

# SECTION **GI**

## GENERAL INFORMATION

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# HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

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## HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

### HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

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#### Description

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This volume explains “Removal, Disassembly, Installation, Inspection and Adjustment” and “Trouble Diagnoses”.

#### Terms

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- The captions **WARNING** and **CAUTION** warn you of steps that must be followed to prevent personal injury and/or damage to some part of the vehicle.

**WARNING** indicates the possibility of personal injury if instructions are not followed.

**CAUTION** indicates the possibility of component damage if instructions are not followed.

**BOLD TYPED STATEMENTS** except **WARNING** and **CAUTION** give you helpful information.

Standard value: Tolerance at inspection and adjustment.

Limit value: The maximum or minimum limit value that should not be exceeded at inspection and adjustment.

#### Units

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- The **UNITS** given in this manual are primarily expressed as the SI UNIT (International System of Unit), and alternatively expressed in the metric system and in the yard/pound system. Also with regard to tightening torque of bolts and nuts, there are descriptions both about range and about the standard tightening torque.

##### “Example”

##### Range

**Outer Socket Lock Nut : 59 - 78 N·m (6.0 - 8.0 kg·m, 43 - 58 ft·lb)**

##### Standard

**Drive Shaft Installation Bolt : 44.3 N·m (4.5 kg·m, 33 ft·lb)**

#### Contents

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- **A QUICK REFERENCE INDEX**, a black tab (e.g. **BR**) is provided on the first page. You can quickly find the first page of each section by matching it to the section's black tab.
- **THE CONTENTS** are listed on the first page of each section.
- **THE TITLE** is indicated on the upper portion of each page and shows the part or system.
- **THE PAGE NUMBER** of each section consists of two or three letters which designate the particular section and a number (e.g. “BR-5”).
- **THE SMALL ILLUSTRATIONS** show the important steps such as inspection, use of special tools, knacks of work and hidden or tricky steps which are not shown in the previous large illustrations. Assembly, inspection and adjustment procedures for the complicated units such as the automatic transaxle or transmission, etc. are presented in a step-by-step format where necessary.

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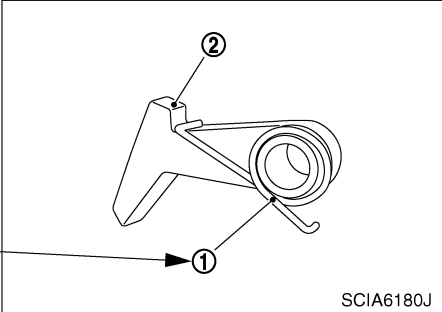
### Relation between Illustrations and Descriptions

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The following sample explains the relationship between the part description in an illustration, the part name in the text and the service procedures.

< Example 1 >

1. Remove return spring (1) from parking pawl (2).




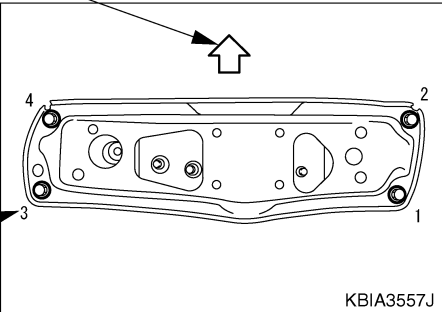
The identifier number of the part name in the text is consistent with the identifier part number in the illustration.

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Direction mark

< Example 2 >

-  : Vehicle front
- Tighten rear member mounting bolts following the numerical order shown in the illustration.
- Note : View upward



The numbers in the illustration are consistent with the service operation instructions.

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## Components

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- **THE LARGE ILLUSTRATIONS** are exploded views (see the following) and contain tightening torques, lubrication points, section number of the **PARTS CATALOG** (e.g. SEC. 440) and other information necessary to perform repairs.

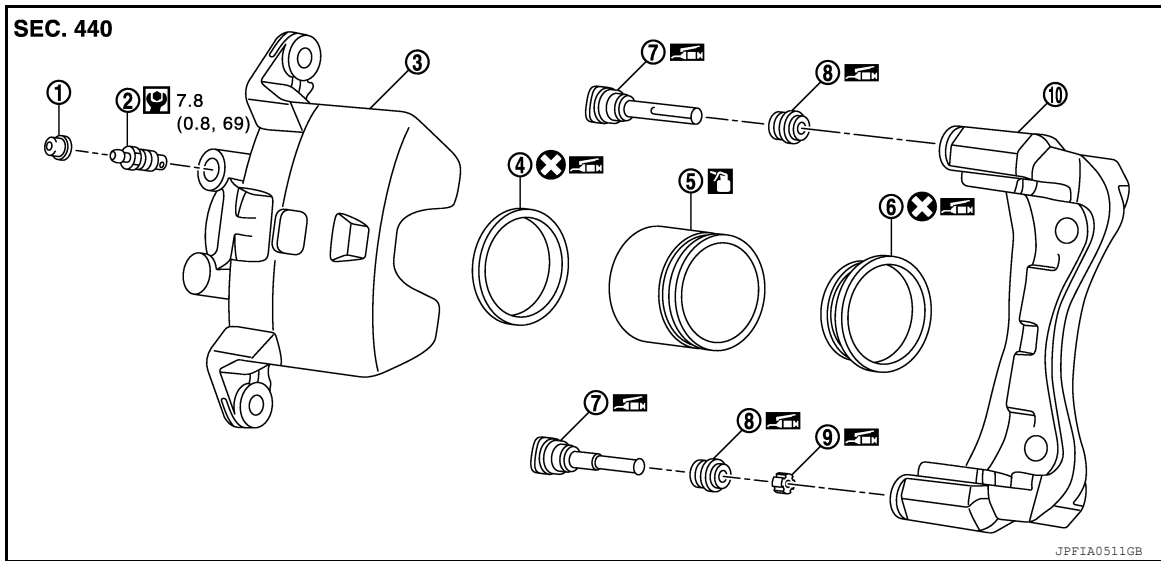
The illustrations should be used in reference to service matters only. When ordering parts, refer to the appropriate **PARTS CATALOG**.

Always check with the **PARTS DEPARTMENT** for the latest parts information.

Components shown in an illustration may be identified by a circled number. When this style of illustration is used, the text description of the components will follow the illustration.

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- |                   |                     |                  |
|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 1. Cap            | 2. Bleeder valve    | 3. Cylinder body |
| 4. Piston seal    | 5. Piston           | 6. Piston boot   |
| 7. Sliding pin    | 8. Sliding pin boot | 9. Bushing       |
| 10. Torque member |                     |                  |

: Apply rubber grease.

: Apply brake fluid.

: N·m (kg-m, in-lb)

: Always replace after every disassembly

## SYMBOLS

| SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION   | SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION                             |
|--------|---|--------|---|
|        | Tightening torque<br>The tightening torque specifications of bolts and nuts may be presented as either a range or a standard tightening torque. |        | : N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)                     |
|        |   |        | : N·m (kg-m, in-lb)                     |
|        | Should be lubricated with grease. Unless otherwise indicated, use recommended multi-purpose grease.   |        | Always replace after every disassembly. |
|        | Should be lubricated with oil.  |        | Apply petroleum jelly.                  |
|        | Sealing point   |        | Apply molybdenum added petroleum jelly. |
|        | Sealing point with locking sealant.   |        | Apply ATF.                              |
|        | Checking point  |        | Select with proper thickness.           |
|        |   |        | Adjustment is required.                 |

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# HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

## HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

### Description

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#### NOTICE:

Trouble diagnoses indicate work procedures required to diagnose problems effectively. Observe the following instructions before diagnosing.

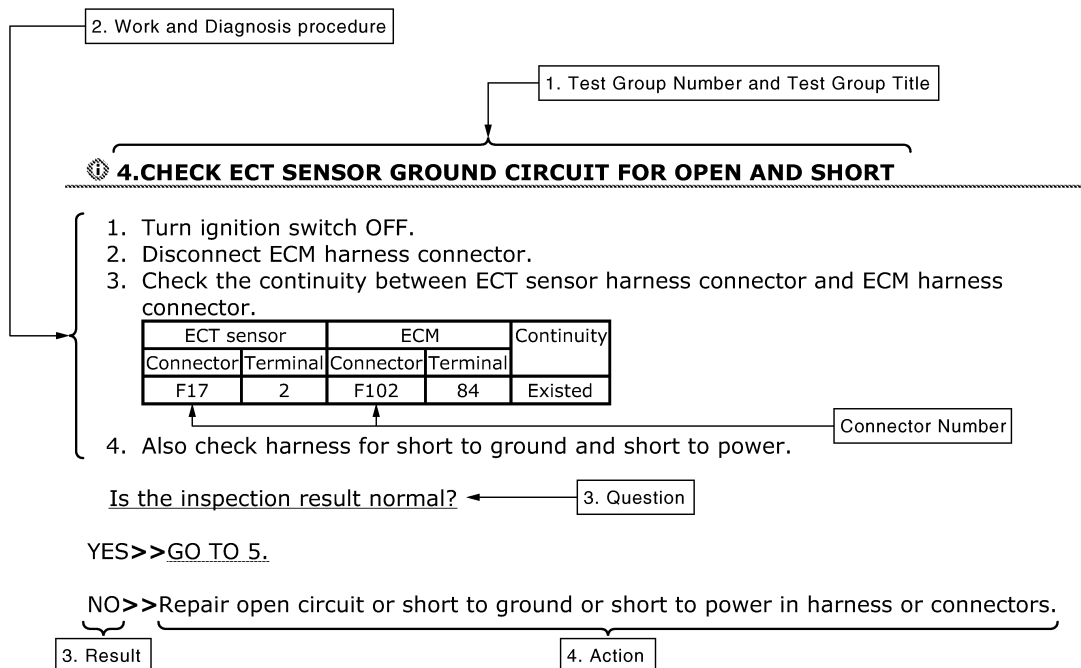
- Before performing trouble diagnoses, read the “Work Flow” in each section.
- After repairs, re-check that the problem has been completely eliminated.
- Refer to Component Parts and Harness Connector Location for the Systems described in each section for identification/location of components and harness connectors.
- When checking circuit continuity, ignition switch should be OFF.
- Refer to the Circuit Diagram for quick pinpoint check.

If you need to check circuit continuity between harness connectors in more detail, such as when a sub-harness is used, refer to Wiring Diagram in each individual section and Harness Layout in PG section for identification of harness connectors.

- Before checking voltage at connectors, check battery voltage.
- After accomplishing the Diagnosis Procedures and Electrical Components Inspection, make sure that all harness connectors are reconnected as they were.

### How to Follow Test Groups in Trouble Diagnosis

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











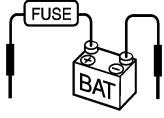


1. Test group number and test group title
  - Test group number and test group title are shown in the upper portion of each test group.
2. Work and diagnosis procedure
  - Start to diagnose a problem using procedures indicated in enclosed test groups.
3. Questions and results
  - Questions and required results are indicated in test group.
4. Action
  - Next action for each test group is indicated based on result of each question.

# HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

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## Key to Symbols Signifying Measurements or Procedures

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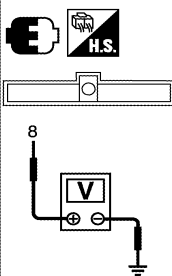














| SYMBOL   | DESCRIPTION   | SYMBOL  | DESCRIPTION   |
|--|---|---|---|
|   | Check after disconnecting the connector to be measured. |  | Procedure with Generic Scan Tool. (GST, OBD-II scan tool)             |
|   | Check after connecting the connector to be measured.    |  | Procedure without CONSULT or GST                                      |
|   | Insert key into ignition switch.                        |  | A/C switch is "OFF".  |
|   | Remove key from ignition switch.                        |  | A/C switch is "ON".   |
|   | Insert and remove key repeatedly.                       |  | REC switch is "ON".   |
|   | Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.                 |  | REC switch is "OFF".  |
|   | Turn ignition switch to "ACC" position.                 |  | Fan switch is "ON". (At any position except for "OFF" position)       |
|   | Turn ignition switch to "ON" position.                  |  | Fan switch is "OFF".  |
|   | Turn ignition switch to "START" position.               |  | Apply fuse.   |
|   | Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ACC" position.      |  | Apply positive voltage from battery with fuse directly to components. |
|   | Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "ON" position.       |   |   |
|  | Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "OFF" position.      |   |   |

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# HOW TO FOLLOW TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

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| SYMBOL  | DESCRIPTION   | SYMBOL  | DESCRIPTION  |
|---|---|---|--|
|    | Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ON" position.       |    | Drive vehicle.   |
|    | Turn ignition switch from "ON" to "OFF" position.       |   |  |
|    | Do not start engine, or check with engine stopped.      |    | Disconnect battery negative cable.   |
|    | Start engine, or check with engine running.             |    | Depress brake pedal.   |
|    | Apply parking brake.                                    |    | Release brake pedal.   |
|    | Release parking brake.                                  |    | Depress accelerator pedal.   |
|    | Check after engine is warmed up sufficiently.           |    | Release accelerator pedal.   |
|    | Voltage should be measured with a voltmeter.            | <br><br> | Pin terminal check for SMJ type ECM or TCM connectors.<br><b>For details regarding the terminal arrangement, refer to the "ELECTRICAL UNITS" electrical reference page at the end of the manual.</b> |
|    | Circuit resistance should be measured with an ohmmeter. |   |  |
|    | Current should be measured with an ammeter.             |   |  |
|    | Pulse signal should be checked with an oscilloscope.    |   |  |
|    | Procedure with CONSULT                                  |   |  |
|   | Procedure without CONSULT                               |   |  |
|  | Place selector lever in "P" position.                   |   |  |
|  | Place selector lever in "N" position.                   |   |  |
|  | Jack up front portion.                                  |   |  |
|  | Jack up rear portion.                                   |   |  |
|  | Inspect under engine room.                              |   |  |
|  | Inspect under floor.                                    |   |  |
|  | Inspect rear under floor.                               |   |  |

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# HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

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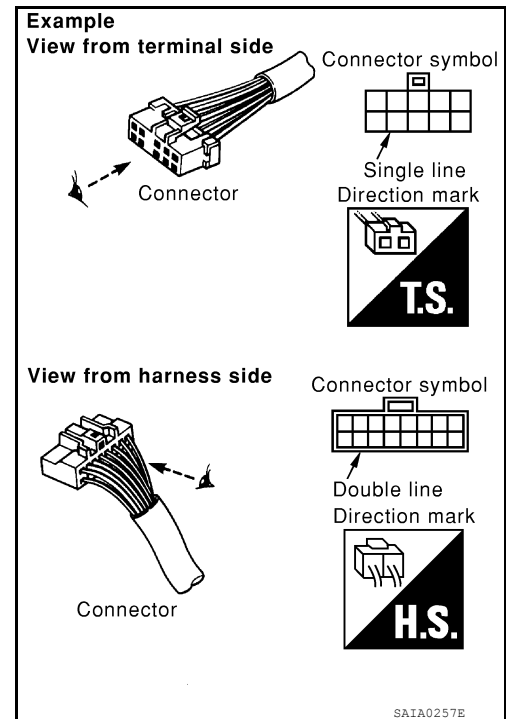
## HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

### Connector symbols

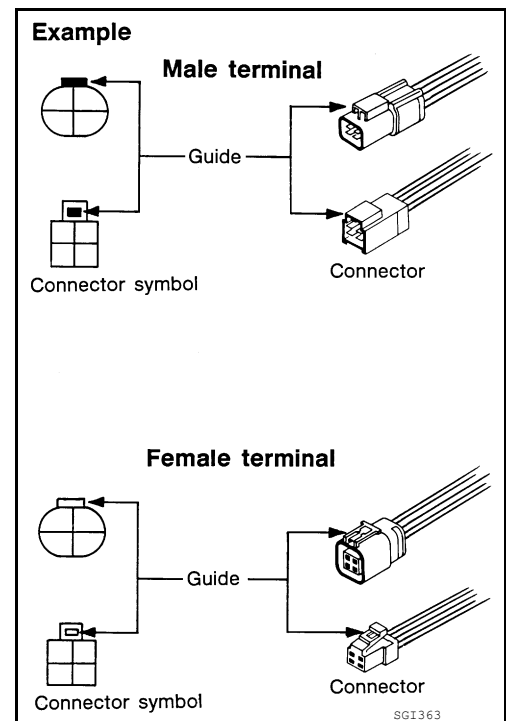
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Most of connector symbols in wiring diagrams are shown from the terminal side.

- Connector symbols shown from the terminal side are enclosed by a single line and followed by the direction mark.
- Connector symbols shown from the harness side are enclosed by a double line and followed by the direction mark.
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slide-locking type harness connector. For description and how to disconnect, refer to PG section, "Description", "HARNESS CONNECTOR".



- Male and female terminals  
Connector guides for male terminals are shown in black and female terminals in white in wiring diagrams.



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# HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

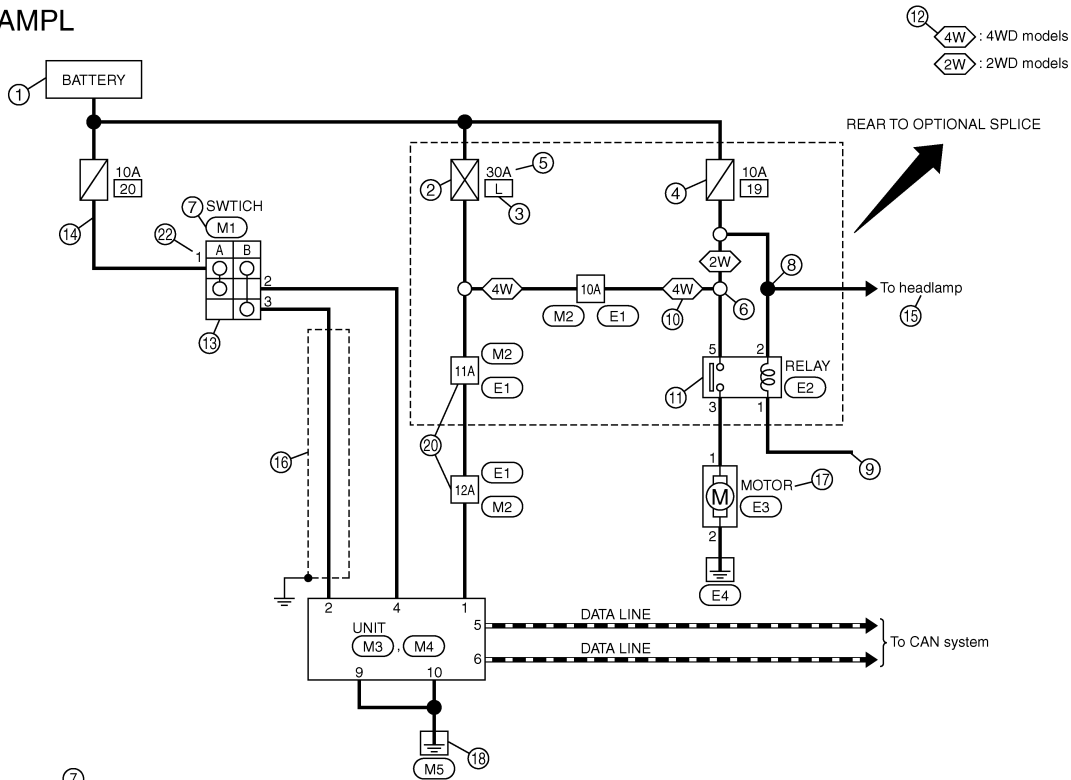
< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

## Sample/wiring diagram -example-

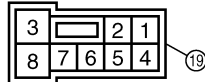
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- For detail, refer to following [GI-11. "Description"](#).

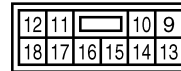
EXAMPL



|                |           |
|----------------|-----------|
| Connector No.  | M3        |
| Connector Name | UNIT      |
| Connector Type | NS06FW-M2 |



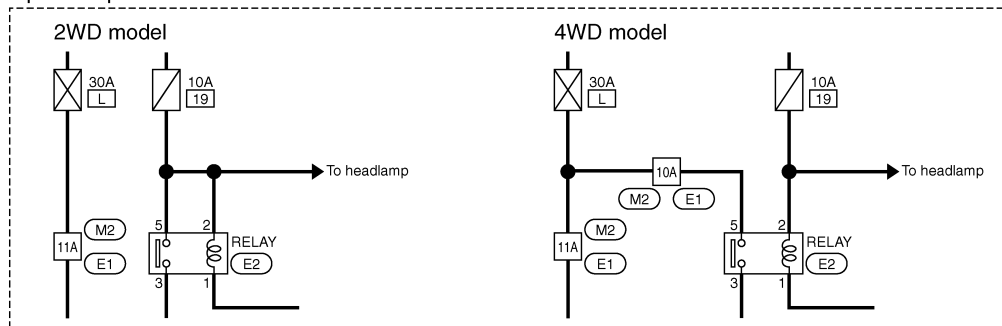
|                |           |
|----------------|-----------|
| Connector No.  | M4        |
| Connector Name | UNIT      |
| Connector Type | NS10FW-CS |



| Terminal No. | Color of Wire | Signal Name [Specification] |
|--------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| 1            | W             | BAT                         |
| 2            | G             | SWITCH B                    |
| 4            | V             | SWITCH A                    |
| 5            | L             | CAN-H                       |
| 6            | P             | CAN-L                       |

| Terminal No. | Color of Wire | Signal Name [Specification] |
|--------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| 9            | B             | GND                         |
| 10           | B             | GND                         |

Optional splice



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# HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

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## Description

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| Number           | Item                                | Description  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-----------|---------------|-----------|------------------|---------|----------|-----------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| 1                | Power supply                        | • This means the power supply of fusible link or fuse.   |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 2                | Fusible link                        | • "X" means the fusible link.  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 3                | Number of fusible link/fuse         | • This means the number of fusible link or fuse location.  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 4                | Fuse                                | • "f" means the fuse.  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 5                | Current rating of fusible link/fuse | • This means the current rating of the fusible link or fuse.   |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 6                | Optional splice                     | • The open circle shows that the splice is optional depending on vehicle application.  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 7                | Connector number                    | • The letter shows which harness the connector is located in.<br>• Example "M": main harness. For detail and to locate the connector, refer to <a href="#">PG-5, "Electrical Units Location"</a> , <a href="#">PG-47, "Harness Layout"</a> .   |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 8                | Splice                              | • The shaded circle  means the splice.  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 9                | Page crossing                       | • This circuit continues to an adjacent page.  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 10               | Option abbreviation                 | • This means the vehicle specifications which layouts the circuit between "O".   |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 11               | Relay                               | • This shows an internal representation of the relay.  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 12               | Option description                  | • This shows a description of the option abbreviation used on the page.  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 13               | Switch                              | • This shows that continuity exists between terminals 1 and 2 when the switch is in the A position. Continuity exists between terminals 1 and 3 when the switch is in the B position.  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 14               | Circuit (Wiring)                    | • This means the wiring.   |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 15               | System branch                       | • This shows that the circuit is branched to other systems.  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 16               | Shielded line                       | • The line enclosed by broken line circle shows shield wire.   |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 17               | Component name                      | • This shows the name of a component.  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 18               | Ground (GND)                        | • This shows the ground connection.  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 19               | Connector                           | • This means the connector information.<br>• This unit-side is described by the connector symbols.   |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 20               | Connectors                          | • This means that a transmission line bypasses two connectors or more.   |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 21               | Wire color                          | • This shows a code for the color of the wire.   |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
|                  |                                     | <table border="0"> <tr> <td>B = Black</td> <td>LA = Lavender</td> </tr> <tr> <td>W = White</td> <td>OR or O = Orange</td> </tr> <tr> <td>R = Red</td> <td>P = Pink</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G = Green</td> <td>PU or V (Violet) = Purple</td> </tr> <tr> <td>L = Blue</td> <td>GY or GR = Gray</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y = Yellow</td> <td>SB = Sky Blue</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LG = Light Green</td> <td>CH = Dark Brown</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BG = Beige</td> <td>DG = Dark Green</td> </tr> <tr> <td>BR = Brown</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> | B = Black | LA = Lavender | W = White | OR or O = Orange | R = Red | P = Pink | G = Green | PU or V (Violet) = Purple | L = Blue | GY or GR = Gray | Y = Yellow | SB = Sky Blue | LG = Light Green | CH = Dark Brown | BG = Beige | DG = Dark Green |
| B = Black        | LA = Lavender                       |  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| W = White        | OR or O = Orange                    |  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| R = Red          | P = Pink                            |  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| G = Green        | PU or V (Violet) = Purple           |  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| L = Blue         | GY or GR = Gray                     |  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| Y = Yellow       | SB = Sky Blue                       |  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| LG = Light Green | CH = Dark Brown                     |  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| BG = Beige       | DG = Dark Green                     |  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| BR = Brown       |                                     |  |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
|                  |                                     | • When the wire color is striped, the base color is given first, followed by the stripe color as shown below:<br>Example: L/W = Blue with White Stripe   |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |
| 22               | Terminal number                     | • This means the terminal number of a connector.   |           |               |           |                  |         |          |           |                           |          |                 |            |               |                  |                 |            |                 |

B

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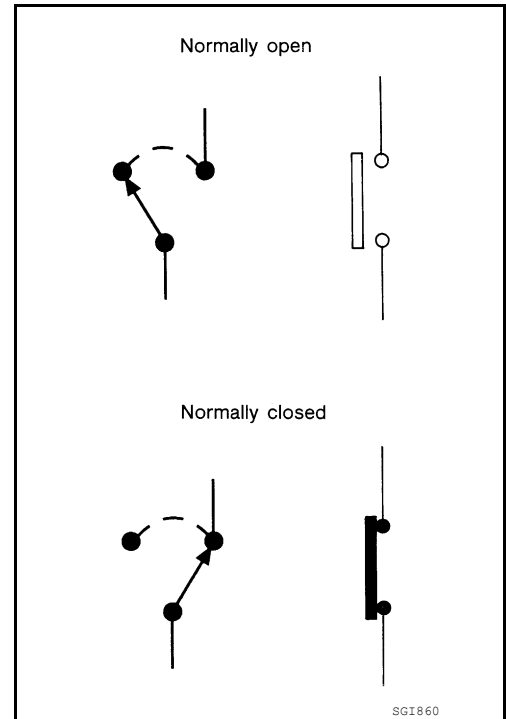
## SWITCH POSITIONS

Switches are shown in wiring diagrams as if the vehicle is in the "normal" condition. A vehicle is in the "normal" condition when:

# HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS

## < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

- ignition switch is "OFF",
- doors and hood are closed,
- pedals are not depressed, and
- parking brake is released.



## MULTIPLE SWITCH

The continuity of multiple switch is described in two ways as shown below.

- The switch chart is used in schematic diagrams.
- The switch diagram is used in wiring diagrams.

**Example**

(SWITCH CHART)

| WIPER SWITCH |   | OFF | INT | LO | HI | WASH |
|--------------|---|-----|-----|----|----|------|
| 1            |   |     |     |    |    | ○    |
| 2            |   |     |     |    | ○  |      |
| 3            | ○ | ○   | ○   |    |    |      |
| 4            | ○ | ○   |     |    |    |      |
| 5            |   | ○   |     |    |    |      |
| 6            |   | ○   | ○   | ○  | ○  |      |

(SWITCH DIAGRAM)

Both switches are turned in combination.

Continuity circuit of wiper switch

| SWITCH POSITION | CONTINUITY CIRCUIT |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| OFF             | 3-4                |
| INT             | 3-4, 5-6           |
| LO              | 3-6                |
| HI              | 2-6                |
| WASH            | 1-6                |

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# ABBREVIATIONS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

## ABBREVIATIONS

### Abbreviation List

INFOID:0000000011563948

The following **ABBREVIATIONS** are used:

| A            |  |
|--------------|--|
| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION                                  |
| A/C          | Air conditioner                              |
| A/C          | Air conditioning                             |
| A/F sensor   | Air fuel ratio sensor                        |
| A/T          | Automatic transaxle/transmission             |
| ABS          | Anti-lock braking system                     |
| ACCS         | Advance climate control system               |
| ACL          | Air cleaner                                  |
| AP           | Accelerator pedal                            |
| APP          | Accelerator pedal position                   |
| ATF          | Automatic transmission fluid                 |
| AV           | Audio visual                                 |
| AVM          | Around view monitor                          |
| AWD          | All wheel drive                              |
| B            |  |
| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION                                  |
| BARO         | Barometric pressure                          |
| BCI          | Backup collision intervention                |
| BCM          | Body control module                          |
| BLSD         | Brake limited slip differential              |
| BPP          | Brake pedal position                         |
| BSI          | Blind spot intervention                      |
| BSW          | Blind spot warning                           |
| C            |  |
| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION                                  |
| CKP          | Crankshaft position                          |
| CL           | Closed loop                                  |
| CMP          | Camshaft position                            |
| CPP          | Clutch pedal position                        |
| CTP          | Closed throttle position                     |
| CVT          | Continuously variable transaxle/transmission |
| D            |  |
| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION                                  |
| D1           | Drive range first gear                       |
| D2           | Drive range second gear                      |
| D3           | Drive range third gear                       |
| D4           | Drive range fourth gear                      |
| DCA          | Distance control assist                      |
| DDS          | Downhill drive support                       |
| DFI          | Direct fuel injection system                 |

# ABBREVIATIONS

## < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION             |
|--------------|-------------------------|
| DLC          | Data link connector     |
| DTC          | Diagnostic trouble code |

### E

| ABBREVIATION  | DESCRIPTION   |
|---------------|---|
| E/T           | Exhaust temperature                                 |
| EBD           | Electric brake force distribution                   |
| EC            | Engine control                                      |
| ECL           | Engine coolant level                                |
| ECM           | Engine control module                               |
| ECT           | Engine coolant temperature                          |
| ECV           | Electrical control valve                            |
| EEPROM        | Electrically erasable programmable read only memory |
| EFT           | Engine fuel temperature                             |
| EGR           | Exhaust gas recirculation                           |
| EGRT          | Exhaust gas recirculation temperature               |
| EGT           | Exhaust gas temperature                             |
| EOP           | Engine oil pressure                                 |
| EP            | Exhaust pressure                                    |
| EPR           | Exhaust pressure regulator                          |
| EPS           | Electronically controlled power steering            |
| ESP           | Electronic stability program system                 |
| EVAP canister | Evaporative emission canister                       |
| EVSE          | Electric vehicle supply equipment                   |
| EXC           | Exhaust control                                     |

### F

| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION               |
|--------------|---------------------------|
| FC           | Fan control               |
| FCW          | Forward collision warning |
| FIC          | Fuel injector control     |
| FP           | Fuel pump                 |
| FR           | Front                     |
| FRP          | Fuel rail pressure        |
| FRT          | Fuel rail temperature     |
| FTP          | Fuel tank pressure        |
| FTT          | Fuel tank temperature     |

### G

| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION               |
|--------------|---------------------------|
| GND          | Ground                    |
| GPS          | Global positioning system |
| GST          | Generic scan tool         |

### H

| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION                          |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| HBMC         | Hydraulic body-motion control system |
| HDD          | Hard disk drive                      |
| HO2S         | Heated oxygen sensor                 |

# ABBREVIATIONS

## < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION                      |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| HOC          | Heated oxidation catalyst        |
| HPCM         | Hybrid powertrain control module |

| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION                                       |
|--------------|---|
| I/M          | Inspection and maintenance                        |
| IA           | Intake air  |
| IAC          | Idle air control                                  |
| IAT          | Intake air temperature                            |
| IBA          | Intelligent brake assist                          |
| IC           | Ignition control                                  |
| ICC          | Intelligent cruise control                        |
| ICM          | Ignition control module                           |
| IPDM E/R     | Intelligent power distribution module engine room |
| ISC          | Idle speed control                                |
| ISS          | Input shaft speed                                 |
| ITS          | Information technology suite                      |

| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION  |
|--------------|--------------|
| KS           | Knock sensor |

| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION                |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| LBC          | Li-ion battery controller  |
| LCD          | Liquid crystal display     |
| LCU          | Local control unit         |
| LDP          | Lane departure prevention  |
| LDW          | Lane departure warning     |
| LED          | Light emitting diode       |
| LH           | Left-hand                  |
| LHD          | Left-hand drive            |
| LIN          | Local interconnect network |

| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION                   |
|--------------|-------------------------------|
| M/T          | Manual transaxle/transmission |
| MAF          | Mass airflow                  |
| MAP          | Manifold absolute pressure    |
| MDU          | Multi display unit            |
| MI           | Malfunction indicator         |
| MIL          | Malfunction indicator lamp    |
| MOD          | Moving object detection       |

| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION     |
|--------------|-----------------|
| NOX          | Nitrogen oxides |

# ABBREVIATIONS

## < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

| O            |                               |
|--------------|-------------------------------|
| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION                   |
| O2           | Oxygen                        |
| O2S          | Oxygen sensor                 |
| OBD          | On board diagnostic           |
| OC           | Oxidation catalytic converter |
| OD           | Overdrive                     |
| OL           | Open loop                     |
| OSS          | Output shaft speed            |

| P            |                                      |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION                          |
| P/S          | Power steering                       |
| PBR          | Potential balance resistor           |
| PCV          | Positive crankcase ventilation       |
| PFCW         | Predictive forward collision warning |
| PNP          | Park/Neutral position                |
| PSP          | Power steering pressure              |
| PTC          | Positive temperature coefficient     |
| PTO          | Power takeoff                        |
| PWM          | Pulse width modulation               |

| R            |                      |
|--------------|----------------------|
| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION          |
| RAM          | Random access memory |
| RAS          | Rear active steer    |
| RH           | Right-hand           |
| RHD          | Right-hand drive     |
| ROM          | Read only memory     |
| RPM          | Engine speed         |
| RR           | Rear                 |

| S            |                                       |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION                           |
| SAE          | Society of Automotive Engineers, Inc. |
| SCK          | Serial clock                          |
| SDS          | Service Data and Specifications       |
| SRT          | System readiness test                 |
| SST          | Special Service Tools                 |

| T            |                                 |
|--------------|---------------------------------|
| ABBREVIATION | DESCRIPTION                     |
| TC           | Turbocharger                    |
| TCM          | Transmission control module     |
| TCS          | Traction control system         |
| TCU          | Telematics communication unit   |
| TP           | Throttle position               |
| TPMS         | Tire pressure monitoring system |
| TSS          | Turbine shaft speed             |
| TWC          | Three way catalytic converter   |



# ABBREVIATIONS

## < HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

| U            |  |                                 |
|--------------|--|---------------------------------|
| ABBREVIATION |  | DESCRIPTION                     |
| USS          |  | Uphill start support            |
| V            |  |                                 |
| ABBREVIATION |  | DESCRIPTION                     |
| VCM          |  | Vehicle control module          |
| VDC          |  | Vehicle dynamics control system |
| VIN          |  | Vehicle identification number   |
| VSS          |  | Vehicle speed sensor            |
| W            |  |                                 |
| ABBREVIATION |  | DESCRIPTION                     |
| WOT          |  | Wide open throttle              |
| 1            |  |                                 |
| ABBREVIATION |  | DESCRIPTION                     |
| 11           |  | 1st range first gear            |
| 12           |  | 1st range second gear           |
| 1GR          |  | First gear                      |
| 2            |  |                                 |
| ABBREVIATION |  | DESCRIPTION                     |
| 21           |  | 2nd range first gear            |
| 22           |  | 2nd range second gear           |
| 2GR          |  | Second gear                     |
| 2WD          |  | Two wheel drive                 |
| 3            |  |                                 |
| ABBREVIATION |  | DESCRIPTION                     |
| 3GR          |  | Third gear                      |
| 4            |  |                                 |
| ABBREVIATION |  | DESCRIPTION                     |
| 4GR          |  | Fourth gear                     |
| 4WAS         |  | Four wheel active steer         |
| 4WD          |  | Four wheel drive                |
| 5            |  |                                 |
| ABBREVIATION |  | DESCRIPTION                     |
| 5GR          |  | Fifth gear                      |
| 6            |  |                                 |
| ABBREVIATION |  | DESCRIPTION                     |
| 6GR          |  | Sixth gear                      |
| 7            |  |                                 |
| ABBREVIATION |  | DESCRIPTION                     |
| 7GR          |  | Seventh gear                    |

# TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

## TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

### Description

INFOID:000000011563949

This vehicle has both new standard based on ISO\* and previous standard bolts/nuts. There are some differences between these two types of bolts/ nuts; shape of the head, grade of strength, hexagonal width across flats and the standard tightening torque.

- For guidance in discriminating, refer to [GI-18. "Tightening Torque Table \(New Standard Included\)"](#).
- If the tightening torque is not described in the description or figure, refer to [GI-18. "Tightening Torque Table \(New Standard Included\)"](#).

\*ISO: International Organization for Standardization

### Tightening Torque Table (New Standard Included)

INFOID:000000011563950

#### CAUTION:

- The special parts are excluded.
- The bolts/nuts in these tables have a strength (discrimination) number/symbol assigned to the head or the like. As to the relation between the strength grade in these tables and the strength (discrimination) number/symbol, refer to “DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS”.

### PREVIOUS STANDARD

| Grade<br>(Strength<br>grade) | Bolt<br>size | Bolt di-<br>ameter<br>mm | Hexagonal<br>width<br>across flats<br>mm | Pitch<br>mm | Tightening torque (Without lubricant) |      |       |       |                     |      |       |       |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--|-------------|---------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|---------------------|------|-------|-------|
|                              |              |                          |  |             | Hexagon head bolt                     |      |       |       | Hexagon flange bolt |      |       |       |
|                              |              |                          |  |             | N·m                                   | kg·m | ft·lb | in·lb | N·m                 | kg·m | ft·lb | in·lb |
| 4T                           | M6           | 6.0                      | 10                                       | 1.0         | 5.5                                   | 0.56 | 4     | 49    | 7                   | 0.71 | 5     | 62    |
|                              | M8           | 8.0                      | 12                                       | 1.25        | 13.5                                  | 1.4  | 10    | —     | 17                  | 1.7  | 13    | —     |
|                              |              |                          |  | 1.0         | 13.5                                  | 1.4  | 10    | —     | 17                  | 1.7  | 13    | —     |
|                              | M10          | 10.0                     | 14                                       | 1.5         | 28                                    | 2.9  | 21    | —     | 35                  | 3.6  | 26    | —     |
|                              |              |                          |  | 1.25        | 28                                    | 2.9  | 21    | —     | 35                  | 3.6  | 26    | —     |
|                              | M12          | 12.0                     | 17                                       | 1.75        | 45                                    | 4.6  | 33    | —     | 55                  | 5.6  | 41    | —     |
| 1.25                         |              |                          |  | 45          | 4.6                                   | 33   | —     | 65    | 6.6                 | 48   | —     |       |
| M14                          | 14.0         | 19                       | 1.5                                      | 80          | 8.2                                   | 59   | —     | 100   | 10                  | 74   | —     |       |
| 7T                           | M6           | 6.0                      | 10                                       | 1.0         | 9                                     | 0.92 | 7     | 80    | 11                  | 1.1  | 8     | 97    |
|                              | M8           | 8.0                      | 12                                       | 1.25        | 22                                    | 2.2  | 16    | —     | 28                  | 2.9  | 21    | —     |
|                              |              |                          |  | 1.0         | 22                                    | 2.2  | 16    | —     | 28                  | 2.9  | 21    | —     |
|                              | M10          | 10.0                     | 14                                       | 1.5         | 45                                    | 4.6  | 33    | —     | 55                  | 5.6  | 41    | —     |
|                              |              |                          |  | 1.25        | 45                                    | 4.6  | 33    | —     | 55                  | 5.6  | 41    | —     |
|                              | M12          | 12.0                     | 17                                       | 1.75        | 80                                    | 8.2  | 59    | —     | 100                 | 10   | 74    | —     |
| 1.25                         |              |                          |  | 80          | 8.2                                   | 59   | —     | 100   | 10                  | 74   | —     |       |
| M14                          | 14.0         | 19                       | 1.5                                      | 130         | 13                                    | 96   | —     | 170   | 17                  | 125  | —     |       |
| 9T                           | M6           | 6.0                      | 10                                       | 1.0         | 11                                    | 1.1  | 8     | —     | 13.5                | 1.4  | 10    | —     |
|                              | M8           | 8.0                      | 12                                       | 1.25        | 28                                    | 2.9  | 21    | —     | 35                  | 3.6  | 26    | —     |
|                              |              |                          |  | 1.0         | 28                                    | 2.9  | 21    | —     | 35                  | 3.6  | 26    | —     |
|                              | M10          | 10.0                     | 14                                       | 1.5         | 55                                    | 5.6  | 41    | —     | 80                  | 8.2  | 59    | —     |
|                              |              |                          |  | 1.25        | 55                                    | 5.6  | 41    | —     | 80                  | 8.2  | 59    | —     |
|                              | M12          | 12.0                     | 17                                       | 1.75        | 100                                   | 10   | 74    | —     | 130                 | 13   | 96    | —     |
| 1.25                         |              |                          |  | 100         | 10                                    | 74   | —     | 130   | 13                  | 96   | —     |       |
| M14                          | 14.0         | 19                       | 1.5                                      | 170         | 17                                    | 125  | —     | 210   | 21                  | 155  | —     |       |

#### CAUTION:

The parts with aluminum or the cast iron washer surface/thread surface are excluded.

# TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

NEW STANDARD BASED ON ISO

| Grade<br>(Strength<br>grade)  | Bolt<br>size | Bolt di-<br>ameter<br>mm | Hexagonal<br>width<br>across flats<br>mm | Pitch<br>mm | Tightening torque |      |       |       |                     |      |       |       |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--|-------------|-------------------|------|-------|-------|---------------------|------|-------|-------|
|                               |              |                          |  |             | Hexagon head bolt |      |       |       | Hexagon flange bolt |      |       |       |
|                               |              |                          |  |             | N·m               | kg·m | ft·lb | in·lb | N·m                 | kg·m | ft·lb | in·lb |
| 4.8<br>(Without<br>lubricant) | M6           | 6.0                      | 10                                       | 1.0         | 5.5               | 0.56 | 4     | 49    | 7                   | 0.71 | 5     | 62    |
|                               | M8           | 8.0                      | 13                                       | 1.25        | 13.5              | 1.4  | 10    | —     | 17                  | 1.7  | 13    | —     |
|                               |              |                          |  | 1.0         | 13.5              | 1.4  | 10    | —     | 17                  | 1.7  | 13    | —     |
|                               | M10          | 10.0                     | 16                                       | 1.5         | 28                | 2.9  | 21    | —     | 35                  | 3.6  | 26    | —     |
|                               |              |                          |  | 1.25        | 28                | 2.9  | 21    | —     | 35                  | 3.6  | 26    | —     |
|                               | M12          | 12.0                     | 18                                       | 1.75        | 45                | 4.6  | 33    | —     | 55                  | 5.6  | 41    | —     |
|                               |              |                          |  | 1.25        | 45                | 4.6  | 33    | —     | 65                  | 6.6  | 48    | —     |
| M14                           | 14.0         | 21                       | 1.5                                      | 80          | 8.2               | 59   | —     | 100   | 10                  | 74   | —     |       |
| 4.8<br>(With lu-<br>bricant)  | M6           | 6.0                      | 10                                       | 1.0         | 4                 | 0.41 | 3     | 35    | 5.5                 | 0.56 | 4     | 49    |
|                               | M8           | 8.0                      | 13                                       | 1.25        | 11                | 1.1  | 8     | —     | 13.5                | 1.4  | 10    | —     |
|                               |              |                          |  | 1.0         | 11                | 1.1  | 8     | —     | 13.5                | 1.4  | 10    | —     |
|                               | M10          | 10.0                     | 16                                       | 1.5         | 22                | 2.2  | 16    | —     | 28                  | 2.9  | 21    | —     |
|                               |              |                          |  | 1.25        | 22                | 2.2  | 16    | —     | 28                  | 2.9  | 21    | —     |
|                               | M12          | 12.0                     | 18                                       | 1.75        | 35                | 3.6  | 26    | —     | 45                  | 4.6  | 33    | —     |
|                               |              |                          |  | 1.25        | 35                | 3.6  | 26    | —     | 45                  | 4.6  | 33    | —     |
| M14                           | 14.0         | 21                       | 1.5                                      | 65          | 6.6               | 48   | —     | 80    | 8.2                 | 59   | —     |       |
| 8.8<br>(With lu-<br>bricant)  | M6           | 6.0                      | 10                                       | 1.0         | 8                 | 0.82 | 6     | 71    | 10                  | 1.0  | 7     | 89    |
|                               | M8           | 8.0                      | 13                                       | 1.25        | 21                | 2.1  | 15    | —     | 25                  | 2.6  | 18    | —     |
|                               |              |                          |  | 1.0         | 21                | 2.1  | 15    | —     | 25                  | 2.6  | 18    | —     |
|                               | M10          | 10.0                     | 16                                       | 1.5         | 40                | 4.1  | 30    | —     | 50                  | 5.1  | 37    | —     |
|                               |              |                          |  | 1.25        | 40                | 4.1  | 30    | —     | 50                  | 5.1  | 37    | —     |
|                               | M12          | 12.0                     | 18                                       | 1.75        | 70                | 7.1  | 52    | —     | 85                  | 8.7  | 63    | —     |
|                               |              |                          |  | 1.25        | 70                | 7.1  | 52    | —     | 85                  | 8.7  | 63    | —     |
| M14                           | 14.0         | 21                       | 1.5                                      | 120         | 12                | 89   | —     | 140   | 14                  | 103  | —     |       |
| 10.9<br>(With lu-<br>bricant) | M6           | 6.0                      | 10                                       | 1.0         | 10                | 1.0  | 7     | 89    | 12                  | 1.2  | 9     | 106   |
|                               | M8           | 8.0                      | 13                                       | 1.25        | 27                | 2.8  | 20    | —     | 32                  | 3.3  | 24    | —     |
|                               |              |                          |  | 1.0         | 27                | 2.8  | 20    | —     | 32                  | 3.3  | 24    | —     |
|                               | M10          | 10.0                     | 16                                       | 1.5         | 55                | 5.6  | 41    | —     | 65                  | 6.6  | 48    | —     |
|                               |              |                          |  | 1.25        | 55                | 5.6  | 41    | —     | 65                  | 6.6  | 48    | —     |
|                               | M12          | 12.0                     | 18                                       | 1.75        | 95                | 9.7  | 70    | —     | 110                 | 11   | 81    | —     |
|                               |              |                          |  | 1.25        | 95                | 9.7  | 70    | —     | 110                 | 11   | 81    | —     |
| M14                           | 14.0         | 21                       | 1.5                                      | 160         | 16                | 118  | —     | 180   | 18                  | 133  | —     |       |

**CAUTION:**

1. Use tightening torque with lubricant for the new standard bolts/nuts in principle. Friction coefficient stabilizer is applied to the new standard bolts/nuts.
2. However, use tightening torque without lubricant for the following cases. Friction coefficient stabilizer is not applied to the following bolts/nuts.
  - Grade 4.8, M6 size bolt, Conical spring washer installed
  - Paint removing nut (Size M6 and M8) for fixing with weld bolt

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# TIGHTENING TORQUE OF STANDARD BOLTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

## DISCRIMINATION OF BOLTS AND NUTS

### BOLTS

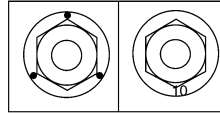
|                      | Grade<br>(Strength)              | Discrimination |                            |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| Previous<br>standard | 4T<br>(392N/mm <sup>2</sup> )    |                | <br>(No number/<br>symbol) |
|                      | 7T<br>(686N/mm <sup>2</sup> )    |                |                            |
|                      | 9T<br>(883N/mm <sup>2</sup> )    |                |                            |
| New<br>Standard      | 4.8<br>(420N/mm <sup>2</sup> )   |                | <br>(No number/<br>symbol) |
|                      | 8.8<br>(800N/mm <sup>2</sup> )   |                |                            |
|                      | 10.9<br>(1040N/mm <sup>2</sup> ) |                |                            |

### NUTS

|                      | Grade<br>(Proof load<br>stress) | Discrimination             |  |                            |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Previous<br>standard | 7N<br>(686N/mm <sup>2</sup> )   | <br>(No number/<br>symbol) |  |                            |
|                      | 9N<br>(883N/mm <sup>2</sup> )   |                            |  |                            |
| New<br>Standard      | 8<br>(800N/mm <sup>2</sup> )    |                            |  | <br>(No number/<br>symbol) |
|                      | 10<br>(1040N/mm <sup>2</sup> )  |                            |  |                            |

#### NOTICE:

- A number is assigned on the side of the nuts in some cases.
- A number or symbol is assigned on the upper surface of the flange for the nut with flange.



### MACHINE SCREWS AND TAPPING SCREWS

Shape of the head :

Cross recess for the previous standard  
Torx recess for the new standard

| Screw size | Screw diameter | Torx size |
|------------|----------------|-----------|
| M4         | 4.0            | T20       |
| M5         | 5.0            | T20       |
| M6         | 6.0            | T30       |

#### NOTICE:

Use torx size T20 (united with M4 screw) for M5 screw although ISO standard specifies T25.

SAIA0453E

# RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS

< HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL >

## RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS

### Recommended Chemical Products and Sealants

INFOID:0000000011563951

Refer to the following chart for help in selecting the appropriate chemical product or sealant.

|   | Product Description  | Purpose  | Nissan North America Part No. (USA) | Nissan Canada Part No. (Canada) | Aftermarket Cross-reference Part Nos.   |
|---|--|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 1 | Rear View Mirror Adhesive                                    | Used to permanently re-mount rear view mirrors to windows.   | 999MP-AM000P                        | 99998-50505                     | Permatex 81844  |
| 2 | Anaerobic Liquid Gasket                                      | For metal-to-metal flange sealing.<br>Can fill a 0.38 mm (0.015 inch) gap and provide instant sealing for most powertrain applications.                | 999MP-AM001P                        | 99998-50503                     | Permatex 51813 and 51817  |
| 3 | High Performance Thread Sealant                              | Provides instant sealing on any threaded straight or parallel threaded fitting. (Thread sealant only, no locking ability.)<br>• Do not use on plastic. | 999MP-AM002P                        | 999MP-AM002P                    | Permatex 56521  |
| 4 | Silicone RTV   | Gasket Maker   | 999MP-AM003P (Ultra Grey)           | 99998-50506 (Ultra Grey)        | Permatex Ultra Grey 82194;<br>Three Bond 1207, 1215, 1216, 1217F, 1217G and 1217H<br>Nissan RTV Part No. 999MP-A7007      |
| 5 | High Temperature, High Strength Thread Locking Sealant (Red) | Threadlocker   | 999MP-AM004P                        | 999MP-AM004P                    | Permatex 27200;<br>Three Bond 1360, 1360N, 1305 N&P, 1307N, 1335, 1335B, 1363B, 1377C, 1386B, D&E and 1388<br>Loctite 648 |
| 6 | Medium Strength Thread Locking Sealant (Blue)                | Threadlocker (service tool removable)  | 999MP-AM005P                        | 999MP-AM005P                    | Permatex 24200, 24206, 24240, 24283 and 09178;<br>Three Bond 1322, 1322N, 1324 D&N, 1333D, 1361C, 1364D, 1370C and 1374   |

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# IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

< VEHICLE INFORMATION >

## VEHICLE INFORMATION

### IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

#### Model Variation

INFOID:000000011563952

Prefix and suffix designations:

| Position | Character | Qualifier    | Definition                    |
|----------|-----------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| 1        | B         | Body type    | B: King Cab                   |
|          |           |              | C: Crew Cab                   |
| 2        | PK        | Engine       | PK: VK56DE                    |
| 3        |           |              |                               |
| 4        | A         | Axle         | A: 2WD SWB (short wheel base) |
|          |           |              | B: 2WD LWB (long wheel base)  |
|          |           |              | N: 4WD SWB                    |
|          |           |              | P: 4WD LWB                    |
| 5        | L         | Drive        | L: LH                         |
| 6        | T         | Grade        | R: S                          |
|          |           |              | T: SV                         |
|          |           |              | U: PRO-4X                     |
|          |           |              | V: SL                         |
| 7        | N         | Transmission | N: RE5R05A (5A/T)             |
| 8        | P90       | Model        | P90: Titan                    |
| 9        |           |              |                               |
| 10       |           |              |                               |
| 11       | E         | Intake       | E: EGI                        |
|          |           |              | M: FFV                        |
| 12       | U         | Zone         | N: Canada                     |
|          |           |              | U: USA                        |
|          |           |              | J: Mexico                     |
| 13       | L         | Equipment    | L: Standard                   |
| 14       | XXXXX     | Option Codes | Option Codes                  |
| 15       |           |              |                               |
| 16       |           |              |                               |
| 17       |           |              |                               |
| 18       |           |              |                               |

#### 2WD Model

| Body              | Engine     | Transmission   | Destination | Grade | Model       |
|-------------------|------------|----------------|-------------|-------|-------------|
| King Cab<br>(SWB) | VK56DE     | RE5R05A (5A/T) | 50-State    | S     | BPKALRN-EUL |
|                   |            |                |             | SV    | BPKALTN-EUL |
|                   |            |                | Canada      | S     | BPKALRN-ENL |
|                   |            |                |             | SV    | BPKALTN-ENL |
|                   | VK56DE FFV | RE5R05A (5A/T) | 50-State    | S     | BPKALRN-MUL |
|                   |            |                |             | SV    | BPKALTN-MUL |

# IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

## < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

| Body           | Engine           | Transmission   | Destination | Grade      | Model          |             |
|----------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|------------|----------------|-------------|
| Crew Cab (SWB) | VK56DE           | RE5R05A (5A/T) | 50-State    | S          | CPKALRN-EUL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | SV         | CPKALTN-EUL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | SL         | CPKALVN-EUL    |             |
|                | VK56DE FFV       | RE5R05A (5A/T) | 50-State    | Mexico     | S              | CPKALRN-EJL |
|                |                  |                |             | S          | CPKALRN-MUL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             |            | SV             | CPKALTN-MUL |
| SL             | CPKALVN-MUL      |                |             |            |                |             |
|                | <b>4WD Model</b> |                |             |            |                |             |
| Body           | Engine           | Transmission   | Destination | Grade      | Model          |             |
| King Cab (SWB) | VK56DE           | RE5R05A (5A/T) | 50-State    | S          | BPKNLRN-EUL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | SV         | BPKNLTN-EUL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | PRO-4X     | BPKNLUN-EUL    |             |
|                |                  |                | Canada      | SV         | BPKNLTN-ENL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | PRO-4X     | BPKNLUN-ENL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | SL         | BPKNLVN-ENL    |             |
|                | VK56DE FFV       | RE5R05A (5A/T) | 50-State    | S          | BPKNLRN-MUL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | SV         | BPKNLTN-MUL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | PRO-4X     | BPKNLUN-MUL    |             |
| Crew Cab (SWB) | VK56DE           | RE5R05A (5A/T) | 50-State    | S          | CPKNLRN-EUL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | SV         | CPKNLTN-EUL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | PRO-4X     | CPKNLUN-EUL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | SL         | CPKNLVN-EUL    |             |
|                |                  |                | Canada      | S          | CPKNLRN-ENL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | SV         | CPKNLTN-ENL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | PRO-4X     | CPKNLUN-ENL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | SL         | CPKNLVN-ENL    |             |
|                |                  |                | Mexico      | S          | CPKNLRN-EJL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | PRO-4X     | CPKNLUN-EJL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | SL         | CPKNLVN-EJL    |             |
|                |                  |                |             | VK56DE FFV | RE5R05A (5A/T) | 50-State    |
|                | SV               | CPKNLTN-MUL    |             |            |                |             |
|                | PRO-4X           | CPKNLUN-MUL    |             |            |                |             |
|                | SL               | CPKNLVN-MUL    |             |            |                |             |
| Crew Cab (LWB) | VK56DE           | RE5R05A (5A/T) | Canada      | SV         | CPKPLTN-ENL    |             |

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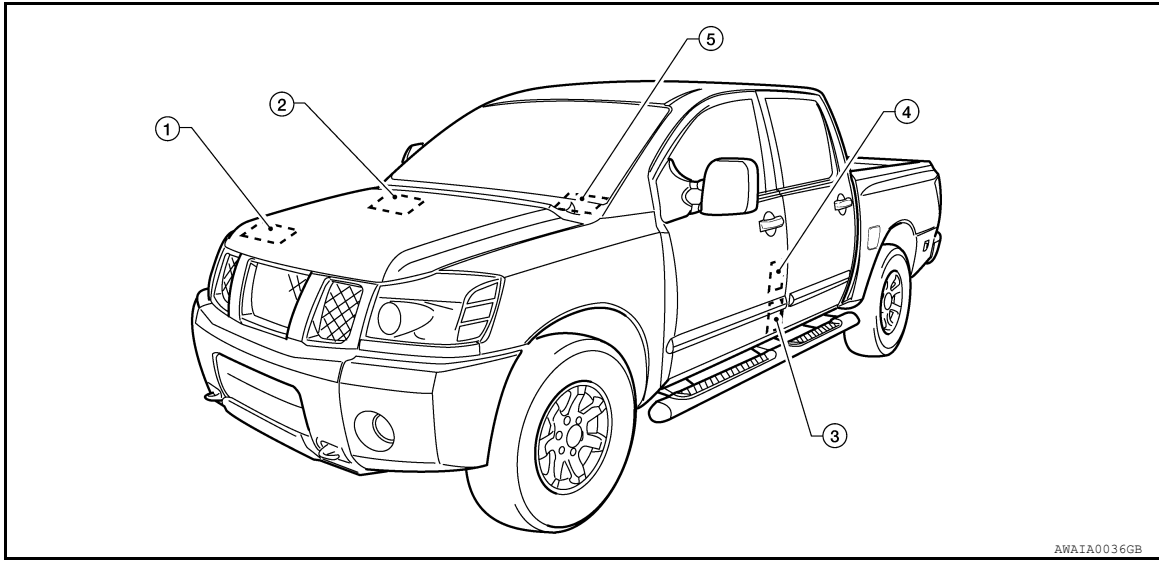
P

# IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

< VEHICLE INFORMATION >

## Identification Number

INFOID:000000011563953



- |                                       |  |   |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| 1. Emission control information label | 2. Air conditioner specification label       | 3. F.M.V.S.S./ C.M.V.S.S. certification label |
| 4. Tire and loading information label | 5. Vehicle identification number (VIN) plate |   |

### VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER ARRANGEMENT

| Position | Character | Qualifier    | Definition  |
|----------|-----------|--------------|---|
| 1        | 1N6       | Manufacturer | 1N6: Nissan Truck [NNA, Inc.]                               |
| 2        |           |              |   |
| 3        |           |              |   |
| 4        | A         | Engine type  | A: VK56DE<br>B: VK56DE (Flexible fuel vehicle)              |
| 5        | A0        | Model code   | A0: A60 (Titan)   |
| 6        |           |              |   |
| 7        | C         | Body type    | C: King Cab (SWB)<br>E: Crew Cab (SWB)<br>F: Crew Cab (LWB) |



# IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

## < VEHICLE INFORMATION >

| Position | Character | Qualifier                   | Definition  |    |
|----------|-----------|-----------------------------|---|----|
| 8        | A         | Gross vehicle weight rating | A: 2WD, 4-wheel ABS, Class E<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5 seating capacity</li> <li>- (Driver and Passenger): 3-Point Manual Belts, Frontal Air Bags, Side Air Bags and Curtain Side Air Bags</li> <li>- (2nd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags</li> <li>- (2nd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belt</li> </ul>  | GI |
|          |           |                             | C: 4WD, 4-wheel ABS, Class F<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5 seating capacity</li> <li>- (Driver and Passenger): 3-Point Manual Belts, Frontal Air Bags, Side Air Bags and Curtain Side Air Bags</li> <li>- (2nd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags</li> <li>- (2nd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belt</li> </ul>  | B  |
|          |           |                             | D: 2WD, 4-wheel ABS, Class F<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5 seating capacity</li> <li>- (Driver and Passenger): 3-Point Manual Belts, Frontal Air Bags, Side Air Bags and Curtain Side Air Bags</li> <li>- (2nd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags</li> <li>- (2nd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belt</li> </ul>  | C  |
|          |           |                             | H: 2WD, 4-wheel ABS, Class E<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 6 seating capacity</li> <li>- (Driver and Passenger): 3-Point Manual Belts, Frontal Air Bags, Side Air Bags and Curtain Side Air Bags</li> <li>- (1st Row Center): Manual Lap Belt</li> <li>- (2nd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags</li> <li>- (2nd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belt</li> </ul> | D  |
|          |           |                             | J: 4WD, 4-wheel ABS, Class F<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 6 seating capacity</li> <li>- (Driver and Passenger): 3-Point Manual Belts, Frontal Air Bags, Side Air Bags and Curtain Side Air Bags</li> <li>- (1st Row Center): Manual Lap Belt</li> <li>- (2nd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags</li> <li>- (2nd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belt</li> </ul> | E  |
|          |           |                             | K: 2WD, 4-wheel ABS, Class F<br><ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 6 seating capacity</li> <li>- (Driver and Passenger): 3-Point Manual Belts, Frontal Air Bags, Side Air Bags and Curtain Side Air Bags</li> <li>- (1st Row Center): Manual Lap Belt</li> <li>- (2nd Row Outboard): 3-Point Manual Belts and Curtain Side Air Bags</li> <li>- (2nd Row Center): 3-Point Manual Belt</li> </ul> | F  |
| 9        | *         | Check digit                 | (0 to 9 or X) The code for the check digit is determined by a mathematical computation.   | G  |
| 10       | F         | Model year                  | F: 2015   | H  |
| 11       | N         | Manufacturing plant         | N: Canton, Mississippi  | I  |
| 12       | XXXXXX    | Vehicle serial number       | Chassis number  | J  |
| 13       |           |                             |   | K  |
| 14       |           |                             |   | L  |
| 15       |           |                             |   | M  |
| 16       |           |                             |   | N  |
| 17       |           |                             |   | O  |







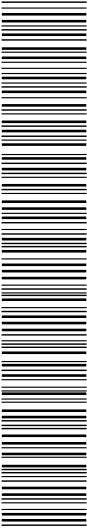




# IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

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## Identification Plate





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USA

|  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| <b>MFD BY NISSAN MOTOR CO., LTD.</b>   |   |  |
| DATE:   |   |  Date of manufacture                            |
| GVWR: XXXXX KG   |   |  |
|  | XXXXX LB  |  |
| GAWR FR: XXXXX KG  |   |  Vehicle identification number (Chassis number) |
|  | XXXXX LB  |  |
| WITH XXXXX/XXXXX: TIRES  |   |  Model  |
| XXx.X RIMS AT XX PSI   |   |  |
| COLD SINGLE  |   |  Body color code                                |
| GAWR RR: XXXXX KG  |   |  |
|  | XXXXX LB  |  Trim color code                                |
| WITH XXXXX/XXXXX: TIRES  |   |  |
| XXx.X RIMS AT XX PSI   |   |  |
| COLD SINGLE  |   |  |
| THIS VEHICLE CONFORMS TO ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY STANDARDS IN EFFECT ON THE DATE OF MANUFACTURE SHOWN ABOVE. |   |  |
|   |   |  |
|  XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX                           |   |  |
| TRUCK XXX  |   |  |
|  MODEL: XXXXXXXX-XXXXXXXX                       |   |  |
| COLOR: XXX   | TRIM: X   |  |
|   |  |  |

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CANADA

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|---|---|--|
| <b>MFD. BY NISSAN MOTOR CO., LTD.</b>   |   |  |
| DATE: MM/YY   |   |  |
| GVWR/PNBV: XXXXX KG   |   |  Vehicle Identification Number (chassis number) |
|   | XXXXX LB  |  |
| GAWR/PNBE FR: XXXXX KG  |   |  |
|   | XXXXX LB  |  |
| ##X#. #   | RIMS/JANTES   |  |
| GAWR/PNBE RR: XXXXX KG  |   |  |
|   | XXXXX LB  |  |
| ##X#. #   | RIMS/JANTES   |  |
|  |   |  |
|  |   |  |
| XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX  |  |  |
| TYPE: TRU/CAM   | XXX   |  |
| ICES/NMB-002  |   |  |
| MODEL: XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX   |   |  |
| COLOR: XXX  | TRIM: X   | ZS50A  |

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# IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

< VEHICLE INFORMATION >

MEXICO

MFD. BY NISSAN MOTOR CO.,LTD.

DATE: MM/YY

GVWR: XXXXX KG  
XXXXX LB

GAWR FR: XXXXX KG  
XXXXX LB

WITH XXXXX/XXXXX: TIRES  
XXxX.X RIMS AT XX PSI  
COLD SINGLE

GAWR RR: XXXXX KG  
XXXXX LB

WITH XXXXX/XXXXX: TIRES  
XXxX.X RIMS AT XX PSI  
COLD SINGLE

MODEL CODE: XXX  
PLANT: XXXXXXXX  
MADE IN USA

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TRUCK XXXX

MODEL: XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

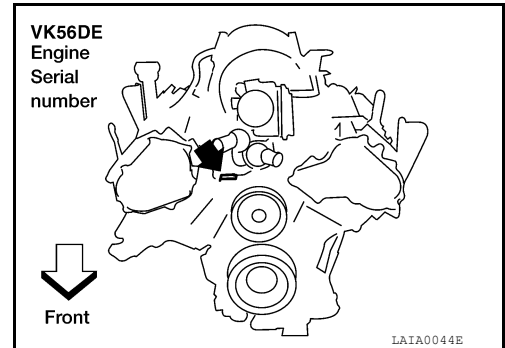
COLOR: XXX TRIM: X ZS80A

Vehicle Identification Number (chassis number)

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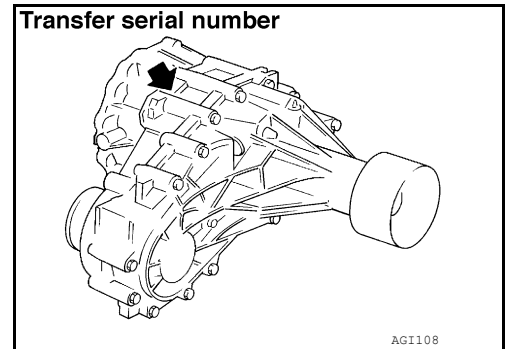
## Engine Serial Number

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## Transfer Serial Number

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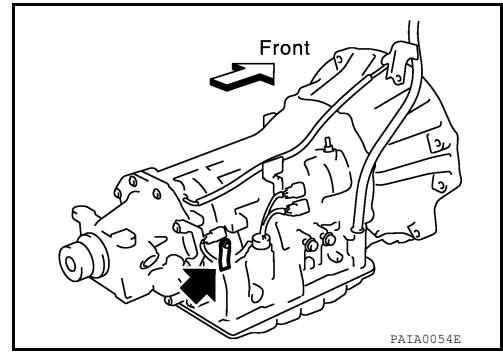
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# IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

< VEHICLE INFORMATION >

## Automatic Transmission Number

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## Dimensions

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Unit: mm (in)

| Drive type                |                 | 2WD                                 | 4WD   |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Overall length            | SWB             | 5704 (224.6)                        |   |
|                           | LWB             | 6204 (244.2)                        |   |
| Overall width             |                 | 2019 (79.5)                         |   |
| Overall height (King Cab) | SWB             | 1896 (74.6) S, SV                   | 1934 (76.1) S, SV<br>1946 (76.6) PRO-4X<br>1941 (76.4) SL |
|                           | SWB             | 1898 (74.7) S, SV<br>1908 (75.1) SL | 1939 (76.3) S, SV<br>1954 (76.9) PRO-4X<br>1949 (76.7) SL |
| Overall height (Crew Cab) | LWB             | —                                   | 1939 (76.3) SV  |
|                           | 18 inch tire    | 1725 (67.9)                         |   |
| Front tread width         | 20 inch tire    | 1729 (68.1)                         |   |
|                           | 18 inch tire    | 1725 (67.9)                         |   |
| Rear tread width          | 20 inch tire    | 1729 (68.1)                         |   |
|                           | Wheelbase (SWB) | 3550 (139.8)                        |   |
| Wheelbase (LWB)           | 4050 (159.5)    |                                     |   |

Unit: mm (in)

|  | Grade                  | S          |            | SV  |            | PRO-4X     | SL         |            |  |
|--|------------------------|------------|------------|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
|  |                        | 2WD        | 4WD        | 2WD | 4WD        | 4WD        | 2WD        | 4WD        |  |
| Minimum running ground clearance measurement | King Cab               |            |            |     |            |            |            |            |  |
|  | at rear axle           | 260 (10.2) |            |     |            | 271 (10.7) | —          |            |  |
|  | with skid plates *1    | 280 (11.0) |            |     |            | 288 (11.3) | —          |            |  |
|  | without skid plates *1 | 280 (11.0) |            |     |            | —          | —          |            |  |
|  | Crew Cab               |            |            |     |            |            |            |            |  |
|  | at rear axle           | SWB        | 263 (10.4) |     |            |            | 273 (10.7) | 268 (10.6) |  |
|  |                        | LWB        | —          |     | 261 (10.3) |            | —          |            |  |
|  | with skid plates *1    | SWB        | 282 (11.1) |     |            |            | 290 (11.4) | 288 (11.3) |  |
|  |                        | LWB        | —          |     | 283 (11.1) |            | —          |            |  |
|  | without skid plates *1 | SWB        | 282 (11.1) |     |            |            | —          | 288 (11.3) |  |
|  |                        | LWB        | —          |     | 283 (11.1) |            | —          |            |  |

\*1 measured at front suspension

# IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

< VEHICLE INFORMATION >

## Wheels & Tires

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| Drive Type | Grade                   | Road wheel / Offset mm (in)            | Tire       | Spare tire size |
|------------|-------------------------|--|------------|-----------------|
| 2WD        | S                       | 18X8JJ Steel / 25 (1.0)                | P265/70R18 | P265/70R18      |
|            |                         | 18X8JJ Alloy / 25 (1.0)                | P265/70R18 | P265/70R18      |
|            | SV                      | 18X8JJ Alloy / 25 (1.0)                | P265/70R18 | P265/70R18      |
|            |                         | 18X8JJ Chrome Clad Alloy / 25 (1.0) *1 | P265/70R18 | P265/70R18      |
|            |                         | 20X8JJ Alloy / 23 (0.9)                | P275/60R20 | P275/60R20      |
| SL         | 20X8JJ Alloy / 23 (0.9) | P275/60R20                             | P275/60R20 |                 |
| 4WD        | S                       | 18X8JJ Steel / 25 (1.0)                | P265/70R18 | P265/70R18      |
|            |                         | 18X8JJ Alloy / 25 (1.0)                | P265/70R18 | P265/70R18      |
|            | SV                      | 18X8JJ Alloy / 25 (1.0)                | P265/70R18 | P265/70R18      |
|            |                         | 18X8JJ Chrome Clad Alloy / 25 (1.0) *1 | P265/70R18 | P265/70R18      |
|            |                         | 20X8JJ Alloy / 23 (0.9)                | P275/60R20 | P275/60R20      |
|            | SL                      | 20X8JJ Alloy / 23 (0.9)                | P275/60R20 | P275/60R20      |
|            |                         | 20X8JJ Chrome Finish / 23 (0.9) *1     | P275/60R20 | P275/60R20      |
|            | PRO-4X                  | 18X8JJ Alloy / 25 (1.0)                | P275/70R18 | P275/70R18      |

\*1: optional for Crew Cab models

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# PRECAUTIONS

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## PRECAUTION

### PRECAUTIONS

#### Description

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Observe the following precautions to ensure safe and proper servicing. These precautions are not described in each individual section.

#### Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

INFOID:0000000011868045

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SR and SB section of this Service Manual.

#### WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SR section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

#### PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING POWER TOOLS (AIR OR ELECTRIC) AND HAMMERS

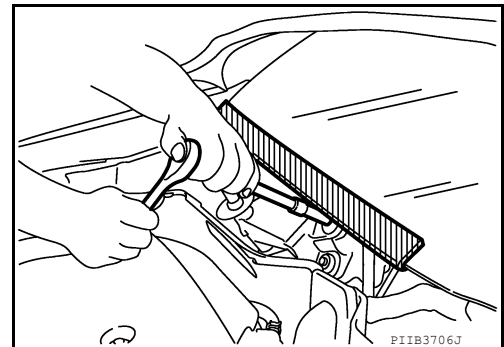
#### WARNING:

- When working near the Airbag Diagnosis Sensor Unit or other Airbag System sensors with the Ignition ON or engine running, DO NOT use air or electric power tools or strike near the sensor(s) with a hammer. Heavy vibration could activate the sensor(s) and deploy the air bag(s), possibly causing serious injury.
- When using air or electric power tools or hammers, always switch the Ignition OFF, disconnect the battery and wait at least three minutes before performing any service.

#### Procedures without Cowl Top Cover

INFOID:0000000011563958

When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc.



#### Cautions in Removing Battery Terminal and AV Control Unit

INFOID:0000000011563959

#### CAUTION:

Remove battery terminal and AV control unit after a lapse of 30 seconds or more after turning the ignition switch OFF.

#### NOTE:

After the ignition switch is turned OFF, the AV control unit continues operating for approximately 30 seconds. Therefore, data corruption may occur if battery voltage is cut off within 30 seconds.

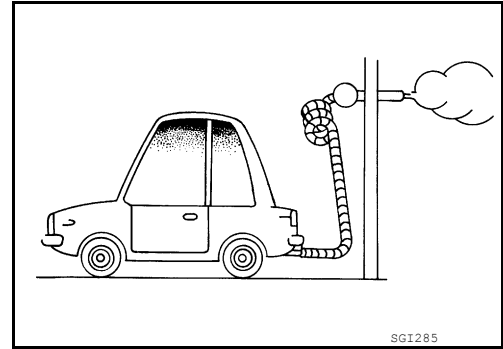
# PRECAUTIONS

## < PRECAUTION >

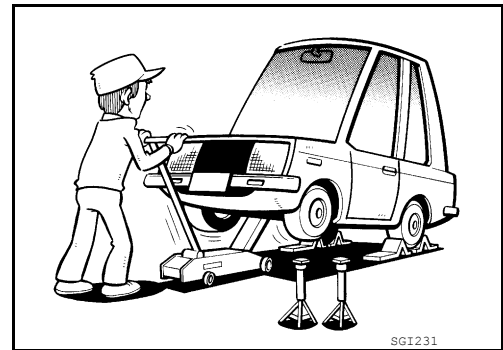
### General Precautions

INFOID:000000011563960

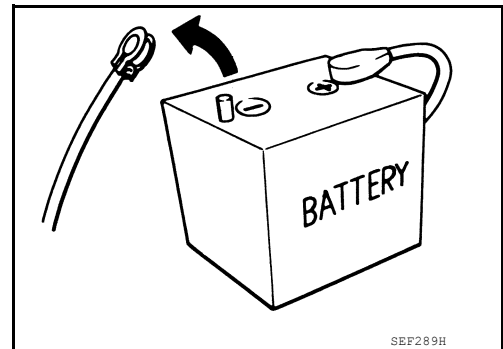
- Do not operate the engine for an extended period of time without proper exhaust ventilation.  
Keep the work area well ventilated and free of any inflammable materials. Special care should be taken when handling any inflammable or poisonous materials, such as gasoline, refrigerant gas, etc. When working in a pit or other enclosed area, be sure to properly ventilate the area before working with hazardous materials. Do not smoke while working on the vehicle.



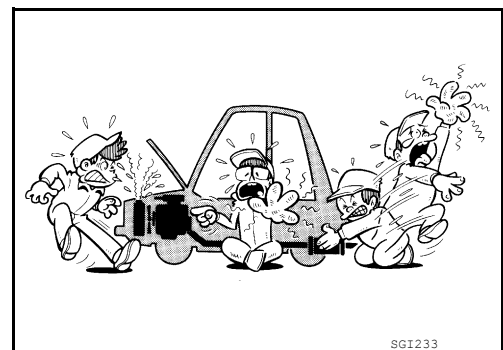
- Before jacking up the vehicle, apply wheel chocks or other tire blocks to the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving. After jacking up the vehicle, support the vehicle weight with safety stands at the points designated for proper lifting before working on the vehicle.  
These operations should be done on a level surface.
- When removing a heavy component such as the engine or transaxle/transmission, be careful not to lose your balance and drop them. Also, do not allow them to strike adjacent parts, especially the brake tubes and master cylinder.



- Before starting repairs which do not require battery power:  
Turn off ignition switch.  
Disconnect the negative battery terminal.
- If the battery terminals are disconnected, recorded memory of radio and each control unit is erased.



- To prevent serious burns:  
Avoid contact with hot metal parts.  
Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.
- Dispose of drained oil or the solvent used for cleaning parts in an appropriate manner.
- Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically.  
Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray and possibly a fire.
- Clean all disassembled parts in the designated liquid or solvent prior to inspection or assembly.
- Replace oil seals, gaskets, packings, O-rings, locking washers, cotter pins, self-locking nuts, etc. with new ones.
- Replace inner and outer races of tapered roller bearings and needle bearings as a set.
- Arrange the disassembled parts in accordance with their assembled locations and sequence.
- Do not touch the terminals of electrical components which use microcomputers (such as ECM).  
Static electricity may damage internal electronic components.
- After disconnecting vacuum or air hoses, attach a tag to indicate the proper connection.
- Use only the fluids and lubricants specified in this manual.
- Use approved bonding agent, sealants or their equivalents when required.

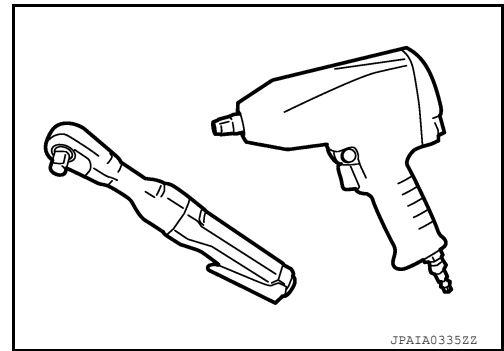


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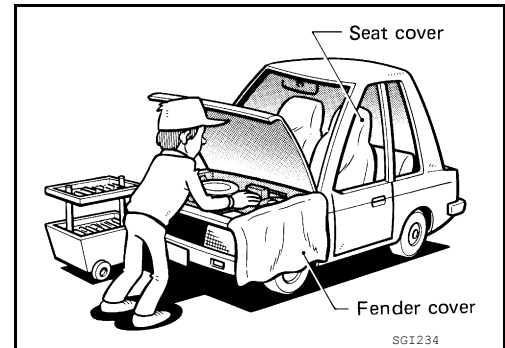
## PRECAUTIONS

### < PRECAUTION >

- Use hand tools, power tools (disassembly only) and recommended special tools where specified for safe and efficient service repairs.
- When repairing the fuel, oil, water, vacuum or exhaust systems, check all affected lines for leaks.



- Before servicing the vehicle:  
Protect fenders, upholstery and carpeting with appropriate covers.  
Take caution that keys, buckles or buttons do not scratch paint.



### **WARNING:**

To prevent ECM from storing the diagnostic trouble codes, do not carelessly disconnect the harness connectors which are related to the engine control system and TCM (transmission control module) system. The connectors should be disconnected only when working according to the **WORK FLOW** of **TROUBLE DIAGNOSES** in EC and TM sections.

### Three Way Catalyst

INFOID:000000011563961

If a large amount of unburned fuel flows into the catalyst, the catalyst temperature will be excessively high. To prevent this, follow the instructions.

- Use unleaded gasoline only. Leaded gasoline will seriously damage the three way catalyst.
- When checking for ignition spark or measuring engine compression, make tests quickly and only when necessary.
- Do not run engine when the fuel tank level is low, otherwise the engine may misfire, causing damage to the catalyst.

Do not place the vehicle on flammable material. Keep flammable material off the exhaust pipe and the three way catalyst.

### Fuel

INFOID:000000011563962

#### EXCEPT FLEXIBLE FUEL VEHICLE (FFV)

Use unleaded regular gasoline with an octane rating of at least 87 AKI (Anti-Knock Index) number (Research octane number 91).

### **CAUTION:**

- **Using a fuel other than that specified could adversely affect the emission control system, and may also affect the warranty coverage.**
- **Under no circumstances should a leaded gasoline be used, because this will damage the three-way catalyst.**
- **Do not use E-15 or E-85 fuel in your vehicle. Your vehicle is not designed to run on E-15 or E-85 fuel. Using E-15 or E-85 fuel in a vehicle not specifically designed for E-15 or E-85 fuel can adversely affect the emission control devices and systems of the vehicle. Damage caused by such fuel is not covered by the NISSAN new vehicle limited warranty.**
- **U.S. government regulations require ethanol dispensing pumps to be identified by a small, square, orange and black label with the common abbreviation or the appropriate percentage for that region.**

#### FLEXIBLE FUEL VEHICLE (FFV)



# PRECAUTIONS

## < PRECAUTION >

If your vehicle is equipped as a Flexible Fuel Vehicle (FFV) your vehicle is designed to use (E-85) Fuel Ethanol, "Regular" unleaded gasoline or any percentage of the two fuels combined.

### CAUTION:

- Using a fuel other than that specified could adversely affect the emission control system, and may also affect the warranty coverage.
- Under no circumstances should a leaded gasoline be used, because this will damage the three-way catalyst.
- U.S. government regulations require ethanol dispensing pumps to be identified by a small, square, orange and black label with the common abbreviation or the appropriate percentage for that region.

## Multiport Fuel Injection System or Engine Control System

INFOID:000000011563963

- Before connecting or disconnecting any harness connector for the multiport fuel injection system or ECM:  
Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.  
Disconnect negative battery terminal.  
Otherwise, there may be damage to ECM.
- Before disconnecting pressurized fuel line from fuel pump to injectors, be sure to release fuel pressure.
- Be careful not to jar components such as ECM and mass air flow sensor.

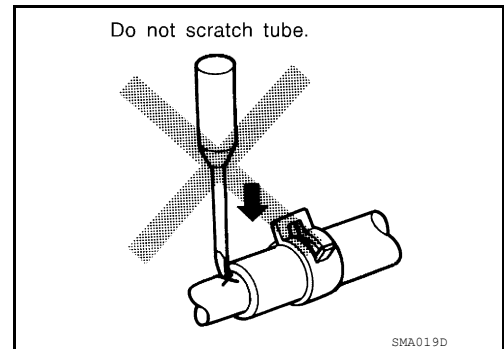


## Hoses

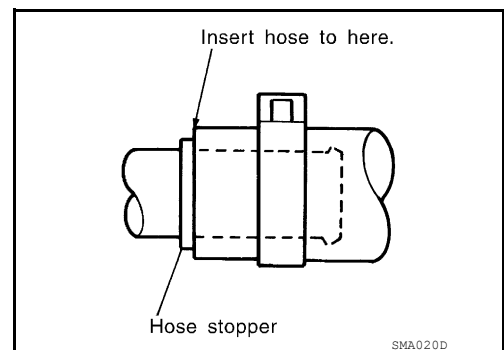
INFOID:000000011563964

### HOSE REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- To prevent damage to rubber hose, do not pry off rubber hose with tapered tool or screwdriver.



- To reinstall the rubber hose securely, make sure that hose insertion length and orientation is correct. (If tube is equipped with hose stopper, insert rubber hose into tube until it butts up against hose stopper.)



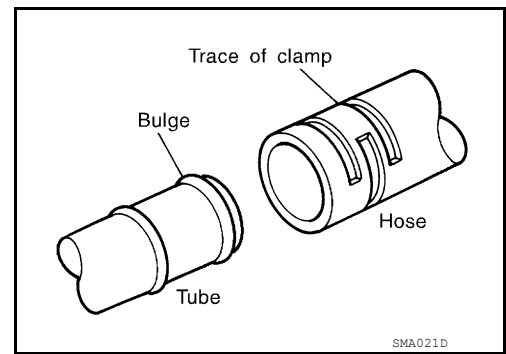
### HOSE CLAMPING

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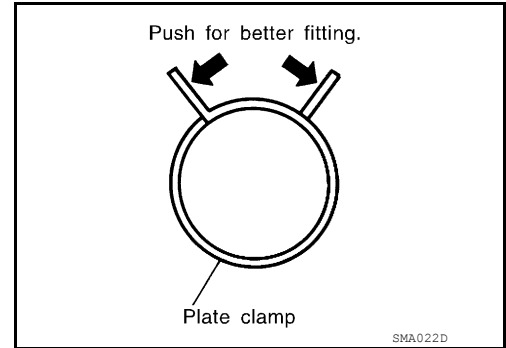
## PRECAUTIONS

### < PRECAUTION >

- If old rubber hose is re-used, install hose clamp in its original position (at the indentation where the old clamp was). If there is a trace of tube bulging left on the old rubber hose, align rubber hose at that position.
- Discard old clamps; replace with new ones.



- After installing plate clamps, apply force to them in the direction of the arrow, tightening rubber hose equally all around.



## Engine Oils

INFOID:000000011563965

Prolonged and repeated contact with used engine oil may cause skin cancer. Try to avoid direct skin contact with used oil.

If skin contact is made, wash thoroughly with soap or hand cleaner as soon as possible.

### HEALTH PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS

- Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with oils, particularly used engine oils.
- Wear protective clothing, including impervious gloves where practicable.
- Do not put oily rags in pockets.
- Avoid contaminating clothes, particularly underpants, with oil.
- Heavily soiled clothing and oil-impregnated footwear should not be worn. Overalls must be cleaned regularly.
- First aid treatment should be obtained immediately for open cuts and wounds.
- Use barrier creams, applying them before each work period, to help the removal of oil from the skin.
- Wash with soap and water to ensure all oil is removed (skin cleansers and nail brushes will help). Preparations containing lanolin replace the natural skin oils which have been removed.
- Do not use gasoline, kerosene, diesel fuel, gas oil, thinners or solvents for cleaning skin.
- If skin disorders develop, obtain medical advice without delay.
- Where practical, degrease components prior to handling.
- Where there is a risk of eye contact, eye protection should be worn, for example, chemical goggles or face shields; in addition an eye wash facility should be provided.

### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PRECAUTIONS

Dispose of used oil and used oil filters through authorized waste disposal contractors to licensed waste disposal sites, or to the waste oil reclamation trade. If in doubt, contact the local authority for advice on disposal facilities.

It is illegal to pour used oil on to the ground, down sewers or drains, or into water sources.

The regulations concerning pollution vary between regions.

## Air Conditioning

INFOID:000000011563966

Use an approved refrigerant recovery unit any time the air conditioning system must be discharged. Refer to [HA-20, "HFC-134a \(R-134a\) Service Procedure"](#).

# LIFTING POINT

< PRECAUTION >

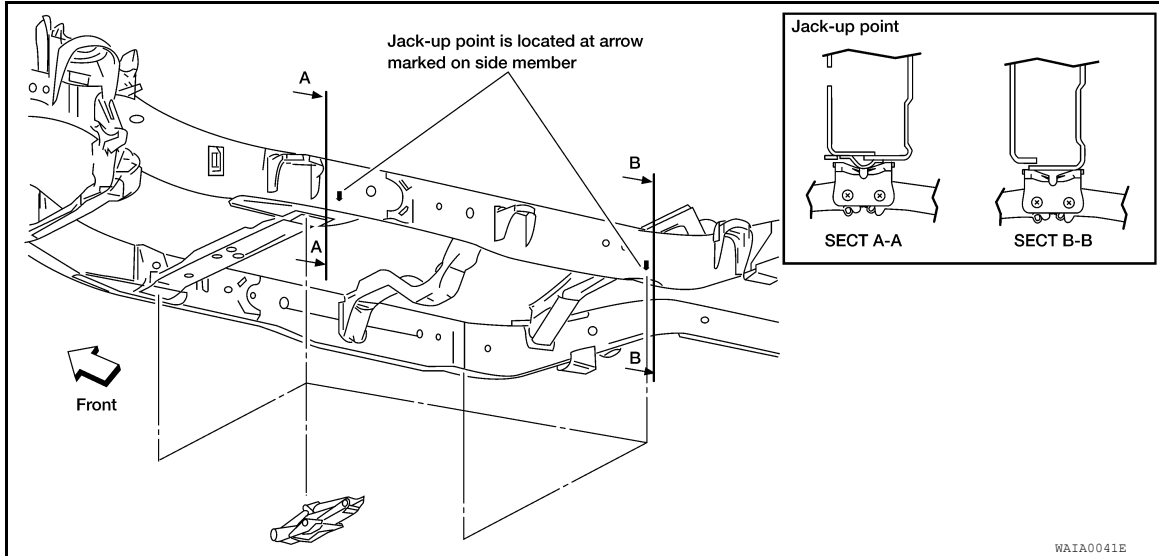
## LIFTING POINT

### Pantograph Jack

INFOID:000000011563967

#### WARNING:

- Never get under the vehicle while it is supported only by the jack. Always use safety stands to support the frame when you have to get under the vehicle.
- Place wheel chocks at both front and back of the wheels on the ground.

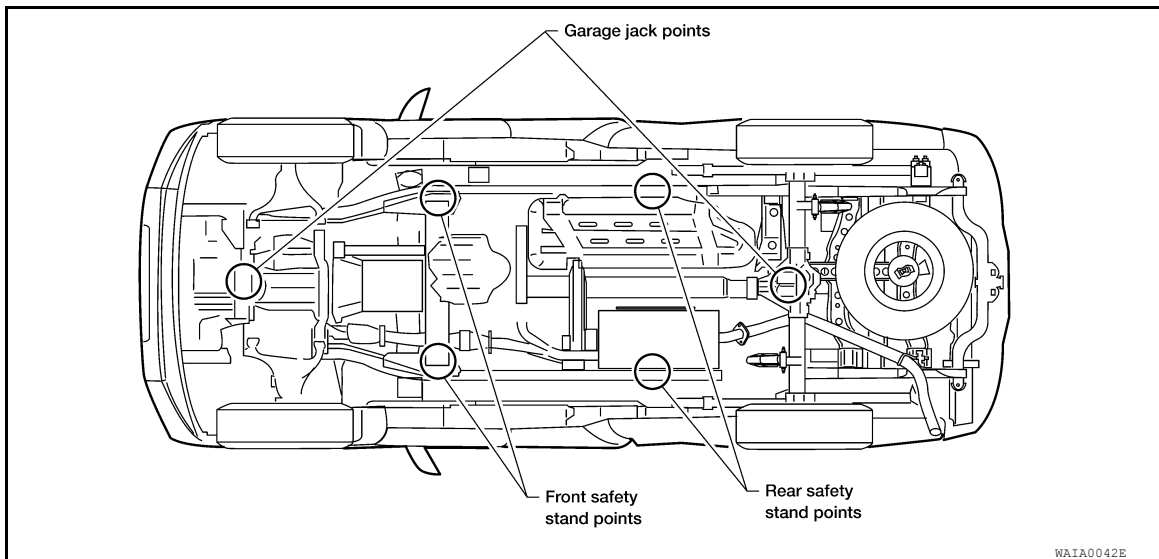


### Garage Jack and Safety Stand

INFOID:000000011563968

#### CAUTION:

Place a wooden or rubber block between safety stand and vehicle body when the supporting body is flat.



### 2-Pole Lift

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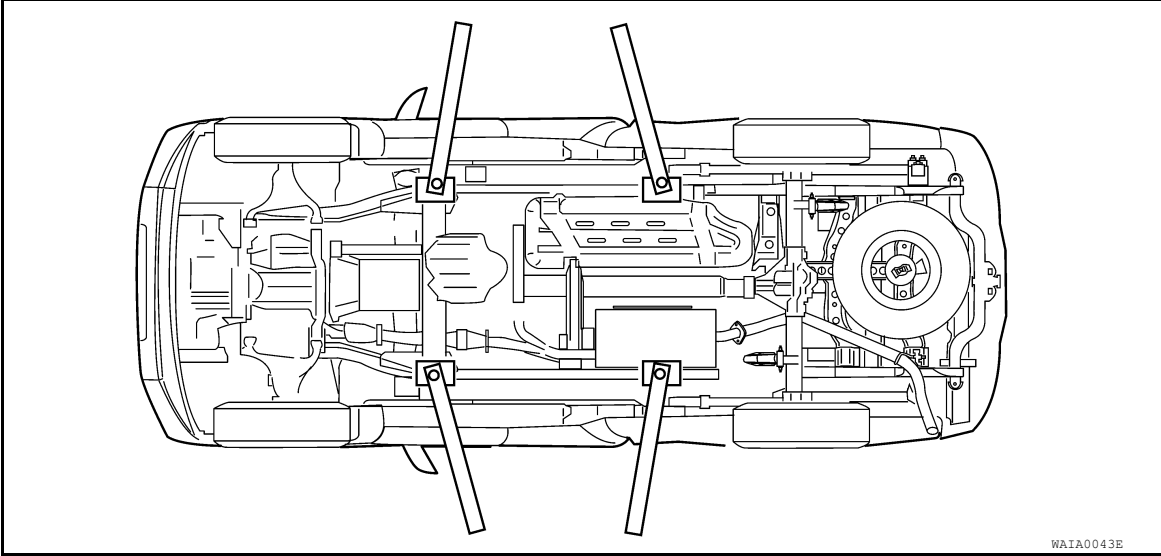
#### WARNING:

- When lifting the vehicle, open the lift arms as wide as possible and ensure that the front and rear of the vehicle are well balanced.

## LIFTING POINT

< PRECAUTION >

- When setting the lift arm, do not allow the arm to contact the brake tubes, brake cable, or fuel lines.



# TOW TRUCK TOWING

< PRECAUTION >

## TOW TRUCK TOWING

### Tow Truck Towing

INFOID:000000011563970

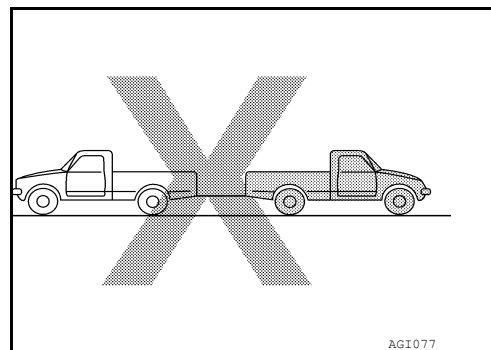
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#### WARNING:

- Never get under the vehicle while it is supported only by the jack. Always use safety stands to support the frame when you have to get under the vehicle.
- Place wheel chocks at both front and back of the wheels on the ground.

#### CAUTION:

- All applicable State or Provincial (in Canada) laws and local laws regarding the towing operation must be obeyed.
- It is necessary to use proper towing equipment to avoid possible damage during towing operation. Towing is in accordance with Towing Procedure Manual at dealer.
- Always attach safety chains before towing.
- When towing, make sure that the transmission, steering system and power train are in good order. If any unit is damaged, dollies must be used.
- Never tow an automatic transmission model from the rear (i.e., backward) with four wheels on the ground as this may cause serious and expensive damage to the transmission.

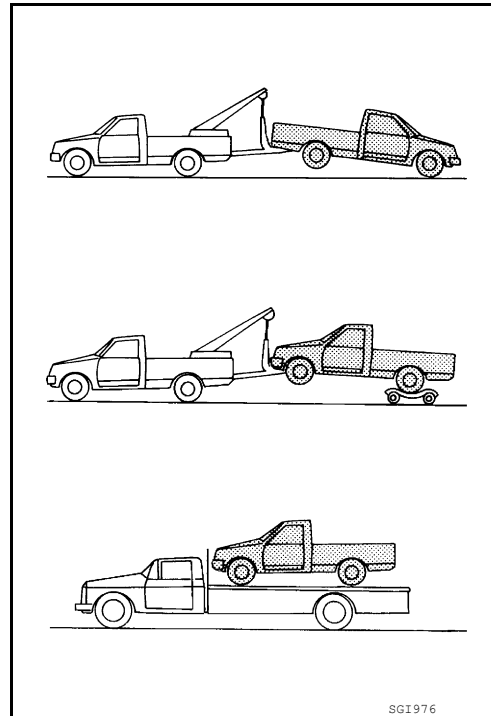


#### 2WD MODEL

NISSAN does not recommend towing automatic transmission equipped vehicles with the drive wheels on the ground.

#### CAUTION:

- When towing with the front wheels on the ground: Turn the ignition key to the OFF position and move the transmission shift selector to the neutral position. On automatic transmission models, to move the shift selector to N (neutral) position, turn the ignition key to OFF position and secure the steering wheel in a straight ahead position with a rope or similar device. Never place the ignition key in the LOCK position. This will result in damage to the steering lock mechanism.



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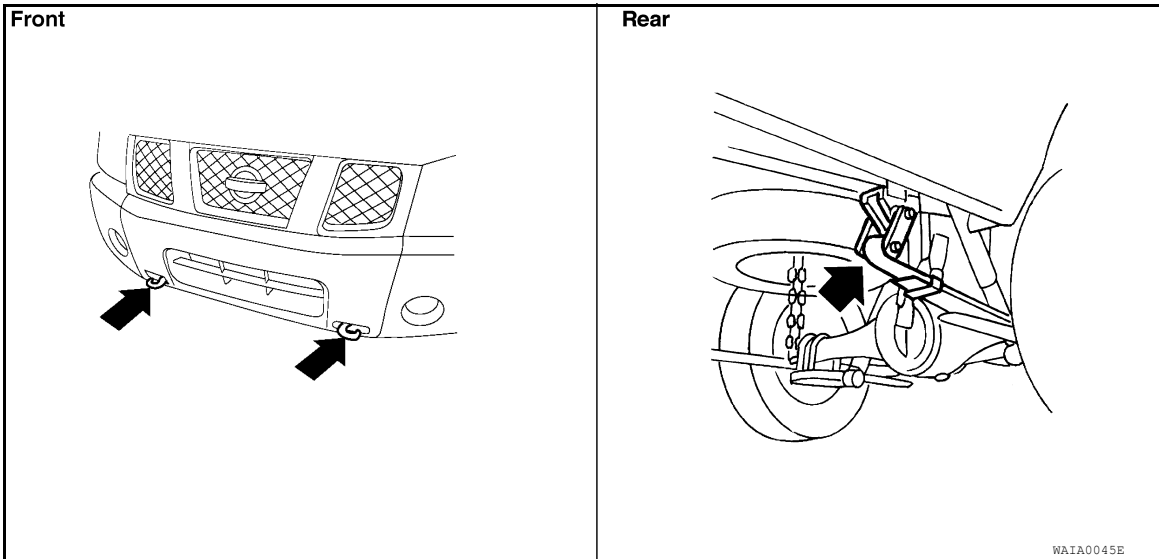
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# TOW TRUCK TOWING

## < PRECAUTION >

### Towing Point



### CAUTION:

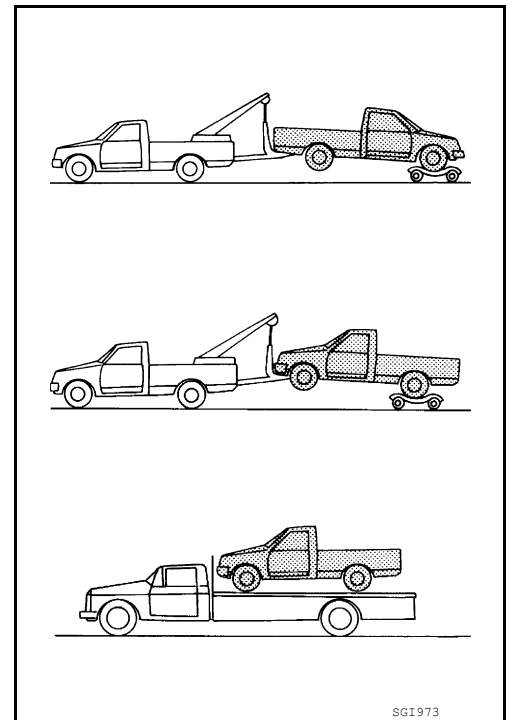
Never tow the vehicle using only the towing points. To avoid damaging the vehicle body, use proper towing equipment when towing.

### 4WD MODEL

NISSAN does not recommend towing automatic transmission equipped vehicles with the drive wheels on the ground.

### CAUTION:

- Never tow 4WD models with any of the tires on the ground as this may cause serious and expensive damage to the transfer case and transmission.



### Vehicle Recovery (Freeing a stuck vehicle)

INFOID:0000000011563971

- Tow chains or cables must be attached only to the main structural members of the vehicle.
- Pulling devices should be routed so they do not touch any part of the suspension, steering, brake or cooling systems
- Always pull the cable straight out from the front or rear of the vehicle. Never pull the vehicle at a sideways angle.
- Pulling devices such as ropes or canvas straps are not recommended for use for vehicle towing or recovery.

# CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

< WIRING DIAGRAM >

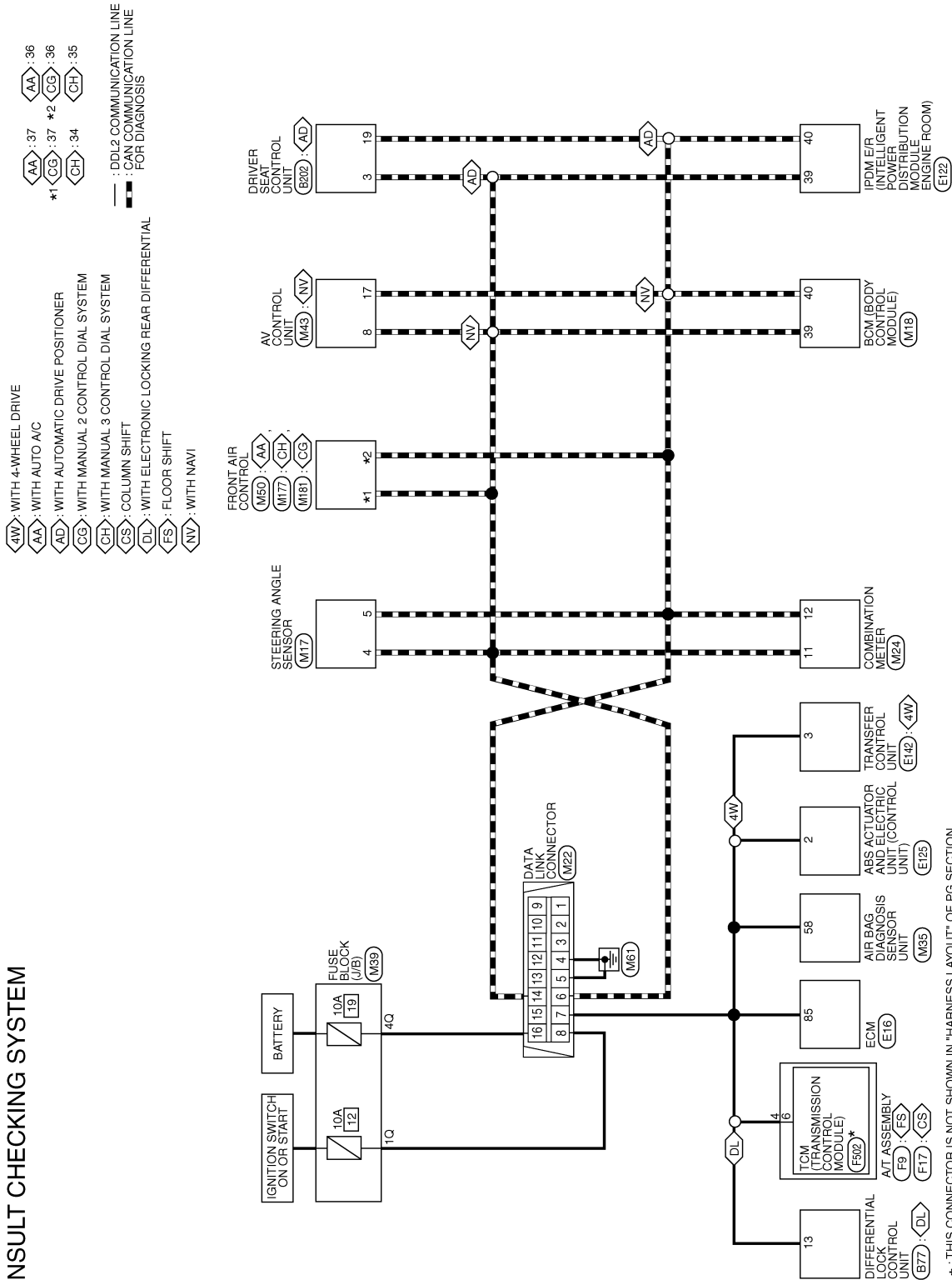
## WIRING DIAGRAM

### CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

#### Wiring Diagram

INFOID:000000011563972

#### CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM



\*: THIS CONNECTOR IS NOT SHOWN IN "HARNES LAYOUT" OF PG SECTION.

ABAWA0189GB

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

< BASIC INSPECTION >

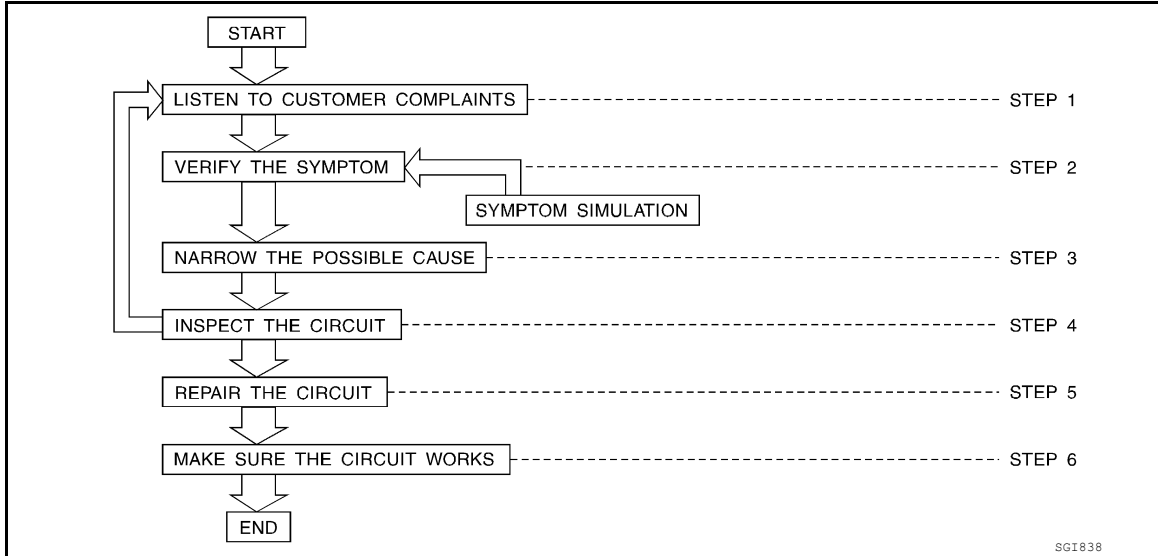
## BASIC INSPECTION

### SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

#### Work Flow

INFOID:000000011563973

#### WORK FLOW



| STEP   | DESCRIPTION  |  |
|--------|--|--|
| STEP 1 | Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident occurred. The following are key pieces of information required to make a good analysis:  |  |
|        | <b>WHAT</b>  | Vehicle Model, Engine, Transmission/Transaxle and the System (i.e. Radio).   |
|        | <b>WHEN</b>  | Date, Time of Day, Weather Conditions, Frequency.  |
|        | <b>WHERE</b>   | Road Conditions, Altitude and Traffic Situation.   |
| STEP 2 | <b>HOW</b>   | System Symptoms, Operating Conditions (Other Components Interaction). Service History and if any After Market Accessories have been installed. |
|        | Operate the system, road test if necessary. Verify the parameter of the incident. If the problem cannot be duplicated, refer to "Incident Simulation Tests".   |  |
| STEP 3 | Get the proper diagnosis materials together including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Power Supply Routing</li> <li>• System Operation Descriptions</li> <li>• Applicable Service Manual Sections</li> <li>• Check for any Service Bulletins</li> </ul> Identify where to begin diagnosis based upon your knowledge of the system operation and the customer comments. |  |
| STEP 4 | Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage. Determine which circuits and components are involved and diagnose using the Power Supply Routing and Harness Layouts.  |  |
| STEP 5 | Repair or replace the incident circuit or component.   |  |
| STEP 6 | Operate the system in all modes. Verify the system works properly under all conditions. Make sure you have not inadvertently created a new incident during your diagnosis or repair steps.   |  |

#### Control Units and Electrical Parts

INFOID:000000011563974

#### PRECAUTIONS

- Never reverse polarity of battery terminals.
- Install only parts specified for a vehicle.
- Before replacing the control unit, check the input and output and functions of the component parts.
- Do not apply excessive force when disconnecting a connector.



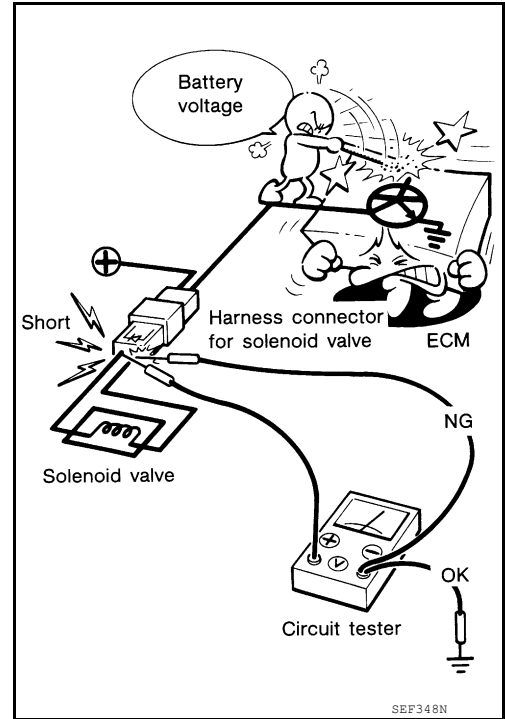
# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

- Do not apply excessive shock to the control unit by dropping or hitting it.
- Be careful to prevent condensation in the control unit due to rapid temperature changes and do not let water or rain get on it. If water is found in the control unit, dry it fully and then install it in the vehicle.
- Be careful not to let oil get on the control unit connector.
- Avoid cleaning the control unit with volatile oil.
- Do not disassemble the control unit, and do not remove the upper and lower covers.



- When using a DMM, be careful not to let test probes get close to each other to prevent the power transistor in the control unit from damaging battery voltage because of short circuiting.
- When checking input and output signals of the control unit, use the specified check adapter.



## How to Check Terminal

INFOID:000000011563975

## HARNESS REPAIR KIT

- Use the harness repair kit J-48817 shown below when replacing connectors or terminals.
- The harness repair kit contains some of the most commonly used NISSAN/INFINITI connectors and terminals. For detailed connector and terminal pin replacement procedures, refer to the J-48817 User Guide.

| Tool number<br>(TechMate No.)<br>Tool name    | Description  |
|---|--|
| <p>—<br/>(J-48817)<br/>Harness repair kit</p> | <p>Two views of the harness repair kit, showing the front and side of the kit. The kit is a rectangular box with multiple compartments. The reference code 'ALATA0137ZZ' is at the bottom right.</p> |

## HOW TO PROBE CONNECTORS

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# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

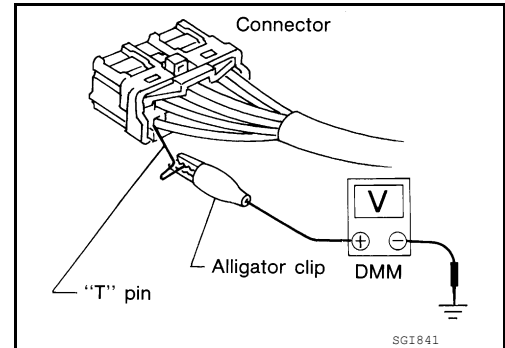
## < BASIC INSPECTION >

- Connector damage and an intermittent connection can result from improperly probing of the connector during circuit checks.
- The probe of a digital multimeter (DMM) may not correctly fit the connector cavity. To correctly probe the connector, follow the procedures below using a "T" pin. For the best contact grasp the "T" pin using an alligator clip.

### Probing from Harness Side

Standard type (not waterproof type) connector should be probed from harness side with "T" pin.

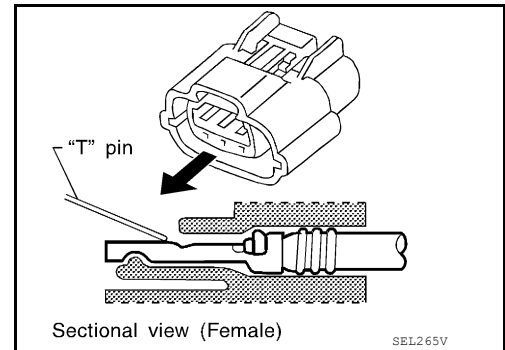
- If the connector has a rear cover such as a ECM connector, remove the rear cover before probing the terminal.
- Do not probe waterproof connector from harness side. Damage to the seal between wire and connector may result.



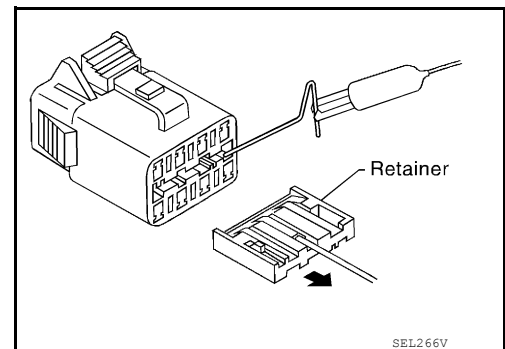
### Probing from Terminal Side

#### FEMALE TERMINAL

- There is a small notch above each female terminal. Probe each terminal with the "T" pin through the notch. Do not insert any object other than the same type male terminal into female terminal.



- Some connectors do not have a notch above each terminal. To probe each terminal, remove the connector retainer to make contact space for probing.

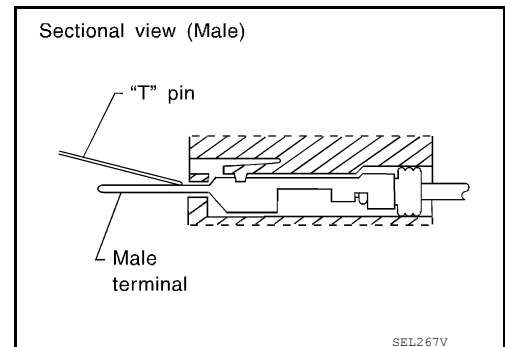


#### MALE TERMINAL

- Carefully probe the contact surface of each terminal using a "T" pin.

#### **CAUTION:**

**Dot not bend terminal.**



How to Check Enlarged Contact Spring of Terminal

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

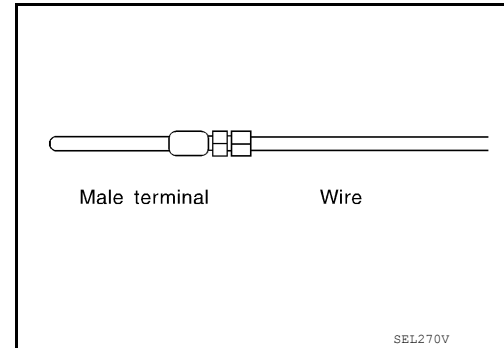
- An enlarged contact spring of a terminal may create intermittent signals in the circuit.
- If the intermittent open circuit occurs, follow the procedure below to inspect for open wires and enlarged contact spring of female terminal.

1. Assemble a male terminal and approx. 10 cm (3.9 in) of wire.

**NOTE:**

**Use a male terminal which matches the female terminal.**

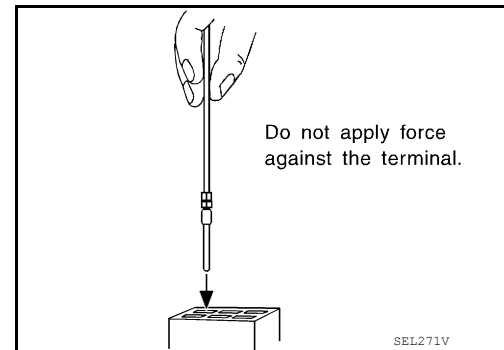
2. Disconnect the suspected faulty connector and hold it terminal side up.



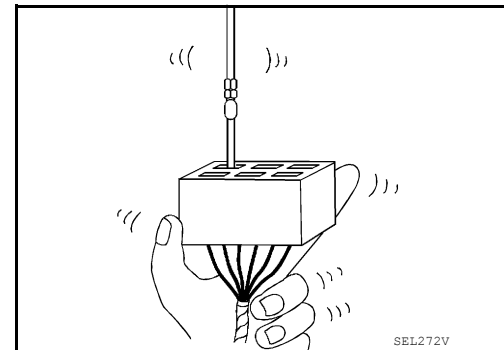
3. While holding the wire of the male terminal, try to insert the male terminal into the female terminal.

**CAUTION:**

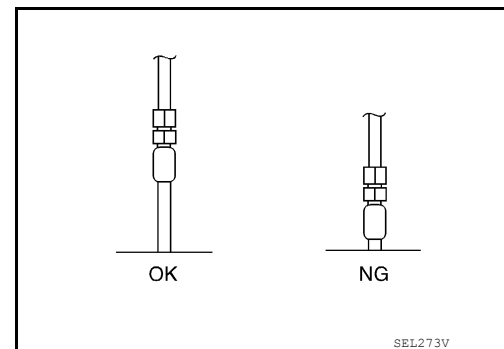
**Do not force the male terminal into the female terminal with your hands.**



4. While moving the connector, check whether the male terminal can be easily inserted or not.



- If the male terminal can be easily inserted into the female terminal, replace the female terminal.



### Waterproof Connector Inspection

If water enters the connector, it can short interior circuits. This may lead to intermittent problems.

Check the following items to maintain the original waterproof characteristics.

### RUBBER SEAL INSPECTION

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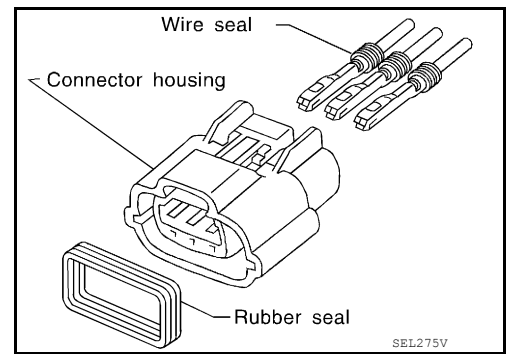
# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

- Most waterproof connectors are provided with a rubber seal between the male and female connectors. If the seal is missing, the waterproof performance may not meet specifications.
- The rubber seal may come off when connectors are disconnected. Whenever connectors are reconnected, make sure the rubber seal is properly installed on either side of male or female connector.

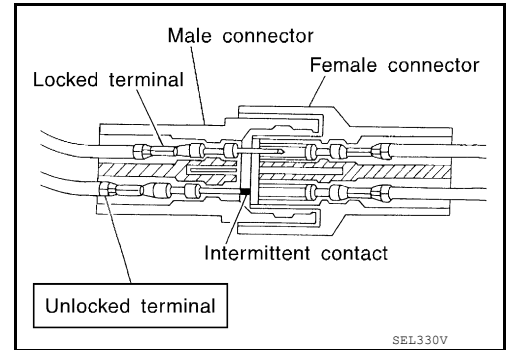
### WIRE SEAL INSPECTION

- The wire seal must be installed on the wire insertion area of a waterproof connector. Be sure that the seal is installed properly.



### Terminal Lock Inspection

Check for unlocked terminals by pulling wire at the end of connector. An unlocked terminal may create intermittent signals in the circuit.



## Intermittent Incident

INFOID:0000000011563976

### DESCRIPTION

Sometimes the symptom is not present when the vehicle is brought in for service. If possible, re-create the conditions present at the time of the incident. Doing so may help avoid a No Trouble Found Diagnosis. The following section illustrates ways to simulate the conditions/environment under which the owner experiences an electrical incident.

The section is broken into the six following topics:

- Vehicle vibration
- Heat sensitive
- Freezing
- Water intrusion
- Electrical load
- Cold or hot start up

Get a thorough description of the incident from the customer. It is important for simulating the conditions of the problem.

### VEHICLE VIBRATION

The problem may occur or become worse while driving on a rough road or when engine is vibrating (idle with A/C on). In such a case, you will want to check for a vibration related condition. Refer to the following illustration.

### Connector & Harness

Determine which connectors and wiring harness would affect the electrical system you are inspecting. Gently shake each connector and harness while monitoring the system for the incident you are trying to duplicate. This test may indicate a loose or poor electrical connection.

### Hint

Connectors can be exposed to moisture. It is possible to get a thin film of corrosion on the connector terminals. A visual inspection may not reveal this without disconnecting the connector. If the problem occurs intermittently, perhaps the problem is caused by corrosion. It is a good idea to disconnect, inspect and clean the terminals on related connectors in the system.

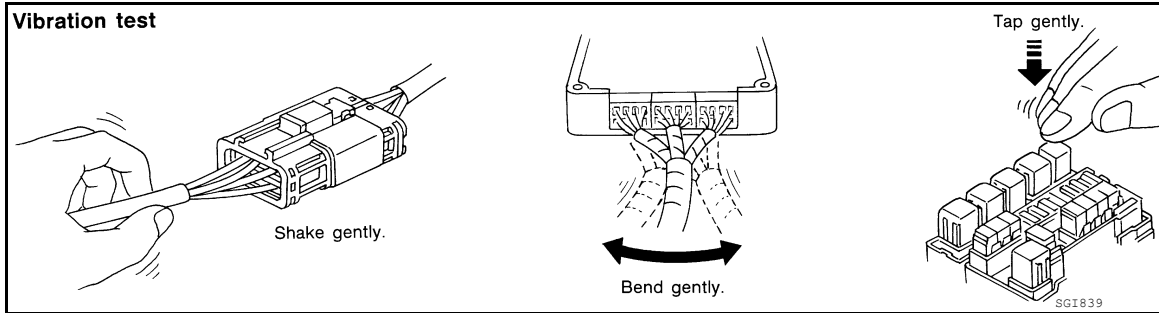
### Sensor & Relay

Gently apply a slight vibration to sensors and relays in the system you are inspecting.

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

This test may indicate a loose or poorly mounted sensor or relay.



### Engine Compartment

There are several reasons a vehicle or engine vibration could cause an electrical complaint. Some of the things to check for are:

- Connectors not fully seated.
- Wiring harness not long enough and is being stressed due to engine vibrations or rocking.
- Wires laying across brackets or moving components.
- Loose, dirty or corroded ground wires.
- Wires routed too close to hot components.

To inspect components under the hood, start by verifying the integrity of ground connections. (Refer to Ground Inspection described later.) First check that the system is properly grounded. Then check for loose connection by gently shaking the wiring or components as previously explained. Using the wiring diagrams inspect the wiring for continuity.

### Behind the Instrument Panel

An improperly routed or improperly clamped harness can become pinched during accessory installation. Vehicle vibration can aggravate a harness which is routed along a bracket or near a screw.

### Under Seating Areas

An unclamped or loose harness can cause wiring to be pinched by seat components (such as slide guides) during vehicle vibration. If the wiring runs under seating areas, inspect wire routing for possible damage or pinching.

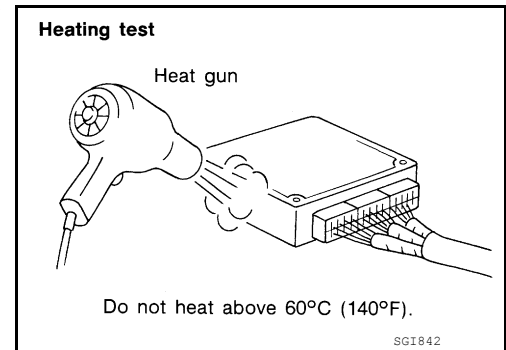
## HEAT SENSITIVE

- The customer's concern may occur during hot weather or after car has sat for a short time. In such cases you will want to check for a heat sensitive condition.
- To determine if an electrical component is heat sensitive, heat the component with a heat gun or equivalent.

### CAUTION:

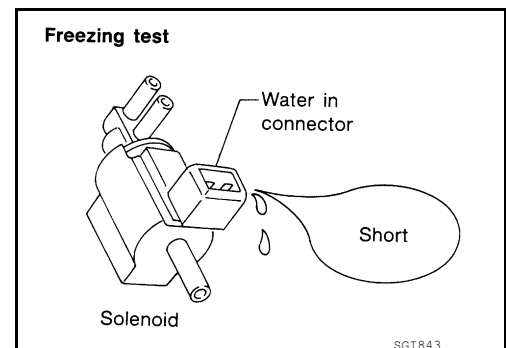
**Do not heat components above 60°C (140°).**

- If incident occurs while heating the unit, either replace or properly insulate the component.



## FREEZING

- The customer may indicate the incident goes away after the car warms up (winter time). The cause could be related to water freezing somewhere in the wiring/electrical system.
- There are two methods to check for this. The first is to arrange for the owner to leave his car overnight. Make sure it will get cold enough to demonstrate his complaint. Leave the car parked outside overnight. In the morning, do a quick and thorough diagnosis of those electrical components which could be affected.
- The second method is to put the suspect component into a freezer long enough for any water to freeze. Reinstall the part into the car and check for the reoccurrence of the incident. If it occurs, repair or replace the component.



## WATER INTRUSION

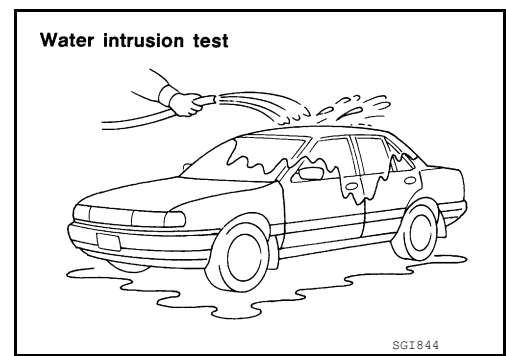
# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

The incident may occur only during high humidity or in rainy/snowy weather. In such cases the incident could be caused by water intrusion on an electrical part. This can be simulated by soaking the car or running it through a car wash.

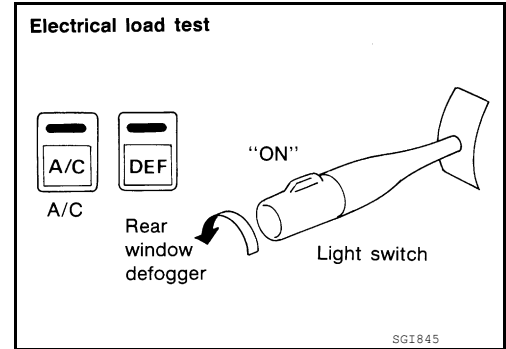
**CAUTION:**

**Do not spray water directly on any electrical components.**



## ELECTRICAL LOAD

The incident may be electrical load sensitive. Perform diagnosis with all accessories (including A/C, rear window defogger, radio, fog lamps) turned on.



## COLD OR HOT START UP

On some occasions an electrical incident may occur only when the car is started cold, or it may occur when the car is restarted hot shortly after being turned off. In these cases you may have to keep the car overnight to make a proper diagnosis.

## Circuit Inspection

INFOID:000000011563977

## DESCRIPTION

- In general, testing electrical circuits is an easy task if it is approached in a logical and organized method. Before beginning it is important to have all available information on the system to be tested. Also, get a thorough understanding of system operation. Then you will be able to use the appropriate equipment and follow the correct test procedure.
- You may have to simulate vehicle vibrations while testing electrical components. Gently shake the wiring harness or electrical component to do this.

|       |   |   |
|-------|---|---|
| OPEN  | A circuit is open when there is no continuity through a section of the circuit. |   |
| SHORT | There are two types of shorts.  |   |
|       | • SHORT CIRCUIT   | When a circuit contacts another circuit and causes the normal resistance to change. |
|       | • SHORT TO GROUND   | When a circuit contacts a ground source and grounds the circuit.                    |

**NOTE:**

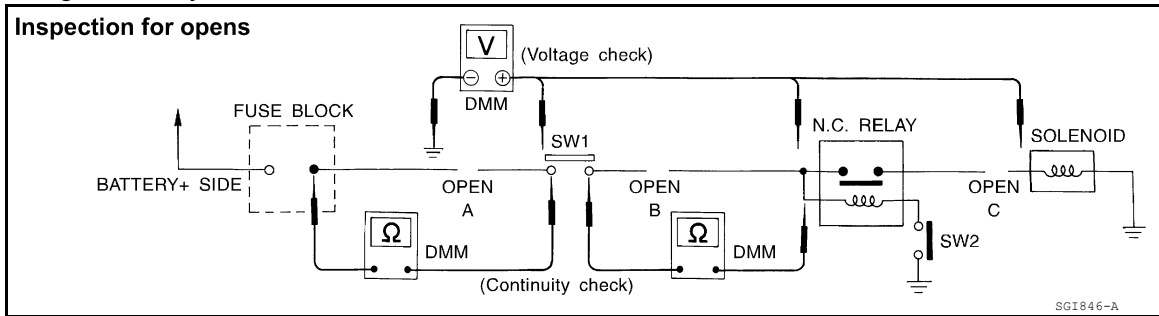
Refer to [GI-41, "How to Check Terminal"](#) to probe or check terminal.

## TESTING FOR "OPENS" IN THE CIRCUIT

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

Before you begin to diagnose and test the system, you should rough sketch a schematic of the system. This will help you to logically walk through the diagnosis process. Drawing the sketch will also reinforce your working knowledge of the system.



### Continuity Check Method

The continuity check is used to find an open in the circuit. The digital multimeter (DMM) set on the resistance function will indicate an open circuit as over limit (no beep tone or no ohms symbol). Make sure to always start with the DMM at the highest resistance level.

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits, please refer to the previous schematic.

- Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- Start at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end. (At the fuse block in this example)
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the fuse block terminal on the load side.
- Connect the other probe to the fuse block (power) side of SW1. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point A)
- Connect the probes between SW1 and the relay. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point B)
- Connect the probes between the relay and the solenoid. Little or no resistance will indicate that portion of the circuit has good continuity. If there were an open in the circuit, the DMM would indicate an over limit or infinite resistance condition. (point C)

Any circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

### Voltage Check Method

To help in understanding the diagnosis of open circuits please refer to the previous schematic.

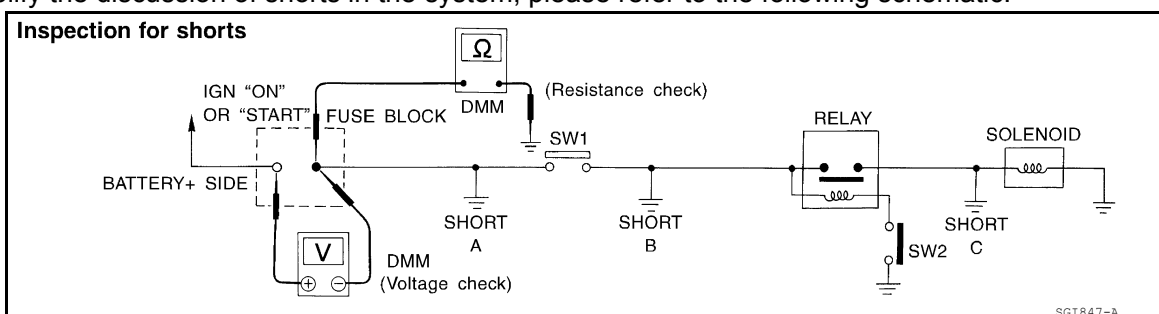
In any powered circuit, an open can be found by methodically checking the system for the presence of voltage. This is done by switching the DMM to the voltage function.

- Connect one probe of the DMM to a known good ground.
- Begin probing at one end of the circuit and work your way to the other end.
- With SW1 open, probe at SW1 to check for voltage.
  - voltage; open is further down the circuit than SW1.
  - no voltage; open is between fuse block and SW1 (point A).
- Close SW1 and probe at relay.
  - voltage; open is further down the circuit than the relay.
  - no voltage; open is between SW1 and relay (point B).
- Close the relay and probe at the solenoid.
  - voltage; open is further down the circuit than the solenoid.
  - no voltage; open is between relay and solenoid (point C).

Any powered circuit can be diagnosed using the approach in the previous example.

## TESTING FOR "SHORTS" IN THE CIRCUIT

To simplify the discussion of shorts in the system, please refer to the following schematic.



# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

---

### Resistance Check Method

- Disconnect the battery negative cable and remove the blown fuse.
- Disconnect all loads (SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Connect one probe of the DMM to the load side of the fuse terminal. Connect the other probe to a known good ground.
- With SW1 open, check for continuity.  
continuity; short is between fuse terminal and SW1 (point A).  
no continuity; short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- Close SW1 and disconnect the relay. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground. Then, check for continuity.  
continuity; short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).  
no continuity; short is further down the circuit than the relay.
- Close SW1 and jump the relay contacts with jumper wire. Put probes at the load side of fuse terminal and a known good ground. Then, check for continuity.  
continuity; short is between relay and solenoid (point C).  
no continuity; check solenoid, retrace steps.

### Voltage Check Method

- Remove the blown fuse and disconnect all loads (i.e. SW1 open, relay disconnected and solenoid disconnected) powered through the fuse.
- Turn the ignition key to the ON or START position. Verify battery voltage at the battery + side of the fuse terminal (one lead on the battery + terminal side of the fuse block and one lead on a known good ground).
- With SW1 open and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage.  
voltage; short is between fuse block and SW1 (point A).  
no voltage; short is further down the circuit than SW1.
- With SW1 closed, relay and solenoid disconnected and the DMM leads across both fuse terminals, check for voltage.  
voltage; short is between SW1 and the relay (point B).  
no voltage; short is further down the circuit than the relay.
- With SW1 closed, relay contacts jumped with fused jumper wire check for voltage.  
voltage; short is down the circuit of the relay or between the relay and the disconnected solenoid (point C).  
no voltage; retrace steps and check power to fuse block.

## GROUND INSPECTION

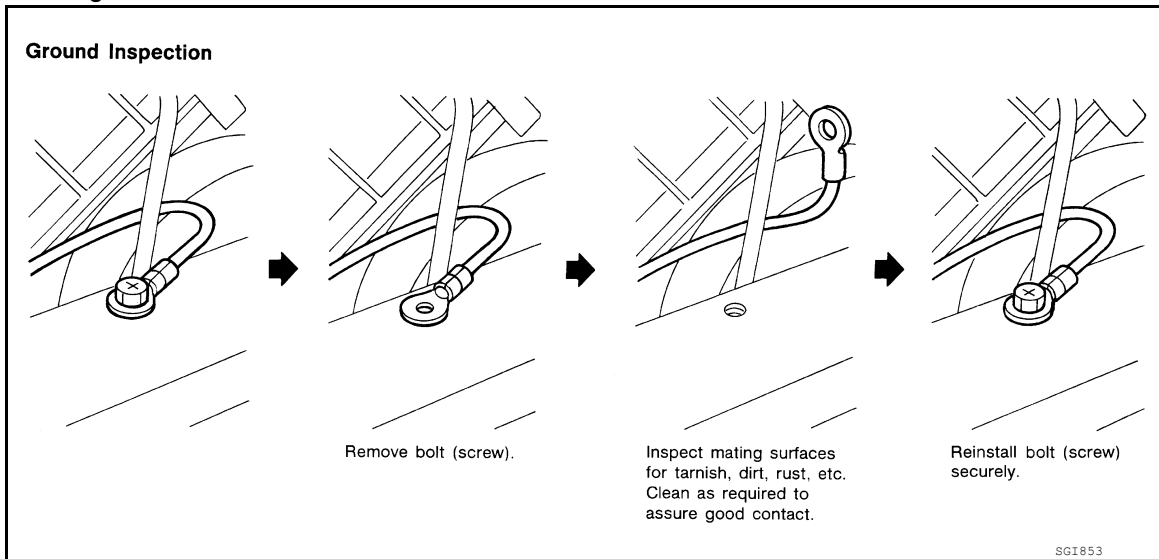
- Ground connections are very important to the proper operation of electrical and electronic circuits. Ground connections are often exposed to moisture, dirt and other corrosive elements. The corrosion (rust) can become an unwanted resistance. This unwanted resistance can change the way a circuit works.
- Electronically controlled circuits are very sensitive to proper grounding. A loose or corroded ground can drastically affect an electronically controlled circuit. A poor or corroded ground can easily affect the circuit. Even when the ground connection looks clean, there can be a thin film of rust on the surface.
- When inspecting a ground connection follow these rules:
  - Remove the ground bolt or screw.
  - Inspect all mating surfaces for tarnish, dirt, rust, etc.
  - Clean as required to assure good contact.
  - Reinstall bolt or screw securely.
  - Inspect for "add-on" accessories which may be interfering with the ground circuit.
  - If several wires are crimped into one ground eyelet terminal, check for proper crimps. Make sure all of the wires are clean, securely fastened and providing a good ground path. If multiple wires are cased in one eyelet make sure no ground wires have excess wire insulation.



# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

- For detailed ground distribution information, refer to “Ground Distribution” in PG section.



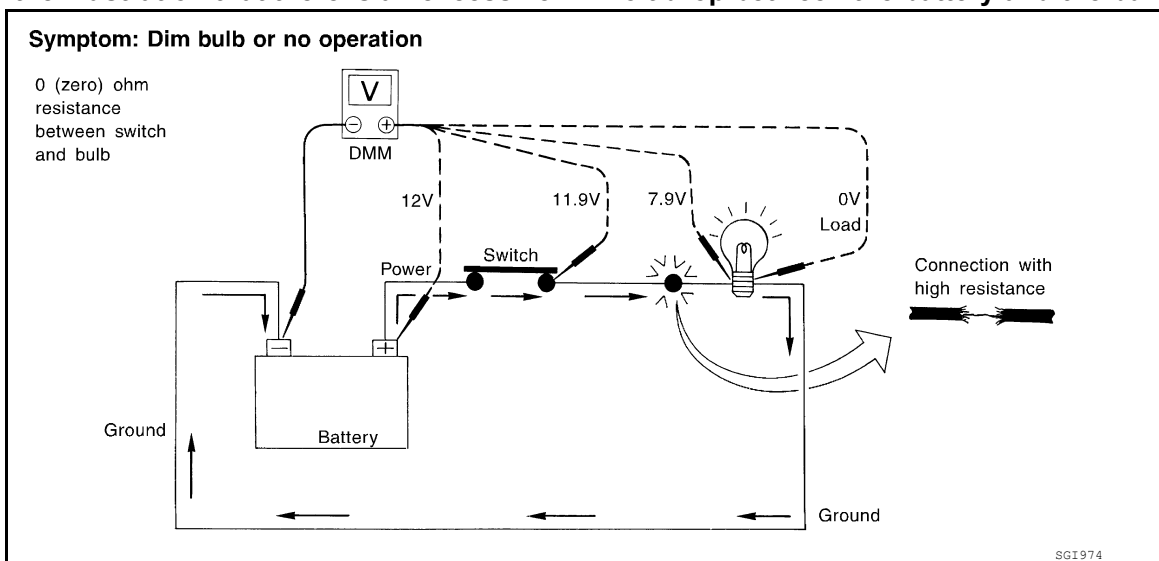
## VOLTAGE DROP TESTS

- Voltage drop tests are often used to find components or circuits which have excessive resistance. A voltage drop in a circuit is caused by a resistance when the circuit is in operation.
- Check the wire in the illustration. When measuring resistance with DMM, contact by a single strand of wire will give reading of 0 ohms. This would indicate a good circuit. When the circuit operates, this single strand is not able to carry the current. The single strand will have a high resistance to the current. This will be picked up as a slight voltage drop.
- Unwanted resistance can be caused by many situations as follows:
  - Undersized wiring (single strand example)
  - Corrosion on switch contacts
  - Loose wire connections or splices.
- If repairs are needed always use wire that is of the same or larger gauge.

## Measuring Voltage Drop — Accumulated Method

- Connect the DMM across the connector or part of the circuit you want to check. The positive lead of the DMM should be closer to power and the negative lead closer to ground.
- Operate the circuit.
- The DMM will indicate how many volts are being used to “push” current through that part of the circuit.

**Note in the illustration that there is an excessive 4.1 volt drop between the battery and the bulb.**



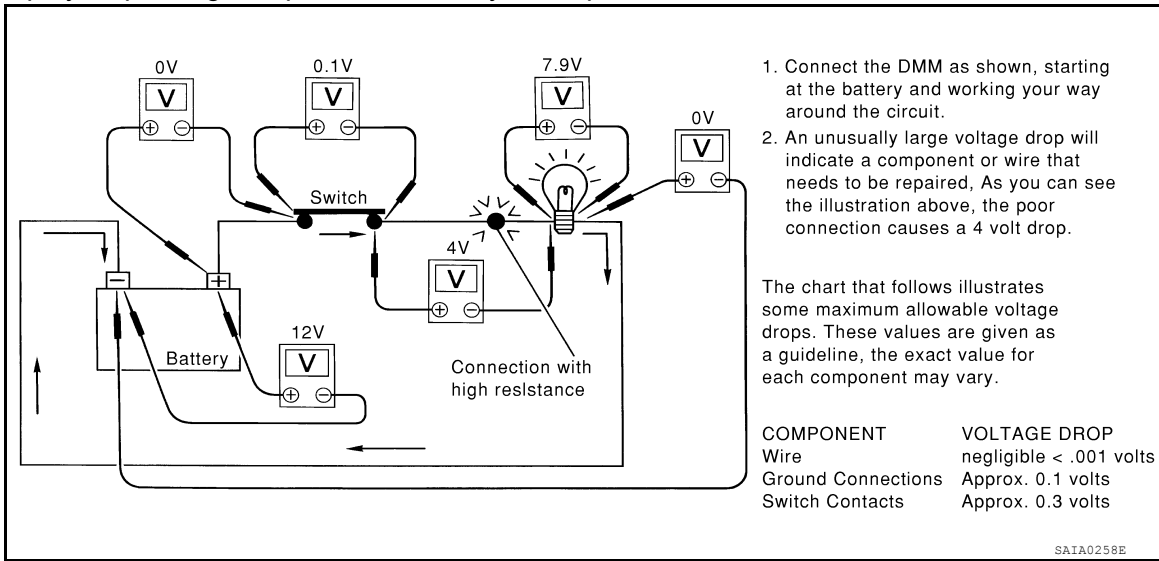
## Measuring Voltage Drop — Step-by-Step

- The step-by-step method is most useful for isolating excessive drops in low voltage systems (such as those in “Computer Controlled Systems”).
- Circuits in the “Computer Controlled System” operate on very low amperage.

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

- The (Computer Controlled) system operations can be adversely affected by any variation in resistance in the system. Such resistance variation may be caused by poor connection, improper installation, improper wire gauge or corrosion.
- The step by step voltage drop test can identify a component or wire with too much resistance.

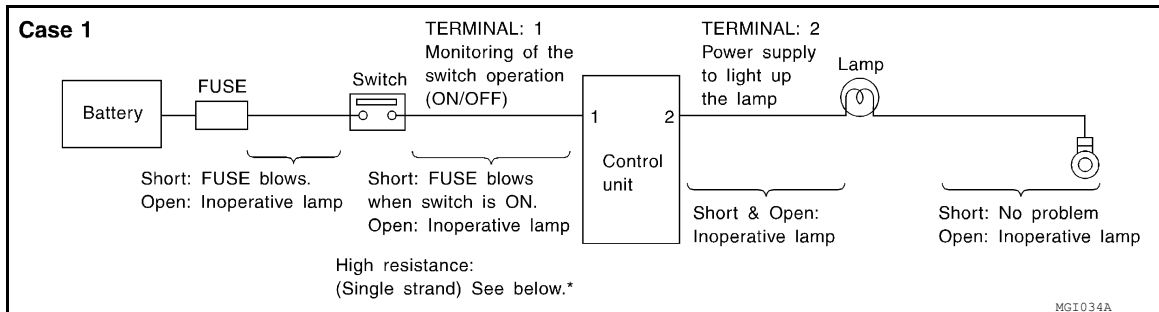


## CONTROL UNIT CIRCUIT TEST

### System Description

- When the switch is ON, the control unit lights up the lamp.

### CASE 1



### INPUT-OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHART

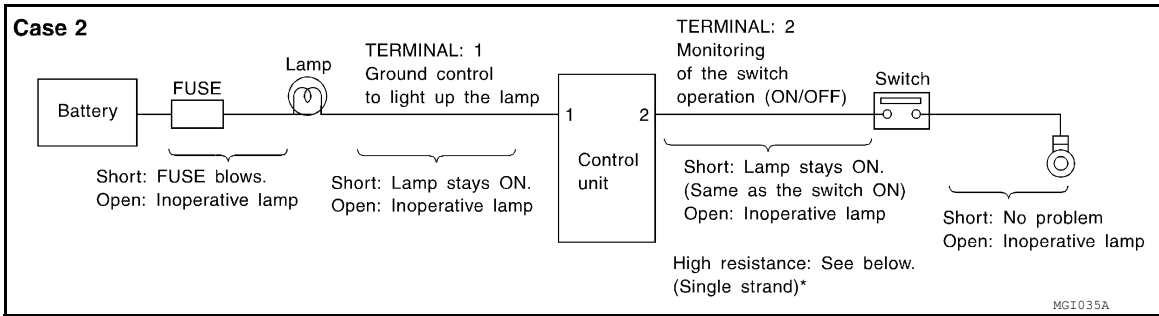
| Terminal No. |             | Description |               | Condition  | Value (Approx.) | In case of high resistance such as single strand (V) * |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|-----------------|--|
| +            | -           | Signal name | Input/ Output |            |                 |  |
| 1            | Body ground | Switch      | Input         | Switch ON  | Battery voltage | Lower than battery voltage Approx. 8 (Example)         |
|              |             |             |               | Switch OFF | 0 V             | Approx. 0  |
| 2            | Body ground | Lamp        | Output        | Switch ON  | Battery voltage | Approx. 0 (Inoperative lamp)                           |
|              |             |             |               | Switch OFF | 0 V             | Approx. 0  |

- The voltage value is based on the body ground.
- \*: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 1 does not detect battery voltage. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not supply power to light up the lamp.

# SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

### CASE 2



### INPUT-OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHART

| Terminal No. |             | Description |              | Condition  | Value (Approx.) | In case of high resistance such as single strand (V) * |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|------------|-----------------|--|
| +            | -           | Signal name | Input/Output |            |                 |  |
| 1            | Body ground | Lamp        | Output       | Switch ON  | 0V              | Battery voltage (Inoperative lamp)                     |
|              |             |             |              | Switch OFF | Battery voltage | Battery voltage  |
| 2            | Body ground | Switch      | Input        | Switch ON  | 0 V             | Higher than 0 Approx. 4 (Example)                      |
|              |             |             |              | Switch OFF | 5 V             | Approx. 5  |

- The voltage value is based on the body ground.
- \*: If high resistance exists in the switch side circuit (caused by a single strand), terminal 2 does not detect approx. 0V. Control unit does not detect the switch is ON even if the switch does not turn ON. Therefore, the control unit does not control ground to light up the lamp.

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# CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

< BASIC INSPECTION >

## CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

### Description

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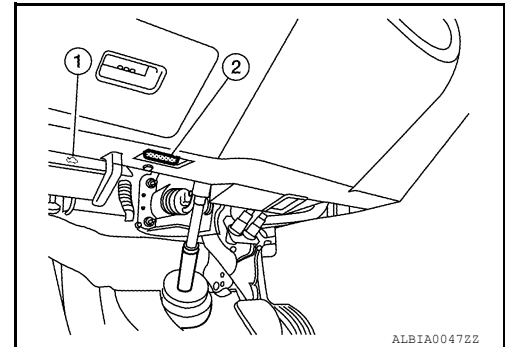
#### NOTE:

This vehicle is diagnosed using CONSULT-III plus.

- When CONSULT is connected with a data link connector equipped on the vehicle side, it will communicate with the control unit equipped in the vehicle and then enable various kinds of diagnostic tests.

- 1 : Hood release handle
- 2 : Data link connector

- Refer to CONSULT-III plus Operation Manual for more information.



### Function and System Application

INFOID:000000011563979

| Direct Diagnostic Mode        | Description   | ENGINE | TRANSMISSION | ABS | AIR BAG | IPDM E/R | BCM | METER/M&A | AUTO DRIVE POS.*1 | ALL MODE AWD/4WD*2 | DIFF LOCK*3 | HVAC | MULTI AV*4 |
|-------------------------------|---|--------|--------------|-----|---------|----------|-----|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|------|------------|
| Work support                  | This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately by following the indications on CONSULT.             | x      | -            | x   | -       | -        | x   | x         | x                 | -                  | -           | -    | -          |
| Self Diagnostic Result        | Self-diagnostic results can be read and erased quickly.   | x      | x            | x   | x       | x        | x   | x         | x                 | x                  | x           | x    | x          |
| Data Monitor                  | Input/Output data in the ECU can be read.   | x      | x            | x   | x       | x        | x   | x         | x                 | x                  | x           | x    | x          |
| CAN diagnosis                 | The condition of CAN communication can be indicated by a topology.  | x      | x            | x   | x       | x        | x   | x         | x                 | x                  | x           | x    | x          |
| CAN diagnosis support monitor | The communication condition of CAN communication line can be read.  | x      | x            | x   | x       | x        | x   | x         | x                 | x                  | -           | x    | -          |
| Active test                   | Diagnostic Test Mode in which CONSULT drives some actuators apart from the ECUs and also shifts some parameters in a specified range. | x      | -            | x   | -       | x        | x   | -         | x                 | -                  | -           | -    | -          |
| DTC Work Support              | The results of SRT (System Readiness Test) and the self-diagnosis status/result can be confirmed.                                     | x      | x            | -   | -       | -        | -   | -         | -                 | -                  | -           | -    | -          |
| ECU Identification            | ECU part number can be read.  | x      | x            | x   | x       | -        | x   | -         | x                 | -                  | x           | x    | x          |
| Configuration                 | Sets control module parameters to match vehicle options.  | -      | -            | -   | -       | -        | x   | -         | -                 | -                  | -           | -    | x          |
| TROUBLE DIAG RECORD           | Other results or histories, etc. that are recorded in ECU are displayed.  | -      | -            | -   | x       | -        | -   | -         | -                 | -                  | -           | -    | -          |

x: Applicable

\*1: With automatic drive positioner

\*2: With 4-wheel drive

\*3: With electronic locking rear differential

\*4: With navigation system

### CONSULT Data Link Connector (DLC) Circuit

INFOID:000000011563980

### INSPECTION PROCEDURE

If the CONSULT cannot diagnose the system properly, check the following items.

# CONSULT CHECKING SYSTEM

## < BASIC INSPECTION >

| Symptom   | Check item   |
|---|--|
| CONSULT cannot access any system.   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CONSULT DLC power supply circuit (Terminal 8 and 16) and ground circuit (Terminal 4 and 5)</li> </ul>   |
| CONSULT cannot access individual system. (Other systems can be accessed.) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Power supply and ground circuit for the control unit of the system (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.)</li> <li>Open or short circuit between the system and CONSULT DLC (For detailed circuit, refer to wiring diagram for each system.)</li> <li>Open or short circuit CAN communication line. Refer to <a href="#">LAN-14, "Trouble Diagnosis Flow Chart"</a>.</li> </ul> |

**NOTE:**

The CAN and DDL2 circuits from DLC pins 6, 7 and 14 may be connected to more than one system. A short in any circuit connected to a control unit in one system may affect CONSULT access to other systems.

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