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# SERVICE INFORMATION

# **PRECAUTIONS**

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRF-TFNSIONFR"

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The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Manual.

### **WARNING:**

 To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.

• Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.

 Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

# **WARNING:**

 When working near the Airbag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Airbag System sensors with the Ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.

 When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the Ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

Precaution Necessary for Steering Wheel Rotation After Battery Disconnect

INFOID:0000000005283831

### NOTE:

This Procedure is applied only to models with Intelligent Key system and NATS (NISSAN ANTI-THEFT SYS-

· Remove and install all control units after disconnecting both battery cables with the ignition knob in the "LOCK" position.

 Always use CONSULT-III to perform self-diagnosis as a part of each function inspection after finishing work. If DTC is detected, perform trouble diagnosis according to self-diagnostic results.

For models equipped with the Intelligent Key system and NATS, an electrically controlled steering lock mechanism is adopted on the key cylinder.

For this reason, if the battery is disconnected or if the battery is discharged, the steering wheel will lock and steering wheel rotation will become impossible.

If steering wheel rotation is required when battery power is interrupted, follow the procedure below before starting the repair operation.

# OPERATION PROCEDURE

Connect both battery cables.

# NOTE:

Supply power using jumper cables if battery is discharged.

- Use the Intelligent Key or mechanical key to turn the ignition switch to the "ACC" position. At this time, the steering lock will be released.
- 3. Disconnect both battery cables. The steering lock will remain released and the steering wheel can be rotated.
- Perform the necessary repair operation.

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CO-3 Revision: January 2010 2010 Sentra

- 5. When the repair work is completed, return the ignition switch to the "LOCK" position before connecting the battery cables. (At this time, the steering lock mechanism will engage.)
- 6. Perform a self-diagnosis check of all control units using CONSULT-III.

# Precaution for Liquid Gasket

INFOID:0000000005283832

### REMOVAL OF LIQUID GASKET SEALING

· After removing nuts and bolts, separate the mating surface, using Tool and remove old liquid gasket sealing.

# Tool number : KV10111100 (J-37228)

### CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

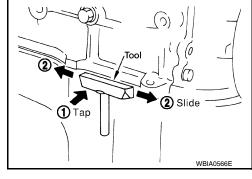
- Tap (1) Tool to insert it, and then slide (2) it by tapping on the side as shown.
- In areas where Tool is difficult to use, use plastic hammer to lightly tap the parts, to remove it.

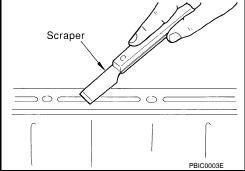
### **CAUTION:**

If for some unavoidable reason suitable tool such as screwdriver is used, be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

### LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Remove old liquid gasket adhering to the liquid gasket application surface and the mating surface, using scraper.
  - Remove liquid gasket completely from the groove of the liquid gasket application surface, bolts, and bolt holes.
- 2. Thoroughly clean the mating surfaces and remove adhering moisture, grease and foreign materials.





3. Attach liquid gasket tube to Tool.

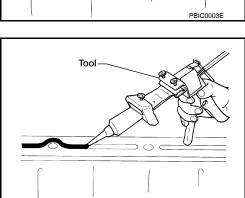
Tool number : WS39930000 ( — )

Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-44, "Recommended Chemical Product and Sealant".

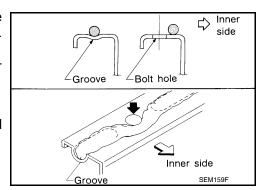
- 4. Apply liquid gasket without breaks to the specified location with the specified dimensions.
  - If there is a groove for the liquid gasket application, apply liquid gasket to the groove.
  - As for the bolt holes, normally apply liquid gasket inside the holes. Occasionally, it should be applied outside the holes. Make sure to read the text of service manual.
  - Within five minutes of liquid gasket application, install the mating component.
  - If liquid gasket protrudes, wipe it off immediately.
  - Do not retighten nuts or bolts after the installation.
  - After 30 minutes or more have passed from the installation, fill engine oil and engine coolant.



If there are specific instructions in this manual, observe them.



WBIA0567E



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# **PREPARATION**

# Special Service Tool

INFOID:0000000005283833

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
WS39930000 ( — )		Pressing the tube of liquid gasket
Tube pressure		
	S-NT052	
EG17650301 (J-33984-A) Radiator cap tester adapter	_	Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator cap and radiator filler neck  a: 28 (1.10) dia.
	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	b: 31.4 (1.236) dia. c: 41.3 (1.626) dia.
	a to the	Unit: mm (in)
KV10111100	S-NT564	Removing chain tensioner cover and water
(J-37228) Seal cutter		pump cover
Sear Cutter		
	NT046	
KV991J0070 (J-45695) Coolant Refill Tool		Refilling engine cooling system
	LIMA053	
 (J-23688) Engine coolant refractometer		Checking concentration of ethylene glycol in engine coolant
	WBIA0539E	

**Commercial Service Tool** 

INFOID:0000000005283834

# **PREPARATION**

# < SERVICE INFORMATION >

[MR20DE]

Tool name		Description
Power tool		Loosening bolts and nuts
	PBIC0190E	
Radiator cap tester		Checking radiator and radiator cap
	PBIC1982E	

# **OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS**

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

[MR20DE]

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# **OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS**

# **Troubleshooting Chart**

INFOID:0000000005283835

	Sym	ptom	Check	k items	
		Water pump malfunction	Worn or loose drive belt		
		Thermostat stuck closed	Thermostat		
Poor heat transfer	Damaged fins	Dust contamination or pa- per clogging	<del></del>		
			Physical damage		
		Clogged radiator cooling tube	Excess foreign material (rust, dirt, sand, etc.)		
		Cooling fan does not operate			
	Reduced air flow	High resistance to fan rotation	Engine cooling fans	<u></u>	
		Damaged fan blades			
	Damaged radiator shroud	_	Radiator shroud	_	
Cooling sys- em parts	Improper engine coolant mixture ratio	_	Engine coolant viscosity	_	
nalfunction	Poor engine coolant quality	_	Periodic maintenance	_	
		Cooling hose	Cooling hose	Loose clamp	
			Cooling nose	Cracked hose	
			Water pump	Poor sealing	
		Engine coolant leaks	Radiator cap	Loose	
			radiator cap	Poor sealing	
	Insufficient engine coolant		Radiator	O-ring for damage, deterioration or improper fitting	
				Cracked radiator tank	
				Cracked radiator core	
			Reservoir tank	Cracked reservoir tank	
		Overflowing reservoir tank	Exhaust soo leeks into cont	Cylinder head deterioration	
			Exhaust gas leaks into cooling system	Cylinder head gasket deteri- oration	

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# **OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS**

# < SERVICE INFORMATION >

[MR20DE]

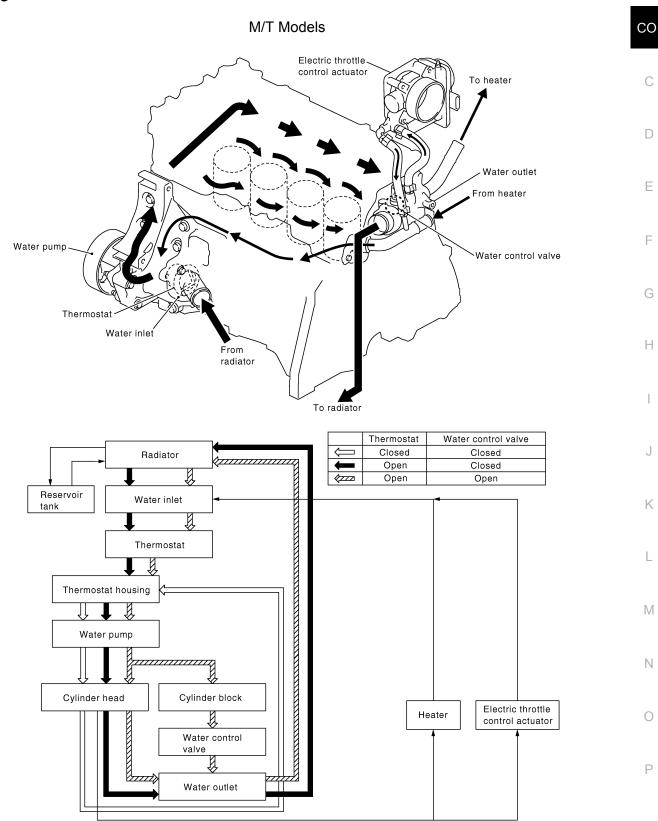
	Syn	nptom	Chec	k items
				High engine rpm under no load
		Overload on engine	Abusive driving	Driving in low gear for extended time
				Driving at extremely high speed
_	_		Power train system mal- function	
Except cool- ing system			Installed improper size wheels and tires	_
parts mal- function			Dragging brakes	
luliction			Improper ignition timing	
		Blocked bumper	Installed front bumper fas-	
		Blocked radiator grille	cia cover	
	Blocked or restricted air flow		Mud contamination or paper clogging	_
		Blocked radiator	Blocked air flow	
		Blocked condenser		
		Installed large fog lamp		

PBIC4719E

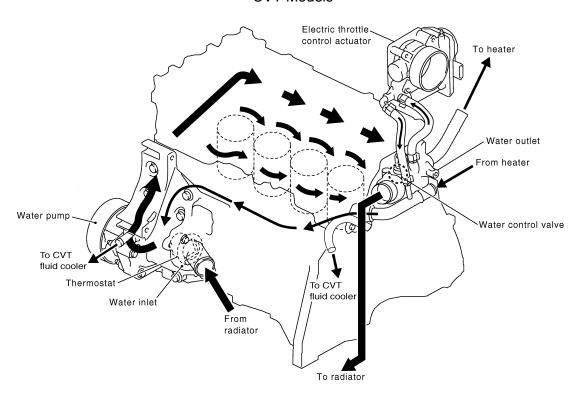
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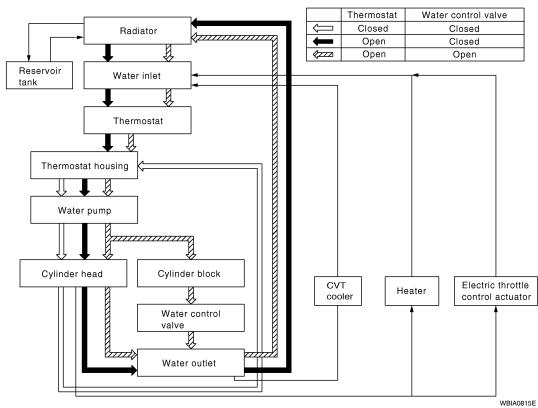
# **COOLING SYSTEM**

Cooling Circuit



# **CVT Models**





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# **ENGINE COOLANT**

Inspection INFOID:0000000005283837

# **WARNING:**

- Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.
- Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing down and turning it all the way.

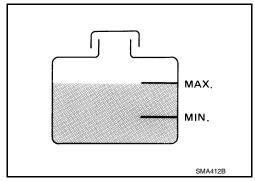
# CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM HOSES

Check hoses for the following:

- Improper attachment
- Leaks
- Cracks
- Damage
- · Loose connections
- Chafing
- Deterioration

### CHECKING RESERVOIR LEVEL

- Check if the reservoir tank engine coolant level is within the MIN to MAX range when the engine is cool.
- · Adjust the engine coolant level as necessary.



## CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKS

To check for leaks, apply pressure to the cooling system using suitable tool and Tool.

> **Tool number** : EG17650301 (J-33984-A)

Testing pressure : 157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 23 psi)

# **WARNING:**

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure coolant escaping from the radiator.

### **CAUTION:**

Higher pressure than specified may cause radiator damage.

# CHECKING RADIATOR CAP

- 1. Inspect the radiator cap.
  - Replace the cap if the metal plunger cannot be seen around the edge of the black rubber gasket.
  - · Replace the cap if deposits of waxy residue or other foreign material are on the black rubber gasket or the metal retainer.

# NOTE:

Thoroughly wipe out the radiator filler neck to remove any waxy residue or foreign material.

Tool WBIA0568E

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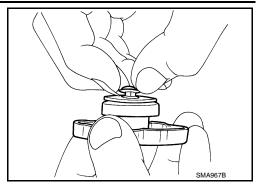
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CO-11 2010 Sentra Revision: January 2010

### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

- 2. Pull the negative-pressure valve to open it and check that it closes completely when released.
  - Check that there is no dirt or damage on the valve seat of the radiator cap negative-pressure valve.
  - Check that there are no abnormalities in the opening and closing conditions of the negative-pressure valve.

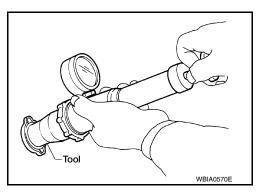


3. Check radiator cap relief pressure using suitable tool and Tool.

Tool number : EG17650301 (J-33984-A)

Standard: 78 - 98 kPa (0.8 - 1.0 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 11 - 14 psi)

- When connecting the radiator cap to the tester, apply water or coolant to the cap seal surface.
- Replace the radiator cap if there is an abnormality in the negative-pressure valve, or if the open-valve pressure is outside of the standard values.



# CHECKING RADIATOR

Check radiator for mud or clogging. If necessary, clean radiator as follows.

- Be careful not to bend or damage the radiator fins.
- When radiator is cleaned without removal, remove all surrounding parts such as cooling fan shroud and horns. Then tape the harness and electrical connectors to prevent water from entering.
- 1. Apply water by hose to the back side of the radiator core, with the hose pointed vertically downward.
- 2. Apply water again to all radiator core surfaces once per minute.
- 3. Stop washing if any stains no longer flow out from the radiator.
- 4. Blow air into the back side of radiator core, with the air hose pointed vertically downward.
  - Use compressed air lower than 490 kPa (5 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 71 psi) and keep distance more than 30 cm (11.8 in).
- 5. Blow air again into all the radiator core surfaces once per minute until no water sprays out.
- 6. Check for leaks.

# Changing Engine Coolant

INFOID:0000000005283838

# **WARNING:**

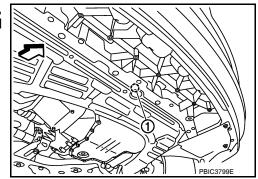
- To avoid being scalded, do not change the engine coolant when the engine is hot.
- Wrap a thick cloth around radiator cap and carefully remove the cap. First, turn the cap a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Then push down and turn the cap all the way to remove.
- · Be careful not to allow engine coolant to contact drive belt.

# DRAINING ENGINE COOLANT

- 1. Remove the engine under cover. Refer to EI-14, "Removal and Installation".
- 2. Open the radiator drain plug (1) at the bottom of the radiator, and remove the radiator filler cap. This is the only step required when partially draining the cooling system (radiator only).
  - <= Front

### **CAUTION:**

- Perform this step when engine is cold.
- Do not spill engine coolant on drive belt.



- 3. Follow this step for heater core removal/replacement only. Disconnect the upper heater hose at the engine side and apply moderate air pressure [103.46 kPa (15 psi, 1.055 kg/cm²) maximum air pressure] into the hose for 30 seconds to blow the excess coolant out of the heater core.
- 4. When draining all of the coolant in the system, remove the reservoir tank and drain the coolant, then clean the reservoir tank before installation.
- When draining all of the coolant in the system for engine removal or repair, open the drain plug on the cylinder block. Refer to <u>EM-80</u>, "<u>Component</u>".
- Check the drained engine coolant for contaminants such as rust, corrosion or discoloration.If the coolant is contaminated, flush the engine cooling system. Follow the "FLUSHING COOLING SYSTEM" procedure.

### REFILLING ENGINE COOLANT

- 1. Install the radiator drain plug. Install the reservoir tank and cylinder block drain plug, if removed for a total system drain or for engine removal or repair.
  - The radiator must be completely empty of coolant and water.
  - Apply sealant to the threads of the cylinder block drain plugs. Use Genuine High Performance Thread Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-44, "Recommended Chemical Product and Sealant".

Radiator drain plug : Refer to <u>CO-15, "Component"</u>.

Cylinder block drain plug : Refer to EM-184, "Removal and Installation".

- 2. If disconnected, reattach the upper radiator hose at the engine side.
- 3. Set the vehicle heater controls to the full HOT and heater ON position. Turn the vehicle ignition ON with the engine OFF as necessary to activate the heater mode.
- Install the Tool by installing the radiator cap adapter onto the radiator neck opening. Then attach the gauge body assembly with the refill tube and the venturi assembly to the radiator cap adapter.

# Tool number : KV991J0070 (J-45695)

- Insert the refill hose into the coolant mixture container that is placed at floor level. Make sure the ball valve is in the closed position.
  - Use Genuine NISSAN Long Life Anti-freeze coolant or equivalent, mixed 50/50 with distilled water or demineralized water.

Refer to MA-17, "Anti-freeze Coolant Mixture Ratio".

Engine coolant capacity : Refer to MA-15. (with reservoir tank)

6. Install an air hose to the venturi assembly, the air pressure must be within specification.

Compressed air : 549 - 824 kPa (5.6 - 8.4 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>,

supply pressure 80 - 119 psi)

# Radiator cap adapter (part of J-45695) Radiator Cap adapter (part of J-45695) Radiator Cap adapter (part of J-45695)

# **CAUTION:**

The compressed air supply must be equipped with an air dryer.

7. The vacuum gauge will begin to rise and there will be an audible hissing noise. During this process open the ball valve on the refill hose slightly. Coolant will be visible rising in the refill hose. Once the refill hose is full of coolant, close the ball valve. This will purge any air trapped in the refill hose.

Revision: January 2010 CO-13 2010 Sentra

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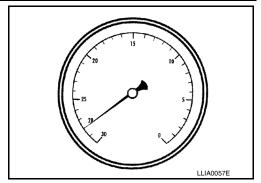
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### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

Continue to draw the vacuum until the gauge reaches 28 inches
of vacuum. The gauge may not reach 28 inches in high altitude
locations, use the vacuum specifications below based on the
altitude above sea level.



- 9. When the vacuum gauge has reached the specified amount, disconnect the air hose and wait 20 seconds to see if the system loses any vacuum. If the vacuum level drops, perform any necessary repairs to the system and repeat steps 6 8 to bring the vacuum to the specified amount. Recheck for any leaks.
- 10. Place the coolant container (with the refill hose inserted) at the same level as the top of the radiator. Then open the ball valve on the refill hose so the coolant will be drawn up to fill the cooling system. The cooling system is full when the vacuum gauge reads zero.

Do not allow the coolant container to get too low when filling, to avoid air from being drawn into the cooling system.

- 11. Remove the Tool from the radiator neck opening.
- 12. Fill the cooling system reservoir tank to the specified level and install the radiator cap. Run the engine to warm up the cooling system and top up the system as necessary.

### FLUSHING COOLING SYSTEM

- 1. Fill radiator and reservoir tank with water and reinstall radiator cap.
- 2. Run engine until it reaches normal operating temperature.
- 3. Rev the engine two or three times under no-load.
- Stop the engine and wait until it cools down.
- 5. Drain water from the cooling system.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 through 5 until clear water begins to drain from the radiator.

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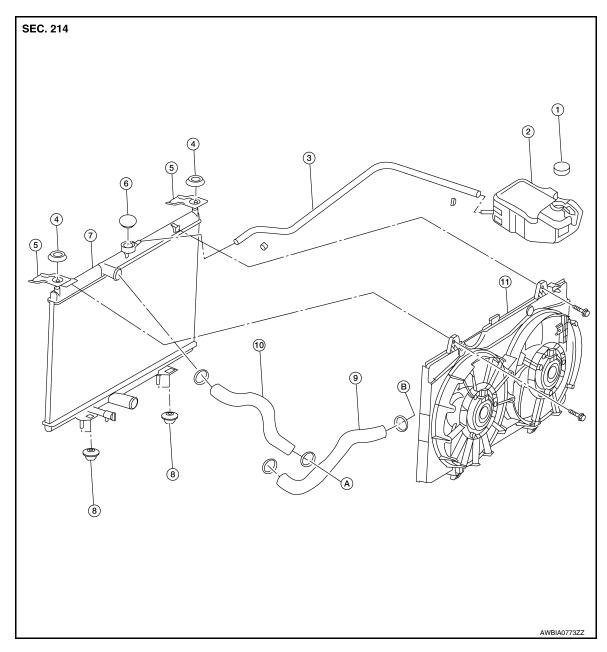
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# **RADIATOR**

Component INFOID:000000005283839



- 1. Reservoir tank cap
- 4. Mounting rubber (upper)
- 7. Radiator
- 10. Radiator hose (upper)
- B. To water inlet

- 2. Reservoir tank
- 5. Radiator upper mounts
- 8. Mounting rubber (lower)
- 11. Cooling fan assembly
- 3. Reservoir tank hose
- 6. Radiator cap
- 9. Radiator hose (lower)
- A. To water outlet

# Removal and Installation

### INFOID:0000000005283840

### **WARNING:**

Do not remove radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high-pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove the radiator cap by turning it all the way.

# REMOVAL

- Drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to <u>CO-12, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. CAUTION:
  - Perform this step when engine is cold.
  - · Do not spill engine coolant on drive belt.
- 2. Remove air duct (inlet). Refer to EM-16.
- 3. Disconnect the reservoir tank hose.
- 4. Remove radiator hoses (upper and lower).
- 5. Disconnect harness connectors from fan motors, and position harness aside.
- 6. Remove the cooling fan assembly to radiator bolts and remove cooling fan assembly.
- 7. Remove radiator upper mounts.
- 8. Move the radiator assembly to the rearward direction of vehicle, and then lift it upward to remove. **CAUTION:**

Do not damage or scratch A/C condenser if equipped and radiator core when removing.

# INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Inspect radiator for leaks as follows:

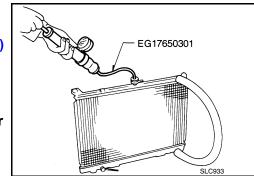
· Apply pressure using suitable tool and Tool.

Specified pressure value : 157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 23 psi)

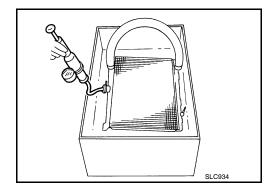
Tool number : EG17650301 (J-33984-A)

# **WARNING:**

To prevent the risk of the hose coming undone while under pressure, securely fasten it down with a hose clamp.



Check for leakage.



### INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

# **CAUTION:**

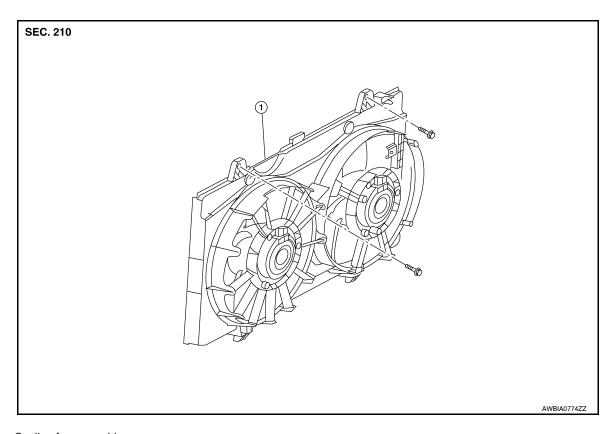
Do not damage or scratch A/C condenser if equipped and radiator core when installing.

### INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for leaks of engine coolant. Refer to <u>CO-11, "Inspection"</u>.
- Start and warm up engine. Visually check if there is no leaks of engine coolant and CVT fluid if equipped.
   Refer to CVT-14.

# **COOLING FAN**

Component INFOID:000000005283841



1. Cooling fan assembly

# Removal and Installation

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur form high pressure coolant escaping from the radiator.

REMOVAL

**WARNING:** 

- Partially drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to CO-12, "Changing Engine Coolant". **CAUTION:** 
  - · Perform this step when engine is cold.
  - Do not spill engine coolant on drive belt.
- Remove air duct (inlet). Refer to <u>EM-16</u>.
- Disconnect radiator hose (upper) at radiator side. Refer to CO-15.
- Disconnect harness connectors from fan motor, and position harness aside.
- Remove cooling fan assembly.

**CAUTION:** 

Be careful not to damage or scratch the radiator core.

# **INSTALLATION**

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Cooling fans are controlled by ECM. For details, refer to <u>EC-436</u>.

### **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to damage or scratch the radiator core.

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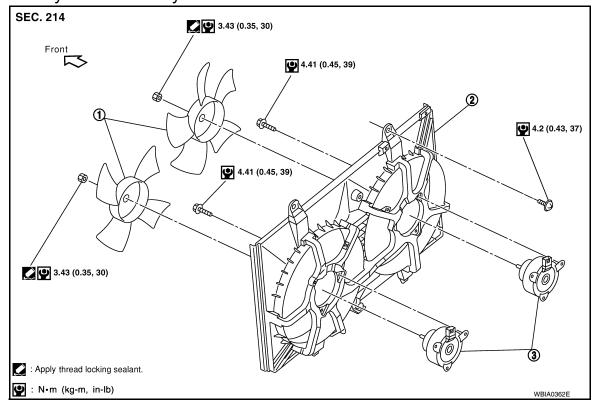
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# Disassembly and Assembly

INFOID:0000000005283843



1. Fan blade

2. Fan shroud

3. Fan motor

# **DISASSEMBLY**

- 1. Remove fan blades from fan motors.
- 2. Remove fan motors from fan shroud.

# **ASSEMBLY**

Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.

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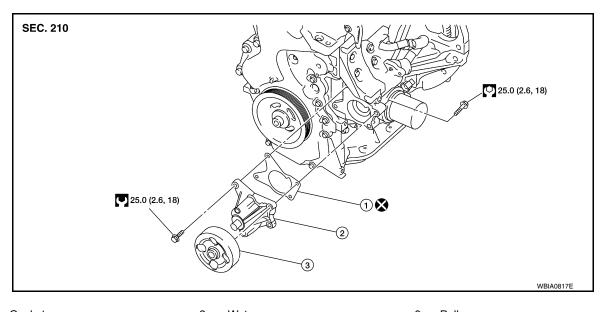
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# WATER PUMP

Component INFOID:000000005283844



1. Gasket 2. Water pump 3. Pulley

Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000005283845

### **WARNING:**

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator.

# **REMOVAL**

 Drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to <u>CO-12, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. CAUTION:

Perform this step when the engine is cold.

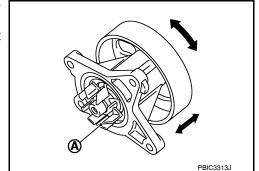
- Remove the generator. Refer to <u>SC-32</u>, "Removal and Installation MR20DE".
- 3. Remove radiator hose (lower). Refer to <a href="CO-15">CO-15</a>, "Component".
- 4. Disconnect the CVT fluid cooler hose from the thermostat housing (CVT models).
- 5. Remove water pump.

# **CAUTION:**

- Handle the water pump vane so that it does not contact any other parts.
- · Water pump cannot be disassembled and should be replaced as an assembly.

# INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Visually check that there is no significant dirt or rusting on the water pump body and vane (A).
- Make sure that there is no looseness in the vane shaft, and that it turns smoothly when rotated by hand.
- Replace water pump, if necessary.



# **INSTALLATION**

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

# **WATER PUMP**

# < SERVICE INFORMATION >

[MR20DE]

# INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for leaks of engine coolant. Refer to <u>CO-11, "Inspection"</u>.
  Start and warm up the engine. Visually check for leaks of engine coolant.

# **THERMOSTAT**

Component INFOID:0000000005283846

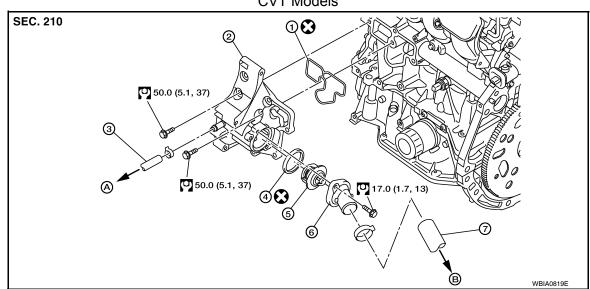
M/T Models SEC. 210 **7** 50.0 (5.1, 37) **⑥**€ 50.0 (5.1, 37) 17.0 (1.7, 13) : N•m (kg-m, ft-lb) PBIC4485E

- 1. Thermostat housing
- 4. Water inlet
- Gasket
- Engine front

- 2. Water hose (models with oil cooler)
- 5. Thermostat
- A. To oil cooler

- 3. Radiator hose (lower)
- 6. Rubber ring
- B. To radiator

# **CVT Models**



- Gasket 1.
- Rubber ring
- Radiator hose (lower)
- 2. Thermostat housing
- Thermostat
- To CVT fluid cooler
- Water hose (CVT models) 3.
- 6. Water inlet
- B.

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To radiator

# Removal and Installation

INFOID:000000005283847

### **WARNING:**

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator.

### **REMOVAL**

### **CAUTION:**

# Perform when the engine is cold.

- Drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to <u>CO-12, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>.
- 2. Disconnect radiator hose (lower) and remove water inlet.
- 3. Remove thermostat.
- 4. Remove thermostat housing, if necessary.

# INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

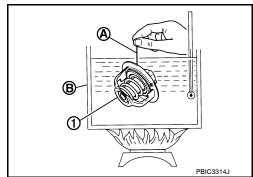
- Place a thread (A) so that it is caught in the valves of thermostat

   (1). Immerse fully in a container (B) filled with water. Heat while stirring.
- The valve opening temperature is the temperature at which the valve opens and the thermostat falls from the thread.
- Continue heating. Check the full-open valve lift amount.

### NOTE:

The full-open valve lift amount standard temperature for the thermostat is the reference value.

 After checking the full-open valve lift amount, lower the water temperature and check the valve closing temperature.



Items	Thermostat		
Valve opening temperature	80.5 - 83.5°C (177 - 182°F)		
Full-open valve lift amount	More than 8 mm/ 95°C (0.315 in/ 203°F)		
Valve closing temperature	77°C (171°F)		

<sup>·</sup> If out of the specification, replace thermostat.

### INSTALLATION

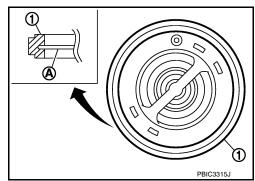
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

### Thermostat

### **CAUTION:**

# Replace the rubber ring with a new one.

• Install thermostat while making rubber ring (1) groove fit to thermostat flange (A) around the whole circumference.

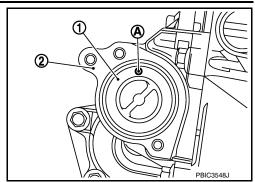


# **THERMOSTAT**

# < SERVICE INFORMATION >

[MR20DE]

• Install thermostat (1) into the thermostat housing (2) with jiggle valve (A) facing upwards.



Thermostat Housing

# **CAUTION:**

Replace the rubber ring with a new one.

- Securely insert the rubber ring into the mating groove of thermostat housing and install it.
- Install the thermostat housing to the cylinder block without displacing the gasket from the gasket position.

# INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for leaks of engine coolant. Refer to CO-11, "Inspection".
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check for engine coolant leaks.

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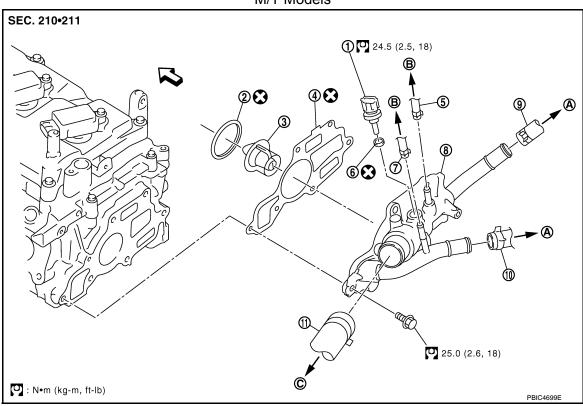
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# WATER OUTLET AND WATER CONTROL VALVE

Component

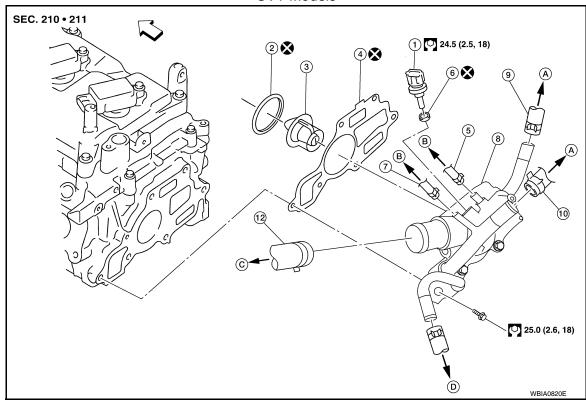
# M/T Models



- 1. Engine coolant temperature sensor 2.
- 4. Gasket
- 7. Water hose
- 10. Heater hose
- A. To heater

- 2. Rubber ring
- 5. Water hose
- 8. Water outlet
- 11. Radiator hose (upper)
- B. To electric throttle control actuator
- 3. Water control valve
- 6. Gasket
- 9. Heater hose
- < > Front
- C. To radiator

# **CVT Models**



- Engine coolant temperature sensor 2.
- 4. Gasket
- Water hose
- 10. Heater hose
- ← Front
- To radiator

- Rubber ring
- Water hose
- Water outlet
- 11. Water hose (CVT fluid cooler)
- To heater
- D. To CVT fluid cooler

- Water control valve
- 6. Gasket
- Heater hose
- Radiator hose (upper)
- To electric throttle control actuator

Removal and Installation

**WARNING:** 

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator.

REMOVAL

**CAUTION:** 

Perform when the engine is cold.

- Drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to CO-12, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- 2. Remove air cleaner and air duct assembly. Refer to <u>EM-16</u>.
- 3. Remove radiator hose (upper). Refer to CO-15.
- Remove heater hoses and water hoses.
- 5. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor.
- Remove water outlet.
- 7. Remove water control valve.
- Remove engine coolant temperature sensor, if necessary.

  - Handle carefully to avoid any shock to engine coolant temperature sensor.
  - Replace the gaskets and rubber rings with a new ones.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

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# WATER OUTLET AND WATER CONTROL VALVE

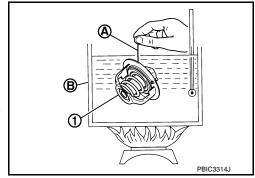
# < SERVICE INFORMATION >

[MR20DE]

- Place a thread (A) so that it is caught in the valve of the water control valve (1). Immerse fully in a container (B) filled with water. Heat while stirring.
- The valve opening temperature is the temperature at which the water control valve opens and falls from the thread.
- Continue heating. Check the full-open valve lift amount.
   NOTE:

The full-open valve lift amount standard temperature for the water control valve is the reference value.

• After checking the full-open valve lift amount, lower the water temperature and check the valve closing temperature.



Items	Water control valve		
Valve opening temperature	93.5 - 96.5°C (200 - 206°F)		
Full-open valve lift amount	More than 8 mm/ 108°C (0.315 in/ 226°F)		
Valve closing temperature	90°C (194°F)		

• If out of the specification, replace water control valve.

# INSTALLATION

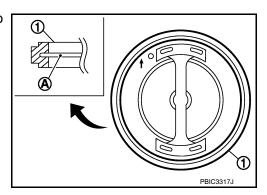
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Water Control Valve

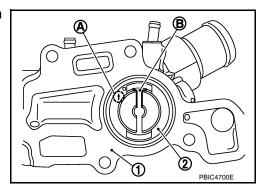
### **CAUTION:**

# Replace the rubber ring with a new one.

• Install water control valve while making rubber ring (1) groove fit to water control valve flange (A) around the whole circumference.



• While the mark (A) points to up, install water control valve (2) with frame center (B) facing straight upward into water outlet (1).



# Water Outlet

Install the water control valve to the cylinder head without displacing the valve from the valve position.

Water Hoses (M/T Models)

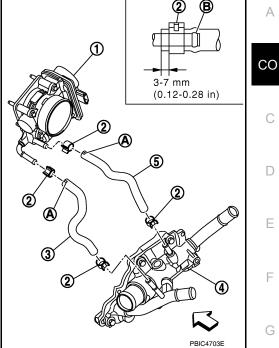
# WATER OUTLET AND WATER CONTROL VALVE

# < SERVICE INFORMATION >

[MR20DE]

Install water hoses (3),(5) as shown.

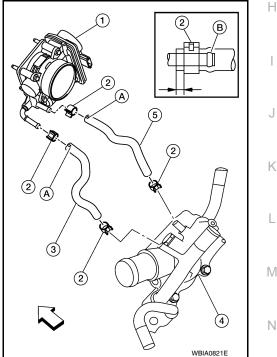
- Electric throttle control actuator (1)
- Clamp (2)
- Water outlet (4)
- Paint mark (A)
- · Clamp shall not interfere with the bulged area (B)
- <□: Engine front



Water Hoses (CVT Models)

Install water hoses (3),(5) as shown.

- Electric throttle control actuator (1)
- Clamp (2)
- Water outlet (4)
- Paint mark (A)
- · Clamp shall not interfere with the bulged area (B)
- <⊐: Engine front



# INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- · Check for leaks of engine coolant. Refer to CO-11, "Inspection".
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check if there is no leaks of engine coolant.

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# **SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)**

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

[MR20DE]

# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Standard and Limit

# **CAPACITY**

Leakage test pressure

Unit:  $\ell$  (US qt, Imp qt)

157 (1.6, 23)

Engine coolant capacity (with reservoir tank at MAX level)		Approx. 7.0 (7 3/8, 6 1/8)	
THERMOSTAT			
Valve opening temperature		80.5 - 83.5°C (177 - 182°F)	
Full-open valve lift amount		More than 8 mm/ 95°C (0.315 in/ 203°F)	
Valve closing temperature		77°C (171°F)	
Valve opening temperature		93 5 - 96 5°C (200 - 206°F)	
Valve opening temperature  Full-open valve lift amount		93.5 - 96.5°C (200 - 206°F)  More than 8 mm/ 108°C (0.315 in/ 226°F)	
Full-open valve lift amount  Valve closing temperature		More than 8 mm/ 108°C (0.315 in/ 226°F)	
Full-open valve lift amount		More than 8 mm/ 108°C (0.315 in/ 226°F)	

# SERVICE INFORMATION

# **PRECAUTIONS**

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRF-TFNSIONFR"

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The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Manual.

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### **WARNING:**

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 To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.

• Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.

 Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

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# **WARNING:**

 When working near the Airbag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Airbag System sensors with the Ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.

 When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the Ignition OFF, disconnect the battery, and wait at least 3 minutes before performing any service.

Precaution Necessary for Steering Wheel Rotation After Battery Disconnect

INFOID:0000000005283852

### NOTE:

This Procedure is applied only to models with Intelligent Key system and NATS (NISSAN ANTI-THEFT SYS-

· Remove and install all control units after disconnecting both battery cables with the ignition knob in the "LOCK" position.

 Always use CONSULT-III to perform self-diagnosis as a part of each function inspection after finishing work. If DTC is detected, perform trouble diagnosis according to self-diagnostic results.

For models equipped with the Intelligent Key system and NATS, an electrically controlled steering lock mechanism is adopted on the key cylinder.

For this reason, if the battery is disconnected or if the battery is discharged, the steering wheel will lock and steering wheel rotation will become impossible.

If steering wheel rotation is required when battery power is interrupted, follow the procedure below before starting the repair operation.

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# OPERATION PROCEDURE

Connect both battery cables.

# NOTE:

Supply power using jumper cables if battery is discharged.

- Use the Intelligent Key or mechanical key to turn the ignition switch to the "ACC" position. At this time, the steering lock will be released.
- 3. Disconnect both battery cables. The steering lock will remain released and the steering wheel can be rotated.
- Perform the necessary repair operation.

- 5. When the repair work is completed, return the ignition switch to the "LOCK" position before connecting the battery cables. (At this time, the steering lock mechanism will engage.)
- Perform a self-diagnosis check of all control units using CONSULT-III.

# Precaution for Liquid Gasket

### INFOID:0000000005283853

### REMOVAL OF LIQUID GASKET SEALING

• After removing nuts and bolts, separate the mating surface, using Tool and remove old liquid gasket sealing.

# Tool number : KV10111100 (J-37228)

### CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

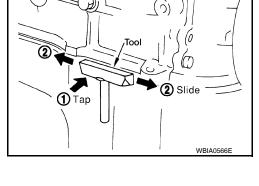
- Tap (1) Tool to insert it, and then slide (2) it by tapping on the side as shown.
- In areas where Tool is difficult to use, use plastic hammer to lightly tap the part, to remove it.

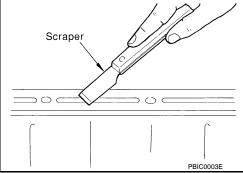
### **CAUTION:**

If for some unavoidable reason suitable tool such as screwdriver is used, be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

### LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Remove old liquid gasket adhering to the liquid gasket application surface and the mating surface, Using scraper.
  - Remove liquid gasket completely from the groove of the liquid gasket application surface, bolts, and bolt holes.
- 2. Thoroughly clean the mating surfaces and remove adhering moisture, grease and foreign materials.





3. Attach liquid gasket tube to Tool.

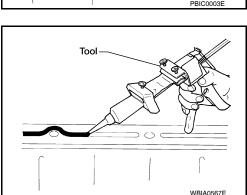
Tool number : WS39930000 ( — )

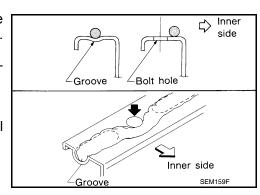
Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-44, "Recommended Chemical Product and Sealant".

- 4. Apply liquid gasket without breaks to the specified location with the specified dimensions.
  - If there is a groove for the liquid gasket application, apply liquid gasket to the groove.
  - As for the bolt holes, normally apply liquid gasket inside the holes. Occasionally, it should be applied outside the holes. Make sure to read the text of service manual.
  - Within five minutes of liquid gasket application, install the mating component.
  - If liquid gasket protrudes, wipe it off immediately.
  - Do not retighten nuts or bolts after the installation.
  - After 30 minutes or more have passed from the installation, fill engine oil and engine coolant.



If there are specific instructions in this manual, observe them.





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# **PREPARATION**

Special Service Tool

INFOID:0000000005283854

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
WS39930000 ( — ) Tube presser		Pressing the tube of liquid gasket
EG17650301 (J-33984-A) Radiator cap tester adapter	S-NT052	Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator filler neck: a: 28 (1.10) dia. b: 31.4 (1.236) dia. c: 41.3 (1.626) dia. Unit: mm (in)
KV10111100 (J-37228) Seal cutter	S-NT564	Removing chain tensioner cover and water pump cover
KV991J0070 (J-45695) Coolant Refill Tool	NT046	Refilling engine cooling system
— (J-23688) Engine coolant refractometer	LIMAUSS	Checking concentration of ethylene glycol in engine coolant

**Commercial Service Tool** 

INFOID:0000000005283855

# **PREPARATION**

# < SERVICE INFORMATION >

[QR25DE]

Tool name		Description
Power tool		Loosening bolts and nuts
	PBICO190E	
Radiator cap tester		Checking radiator and radiator cap
	PBIC1982E	

# **OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS**

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

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# **OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS**

# **Troubleshooting Chart**

INFOID:0000000005283856

	Syn	nptom	Check items	
		Water pump malfunction	Worn or loose drive belt	
		Thermostat stuck closed	Thermostat	
Poor heat transfer	Damaged fins	Dust contamination or rock clogging	<u> </u>	
		_	Physical damage	
		Clogged radiator cooling tube	Excess foreign material (rust, dirt, sand, etc.)	
		Cooling fan does not operate		
	Reduced air flow	High resistance to fan rotation	Engine cooling fans	_
		Damaged fan blades		
	Damaged radiator shroud	_	Radiator shroud	_
Cooling sys- em parts	Improper coolant mixture ratio	_	Engine coolant viscosity	_
nalfunction	Poor coolant quality	_	Periodic maintenance	_
			Cooling hose	Loose clamp
				Cracked hose
		Engine coolant leaks	Water pump	Poor sealing
			Radiator cap	Loose
			radiator cap	Poor sealing
	Insufficient engine coolant	, and the second	Radiator	O-ring for damage, deterioration or improper fitting
				Cracked radiator tank
				Cracked radiator core
		Reservoir tank	Cracked reservoir tank	
			Exhaust see leeke into!	Cylinder head deterioration
		Overflowing reservoir tank	Exhaust gas leaks into cooling system	Cylinder head gasket deteri- oration

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# **OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS**

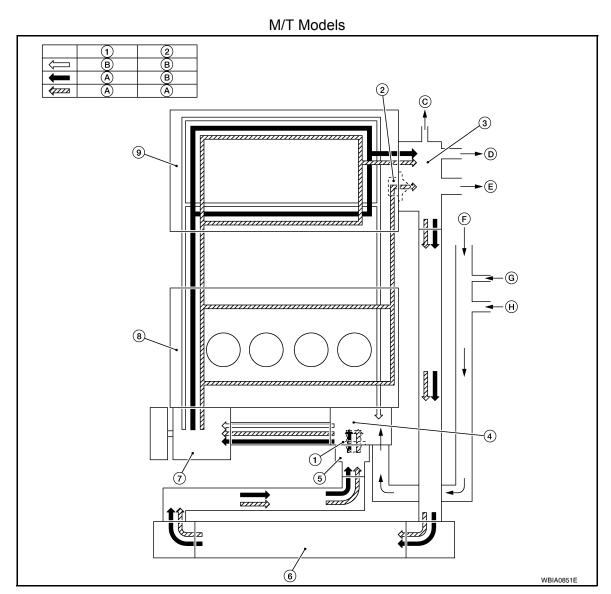
# < SERVICE INFORMATION >

[QR25DE]

	Symptom		Check items	
Except cooling system parts malfunction	_	Overload on engine	Abusive driving	High engine rpm under no load
				Driving in low gear for extended time
				Driving at extremely high speed
			Powertrain system malfunction	
			Installed improper size wheels and tires	_
			Dragging brakes	
			Improper ignition timing	
	Blocked or restricted air flow	Blocked radiator grille	Installed car brassiere	_
		Blocked bumper		
		Blocked radiator grille	Mud contamination or paper clogging	
		Blocked bumper		
		Blocked radiator		
		Blocked condenser		
		Installed large fog lamp		

# **COOLING SYSTEM**

Cooling Circuit



- 1. Thermostat
- 4. Cylinder block (Thermostat housing)
- 7 Water pump
- A. Open
- D. To oil cooler
- G. From electric throttle control actuator
- 2. Water control valve
- 5. Water inlet
- 8. Cylinder block
- B. Closed
- E. To heater
- H. From oil cooler
- 3. Water control valve housing (Water outlet)
- 6. Radiator
- 9. Cylinder head
- C. To electric throttle control actuator
- E. From heater

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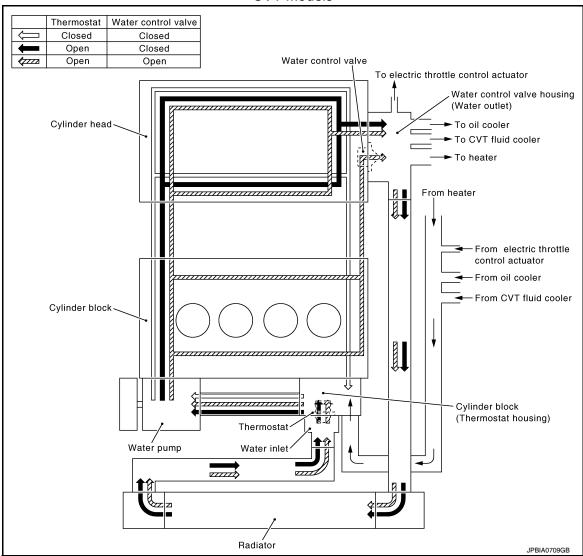
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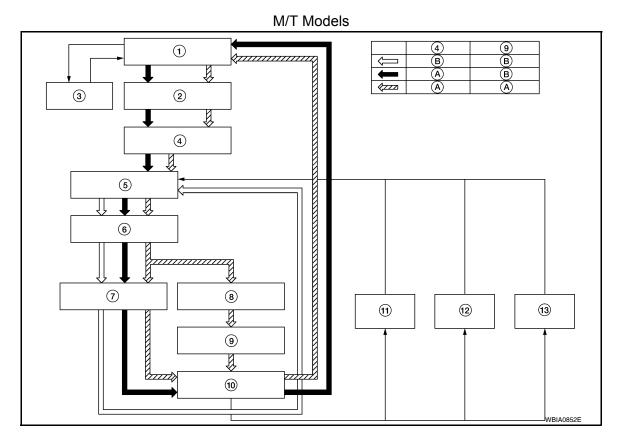
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# **CVT Models**



Schematic INFOID:000000005283858



- 1. Radiator
- 4. Thermostat
- 7. Cylinder head
- 10. Water control valve housing
- 13. Electric throttle control actuator
- 2. Water inlet
- 5. Thermostat housing
- 8. Cylinder block
- 11. Heater
- A. Open

- 3. Reservoir tank
- 6. Water pump
- 9. Water control valve
- 12. Oil cooler
- B. Closed

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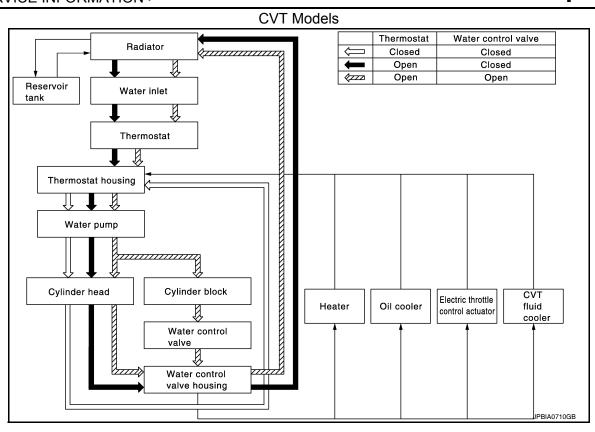
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# **ENGINE COOLANT**

Inspection INFOID:000000005283859

#### **WARNING:**

- Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.
- Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly push down and turn it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Carefully remove the cap by pushing down and turning it all the way.

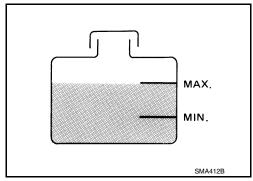
#### CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM HOSES

Check hoses for the following:

- Improper attachment
- Leaks
- Cracks
- Damage
- · Loose connections
- Chafing
- Deterioration

#### CHECKING RESERVOIR LEVEL

- Check if the reservoir tank engine coolant level is within MIN to MAX when the engine is cool.
- · Adjust the engine coolant level as necessary.



#### CHECKING COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKS

To check for leaks, apply pressure to the cooling system using suitable tool and Tool.

> **Tool number** : EG17650301 (J-33984-A)

Testing pressure : 157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 23 psi)

#### **WARNING:**

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure coolant escaping from the radiator.

#### **CAUTION:**

Higher pressure than specified may cause radiator damage.

# CHECKING RADIATOR CAP

- 1. Inspect the radiator cap.
  - Replace the cap if the metal plunger cannot be seen around the edge of the black rubber gasket.
  - · Replace the cap if deposits of waxy residue or other foreign material are on the black rubber gasket or the metal retainer.

#### NOTE:

Thoroughly wipe out the radiator filler neck to remove any waxy residue or foreign material.

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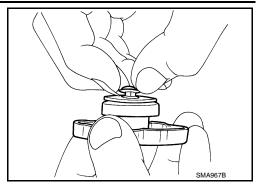
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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

- 2. Pull the negative-pressure valve to open it and check that it closes completely when released.
  - Check that there is no dirt or damage on the valve seat of the radiator cap negative-pressure valve.
  - Check that there are no abnormalities in the opening and closing conditions of the negative-pressure valve.

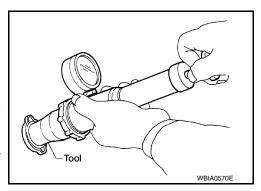


3. Check radiator cap relief pressure using suitable tool and Tool.

Tool number : EG17650301 (J-33984-A)

Standard: 78 – 98 kPa (0.8 – 1.0 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 11 – 14 psi)

- When connecting the radiator cap to the tester, apply water or coolant to the cap seal surface.
- Replace the radiator cap if there is an abnormality in the negative-pressure valve, or if the open-valve pressure is outside of the standard values.



#### CHECKING RADIATOR

Check radiator for mud or clogging. If necessary, clean radiator as follows.

- Be careful not to bend or damage the radiator fins.
- When radiator is cleaned without removal, remove all surrounding parts such as cooling fan shroud and horns. Then tape the harness and electrical connectors to prevent water from entering.
- 1. Apply water by hose to the back side of the radiator core, with the hose pointed vertically downward.
- 2. Apply water again to all radiator core surfaces once per minute.
- 3. Stop washing if any stains no longer flow out from the radiator.
- 4. Blow air into the back side of radiator core, with the air hose pointed vertically downward.
  - Use compressed air lower than 490 kPa (5 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 71 psi) and keep distance more than 30 cm (11.8 in).
- 5. Blow air again into all the radiator core surfaces once per minute until no water sprays out.
- 6. Check for leaks.

# **Changing Engine Coolant**

INFOID:000000005283860

#### **WARNING:**

- To avoid being scalded, do not change the engine coolant when the engine is hot.
- Wrap a thick cloth around radiator cap and carefully remove the cap. First, turn the cap a quarter of a turn to release built-up pressure. Then push down and turn the cap all the way to remove.
- Be careful no to allow engine coolant to contact drive belt.

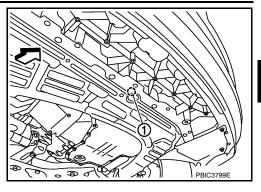
## DRAINING ENGINE COOLANT

Remove the engine under cover. Refer to El-14, "Removal and Installation".

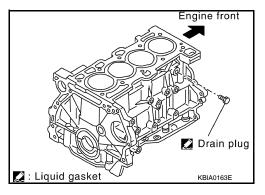
- 2. Open the radiator drain plug (1) at the bottom of the radiator, and remove the radiator filler cap. This is the only step required when partially draining the cooling system (radiator only).
  - <> Front

#### **CAUTION:**

- Perform this step when engine is cold.
- · Do not spill engine coolant on drive belt.



- 3. Follow this step for heater core removal/replacement only. Disconnect the upper heater hose at the engine side and apply moderate air pressure [103.46 kPa (15 psi, 1.055 kg/cm²) maximum air pressure] into the hose for 30 seconds to blow the excess coolant out of the heater core.
- 4. When draining all of the coolant in the system, remove the reservoir tank and drain the coolant, then clean the reservoir tank before installation.
- 5. When draining all of the coolant in the system for engine removal or repair, open the drain plug on the cylinder block.



Check the drained engine coolant for contaminants such as rust, corrosion or discoloration.If the coolant is contaminated, flush the engine cooling system. Follow the "FLUSHING COOLING SYSTEM" procedure.

#### REFILLING ENGINE COOLANT

- 1. Install the radiator drain plug. Install the reservoir tank and cylinder block drain plug, if removed for a total system drain or for engine removal or repair.
  - The radiator must be completely empty of coolant and water.
  - Apply sealant to the threads of the cylinder block drain plugs. Use Genuine High Performance Thread Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-44, "Recommended Chemical Product and Sealant".

Radiator drain plug : Refer to CO-44, "Removal and Installation".

Cylinder block drain plug : Refer to EM-188.

- If disconnected, reattach the upper radiator hose at the engine side.
- Set the vehicle heater controls to the full HOT and heater ON position. Turn the vehicle ignition ON with the engine OFF as necessary to activate the heater mode.

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#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

Install the Tool by installing the radiator cap adapter onto the radiator neck opening. Then attach the gauge body assembly with the refill tube and the venturi assembly to the radiator cap adapter.

#### Tool number : KV991J0070 (J-45695)

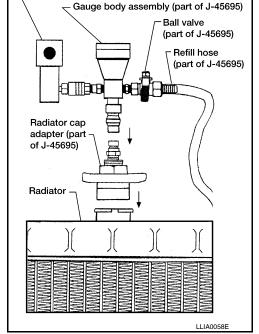
- Insert the refill hose into the coolant mixture container that is placed at floor level. Make sure the ball valve is in the closed position.
  - Use Genuine NISSAN Long Life Anti-freeze coolant or equivalent, mixed 50/50 with distilled water or demineralized water.

Refer to MA-17, "Anti-freeze Coolant Mixture Ratio".

Engine coolant capacity : Refer to MA-15. (with reservoir tank)

6. Install an air hose to the venturi assembly, the air pressure must be within specification.

Compressed air : 549 - 824 kPa (5.6 - 8.4 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, supply pressure 80 - 119 psi)



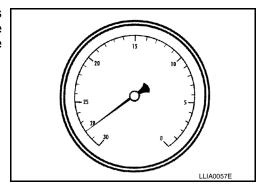
Venturi assembly (part of J-45695)

#### **CAUTION:**

The compressed air supply must be equipped with an air dryer.

- 7. The vacuum gauge will begin to rise and there will be an audible hissing noise. During this process open the ball valve on the refill hose slightly. Coolant will be visible rising in the refill hose. Once the refill hose is full of coolant, close the ball valve. This will purge any air trapped in the refill hose.
- 8. Continue to draw the vacuum until the gauge reaches 28 inches of vacuum. The gauge may not reach 28 inches in high altitude locations, use the vacuum specifications below based on the altitude above sea level.

Altitude above sea level Vacuum gauge reading
0 - 100 m (328 ft) : 28 inches of vacuum
300 m (984 ft) : 27 inches of vacuum
500 m (1,641 ft) : 26 inches of vacuum
1,000 m (3,281 ft) : 24 - 25 inches of vacuum



- 9. When the vacuum gauge has reached the specified amount, disconnect the air hose and wait 20 seconds to see if the system loses any vacuum. If the vacuum level drops, perform any necessary repairs to the system and repeat steps 6 8 to bring the vacuum to the specified amount. Recheck for any leaks.
- 10. Place the coolant container (with the refill hose inserted) at the same level as the top of the radiator. Then open the ball valve on the refill hose so the coolant will be drawn up to fill the cooling system. The cooling system is full when the vacuum gauge reads zero.
  CAUTION:

Do not allow the coolant container to get too low when filling, to avoid air from being drawn into the cooling system.

- 11. Remove the Tool from the radiator neck opening.
- 12. Fill the cooling system reservoir tank to the specified level and install the radiator cap. Run the engine to warm up the cooling system and top up the system as necessary.

#### FLUSHING COOLING SYSTEM

- Fill radiator and reservoir tank with water and reinstall radiator cap.
- 2. Run engine until it reaches normal operating temperature.
- 3. Rev the engine two or three times under no-load.

# **ENGINE COOLANT**

# < SERVICE INFORMATION >

[QR25DE]

- 4. Stop the engine and wait until it cools down.
- 5. Drain water from the cooling system.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 through 5 until clear water begins to drain from the radiator.

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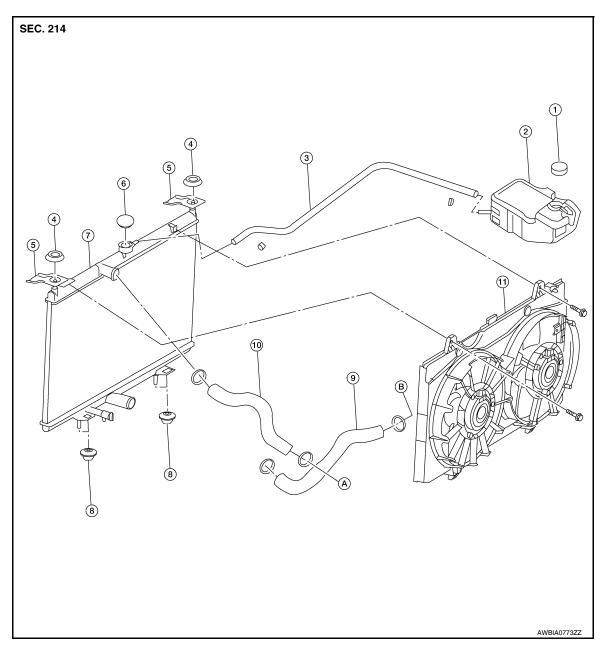
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# **RADIATOR**

Component



- 1. Reservoir tank cap
- 4. Mounting rubber (upper)
- 7. Radiator
- 10. Radiator hose (upper)
- B. To water inlet

- 2. Reservoir tank
- 5. Radiator upper mounts
- 8. Mounting rubber (lower)
- 11. Cooling fan assembly
- 3. Reservoir tank hose
- 6. Radiator cap
- 9. Radiator hose (lower)
- A. To water outlet

#### Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000005283862

#### **WARNING:**

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator. Wrap a thick cloth around the cap. Slowly turn it a quarter turn to release built-up pressure. Carefully remove the radiator cap by turning it all the way.

#### **REMOVAL**

- Drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to <u>CO-40, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. CAUTION:
  - Perform this step when engine is cold.
  - Do not spill engine coolant on drive belt
- Remove front air duct. Refer to EM-133, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Disconnect radiator upper and lower hoses.
- 4. Disconnect the reservoir tank hose.
- Disconnect harness connectors from fan motors, and position harness aside.
- 6. Remove the cooling fan assembly to radiator bolts and remove cooling fan assembly.
- 7. Remove radiator upper mounts.
- 8. Move the radiator assembly to the rearward direction of vehicle, and then lift it upward to remove. **CAUTION:**

Do not damage or scratch A/C condenser and radiator core when removing.

#### INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Inspect radiator for leaks as follows:

· Apply pressure using suitable tool and Tool.

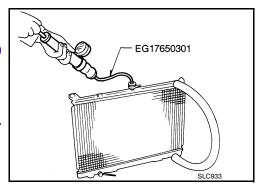
Specified pressure value : 157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 23 psi)

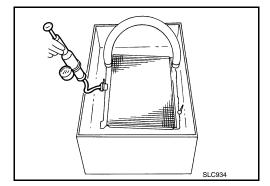
Tool number : EG17650301 (J-33984-A)

#### **WARNING:**

To prevent the risk of the hose coming undone while under pressure, securely fasten it down with a hose clamp.

Check for leakage.





#### INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not damage or scratch A/C condenser and radiator core when installing.

#### INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for leaks of engine coolant. Refer to <u>CO-39</u>, "Inspection".
- Start and warm up engine. Visually check if there is no leaks of engine coolant and CVT fluid if equipped.
   Refer to CVT-14.

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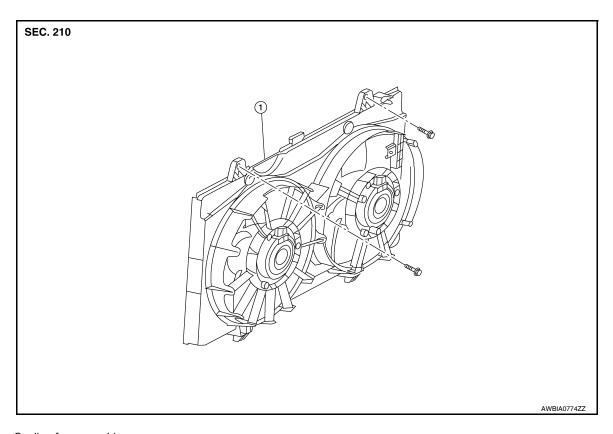
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# **COOLING FAN**

Component



1. Cooling fan assembly

#### Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000005283864

#### **WARNING:**

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur form high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator.

#### REMOVAL

- Partially drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to <u>CO-40, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. CAUTION:
  - Perform this step when engine is cold.
  - Do not spill engine coolant on drive belt.
- 2. Remove front air duct. Refer to EM-133, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Disconnect reservoir tank hose from radiator and cooling fan assembly.
- 4. Disconnect radiator hose (upper) at radiator side. Refer to CO-44, "Component".
- Disconnect harness connectors from fan motor, and position harness aside.
- Remove cooling fan assembly.

#### **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to damage or scratch the radiator core.

## **INSTALLATION**

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

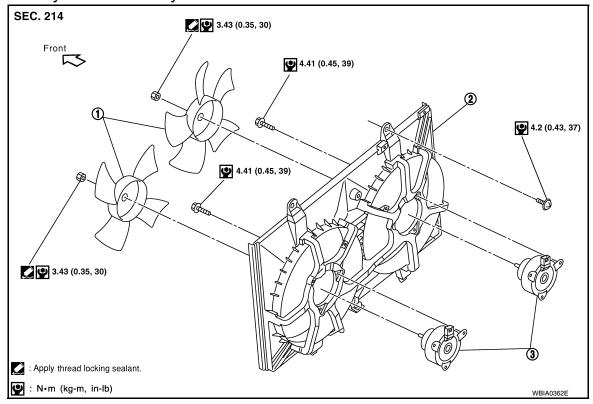
Cooling fans are controlled by ECM. For details, refer to <u>EC-1543</u>.

#### **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to damage or scratch the radiator core.

Disassembly and Assembly

INFOID:0000000005283865



1. Fan blade

2. Fan shroud

Fan motor

# DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove fan blades from fan motors.
- 2. Remove fan motors from fan shroud.

#### **ASSEMBLY**

Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.

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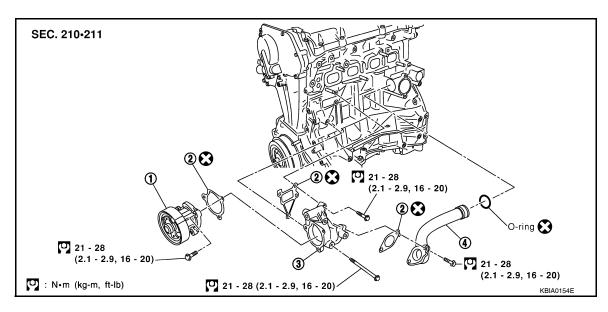
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# WATER PUMP

Component



1. Water pump

2. Gasket

3. Water pump housing

4. Water pipe

#### Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000005283867

#### **WARNING:**

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator.

#### **REMOVAL**

 Drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to <u>CO-40, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. CAUTION:

Perform this step when the engine is cold.

- 2. Remove RH wheel and tire assembly. Refer to WT-7, "Adjustment".
- 3. Remove the front air duct. Refer to EM-133, "Removal and Installation".
- Remove the generator. Refer to <u>SC-33</u>, "Removal and Installation QR25DE".
- 5. Remove engine ground strap.
- Remove the water pump.

#### NOTE:

If necessary, the exhaust manifold catalytic convertor assembly must be removed to remove the water pipe.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Handle the water pump vane so that it does not contact any other parts.
- · Water pump cannot be disassembled and should be replaced as an assembly.

#### INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

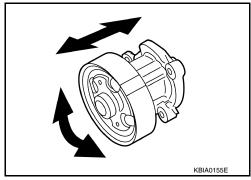
#### **WATER PUMP**

#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

[QR25DE]

• Visually check that there is no significant dirt or rusting on the water pump body and vane.

- Make sure that there is no looseness in the vane shaft, and that it turns smoothly when rotated by hand.
- · Replace the water pump, if necessary.



#### **INSTALLATION**

- Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
- When inserting water pipe end to cylinder block, apply a neutral detergent to O-ring. Then insert it immediately.

#### INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for leaks of engine coolant. Refer to <u>CO-39</u>, "Inspection".
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check for leaks of engine coolant.

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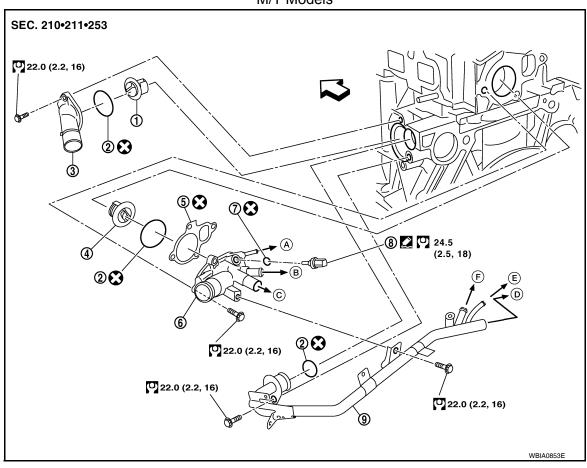
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# THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING

Component

## M/T Models



- 1. Thermostat
- 4. Water control valve
- 7. Copper washer
- A. To electric throttle control actuator
- D. To heater core

- 2. O-ring
- 5. Gasket
- 8. Engine coolant temperature sensor
- B. To oil cooler
- E. To electric throttle control actuator
- 3. Engine coolant inlet
- 6. Engine coolant outlet
- 9. Heater pipe
- C. To heater core
- F. To oil cooler

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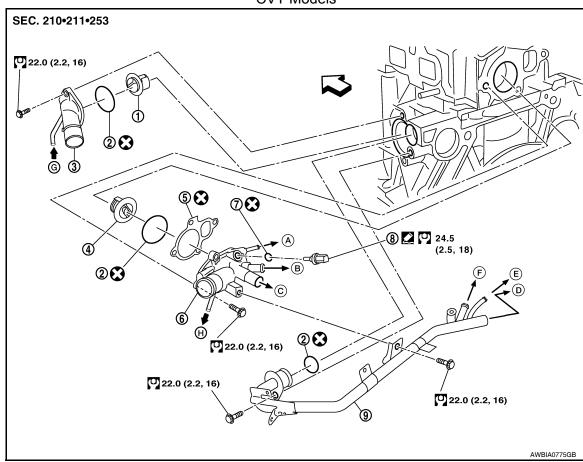
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- 1. Thermostat
- 4. Water control valve
- 7. Copper washer
- A. To electric throttle control actuator
- D. To heater core
- G. From CVT oil cooler

- 2. O-ring
- Gasket
- 8. Engine coolant temperature sensor
- B. To oil cooler
- E. To electric throttle control actuator
- H. To CVT oil cooler

- Engine coolant inlet
- 6. Engine coolant outlet
- 9. Heater pipe
- C. To heater core
- To oil cooler
- Engine front

#### Removal and Installation

#### **WARNING:**

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator.

#### REMOVAL

#### **CAUTION:**

Perform when the engine is cold.

- 1. Drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to <a href="CO-40">CO-40</a>, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- Remove front air duct. Refer to <u>EM-133</u>, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Remove radiator hose (lower) from the engine coolant inlet side.
- 4. Remove engine coolant inlet and thermostat.

#### INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

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INFOID:0000000005283869

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# THERMOSTAT AND THERMOSTAT HOUSING

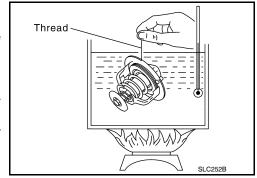
#### < SERVICE INFORMATION >

[QR25DE]

- Place a thread so that it is caught in the valves of the thermostat.
   Immerse fully in a container filled with water. Heat while stirring.
- The valve opening temperature is the temperature at which the valve opens and the thermostat falls from the thread.
- Continue heating. Check the full-open valve lift amount.
   NOTE:

The full-open valve lift amount standard temperature for the thermostat is the reference value.

• After checking the full-open valve lift amount, lower the water temperature and check the valve closing temperature.



Items	Thermostat	
Valve opening temperature	80.5 – 83.5°C (177 – 182°F)	
Full-open valve lift amount	More than 8 mm / 95°C (0.315 in / 203°F)	
Valve closing temperature	77°C (171°F)	

• If out of the specification, replace thermostat.

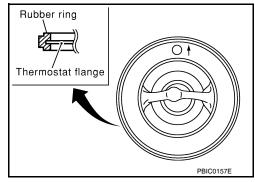
#### **INSTALLATION**

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

· Install the engine coolant temperature sensor.

Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-44, "Recommended Chemical Product and Sealant".

- Install the thermostat with the whole circumference of the flange part fitting securely inside the rubber ring.
- Install the thermostat with the jiggle valve facing upwards. The position deviation may be within the range of  $\pm 10^{\circ}$ .
- If necessary, to install the heater pipe, first apply a mild detergent to the O-ring and then quickly insert the pipe into the housing.



#### INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for leaks of engine coolant. Refer to <u>CO-39</u>, "Inspection".
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check for engine coolant leaks.

# WATER CONTROL VALVE

Component

# M/T Models SEC. 210-211-253 P 22.0 (2.2, 16) A B 2 P 24.5 (2.5, 18) P 22.0 (2.2, 16) WEIARDSSE

- 1. Thermostat
- 4. Water control valve
- 7. Copper washer
- A. To electric throttle control actuator
- D. To heater core
- Engine front

- 2. O-ring
- 5. Gasket
- 8. Engine coolant temperature sensor
- 3. To oil cooler
- E. To electric throttle control actuator
- . Engine coolant inlet
- 6. Engine coolant outlet
- 9. Heater pipe
- C. To heater core
- To oil cooler

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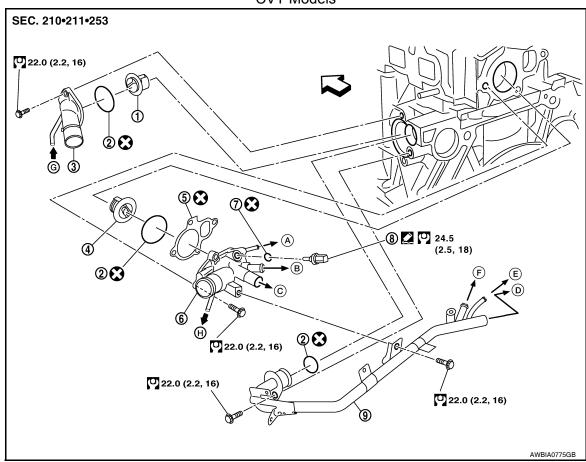
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#### **CVT Models**



- 1. Thermostat
- 4. Water control valve
- 7. Copper washer
- A. To electric throttle control actuator
- D. To heater core
- G. From CVT oil cooler

- 2. O-ring
- 5. Gasket
- 8. Engine coolant temperature sensor
- B. To oil cooler
- E. To electric throttle control actuator
- H. To CVT oil cooler

- 3. Engine coolant inlet
- 6. Engine coolant outlet
- 9. Heater pipe
- C. To heater core
- F. To oil cooler
- Engine Front

## Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000005283871

## **WARNING:**

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could occur from high pressure engine coolant escaping from the radiator.

#### REMOVAL

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Perform when the engine is cold.

- 1. Drain engine coolant from the radiator. Refer to <a href="CO-40">CO-40</a>, "Changing Engine Coolant".
- 2. Remove the air cleaner and air duct assembly. Refer to EM-133, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Remove battery tray with brackets. Refer to SC-9, "Removal and Installation (QR25DE Battery Tray)".
- 4. Remove the radiator hose (upper), heater pipe, electric throttle control actuator inlet hose, CVT fluid cooler hoses if equipped, heater hose and oil cooler hoses.
- 5. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor.
- 6. Remove the engine coolant outlet.
- Remove the water control valve.
- Remove engine coolant temperature sensor, if necessary.
   CAUTION:
  - · Handle carefully to avoid any shock to engine coolant temperature sensor.

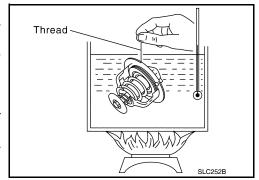
· Replace the gaskets and rubber rings with a new ones.

#### INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Place a thread so that it is caught in the valve of the water control valve. Immerse fully in a container filled with water. Heat while stirring.
- The valve opening temperature is the temperature at which the water control valve opens and the falls from the thread.
- Continue heating. Check the full-open valve lift amount.
   NOTE:

The full-open valve lift amount standard temperature for the water control valve is the reference value.

• After checking the full-open valve lift amount, lower the water temperature and check the valve closing temperature.



Items	Water control valve	
Valve opening temperature	93.5° - 96.5°C (200° - 206°F)	
Full-open valve lift amount	More than 8 mm / 108°C (0.315 in / 226° F)	
Valve closing temperature	90°C (194° F)	

If out of the specification, replace water control valve.

#### INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

- Install the engine coolant temperature sensor.
- Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI-44, "Recommended Chemical Product and Sealant".
- Install the water control valve with the whole circumference of the flange part fitting securely inside the rubber ring.
- Install the water control valve with the up-mark facing up and the frame center part facing upwards. The position deviation may be within the range of  $\pm 10^{\circ}$ .

#### INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check for leaks of engine coolant. Refer to CO-39, "Inspection".
- Start and warm up the engine. Visually check if there is no leaks of engine coolant.

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# **SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)**

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

[QR25DE]

# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Capacity INFOID:0000000005283872

Unit:  $\ell$  (US qt, Imp qt)

Application	M/T models	CVT models
Engine coolant capacity (With reservoir tank at MAX level)	6.9 (7 1/4, 6 1/8)	7.1 (7 1/2, 6 1/4)

Thermostat INFOID:0000000005283873

Valve opening temperature	80.5 - 83.5°C (177 - 182°F)	
Full-open valve lift amount	More than 8 mm / 95°C (0.315 in / 203°F)	
Valve closing temperature	77°C (171°F)	

# Water Control Valve

INFOID:0000000005283874

Valve opening temperature	93.5 - 96.5°C (200 - 206°F)
Full-open valve lift amount	More than 8 mm / 108°C (0.315 in / 226°F)
Valve closing temperature	90°C (194°F)

Radiator INFOID:000000005283875

Unit: kPa (kg / cm<sup>2</sup> , psi)

Cap relief pressure	Standard	78 - 98 (0.8 - 1.0, 11 - 14)
Leakage test pressure		157 (1.6, 23)