10 and 10 to 12.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-345, "Diagnosis Procedure".
3. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

## (8)Without CONSULT

NOTE:
Start from step 8, if it is possible to confirm that the fuel cannot be drained by $30 \ell$ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) in advance.

1. Prepare a fuel container and a spare hose.
2. Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to EC-509, "Work Procedure".
3. Remove the fuel feed hose on the fuel level sensor unit. Refer to FL-5, "Exploded View".
4. Connect a spare fuel hose where the fuel feed hose was removed.
5. Turn ignition switch ON.
6. Drain fuel by $30 \ell(7-7 / 8 \mathrm{US}$ gal, $6-5 / 8 \mathrm{Imp}$ gal) from the fuel tank using proper equipment.
7. Confirm that the fuel gauge indication varies.
8. Fill fuel into the fuel tank for $30 \ell$ ( $7-7 / 8 \mathrm{US}$ gal, $6-5 / 8 \mathrm{Imp}$ gal).
9. Confirm that the fuel gauge indication varies.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } \gg \text { INSPECTION END } \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { Proceed to EC-345, "Diagnosis Procedure". }
\end{array}
$$

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Check combination meter function. Refer to MWI-35, "CONSULT Function".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Proceed to MWI-76, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## P0462, P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

- If DTC P0462 or P0463 is displayed with DTC UXXXX, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC UXXXX.
- If DTC P0462 or P0463 is displayed with DTC P0607, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0607.Refer to EC-372, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0462 | Fuel level sensor circuit <br> low input | An excessively low voltage from the sensor is <br> sent to ECM. | - Harness or connectors <br> (The CAN communication line is open or <br> shorted) |
| P0463 | Fuel level sensor circuit <br> high input | An excessively high voltage from the sensor is <br> sent to ECM. | Harness or connectors <br> (The sensor circuit is open or shorted) <br> Combination meter <br> Cuel level sensor |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON .
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11 V at ignition switch ON.

## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 5 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-346, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

[^4]
## P0500 VSS

## Description

ECM receives vehicle speed signals from two different paths via CAN communication line: One is from the ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) via the combination unit and the other is from TCM.

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

- If DTC P0500 is displayed with DTC UXXXX, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC UXXXX.
- If DTC P0500 is displayed with DTC P0607, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0607. Refer to EC372, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0500 | VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC (Vehicle speed sensor) | At $20 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ( 13 MPH ), ECM detects the following status continuously for 5 seconds or more: The difference between a vehicle speed calculated by a secondary speed sensor transmitted from TCM to ECM via CAN communication and the vehicle speed indicated on the combination meter exceeds $15 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ (10 MPH). | - Harness or connector (The CAN communication line is open or shorted.) <br> - Combination meter <br> - ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) <br> - Wheel sensor <br> - TCM <br> - Secondary speed sensor |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 10 V or more at idle.

## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine.
2. Shift the selector lever to $D$ range and wait at least for 2 seconds.
3. Drive the vehicle at least 5 seconds at $20 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(13 \mathrm{MPH})$ or more.

CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
NOTE:
This procedure may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-347, "Diagnosis Procedure"
    NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK DTC WITH TCM

Check DTC with TCM. Refer to TM-41, "CONSULT Function".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.

NO >> Perform trouble shooting relevant to DTC indicated.
2. CHECK DTC WITH ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT (CONTROL UNIT)

Check DTC with ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit). Refer to BRC-30, "CONSULT Function".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> Perform trouble shooting relevant to DTC indicated.
3. CHECK DTC WITH COMBINATION METER

Check DTC with combination meter. Refer to MWI-35, "CONSULT Function".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> Perform trouble shooting relevant to DTC indicated.
4. CHECK SECONDARY SPEED SENSOR

Check secondary speed sensor. Refer to TM-157, "Diagnosis Procedure".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> Replace or replace error-detected parts.
5. CHECK WHEEL SENSOR

Check wheel sensor. Refer to BRC-64, "Diagnosis Procedure".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace or replace error-detected parts.

## P0506 ISC SYSTEM

## Description

The ECM controls the engine idle speed to a specified level through the fine adjustment of the air, which is let into the intake manifold, by operating the electric throttle control actuator. The operating of the throttle valve is varied to allow for optimum control of the engine idling speed. The crankshaft position sensor (POS) detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM.
The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator so that the engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in the ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warming up, deceleration and engine load (air conditioner, power steering and cooling fan operation, etc.).
DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

If DTC P0506 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for the other DTC.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| P0506 | Idle speed control sys- <br> tem RPM lower than ex- <br> pected | The idle speed is less than the target idle speed <br> by 100 rpm or more. | - Electric throttle control actuator <br> - Intake air leakage |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

If the target idle speed is out of the specified value, perform EC-146, "Work Procedure", before conducting DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE.
TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11 V at idle.
- Always perform the test at a temperature above $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(14^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.


## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Restart engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
6. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-349, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAKAGE

1. Start engine and let it idle.
2. Listen for an intake air leakage after the mass air flow sensor.

Is intake air leakage detected?

## P0506 ISC SYSTEM

YES >> Discover air leakage location and repair.
NO >> Replace ECM. Refer to EC-512, "Removal and Installation".

## P0507 ISC SYSTEM

## Description

The ECM controls the engine idle speed to a specified level through the fine adjustment of the air, which is let into the intake manifold, by operating the electric throttle control actuator. The operating of the throttle valve is varied to allow for optimum control of the engine idling speed. The crankshaft position sensor (POS) detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM.
The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator so that the engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in the ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warming up, deceleration and engine load (air conditioner, power steering and cooling fan operation, etc.).
DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

If DTC P0507 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for the other DTC.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0507 | Idle speed control sys- <br> tem RPM higher than <br> expected | The idle speed is more than the target idle <br> speed by 200 rpm or more. | - Electric throttle control actuator <br> - Intake air leakage <br> - PCV system |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

If the target idle speed is out of the specified value, perform EC-146, "Work Procedure", before conducting DTC Confirmation Procedure.
TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11 V at idle.
- Always perform the test at a temperature above $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(14^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.


## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Restart engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
6. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-351, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK PCV HOSE CONNECTION

Confirm that PCV hose is connected correctly.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.

## P0507 ISC SYSTEM

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
2. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAKAGE

1. Start engine and let it idle.
2. Listen for an intake air leakage after the mass air flow sensor.

Is intake air leakage detected?
YES >> Discover air leakage location and repair.
NO >> Replace ECM. Refer to EC-512, "Removal and Installation".

## P050A, P050E COLD START CONTROL

## Description

ECM controls ignition timing and engine idle speed when engine is started with pre-warming up condition.
This control promotes the activation of three way catalyst by heating the catalyst and reduces emissions.

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

If DTC P050A, P050E is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for other DTC.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P050A | Cold start idle air control system <br> performance | ECM does not control engine idle speed properly <br> when engine is started with pre-warming up con- <br> dition. | • Lack of intake air volume |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11 V at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I

## With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
4. Check the indication of "COOLAN TEMP/S".

## (esis) With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is the value of "COOLAN TEMP/S" between $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(39^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and $36^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(97^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

NO-1 [If it is below $\left.4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(39^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right] \gg$ Warm up the engine until the value of "COOLAN TEMP/S" reaches $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (39 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) or more. Retry from step 1.
NO-2 [lf it is above $36^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(97^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ]>>Cool engine down to less than $36^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(97^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. Retry from step 1 .
3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-II

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Set the select lever in $N$ range.
2. Start the engine and warm up in idle with the value of "COOLAN TEMP/S" between $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(39^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ $\left(104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ for more than 15 seconds.
3. Check 1st trip DTC.

## (9is) With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-354, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## NO >> INSPECTION END

Diagnosis Procedure
1.perform idle air volume learning

Perform EC-146, "Work Procedure".
Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning.
2. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check for the cause of intake air volume lacking. Refer to the following.

- Crushed intake air passage
- Intake air passage clogging
- Clogging of throttle body

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part
3. CHECK FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure for DTC P0171, P0174. Refer to EC-263, "DTC Logic".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Proceed to EC-264, "Diagnosis Procedure" for DTC P0171, P0174.
4.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Erase DTC.
3. Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.

See EC-353, "DTC Logic".
Is the 1st trip DTC P050A, P050E displayed again?
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { YES } & \gg \text { Replace ECM. Refer to EC-512, "Removal and Installation". } \\ \text { NO } & \gg \text { INSPECTION END }\end{array}$

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0520 | EOP SENSOR/SWITCH <br> (EOP sensor circuit) | ECM detects the following status continuously for 5 seconds or more: <br> - A voltage signal transmitted from the engine oil pressure sensor is lower than 0.26 V. <br> - A voltage signal transmitted from the engine oil pressure sensor is higher than 4.9 V. | - Harness or connectors (EOP sensor circuit is open or shorted) <br> - EOP sensor <br> - Sensor power supply 2 circuit |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON .
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
>> GO TO 2.
4. CHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL
5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
6. Check engine oil level. Refer to $\underline{L U-8, ~ " I n s p e c t i o n " . ~}$

Is inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Check engine oil leak. Refer to LU-8, "Inspection".
3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-355, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK EOP SENSOR POWER SUPPLY-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EOP sensor harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between EOP sensor harness connector terminals.

| EOP sensor |  |  | Voltage <br> (Approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |
|  | terminal |  | 5 V |
| F67 | 3 | 1 |  |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 2 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 4 .
\end{array}
$$

## 2. CHECK EOP SENSOR SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connectors.
3. Check the continuity between EOP sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| + |  | - |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EOP sensor |  | ECM |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F67 | 2 | F78 | 14 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## 3.CHECK EOP SENSOR

Check EOP sensor. Refer to EC-357, "Component Inspection". Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
4. CHECK EOP SENSOR POWER SUPPLY-II

Check the voltage between EOP sensor harness connector terminal and ground.

| + |  |  | Voltage <br> EOP sensor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F67 | 3 | Ground | 5 V |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> GO TO 5.
5. CHECK EOP SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connectors.
3. Check the continuity between EOP sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| + |  | - |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EOP sensor | ECM |  |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F67 | 3 | F14 | 18 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check sensor power supply 2 circuit. Refer to EC-496, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
6.CHECK EOP SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between EOP sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| + |  | - |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EOP sensor | ECM |  |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F67 | 1 | F14 | 15 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 7.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
7. CHECK ECM GROUND CIRCUIT

Check the continuity between ECM harness connector and ground.

|  |  | - | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ECM |  |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F14 | 10 | Ground | Existed |
|  | 55 |  |  |
| F15 | 105 |  |  |
|  | 110 |  |  |
| E19 | 147 |  |  |
|  | 149 |  |  |
|  | 152 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## Component Inspection

1.CHECK EOP SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EOP sensor harness connector.
3. Check resistance between EOP sensor connector terminals.

| EOP sensor |  | Condition | Resistance (k $\Omega$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | - |  |  |
| Terminal |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | None | 4-10 |
|  | 3 |  | 2-8 |
| 2 | 1 |  | 4-10 |
|  | 3 |  | 1-3 |
| 3 | 1 |  | 2-8 |
|  | 2 |  | 1-3 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END.
NO >> Replace EOP sensor. Refer to EM-39, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0524 | ENGINE OIL PRESSURE <br> (Engine oil pressure too low) | An EOP sensor signal voltage applied to ECM remains lower than the specified value continuously for 10 seconds or more when the engine speed is $1,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ or more. | - Decrease in engine oil pressure <br> - Decrease in engine oil level <br> - Engine oil condition <br> - EOP sensor <br> - Engine body |

```
DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE CAUTION:
If "EC-359, "Diagnosis Procedure"" is unfinished, be sure to perform Step 3 and 4.
1.PRECONDITIONING-1
```

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TEST CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 11 V or more at idle.

## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2. PRECONDITIONING-2

Is "Diagnosis Procedure" of DTC P0524 finished?

$$
\text { YES >> GOTO } 3 .
$$

NO >>GOTO 4.
3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Maintain the following conditions for about 10 consecutive seconds.

| Selector lever | P or N position |
| :--- | :--- |
| Engine coolant temperature | $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or more |
| Engine speed | 1,000 rpm or more |

NOTE:
With engine speed set around $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$, the phenomenon can be reproduced more easily.
3. Check DTC.

## Is DTC detected?

YES >> Proceed to EC-359, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
4. CHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL

Check engine oil level. Refer to LU-8, "Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Proceed to EC-359, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```

5. CHECK ENGINE OIL PRESSURE

## 1. Turn ignition switch ON.

2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode of "ENGINE" using CONSULT.
3. Start the engine and check that "EOP SENSOR" changes, according to engine speeds.

| Monitor item | Condition |  | Value <br> (Approx.) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| EOP SENSOR | - Engine oil temperature: $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(176^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Engine speed: <br> Idle | 1.45 V or more |
|  | Engine speed: <br> $2,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ | 2.85 V or more |  |

## 8Without CONSULT

Check engine oil pressure. Refer to LU-8, "Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Proceed to EC-359, "Diagnosis Procedure".
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.check engine oil level

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check engine oil level. Refer to LU-8, "Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> GOTO 4.
2.CHECK ENGINE OIL PRESSURE
```


## (B) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON .
2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode of "ENGINE" using CONSULT.
3. Start the engine and check that "EOP SENSOR" changes, according to engine speeds.

| Monitor item | Condition |  | Value <br> (Approx.) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | - Engine oil temperature: $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(1766^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ <br> - Selector lever: P or N position <br> - Air conditioner switch: OFF <br> - No load | Engine speed: <br> Idle | 1.45 V or more |
|  | Engine speed: <br> $2,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ | 2.85 V or more |  |

## 8 Without CONSULT

Check engine oil level. Refer to LU-8, "Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

NO >> Check oil pump. Refer to LU-14, "Removal and Installation".
3. CHECK EOP SENSOR

Check EOP sensor. Refer to EC-360, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
4. CHECK ENGINE OIL LEAKAGE

Check engine oil leakage. Refer to LU-8, "Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 5 .
$$

NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
5. CHECK CAUSE OF ENGINE OIL CONSUMPTION

Check the following item.

| Step | Inspection item | Equipment | Standard | Reference |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | PCV valve | EC-511, "Work Procedure" |  |  |

>> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
Component Inspection

## 1.CHECK EOP SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect EOP sensor harness connector.
3. Check resistance between EOP sensor connector terminals.

| EOP sensor |  | Condition | Resistance <br> ( $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | - |  |  |
| Terminal |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | None | 4-10 |
|  | 3 |  | 2-8 |
| 2 | 1 |  | 4-10 |
|  | 3 |  | 1-3 |
| 3 | 1 |  | 2-8 |
|  | 2 |  | 1-3 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END.
NO >> Replace EOP sensor. Refer to EM-39, "Exploded View".

# P052A, P052B, P052C, P052D INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

NOTE:
If DTC P052A, P052B, P052C and P052D is displayed with DTC P0075, P0081 perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0075, P0081. Refer to EC-192, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | Detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P052A | CAMSHAFT POSITION TIMING B1 <br> (Cold start "A" camshaft position timing over-advanced bank 1) | There is a gap between the target phase angle and the detected phase angle when the engine is operating in cold conditions. | - Crankshaft position sensor <br> - Camshaft position sensor <br> - Intake valve timing control solenoid valve <br> - Intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve <br> - Accumulation of debris to the signal pick-up portion of the camshaft <br> - Timing chain installation <br> - Foreign matter caught in the intake valve timing control (or intermediate lock control) solenoid valve |
| P052B | CAMSHAFT POSITION TIMING B1 <br> (Cold start "A" camshaft position timing over-retarded bank 1) |  |  |
| P052C | CAMSHAFT POSITION TIMING B2 (Cold start "A" camshaft position timing over-advanced bank 2) |  |  |
| P052D | CAMSHAFT POSITION TIMING B2 (Cold start "A" camshaft position timing over-retarded bank 2) |  |  |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

## TESTING CONDITION:

## Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 10 V or more at idle. (®) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON .
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. On the CONSULT screen, select "ENGINE" >> "DATA MONITOR" >> "COOLAN TEMP/S".
6. Check "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication value.

## (est)With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT" above.
Is the value of "COOLAN TEMP/S" $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(23^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(113^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

NO-1 [if it is below $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(23^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ] $\gg$ Warm up the engine until the value of "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ $\left(23^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(113^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. And then GO TO 2.
NO-2 [if it is above $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(113^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ] $\gg$ Cool the engine down to the value of "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ $\left(23^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(113^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. And then GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Set the selector lever in N range.
4. Start the engine and let it idle for 20 seconds or more.
5. Check 1st trip DTC.

# P052A, P052B, P052C, P052D INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > <br> <br> Is 1st trip DTC detected? <br> <br> Is 1st trip DTC detected? <br> YES >> Proceed to EC-362, "Diagnosis Procedure" <br> NO >> INSPECTION END <br> <br> Diagnosis Procedure <br> <br> Diagnosis Procedure <br> <br> 1.INSPECTION START 

 <br> <br> 1.INSPECTION START}

## With CONSULT>>GO TO 2.

Without CONSULT>>GO TO 3.
2. CHECK VTC POSITION

## ()With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. On the CONSULT screen, select "ENGINE" >> "DATA MONITOR" >> "COOLAN TEMP/S".
3. Check that the "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication value is between $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(23^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ and $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(113^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
4. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
5. On the CONSULT screen, select "ENGINE" >> "DATA MONITOR" >> "INT/V TIM (B1)".
6. Check that the data monitor item indicates as follows:

| Item | Value $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CA}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| INT/V TIM (B1) | $10 \pm 2$ |
| INT/V TIM (B2) | $10 \pm 2$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> GO TO 3.
3. CHECK OIL PRESSURE WARNING LAMP

1. Start engine.
2. Check that oil pressure warning lamp is not illuminated. Is oil pressure warning lamp illuminated?
```
YES >> Refer to LU-8, "Inspection".
```

NO > GOTO 4.


4. 

## 4. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING INTERMEDIATE LOCK CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Perform Component Inspection of the intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve. Refer to EC-364, "Component Inspection (Intake Valve Timing Intermediate Lock Control Solenoid Valve)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
5. Check intake valve timing control solenoid valve

Perform Component Inspection of the intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EC-363, "Component Inspection (Intake Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 6.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
6. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 7.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
7. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR

Perform Component Inspection of the camshaft position sensor. Refer to EC-365, "Component Inspection (Camshaft position sensor)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 8.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
8. CHECK CAMSHAFT (INTAKE)

Check the following.

1. Accumulation of debris on the signal plate of camshaft front end
2. Chipping signal plate of camshaft front end

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 9.
NO >> Remove debris and clean the signal plate of camshaft front end or replace camshaft. Refer to EM-88. "Removal and Installation".

9. CHECK TIMING CHAIN INSTALLATION

Check service records for any recent repairs that may cause timing chain misalignment.
Are there any service records that may cause timing chain misalignment?
YES >> Check timing chain installation. Refer to EM-69, "Removal and Installation".
NO >> GO TO 10.
10. check lubrication circuit

Perform "Inspection of Camshaft Sprocket (INT) Oil Groove". Refer to EM-91, "Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Clean lubrication line.
Component Inspection (Intake Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve)

1. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE-I
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.
4. Check resistance between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminals as per the following.

| Terminals | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | $7.0-7.8 \Omega\left[\right.$ at $\left.20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |
| 1 or 2 and ground | (Continuity should not exist) |

## Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
2. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE-II

1. Remove intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
2. Provide 12 V DC between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminals 1 and 2, and then interrupt it. Check that the plunger moves as shown in the figure.
CAUTION:
Never apply 12 V DC continuously for 5 seconds or more. Doing so may result in damage to the coil in intake valve timing control solenoid valve.
NOTE:
Always replace O-ring when intake valve timing control solenoid valve is removed.
Is the inspection result normal?


YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection (Intake Valve Timing Intermediate Lock Control Solenoid Valve)

## 1. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING INTERMEDIATE LOCK CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Check resistance between intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve terminals as per the following.

| Terminals | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | $7.0-7.8 \Omega\left[\right.$ at $\left.20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |
| 1 or 2 and ground | (Continuity should not exist) |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve. Refer to EM68, "Exploded View".
2. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING INTERMEDIATE LOCK CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE-II

1. Remove intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-68, "Exploded View".
2. Provide 12 V DC between intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve terminals 1 and 2, and then interrupt it. Check that the plunger moves as shown in the figure.
CAUTION:
Never apply 12 V DC continuously for 5 seconds or more. Doing so may result in damage to the coil in intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve.
NOTE:
Always replace O-ring when intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve is removed.
Is the inspection result normal?


YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve. Refer to EM68, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection (Crankshaft Position sensor)

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
3. Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (POS) harness connector.
4. Remove the sensor.
5. Visually check the sensor for chipping.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS). Refer to EM39, "Exploded View".


PBIA9209J
2. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)-2

Check the resistance between crankshaft position sensor (POS) terminals as per the following.

| Crankshaft position sensor (POS) |  | Resistance [at $\left.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | - |  |
| Terminal (Polarity) |  |  |
| 1 | 2 |  |
|  | 3 |  |
| 2 | 3 |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS). Refer to EM-39, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection (Camshaft position sensor)

## 1. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)-1

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
3. Disconnect camshaft position sensor (PHASE) harness connector.
4. Remove the sensor.
5. Visually check the sensor for chipping.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Replace camshaft position sensor (PHASE). Refer to EM-54, "Removal and Installation".

2.

CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)-2
Check the resistance camshaft position sensor (PHASE) terminals as per the following.

| Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) |  | Resistance $\left[\Omega\right.$ at $\left.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | - |  |
| Terminals (Polarity) | Except 0 or $\infty$ |  |
|  |  | 3 |
| 2 |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?

P052A, P052B, P052C, P052D INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL
<DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > [VQ35DE]
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace camshaft position sensor (PHASE). Refer to EM-54, "Removal and Installation".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | CONSULT screen terms <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0603 | ECM BACK UP/CIRCUIT <br> [Internal Control Module Keep Alive Memo- <br> ry (KAM) Error] | ECM buck up system does not function properly. |
| P062F | CONTROL MODULE <br> (Internal control module EEPROM error) | EEPROM (built-in microcomputer) system internal ECM does not function <br> properly. |

## POSSIBLE CAUSE

DTC P0603

- Harness or connectors (ECM power supply circuit is open or shorted.)
- ECM

DTC P062F
ECM
FAIL-SAFE
Not applicable

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

Perform the following procedure before performing DTC Confirmation Procedure.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR DTC P062F
3. Start engine and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Repeat steps 1 and 2 for 4 times.
6. Turn ignition switch ON.
7. Erase DTC.
8. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
9. Start engine and wait at least 10 seconds.
10. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { Proceed to EC-368, "Diagnosis Procedure". } \\
\text { NO } \gg \text { GO TO } 3 .
\end{array}
$$

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0603
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 5 minutes.
7. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 10 seconds.
8. Repeat steps 3 and 4 for 5 times.
9. Turn ignition switch ON.
10. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-368, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. Inspection start

Check that the battery negative terminal is not disconnected during ignition switch ON.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES $\gg$ GO TO 3.
NO >> GO TO 2.
2.erase dtc

1. Start the engine and let it idle at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 for 4 times.
4. Erase DTC.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Start the engine and let it idle for 10 seconds.
7. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is DTC P062F detected again?
YES >> Replace ECM. Refer to EC-512, "Removal and Installation".
NO >> INSPECTION END
3. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT

Check ECM power supply and ground circuit. Refer to EC-172, "Diagnosis Procedure".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
5. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Erase DTC.
3. Perform DTC confirmation procedure. Refer to EC-367, "DTC Description".

Is the DTC P0603 or P062F detected again?
YES >> Replace ECM. Refer to EC-512, "Removal and Installation".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | CONSULT screen terms <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0604 | ECM <br> [Internal control module <br> random access memory <br> (RAM) error] | Malfunction in the internal RAM of ECM. | ECM |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 11 V or more with ignition switch ON.
>> GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON (engine stopped) and wait least 20 minutes. CAUTION:
Never start engine during this procedure.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON .
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-369, "Diagnosis Procedure".
    NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Erase DTC.
3. Perform DTC confirmation procedure. Refer to EC-369, "DTC Logic".

Is the 1st trip DTC P0604 displayed again?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES >> Replace ECM. Refer to EC-512, "Removal and Installation". } \\
\text { NO >> INSPECTION END }
\end{array}
$$

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | CONSULT screen terms <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0605 | ECM <br> [Internal control module <br> read only memory (ROM) <br> error] | Malfunction in the internal ROM of ECM. | ECM |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

## TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 11 V or more with ignition switch ON.
>> GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON (engine stopped) and wait least 20 minutes. CAUTION:
Never start engine during this procedure.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON .
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-370, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Erase DTC.
3. Perform DTC confirmation procedure. Refer to EC-370, "DTC Logic".

Is the 1st trip DTC P0605 displayed again?
YES >> Replace ECM. Refer to EC-512, "Removal and Installation".
NO >> INSPECTION END

# DTC DETECTION LOGIC 

| DTC No. | CONSULT screen terms <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0606 | CONTROL MODULE <br> (Control module processor) | Malfunction in ECM processor. | ECM |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 11 V or more with ignition switch ON.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

## 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I

1. Turn ignition switch ON (engine stopped) and wait at least 10 seconds. CAUTION:
Never start engine during this procedure.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-371, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> GO TO 3.
3.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-II
```

1. Start engine.
2. Rev up the engine quickly to approximately $3,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ under unloaded condition and completely release the accelerator pedal.
3. Let the engine idle and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Turn ignition switch ON .
6. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-371, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Erase DTC.
3. Perform DTC confirmation procedure for 3 times. Refer to EC-371, "DTC Logic".

Is the 1st trip DTC P0606 displayed again?

```
YES >> Replace ECM. Refer to EC-512, "Removal and Installation".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | CONSULT screen terms <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0607 | ECM <br> (Control module perfor- <br> mance) | ECM internal communication system is malfunc- <br> tioning. | ECM |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 11 V or more with ignition switch ON.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Turn ignition switch ON (engine stopped) and wait least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Turn ignition switch ON .
6. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-372, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

1.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Erase DTC.
3. Perform DTC confirmation procedure. Refer to EC-372, "DTC Logic". Is the 1st trip DTC P0607 displayed again?
Yes >> Replace ECM. Refer to EC-512, "Removal and Installation".
No >> INSPECTION END

## P060A ECM

DTC Logic
DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | CONSULT screen terms <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P060A | CONTROL MODULE <br> (Internal control module <br> monitoring processor per- <br> formance) | ECM internal monitoring processor is malfunction- <br> ing. | ECM |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 11 V or more with ignition switch ON.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Start engine and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Repeat step 1 and 2 for 5 times.
6. Turn ignition switch ON.
7. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-373, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Erase DTC.
3. Perform DTC confirmation procedure. Refer to EC-373, "DTC Logic".

Is the 1st trip DTC P060A displayed again?

```
YES >> Replace ECM. Refer to EC-512, "Removal and Installation".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## P060B ECM

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | CONSULT screen terms <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| P060B | CONTROL MODULE <br> (Internal control module A/ <br> D processing performance) | ECM internal analog/digital conversion processing <br> system is malfunctioning. | ECM |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 11 V or more with ignition switch ON.
>> GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON (engine stopped) and wait least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON .
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-374, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

1.PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Erase DTC.
3. Perform DTC confirmation procedure. Refer to EC-374, "DTC Logic". Is the 1st trip DTC P060B displayed again?
YES >> Replace ECM. Refer to EC-512, "Removal and Installation".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NO >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK SENSOR POWER SUPPLY 1 CIRCUIT
3. Turn ignition switch OFF.
4. Disconnect following sensor harness connector.
5. Check harness for short to power and to ground, between the following terminals.

| ECM |  | Sensor |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Name | Connector | Terminal |
| E19 | 146 | APP sensor 1 | E110 | 4 |
|  |  | CKP sensor (POS) | F20 | 1 |
|  |  | MAF sensor | F68 | 1 |
|  |  | EVT control position sensor (bank 1) | F43 | 1 |
|  |  | EVT control position sensor (bank 2) | F44 | 1 |
| F15 | 98 | TP sensor | F50 | 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3.CHECK COMPONENTS

## Check the following.

- Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor 1 (Refer to EC-450, "Component Inspection".)
- Crankshaft position (CKP) sensor (POS) (Refer to EC-295, "Component Inspection".)
- Exhaust valve timing (EVT) control position sensor [Refer to EC-185, "Component Inspection (Exhaust Valve Timing Control Position Sensor)".]
- Mass air flow (MAF) sensor (Refer to EC-199, "Component Inspection".)
- Throttle position (TP) sensor (Refer to EC-216, "Component Inspection".)

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace malfunctioning component.

## P0850 PNP SWITCH

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## P0850 PNP SWITCH

## Description

When the selector lever position is P or N , park/neutral position (PNP) signal from the TCM is sent to ECM. DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P0850 | Park/neutral position <br> switch | The signal of the park/neutral position (PNP) <br> signal does not change during driving after the <br> engine is started. | - Harness or connectors <br> [The park/neutral position (PNP) signal <br> circuit is open or shorted.] <br> TCM |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.INSPECTION START

Will CONSULT be used?
Will CONSULT be used?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> GOTO 5.
2. PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

3. CHECK PNP SIGNAL

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON .
2. Select "P/N POSI SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT. Then check the "P/N POSI SW" signal under the following conditions.

| Position (Selector lever) | Known-good signal |
| :--- | :---: |
| N or P position | ON |
| Except above position | OFF |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Proceed to EC-378, "Diagnosis Procedure".
4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Maintain the following conditions for at least 50 consecutive seconds.

CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

| ENG SPEED | $1,100-6,375 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| COOLAN TEMP/S | More than $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| B/FUEL SCHDL | $3.0-31.8 \mathrm{msec}$ |


| VHCL SPEED SE | More than $64 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(40 \mathrm{mph})$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Selector lever | Suitable position |

4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-378, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
5. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

Perform component function check. Refer to EC-378, "Component Function Check".
NOTE:
Use component function check to check the overall function of the park/neutral position (PNP) signal circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-378, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Component Function Check

## 1.PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals.

| ECM |  |  |  | Condition |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | Connector | - |  |  |  |
|  | Terminal |  | Terminal |  |  |  |
| F15 | 83 | E19 | 152 | Selector lever position | P or N | Battery voltage |
|  |  |  |  |  | Except above | Approx. 0 V |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >P Proceed to EC-378, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.check transmission range switch power supply

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect transmission range switch harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between transmission range switch harness connector and ground.

| + |  |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transmission range switch |  |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F17 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK TRANSMISSION RANGE SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between transmission range switch harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| Transmission range switch | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| F17 | 1 | F12 | 74 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3.check transmission range switch signal circuit

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between transmission range switch harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Transmission range switch |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F17 | 2 | F15 | 83 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { YES >> GO TO } 4 . \\
& \text { NO } \quad \text { >> Repair or replace error-detected parts. }
\end{aligned}
$$

4. CHECK TRANSMISSION RANGE SWITCH

Check the transmission range switch. Refer to TM-96, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> There is malfunction of transmission range switch. Replace transaxle assembly. Refer to TM-213. "Removal and Installation".

## P1078, P1084 EVT CONTROL POSITION SENSOR

DTC Description
DTC DETECTION LOGIC
NOTE:
If DTC P1078 or P1084 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643.
Refer to EC-375, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | CONSULT screen terms <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P1078 | EXH TIM SEN/CIRC-B1 <br> [Exhaust valve timing (EVT) control position <br> sensor (bank 1) circuit] | An excessively high or low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM. |
| P1084 | EXH TIM SEN/CIRC-B2 <br> [Exhaust valve timing (EVT) control position <br> sensor (bank 2) circuit] |  |

## POSSIBLE CAUSE

DTC P1078

- Harness or connectors [EVT control position sensor (bank 1) circuit is open or shorted.]
- EVT control position sensor
- Crankshaft position (CKP) sensor
- Camshaft position (CMP) sensor (bank 1)
- Accumulation of debris to the signal pick-up portion of the camshaft

DTC P1084

- Harness or connectors
- EVT control position sensor (bank 2) circuit is open or shorted.
- Sensor power supply 2 circuit is open or shorted.
- EVT control position sensor (bank 2)
- Each sensor, connected with sensor power supply 2 circuit
- Accumulation of debris to the signal pick-up portion of the camshaft


## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. CHECK DTC PRIORITY

If DTC P1078 or P0184 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the confirmation procedure (trouble diagnosis) for DTC P0643.
Is applicable DTC detected?
YES >> Perform diagnosis of applicable. Refer to EC-375, "DTC Logic".
NO >> GO TO 2.
2.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
4. Start engine and let it idle for 10 seconds.
5. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-381, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO-1 >> To check malfunction symptom before repair: Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO-2 >> Confirmation after repair: INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK DTC PRIORITY

If DTC P1078 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the confirmation procedure (trouble diagnosis) for DTC P0643.

## Is applicable DTC detected?

YES >> Perform diagnosis of applicable. Refer to EC-375, "DTC Logic".
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK EXHAUST VALVE TIMING (EVT) CONTROL POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect EVT control position sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON .
3. Check the voltage between EVT control position sensor harness connector and ground.

| DTC | + |  |  |  | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EVT control position sensor |  |  |  |  |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P1078 | 1 | F43 | 1 | Ground | Approx. 5 |
| P1084 | 2 | F44 | 1 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> GO TO 3.
3. CHECK EVT CONTROL POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between EVT control position sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | EVT control position sensor |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P1078 | 1 | F43 | 1 | F14 | 28 | Existed |
| P1084 | 2 | F44 | 1 |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
4. CHECK EVT CONTROL POSITION SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between EVT control position sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | + |  |  | - |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EVT control position sensor |  | ECM |  |  |  |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P1078 | 1 | F43 | 2 | F14 | 40 | Existed |
| P1084 | 2 | F44 | 2 |  |  |  |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { YES >> GO TO } 5 \text {. } \\
& \text { NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## P1078, P1084 EVT CONTROL POSITION SENSOR

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
[VQ35DE]
5. CHECK EVT CONTROL POSITION SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between exhaust valve timing control position sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | + |  |  | - |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EVT control position sensor |  | ECM |  |  |  |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P1078 | 1 | F43 | 3 | F14 | 37 | Existed |
|  | P1084 | 2 | F44 |  |  |  |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
6. CHECK EVT CONTROL POSITION SENSOR

Check exhaust valve timing control position sensor. Refer to EC-382, "Component Inspection (Exhaust Valve Timing Control Position Sensor)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 7.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning EVT control position sensor. Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View".
7.CHECK CKP SENSOR

Check Crankshaft position sensor. Refer to EC-295, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 8.
NO >> Replace crankshaft position sensor. Refer to EM-39, "Exploded View".
8. CHECK CMP SENSOR

Check camshaft position sensor. Refer to EC-299, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 9.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning camshaft position sensor. Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View".
9. CHECK CAMSHAFT (EXH)

Check the following.

- Accumulation of debris to the signal plate of camshaft rear end
- Chipping signal plate of camshaft rear end

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Remove debris and clean the signal plate of camshaft rear end or replace camshaft. Refer to EM-88, "Removal and Installation".


Component Inspection (Exhaust Valve Timing Control Position Sensor)

1. EXHAUST VALVE TIMING CONTROL POSITION SENSOR - 1
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect exhaust valve timing control position sensor harness connector.
4. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
5. Remove the exhaust valve timing control position sensor. Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View".

# P1078, P1084 EVT CONTROL POSITION SENSOR 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
5. Visually check the sensor for chipping.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning exhaust valve timing control position sensor. Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View".


YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning exhaust valve timing control position sensor. Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View".

| Exhaust valve timing control position sensor |  | Condition |  | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | - |  |  |  |
| Terminal |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | Temperature | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | Except $0 \Omega$ or $\infty \Omega$ |
| 1 | 3 |  |  |  |
| 2 | 3 |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

NOTE:
DTC P1148 or P1168 is displayed with another DTC for A/F sensor 1.
Perform the trouble diagnosis for the corresponding DTC.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| P1148 | Closed loop control <br> function (bank 1) | The closed loop control function for bank 1 does <br> not operate even when vehicle is being driven <br> in the specified condition. | - Harness or connectors <br> (The A/F sensor 1 circuit is open or short- <br> ed.) |
| P1168 | Closed loop control <br> function (bank 2) | The closed loop control function for bank 2 does <br> not operate even when vehicle is being driven <br> in the specified condition. | • A/F sensor 1 <br> - A/F sensor 1 heater |

## P1212 TCS COMMUNICATION LINE

## Description

This CAN communication line is used to control the smooth engine operation during the TCS operation. Pulse signals are exchanged between ECM and "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)".
Be sure to erase the malfunction information such as DTC not only for "ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit)" but also for ECM after TCS related repair.
DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

NOTE:

- If DTC P1212 is displayed with DTC UXXXX, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC UXXXX.
- If DTC P1212 is displayed with DTC P0607, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0607. Refer to EC-372, "DTC Logic".
Freeze frame data is not stored in the ECM for this self-diagnosis.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | ECM cannot receive the information from |  | | • Harness or connectors |
| :--- |
| (The CAN communication line is open or short- |
| ed.) |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5 V at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

## 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-385, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure
Perform the trouble diagnosis for TCS. Refer to BRC-45, "Work Flow".
NOTE:
If DTC P1212 is displayed with DTC UXXXX and/or P0607, perform the following trouble diagnosis.

- Trouble diagnosis for DTC UXXXX Refer to EC-103, "DTC Index".
- Trouble diagnosis for DTC P0607 Refer to EC-372, "DTC Logic".


## P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE <br> DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

- If DTC P1217 is displayed with DTC UXXXX, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC UXXXX.
- If DTC P1217 is displayed with DTC P0607, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0607. Refer to EC-372, "DTC Logic".
If the cooling fan or another component in the cooling system malfunctions, engine coolant temperature will rise.
When the engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature condition, a malfunction is indicated.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1217 | Engine over temperature (Overheat) | - Cooling fan does not operate properly (Overheat). <br> - Cooling fan system does not operate properly (Overheat). <br> - Engine coolant was not added to the system using the proper filling method. <br> - Engine coolant is not within the specified range. | - Harness or connectors (The cooling fan circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - IPDM E/R (Cooling fan relays) <br> - Cooling fan motor <br> - Radiator hose <br> - Radiator <br> - Radiator cap <br> - Water pump <br> - Thermostat |

CAUTION:
When a malfunction is indicated, always replace the coolant. Refer to CO-8, "Draining". Also, replace the engine oil. Refer to MA-17, "ENGINE OIL: Draining".

1. Fill radiator with coolant up to specified level with a filling speed of 2 liters per minute. Always use
coolant with the proper mixture ratio. Refer to MA-11, "Anti-Freeze Coolant Mixture Ratio".
2. After refilling coolant, run engine to ensure that no water-flow noise is emitted.

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

## Perform component function check. Refer to EC-386, "Component Function Check".

NOTE:
Use component function check to check the overall function of the cooling fan. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-387, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```


## Component Function Check

## 1.PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK-I

## WARNING:

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.
Wrap a thick cloth around cap. Carefully remove the cap by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Then turn the cap all the way off.

Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator. Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level.
Is the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator below the proper range?
YES >> Proceed to EC-387, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> GO TO 2.


## 2. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK-II

Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not.
Did customer fill the coolant?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-387, "Diagnosis Procedure".
    NO >> GO TO 3.
```

3. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK-III

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check that cooling fan motors-1 and -2 operate at each speed (LOW/MID/HI).

## 8 Without CONSULT

Perform IPDM E/R auto active test and check cooling fan motors operation, refer to PCS-11, "Diagnosis Description".
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-387, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.check cooling fan operation

## (1) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check that cooling fans-1 and -2 operate at each speed (LOW/MID/HI).

## (8) Without CONSULT

1. Perform IPDM E/R auto active test and check cooling fan motors operation, refer to PCS-11, "Diagnosis Description".
2. Check that cooling fans-1 and -2 operate at each speed (Low/Middle/High).

Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Proceed to EC-469, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```

2. CHECK COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKAGE-I

Check cooling system for leakage. Refer to CO-8, "Inspection".
Is leakage detected?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 3 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 4 .
\end{array}
$$

3. CHECK COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKAGE-II

Check the following for leakage.

- Hose
- Radiator
- Water pump
>> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.

4. CHECK RADIATOR CAP

## Check radiator cap. Refer to CO-12, "RADIATOR CAP : Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> Replace radiator cap. Refer to CO-13, "Exploded View".
5. CHECK THERMOSTAT

Check thermostat. Refer to $\mathrm{CO}-25$, "Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >>GOTO 6.
NO >> Replace thermostat. Refer to CO-24, "Exploded View".
6. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Check engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to EC-212, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 7.
NO >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor. Refer to CO-26, "Exploded View".
7. CHECK MAIN 12 CAUSES

If the cause cannot be isolated, check the following.

| Engine | Step | Inspection item | Equipment | Standard | Reference page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OFF | 1 | - Blocked radiator <br> - Blocked condenser <br> - Blocked radiator grille <br> - Blocked bumper | - Visual | No blocking | - |
|  | 2 | - Coolant mixture | - Coolant tester | CO-8, "Inspection" |  |
|  | 3 | - Coolant level | - Visual | Coolant up to MAX level in reservoir tank and radiator filler neck | CO-8, "Inspection" |
|  | 4 | - Radiator cap | - Pressure tester | CO-12, "RADIATOR CAP : Inspection" |  |
| $\mathrm{ON} * 2$ | 5 | - Coolant leakage | - Visual | No leakage | CO-8, "Inspection" |
| $\mathrm{ON} * 2$ | 6 | - Thermostat | - Touch the upper and lower radiator hoses | Both hoses should be hot | CO-25, "Inspection" |
| ON*1 | 7 | - Cooling fan | - CONSULT | Operating | EC-469, "Component Function Check" |
| OFF | 8 | - Combustion gas leakage | - Color checker chemical tester 4 Gas analyzer | Negative | - |
| $\mathrm{ON} * 3$ | 9 | - Coolant temperature gauge | - Visual | Gauge less than $3 / 4$ when driving | - |
|  |  | - Coolant overflow to reservoir tank | - Visual | No overflow during driving and idling | CO-8, "Inspection" |
| OFF*4 | 10 | - Coolant return from reservoir tank to radiator | - Visual | Should be initial level in reservoir tank | CO-8, "Inspection" |
| OFF | 11 | - Cylinder head | - Straight gauge feeler gauge | 0.1 mm (0.004 in) Maximum distortion (warping) | EM-104, "Inspection" |
|  | 12 | - Cylinder block and pistons | - Visual | No scuffing on cylinder walls or piston | EM-117. "Inspection" |

*1: Turn the ignition switch ON.
*2: Engine running at $3,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for 10 minutes.
*3: Drive at $90 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(56 \mathrm{MPH})$ for 30 minutes and then let idle for 10 minutes.
*4: After 60 minutes of cool down time.
For more information, refer to $\mathrm{CO}-3$, "Troubleshooting Chart".

## P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
>> INSPECTION END

## P1225 TP SENSOR

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P1225 | Closed throttle position <br> learning performance | Closed throttle position learning value is exces- <br> sively low. | Electric throttle control actuator <br> (TP sensor 1 and 2 ) |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10 V at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

## 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-390, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove the intake air duct. Refer to EM-27, "Exploded View".
3. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve (1) and the housing.

- Electric throttle control actuator (2)
- 〉 : Vehicle front

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside, and then perform throttle valve closed position learning. Refer to EC-145, "Description".


## 2. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

1. Replace electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
2. Go to EC-146, "Description".
>> INSPECTION END

## P1226 TP SENSOR

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P1226 | Closed throttle position <br> learning performance | Closed throttle position learning is not per- <br> formed successfully, repeatedly. | • Electric throttle control actuator <br> (TP sensor 1 and 2) |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10 V at idle.
>> GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 for 32 times.
5. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-391, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove the intake air duct. Refer to EM-27. "Exploded View".
3. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve (1) and the housing.

- Electric throttle control actuator (2)
- $>$ : Vehicle front

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside, and then perform throttle valve closed position learning. Refer to EC-145, "Description".

2. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

1. Replace electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
2. Go to EC-146, "Description".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1550 | Battery current sensor circuit range/performance | The output voltage of the battery current sensor remains within the specified range while engine is running. | - Harness or connectors (Battery current sensor circuit is open or shorted.) <br> (APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.) [CMP sensor (PHASE) circuit is or shorted.] <br> (EOP sensor circuit is shorted.) (Refrigerant pressure sensor is shorted.) <br> - Battery current sensor <br> - Accelerator pedal position sensor <br> - Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) <br> - Engine oil pressure sensor <br> - Refrigerant pressure sensor |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8 V at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Start engine and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-392, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect battery current sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between battery current sensor harness connector and ground.

| Battery current sensor |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F76 | 1 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> GOTO 2.
2. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between battery current sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Battery current sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F76 | 1 | F15 | 87 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check sensor power supply 2 circuit. Refer to EC-496, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between battery current sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Battery current sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F76 | 3 | F15 | 64 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between battery current sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Battery current sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F76 | 4 | F15 | 69 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 5 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

Check battery current sensor. Refer to EC-393, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace battery negative cable assembly.

## Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
3. Disconnect battery negative cable.
4. Install jumper cable between battery negative terminal and body ground.
5. Turn ignition switch ON.
6. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |
| F15 | 69 <br> (Battery current <br> sensor signal) | 64 <br> (Sensor ground) | Approx. 2.5 |

Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to PG-110, "How to Handle Battery".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace battery negative cable assembly.

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1551 | Battery current sensor circuit low input | An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM. | - Harness or connectors (Battery current sensor circuit is open or shorted.) <br> (APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.) [CMP sensor (PHASE) circuit is or shorted.] <br> (EOP sensor circuit is shorted.) (Refrigerant pressure sensor is shorted.) <br> - Battery current sensor <br> - Accelerator pedal position sensor <br> - Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) <br> - Engine oil pressure sensor <br> - Refrigerant pressure sensor |
| P1552 | Battery current sensor circuit high input | An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM. |  |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:

## Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8 V with ignition switch ON

## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { Proceed to EC-395, "Diagnosis Procedure". } \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { INSPECTION END }
\end{array}
$$

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect battery current sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between battery current sensor harness connector and ground.

| Battery current sensor |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F76 | 1 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

$$
\text { NO >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR OPEN
3. Turn ignition switch OFF.
4. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
5. Check the continuity between battery current sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Battery current sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F76 | 1 | F15 | 87 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check sensor power supply 2 circuit. Refer to EC-496, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between battery current sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Battery current sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F76 | 3 | F15 | 64 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between battery current sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Battery current sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F76 | 4 | F15 | 69 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

Check battery current sensor. Refer to EC-393, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace battery negative cable assembly.
Component Inspection
1.CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
3. Disconnect battery negative cable.
4. Install jumper cable between battery negative terminal and body ground.
5. Turn ignition switch ON.
6. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |
| F15 | 69 <br> (Battery current <br> sensor signal) | 64 <br> (Sensor ground) | Approx. 2.5 |



## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1553 | Battery current sensor performance | The signal voltage transmitted from the sensor to ECM is higher than the amount of the maximum power generation. | - Harness or connectors (Battery current sensor circuit is open or shorted.) <br> (APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.) [CMP sensor (PHASE) circuit is or shorted.] <br> (EOP sensor circuit is shorted.) (Refrigerant pressure sensor is shorted.) <br> - Battery current sensor <br> - Accelerator pedal position sensor <br> - Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) <br> - Engine oil pressure sensor <br> - Refrigerant pressure sensor |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8 V at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Start engine and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-398, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect battery current sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between battery current sensor harness connector and ground.

| Battery current sensor |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F76 | 1 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> GOTO 2.
2. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between battery current sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Battery current sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F76 | 1 | F15 | 87 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check sensor power supply 2 circuit. Refer to EC-496, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between battery current sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Battery current sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F76 | 3 | F15 | 64 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between battery current sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Battery current sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F76 | 4 | F15 | 69 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 5 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

Check battery current sensor. Refer to EC-393, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace battery negative cable assembly.

## Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
3. Disconnect battery negative cable.
4. Install jumper cable between battery negative terminal and body ground.
5. Turn ignition switch ON.
6. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |
| F15 | 69 <br> (Battery current <br> sensor signal) | 64 <br> (Sensor ground) | Approx. 2.5 |

Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to PG-110, "How to Handle Battery".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace battery negative cable assembly.

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1554 | Battery current sensor performance | The output voltage of the battery current sensor is lower than the specified value while the battery voltage is high enough. | - Harness or connectors (Battery current sensor circuit is open or shorted.) <br> (APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.) [CMP sensor (PHASE) circuit is or shorted.] <br> (EOP sensor circuit is shorted.) (Refrigerant pressure sensor is shorted.) <br> - Battery current sensor <br> - Accelerator pedal position sensor <br> - Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) <br> - Engine oil pressure sensor <br> - Refrigerant pressure sensor |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

Perform component function check. Refer to EC-401, "Component Function Check".
NOTE:
Use component function check to check the overall function of the battery current sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-402, "Diagnosis Procedure".
Component Function Check
1.preconditioning

## TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 12.8 V at idle.
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that all load switches and A/C switch are turned OFF.


## >> GO TO 2.

2. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Start engine and let it idle.
2. Select "BAT CUR SEN" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check "BAT CUR SEN" indication for 10 seconds.
"BAT CUR SEN" should be above $2,300 \mathrm{mV}$ at least once.

## 8Without CONSULT

1. Start engine and let it idle.
2. Check voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |
| F8 | 69 <br> (Battery current <br> sensor signal) | 64 <br> (Sensor <br> ground) | Above 2.3 at least once |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-402, "Diagnosis Procedure"

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect battery current sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between battery current sensor harness connector and ground.

| Battery current sensor |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F76 | 1 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between battery current sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Battery current sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F76 | 1 | F15 | 87 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check sensor power supply 2 circuit. Refer to EC-496, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## 3. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between battery current sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Battery current sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F76 | 3 | F15 | 64 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between battery current sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Battery current sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F76 | 4 | F15 | 69 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 5 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK BATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

Check battery current sensor. Refer to EC-403, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace battery negative cable assembly.
Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK bATTERY CURRENT SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
3. Disconnect battery negative cable.
4. Install jumper cable between battery negative terminal and body ground.
5. Turn ignition switch ON.
6. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |
| F15 | 69 <br> (Battery current <br> sensor signal) | 64 <br> (Sensor ground) | Approx. 2.5 |



Before measuring the terminal voltage, confirm that the battery is fully charged. Refer to PG-110, "How to Handle Battery".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace battery negative cable assembly.

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1556 | BAT TMP SEN/CIRC (Battery temperature sensor circuit low input) | Signal voltage from Battery temperature sensor remains 0.16 V or less for 5 seconds or more. | - Harness or connectors [Battery current sensor (Battery temperature sensor) circuit is open or shorted.] <br> (APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.) [CMP sensor (PAHSE) circuit is open or shorted.] <br> (EOP sensor is shorted.) <br> (Refrigerant pressure sensor is shorted.) <br> - Battery current sensor (Battery temperature sensor) <br> - Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 2) <br> - Camshaft position (CMP) sensor (PHESE) <br> - Engine oil temperature (EOP) sensor <br> - Refrigerant pressure sensor |
| P1557 | BAT TMP SEN/CIRC <br> (Battery temperature sensor circuit high input) | Signal voltage from Battery temperature sensor remains 4.84 V or more for 5 seconds or more. |  |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.preconditioning

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 10 V or more at idle.
>> GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start the engine and let it idle at least 10 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-404, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

1. Check battery temperature sensor input signal
2. Disconnect battery current sensor harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between battery current sensor harness connector and ground.

| Battery current sensor |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F76 | 2 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> GO TO 2.

## 2. CHECK BATTERY TEMPERATURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between battery current sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Battery current sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F76 | 2 | F15 | 68 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check sensor power supply 2 circuit. Refer to EC-496, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK BATTERY TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between battery current sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Battery current sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F76 | 3 | F15 | 64 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK BATTERY TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Check battery temperature sensor. Refer to EC-405, "Component Inspection (Battery Temperature Sensor)". Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace battery negative cable assembly.
Component Inspection (Battery Temperature Sensor)

## 1.CHECK BATTERY TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect battery current sensor.
3. Check the resistance between battery current sensor connector terminals.

| Battery current sensor |  | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + | - |  |
| Terminal |  |  |
| 2 | 3 | continuity with the resistance value $100 \Omega$ or more |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace battery negative cable assembly.

## P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

NOTE:
If DTC P1564 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to EC-370, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis <br> name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P1564 | ASCD steering switch | • An excessively high voltage signal from the <br> ASCD steering switch is sent to ECM. <br> ECM detects that input signal from the <br> ASCD steering switch is out of the specified <br> range. <br> ECM detects that the ASCD steering switch <br> is stuck ON. | • Harness or connectors <br> (The switch circuit is open or shorted.) <br> • ECM stering switch |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Press MAIN switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Press CANCEL switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
6. Press RESUME/ACCELERATE switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
7. Press SET/COAST switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.
8. Check DTC.

## Is DTC detected?

YES >> Proceed to EC-406, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH CIRCUIT

## (1) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "MAIN SW", "CANCEL SW", "RESUME/ACC SW" and "SET SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check each item indication under the following conditions.

| Monitor item | Condition |  | Indication |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| MAIN SW | MAIN switch | Pressed | ON |
|  |  | Released | OFF |
| CANCEL SW | CANCEL switch | Pressed | ON |
|  |  | Released | OFF |

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

| Monitor item | Condition |  | Indication |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| RESUME/ACC SW | RESUME/ACCEL- <br> ERATE switch | Pressed | ON |
|  | Released | OFF |  |
| SET SW | SET/COAST switch | Pressed | ON |
|  |  | Released | OFF |

## (8) Without CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | Condition | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |
| E19 | 134 <br> (ASCD steering switch signal) | $135$ <br> (ASCD steering switch ground) | MAIN switch: Pressed | Approx. 0 |
|  |  |  | CANCEL switch: Pressed | Approx. 1 |
|  |  |  | SET/COAST switch: Pressed | Approx. 2 |
|  |  |  | RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed | Approx. 3 |
|  |  |  | All ASCD steering switches: Released | Approx. 4 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector M303.
3. Disconnect combination switch harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between combination switch and ECM harness connector.

| Combination switch | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| 16 | E19 | 135 | Existed |

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between combination switch and ECM harness connector.

| Combination switch | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| 13 | E19 | 134 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
4. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH

Check ASCD steering switch. Refer to EC-408, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".

# P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH 

NO >> Replace ASCD steering switch. Refer to EC-16, "ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM: Component Parts Location".
Component Inspection

1. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect combination switch (spiral cable) harness connector.
4. Check resistance between combination switch harness connector terminals as per the following.

| Combination switch |  | Condition | Resistance $(\Omega)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Connector | Terminals |  |  |
|  | 13 and 16 | MAIN switch: Pressed | Approx. 0 |
|  |  | CANCEL switch: Pressed | Approx. 250 |
|  |  | SET/COAST switch: Pressed | Approx. 660 |
|  |  | RESUME/ACCELERATE switch: Pressed | Approx. 1,480 |
|  |  | All ASCD steering switches: Released | Approx. 4,000 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace ASCD steering switch

## P1572 BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH

## Description

When the brake pedal is depressed, brake pedal position switch is turned OFF and stop lamp switch is turned ON. ECM detects the state of the brake pedal by this input of two kinds (ON/OFF signal).
Refer to EC-45, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD) : System Description" for the ASCD function.

## DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

NOTE:

- If DTC P1572 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to EC-370, "DTC Logic".
- This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic. When malfunction A is detected, DTC is not stored in ECM memory. And in that case, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip freeze frame data are displayed. 1st trip DTC is erased when ignition switch OFF. And even when malfunction $A$ is detected in two consecutive trips, DTC is not stored in ECM memory.

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition |  | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1572 | Brake pedal position switch | A) | When the vehicle speed is above $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ( 19 MPH ), ON signals from the stop lamp switch and the brake pedal position switch are sent to the ECM at the same time. | - Harness or connectors (The stop lamp switch circuit is shorted.) <br> - Harness or connectors (The brake pedal position switch circuit is |
|  |  | B) | Brake pedal position switch signal is not sent to ECM for extremely long time while the vehicle is driving. | shorted.) <br> - Stop lamp switch <br> - Brake pedal position switch <br> - Incorrect stop lamp switch installation <br> - Incorrect brake pedal position switch installation <br> - ECM |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Inspection start

Do you have CONSULT?
Do you have CONSULT?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> GO TO 5.
2. PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

## NOTE:

Procedure for malfunction $B$ is not described here. It takes extremely long time to complete procedure for malfunction $B$. By performing procedure for malfunction $A$, the incident that causes malfunction $B$ can be detected.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A-I
4. Start engine (VDC switch OFF).
5. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
6. Press MAIN switch and make sure that CRUISE lamp lights up.
7. Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following conditions.

CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
NOTE:

This procedure may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

| VHCL SPEED SE | More than $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(19 \mathrm{mph})$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Selector lever | Suitable position |

5. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Go to EC-411, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> GOTO 4.
4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE A-II

1. Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following conditions. CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
NOTE:
This procedure may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

| VHCL SPEED SE | More than $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(19 \mathrm{mph})$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Selector lever | Suitable position |
| Driving location | Depress the brake pedal for more than <br> five seconds so as not to come off from <br> the above-mentioned vehicle speed. |

2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Go to EC-411, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
5. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

## Perform component function check. Refer to EC-410, "Component Function Check".

NOTE:
Use component function check to check the overall function of brake pedal position switch. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Go to EC-411, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```


## Component Function Check

## 1.PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check the voltage between ECM harness connectors.

| ECM |  |  | Condition |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |  |
| E19 | 140 <br> (Brake pedal position switch signal) | 152 | Brake pedal | Slightly depressed | Approx. 0 V |
|  |  |  |  | Fully released | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END

NO >> GO TO 2.

P1572 BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH
< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
2. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK-II

Check the voltage between ECM harness connectors.

| ECM |  |  | Condition |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |  |
| E19 | $\begin{aligned} & 139 \\ & \text { (Stop } \\ & \text { lamp } \\ & \text { switch } \\ & \text { signal) } \end{aligned}$ | 152 | Brake pedal | Slightly depressed | Battery voltage |
|  |  |  |  | Fully released | Approx. 0 V |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Go to EC-411, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. Check overall function-I

(1) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON .
2. Select "BRAKE SW1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check "BRAKE SW1" indication under the following conditions.

| Monitor item | Condition |  | Indication |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| BRAKE SW1 | Brake pedal | Slightly depressed | OFF |
|  |  | Fully released | ON |

## Without CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check the voltage between ECM harness connectors.

| ECM |  |  | Condition |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |  |
| E19 | 140 <br> (Brake pedal position switch signal) | 152 | Brake pedal | Slightly depressed | Approx. 0 V |
|  |  |  |  | Fully released | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> GO TO 3.
2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-II
(1) With CONSULT

Check "BRAKE SW2" indication in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

| Monitor item | Condition |  | Indication |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| BRAKE SW2 | Brake pedal | Slightly depressed | ON |
|  |  | Fully released | OFF |

## Without CONSULT

Check the voltage between ECM harness connectors.

| ECM |  |  |  |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - | Condition |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |  |
| E19 | $\begin{gathered} 139 \\ \text { (Stop } \end{gathered}$ | 152 | Brake pedal | Slightly depressed | Battery voltage |
|  | switch <br> signal) |  |  | Fully released | Approx. 0 V |

Is the inspection result normal?
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 16 . \\ \text { NO } & >\text { GO TO } 7 .\end{array}$
3. CHECK BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect brake pedal position switch harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between brake pedal position switch harness connector and ground.

| Brake pedal position switch |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E109 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> GO TO 4.
4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E100
- 10 A fuse (No. 3)
- Harness for open or short between brake pedal position switch and fuse
>> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

5. CHECK BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT
6. Turn ignition switch OFF.
7. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
8. Check the continuity between brake pedal position switch harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Brake pedal position switch | ECM |  | Continuity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| E109 | 2 | E19 | 140 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
6. CHECK BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH

Refer to EC-414, "Component Inspection (Brake Pedal Position Switch)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 9.
NO >> Replace brake pedal position switch. Refer to BR-20, "Exploded View".

P1572 BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH
< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## 7. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
3. Check the voltage between stop lamp switch harness connector and ground.

| Stop lamp switch |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E115 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 9.
NO >> GO TO 8.
8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

## Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E100
- 10 A fuse (No. 7)
- Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and battery

Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 9. CHECK STOP LAMP RELAY GROUND CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect stop lamp relay harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between stop lamp relay harness connector and ground.

| Stop lamp relay |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E15 | 1 | Ground | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 10.
NO >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
10. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Connect stop lamp switch harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between stop lamp relay harness connector and ground.

| Stop lamp relay |  | Ground | Condition |  | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |  |  |
| E15 | 2 | Ground | Brake pedal | Slightly depressed | Battery voltage |
|  |  |  |  | Fully released | Approx. 0 |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 12 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 11 . \\
\text { 11.DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART }
\end{array}
$$

## Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and stop lamp relay

Is the inspection result normal?
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { YES } & \text { >> GO TO } 14 . \\ \text { NO } & \text { > Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. }\end{array}$

## 12. CHECK STOP LAMP RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Check the voltage between stop lamp relay harness connector and ground.

| Stop lamp relay |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E15 | 5 | Ground | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 13.
NO >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
13. CHECK STOP LAMP RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect stop lamp relay harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between stop lamp relay harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| ECM |  | Stop lamp relay |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E19 | 139 | E15 | 3 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 15.
NO >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
14.CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to EC-415, "Component Inspection (Stop Lamp Switch)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 16.
NO >> Replace stop lamp switch.
15. CHECK STOP LAMP RELAY

## Refer to EC-415, "Component Inspection (Stop Lamp Relay)".

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 16 .
$$

NO >> Replace stop lamp relay.
16. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

## Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".

>> INSPECTION END
Component Inspection (Brake Pedal Position Switch)

1. CHECK BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH-I
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect brake pedal position switch harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between brake pedal position switch terminals under the following conditions.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Brake pedal | Fully released | Existed |
|  |  | Slightly depressed | Not existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END

## NO >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH-II
3. Adjust brake pedal position switch installation. Refer to BR-9, "Inspection and Adjustment".
4. Check the continuity between brake pedal position switch terminals under the following conditions.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Brake pedal | Fully released | Existed |
|  |  | Slightly depressed | Not existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace brake pedal position switch. Refer to BR-20, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection (Stop Lamp Switch)

## 1. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between stop lamp switch terminals under the following conditions.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Brake pedal | Fully released | Not existed |
|  |  | Slightly depressed | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH-II

1. Adjust stop lamp switch installation. Refer to BR-9, "Inspection and Adjustment".
2. Check harness continuity between stop lamp switch terminals under the following conditions.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Brake pedal | Fully released | Not existed |
|  |  | Slightly depressed | Existed |

## Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> INSPECTION END

NO >> Replace stop lamp switch. Refer to BR-20, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection (Stop Lamp Relay)

## 1. STOP LAMP RELAY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove stop lamp relay.
3. Check continuity between stop lamp relay terminals under the following conditions.

| Stop lamp relay |  | Conditions | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Terminal | 3 |  | Existed |
|  |  | Not existed |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace stop lamp relay.

# P1574 ASCD VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## P1574 ASCD VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

## Description

The ECM receives two vehicle speed signals via CAN communication line. One is sent from combination meter, and the other is from TCM (Transmission control module). The ECM uses these signals for ASCD control. Refer to EC-45, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD) : System Description" for ASCD functions.
DTC Logic
DTC DETECTION LOGIC
NOTE:

- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC UXXXX, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC UXXXX.
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC P0500, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0500. Refer to EC-347, "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to EC-370, "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC P0607, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0607. Refer to EC-372, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1574 | ASCD vehicle speed sensor | The difference the between two vehicle speed signals is out of the specified range. | - Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted.) <br> - Combination meter <br> - ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) <br> - Wheel sensor <br> - TCM <br> - ECM |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Start engine (VDC switch OFF).
4. Drive the vehicle at more than $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(25 \mathrm{MPH})$.

CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
NOTE:
This procedure may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.
3. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-416, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure

## P1574 ASCD VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Perform trouble shooting relevant to DTC indicated.
2. CHECK DTC WITH ABS ACTUATOR AND ELECTRIC UNIT (CONTROL UNIT)

Check DTC with ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit). Refer to BRC-30, "CONSULT Function".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
3. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Check combination meter function. Refer to MWI-35, "CONSULT Function".
>> INSPECTION END

EC

## P1650 STARTER MOTOR RELAY 2

## Description

ECM controls ON/OFF state of the starter relay, according to the engine and vehicle condition. Models with no Intelligent Key System transmit a control signal directly to IPDM E/R. On the other hand, models with the Intelligent Key System transmit a control signal to IPDM E/R by way of BCM via CAN communication.
Under normal conditions, ECM controls and maintains the starter relay in OFF state during engine running or "D" position.
When detecting a decrease in engine speed due to rapid deceleration or heavy load condition, ECM controls and reactivates the starter relay.
IPDM E/R detects a control state of starter relay and starter control relay and transmits a feedback signal to ECM via CAN communication.
DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

- If DTC P1650 is displayed with DTC U1001, perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1001. Refer to EC-177. "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P1650 is displayed with DTC P0607, perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0607. Refer to EC-370, "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P1650 is displayed with B209F or B20A0 of IPDM E/R, perform the trouble diagnosis for B209F or B20A0. Refer to SEC-105, "DTC Logic" or SEC-107, "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P1650 is displayed with B26F9 or B26FA of BCM, perform the trouble diagnosis for B209F or B20A0. Refer to SEC-105, "DTC Logic" or SEC-107, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name (Trouble diagnosis content) |  | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1650 | STR MTR RELAY 2 <br> (Starter relay circuit) | A | Starter relay is stuck ON. | - Harness and connectors (Between IPDM E/R harness connector and ECM harness connector is shorted to ground.) (Between IPDM E/R harness connector and BCM harness connector is shorted to ground.) <br> - IPDM E/R |
|  |  | B | Starter relay power supply circuit is excessively high voltage. | - Harness and connectors (Between IPDM E/R harness connector and ECM harness is open or shorted to power.) (Between IPDM E/R harness connector and BCM harness is open or shorted to power.) (Between IPDM E/R harness connector and battery is open.) <br> - IPDM E/R |
|  |  | C | Starter relay circuit is excessively low voltage | - Harness and connectors (Starter relay circuit is open or shorted.) <br> - IPDM E/R |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

NOTE:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 12 V or more with ignition switch ON.

## 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A AND C

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-419, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> GO TO 3.
3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B
```


## (D) With CONSULT

## CAUTION:

## Always drive at a safe speed.

1. Start the engine.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Start the engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
6. Lift up drive wheels.
7. Turn ignition switch ON.
8. Select "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode of "ENGINE" using CONSULT.
9. Restart the engine and let it idle at least 10 seconds.
10. Shift the selector lever to $D$ position while depressing fully the brake pedal.
11. Select 1-4 cylinders in "POWER BALANCE" and cut the fuel of all cylinders.
12. Check 1st trip DTC.

8Without CONSULT
CAUTION:

## Always drive at a safe speed.

1. Start the engine.
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Start the engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
6. Lift up drive wheels.
7. Restart the engine and let it idle at least 10 seconds.
8. Shift the selector lever to D position while depressing fully the brake pedal.
9. Remove vacuum hoses from intake manifold. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
10. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-419, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK STARTER RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

Check the starter motor relay power supply circuit. Refer to PCS-35, "Diagnosis Procedure". Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
2. CHECK STARTER RELAY CONTROL SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
3. Disconnect BCM harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between IPDM E/R harness connector and BCM harness connector.

|  |  |  |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IPDM E/R |  | BCM |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E13 | 30 | M69 | 64 | Existed |

Refer to SEC-38, "Wiring Diagram".
5. Also check harness for short to ground to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to PCS-36, "Removal and Installation".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## P1651 STARTER MOTOR RELAY

## Description

ECM controls ON/OFF state of the starter relay, according to the engine and vehicle condition. Models with no Intelligent Key System transmit a control signal directly to IPDM E/R. On the other hand, models with the Intelligent Key System transmit a control signal to IPDM E/R by way of BCM via CAN communication.
Under normal conditions, ECM controls and maintains the starter relay in OFF state during engine running or "D" position.
When detecting a decrease in engine speed due to rapid deceleration or heavy load condition, ECM controls and reactivates the starter relay.
IPDM E/R detects a control state of starter relay and starter control relay and transmits a feedback signal to ECM via CAN communication.
DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

- If DTC P1651 is displayed with DTC U1001, perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1001. Refer to EC-177. "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P1651 is displayed with DTC P0607, perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0607. Refer to EC-372. "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P1651 is displayed with B209F or B20A0 of IPDM E/R, perform the trouble diagnosis for B209F or B20A0. Refer to SEC-105, "DTC Logic" or SEC-107, "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P1651 is displayed with B26F9 or B26FA of BCM, perform the trouble diagnosis for B209F or B20A0. Refer to SEC-105, "DTC Logic" or SEC-107, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1651 | STR MTR RELAY <br> (Starter control relay circuit) | A correlated error is detected for 2 seconds or more between a control signal transmitted from ECM and a feedback signal transmitted from IPDM E/R via CAN communication line. | - Harness or connectors (Between ECM harness connector and IPDM $E / R$ harness connector is shorted to power.) (Between ECM harness connector and BCM harness connector is shorted to power.) <br> - IPDM E/R <br> - BCM |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

## NOTE:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 12 V or more with ignition switch ON.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

## 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Start the engine and let it idle at least 30 seconds.
3. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-422, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. Inspection start

Check the starter motor operation.
Is the starter motor operated?
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 3 . \\ \text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 2 .\end{array}$
2. CHECK DTC WITH IPDM E/R

Check DTC with IPDM E/R. Refer to PCS-13, "CONSULT Function (IPDM E/R)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC indicated.
3. CHECK DTC WITH BCM

Check DTC with BCM. Refer to BCS-34, "BCM : CONSULT Function (BCM - BCM)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC indicated.
4.CHECK CRANKING REQUEST SIGNAL CIRCUIT-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between ECM harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| + |  | - |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ECM | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| F15 | 101 | F12 | 71 | Existed |

5. Also check harness for short to ground to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 5 .
$$

NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
5. CHECK CRANKING REQUEST SIGNAL CIRCUIT-II

1. Disconnect BCM harness connector.
2. Check the continuity between ECM harness connector and BCM harness connector.

| + |  | - |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ECM | BCM |  | Existed |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector |  |  |
| F15 | 101 | M123 | 64 | E4 |

Refer to SEC-38, "Wiring Diagram".
3. Also check harness for short to ground to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 6.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
6. check intermittent incident

## Perform Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to PCS-36, "Removal and Installation".

# P1651 STARTER MOTOR RELAY 

$\frac{\text { < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > }}{\text { NO } \gg \text { Repair or replace error-detected parts. }}$
EC

## P1652 STARTER MOTOR SYSTEM COMM

## P1652 STARTER MOTOR SYSTEM COMM

## Description

ECM controls ON/OFF state of the starter relay, according to the engine and vehicle condition. Models with no Intelligent Key System transmit a control signal directly to IPDM E/R. On the other hand, models with the Intelligent Key System transmit a control signal to IPDM E/R by way of BCM via CAN communication.
Under normal conditions, ECM controls and maintains the starter relay in OFF state during engine running or "D" position.
When detecting a decrease in engine speed due to rapid deceleration or heavy load condition, ECM controls and reactivates the starter relay.
IPDM E/R detects a control state of starter relay and starter control relay and transmits a feedback signal to ECM via CAN communication.
DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

- If DTC P1652 is displayed with DTC U1001, perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1001. Refer to EC-177. "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P1652 is displayed with DTC P0607, perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0607. Refer to EC-372. "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P1652 is displayed with B209F or B20A0 of IPDM E/R, perform the trouble diagnosis for B209F or B20A0. Refer to SEC-105, "DTC Logic" or SEC-107, "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P1652 is displayed with B26F9 or B26FA of BCM, perform the trouble diagnosis for B209F or B20A0. Refer to SEC-105, "DTC Logic" or SEC-107, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| P1652 | STR MTR SYS COMM <br> (Starter motor communication line) | ECM detects malfunction in starter motor drive circuit of the IPDM E/R. | IPDM E/R |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following procedure before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

## 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 5 minutes.
3. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-424, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.INSPECTION START

1. Erase DTC.
2. Perform DTC confirmation procedure. Refer to EC-424, "DTC Logic".
3. Check DTC.

Is the P1652 displayed again?
YES >> GO TO 2.

# P1652 STARTER MOTOR SYSTEM COMM 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## NO >> INSPECTION END

2. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to PCS-36, "Removal and Installation".
NG >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

EC

# P1700 CVT CONTROL SYSTEM 

## < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > <br> P1700 CVT CONTROL SYSTEM

[VQ35DE]

## Description

This DTC is displayed with other DTC regarding TCM. Perform the trouble diagnosis for corresponding DTC. Refer to EC-103, "DTC Index". When this DTC is detected, the ASCD control is canceled.

P1715 INPUT SPEED SENSOR (PRIMARY SPEED SENSOR)

## P1715 INPUT SPEED SENSOR (PRIMARY SPEED SENSOR)

## Description

ECM receives input speed sensor signal from TCM via the CAN communication line. ECM uses this signal for engine control.

## DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

## NOTE:

- If DTC P1715 is displayed with DTC UXXXX first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC UXXXX.
- If DTC P1715 is displayed with DTC P0335, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0335. Refer to EC-294, "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P1715 is displayed with DTC P0340, P0345, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0340, P0345. Refer to EC-297, "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P1715 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to EC-370, "DTC Logic".
- If DTC P1715 is displayed with DTC P0607, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0607. Refer to EC-372, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Input speed sensor signal is different from | • Harness or connectors <br> (The CAN communication line is open or short- <br> the theoretical value calculated by ECM <br> ed) |
| P1715 | Input speed sensor output speed sensor signal and en- <br> (TCM output) <br> gine rpm signal. | Harness or connectors <br> (Input speed sensor circuit is open or shorted) <br> - TCM |  |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Start engine.
4. Drive vehicle at a speed of more than $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(31 \mathrm{MPH})$ for at least 5 seconds.
5. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-427. "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure

1. СНЕСК DTC WITH TCM

Check DTC with TCM. Refer to TM-58, "DTC Index".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES
>> Replace TCM. Refer to TM-190, "Exploded View".
NO >> Perform trouble shooting relevant to DTC indicated.

# P1800 VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 1 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## P1800 VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 1

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P1800 | VIAS control solenoid valve 1 <br> circuit | An excessively low or high voltage signal <br> is sent to ECM through the VIAS control <br> solenoid valve 1. | - Harness or connectors <br> (The solenoid valve 1 circuit is open or <br> shorted.) <br> - VIAS control solenoid valve 1 |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.CONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11 V at idle.

## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-428, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 1 POWER SUPPLY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect VIAS control solenoid valve 1 harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between VIAS control solenoid valve 1 harness connector and ground.

| VIAS control solenoid valve 1 |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F74 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
2. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 1 OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between VIAS control solenoid valve 1 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| VIAS control solenoid valve 1 |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F74 | 2 | E15 | 108 | Existed |

## P1800 VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 1

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
3. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 1

Check VIAS control solenoid valve 1. Refer to EC-429, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace VIAS control solenoid valve 1. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 1

## ()With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
3. Disconnect vacuum hoses connected to VIAS control solenoid valve 1.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Select "VIAS S/V-1" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
6. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

| Condition <br> $($ VIAS S/V-1) | Air passage continuity <br> between (A) and (B) | Air passage continuity <br> between (A) and (C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ON | Existed | Not existed |
| OFF | Not existed | Existed |



## (8ithout CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect VIAS control solenoid valve 1 harness connector.
3. Disconnect vacuum hoses connected to VIAS volume control solenoid valve 1.
4. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

| Condition | Air passage continuity <br> between $(A)$ and $(B)$ | Air passage continuity <br> between $(A)$ and $(C)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 12 V direct current supply be- <br> tween terminals 1 and 2 | Existed | Not existed |
| No supply | Not existed | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END


NO >> Replace VIAS control solenoid valve 1. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".

P1801 VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2
DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1801 | VIAS control solenoid valve 2 <br> circuit | An excessively low or high voltage signal <br> is sent to ECM through the VIAS control <br> solenoid valve 2. | - Harness or connectors <br> (The solenoid valve 2 circuit is open or <br> shorted.) <br> VIAS control solenoid valve 2 |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.conditioning

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11 V at idle.

## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-430, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2 POWER SUPPLY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect VIAS control solenoid valve 2 harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between VIAS control solenoid valve 2 harness connector and ground.

| VIAS control solenoid valve 2 |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F75 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
2. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2 OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between VIAS control solenoid valve 2 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| VIAS control solenoid valve 2 |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F75 | 2 | F15 | 102 | Existed |

## P1801 VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
3. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2

Check VIAS control solenoid valve 2. Refer to EC-431, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace VIAS control solenoid valve 2. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2

## (7) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
3. Disconnect vacuum hoses connected to VIAS control solenoid valve 2.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Select "VIAS S/V-2" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
6. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

| Condition <br> (VIAS S/V-2) | Air passage continuity <br> between (A) and (B) | Air passage continuity <br> between (A) and (C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ON | Existed | Not existed |
| OFF | Not existed | Existed |



## (8ithout CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect VIAS control solenoid valve 2 harness connector.
3. Disconnect vacuum hoses connected to VIAS volume control solenoid valve 2.
4. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

| Condition | Air passage continuity <br> between $(A)$ and $(B)$ | Air passage continuity <br> between $(A)$ and $(C)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 12 V direct current supply be- <br> tween terminals 1 and 2 | Existed | Not existed |
| No supply | Not existed | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END


NO >> Replace VIAS control solenoid valve 2. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".

# P1805 BRAKE SWITCH 

## P1805 BRAKE SWITCH

## Description

Brake switch signal is applied to the ECM via the stop lamp switch when the brake pedal is depressed. This signal is used mainly to decrease the engine speed when the vehicle is driven.
DTC Logic
DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P1805 | Brake switch | A brake switch signal is not sent to ECM for ex- <br> tremely long time while the vehicle is driving. | • Harness or connectors <br> (Stop lamp switch circuit is open or short- <br> ed.) <br> Stop lamp switch |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Fully depress the brake pedal for at least 5 seconds.
4. Erase the DTC with CONSULT.
5. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Go to EC-432, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check the stop lamp when depressing and releasing the brake pedal.

| Brake pedal | Stop lamp |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fully released | Not illuminated |
| Slightly depressed | Illuminated |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES $\gg$ GO TO 11.
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
2. Check the voltage between stop lamp switch harness connector and ground.

| Stop lamp switch |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E115 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |

## Is the inspection result normal? <br> YES >> GOTO 4. <br> NO >> GOTO 3. <br> 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E100
- 10 A fuse (No. 7)
- Harness for open or short between battery and stop lamp switch
>> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.


## 4. CHECK STOP LAMP RELAY GROUND CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect stop lamp relay harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between stop lamp relay harness connector and ground.

| Stop lamp relay |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E15 | 1 | Ground | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Connect stop lamp switch harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between stop lamp relay harness connector and ground.

| Stop lamp relay |  | Ground | Condition |  | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |  |  |
| E15 | 2 | Ground | Brake pedal | Slightly depressed | Battery voltage |
|  |  |  |  | Fully released | Approx. 0 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 7.
NO >> GOTO 6 .
6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and stop lamp relay

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 9 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
7. CHECK STOP LAMP RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

Check the voltage between stop lamp relay harness connector and ground.

| Stop lamp relay |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E15 | 5 | Ground | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 8 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
8. CHECK STOP LAMP RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect stop lamp relay harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between stop lamp relay harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| ECM |  | Stop lamp relay |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Continuity |  |  |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E19 | 139 | E15 | 3 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 10.
NO >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
9. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to EC-434, "Component Inspection (Stop Lamp Switch)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 11.
NO >> Replace stop lamp switch.
10. CHECK STOP LAMP RELAY

Refer to EC-435, "Component Inspection (Stop Lamp Relay)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 11.
NO >> Replace stop lamp relay.
11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
>> INSPECTION END
Component Inspection (Stop Lamp Switch)

## 1.CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
3. Check harness continuity between stop lamp switch terminals under the following conditions.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Brake pedal | Fully released | Not existed |
|  |  | Slightly depressed | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH-II

1. Adjust stop lamp switch installation. Refer to BR-9, "Inspection and Adjustment".
2. Check harness continuity between stop lamp switch terminals under the following conditions.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Brake pedal | Fully released | Not existed |
|  |  | Slightly depressed | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace stop lamp switch. Refer to BR-20, "Exploded View".

# P1805 BRAKE SWITCH 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## Component Inspection (Stop Lamp Relay)

## 1. Stop LAMP RELAY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove stop lamp relay.

EC
3. Check continuity between stop lamp relay terminals under the following conditions.

| Stop lamp relay |  | Conditions | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Terminal | 3 | 12 V direct current supply <br> between terminals 1 and 2 |  |
|  |  | Not existed |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace stop lamp relay.

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible Cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P2096 | POST CAT FUEL TRIM SYS B1 <br> (Post catalyst fuel trim system too lean bank 1) | The output voltage computed by ECM from the A/ F sensor 1 signal is shifts to the lean side for a specified period. | - A/F sensor 1 (bank 1) <br> - A/F sensor 1 heater <br> - Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1) <br> - Fuel pressure <br> - Fuel injector <br> - Intake air leaks <br> - Exhaust gas leaks |
| P2097 | POST CAT FUEL TRIM SYS B1 <br> (Post catalyst fuel trim system too rich bank 1) | The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is shifts to the rich side for a specified period. |  |
| P2098 | POST CAT FUEL TRIM SYS B2 <br> (Post catalyst fuel trim system too lean bank 2) | The output voltage computed by ECM from the A/ F sensor 1 signal is shifts to the lean side for a specified period. | - A/F sensor 1 (bank 2) <br> - A/F sensor 1 heater <br> - Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2) <br> - Fuel pressure <br> - Fuel injector <br> - Intake air leaks <br> - Exhaust gas leaks |
| P2099 | POST CAT FUEL TRIM SYS B2 <br> (Post catalyst fuel trim system too rich bank 2) | The A/F signal computed by ECM from the A/F sensor 1 signal is shifts to the rich side for a specified period. |  |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

## TESTING CONDITION:

## Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11 V at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

## 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Clear the mixture ratio self-learning value. Refer to EC-148, "Work Procedure".
2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
5. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and $4,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for 1 minute under no load.
6. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
7. Keep engine speed between 2,500 and $3,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for 20 minutes.
8. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-436, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. RETIGHTEN A/F SENSOR 1 AND HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Loosen and retighten the A/F sensor 1 and heated oxygen senosr 2. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
>> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK FOR EXHAUST GAS LEAK

1. Start engine and run it at idle.
2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before the three way catalyst 2 .

Is exhaust gas leak detected?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { Repair or replace. } \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 3 .
\end{array}
$$

3. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAKAGE
4. Start engine and run it at idle.
5. Listen for an intake air leakage after the mass air flow sensor.

Is intake air leakage detected?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
4. clear the mixture ratio self-Learning value

1. Clear the mixture ratio self-learning value. Refer to EC-148, "Work Procedure".
2. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.

Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?
YES >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or P0172, P0175. Refer to EC-263, "DTC Logic" or EC-267, "DTC Logic".
NO >>GOTO 5 .
5. CHECK HARNESS CONNECTOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect A/F sensor 1 harness connector.
3. Check harness connector for water.

## Water should not exit.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 6.
NO >> Repair or replace harness connector.
6. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect $A / F$ sensor 1 harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ground.

| DTC | A/F sensor |  |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P2096 <br> P2097 | 1 | F28 | 1 |  | Ground | Battery voltage

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 8 .
$$

$$
\text { NO >> GO TO } 7 .
$$

7. CHECK AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT
8. Turn ignition switch OFF.
9. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
10. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P2096 <br> P2097 | 1 | F28 | 1 |  |  | Existed |
| P2098 <br> P2099 | 2 | F65 | 1 | F12 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
8. CHECK AF SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| P2096 | 1 | F28 | 3 | F15 | 66 | Existed |
| P2097 |  |  | 4 |  | 67 |  |
| P2098 | 2 | F65 | 3 |  | 76 |  |
| P2099 |  |  | 4 |  | 77 |  |

4. Check the continuity between A/F sensor 1 harness connector and ground, or ECM harness connector and ground.

| DTC | A/F sensor 1 |  |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P2096 | 1 | F28 | 3 |  |  |
| P2097 |  |  | Ground | Not existed |  |
| P2098 | 2 | F65 |  |  |  |
| P2099 |  |  |  |  |  |


| DTC | ECM |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| P2096 | F15 | 66 | Ground | Not existed |
| P2097 |  | 67 |  |  |
| P2098 |  | 76 |  |  |
| P2099 |  | 77 |  |  |

5. Also check harness for short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 9.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
9.check af sensor 1 HEATER

Check A/F sensor 1 heater. Refer to EC-188, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 10.
NO >> GO TO 12.
10.Check heated oxygen sensor 2

Check heated oxygen sensor 2. Refer to EC-190, "Component Inspection".

# P2096, P2097, P2098, P2099 A/F SENSOR 1 <br> < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS > 

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 11.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.
11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 12.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
12. REPLACE AIR FUEL RATIO (A/F) SENSOR 1

Replace malfunctioning air fuel ratio (A/F) sensor 1. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
CAUTION:

- Discard any A/F sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new A/F sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner [commercial service tool (J-43897-18 or J-43897-12)] and approved anti-seize lubricant (commercial service tool).
Do you have CONSULT?

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 13 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 14 .
\end{array}
$$

13. CONFIRM AF ADJUSTMENT DATA

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "A/F ADJ-B1" and "A/F ADJ-B2" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
3. Make sure that " 0.000 " is displayed on CONSULT screen.

Is " 0.000 " displayed?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GO TO 14.
14. CLEAR THE MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING VALUE

Clear the mixture ratio self-learning value. Refer to EC-148, "Work Procedure".
Do you have CONSULT?
YES >> GO TO 15.
NO >> INSPECTION END
15. CONFIRM A/F ADJUSTMENT DATA

## (1) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON .
2. Select "A/F ADJ-B1" and "A/F ADJ-B2" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
3. Make sure that " 0.000 " is displayed on CONSULT screen.
>> INSPECTION END

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P2100 | Throttle control motor <br> relay circuit open | ECM detects that the voltage of power source <br> for throttle control motor is excessively low. | - Harness or connectors <br> (Throttle control motor relay circuit is <br> open) |
| P2103 Throttle control motor relay |  |  |  |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8 V .
Witch DTC is detected?

$$
\text { P2100 >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

P2103 >> GO TO 3.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR DTC P2100

## 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.

2. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
3. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-440, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR DTC P2103
4. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
5. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-440, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between IPDM E/R harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| IPDM E/R |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F12 | 70 | F14 | 8 | Existed |

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >>GOTO 2.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
2. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Check the continuity between IPDM E/R harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| IPDM E/R |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F12 | 54 | F14 | 2 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# P2101 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL FUNCTION 

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

NOTE:
If DTC P2101 is displayed with DTC P2100, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P2100. Refer to EC-440, "DTC Logic".
If DTC P2101 is displayed with DTC 2119, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P2119. Refer to EC-447, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P2101 | Electric throttle control <br> performance | Electric throttle control function does not oper- <br> ate properly. | - Harness or connectors <br> (Throttle control motor circuit is open or <br> shorted) |
| Electric throttle control actuator |  |  |  |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

## TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11 V when engine is running.

## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
2. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
3. Check DTC.

## Is DTC detected?

YES >> Proceed to EC-442, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL

1. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals.

| ECM |  |  |  | Condition | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Condition | Terminal |  |  |
| F14 | 2 | E19 | 152 | Ignition switch OFF | Approx. 0 V |
|  |  |  | Ignition switch ON | Battery voltage |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.

NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.

# P2101 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL FUNCTION 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >
3. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between IPDM E/R harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| IPDM E/R |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F12 | 70 | F14 | 8 | Existed |

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
3. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Check the continuity between IPDM E/R harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| IPDM E/R |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F12 | 54 | F14 | 2 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN OR SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
4. Check the continuity between electric throttle control actuator harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Electric throttle control actuator |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F50 | 2 | F14 | 1 | Existed |
|  |  |  | 3 | Not existed |
|  | 1 |  | 1 | Not existed |
|  | 1 |  | 3 | Existed |

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >>GOTO 5.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
5. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

1. Remove the intake air duct. Refer to EM-27, "Exploded View".
2. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve (1) and the housing.

- Electric throttle control actuator (2)
- $\checkmark$ : Vehicle front

Is the inspection result normal?

| YES | $\gg$ GO TO 6. |
| ---: | :--- |
| NO $\quad \gg$ | Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle |
|  | control actuator inside, refer to EM-29, "Exploded View", |
|  | and then perform throttle valve closed position learning. |
|  | Refer to EC-145, "Description". |


6. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Check throttle control motor. Refer to EC-444, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 7.
NO >> Replace electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
Component Inspection

## 1. СHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
3. Check resistance between electric throttle control actuator terminals as per the following.

| Terminals | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Approx. $1-15 \Omega\left[\right.$ at $\left.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P2118 | Throttle control motor <br> circuit short | ECM detects short in both circuits between <br> ECM and throttle control motor. | - Harness or connectors <br> (Throttle control motor circuit is shorted.) <br> Electric throttle control actuator <br> (Throttle control motor) |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
3. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
4. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
5. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-445, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between electric throttle control actuator harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Electric throttle control actuator |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F50 | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
|  | F14 | 1 | Existed |  |
|  |  |  | 3 | Not existed |
|  |  |  | 1 | Not existed |
|  |  |  | 3 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
2. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Check throttle control motor. Refer to EC-446, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".

## P2118 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
3. Check resistance between electric throttle control actuator terminals as per the following.

| Terminals | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Approx. $1-15 \Omega\left[\right.$ at $\left.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name |  | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P2119 | Electric throttle control actuator | A) | Electric throttle control actuator does not function properly due to the return spring malfunction. | - Electric throttle control actuator |
|  |  | B) | Throttle valve opening angle in fail-safe mode is not in specified range. |  |
|  |  | C) | ECM detects that the throttle valve is stuck open. |  |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A AND B
3. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
4. Shift selector lever to the D position and wait at least 3 seconds.
5. Shift selector lever to the P position.
6. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
7. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
8. Shift selector lever to the D position and wait at least 3 seconds.
9. Shift selector lever to the P position.
10. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn ON.
11. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { Proceed to EC-447, "Diagnosis Procedure". } \\
\text { NO } \gg \text { GO TO } 3 .
\end{array}
$$

3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C
4. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
5. Shift selector lever to the $D$ position and wait at least 3 seconds.
6. Shift selector lever to the $N$ or $P$ position.
7. Start engine and let it idle for 3 seconds.
8. Check DTC.

## Is DTC detected?

```
    YES >> Proceed to EC-447, "Diagnosis Procedure".
    NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove the intake air duct. Refer to EM-27, "Exploded View".

## P2119 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

3. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve (1) and the housing.

- Electric throttle control actuator (2)
- 〉

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside, and then perform throttle valve closed position learning. Refer to EC-145, "Description".

2. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

1. Replace electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
2. Go to EC-146, "Description".
>> INSPECTION END

DTC DETECTION LOGIC
If DTC P2122 or P2123 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-375, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P2122 | Accelerator pedal posi- <br> tion sensor 1 circuit low <br> input | An excessively low voltage from the APP sen- <br> sor 1 is sent to ECM. | - Harness or connectors <br> (APP sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.) |
| P2123 | Accelerator pedal posi- <br> tion sensor 1 circuit high <br> input | An excessively high voltage from the APP sen- <br> sor 1 is sent to ECM. | Accelerator pedal position sensor <br> (APP sensor 1) |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10 V at idle.
>> GO TO 2.
2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
2. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-449, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

1. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY
2. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between APP sensor harness connector and ground.

| APP sensor |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E110 | 4 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
2. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between APP sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| APP sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E110 | 2 | E19 | 151 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
3. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between APP sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| APP sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E110 | 3 | E19 | 150 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK APP SENSOR

## Check APP sensor. Refer to EC-450, "Component Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace accelerator pedal assembly. Refer to ACC-3, "Exploded View".

## Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  |  | Condition |  | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |  |  |
| E19 |  | E19 | 151 | Accelerator pedal | Fully released | 0.5-1.0 |
|  |  |  | (Sensor ground) |  | Fully depressed | 4.2-4.8 |
|  |  |  | 144 |  | Fully released | 0.25-0.50 |
|  | nal) |  | (Sensor ground) |  | Fully depressed | 2.0-2.5 |

Is the inspection result normal?

| YES | $\gg$ INSPECTION END |
| :--- | :--- |
| NO | $\gg$ Replace accelerator pedal assembly. Refer to ACC-3, "Exploded View". |

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P2127 | Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 circuit low input | An excessively low voltage from the APP sensor 2 is sent to ECM. | - Harness or connectors (APP sensor 2 circuit is open or shorted.) [CMP sensor (PHASE) circuit is shorted.] (Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit is shorted.) <br> (Battery current sensor circuit is shorted.) (EOP sensor circuit is shorted.) <br> - Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 2) <br> - Camshaft position (CMP) sensor (PHASE) <br> - Battery current sensor <br> - Engine oil pressure (EOP) sensor <br> - Refrigerant pressure sensor |
| P2128 | Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 circuit high input | An excessively high voltage from the APP sensor 2 is sent to ECM. |  |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

## 1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8 V at idle.

## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
2. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-451, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between APP sensor harness connector and ground.

| APP sensor |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E110 | 5 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between APP sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| APP sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E110 | 5 | E19 | 142 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Repair open circuit.
3. CHECK SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

| ECM |  | Sensor |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Name | Connector | Terminal |
| E19 | 142 | APP sensor 2 | E110 | 5 |
| F14 | 18 | Refrigerant pressure sensor | E300 | 1 |
|  |  | EOP sensor | F67 | 3 |
| F15 | 87 | Battery current sensor | F76 | 1 |
|  |  | CMP sensor (PHASE) (bank 1) | F45 | 1 |
|  |  | CMP sensor (PHASE) (bank 2) | F46 | 1 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4.CHECK COMPONENTS

Check the following.

- Battery current sensor (Refer to EC-329, "Component Inspection".)
- Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 1) (Refer to EC-299, "Component Inspection".)
- Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 2) (Refer to EC-299, "Component Inspection".)
- Engine oil pressure sensor (Refer to EC-357, "Component Inspection".)
- Refrigerant pressure sensor (Refer to EC-494, "Diagnosis Procedure".)

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace malfunctioning components.
5. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between APP sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| APP sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E110 | 1 | E19 | 144 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 6.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT
6. Check the continuity between APP sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| APP sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E110 | 6 | E19 | 143 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 7 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
7.CHECK APP SENSOR

Check APP sensor. Refer to EC-453, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace accelerator pedal assembly. Refer to ACC-3, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  |  | Condition |  | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |  |  |
| E19 | $150$ <br> (APP sensor 1 signal) | E19 | 151 (Sensor ground) | Accelerator pedal | Fully released | 0.5-1.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Fully depressed | 4.2-4.8 |
|  | 143 <br> (APP sensor 2 signal) |  | 144 (Sensor ground) |  | Fully released | 0.25-0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Fully depressed | 2.0-2.5 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace accelerator pedal assembly. Refer to ACC-3, "Exploded View".

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

NOTE:
If DTC P2135 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-375, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P2135 | Throttle position sensor <br> circuit range/perfor- <br> mance | Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM <br> compared with the signals from TP sensor 1 <br> and TP sensor 2. | • Harness or connector <br> (TP sensor 1 or 2 circuit is open or short- <br> ed.) |
| Ilectric throttle control actuator |  |  |  |
| (TP sensor 1 or 2) |  |  |  |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

## TESTING CONDITION:

## Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8 V at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

## 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
2. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-454, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between electric throttle control actuator harness connector and ground.

| Electric throttle control actuator |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F50 | 5 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between electric throttle control actuator harness connector and ECM harness connector.

## P2135 TP SENSOR

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

| Electric throttle control actuator |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F50 | 4 | F15 | 75 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between electric throttle control actuator harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Electric throttle control actuator |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F50 | 3 | F15 | 72 | Existed |
|  | 6 |  | 71 |  |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4.CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

## Check throttle position sensor. Refer to EC-455, "Component Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection

## 1.CHECK THROTTLE POSItION SENSOR

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
3. Perform EC-145, "Description".
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Shift selector lever position to D.
6. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  |  | Condition |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |  |  |
| F15 | 71 <br> (TP sensor 1 signal) | F15 | $\begin{gathered} 75 \\ \text { (Sensor ground) } \end{gathered}$ | Accelerator pedal | Fully released | More than 0.36 V |
|  |  |  |  |  | Fully depressed | Less than 4.75 V |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 72 \\ \text { (TP sensor } 2 \text { signal) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | Fully released | Less than 4.75 V |
|  |  |  |  |  | Fully depressed | More than 0.36 V |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".

## P2138 APP SENSOR

DTC Logic

## DTC DETECTION LOGIC

NOTE:
If DTC P2138 is displayed with DTC P0643, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0643. Refer to EC-375, "DTC Logic".

| DTC No. | Trouble diagnosis name | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P2138 | Accelerator pedal position sensor circuit range/ performance | Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM compared with the signals from APP sensor 1 and APP sensor 2. | - Harness or connector (APP sensor 1 or 2 circuit is open or shorted.) <br> [CMP sensor (PHASE) circuit is shorted.] (Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit is shorted.) <br> (Battery current sensor circuit is shorted.) (EOP sensor circuit is shorted.) <br> - Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 1 or 2) <br> - Camshaft position (CMP) sensor (PHASE) <br> - Battery current sensor <br> - Engine oil pressure (EOP) sensor <br> - Refrigerant pressure sensor |

## DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1.PRECONDITIONING

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8 V at idle.

## >> GO TO 2. <br> 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
2. Check DTC.

Is DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-456, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between APP sensor harness connector and ground.

| APP sensor |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E110 | 4 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

## Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> GO TO 2.

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
2. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check the voltage between APP sensor harness connector and ground.

| APP sensor |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E110 | 5 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GOTO } 6 .
$$

$$
\text { NO >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

3. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT
4. Turn ignition switch OFF.
5. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
6. Check the continuity between APP sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| APP sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E110 | 5 | E19 | 142 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 4 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit.
4.CHECK SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

| ECM |  | Sensor |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Name | Connector | Terminal |
| E19 | 142 | APP sensor 2 | E110 | 5 |
|  |  | Refrigerant pressure sensor | E300 | 1 |
|  |  | EOP sensor | F67 | 3 |
|  | 87 | 92 |  | Battery current sensor |
|  |  | CMP sensor (PHASE) (bank 1) | F46 | 1 |
|  |  | CMP sensor (PHASE) (bank 2) | F46 | 1 |

## Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK COMPONENTS

## Check the following.

- Battery current sensor (Refer to EC-329, "Component Inspection".)
- Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 1) (Refer to EC-299, "Component Inspection".)
- Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 2) (Refer to EC-299, "Component Inspection".)
- Engine oil pressure sensor (Refer to EC-357, "Component Inspection".)
- Refrigerant pressure sensor (Refer to EC-494, "Diagnosis Procedure".)

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace malfunctioning components.
6. CHECK APP SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between APP sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| APP sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E110 | 1 | E19 | 144 | Existed |
|  | 2 |  | 151 |  |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 7.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
7. CHECK APP SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

## 1. Check the continuity between APP sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| APP sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E110 | 3 | E19 | 150 | Existed |
|  | 6 |  | 143 |  |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 8.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
8. CHECK APP SENSOR

Check APP sensor. Refer to EC-458, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace accelerator pedal assembly. Refer to ACC-3, "Exploded View".

## Component Inspection

## 1. CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  |  | Condition |  | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |  |  |
| E19 | $150$ | E19 | 151 | Accelerator pedal | Fully released | 0.5-1.0 |
|  | nal) |  | (Sensor ground) |  | Fully depressed | 4.2-4.8 |
|  |  |  | 144 |  | Fully released | 0.25-0.50 |
|  | (APP sensor 2 signal) |  | (Sensor ground) |  | Fully depressed | 2.0-2.5 |

Is the inspection result normal?

| YES | >> INSPECTION END |
| :--- | :--- |
| NO | >> Replace accelerator pedal assembly. Refer to ACC-3, "Exploded View". |

If DTC P219A or P219B is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for the other DTC. Refer to EC-103, "DTC Index".

| DTC No. | CONSULT screen terms <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P219A | AIR FUEL RATIO IMBALANCE B1 <br> (Air-fuel ratio imbalance bank 1) |  | - Fuel injector <br> - Exhaust gas leaks |
| P219B | AIR FUEL RATIO IMBALANCE B2 <br> (Air-fuel ratio imbalance bank 2) | ECM detects a lean/rich air fuel ratio state in any cylinder for a specified length of time. | - Mass air flow sensor <br> - Intake air leaks <br> - Lack of fuel <br> - Incorrect PCV hose connection <br> - Improper spark plug <br> - Insufficient compression <br> - The fuel injector circuit is open or shorted <br> - ignition coil <br> - The ignition signal circuit is open or shorted |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE
1.PRECONDITIONING-1

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always perform the following before conducting the next test.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

NOTE:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 11 V or more at idle.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

2. PRECONDITIONING-2
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Clear the mixture ratio self-learning value. Refer to EC-148, "Work Procedure".

Will CONSULT be used?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> GOTO 6.
3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-1

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Select "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode of "ENGINE" using CONSULT.
3. Start engine.
4. Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(176^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 4 .
$$

4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-2

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Select "SYSTEM 1 DIAGNOSIS B B1" and "SYSTEM 1 DIAGNOSIS A B1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode of "ENGINE" using CONSULT.
2. Drive vehicle under the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds. CAUTION:

- Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

| ENG SPEED | $1,000-1,600 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| COOLAN TEMP/S | More than $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(176{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| B/FUEL SCHDL | $5-12 \mathrm{msec}$ |
| Selector lever | D position |
| SYSTEM 1 DIAGNOSIS B B1 | PRSENT |

NOTE:

- Drive the vehicle at approximately $88 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ( 55 MPH ) allows easy diagnosis.
- Keep the accelerator pedal as possible during crusing.

3. Check "SYSTEM 1 DIAGNOSIS A B1" indication.

Is "CMPLT" displayed?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >>GOTO 2.
5. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-3

Check 1st trip DTC.
Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-460, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
6. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-4

## (8ithout CONSULT

1. Start the engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Drive vehicle under the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds. CAUTION:

- Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

| Engine speed | $1,000-1,600 \mathrm{rpm}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Calculated load value | $27-63 \%$ |
| Selector lever | D position |

NOTE:

- Drive the vehicle at approximately $88 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ( 55 MPH ) allows easy diagnosis.
- Keep the accelerator pedal as possible during crusing.

3. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-460, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

1. Stop engine and check the following for connection.

- Air duct
- Vacuum hoses
- PCV hose
- Intake air passage between air duct to intake manifold

2. Start engine and let it idle.
3. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
2. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK
```

1. Stop engine and visually check exhaust tube, three way catalyst and muffler for dents connection.
2. Start engine and let it idle.
3. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst (manifold).


Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. check fuel pressure

1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-150, "Work Procedure".
2. Check fuel pressure. Refer to EC-150, "Work Procedure".

Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> GOTO 4.
NO >> GO TO 9.
4.CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR
```


## (©) With CONSULT

Check "MASS AIR FLOW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode of "ENGINE" using CONSULT.
For specification, refer to EC-513, "Mass Air Flow Sensor".
(sis) With GST
Check mass air flow sensor signal in Service $\$ 01$ using GST.
For specification, refer to EC-513, "Mass Air Flow Sensor".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5.
NO >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or grounds. Refer to EC-197, "Diagnosis Procedure".
5. CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR-1

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode of "ENGINE" using CONSULT.
3. Check that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

## 8Without CONSULT

1. Let engine idle.
2. Listen to each fuel injector operating sound.

## Clicking noise should be heard.

Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> Perform trouble diagnosis for fuel injector, refer to EC-
    479, "Component Inspection".
```


6.CHECK FUNCTION OF FUEL INJECTOR-2

## CAUTION:

Perform the following procedure in a place with no combustible objects and good ventilation.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Confirm that the engine is cooled down and there are no fire hazards near the vehicle.
3. Disconnect all fuel injector harness connectors.
4. Remove fuel tube assembly. Refer to EM-49, "Removal and Installation".

Keep fuel hose and all fuel injectors connected to fuel tube.
5. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
6. Prepare pans or saucers under each fuel injector.
7. Crank engine for approximately 3 seconds.

- Fuel should be sprayed evenly for each fuel injector.
- Fuel must not drip from the tip of fuel injector.

Is the inspection result normal?

| YES | $\gg$ GO TO 7. |
| ---: | :--- |
| NO | $\gg$ Replace fuel injector. Refer to EM-49, "Removal and |
|  | $\quad$ Installation". |



## 7. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-1

## CAUTION:

Perform the following steps in a well-ventilated area with no combustibles.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove fuel pump fuse from IPDM E/R to release fuel pressure.

NOTE:
CONSULT must not be used to release fuel pressure. It develops again during the following steps, if released by using CONSULT.
3. Start the engine.
4. After an engine stall, crank the engine two or three times to release all the fuel pressure.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF.
6. Disconnect all the harness connectors of ignition coil to prevent electric discharge from occurring in ignition coil.
7. Remove ignition coil assembly and spark plug of cylinder. Refer to EM-54, "Removal and Installation".
8. Crank engine for 5 seconds or more to remove combustion gas in the cylinder.
9. Connect spark plug and harness connector to ignition coil.
10. Allow a $13-17 \mathrm{~mm}(0.52-0.66 \mathrm{in})$ spacing between spark plug and grounded metal portion as shown in the figure to fix the ignition coil with a rope or an equivalent.
11. Crank the engine for approximately 3 seconds to see if sparking occurs between spark plug and the grounded metal portion.

## Spark should be generated.

CAUTION:

- The discharge voltage becomes 20 kV or higher. Therefore, always stay away from the spark plug and ignition coil at least 50 cm (19.7 in) during the inspection.

- Leaving a space of more than 17 mm ( 0.66 in ) may damage the ignition coil.


## NOTE:

When the gap is less than 13 mm ( 0.52 in ), a the spark might be generated even if the coil is malfunctioning.
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 8 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 10 .
\end{array}
$$

## 8.CHECK COMPRESSION PRESSURE

Check compression pressure. Refer to EM-24, "Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Check pistons, piston rings, valves, valve seats and cylinder head gaskets.

## 9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check fuel hoses and fuel tubes for clogging.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> Replace fuel filter and fuel pump assembly. Refer to FL-5, "Removal and Installation".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
10. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-2
```

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect spark plug and connect a non-malfunctioning spark plug.
3. Crank engine for approximately 3 seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded metal portion.

Spark should be generated.
Is the inspection result normal?

## YES >> GO TO 11.

NO >> Check ignition coil, power transistor and their circuits. Refer to EC-483, "Component Function Check".

## 11. CHECK SPARK PLUG

Check the initial spark plug for fouling, etc.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> 1. Repair or clean spark plug. Refer to EM-17. "Removal and Installation". 2. GO TO 12.

NO >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to EM-133, "Spark Plug".


## 12. CHECK FUNCTION OF IGNITION COIL-3

1. Reconnect the initial spark plugs.
2. Crank engine for approximately 3 seconds, and recheck whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded portion.

## Spark should be generated.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to EM-133, "Spark Plug".

## P2610 ECM INTERNAL TIMER

## Description

This ECM contains a timer and measures time between an ignition switch OFF and the next ignition switch ON . This enables the judging of the state of engine cooling at an engine start.
DTC Logic
DTC DETECTION LOGIC

| DTC No. | CONSULT screen terms <br> (Trouble diagnosis content) | DTC detecting condition | Possible cause |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P2610 | ECM/PCM INTERNAL ENG <br> OFF TIMER <br> (ECM/PCM internal engine off <br> timer performance) | - ECM internal engine off timer is malfunction- <br> ing. <br> - The time calculated by ECM based on a de- <br> scent allowance of engine coolant tempera- <br> tures during ignition switch OFF is extremely <br> shorter than the time counted by the Engine <br> internal OFF timer. | ECM |

DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

1. INSPECTION START

## It is necessary to erase permanent DTC?

$$
\text { YES >> GOTO } 4 .
$$

$$
\text { NO } \quad>\mathrm{GOTO} 2 .
$$

2. preconditioning
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:
Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 12 V or more under ignition switch OFF condition.
>> GO TO 3.
3. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I

1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 190 seconds.
2. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-465, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
4.preconditioning

1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

TESTING CONDITION:

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is 12 V or more under ignition switch OFF condition.
- Before performing the following procedure, check that fuel level is between 2/8 and 7/8.
>> GO TO 5.

5. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-I
6. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 190 seconds.
7. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?
YES >> Proceed to EC-465, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> GO TO 6.
6. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE-II

CAUTION:
To start this self-diagnosis, the conditions listed bellow are required to be satisfied. Perform the following steps to satisfy the conditions.

- Engine coolant temperature decrease by $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or more during the time between an ignition switch OFF (after engine warm-up) and the second ignition switch ON.
- A fuel temperature at the second ignition switch ON is $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(23^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or more and less than $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$.
- The temperature difference between engine coolant and fuel is $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(41^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ or more.

NOTE:
This self-diagnosis is not performed if the distance traveled is extremely short.

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
3. Turn ignition switch OFF and soak the vehicle for at least 12 hours.

CAUTION:

- Never turn ON the ignition switch during soaking.
- Never open the fuel filler cap and perform refueling during soaking.

4. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 190 seconds.
5. Check 1st trip DTC.

Is 1st trip DTC detected?

```
YES >> Proceed to EC-465, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```

Diagnosis Procedure
1.CHECK SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULT
check that DTCs related to the fuel system and the cooling system are not detected.
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { YES >> Check the DTC. Refer to EC-73, "CONSULT Function". } \\
& \text { NO >> GO TO } 2 \text {. } \\
& \text { 2. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE }
\end{aligned}
$$

1. Erase DTC.
2. Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure again. Refer to EC-464, "DTC Logic".

Is the 1st trip DTC P2610 displayed again?

```
YES >> Replace ECM. Refer to EC-512, "Removal and Installation".
NO >> INSPECTION END
```


# BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH

Component Function Check

1. CHECK BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH FUNCTION

## (1) With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch $O N$.
2. Select "BRAKE SW1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check "BRAKE SW1" indication under the following conditions.

| Monitor item | Condition |  | Indication |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| BRAKE SW1 | Brake pedal | Slightly depressed | OFF |
|  |  | Fully released | ON |

## Without CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals.

| ECM |  |  | Condition |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |  |  |
| E19 | 140 <br> (brake pedal position switch signal) | 147 | Brake pedal | Slightly depressed | Approx. 0 V |
|  |  |  |  | Fully released | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-466, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect brake pedal position switch harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between brake pedal position switch harness connector and ground.

| Brake pedal position switch |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E109 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect fuse block (J/B) harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between brake pedal position switch harness connector and fuse block (J/B) harness connector.

| Brake pedal position switch |  | Fuse block (J/B) |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E109 | 1 | E100 | 4 F | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.

NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between brake pedal position switch harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Brake pedal position switch |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E109 | 2 | E19 | 140 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 4 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH

## Check brake pedal position switch. Refer to EC-467, "Component Inspection (Brake Pedal Position Switch)".

 Is the inspection result normal?YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace brake pedal position switch. Refer to BR-20, "Exploded View".

## Component Inspection (Brake Pedal Position Switch)

## 1. CHECK BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect brake pedal position switch harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between brake pedal position switch terminals under the following conditions.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Brake pedal | Fully released | Existed |
|  |  | Slightly depressed | Not existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> GOTO 2.
2. CHECK BRAKE PEDAL POSITION SWITCH-II

1. Adjust brake pedal position switch installation. Refer to BR-9, "Inspection and Adjustment".
2. Check the continuity between brake pedal position switch terminals under the following conditions.

| Terminals | Condition |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Brake pedal | Fully released | Existed |
|  |  | Slightly depressed | Not existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace brake pedal position switch. Refer to BR-20, "Exploded View".

## ASCD INDICATOR

## Component Function Check

1. CHECK ASCD INDICATOR FUNCTION

Check ASCD indicator under the following conditions.

| ASCD INDICATOR | CONDITION |  | SPECIFICATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CRUISE | • Ignition switch: ON | MAIN switch: Pressed at the <br> 1 st time $\rightarrow$ at the 2nd time | ON $\rightarrow$ OFF |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-468, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Diagnosis Procedure

1.CHECK DTC

Check that DTC UXXXX is not displayed.
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

NO >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC UXXXX.
2. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Check combination meter function. Refer to MWI-35, "CONSULT Function".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part.
3. check intermittent incident

Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace combination meter. Refer to MWI-90, "Exploded View".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## COOLING FAN

## Component Function Check

## 1. CHECK COOLING FAN FUNCTION

## With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch ON .
2. Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check that cooling fan operates at each speed.
(8) Without CONSULT
4. Perform IPDM E/R auto active test and check cooling fan motors operation, refer to PCS-11, "Diagnosis Description".
5. Check that cooling fan operates at each speed.

Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-469, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK COOLING FAN RELAY POWER SUPPLY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect cooling fan relays-2, -3 .
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between cooling fan relays-2, -3 harness connectors and ground.

| Cooling fan relay |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E57 | 2 | Ground | Battery voltage |
| (cooling fan relay-2) | 5 |  |  |
| E59 | 2 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
2. CHECK COOLING FAN RELAY OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connectors.
3. Check the continuity between cooling fan relay-2, -3 harness connectors and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| Cooling fan relay |  | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E57 <br> (cooling fan relay-2) | 1 | E11 | 42 | Existed |
| E59 <br> (cooling fan relay-3) | 1 | E10 | 34 |  |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
3. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect cooling fan motor-1 harness connector.
2. Check the voltage between cooling fan motor-1 harness connector and ground.

| Cooling fan motor-1 |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E301 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |
|  | 2 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
4. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR CIRCUIT-I

1. Disconnect cooling fan motor-2 harness connector.
2. Check the continuity between cooling fan relay-2, -3 harness connectors and cooling fan motor-1, -2 harness connectors.

| Cooling fan relay |  | Cooling fan motor |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E57 <br> (cooling fan relay-2) | 3 | 2 |  |  |
|  | 7 | E302 <br> (Cooling fan motor-2) | E301 <br> (Cooling fan motor-1) | Existed |
| E59 <br> (cooling fan relay-3) | 3 | 1 |  |  |
|  | 7 | E302 <br> (Cooling fan motor-2) | 4 |  |

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 5 .
NO >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
5. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR CIRCUIT-II

1. Check the continuity between IPDM E/R harness connector and cooling fan motor-1, -2 harness connector.

| IPDM E/R |  | Cooling fan motor |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E10 Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
|  | E301 <br> (Cooling fan motor-1) | 4 |  |  |
|  | 38 | E302 <br> (Cooling fan motor-2) | 1 | E |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
6. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR CIRCUIT-III

1. Check the continuity between cooling fan relay-2, -3 harness connectors and ground.

| Cooling fan relay |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  | Existed |
| E57 <br> (cooling fan relay-2) | 6 | Ground |  |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >>GOTO 7.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
7. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR CIRCUIT-IV

1. Check the continuity between cooling fan motor-2 harness connector and ground.

| Cooling fan motor-2 |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E302 | 3 | Ground | Existed |
|  | 4 |  |  |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 8.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
8. CHECK COOLING FAN RELAYS-2 AND -3

Check cooling fan relays-2 and -3. Refer to EC-472, "Component Inspection (Cooling Fan Relay)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 9.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning cooling fan relay.
9. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTORS-1 AND -2

Check cooling fan motors-1 and -2. Refer to EC-471, "Component Inspection (Cooling Fan Motor)".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 10.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning cooling fan motor. Refer to CO-17, "Exploded View".
10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to PCS-36, "Exploded View".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
Component Inspection (Cooling Fan Motor)

1. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connector.
4. Supply cooling fan motor terminals with battery voltage and check operation.

|  | Condition | Terminals |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (+) | (-) |
| Cooling fan motor | A | 1 | 3 and 4 |
|  |  | 2 | 3 and 4 |
|  |  | 1 and 2 | 3 |
|  |  | 1 and 2 | 4 |
|  | B | 1, 2 | 3, 4 |

Check that cooling fan speed of condition $B$ is higher than that of $A$.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace cooling fan motor. Refer to CO-17, "Exploded View".
Component Inspection (Cooling Fan Relay)

## 1. CHECK COOLING FAN RELAY

1. Disconnect cooling fan relays $-2,-3$ harness connectors.
2. Check continuity between cooling fan relay $-2,-3$ terminals under the following conditions.

| Terminals | Conditions | Continuity |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 3 and 5 | 12 V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2 | Existed |
| 6 and 7 | No current supply | Not existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { YES } & \gg \text { INSPECTION END } \\ \text { NO } & \gg \text { Replace cooling fan relay. }\end{array}$


## ELECTRICAL LOAD SIGNAL

## Description

The electrical load signal (Headlamp switch signal, rear window defogger switch signal, etc.) is transferred via the CAN communication.

## Component Function Check

## 1. CHECK REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH FUNCTION

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Connect CONSULT and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.
3. Select "LOAD SIGNAL" and check indication under the following conditions.

| Monitor item | Condition |  | Indication |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| LOAD SIGNAL | Rear window defogger switch | ON | ON |
|  |  | OFF | OFF |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Proceed to EC-473, "Diagnosis Procedure".
2. CHECK LIGHTING SWITCH FUNCTION

Check "LOAD SIGNAL" indication under the following conditions.

| Monitor item | Condition |  | Indication |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| LOAD SIGNAL | Lighting switch | ON at 2nd position | ON |
|  |  | OFF | OFF |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Proceed to EC-473, "Diagnosis Procedure".
3. CHECK HEATER FAN CONTROL SWITCH FUNCTION

Select "HEATER FAN SW" and check indication under the following conditions.

| Monitor item | Condition |  | Indication |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| HEATER FAN SW | Heater fan control switch | ON | ON |
|  |  | OFF | OFF |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-473, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.INSPECTION START

Confirm the malfunctioning circuit (rear window defogger, headlamp or heater fan). Refer to EC-473, "Component Function Check".
Which circuit is related to the incident?
Rear window defogger>>GO TO 2.
Headlamp>>GO TO 3.
Heater fan>>GO TO 4.
2. CHECK REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SYSTEM

Check rear window defogger system. Refer to DEF-19, "Work Flow".

## ELECTRICAL LOAD SIGNAL

>> INSPECTION END
3. CHECK HEADLAMP SYSTEM

Check headlamp system. Refer to EXL-59, "Work Flow" (XENON TYPE) or EXL-171, "Work Flow" (HALOGEN TYPE).
>> INSPECTION END
4. CHECK HEATER FAN CONTROL SYSTEM

Check heater fan control system. Refer to VTL-6, "VENTILATION SYSTEM (FRONT AIR CONDITIONING) : System Description".
>> INSPECTION END

# ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT

## Component Function Check

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Shift selector position is $D$ while depressing the brake pedal and parking brake pedal.
3. Disconnect electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid valve harness connector.
4. Check that body vibration increases compared to the condition of step 2 above (with vehicle stopped).

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> EC-475, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK VACUUM SOURCE

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Disconnect vacuum hose connected to electronic controlled engine mount.
4. Start engine and let it idle.
5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum existence.

## Vacuum should exist.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 7 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 2 .
\end{array}
$$

2. CHECK VACUUM HOSES AND VACUUM GALLERY
3. Turn ignition switch OFF.
4. Check vacuum hoses and vacuum gallery for clogging, cracks or improper connection. Refer to EC-47. "ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT : System Description".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >>GOTO 3.
NO >> Repair or replace vacuum hoses and vacuum gallery.
5. CHECK ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY
6. Disconnect electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid valve harness connector.
7. Turn ignition switch ON.
8. Check the voltage between front electronic controlled engine mount harness connector and ground.

| Electronic controlled engine mount <br> control solenoid valve |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F11 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> GOTO 4.
4. CHECK ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect fuse block ( $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{B}$ ) harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between electronic controlled engine mount harness connector and fuse block (J/B) harness connector.

# ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT 

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

| Electronic controlled engine <br> mount control solenoid valve |  | Fuse block (J/B) |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F11 | 1 | E100 | 4 F | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
5. CHECK ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Check the continuity between ECM harness connector and electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid valve harness connector.

| ECM |  | Electronic controlled engine <br> mount control solenoid valve |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F14 | 49 | F11 | 2 | Existed |

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness connectors.
6.CHECK ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Check electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid valve. Refer to EC-476, "Component Inspection". Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 7.
NO >> Replace electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
7. CHECK ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Install vacuum pump (A) to electronic controlled engine mount (1).
3. Check that a vacuum is maintained when applying the vacuum of $-40 \mathrm{kPa}\left(-0.41 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2},-5.8 \mathrm{psi}\right)$ to electronic controlled engine mount.
4. Also visually check electronic controlled engine mount.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 8.
NO >> Replace electronic controlled engine mount.


## 8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

## Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace intake manifold collector. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## Component Inspection

1. CHECK ELECTRONIC CONTROLLED ENGINE MOUNT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

## With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid valve harness connector.
3. Disconnect vacuum hoses connected to electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid valve.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Select "ENGINE MOUNTING" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
6. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

| Condition <br> (ENGINE MOUNTING) | Air passage continuity <br> between (A) and (B) | Air passage continuity <br> between (A) and (C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TRVL | Existed | Not existed |
| IDLE | Not existed | Existed |

## 8 Without CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid
 valve harness connector.
3. Disconnect vacuum hoses connected to electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid valve.
4. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

| Condition | Air passage continuity <br> between (A) and (B) | Air passage continuity <br> between (A) and (C) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 12 V direct current supply be- <br> tween terminals 1 and 2 | Existed | Not existed |
| No supply | Not existed | Existed |
| Is the inspection result normal? |  |  |
| YES >> INSPECTION END |  |  |
| NO >> Replace electronic controlled engine mount control sole- |  |  |
| noid valve. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View". |  |  |


$\begin{array}{ll}\text { YES } & \gg \text { INSPECTION END } \\ \text { NO } & \gg \text { Replace electronic controlled engine mount control sole- }\end{array}$ noid valve. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".

## FUEL INJECTOR

## Component Function Check

1. Inspection start

Turn ignition switch to START.
Are any cylinders ignited?
YES >> GOTO 2.
NO >> Proceed to EC-478, "Diagnosis Procedure".
2. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR FUNCTION

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Start engine.
2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
3. Check that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

8 Without CONSULT

1. Start engine.
2. Listen to each fuel injector operating sound.

Clicking sound should be heard.
Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-478, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```



## Diagnosis Procedure

1. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR POWER SUPPLY
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect fuel injector harness connector.
4. Turn ignition switch ON.
5. Check the voltage between fuel injector harness connector and ground.

| Fuel injector |  |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cylinder | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| 1 | F37 | 1 |  |  |
| 2 | F38 | 1 |  |  |
| 3 | F39 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |
| 4 | F40 | 1 |  |  |
| 5 | F41 | 1 |  |  |
| 6 | F42 | 1 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between fuel injector harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| Fuel injector |  |  | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cylinder | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| 1 | F37 | 1 | F12 | 51 |  |
| 2 | F38 | 1 |  | 52 |  |
| 3 | F39 | 1 |  | 51 |  |
| 4 | F40 | 1 |  | 52 | Existed |
| 5 | F41 | 1 |  | 51 |  |
| 6 | F42 | 1 |  | 52 |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between fuel injector harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Fuel injector |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cylinder | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| 1 | F37 | 2 | F14 | 17 | Existed |
| 2 | F38 | 2 |  | 16 |  |
| 3 | F39 | 2 |  | 22 |  |
| 4 | F40 | 2 |  | 12 |  |
| 5 | F41 | 2 |  | 11 |  |
| 6 | F42 | 2 |  | 21 |  |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 4 .
$$

NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR

## Check fuel injector. Refer to EC-479, "Component Inspection".

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 5 .
$$

NO >> Replace malfunctioning fuel injector. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".
5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?

> YES >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to PCS-36, "Exploded View".

NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## Component Inspection

1. CHECK FUEL INJECTOR
2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
3. Disconnect fuel injector harness connector.
4. Check resistance between fuel injector terminals as per the following.

| Terminals | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | $11.1-14.5 \Omega\left[\right.$ at $\left.10-60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(50-140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |
| Is the inspection result normal? |  |
| YES $\quad \gg$ INSPECTION END |  |
| NO $\quad \gg$ Replace malfunctioning fuel injector. Refer to EM-49, |  |
| "Exploded View". |  |



## FUEL PUMP

## Component Function Check

## 1.CHECK FUEL PUMP FUNCTION

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Pinch fuel feed hose ( $\leqslant$ ) with two fingers.
> : Vehicle front
Fuel pressure pulsation should be felt on the fuel feed hose for 1 second after ignition switch is turned ON.
Is the inspection result normal?
```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> EC-481, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```



## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK FUEL PUMP RELAY POWER SUPPLY-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals.

| ECM |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Voltage |  |  |  |  |
|  | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F14 | 19 | E19 | 152 | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 4 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 2 . \\
\text { 2. CHECK FUEL PUMP RELAY POWER SUPPLY-II }
\end{array}
$$

Check the voltage between IPDM E/R harness connector and ground.

| IPDM E/R |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F12 | 77 | Ground | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> GOTO 7.
3. CHECK FUEL PUMP RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between ECM harness connector and IPDM E/R harness connector.

| ECM |  | IPDM E/R |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F14 | 19 | F12 | 77 | Existed |

## Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
4. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
2. Check harness continuity between IPDM E/R harness connector and "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.

| IPDM E/R |  | Fuel level sensor unit and fuel <br> pump |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E10 | 13 | B40 | 1 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK FUEL PUMP GROUND CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
2. Check the continuity between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector and ground.

| Fuel level sensor unit and fuel <br> pump |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| B40 | 3 | Ground | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.
6. CHECK FUEL PUMP

Check fuel pump. Refer to EC-482, "Component Inspection (Fuel Pump)".
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 7 .
$$

NO >> Replace fuel filter and fuel pump assembly. Refer to FL-5, "Removal and Installation".
7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to PCS-36, "Removal and Installation".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## Component Inspection (Fuel Pump)

## 1. CHECK FUEL PUMP

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit (fuel pump)" harness connector.
3. Check resistance between "fuel level sensor unit (fuel pump)" terminals as follows.

| Terminals | Resistance [at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ] |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 3 | $0.2-5.0 \Omega$ |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace fuel level sensor unit, fuel filter and fuel pump assembly. Refer to FL-5, "Exploded View".

## IGNITION SIGNAL

## Component Function Check

1. Inspection start

Turn ignition switch OFF, and restart engine.
Does the engine start?
YES-1 >> With CONSULT: GO TO 2.
YES-2 >> Without CONSULT: GO TO 3.
NO >> Proceed to EC-483, "Diagnosis Procedure".
2. CHECK IGNITION SIGNAL FUNCTION

## (1)With CONSULT

1. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
2. Check that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

Is the inspection result normal?

```
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-483, "Diagnosis Procedure".
```

3. check ignition signal function

## Without CONSULT

1. Let engine idle.
2. Read the voltage signal between ECM harness connector terminals with an oscilloscope.

| ECM |  |  |  | Voltage signal |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |  |  |
| F15 | 103 | E19 | 152 | S0mSec/div |  |  |
|  | 104 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 106 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 107 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 113 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 114 |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE:
The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-483, "Diagnosis Procedure".
Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it ON.
2. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals.

| ECM |  |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |
| E19 | 145 | 152 | Battery voltage |

[^5]
## 2. CHECK CONDENSER POWER SUPPLY

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect condenser harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between condenser harness connector and ground.

| Condenser |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F13 | 1 | Ground | Battery voltage |

Is the inspection result normal?

| YES | $\gg$ GO TO 4. |
| :--- | :--- |
| NO | $\gg$ GO TO 3. |

3. CHECK CONDENSER POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT
4. Turn ignition switch OFF.
5. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector.
6. Check the continuity between IPDM E/R harness connector and condenser harness connector.

| IPDM E/R |  | Condenser |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| F12 | 49 | F13 | 1 | Existed |

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Refer to EC-172, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK CONDENSER GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check the continuity between condenser harness connector and ground.

| Condenser |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| F13 | 2 | Ground | Existed |

3. Also check harness for short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.
5. CHECK CONDENSER

Check condenser. Refer to EC-487, "Component Inspection (Condenser)" Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 6.
NO >> Replace condenser.
6. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY

1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
2. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between ignition coil harness connector and ground.

| Ignition coil |  |  | Ground | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cylinder | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| 1 | F31 | 3 |  |  |
| 2 | F32 | 3 |  |  |
| 3 | F33 | 3 | Ground | Battery voltage |
| 4 | F34 | 3 |  |  |
| 5 | F35 | 3 |  |  |
| 6 | F36 | 3 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 7.
NO >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.
7. CHECK IGNITION COIL GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Check the continuity between ignition coil harness connector and ground.

| Ignition coil |  |  | Ground | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cylinder | Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| 1 | F31 | 2 |  |  |
| 2 | F32 | 2 |  |  |
| 3 | F33 | 2 |  | Existed |
| 4 | F34 | 2 |  |  |
| 5 | F35 | 2 |  |  |
| 6 | F36 | 2 |  |  |

3. Also check harness for short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 8.
NO >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.
8. CHECK IGNITION COIL OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
2. Check the continuity between ignition coil harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Ignition coil |  |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cylinder | Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| 1 | F31 | 1 | F15 | 113 | Existed |
| 2 | F32 | 1 |  | 106 |  |
| 3 | F33 | 1 |  | 103 |  |
| 4 | F34 | 1 |  | 114 |  |
| 5 | F35 | 1 |  | 107 |  |
| 6 | F36 | 1 |  | 104 |  |

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 9.
NO >> Repair open circuit, short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.
9. CHECK IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR

Check ignition coil with power transistor. Refer to EC-486, "Component Inspection (Ignition Coil with Power Transistor)".

## Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace malfunctioning ignition coil with power transistor. Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View".

## Component Inspection (Ignition Coil with Power Transistor)

## 1. CHECK IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR-I

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.
3. Check resistance between ignition coil terminals as per the following.

| Terminal No. (Polarity) | Resistance $\Omega$ [at $\left.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)\right]$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Except 0 or $\infty$ |
| 1 and 3 | Except 0 |
| 2 and 3 |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> Replace malfunctioning ignition coil with power transistor. Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View".
2. CHECK IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR-II

CAUTION:

## Perform the following procedure in a place with no combustible objects and good ventilation.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
3. Remove fuel pump fuse in IPDM $E / R$ to release fuel pressure.

## NOTE:

Do not use CONSULT to release fuel pressure, or fuel pressure applies again during the following procedure.
4. Start engine.
5. After engine stalls, crank it 2 or 3 times to release all fuel pressure.
6. Turn ignition switch OFF.
7. Remove all ignition coil harness connectors to avoid the electrical discharge from the ignition coils.
8. Remove ignition coil and spark plug of the cylinder to be checked.
9. Crank engine for 5 seconds or more to remove combustion gas in the cylinder.
10. Connect spark plug and harness connector to ignition coil.
11. Fix ignition coil using a rope etc. with gap of $13-17 \mathrm{~mm}(0.52-$ 0.66 in ) between the edge of the spark plug and grounded metal portion as shown in the figure.
12. Crank engine for approximately 3 seconds, and check whether spark is generated between the spark plug and the grounded metal portion.

## Spark should be generated.

CAUTION:

- During the operation, always stay 0.5 m (19.7 in) or more away from the spark plug and the ignition coil. Be careful
 not to get an electrical shock while checking, because the electrical discharge voltage becomes 20 kV or more.
- It might cause to damage the ignition coil if the gap of more than $17 \mathrm{~mm}(0.66 \mathrm{in})$ is taken. NOTE:
When the gap is less than 13 mm ( 0.52 in ), the spark might be generated even if the coil is malfunctioning.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace malfunctioning ignition coil with power transistor. Refer to EM-54, "Exploded View".


## Component Inspection (Condenser)

## 1.CHECK CONDENSER

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect condenser harness connector.
3. Check resistance between condenser terminals as per the following.

| Terminals | Resistance |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 and 2 | Above $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega\left[\right.$ at $\left.25 \mathrm{C}^{\circ}\left(7 \mathrm{C}^{\circ}\right)\right]$ |
| Is the inspection result normal? |  |
| YES $\quad \gg$ INSPECTION END |  |
| NO $\quad \gg$ Replace condenser. |  |

EC

## INFORMATION DISPLAY (ASCD)

## Component Function Check

1. CHECK INFORMATION DISPLAY
2. Start engine.
3. Press MAIN switch on ASCD steering switch.
4. Drive the vehicle at more than $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(25 \mathrm{MPH})$.

CAUTION:
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
4. Press SET/COAST switch.
5. Check that the reading of the speedometer shows the same value as the set speed indicated in the information display while driving the vehicle on a flat road.
Is the inspection result normal?

| YES | $\gg$ INSPECTION END |
| :--- | :--- |
| NO | $\gg$ Proceed to EC-488, "Diagnosis Procedure". |

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK DTC

Check that DTC UXXXX, P0500 or P1574 is not displayed.
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

NO-1 >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC UXXXX.
NO-2 >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0500. Refer to EC-347, "DTC Logic".
NO-3 >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P1574. Refer to EC-416, "DTC Logic".
2. CHECK DTC WITH COMBINATION METER

Check combination meter function. Refer to MWI-35, "CONSULT Function". Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 3.
NO >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC indicated.
3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident". Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace combination meter. Refer to MWI-90, "Removal and Installation".
NO >> Repair or replace.

## < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP

## Component Function Check

1.CHECK MIL FUNCTION

1. Turn ignition switch ON.
2. Check that MIL illuminates.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { INSPECTION END } \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { Proceed to EC-489, "Diagnosis Procedure". }
\end{array}
$$

Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.CHECK DTC

Check that DTC UXXXX is not displayed.
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 2 .
$$

NO >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC UXXXX.
2. CHECK COMBINATION METER FUNCTION

Check combination meter function. Refer to MWI-35, "CONSULT Function".
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

NO >> Repair or replace.
3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace combination meter. Refer to MWI-90, "Exploded View".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)

## Component Function Check

## 1.check orvr function

Check whether the following symptoms are present.

- Fuel odor from EVAP canister is strong.
- Cannot refuel/Fuel odor from the fuel filler opening is strong while refueling.

Are any symptoms present?
YES >> Proceed to EC-490, "Diagnosis Procedure".
NO >> INSPECTION END

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.INSPECTION START

Check whether the following symptoms are present.
A: Fuel odor from EVAP canister is strong.
B: Cannot refuel/Fuel odor from the fuel filler opening is strong while refueling.
A or B
A >> GO TO 2.
B >> GO TO 7.
2. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
2. Weigh the EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
The weight should be less than 2.1 kg ( 4.6 lb ).
Is the inspection result normal?

| YES | $\gg$ GO TO 3. |
| :--- | :--- |
| NO | $\gg$ GO TO 4. |

3. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER IS SATURATED WITH WATER

Check if water will drain from EVAP canister
Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

| YES | $\gg$ GO TO 4. |
| :--- | :--- |
| NO | $\gg$ GO TO 6. |



## 4. REPLACE EVAP CANISTER

Replace EVAP canister with a new one. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
>> GO TO 5.
5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection.
>> Repair or replace EVAP hose. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
6. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve. Refer to EC-492, "Component Inspection".

## < DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

## Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".
7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".
2. Weigh the EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
The weight should be less than 2.1 kg ( 4.6 lb ).
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 8.
NO >> GO TO 9.
3. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER IS SATURATED WITH WATER

Check if water will drain from EVAP canister.
Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { YES } & \gg \text { GO TO } 6 . \\
\text { NO } & \gg \text { GO TO } 11 .
\end{array}
$$



## 9. replace evap canister

Replace EVAP canister with a new one. Refer to FL-16, "Exploded View".

$$
\text { >> GO TO } 10 .
$$

10. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the EVAP hose between EVAP canister and vehicle frame for clogging or poor connection.
>> Repair or replace EVAP hose. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
11. CHECK VENT HOSES AND VENT TUBES
$\overline{\text { Check hoses and tubes between EVAP canister and refueling control valve for clogging, kinks, looseness and }}$ improper connection.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 12.
NO >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.
12. CHECK FILLER NECK TUBE

Check recirculation line for clogging, dents and cracks.
Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 13 .
$$

NO >> Replace filler neck tube.
13. check refueling evap vapor cut valve

Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve. Refer to EC-492, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 14.
NO >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".
14.check fuel filler tube

Check filler neck tube and hose connected to the fuel tank for clogging, dents and cracks.

## Is the inspection result normal?

YES >> GO TO 15.
NO >> Replace fuel filler tube. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".
15. CHECK ONE-WAY FUEL VALVE-I

Check one-way valve for clogging.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 16.
NO >> Repair or replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".
16. CHECK ONE-WAY FUEL VALVE-II

1. Check that fuel is drained from the tank.
2. Remove fuel filler tube and hose. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".
3. Check one-way fuel valve for operation as per the following. When a stick is inserted, the valve should open, when removing stick it should close.
Do not drop any material into the tank.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace fuel filler tube or replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".


## Component Inspection

INFOID:0000000011323924

## 1. INSPECTION START

Will CONSULT be used?
Will CONSULT be used?

$$
\text { YES >> GOTO } 2 .
$$

NO >> GO TO 3.
2. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

## (B)With CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove fuel tank. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".
3. Drain fuel from the tank as per the following:

- Remove fuel feed hose located on the fuel gauge retainer. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".
- Connect a spare fuel hose, one side to fuel gauge retainer where the hose was removed and the other side to a fuel container.
- Drain fuel using "FUEL PUMP RELAY" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.

4. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as per the following.

Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve (from the end of EVAP/ORVR line hose), and check that the air flows freely into the tank.
5. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as per the following.

- Connect vacuum pump to hose end.
- Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit.

Always replace O-ring with new one.

- Turn fuel tank upside down.
- Apply vacuum pressure to hose end $\left[-13.3 \mathrm{kPa}\left(-0.136 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2},-1.93 \mathrm{psi}\right)\right]$ with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable.


Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".
3. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

## (8)Without CONSULT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Remove fuel tank. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".
3. Drain fuel from the tank as per the following:

- Remove fuel gauge retainer.
- Drain fuel from the tank using a handy pump into a fuel container.

4. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as per the following.

Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve (from the end of EVAP/ORVR line hose), and check that the air flows freely into the tank.
5. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as per the following.

- Connect vacuum pump to hose end.
- Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit.

Always replace O-ring with new one.

- Turn fuel tank upside down.
- Apply vacuum pressure to hose end $\left[-13.3 \mathrm{kPa}\left(-0.136 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2},-1.93 \mathrm{psi}\right)\right]$ with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable.


Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank. Refer to FL-12, "Exploded View".

## REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

## Component Function Check

1.CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR FUNCTION

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
2. Turn A/C switch and blower fan switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector terminals under the following conditions.

| ECM |  |  | $*$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | + | - |  |
|  | Terminal | Terminal |  |
| F14 | 20 | 25 |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Proceed to EC-494, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

1. Disconnect refrigerant pressure sensor harness connector.
2. Turn ignition switch ON.
3. Check the voltage between refrigerant pressure sensor harness connector and ground.

| Refrigerant pressure sensor |  | Ground | Voltage (V) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E300 | 1 | Ground | Approx. 5 |

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES >> GO TO } 3 .
$$

NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between refrigerant pressure sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Refrigerant pressure sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E300 | 1 | F14 | 18 | Existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform the trouble diagnosis for power supply circuit.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## 3. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
3. Check the continuity between refrigerant pressure sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Refrigerant pressure sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E300 | 3 | F14 | 25 | Existed |

YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
4. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check the continuity between refrigerant pressure sensor harness connector and ECM harness connector.

| Refrigerant pressure sensor |  | ECM |  | Continuity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal |  |
| E300 | 2 | F14 | 20 | Existed |

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

Is the inspection result normal?

$$
\text { YES } \quad \gg \text { GO TO } 5 .
$$

NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Replace refrigerant pressure sensor. Refer to HA-43, "Exploded View".
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.

## SENSOR POWER SUPPLY2 CIRCUIT

## Description

ECM supplies a voltage of 5 V to some of the sensors systematically divided into 2 groups, respectively. Accordingly, when a short circuit develops in a sensor power source, a malfunction may occur simultaneously in the sensors belonging to the same group as the short-circuited sensor.

Sensor power supply 1

- Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor 1
- Crankshaft position (CKP) sensor (POS)
- Exhaust valve timing (EVT) control position sensor
- Mass air flow (MAF) sensor
- Throttle position (TP) sensor

NOTE:
If sensor power supply 1 circuit is malfunctioning, DTC P0643 is displayed.
Sensor power supply 2

- Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor 2
- Battery current sensor
- Camshaft position (CMP) sensor (PHASE)
- Engine oil pressure (EOP) sensor
- Refrigerant pressure sensor


## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1. CHECK SENSOR POWER SUPPLY 1

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect ECM harness connectors
3. Turn ignition switch ON.
4. Check the voltage between ECM harness connector and ground.

| + |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ECM |  |  | Voltage <br> (Approx.) |
| Connector | Terminal |  |  |
| E19 | 142 |  |  |
| F14 | 18 | Ground | 5 V |
| E15 | 87 |  |  |
|  | 92 |  |  |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> GO TO 2.
2. CHECK SENSOR POWER SUPPLY 2 CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect following sensors harness connector.
3. Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

| ECM |  | Sensor |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Name | Connector | Terminal |
| E19 | 142 | APP sensor 2 | E110 | 5 |
| F14 |  | Refrigerant pressure sensor | E300 | 1 |
|  |  | EOP sensor | F67 | 3 |

< DTC/CIRCUIT DIAGNOSIS >

| ECM |  | Sensor |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Connector | Terminal | Name | Connector | Terminal |
| F15 | 87 | Battery current sensor | F76 | 1 |
|  | 92 | CMP sensor (PHASE) (bank 1) | F45 | 1 |
|  |  | CMP sensor (PHASE) (bank 2) | F46 | 1 |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 3.
NO >> Repair or replace error-detected parts.
3. CHECK COMPONENTS

Check the following.

- Accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor 2 (Refer to EC-453, "Component Inspection".)
- Battery current sensor (Refer to EC-393, "Component Inspection".)
- Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 1) (Refer to EC-299, "Component Inspection".)
- Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 2) (Refer to EC-299, "Component Inspection".)
- Engine oil pressure (EOP) sensor (Refer to EC-357, "Component Inspection".)
- Refrigerant pressure sensor (Refer to EC-494, "Diagnosis Procedure".)

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Perform GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace malfunctioning component.

## VARIABLE INDUCTION AIR SYSTEM

## Component Function Check

1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-I

## With CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Perform "VIAS S/V-1" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
3. Turn VIAS control solenoid valve 1 "ON" and "OFF", and check that power valve actuator 1 rod moves.

4. Power valve actuator 1
5. Power valve actuator 2 rod
$>$ : Vehicle front
6. Power valve actuator 1 rod
7. Power valve actuator 2

## Without CONSULT

1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
2. Rev engine quickly up to approximately $5,000 \mathrm{rpm}$.
3. Check that power valve actuator 1 rod moves.

4. Power valve actuator 1
5. Power valve actuator 2 rod
$\checkmark$ : Vehicle front

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 2.
NO >> EC-499, "Diagnosis Procedure".
2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-II

With CONSULT

1. Perform "VIAS S/V-2" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
2. Turn VIAS control solenoid valve 2 "ON" and "OFF", and check that power valve actuator 2 rod moves.

3. Power valve actuator 1
4. Power valve actuator 2 rod
> Vehicle front

## Without CONSULT

1. When revving engine up to $5,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ quickly.
2. Rev engine quickly up to approximately $5,000 \mathrm{rpm}$.
3. Check that power valve actuator 2 rod moves.

4. Power valve actuator 1
5. Power valve actuator 1 rod
6. Power valve actuator 2
7. Power valve actuator 2 rod
> : Vehicle front
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> EC-499, "Diagnosis Procedure".

## Diagnosis Procedure

## 1.INSPECTION START

Confirm the malfunctioning system (power valve 1 or power valve 2). Refer to EC-498, "Component Function Check".

## Which system is related to the incident?

Power valve $1 \gg$ GO TO 2.
Power valve 2>>GO TO 6.

## 2. cHECK VACUUM EXISTENCE-I

## With CONSULT

1. Stop engine and disconnect vacuum hose connected to power valve actuator 1 .
2. Start engine and let it idle.
3. Perform "VIAS S/V-1" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
4. Turn VIAS control solenoid valve 1 ON and OFF, and check vacuum existence under the following conditions.

| VIAS S/V-1 | Vacuum |
| :---: | :---: |
| ON | Existed |
| OFF | Not existed |

## Without CONSULT

1. Stop engine and disconnect vacuum hose connected to power valve actuator 1 .
2. Disconnect VIAS control solenoid valve 1 harness connector.
3. Start engine.
4. Rev engine quickly up to approximately $5,000 \mathrm{rpm}$.
5. Check vacuum existence under the following conditions.

| Condition | Vacuum |
| :---: | :---: |
| Idle | Existed |
| Rev engine quickly up to approximately $5,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ | Not existed |

Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Repair or replace power valve actuator 1. Refer to EC-16, "ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM : Component Parts Location".
NO >> GO TO 3.
3. CHECK VACUUM TANK

1. Stop engine and disconnect vacuum hose connected to intake manifold collector.
2. Start engine and let it idle.
3. Check vacuum existence from intake manifold collector.

Does vacuum existence from the intake manifold collector?
YES >> GO TO 4.
NO >> Replace intake manifold collector. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
4. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

1. Stop engine.
2. Check vacuum hose for crack, clogging, improper connection or disconnection. Refer to EC-56, "VARIABLE INDUCTION AIR SYSTEM : System Description".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GOTO 5.
NO >> Repair hoses or tubes.


## 5. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 1

Check VIAS control solenoid valve 1. Refer to EC-429, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 8.
NO >> Replace VIAS control solenoid valve 1. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".
6. CHECK VACUUM EXISTENCE-II

## With CONSULT

1. Stop engine and disconnect vacuum hose connected to power valve actuator 2.
2. Start engine and let it idle.
3. Perform "VIAS S/V-2" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT.
4. Turn VIAS control solenoid valve 2 ON and OFF, and check vacuum existence under the following conditions.

| VIAS S/V 2 | Vacuum |
| :---: | :---: |
| ON | Existed |
| OFF | Not existed |

(8ithout CONSULT

1. Stop engine and disconnect vacuum hose connected to power valve actuator 2.
2. Disconnect VIAS control solenoid valve 1 harness connector.
3. Start engine.
4. Rev engine quickly up to approximately $5,000 \mathrm{rpm}$.
5. Check vacuum existence under the following conditions.

| Condition | Operation |
| :---: | :---: |
| Idle | Existed |
| Rev engine quickly up to approximately $5,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ | Not existed |

Is the inspection result normal?

> YES >> Repair or replace power valve actuator 2. Refer to EC-16, "ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM : Component Parts Location".
> NO >> GO TO 7.
> 7. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

1. Stop engine.
2. Check vacuum hose for crack, clogging, improper connection or disconnection. Refer to EC-56, "VARIABLE INDUCTION AIR SYSTEM : System Description".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> GO TO 8.
NO >> Repair hoses or tubes.


## 8. CHECK VIAS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 2

Check VIAS control solenoid valve 2. Refer to EC-431, "Component Inspection".
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to Gl-42, "Intermittent Incident".
NO >> Replace VIAS control solenoid valve 2. Refer to EM-29, "Exploded View".

## SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS <br> ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM SYMPTOMS

Symptom Table
SYSTEM - BASIC ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

|  |  | SYMPTOM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Reference page |
| Warranty symptom code |  | AA | AB | AC | AD | AE | AF | AG | AH | AJ | AK | AL | AM | HA |  |
| Fuel | Fuel pump circuit | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  | 3 |  | 2 | EC-481 |
|  | Fuel pressure regulator system | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |  | 4 |  |  | EC-150 |
|  | Fuel injector circuit | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  | EC-478 |
|  | Evaporative emission system | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |  | 4 |  |  | EC-50 |
| Air | Positive crankcase ventilation system | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |  | 4 | 1 |  | EC-31 |
|  | Incorrect idle speed adjustment |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | EC-138 |
|  | Electric throttle control actuator | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  | 2 |  | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EC-442, } \\ & \text { EC-447 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Ignition | Incorrect ignition timing adjustment | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | EC-138 |
|  | Ignition circuit | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  | EC-483 |
| Power supply and ground circuit |  | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  | 3 | 3 |  | 2 | 3 |  |  | EC-172 |
| Mass air | flow sensor circuit | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { EC-197, }}{\text { EC-202 }} \end{aligned}$ |
| Engine | oolant temperature sensor circuit |  |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EC-213, } \\ & \text { EC-218 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Air fuel r | io (A/F) sensor 1 circuit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EC-225, } \\ & \text { EC-229, } \\ & \text { EC-232, } \\ & \text { EC-257, } \\ & \text { EC-436 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Throttle position sensor circuit |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EC-215, } \\ & \text { EC-283, } \\ & \text { EC-390, } \\ & \text { EC-391, } \\ & \text { EC-454 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Accelerator pedal position sensor circuit |  |  |  | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | EC-375, EC-449, EC-451, EC-456 |


|  | SYMPTOM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Reference page |
| Warranty symptom code | AA | AB | AC | AD | AE | AF | AG | AH | AJ | AK | AL | AM | HA |  |
| Knock sensor circuit |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | EC-292 |
| Engine oil temperature sensor |  |  | 4 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EC-277, } \\ & \text { EC-281 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Crankshaft position sensor (POS) circuit | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | EC-294 |
| Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) circuit | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | EC-297 |
| Vehicle speed signal circuit |  | 2 | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | EC-347 |
| ECM | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |  | EC-367, EC-369. EC-370, EC-371, EC-372,, EC-373, EC-374 |
| Intake valve timing control solenoid valve circuit |  | 3 | 2 |  | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 |  | 3 |  |  | EC-192 |
| Intake valve timing intermediate lock control solenoid valve circuit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | EC-362 |
| Exhaust valve timing control solenoid valve |  | 3 | 2 |  | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 |  | 3 |  |  | EC-194 |
| PNP signal circuit |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |  | 3 | 3 |  |  | 3 |  |  | EC-377 |
| VIAS control solenoid valve 1 circuit |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | EC-428 |
| VIAS control solenoid valve 2 circuit |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | EC-430 |
| Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit |  | 2 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 3 |  | 4 |  |  | EC-494 |
| Electrical load signal circuit |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | EC-473 |
| Air conditioner circuit | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  | 3 |  | 2 | HAC-55 |
| ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | BRC-30 |

1-6: The numbers refer to the order of inspection.
(continued on next page)

## SYSTEM - ENGINE MECHANICAL \& OTHER



ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM SYMPTOMS
< SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS >
[VQ35DE]


1-6: The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

## NORMAL OPERATING CONDITION

## Description

## FUEL CUT CONTROL (AT NO LOAD AND HIGH ENGINE SPEED)

If the engine speed is above $2,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ under no load (for example, the selector lever position is P or N and engine speed is over $2,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ ) fuel will be cut off after some time. The exact time when the fuel is cut off varies based on engine speed.
Fuel cut will be operated until the engine speed reaches $1,100 \mathrm{rpm}$, then fuel cut will be cancelled.
NOTE:
This function is different from deceleration control listed under Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System, EC-41, "MULTIPORT FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM : System Description".

## IDLE SPEED

<PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >
IDLE SPEED
Work Procedure
1.CHECK IDLE SPEED
(1) With CONSULT

Check idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT.
(ssㅠㄱ) With GST
Check idle speed with Service \$01 of GST.
>> INSPECTION END

1. check ignition timing
2. Attach timing light to loop wires as shown.

- Timing light (A)
- $>$ : Vehicle front


2. Check ignition timing.
>> INSPECTION END


## EVAP LEAK CHECK

## Work Procedure

## CAUTION:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Never exceed $4.12 \mathrm{kPa}\left(0.042 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 0.6 \mathrm{psi}\right)$ of pressure in EVAP system. NOTE:
- Do not start engine.
- Improper installation of EVAP service port adapter (commercial service tool) to the EVAP service port may cause a leakage.


## (7) WITH CONSULT

1. To locate the EVAP leakage, install EVAP service port adapter (commercial service tool) and pressure pump to EVAP service port.
2. Turn ignition switch ON .
3. Select the "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT MODE" with CONSULT.
4. Touch "START". A bar graph (Pressure indicating display) will appear on the screen.
5. Apply positive pressure to the EVAP system until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.
6. Remove EVAP service port adapter (commercial service tool) and hose with pressure pump.
7. Locate the leakage using a leakage detector (commercial service tool). Refer to EC-50, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM : System Description".


## 8 WITHOUT CONSULT

1. To locate the EVAP leakage, install EVAP service port adapter (commercial service tool) and pressure pump to EVAP service port.
2. Apply battery voltage between the terminals of EVAP canister vent control valve to make a closed EVAP system.
3. To locate the leakage, deliver positive pressure to the EVAP system until pressure gauge points reach 1.38 to $2.76 \mathrm{kPa}(0.014$ to $0.028 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}, 0.2$ to 0.4 psi$)$.
4. Remove EVAP service port adapter (commercial service tool) and hose with pressure pump.


## EVAP LEAK CHECK

5. Locate the leakage using a leak detector (commercial service tool). Refer to EC-50, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM System Description".


< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

## Work Procedure

With engine running at idle, remove PCV valve from rocker cover. A properly working valve makes a hissing noise as air passes through it. A strong vacuum should be felt immediately when a finger is placed over valve inlet.
Is the inspection result normal?
YES >> INSPECTION END
NO >> Replace PCV valve. Refer to .EM-54, "Exploded View"


## REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

## ECM

Removal and Installation
CAUTION:
Perform ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REPLACING ECM. Refer toEC-142, "Work Procedure".
REMOVAL

1. Remove battery. Refer to PG-118, "Exploded View".
2. Disconnect ECM harness connectors. Refer to PG-6, "Harness Connector".
3. Remove ECM mounting nuts (1), and then remove ECM (A).


INSTALLATION
Install in the reverse order of removal.

| Condition | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| No load* (in P or N position) | $650 \pm 50 \mathrm{rpm}$ |

*: Under the following conditions

- A/C switch: OFF
- Electric load: OFF (Lights, heater fan \& rear window defogger)
- Steering wheel: Kept in straight-ahead position

Ignition Timing
INFOID:0000000011323939

| Condition | Specification |
| :---: | :---: |
| No load $^{*}$ (in P or N position) | $12 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{BTDC}$ |

*: Under the following conditions

- A/C switch: OFF
- Electric load: OFF (Lights, heater fan \& rear window defogger)
- Steering wheel: Kept in straight-ahead position

Calculated Load Value
INFOID:0000000011323940

| Condition | Specification (Using CONSULT or GST) |
| :--- | :---: |
| At idle | $10-35 \%$ |
| At $2,500 \mathrm{rpm}$ | $10-35 \%$ |

Mass Air Flow Sensor

| Supply voltage | Battery voltage $(11-14 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Output frequency at idle (in N position) | $4,100-4,700 \mathrm{~Hz}^{*}$ |
| Mass air flow (Using CONSULT or GST) | $2.0-6.0 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ at idle* |

*: Engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature and running under no load.


[^0]:    *: For group, refer to EC-103, "DTC Index".
    PERMANENT DTC ITEM
    For permanent DTC items, MIL turns ON. Refer to EC-103, "DTC Index".

[^1]:    Is the inspection result normal?
    YES >> GO TO 2.
    NO >> GOTO 4.
    2. CHECK EVT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

[^2]:    *: Check for linear frequency rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.

    ## \&Without CONSULT

[^3]:    Is the inspection result normal?
    YES >> INSPECTION END
    NO >> GO TO 2.
    2. PERFORM COMPONENT FUNCTION CHECK-II

[^4]:    Check combination meter function. Refer to MWI-35, "CONSULT Function".
    Is the inspection result normal?
    YES >> Check intermittent incident. Refer to GI-42, "Intermittent Incident".
    NO >> Proceed to MWI-76, "Diagnosis Procedure".

[^5]:    Is the inspection result normal?
    YES >> GO TO 2.
    NO >> Refer to EC-172, "Diagnosis Procedure".

