SECTION HEATER & AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM

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< PRECAUTION > PRECAUTION

PRECAUTIONS	А
Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"	В
The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SR and SB section of this Service Manual.	С
 WARNING: To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer. 	D
 Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SR section. 	F
 Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or har- ness connectors. 	I
PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS	G
 WARNING: When working near the Airbag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Airbag System sensors with the Ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a 	Н
hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing	
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Procedure without Cowl Top Cover

When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc. to prevent damage to the windshield.

Precautions For Refrigerant System Service

GENERAL REFRIGERANT PRECAUTION

WARNING:

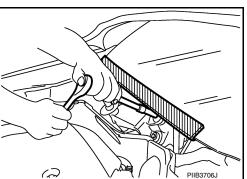
- Do not breathe A/C refrigerant and oil vapor or mist. Exposure may irritate eyes, nose and throat. Remove HFC-134a (R-134a) from the A/C system, using certified service equipment meeting requirements of SAE J-2210 [HFC-134a (R-134a) recycling equipment] or J-2209 [HFC-134a (R-134a) recovery equipment]. Ventilate work area before resuming service if accidental system discharge occurs. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from refrigerant and oil manufacturers.
- Do not release refrigerant into the air. Use approved recovery/recycling recharging equipment to capture the refrigerant each time an air conditioning system is discharged.
- Always wear eye and hand protection (goggles and gloves) when working with any refrigerant or air conditioning system.
- Do not store or heat refrigerant containers above 52°C (126°F).
- Do not heat a refrigerant container with an open flame; Place the bottom of the container in a warm pail of water if container warming is required.
- Do not intentionally drop, puncture or incinerate refrigerant containers.
- Do not refrigerant away from open flames; poisonous gas is produced if refrigerant burns.
- Refrigerant displaces oxygen; therefore be certain to work in well ventilated areas to prevent suffocation.
- Do not pressure test or leak test HFC-134a (R-134a) service equipment and/or vehicle air conditioning systems with compressed air during repair. Some mixtures of air and HFC-134a (R-134a) have been shown to be combustible at elevated pressures. These mixtures, if ignited, may cause injury or property damage. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from refrigerant manufacturers.

WORKING WITH HFC-134a (R-134a)

CAUTION:

- CFC-12 (R-12) refrigerant and HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant are not compatible. Compressor malfunction is likely to occur if the refrigerants are mixed, refer to "CONTAMINATED REFRIGERANT" below. To determine the purity of HFC-134a (R-134a) in the vehicle and recovery tank, use Refrigerant recovery/recycling recharging equipment and Refrigerant Identifier.
- Use only specified oil for the HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C system and HFC-134a (R-134a) components. Compressor malfunction is likely to occur if oil other than that specified is used.
- The specified HFC-134a (R-134a) oil rapidly absorbs moisture from the atmosphere. The following handling precautions must be observed:
- Cap (seal) the component immediately to minimize the entry of moisture from the atmosphere when removing refrigerant components from a vehicle.
- Do not remove the caps (unseal) until just before connecting the components when installing refrigerant components to a vehicle. Connect all refrigerant loop components as quickly as possible to minimize the entry of moisture into system.
- Use only the specified oil from a sealed container. Reseal containers of oil immediately. Oil becomes moisture saturated and should not be used without proper sealing.
- Do not allow oil to come in contact with styrene foam parts. Damage may result.

CONTAMINATED REFRIGERANT



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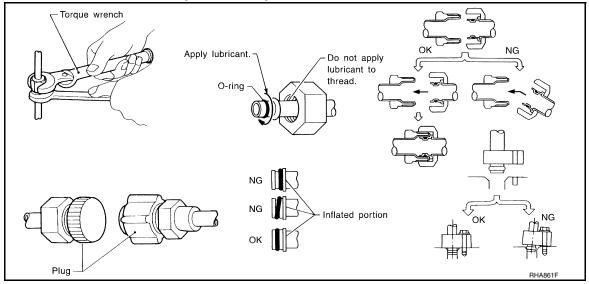
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Take appropriate steps shown below if a refrigerant other than pure HFC-134a (R-134a) is identified in	
 a vehicle: Explain to the customer that environmental regulations prohibit the release of contaminated refrigerant into the atmosphere. 	A
 the atmosphere. Explain that recovery of the contaminated refrigerant could damage service equipment and refrigerant supply. 	В
 Suggest the customer return the vehicle to the location of previous service where the contamination may have occurred. 	
• In case of repairing, recover the refrigerant using only dedicated equipment and containers. Do not recover contaminated refrigerant into the existing service equipment. Contact a local refrigerant prod-	С
 uct retailer for available service if the facility does not have dedicated recovery equipment. This refrigerant must be disposed of in accordance with all federal and local regulations. In addition, replacement of all refrigerant system components on the vehicle is recommended. The air conditioner warranty is void if the vehicle is within the warranty period. Please contact NISSAN Cus- 	D
tomer Affairs for further assistance.	Е
REFRIGERANT CONNECTION	
 A new type of refrigerant connection has been introduced to all refrigerant lines except the following locations: Expansion valve to evaporator Refrigerant pressure sensor to liquid tank 	F
WARNING: Check that all refrigerant is discharged into the recycling equipment and the pressure in the system is	0
less than atmospheric pressure. Then gradually loosen the discharge side hose fitting and remove it. CAUTION:	G
 Observe the following when replacing or cleaning refrigerant components. When the compressor is removed, store it in the same way as it is when mounted on the vehicle. 	Н
Failure to do so will cause oil to enter the low-pressure chamber.	
 Always use a torque wrench and a back-up wrench when connecting tubes. Plug immediately all openings to prevent entry of dust and moisture after disconnecting tubes. Connect the pipes at the final stage of the operation when installing an air conditioner in the vehicle. Do not remove the seal caps of pipes and other components until just before required for connec- 	HA
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< PRECAUTION >

 Perform leak test and make sure that there are no leaks from connections after connecting line. Disconnect that line and replace the O-ring when the refrigerant leaking point is found. Then tighten connections of seal seat to the specified torque.



COMPRESSOR

CAUTION:

- Plug all openings to prevent moisture and foreign matter from entering.
- When the compressor is removed, store it in the same way as it is when mounted on the vehicle.
- Follow "Oil Adjusting Procedure for Compressor Replacement" exactly when replacing or repairing compressor. Refer to <u>HA-26, "Oil Adjusting Procedure for Compressor Replacement"</u>.
- Keep friction surfaces between clutch and pulley clean. Wipe them off by using a clean waste cloth moistened with solvent if the surface is contaminated with oil.
- Turn the compressor shaft by hand more than five turns in both directions after compressor service operation. This distributes oil equally inside the compressor. Let the engine idle and operate the compressor for one hour after the compressor is installed.
- After replacing the compressor magnet clutch, apply voltage to the new one and check for normal operation.

LEAK DETECTION DYE

CAUTION:

- The A/C system contains a fluorescent leak detection dye used for locating refrigerant leaks. An ultraviolet (UV) lamp is required to illuminate the dye when inspecting for leaks.
- Always wear fluorescence enhancing UV safety goggles to protect eyes and enhance the visibility of the fluorescent dye.
- The fluorescent dye leak detector is not a replacement for an electronic leak detector (SST: J-41995). The fluorescent dye leak detector should be used in conjunction with an electronic leak detector (SST: J-41995) to pin-point refrigerant leaks.
- Read and follow all manufacturers operating instructions and precautions prior to performing the work for the purpose of safety and customer's satisfaction.
- A compressor shaft seal should not necessarily be repaired because of dye seepage. The compressor shaft seal should only be repaired after confirming the leak with an electronic leak detector (SST: J-41995).
- Always remove any remaining dye from the leak area after repairs are completed to avoid a misdiagnosis during a future service.
- Do not allow dye to come into contact with painted body panels or interior components. Clean immediately with the approved dye cleaner if dye is spilled. Fluorescent dye left on a surface for an extended period of time cannot be removed.
- Do not spray the fluorescent dye cleaning agent on hot surfaces (engine exhaust manifold, etc.).
- Do not use more than one refrigerant dye bottle [1/4 ounce (7.4 cc)] per A/C system.
- Leak detection dyes for HFC-134a (R-134a) and CFC-12 (R-12) A/C systems are different. Do not use HFC-134a (R-134a) leak detection dye in CFC-12 (R-12) A/C system or CFC-12 (R-12) leak detection dye in HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C system, or A/C system damage may result.
- The fluorescent properties of the dye remains for three or more years unless a compressor malfunction occurs.

< PRECAUTION >

Service Equipment

RECOVERY/RECYCLING RECHARGING EQUIPMENT

Be certain to follow the manufacturer's instructions for machine operation and machine maintenance. Do not introduce any refrigerant other than that specified into the machine.

ELECTRONIC LEAK DETECTOR

Be certain to follow the manufacturer's instructions for detector operation and maintenance.

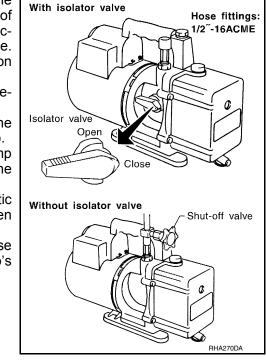
VACUUM PUMP

The oil contained inside the vacuum pump is not compatible with the specified oil for HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C systems. The vent side of the vacuum pump is exposed to atmospheric pressure, so the vacuum pump oil may migrate out of the pump into the service hose. This is possible when the pump is switched OFF after evacuation (vacuuming) with the hose is connected to it.

To prevent this migration, use a manual valve placed near the hoseto-pump connection, as per the following:

- Vacuum pumps usually have a manual isolator valve as part of the pump. Close this valve to isolate the service hose from the pump.
- Use a hose equipped with a manual shut-off valve near the pump end for pumps without an isolator. Close the valve to isolate the hose from the pump.
- Disconnect the hose from the pump if the hose has an automatic shut-off valve. As long as the hose is connected, the valve is open and lubricating oil may migrate.

Some one-way valves open when vacuum is applied and close under no vacuum condition. Such valves may restrict the pump's ability to pull a deep vacuum and are not recommended.



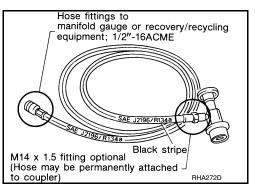
MANIFOLD GAUGE SET

Be certain that the gauge face indicates HFC-134a or R-134a. Be sure the gauge set has 1/2"-16 ACME threaded connections for service hoses. Confirm the set has been used only with refrigerant HFC-134a (R-134a) and specified oils.

II/2"-16ACME

SERVICE HOSES

Be certain that the service hoses display the markings described (colored hose with black stripe). All hoses must be equipped with positive shut-off devices (either manual or automatic) near the end of the hoses opposite to the manifold gauge.



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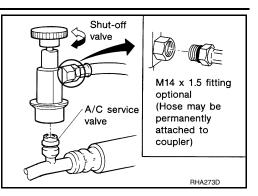
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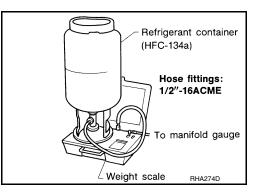
Do not attempt to connect HFC-134a (R-134a) service couplers to a CFC-12 (R-12) A/C system. The HFC-134a (R-134a) couplers do not properly connect to a CFC-12 (R-12) system. However, if an improper connection is attempted, refrigerant discharging and contamination may occur.

Shut-off valve rotation	A/C service valve
Clockwise	Open
Counterclockwise	Close



REFRIGERANT WEIGHT SCALE

Verify that no refrigerant other than HFC-134a (R-134a) and specified oils have been used with the scale. The hose fitting must be 1/ 2"-16 ACME if the scale controls refrigerant flow electronically.



CHARGING CYLINDER

Using a charging cylinder is not recommended. Refrigerant may be vented into the air from cylinder's top valve when filling the cylinder with refrigerant. Also, the accuracy of the cylinder is generally less than that of an electronic scale or of quality recycle/recharge equipment.

PREPARATION

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PREPARATION

Special Service Tool

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The actual shape of the tools may differ from those illustrated here

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Tool number (TechMate No.) Tool name		Description
— (J-41425-NIS) Aluminum tube repair kit		Repairing leaks in A/C tubes
 (J-38873-A) Drive plate installer		Installing pulley
ommercial Service Tool	WJIA0367E	INFOID:000000010197358
TechMate No.) Tool name		Description
J-41810-NI) Refrigerant identifier equipment (R- 134a)	e Pera a	For checking refrigerant purity and system contamination
) Power Tool	RJIA0197E	Loosening nuts, screws and bolts
	PIIB1407E	
— (J-48710) NISSAN ACR2009 RRR Unit	WJIA0293E	Refrigerant recovery, recycling and re- charging

PREPARATION

< PREPARATION >

(TechMate No.) Tool name		Description
— (J-41995) Electronic refrigerant leak detector		Power supply: • DC 12V (battery terminal)
	AHA281A	
(J-43926) Refrigerant dye leak detection kit Kit includes: (J-42220) UV lamp and UV safety goggles (J-41459) Refrigerant dye injector (J-41447) Fluorescent leak detection dye (box of 24, 1/4 ounce bottles) (J-43872) Refrigerant dye cleaner	UV lamp w/shield Refrigerant dye cleaner Prefrigerant dye identification label (24 labels) NOTICE METER WITCH METER METE	Power supply: • DC 12V (battery terminal)
— (J-39183-C) Manifold Gauge Set (with hoses and couplers)	FIA19EE	Identification: • The gauge face indicates R-134a. Fitting size-Thread size • 1/2"-16 ACME
Service Hoses: • High side hose (J-39500-72B) • Low side hose (J-39500-72R) • Utility hose (J-39500-72Y)	S-NT201	 Hose color: Low side hose: Blue with black strip High side hose: Red with black stripe Utility hose: Yellow with black stripe or green with black stripe Hose fitting to gauge: 1/2"-16 ACME
 Service couplers High side coupler (J-39500-20A) Low side coupler (J-39500-24A) 	S-NT202	 Hose fitting to service hose: M14 x 1.5 fitting is optional or permanently attached.

PREPARATION

< PREPARATION >

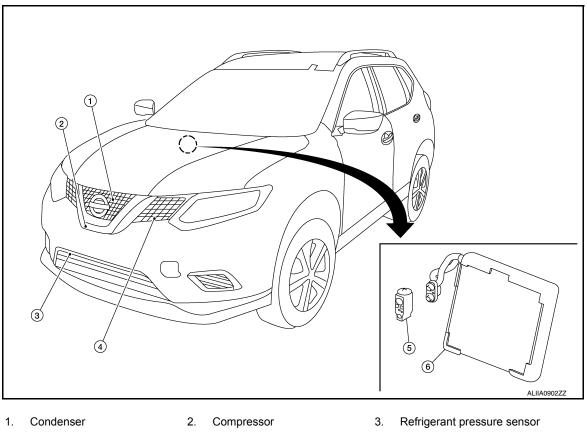
(TechMate No.) Tool name		Description
 (J-39699) Refrigerant Weight Scale	S-NT200	For measuring of refrigerant Fitting size-Thread size • 1/2"-16 ACME
 (J-39649) Vacuum Pump (Including the isolator valve)		Capacity: • Air displacement: 4 CFM • Micron rating: 20 microns • Oil capacity: 482 g (17 oz) Fitting size-Thread size • 1/2"-16 ACME
 (J-46534) Trim Tool Set		Removing trim components
	AWJIA0483ZZ	
ealant and/or Oil	AWJIA0483ZZ	INFOID:00000001019735
Tool number (TechMate No.)	AWJIA0483ZZ	INFOID:00000001019735
Tool number (TechMate No.) Tool name — (—)	AWJIA0483ZZ	
Tool number (TechMate No.) Tool name 	AWJIA0483ZZ	Description Container color: Light blue Container marking: HFC-134a (R- 134a) Fitting size: Thread size
ealant and/or Oil Tool number (TechMate No.) Tool name () HFC-134a (R-134a) Refrigerant () ND-OIL 8		Description Container color: Light blue Container marking: HFC-134a (R-134a) Fitting size: Thread size • large container 1/2"-16 ACME Type: Nippon Denso Oil 8 (ND-OIL 8)

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION COMPONENT PARTS

Component Parts Location

INFOID:000000010197360



- 4. Liquid tank
- 5. Expansion valve
- 6. Evaporator

Component Description

INFOID:000000010197361

Component	Description	
Compressor	Intakes, compresses and discharges refrigerant to circulate refrigerant inside the refrigerant system.	
Condenser	Cools refrigerant discharged from compressor and transforms it to liquid refrigerant.	
Liquid tank	Eliminates foreign matter in refrigerant and stores temporarily liquid refrigerant.	
Refrigerant pressure sensor	Refer to EC-482. "Component Function Check".	
Expansion valve	Transforms high-pressure liquid refrigerant to mist form low-pressure liquid refrigerant.	
Evaporator	The mist form liquid refrigerant transforms to gas by evaporation by the air conveyed from blower motor. The air is cooled by the heat by evaporation.	

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

SYSTEM

System Diagram

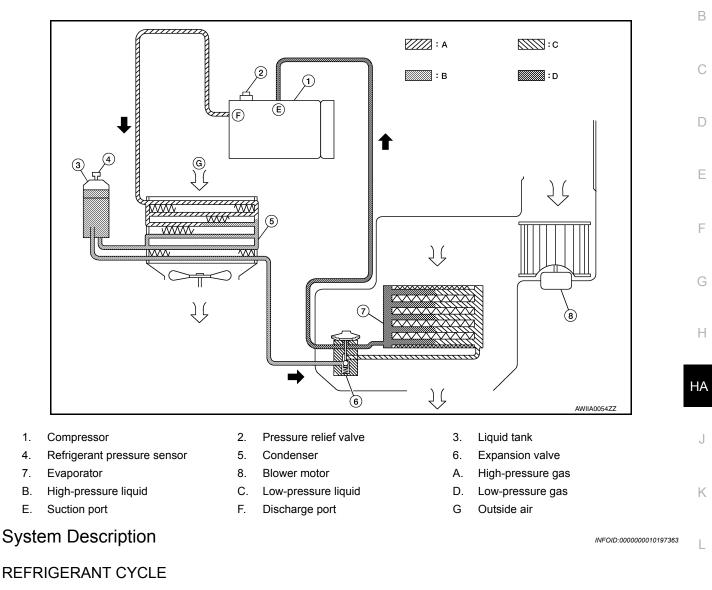
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Refrigerant Flow

The refrigerant from the compressor flows through the condenser and liquid tank, evaporator, and returns to the compressor. The refrigerant evaporation in the evaporator is controlled by an expansion valve.

Freeze Protection

To prevent evaporator from freezing up, the evaporator air temperature is monitored and the voltage signal to the A/C auto amp. makes the A/C relay go OFF and stop the compressor.

REFRIGERANT SYSTEM PROTECTION

Refrigerant Pressure Sensor

- The refrigerant system is protected against excessively high or low pressures by the refrigerant pressure sensor, located on the liquid tank. The refrigerant pressure sensor detects the pressure inside the refrigerant line and sends the voltage signal to the ECM if the system pressure rises above or falls below the specifications.
- ECM turns the A/C relay to OFF and stops the compressor when the high-pressure side detected by refrigerant pressure sensor to have the following conditions:
- Approximately 3,120 kPa (31.8 kg/cm², 452 psi) or more (Engine speed is 1,500 rpm or more.)
- Approximately 2,740 kPa (27.9 kg/cm², 397 psi) or more (Engine speed is less than 1,500 rpm.)

HA-13

< SYSTEM DESCRIPTION >

- Approximately 120 kPa (1.2 kg/cm², 17 psi) or less

Pressure Relief Valve

The refrigerant system is also protected by a pressure relief valve, located in the rear head of the compressor. The release port on the pressure relief valve automatically opens and releases refrigerant into the atmosphere when the pressure of refrigerant in the system increases to an unusual level [more than 3,800 kPa (38.8 kg/ cm², 551 psi)].

< BASIC INSPECTION >

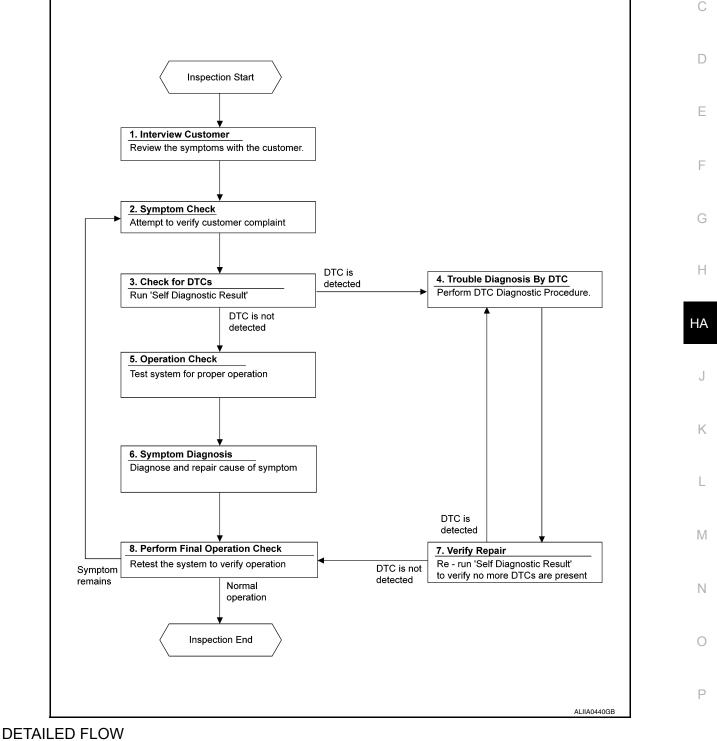
BASIC INSPECTION DIAGNOSIS AND REPAIR WORKFLOW

Workflow

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1.INTERVIEW CUSTOMER

Interview the customer to obtain as much information as possible about the conditions and environment under which the malfunction occurred.

< BASIC INSPECTION >

>> GO TO 2.

2.SYMPTOM CHECK

Verify symptoms.

>> GO TO 3.

3.CHECK FOR DTCS

()With CONSULT

- Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "Self Diagnostic Result" mode of "HVAC" using CONSULT.
- 3. Check DTC.

Is any DTC detected?

YES >> GO TO 4.

NO >> GO TO 5.

4.PERFORM DTC DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

Perform the diagnostic procedure for the detected DTC. Refer to <u>HAC-32</u>, "<u>DTC Inspection Priority Chart</u>" (automatic A/C) or <u>HAC-134</u>, "<u>DTC Inspection Priority Chart</u>" (manual A/C).

>> GO TO 7.

5. OPERATION CHECK

Perform the operation check. Refer to <u>HAC-48, "Work Procedure"</u> (automatic A/C) or <u>HAC-148, "Work Proce-dure"</u> (manual A/C).

>> GO TO 6.

6.SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS

Check the symptom diagnosis table. Refer to <u>HAC-96</u>, "<u>Diagnosis Chart By Symptom</u>" (automatic A/C) or <u>HAC-174</u>, "<u>Symptom Table</u>" (manual A/C).

>> GO TO 8.

7.VERIFY REPAIR.

With CONSULT

- T. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "Self Diagnostic Result" mode of "HVAC" using CONSULT.
- 3. Check DTC.

Is any DTC detected?

YES >> GO TO 4.

NO >> GO TO 8.

8. PERFORM FINAL OPERATION CHECK

Perform the operation check. Refer to <u>HAC-48, "Work Procedure"</u> (automatic A/C) or <u>HAC-148, "Work Proce-</u> <u>dure"</u> (manual A/C).

Does it operate normally?

YES >> Inspection End. NO >> GO TO 2.

0 22 00 10 2.

SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS REFRIGERATION SYSTEM SYMPTOMS

Trouble Diagnosis For Unusual Pressure

Diagnose using a manifold gauge whenever system's high and/or low side pressure(s) is/are unusual. The marker above the gauge scale in the following tables indicates the standard (usual) pressure range. Refer to above table (Ambient air temperature-to-operating pressure table) since the standard (usual) pressure, however, differs from vehicle to vehicle.

Symptom Table

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Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
	The pressure returns to nor- mal is reduced soon after wa- ter is splashed on condenser.	Excessive refrigerant charge in refrigeration cycle.	Reduce refrigerant until speci- fied pressure is obtained.
	Air suction by cooling fan is in- sufficient.	 Insufficient condenser cooling performance. ↓ 1. Condenser fins are clogged. 2. Improper fan rotation of cooling fan. 	 Clean condenser. Check and repair cooling fan if necessary.
Both high- and low-pressure sides are too high.	 Low-pressure pipe is not cold. When compressor is stopped high-pressure reading quickly drops by approximately 196 kPa (1.96 bar, 2 kg/cm², 28 psi). It then decreases gradually thereafter. 	Poor heat exchange in con- denser (After compressor operation stops, high-pressure decreas- es too slowly). ↓ Air in refrigeration cycle.	Evacuate repeatedly and re- charge system.
	Engine tends to overheat.	Engine cooling systems mal- function.	Check and repair each engine cooling system.
	 An area of the low-pressure pipe is colder than areas near the evaporator outlet. Low-pressure pipe is some- times covered with frost. 	 Excessive liquid refrigerant on low-pressure side. Excessive refrigerant dis- charge flow. Expansion valve is open a lit- tle compared with the speci- fication. ↓ Improper expansion valve ad- justment. 	Replace expansion valve.
High-pressure side is too high and low-pressure side is too low.	Upper side of condenser and high-pressure side are hot, however, liquid tank is not so hot.	High-pressure tube or parts lo- cated between compressor and condenser are clogged or crushed.	 Check and repair or replace malfunctioning parts. Check lubricant for contami- nation.

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REFRIGERATION SYSTEM SYMPTOMS

< SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS >

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
High-pressure side is too low and low-pressure side is too high.	High- and low-pressure sides become equal soon after compressor operation stops.	Compressor pressure opera- tion is improper. ↓ Damaged inside compressor packings.	Replace compressor.
	No temperature difference be- tween high- and low-pressure sides.	Compressor pressure opera- tion is improper. ↓ Damaged inside compressor packings.	Replace compressor.
	 There is a big temperature difference between liquid tank outlet and inlet. Outlet temperature is extremely low. Liquid tank inlet and expansion valve are frosted. 	Liquid tank inside is slightly clogged.	 Replace liquid tank. Check lubricant for contamination.
	 Expansion valve inlet temperature is extremely low as compared with areas near liquid tank. Expansion valve inlet is frosted. Temperature difference occurs somewhere in highpressure side. 	High-pressure pipe located be- tween liquid tank and expan- sion valve is clogged.	 Check and repair malfunc- tioning parts. Check lubricant for contami- nation.
Both high- and low-pressure sides are too low.	Expansion valve and liquid tank are warm or slightly cool when touched.	Low refrigerant charge. ↓ Leaking fittings or components.	Check refrigerant for leaks. Re- fer to <u>HA-21, "Leak Test"</u> .
	There is a big temperature dif- ference between expansion valve inlet and outlet while the valve itself is frosted.	 Expansion valve closes a little compared with the specification. ↓ 1. Improper expansion valve adjustment. 2. Malfunctioning expansion valve. 3. Outlet and inlet may be clogged. 	 Remove foreign particles by using compressed air. Replace expansion valve. Check lubricant for contami- nation.
	An area of the low-pressure pipe is colder than areas near the evaporator outlet.	Low-pressure pipe is clogged or crushed.	 Check and repair malfunc- tioning parts. Check lubricant for contami- nation.
	Air flow volume is not enough or is too low.	Evaporator is frozen.	 Check intake sensor circuit. Refer to <u>HAC-179</u>, "Diagno- <u>sis Procedure"</u>. Replace compressor. Repair evaporator fins. Replace evaporator. Check blower motor circuit. Refer to <u>HAC-179</u>, "Diagno- <u>sis Procedure"</u>.

REFRIGERATION SYSTEM SYMPTOMS

< SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS >

Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
 Air conditioning system does not function and does not cyclically cool the com- partment air. The system constantly functions for a period of time after compressor is stopped and restarted. 	Refrigerant does not discharge cyclically. ↓ Moisture is frozen at expansion valve outlet and inlet. ↓ Water is mixed with refrigerant.	 Drain water from refrigerant or replace refrigerant. Replace liquid tank.
		 Leave the system at rest until no frost is present. Start it again to check whether or not the mal- function is caused by water or foreign particles. Cooling is initially okay if wa- ter is the cause. Then the wa-
Liquid tank or front/rear side of expansion valve's pipe is frosted or wet with dew.	High-pressure side is closed and refrigerant does not flow. ↓ Expansion valve or liquid tank is frosted.	ter freezes causing a blockage. Drain water from refrigerant or replace refriger- ant. • Remove expansion valve and
		remove the particles with dry and compressed air (not shop air) if due to foreign particles.Replace expansion valve if
		 either of the above methods cannot correct the malfunc- tion. Replace liquid tank. Check lubricant for contami-
	 Air conditioning system does not function and does not cyclically cool the com- partment air. The system constantly functions for a period of time after compressor is stopped and restarted. 	 Air conditioning system does not function and does not cyclically cool the compartment air. The system constantly functions for a period of time after compressor is stopped and restarted. Liquid tank or front/rear side of expansion valve's pipe is frosted or wet with dew. Refrigerant does not discharge cyclically. ↓ Moisture is frozen at expansion valve outlet and inlet. ↓ Water is mixed with refrigerant.

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COMPRESSOR SYSTEM SYMPTOMS

< SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS >

COMPRESSOR SYSTEM SYMPTOMS

Symptom Table

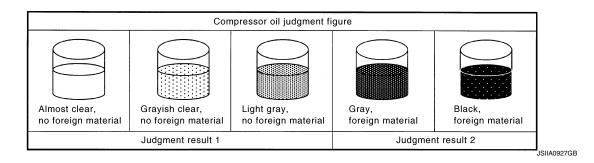
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Follow the next table and perform trouble diagnosis if there is a compressor unit malfunction (internal noise, insufficient cooling).

Symptom	Inspection method	Check list	Result	Action
Noise from compressor unit	Cooker system in-	Check with manifold dalide		Recharge with proper amount of refrigerant.
When A/C is ON. (rattling or rolling sound)	ternal pressure		High/low-pressures hunt. ^{*2}	Replace compressor only.
	Check compressor oil condition.	Sample compressor oil and judge.		
	Compressor body	Check rotation of compressor.If sized or stuck, sample compressor oil and judge.Refer to the criteria		Judgment result 1: Re- place compressor only.
Insufficient cooling ^{*1}	Cooler system inter- nal pressure	Check with a manifold gauge. Sample compressor oil and judge if the difference between high-pressure and low-pres- sure is small or if they are al- most the same.	shown in compressor lubricant.	Judgment result 2: Re- place compressor and liquid tank.
Outlet air temperature rises temporarily while driving. ^{*2}	_	_	_	Replace compressor only.

*1: First conduct inspection according to trouble diagnosis for each malfunction.

*2: Applicable to variable capacity compressor only.



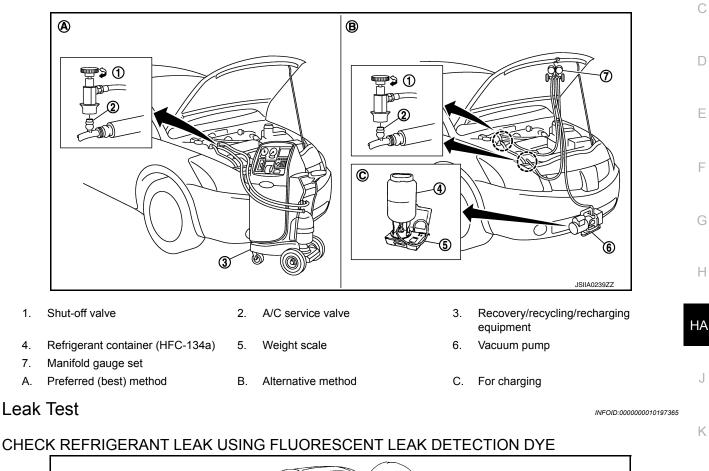
Revision: November 2013

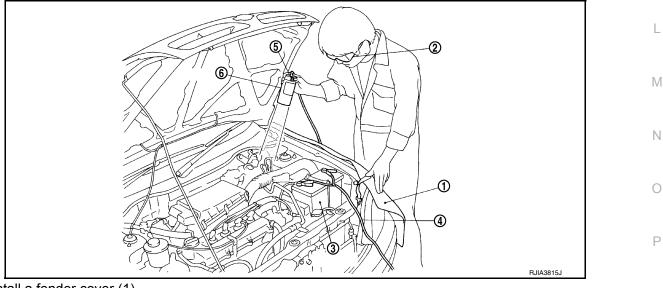
< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE REFRIGERANT

Description

CONNECTION OF SERVICE TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT





- 1. Install a fender cover (1).
- 2. Wear UV safety goggles (2) provided with refrigerant dye leak detection kit.
- 3. Connect power cable (4) of UV lamp (6) to positive and negative terminals of the battery (3).

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

4. Press UV lamp switch (5) and check A/C system for refrigerant leak. (Where refrigerant leak occurs, fluorescent leak detection dye appears in green color.)

WARNING:

Do not look directly into UV lamp light source. NOTE:

- For continuous operating time of UV lamp, follow the manufacturer operating instructions.
- Illuminate piping joints from different angles using UV lamp and check that there is no leak.
- Use a mirror in area that is difficult to see to check for refrigerant leak.
- Refrigerant leak from evaporator can be detected by soaking cotton swab or a similar material with drain hose water and illuminating it using UV lamp.
- Dust, dirt, and packing materials adhesive used for condenser, evaporator, and other locations may fluoresce. Be careful not to misidentify leak.
- 5. Repair or replace parts where refrigerant leak occurs and wipe off fluorescent leak detection dye. **NOTE:**

Completely wipe off fluorescent leak detection dye from gaps between parts, screw threads, and others using a cotton swab or similar materials.

6. Use a UV lamp to check that no fluorescent leak detection dye remains after finishing work.

WARNING:

Do not look directly into UV lamp light source. NOTE:

- For continuous operating time of UV lamp, follow the manufacturer operating instructions.
- Dust, dirt, and packing materials adhesive used for condenser, evaporator, and other locations may fluoresce. Be careful not to misidentify leak.

CHECK REFRIGERANT LEAK USING ELECTRONIC LEAK DETECTOR

WARNING:

Do not check for refrigerant leak while the engine is running. CAUTION:

Be careful of the following items so that inaccurate checks or misidentifications are avoided.

- Do not allow refrigerant vapor, shop chemical vapors, cigarette smoke or others around the vehicle.
 Always check for refrigerant leak in a low air flow environment so that refrigerant may not disperse
- when leak occurs.
- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Connect recovery/recycling/recharging equipment or manifold gauge set to A/C service valve.
- Check that A/C refrigerant pressure is 345 kPa (3.52 kg/cm², 50 psi) or more when temperature is 16°C (61°F) or more. When pressure is lower than the specified value, recycle refrigerant completely and fill refrigerant to the specified level.

NOTE:

Leaks may not be detected if A/C refrigerant pressure is 345 kPa (3.52 kg/cm², 50 psi) or less when temperature is less than 16°C (61°F).

- Clean area where refrigerant leak check is performed and check for refrigerant leak along all surfaces of pipe connections and A/C system components using electronic leak detector probe. CAUTION:
 - Continue checking when a leak is found. Always continue and complete checking along all pipe connections and A/C system components for additional leak.
 - When a leak is detected, clean leak area using compressed air and check again.
 - When checking leak of cooling unit inside, always clean inside of drain hose so that the probe surface may not be exposed to water or dirt.

NOTE:

- Always check leak starting from high-pressure side and continue to low-pressure side.
- When checking for leaks of cooling unit inside, operate blower fan motor for 15 minutes or more at the maximum fan speed while the engine is stopped, and then insert electrical leak detector probe into drain hose and hold for 10 minutes or more.
- When disconnecting shut-off valve that is connected to A/C service valve, always evacuate remaining refrigerant so that misidentification can be avoided.
- 5. Repair or replace parts where refrigerant leak is detected.
- 6. Start the engine and set A/C control in the following conditions.
 - A/C switch ON

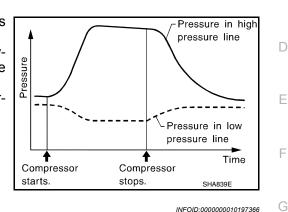
< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

- Air flow: VENT (ventilation)
- · Intake door position: Recirculation
- Temperature setting: Full cold
- · Fan (blower) speed: Maximum speed set
- 7. Run the engine at approximately 1,500 rpm for 2 minutes or more.
- 8. Stop the engine. Check again for refrigerant leak. Go to step 4.

WARNING:

Be careful not to get burned when the engine is hot. NOTE:

- Start refrigerant leak check immediately after the engine is stopped.
- When refrigerant circulation is stopped, pressure on the lowpressure side rises gradually, and after this, pressure on the high-pressure side falls gradually.
- The higher the pressure is, the easier it is to find the refrigerant leak.



Recycle Refrigerant

WARNING:

- Always use HFC-134a for A/C refrigerant. If CFC-12 is accidentally charged, compressor is damaged H due to insufficient lubrication.
- Always observe and follow precautions described on refrigerant container. Incorrect handling may result in an explosion of refrigerant container, frostbite or the loss of eyesight.
- Do not breathe A/C refrigerant and oil vapor or mist. Exposure may irritate eyes, nose, or throat.
- Do not allow HFC-134a to be exposed to an open flame or others because it generates poisonous
 gas when in contact with high temperature objects. Keep workshop well ventilated.
- Perform oil return operation. Refer to <u>HA-25, "Perform Oil Return Operation"</u>. (If refrigerant or oil leak is detected in a large amount, omit this step, and go to step 2.) CAUTION:

Do not perform oil return operation if a large amount of refrigerant or oil leak is detected.

 Check gauge pressure readings of recovery/recycling/recharging equipment. When remaining pressure exists, recycle refrigerant from high-pressure hose and low-pressure hose.
 NOTE:

Follow manufacturer instructions for the handling or maintenance of the equipment. Do not fill the equipment with non-specified refrigerant.

- 3. Remove A/C service valve cap from the vehicle.
- 4. Connect recovery/recycling/recharging equipment to A/C service valve.
- 5. Operate recovery/recycling/recharging equipment, and recycle refrigerant from the vehicle.
- 6. Evacuate air for 10 minutes or more to remove any remaining refrigerant integrated to compressor oil, etc.
- 7. Refrigerant recycle operation is complete.

Charge Refrigerant

WARNING:

- Always use HFC-134a for A/C refrigerant. If CFC-12 is accidentally charged, compressor is damaged due to insufficient lubrication.
- Always observe and follow precautions described on refrigerant container. Incorrect handling may
 result in an explosion of refrigerant container, frostbite, or the loss of eyesight.
- Do not breathe A/C refrigerant and oil vapor or mist. Exposure my irritate eyes, nose, or throat.
- Do not allow HFC-134a to be exposed to an open flame or others because it generates poisonous gas when in contact with high temperature objects. Keep workshop well ventilated.
- 1. Connect recovery/recycling/recharging equipment to the A/C service valve.

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< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

2. Operate recovery/recycling/recharging equipment, and evacuate air from A/C system for 25 minutes or more.

CAUTION:

Evacuate air for 15 minutes or more if the parts are replaced.

 Check the airtightness of A/C system for 25 minutes or more. If pressure raises more than the specified level, charge A/C system with approximately 200g refrigerant and check that there is no refrigerant leak. Refer to <u>HA-21. "Leak Test"</u>. CAUTION:

Check the airtightness for 15 minutes or more if the parts are replaced.

- 4. If parts other than compressor are replaced, fill compressor oil according to parts that are replaced.
- 5. Charge the specified amount of refrigerant to A/C system.
- 6. Check that A/C system operates normally.
- 7. Disconnect recovery/recycling/recharging equipment. (Collect the refrigerant from the high-pressure hose and low-pressure hose of recovery/recycling/recharging equipment.)
- 8. Install A/C service valve cap.
- 9. Refrigerant charge is complete.

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

OIL

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Descrip	tion					INFOID:000000010197368	1
	NANCE OF OIL LE		em together wit	h the refrigerant	. It is necessarv t	to fill compressor	В
with oil w to always • Insuffici	hen replacing A/C sys maintain oil level wit ent oil amount: Stuck ive oil amount: Insuffi	vstem parts or thin the specif k compressor	when a large an ied level or othe	nount of refrigera rwise the following	ant leak is detecten ng conditions ma	ed. It is important	С
0	il Type: ND-OIL	L8					D
Inspect	ion					INFOID:000000010197369	
	ressor is malfunctioni RESSOR OIL JUDG	• •	ioise, insufficient	cooling), check	the compressor of	oil.	E
	ove the compressor. I ble compressor oil an						F
		Com	pressor oil judgment fi	gure			G
							Н
		rayish clear, o foreign material	Light gray, no foreign material	Gray, foreign material	Black, foreign material		HA
	Ju	udgment result 1		Judgmei	nt result 2	JSIIA0927GB	
Judgem	ent result 1>>Replace ent result 2>>Replace	ce compressor ce compressor				JSIIA0927GB	J
Judgem	ent result 1>>Replace	ce compressor ce compressor				JSIIA0927GB /////Diacococococococococococococococococococo	
Judgem Perform CAUTION If a large	ent result 1>>Replace ent result 2>>Replace o Oil Return Ope or amount of refrigera	ce compressor ce compressor eration ant or oil leak	and condenser	(includes liquid	tank).	INFOID:000000010197370	J
Judgem Perform CAUTION If a large 1. Start • Eng • A/C	ent result 1>>Replace ent result 2>>Replace of Oil Return Ope v: amount of refrigera the engine and set to gine speed: Idling to 2 switch: ON	ce compressor ce compressor eration ant or oil leak o the following 1,200 rpm	and condenser is detected, d conditions:	(includes liquid	tank).	INFOID:000000010197370	J K L
Judgem Perform CAUTION If a large 1. Start • Eng • A/C • Far • Inta	ent result 1>>Replace ent result 2>>Replace of Oil Return Ope the engine and set to gine speed: Idling to 2	ce compressor ce compressor eration ant or oil leak o the following 1,200 rpm aximum speed circulation	and condenser is detected, d conditions:	(includes liquid	tank).	INFOID:000000010197370	J
Judgem Perform CAUTION If a large 1. Start • Eng • A/C • Far • Inta • Ter 2. Perfo	ent result 1>>Replace ent result 2>>Replace of Oil Return Ope N: amount of refrigera the engine and set to gine speed: Idling to 7 Switch: ON of (blower) speed: Max ake door position: Rec operature setting: Full orm oil return operatio	ce compressor ce compressor eration ant or oil leak o the following 1,200 rpm aximum speed ccirculation ill cold	and condenser is detected, d conditions: set	(includes liquid	tank).	INFOID:000000010197370	J K L
Judgem Perform CAUTION If a large 1. Start • Eng • A/C • Far • Inta • Ter 2. Perfo 3. Stop	ent result 1>>Replace ent result 2>>Replace n Oil Return Ope amount of refrigera the engine and set to gine speed: Idling to switch: ON n (blower) speed: Max ake door position: Ree nperature setting: Ful	ce compressor ce compressor eration ant or oil leak o the following 1,200 rpm eximum speed ecirculation ill cold on for approxim	and condenser is detected, d conditions: set	(includes liquid	tank).	INFOID:000000010197370	J K L
Judgem Perform CAUTION If a large 1. Start • Eng • A/C • Far • Inta • Ter 2. Perfo 3. Stop 4. Oil re	ent result 1>>Replace ent result 2>>Replace of Oil Return Ope amount of refrigera the engine and set to gine speed: Idling to 2 Switch: ON of (blower) speed: Max ake door position: Rec nperature setting: Fullor orm oil return operation the engine.	ce compressor ce compressor eration ant or oil leak o the following 1,200 rpm aximum speed circulation and for approximum on for approximum	and condenser is detected, de conditions: set mately 10 minute	(includes liquid o not perform o	tank). il return operatio	INFOID:000000010197370	J K L
Judgem Perform CAUTION If a large 1. Start • Eng • A/C • Far • Inta • Ter 2. Perfo 3. Stop 4. Oil re Oil Adju	ent result 1>>Replace ent result 2>>Replace of Oil Return Ope N: amount of refrigera the engine and set to gine speed: Idling to 7 Switch: ON of (blower) speed: Max ake door position: Red nperature setting: Ful orm oil return operatio the engine. eturn operation is com	ce compressor ce compressor eration ant or oil leak o the following 1,200 rpm aximum speed ecirculation ill cold on for approximum plete. e for Composition t is calculated	and condenser is detected, d conditions: set mately 10 minute onents Repla according to the	(includes liquid o not perform o es. acement Exce a following condit	tank). il return operationestications.	INFOID:000000010197370 on. SOC	J K L N

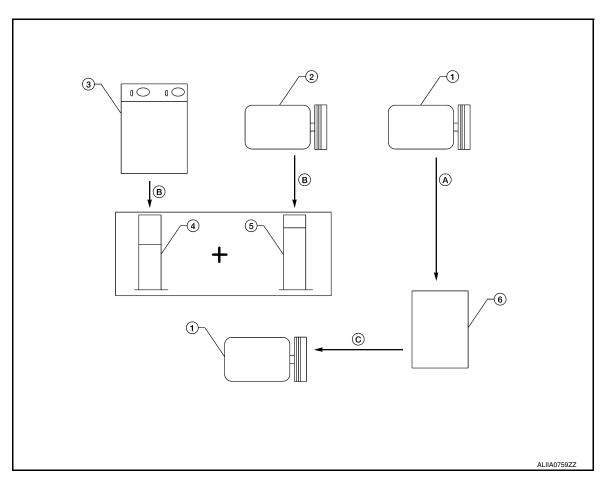
Conditions	Oil amount to be added to A/C system m ℓ (US fl oz, Imp fl oz)
Replace evaporator	75 (2.5, 2.6)
Replace condenser (includes liquid tank)	80 (2.7, 2.8)

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

Conditions		Oil amount to be added to A/C system m ℓ (US fl oz, Imp fl oz)
Refrigerant leak is detected	Large amount leak	30 (1.0, 1.1)
Reingerant leak is delected	Small amount leak	—
Oil amount that is recycled together with refrigerant during recycle operation		α

Oil Adjusting Procedure for Compressor Replacement

INFOID:000000010197372



- 1. New compressor
- 2. Old compressor
- 4. Measuring cup X

into clean container

Drain oil from the new compressor

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- 5. Measuring cup Y
- 3. Recovery/recycling equipment
- 6. New oil
- C. Install new oil equal to recorded amounts in measuring cups X and Y
- 1. Before connecting recovery/recycling equipment to vehicle, check recovery/recycling equipment gauges. No refrigerant pressure should be displayed. If NG, recover refrigerant from equipment lines.

Record amount of oil recovered

- Connect recovery/recycling equipment to vehicle. Confirm refrigerant purity in supply tank using recovery/ recycling equipment and refrigerant identifier. If NG, refer to <u>HA-4</u>, "<u>Precautions For Refrigerant System</u> <u>Service</u>".
- 3. Confirm refrigerant purity in vehicle A/C system using recovery/recycling equipment and refrigerant identifier. If NG, refer to <u>HA-4</u>, "Precautions For Refrigerant System Service".
- 4. Discharge refrigerant into the refrigerant recovery/recycling equipment. Measure oil discharged into the recovery/recycling equipment.
- 5. Drain the oil from the "old" (removed) compressor into a graduated container and recover the amount of oil drained.
- 6. Drain the oil from the "new" compressor into a separate, clean container.

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7. Measure an amount of new oil installed equal to amount drained from "old" compressor. Add this oil to "new" compressor through the suction port opening.



OIL

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

8. Measure an amount of new oil equal to the amount recovered during discharging. Add this oil to "new" compressor through the suction port opening.

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PERFORMANCE TEST

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PERFORMANCE TEST

Inspection

INFOID:000000010197373

INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- 1. Connect recovery/recycling/recharging equipment (for HFC-134a) or manifold gauge.
- 2. Start the engine, and set to the following condition.

Test condition		
Surrounding condition		Indoors or in the shade (in a well-ventilated place)
	Door	Closed
Vehicle condition	Door glass	Full open
H	Hood	Open
	Engine speed	Idle speed
	Temperature control switch or dial	Full cold
	A/C switch	ON
A/C condition	Air outlet	VENT (ventilation)
	Intake door position	Recirculation
	Fan (blower) speed	Maximum speed set

- 3. Maintain test condition until A/C system becomes stable. (Approximately 10 minutes)
- 4. Check that test results of "recirculating-to-discharge air temperature" and "ambient air temperature-tooperating pressure" are within the specified value.
- When test results are within the specified value, inspection is complete. If any of test result is out of the specified value, perform diagnosis by gauge pressure. Refer to <u>HA-17</u>, <u>"Symptom Table"</u>.

RECIRCULATING-TO-DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE TABLE

Inside air (Recirculating ai	r) at blower assembly inlet	Discharge air temperature from center ventilator °C (°F)	
Relative humidity %	Air temperature °C (°F)		
	20 (68)	4.7 - 6.7 (40 - 44)	
50 60	25 (77)	8.6 - 11.1 (47 - 52)	
50 – 60	30 (86)	12.6 - 15.6 (55 - 60)	
	35 (95)	19.0 – 22.5 (66 – 73)	
	20 (68)	6.7 - 8.7 (44 - 48)	
60 – 70	25 (77)	11.1 – 13.6 (52 – 56)	
00 - 70	30 (86)	15.6 – 18.6 (60 – 65)	
	35 (95)	22.5 - 26.0 (73 - 79)	

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE-TO-OPERATING PRESSURE TABLE

PERFORMANCE TEST

< PERIODIC MAINTENANCE >

Fres	h air	High-pressure (Discharge side)	
Relative humidity %	Air temperature °C (°F)	kPa (kg/cm ² , psi)	kPa (kg/cm ² , psi)
	25 (77)	909 – 1,112 (9.2 – 11.3, 131.8 – 161.2)	159 – 194 (1.6 – 2.0, 23.1 – 28.1)
50 – 70	30 (86)	1,073 1,312 (10.9 13.4, 155.6 190.2)	211 – 259 (2.2 – 2.6, 30.6 – 37.6)
50 - 70	35 (95)	1,445 – 1,766 (14.7 – 18.0, 209.5 – 256.1)	247 – 300 (2.5 – 3.1, 35.8 – 43.5)
-	40 (104)	1,650 – 2,017 (16.8 – 20.6, 239.3 – 292.5)	290 – 355 (3.0 – 3.6, 42.1 – 51.5)

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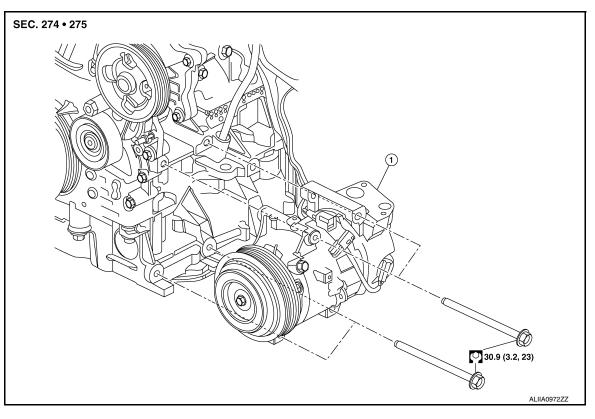
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< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION > REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION COMPRESSOR

Exploded View

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1. Compressor

Removal and Installation

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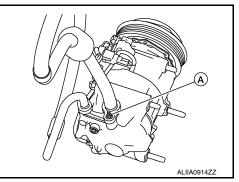
REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to <u>HA-23, "Recycle Refrigerant"</u>.
- 2. Remove the engine under cover. Refer to EXT-37, "ENGINE UNDER COVER : Removal and Installation".
- 3. Release the drive belt from the compressor. Refer to <u>EM-13</u>, "<u>Removal and Installation</u>". **NOTE**:

Complete removal of the drive belt is not necessary.

- 4. Partially remove the front fender protector (RH). Refer to <u>EXT-28</u>, "FENDER PROTECTOR : Removal and <u>Installation"</u>.
- Remove the nut (A) that retains the low-pressure flexible hose to the compressor.
 CAUTION:

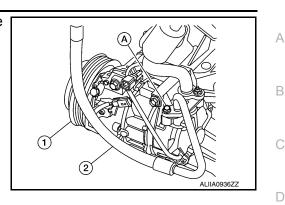
Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.



COMPRESSOR

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Remove the bolt (A) that retains the high-pressure flexible hose (2) to the compressor (1).



- 7. Disconnect the harness connectors from the compressor.
- 8. Remove bolts and compressor.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. **CAUTION:**

- Tighten nut/bolt to specification. Refer to HA-32, "Exploded View".
- Do not reuse O-rings.
- Apply A/C oil to new O-rings for installation.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to <u>HA-21, "Leak Test"</u>.
- After installation, check the tension of the drive belt. Refer to EM-13, "Checking".

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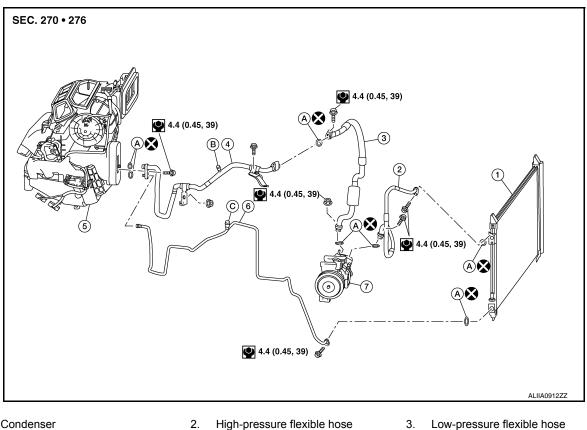
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< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

COOLER PIPE AND HOSE

Exploded View

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Heating and cooling unit assembly

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High-pressure pipe

Low-pressure service port

- Condenser 1.
- 4. Low-pressure pipe
- 7. Compressor
- C. High-pressure service port

LOW-PRESSURE PIPE

LOW-PRESSURE PIPE : Removal and Installation

5.

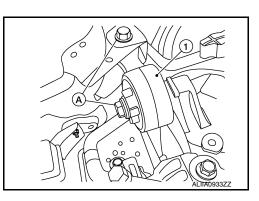
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O-ring

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REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to HA-23, "Recycle Refrigerant".
- Remove bolts (A) and engine upper mount (1). 2.



< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Remove the bolt (A) that retains the low-pressure flexible hose to the low-pressure pipe.
 CAUTION:

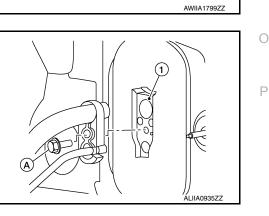
Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

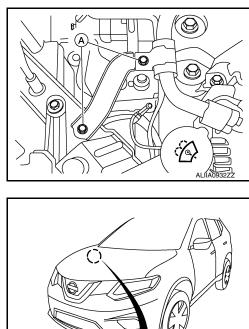
4. Remove low-pressure pipe bracket bolts (A) and bracket.

- 5. Release high-pressure pipe (2) from clamp (A).
- 6. Remove nut (B) and low-pressure pipe (1).

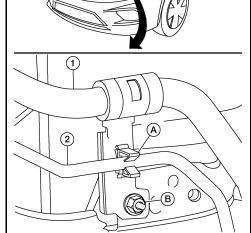
7. Remove the bolt (A) that retains the low-pressure and high-pressure pipe to the expansion valve (1).

HA-33





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< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

8. Remove low-pressure pipe.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

- Tighten bolts to specified torque. Refer to HA-32, "Exploded View".
- Do not reuse O-rings.
- Apply A/C oil to new O-rings for installation.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to HA-21, "Leak Test".
- LOW-PRESSURE FLEXIBLE HOSE

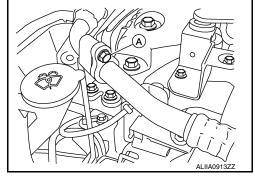
LOW-PRESSURE FLEXIBLE HOSE : Removal and Installation

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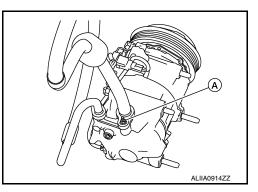
REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to HA-23, "Recycle Refrigerant".
- Remove the bolt (A) that retains the low-pressure flexible hose to the low-pressure pipe.
 CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.



3. Remove the nut (A) that retains the low-pressure flexible hose to the compressor.



4. Remove the low-pressure flexible hose.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

- Tighten nut/bolt to specified torque. Refer to <u>HA-32, "Exploded View"</u>.
- Do not reuse O-rings.
- Apply A/C oil to new O-rings for installation.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to <u>HA-21, "Leak Test"</u>.
 HIGH-PRESSURE PIPE

HIGH-PRESSURE PIPE : Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

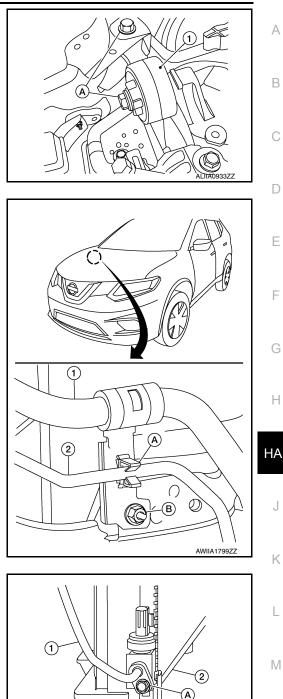
- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to HA-23, "Recycle Refrigerant".
- 2. Remove front bumper fascia. Refer to EXT-17. "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Remove air duct assembly. Refer to EM-24. "Exploded View".

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< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

4. Remove bolts (A) and upper engine mount (1).

- 5. Release high-pressure pipe (2) from clamp (A). (1): Low-pressure pipe
 - (B): Nut



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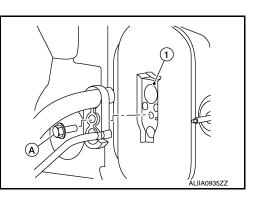
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6. Remove bolt (A) that retains high-pressure pipe (1) to the condenser (2). **CAUTION:**

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

7. Remove the bolt (A) that retains the high-pressure and low-pressure pipe to the expansion valve (1).



< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

8. Remove high-pressure pipe.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. CAUTION:

- Tighten bolts to specified torque. Refer to <u>HA-32, "Exploded View"</u>.
- Do not reuse O-rings.
- Apply A/C oil to new O-rings for installation.

• After charging the refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to <u>HA-21, "Leak Test"</u>.

HIGH-PRESSURE FLEXIBLE HOSE

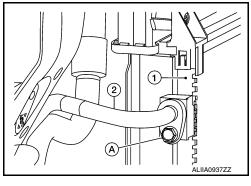
HIGH-PRESSURE FLEXIBLE HOSE : Removal and Installation

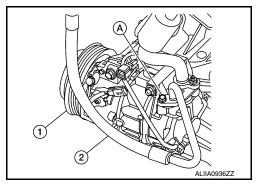
REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to HA-23, "Recycle Refrigerant".
- 2. Remove front bumper fascia. Refer to EXT-17, "Removal and Installation".
- Remove the bolt (A) that retains the high-pressure flexible hose (2) to the condenser (1).
 CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

Remove the bolt (A) that retains the high-pressure flexible hose (2) to the compressor (1).





INSTALLATION

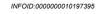
Installation is in the reverse order of removal. **CAUTION:**

- Tighten bolts to specified torque. Refer to HA-37, "Exploded View".
- Do not reuse O-rings.
- Apply A/C oil to new O-rings for installation.
- After charging the refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to <u>HA-21, "Leak Test"</u>.

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< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION > CONDENSER

Exploded View



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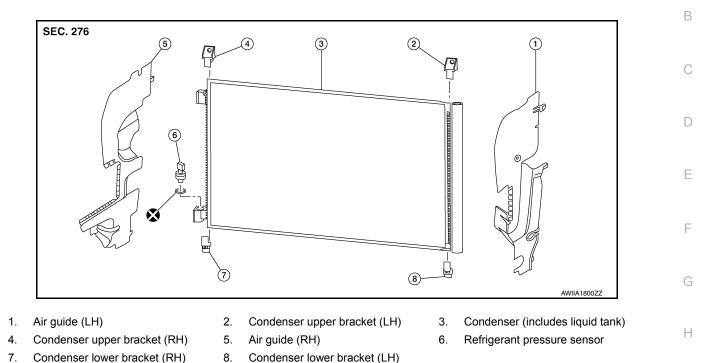
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CONDENSER

CONDENSER : Removal and Installation

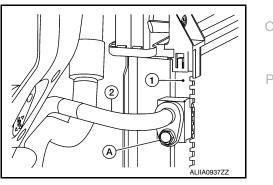
REMOVAL

CAUTION:

Before servicing, turn the ignition switch off, disconnect both battery cables and wait at least three minutes.

- 1. Disconnect the negative and positive battle terminals and wait at least three minutes. Refer to PG-75. "Removal and Installation (Battery)".
- Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to <u>HA-23, "Recycle Refrigerant"</u>.
- 3. Remove front air duct. Refer to EM-24, "Removal and Installation".
- Remove front bumper fascia. Refer to EXT-17, "Removal and Installation".
- Remove front combination lamp (RH). Refer to <u>EXL-119. "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- 6. Remove air guides (LH/RH). Refer to HA-37. "Exploded View".
- Remove crash zone sensor. Refer to <u>SR-22, "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- Disconnect the harness connector from the refrigerant pressure sensor.
- 9. Remove the bolt (A) that retains the high-pressure flexible hose (2) to the condenser (1). CAUTION:

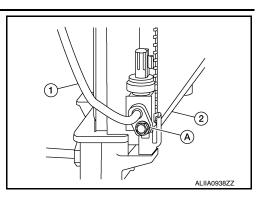
Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.



CONDENSER

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Remove bolt (A) that retains high-pressure pipe (1) to condenser (2).



11. Remove the condenser bracket bolts and condenser.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

- Tighten bolts to specification. Refer to HA-32, "Exploded View".
- Do not reuse O-rings.
- Apply A/C oil to new O-rings for installation.
- After charging the refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to HA-21, "Leak Test".

LIQUID TANK

LIQUID TANK : Removal and Installation

The liquid tank is serviced as an assembly with the condenser. Refer to <u>HA-37. "CONDENSER : Removal and</u> <u>Installation"</u>.

REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR : Removal and Installation

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REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to HA-23. "Recycle Refrigerant".
- 2. Remove front air duct. Refer to EM-24, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Remove front bumper fascia. Refer to EXT-17, "Removal and Installation".
- 4. Remove air guide (RH). Refer to HA-37. "Exploded View".
- 5. Disconnect the harness connector from the refrigerant pressure sensor and remove. CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the opening of the refrigerant pressure sensor with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. **CAUTION:**

- Do not reuse O-ring.
- Apply A/C oil to new O-rings for installation.
- After charging the refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to <u>HA-21, "Leak Test"</u>.

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

HEATING AND COOLING UNIT ASSEMBLY

Exploded View

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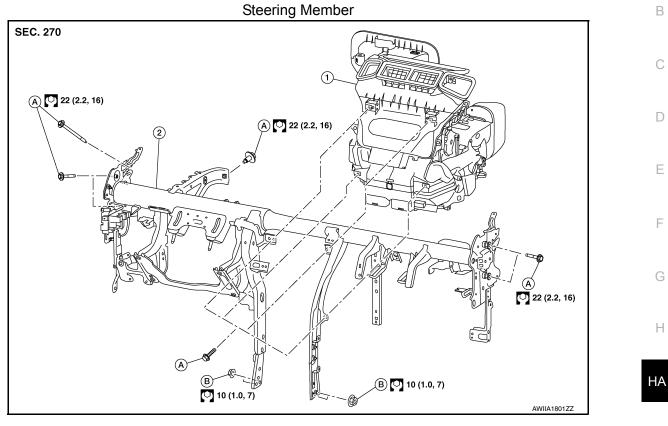
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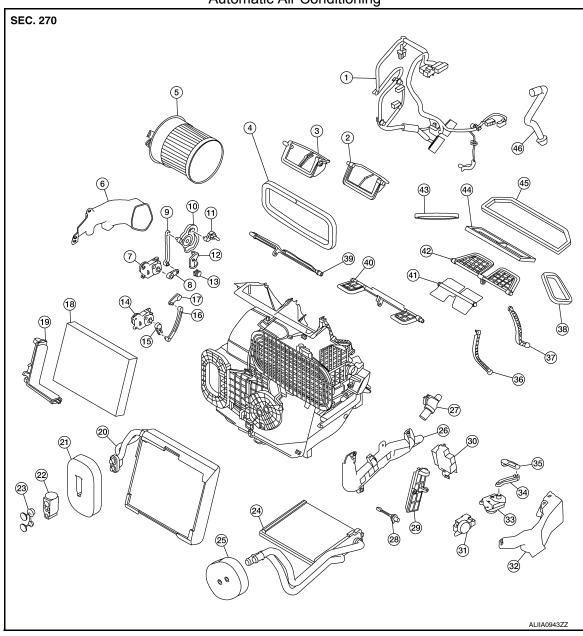
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1. Heating and cooling unit assembly 2. Steering member Α. Bolt Β. Nut

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Automatic Air Conditioning



- Wiring harness 1.
- Intake housing gasket 4.
- Mode door motor 7.
- Mode door motor main link 10.
- 13. Front foot door lever
- 16. Air mix door motor link 2 (RH)
- 19. In-cabin microfilter cover
- 22. Expansion valve
- 25. Heater core grommet
- 28. Intake sensor
- 31. Air mix door motor (LH)
- 34. Intake door motor link
- Internal door linkage 2 37.
- 40. Front foot door
- 43. Side ventilator duct gasket (RH)
- 46. Drain hose

- Air mix door duct (LH) 2.
- 5. Blower motor
- 8. Mode door motor link
- Rear foot door lever 11.
- 14. Air mix door motor (RH)
- 17. Air mix door lever (RH)
- 20. Evaporator
- 23. Expansion valve plug
- 26. Heater core pipe cover
- 29. Inspection cover
- 32. Front foot duct (LH)
- 35. Intake door lever
- 38. Side ventilator duct gasket (LH)
- 41. Center ventilator door
- 44.

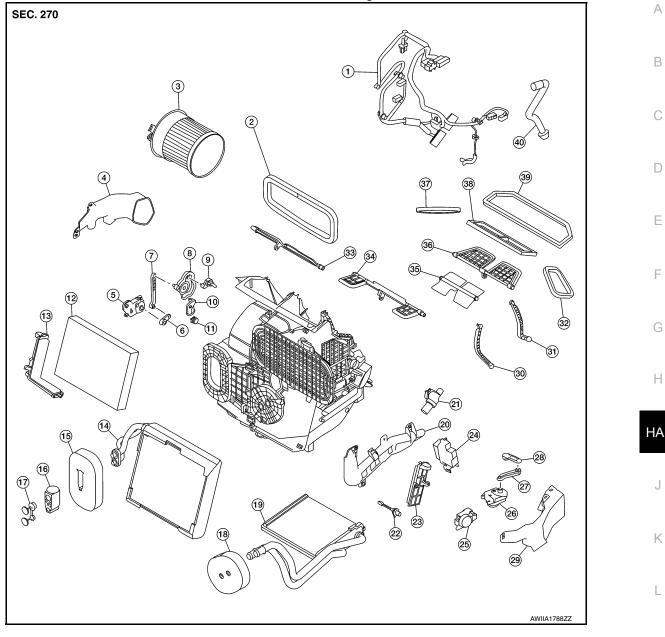
- Center ventilator duct gasket
 - **HA-40**

- Air mix door duct (RH) 3.
- 6. Front foot duct (RH)
- 9. Mode door motor link 2
- 12. Front foot door link
- 15. Air mix door motor link (RH)
- 18. In-cabin microfilter
- 21. Evaporator grommet
- 24. Heater core
- 27. Aspirator
- 30. Variable blower control
- 33. Intake door motor
- 36. Internal door linkage 1
- 39. Rear foot door
- 42. Defroster door
- 45. Defroster duct gasket



< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

Manual Air Conditioning



- Wiring harness 1.
- 4. Front foot duct
- 7. Mode door motor link 2
- 10. Front foot door link
- 13. In-cabin microfilter cover
- 16. Expansion valve
- 19. Heater core
- 22. Intake sensor
- 25. Air mix door motor
- 28. Intake door lever
- 31. Internal door linkage 2
- 34. Front foot door
- 37. Side ventilator duct gasket (RH)

HEATING AND COOLING UNIT ASSEMBLY

40. Drain hose

- 2. Intake housing gasket
- Mode door motor 5.
- 8. Mode door motor main link
- Front foot door lever 11.
- 14. Evaporator
- 17. Expansion valve plug
- 20. Heater core pipe cover
- 23. Inspection cover
- 26. Intake door motor
- 29. Front foot duct (LH)
- Side ventilator duct gasket (LH) 32.
- 35. Center ventilator door
- 38. Center ventilator duct gasket

- Blower motor 3.
- 6. Mode door motor link
- 9. Rear foot door lever
- In-cabin microfilter 12.
- 15. Evaporator grommet
- 18. Heater core grommet
- 21. Aspirator
- 24. Variable blower control
- 27. Intake door motor link
- 30. Internal door linkage 1
- 33. Rear foot door
- 36. Defroster door
- 39. Defroster duct gasket

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< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

HEATING AND COOLING UNIT ASSEMBLY : Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

CAUTION:

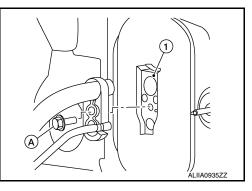
Before servicing, turn the ignition switch off, disconnect both battery cables and wait at least three minutes.

NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, lines/tubes, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from leaking.

- 1. Disconnect the negative and positive battery terminals and wait at least three minutes. Refer to <u>PG-75.</u> <u>"Removal and Installation (Battery)"</u>.
- Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to <u>HA-23</u>, "Recycle Refrigerant".
- 3. Drain the engine coolant. Refer to <u>CO-8, "Draining"</u>.
- 4. Remove instrument panel assembly. Refer to <u>IP-14</u>, "INSTRUMENT PANEL ASSEMBLY : Removal and <u>Installation"</u>.
- 5. Remove steering column. Refer to ST-12, "Removal and Installation".
- 6. Remove dash side finishers (LH/RH). Refer to <u>INT-24, "DASH SIDE FINISHER : Removal and Installa-</u> tion".
- 7. Remove front floor connecting ducts (LH/RH). Refer to <u>VTL-10</u>, "FRONT FLOOR DUCT : Removal and <u>Installation Front Floor Connecting Duct"</u>.
- 8. Remove the cowl top extension. Refer to EXT-25, "Removal and Installation".
- Remove the bolt (A) that retains the low-pressure pipe and highpressure pipe to the expansion valve (1).
 CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.



- 10. Disconnect the heater hoses from the heater core.
- 11. Remove the nuts and bolts that retain the steering member to the vehicle body.
- 12. Disconnect the drain hose from the heating and cooling unit assembly.
- 13. Disconnect the harness connectors from the heating and cooling unit assembly and steering member.
- 14. Remove the heating and cooling unit assembly and steering member from the vehicle as an assembly. **CAUTION:**

Use care not to damage the seats when removing the steering member.

- 15. Remove the bolts that retain the heating and cooling unit assembly to the steering member.
- 16. Separate the heating and cooling unit assembly from the steering member.

INSTALLATION

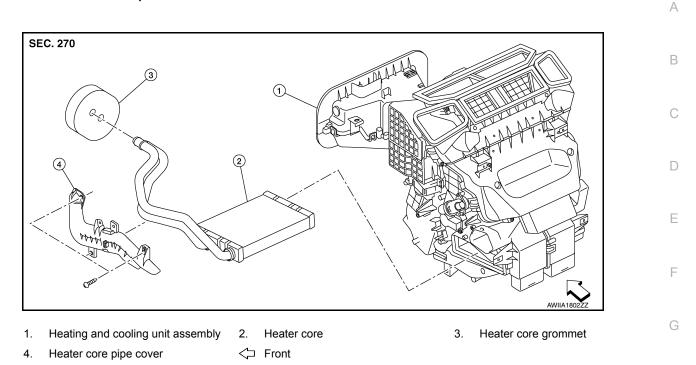
Installation is in the reverse order of removal. **CAUTION:**

- Do not reuse O-rings.
- Apply A/C oil to new O-rings for installation.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to HA-21, "Leak Test".

HEATER CORE

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

HEATER CORE : Exploded View



HEATER CORE : Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

NOTE:

When removing components such as hoses, lines/tubes, etc., cap or plug openings to prevent fluid from spilling. J Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to <u>HA-23</u>, "<u>Recycle Refrigerant</u>". Drain the engine coolant. Refer to CO-8, "Draining". 2.

- Remove heating and cooling unit assembly. Refer to HA-42, "HEATING AND COOLING UNIT ASSEM-3. BLY : Removal and Installation".
- Remove front foot duct (LH). Refer to <u>VTL-10</u>, "FRONT FOOT DUCT : Removal and Installation".
- Remove screws and heater core pipe cover. Refer to HA-39, "Exploded View". 5.
- 6. Remove heater core.

INSTALLATION Installation is in the reverse order of removal. EVAPORATOR

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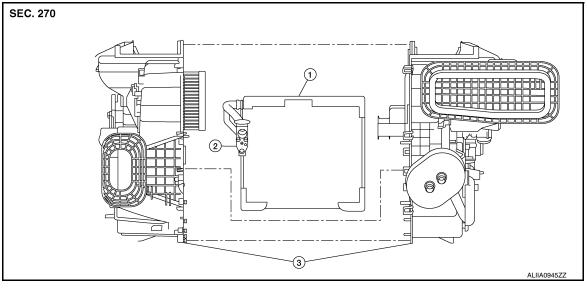
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< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

EVAPORATOR : Exploded View



1. Evaporator

- 2. Expansion valve
- 3. Heating and cooling unit assembly

EVAPORATOR : Removal and Installation

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REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to HA-23. "Recycle Refrigerant".
- 2. Remove front foot duct (LH). Refer to <u>VTL-10, "FRONT FOOT DUCT : Removal and Installation"</u>.
- 3. Remove heater core. Refer to <u>HA-43, "HEATER CORE : Removal and Installation"</u>.
- Remove intake door motor. Refer to <u>HAC-110</u>, "INTAKE DOOR MOTOR : Removal and Installation" (AUTOMATIC AIR CONDITIONING) or <u>HAC-185</u>, "INTAKE DOOR MOTOR : Removal and Installation" (MANUAL AIR CONDITIONING).
- 5. Remove air mix door motor (LH) (AUTOMATIC AIR CONDITONING). Refer to <u>HAC-110. "AIR MIX DOOR</u> <u>MOTOR : Removal and Installation"</u>.
- 6. Remove air mix door motor (MANUAL AIR CONDITIONING). Refer to <u>HAC-185</u>, "AIR MIX DOOR <u>MOTOR : Removal and Installation"</u>.
- 7. Separate the heating and cooling unit assembly and remove evaporator.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

- Do not reuse O-rings.
- Apply A/C oil to new O-rings for installation.

• After charging the refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to <u>HA-21, "Leak Test"</u>. EXPANSION VALVE

EXPANSION VALVE : Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

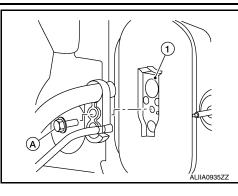
- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to HA-23, "Recycle Refrigerant".
- 2. Remove cowl top extension. Refer to EXT-25. "Removal and Installation".

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< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

3. Remove the bolt (A) that retains the low-pressure pipe and highpressure pipe to the expansion valve (1). CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.



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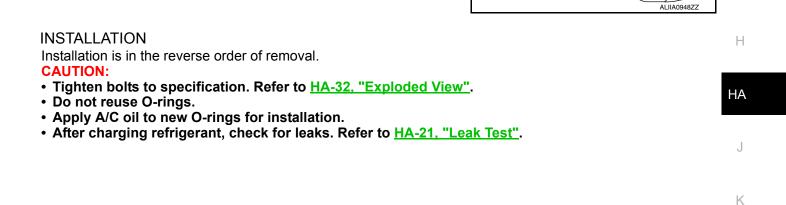
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4. Remove bolts (A) and expansion valve (1).



SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

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Compressor

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Model		DENSO
Туре		Variable displacement swash plate
Displacement		140.6 cm ³ (8.6 cu in)/rev
Number of cylinders		6
Cylinder bore diameter x stroke mm (in)		32 x 29.1 mm (1.3 x 1.1 in)
Direction of rotation		Clockwise (viewed from clutch)
Drive belt		Poly V 6 grooves
Disc to pulley clearance mm (in)	Standard	0.21 – 0.55 mm (0.008 – 0.022 in)

Oil

INFOID:000000010197415

Name		ND-OIL8
Capacity	Total in system	110 (3.7, 3.9)
m ℓ (US fl oz, Imp fl oz)	Compressor (service part) charging amount	Refer to <u>HA-26</u> , <u>"Oil Adjusting Procedure for</u> <u>Compressor Replacement"</u> .

Refrigerant

INFOID:000000010197416

Туре	HFC-134a (R-134a)
Capacity	0.50 kg (1.10 lbs)