SECTION G **GENERAL INFORMATION**

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HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

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Description

This volume explains "Removal, Disassembly, Installation, Inspection and Adjustment" and "Trouble Diagnoses".

Terms

The captions WARNING and CAUTION warn you of steps that must be followed to prevent personal injury and/or damage to some part of the vehicle.
 WARNING indicates the possibility of personal injury if instructions are not followed.
 CAUTION indicates the possibility of component damage if instructions are not followed.
 BOLD TYPED STATEMENTS except WARNING and CAUTION give you helpful information.
 Standard value: Tolerance at inspection and adjustment.
 Limit value: The maximum or minimum limit value that should not be exceeded at inspection and adjustment.

Units

The UNITS given in this manual are primarily expressed as the SI UNIT (International System of Unit), and alternatively expressed in the metric system and in the yard/pound system.
 Also with regard to tightening torque of bolts and nuts, there are descriptions both about range and about the standard tightening torque.

"Example"

<u>Range</u>

Outer Socket Lock Nut : 59 - 78 N·m (6.0 - 8.0 kg-m, 43 - 58 ft-lb)

Standard

Drive Shaft Installation Bolt : 44.3 N-m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)

Contents

- A QUICK REFERENCE INDEX, a black tab (e.g. first page of each section by matching it to the section's black tab.
- **THE CONTENTS** are listed on the first page of each section.
- THE TITLE is indicated on the upper portion of each page and shows the part or system.
- THE PAGE NUMBER of each section consists of two or three letters which designate the particular section M and a number (e.g. "BR-5").
- THE SMALL ILLUSTRATIONS show the important steps such as inspection, use of special tools, knacks of work and hidden or tricky steps which are not shown in the previous large illustrations. Assembly, inspection and adjustment procedures for the complicated units such as the automatic transaxle or transmission, etc. are presented in a step-by-step format where necessary.

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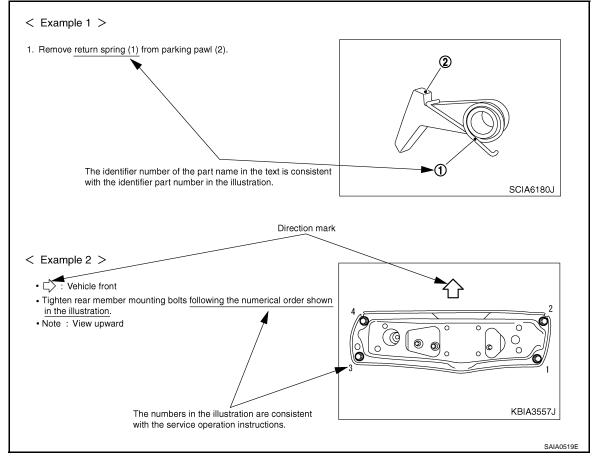
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Relation between Illustrations and Descriptions

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The following sample explains the relationship between the part description in an illustration, the part name in the text and the service procedures.



Components

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• THE LARGE ILLUSTRATIONS are exploded views (see the following) and contain tightening torques, lubrication points, section number of the **PARTS CATALOG** (e.g. SEC. 440) and other information necessary to perform repairs.

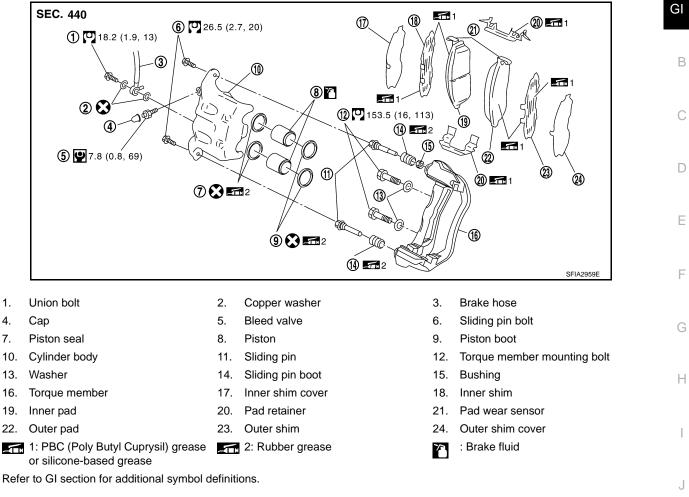
The illustrations should be used in reference to service matters only. When ordering parts, refer to the appropriate **PARTS CATALOG**.

Components shown in an illustration may be identified by a circled number. When this style of illustration is used, the text description of the components will follow the illustration.

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SYMBOLS

	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION		SYMBOL
	Always replace after every disassembly.	€	♥ : N•m (kg-m, ft-lb)	Tightening torque The tightening torque specifications	9
	Apply petroleum jelly.	• • •	🖤 : N•m (kg-m, in-lb)	of bolts and nuts may be presented as either a range or a standard tightening torque.	e
	Apply molybdenum added petroleum jelly.			Should be lubricated with grease. Un indicated, use recommended multi-p	1
Γ	Apply ATF.	ATF		Should be lubricated with oil.	7
	Select with proper thickness.	*		Sealing point	
I	Adjustment is required.	☆		Sealing point with locking sealant.	
				Checking point	•••
(SAIA0749E			I	

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HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Description

NOTICE:

Trouble diagnoses indicate work procedures required to diagnose problems effectively. Observe the following instructions before diagnosing.

- Before performing trouble diagnoses, read the "Work Flow" in each section.
- After repairs, re-check that the problem has been completely eliminated.
- Refer to Component Parts and Harness Connector Location for the Systems described in each section for identification/location of components and harness connectors.
- When checking circuit continuity, ignition switch should be OFF.
- Refer to the Circuit Diagram for quick pinpoint check.
 If you need to check circuit continuity between harness connectors in more detail, such as when a sub-harness is used, refer to Wiring Diagram in each individual section and Harness Layout in PG section for identification of harness connectors.
- Before checking voltage at connectors, check battery voltage.
- After accomplishing the Diagnosis Procedures and Electrical Components Inspection, check that all harness connectors are reconnected as they were.

How to Follow Test Groups in Trouble Diagnosis

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 4.CHECK ECT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT 1. Turn ignition switch OFF. 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector. 3. Check the continuity between ECT sensor harness connector and ECM har connector. ECT sensor ECM Continuity Connector Terminal Connector Terminal F17 2 F102 84 Existed 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. Is the inspection result normal? 3. Question YES>>GO TO 5. 				1. Test Gro	up Number and Tes	t Group Title
 Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check the continuity between ECT sensor harness connector and ECM har connector. ECT sensor ECM Continuity Connector Terminal Connector Terminal F17 2 F102 84 Existed Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. Is the inspection result normal? ← 3. Question 	<u></u>	CHECK ECT SEI	NSOR GROUNE	CIRCUIT FO	R OPEN AND S	HORT
Connector Terminal Connector Terminal F17 2 F102 84 Existed 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. Is the inspection result normal? - 3. Question	2. 3.	Disconnect ECM Check the contir	harness connec		ness connector a	and ECM harness
F17 2 F102 84 Existed 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. Connector Ni Is the inspection result normal?				- '		
4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. Is the inspection result normal?						
 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. <u>Is the inspection result normal?</u> → <u>3. Question</u> 			F102 84	Existed		
Is the inspection result normal? - 3. Question	4.	Also check harne	ess for short to	ground and sh	ort to power.	Connector Numbe
YES>> <u>GO TO 5.</u>				-		
	YES>	>> <u>GO TO 5.</u>				
NO>>Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or co	NO>	>Repair open cir	cuit or short to	ground or sho	ort to power in h	arness or conne

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- 1. Test group number and test group title
- Test group number and test group title are shown in the upper portion of each test group.
- 2. Work and diagnosis procedure
 - Start to diagnose a problem using procedures indicated in enclosed test groups.
- 3. Questions and results
 - Questions and required results are indicated in test group.
- 4. Action
 - Next action for each test group is indicated based on result of each question.

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HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

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Key to Symbols Signifying Measurements or Procedures

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	
E Ð	Check after disconnecting the connector to be measured.	Ē	Procedure with Generic Scan Tool. (GST, OBD-II scan tool)	_
Ð	Check after connecting the connector to be measured.	TOOLS	Procedure without CONSULT-II, CONSULT-III or GST	_
	Insert key into ignition switch.	A/C OFF	A/C switch is "OFF".	-
	Remove key from ignition switch.		A/C switch is "ON".	-
*	Insert and remove key repeatedly.	Ú	REC switch is "ON".	-
(CF)	Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.	1	REC switch is "OFF".	-
(Go)	Turn ignition switch to "ACC" position.		Fan switch is "ON". (At any position except for "OFF" position)	-
	Turn ignition switch to "ON" position.		Fan switch is "OFF".	-
(CF)	Turn ignition switch to "START" position.	FUSE	Apply fuse.	-
CEFF ACC	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ACC" position.			-
	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "ON" position.	BAT	Apply positive voltage from battery with fuse directly to components.	
Con OFF	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "OFF" position.			

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HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON" position.	-	Drive vehicle.
	Turn ignition switch from "ON" to "OFF" position.		
	Do not start engine, or check with engine stopped.	BAT	Disconnect battery negative cable.
	Start engine, or check with engine running.		Depress brake pedal.
	Apply parking brake.		Release brake pedal.
	Release parking brake.		Depress accelerator pedal.
сн	Check after engine is warmed up sufficiently.		Release accelerator pedal.
V ⊕ ⊖	Voltage should be measured with a voltmeter.	E Hs.	Pin terminal check for SMJ type ECM or TCM connectors. For details regarding the terminal
Ω • • ⊕ ⊕	Circuit resistance should be measured with an ohmmeter.		arrangement, refer to the "ELECTRICAL UNITS" electrical reference page at the end of the manual.
[A] ⊕ Θ	Current should be measured with an ammeter.		
€ ⊖	Pulse signal should be checked with an oscilloscope.	÷	
	Procedure with CONSULT-III		
	Procedure without CONSULT-III		
	Place selector lever in "P" position.		
N CO	Place selector lever in "N" position.		
	Jack up front portion.		
R	Jack up rear portion.		
	Inspect under engine room.		
G	Inspect under floor.		
G →	Inspect rear under floor.		

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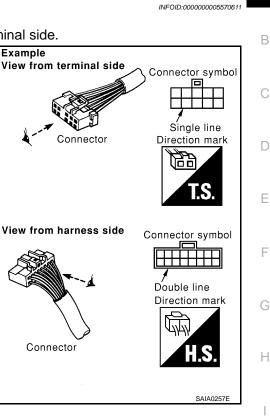
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HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

Connector Symbols

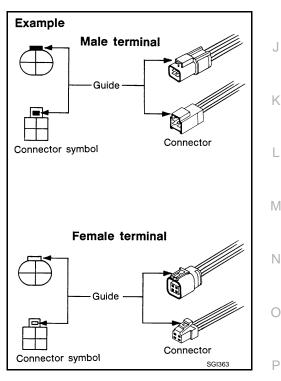
Most of connector symbols in wiring diagrams are shown from the terminal side.

- Connector symbols shown from the terminal side are enclosed by Example view from the direction mark.
- Connector symbols shown from the harness side are enclosed by a double line and followed by the direction mark.
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slide-locking type harness connector. For description and how to disconnect, refer to PG section, "Description", "HARNESS CONNECTOR".



Male and female terminals

Connector guides for male terminals are shown in black and female terminals in white in wiring diagrams.



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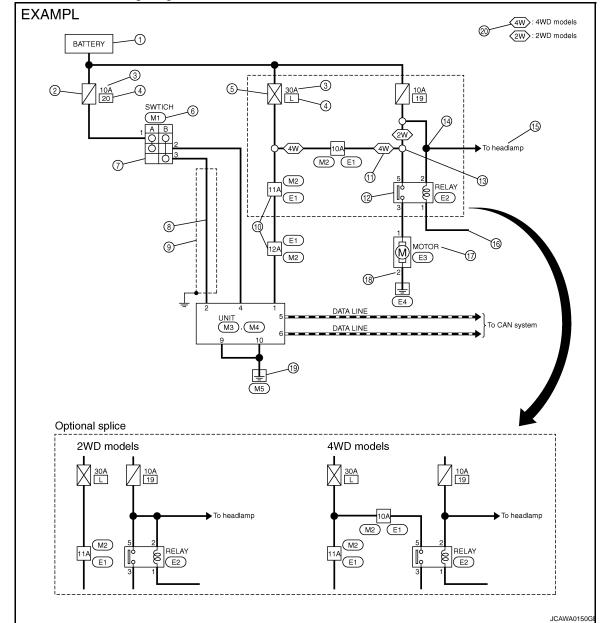
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Sample/Wiring Diagram - Example-

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Each section includes wiring diagrams.



ription Number	Item	Description
Number	Item	Description
1	Power supply	 This means the power supply of fusible link or fuse.
2	Fuse	• "/" means the fuse.
3	Current rating of fus- ible link/fuse	This means the current rating of the fusible link or fuse.
4	Number of fusible link/ fuse	This means the number of fusible link or fuse location.
5	Fusible link	"X" means the fusible link.
6	Connector number	 Alphabetic characters show to which harness the connector is placed. Numeric characters show the identification number of connectors.
7	Switch	This shows that continuity exists between terminals 1 and 2 when the switch is in the A position. Continuity exists between terminals 1 and 3 when the switch is in the B position.
8	Circuit (Wiring)	This means the wiring.

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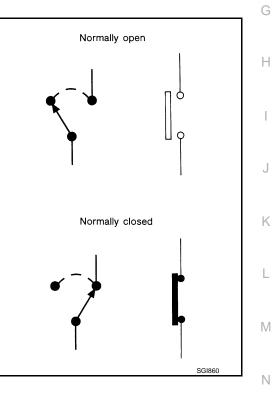
Number	Item	Description
9	Shielded line	The line enclosed by broken line circle shows shield wire.
10	Connectors	This means that a transmission line bypasses two connectors or more.
11	Option abbreviation	• This means the vehicle specifications which layouts the circuit between "O".
12	Relay	This shows an internal representation of the relay.
13	Optional splice	• The open circle shows that the splice is optional depending on vehicle application.
14	Splice	The shaded circle " means the splice.
15	System branch	This shows that the circuit is branched to other systems.
16	Page crossing	This circuit continues to an adjacent page.
17	Component name	This shows the name of a component.
18	Terminal number	This means the terminal number of a connector.
19	Ground (GND)	This shows the ground connection.
20	Explation of option description	This shows a explanation of the option abbreviation used on the same page.

SWITCH POSITIONS

Switches are shown in wiring diagrams as if the vehicle is in the "normal" condition.

A vehicle is in the "normal" condition when:

- · ignition switch is "OFF",
- doors, hood and trunk lid/back door are closed,
- pedals are not depressed, and
- parking brake is released.



MULTIPLE SWITCH

The continuity of multiple switch is described in two ways as shown below.

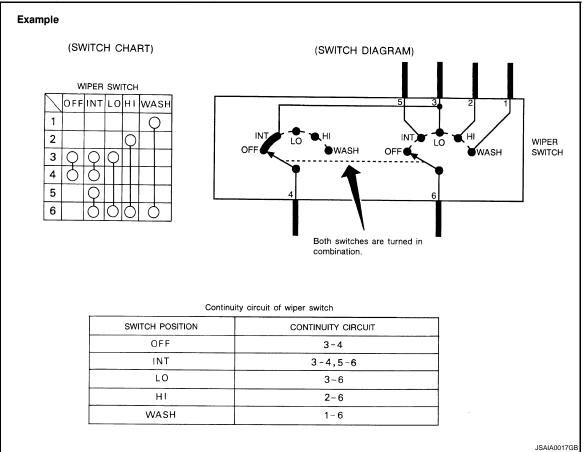
• The switch chart is used in schematic diagrams.

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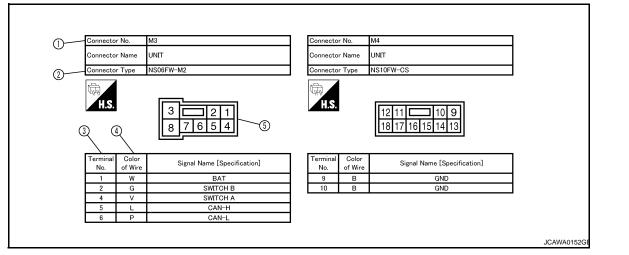
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• The switch diagram is used in wiring diagrams.



Connector Information



Description

Number	Item	Description
1	Connector number	 Alphabetic characters show to which harness the connector is placed. Numeric characters show the identification number of connectors.
2	Connector type	This means the connector number. Refer to <u>PG-69, "How To Read Harness Layout"</u> .
3	Terminal number	This means the terminal number of a connector.

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Number	Item	Description			
4		This shows a code for	the color of the wire.		
	Wire color	B = Black $W = White$ $R = Red$ $G = Green$ $L = Blue$ $Y = Yellow$ $LG = Light Green$ $BG = Beige$	BR = Brown $OR or O = Orange$ $P = Pink$ $PU or V (Violet) = Purple$ $GY or GR = Gray$ $SB = Sky Blue$ $CH = Dark Brown$ $DG = Dark Green$		
		 When the wire color is a shown below: Example: L/W = Blue v 	striped, the base color is given first, followed by the stripe color as with White Stripe		
5	Connector	This means the connector information.This unit-side is described by the connector symbols.			

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ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation List

The following **ABBREVIATIONS** are used:

ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
A/C	Air Conditioner
A/T	Automatic Transaxle/Transmission
ATF	Automatic Transmission Fluid
D1	Drive range first gear
D2	Drive range second gear
D3	Drive range third gear
D4	Drive range fourth gear
FR, RR	Front, Rear
LH, RH	Left-Hand, Right-Hand
M/T	Manual Transaxle/Transmission
OD	Overdrive
P/S	Power Steering
SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers, Inc.
SDS	Service Data and Specifications
SST	Special Service Tools
2WD	2-Wheel Drive
22	2nd range second gear
21	2nd range first gear
12	1st range second gear
11	1st range first gear

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TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

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TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

Description

This vehicle has both new standard based on ISO* and previous standard bolts/nuts. There are some differences between these two types of bolts/ nuts; shape of the head, grade of strength, hexagonal width across flats and the standard tightening torque.

- For guidance in discriminating, refer to GI-15, "Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)".
- The new standard machine screws and tapping screws have a head of ISO standard torx recess.
- If the tightening torque is not described in the description or figure, refer to <u>GI-15, "Tightening Torque Table</u> (<u>New Standard Included)"</u>.

*ISO: International Organization for Standardization

Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)

CAUTION:

- The special parts are excluded.
- The bolts/nuts in these tables have a strength (discrimination) number/symbol assigned to the head or the like. As to the relation between the strength grade in these tables and the strength (discrimination) number/symbol, refer to "DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS".

PREVIOUS STANDARD

Grade		Bolt di- ameter	eter across flats				Tighten	ing torque	(Without	lubricant)			•					
(Strength	Bolt size			Pitch mm	Hexagon head bolt					Hexagon	flange bol	t	- -					
grade)	0.20	mm				N∙m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	N∙m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	-				
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	5.5	0.56	4	49	7	0.71	5	62	•					
	M8	8.0	12	1.25	13.5	1.4	10	—	17	1.7	13		.					
	IVIO	0.0	12	1.0	13.5	1.4	10	—	17	1.7	13	—	•					
4T	M10	10.0	14	1.5	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26	—	J					
41	IVI I U	10.0	14	1.25	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26		. 0					
	M12	10.0	17	1.75	45	4.6	33	—	55	5.6	41	—	•					
	IVI I Z	12.0	17	1.25	45	4.6	33	—	65	6.6	48	—	K					
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	80	8.2	59	—	100	10	74	—	•					
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	9	0.92	7	80	11	1.1	8	97						
	M8	8.0	10	1.25	22	2.2	16	—	28	2.9	21	—						
			12	1.0	22	2.2	16	—	28	2.9	21	—						
7T	M10	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	14	1.5	45	4.6	33	—	55	5.6	41	_	N
71			14	1.25	45	4.6	33	—	55	5.6	41	—	•					
	M12	12.0	17	1.75	80	8.2	59	—	100	10	74	—						
			17	1.25	80	8.2	59	—	100	10	74	—	- N					
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	130	13	96	—	170	17	125	_	-					
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	11	1.1	8	—	13.5	1.4	10	_	0					
	M8	8.0	12	1.25	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26	_	-					
	IVIO	0.0	12	1.0	28	2.9	21	—	35	3.6	26	_	-					
9T	M10	10.0	14	1.5	55	5.6	41	—	80	8.2	59	_	P					
91	IVI I U	10.0	.0 14	1.25	55	5.6	41	—	80	8.2	59	—	-					
	M12	12.0	17	1.75	100	10	74	—	130	13	96		•					
	IVI I Z	12.0	17	1.25	100	10	74	—	130	13	96	_	-					
	M14	14.0	19	1.5	170	17	125	—	210	21	155	—	-					

CAUTION:

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The parts with aluminum or the cast iron washer surface/thread surface are excluded.

NEW STANDARD BASED ON ISO

Grade		Bolt di- ameter	Hexagonal	D :/ 1	Tightening torque							
(Strength	Bolt size		width across flats mm	Pitch mm		Hexagon	head bolt	:		Hexagon	flange bol	t
grade) 4.8 (Without lubricant) 4.8 (With lu-		mm			N∙m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb	N∙m	kg-m	ft-lb	in-lb
4.8 (Without	M6	6.0	10	1.0	5.5	0.56	4	49	7	0.71	5	62
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	13.5	1.4	10		17	1.7	13	_
	IVIO	0.0	15	1.0	13.5	1.4	10		17	1.7	13	—
	M10	10.0	16	1.5	28	2.9	21		35	3.6	26	_
lubricant)	WITO	10.0	10	1.25	28	2.9	21		35	3.6	26	_
lubricality	M12	12.0	18	1.75	45	4.6	33		55	5.6	41	
		12.0	10	1.25	45	4.6	33		65	6.6	48	—
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	80	8.2	59		100	10	74	—
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	4	0.41	3	35	5.5	0.56	4	49
	MO	8.0	13	1.25	11	1.1	8		13.5	1.4	10	—
	M8	0.0	15	1.0	11	1.1	8		13.5	1.4	10	—
	M10	10.0	16	1.5	22	2.2	16		28	2.9	21	
bricant)	M10		16	1.25	22	2.2	16		28	2.9	21	
	M12	12.0	18	1.75	35	3.6	26		45	4.6	33	
				1.25	35	3.6	26		45	4.6	33	—
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	65	6.6	48		80	8.2	59	_
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	8	0.82	6	71	10	1.0	7	89
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	21	2.1	15		25	2.6	18	—
			15	1.0	21	2.1	15		25	2.6	18	
8.8 (With Iu	M40	10.0	16	1.5	40	4.1	30		50	5.1	37	_
8.8 (With lu- bricant)	M10		16	1.25	40	4.1	30		50	5.1	37	—
-	M12	12.0	18	1.75	70	7.1	52		85	8.7	63	
	IVI I Z	12.0	10	1.25	70	7.1	52		85	8.7	63	
	M14	14.0	21	1.5	120	12	89		140	14	103	—
	M6	6.0	10	1.0	10	1.0	7	89	12	1.2	9	106
	M8	8.0	13	1.25	27	2.8	20	—	32	3.3	24	_
	IVIO	0.0	15	1.0	27	2.8	20		32	3.3	24	
10.9 (With lu-	M10	10.0	16	1.5	55	5.6	41		65	6.6	48	—
(with lu- bricant)	IVITU	10.0	10	1.25	55	5.6	41		65	6.6	48	—
	M12	12.0	10	1.75	95	9.7	70	_	110	11	81	—
	IVI I Z	12.0	18	1.25	95	9.7	70	_	110	11	81	_
ŀ	M14	14.0	21	1.5	160	16	118	_	180	18	133	_

CAUTION:

1. Use tightening torque with lubricant for the new standard bolts/nuts in principle. Friction coefficient stabilizer is applied to the new standard bolts/nuts.

2. However, use tightening torque without lubricant for the following cases. Friction coefficient stabilizer is not applied to the following bolts/nuts.

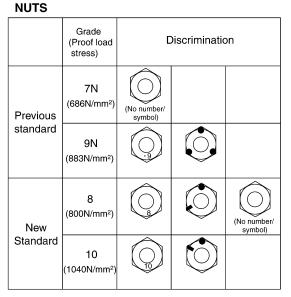
- Grade 4.8, M6 size bolt, Conical spring washer installed
- Paint removing nut (Size M6 and M8) for fixing with weld bolt

TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS

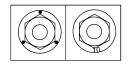
BOLTS Grade Discrimination (Strength) 4T 4 (392N/mm²) (No number/ symbol) 7T 7 Previous standard (686N/mm²) 9 9T (883N/mm²) 4.8 4.8 (420N/mm²) (No number/ symbol) New 8.8 8.8 Standard (800N/mm²) 6 10.9 10.9 (1040N/mm²)



NOTICE:

· A number is assigned on the side of the nuts in some cases.

· A number or symbol is assigned on the upper surface of the flange for the nut with flange.



MACHINE SCREWS AND TAPPING SCREWS Shape of the head :

Cross recess for the previous standard Torx recess for the new standard

Screw size	Screw diameter	Torx size	ΝΟΤΙ
M4	4.0	T20	Use t
M5	5.0	T20	M5 s
M6	6.0	T30	

ICE: torx size T20 (united with M4 screw) for screw although ISO standard specifies T25.

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[REGULAR GRADE]

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RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS

Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants

INFOID:000000005254798

[REGULAR GRADE]

Refer to the following chart for help in selecting the appropriate chemical product or sealant.

	Product Description	Purpose	Nissan North America Part No. (USA)	Nissan Canada Part No. (Canada)	Aftermarket Cross- reference Part Nos.
1	Rear View Mirror Adhe- sive	Used to permanently re- mount rear view mirrors to windows.	999MP-AM000P	99998-50505	Permatex 81844
2	Anaerobic Liquid Gas- ket	For metal-to-metal flange sealing. Can fill a 0.38 mm (0.015 inch) gap and provide in- stant sealing for most pow- ertrain applications.	999MP-AM001P	99998-50503	Permatex 51813 and 51817
3	High Performance Thread Sealant	Provides instant sealing on any threaded straight or parallel threaded fitting. (Thread sealant only, no locking ability.) • Do not use on plastic.	999MP-AM002P	999MP-AM002P	Permatex 56521
4	Silicone RTV	Gasket Maker	999MP-AM003P (Ultra Grey)	99998-50506 (Ultra Grey)	Permatex Ultra Grey 82194; Three Bond 1207,1215, 1216, 1217F, 1217G and 1217H Nissan RTV Part No. 999MP-A7007
		Gasket Maker for Maxima/ Quest 5-speed automatic transmission (RE5F22A)	_	-	Three Bond 1281B or exact equivalent in its quality
5	High Temperature, High Strength Thread Locking Sealant (Red)	Threadlocker	999MP-AM004P	999MP-AM004P	Permatex 27200; Three Bond 1360, 1360N, 1305 N&P, 1307N, 1335, 1335B, 1363B, 1377C, 1386B, D&E and 1388 Loctite 648
6	Medium Strength Thread Locking Seal- ant (Blue)	Threadlocker (service tool removable)	999MP-AM005P	999MP-AM005P	Permatex 24200, 24206, 24240, 24283 and 09178; Three Bond 1322, 1322N, 1324 D&N, 1333D, 1361C, 1364D, 1370C and 1374

[REGULAR GRADE]

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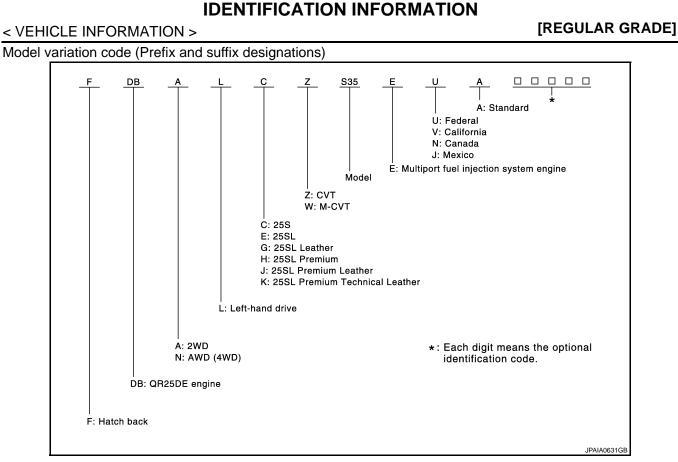
VEHICLE INFORMATION IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

Model Variation

INFOID:000000005254800

Distination	Body	Engine	Axle	Transmis- sion	Grade	Model
					25S	FDBALCZ-EUA
			2WD		25SL	FDBALEZ-EUA
			2000		25SL Premium	FDBALHZ-EUA
USA(Federal)					25SL Premium Leather	FDBALJZ-EUA
USA(Federal)					25S	FDBNLCZ-EUA
			AWD (4WD)		25SL	FDBNLEZ-EUA
			AVVD (4VVD)		25SL Premium	FDBNLHZ-EUA
					25SL Premium Leather	FDBNLJZ-EUA
		QR25DE		CVT	25S	FDBALCZ-EVA
California	Hatch Back			-	25SL	FDBALEZ-EVA
			2WD		25SL Premium	FDBALHZ-EVA
					25SL Premium Leather	FDBALJZ-EVA
			AWD (4WD)		25S	FDBNLCZ-EVA
				9 (4WD)	25SL	FDBNLEZ-EVA
					25SL Premium	FDBNLHZ-EVA
					25SL Premium Leather	FDBNLJZ-EVA
			2WD		25S	FDBALCZ-ENA
					25SL	FDBALEZ-ENA
			-	M-CVT	25SL Premium	FDBALHW-ENA
				СУТ	25S	FDBNLCZ-ENA
Canada				641	25SL	FDBNLEZ-ENA
			AWD (4WD)		25SL Premium	FDBNLHW-ENA
				-	25SL Premium Leather	FDBNLJW-ENA
	_			M-CVT	25SL Premium Technical Leather	FDBNLKW-ENA
				-	25SL	FDBALEW-EJA
Mexico			2WD	-	25SL Leather	FDBALGW-EJA
			AWD (4WD)	-	25SL	FDBNLEW-EJA

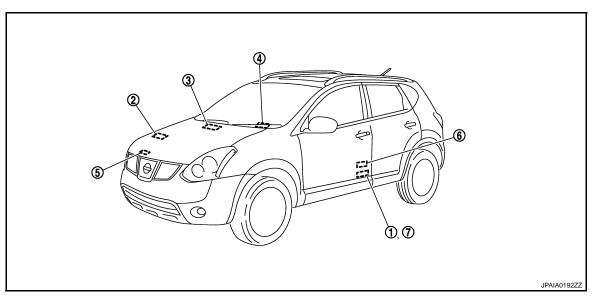
Ρ



Information About Identification or Model Code

INFOID:000000005254801

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER



- 1. Vehicle identification plate for Mexico 2. Emission control information label
- 4. Vehicle identification number plate
- 5. Air conditioner specification label
- 3. Vehicle identification number (Chassis number)
- Tire and loading information label except for Mexico Tire placard for Mexico

7. FMVSS certification label except for Mexico



[REGULAR GRADE]

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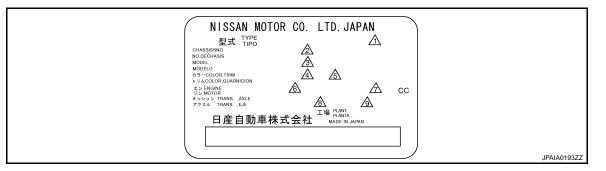
Ρ

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER ARRANGEMENT XXXXXX JN8 5 w Α S м т А Vehicle serial number Manufacturing plant W: Kyushu Model year A: 2010 model year Check digit (0 to 9 or X) The code for the check digit is determined by mathematical computation. T: 2WD V: AWD(4WD) . Body type M: Hatch back (Federal,California,Canada) 8: Hatch back (Mexico) Model change (0 to 9) Vehicle line S: NISSAN ROGUE (S35) Engine type A: QR25DE Manufacturer JN8: Multi-purpose vehicle JPAIA0632GB

IDENTIFICATION PLATE

< VEHICLE INFORMATION >

For Mexico

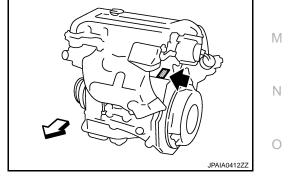


- 1. Туре
- Body color code 4.
- 7. Engine displacement
- 5. Trim color code 8. Transmission model

- Model variation code 6. Engine model

 - 9. Axle model

ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER



AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION NUMBER

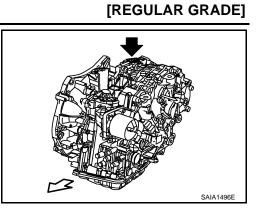
- Vehicle identification number (Chassis number) 3. 2.

Revision: 2009 October

2010 Rogue

IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

< VEHICLE INFORMATION >



Dimensions except for Mexico

INFOID:000000005254802

Unit: mm (in)

Overall length	4,645 (182.9)
Overall width	1,800 (70.9)
Overall height	1,658 (65.3), 1,683 (66.3)*
Front tread	1,540 (60.6)
Rear tread	1,550 (61.0)
Wheelbase	2,690 (105.9)
*: With roof roil	

*: With roof rail

Dimensions for Mexico

INFOID:000000005254803

Unit: mm (in)

Overall length	4,645 (182.9)
Overall width	1,800 (70.9)
Overall height	1,680 (66.1)
Front tread	1,540 (60.6)
Rear tread	1,550 (61.0)
Wheelbase	2,690 (105.9)

Wheels & Tires

INFOID:000000005254804

Application		Conventional	Spare
Road wheel/offset	mm (in)	16 × 6-1/2 JJ Steel/40 (1.57) 17 × 7J Alminum/40 (1.57)	16 × 4T Steel/30 (1.18) 17 × 7J Steel/40 (1.57)
Tire size		P215/70R16 99H P225/60R17 98H	T155/90D16 110M P225/60R17 98H

< PRECAUTION > PRECAUTION PRECAUTIONS

Description

INFOID:000000005254805

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INFOID:000000005254807

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Observe the following precautions to ensure safe and proper servicing. These precautions are not described in each individual section. FOR USA AND CANADA

FOR USA AND CANADA : Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the "SRS AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT" of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the "SRS AIR BAG".
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

WARNING:

- When working near the Air Bag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Air Bag System sensors with the ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

FOR USA AND CANADA : Precautions For Xenon Headlamp Service

WARNING:

- Comply with the following warnings to prevent any serious accident.
- Disconnect the battery cable (negative terminal) or the power supply fuse before installing, removing, or touching the xenon headlamp (bulb included). The xenon headlamp contains high-voltage generated parts.
- Never work with wet hands.
- Check the xenon headlamp ON-OFF status after assembling it to the vehicle. Never turn the xenon headlamp ON in other conditions. Connect the power supply to the vehicle-side connector. (Turning it ON outside the lamp case may cause fire or visual impairments.)

Never touch the bulb glass immediately after turning it OFF. It is extremely hot.

CAUTION:

Comply with the following cautions to prevent any error and malfunction.

- Install the xenon bulb securely. (Insufficient bulb socket installation may melt the bulb, the connector, the housing, etc. by high-voltage leakage or corona discharge.)
- Never perform HID circuit inspection with a tester.
- Never touch the xenon bulb glass with hands. Never put oil and grease on it.
- Dispose of the used xenon bulb after packing it in thick vinyl without breaking it.
- Never wipe out dirt and contamination with organic solvent (thinner, gasoline, etc.).

< PRECAUTION >

FOR USA AND CANADA : Precaution Necessary for Steering Wheel Rotation After **Battery Disconnect**

INFOID:000000005254808

NOTE:

- This Procedure is applied only to models with Intelligent Key system and NVIS/IVIS (NISSAN/INFINITI) VEHICLE IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM - NATS).
- Remove and install all control units after disconnecting both battery cables with the ignition knob in the "LOCK" position.
- Always use CONSULT-III to perform self-diagnosis as a part of each function inspection after finishing work. If DTC is detected, perform trouble diagnosis according to self-diagnostic results.

For models equipped with the Intelligent Key system and NVIS/IVIS, an electrically controlled steering lock mechanism is adopted on the key cylinder.

For this reason, if the battery is disconnected or if the battery is discharged, the steering wheel will lock and steering wheel rotation will become impossible.

If steering wheel rotation is required when battery power is interrupted, follow the procedure below before starting the repair operation.

OPERATION PROCEDURE

1. Connect both battery cables. NOTE:

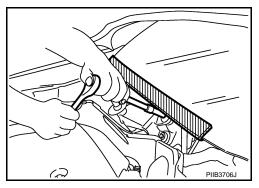
Supply power using jumper cables if battery is discharged.

- 2. Use the Intelligent Key or mechanical key to turn the ignition switch to the "ACC" position. At this time, the steering lock will be released.
- Disconnect both battery cables. The steering lock will remain released and the steering wheel can be 3. rotated.
- 4. Perform the necessary repair operation.
- When the repair work is completed, return the ignition switch to the "LOCK" position before connecting 5. the battery cables. (At this time, the steering lock mechanism will engage.)
- Perform a self-diagnosis check of all control units using CONSULT-III. 6.

FOR USA AND CANADA : Precaution for Procedure without Cowl Top Cover

INFOID:000000005254809

When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc.



FOR MEXICO

FOR MEXICO : Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER" INFOID:000000005254810

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the "SRS AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT" of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

• To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.

[REGULAR GRADE]

- < PRECAUTION > Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag GI Module, see the "SRS AIR BAG". Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors. PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS WARNING: When working near the Air Bag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Air Bag System sensors with the ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly D causing serious injury. When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service. Ε FOR MEXICO : Precautions For Xenon Headlamp Service INFOID:000000005254811 WARNING: Comply with the following warnings to prevent any serious accident. Disconnect the battery cable (negative terminal) or the power supply fuse before installing, removing, or touching the xenon headlamp (bulb included). The xenon headlamp contains high-voltage generated parts. Never work with wet hands. Check the xenon headlamp ON-OFF status after assembling it to the vehicle. Never turn the xenon headlamp ON in other conditions. Connect the power supply to the vehicle-side connector. Н (Turning it ON outside the lamp case may cause fire or visual impairments.) Never touch the bulb glass immediately after turning it OFF. It is extremely hot. CAUTION: Comply with the following cautions to prevent any error and malfunction. Install the xenon bulb securely. (Insufficient bulb socket installation may melt the bulb, the connector, the housing, etc. by high-voltage leakage or corona discharge.) Never perform HID circuit inspection with a tester. Never touch the xenon bulb glass with hands. Never put oil and grease on it. Dispose of the used xenon bulb after packing it in thick vinyl without breaking it. Never wipe out dirt and contamination with organic solvent (thinner, gasoline, etc.). Κ FOR MEXICO : Precaution Necessary for Steering Wheel Rotation After Battery Disconnect INFOID:000000005254812 L NOTE: This Procedure is applied only to models with Intelligent Key system and NVIS/IVIS (NISSAN/INFINITI VEHICLE IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM - NATS). Μ Remove and install all control units after disconnecting both battery cables with the ignition knob in the "LOCK" position. Always use CONSULT-III to perform self-diagnosis as a part of each function inspection after finishing work. If DTC is detected, perform trouble diagnosis according to self-diagnostic results. Ν For models equipped with the Intelligent Key system and NVIS/IVIS, an electrically controlled steering lock mechanism is adopted on the key cylinder. For this reason, if the battery is disconnected or if the battery is discharged, the steering wheel will lock and steering wheel rotation will become impossible. If steering wheel rotation is required when battery power is interrupted, follow the procedure below before starting the repair operation. Ρ OPERATION PROCEDURE Connect both battery cables. NOTE: Supply power using jumper cables if battery is discharged.
- 2. Use the Intelligent Key or mechanical key to turn the ignition switch to the "ACC" position. At this time, the steering lock will be released.

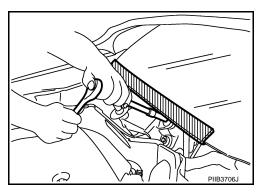
< PRECAUTION >

- 3. Disconnect both battery cables. The steering lock will remain released and the steering wheel can be rotated.
- 4. Perform the necessary repair operation.
- 5. When the repair work is completed, return the ignition switch to the "LOCK" position before connecting the battery cables. (At this time, the steering lock mechanism will engage.)
- 6. Perform a self-diagnosis check of all control units using CONSULT-III.

FOR MEXICO : Precaution for Procedure without Cowl Top Cover

INFOID:000000005254813

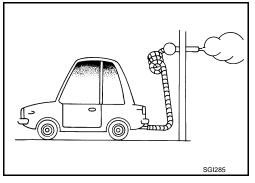
When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc.



INFOID:000000005254814

- General Precautions
- Do not operate the engine for an extended period of time without proper exhaust ventilation.

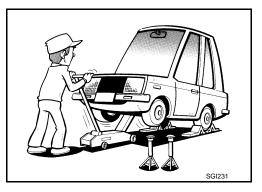
Keep the work area well ventilated and free of any inflammable materials. Special care should be taken when handling any inflammable or poisonous materials, such as gasoline, refrigerant gas, etc. When working in a pit or other enclosed area, be sure to properly ventilate the area before working with hazardous materials. Do not smoke while working on the vehicle.

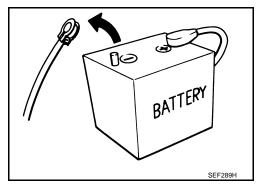


• Before jacking up the vehicle, apply wheel chocks or other tire blocks to the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving. After jacking up the vehicle, support the vehicle weight with safety stands at the points designated for proper lifting before working on the vehicle.

These operations should be done on a level surface.

- When removing a heavy component such as the engine or transaxle/transmission, be careful not to lose your balance and drop them. Also, do not allow them to strike adjacent parts, especially the brake tubes and master cylinder.
- Before starting repairs which do not require battery power: Turn off ignition switch. Disconnect the negative battery terminal.
- If the battery terminals are disconnected, recorded memory of radio and each control unit is erased.





< PRECAUTION >

- To prevent serious burns: Avoid contact with hot metal parts. Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.
- Dispose of drained oil or the solvent used for cleaning parts in an appropriate manner.
- · Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically. Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray
- and possibly a fire. Clean all disassembled parts in the designated liquid or solvent prior to inspection or assembly.
- Replace oil seals, gaskets, packings, O-rings, locking washers, cotter pins, self-locking nuts, etc. with new ones.
- Replace inner and outer races of tapered roller bearings and needle bearings as a set.
- Arrange the disassembled parts in accordance with their assembled locations and sequence.
- Do not touch the terminals of electrical components which use microcomputers (such as ECM). Static electricity may damage internal electronic components.
- After disconnecting vacuum or air hoses, attach a tag to indicate the proper connection.
- Use only the fluids and lubricants specified in this manual.
- Use approved bonding agent, sealants or their equivalents when required.
- Use hand tools, power tools (disassembly only) and recommended special tools where specified for safe and efficient service repairs.
- When repairing the fuel, oil, water, vacuum or exhaust systems, check all affected lines for leakage.

Take caution that keys, buckles or buttons do not scratch paint.

WARNING:

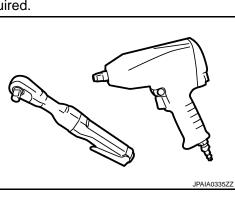
To prevent ECM from storing the diagnostic trouble codes, never carelessly disconnect the harness connectors which are related to the engine control system and TCM (transmission control module) system. The connectors should be disconnected only when working according to the WORK FLOW of TROUBLE DIAGNOSES in EC and AT sections.

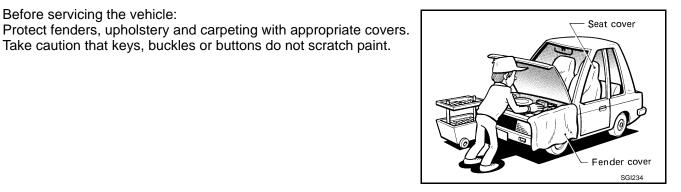
Three Way Catalyst

Before servicing the vehicle:

If a large amount of unburned fuel flows into the catalyst, the catalyst temperature will be excessively high. To prevent this, follow the instructions.

- Use unleaded gasoline only. Leaded gasoline will seriously damage the three way catalyst.
- When checking for ignition spark or measuring engine compression, make tests guickly and only when necessarv.
- Do not run engine when the fuel tank level is low, otherwise the engine may misfire, causing damage to the catalyst.







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< PRECAUTION >

Do not place the vehicle on flammable material. Keep flammable material off the exhaust pipe and the three way catalyst.

Multiport Fuel Injection System or Engine Control System

INFOID:000000005254816

- Before connecting or disconnecting any harness connector for the multiport fuel injection system or ECM: Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position. Disconnect negative battery terminal. Otherwise, there may be damage to ECM.
- Before disconnecting pressurized fuel line from fuel pump to injectors, be sure to release fuel pressure.
- Be careful not to jar components such as ECM and mass air flow sensor.



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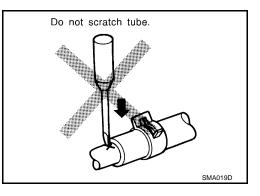
Hoses

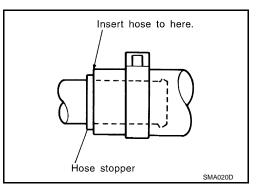
HOSE REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

• To prevent damage to rubber hose, do not pry off rubber hose with tapered tool or screwdriver.

• To reinstall the rubber hose securely, check that hose insertion

length and orientation is correct. (If tube is equipped with hose stopper, insert rubber hose into tube until it butts up against hose

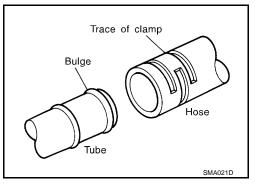




HOSE CLAMPING

stopper.)

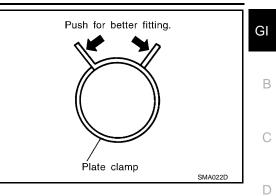
- If old rubber hose is re-used, install hose clamp in its original position (at the indentation where the old clamp was). If there is a trace of tube bulging left on the old rubber hose, align rubber hose at that position.
- Discard old clamps; replace with new ones.



< PRECAUTION >

[REGULAR GRADE]

• After installing plate clamps, apply force to them in the direction of the arrow, tightening rubber hose equally all around.



Engine Oils

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Prolonged and repeated contact with used engine oil may cause skin cancer. Try to avoid direct skin contact with used oil. If skin contact is made, wash thoroughly with soap or hand cleaner as soon as possible.	E
 HEALTH PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with oils, particularly used engine oils. Wear protective clothing, including impervious gloves where practicable. Do not put oily rags in pockets. 	F
 Avoid contaminating clothes, particularly underpants, with oil. Heavily soiled clothing and oil-impregnated footwear should not be worn. Overalls must be cleaned regularly. 	G
 First aid treatment should be obtained immediately for open cuts and wounds. Use barrier creams, applying them before each work period, to help the removal of oil from the skin. Wash with soap and water to ensure all oil is removed (skin cleansers and nail brushes will help). Preparations containing lanolin replace the natural skin oils which have been removed. 	Η
 Do not use gasoline, kerosene, diesel fuel, gas oil, thinners or solvents for cleaning skin. If skin disorders develop, obtain medical advice without delay. Where practical, degrease components prior to handling. 	I
• Where there is a risk of eye contact, eye protection should be worn, for example, chemical goggles or face shields; in addition an eye wash facility should be provided.	J
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS Dispose of used oil and used oil filters through authorized waste disposal contractors to licensed waste dis- posal sites, or to the waste oil reclamation trade. If in doubt, contact the local authority for advice on disposal facilities.	K
It is illegal to pour used oil on to the ground, down sewers or drains, or into water sources. The regulations concerning pollution vary between regions.	L
Air Conditioning	M
Use an approved refrigerant recovery unit any time the air conditioning system must be discharged. Refer to HA section "REFRIGERANT for specific instructions.	IVI
FUEL	Ν
FUEL : Fuel	0
FOR USA AND CANADA Use unleaded regular gasoline with an octane rating of at least 87 AKI (Anti-Knock Index) number (Research octane number 91).	Ρ
CAUTION: • Using a fuel other than that specified could abversely affect the emission control system, and may	

- also affect warranty coverage.
- Under no circumstances should a leaded gasoline be used, because this will damage the three-way catalyst.

< PRECAUTION >

• Do not use E-85 fuel in vehicle. Vehicle is not designed to runon E-85 fuel. Using E-85 fuel can damage the fuel system components and is not covered by the NISSAN new vehicle limited warranty.

FOR MEXICO

Use unleaded regular gasoline of at least 91 octane (RON).

CAUTION:

Do not use leaded gasoline. Using leaded gasoline will damage the three-way catalyst.

LIFTING POINT

< PRECAUTION >

Commercial Service Tools

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INFOID:000000005254822

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Tool name	Description	E
Board on attachment		(
	S-NT001	[
		[
Safety stand attachment		F
	S-NT002	(

CAUTION:

- Every time the vehicle is lifted up, maintain the complete vehicle curb condition.
- Since the vehicle's center of gravity changes when removing main parts on the front side (engine, H transmission, suspension etc.), support a jack up point on the rear side garage jack with a mission jack or equivalent.
- Since the vehicle's center of gravity changes when removing main parts on the rear side (rear axle, suspension, etc.), support a jack up point on the front side garage jack with a mission jack or equivalent.
- Be careful not to smash or never do anything that would affect piping parts.

Garage Jack and Safety Stand and 2-Pole Lift

WARNING:

- Park the vehicle on a level surface when using the jack. Check to avoid damaging pipes, tubes, etc. under the vehicle.
- Never get under the vehicle while it is supported only by the jack. Always use safety stands when you have to get under the vehicle.
- Place wheel chocks at both front and back of the wheels on the ground.
- When lifting the vehicle, open the lift arms as wide as possible and ensure that the front and rear of the vehicle are well balanced.
- When setting the lift arm, never allow the arm to contact the brake tubes, brake cable, fuel lines and sill spoiler.

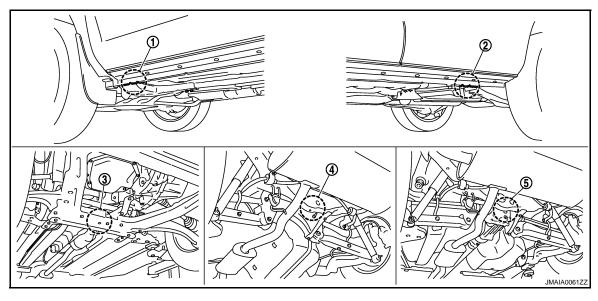
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LIFTING POINT



Garage jack point (rear) (AWD)

- 1. Safety stand point and lift up point (front) 2.
- . Safety stand point and lift up point 3. Garage jack point (front) (rear)
- 4. Garage jack point (rear) (2WD)

CAUTION:

There is canister just behind Garage jack point rear. Jack up carefully.

5.

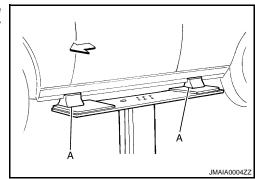
Board-On Lift

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CAUTION:

Check vehicle is empty when lifting.

- The board-on lift attachment (A) set at front end of vehicle should be set on the front of the sill under the front door opening.
- Position attachments at front and rear ends of board-on lift.



TOW TRUCK TOWING

< PRECAUTION >

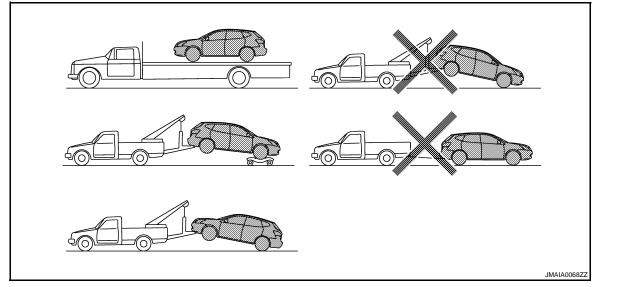
TOW TRUCK TOWING

Tow Truck Towing

CAUTION:

- All applicable state or Provincial (in Canada) laws and local laws regarding the towing operation must be obeyed.
- It is necessary to use proper towing equipment to avoid possible damage to the vehicle during towing operation. Towing is in accordance with Towing Procedure Manual at dealer.
- Always attach safety chains before towing.
- When towing, check that the transmission, steering system and powertrain are in good order. If any unit is damaged, dollies must be used.
- Never tow a CVT model from the rear (that is backward) with four wheels on the ground. This may cause serious and expensive damage to the transmission.

2WD MODELS



NISSAN recommends that vehicle be towed with the driving (front) wheels off the ground or that a dolly be k used as illustrated.

CAUTION:

- Never tow CVT models with the front wheels on the ground or four wheels on the ground (forward or backward), as this may cause serious and expensive damage to the transmission.
 If it is necessary to tow the vehicle with the rear wheels raised, always use towing dollies under the front wheels.
- When towing CVT models with the front wheels on towing dollies:
- Turn the ignition key to the OFF position, and secure the steering wheel in a straight ahead position with a rope or similar device.Never secure the steering wheel by turning the ignition key to the LOCK position. This may damage the steering lock mechanism.
- Move the selector lever to the N (Neutral) position.
- When the battery of vehicle equipped with the Intelligent Key system is discharged, your vehicle should be towed with the front wheels on towing dollies or place the vehicle on a flat bed truck.
- When towing two wheel drive CVT model with the rear wheels on the ground (if you do not use towing dollies): Always release the parking brake.

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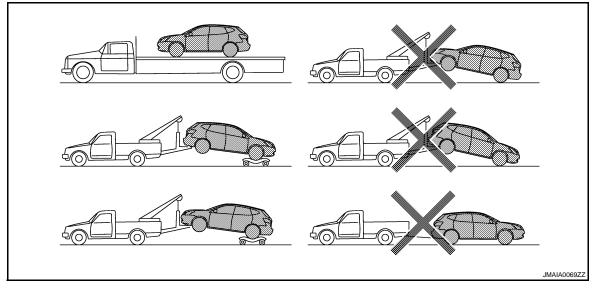
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TOW TRUCK TOWING

< PRECAUTION >

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AWD MODELS



NISSAN recommends that a dolly be used as illustrated when towing AWD models.

Never tow AWD models with any of the wheels on the ground as this may cause serious and expensive damage to the powertrain.

Vehicle Recovery (Freeing a Stuck Vehicle)

FRONT

Securely install the vehicle recovery hook stored with jacking tools. Check that the hook is properly secured in the stored place after use.

WARNING:

- Stand clear of a stuck vehicle.
- Never spin your tires at high speed. This could cause them to explode and result in serious injury. Parts of your vehicle could also overheat and be damaged.

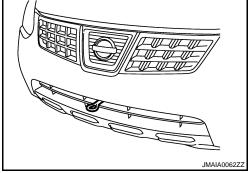
CAUTION:

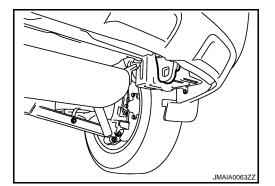
- Tow chains or cables must be attached only to the vehicle recovery hooks or main structural members of the vehicle. Otherwise, the vehicle body will be damaged.
- Never use the vehicle tie downs to free a vehicle stuck in sand, snow, mud, etc. Never tow the vehicle using the vehicle tie downs or recovery hooks.
- Always pull the cable straight out from the front of the vehicle. Never pull on the hook at an angle.
- Pulling devices should be routed so they never touch any part of the suspension, steering, brake or cooling systems.
- Pulling devices such as ropes or canvas straps are not recommended for use in vehicle towing or recovery.

REAR

WARNING:

Rear hook is not available.





Revision: 2009 October

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TOW TRUCK TOWING

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AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

< PRECAUTION >

To tow a vehicle equipped with an automatic transmission, an appropriate vehicle dolly **MUST** be placed under the towed vehicle's drive wheels. **Always** follow the dolly manufacture's recommendations when using their product. If the vehicle is stuck in sand, snow, mud, etc., use the following procedure: 1. Turn off the Vehicle Dynamic Control System. 2. Check the area in front and behind the vehicle is clear of obstructions.

- Turn the steering wheel right and left to clear an area around the front tires.
- Slowly rock the vehicle forward and backward. Shift back and forth between R (reverse) and D (drive). Apply the accelerator as little as possible to maintain the rocking motion. Release the accelerator pedal before shifting between R and D. Do not spin the tires above 35 mph (55 km/h).
- 5. If the vehicle can not be freed after a few tries, contact a professional towing service to remove the vehicle.

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SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

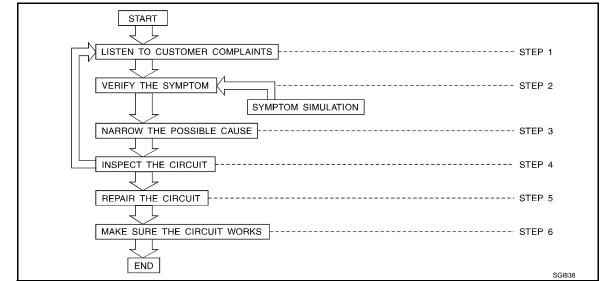
[REGULAR GRADE]

BASIC INSPECTION SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

Work Flow

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STEP	DESCRIPTION			
STEP 1	Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident occurred. The following are key pieces of information required to make a good analysis:			
	WHAT	Vehicle Model, Engine, Transmission/Transaxle and the System (i.e. Radio).		
	WHEN	Date, Time of Day, Weather Conditions, Frequency.		
	WHERE	Road Conditions, Altitude and Traffic Situation.		
	ноw	System Symptoms, Operating Conditions (Other Components Interaction). Service History and if any After Market Accessories have been installed.		
STEP 2	Operate the system, road test if necessary. Verify the parameter of the incident. If the problem cannot be duplicated, refer to "Incident Simulation Tests".			
STEP 3	 Get the proper diagnosis materials together including: Power Supply Routing System Operation Descriptions Applicable Service Manual Sections Check for any Service Bulletins Identify where to begin diagnosis based upon your knowledge of the system operation and the customer comments. 			
STEP 4	Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage. Determine which circuits and components are involved and diagnose using the Power Supply Routing and Harness Lay- outs.			
STEP 5	Repair or replace the incident circuit or component.			
STEP 6	Operate the system in all modes. Verify the system works properly under all conditions. Check you have not inadvert- ently created a new incident during your diagnosis or repair steps.			

Control Units and Electrical Parts

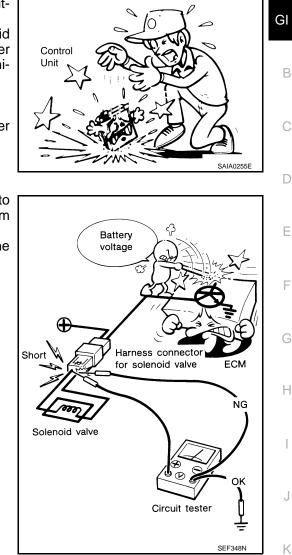
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PRECAUTIONS

- Never reverse polarity of battery terminals.
- Install only parts specified for a vehicle.
- Before replacing the control unit, check the input and output and functions of the component parts.
- Do not apply excessive force when disconnecting a connector.

< BASIC INSPECTION >

- Do not apply excessive shock to the control unit by dropping or hitting it.
- Be careful to prevent condensation in the control unit due to rapid temperature changes and do not let water or rain get on it. If water is found in the control unit, dry it fully and then install it in the vehicle.
- Be careful not to let oil to get on the control unit connector.
- Avoid cleaning the control unit with volatile oil.
- Do not disassemble the control unit, and do not remove the upper and lower covers.
- When using a DMM, be careful not to let test probes get close to each other to prevent the power transistor in the control unit from damaging battery voltage because of short circuiting.
- When checking input and output signals of the control unit, use the specified check adapter.



[REGULAR GRADE]

How to Check Terminal

CONNECTOR AND TERMINAL PIN KIT

- Use the connector and terminal pin kits listed below when replacing connectors or terminals.
- The connector and terminal pin kits contain some of the most commonly used NISSAN/INFINITI connectors and terminals. For detailed connector and terminal pin replacement procedures, refer to the latest NISSAN/ M INFINITI CONNECTOR AND TERMINAL PIN SERVICE MANUAL.

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Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description						
- (J38751-95NI) Connector and terminal pin kit (NISSAN) - (J38751-95INF) Connector and terminal pin kit (INFINITI) - (J42992-98KIT) OBD and terminal repair kit - (J42992-2000UPD) OBD-II Connector Kit Up- date	J38751-95NI	J38751-95INF	J42992-98KIT	J42992-2000UPD Image: mage: mag			

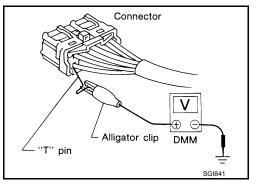
HOW TO PROBE CONNECTORS

- Connector damage and an intermittent connection can result from improperly probing of the connector during circuit checks.
- The probe of a digital multimeter (DMM) may not correctly fit the connector cavity. To correctly probe the connector, follow the procedures below using a "T" pin. For the best contact grasp the "T" pin using an alligator clip.

Probing from Harness Side

Standard type (not waterproof type) connector should be probed from harness side with "T" pin.

- If the connector has a rear cover such as a ECM connector, remove the rear cover before probing the terminal.
- Do not probe waterproof connector from harness side. Damage to the seal between wire and connector may result.

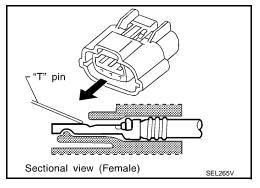


Probing from Terminal Side

FEMALE TERMINAL

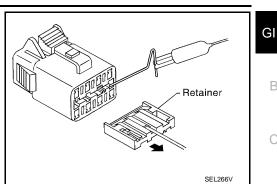
• There is a small notch above each female terminal. Probe each terminal with the "T" pin through the notch.

Do not insert any object other than the same type male terminal into female terminal.



< BASIC INSPECTION >

· Some connectors do not have a notch above each terminal. To probe each terminal, remove the connector retainer to make contact space for probing.



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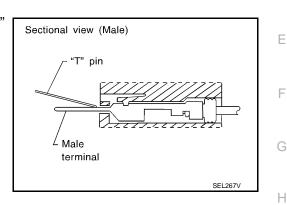
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MALE TERMINAL

 Carefully probe the contact surface of each terminal using a "T" pin.

CAUTION: Never bend terminal.

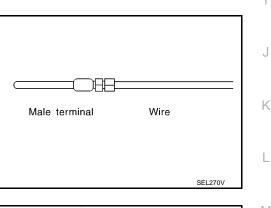


How to Check Enlarged Contact Spring of Terminal

- An enlarged contact spring of a terminal may create intermittent signals in the circuit.
- If the intermittent open circuit occurs, follow the procedure below to inspect for open wires and enlarged contact spring of female terminal.
- 1. Assemble a male terminal and approx. 10 cm (3.9 in) of wire. NOTE:

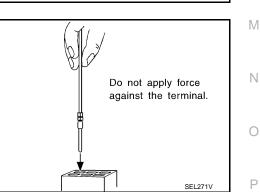
Use a male terminal which matches the female terminal.

2. Disconnect the suspected faulty connector and hold it terminal side up.



3. While holding the wire of the male terminal, try to insert the male terminal into the female terminal. **CAUTION:**

Never force the male terminal into the female terminal with your hands.



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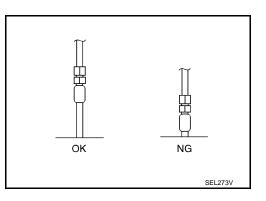
4. While moving the connector, check whether the male terminal can be easily inserted or not.



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• If the male terminal can be easily inserted into the female terminal, replace the female terminal.



Waterproof Connector Inspection

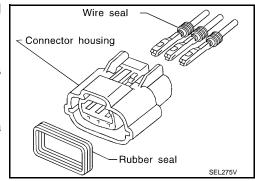
If water enters the connector, it can short interior circuits. This may lead to intermittent problems. Check the following items to maintain the original waterproof characteristics.

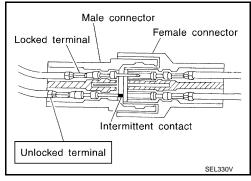
RUBBER SEAL INSPECTION

- Most waterproof connectors are provided with a rubber seal between the male and female connectors. If the seal is missing, the waterproof performance may not meet specifications.
- The rubber seal may come off when connectors are disconnected. Whenever connectors are reconnected, check the rubber seal is properly installed on either side of male or female connector.

WIRE SEAL INSPECTION

• The wire seal must be installed on the wire insertion area of a waterproof connector. Be sure that the seal is installed properly.





Terminal Lock Inspection

Check for unlocked terminals by pulling wire at the end of connector. An unlocked terminal may create intermittent signals in the circuit.

Intermittent Incident

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DESCRIPTION

Sometimes the symptom is not present when the vehicle is brought in for service. If possible, re-create the conditions present at the time of the incident. Doing so may help avoid a No Trouble Found Diagnosis. The fol-

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Under Seating Areas

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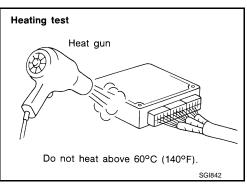
An unclamped or loose harness can cause wiring to be pinched by seat components (such as slide guides) during vehicle vibration. If the wiring runs under seating areas, inspect wire routing for possible damage or pinching.

HEAT SENSITIVE

- The customer's concern may occur during hot weather or after car has sat for a short time. In such cases you will want to check for a heat sensitive condition.
- To determine if an electrical component is heat sensitive, heat the component with a heat gun or equivalent. **CAUTION:**

Never heat components above 60°C (140°F).

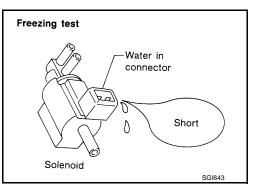
• If incident occurs while heating the unit, either replace or properly insulate the component.



[REGULAR GRADE]



- The customer may indicate the incident goes away after the car warms up (winter time). The cause could be related to water freezing somewhere in the wiring/electrical system.
- There are two methods to check for this. The first is to arrange for the owner to leave his car overnight. Check it will get cold enough to demonstrate his complaint. Leave the car parked outside overnight. In the morning, do a quick and thorough diagnosis of those electrical components which could be affected.
- The second method is to put the suspect component into a freezer long enough for any water to freeze. Reinstall the part into the car and check for the reoccurrence of the incident. If it occurs, repair or replace the component.

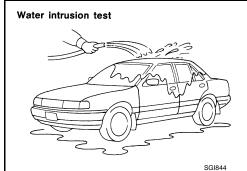


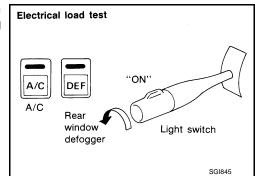
WATER INTRUSION

The incident may occur only during high humidity or in rainy/snowy weather. In such cases the incident could be caused by water intrusion on an electrical part. This can be simulated by soaking the car or running it through a car wash.

CAUTION:

Never spray water directly on any electrical components.





ELECTRICAL LOAD

The incident may be electrical load sensitive. Perform diagnosis with all accessories (including A/C, rear window defogger, radio, fog lamps) turned on.

COLD OR HOT START UP

On some occasions an electrical incident may occur only when the car is started cold, or it may occur when the car is restarted hot shortly after being turned off. In these cases you may have to keep the car overnight to make a proper diagnosis.

< BASIC INSPECTION >

Circuit Inspection

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DESCRIPTION

- In general, testing electrical circuits is an easy task if it is approached in a logical and organized method. Before beginning it is important to have all available information on the system to be tested. Also, get a thorough understanding of system operation. Then you will be able to use the appropriate equipment and follow the correct test procedure.
- You may have to simulate vehicle vibrations while testing electrical components. Gently shake the wiring harness or electrical component to do this.

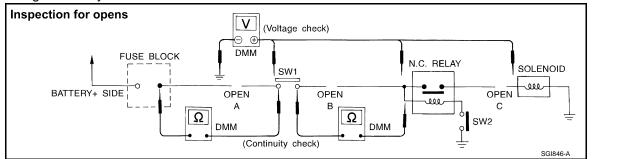
OPEN	A circuit is open when there is no continuity through a section of the circuit.		
	There are two types of shorts.		
SHORT	SHORT CIRCUIT	When a circuit contacts another circuit and causes the normal resistance to change.	F
	SHORT TO GROUND	When a circuit contacts a ground source and grounds the circuit.	

NOTE:

Refer to <u>GI-37, "How to Check Terminal"</u> to probe or check terminal.

TESTING FOR "OPENS" IN THE CIRCUIT

Before you begin to diagnose and test the system, you should rough sketch a schematic of the system. This will help you to logically walk through the diagnosis process. Drawing the sketch will also reinforce your working knowledge of the system.



Continuity Check Method

The continuity check is used to find an open in the circuit. The digital multimeter (DMM) set on the resistance function will indicate an open circuit as over limit (no beep tone or no ohms symbol). Check to always start with the DMM at the highest resistance level.

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits, please refer to the previous schematic.

- Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- Start at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end. (At the fuse block in this example)
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the fuse block terminal on the load side.
- Connect the other probe to the fuse block (power) side of SW1. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point A)
- Connect the probes between SW1 and the relay. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point B)
- Connect the probes between the relay and the solenoid. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point C)

Any circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

Voltage Check Method

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits please refer to the previous schematic.

In any powered circuit, an open can be found by methodically checking the system for the presence of voltage. This is done by switching the DMM to the voltage function.

- Connect one probe of the DMM to a known good ground.
- Begin probing at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end.
- With SW1 open, probe at SW1 to check for voltage. voltage: open is further down the circuit than SW1.

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< BASIC INSPECTION >

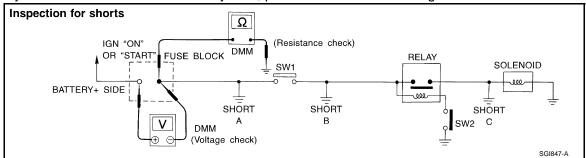
no voltage: open is between fuse block and SW1 (point A).

- Close SW1 and probe at relay. voltage: open is further down the circuit than the relay. no voltage: open is between SW1 and relay (point B).
- Close the relay and probe at the solenoid.
 voltage: open is further down the circuit than the solenoid.
 no voltage: open is between relay and solenoid (point C).

Any powered circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

TESTING FOR "SHORTS" IN THE CIRCUIT

To simplify the discussion of shorts in the system, please refer to the following schematic.



Resistance Check Method

- Disconnect the battery negative cable and remove the blown fuse.
- Disconnect all loads (SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the load side of the fuse terminal. Connect the other probe to a known good ground.
- With SW1 open, check for continuity. continuity: short is between fuse terminal and SW1 (point A). no continuity: short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- Close SW1 and disconnect the relay. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground. Then, check for continuity.

continuity: short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).

no continuity: short is further down the circuit than the relay.

 Close SW1 and jump the relay contacts with jumper wire. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground. Then, check for continuity. continuity: short is between relay and solenoid (point C).

no continuity: check solenoid, retrace steps.

Voltage Check Method

- Remove the blown fuse and disconnect all loads (i.e. SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Turn the ignition key to the ON or START position. Verify battery voltage at the battery + side of the fuse terminal (one lead on the battery + terminal side of the fuse block and one lead on a known good ground).
- With SW1 open and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage. voltage: short is between fuse block and SW1 (point A). no voltage: short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- With SW1 closed, relay and solenoid disconnected and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage.

voltage: short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).

no voltage: short is further down the circuit than the relay.

 With SW1 closed, relay contacts jumped with fused jumper wire check for voltage. voltage: short is down the circuit of the relay or between the relay and the disconnected solenoid (point C). no voltage: retrace steps and check power to fuse block.

GROUND INSPECTION

- Ground connections are very important to the proper operation of electrical and electronic circuits. Ground connections are often exposed to moisture, dirt and other corrosive elements. The corrosion (rust) can become an unwanted resistance. This unwanted resistance can change the way a circuit works.
- Electronically controlled circuits are very sensitive to proper grounding. A loose or corroded ground can drastically affect an electronically controlled circuit. A poor or corroded ground can easily affect the circuit. Even when the ground connection looks clean, there can be a thin film of rust on the surface.

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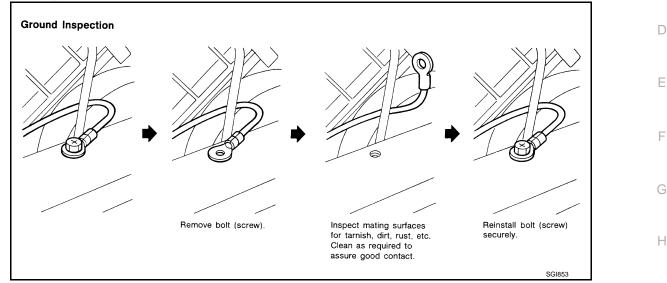
< BASIC INSPECTION >

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- When inspecting a ground connection follow these rules:
- Remove the ground bolt or screw.
- Inspect all mating surfaces for tarnish, dirt, rust, etc.
- Clean as required to assure good contact.
- Reinstall bolt or screw securely.
- Inspect for "add-on" accessories which may be interfering with the ground circuit.
- If several wires are crimped into one ground eyelet terminal, check for proper crimps. Check all of the wires are clean, securely fastened and providing a good ground path. If multiple wires are cased in one eyelet check no ground wires have excess wire insulation.
- For detailed ground distribution information, refer to "Ground Distribution" in PG section.



VOLTAGE DROP TESTS

- Voltage drop tests are often used to find components or circuits which have excessive resistance. A voltage drop in a circuit is caused by a resistance when the circuit is in operation.
- Check the wire in the illustration. When measuring resistance with DMM, contact by a single strand of wire will give reading of 0 ohms. This would indicate a good circuit. When the circuit operates, this single strand of wire is not able to carry the current. The single strand will have a high resistance to the current. This will be picked up as a slight voltage drop.
- Unwanted resistance can be caused by many situations as follows:
 Undersized wiring (single strand example)
- Corrosion on switch contacts
- Loose wire connections or splices.
- If repairs are needed always use wire that is of the same or larger gauge.

Measuring Voltage Drop — Accumulated Method

- Connect the DMM across the connector or part of the circuit you want to check. The positive lead of the M DMM should be closer to power and the negative lead closer to ground.
- · Operate the circuit.
- The DMM will indicate how many volts are being used to "push" current through that part of the circuit.

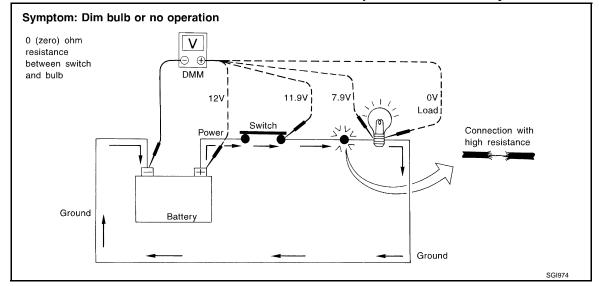
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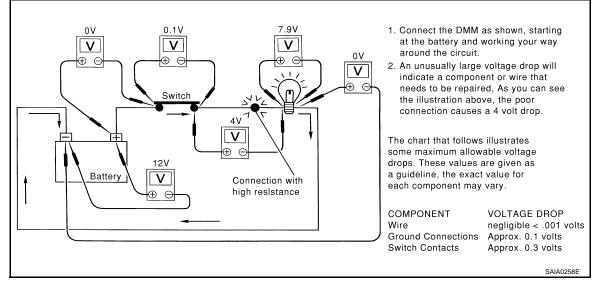
< BASIC INSPECTION >

Note in the illustration that there is an excessive 4.1 volt drop between the battery and the bulb.



Measuring Voltage Drop — Step-by-Step

- The step-by-step method is most useful for isolating excessive drops in low voltage systems (such as those in "Computer Controlled Systems").
- Circuits in the "Computer Controlled System" operate on very low amperage.
- The (Computer Controlled) system operations can be adversely affected by any variation in resistance in the system. Such resistance variation may be caused by poor connection, improper installation, improper wire gauge or corrosion.
- The step by step voltage drop test can identify a component or wire with too much resistance.

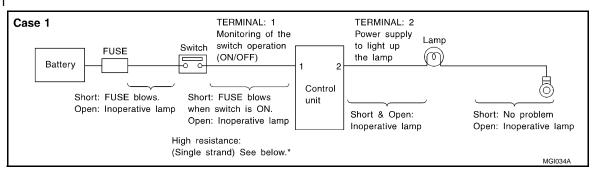


CONTROL UNIT CIRCUIT TEST

System Description

• When the switch is ON, the control unit lights up the lamp.





GI-46

SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT [REGULAR GRADE]

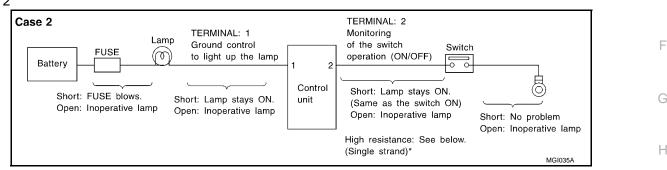
< BASIC INSPECTION >

INPUT	-OUTPUT VC	LTAGE CHART					-
Terminal No. Descrip		otion			In each of high registeries such as single	GI	
+	-	Signal name	Input/ Output	Condition	Value (Approx.)	In case of high resistance such as single strand (V) *	
1	Body ground	Switch	Input	Switch ON	Battery voltage	Lower than battery voltage Approx. 8 (Example)	В
	ground			Switch OFF	0 V	Approx. 0	
2	Body	Body ground Lamp Output	Output	Switch ON	Battery voltage	Approx. 0 (Inoperative lamp)	С
2	ground		Switch OFF	0 V	Approx. 0		

• The voltage value is based on the body ground.

*: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 1 does not detect battery voltage. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not supply power to light up the lamp.

CASE	2
0,00	-



	IPU1-0		LIAGE CHART					
	Terminal No. Description		tion			In case of high resistance such as single	1	
	+	_	Signal name	Input/ Output	Condition Value (Approx.)		strand (V) *	
	1	Body	Output	Switch ON	0 V	Battery voltage (Inoperative lamp)	J	
	1 ground Lamp	' groun	Output	Switch OFF	Battery voltage	Battery voltage		
-	2	Body	Switch	Input	Switch ON	0 V	Higher than 0 Approx. 4 (Example)	
	ground	Owner	input	Switch OFF	5 V	Approx. 5	K	

• The voltage value is based on the body ground.

• *: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 2 does not detect approx. 0 V. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not control ground to light up the lamp.

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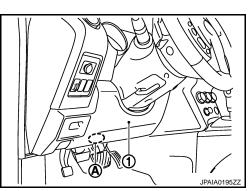
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< BASIC INSPECTION >

CONSULT-III/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

Description

- When CONSULT-III/GST is connected with a data link connector (A) equipped on the vehicle side, it will communicate with the control unit equipped in the vehicle and then enable various kinds of diagnostic tests.
 - 1 : Instrument driver lower cover
- Refer to "CONSULT-III Software Operation Manual" for more information.



CONSULT-III Function and System Application*1

PRESSURE MONITOR ALL MODE AWD/4WD INTELLIGENT KEY **FRANSMISSION** METER/M&A IPDM E/R AIR BAG ENGINE BCM EPS ABS Diagnostic test mode Function AIR This mode enables a technician to adjust some x*2 Work support х х х х х devices faster and more accurately. Retrieve DTC from ECU and display diagnostic Self Diagnostic Results х Х Х х Х Х Х х Х Х Х items. Monitor the input/output signal of the control unit Data monitor х х х х х х х х х х in real time. This mode displays a network diagnosis result CAN diagnosis х х х х Х х х х х х about CAN by a diagram. CAN diagnosis support It monitors the status of CAN communication. х х х х х х х х х monitor Send the drive signal from CONSULT-III to the Active test actuator. The operation check can be per-_ х х Х х х х х formed. The status of system monitoring tests and the **DTC & SRT confirmation** х _ _ _ _ _ self-diagnosis status/result can be confirmed. Display the ECU identification number (part **ECU** Identification х х х -Х х х number etc.) of the selected system. This mode can show results of self-diagnosis of ECU with either "OK" or "NG". For engines, Function test х х х _ more practical tests regarding sensors/switches and/or actuators are available. Configuration Function to READ/WRITE vehicle configuration. ---х ------Other results or histories, etc. that are recorded Special Function х х in ECU are displayed.

x: Applicable

*1: If GST application is equipped, functions in accordance with SAE J1979 and ISO 15031-5 can be used.

*2: With VDC

INFOID:000000005254831

INFOID:000000005254832

CONSULT-III/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

< BASIC INSPECTION >

CONSULT-III/GST Data Link Connector (DLC) Circuit

INFOID:000000005254833

[REGULAR GRADE]

INSPECTION PROCEDURE

If the CONSULT-III/GST cannot diagnose the system properly, check the following items.

Symptom	Check item
CONSULT-III/GST cannot ac- cess any system.	CONSULT-III/GST DLC power supply circuit (Terminal 8 and 16) and ground circuit (Terminal 4 and 5)
CONSULT-III cannot access in- dividual system. (Other sys- tems can be accessed.)	 Power supply and ground circuit for the control unit of the system (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.) Open or short circuit between the system and CONSULT-III DLC (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.) Open or short circuit CAN communication line. Refer to LAN-16, "Trouble Diagnosis Flow Chart".

NOTE:

Е The DDL1 and DDL2 circuits from DLC pins 12, 13, 14 and 15 may be connected to more than one system. A short in a DDL circuit connected to a control unit in one system may affect CONSULT-III access to other systems.

F If the GST cannot operate properly, check the circuit based on the information of SAE J1962 and ISO 15031-3.

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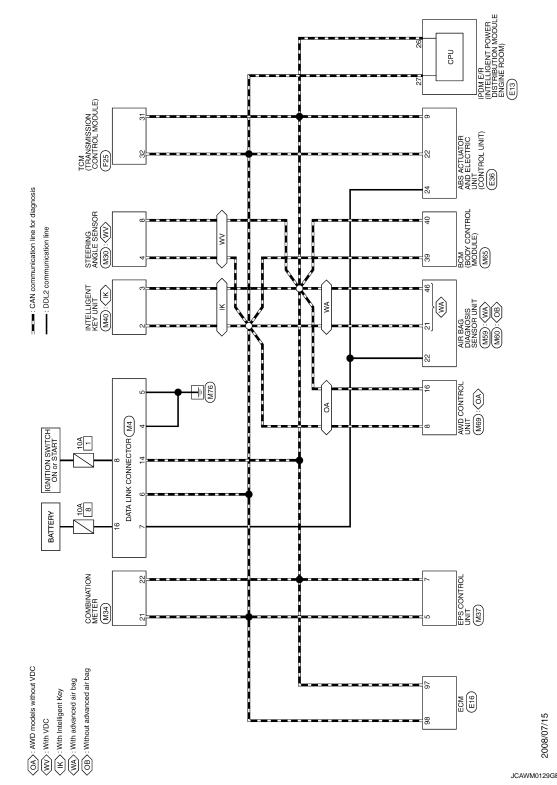
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Wiring Diagram - CONSULT-III/GST CHECKING SYSTEM -

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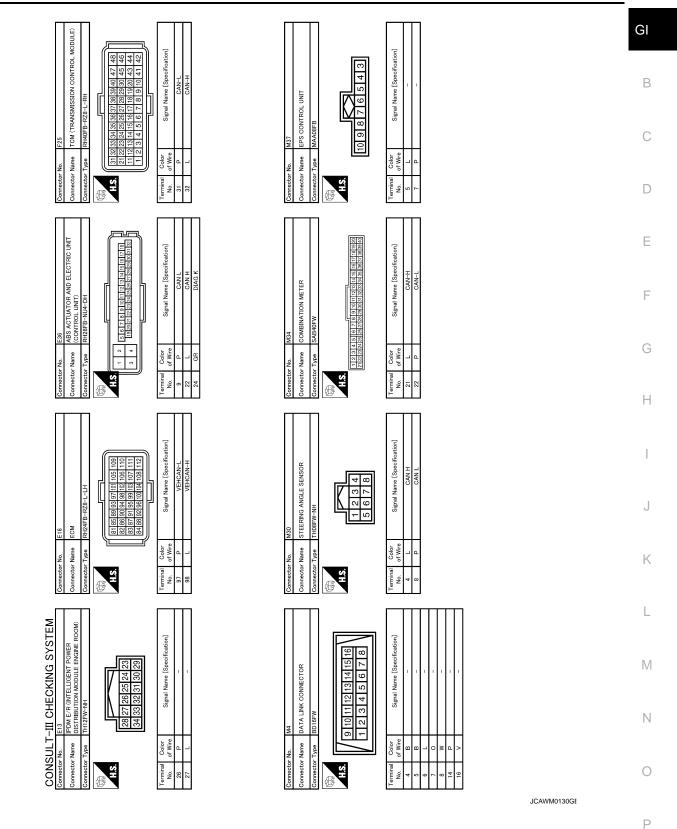


CONSULT-III CHECKING SYSTEM

CONSULT-III/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

< BASIC INSPECTION >

[REGULAR GRADE]

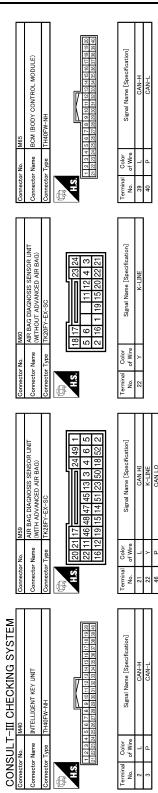


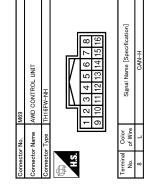
Revision: 2009 October

CONSULT-III/GST CHECKING SYSTEM

< BASIC INSPECTION >

[REGULAR GRADE]





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INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

< BASIC INSPECTION >

[REGULAR GRADE]

INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL

ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN REMOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL : Required Procedure After Battery Disconnection

INFOID:000000005254835

SYSTEM	ITEM	REFERENCE
	Temperature setting trimmer	
	Foot position setting trimmer	
	Inlet port memory function	
Automotio tomporaturo control*	Inlet port memory function (FRE)	
Automatic temperature control*	Inlet port memory function (REC)	
	Gas sensor sensitivity adjustment function	
	Auto intake switch interlocking movement change	
	Clean switch interlocking movement change	
Automatic drive positioner*	Automatic drive positioner system	
Power window control	Power window control system	PWC-5, "ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN RE- MOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL : Description"
Sunroof system	Sunroof system	RF-4. "ADDITIONAL SERVICE WHEN RE- MOVING BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL : Description"
Sunshade system*	Sunshade system	
Rear view monitor*	Rear view monitor possible route line center position adjustment	_
Around view monitor*	Predicted conurse line center position adjustment	
Automatic back door system*	Automatic back door system	
Engine oil level read*	Engine oil level read	

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IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

< VEHICLE INFORMATION >

VEHICLE INFORMATION IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

Model Variation

INFOID:000000005775332

Distination	Body	Engine	Transmission	Axle	Grade	Model
USA	H/B	QR25DE	CVT	2WD AWD (4WD)	Krom	
lodel variation	<u>F</u> <u>DB</u>	Ind suffix desig	<u>P</u> Z <u>S3</u>	5 <u>E</u> <u>U</u> U: Fe V: Ca N: Ca J: Me	l injection system engine	
	DB: C F: Hatch back		P: S grade, S: SL grade and drive odels, N: All wheel drive	*:1	exico Each digit means the op dentification code.	tional JSAIA1195GB

[Krom]

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

< VEHICLE INFORMATION >

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

Dimensions and Weights

Vehicle body		Models		
		4,645 (182.9)		
Overall length	mm (in)	4,685 (184.4) ^{*1}	(
		4,680 (184.3) ^{*2}		
Overall width	mm (in)	1,800 (70.9)	[
		1,658 (65.3)		
Overall height	mm (in)	1,683 (66.3) *3		
Front tread	mm (in)	1,540 (60.6)	ŀ	
Rear tread	mm (in)	1,550 (61.0)		
Wheel base	mm (in)	2,690 (105.9)		
Gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR)	lb (kg)		_ '	
Gross axle weight rating (GAWR)	lb (kg)	See the F.M.V.S.S. or C.M.V.S.S. certification label on the driver's		
Front	lb (kg)	side lock piller.	(
Rear	lb (kg)			

*1: With front license plate bracket (for Krom models)

*2: Without front license plate bracket (for Krom models)

*3: With roof rail

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< PRECAUTION > PRECAUTION TOW TRUCK TOWING

Tow Truck Towing

INFOID:000000005775350

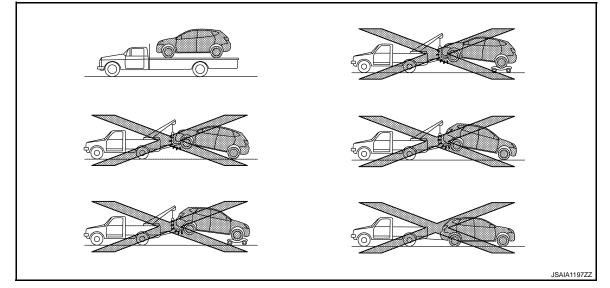
[Krom]

For complete information regarding tow truck towing, see "TOW TRUCK TOWING" section of the 2010 Rogue service manual.

CAUTION:

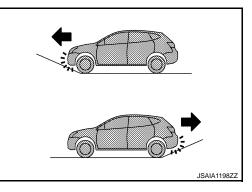
- All applicable state laws and local laws regarding the towing operation must be obeyed.
- It is necessary to use proper towing equipment to avoid possible damage to the vehicle during towing operation. Towing is in accordance with Towing Procedure Manual at dealer.
- Always attach safety chains before towing.
- Only place the vehicle on a flat bed type tow truck. Other towing methods may damage the front bumper or rear bumper and exhaust pipes.

NISSAN recommends that the Krom models be placed on a flat bed truck as illustrated.



CAUTION:

• The approach and departure angles are small. Reduce vehicle speed when the vehicle approaches or leaves a steep hill. Otherwise, the aerodynamic front bumper, rear bumper and exhaust pipes may contact the road surface and be damaged.



Vehicle Recovery (Freeing a Stuck Vehicle)

INFOID:000000005775351

For complete information regarding vehicle recovery, see "Vehicle recovery (Freeing a stuck vehicle)" in the "TOW TRUCK TOWING" section of the 2010 Rogue service manual.

TOW TRUCK TOWING

< PRECAUTION >

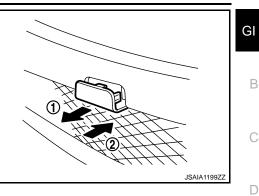
Use the recovery hook by installing it in front of the vehicle. (The rear has no towing points.)

- 1. Pull the hook cover straight out forward (direction 1).
- 2. Insert the hook cover straight in forward (direction 2).

Make sure that the hook is properly secured in the stored place after use.

CAUTION:

- Always pull the cable straight out from the front of the vehicle.
- The tow line should be horizontally even. Do not tow the vehicle at an angle.
- Do not tow the vehicle at an angle in the right or left direction.



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